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# SAR Test Report

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Report No.: AGC00654130501FH01

**FCC ID** : 2AAGI-C1

**APPLICATION PURPOSE** : Original Equipment

**PRODUCT DESIGNATION** : 3G Mobile Phone

**BRAND NAME** : CETUS

**MODEL NAME** : C1

**CLIENT** : SHENZHEN BRIGHT FUTURE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

**DATE OF ISSUE** : Jun.06, 2013

**STANDARD(S)** : FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001  
IEEE Std. 1528-2003  
47CFR § 2.1093

**REPORT VERSION** : V1.0

Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.



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**Report Revise Record**

<b>Report Version</b>	<b>Revise Time</b>	<b>Issued Date</b>	<b>Valid Version</b>	<b>Notes</b>
V1.0	/	Jun.06, 2013	Valid	Original Report

Test Report Certification	
Applicant Name :	SHENZHEN BRIGHT FUTURE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Applicant Address :	BRIGHT FUTURE TECHNOLOGY PARK, TONGFU INDUSTRIAL AREA, DAPENG NEW DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, CHINA
Manufacturer Name :	SHENZHEN BRIGHT FUTURE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Manufacturer Address :	BRIGHT FUTURE TECHNOLOGY PARK, TONGFU INDUSTRIAL AREA, DAPENG NEW DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, CHINA
Product Designation :	3G Mobile Phone
Brand Name :	CETUS
Model Name :	C1
Different Description	N/A
EUT Voltage :	DC3.7V by battery
Applicable Standard :	FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001 IEEE Std. 1528-2003 47CFR § 2.1093
Test Date :	Jun.05, 2013
Test Results :	MAX SAR MEASUREMENT(1g) Head: <b>0.262</b> W/Kg Body: <b>0.433</b> W/Kg (2G) Head: <b>0.250</b> W/Kg Body: <b>0.638</b> W/Kg (3G) (Maximum Scaling SAR = <b>0.658</b> W/Kg) simultaneous transmission: <b>0.924</b> W/Kg
Performed Location	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 2 F, Building 2, No.1-No.4, Chaxi Sanwei Technical Industrial Park, Gushu, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Report Template	AGCRT-US-3G1/SAR (2013-03-01)

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## 1. General Information

### 1.1. EUT Description

General Information	
Product Designation	3G Mobile Phone
Test Model	C1
Hardware Version	E1920_V1.2
Software Version	N/A
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	Internal
GSM and GPRS	
Support Band	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM 850 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PCS 1900 (U.S. Bands) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM 900 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DCS 1800 (Non-U.S. Bands)
GPRS Type	Class B
GPRS Class	Class 8,10 ,12(1Tx+4Rx, 2Tx+3Rx, 3Tx+2Rx, 4Tx+1Rx)
TX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 824.2~848.8MHz; PCS 1900: 1850.2~1909.8MHz;
RX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 869~894MHz PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Release Version	R99
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS
Antenna Gain	1.0dBi
Max. Output Power (Avg. Burst Power)	GSM850: 32.54dBm(31.57dBm- Avg. Burst Power) PCS1900: 29.67dBm(28.47dBm- Avg. Burst Power)
Max. Output Power (Radiated)	GSM850: 30.63dBm- ERP PCS1900: 28.39dBm- EIRP
WCDMA	
Support Band	U.S. Bands: <input type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band II <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band V Non-U.S. Bands: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band I <input type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band III <input type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band VIII
HS Type	HSPA(HSUPA/HSDPA)

TX Frequency Range	WCDMA FDD Band V: 826.4-846.6MHz
RX Frequency Range	WCDMA FDD Band V: 869-894MHz
Release Version	Rel-6
Type of modulation	QPSK
Antenna Gain	0.8dBi
Max. Output Power (Avg. Burst Power)	Band V: 23.27dBm (23.07dBm- Avg. Burst Power)
Max. Output Power (Radiated)	Band V: 22.62dBm- EIRP
<b>Bluetooth</b>	
Bluetooth Version	<input type="checkbox"/> V2.0 <input type="checkbox"/> V2.1 <input type="checkbox"/> V2.1+EDR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V3.0 <input type="checkbox"/> V3.0+EDR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V4.0
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Type of modulation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GFSK <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> π/4-DQPSK <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8-DPSK
Avg. Burst Power	5.74dBm
Antenna Gain	1.2dBi
<b>WIFI</b>	
WIFI Specification	<input type="checkbox"/> 802.11a <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 802.11b <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 802.11g <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 802.11n(20) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 802.11n(40)
Operation Frequency	2412~2462MHz
Avg. Burst Power	11b: 10.03dBm, 11g: 9.02dBm, 11n(20): 8.43dBm, 11n(40): 5.66dBm
Antenna Gain	1.2dBi
<b>Accessories</b>	
Battery	Brand name: N/A Model No. : H472 Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7 V &1550mAh
Adapter	Brand name: N/A Model No. : H472 Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.2A    Output: DC 5V, 500mA
Earphone	Brand name: CETUS Model No. : C1

Note:

1. The EUT is a model of GSM Portable Mobile Station (MS). It supports GSM/WCDMA, BT, WIFI and hotspot mode.
2. The sample used for testing is end product.

## 1.2. Test Procedure

1	Setup the EUT and simulators as shown on above.
2	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3	EUT Communicate with 8960, and test them respectively at U.S. bands

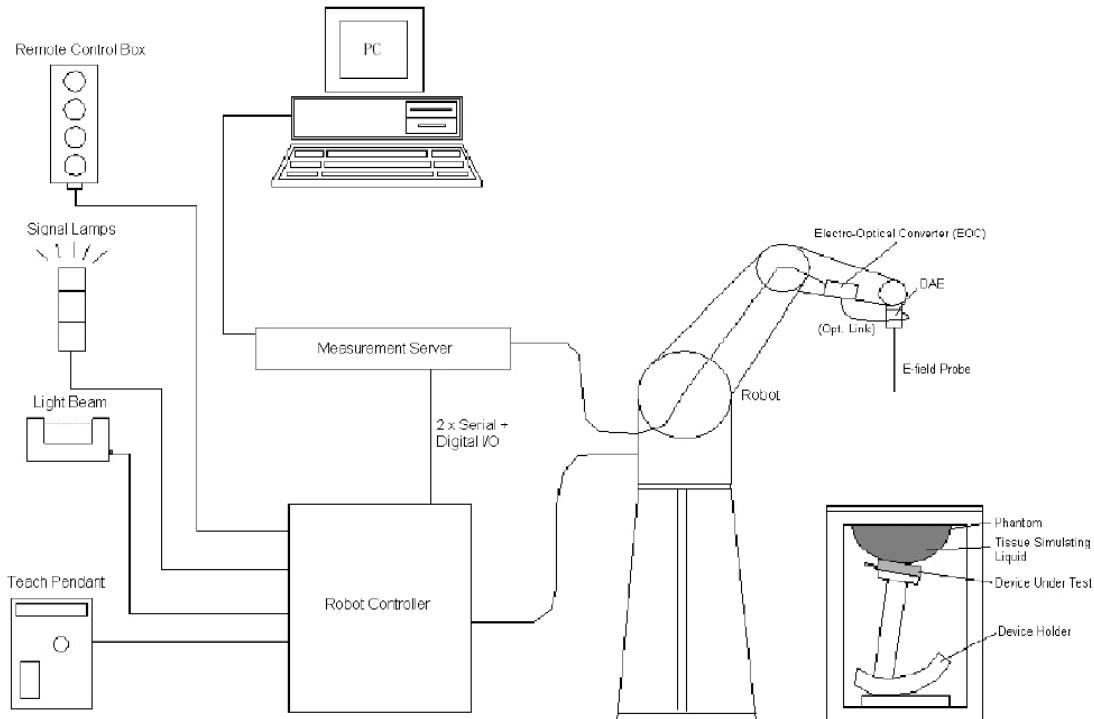
## 1.3. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55±2

## 2. SAR Measurement System

### 2.1. COMOSAR System Description



The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software.  
An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.

The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.

A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.

Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### 2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

### **2.1.2. Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

### **2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21.5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

### **2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging**

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Post processor, COMOSAR allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left( 3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{y'}{3a} \right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

## 2.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

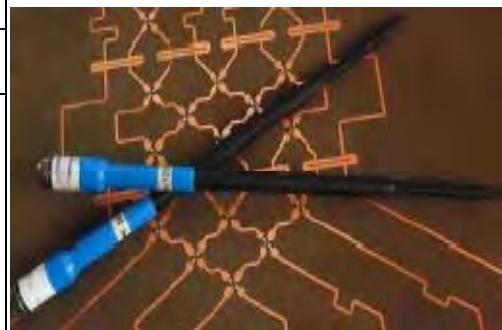
The SAR measurement is conducted with the dissymmetric probe manufactured by SPEAG.

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dissymmetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) Under ISO17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

### 2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

<b>Model</b>	EP159
<b>Manufacture</b>	Satimo
<b>frequency</b>	0.3 GHz-3 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$ (300 MHz-3 GHz)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	0.01W/Kg-100W/Kg Linearity: $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:4.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:2.7mm
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 3 GHz with precision of better 30%.



## 2.3. Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France).For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



## 2.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.

During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

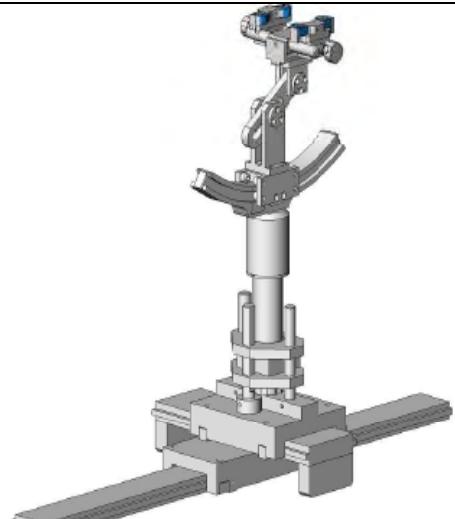


## 2.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



## 2.6. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



### 3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6 .

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for GSM 850					
Frequency (MHz)	Parts	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp [°C]
850MHz	Head	Reference result ±5% window	ε <sub>r</sub> 41.50 39.425-43.575	δ[s/m] 0.90 0.855-0.945	N/A
		Jun.05, 2013	40.59	0.93	21
850MHz	Body	Reference result ±5% window	ε <sub>r</sub> 55.20 52.44-57.96	δ[s/m] 0.97 0.9215-1.0185	N/A
		Jun.05, 2013	54.19	0.96	21

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for PCS 1900					
Frequency (MHz)	Parts	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp [°C]
1900MHz	Head	Reference result ±5% window	ε <sub>r</sub> 40.00 38.00-42.00	δ[s/m] 1.40 1.33-1.47	N/A
		Jun.05, 2013	40.52	1.39	21
1900MHz	Body	Reference result ±5% window	ε <sub>r</sub> 53.30 50.635-55.965	δ[s/m] 1.52 1.444-1.596	N/A
		Jun.05, 2013	54.28	1.50	21

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450					
Frequency (MHz)	Parts	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp [°C]
2450MHz	Head	Reference result ±5% window	ε <sub>r</sub> 39.2 37.24-41.16	δ[s/m] 1.80 1.71-1.89	N/A
		Jun.05, 2013	40.21	1.82	21
	Body	Reference result ±5% window	ε <sub>r</sub> 52.7 50.065-55.335	δ[s/m] 1.95 1.8525-2.0475	N/A
		Jun.05, 2013	53.18	1.88	21

### 3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

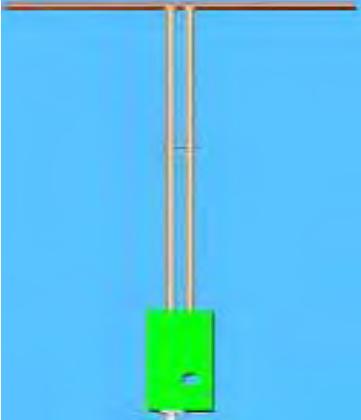
Target Frequency (MHz)	head		body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
<b>850</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>55.2</b>	<b>0.97</b>
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	1.01	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
<b>1800 – 2000</b>	<b>40.0</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>53.3</b>	<b>1.52</b>
<b>2450</b>	<b>39.2</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>52.7</b>	<b>1.95</b>
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

## 4. SAR Measurement Procedure

### 4.1. SAR System Validation

#### 4.1.1. Validation Dipoles

	<p>The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical Specifications for the dipoles.</p>
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Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
900 MHz	149	83.3	3.6
1900MHz	68	39.5	3.6
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

#### 4.1.2. Validation Result

System Performance Check at 850 MHz & 1900MHz & 2450M for Head				
Validation Kit: SN 46/11DIP 0G900-185				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp.[°C]
850 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	10.9 9.81 to 11.99	6.99 6.29 to 7.69	N/A
	Jun.05, 2013	10.99	6.88	21.0
Validation Kit: SN 46/11DIP 1G900-187				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp.[°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.7 35.73 to 43.67	20.5 18.45 to 22.55	N/A
	Jun.05, 2013	39.44	20.69	21.0
Validation Kit: SN 46/11DIP 2G450-189				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp.[°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	52.4 47.16 to 57.64	24.0 21.6 to 26.4	N/A
	Jun.05, 2013	50.27	25.37	21
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				

## 4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The COMOSAR calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

$\sigma$ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

$\rho$ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>2</sup> ) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>3</sup> ).

When multiple peak SAR location were found during the same configuration or test mode, Zoom scan shall performed on each peak SAR location, only the peak point with maximum SAR value will be reported for the configuration or test mode.

## 5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg

## 6. Test Equipment List

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	Satimo	SN 22/12 EP159	12/11/2012	12/10/2013
Phantom	Satimo	SN_4511_SAM90	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid	Satimo	-	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Comm Tester	R&S - CMU200	069Y7-158-13-712	02/28/2013	02/27/2014
Comm Tester	Agilent-8960	GB46310822	10/22/2012	10/21/2013
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	02/28/2013	02/27/2014
Dipole	Satimo SID900	SN46/11 DIP 0G900-185	12/09/2011	12/08/2013
Dipole	Satimo SID1900	SN46/11 DIP 1G900-187	12/09/2011	12/08/2013
Dipole	Satimo SID2450	SN46/11 DIP 2G450-189	12/09/2011	12/08/2013
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	12/08/2012	12/07/2013
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4421B	MY43351603	05/13/2013	05/12/2014
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	02/28/2013	02/27/2014
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/28/2013	02/27/2014

Note: Per KDB 50824 Dipole SAR Validation Verification, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.

## 7. Measurement Uncertainty

### Satimo Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.

Error Description	Sec	Tol (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g) (±%)	Std. Unc. (10g)(±%)	(Vi ) Ve ff
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6	N	1	1	1	6	6	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	1.22474	1.22474	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{c_p}$	$\sqrt{c_p}$	2.04124	2.04124	∞
Boundary Effects	E.2.3	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.57735	0.57735	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.88675	2.88675	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.57735	0.57735	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.11547	0.11547	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1547	1.1547	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73205	1.73205	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1547	1.1547	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom Shell	E.6..3	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.57735	0.57735	∞
Extrapolation,interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.86603	0.86603	∞
<b>Dipole</b>									
Device Positioning	8,E.4.2	1	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.57735	0.57735	N-1
Power Drift	8.6.6.2	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1547	1.1547	∞
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3094	2.3094	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.84752	1.2413	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	E.3.3	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.075	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.03923	0.8487	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	E.3.3	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.225	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				8.09272	7.9296	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)			k				16.18544	15.8592	

## 8. Conducted Power Measurement

### GSM BAND

Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Peak Power(dBm)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)	Duty cycle Factor(dBm)	Frame Power(dBm)
Maximum Power <1>					
GSM 850	824.2	<b>32.54</b>	<b>31.57</b>	-9	22.57
	836.6	32.52	31.53	-9	22.53
	848.8	32.49	31.50	-9	22.50
GPRS 850 (1 Slot)	824.2	32.48	31.34	-9	22.34
	836.6	32.43	31.35	-9	22.35
	848.8	32.37	31.29	-9	22.29
GPRS 850 (2 Slot)	824.2	29.74	28.58	-6	22.58
	836.6	29.61	28.53	-6	22.53
	848.8	29.56	28.49	-6	22.49
GPRS 850 (3 Slot)	824.2	27.62	26.52	-4.26	22.26
	836.6	27.62	26.56	-4.26	22.30
	848.8	27.58	26.55	-4.26	22.29
GPRS 850 (4 Slot)	824.2	26.52	25.61	-3	22.61
	836.6	26.43	25.47	-3	22.47
	848.8	26.45	25.48	-3	22.48
PCS1900	1850.2	<b>29.67</b>	<b>28.47</b>	-9	19.47
	1880	29.64	28.39	-9	19.39
	1909.8	29.60	28.35	-9	19.35
GPRS1900 (1 Slot)	1850.2	29.59	28.39	-9	19.39
	1880	29.54	28.30	-9	19.30
	1909.8	29.48	28.25	-9	19.25
GPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1850.2	26.49	25.69	-6	19.69
	1880	26.51	25.61	-6	19.61
	1909.8	26.35	25.65	-6	19.65
GPRS1900 (3 Slot)	1850.2	24.98	24.39	-4.26	20.13
	1880	24.94	24.36	-4.26	20.10
	1909.8	24.89	24.27	-4.26	20.01
GPRS1900 (4 Slot)	1850.2	23.68	22.46	-3	19.46
	1880	23.56	22.37	-3	19.37
	1909.8	23.50	22.32	-3	19.32
Maximum Power <2>					
GSM 850	824.2	32.27	31.32	-9	22.32
PCS1900	1880	29.41	28.20	-9	19.20

Note 1:

The Frame Power (Source-based time-averaged Power) is scaled the maximum burst average power based on time slots. The calculated methods are show as following:

$$\text{Frame Power} = \text{Max burst power (1 Up Slot)} - 9 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Frame Power} = \text{Max burst power (2 Up Slot)} - 6 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Frame Power} = \text{Max burst power (3 Up Slot)} - 4.26 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Frame Power} = \text{Max burst power (4 Up Slot)} - 3 \text{ dB}$$

**UMTS BAND V**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power	Avg. Burst Power
WCDMA 850 RMC	826.4	23.23	23.02
	832.2	<b>23.27</b>	<b>23.07</b>
	846.6	23.12	22.85
WCDMA 850 AMR	826.4	23.25	23.04
	832.2	22.23	21.96
	846.6	22.30	21.96
HSDPA Subtest 1	826.4	22.30	22.06
	832.2	22.24	21.97
	846.6	22.25	22.09
HSDPA Subtest 2	826.4	22.28	22.03
	832.2	22.20	22.07
	846.6	22.23	22.03
HSDPA Subtest 3	826.4	22.21	21.99
	832.2	22.19	21.93
	846.6	22.25	22.02
HSDPA Subtest 4	826.4	23.35	21.99
	832.2	23.31	21.97
	846.6	23.29	22.06
HSUPA Subtest 1	826.4	23.24	21.99
	832.2	22.21	21.88
	846.6	22.24	21.91
HSUPA Subtest 2	826.4	22.29	21.89
	832.2	22.22	21.84
	846.6	22.21	21.89
HSUPA Subtest 3	826.4	22.17	21.89
	832.2	22.21	21.87
	846.6	22.17	21.85
HSUPA Subtest 4	826.4	22.18	21.95
	832.2	22.14	21.92
	846.6	22.22	21.94
HSUPA Subtest 5	826.4	23.36	22.10
	832.2	23.33	22.16
	846.6	23.26	22.19

**UMTS BAND V**

<b>Mode</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>UL Ch</b>	<b>DL Ch</b>	<b>Peak Power</b>	<b>Avg. Burst Power</b>
HSPA+ Subtest 1	826.4	4132	4357	22.41	22.01
	832.2	4181	4386	22.37	21.99
	846.6	4233	4458	22.33	22.01
HSPA+ Subtest 2	826.4	4132	4357	22.30	22.02
	832.2	4181	4386	22.35	22.01
	846.6	4233	4458	22.28	21.96
HSPA+ Subtest 3	826.4	4132	4357	22.33	22.10
	832.2	4181	4386	22.29	22.07
	846.6	4233	4458	22.35	22.07
HSPA+ Subtest 4	826.4	4132	4357	23.18	22.21
	832.2	4181	4386	23.20	22.32
	846.6	4233	4458	23.10	22.32

**WIFI**

<b>Mode</b>	<b>Data Rate (Mbps)</b>	<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequency(MHz)</b>	<b>Avg. Burst Power</b>
802.11b	1	01	2412	9.85
		06	2437	9.95
		11	2462	<b>10.03</b>
802.11g	6	01	2412	8.88
		06	2437	8.96
		11	2462	9.02
802.11n(20)	6.5	01	2412	8.25
		06	2437	8.35
		11	2462	8.43
802.11n(40)	13.5	03	2422	5.57
		06	2437	5.53
		09	2452	5.66

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2 , the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1aA: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)
Note: CM=1 for $\beta_d/\beta_d=12/15$ , $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$ .For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.		

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX\_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.

## 9. Test Results

### 9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

#### 9.1.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528, and Body SAR was performed with the device 5mm from the phantom. Hotspot mode with a test separation of 10mm(14.5cm ×6.9cm>9cm×5cm).Body SAR was also performed with the headset attached and without.

#### 9.1.2. Body SAR with Headset

Testing with the headset was performed at the position and channels that resulted in the highest body SAR. This testing was performed with GPRS transmitting with 2/3/4 uplink timeslots. This operation mode represents the maximum SAR situation, when downloading data via GPRS and listening to music by headset. SAR without the headset attached was significantly higher than with the headset, and also was verified several times and confirmed, so the final test data shown were the worst case without headset. In the Body SAR test result table, body-worn means display of device down, body-front means display of device up.

#### 9.1.3. Operation Mode

This is a multi-slot class 12 device capable of 4 uplink timeslots. During the head SAR test, the device was transmitting with maximum 1 uplink timeslot; during the body SAR test, it was transmitting with maximum 4 uplink timeslots. Additionally, this device doesn't support dual transfer mode (DTM).

#### **9.1.4. SAR Test Results Summary**

SAR MEASUREMENT											
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2				Relative Humidity (%): 55							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: 3G Mobile Phone											
Test Mode: GSM850 with GMSK modulation											
Configuration			Antenna Position	Frequency		Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)			
SIM	Position	Status		channel	MHz						
<1>	Body back	MS	Fixed	128	824.2	--	--	--			
				190	836.6	0.41	<b>0.427</b>	1.6			
				251	848.8	--	--	--			
		GPRS 2 TS	Fixed	128	824.2	--	--	--			
				190	836.6	-1.24	0.207	1.6			
				251	848.8	--	--	--			
		GPRS 3 TS	Fixed	128	824.2	--	--	--			
				190	836.6	0.62	0.222	1.6			
				251	848.8	--	--	--			
	Body Front	MS	Fixed	128	824.2	--	--	--			
				190	836.6	1.34	0.197	1.6			
				251	848.8	--	--	--			
				128	824.2	--	--	--			
	Body back	MS with Earphone	Fixed	190	836.6	-0.84	0.204	1.6			
				251	848.8	--	--	--			
				128	824.2	--	--	--			
				190	836.6	-0.43	0.414	1.6			
				251	848.8	--	--	--			

SAR MEASUREMENT												
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2					Relative Humidity (%): 55							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: 3G Mobile Phone												
Test Mode: PCS1900 with GMSK modulation												
Configuration			Antenna Position	Frequency		Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
SIM	Position	Status		channel	MHz							
<1>	Left Head	Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--				
				661	1880.0	-0.84	0.241	1.6				
				810	1909.8	--	--	--				
		Tilted	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--				
				661	1880.0	-0.35	0.046	1.6				
				810	1909.8	--	--	--				
	Right Head	Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--				
				661	1880.0	-1.02	<b>0.262</b>	1.6				
				810	1909.8	--	--	--				
		Tilted	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--				
				661	1880.0	0.57	0.054	1.6				
				810	1909.8	--	--	--				
<2>	Right	Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	0.34	0.257	1.6				

SAR MEASUREMENT											
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2				Relative Humidity (%): 55							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: 3G Mobile Phone											
Test Mode: PCS 1900 with GMSK modulation											
Configuration			Antenna Position	Frequency		Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)			
SIM	Position	Status		channel	MHz						
<1>	Body Back	MS	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--			
				661	1880.0	0.84	<b>0.433</b>	1.6			
				810	1909.8	--	--	--			
		GPRS 2 TS	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--			
				661	1880.0	-0.63	0.175	1.6			
				810	1909.8	--	--	--			
		GPRS 3 TS	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--			
				661	1880.0	-1.24	0.182	1.6			
				810	1909.8	--	--	--			
	Body front	MS	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--			
				661	1880.0	-0.53	0.171	1.6			
				810	1909.8	--	--	--			
		MS with Earphone	Fixed	512	1850.2	--	--	--			
				661	1880.0	0.84	0.394	1.6			
				810	1909.8	--	--	--			

SAR MEASUREMENT										
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2			Relative Humidity (%): 55							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2			Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: 3G Mobile Phone										
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V with QPSK modulation										
Configuration			Antenna Position	Frequency		Power Drift (<±5%)				
SIM	Position	Status		channel	MHz					
<1>	Left Head	Cheek	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--		
				4182	835.0	-0.84	<b>0.250</b>	1.6		
				4233	846.6	--	--	--		
		Tilted	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--		
				4182	835.0	0.93	0.208	1.6		
				4233	846.6	--	--	--		
	Right Head	Cheek	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--		
				4182	835.0	1.47	0.224	1.6		
				4233	846.6	--	--	--		
		Tilted	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--		
				4182	835.0	1.38	0.200	1.6		
				4233	846.6	--	--	--		

SAR MEASUREMENT										
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2			Relative Humidity (%): 55							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2			Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: 3G Mobile Phone										
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V with QPSK modulation										
Configuration		Antenna Position	Frequency		Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)			
SIM	Position		Status	channel				MHz		
<1>	Body	RMC (towards grounds)	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--		
				4182	835.0	-0.94	<b>0.638</b>	1.6		
				4233	846.6	--	--	--		
		RMC (towards phantom)	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--		
				4182	835.0	1.48	0.305	1.6		
				4233	846.6	--	--	--		
	HSPA (towards grounds)	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--			
			4182	835.0	-0.64	0.524	1.6			
			4233	846.6	--	--	--			
	HSPA+ (towards grounds)	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--			
			4182	835.0	-0.95	0.634	1.6			
			4233	846.6	--	--	--			
	HSPA Earphone (towards grounds)	Fixed	4132	826.4	--	--	--			
			4182	835.0	-1.28	0.636	1.6			
			4233	846.6	--	--	--			

SAR MEASUREMENT										
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2			Relative Humidity (%): 55							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2			Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: 3G Mobile Phone										
Test Mode: 802.11b										
Configuration			Antenna Position	Frequency		Power Drift (<±5%)				
Test Mode	Position	Status		channel	MHz					
802.11b	Left Head	Cheek	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--		
				6	2437	-0.36	<b>0.177</b>	1.6		
				11	2462	--	--	--		
		Tilted	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--		
				6	2437	1.02	0.173	1.6		
				11	2462	--	--	--		
	Right Head	Cheek	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--		
				6	2437	0.12	0.167	1.6		
				11	2462	--	--	--		
		Tilted	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--		
				6	2437	0.42	0.157	1.6		
				11	2462	--	--	--		

Note1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.  
Note2: IEEE802.11b support DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK modulation mode, IEEE802.11g/n support OFDM, 16-QAM, 64-QAM modulation mode.

<b>SAR MEASUREMENT</b>										
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2			Relative Humidity (%): 55							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2			Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: 3G Mobile Phone										
Test Mode: 802.11b										
Configuration			Antenna Position	Frequency		Power Drift (<±5%)				
Test Mode	Position	Status		channel	MHz					
802.11b	Body Back	MS	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--		
				6	2437	0.47	<b>0.165</b>	1.6		
				11	2462	--	--	--		
	Body front	MS	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--		
				6	2437	-0.42	0.151	1.6		
				11	2462	--	--	--		

Note1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.  
Note2: IEEE802.11b support DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK modulation mode, IEEE802.11g/n support OFDM, 16-QAM, 64-QAM modulation mode.

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2				Relative Humidity (%): 55					
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15					
Product: 3G Mobile Phone									
Test Mode: Hotspot									
Configuration			Antenna Position	Frequency		Power Drift (<±5%)			
Test Mode	Position	Status		channel	MHz		SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
Hotspot	Left Head	Cheek	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--	
				6	2437	-0.15	<b>0.275</b>	1.6	
				11	2462	--	--	--	
		Tilted	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--	
				6	2437	0.32	0.155	1.6	
				11	2462	--	--	--	
	Right Head	Cheek	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--	
				6	2437	0.62	0.265	1.6	
				11	2462	--	--	--	
		Tilted	Fixed	1	2412	--	--	--	
				6	2437	0.55	0.197	1.6	
				11	2462	--	--	--	



**Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:  
Application Simultaneous Transmission information:**

Position	Simultaneous state
Head	1. WWAN(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz band
	2. WWAN(voice)+ HOTSPOT 2.4GHz band
	3. WWAN(voice)+Bluetooth
Body	4. WWAN(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz band
	5. WWAN(voice)+ HOTSPOT 2.4GHz band
	6. WWAN(voice)+Bluetooth

**NOTE:**

1. WLAN and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. Simultaneous with every transmitter must be the same test position.
3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01 v05, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
4. Based upon KDB 447498 D01 v05, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user; which is 0mm for head SAR AND 5mm for body-worn SAR.
5. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
6. For minimum test separation distance  $\leq$ 50mm, Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to  $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot (\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x)] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR
7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
  - $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot (\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x) \text{ W/kg}$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$ ;  
Where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR, and  $x = 18.75$  for 10-g SAR.
  - 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is  $>50\text{mm}$ .

		Maximum Average Power		Antenna to user (mm)	SAR exclusion threshold (mW)	SAR testing required (Yes/No)	Head (0mm gap)	Body (15mm gap)
		dBm	mW					
BT	Head	5.74	3.750	5	10	NO	0.1550 W/kg	0.1550 W/kg
	Body			5	10	NO		

**Maximum test results (WWAN) with BT and WIFI Simultaneous Transmission SAR:**

**BT:** Head (0 cm gap): 0.1550 W/kg and Body (0.5 cm gap): 0.0207 W/kg

Head (WWAN (voice) +BT): 0.262 W/kg + 0.1550 W/kg = 0.4170 W/kg

Body (WWAN (voice) +BT): 0.638 W/kg + 0.1550 W/kg = 0.7930 W/kg

**WIFI/ HOTSPOT**

Head					
Conditions (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	Limit (W/kg)
<b>GSM850 + Hotspot (voice)</b>	Left Cheek	0.170	0.275	0.445	1.6
<b>PCS1900 + Hotspot (voice)</b>	Left Cheek	0.241	0.275	0.516	1.6
<b>PCS1900 + Hotspot (voice)</b>	Right Cheek	0.262	0.265	<b>0.527</b>	1.6
<b>WCDMA Band V + Hotspot (voice)</b>	Left Cheek	0.250	0.275	0.525	1.6
Body					
Conditions (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	Limit (W/kg)
<b>GSM850 + Hotspot (voice)</b>	Body Back (MS)	0.427	0.286	0.713	1.6
<b>PCS1900 + Hotspot (voice)</b>	Body Back (MS)	0.433	0.286	0.719	1.6
<b>WCDMA Band V + Hotspot (voice)</b>	RMC (towards grounds)	0.638	0.286	<b>0.924</b>	1.6

## Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

**Test Laboratory:** AGC Lab

**Date:** Jun.05, 2013

**System Check Head 850 MHz**

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz Type: SID 900**

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D850 (850.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=6.05

Frequency: 850 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=10dBm

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

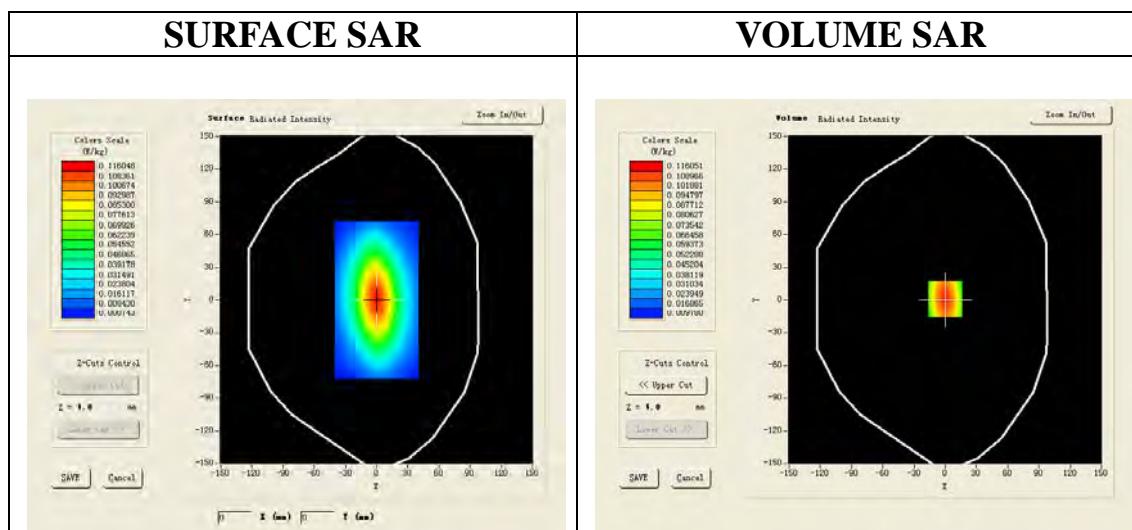
Satimo Configuration:

Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

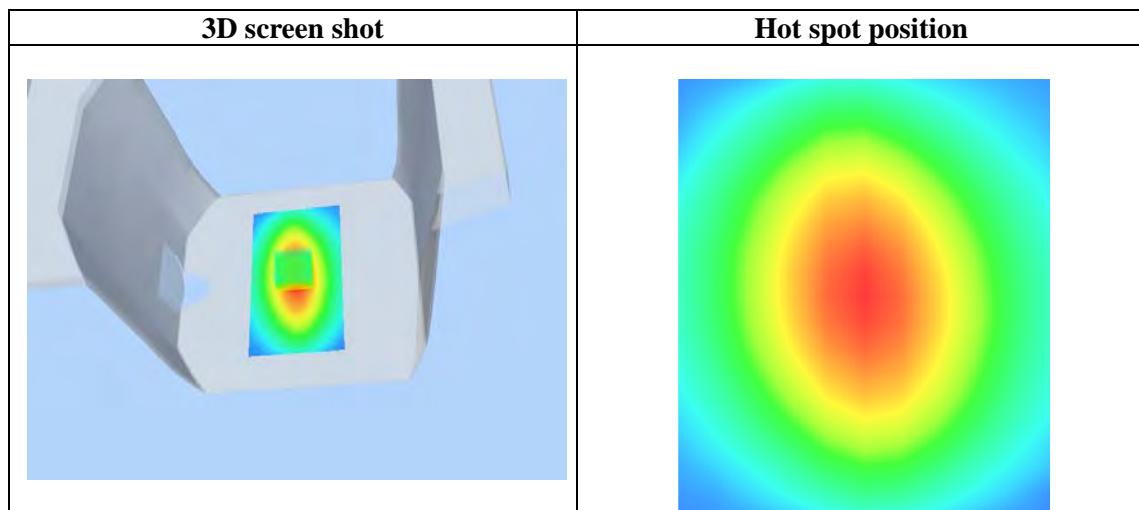
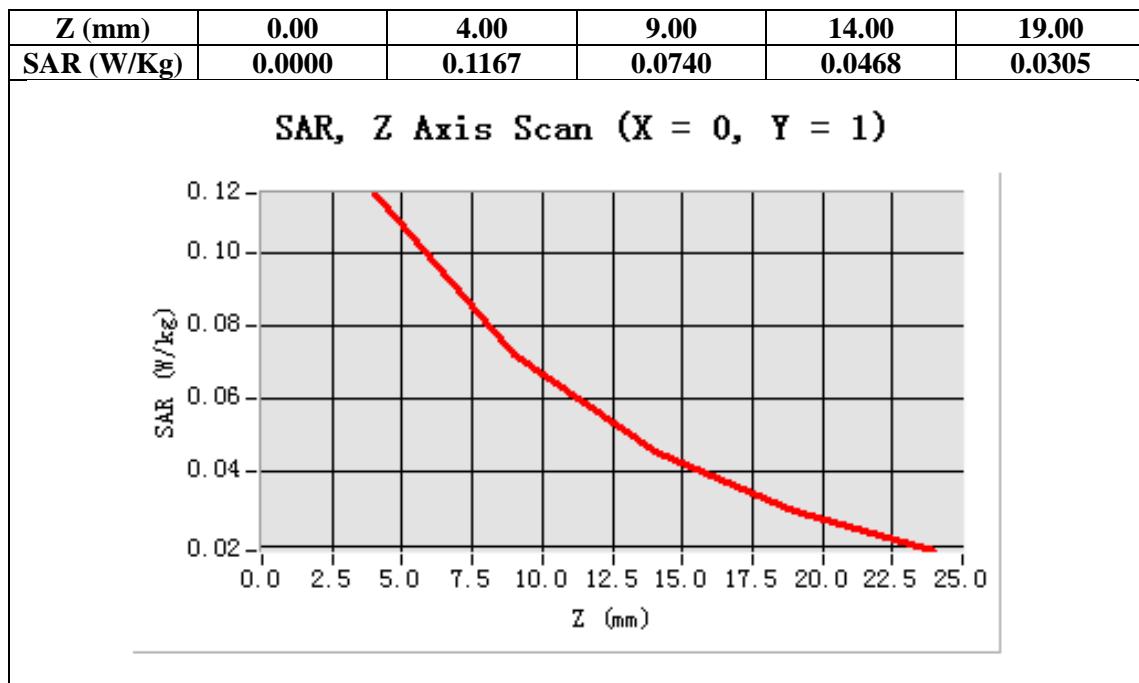
**Configuration/System Check GSM 850 Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm**

**Configuration/System Check GSM 850 Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm**



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.068844
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.109857



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**System Check Head 1900MHz**  
**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: SID 1900**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.73  
Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=10dBm  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

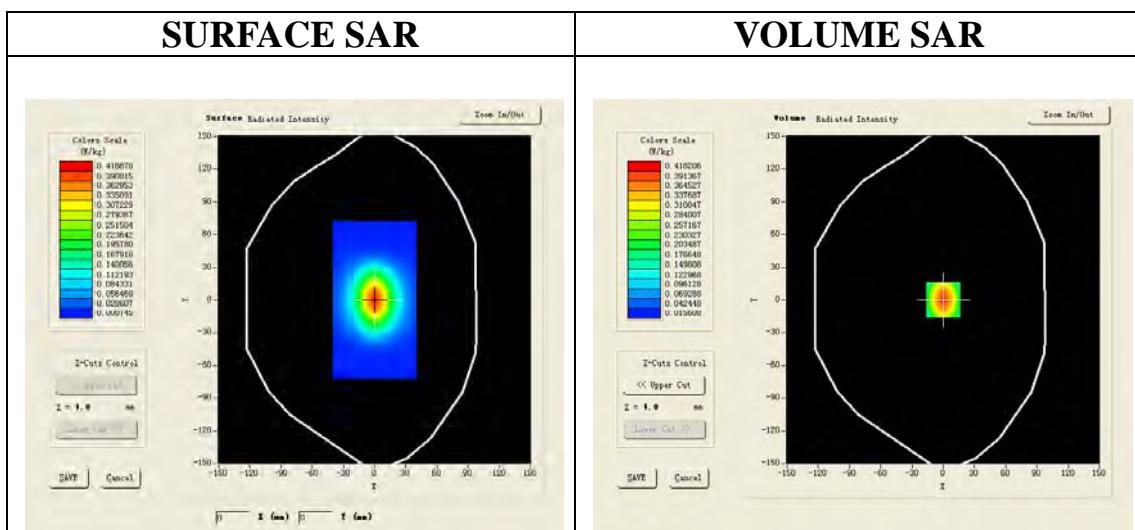
Satimo Configuration:

Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

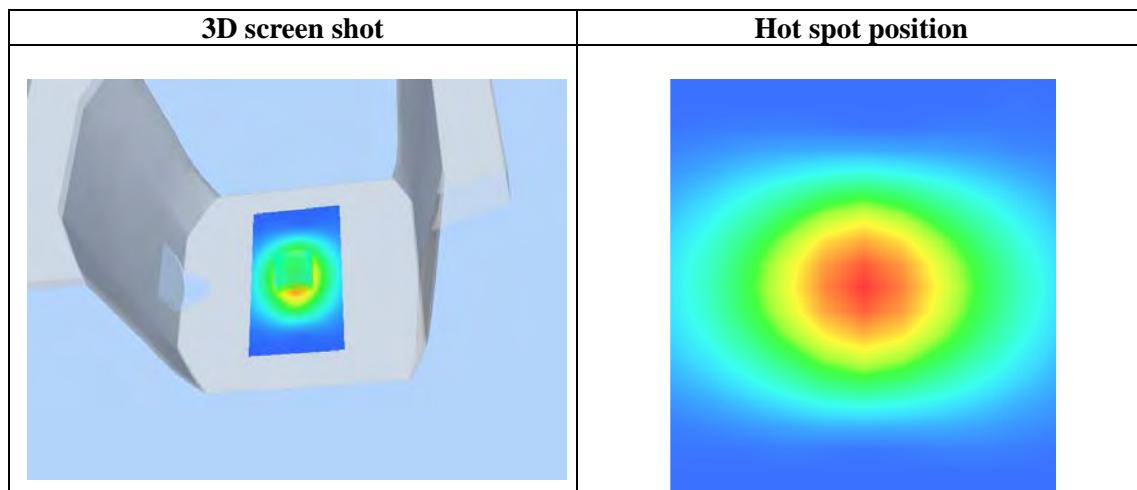
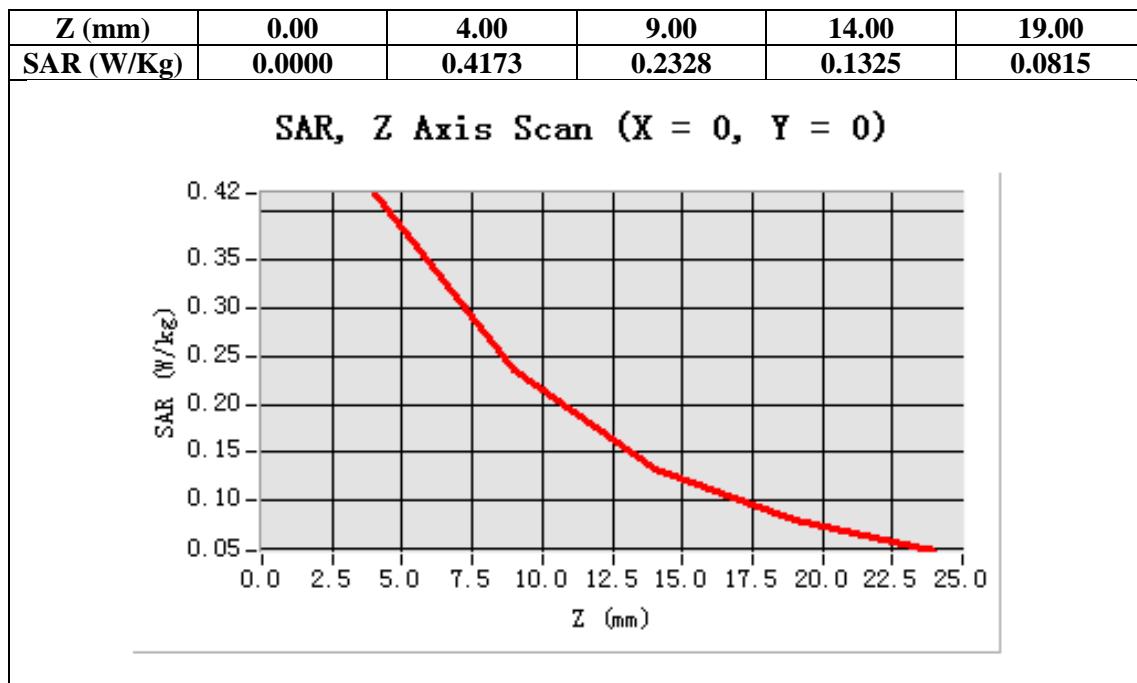
**Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm**

**Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm**



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.206915
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.394424



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**System Check Head 2450 MHz**  
**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49  
 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
 Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=17dBm  
 Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

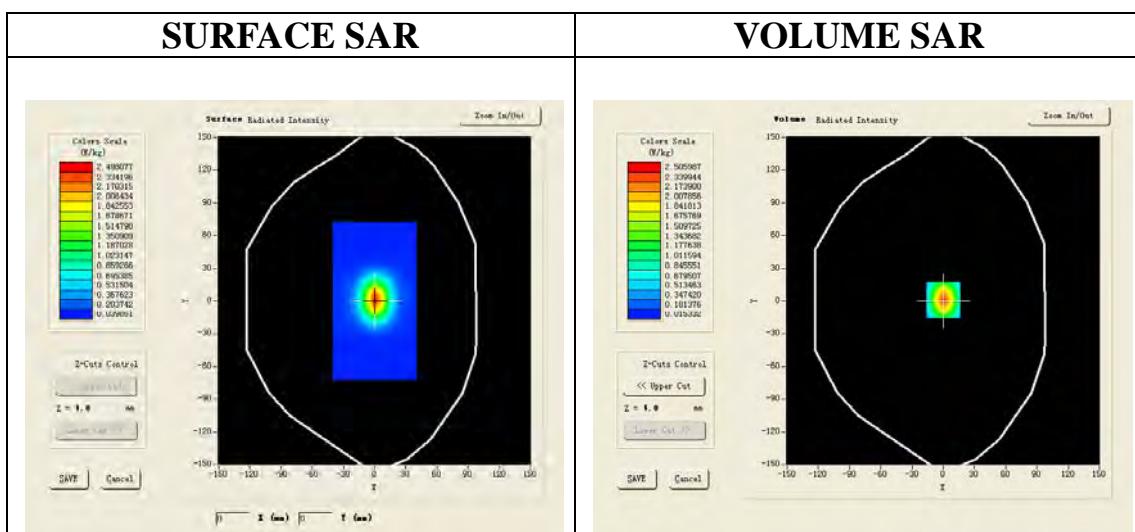
Satimo Configuration:

Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpensAR V4\_02\_01

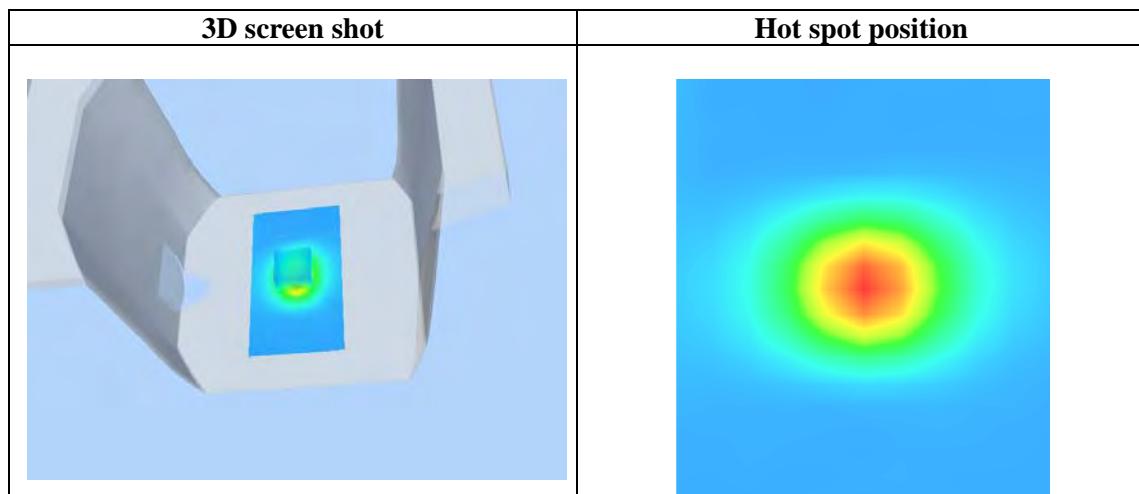
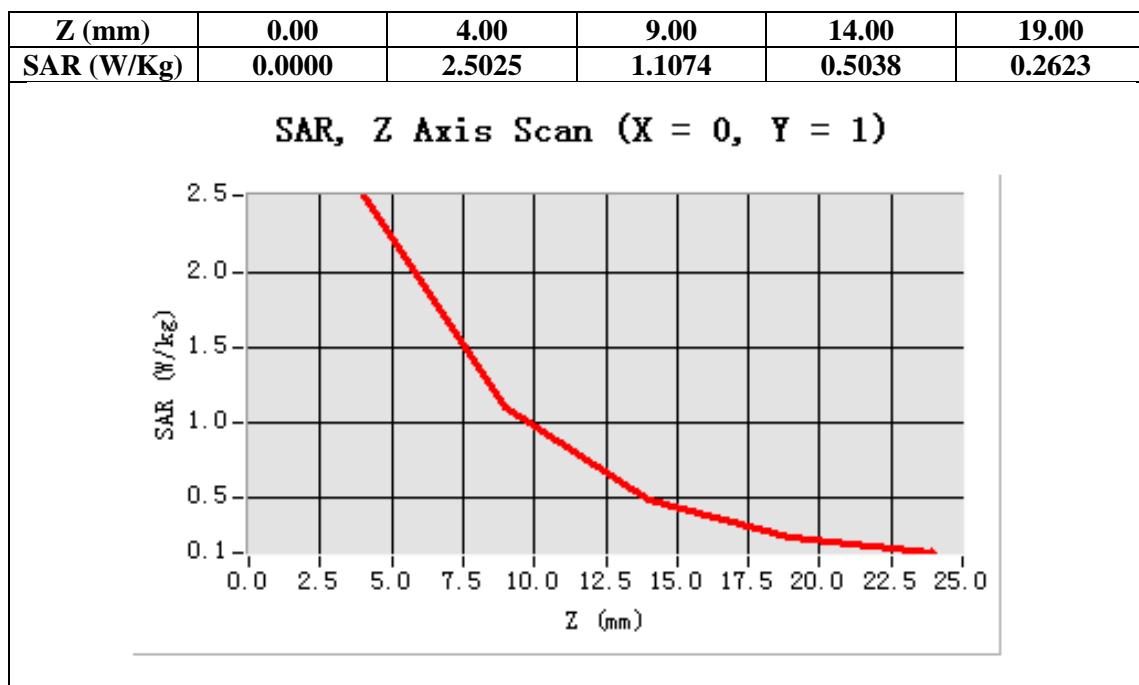
**Configuration/System Check 2450 MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm**

**Configuration/System Check 2450 MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm**



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	1.268720
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	2.513394



## Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

**Test Laboratory:** AGC Lab  
**GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left <SIM 1>**  
**DUT:** 3G Mobile Phone; **Type:** C1

**Date:** Jun.05, 2013

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma=0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

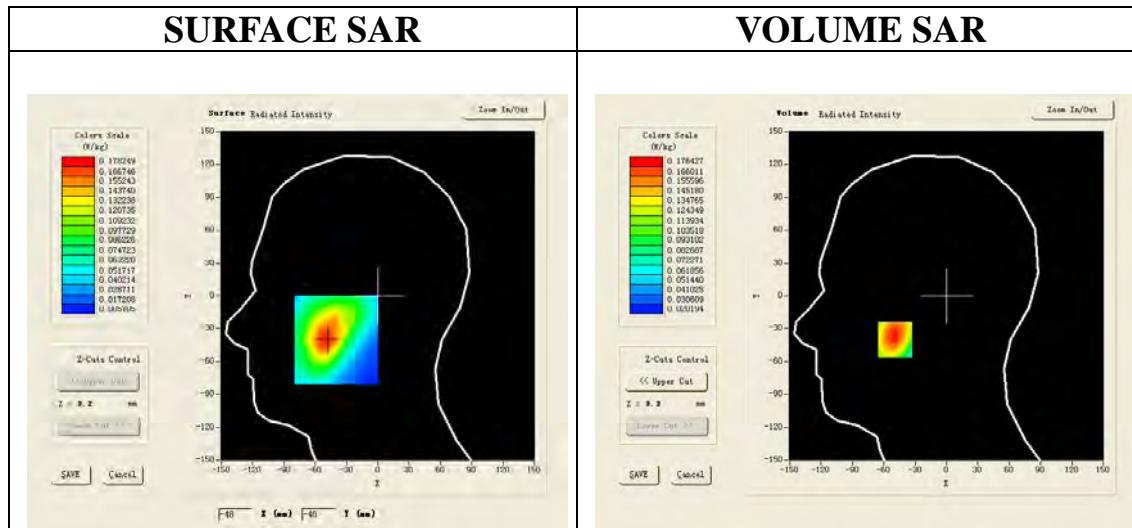
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
  - Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
  - Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

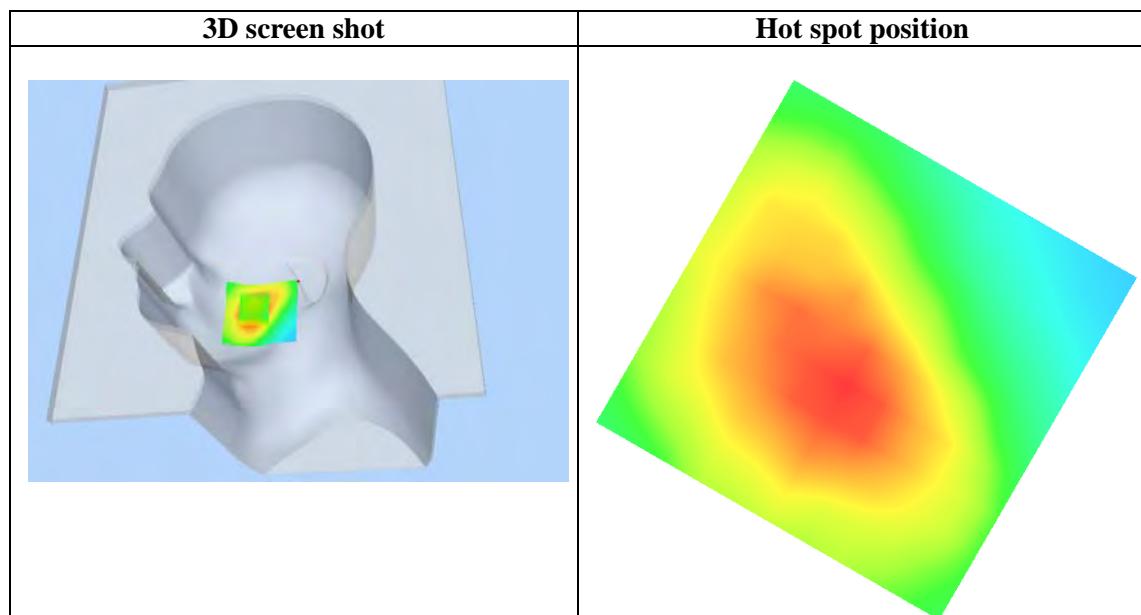
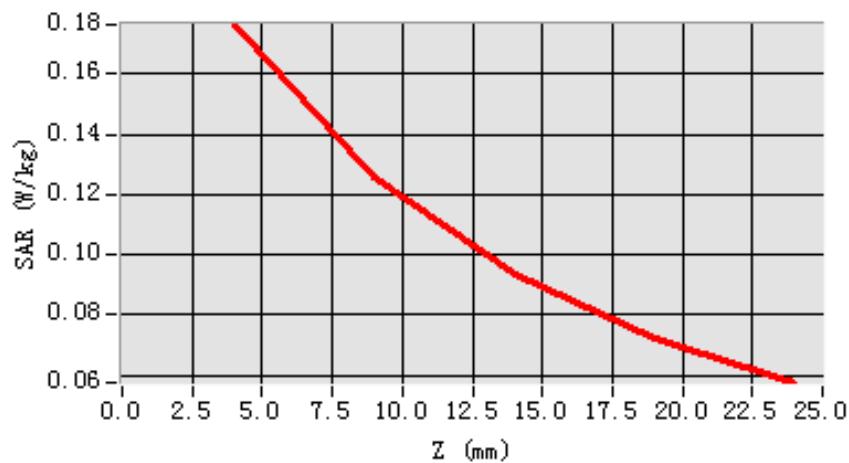


**Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-40.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.116055
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.169714

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1764	0.1259	0.0932	0.0724

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -49, Y = -40)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GSM 850 Mid-Tilt-Left <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=6.05;  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma=0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature(°C): 21.0

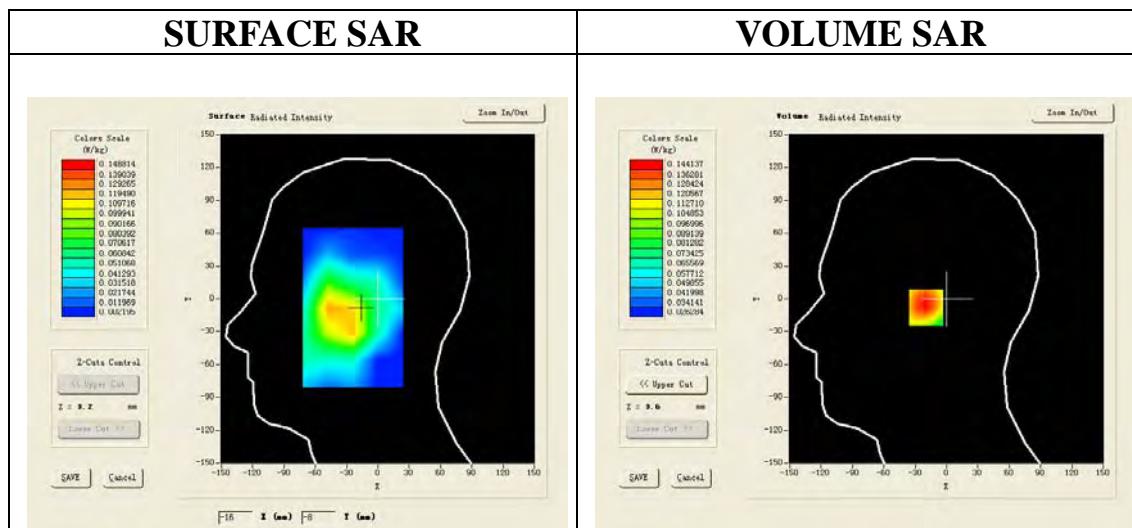
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
  - Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
  - Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

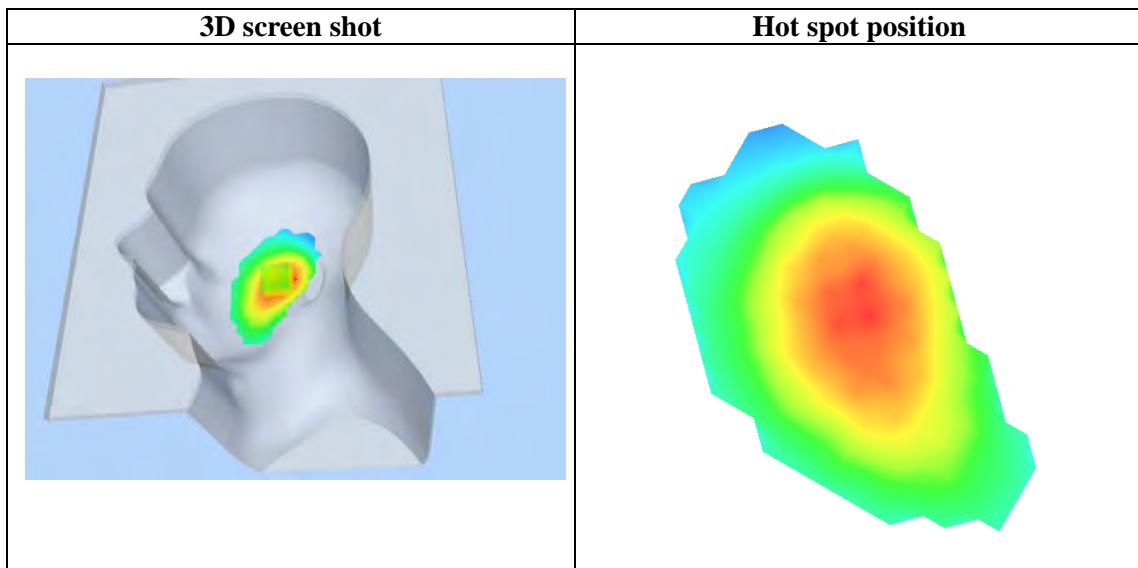
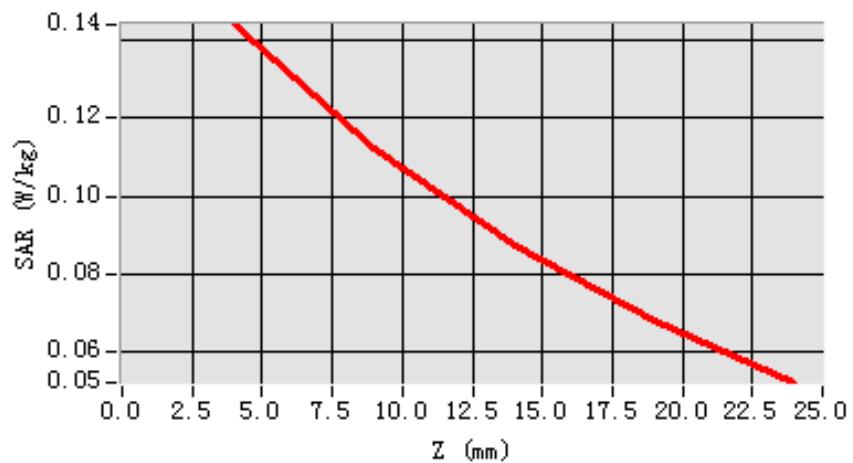


**Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=-8.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.101764
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.139758

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1441	0.1121	0.0872	0.0679

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -16, Y = -8)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Right <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=6.05;  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

Satimo Configuration:

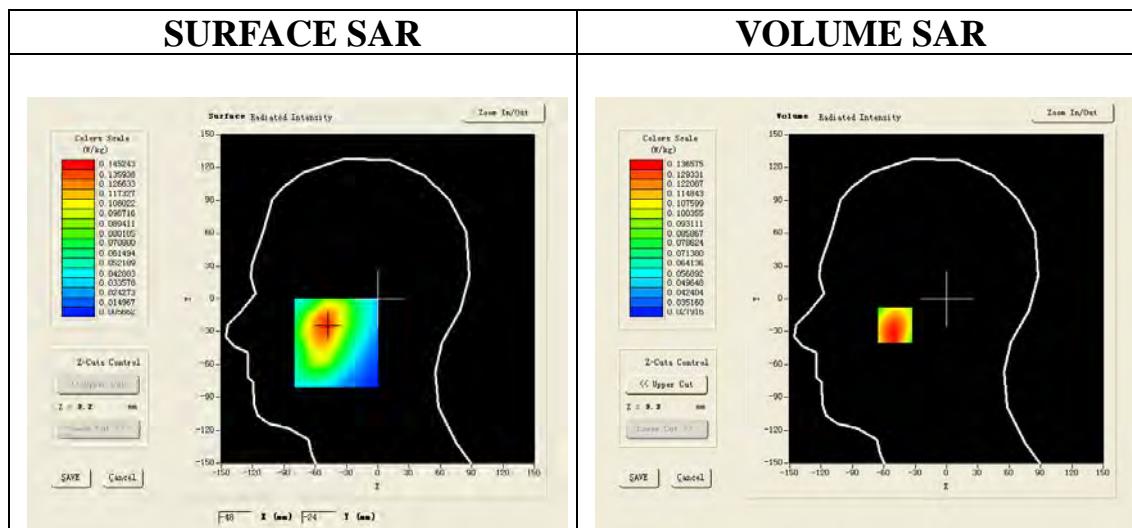
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

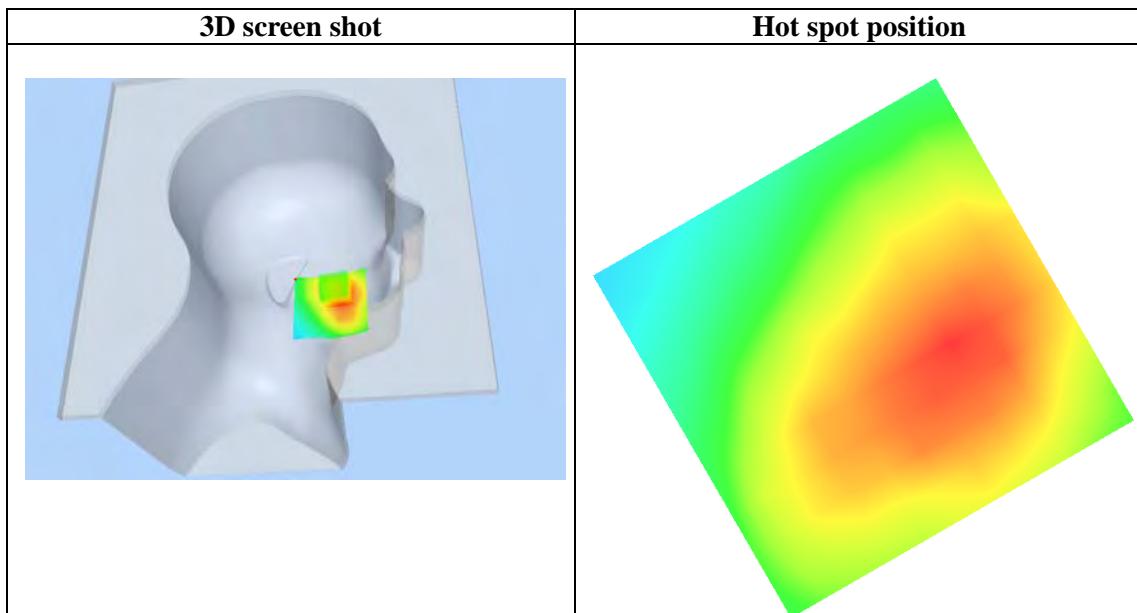
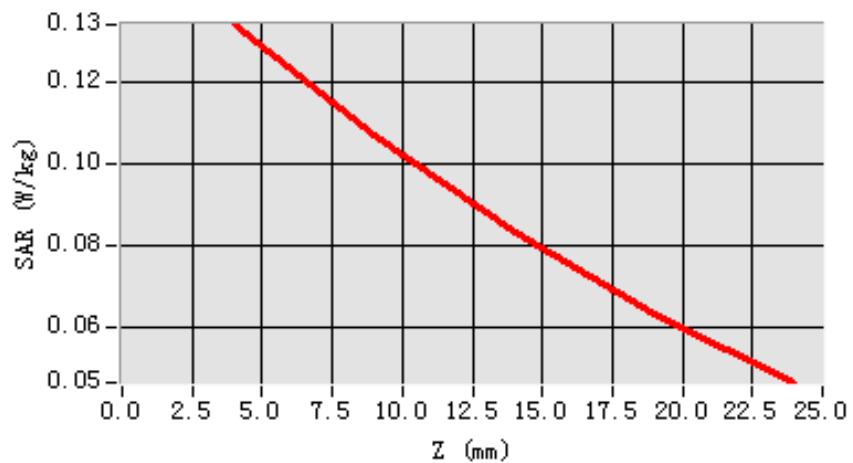


**Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-24.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.096553
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.131947

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1342	0.1069	0.0834	0.0633

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -49, Y = -24)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GSM 850 Mid-Tilt-Right <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=6.05;  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma=0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

Satimo Configuration:

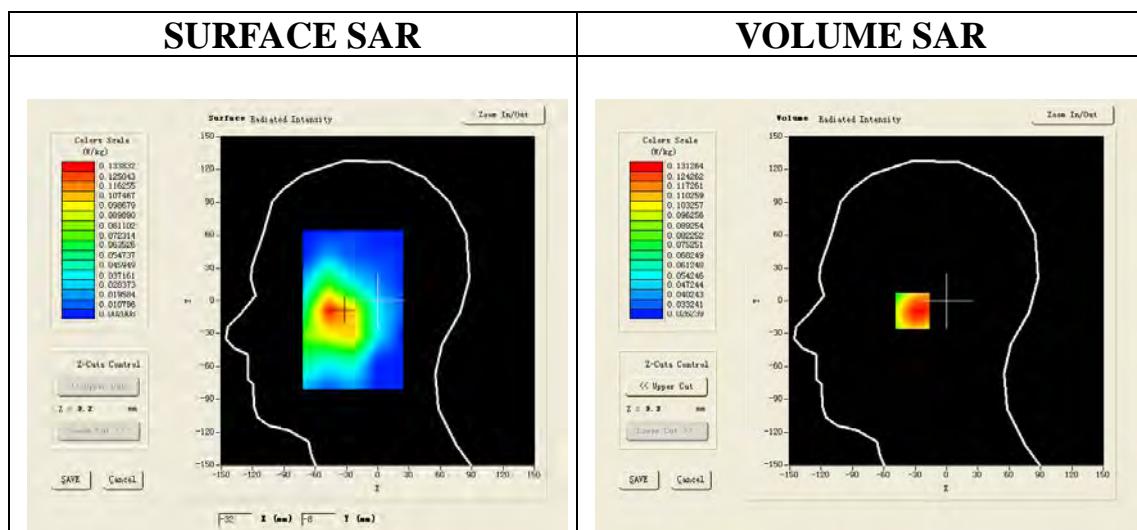
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

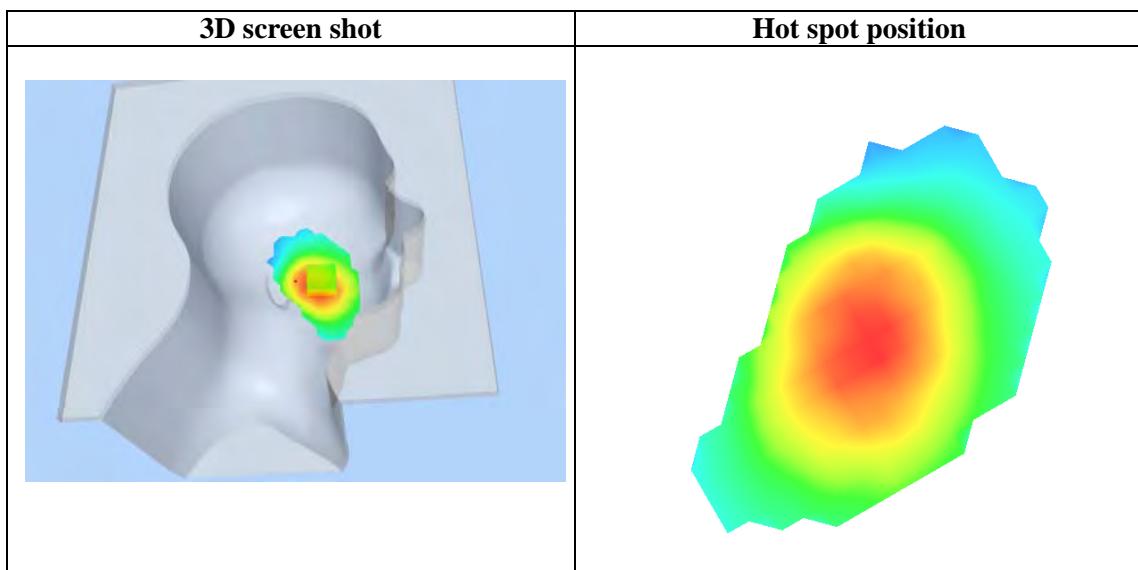
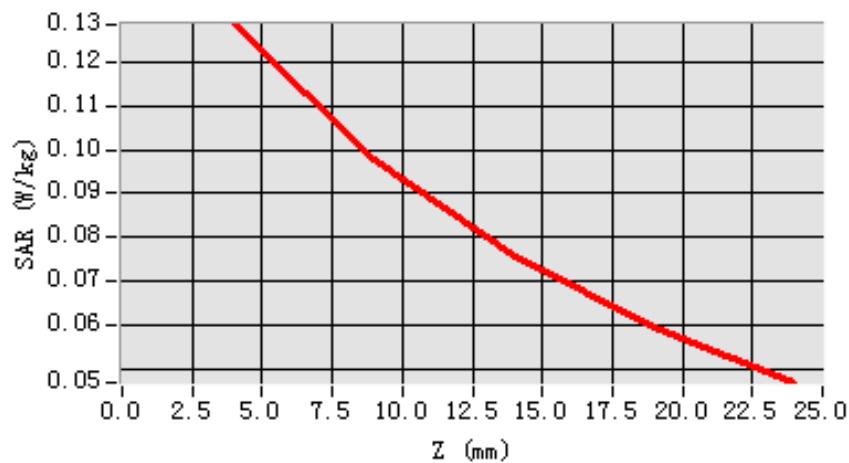


**Maximum location: X=-30.00, Y=-9.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.093019
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.126507

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1287	0.0979	0.0757	0.0595

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -30, Y = -9)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left <SIM 2>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

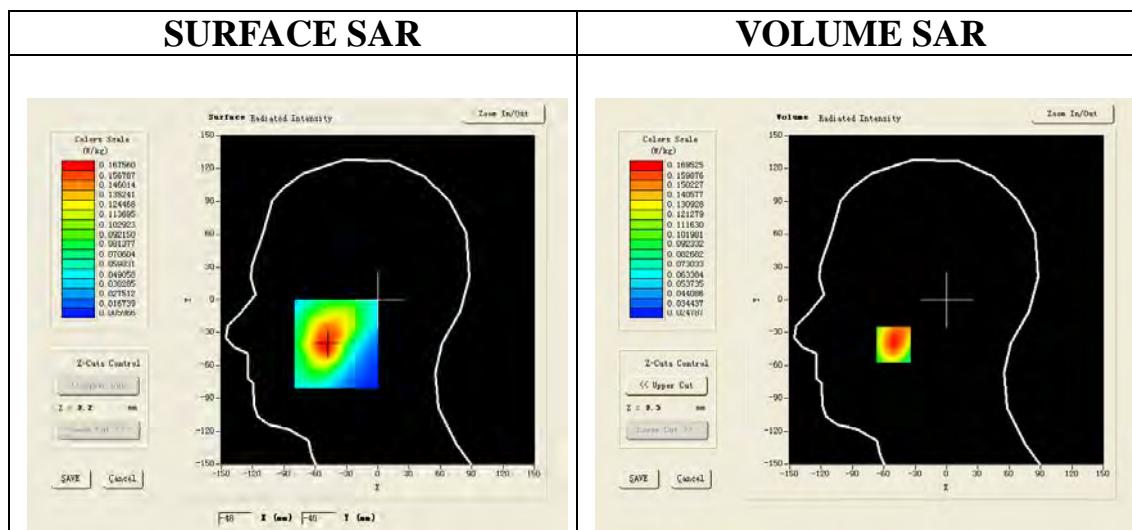
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
  - Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
  - Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

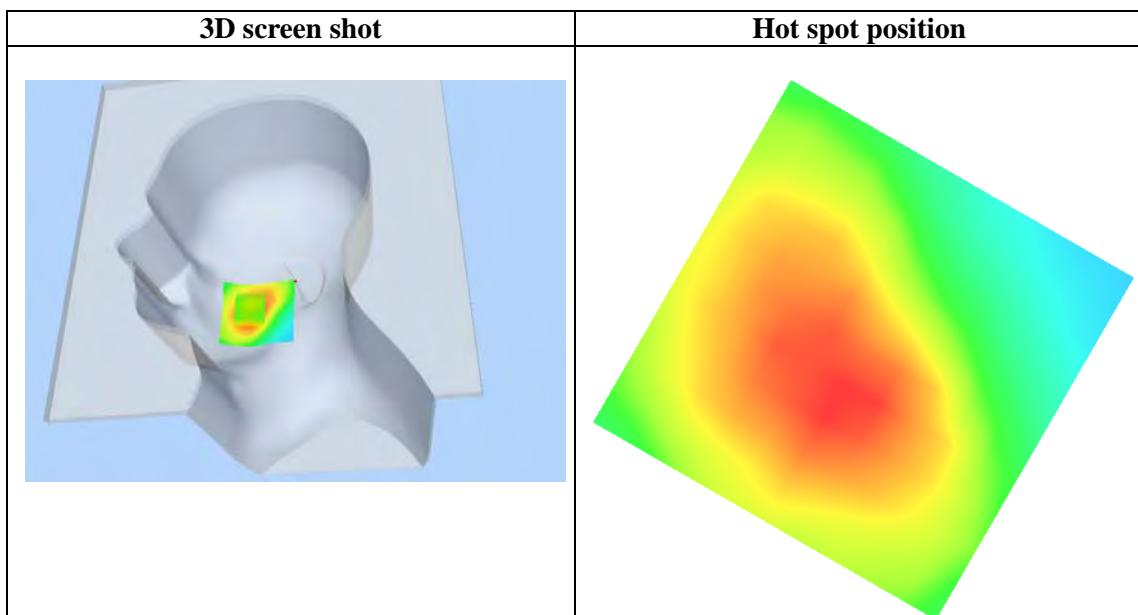
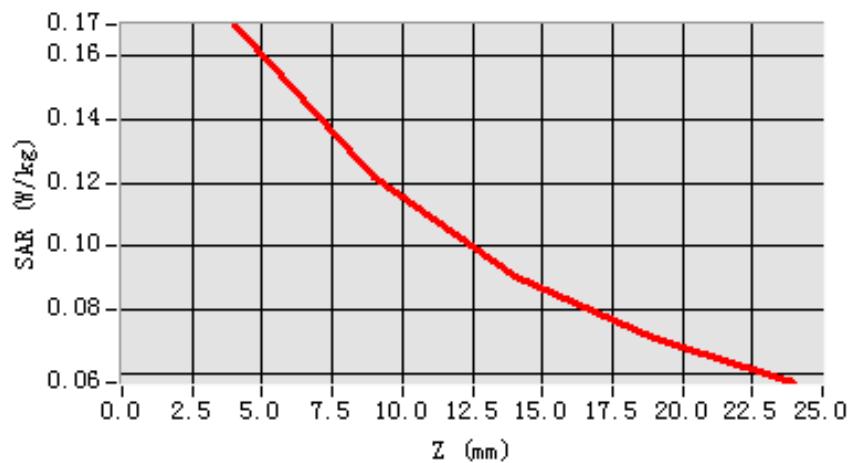


**Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-41.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.112843
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.162721

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1695	0.1218	0.0909	0.0715

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -51, Y = -41)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GSM 850 Mid- Body- Back <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=6.05;  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

Satimo Configuration:

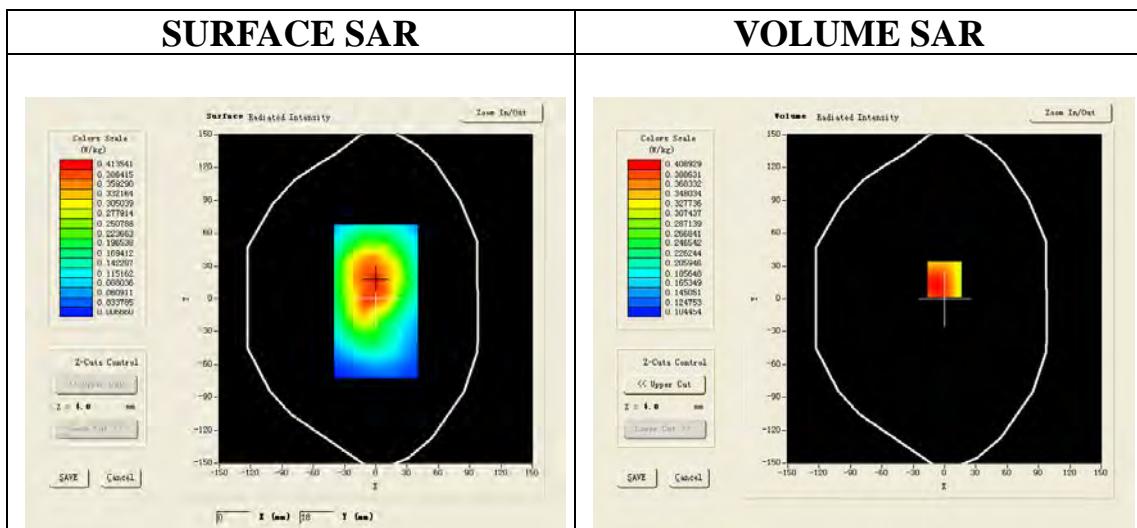
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

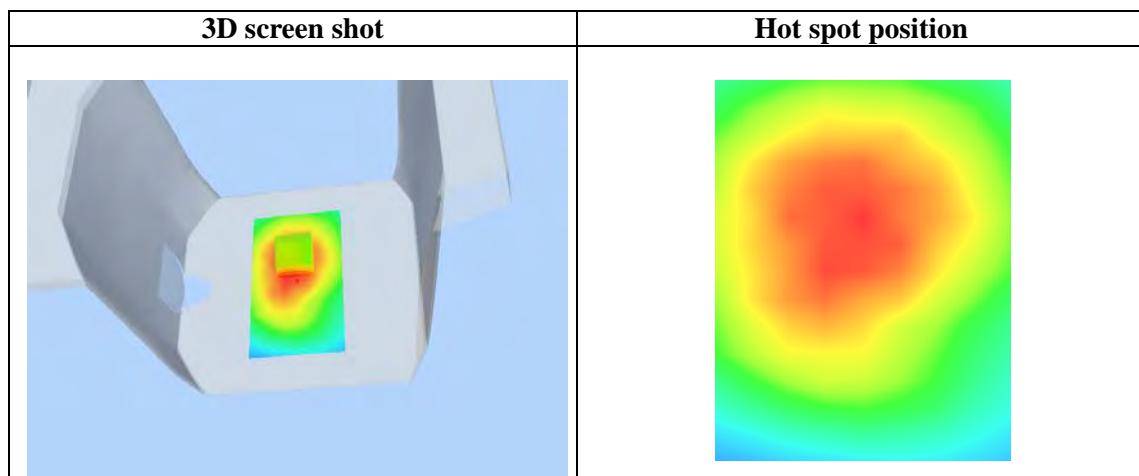
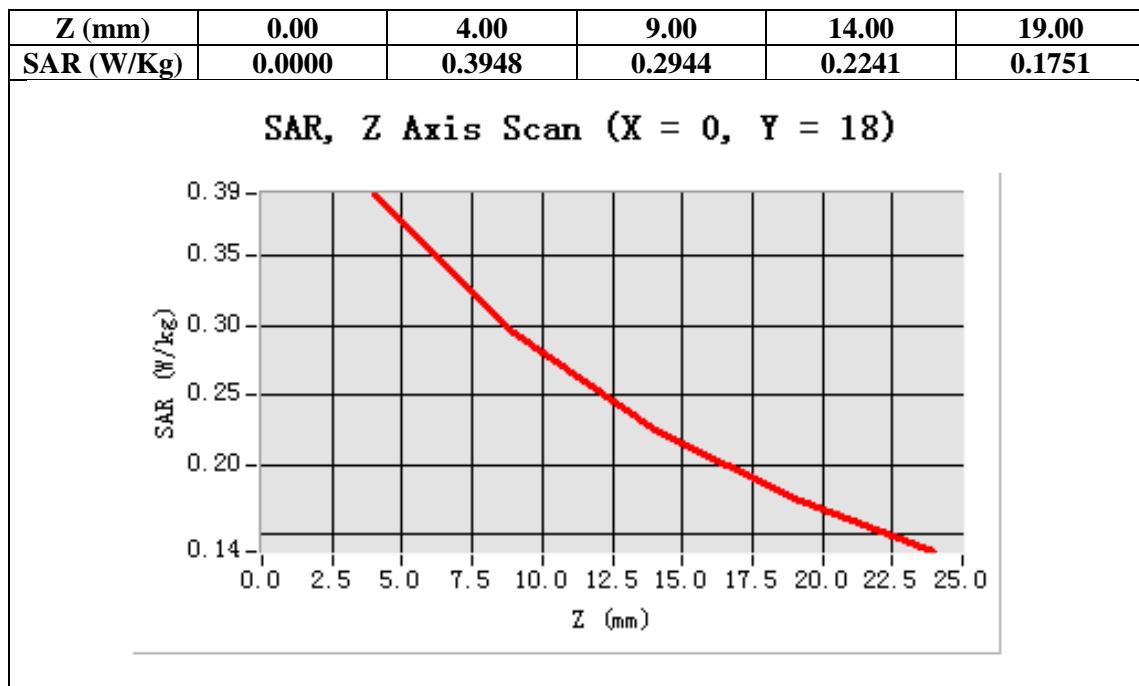
**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=18.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.315867
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.426786



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GPRS 850 Mid- Body - Back (2up) <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

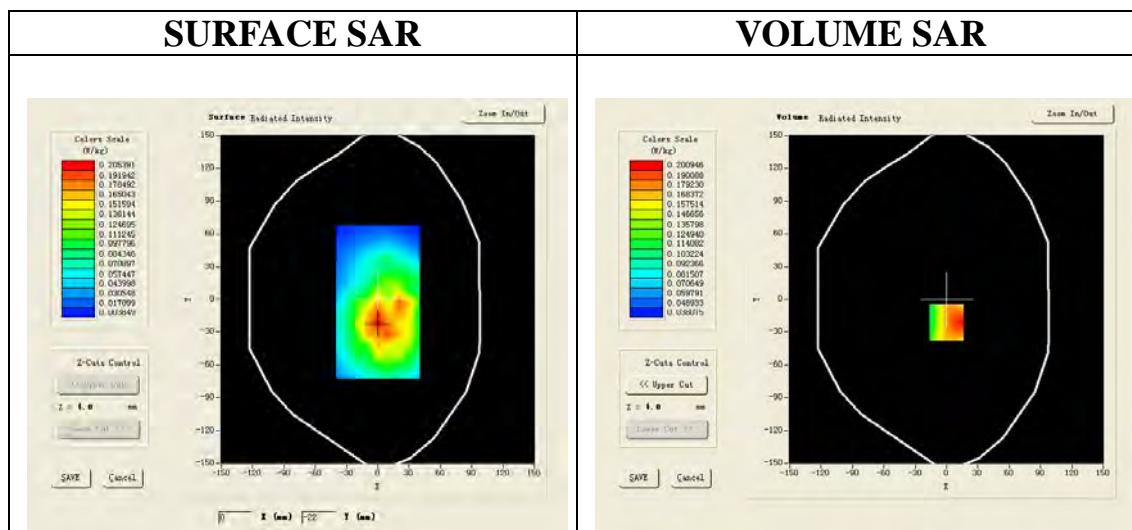
Communication System: GPRS -2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2; Conv.F=6.05;  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
  - Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
  - Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

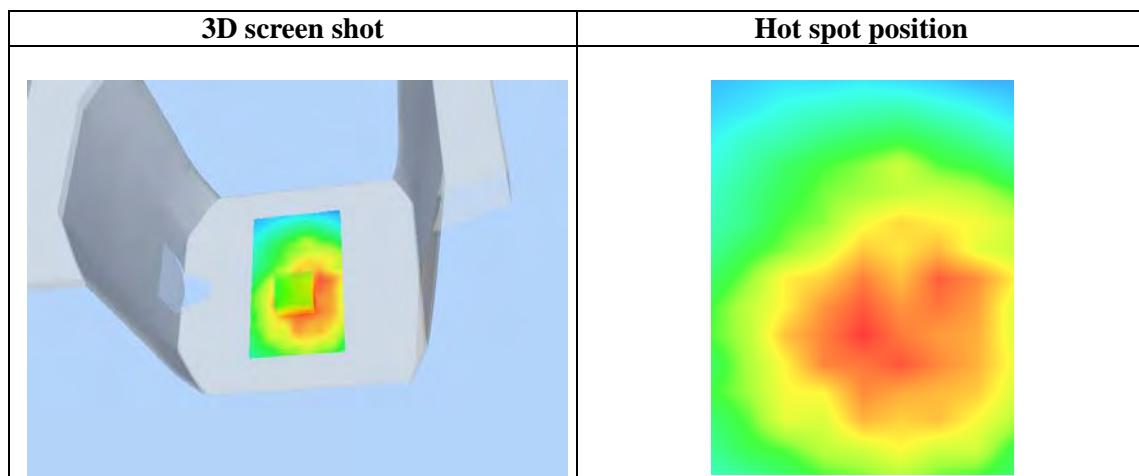
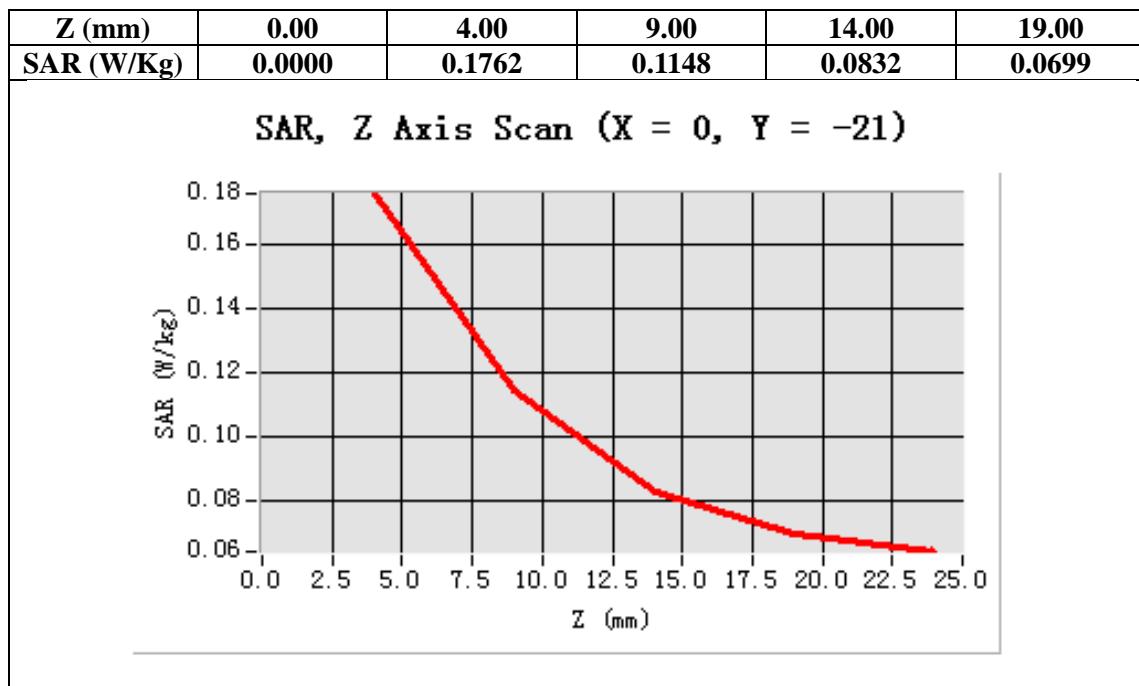
**Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**  
**Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-21.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.142252
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.207099



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back (3up) <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: GPRS -3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8; Conv.F=6.05;  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

Satimo Configuration:

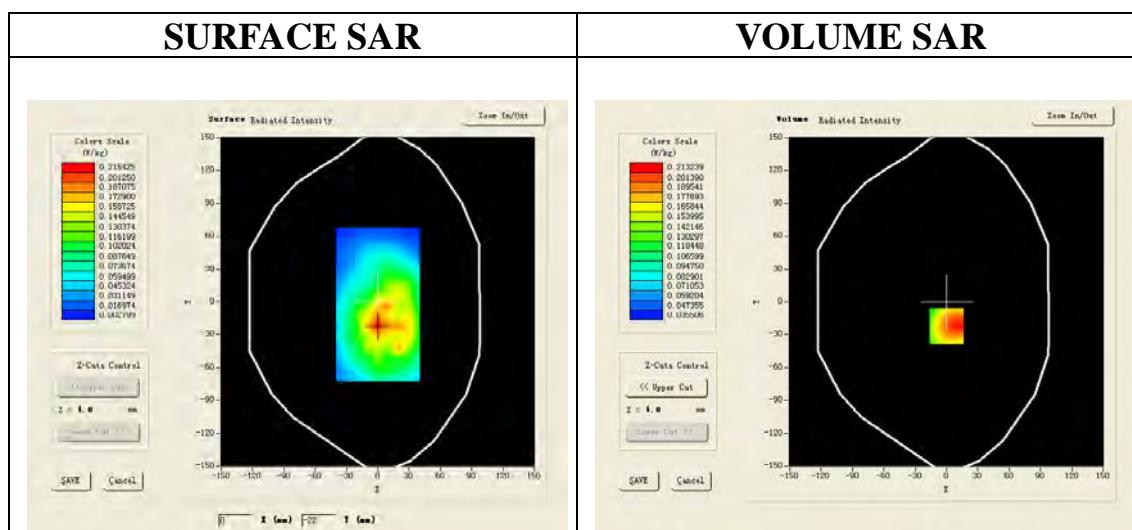
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

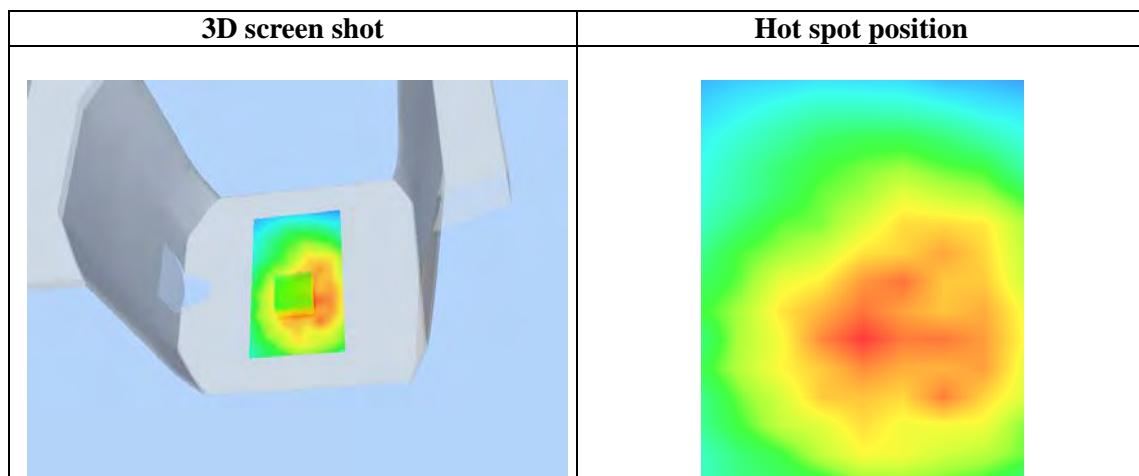
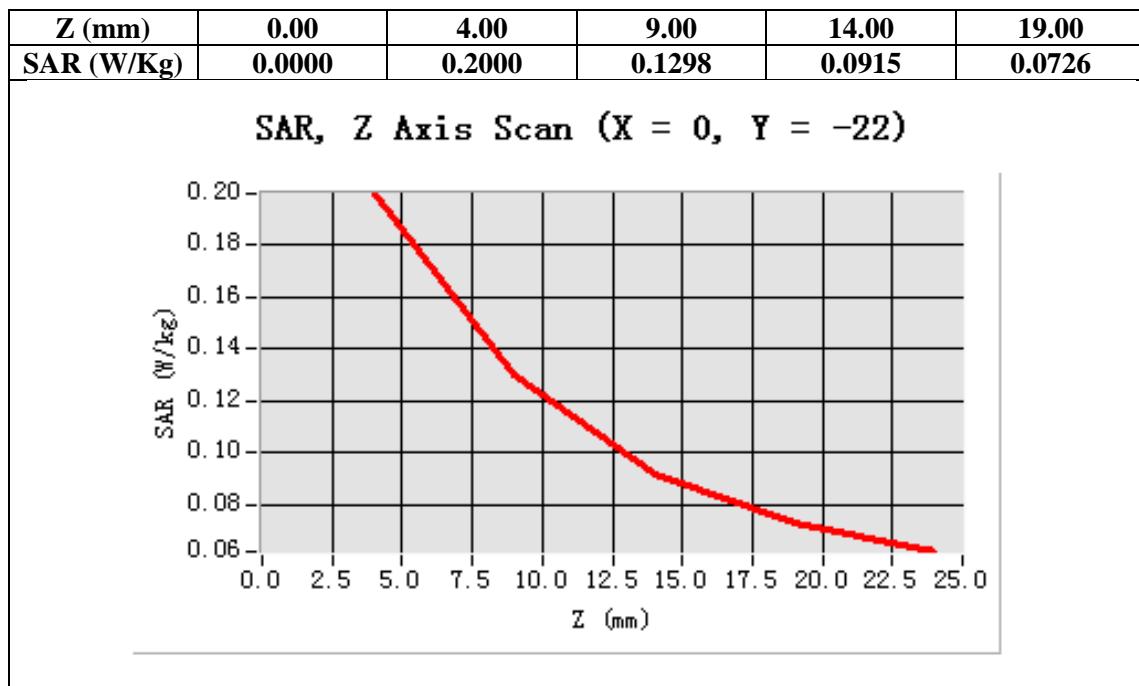
**Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor:2.7)



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-22.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.149221
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.222334



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GPRS 850 Mid- Body-Back (4up) <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: GPRS -4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=6.05;  
 Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
 Phantom section: Flat Section  
 Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

Satimo Configuration:

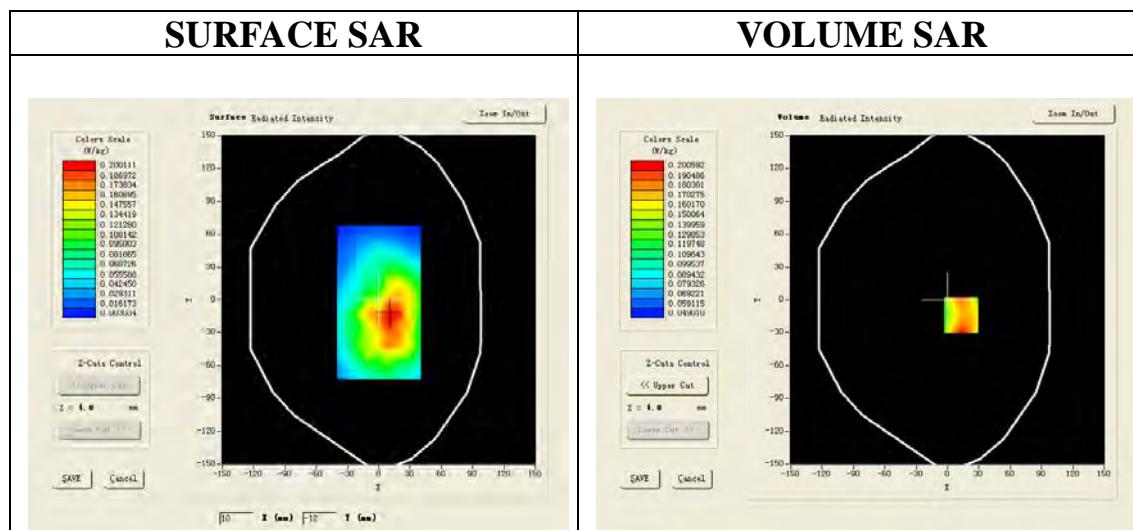
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

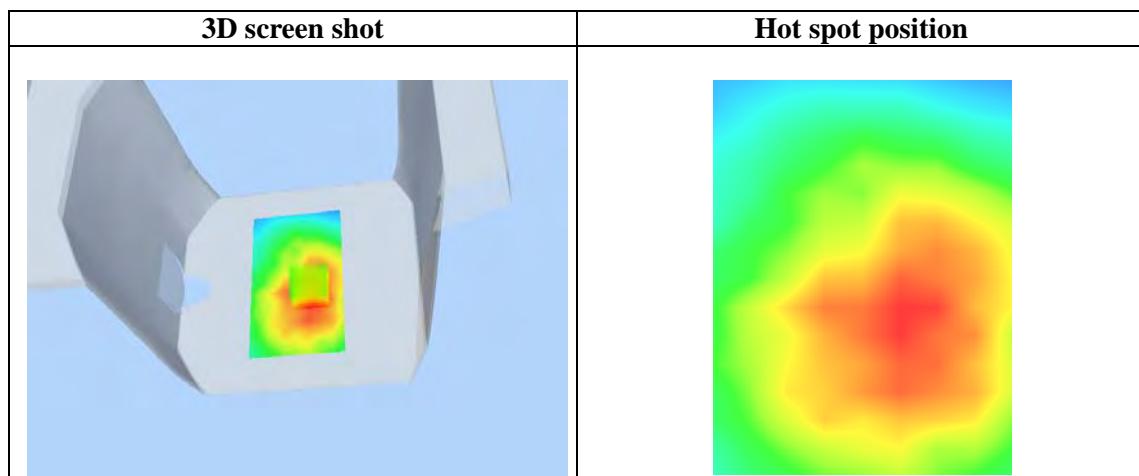
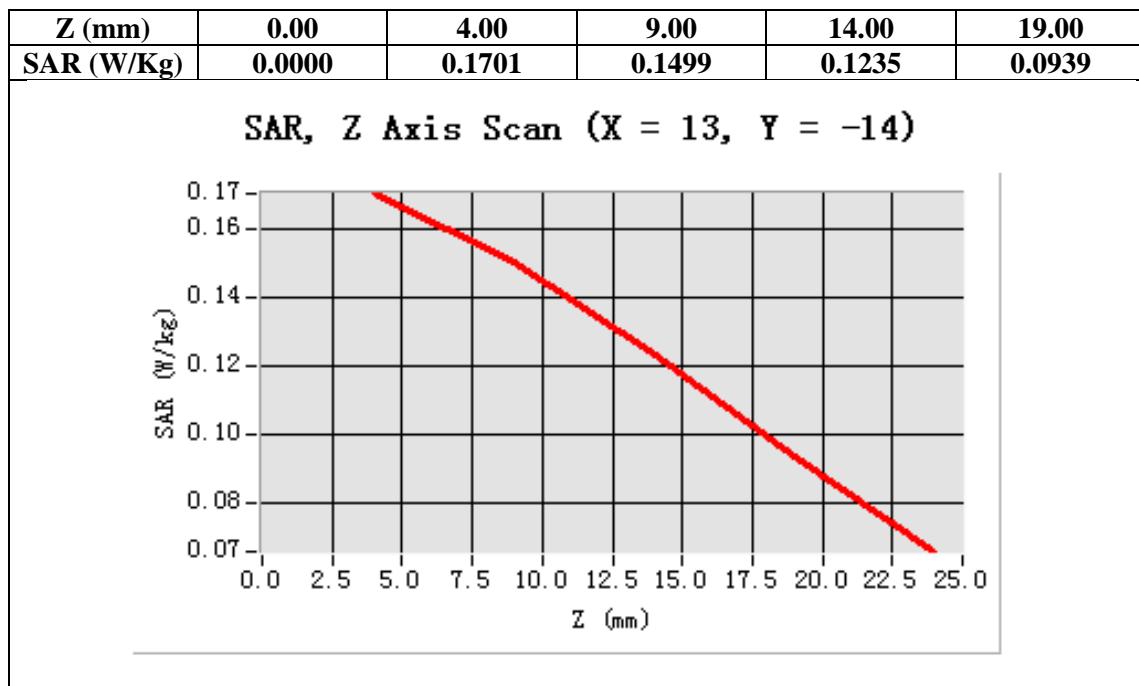
**Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
 dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)



**Maximum location: X=13.00, Y=-14.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.147572
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.197056



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GSM 850 Mid- Body- Front (MS) <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=6.05;  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

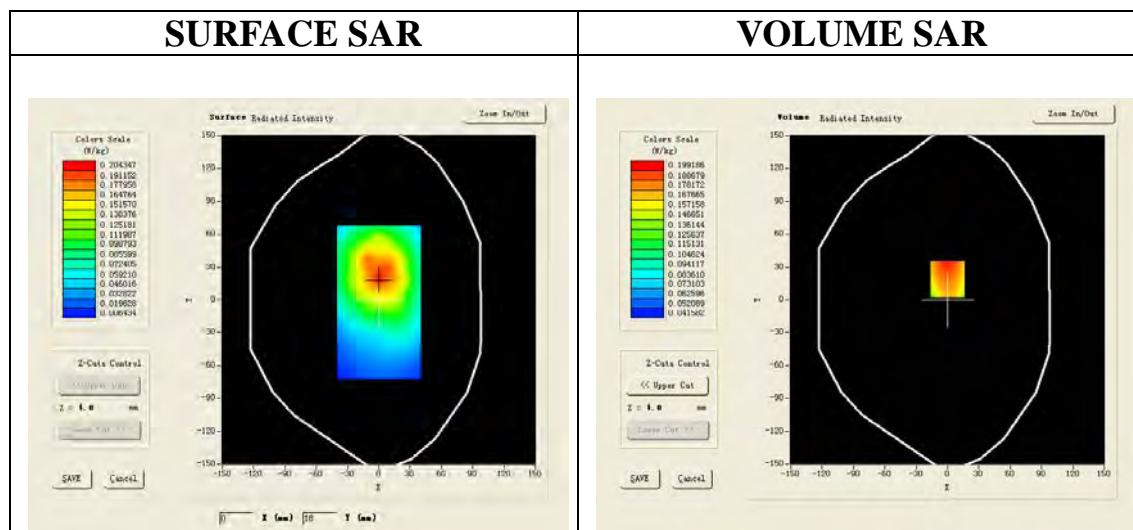
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
  - Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
  - Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

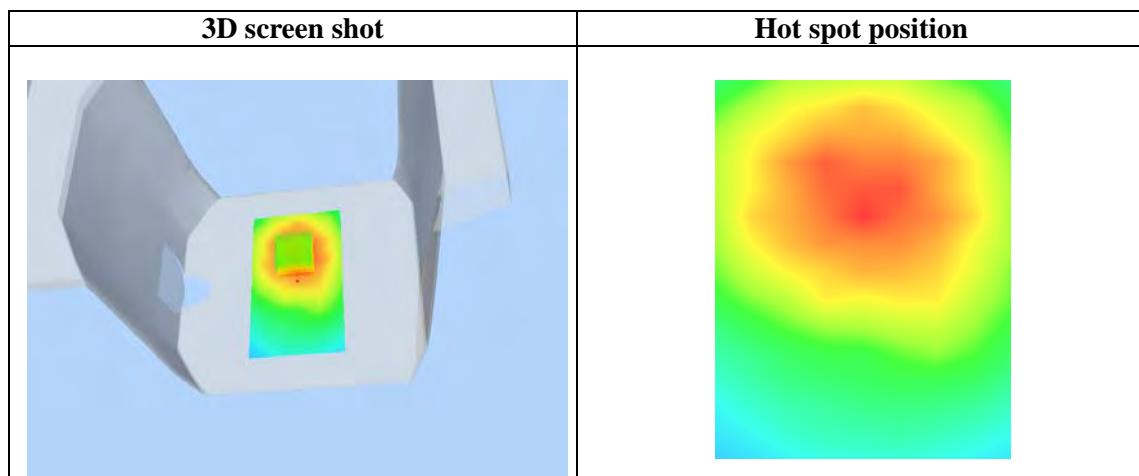
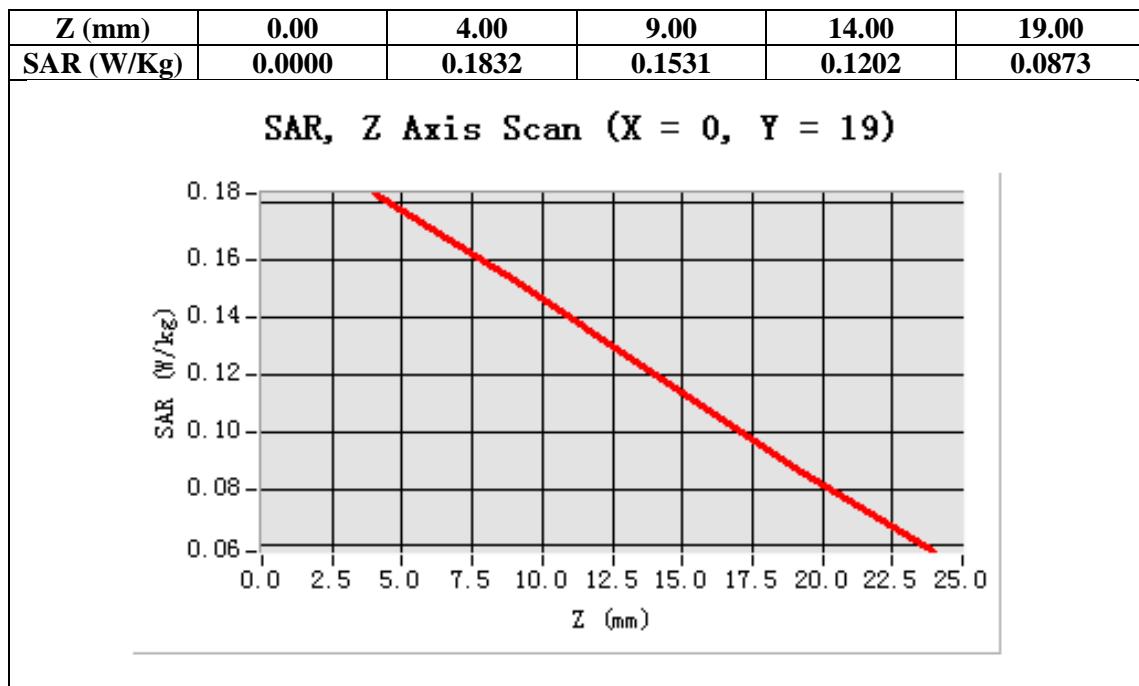
**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body- Front Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Front
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=19.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.148429
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.203562



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GSM 850 Mid- Body- Back (MS) - with earphone <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=6.05;  
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

Satimo Configuration:

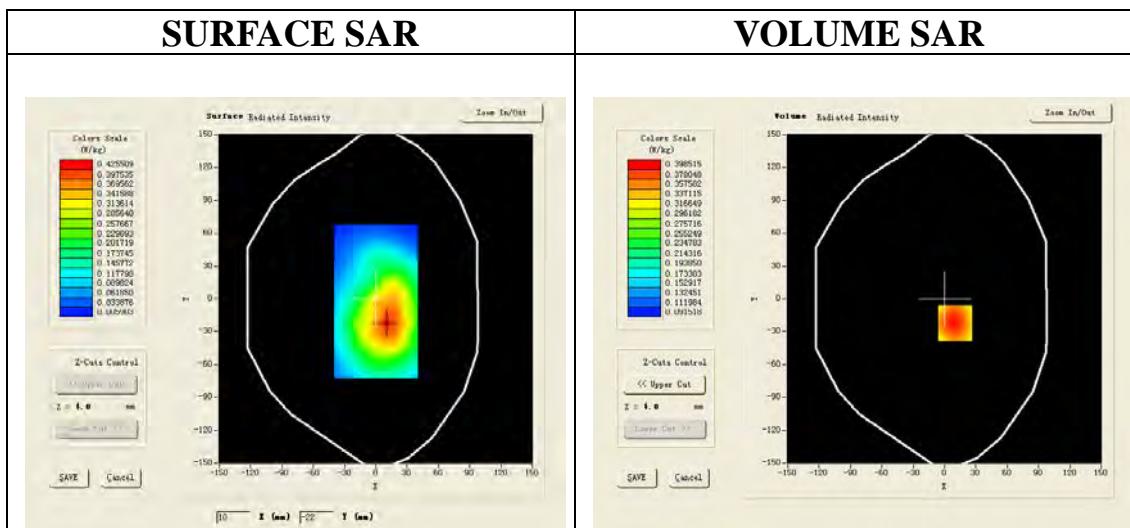
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

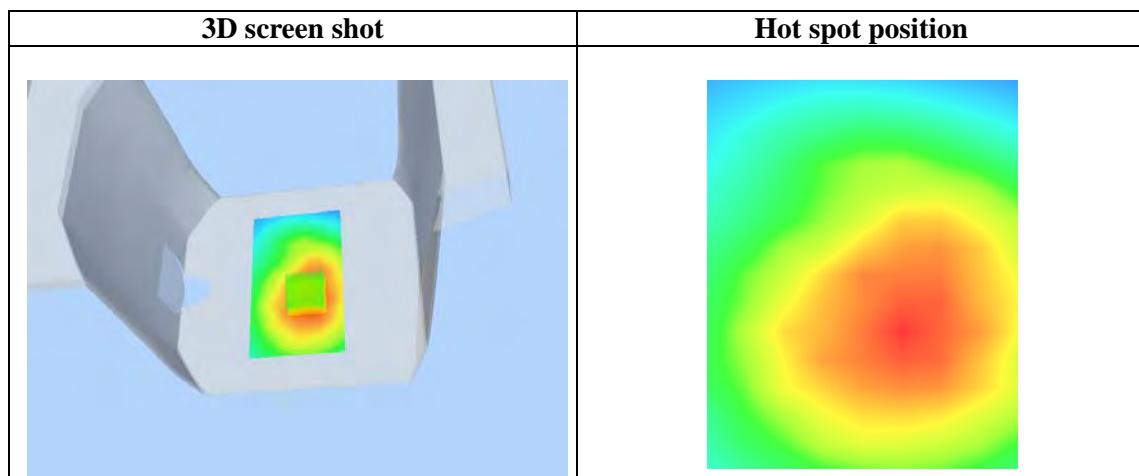
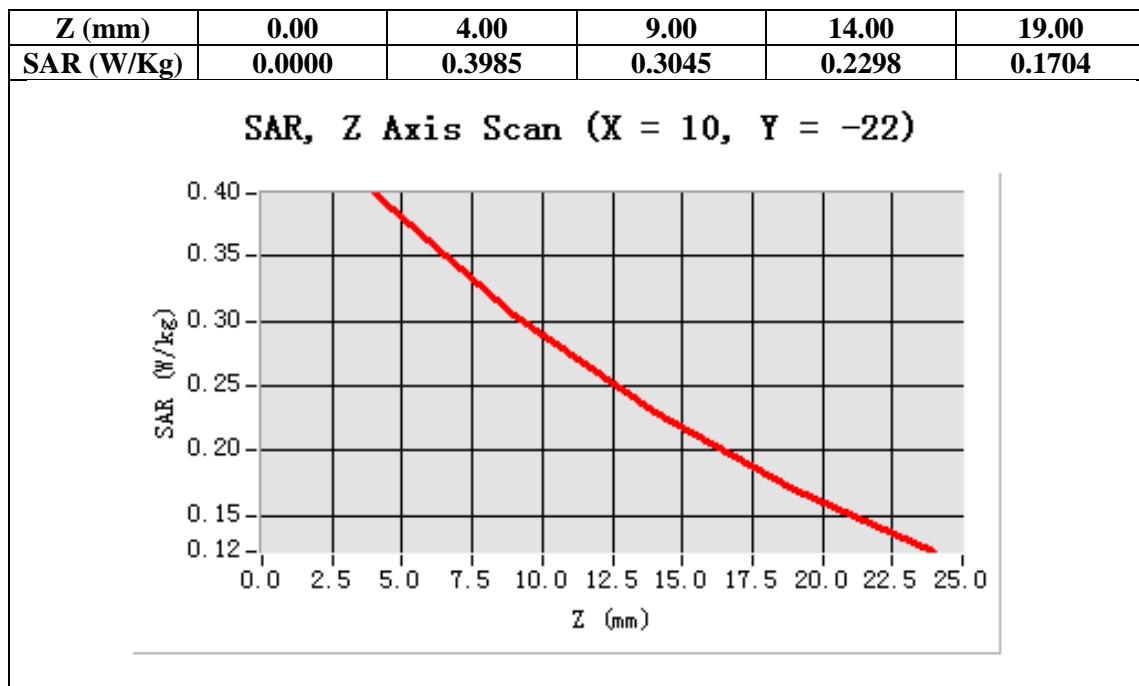
**Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	GSM 850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=-22.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.297809
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.413526



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**PCS 1900 Mid-Touch-Left <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.73;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

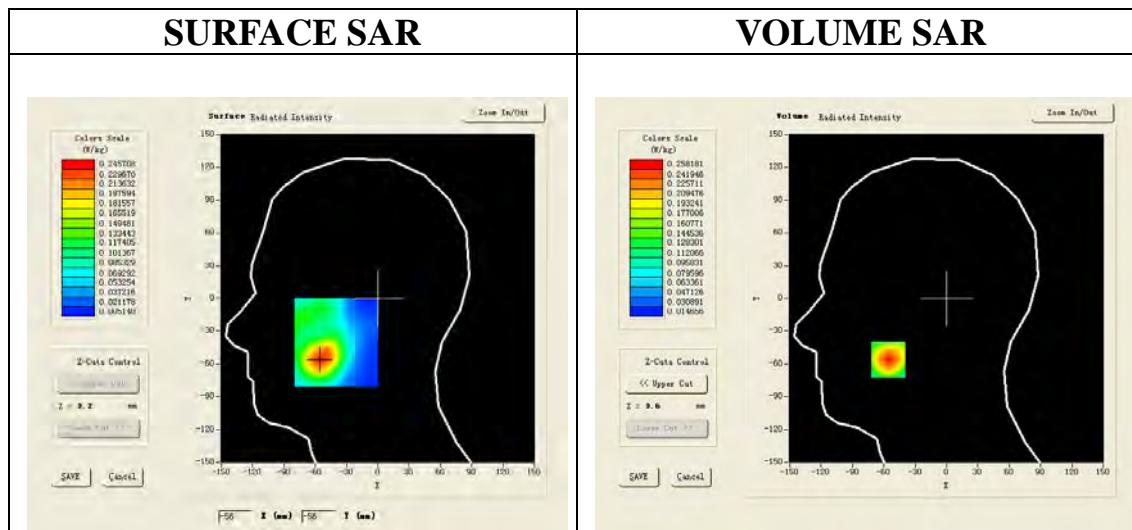
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

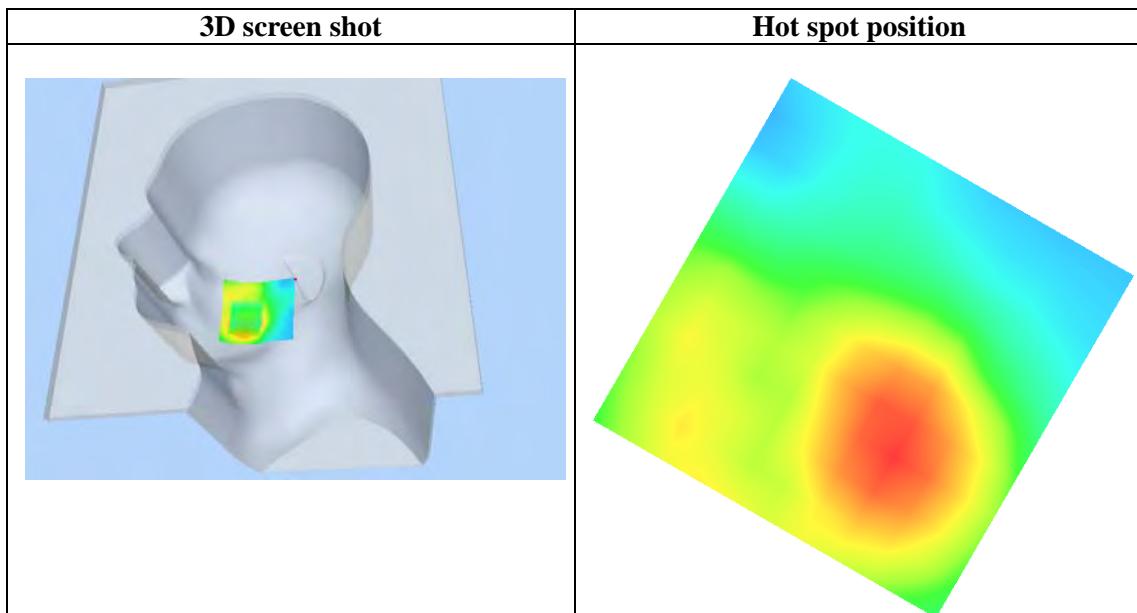
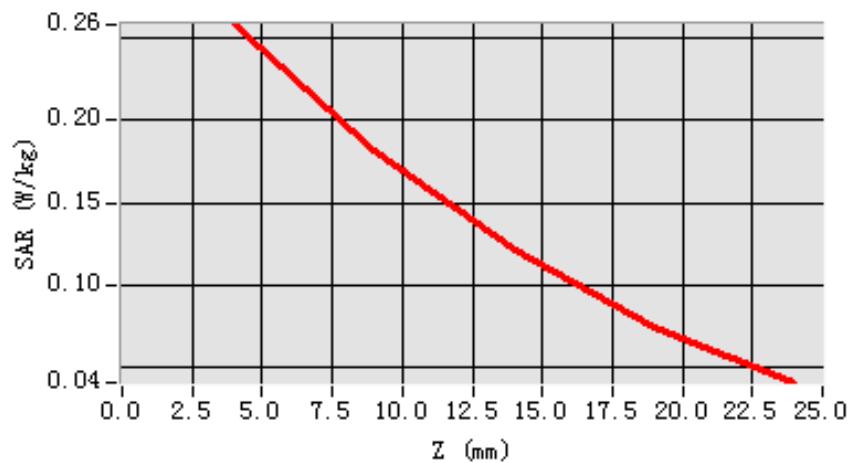


**Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-56.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.146784
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.241388

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2582	0.1811	0.1209	0.0750

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -56, Y = -56)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**PCS 1900 Mid-Tilt-Left <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.73; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

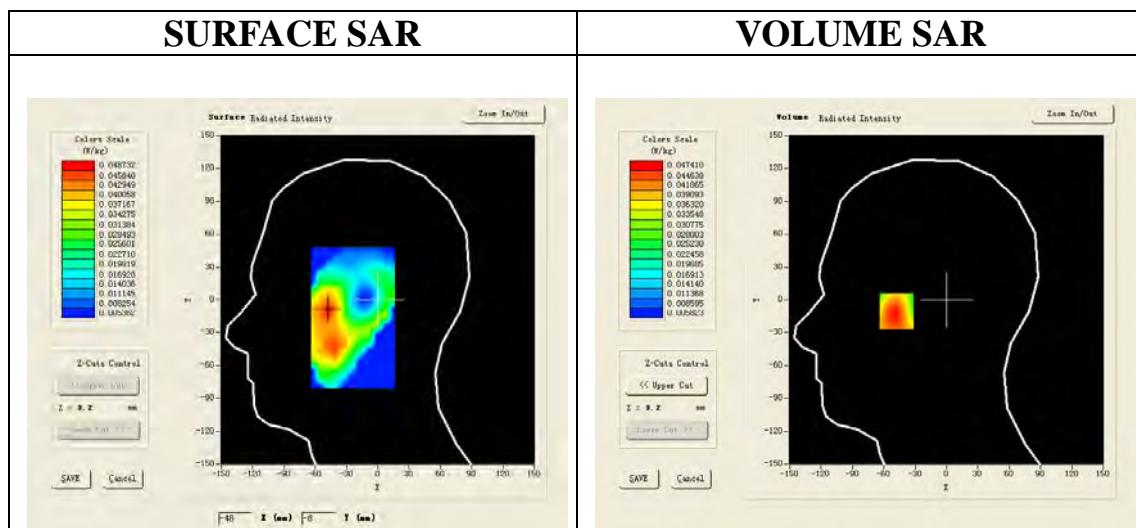
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe:EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Tilt-Left/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

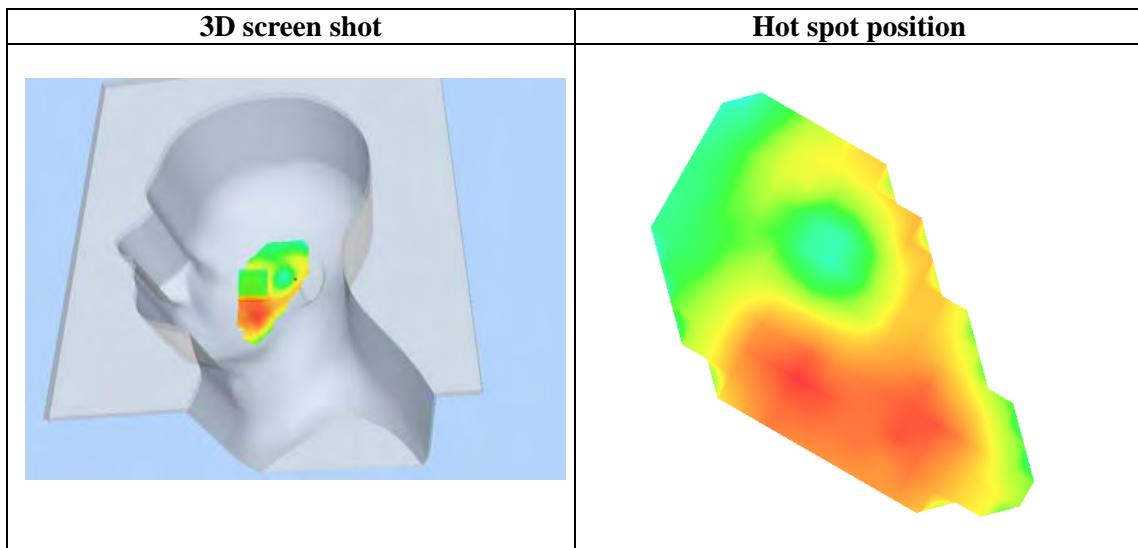
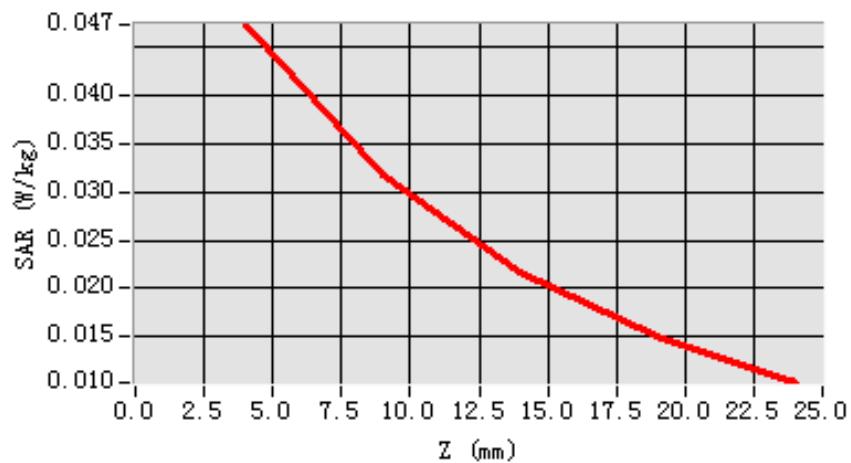


**Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-9.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.029578
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.045580

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0474	0.0319	0.0216	0.0150

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -48, Y = -9)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**PCS 1900 Mid-Touch-Right <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.73;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

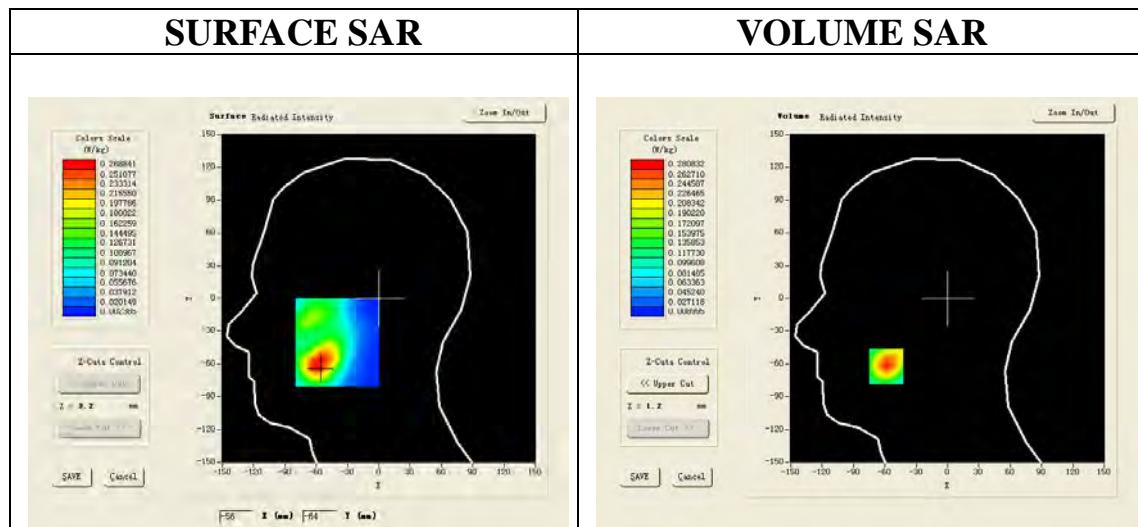
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

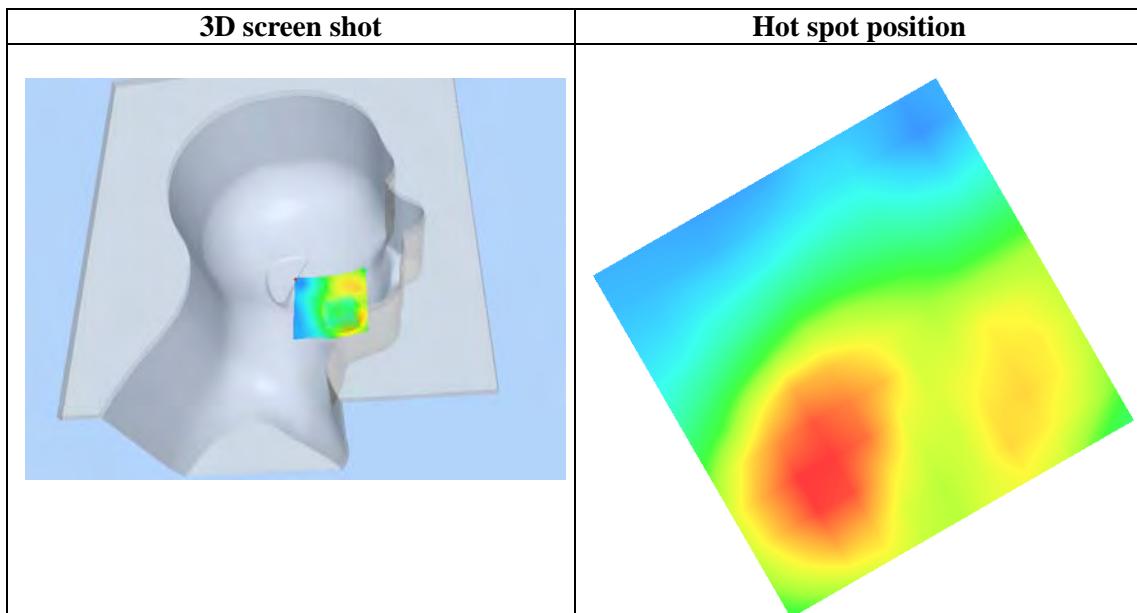
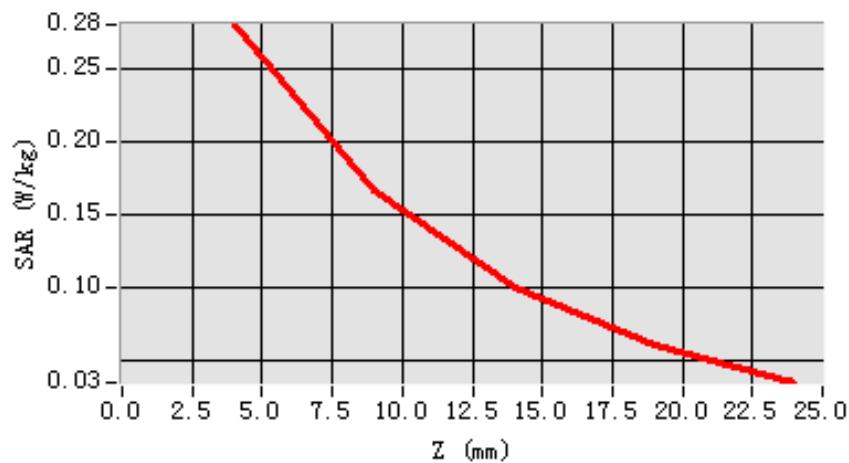


**Maximum location: X=-59.00, Y=-62.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.145856
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.261786

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2808	0.1676	0.0998	0.0602

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -59, Y = -62)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**PCS 1900 Mid-Tilt-Right <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.73;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

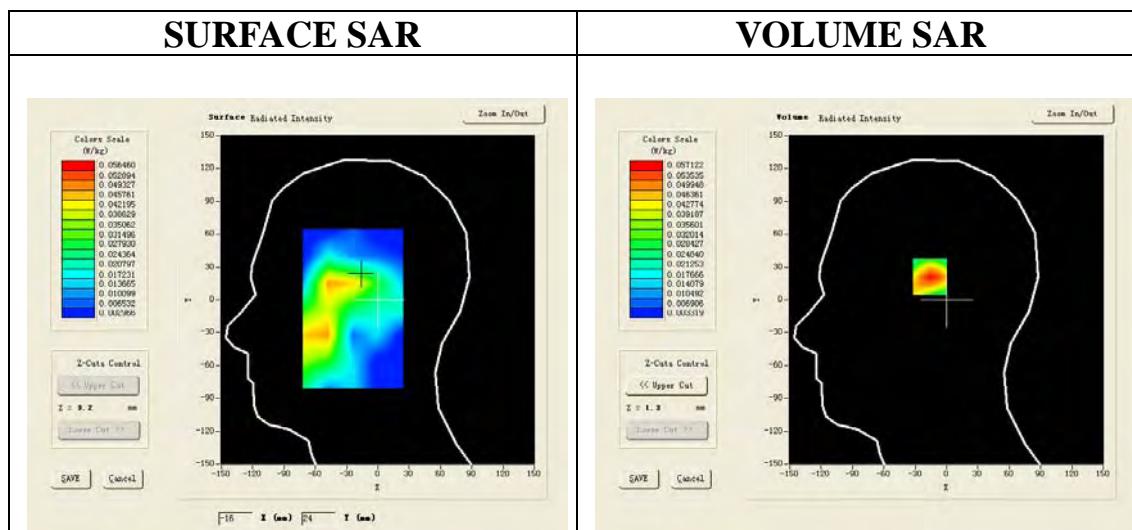
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

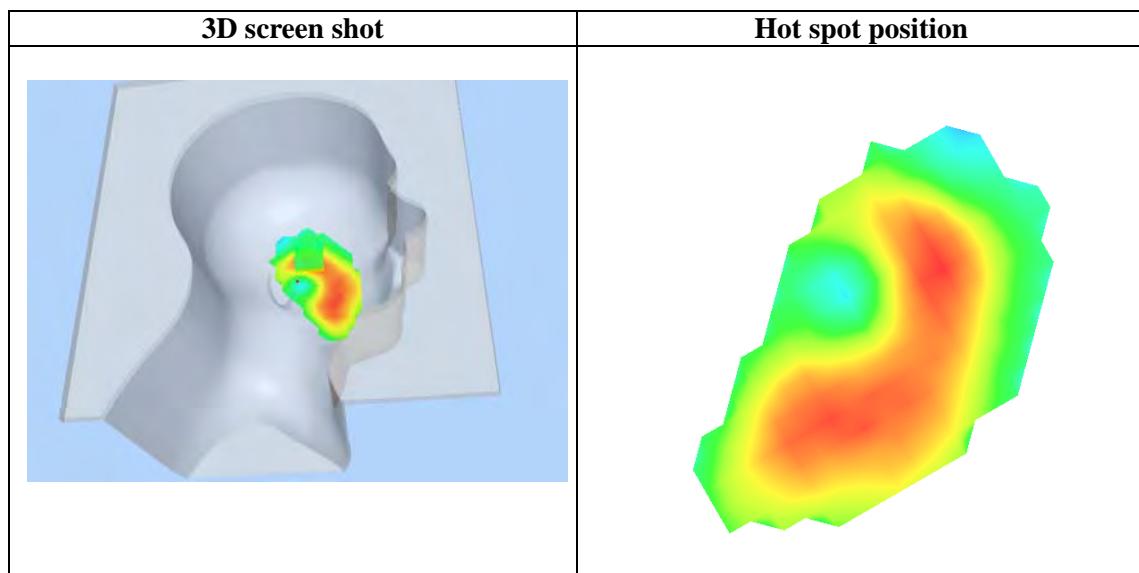
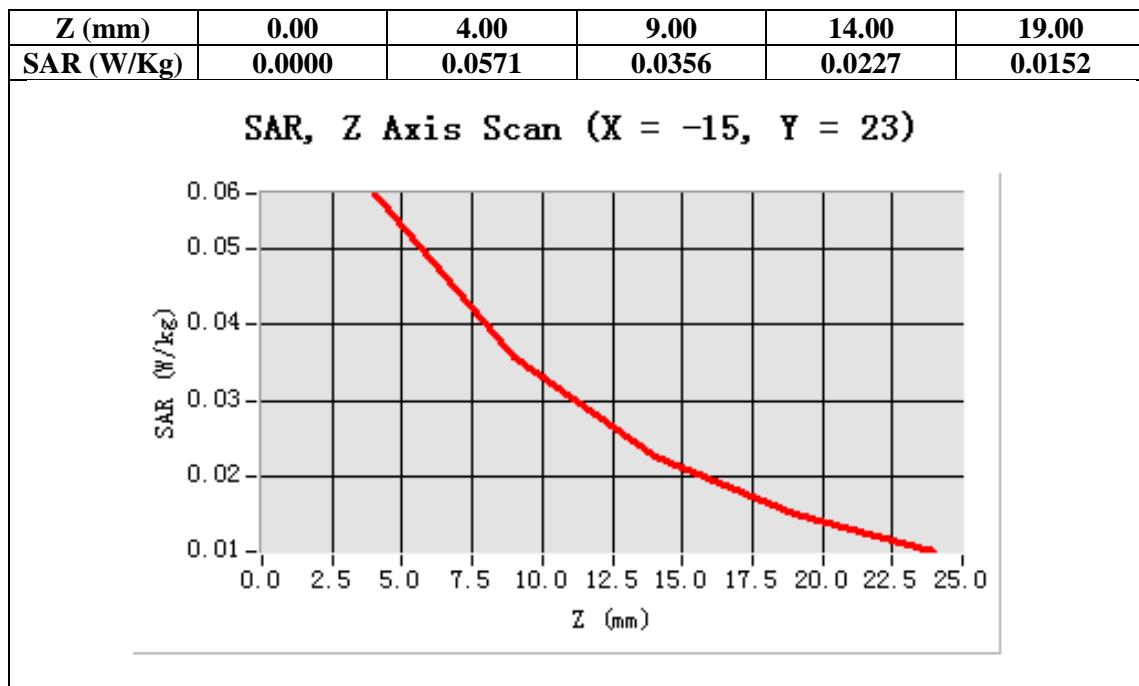
**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=23.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.031981
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.053730



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**PCS 1900 Mid-Touch-Right <SIM 2>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.73;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

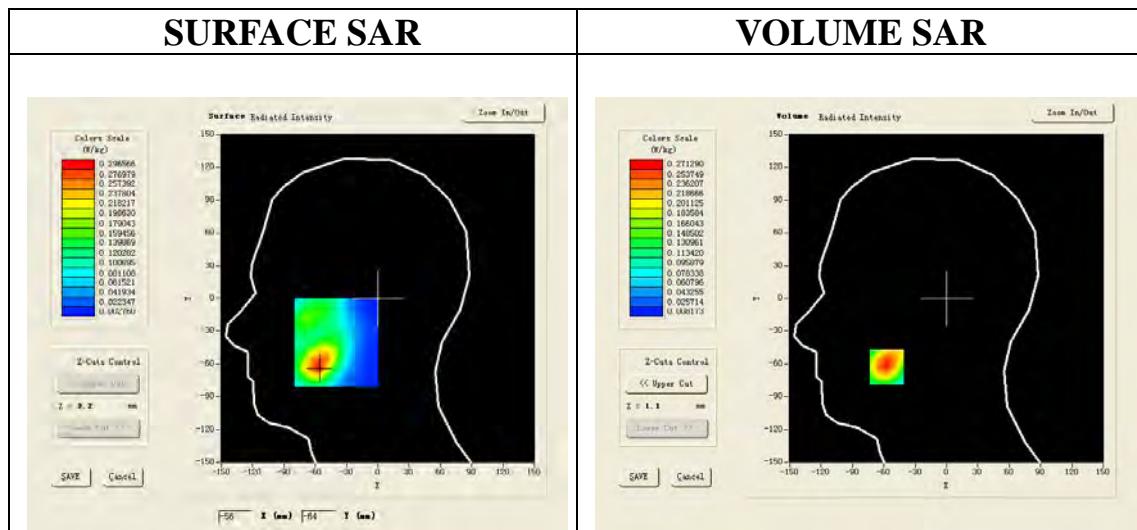
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

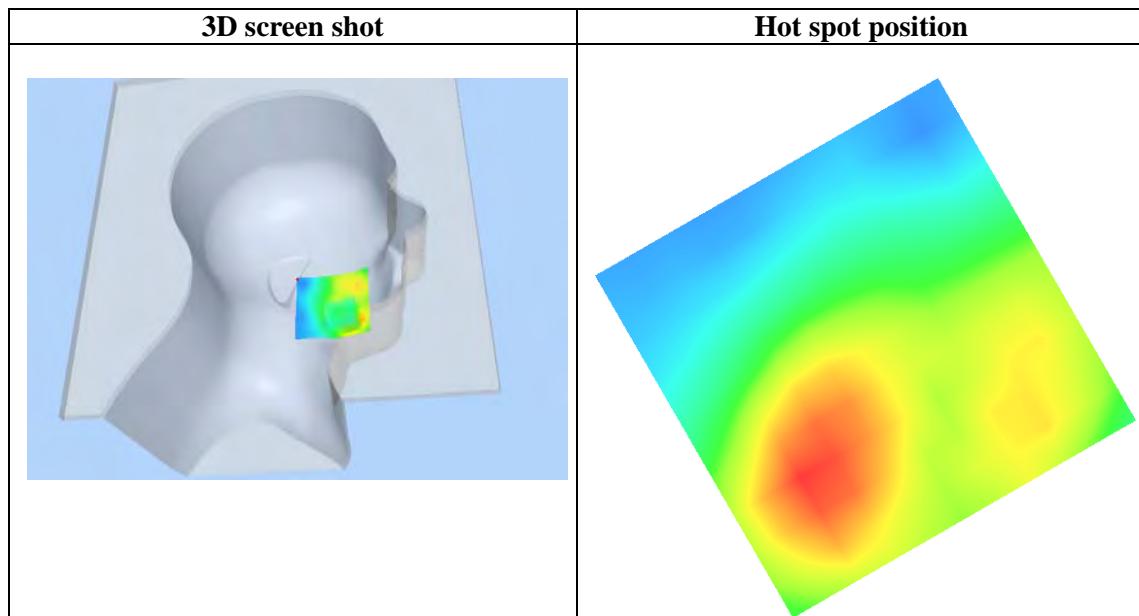
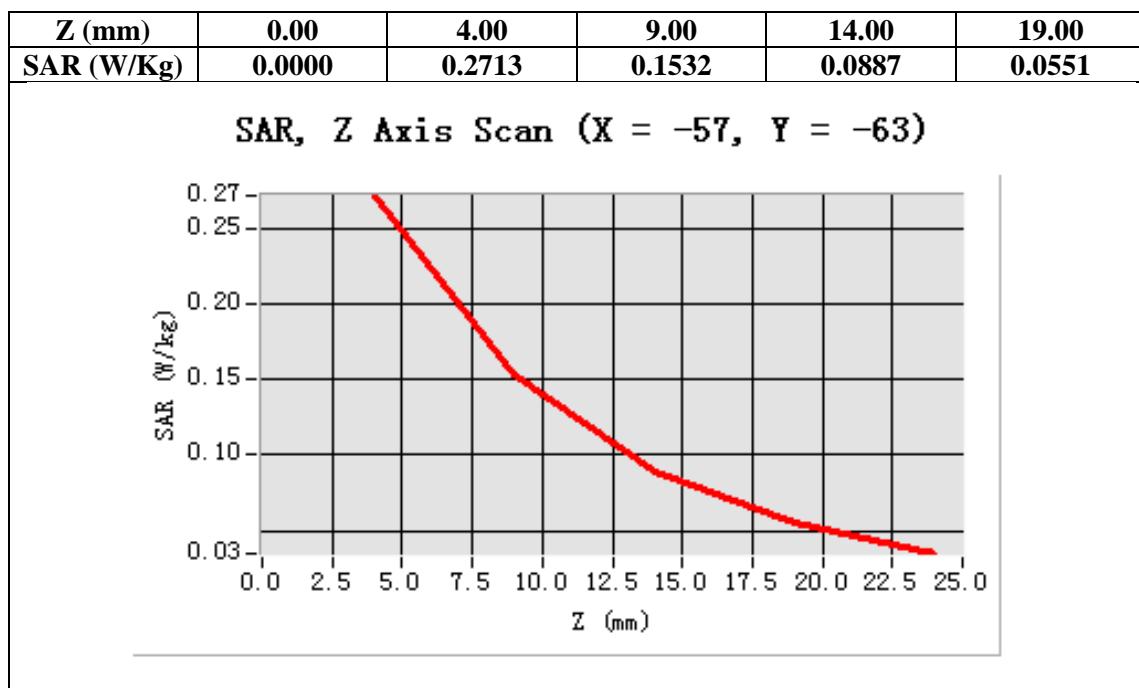
**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-63.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.143489
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.257329



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**PCS 1900 Mid-Body- Back <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.73; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.50$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

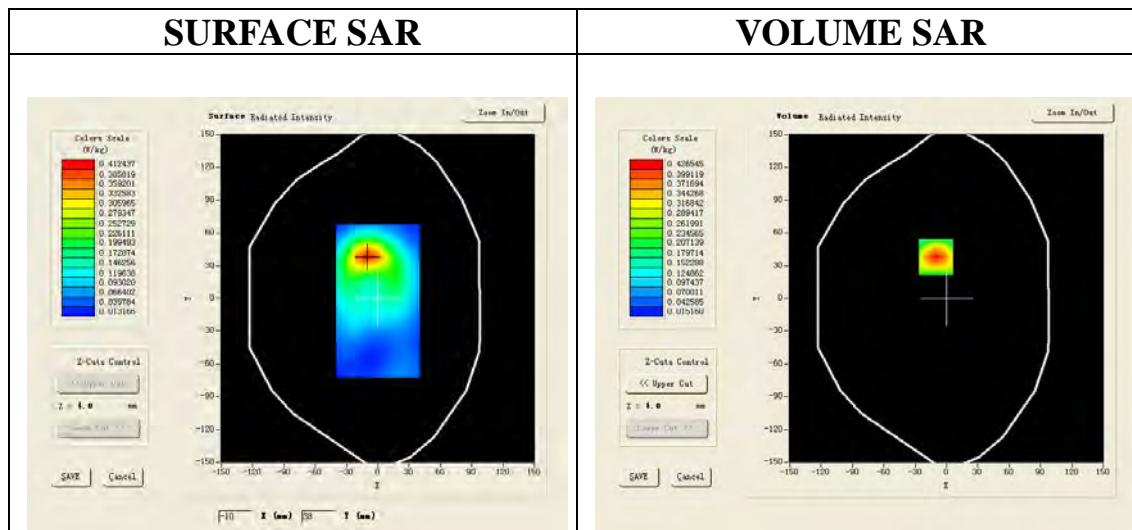
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

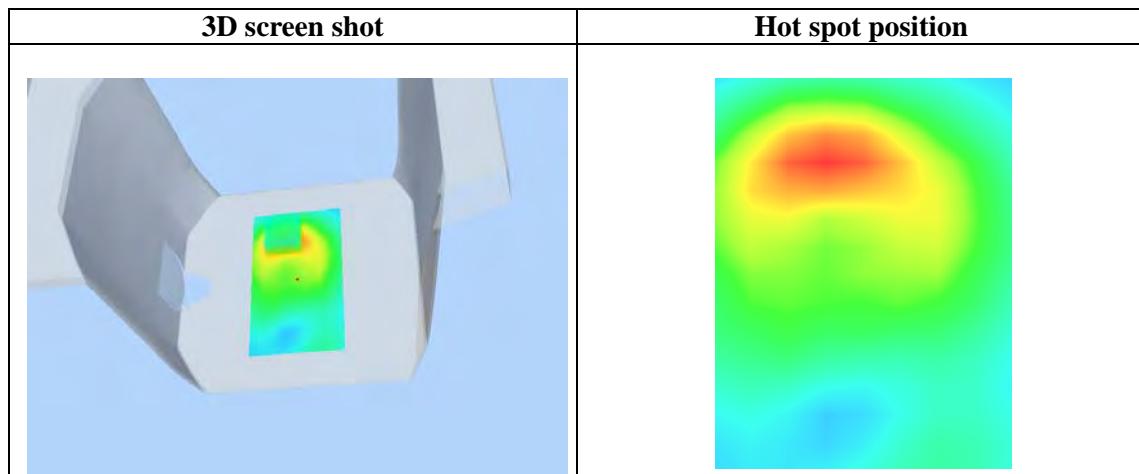
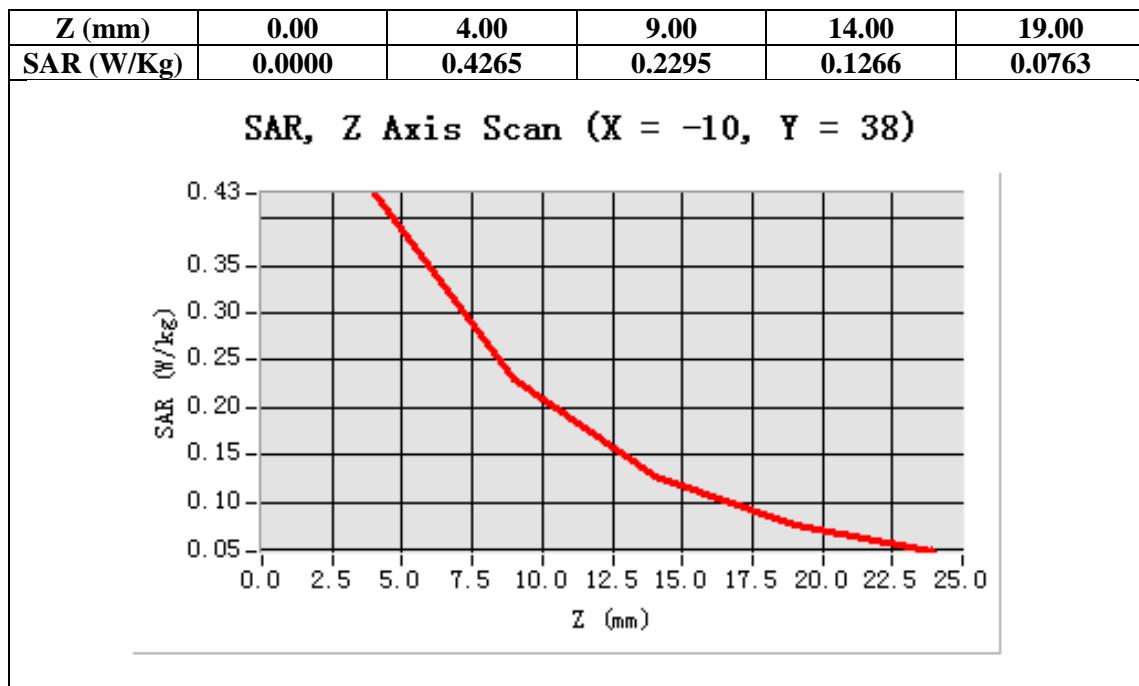
**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=38.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.232171
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.433417



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GPRS 1900 Mid-Body-Back (2up) <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: GPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ; Conv.F=5.73;  
 Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.50$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
 Phantom section: Flat Section  
 Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

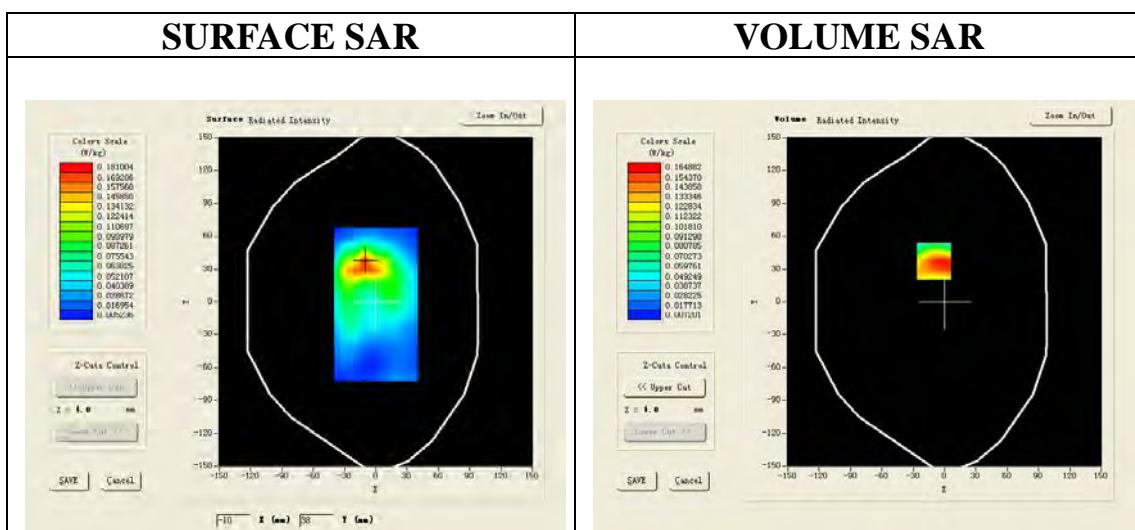
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

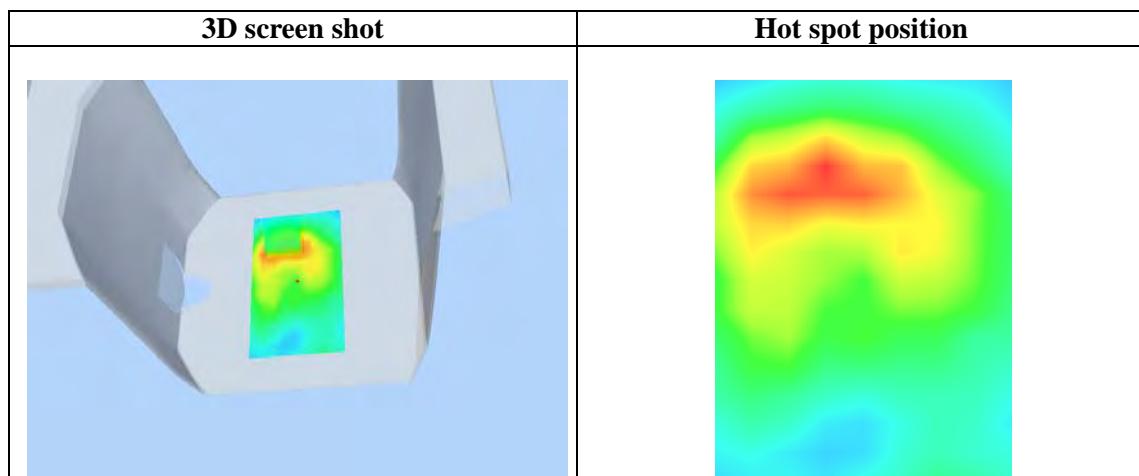
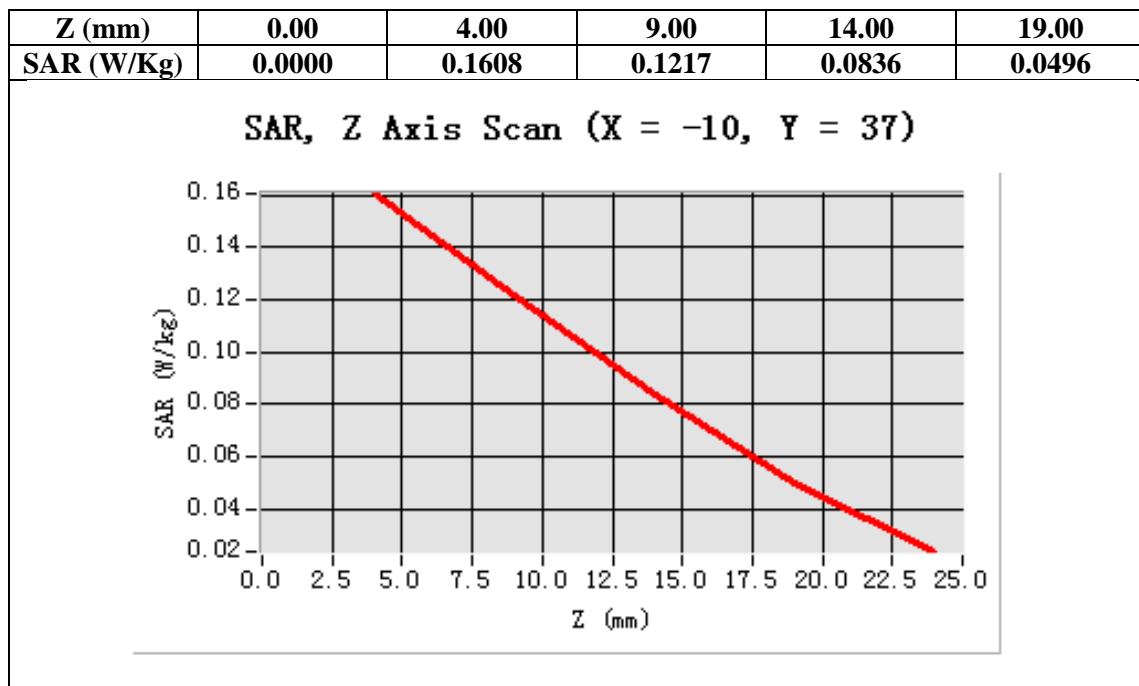
**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5m;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)



**Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=37.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.107769
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.174775



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GPRS 1900 Mid-Body-Back (3up) <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: GPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:1:2.8 ; Conv.F=5.73; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.50$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000\text{kg/m}^3$  ; Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

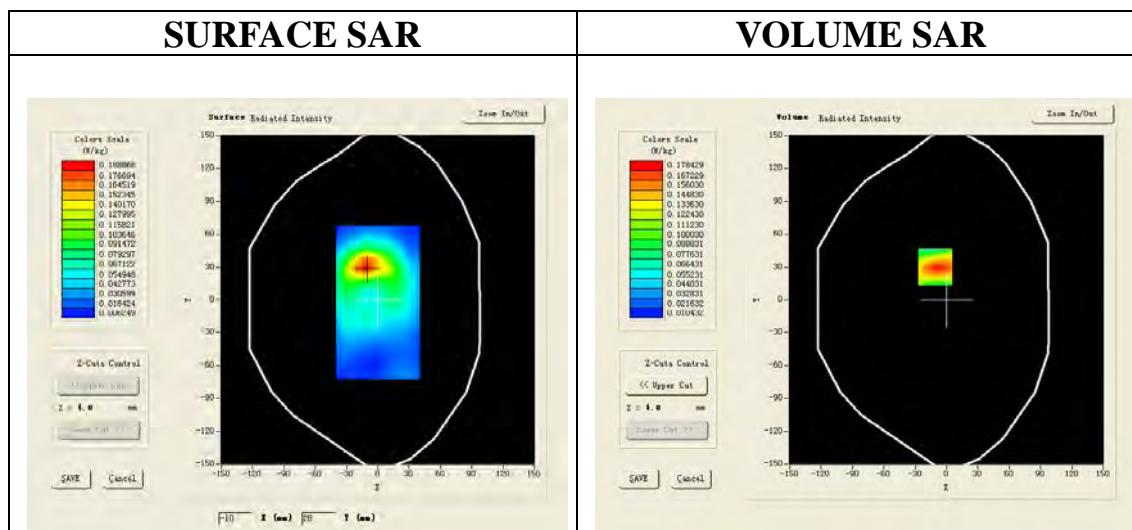
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.7)

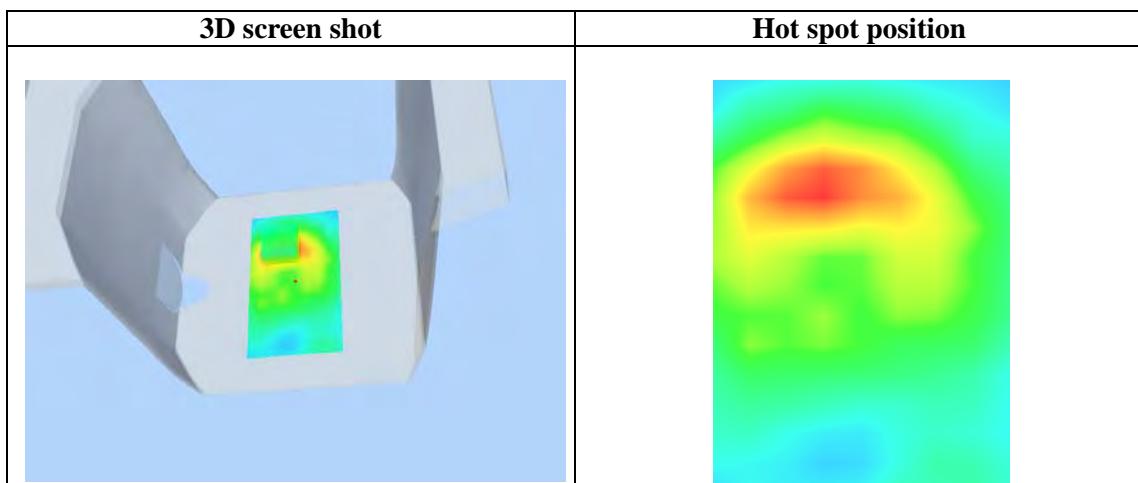
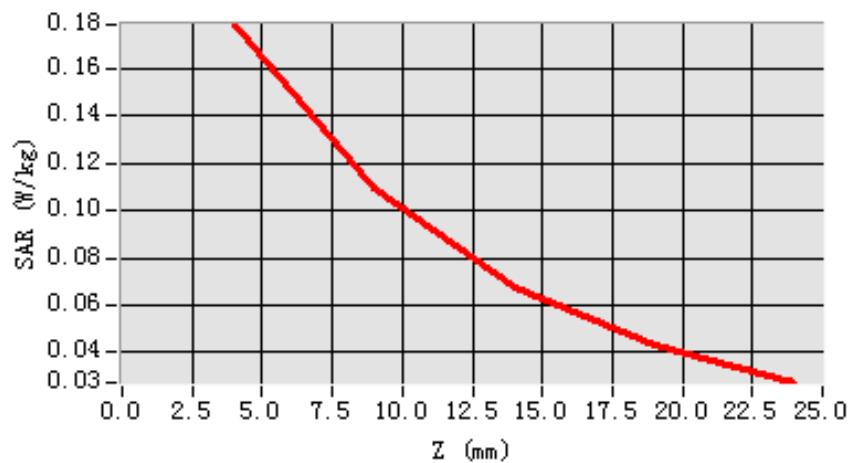


**Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=30.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.105617
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.182321

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1784	0.1092	0.0676	0.0433

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -11, Y = 30)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**GPRS 1900 Mid-Body-Back (4up) <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: GPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.73;  
 Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.50$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
 Phantom section: Flat Section  
 Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

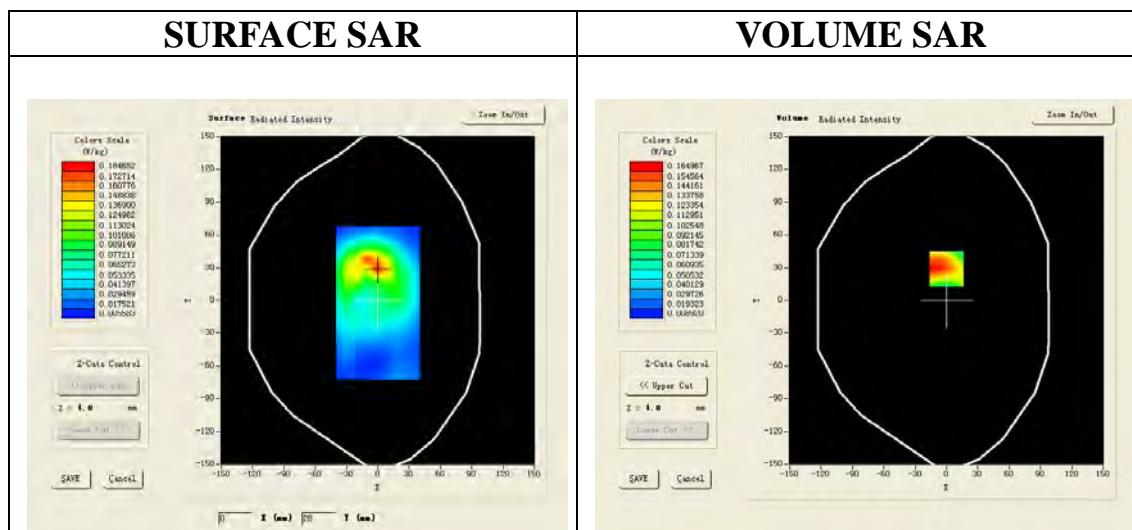
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

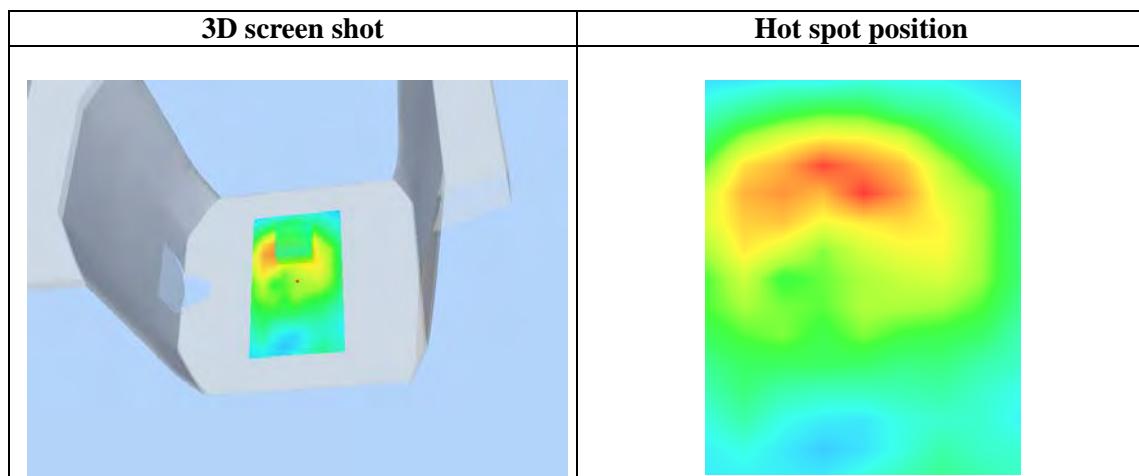
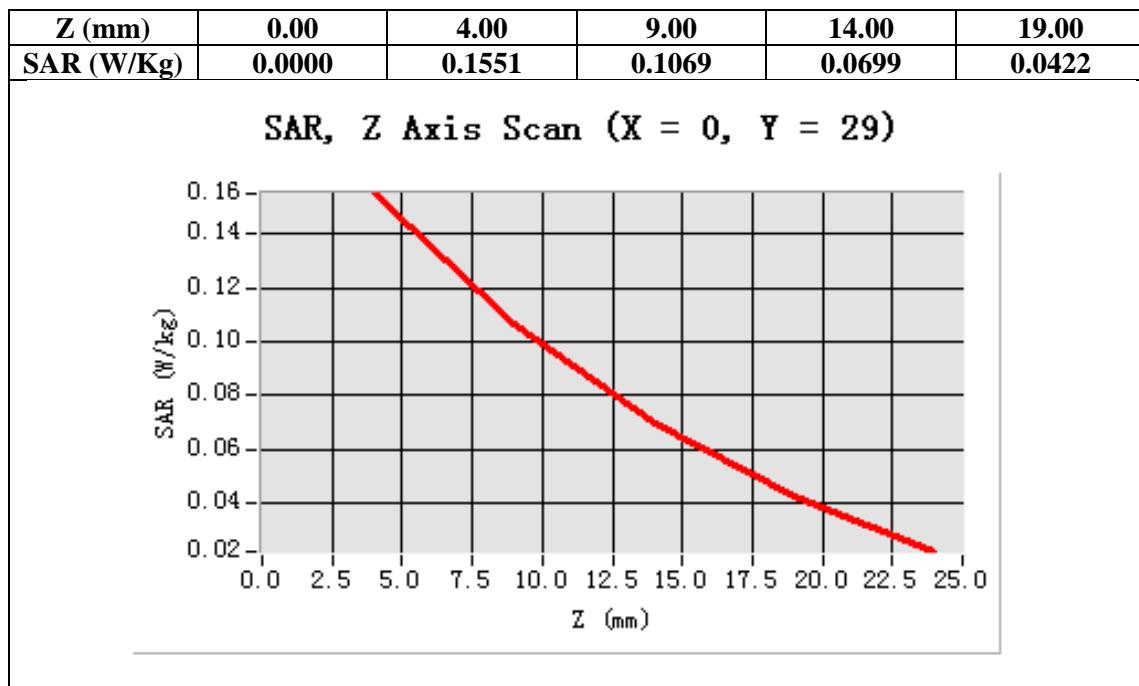
**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=29.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.103448
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.170815



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**PCS 1900 Mid-Body -Front (MS) <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.73;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.50$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

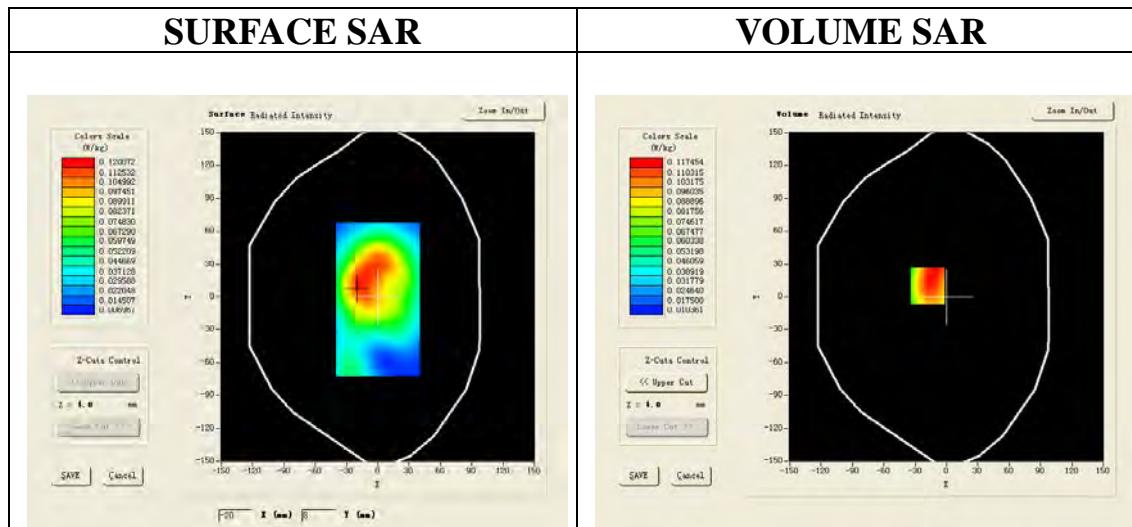
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

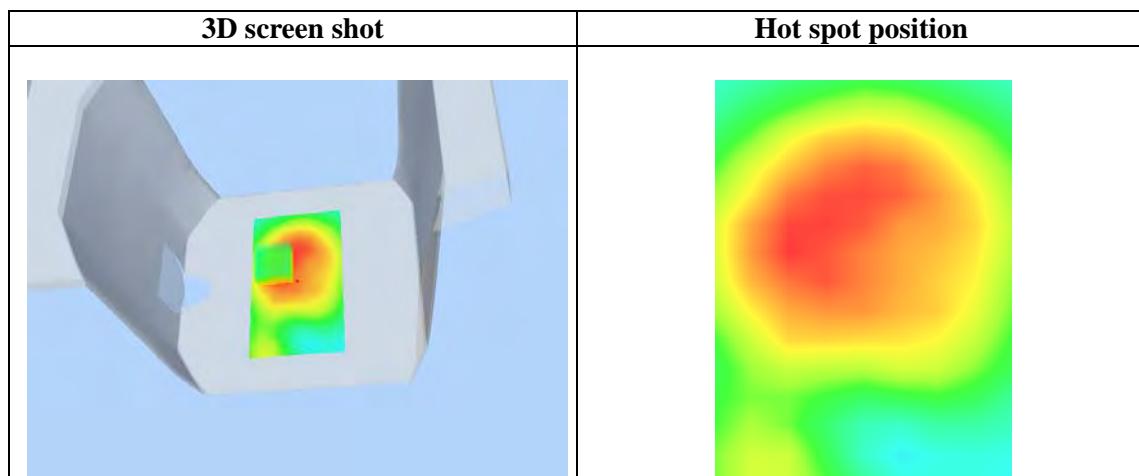
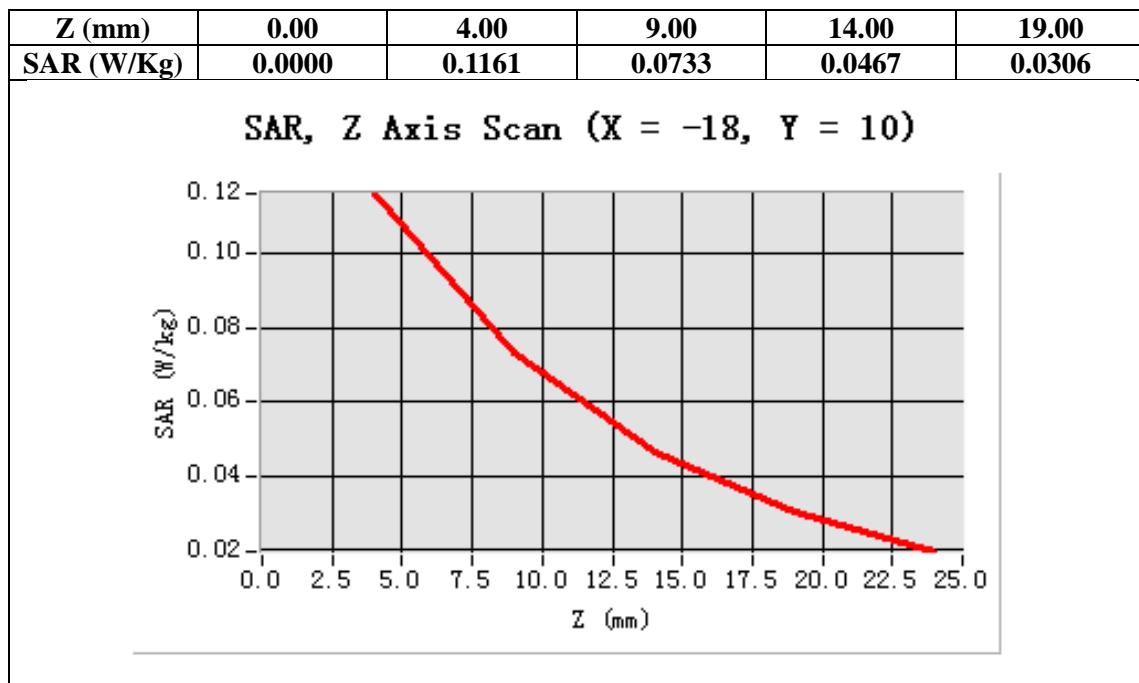
**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body- Front /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Front
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=-18.00, Y=10.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.077560
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.122878



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**PCS 1900 Mid-Body- Back (MS)- with earphone <SIM 1>**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.73; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.50$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

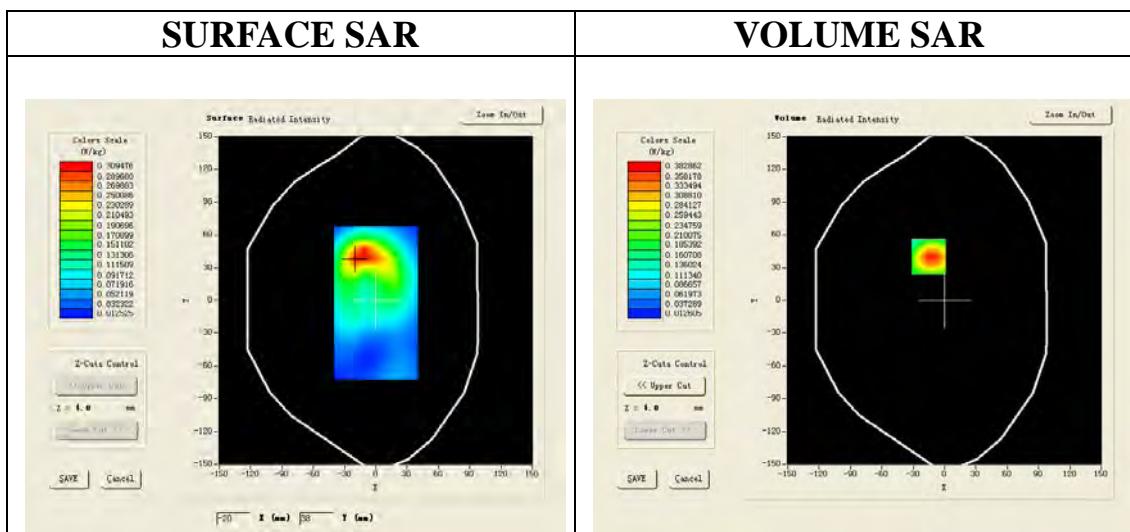
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

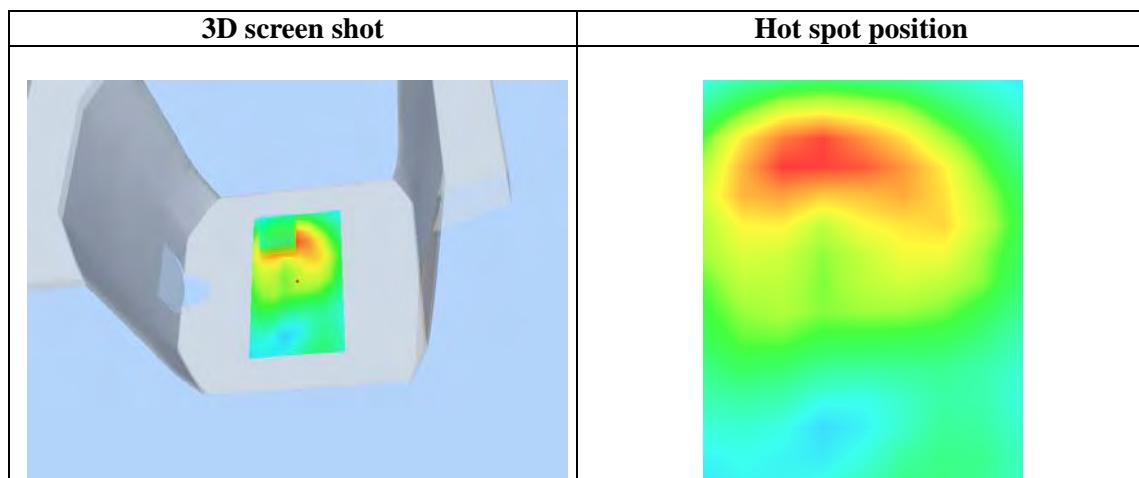
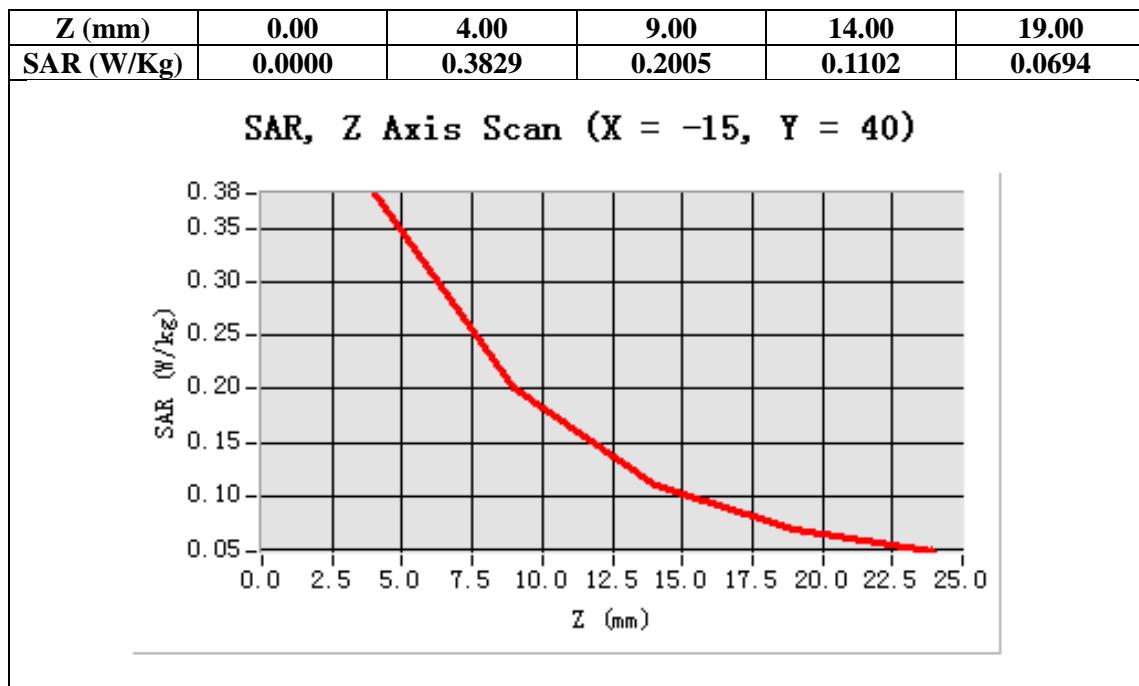
**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	PCS 1900
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=40.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.211439
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.393521



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

**WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left (RMC )**

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05 Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma=0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

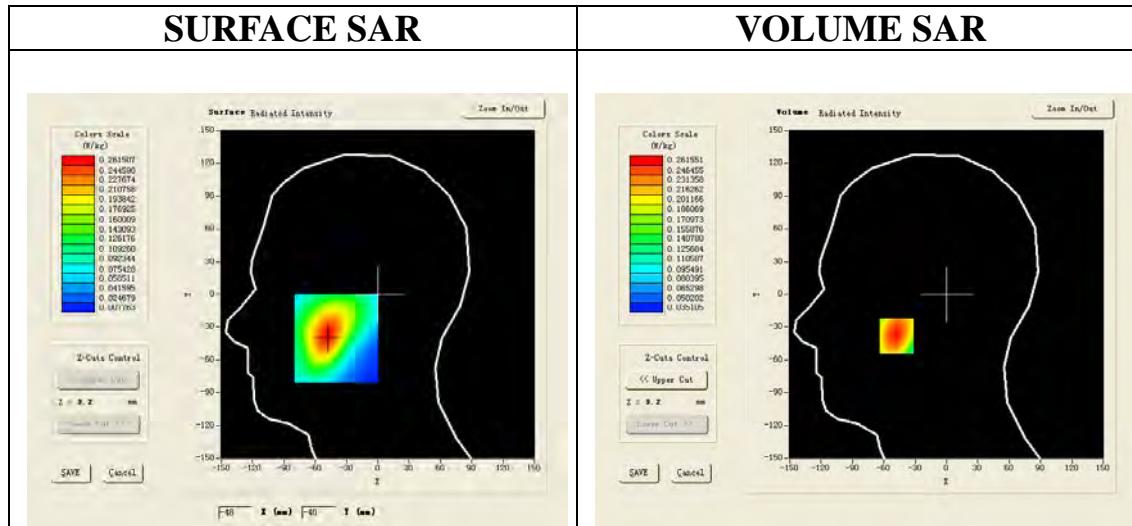
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

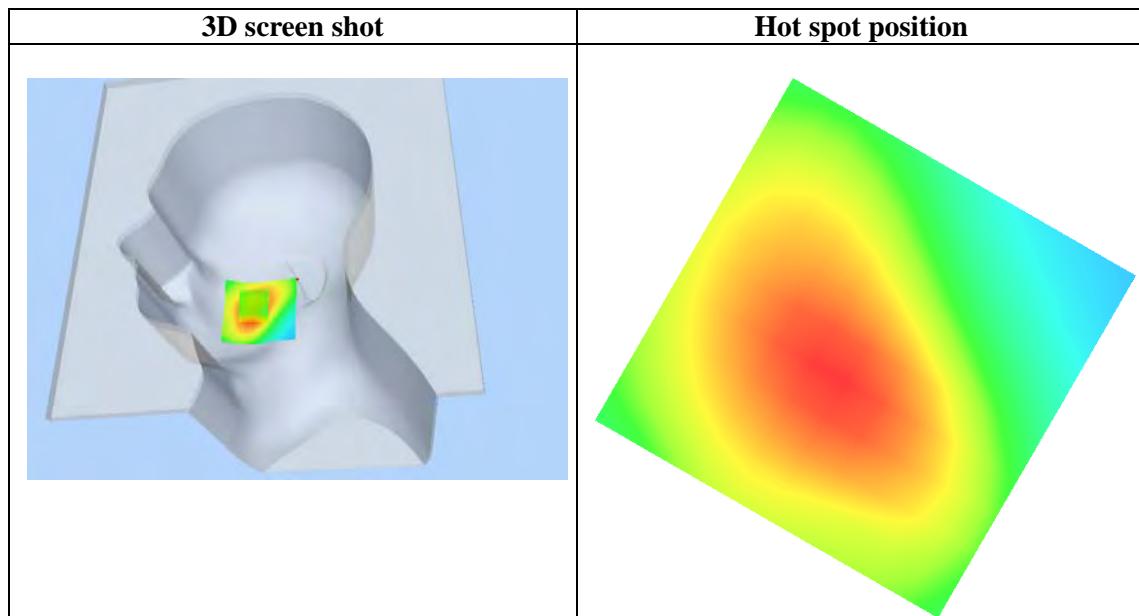
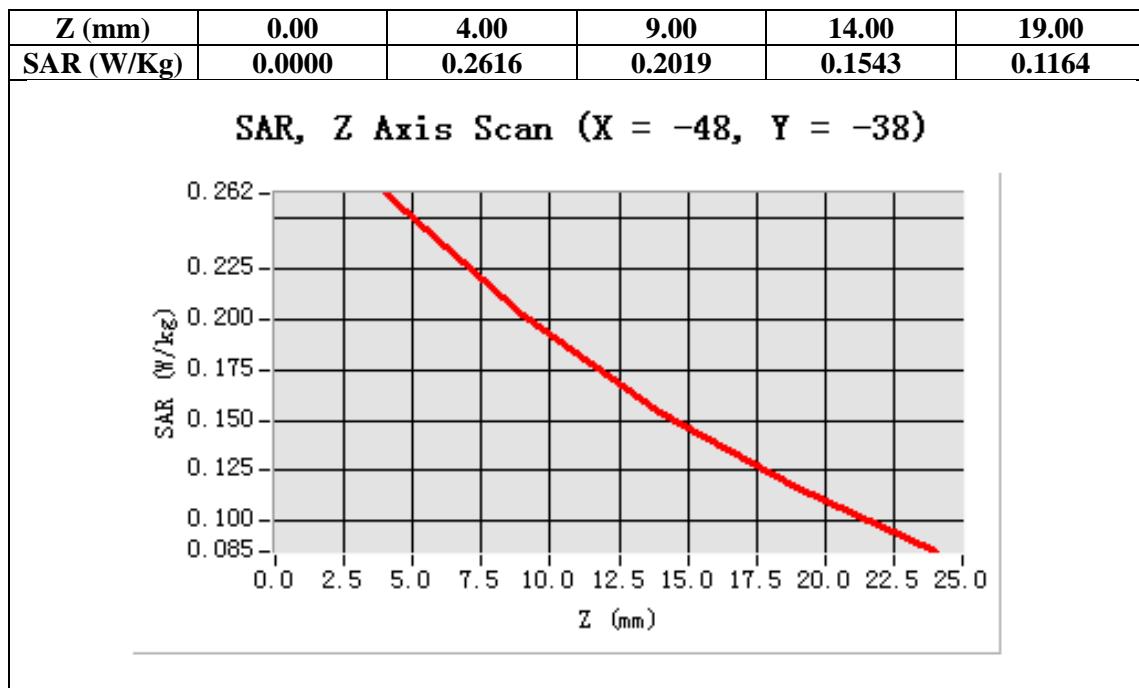
**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



**Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-38.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.177987
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.250362



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**  
**WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Left (RMC)**  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma=0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

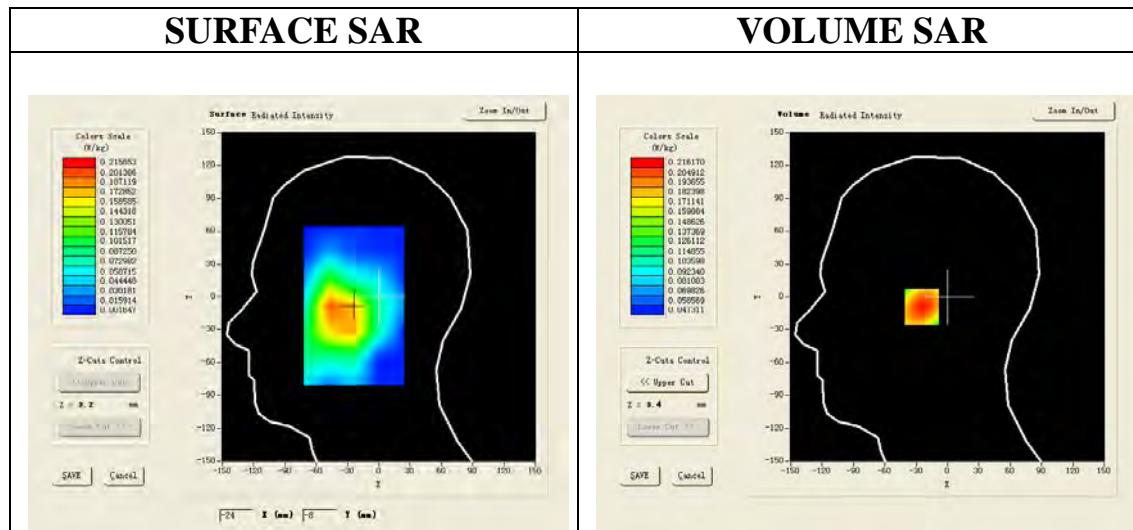
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

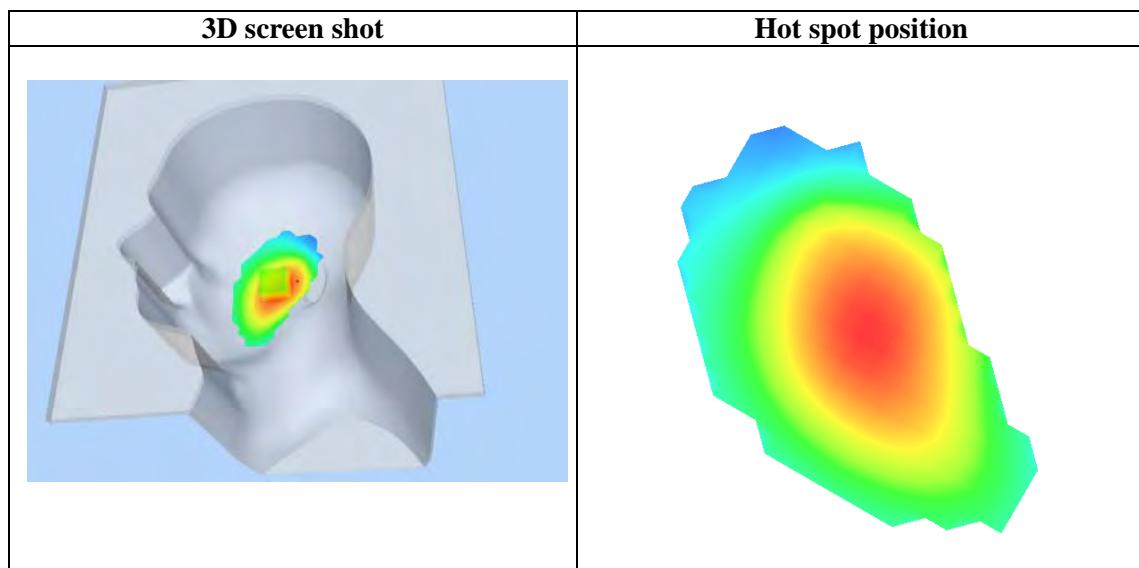
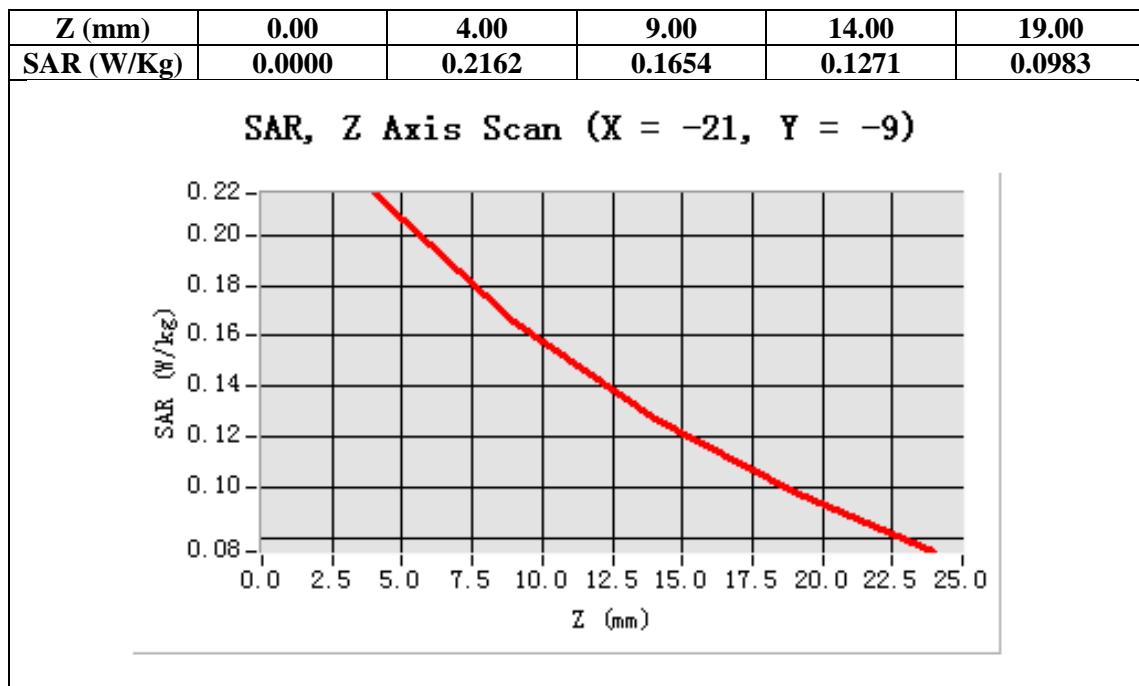
**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.150721
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.207669



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

**WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Right (RMC)**

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma=0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

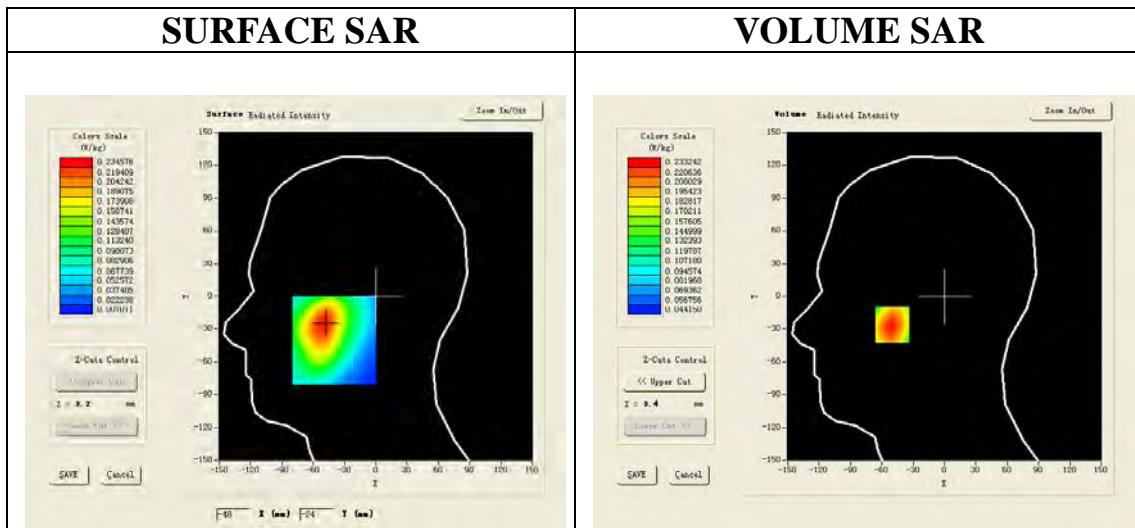
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

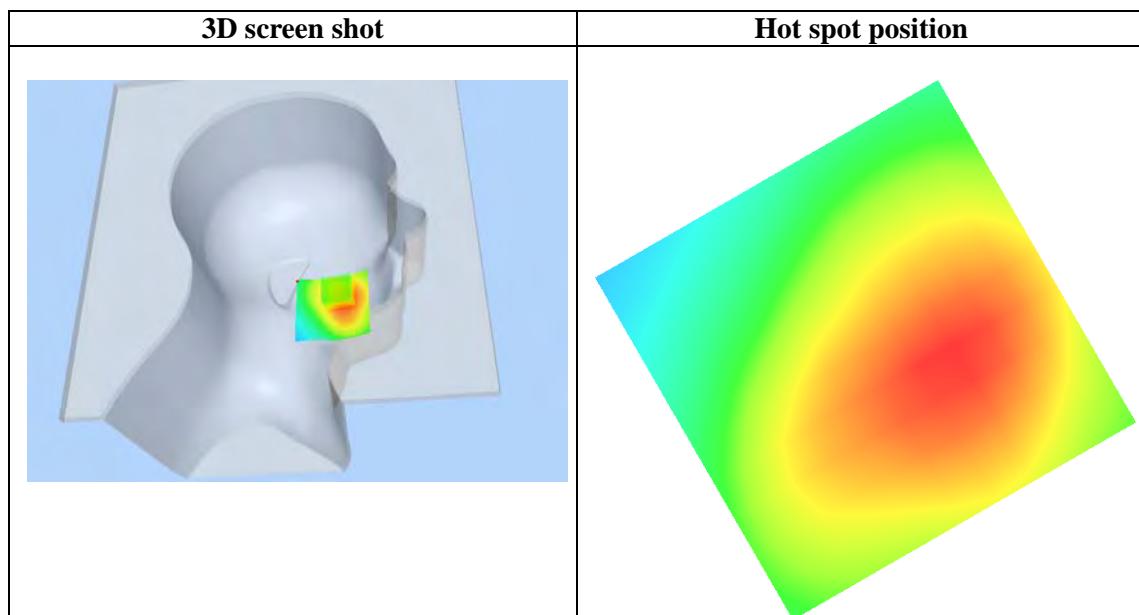
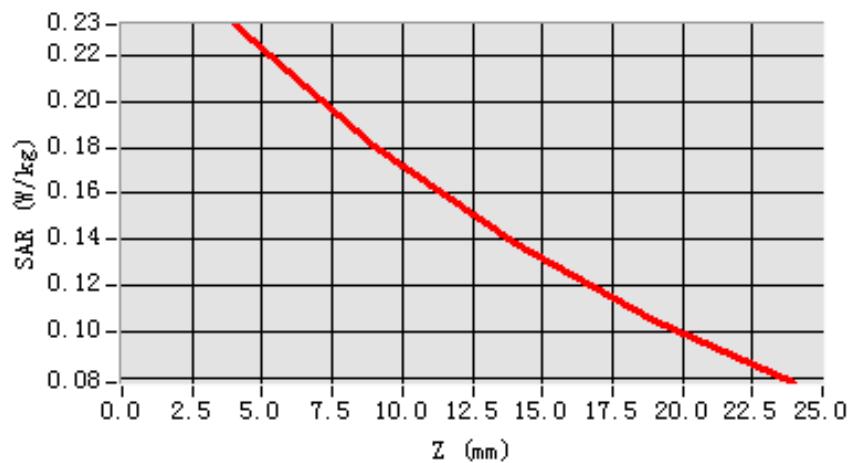


**Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-26.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.160360
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.223890

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2332	0.1802	0.1383	0.1052

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -50, Y = -26)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

**WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Right (RMC)**

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850$  MHz;  $\sigma=0.93$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =40.59$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

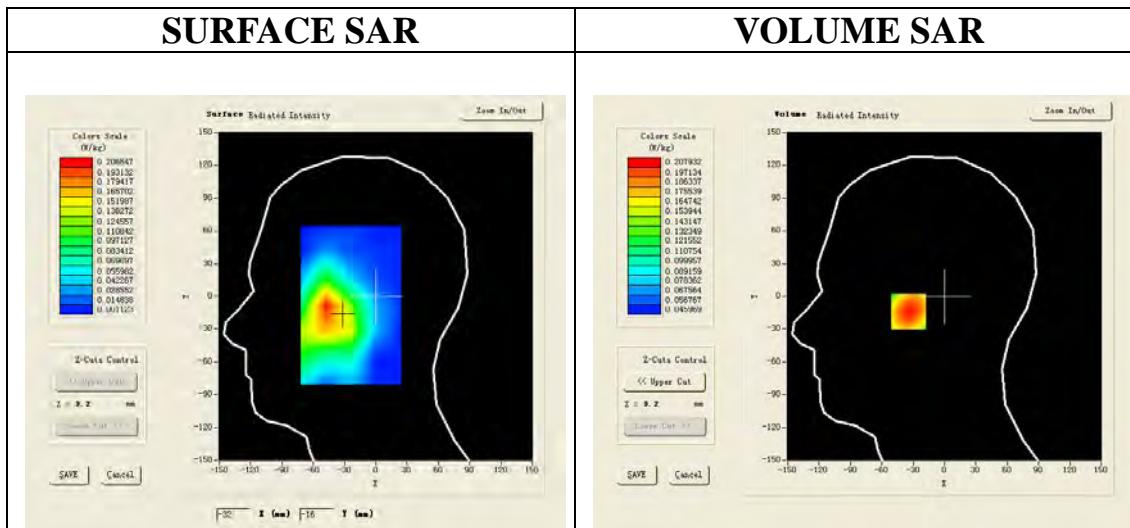
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

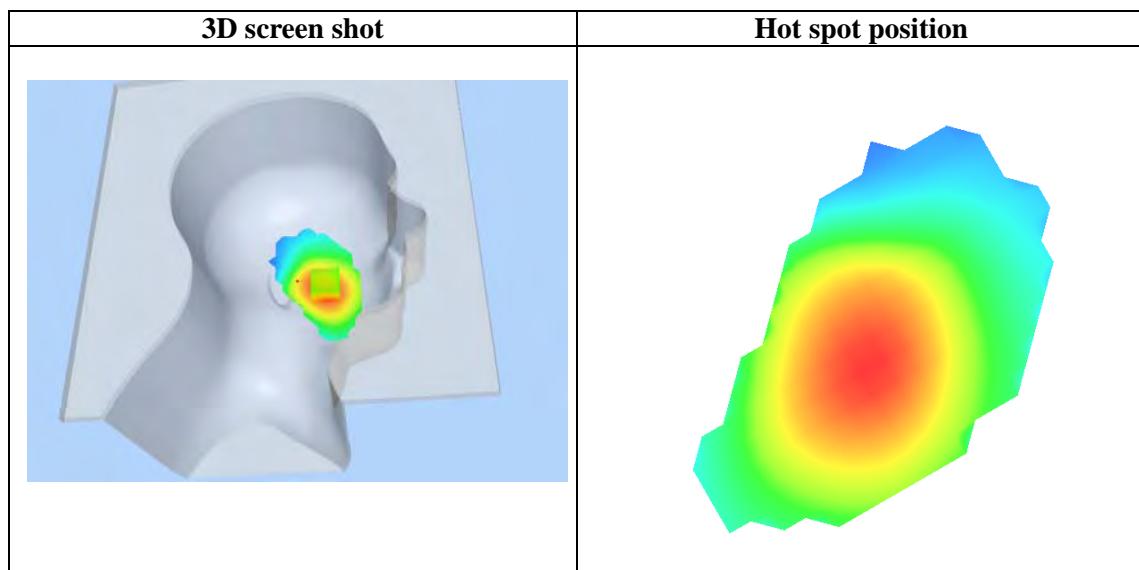
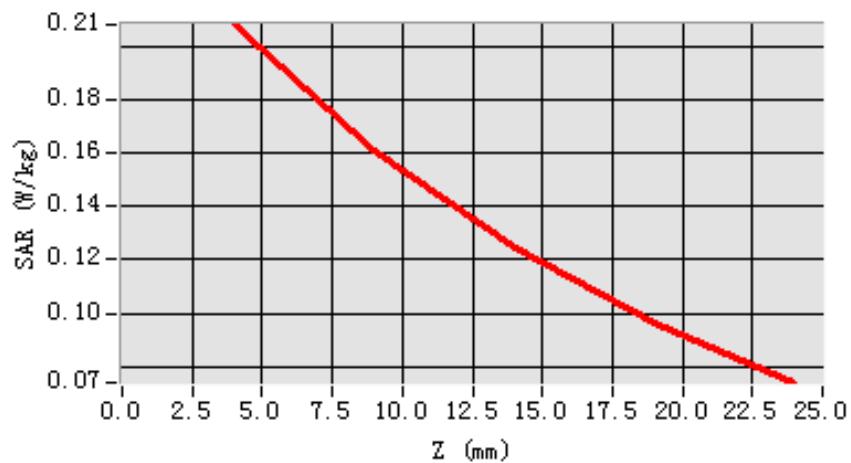


**Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-14.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.145683
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.199871

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2079	0.1606	0.1244	0.0966

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -32, Y = -14)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

**WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)**

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21

Satimo Configuration:

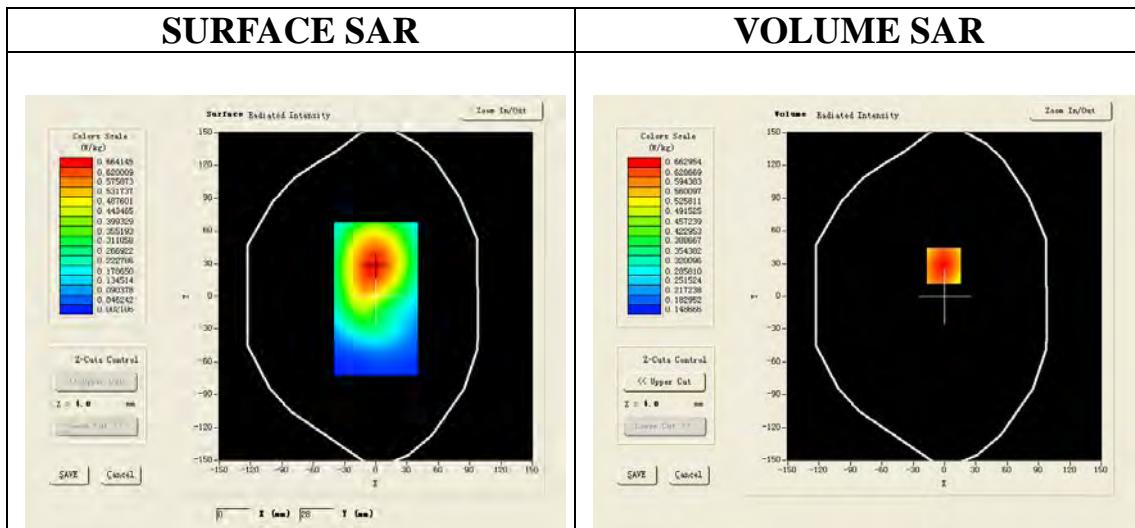
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Front/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

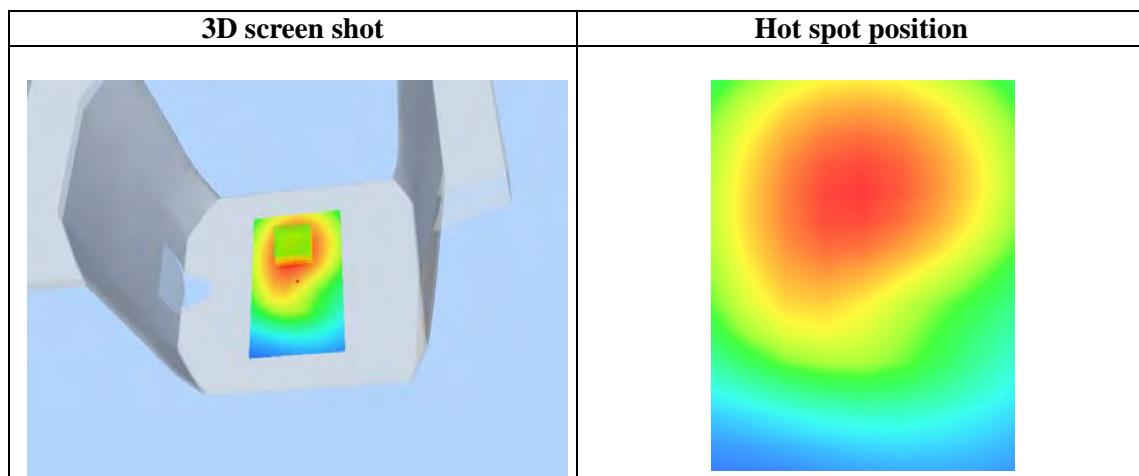
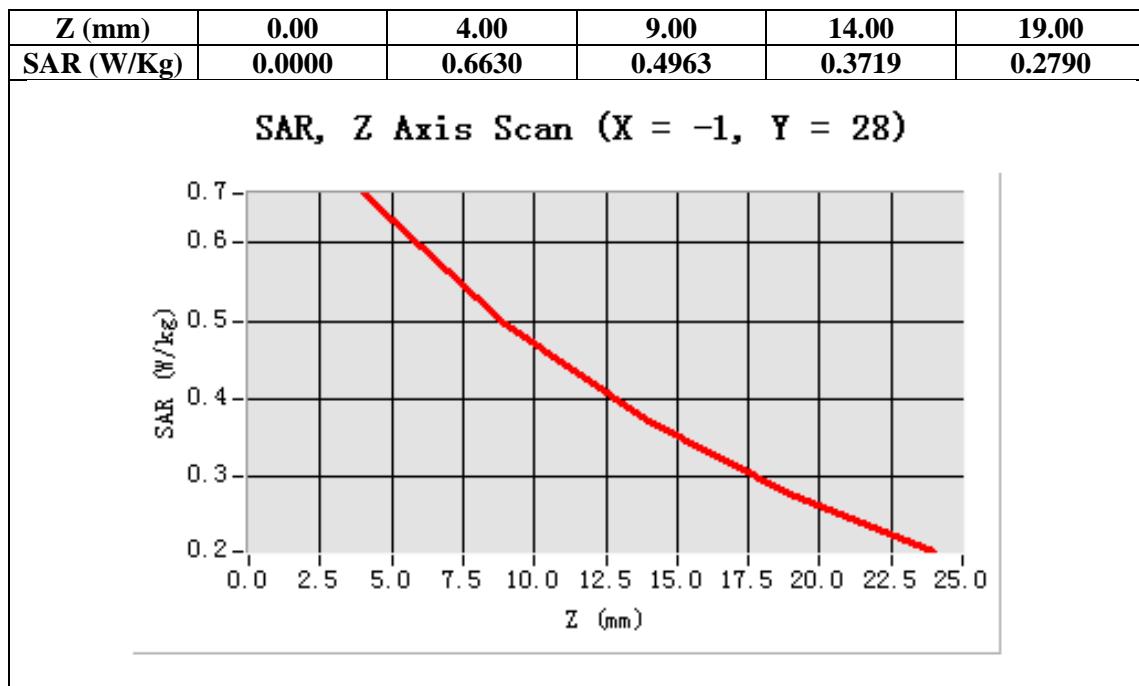
**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



**Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=28.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.460317
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.638485



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

**WCDMA Band V Mid- Body - Towards Phantom (RMC)**

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21

Satimo Configuration:

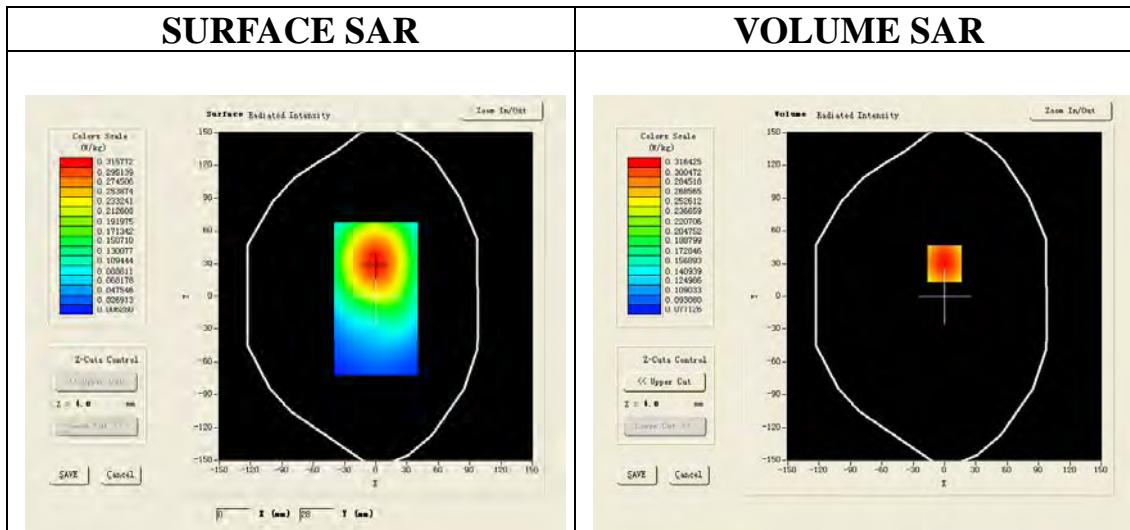
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body- Back /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

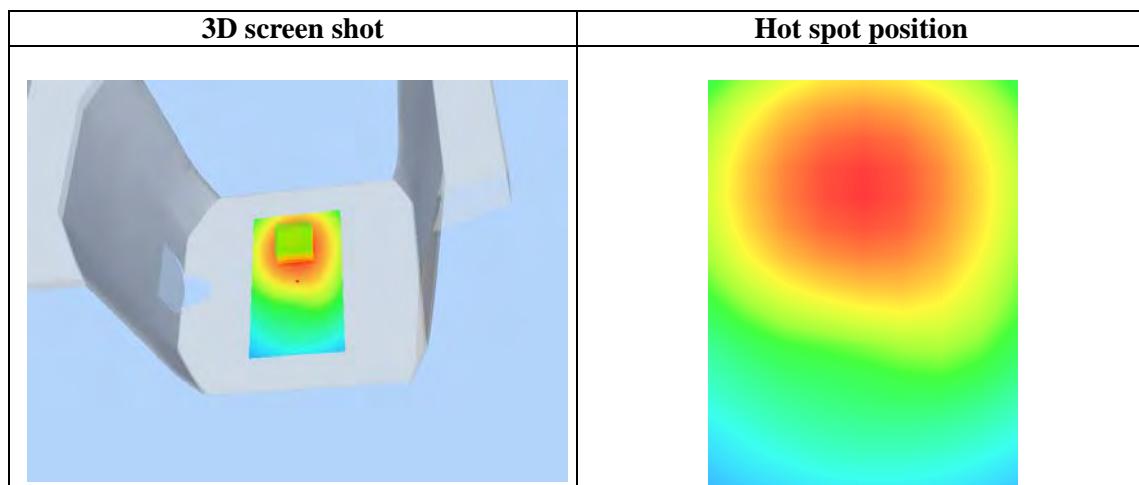
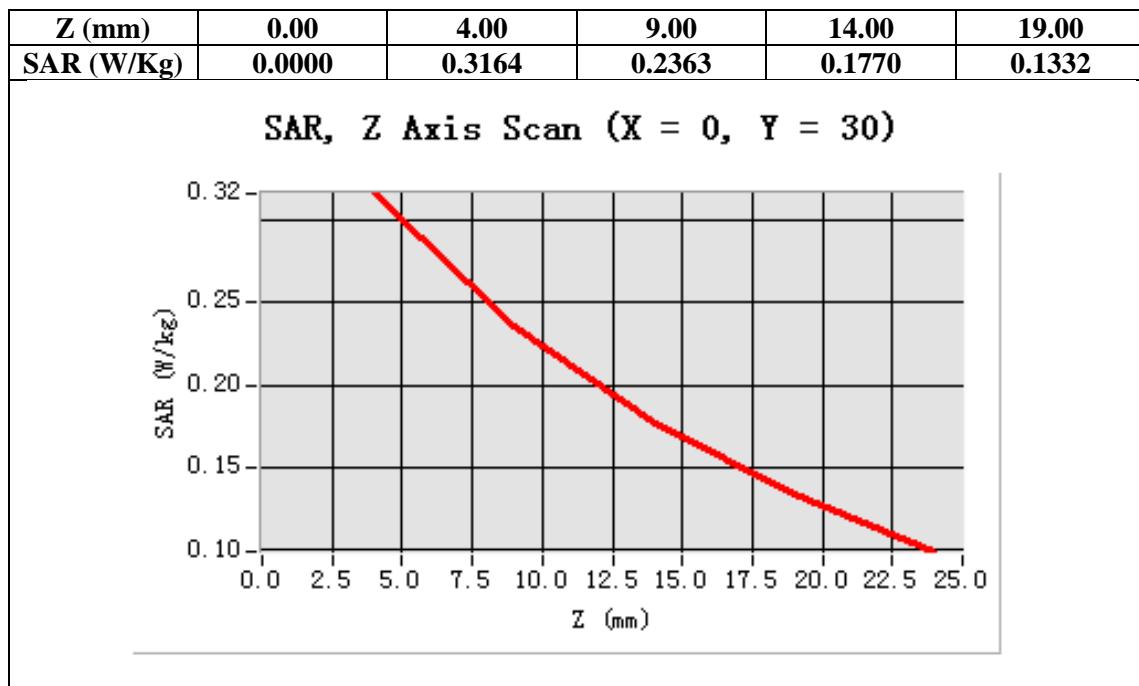
**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body- Back /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Front
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=30.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.220098
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.304700



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

**WCDMA Band V Mid- Body - Towards Grounds(HSPA)**

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21

Satimo Configuration:

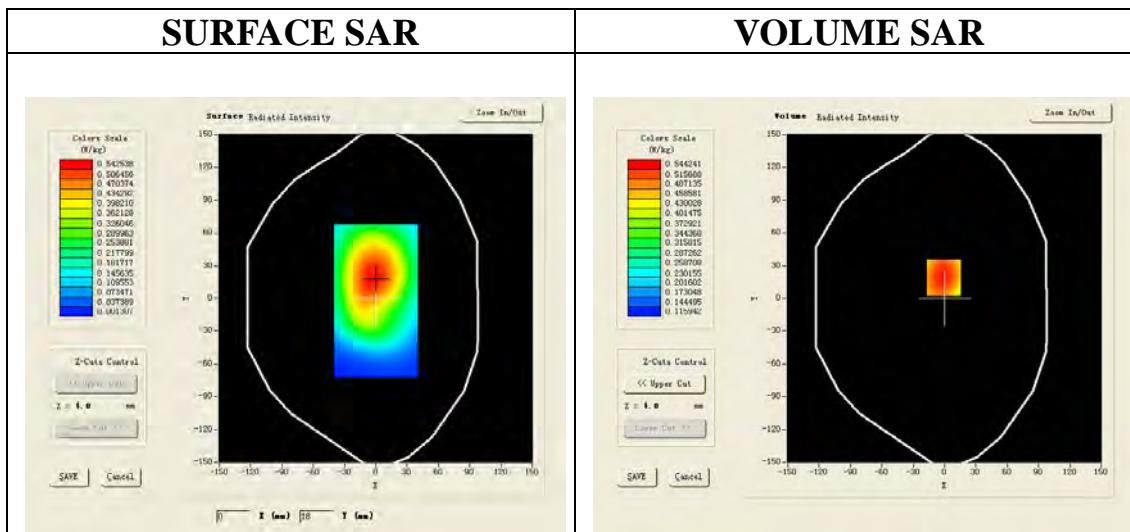
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body- Back /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

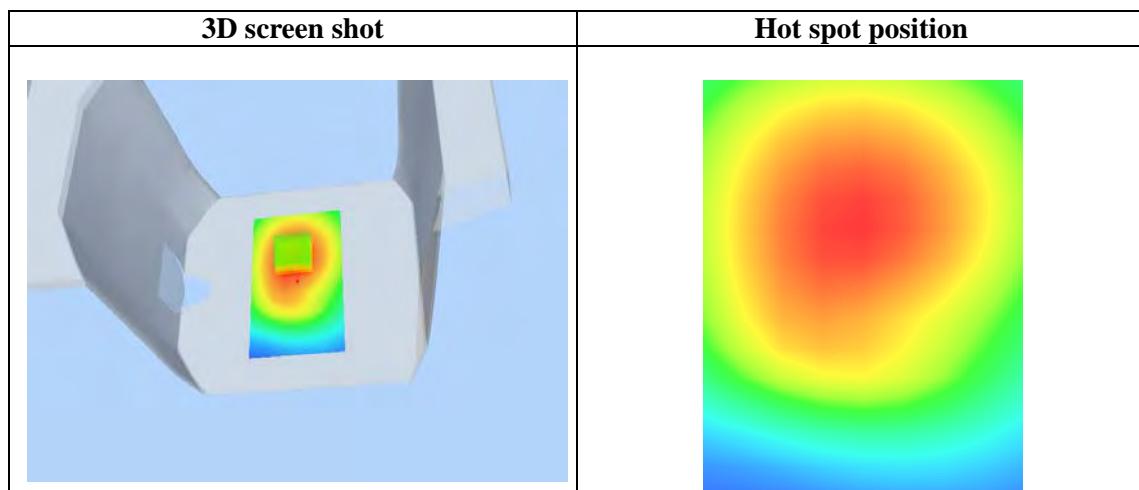
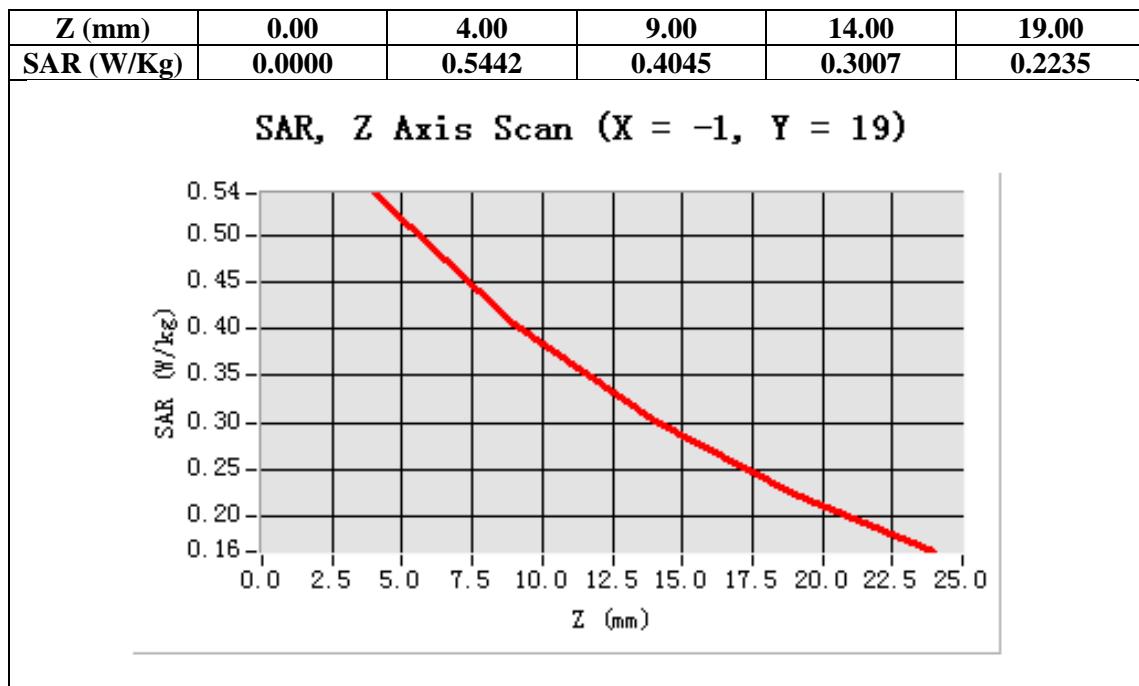
**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body- Back /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



**Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=19.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.375006
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.523971



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

**WCDMA Band V Mid- Body - Towards Grounds(HSPA+)**

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21

Satimo Configuration:

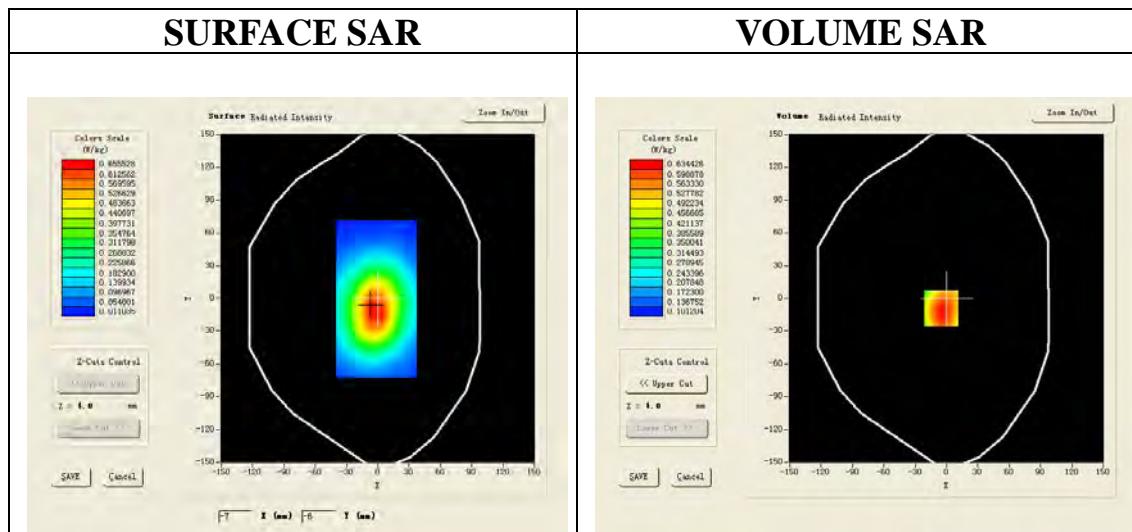
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body- Back /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body- Back /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

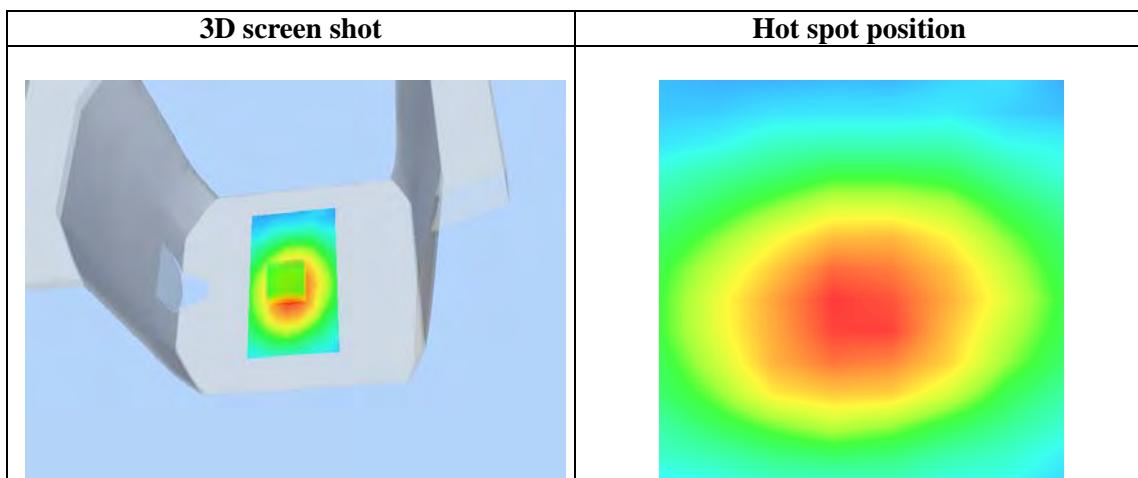
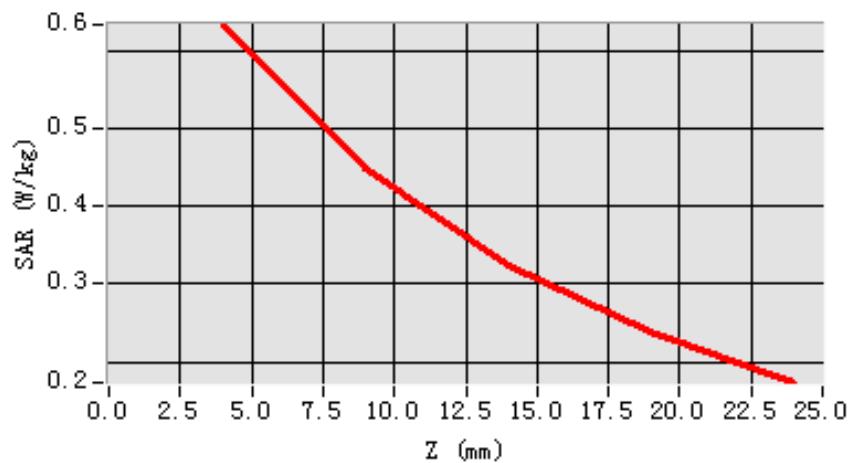


**Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-9.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.458255
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.634452

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.6394	0.4422	0.3284	0.2334

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -5, Y = -9)**



**Test Laboratory: AGC Lab**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

**WCDMA Band V Mid- Body - Towards Grounds ( HSPA)-with earphone**

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=6.05  
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 850 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma=0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ):21

Satimo Configuration:

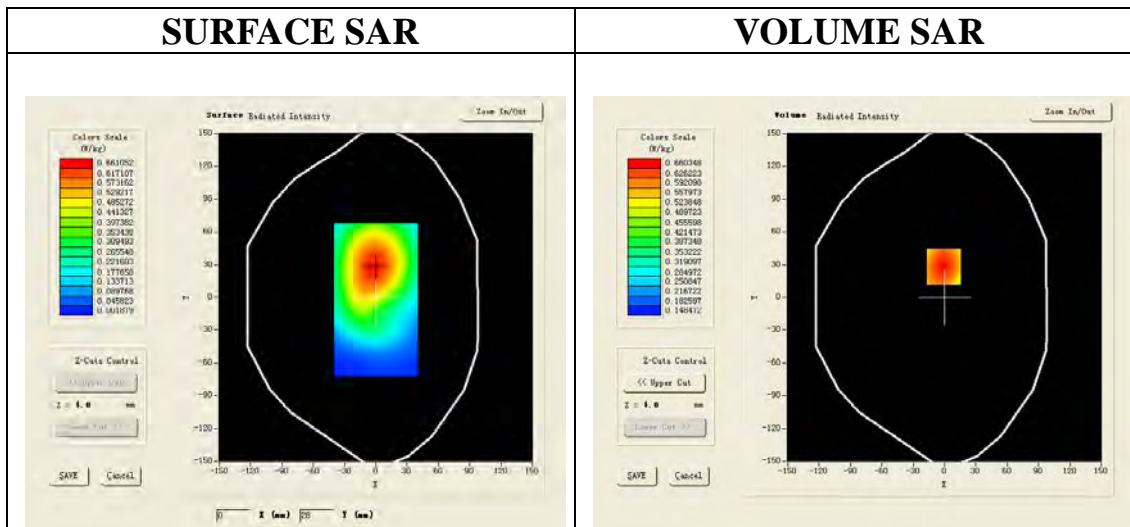
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body- Back /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm**

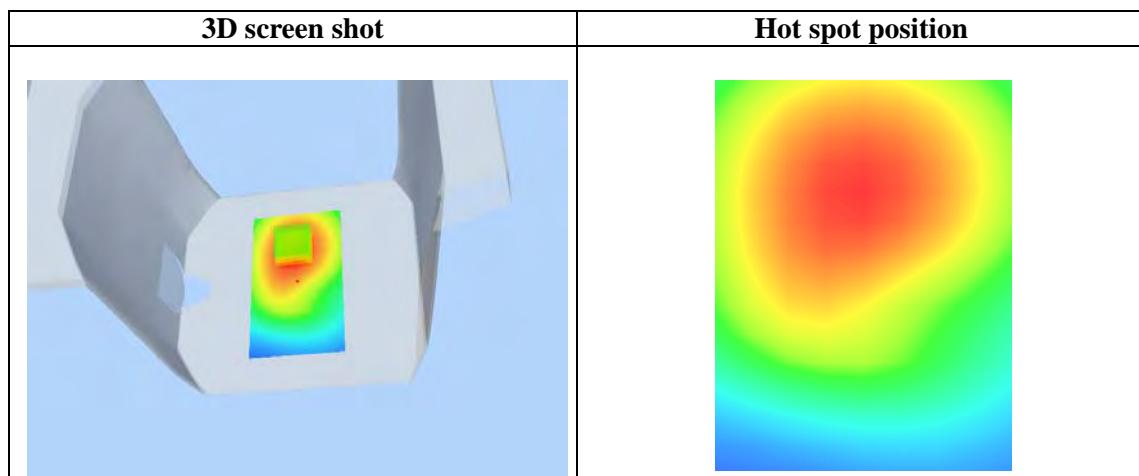
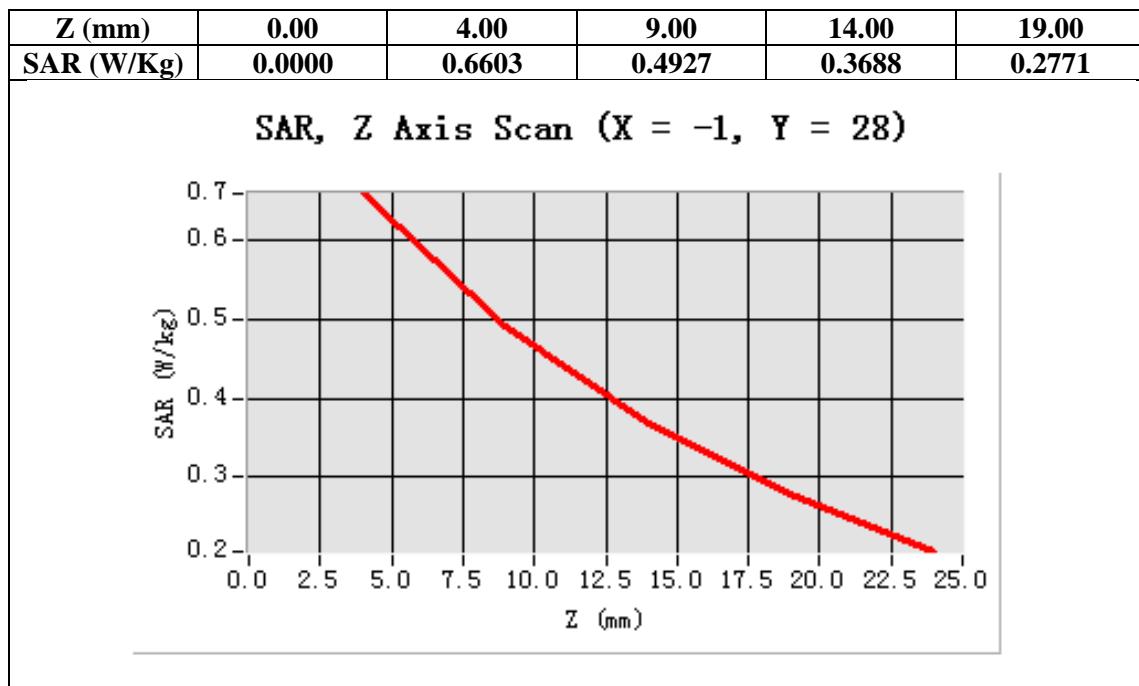
**Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body- Back /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;**

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA Band V
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



**Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=28.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.457781
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.635943



## WIFI MODE

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
802.11b Mid-Touch-Left

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

Date: Jun.05, 2013

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

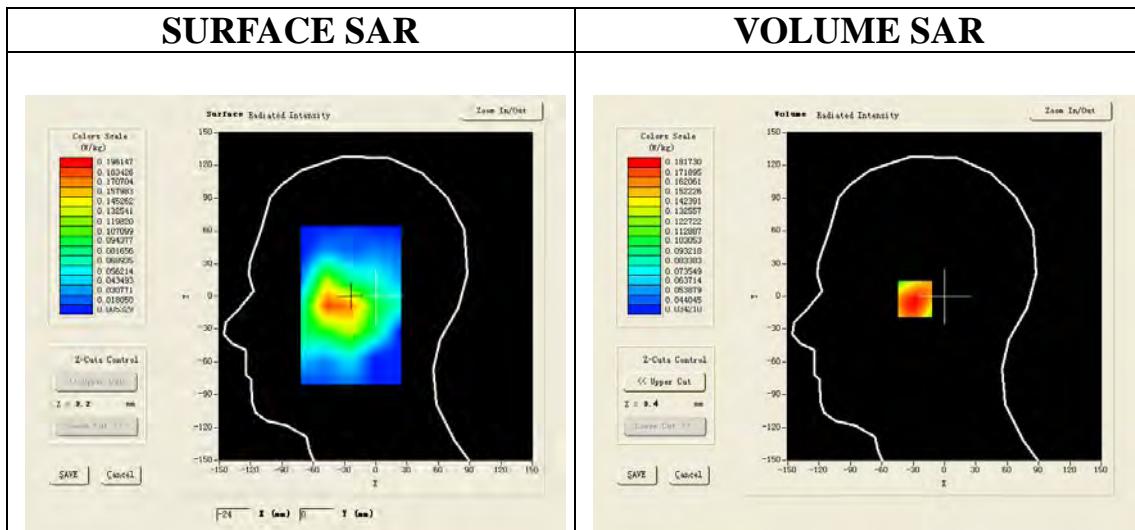
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

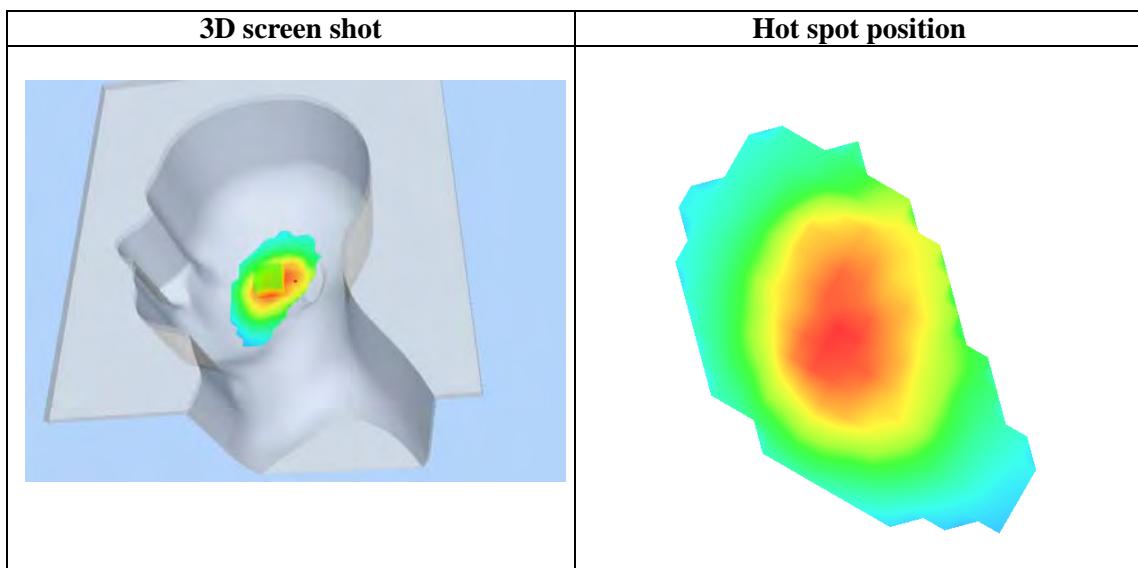
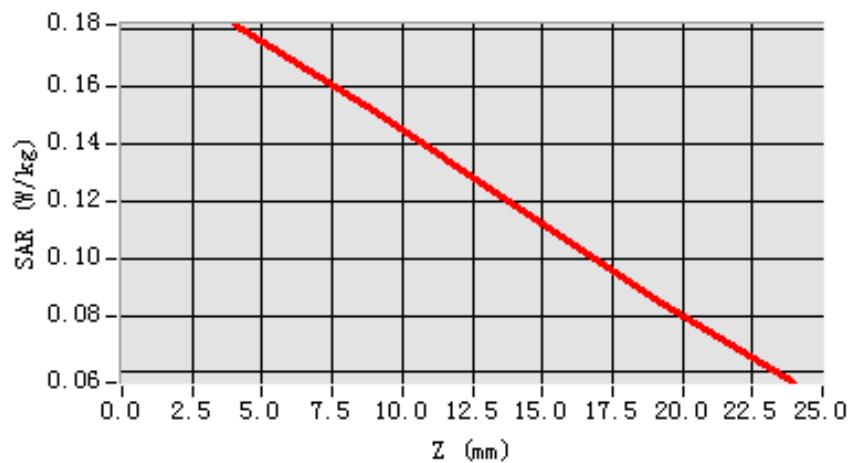


**Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=-2.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.130134
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.176573

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1817	0.1516	0.1156	0.0894

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -26, Y = -2)**



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
802.11b Mid -Tilt-Left

Date: Jun.05, 2013

DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

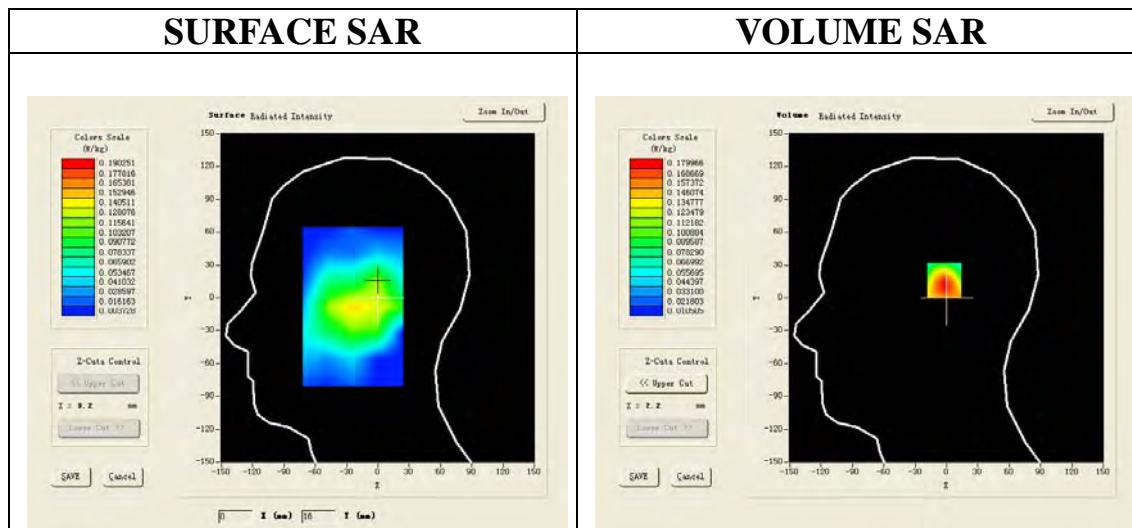
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

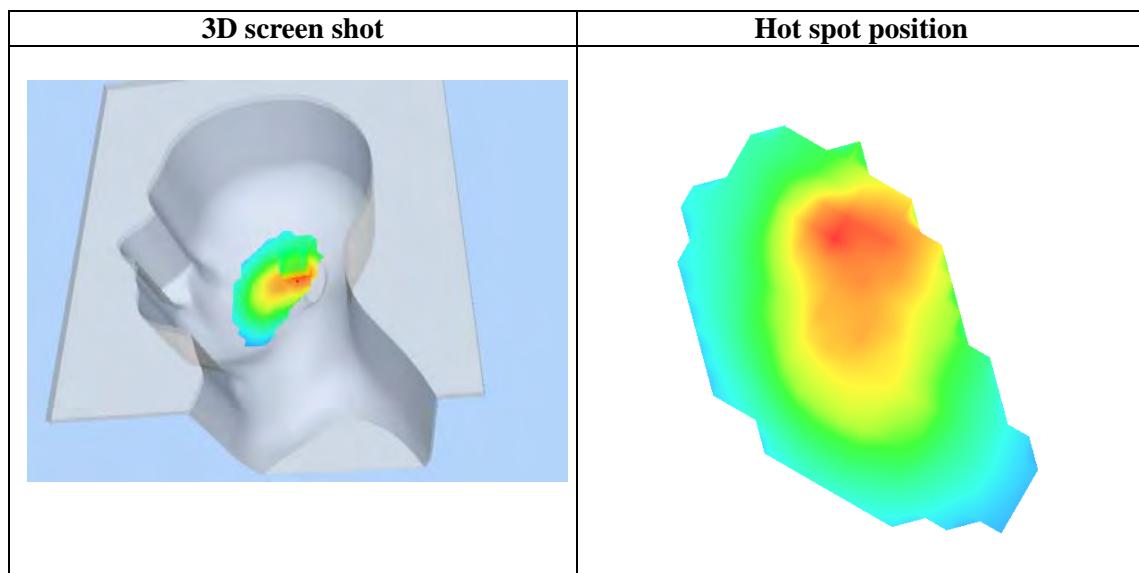
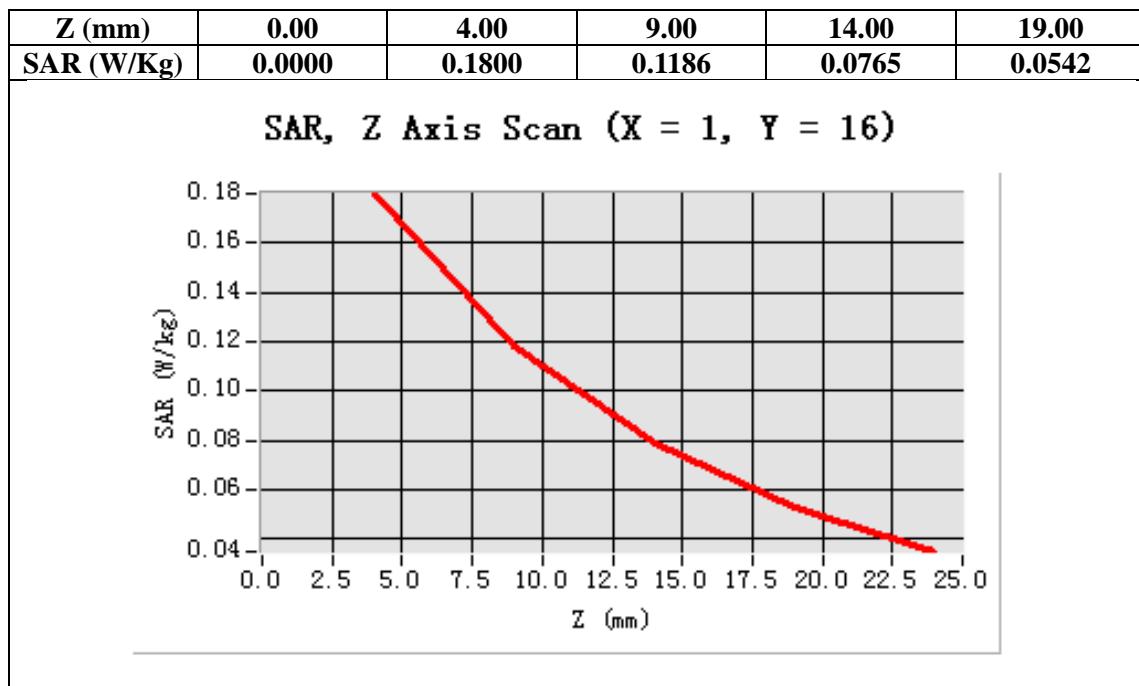
**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm,dz=5mm;

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=16.00

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.107371
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.173336



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
802.11b Mid- Touch-Right

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

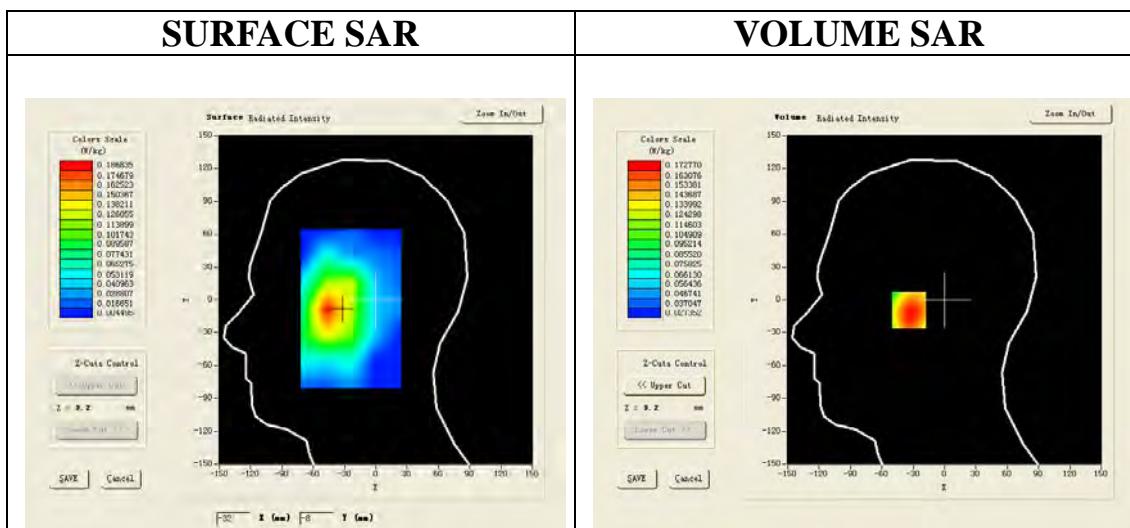
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Touch-Right /Area Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

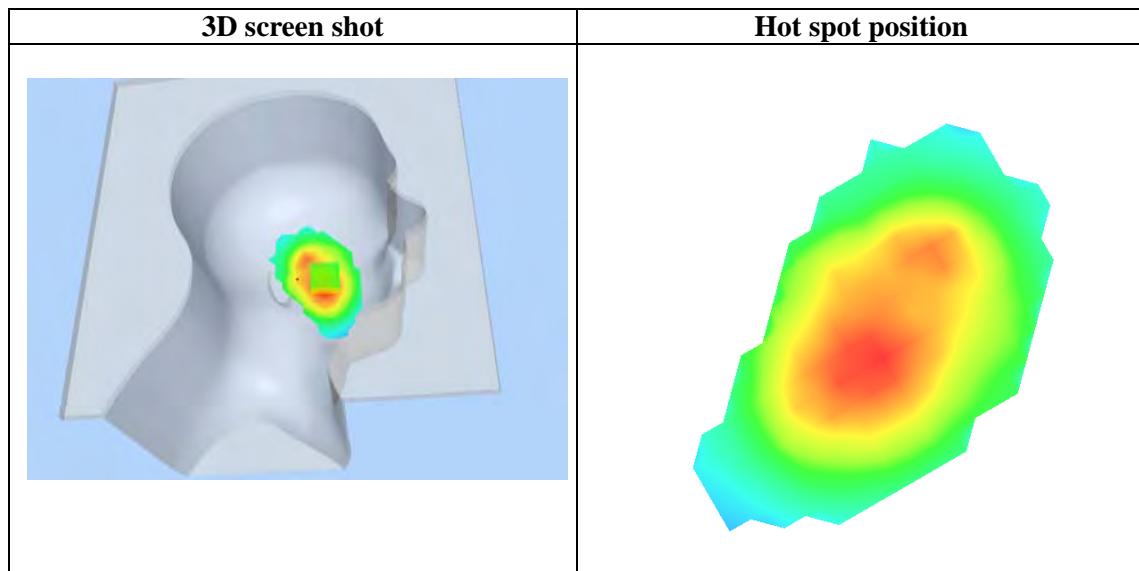
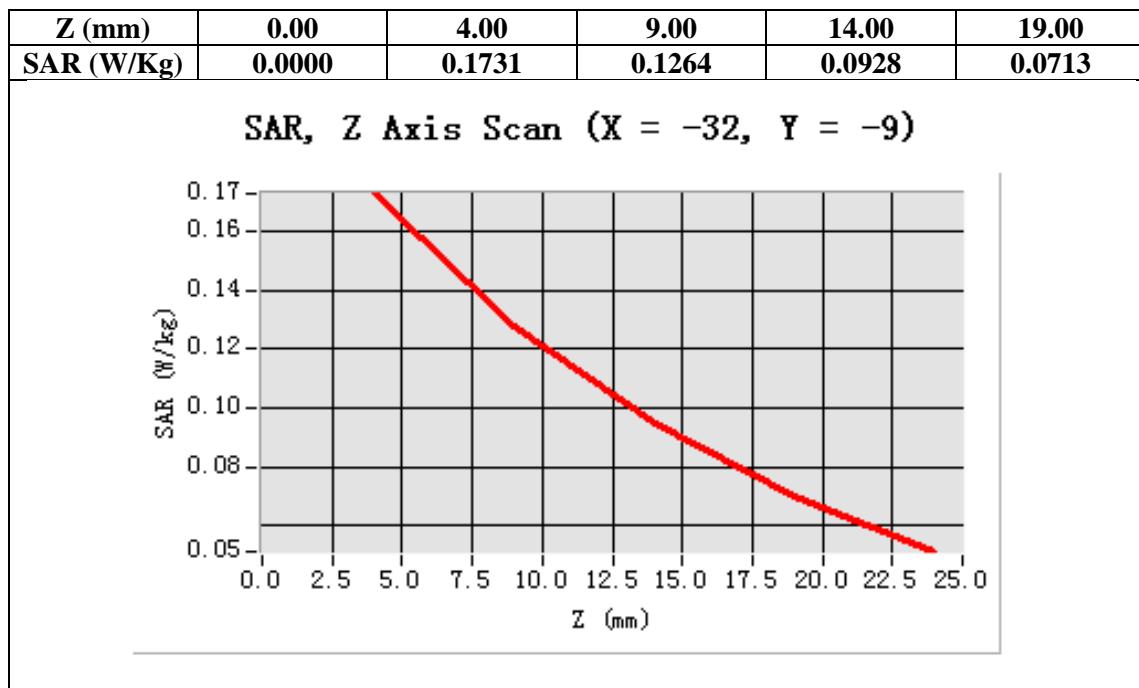
**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Touch-Right /Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-9.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.118245
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.167357



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
802.11b Mid-Tilt-Right  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

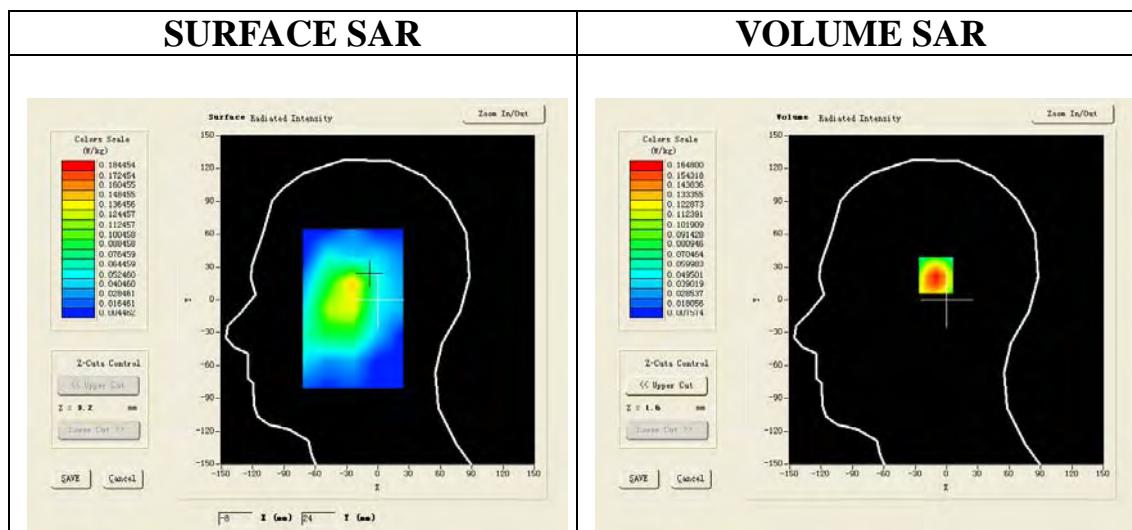
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Tilt-Right/Area Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

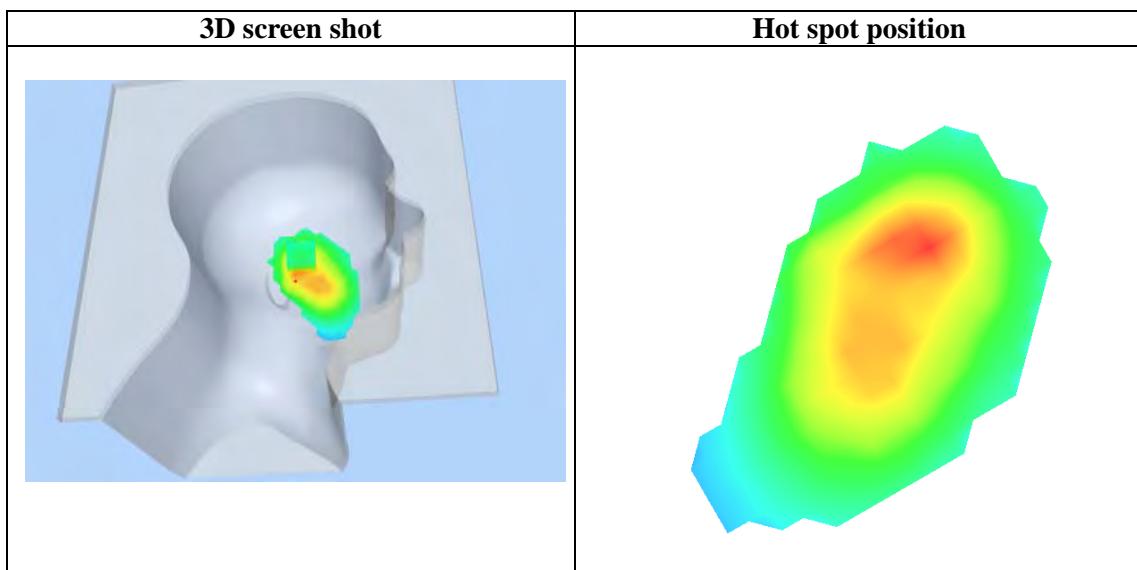
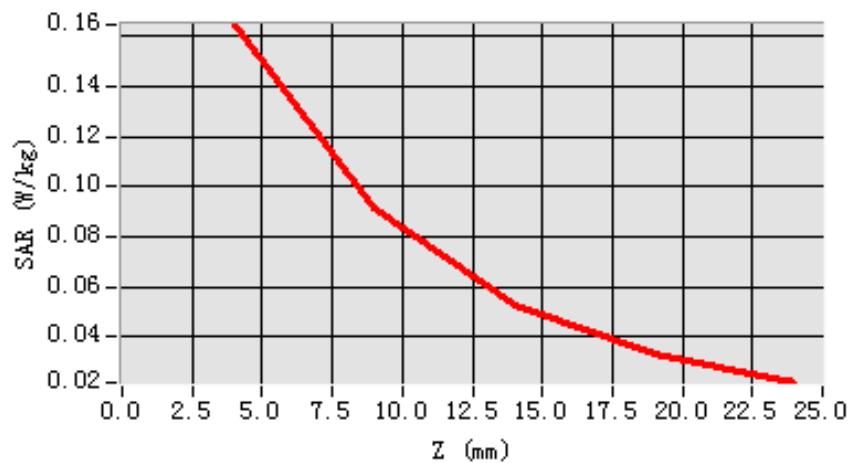


**Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=24.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.086837
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.156539

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1648	0.0912	0.05234	0.0371

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -8, Y = 24)**



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
802.11b Mid-Body-Worn- Back (MS)  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.18$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

Satimo Configuration:

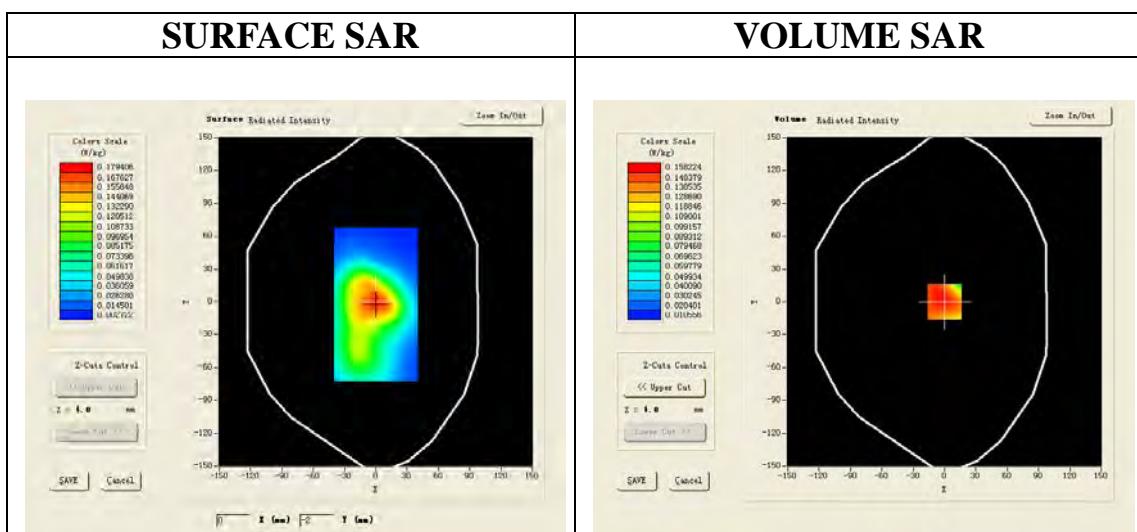
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

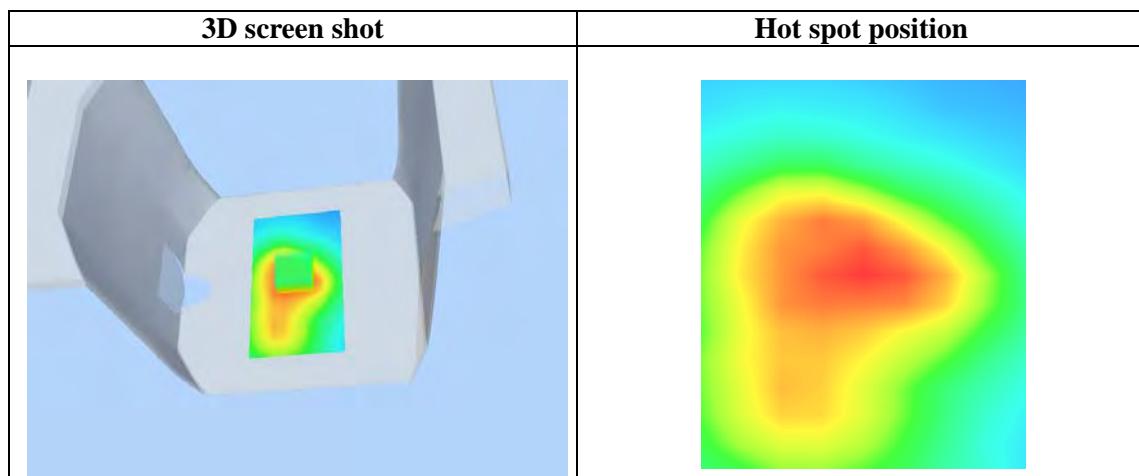
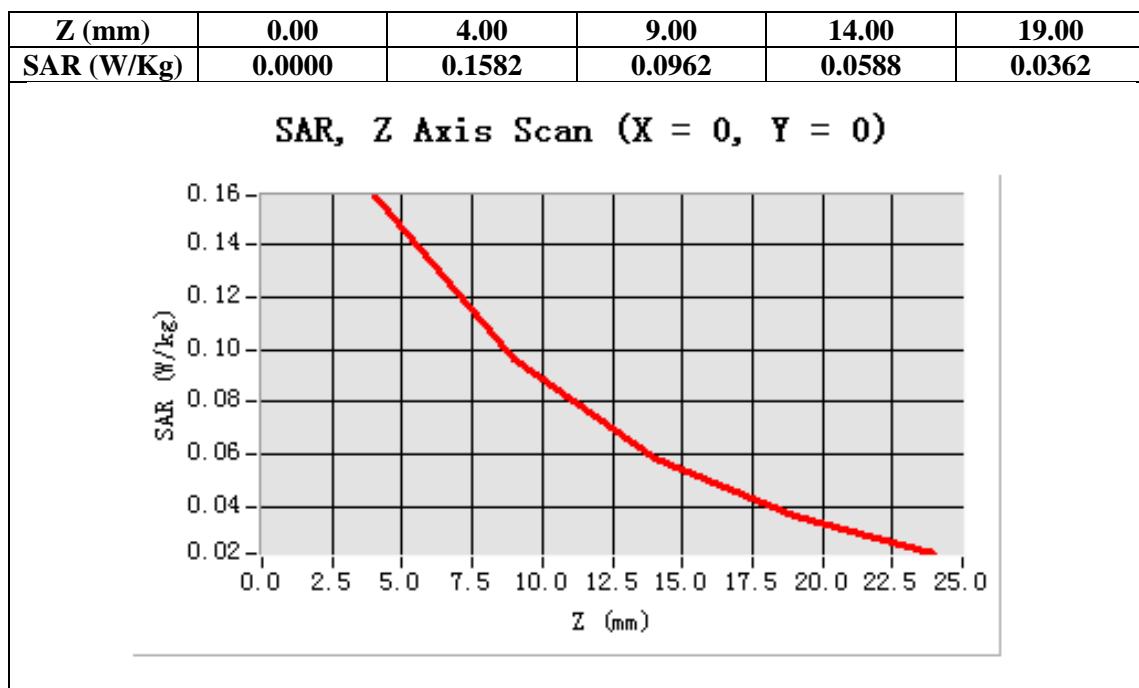
**Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.102827
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.164673



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
802.11b Mid-Body -Front (MS) <SIM 1>  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

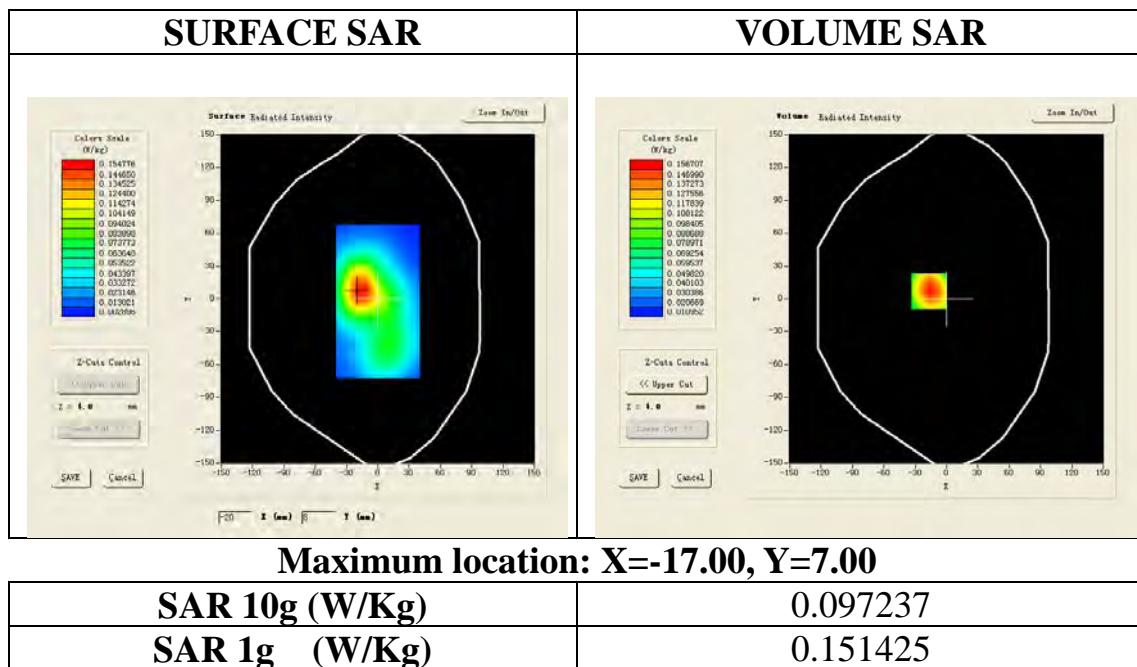
Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.18$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

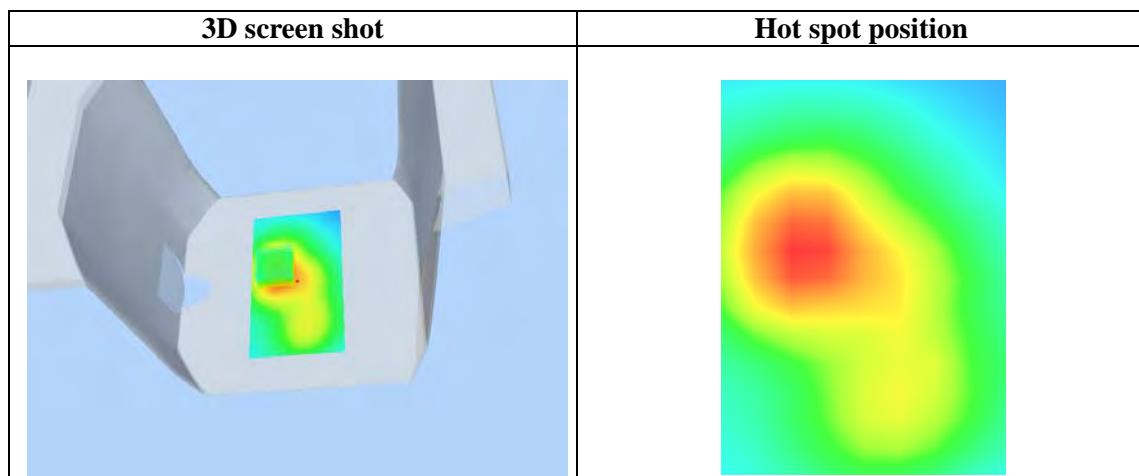
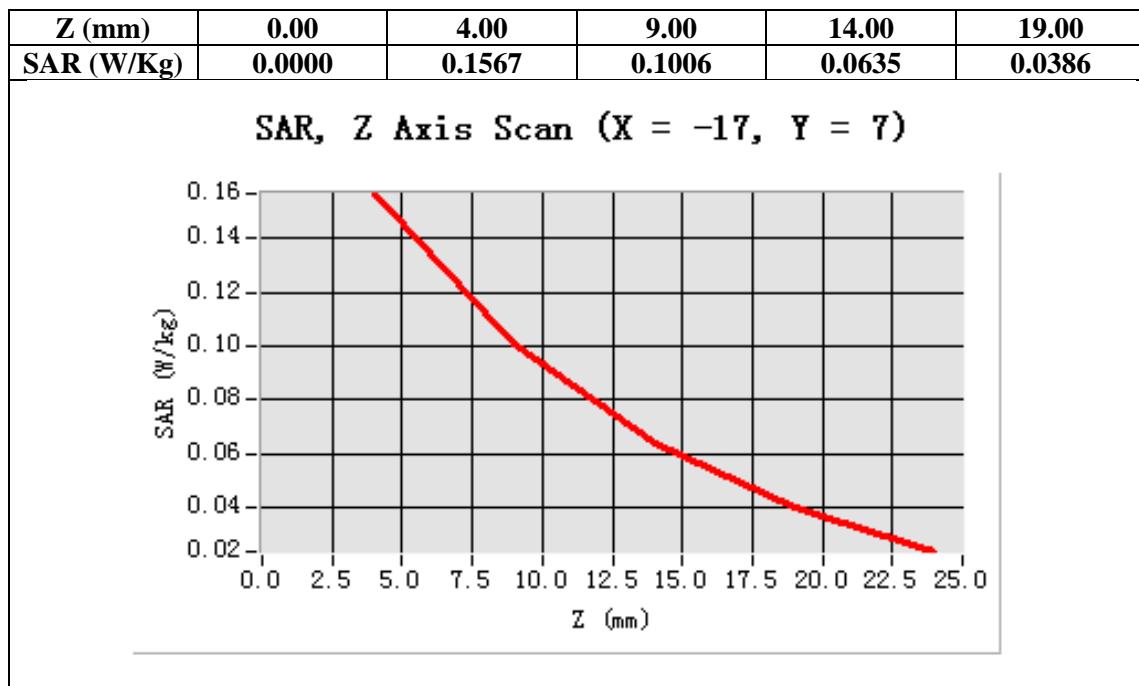
Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/802.11b Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

**Configuration/802.11b Mid-Body- Front /Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm;





## HOTSPOT MODE

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Hotspot Mid-Touch-Left

**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

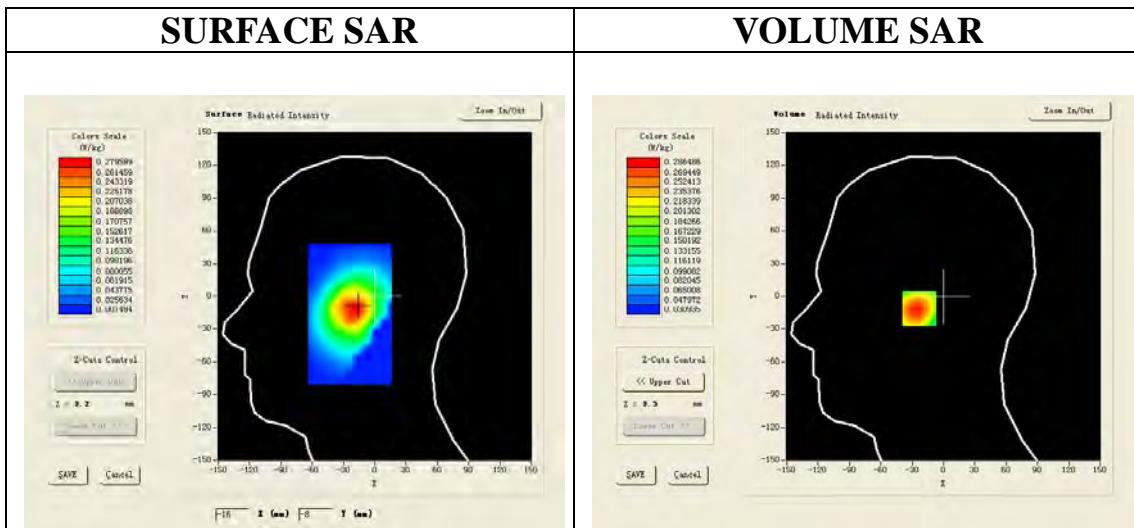
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

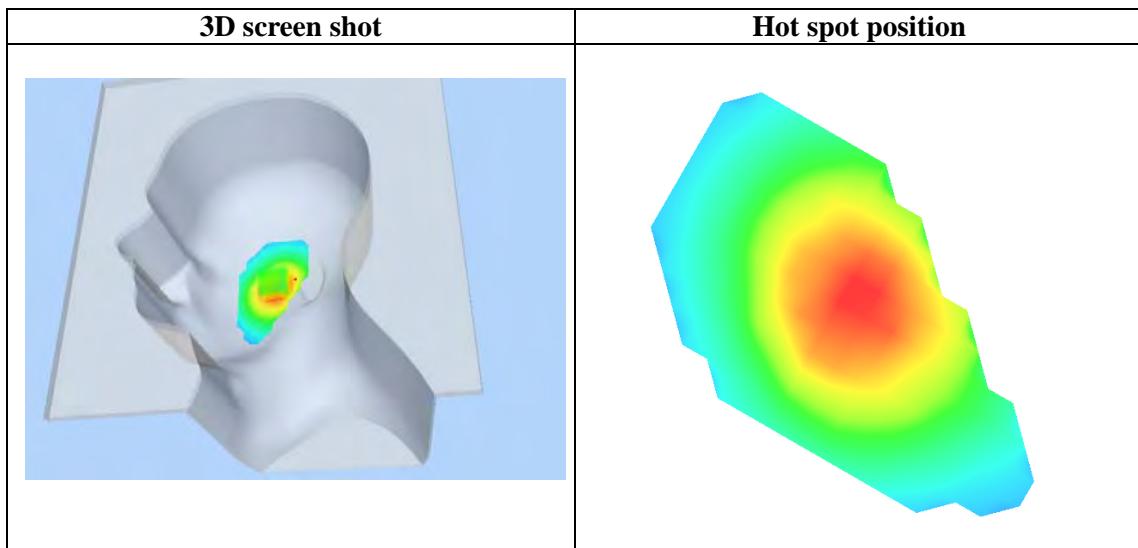
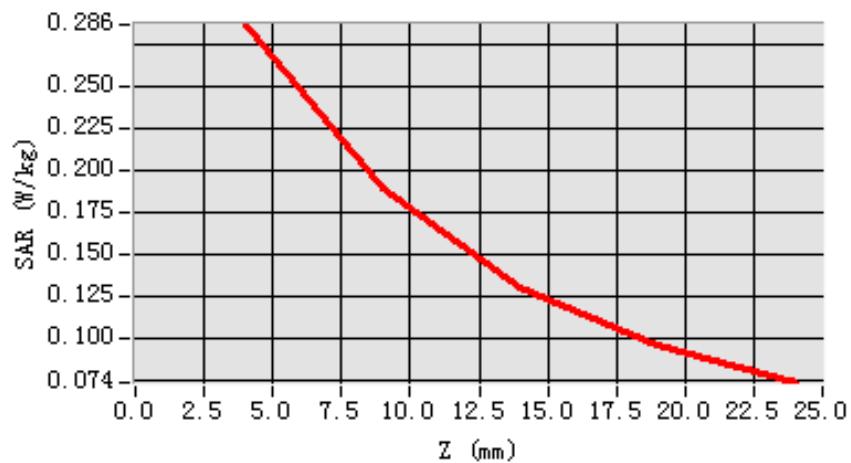


**Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=-11.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.177456
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.274807

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2865	0.1896	0.1311	0.0970

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -19, Y = -11)**



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
Hotspot Mid -Tilt-Left

Date: Jun.05, 2013

DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

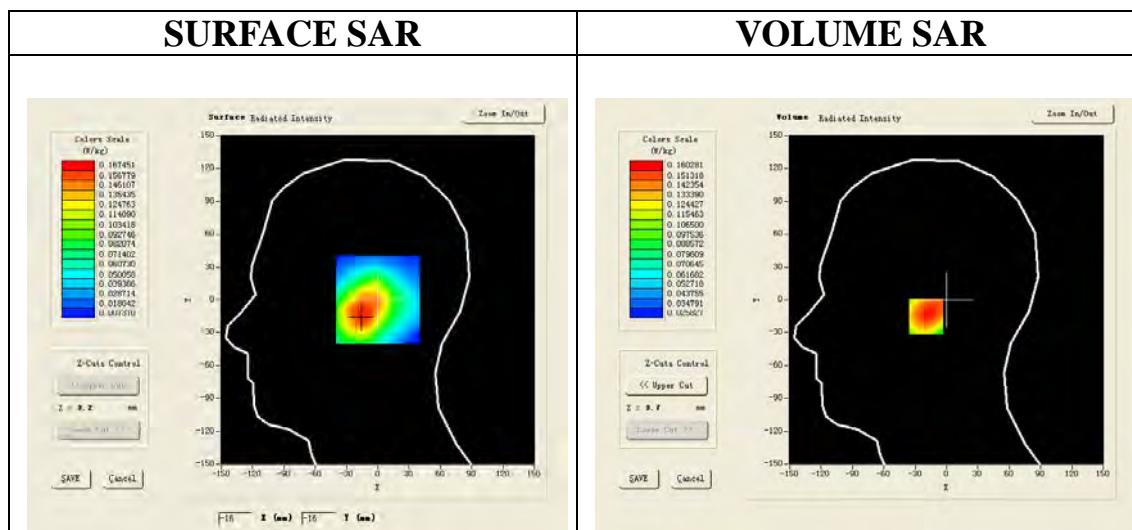
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm,dz=5mm;

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Left head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

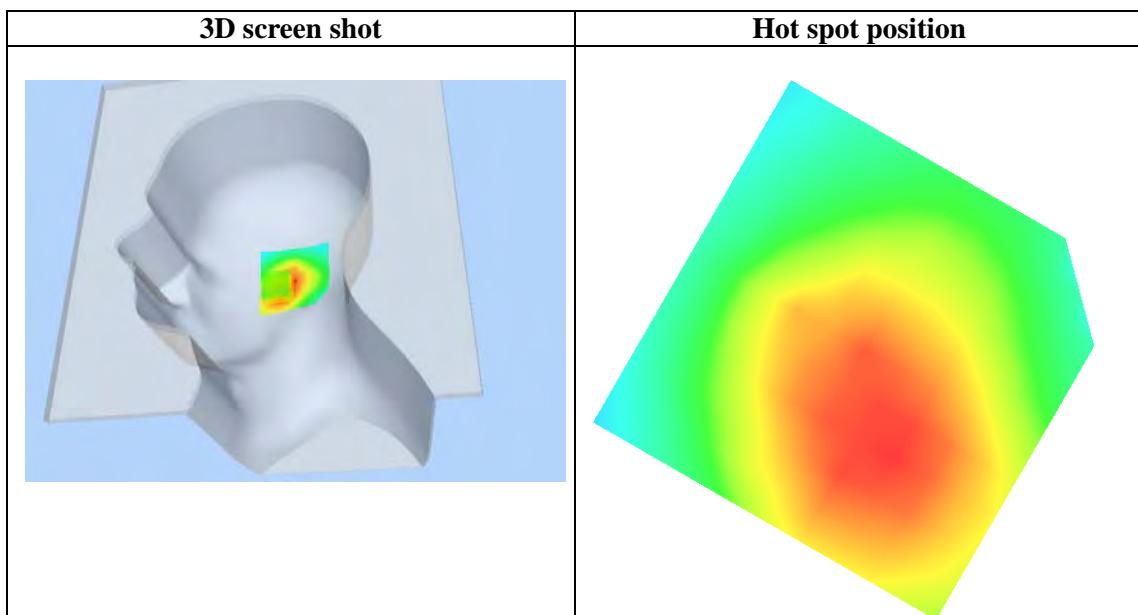
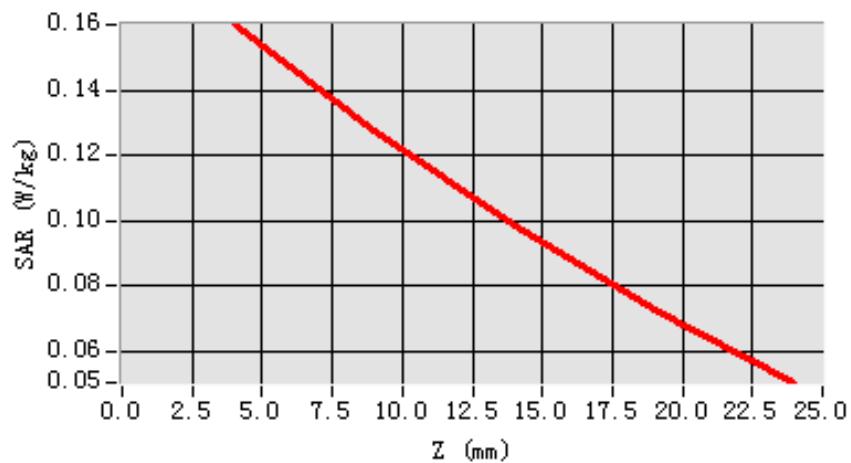


Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-15.00

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.112349
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.154731

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1603	0.1280	0.0987	0.0727

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -15, Y = -15)**



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
Hotspot Mid- Touch-Right  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

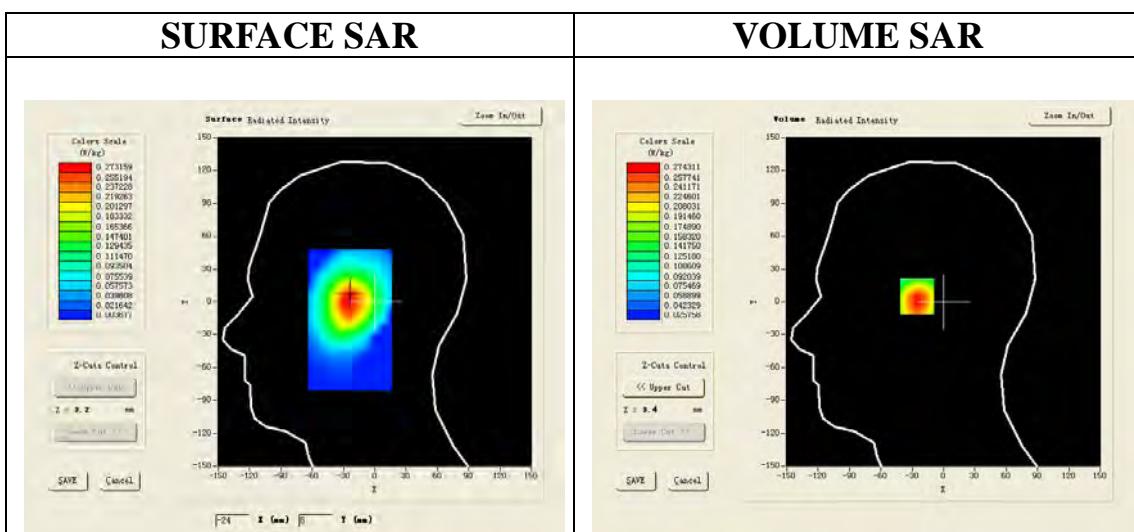
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Touch-Right /Area Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Touch-Right /Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

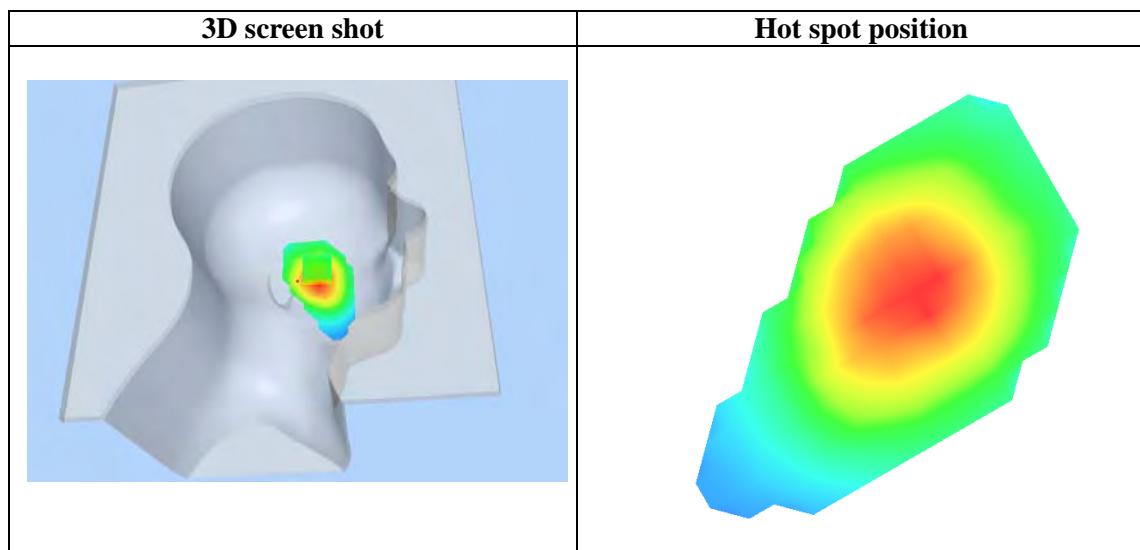
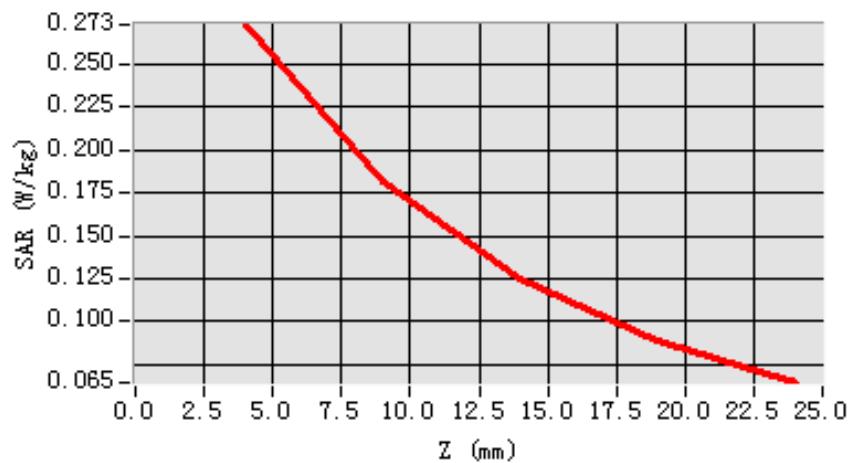


**Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=6.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.168505
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.264655

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2733	0.1820	0.1246	0.0892

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -24, Y = 6)**



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
Hotspot Mid-Tilt-Right  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.21$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Right Section  
Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

Satimo Configuration:

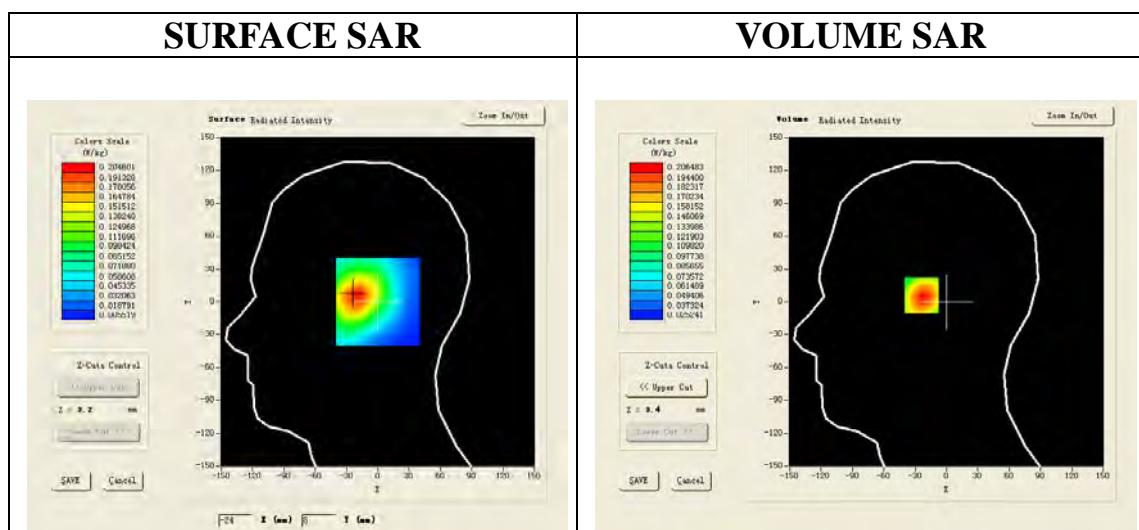
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Tilt-Right/Area Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

<b>Area Scan</b>	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Right head
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

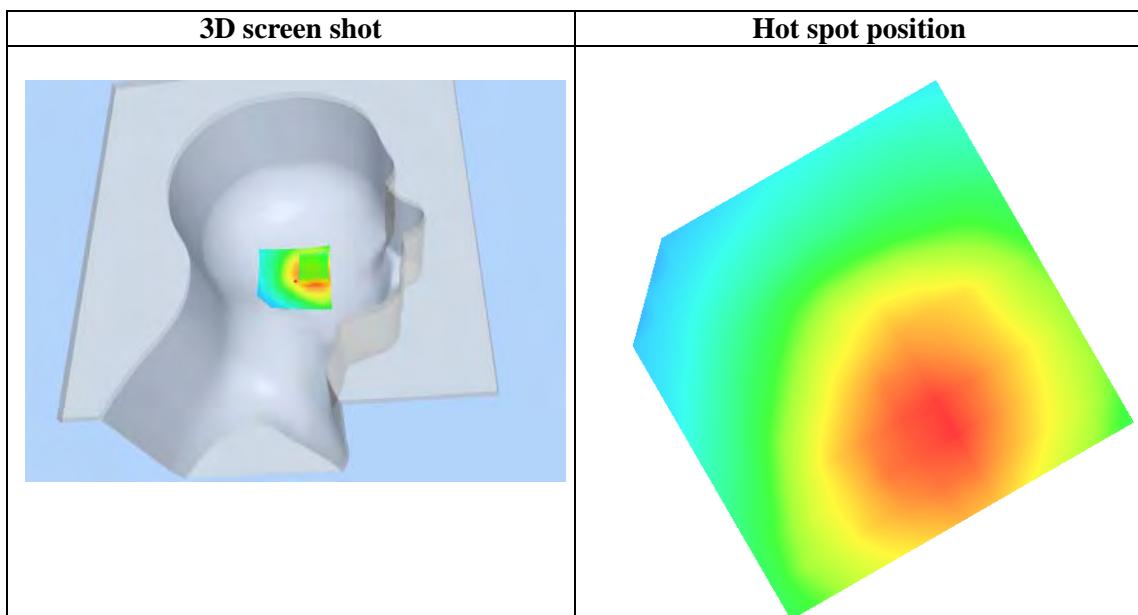
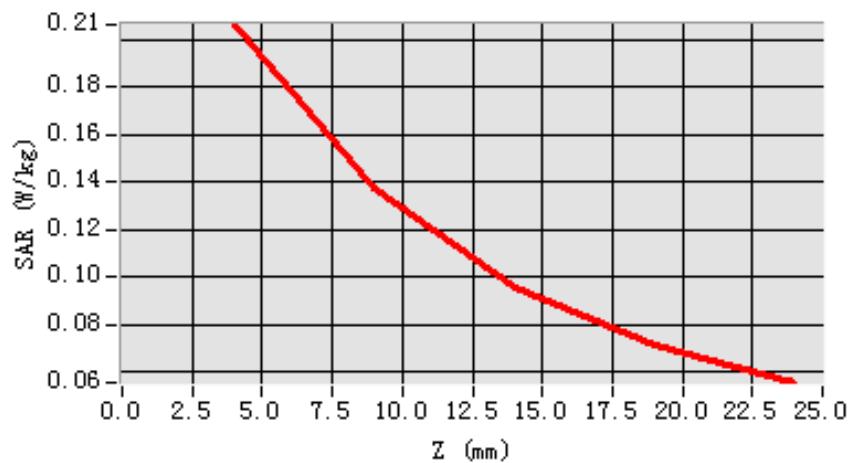


**Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=7.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.128513
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.197487

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2065	0.1372	0.0957	0.0717

**SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -22, Y = 7)**



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
Hotspot Mid-Body-Worn- Back (MS)  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma=1.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.18$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

Satimo Configuration:

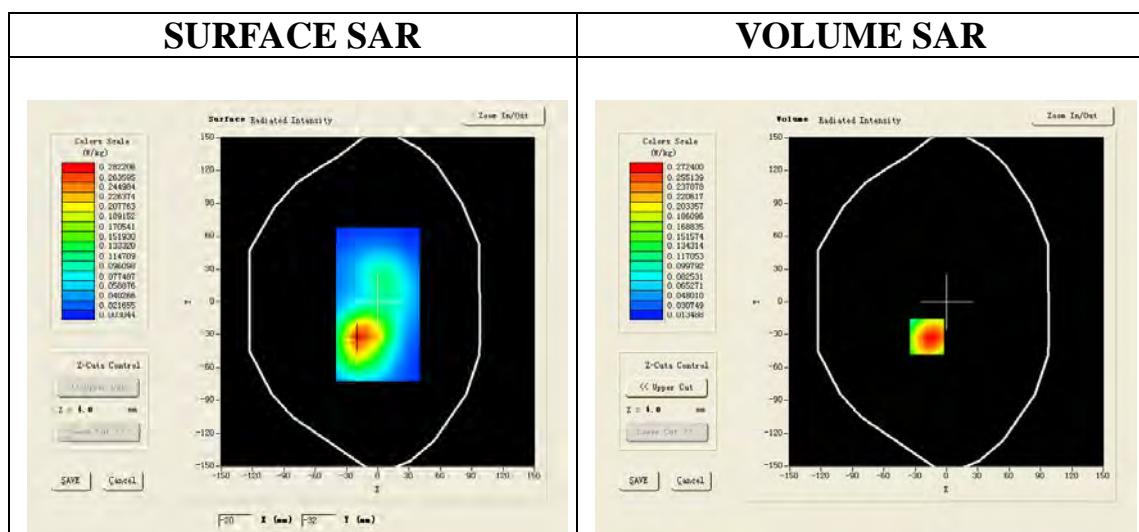
Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Body- Back /Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

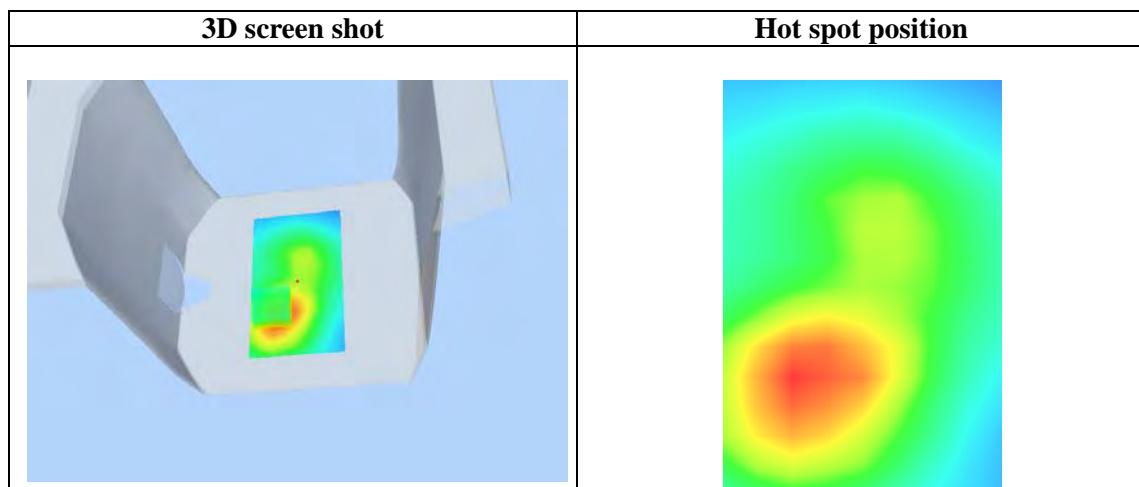
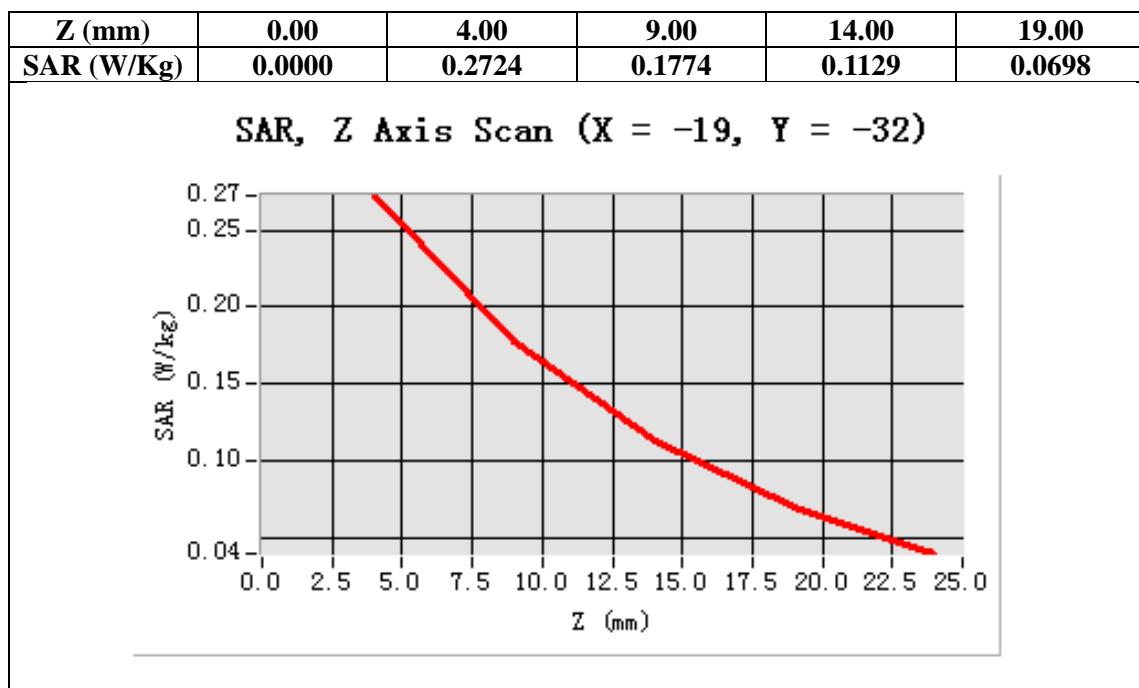
**Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Body- Back /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

<b>Area Scan</b>	surf_sam_plan.txt
<b>ZoomScan</b>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body Back
<b>Band</b>	2450MHz
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



**Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=-32.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.173471
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.285829



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab  
Hotspot Mid-Body -Front (MS) <SIM 1>  
**DUT: 3G Mobile Phone; Type: C1**

**Date: Jun.05, 2013**

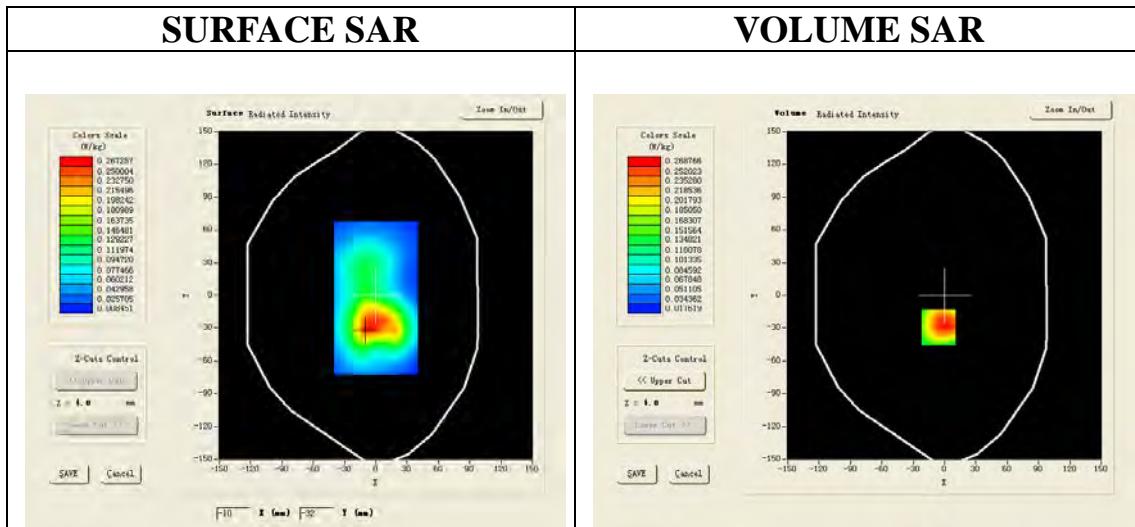
Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.49;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.18$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;  
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

Satimo Configuration:

- Probe: EP159; Calibrated: 12/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_01

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

**Configuration/Hotspot Mid-Body- Front /Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm;



**Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-29.00**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.162893
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.274618

