

# **FCC SAR Measurement and Test Report**

### For

# **ARB Corporation Ltd**

42-44 Garden St, Kilsyth, Victoria, Australia

FCC ID: 2AA2H-LINXD1

FCC Part 2.1093

ANSI / IEEE C95.1:2005

ANSI / IEEE C95.3:2002

**FCC Rules:** IEEE 1528 :2013

**Product Description:** LINX DISPLAY

**Tested Model:** 7450102

Report No.: STR17058250H

**Tested Date:** 2017-05-22 to 2017-05-25

**Issued Date:** 2017-05-26

Tested By: Lucy Wei / Engineer

may wej' Silim chen Jumbyso Silin Chen / EMC Manager **Reviewed By:** 

Jandy So / PSQ Manager Approved & Authorized By:

**Prepared By:** 

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C. (518101)

Tel.: +86-755-33663308 Fax.: +86-755-33663309 Website: www.semtest.com.cn

Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd.



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### 1. General Information

### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### **Client Information**

Applicant: ARB Corporation Ltd

Address of applicant: 42-44 Garden St, Kilsyth, Victoria, Australia

Manufacturer: ZXD Technology Development Limited

Address of manufacturer: Unit 415-418, Building C, Baoan New Generation

Technology Information Industry Park, Baoan District,

Shenzhen, P.R. China

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	LINX DISPLAY
Brand Name:	ARB
Model No.:	7450102
Adding Model:	1
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V Li-ion Battery
Battery Capacity:	2000mAh
Hardware Version:	BEH82132A 14.4
Software Version:	alps-mp-m0.mp1-v2.34_esky6580.we.c.m

The EUT Main board support GSM850/PCS1900, WCDMA Band 2/5 function. It is intended for speech, Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS class 12 for GSM850/900/DCS1800/PCS1900, GPS, FM, Bluetooth and Wi-Fi functions. For more information see the following datasheet

Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer. For more information see the following datasheet

Technical Characteristics of El	JT		
2G			
Support Networks:	GSM, GPRS		
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900		
Liplink Fraguanay	GSM/GPRS 850: 824~849MHz		
Uplink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS 1900: 1850~1910MHz		
Downlink Fraguency:	GSM/GPRS 850: 869~894MHz		
Downlink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS 1900: 1930~1990MHz		
Max RF Output Power:	GSM850: 32.72dBm, GSM1900: 29.40dBm		
Type of Modulation:	GMSK		
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna		
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: -0.61dBi; GSM1900: 0.44dBi		
GPRS Class:	Class 12		



3G	
Support Networks:	WCDMA, HSDPA, HSUPA
Support Band:	WCDMA Band II, WCDMA Band V
Haliak Francisco	WCDMA Band II: 1850~1910MHz
Uplink Frequency:	WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz
Downlink Fraguency	WCDMA Band II: 1930~1990MHz
Downlink Frequency:	WCDMA Band V: 869~894MHz
RF Output Power:	WCDMA Band II: 22.05dBi, WCDMA Band V: 22.81dBi
Type of Modulation:	BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	WCDMA Band II: -0.24dBi, WCDMA Band V: -1.0dBi
WIFI	
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Fraguency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
Frequency Range:	2422-2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40)
AV Output Power:	14.44dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps
Quantity of Channels:	11 for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
Quantity of Charmers.	9 for 802.11n(HT40)
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-1.0dBi
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.0
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
AV Output Power:	3.627dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79/40
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-1.0dBi



TEST Model: 7450102

#### 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the ARB Corporation Ltd in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, IEEE 1528-2013, KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot mode v02r01, KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 648474 D04 v01r02 and KDB 941225 D01 v03.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

*Maintenance of compliance* is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

### 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

#### 1.4 Test Facility

#### • FCC – Registration No.: 934118

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 934118.

### • Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

#### CNAS Registration No.: L4062

Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)





# 2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Engagonay Dand	Head SAR	Body-worn (10mm Gap)	Hotspot (10mm Gap)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> Limit
Frequency Band	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
GSM850	0.252	0.258	0.193	1.6
GSM1900	0.077	0.140	0.227	1.6
WCDMA Band V	0.094	0.329	0.329	1.6
WCDMA Band II	0.128	0.376	0.376	1.6
WLAN 2.4GHz	0.320	0.140	0.145	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	0.543	0.469	0.469	1.6

The highest reported SAR values for head, body-worn accessory, wireless router(hotspot), and simultaneous transmission conditions are 0.320 W/kg, 0.376W/kg, 0.376 W/kg, and 0.543 W/kg respectively

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02

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### 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techiques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta$  T is the temperature rise and  $\delta$  t is the exposure duration, or related to the

electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



### 4. SAR Measurement System

### 4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

#### 4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 SN 09/13 EP168 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Probe Length: 330 mm

- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm- Probe Tip External Diameter: 5 mm

- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm



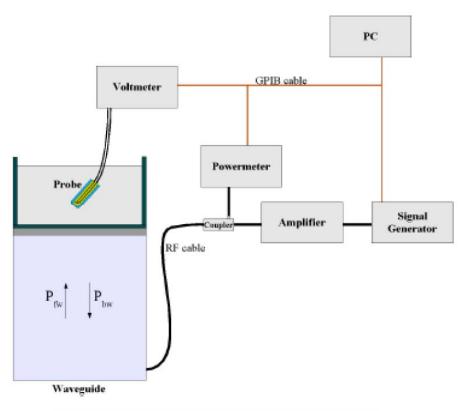


- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB</li>
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB</li>
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB</li>

- Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta}\cos^2\left(\pi\frac{y}{a}\right)e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

I = Skin depth

### Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.



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The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N))$$
 (N=1,2,3)

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

#### **4.3 Probe Calibration Process**

#### **Dosimetric Assessment Procedure**

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

#### **Free Space Assessment Procedure**

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm2.

#### **Temperature Assessment Procedure**

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR = 
$$C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$
  $\Delta t = \text{exposure time (30 seconds)},$   $C = \text{heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle)},$   $\Delta T = \text{temperature increase due to RF exposure}.$ 

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

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$$SAR = \frac{\left| \mathbf{E} \right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma = \text{simulated tissue conductivity},$ 

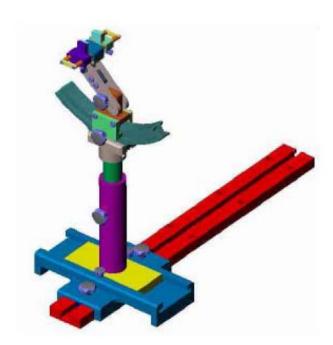
 $\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)

#### 4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

#### 4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent		
Delrin	3.7	0.005		





# **4.6 Test Equipment List**

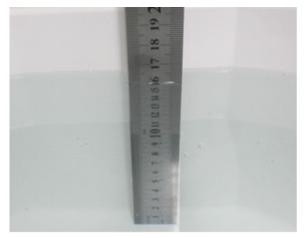
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP168	2016-06-01	2017-05-31
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 47/12 DIP 0G835-204	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 47/12 DIP 1G900-207	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
2450MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
SAM Phantom	SATIMO	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	2901A00831	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2016-06-04	2017-06-03



# **5. Tissue Simulating Liquids**

### 5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



**Liquid Height for Head SAR** 



**Liquid Height for Body SAR** 

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Water	Salt	Sugar	HEC	Preventol	DGBE
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
			Head			
835	40.3	1.4	57.9	0.2	0.2	0
1900	55.2	0.3	0	0	0	44.5
2450	55.0	0.1	0	0	0	44.9
			Body			
835	50.8	0.9	48.2	0	0.1	0.00
1900	70.2	0.4	0	0	0	29.4
2450	68.6	0.1	0	0	0	31.3





### **5.2** Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

To F	Не	ead	Во	ody
Target Frequency	Conductivity	Permittivity	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	$(\sigma)$	( E <sub>r</sub> )	$(\sigma)$	( E r)
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
835	0.90	41.5	0.97	55.2
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2



### **5.3 Tissue Calibration Result**

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

### Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid									
E-ma a	Тотт	Conductivity			]	Permittivity	7	T ::4	
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Reading	Target	Delta	Reading	Target	Delta	Limit (%)	Date
MITZ.	(0)	$(\sigma)$	$(\sigma)$	(%)	$(\mathcal{E} \mathbf{r})$	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	(%)	(70)	
835	21.2	0.87	0.90	-3.33	41.11	41.50	-0.94	±5	2017-05-22
1900	21.3	1.38	1.40	-1.43	38.56	40.00	-3.60	±5	2017-05-22
2450	21.3	1.76	1.80	-2.22	38.6	39.2	-1.53	±5	2017-05-22

	Body Tissue Simulating Liquid								
Emag	Conductivity Permittivity				Limit				
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Reading	Target	Delta	Reading	Target	Delta	(%)	Date
WIIIZ.	(0)	$(\sigma)$	$(\sigma)$	(%)	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	(%)	( /0)	
835	21.2	0.95	0.97	-2.06	54.85	55.20	-0.63	±5	2017-05-22
1900	21.3	1.50	1.52	-1.32	52.42	53.30	-1.65	±5	2017-05-22
2450	21.3	2.00	1.95	2.56	52.3	52.7	-0.76	±5	2017-05-22



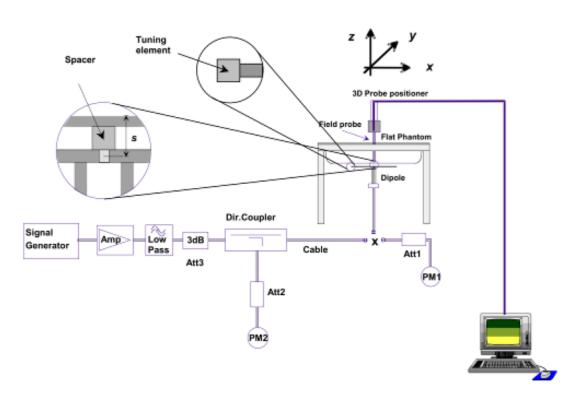
### 6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

### **6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check**

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### **6.2 System Setup**

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



**System Verification Setup Block Diagram** 

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**Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna** 

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected.

### **6.3 Validation Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Tolerance
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)
		Head		•
835	9.65	2.39	9.56	-0.93
1900	39.59	9.91	39.64	0.13
2450	53.76	13.46	53.84	0.15
		Body		
835	9.36	2.36	9.44	0.85
1900	39.01	9.80	39.2	0.49
2450	50.33	12.60	50.4	0.14

**Targeted and Measurement SAR** 

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.



### 7. EUT Testing Position

### 7.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on The Handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

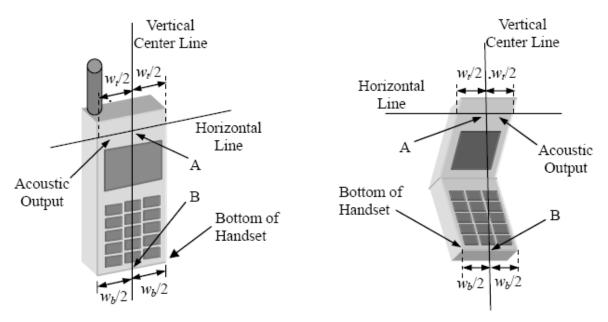
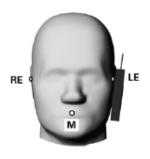


Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

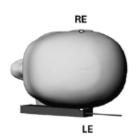


#### 7.2 Cheek Position

(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE. (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.2).







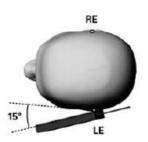
**Illustration for Cheek Position** 

### 7.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.3).





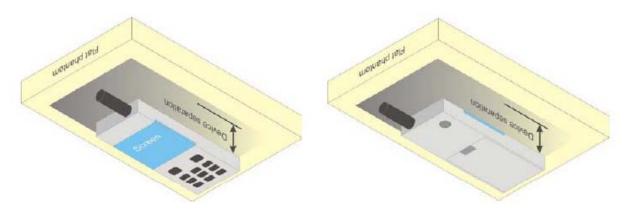


**Illustration for Tilted Position** 



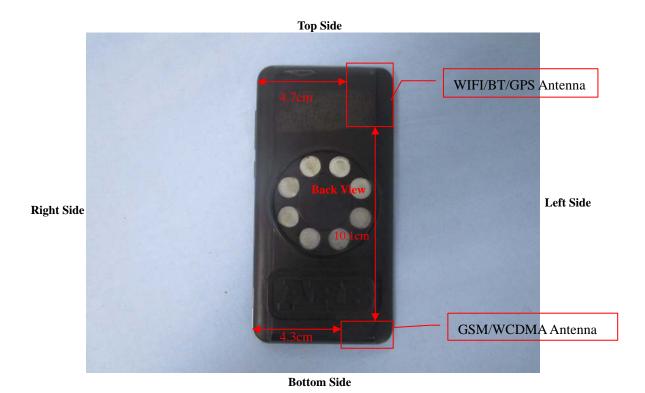
### 7.4 Body Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10mm.



**Illustration for Body Position** 

### 7.5 EUT Antenna Position



**Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position** 



Model: 7450102

# **7.6 EUT Testing Position**

Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Head SAR tests							
Antennas	Right Cheek	Left Cheek	Right Tilted	Left Tilted			
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			

	Hotspot SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm									
Antennas Front Back Right Side Left Side Top Side Bottom Side										
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes				
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No				

Body-worn SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Antennas Front Back					
WWAN	Yes	Yes				
WLAN	Yes	Yes				

#### Remark:

1. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >= 9cm\*5cm, the test separation distances is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.



TEST Model: 7450102

#### 8. SAR Measurement Procedures

#### **8.1 Measurement Procedures**

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



TEST Model: 7450102

#### 8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

#### **8.4 Volume Scan Procedures**

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

#### **8.6 Power Drift Monitoring**

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.





### 9. SAR Test Result

### 9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)									
Band		GSM850			PCS1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8			
GSM	32.55	32.72	32.69	29.40	29.39	29.31			
GPRS (1 slot)	32.54	32.72	32.71	29.34	29.37	29.22			
GPRS (2 slots)	31.89	32.04	32.02	28.56	28.72	28.79			
GPRS (3 slots)	30.16	30.34	30.31	26.78	26.95	26.98			
GPRS (4 slots)	29.13	29.3	29.31	25.75	25.94	25.99			

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)									
Band		GSM850			PCS1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8			
GSM	23.55	23.72	23.69	20.40	20.39	20.31			
GPRS (1 slot)	23.54	23.72	23.71	20.34	20.37	20.22			
GPRS (2 slots)	25.89	26.04	26.02	22.56	22.72	22.79			
GPRS (3 slots)	25.91	26.09	26.06	22.53	22.70	22.73			
GPRS (4 slots)	26.13	26.30	26.31	22.75	22.94	22.99			

Note: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time-average power = Burst averaged power - Duty cycle factor in dB

#### Remark

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM and GPRS 4-slots should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM and GPRS 4-slots for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
- 2. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 4. The DUT do not support DTM function.
- 5. This device supports VOIP capability through 3rd party apps software.





	WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)									
Band	W	CDMA Band	l II	WCDMA Band V						
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4183	4233				
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.6	846.6				
RMC 12.2k	22.05	21.8	21.83	22.81	22.39	22.16				
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.2	21.02	21.21	21.93	21.41	21.31				
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.19	20.99	21.20	21.86	21.34	21.28				
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.16	20.94	21.17	21.84	21.29	21.25				
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.15	20.97	21.14	21.82	21.21	21.26				
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.2	21.03	21.23	21.94	21.47	21.34				
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.19	21.01	21.21	21.92	21.37	21.33				
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.17	20.94	21.18	21.87	21.36	21.32				
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.13	20.91	21.16	21.86	21.38	21.29				
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.11	20.90	21.15	21.85	21.39	21.28				

#### Remark:

- 1. For Head SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- 2. For Body SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA subset-1 output power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, and SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is  $\leq$  1.2W/kg, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.





	WLAN - Maximum Average Power									
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)						
		CH 01	2412	14.44						
802.11b	11Mbps	CH 06	2437	14.43						
		CH 11	2462	13.81						
		CH 01	2412	11.24						
802.11g	54Mbps	CH 06	2437	10.63						
		CH 11	2462	10.25						
		CH 01	2412	11.04						
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS7	CH 06	2437	10.56						
		CH 11	2462	10.49						
		CH 03	2422	10.04						
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS7	CH 06	2437	9.35						
		CH 11	2452	9.54						

#### Remark:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements ,when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (see 3.1) for the exposure configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 3 .For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2W/kg.





Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power									
Test Mode Data Rate Average Power(dBm)									
GFSK	1Mbps	3.627							
Pi/4 QDPSK	2Mbps	3.003							
8DPSK	3Mbps	3.104							

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power								
Test Mode	Mode Data Rate Channel Frequency (MHz)							
		CH 00	2402	-3.502				
BLE	1Mbps	CH 20	2442	-4.775				
		CH 39	2480	-6.464				

#### Remark:

Bluetooth maximum output power is 3.627dBm, and Tune-Up output power is 4.0dBm. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot$  [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq$  3.0 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation17
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
4.0	2.51	5	2.402	0.78	3

The exclusion thresholds is 0.78< 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.



# **9.2** Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

# Head SAR

	GSM850 – Head SAR Test										
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Sooling	SAR1g	Scaled		
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Scaling Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g		
140.		Heau	CII.	CH. MHZ	(dBm)	(dBm)		(W/Kg)	(W/kg)		
1.	GSM	Right Cheek	190	836.4	32.72	33.0	1.0666	0.1511	0.1612		
2.	GSM	Right Tilted	190	836.4	32.72	33.0	1.0666	0.1202	0.1282		
3.	GSM	Left Cheek	190	836.4	32.72	33.0	1.0666	0.1522	0.1623		
4.	GSM	Left Tilted	190	836.4	32.72	33.0	1.0666	0.1370	0.1461		

	GSM1900 – Head SAR Test										
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Sooling	SAR1g	Scaled		
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	M Hz	Power	Limit	Scaling Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g		
110.		Heau	CII.	H. MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)		
5.	GSM	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	29.40	29.5	1.0233	0.0378	0.0387		
6.	GSM	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	29.40	29.5	1.0233	0.0212	0.0217		
7.	GSM	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	29.40	29.5	1.0233	0.0373	0.0382		
8.	GSM	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	29.40	29.5	1.0233	0.0199	0.0204		

	GSM850 – Head SAR Test												
Dlot	Plot Test Po	Tost Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Test Position	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
140.		Heau	CII. WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)					
9.	GPRS_4TX	Right Cheek	251	848.8	29.31	29.5	1.0447	0.2134	0.2229				
10.	GPRS_4TX	Right Tilted	251	848.8	29.31	29.5	1.0447	0.1645	0.1719				
11.	GPRS_4TX	Left Cheek	251	848.8	29.31	29.5	1.0447	0.2414	0.2522				
12.	GPRS_4TX	Left Tilted	251	848.8	29.31	29.5	1.0447	0.1855	0.1938				

	GSM1900 – Head SAR Test												
Plot	Plot Test Pos		Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	M Hz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		IIcau	CII.	IVI IIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
13.	GPRS_4TX	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	25.99	26.0	1.0023	0.0768	0.0770				
14.	GPRS_4TX	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	25.99	26.0	1.0023	0.04834	0.0485				
15.	GPRS_4TX	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	25.99	26.0	1.0023	0.0633	0.0634				
16.	GPRS_4TX	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	25.99	26.0	1.0023	0.0390	0.0391				



	WCDMA Band V – Head SAR Test												
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		Heau	Cn.	MITZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
17.	RMC	Right Cheek	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.0759	0.0793				
18.	RMC	Right Tilted	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.0435	0.0454				
19.	RMC	Left Cheek	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.0903	0.0943				
20.	RMC	Left Tilted	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.0647	0.0676				

	WCDMA Band II – Head SAR Test												
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		Heau	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
21.	RMC	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.1110	0.1231				
22.	RMC	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.0743	0.0824				
23.	RMC	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.1150	0.1276				
24.	RMC	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.0812	0.0901				

	WLAN 2.4GHz – Head SAR Test												
Plot		Test Position	Frequ	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		IIcau	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
25.	802.11b	Right Cheek	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.3159	0.3203				
26.	802.11b	Right Tilted	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.1954	0.1981				
27.	802.11b	Left Cheek	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.1115	0.1131				
28.	802.11b	Left Tilted	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.0973	0.0987				

**Remark:** Per KDB447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.



# **Body-worn SAR**

		GSM	1850 – Bo	dy SAR Te	est (Gap: 1	0mm)			
Plo		Test Position	Frequ	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
t	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
No.		Douy	Cn.	MITIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
29.	GSM	Back	190	836.4	32.72	33.0	1.0666	0.2422	0.2583
30.	GSM	Front	190	836.4	32.72	33.0	1.0666	0.1098	0.1171

		GSM	1900 – Bo	dy SAR T	est (Gap: 1	10mm)			
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode		CH	MUa	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Body	СН.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
31.	GSM	Back	512	1850.2	29.40	29.5	1.0233	0.0768	0.0786
32.	GSM	Front	512	1850.2	29.40	29.5	1.0233	0.1370	0.1402

		WCDMA	Band V	- Body SA	R Test (Ga	ap: 10mm)	)		
Plot		Test Position	Freq	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
	Mode				Power	Limit	O		SAR1g
No.		Бойу	СН.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
41	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.3147	0.3288
42	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.1558	0.1628

		WCDMA	Band II	– Body SA	R Test (G	ap: 10mm)	)		
Plot		Test Position	Freq	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode		CII	MII-	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Body	CH.	CH. MHz		(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
45	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.1899	0.2106
46	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.3387	0.3757

		1	WLAN 2.4	4GHz –Bo	dy SAR Te	est			
Plot		Test Position	Frequ	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode		CH	Power Limit Scali			SAR1g		
110.		Bouy	Body CH. MHz		(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
49	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.1383	0.1402
50	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.0798	0.0809



# **Hotspot SAR**

	GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)												
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		Bouy	Cn.	MITZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
33.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	251	848.8	29.31	29.5	1.0447	0.1843	0.1925				
34.	GPRS_4TX	Front Side	251	848.8	29.31	29.5	1.0447	0.0857	0.0895				
35.	GPRS_4TX	Bottom side	251	848.8	29.31	29.5	1.0447	0.0984	0.1028				
36.	GPRS_4TX	Left side	251	848.8	29.31	29.5	1.0447	0.0564	0.0589				

	GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)												
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		Bouy	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
37.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	810	1909.8	25.99	26.0	1.0023	0.1257	0.1260				
38.	GPRS_4TX	Front Side	810	1909.8	25.99	26.0	1.0023	0.2265	0.2270				
39.	GPRS_4TX	Bottom side	810	1909.8	25.99	26.0	1.0023	0.2188	0.2193				
40.	GPRS_4TX	Left side	810	1909.8	25.99	26.0	1.0023	0.0933	0.0935				

	WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)								
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
140.		Douy	CH. MHZ (d)	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	
41.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.3147	0.3288
42.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.1558	0.1628
43.	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.1318	0.1377
44.	RMC 12.2k	Left side	4132	826.4	22.81	23.0	1.0447	0.1048	0.1095

	WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)								
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Body CH. MHZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)		
45.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.1899	0.2106
46.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.3387	0.3757
47.	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.2911	0.3229
48.	RMC 12.2k	Left side	9262	1852.4	22.05	22.5	1.1092	0.1033	0.1146





	WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test									
Plot		To ad Do aidi an	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled	
No.	Mode	Test Position Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g	
110.		Body	CH. MIHZ (	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)		
49.	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.1383	0.1402	
50.	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.0798	0.0809	
51.	802.11b	Left side	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.1434	0.1454	
52.	802.11b	Top Side	01	2412	14.44	14.5	1.0139	0.0679	0.0688	

**Remark:** Per KDB447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.



Model: 7450102

### 9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

### List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Head SAR	Body-worn SAR	Hotspot SAR
1	GSM(Voice) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
2	GPRS(Data) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	-	Yes
3	WCDMA (Voice)+ WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
4	HSDPA(Data) + WLAN(Data)	-	-	Yes
5	HSUPA(Data) + WLAN(Data)	-	-	Yes
6	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
7	GPRS(Data)+ Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	-	Yes
8	WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
9	HSDPA(Data)+ Bluetooth(Data)	-	-	Yes
10	HSUPA(Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	-	-	Yes

#### Remark:

- 1. GSM and WCDMA share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. According to the KDB 447498 D01 v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 v06 as below:

#### Bluetooth:

Tune-Up	Max. Power	Distance (mm)	Frequency	~	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)
Power (dBm)	(mW)	Distance (IIIII)	(GHz)	^	5mm	10mm
4.0	2.51	5/10	2.402	7.5	0.1037	0.0519

4. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.



Head SAR WWAN and WLAN

	WW	AN	WLAN	Summed SAR (W/kg)	
D = = 141 =	D J	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR		
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.1612	0.3203	0.4815	
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.1282	0.1981	0.3263	
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.1623	0.1131	0.2754	
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.1461	0.0987	0.2448	
Right Cheek	GSM1900	0.0387	0.3203	0.359	
Right Tilted	GSM1900	0.0217	0.1981	0.2198	
Left Cheek	GSM1900	0.0382	0.1131	0.1513	
Left Tilted	GSM1900	0.0204	0.0987	0.1191	
Right Cheek	GPRS850	0.2229	0.3203	0.5432	
Right Tilted	GPRS850	0.1719	0.1981	0.37	
Left Cheek	GPRS850	0.2522	0.1131	0.3653	
Left Tilted	GPRS850	0.1938	0.0987	0.2925	
Right Cheek	GPRS1900	0.0770	0.3203	0.3973	
Right Tilted	GPRS1900	0.0485	0.1981	0.2466	
Left Cheek	GPRS1900	0.0634	0.1131	0.1765	
Left Tilted	GPRS1900	0.0391	0.0987	0.1378	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.0793	0.3203	0.3996	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.0454	0.1981	0.2435	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.0943	0.1131	0.2074	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.0676	0.0987	0.1663	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.1231	0.3203	0.4434	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.0824	0.1981	0.2805	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.1276	0.1131	0.2407	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.0901	0.0987	0.1888	



### **WWAN** and Bluetooth

	WW	AN	Bluetooth	Summed SAR	
D = =:4: =	D J	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR	(W/kg)	
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.1612	0.1037	0.2649	
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.1282	0.1037	0.2319	
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.1623	0.1037	0.266	
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.1461	0.1037	0.2498	
Right Cheek	GSM1900	0.0387	0.1037	0.1424	
Right Tilted	GSM1900	0.0217	0.1037	0.1254	
Left Cheek	GSM1900	0.0382	0.1037	0.1419	
Left Tilted	GSM1900	0.0204	0.1037	0.1241	
Right Cheek	GPRS850	0.2229	0.1037	0.3266	
Right Tilted	GPRS850	0.1719	0.1037	0.2756	
Left Cheek	GPRS850	0.2522	0.1037	0.3559	
Left Tilted	GPRS850	0.1938	0.1037	0.2975	
Right Cheek	GPRS1900	0.0770	0.1037	0.1807	
Right Tilted	GPRS1900	0.0485	0.1037	0.1522	
Left Cheek	GPRS1900	0.0634	0.1037	0.1671	
Left Tilted	GPRS1900	0.0391	0.1037	0.1428	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.0793	0.1037	0.183	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.0454	0.1037	0.1491	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.0943	0.1037	0.198	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.0676	0.1037	0.1713	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.1231	0.1037	0.2268	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.0824	0.1037	0.1861	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.1276	0.1037	0.2313	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.0901	0.1037	0.1938	



# Body-worn SAR WWAN and WLAN

	WWAN	1	WLAN	Summed SAR
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Back	GSM850	0.2583	0.1402	0.3985
Front	GSM850	0.1171	0.0809	0.198
Back	GSM1900	0.0786	0.1402	0.2188
Front	GSM1900	0.1402	0.0809	0.2211
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.3288	0.1402	0.469
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.1628	0.0809	0.2437
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.2106	0.1402	0.3508
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.3757	0.0809	0.4566

# WWAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN	N .	Bluetooth	Summed SAR	
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.2583	0.0519	0.3102	
Front	GSM850	0.1171	0.0519	0.169	
Back	GSM1900	0.0786	0.0519	0.1305	
Front	GSM1900	0.1402	0.0519	0.1921	
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.3288	0.0519	0.3807	
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.1628	0.0519	0.2147	
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.2106	0.0519	0.2625	
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.3757	0.0519	0.4276	



## Hotspot SAR WWAN and WLAN

V		AN	WLAN	Summed SAR	
D = =:4: =	D J	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR		
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.1925	0.1402	0.3327	
Front	GSM850	0.0895	0.0809	0.1704	
Top side	GSM850		0.0688	0.0688	
Bottom side	GSM850	0.1028		0.1028	
Right side	GSM850				
Left side	GSM850	0.0589	0.1454	0.2043	
Back	GSM1900	0.1260	0.1402	0.2662	
Front	GSM1900	0.2270	0.0809	0.3079	
Top side	GSM1900		0.0688	0.0688	
Bottom side	GSM1900	0.2193		0.2193	
Right side	GSM1900				
Left side	GSM1900	0.0935	0.1454	0.2389	
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.3288	0.1402	0.469	
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.1628	0.0809	0.2437	
Top side	WCDMA Band V		0.0688	0.0688	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band V	0.1377		0.1377	
Right side	WCDMA Band V				
Left side	WCDMA Band V	0.1095	0.1454	0.2549	
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.2106	0.1402	0.3508	
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.3757	0.0809	0.4566	
Top side	WCDMA Band II		0.0688	0.0688	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band II	0.3229		0.3229	
Right side	WCDMA Band II				
Left side	WCDMA Band II	0.1146	0.1454	0.26	



### **WWAN** and Bluetooth

	WWA	AN	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)	
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)		
Back	GSM850	0.1925	0.0519	0.2444	
Front	GSM850	0.0895	0.0519	0.1414	
Top side	GSM850		0.0519	0.0519	
Bottom side	GSM850	0.1028		0.1028	
Right side	GSM850				
Left side	GSM850	0.0589	0.0519	0.1108	
Back	GSM1900	0.1260	0.0519	0.1779	
Front	GSM1900	0.2270	0.0519	0.2789	
Top side	GSM1900		0.0519	0.0519	
Bottom side	GSM1900	0.2193		0.2193	
Right side	GSM1900				
Left side	GSM1900	0.0935	0.0519	0.1454	
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.3288	0.0519	0.3807	
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.1628	0.0519	0.2147	
Top side	WCDMA Band V		0.0519	0.0519	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band V	0.1377		0.1377	
Right side	WCDMA Band V				
Left side	WCDMA Band V	0.1095	0.0519	0.1614	
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.2106	0.0519	0.2625	
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.3757	0.0519	0.4276	
Top side	WCDMA Band II		0.0519	0.0519	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band II	0.3229		0.3229	
Right side	WCDMA Band II				
Left side	WCDMA Band II	0.1146	0.0519	0.1665	



# 10. Measurement Uncertainty

## **10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test**

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
<b>Uncertainty Component</b>	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui	10g Ui	Vi
		(+- %)	Dist.				(+-%)	(+-%)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	œ
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	√3	(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	√3	(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	×
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	×
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	œ
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	œ
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
RF ambient Conditions -	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
Reflections									
Probe positioner Mechanical	E.6.2	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Tolerance				,					
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	×
Extrapolation, interpolation and	E.5	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	oc
integration Algoritms for Max.	<b>L</b> .3	3.0	IX.	٧3	1	1	2.07	2.07	<i>S</i> C
SAR Evaluation									
Test Sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	1, 1
Output power Variation - SAR	E.2.9	12.02	R	√3	1	1	6.94	6.94	œ
drift measurement									
SAR scaling	E6.5	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	×
Phantom and Tissue Parameters		•							
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
thickness tolerances)									
Uncertainty in SAR correction for	E3.2	1.9	R	√3	1	0.84	1.10	0.90	œ
deviations in permittivity and									
conductivity									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	8





from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	œ
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	8
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	8
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.98	12.53	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				25.32	24.43	
(95% Confidence interval)									

# **10.2** Uncertainty for System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
<b>Uncertainty Component</b>	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui	10g Ui	Vi
		(+- %)	Dist.				(+-%)	(+-%)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	√3	(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	√3	(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	$\infty$
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	$\infty$
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Modulation response	E.2.5	0	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	∝
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∝
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∝
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∝
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max.	E.5.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	œ





G. D. D. J									
SAR Evaluation									
Dipole		Ī	1		_	1	•	7	
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift	8,6.6.2	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	∞
measurement									
Deviation of experimental dipole	E.6.4	5.5	R	√3	1	1	3.20	3.20	∞
from numerical dipole									
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	×
thickness tolerances)									
Uncertainty in SAR correction for	E3.2	2.0	R	√3	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	œ
deviations in permittivity and									
conductivity									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	0.37	R	√3	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				23.39	22.43	
(95% Confidence interval)									



# **Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check**

# **MEASUREMENT 1**

#### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

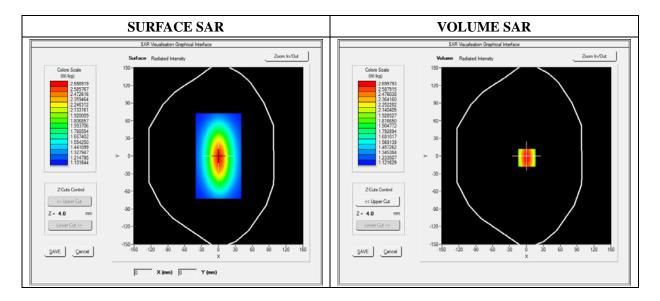
Measurement duration: 7 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW835		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.814580
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3





SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.129489		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.391250		

#### Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	2.4900	1.8942	1.4811	1.3541	1.1123	1.0539
(W/Kg)							
	2.5	00-					
	2.3	75-					
	_ 2.1	50 -	$\overline{}$				
	 ≸ 1.82	25-	+				
	S 4H 1.50	00-	++	$\sqcup$			
	ى 1.3	75-		$\longrightarrow$			
	1.19	50-			+		
	1.03	30-				<del></del>	
0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 27.5 30.0 32.5 35.0							
				Z (mm)			





### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

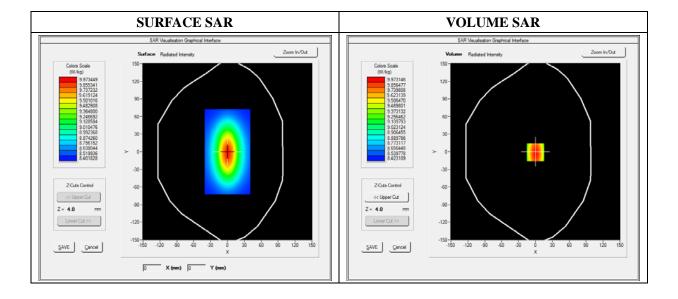
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW1900		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.022540
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3





SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.174526
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.913214

#### Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	10.2354	6.8400	5.0121	4.1189	3.0522	2.8424
(W/Kg)							
	10.30 9.00 7.00 8W 5.00 3.00 2.50	0-	7.5 10.0 12.5 15.	0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	25.0 27.5 30.0 3	2.5 35.0	





### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

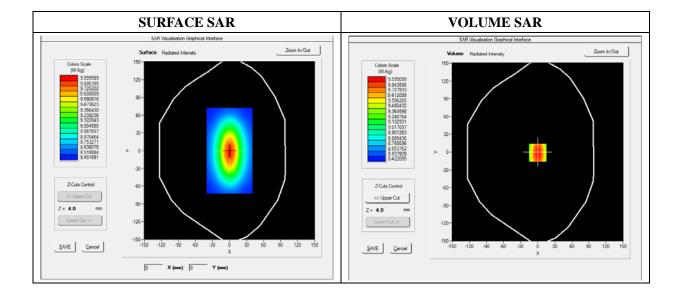
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.64; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW2450		
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)		

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.611212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.761202
Power Variation (%)	1.144120
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

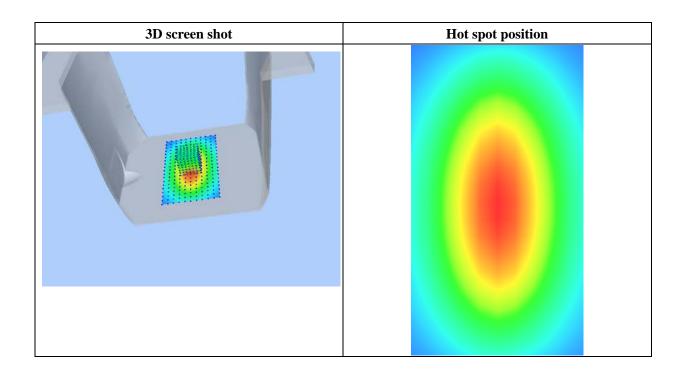




SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.352122
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	13.462010

### Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	12.1355	10.3301	8.4512	6.4365	5.6123	3.5621
	12.25 11.25 BW 7.77 EV 6.50 4.00 3.00	5- 7- 10- 15- 15-	7.5 10.0 12.5 15	.0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	25.0 27.5 30.0 3	2.5 35.0	





#### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

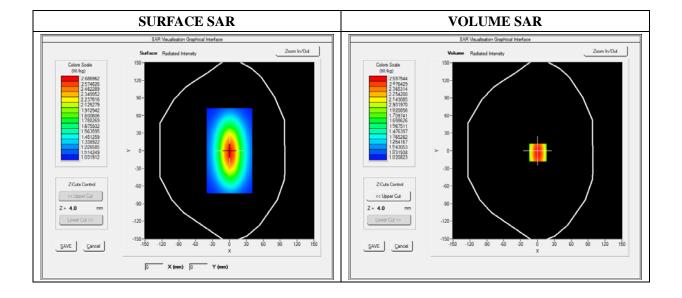
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
<b>Device Position</b>	Dipole		
Band	CW835		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

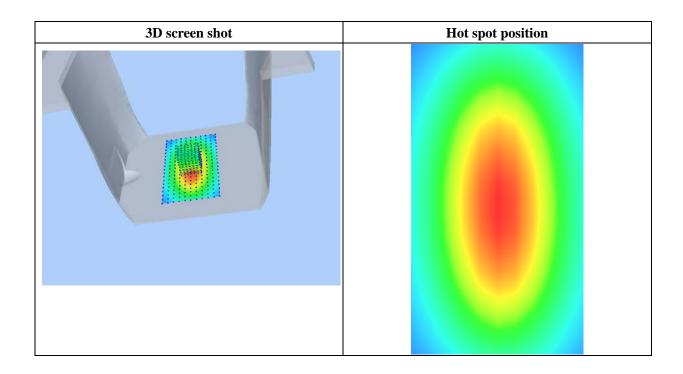




SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.028956
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.364211

Z Axis Scan

			211111	s Scan	,		
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	2.5789	1.1300	0.8795	0.5940	0.5011	0.5100
(W/Kg)							
	2.60 1.45 1.20 WW 0.95 0.70 0.55 0.40			0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	25.0 27.5 30.0 32	.5 35.0	





#### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

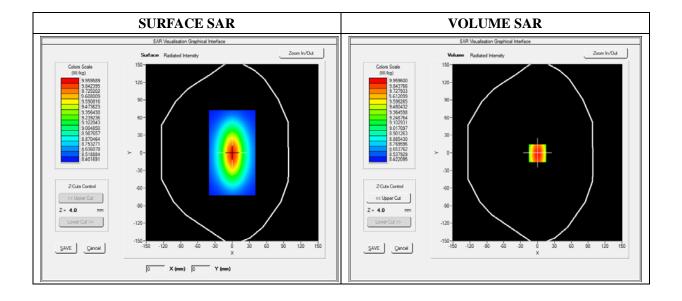
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.541872
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

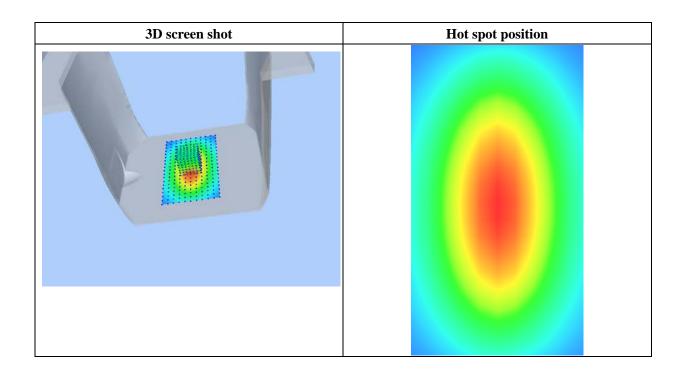




SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.134651
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.801550

### Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	10.2031	6.43001	4.9011	4.5325	3.1201	2.5024
(W/Kg)							
	10.30 9.25 7.60 WW 6.21 84.70 4.70 3.00 2.00	0-	7.5 10.0 12.5 15	.0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	525.027.530.03	2.5 35.0	





#### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

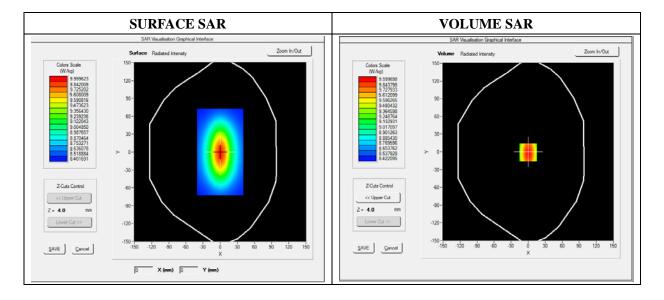
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW2450		
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)		

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.315622
Conductivity (S/m)	2.001255
Power Variation (%)	0.542660
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2





SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.351512
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.600533

#### Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00	
SAR	0.0000	12.1631	10.01221	9.2566	8.5623	6.3469	4.5626	
(W/Kg)								
	11.27-							
	10.25	<b>'</b>						
	7.60 7.60	)-						
	18 (W/kg	·						
	₹ 4.50	,						
	4.50							
3.05-2.03-								
	0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 27.5 30.0 32.5 35.0							
Z (mm)								





## **Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement**

TYPE	BAND	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GSM850	Measurement 3: Left Head with Cheek device position
1 Hone	GSW1050	on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	Measurement 5: Right Head with Cheek device
I Hone	GSM1700	position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	Measurement 11: Left Head with Cheek device position
T Hone	G1 N5050_4121	on High Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_4TX	Measurement 13: Right Head with Cheek device
	01101900_1111	position on High Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 19: Left Head with Cheek device position
	,,, e21,1100, _111,120	on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 23: Left Head with Cheek device position
	,,, <u>021,7112, 00</u> _111,20	on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	Measurement 25: Right Head with Cheek device
	**************************************	position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	GSM850	Measurement 29: Flat Plane with Back(Body-worn)
		device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	Measurement 32: Flat Plane with Front(Body-worn)
		device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	Measurement 33: Flat Plane with Back device position
	0113000_1111	on High Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_4TX	Measurement 38: Flat Plane with Front device position
		on High Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 41: Flat Plane with Back device position
	,,, e21,1100, _111,120	on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 46: Flat Plane with Front device position
_ =====================================		on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WiFi 802.11b	Measurement 51: Flat Plane with Left side device
	,,,111_002,1110	position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode

Remark: SAR plot is showed the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.



Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

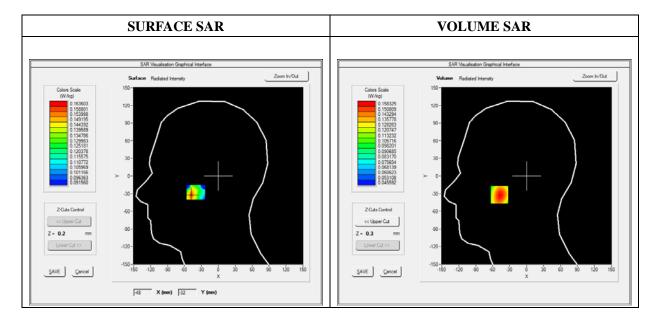
Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.956700
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

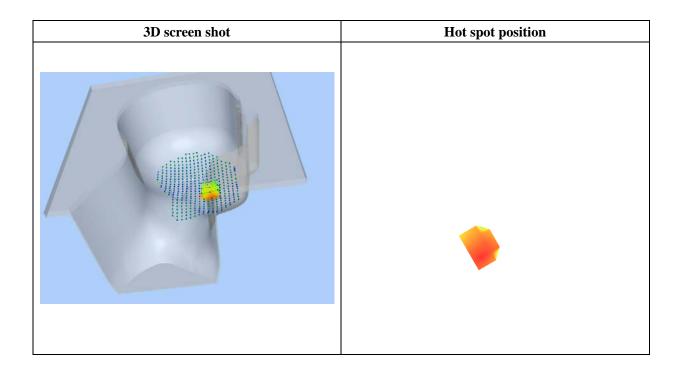




**Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-32.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.117462
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.152241

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1583	0.1312	0.1086	0.0899
	0.16-				
	0.15				
	0.14-				
	夏 0.13- 夏 0.12-				
	W 0.11-		$\rightarrow$		
	ි 0.10-		+		
	0.09-		+		
	0.07-				
	0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5	20.0 22.5 25.0	
			Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

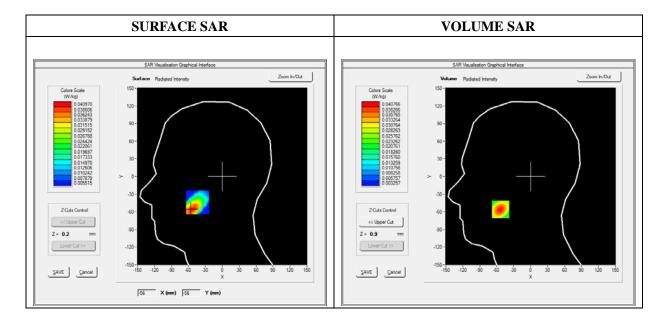
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.869568
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

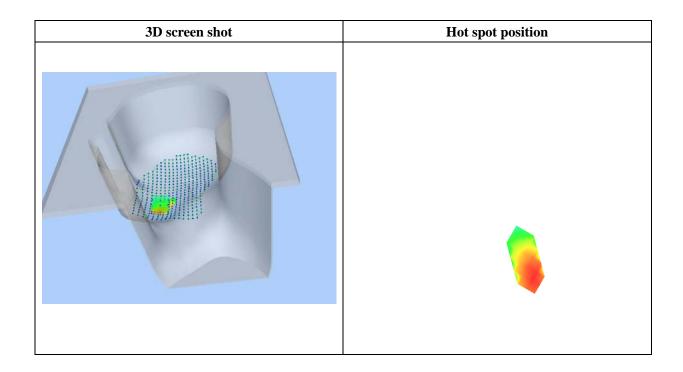




**Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-56.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.022610
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.037840

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0408	0.0253	0.0161	0.0106
	0.041-				
	0.035-	$\longrightarrow$			
	_ 0.030-	+			
	0.030- 	$\rightarrow$			
	₩ 0.020-		+		
	0.015				
	0.010-	5 50 75 100	105 150 175	200 205 250	
	0.0 2.	5 5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

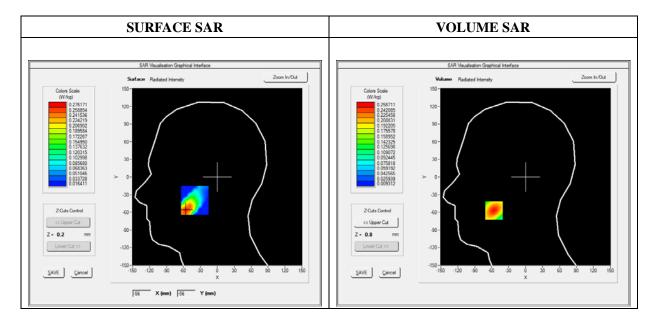
Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

Frequency (MHz)	848.800000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.903833
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

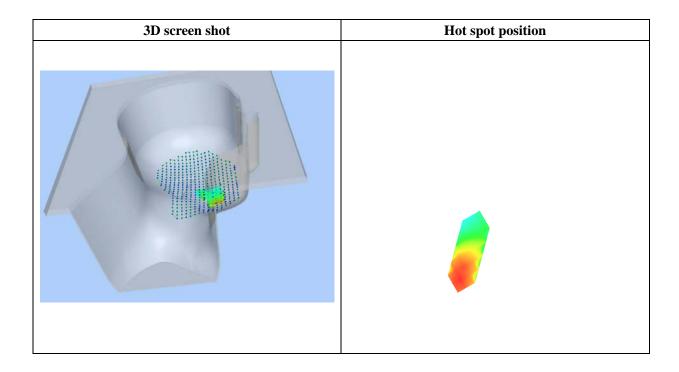




**Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-57.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.131539
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.241382

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2587	0.1404	0.0743	0.0390
	0.26-				
	0.20-	$\rightarrow$			
	<u> </u>				
	₹ 0.15-				
	BW 0.15-				
	5				
	0.05-				
	0.02		105 150 175	200 205 252	
	0.0 2.5	5 5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5	20.0 22.5 25.0	
			Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

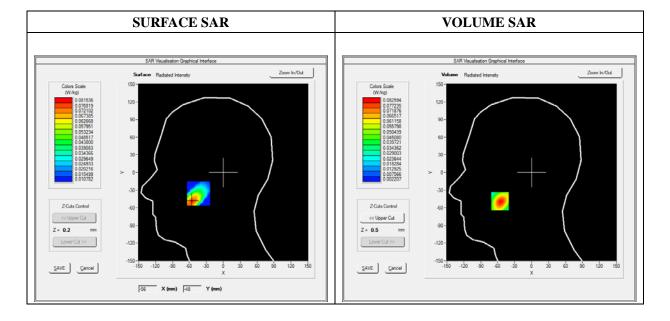
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GPRS1900_4TX
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.536272
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

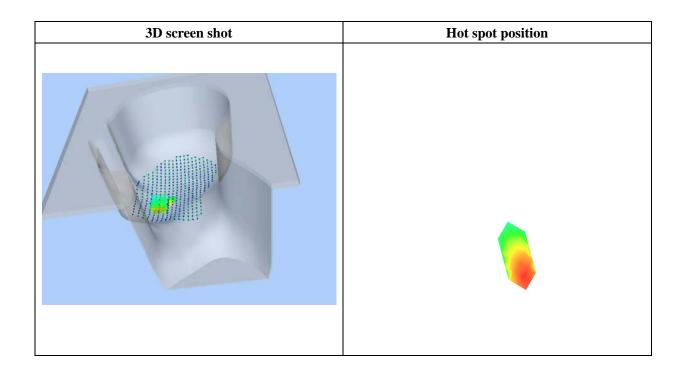




**Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-49.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.041908
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.076844

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0826	0.0460	0.0263	0.0164
	0.08-				
	0.07				
	0.07-				
	0.06-				
	0.06				
	₩ 0.04-				
	0.03-				
	0.02-				
	0.01-	5 50 75 100	12.5 15.0 17.5	20.0 22.5 25.0	
	0.0 2.	5 5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	
			_ ,,		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

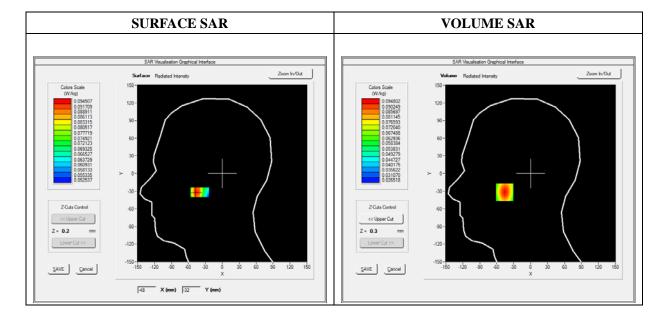
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	826.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.753989
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

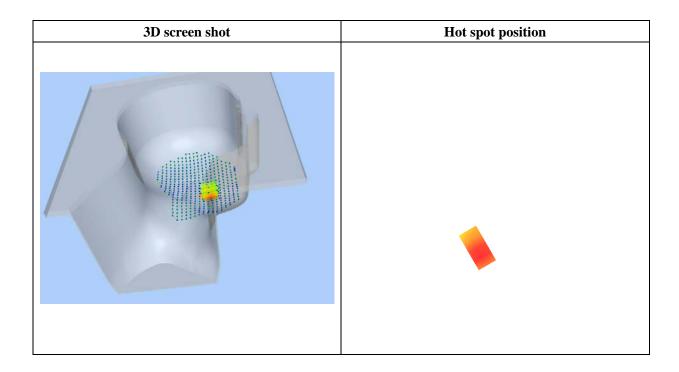




**Maximum location: X=-46.00, Y=-32.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.068886	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.090262	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0948	0.0760	0.0619	0.0512
	0.09-				
	0.09-	$\overline{}$			
	0.08-				
	<u></u>				
	₹ 0.07-		$\overline{}$		
	0.07- W 0.06-				
	0.05				
	0.04-	F0 75 100	125 150 175	20.0 22.5 25.0	
	0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	
		0.0 7.0 10.0	Z (mm)	20.0 22.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

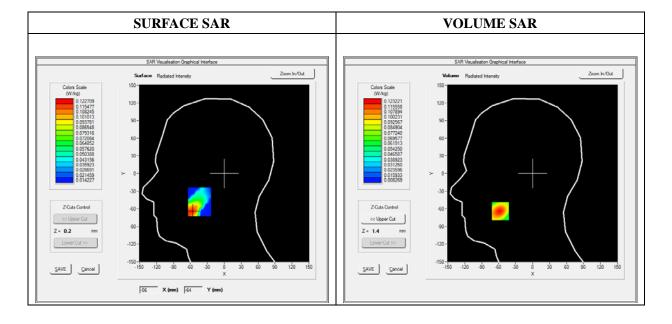
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.546537
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

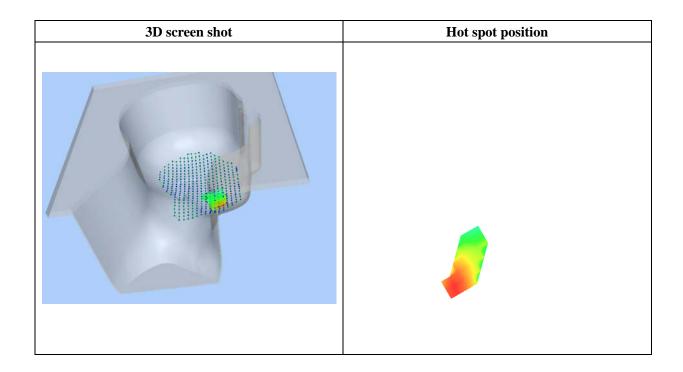




**Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-64.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.068108	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.114978	

0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
0.0000	0.1232	0.0751	0.0463	0.0296
0.12-				
	$\setminus$			
§ 0.08−	+			
£ 0.06-				
		$\mathcal{N}$		
0.04				
0.02	5 FO 7F 100	125 150 175	20.0 22.5 25.0	
0.0 2.3			20.0 22.0 25.0	
	0.0000 0.12- 0.10- 0.08- 0.08- 0.06- 0.04- 0.02-	0.0000 0.1232 0.12- 0.10- 0.08- 0.08- 0.04- 0.02- 0.02- 0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0	0.0000 0.1232 0.0751  0.12- 0.10- 0.08- 0.08- 0.04- 0.04- 0.02-	0.0000 0.1232 0.0751 0.0463  0.10- 0.10- 0.00- 0.04- 0.02- 0.00 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

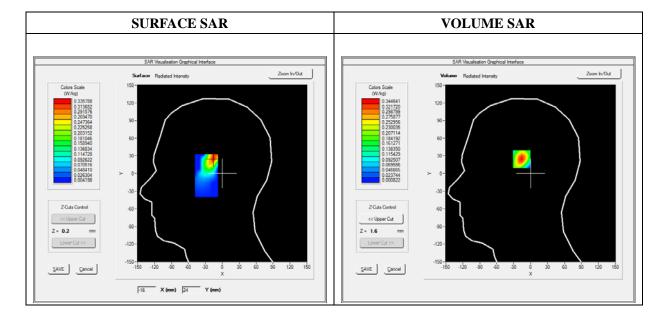
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.64; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.611212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.761202
Power Variation (%)	1.867589
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

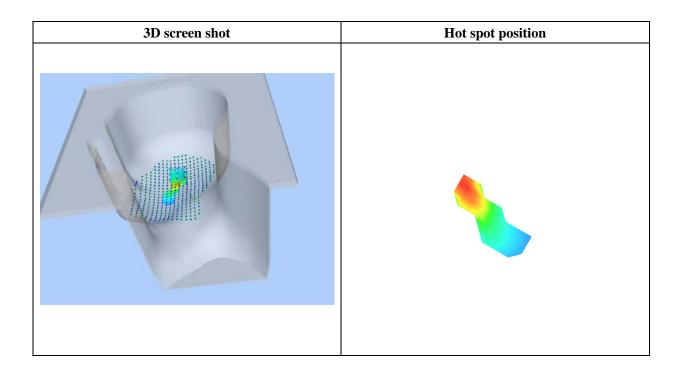




## **Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=26.00**

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.147630
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.315935

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3446	0.1501	0.0624	0.0274
	0.34-				
	0.30-	$\rightarrow$			
	_ 0.25-				
	0.20 - W W 0.15 - W				
	₩ 0.15-	++			
	0.10-				
	0.05-				
	0.05				
	0.01 -	5 5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5	20.0 22.5 25.0	
			Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

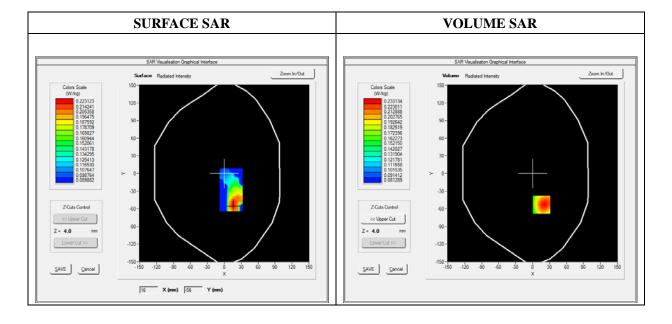
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
Phantom	Flat Plane	
Device Position	Back(Body-worn)	
Band	GSM850	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454		
Power Variation (%)	0.785060		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.3		

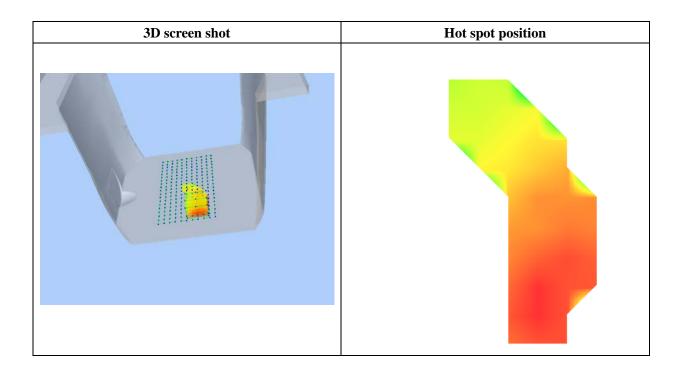




**Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=-53.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.186134	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.242169	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2289	0.1824	0.1499	0.1275
	0.23-				
	0.20				
	0.18- WK 0.16-	++			
	¥ 0.16-		$\longrightarrow$		
	0.14-				
	0.12-				
	0.11-		105 150 175	200 225 250	
	0.0 2.5	5 5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

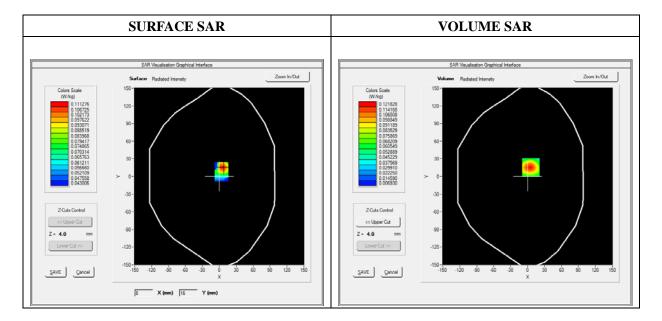
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Flat Plane		
Device Position	Front(Body-worn)		
Band	GSM1900		
Channels	Low		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		

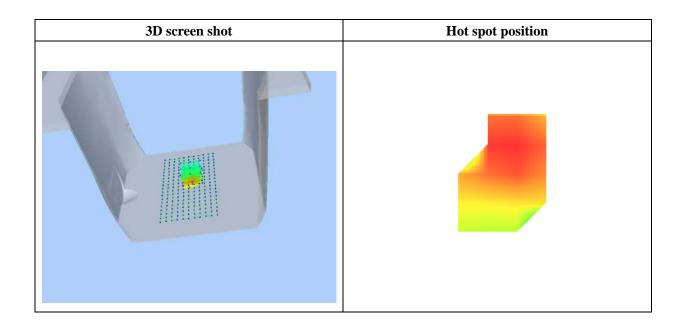
Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966		
Power Variation (%)	0.568946		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.3		





SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.073691		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.137026		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1218	0.0651	0.0354	0.0208
	0.12- 0.10- 0.08- WW 0.06- 0.04- 0.01- 0.0 2.5		12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

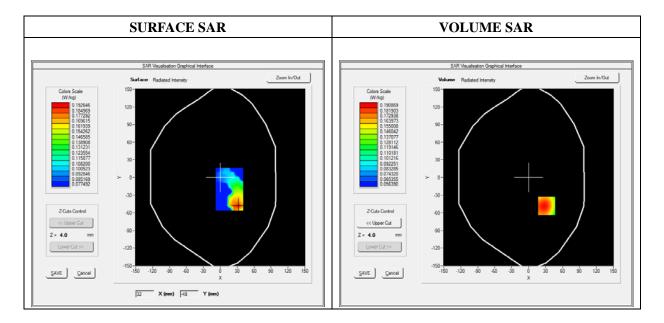
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Flat plane		
Device Position	Back		
Band	GPRS850_4TX		
Channels	High		
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2		

Frequency (MHz)	848.800000	
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454	
Power Variation (%)	0.562472	
Ambient Temperature	21.1	
Liquid Temperature	21.3	

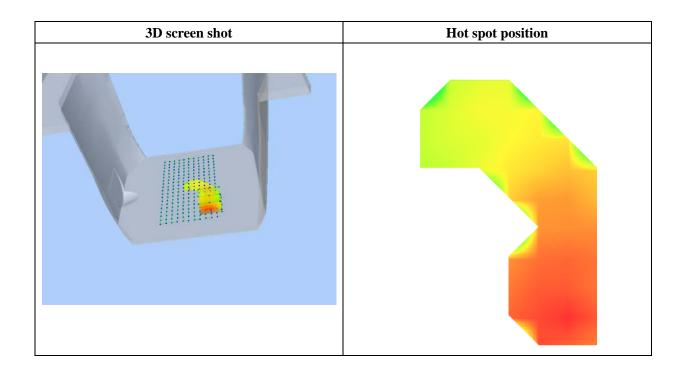




**Maximum location: X=32.00, Y=-48.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.146438	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.184343	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1878	0.1564	0.1306	0.1094
	0.19-				
	0.18				
	0.16-	$+\lambda$			
	%kg				
	O.14-				
	o.12-		+		
	0.10			$\downarrow$	
	0.10 -				
	0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5	20.0 22.5 25.0	
			Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

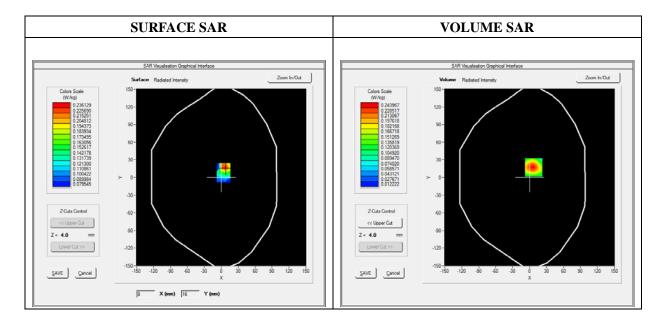
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Flat plane		
Device Position	Front side		
Band	GPRS1900_4TX		
Channels	High		
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2		

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000	
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966	
Power Variation (%)	0.986340	
Ambient Temperature	21.1	
Liquid Temperature	21.3	

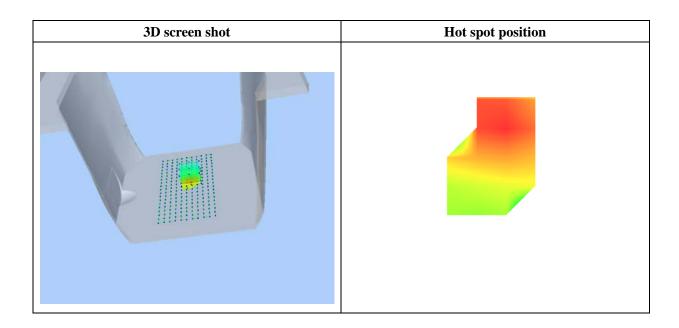




Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=17.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.121700
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.226452

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2440	0.1297	0.0697	0.0401
	0.24-				
		<b>\</b>			
	0.20				
	= ₹ 0.15				
	§ 0.15				
	WK 0.15-	$\rightarrow$	+		
	0.05	+			
	0.02-		105 150 175	20.0 22.5 25.0	
	0.0 2.5	5 5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	
			2 (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

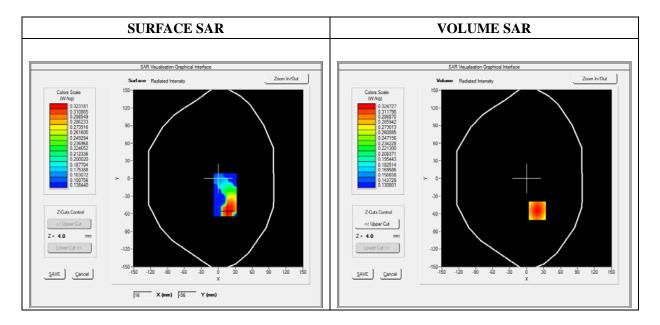
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Flat Plane		
Device Position	Back		
Band	WCDMA850_RMC		
Channels	Low		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	826.400000	
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454	
Power Variation (%)	0.986458	
Ambient Temperature	21.1	
Liquid Temperature	21.3	

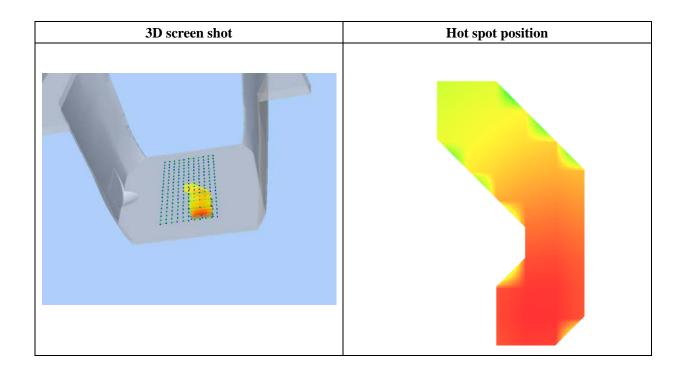




**Maximum location: X=19.00, Y=-55.00** 

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.255148	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.314667	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3247	0.2733	0.2333	0.2019
	0.32- 0.30- 0.28- W 0.26- W 0.24- 0.22- 0.20- 0.18- 0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

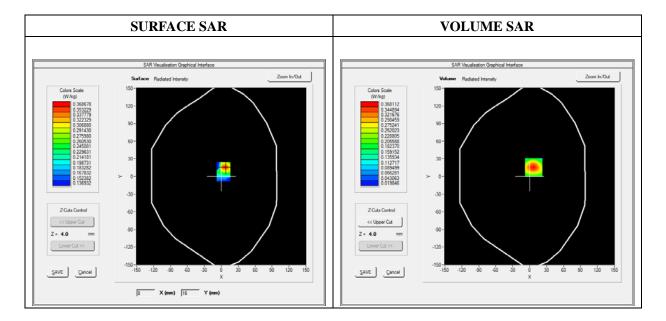
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Flat Plane		
Device Position	Front		
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC		
Channels	Low		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966		
Power Variation (%)	0.687492		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.3		

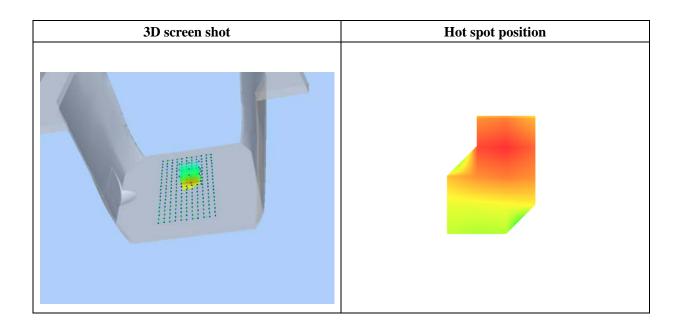




Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=16.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.184542	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.338693	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3681	0.2034	0.1133	0.0662
	0.37-				
	0.30	$\overline{}$			
	₩ 0.25	+			
	0.25- W 0.20- W 0.15-	++			
	₩ 0.15-				
	0.10-				
	0.10				
	0.04	50 75 100	125 150 175	20.0 22.5 25.0	
	0.0 2.5		12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 05/22/2017

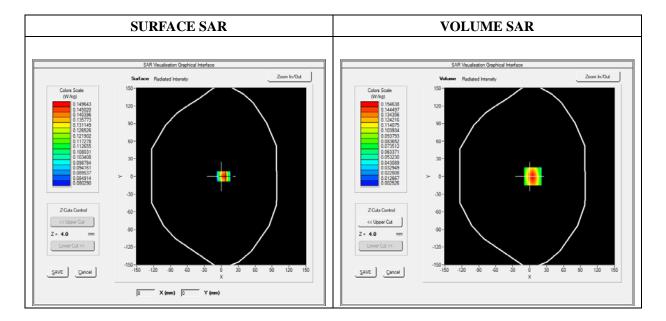
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 06/01/2016

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
Phantom	Flat Plane	
Device Position	Left	
Band	WiFi_802.11b	
Channels	Low	
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1	

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.315622		
Conductivity (S/m)	2.001255		
Power Variation (%)	0.968546		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.2		

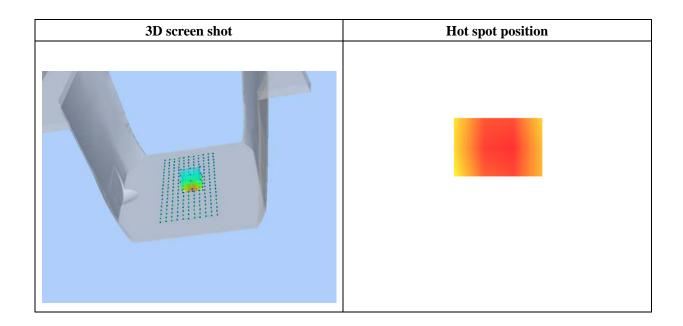




Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.071708	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.143371	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1546	0.0727	0.0330	0.0154
	0.15 - 0.14 - 0.12	5 5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	





### **Annex C. EUT Photos**

#### **EUT View Front**



#### **EUT View Back**





### **Antenna View**







# **Annex D. Test Setup Photos**

## **Head Exposure Conditions**





Tilt





### Cheek



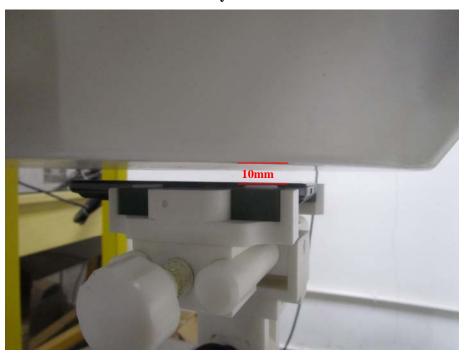
Tilt





### Body-worn & Hotspot mode Exposure Conditions





**Body Back** 





### **Hotspot Exposure Conditions**





**Body Top** 





### **Body Bottom**





### **Annex E. Calibration Certificate**

Please refer to the Exhibit for the Calibration Certificate

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*