

# Family Risk Sharing

B-C-V

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Table 1: Pass-through of changes in income on consumption and consumption shares, using changes in...

	Total Exp (1)	Common Exp (2)	Husband Exp (3)	Wife Exp (4)	Wife share (5)
...total income	<b>0.376</b>	0.344			
...wife income	0.172	0.168	<b>0.148</b>	<b>0.252</b>	<b>0.105</b>
...husband income	0.178	0.173	<b>0.210</b>	<b>0.160</b>	<b>-0.050</b>

NOTES: Coefficient interpretation: 1% change in income leads to X% change in expenditure. Coefficients associated to changes in the wife income are computed using women working in two consecutive periods.

Table 2: Pass-through of changes in income on consumption and consumption shares, using **transitory** changes in...

	Total Exp (1)	Common Exp (2)	Husband Exp (3)	Wife Exp (4)	Wife share (5)
...total income	<b>0.078</b>	0.071			
...wife income	0.047	0.046	<b>0.026</b>	<b>0.083</b>	<b>0.056</b>
...husband income	0.049	0.048	<b>0.058</b>	<b>0.024</b>	<b>-0.034</b>

NOTES: Coefficient interpretation: 1% change in income leads to X% change in expenditure. Coefficients associated to changes in the wife income are computed using women working in two consecutive periods.

Table 3: Pass-through of changes in income on consumption and consumption shares, using **persistent** changes in...

	Total Exp (1)	Common Exp (2)	Husband Exp (3)	Wife Exp (4)	Wife share (5)
...total income	<b>0.321</b>	0.308			
...wife income	0.345	0.337	<b>0.312</b>	<b>0.499</b>	<b>0.187</b>
...husband income	0.331	0.322	<b>0.391</b>	<b>0.324</b>	<b>-0.067</b>

NOTES: Coefficient interpretation: 1% change in income leads to X% change in expenditure. Coefficients associated to changes in the wife income are computed using women working in two consecutive periods.

Table 4: MPC calculated as in BPP, using transitory changes in...

	Total Exp (1)	Common Exp (2)	Husband Exp (3)	Wife Exp (4)
...husband income	0.043	0.042	0.057	0.005
...wife income	0.039	0.038	-0.009	0.104
...total income	0.283	0.247	0.411	0.464

NOTES: the consumption insurance parameters displayed in the table are computed as

$$\frac{E(\Delta c_t \Delta y_{t+1})}{E(\Delta y_t \Delta y_{t+1})},$$

where  $y_t$  can be the income of the husband, wife or the sum of the two (total). Variables  $c_t$  can be the total, common, husband or wife's expenditures. Coefficients associated to changes in the wife income are computed using women working in two consecutive periods.

Table 5: Consumption insurance to persistent income shocks, calculated as in BPP, using persistent changes in...

	Total Exp (1)	Common Exp (2)	Husband Exp (3)	Wife Exp (4)
...husband income	0.368	0.358	0.437	0.346
...wife income	0.366	0.358	0.344	0.511
...total income	0.526	0.502	0.611	0.666

NOTES: the consumption insurance parameters displayed in the table are computed as

$$\frac{E(\Delta c_t (\Delta y_{t-1} + \Delta y_t + \Delta y_{t+1}))}{E(\Delta y_t (\Delta y_{t-1} + \Delta y_t + \Delta y_{t+1}))},$$

where  $y_t$  can be the income of the husband, wife or the sum of the two (total). Variables  $c_t$  can be the total, common, husband or wife's expenditures. Coefficients associated to changes in the wife income are computed using women working in two consecutive periods.

Table 6: Women's employment response (in percentage points) to different types of income shocks

Transitory shocks		Persistent shocks		Transitory+persistent shocks	
Wife (1)	Husband (2)	Wife (3)	Husband (4)	Wife (5)	Husband (6)
0.272	-0.034	0.234	-0.041	0.254	-0.037

NOTES: the income shocks relate to *potential log income*  $y$ . In the case of women, a positive potential income shocks does not translate in more earnings if the women does not work. The numbers displayed in the table are OLS coefficients:

$$\frac{E(\Delta y_t \Delta WLP_t)}{E(\Delta y_t)},$$

where  $\Delta WLP$  is the change in women's employment over two consecutive periods.

Table 7: Pass-through of changes in income on consumption and consumption shares, using changes in...

	Total Exp (1)	Common Exp (2)	Husband Exp (3)	Wife Exp (4)	Wife share (5)
...total income	<b>0.256</b>	0.185			
...wife income	0.369	0.259	<b>0.073</b>	<b>0.037</b>	<b>0.029</b>
...husband income	0.164	0.126	<b>0.030</b>	<b>0.009</b>	<b>-0.029</b>

NOTES: Coefficient interpretation: 1 yen change in income leads to X yen change in expenditure.