



B. Test Plots:

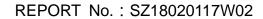


(Channel 38, PEAK, 802.11 ac (VHT40))

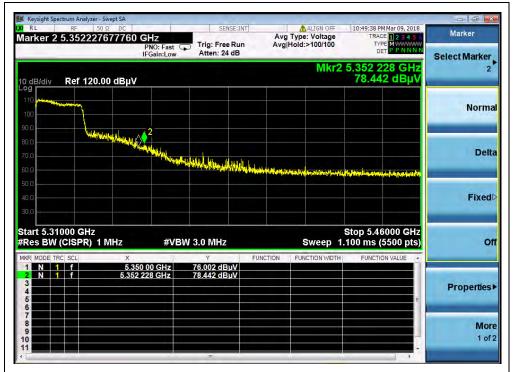


(Channel 38, AVG, 802.11 ac (VHT40))









(Channel 62, PEAK, 802.11 ac (VHT40))



(Channel 62, AVG, 802.11 ac (VHT40))



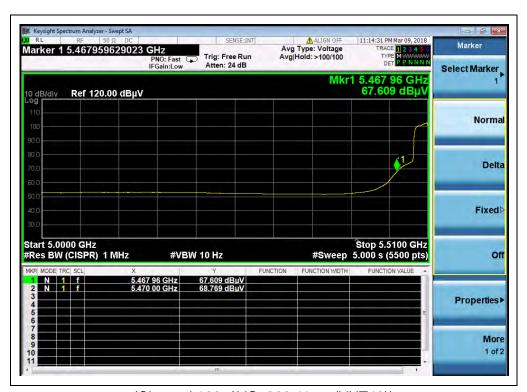
Tel: 86-755-36698555







(Channel 102, PEAK, 802.11 ac (VHT40))



(Channel 102, AVG, 802.11 ac (VHT40))









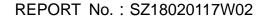
(Channel 134, PEAK, 802.11 ac (VHT40))



(Channel 134, AVG, 802.11 ac (VHT40))



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(Channel 151, PEAK, 802.11 ac (VHT40))



(Channel 151, AVG, 802.11 ac (VHT40))









(Channel 159, PEAK, 802.11 ac (VHT40))



(Channel 159, AVG, 802.11ac (VHT40))



Tel: 86-755-36698555



2.6. Frequency Stability

2.6.1. Requirement

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

2.6.2. Test Procedure

The EUT was placed inside of an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between 5°C to 40°C. The temperature was incremented by 10° intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded. Data for the worst case channel is shown below.

2.6.3. Test Result

Frequency Stability Measurements for UNII Band 1 (Ch. 36)

VOLTAGE	POWER	TEMP	FREQUENCY	Freq Dev.	Deviation
(%)	(VDC)	(°C)	(Hz)	(Hz)	(%)
100%		+20(Ref)	5,179,999,989	11	0.0000002
100%		-30	5,180,000,023	23	0.0000004
100%		-20	5,180,000,011	11	0.0000002
100%		-10	5,179,999,999	1	0.0000000
100%	5.0	0	5,180,000,018	18	0.0000003
100%	5.0	+10	5,180,000,022	22	0.0000004
100%		+20	5,179,999,987	13	0.0000003
100%		+30	5,180,000,017	17	0.0000003
100%		+40	5,180,000,021	21	0.0000004
100%		+50	5,180,000,018	18	0.0000003
85%	3.8	+20	5,179,999,989	11	0.0000002
115%	5.6	+20	5,179,999,995	5	0.000001



Frequency Stability Measurements for UNII Band 2A (Ch. 52)

VOLTAGE	POWER	TEMP	FREQUENCY	Freq Dev.	Deviation
(%)	(VDC)	(°C)	(Hz)	(Hz)	(%)
100%		+20(Ref)	5,260,000,014	14	0.0000003
100%		-30	5,260,000,028	28	0.0000005
100%		-20	5,260,000,024	24	0.0000005
100%		-10	5,259,999,996	4	0.000001
100%	5.0	0	5,259,999,989	11	0.0000002
100%	5.0	+10	5,260,000,015	15	0.0000003
100%		+20	5,260,000,017	17	0.0000003
100%		+30	5,259,999,994	6	0.000001
100%		+40	5,259,999,983	17	0.0000003
100%		+50	5,260,000,013	13	0.000002
85%	3.8	+20	5,260,000,018	18	0.0000003
115%	5.6	+20	5,259,999,998	2	0.0000000

Frequency Stability Measurements for UNII Band 2C (Ch. 100)

1 , ,						
VOLTAGE	POWER	TEMP	FREQUENCY	Freq Dev.	Deviation	
(%)	(VDC)	(°C)	(Hz)	(Hz)	(%)	
100%		+20(Ref)	5,500,000,015	15	0.0000003	
100%		-30	5,500,000,019	19	0.0000003	
100%		-20	5,500,000,024	24	0.0000004	
100%		-10	5,499,999,996	4	0.000001	
100%	5.0	0	5,500,000,006	6	0.000001	
100%	5.0	+10	5,499,999,994	6	0.000001	
100%		+20	5,500,000,018	18	0.0000003	
100%		+30	5,500,000,021	21	0.0000004	
100%		+40	5,500,000,020	20	0.0000004	
100%		+50	5,500,000,010	10	0.0000002	
85%	3.8	+20	5,500,000,027	27	0.0000005	
115%	5.6	+20	5,499,999,994	6	0.000001	



Frequency Stability Measurements for UNII Band 3 (Ch. 149)

	1 7						
VOLTAGE	POWER	TEMP	FREQUENCY	Freq Dev.	Deviation		
(%)	(VDC)	(°C)	(Hz)	(Hz)	(%)		
100%		+20(Ref)	5,745,000,011	11	0.0000002		
100%		-30	5,744,999,989	11	0.0000002		
100%		-20	5,745,000,015	15	0.0000003		
100%		-10	5,744,999,994	6	0.0000001		
100%	5.0	0	5,744,999,988	12	0.0000002		
100%	3.0	+10	5,744,999,993	7	0.0000001		
100%		+20	5,745,000,015	15	0.0000003		
100%		+30	5,745,000,017	17	0.0000003		
100%		+40	5,744,999,988	12	0.0000002		
100%		+50	5,745,000,025	25	0.0000004		
85%	3.8	+20	5,745,000,017	17	0.0000003		
115%	5.6	+20	5,744,999,996	4	0.0000001		

Note: Based on the results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency deviation noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.





2.7. Conducted Emission

2.7.1. Requirement

According to FCC section 15.207, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50\mu H/50\Omega$ line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

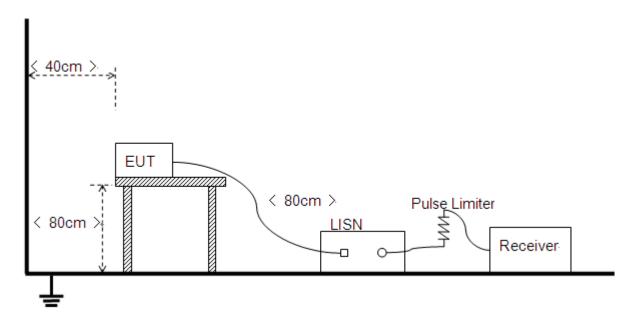
Fraguency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)		
Frequency range (MHz)	Quai-peak	Average		
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46		
0.50 - 5	56	46		
5 - 30	60	50		

NOTE:

- (a) The lower limit shall apply at the band edges.
- (b) The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 0.50MHz.

2.7.2. Test Description

Test Setup:



The Table-top EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. EUT was connected to LISN and LISN was connected to reference Ground Plane. EUT was 80cm from LISN. The set-up and test methods were according to ANSI C63.10: 2013.

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FL1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road,





2.7.3. Test Result

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

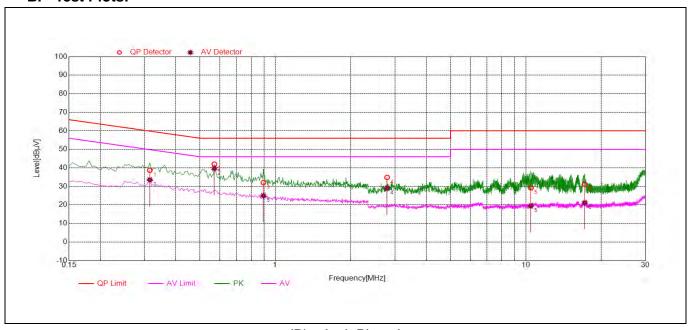
Note: All test modes are performed, only the worst case is recorded in this report.

A. Test setup:

The EUT configuration of the emission tests is <u>EUT + Link</u>.

Note: The test voltage is AC 120V/60Hz.

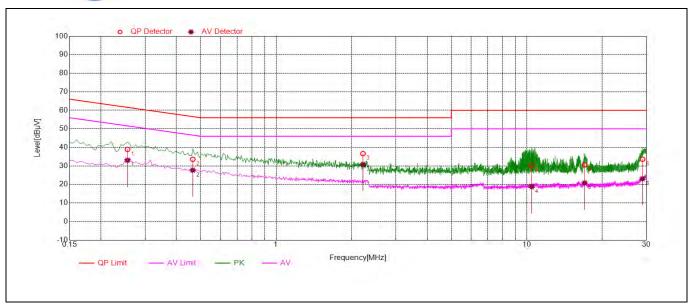
B. Test Plots:



(Plot A: L Phase)

NO.	1 16.		.evel (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV)		Power-line	Verdict
	(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average	Quai-peak	Average		
1	0.31	38.72	33.54	59.84	33.54		PASS
2	0.57	42.04	39.67	56.00	39.67		PASS
3	0.89	32.09	24.98	56.00	24.98	Line	PASS
4	2.79	34.86	28.95	56.00	28.95	Line	PASS
5	10.47	29.25	19.48	60.00	19.48		PASS
6	17.18	31.17	21.22	60.00	21.22		PASS





(Plot B: N Phase)

NO.	Fre.	Emission L	evel (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)		Power-line	Verdict
	(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average	Quai-peak	Average		
1	0.26	38.91	33.04	61.59	51.59		PASS
2	0.46	33.58	27.69	56.61	46.61		PASS
3	2.22	36.64	30.76	56.00	46.00	Neutral	PASS
4	10.47	30.17	18.78	60.00	50.00	Neutrai	PASS
5	17.01	30.57	20.79	60.00	50.00		PASS
6	28.96	33.64	23.09	60.00	50.00		PASS



2.8. Radiated Emission

2.8.1. Requirement

The peak emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25–5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47–5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.47–5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

The following formula is used to convert the equipment isotropic radiated power(eirp) to field strength (dBµV/m);

$$E=1000000\times\sqrt{30P}/3_{\rm ~\muV/m}$$
 where P is the EIRP in Watts
$${\rm Therefore: -27~dBm/MHz}=68.23~{\rm dBuV/m}$$

Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209. According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3



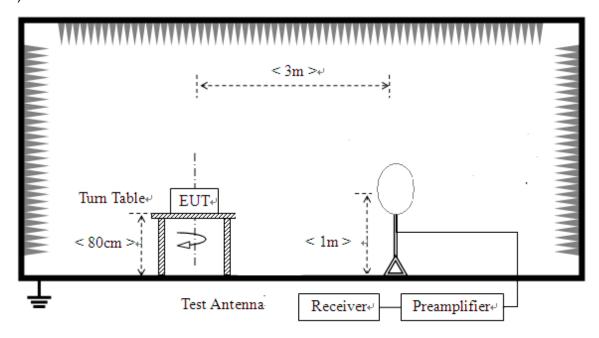
Note:

For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), also should comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a)(above table)

2.8.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:

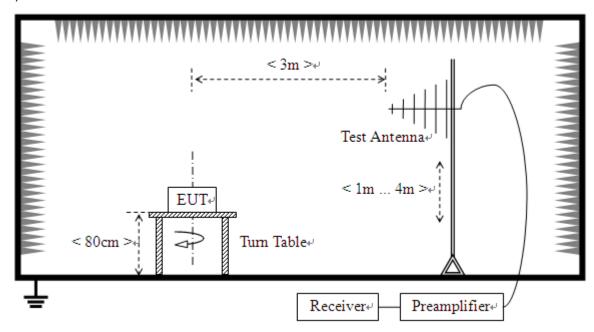
1) For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



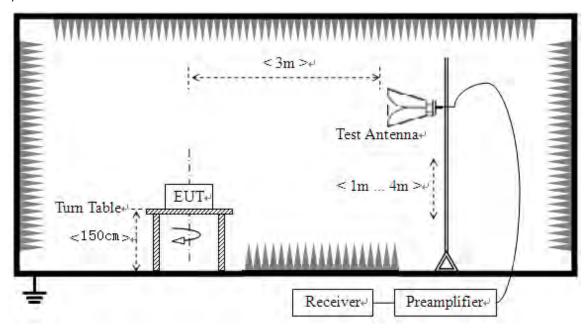




2) For radiated emissions from 30MHz to1GHz



3) For radiated emissions above 1GHz



The RF absorbing material used on the reference ground plane and on the turntable have a maximum height (thickness) of 30 cm (12 in) and have a minimum-rated attenuation of 20 dB at all frequencies from 1 GHz to 18 GHz.

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10 (2013). For radiated emissions below or equal to 1GHz, The EUT was set-up on insulator 80cm above the Ground Plane, For radiated emissions above 1GHz, The EUT





was set-up on insulator 150cm above the Ground Plane. The set-up and test methods were according to ANSI C63.10

For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:

Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.

The EUT is located in a 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber; the antenna factors, cable loss and so on of the site as factors are calculated to correct the reading

For the Test Antenna:

- (a) In the frequency range of 9kHz to 30MHz, magnetic field is measured with Loop Test Antenna. The Test Antenna is positioned with its plane vertical at 1m distance from the EUT. The center of the Loop Test Antenna is 1m above the ground. During the measurement the Loop Test Antenna rotates about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT.
- (b) In the frequency range above 30MHz, Bi-Log Test Antenna (30MHz to 1GHz) and Horn Test Antenna (above 1GHz) are used. Place the test antenna at 3m away from area of the EUT, while keeping the test antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The test antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final test antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The test antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane. The emission levels at both horizontal and vertical polarizations should be tested.



2.8.3. Test Result

According to ANSI C63.4 selection 4.2.2, because of peak detection will yield amplitudes equal to or greater than amplitudes measured with the quasi-peak (or average) detector, the measurement data from a spectrum analyzer peak detector will represent the worst-case results, if the peak measured value complies with the quasi-peak limit, it is unnecessary to perform an quasi-peak measurement.

The measurement results are obtained as below:

 $E [dB\mu V/m] = U_R + A_T + A_{Factor} [dB]; A_T = L_{Cable loss} [dB] - G_{preamp} [dB]$

A_T: Total correction Factor except Antenna

U_R: Receiver Reading G_{preamp}: Preamplifier Gain A_{Factor}: Antenna Factor at 3m

During the test, the total correction Factor A_T and A_{Factor} were built in test software.

Note1: All radiated emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

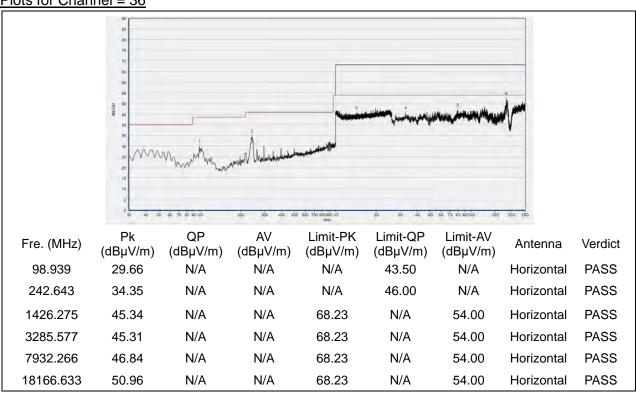
Note2: For the frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not recorded.

Note3: For the frequency, which started from 25GHz to 40GHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 10dB lower than the limit was not recorded.

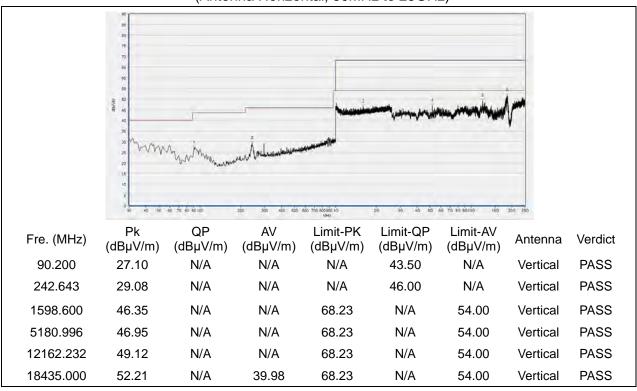


802.11a Test mode

Plots for Channel = 36



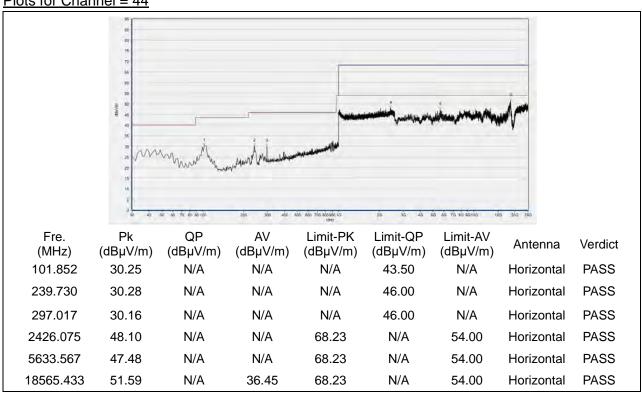
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



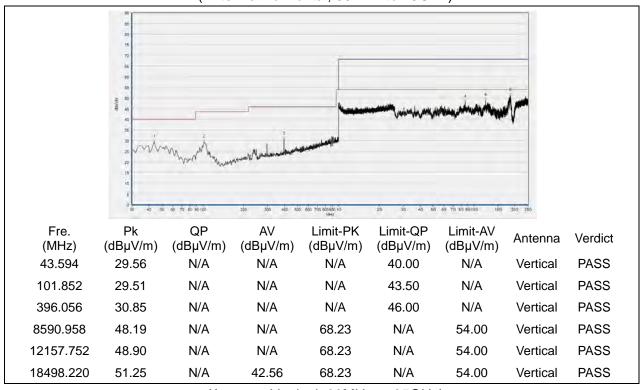




Plots for Channel = 44



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



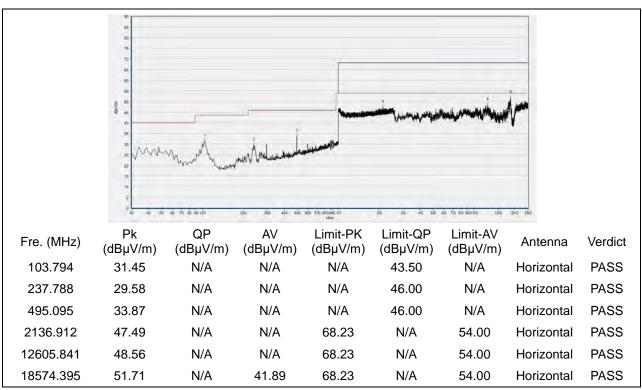
(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 25GHz)



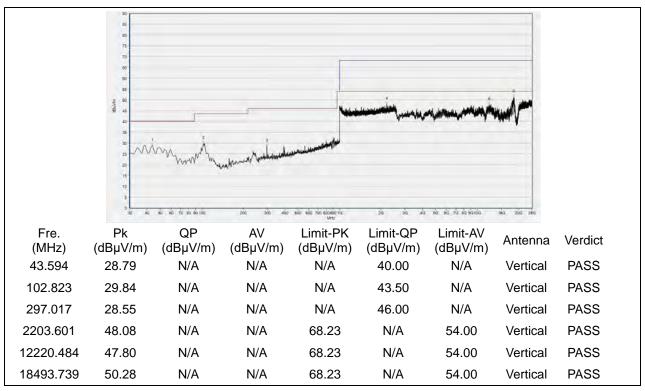
Tel: 86-755-36698555



Plot for Channel = 48



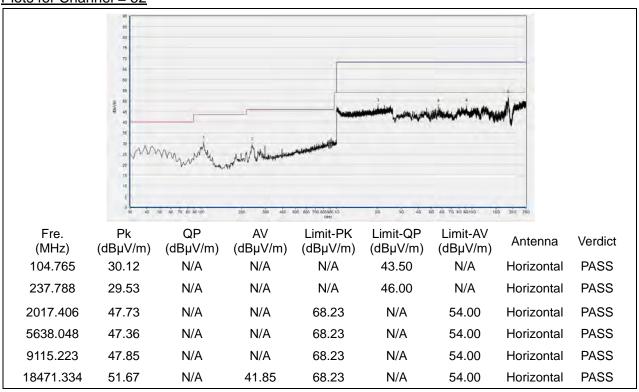
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



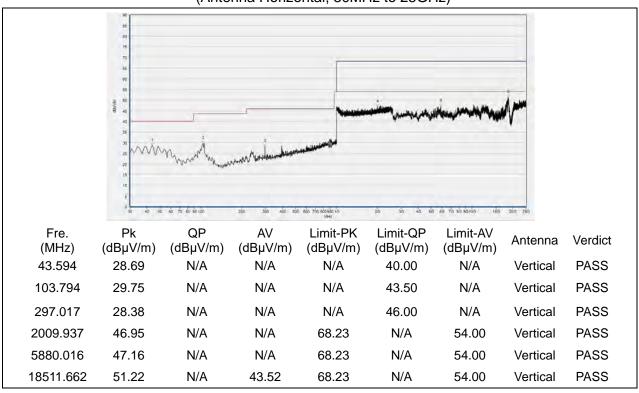




Plots for Channel = 52



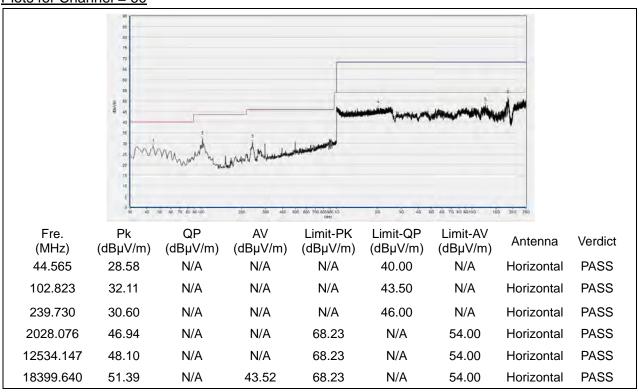
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



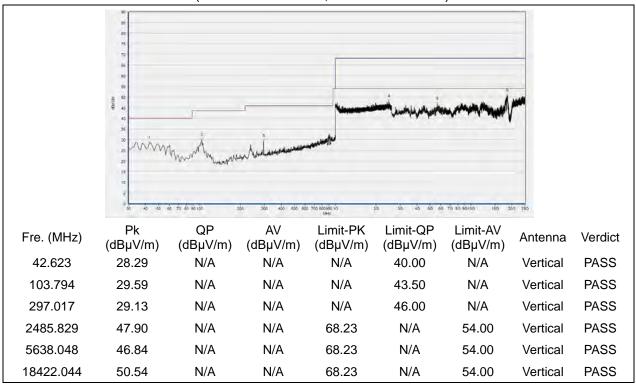




Plots for Channel = 60



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



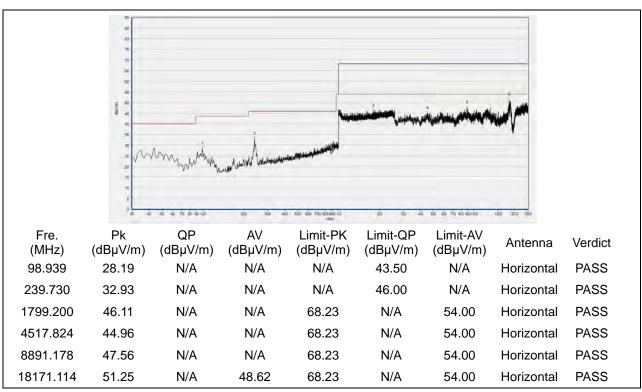
(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 25GHz)



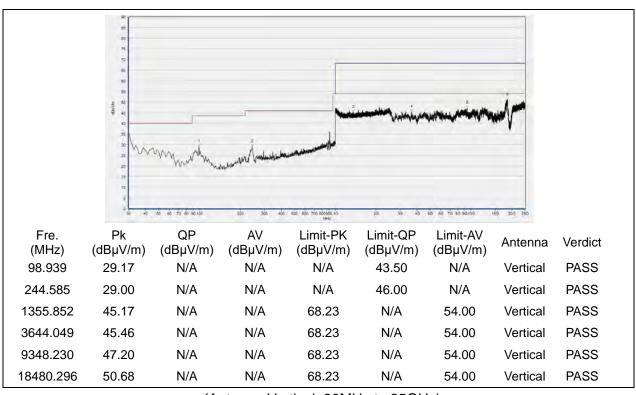
Tel: 86-755-36698555



Plot for Channel = 64



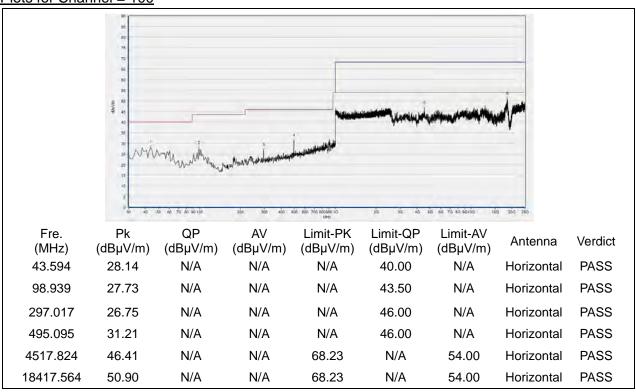
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



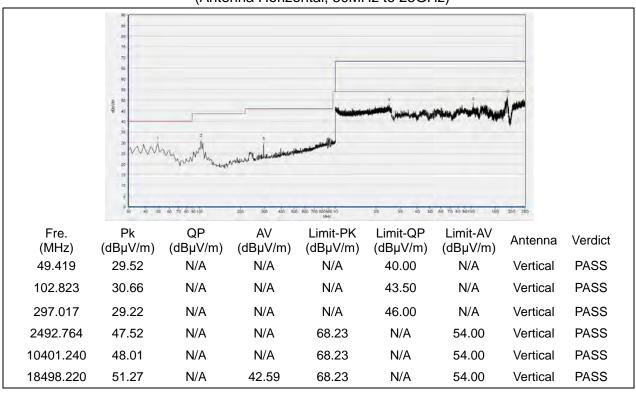




Plots for Channel = 100



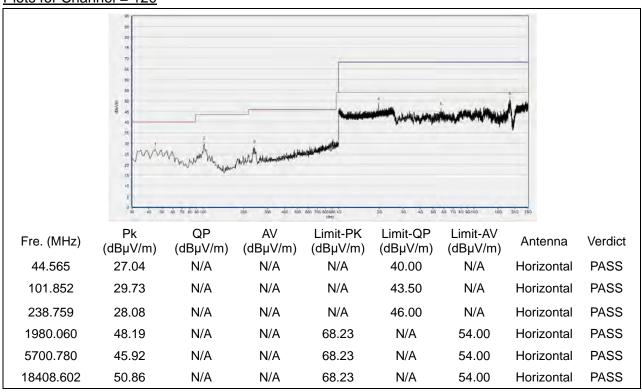
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



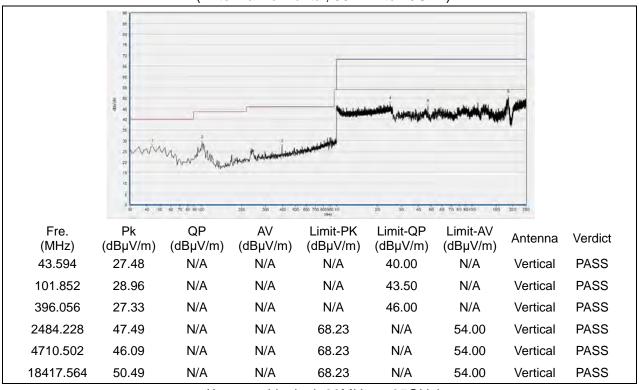




Plots for Channel = 120



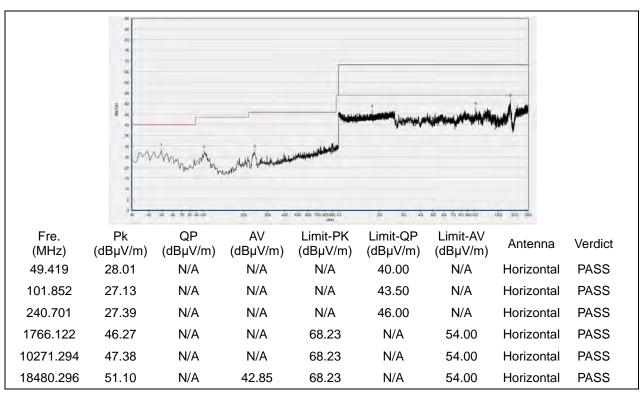
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



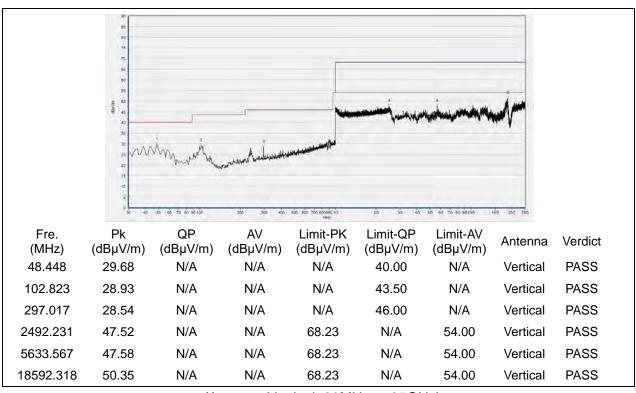




Plot for Channel = 144



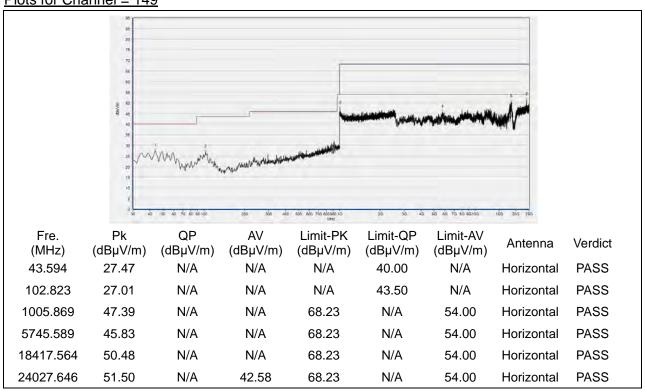
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



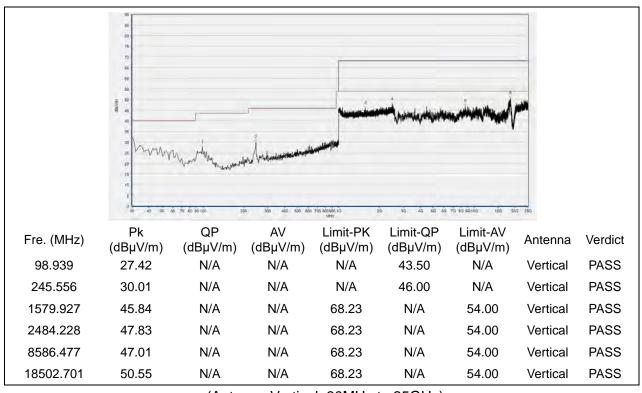




Plots for Channel = 149



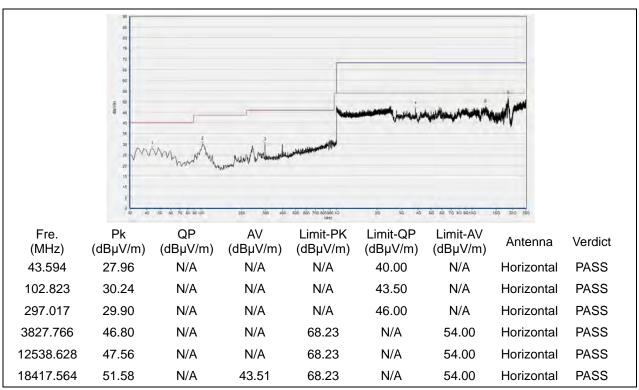
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



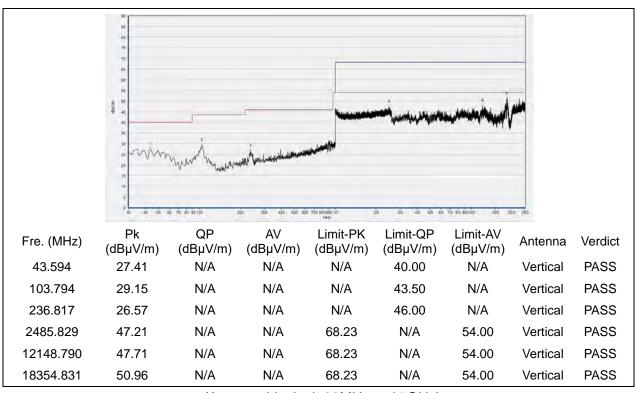




Plot for Channel = 157



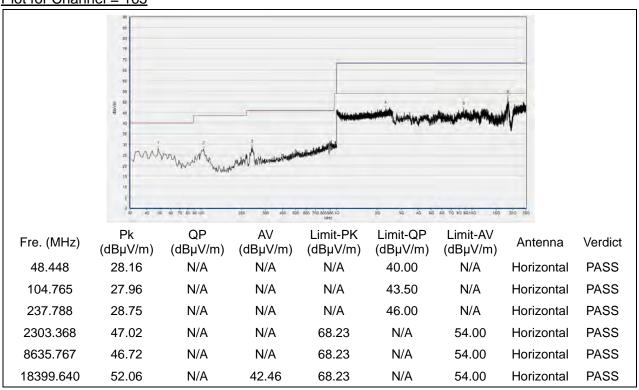
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



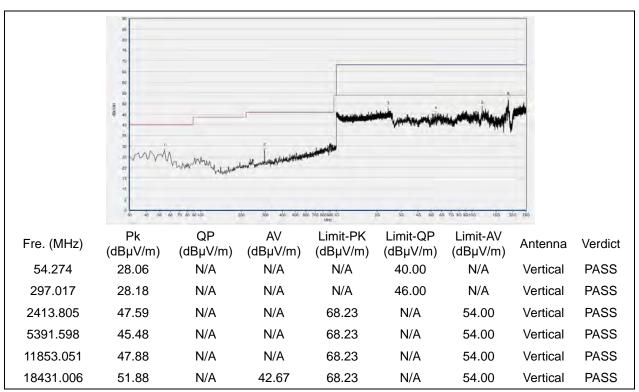




Plot for Channel = 165



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)

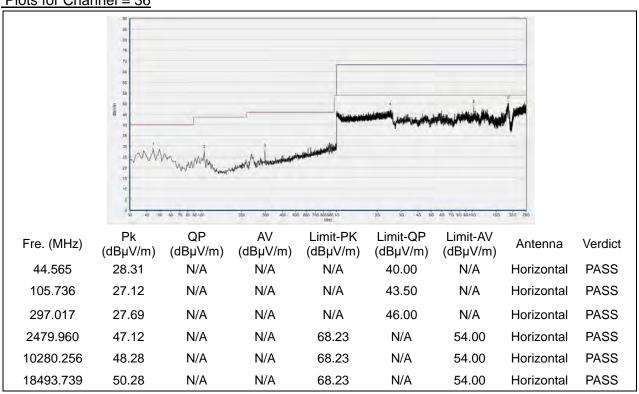




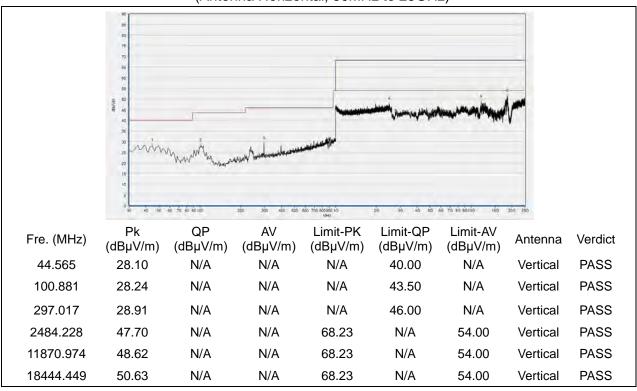


802.11n (HT20) Test mode

Plots for Channel = 36



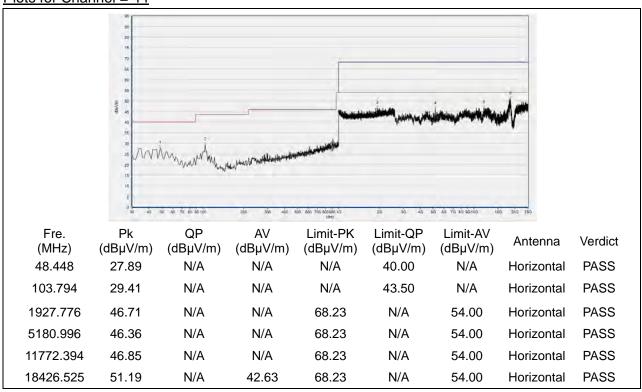
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



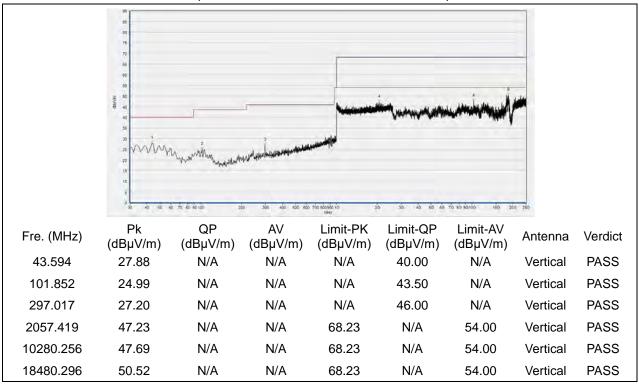




Plots for Channel = 44



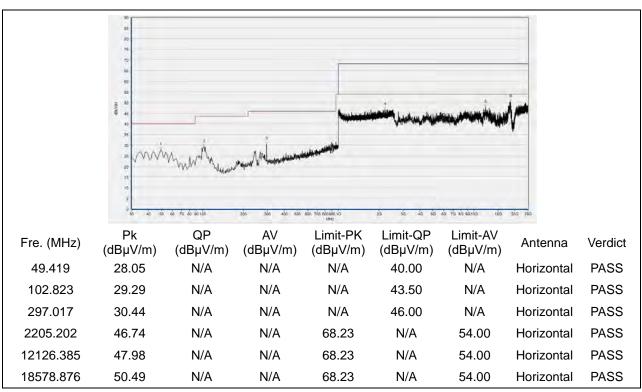
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



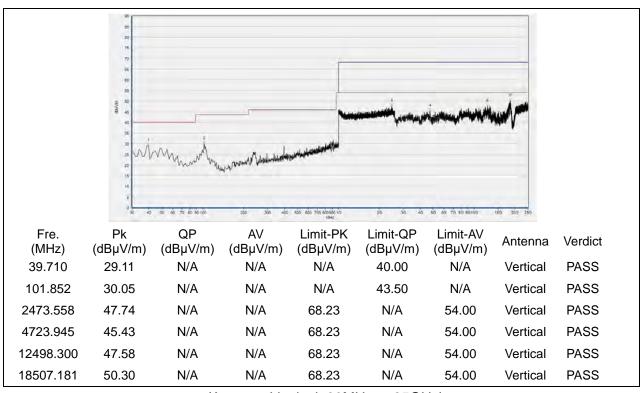




Plot for Channel = 48



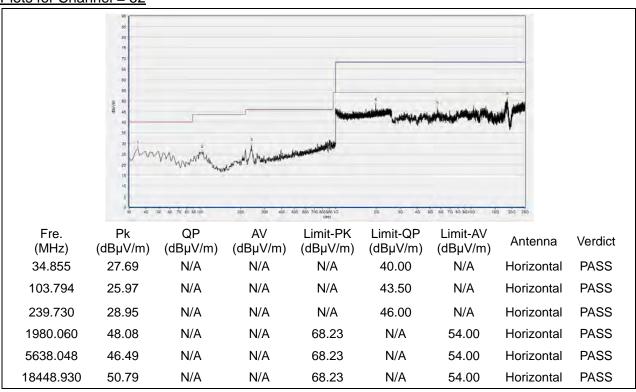
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



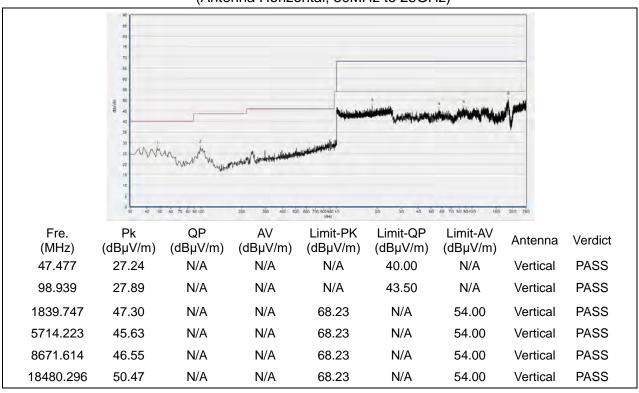




Plots for Channel = 52



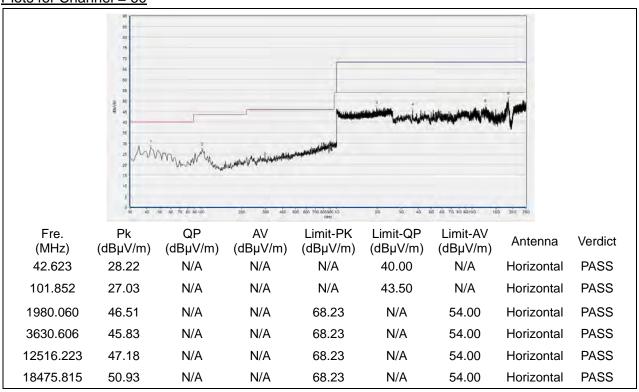
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



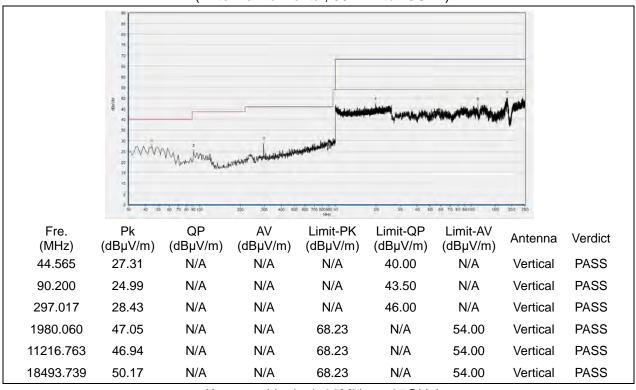




Plots for Channel = 60



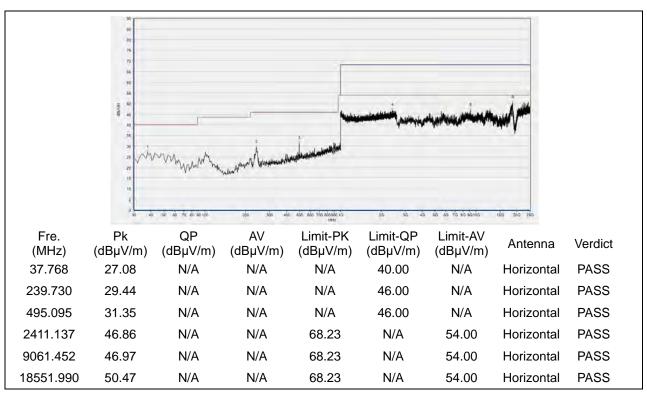
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



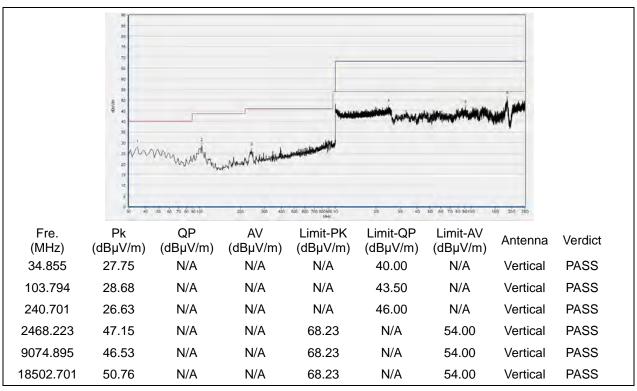




Plot for Channel = 64



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



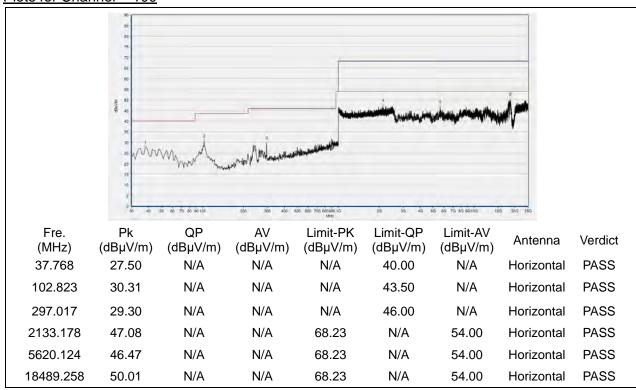
(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 25GHz)



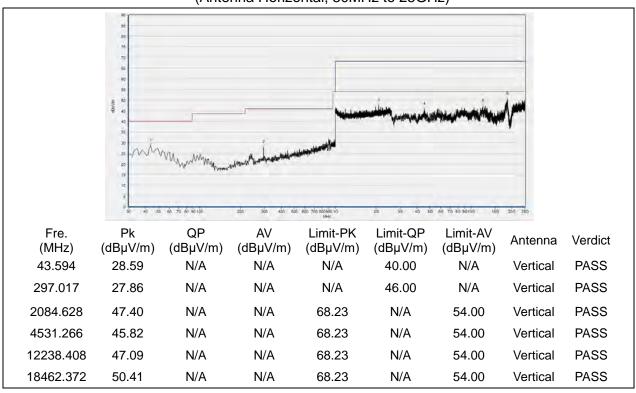
Tel: 86-755-36698555



Plots for Channel = 100



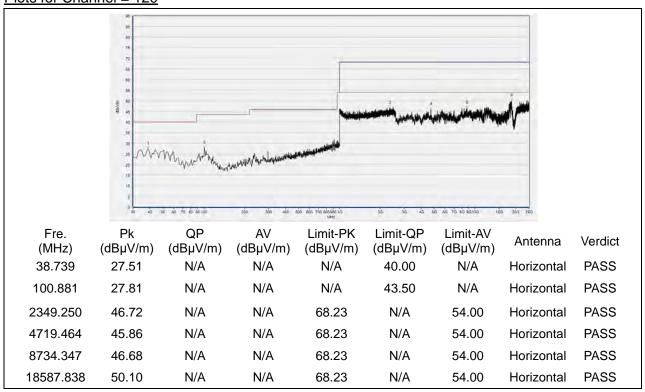
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



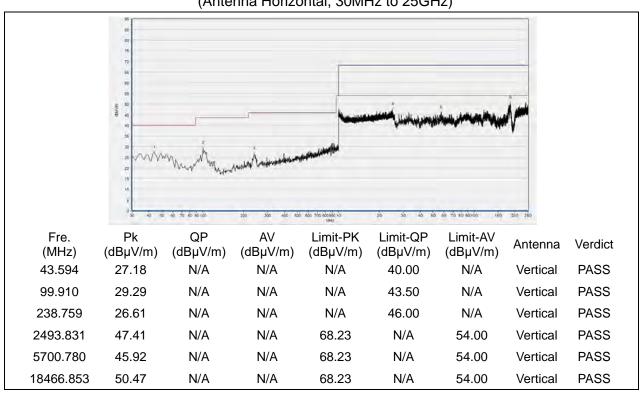




Plots for Channel = 120



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 25GHz)

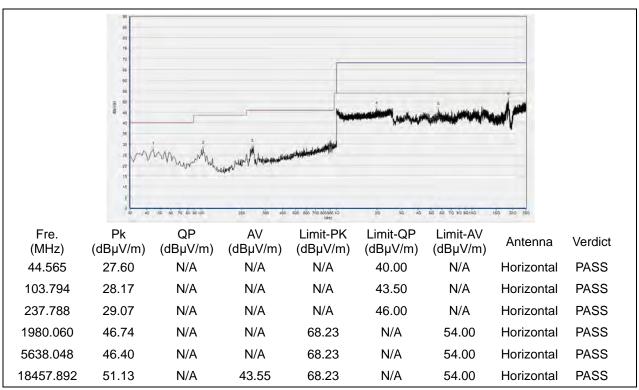


Tel: 86-755-36698555

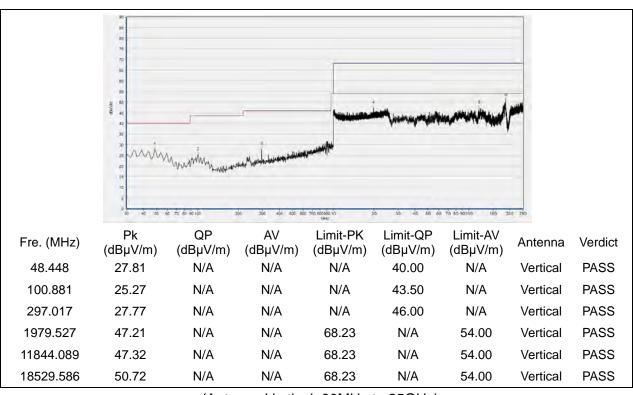
Http://www.morlab.cn



Plot for Channel = 144



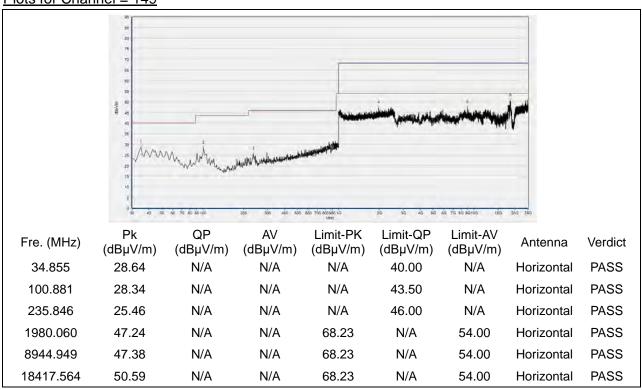
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



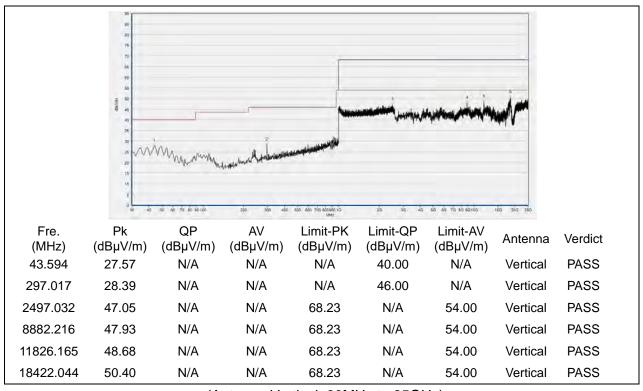




Plots for Channel = 149



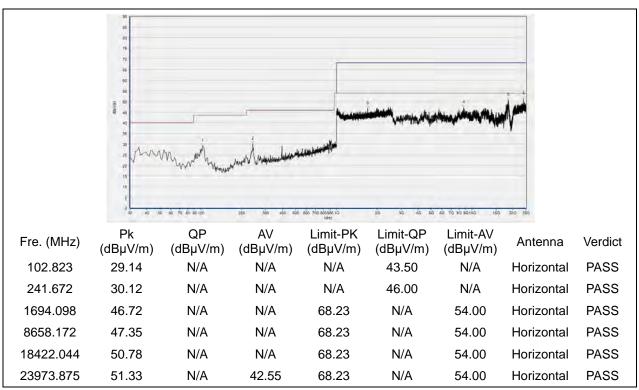
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



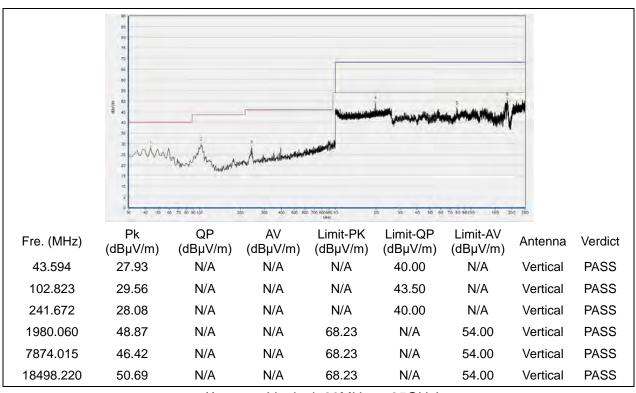




Plot for Channel = 157



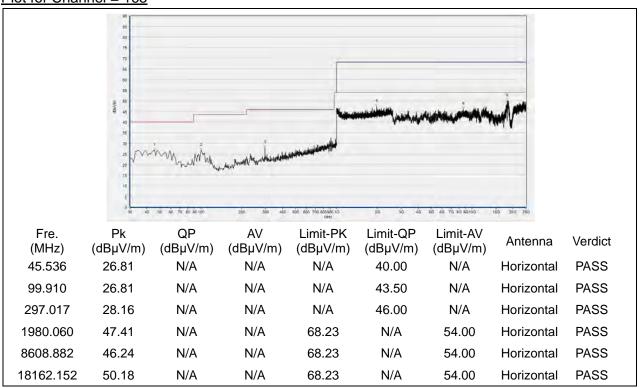
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



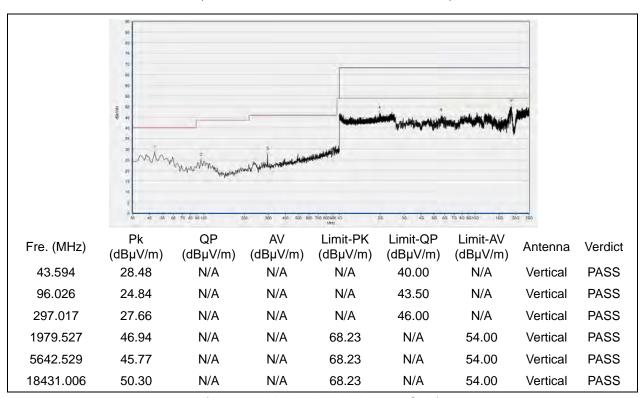




Plot for Channel = 165



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)

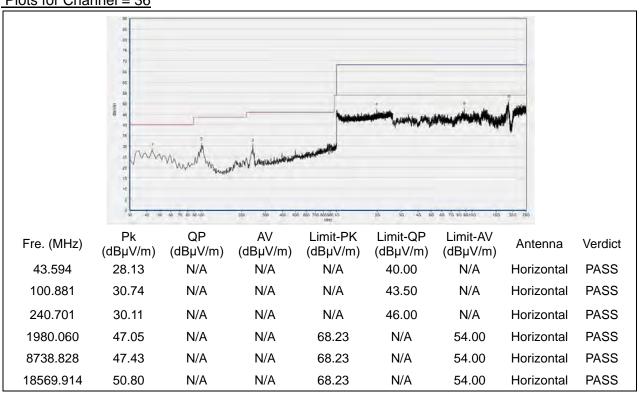




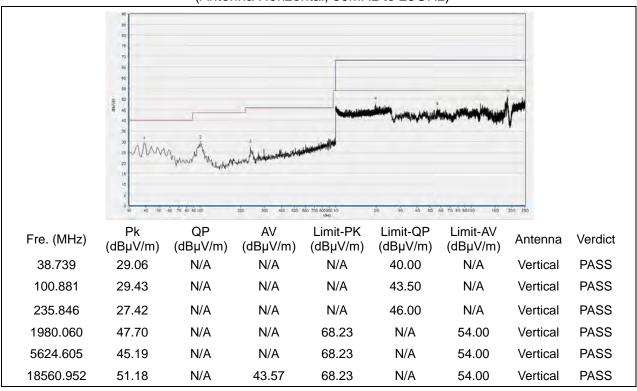


802.11ac (VHT20) Test mode

Plots for Channel = 36



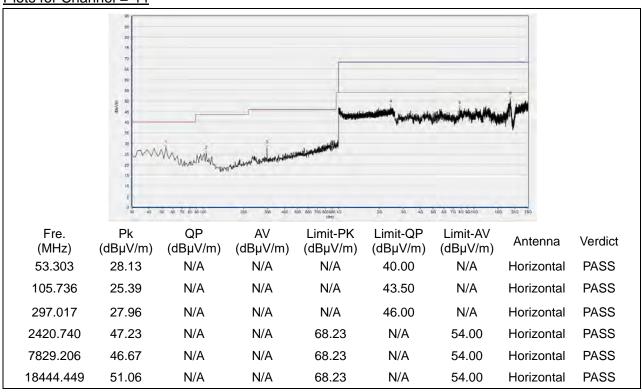
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



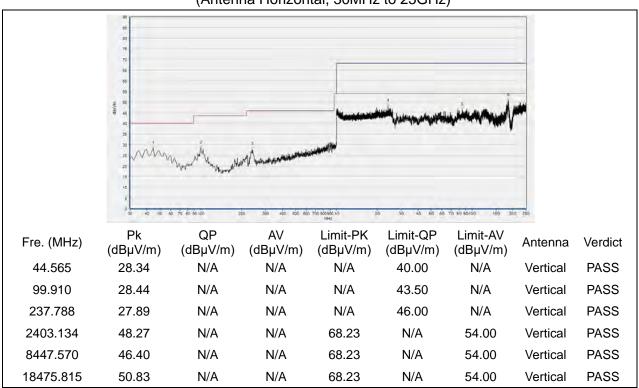




Plots for Channel = 44



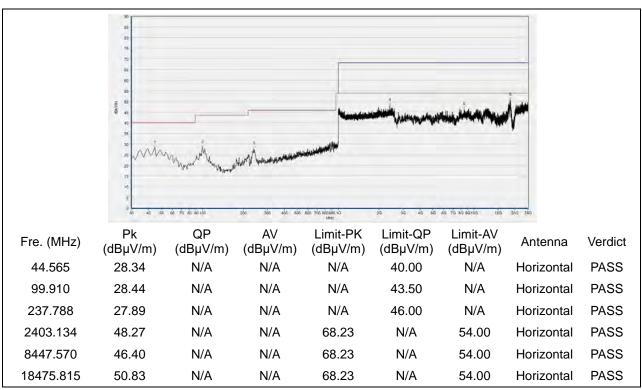
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



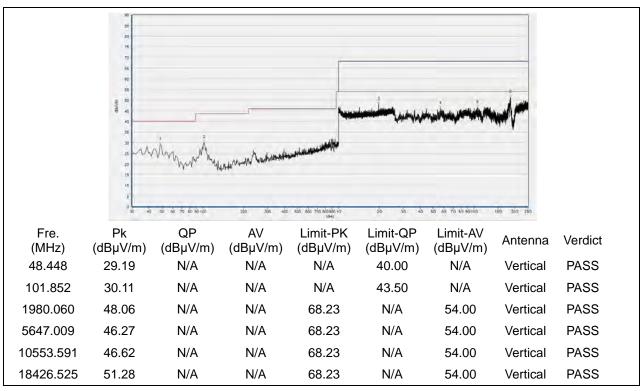




Plot for Channel = 48



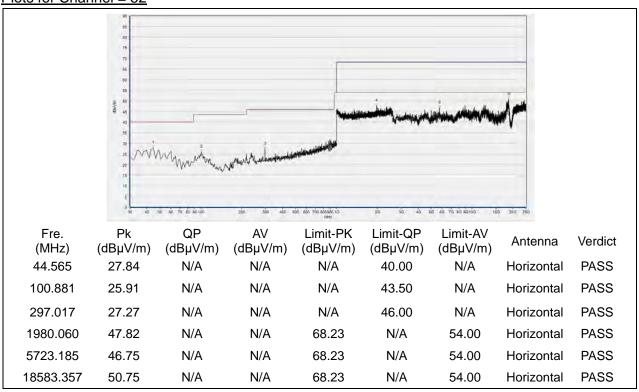
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



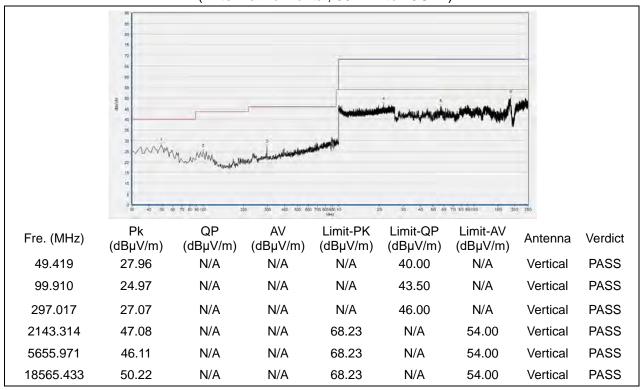




Plots for Channel = 52



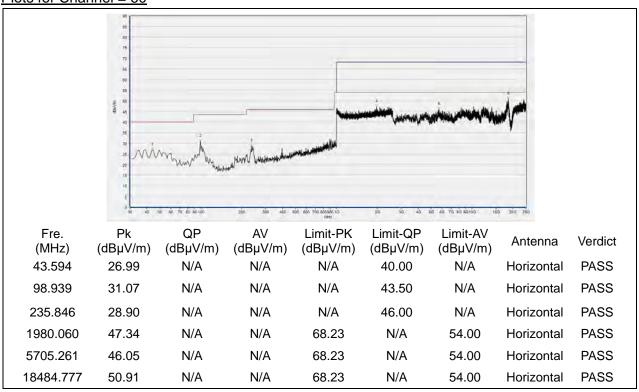
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



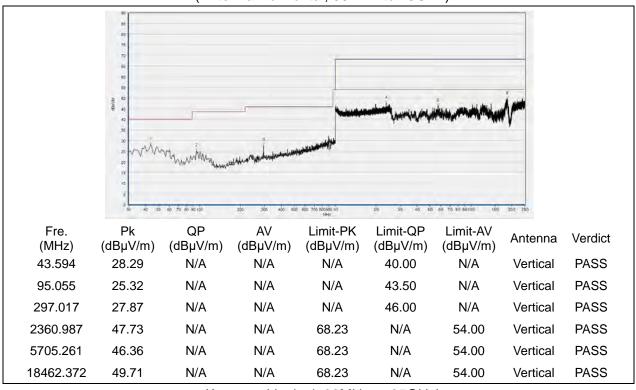




Plots for Channel = 60



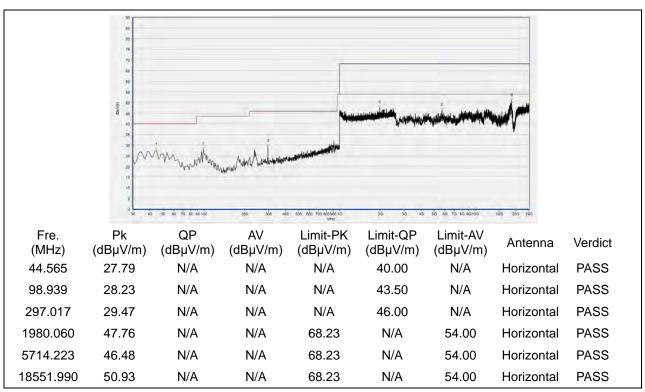
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



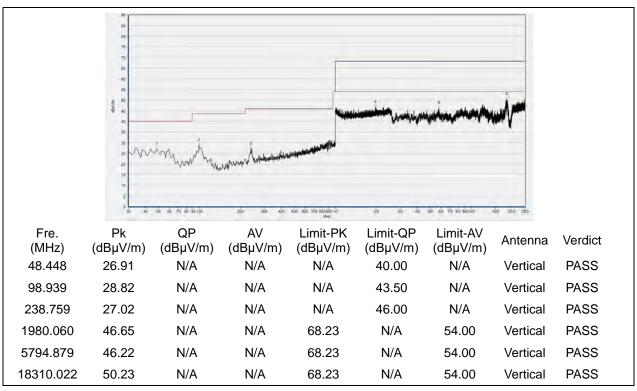




Plot for Channel = 64



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)

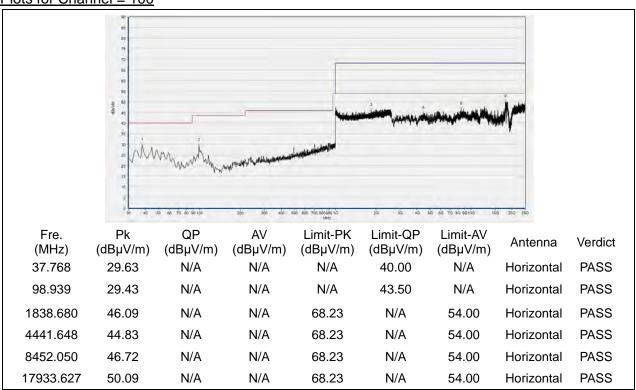


(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 25GHz)

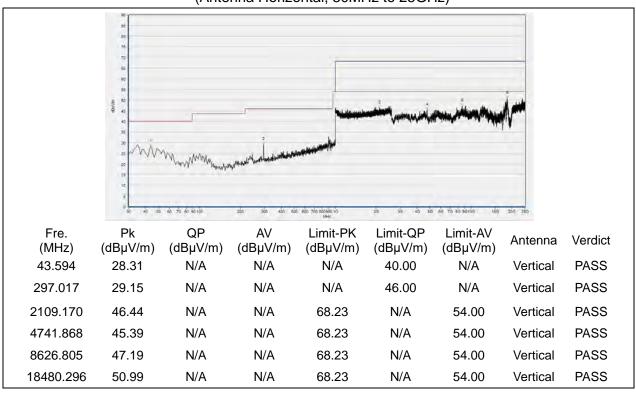




Plots for Channel = 100



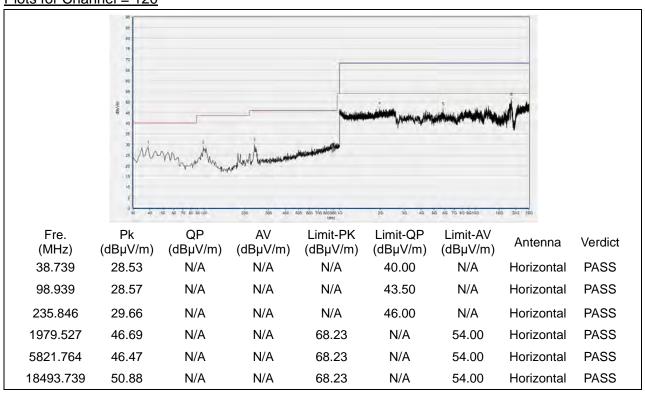
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



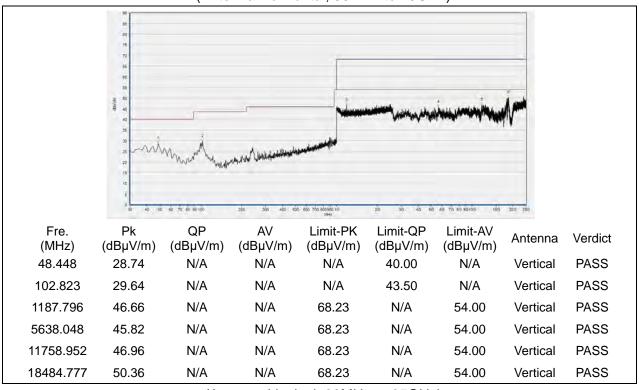




Plots for Channel = 120



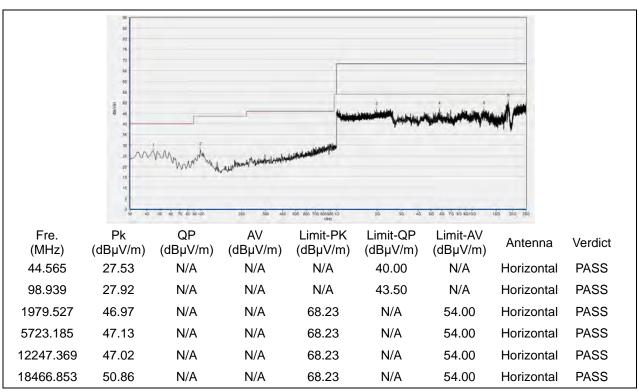
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



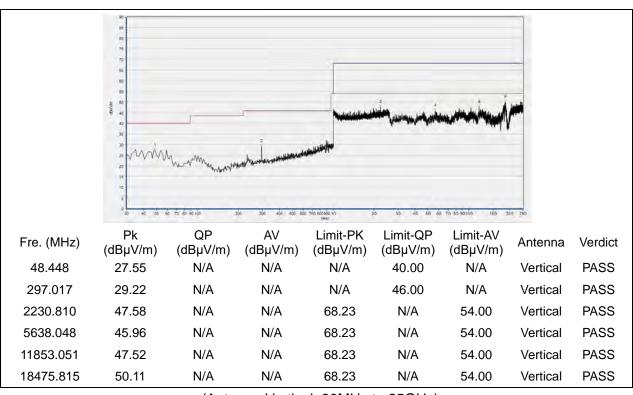




Plot for Channel = 144



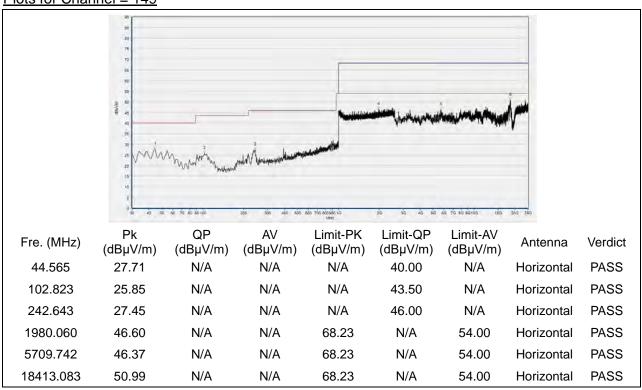
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



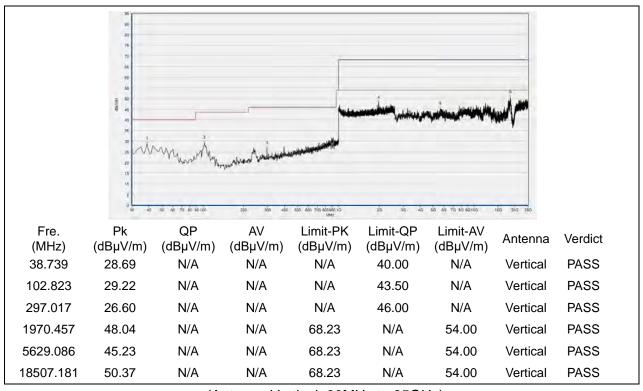




Plots for Channel = 149



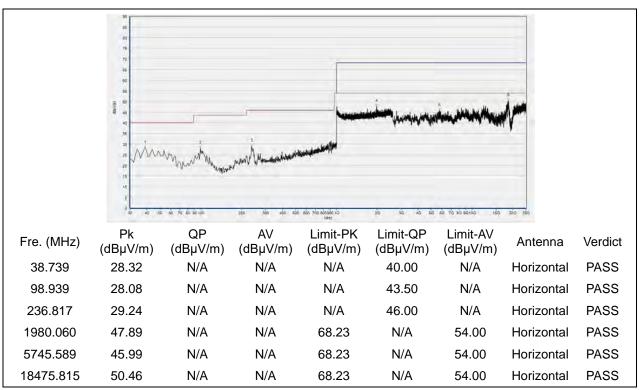
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



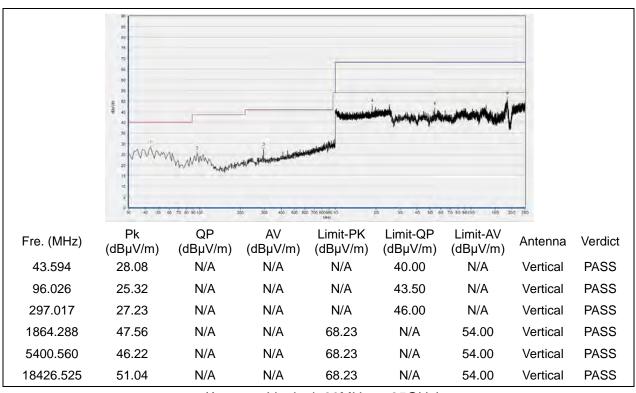




Plot for Channel = 157



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)



(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 25GHz)

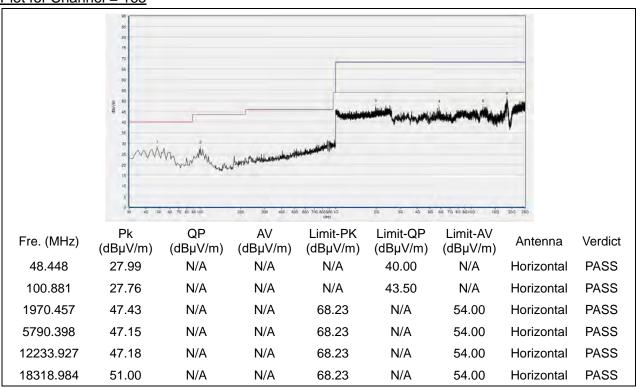


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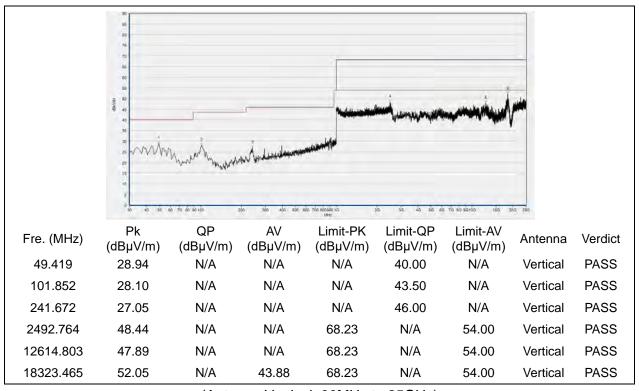
Http://www.morlab.cn



Plot for Channel = 165



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)

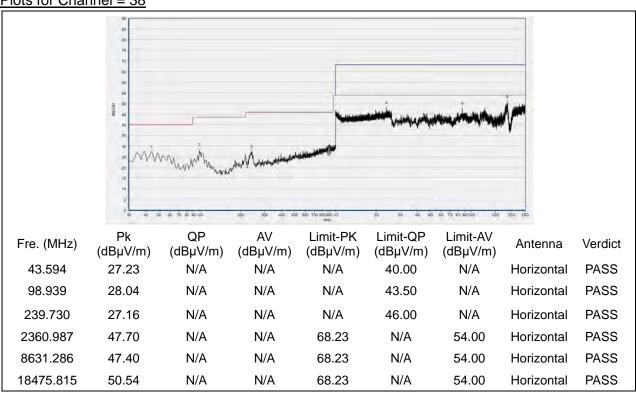




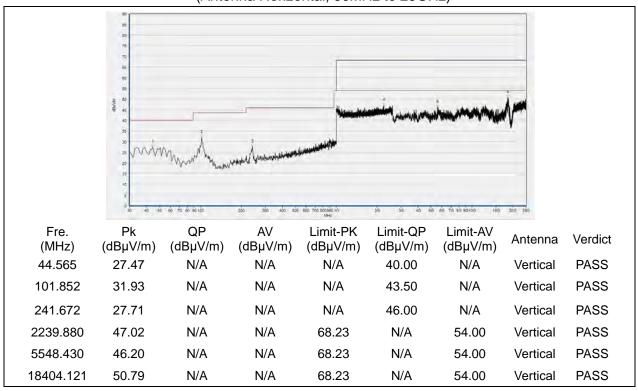


802.11n (HT40) Test mode

Plots for Channel = 38



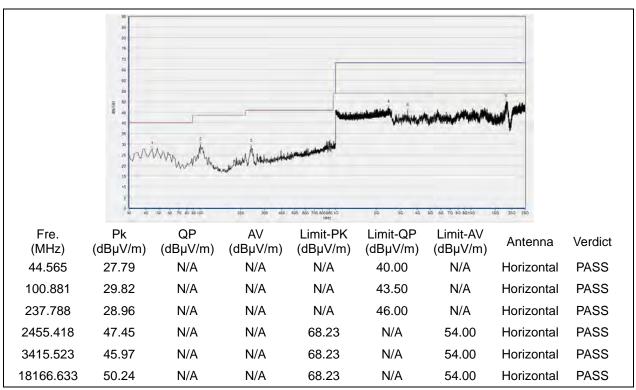
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)







Plot for Channel = 46



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 25GHz)

