Polygenic score construction with mean field variational inference to model gene-gene interactions

Polygenic score

- Uses genome-wide SNP minor allele counts to produce a number that summarizes genetic risk for a disease of interest, like coronary artery disease
- Polygenic scores typically rely on SNP effect estimates from genome-wide association studies
- ➤ The polygenic score doesn't correspond directly to a numerical probability of disease
- Current uses include risk stratification for preventive interventions

Constructing polygenic scores

- Existing Bayesian statistical approaches use sampling methods, like Markov chain monte carlo, to draw samples from the posterior distribution
- Such methods are time-consuming and computationally intensive
- We propose to use mean field variational methods to fit Bayesian statistical models for allele effects
- Variational inference involves using analytical solutions to approximations to the posterior distribution
- ▶ Requires less time and fewer computing resources

Gene-gene interactions

- ► Existing polygenic score construction methods consider only SNP main effects and neglect SNP-SNP interactions
- We hypothesize that our variational inference methods, and the associated reduction in computing requirements, will enable construction of polygenic risk scores that model SNP-SNP interactions
- We expect polygenic risk scores that model SNP-SNP interactions (and include SNP main effects) to outperform current methods in predictive accuracy