COMPLEMENTO I

Procedimiento general para hallor coord.

Desacoplan EDO'S (Ec. de monimiento)

Sea un sistema de N grados de libertad

L= 1 9TM9 - 1 9TK9 (Les una cuadrática)

(i) (i) = (i) + (i) = (i) + (i) = (i)(i) (i) = (i) + (i) = (i) + (i) = (i)(ii) (i) = (i) + (i) = (i) + (i) = (i)(iii) (i) = (i) + (i) = (i) + (i) = (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) = (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) = (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (i)(iv) (i) = (i) + (i) + (i) + (i) + (

Utilizamon el amsatz q=A cos(wt)

 $\mathcal{G}_{+} = -\omega^{2} \mathcal{G}_{+}$

se tiene que Kgt = w2 Mgt Un propleme Autoredores de valores Se debe propios hallor > Autovalores W: (1=1,000) (frec. de los normales : Diagonalizar Haller le transformation que le hace => ÎT (combir de coord.) TT M-1 & OT = D2

donde $\tilde{D}^2 = \begin{bmatrix} w_1^2 & 0 \\ 0 & w_N^2 \end{bmatrix}$

es une motriz diagonal (A3)

2 Comer se construje J2.

1) Se calculan les autorectores de M-12

2) Se normalizan (producto interno debe ser 1)

3) Ît se construje tal que las filas de Ît seam los autorectores normalizados de M12

 $\sqrt{\!\!\!/}$

Sit se ha hallador, lo signiente deble complirse:

a la ecración de movimments (i) Volviendr

Migh + Kg =0 q+ M-1 R q=0 Ti + FM''R 9 =0 1-T-T-1

Tig + Tig -1 RT -1 Pg =20

pero O"=OT

TY + DM-1 ROT TY = 20

0=# P P P + P P

la ec. de movimiento es:

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$$

s des a copladas

Le ec. de movimiente por la i-ésima componente es:

$$\frac{1}{\eta_i + \omega_i^2 \eta_i = 0}$$

$$\frac{1}{\eta_i} + w_i^2 \eta_i = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\eta_i} + w_i^2 \eta_i = 0$$

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y wya solvion es: $\eta_i(t) = \eta_i(0) \cos(w_i t) + \eta_i(0) \sin(w_i t)$ matricial mente: $\eta(t) = \cos(\hat{D}t)\eta(0) + \hat{D}' \sin(\hat{D}t)\dot{\eta}(0)$ pero m(t)=Tq(t) n(0) = T q(0) n(0)=(J of(0) Tq(+) = cos(0+)Tq(0)+D'sen(0+)Tq(0) q(t) = FT cos(D+)T q(0) + FT D-1 sen(D+)T q(0),