

Prueba II Mecánica Cuántica I

Licenciatura en Física - 2022

Problema I: Potencial y deltas Dirac

Una partícula de masa m se encuentra afectada por un potencial de la forma $V(x) = -\alpha \delta(x) + \beta \delta(x - a)$, donde α y β son cantidades reales y positivas.

- 1. (20 pts.) Dé una descripción de las características sobre la base completa de autovectores del Hamiltoniano.
- 2. (20 pts.) Halle la solución general para el caso E > 0. Suponga que la partícula viaja hacia la izquierda desde $x \to \infty$.
- 3. (30 pts.) Encuentre las ecuaciones que permiten hallar "todas" las constantes asociadas a este problema.
- 4. (20 pts.) Determine las expresiones que permiten calcular los coeficientes T_{32} , T_{21} , T_{31} , R_{33} , R_{22} y haga todas las comparaciones relevantes posibles (use los comparadores > 6 <).
- 5. (20 pts.) Halle la solución general para el caso E<0.
- 6. (30 pts.) Encuentre las ecuaciones que permiten hallar "todas" las constantes asociadas a este problema.

140 pts.

Problema II : Operadores de subida y bajada

Una partícula de masa m posee el siguiente Hamiltoniano:

$$\widehat{H} = \beta \widehat{a}^{\dagger} \widehat{a} + \alpha \left(\widehat{a} + \widehat{a}^{\dagger} \right)$$

con α y β constantes conocidas.

- 1. (25 pts.) Halle el Hamiltoniano en términos de los operadores \widehat{x} y \widehat{p} .
- 2. .(30 pts.) Bosqueje el potencial $V\left(x\right)$ (solo con los datos esenciales).
- 3. (15 pts.) Determine la frecuencia ω natural del sistema.
- 4. (15 pts.) Halle la constante elástica del sistema.
- 5. (25 pts.) Halle el espectro de energía para este sistema, suponga que ya conoce el caso $\widehat{H}' = \frac{\widehat{p}'^2}{2m} + \frac{m\omega^2}{2}\widehat{x}'^2$. Argumente el razonamiento que utiliza en su respuesta.

110 pts.

TOTAL PRNEBA

Pauta prueba II

Base completa = Base discreta + Base continual
finita ortogonal
autorectores ortonormal (E>0)

de A

Estados
ligados
libres

2) Particule viene de x >0 moviendose hacia la izquierde.

$$\frac{\sqrt{(x)}}{\sqrt{(x)}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{(x)}}{\sqrt{(x)}}$$

$$\sqrt{(x)}$$

\$\delta_3(x) = A eikx + Be-ikx

$$\phi_{1}(x) = \text{Erikx} + \text{Fe-ikx}$$

 $\begin{cases} \phi_3(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx} & (a \angle x \angle \alpha) \\ \phi_2(x) = C e^{ikx} + D e^{-ikx} & (o \angle x \angle \alpha) \\ \phi_n(x) = F e^{-ikx} & (-\alpha \angle x \angle \alpha) \end{cases}$

$$\frac{4n}{2m}\frac{d}{dx}\frac{ddx}{dx} - x s(x)dx + \beta s(x-a)dx = Edx$$

$$\frac{h^{2}}{2m}\frac{d}{dx}\frac{dx}{dx} - x s(x)dx + \beta s(x-a)dx = Edx$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{a-e} \cos e = 0$$

$$\frac{-h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) - \frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) + \beta dx = 0$$

$$\frac{-h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) - \frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) + \beta dx = 0$$

$$\frac{-h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) - \frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) + \beta (x e^{ika} - Be^{-ika}) = 0$$

$$\frac{-h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) - \frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) + \beta (x e^{ika} - Be^{-ika}) = 0$$

$$\frac{-h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) - \frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) + \beta (x e^{ika} - Be^{-ika}) = 0$$

$$\frac{-h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) - \frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) + \beta (x e^{ika} - Be^{-ika}) = 0$$

$$\frac{-h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) - \frac{dx}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) + \beta (x e^{ika} - Be^{-ika}) = 0$$

$$\frac{-h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) - \frac{h^{2}}{2m}\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right) + \frac{h^{2}}{2m}$$

Como es un proceso de scattering, estas 4 ecs. bastan para obtenen información relevante (TyloR) Recorder que esta solución no es normalizable.

 $\overline{\mathbf{L}}$.3

4)
$$T_{32} = \left| \frac{D}{B} \right|^2$$
; $T_{24} = \left| \frac{F}{D} \right|^2$; $T_{34} = \left| \frac{F}{B} \right|^2$
 $R_{33} = \left| \frac{A}{B} \right|^2$; $R_{22} = \left| \frac{C}{D} \right|^2$
• $T_{32} < R_{33}$ • $T_{32} < T_{24}$
• $T_{34} > R_{12}$ • $T_{34} = T_{32}$. T_{24}
• $T_{34} < T_{34}$
• $T_{34} < T_{34}$

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$$\phi_{\Lambda}(x) = Ae^{Kx} + Be^{-Kx}$$

$$\phi_{L}(x) = Ce^{Kx} + De^{-Kx}$$

$$\phi_{L}(x) = E^{0}e^{Kx} + Fe^{-Kx}$$

1.4

Con K= 1/2m/E/

$$\begin{cases} \phi_{1}(x) = Ae^{Kx} & (-\infty \angle x \angle 0) \\ \phi_{2}(x) = Ce^{Kx} + De^{-Kx} & (0 \angle x \angle \alpha) \\ \phi_{3}(x) = Fe^{-Kx} & (\alpha \angle x \angle \alpha) \end{cases}$$

$$\phi_{1}(0) = \phi_{2}(0)$$

$$A = C + D / (ec. 1)$$

$$\phi_{2}(a) = \phi_{3}(a)$$

$$Ce^{Ka} + De^{-Ka} = Fe^{-Ka} / (ec. 2)$$

en
$$x=0$$
 (per analogie de resultados anteriores)
 $-\frac{17}{2m}\left(\frac{d\phi_2(0)}{dx}-\frac{d\phi_1(0)}{dx}\right)-\frac{d\phi_1(0)}{dx}=0$
 $\frac{1}{2m}\left(\frac{d\phi_2(0)}{dx}-\frac{d\phi_1(0)}{dx}\right)$

$$-\frac{h^{2}}{2m} \left(KC - KD - KA \right) - \lambda A = 0$$

$$-\frac{h^{2}}{2m} \left(C - A - D \right) - \lambda A = 0 / (eC.3)$$

$$-\frac{h^{2}}{2m} \left(C - A - D \right) - \lambda A = 0 / (eC.3)$$

T.5

$$\frac{2m}{2m} \frac{\chi = \alpha}{dx} \left(\frac{d\varphi_2(\alpha)}{dx} - \frac{d\varphi_2(\alpha)}{dx} \right) + \beta \varphi_2(\alpha) = 0$$

$$\frac{h^2}{2m} \left(\frac{d\varphi_2(\alpha)}{dx} - \frac{d\varphi_2(\alpha)}{dx} \right) + \beta Fe^{-K\alpha} = 0$$

$$\frac{h^2}{2m} \left(\frac{\partial \varphi_2(\alpha)}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \varphi_2(\alpha)}{\partial x} \right) + \beta Fe^{-K\alpha} = 0$$

$$\frac{h^2}{2m} \left(\frac{\partial \varphi_2(\alpha)}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \varphi_2(\alpha)}{\partial x} \right) + \beta Fe^{-K\alpha} = 0$$

$$\frac{h^2}{2m} \left(\frac{\partial \varphi_2(\alpha)}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \varphi_2(\alpha)}{\partial x} \right) + \beta Fe^{-K\alpha} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \varphi_2(\alpha)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \varphi_2(\alpha)$$

:. 5 ecs. 7 5 incognitas (A,C,D,F 7 Energie)

I.6

- Probl. II)
$$\hat{H} = \beta \hat{a}^{\dagger} \hat{a} + \alpha (\hat{a} + \hat{a}^{\dagger})$$

$$\hat{H} = \beta \hat{a}^{\dagger} \hat{a} + \alpha (\hat{a} + \hat{a}^{\dagger})$$

1) con
$$\hat{a} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{q} + i\hat{p}) \rightarrow \hat{a}^{\dagger} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{q} - i\hat{p})$$

Con
$$[\hat{q}, \hat{p}] = \sqrt{\frac{mw}{h}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{mwh}} [\hat{x}, \hat{p}]$$

$$=\frac{1}{t}ih=i$$

$$\hat{Q} = \frac{1}{2}\hat{Q} + \frac{1}{2}\hat{Q}^{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\frac{m\omega}{h}\hat{X}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}\frac{\hat{Q}^{2}}{m\omega h} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\beta}{2} \left(\frac{\hat{p}^2}{mwh} + \frac{mw\hat{x}^2}{h} \right) + \sqrt{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{mw}{h}}} \hat{x} - \frac{\beta}{2}$$

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\beta}{wh} \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m} + \frac{\beta}{wh} \frac{1}{2} \frac{mw^2 \hat{x}^2}{h} + \sqrt{\frac{2mw}{h}} \hat{x} - \frac{\hat{z}}{2}$$

$$V(x) = AX^{2} + BX - \frac{B}{2}$$

$$A_{1}B > 0$$

$$A_{2}Y = 0 \Rightarrow 2AX = -B$$

$$A_{3}X = -\frac{B}{2}$$

$$A_{4}X = -\frac{B}{2}$$

$$A_{5}X = -\frac{B}{2}$$

$$A_{7}X = -\frac{B}{2}$$

$$\chi_{min} = -\frac{B^2}{2A}$$
 \Longrightarrow $\chi_{min} = A \frac{B^2}{4A^2} - \frac{B^2}{2A} - \frac{B^2}{2A}$
= $\frac{B^2}{4A} - \frac{B^2}{2A} - \frac{B^2}{2A}$
= $\frac{B^2}{4A} - \frac{B^2}{2A} - \frac{B^2}{2A}$

Por comparación
$$\frac{\beta}{\omega h} = 1 \implies \omega = \frac{\beta}{h}$$

$$W^2 = \frac{k}{m} \implies k = mw^2 = \frac{mc^2}{h^2}$$

5) Se redita un combin de variable pore
trastador el vertice al origen
$$V(X) = AX^2 + BX = A(X^2 + 2BX)$$

$$= A[(X + B)^2 - B^2 + B^2]$$

$$= A[(X + B)^2 - B^2 + B^2]$$

$$T(x) = A x^{12} - B^{2} + Con x^{12} = x + B^{2}$$

$$A = \frac{\hat{p}^{2}}{2m} + \frac{\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} mw^{2} \hat{x}^{12} - B^{2}}{4A} - B^{2}$$

$$A = \frac{\hat{p}^{2}}{2m} + \frac{\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} mw^{2} \hat{x}^{12} - B^{2}}{4A} - B^{2}$$

$$A = \frac{\hat{p}^{2}}{2m} + \frac{\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} mw^{2} \hat{x}^{12} - B^{2}}{4A} - B^{2}$$

$$A = \frac{\hat{p}^{2}}{2m} + \frac{\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} mw^{2} \hat{x}^{12} - B^{2}}{4A} - B^{2}$$

$$E_n = E_n - B^2 - B = h_w(n+1) - B^2 - B^2$$
oscilador
armornico

$$Con A = \frac{1}{2}mw^{2}$$

$$B^{2} = \frac{2mw}{h}x^{2}$$

$$\frac{B^{2}}{4A} = \frac{2 m w d^{2}}{4 t h} \cdot \frac{2}{m w^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{\chi^{2}}{w^{2} t h} = \frac{\chi^{2} t h}{\beta}$$

$$\frac{60}{60} = \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$