

R2000

Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router 2 Eth + 2 SIM





Guangzhou Robustel LTD www.robustel.com

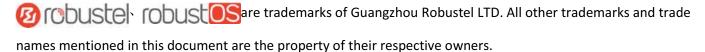


About This Document

This document provides hardware and software information of the Robustel R2000 Router, including introduction, installation, configuration and operation.

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Technical Support

Tel: +86-20-29019902 Fax: +86-20-82321505

Email: support@robustel.com
Web: www.robustel.com



Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical
 equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- RF exposure statements
 - 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
 - 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
 - 2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the Router in Vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.



Protecting Your Router

To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.



Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution:

- Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.
- This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.



Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EC	Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)	ROH5 compiliant
2012/19/EU	Directive 2012/19/EU the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)	Z

Table 2: Standards of the Ministry of Information Industry of the People's Republic of China

SJ/T	"Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Hazardous Substances in Electronic
11363-2006	Information Products" (2006-06).
SJ/T	"Marking for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products"
11364-2006	(2006-06).
	According to the "Chinese Administration on the Control of Pollution caused
	by Electronic Information Products" (ACPEIP) the EPUP, i.e., Environmental
	Protection Use Period, of this product is 20 years as per the symbol shown here, unless otherwise
	marked. The EPUP is valid only as long as the product is operated within the operating limits
	described in the Hardware Interface Description.
	Please see <u>Table 3</u> for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be
	contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.

Table 3: Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements with Defined Concentration Limits

Name of the Part	Hazardous Substances					
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr (VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)
Metal parts	0	0	0	0	0	0
Circuit modules	Х	0	0	0	0	0
Cables and cable assemblies	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plastic and polymeric parts	0	0	0	0	0	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

X:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.



Document History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Date	Firmware Version	Document Version	Change Description
24 Aug., 2016	1.2.2	V2.0.0	Initial release
31 Aug., 2016	1.2.2	V2.0.1	 Modified the frequency range of FDD LTE and TDD LTE Modified the EMC details Modified the Tel & Fax No.
8 Oct., 2016	1.2.2	V2.0.2	Updated frequency band info in Chapter 1.5 Other minor changes
11 Nov., 2016	1.2.2	V2.0.3	Updated section about 2.9 Power Supply
18 Nov., 2016	1.2.2	v.2.0.4	Updated information about input voltage
29 Nov., 2016	1.2.2	v.2.0.5	Updated section about 1.5 Selection and Ordering Data
19 Jan., 2017	1.2.2	v.2.0.6	 Changed Tel number to +86-20-29019902 Changed CD information in Chapter 1.2 Updated section about 1.5 Selection and Ordering Data
23 Feb., 2017	1.2.2	v.2.0.7	Added note about PD connection
24 Jul., 2017	3.0.0	v.3.0.0	Firmware Update
21 Oct., 2017	3.0.0	v.3.0.1	 Added "RF output power" information for WiFi interface Added new certificate: EAC Added new product model: R2000-NU Updated router's image Updated network protocol and app Other minor changes
17 Jan., 2018	3.0.0	v.3.0.2	Updated frequency bands for 3G model
28 Jun., 2018	3.0.0	v.3.0.3	Revised the company name
12 Dec., 2018	3.0.0	v.3.0.4	Added the description of the BG96 module
22 Jan., 2019	3.0.0	v.3.0.5	 Added the description of the R2000-4M Revised the Certification information Revised the Frequency bands of WIFI
14 Feb., 2019	3.0.0	v.3.0.6	Added the FCC Interference Statement



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Chapter 1 Product Overview

1.1 Key Features

The Robustel Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router (R2000) is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications.

R2000 is a powerful router developed from RobustOS, a Robustel self-developed and Linux-based operating system which is designed to be used in Robustel devices. The RobustOS includes basic networking features and protocols providing customers with a very good user experience. Meanwhile, Robustel offers a Software Development Kit (SDK) for partners and customers to allow additional customization by using C, Python or Java. It also provides rich Apps to meet fragmented IoT market demands.

- Dual-SIM redundancy for continuous 3G/4G cellular network connections
- The feature Link Manager supporting Cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN, WLAN WAN link backup and ICMP detection
- WiFi supporting AP and Client modes (2.4 GHz), also supporting Captive Portal
- WAN Static/PPPoE/DHCP Client
- WAN port supporting PD feature compatible with 802.3at. (optional)
- RobustOS + SDK + App
- IPsec/OpenVPN/GRE/L2TP/PPTP/DMVPN
- Supporting DDNS
- Supporting VRRP
- Supporting DHCP server
- Supporting 802.1Q VLAN Trunk protocol
- Supporting IP Pass-through
- Management and maintenance via Web/CLI/SMS/RobustLink Cloud
- Supporting RobustVPN, a Cloud VPN Portal providing easy and secure remote access for PLCs and machines
- Supporting RobustLink, a centralized M2M management platform for remote monitoring, configuration and firmware update
- Auto reboot via SMS/Timing
- Robust industrial design (9 to 36V DC, desktop or wall mounting or DIN rail mounting)



1.2 Package Contents

Before installing your R2000 Router, verify the kit contents as following.

Note: The following pictures are for illustration purposes only, not based on their actual sizes.

1 x Robustel R2000 Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router



• 1 x 3-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block for power supply



• 1 x Quick Start Guide with download link of other documents or tools



Note: If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact your Robustel sales representative.

Optional Accessories (sold separately)

3G/4G SMA cellular antenna (stubby/magnet optional)
 Stubby antenna
 Magnet antenna

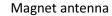






RP-SMA WiFi antenna (stubby/magnet optional)

Stubby antenna







Wall mounting kit







35 mm DIN rail mounting kit



Ethernet cable



AC/DC power adapter (12V DC, 1.5 A; EU/US/UK/AU plug optional)





1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

Number of antennas: 2 (MAIN + AUX)

Connector: SMA femaleSIM: 2 (3.0 V & 1.8 V)

Standards: WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC -HSPA+/FDD LTE

WCDMA: max DL/UL = 2.8 Mbps/384 Kbps

HSPA+: max DL/UL = 21/5.76 Mbps DC-HSPA+: max DL/UL = 42/5.76 Mbps FDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps

Ethernet Interface

Number of ports: 2 x 10/100 ports, 2 x LAN or 1 x LAN + 1 x WAN

WAN port: Supporting 802.3 at PD feature (optional)

• Magnet isolation protection: 1.5 KV

WiFi Interface (Optional)

Number of antennas: 2 (WiFi1 + WiFi2)

Connector: RP-SMA male

• Standards: 802.11b/g/n, supporting AP and Client modes

Frequency bands: 2.4 GHz
Security: WEP, WPA, WPA2
Encryption: 68/124 AES, TKIP
Data speed: 2*2 MIMO, 300 Mbps

Receiving sensitivity: 802.11b -93 dBm
 (+/- 1 dBm) 802.11g -90 dBm

802.11n (20 MHz) -88 dBm 802.11n (40 MHz) -85 dBm

Others

- 1 x RST button
- LED indicators 1 x RUN, 1 x PPP, 1 x USR, 3 x RSSI
- Built-in Watchdog, Timer



Software (Basic features of RobustOS)

- Network protocols: PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, HTTP, HTTPs, DNS, ARP, BGP, RIP, OSPF, NTP, SMTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH2, DDNS, etc.
- VPN tunnel: IPsec, OpenVPN, GRE
- Firewall: DMZ, anti-DoS, Filtering (IP/Domain name/MAC address), Port Mapping, Access Control
- Management: Web, CLI, SMS
- Serial port: Transparent, TCP Client/Server, UDP, Modbus RTU Gateway

App Center (Available Apps for RobustOS)

• Apps*: L2TP, PPTP, DMVPN, RobustVPN, VRRP, QoS, Captive Protal, WLAN Multi AP, SNMP, Language, RobustLink *Request on demand. For more Apps please visit www.robustel.com.

Power Supply and Consumption

Connector: 3-pin 3.5 mm female socket

Input voltage: 9 to 36V DC

Power consumption: Idle: 100 mA@12 V

Data link: 500 mA (peak) @12 V

PD feature* (optional): WAN port supported

Input voltage: 48~57V DC

Physical Characteristics

Ingress protection: IP30

Housing & Weight: Metal, 305 g

• Dimensions: 127.5 x 82.5 x 29.5 mm

Installations: Desktop, wall mounting and 35 mm DIN rail mounting

Regulatory and Type Approvals

Regulatory: RCM, CE, CCC, EACEnvironmental: RoHS, WEEE

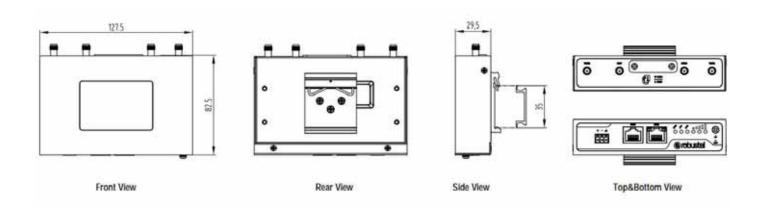
EMI: EN 55032: 2012/AC: 2013 (CE & RE) Class A EMS: IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD) Contact Level 2; Air Level 3

> IEC 61000-4-4 (EFT) Level 2 IEC 61000-4-5 (Surge) Level 3

^{*}It is not recommended to use DC power supply and PD power supply simultaneously.



1.4 Dimensions





1.5 Ordering Information

Model	R2000-4L
Router Type	3G/LTE Router
Air Interface	WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/
	HSPA+
	/FDD LTE
Frequency	US: B2/B4/B12
Bands	
4G*	
3G	B2/B5
Operating	-25 to +70 °C
Environment	5 to 95% RH

^{*}For more information about 4G frequency bands in different countries, please contact your Robustel sales representative.

RT_UG_R2000_v.3.0.6 14 Feb., 2019 16/124



Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

2.1 PIN Assignment



PIN	Polarity
1	Positive
2	Negative
3	GND

2.2 LED Indicators

The R2000 Router has been designed to be placed on a desktop. Below is the bottom view of the R2000.



Name	Color	Status	Description
RUN	Green	On, fast blinking	Router is powered on
		(250 mSec blink time)	(System is initializing)
		On, blinking	Router starts operating
		(500 mSec blink time)	
		Off	Router is powered off
PPP	Green	On, solid	Link connection is working
		Off	Link connection is not working
USR-SIM	Green	On, blinking	Backup card is being used
		Off	Main card is being used
USR-NET	Green	On, solid	Network is joined successfully and worked in an optimum
			one
		On, blinking	Network is joined successfully but worked in a lower-level



			than standard
		Off	Network is not joined or joining
USR-OpenVPN	Green	On, solid	OpenVPN connection is established
		Off	OpenVPN connection is not established
USR-IPsec	Green	On, solid	IPsec connection is established
		Off	IPsec connection is not established
USR-WiFi	Green	On, solid	WiFi is enabled and working properly
		Off	WiFi is disabled or not working properly
	Green	On, 3 solid lights	High Signal strength (21-31) is available
.artl		On, 2 solid lights	Medium Signal strength (11-20) is available
• • •		On, 1 solid light	Low Signal strength (1-10) is available
		Off	No signal
		On, blinking	When the network is disconnected, those three signal
			LEDs are designed as a binary combination code to
			indicate a series of error report.
			Blinking: 1 Off: 0
			001 AT command failed
			010 no SIM card detected
			011 need to enter the PIN code
			100 need to enter the PUK code
			101 registration failed
			110 module error
			111 not support the module

Note: You can choose the display type of USR LED. For more details, please refer to **3.25 Service > Advanced**.

2.3 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Press and hold the RST button for 2 to 7 seconds under the operating status.
Restore to factory	Wait for 3 seconds after powering up the router, press and hold the RST button until all six
default settings	LEDs start blinking one by one, and release the button to return the router to factory
	defaults.



2.4 Ethernet Port

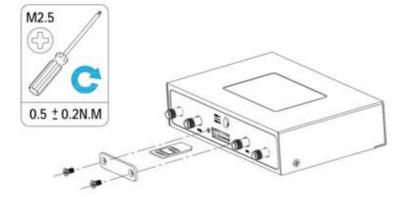


There are two Ethernet ports on R2000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. Each has two LED indicators. The yellow one is a link indicator but the green one doesn't mean anything. For details about status, see the table below.

Indicator	Status	Description
Link indicator	On, solid	Connection is established
	On, blinking	Data is being transferred
	Off	Connection is not established

2.5 Insert or Remove SIM Card





Insert or remove the SIM card as shown in the following steps.

Insert SIM card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot.
- 3. To insert SIM card, press the card with finger until you hear a click and then tighten the screws associated with



the cover by using a screwdriver.

4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

Remove SIM card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot.
- 3. To remove SIM card, press the card with finger until it pops out and then take out the card.
- 4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

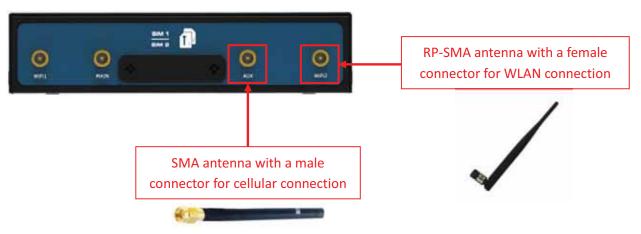
Note:

- 1. Recommended torque for inserting is 0.5 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 0.7 N.m.
- 2. Use the specific card when the device is working in extreme temperature (temperature exceeding 40 °C), because the regular card for long-time working in harsh environment will be disconnected frequently.
- 3. Do not forget to twist the cover tightly to avoid being stolen.
- 4. Do not touch the metal of the card surface in case information in the card will lose or be destroyed.
- Do not bend or scratch the card.
- 6. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 7. Make sure router is powered off before inserting or removing the card.

2.6 Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)

Attach an external SMA antenna to the router's antenna connector and twist tightly. Make sure the antenna is within the correct frequency range provided by the ISP and with 50 Ohm impedance.

Note: Recommended torque for tightening is 0.35 N.m.



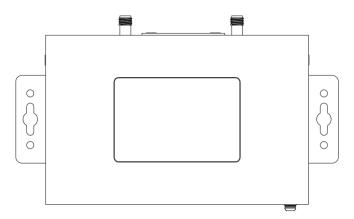


2.7 Mount the Router

The router can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a wall or a 35 mm DIN rail.

Two methods for mounting the router

Wall mounting (measured in mm)



Use 4 pcs of M2.5*4 flat head Phillips screws to fix the wall mounting kit to the router, and then use 2 pcs of M3 drywall screws to mount the router associated with the wall mounting kit on the wall.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 0.5 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 0.7 N.m.

DIN rail mounting (measured in mm)



Use 3 pcs of M3*6 flat head Phillips screws to fix the DIN rail to the router, and then hang the DIN rail on the mounting bracket. It is necessary to choose a standard bracket.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.



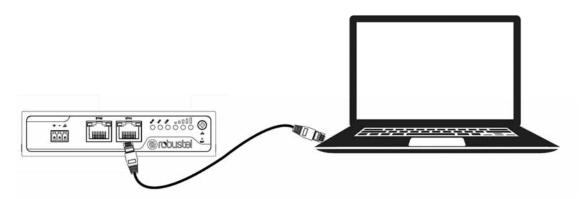
2.8 Ground the Router



Router grounding helps prevent the noise effect due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Connect the router to the site ground wire by the ground screw before powering on.

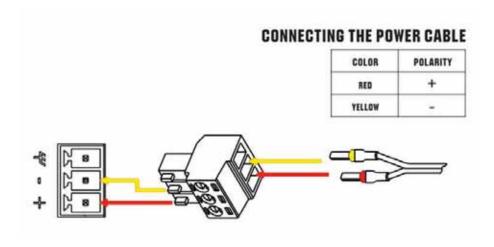
Note: This product is appropriate to be mounted on a sound grounded device surface, such as a metal panel.

2.9 Connect the Router to a Computer



Connect an Ethernet cable to the port marked ETH0 or ETH1 at the bottom of the router, and connect the other end of the cable to your computer.

2.10 Power Supply





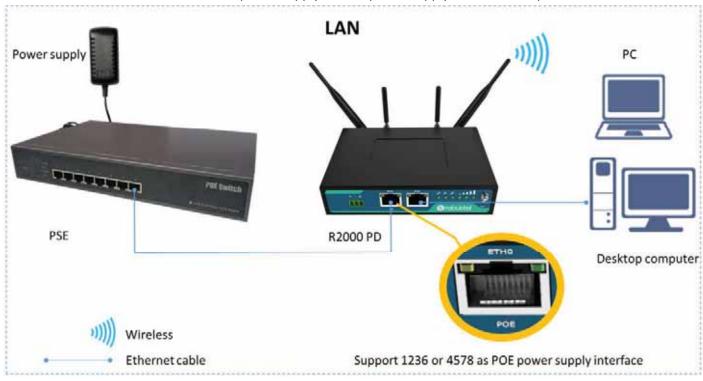
R2000 router supports reverse polarity protection, but always refers to the figure above to connect the power adapter correctly. There are two cables associated with the power adapter. Following to the color of the head, connect the cable marked red to the positive pole through a terminal block, and connect the yellow one to the negative in the same way.

Note: The range of power voltage is 9 to 36V DC.

2.11 PD Connection (Optional)

If you would like to power the R2000 Router through the Ethernet port, please refer to the following topology to connect the R2000 to a PSE (Power Sourcing Equipment). The range of PoE power voltage is $48\sim57V$ DC.

Note: It is not recommended to use DC power supply and PD power supply simultaneously.





Chapter 3 Initial Configuration

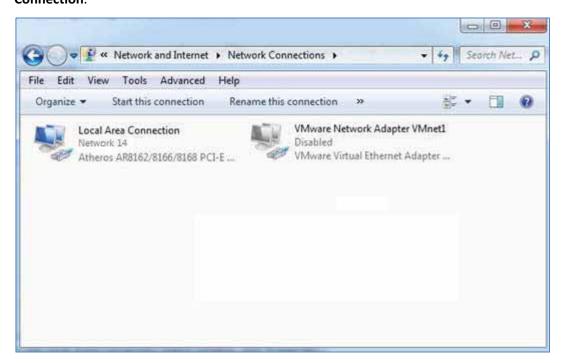
The router can be configured through your web browser that including IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox, etc. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration. There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface, it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

3.1 Configure the PC

There are two methods to get IP address for the PC. One is to obtain an IP address automatically from "Local Area Connection", and another is to configure a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router. Please refer to the steps below.

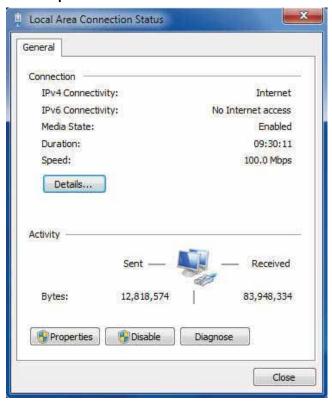
Here take Windows 7 as example, and the configuration for windows system is similar.

1. Click **Start > Control panel**, double-click **Network and Sharing Center**, and then double-click **Local Area Connection**.

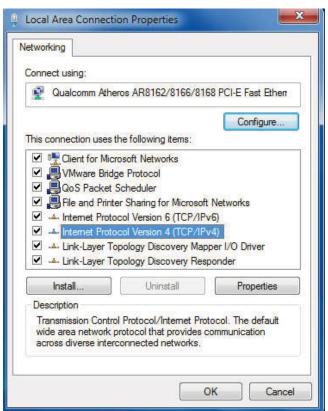




2. Click **Properties** in the window of **Local Area Connection Status**.



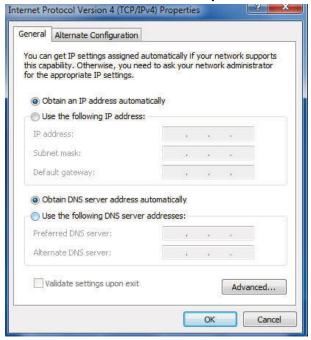
3. Choose Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties.





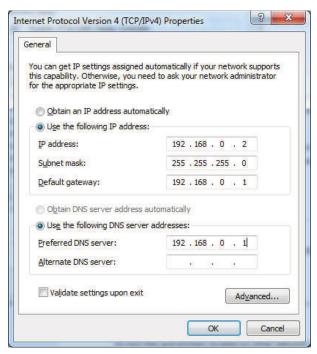
4. Two ways for configuring the IP address of PC.

Obtain an IP address automatically:



Use the following IP address:

(Configured a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router)



5. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.



3.2 Factory Default Settings

Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

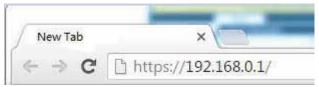
Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
ETH0	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled

3.3 Log in the Router

To log in to the management page and view the configuration status of your router, please follow the steps below.

- 1. On your PC, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer, Google or Firebox, etc.
- 2. From your web browser, type the IP address of the router into the address bar and press enter. The default IP address of the router is <u>192.168.0.1</u>, though the actual address may vary.

Note: If a SIM card with a public IP address is inserted in the router, enter this corresponding public IP address in the browser's address bar to access the router wirelessly.



3. In the login page, enter the username and password, choose language and then click **LOGIN**. The default username and password are "admin".

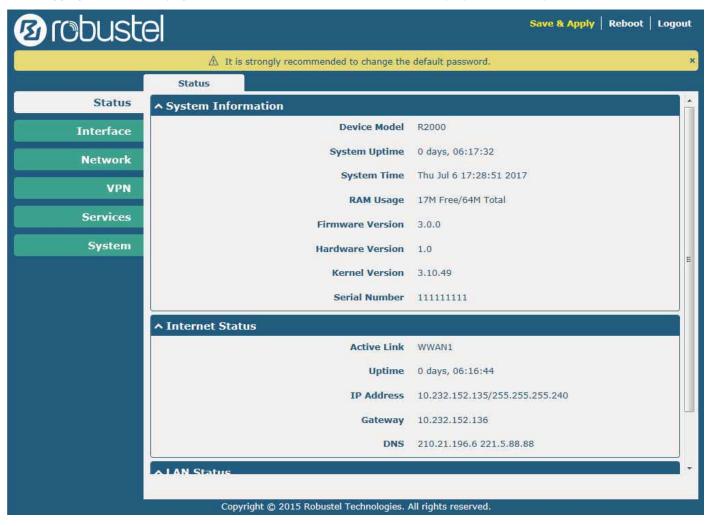
Note: If enter the wrong username or password over six times, the login web will be locked for 5 minutes.





3.4 Control Panel

After logging in, the home page of the R2000 Router's web interface is displayed, for example.



Using the original password to log in the router, the page will pop up the following tab

riangle It is strongly recommended to change the default password.

It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you change the default username and/or password. To change your username and/or password, see **3.31 System > User Management**.

Control Panel		
Item	Description	Button
Save & Apply	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash and apply the	Save & Apply
	modification on every configuration page, to make the modification	
	taking effect.	
Reboot	Click to reboot the router. If the Reboot button is yellow, it means that	Reboot
	some completed configurations will take effect only after reboot.	
Logout	Click to log the current user out safely. After logging out, it will switch to	Logout
	login page. Shut down web page directly without logout, the next one can	
	login web on this browser without a password before timeout.	



Submit	Click to save the modification on current configuration page.	Submit
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on current configuration page.	Cancel

Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

- 1. Modify in one page;
- 2. Click Submit under this page;
- 3. Modify in another page;
- 4. Click Submit under this page;
- 5. Complete all modification;
- Click Save & Apply.

3.5 Status

This page allows you to view the System Information, Internet Status and LAN Status of your router.

System Information

^ System Information	
Device Model	R2000
System Uptime	0 days, 06:17:32
System Time	Thu Jul 6 17:28:51 2017
RAM Usage	17M Free/64M Total
Firmware Version	3.0.0
Hardware Version	1.0
Kernel Version	3.10.49
Serial Number	111111111

System Information		
Item	Description	
Device Model	Show the model name of your device.	
System Uptime	Show the current amount of time the router has been connected.	
System Time	Show the current system time.	
RAM Usage	Show the free memory and the total memory.	
Firmware Version	Show the firmware version running on the router.	



Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version.
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version.
Serial Number	Show the serial number of your device.

Internet Status

^ Internet Status	
Active Link	WWAN1
Uptime	0 days, 06:16:44
IP Address	10.232.152.135/255.255.255.240
Gateway	10.232.152.136
DNS	210.21.196.6 221.5.88.88

Internet Status		
Item	Description	
Active Link	Show the current active link.	
Uptime	Show the current amount of time the link has been connected.	
IP Address	Show the IP address of current link.	
Gateway	Show the gateway address of the current link.	
DNS	Show the current primary DNS server and secondary server.	

LAN Status

^ LAN Status	
IP Address	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0
MAC Address	34:FA:40:0E:22:9F

LAN Status		
Item Description		
IP Address	Show the IP address and the Netmask of the router.	
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the router.	



3.6 Interface > Link Manager

This section allows you to setup the link connection.

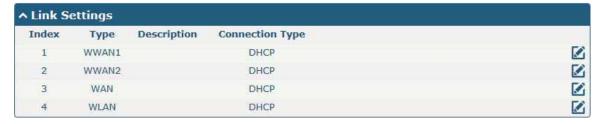


General Settings @ Link Manager		
Item	Description	Default
Primary Link Backup Link	Select from "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN" or "WLAN". WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as the primary wireless link WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as the primary wireless link WAN: Select to make WAN Ethernet port as the primary wired link Note: WAN link is available only if enable eth0 as WAN port in Interface > Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings. WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the primary wireless link Note: WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please refer to 3.10 Interface > WiFi. Select from "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN", "WLAN" or "None".	WWAN1
	 WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as backup wireless link WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as backup wireless link WAN: Select to make WAN Ethernet port as the primary wired link Note: WAN link is available only if enable eth0 as WAN port in Interface > Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings. WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the primary wireless link Note: WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please refer to 3.10 Interface > WiFi. None: Do not select any backup link 	
Backup Mode	 Select from "Cold Backup", "Warm Backup" or "Load Balancing". Cold Backup: The inactive link is offline on standby Warm Backup: The inactive link is online on standby Load Balancing: Use two links simultaneously Note: R2000 do not support warm backup and load balancing in the situation of two WWAN links. 	Cold Backup
Revert Interval	Specify the number of minutes that elapses before the primary link is checked if a backup link is being used in cold backup mode. 0 means disable checking. Note: Revert interval is available only under the cold backup mode.	0
Emergency Reboot	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to reboot the whole system if no links available.	OFF

Note: Click ? for help.



Link Settings allows you to configure the parameters of link connection, including WWAN1/WWAN2, WAN and WLAN. It is recommended to enable Ping detection to keep the router always online. The Ping detection increases the reliability and also costs the data traffic.

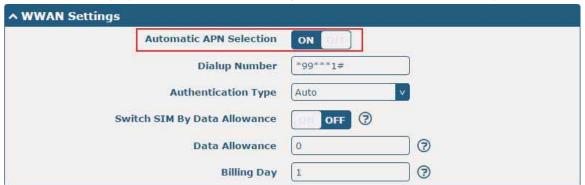


Click on the right-most of WWAN1/WWAN2 to enter the configuration window.

WWAN1/WWAN2



The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.

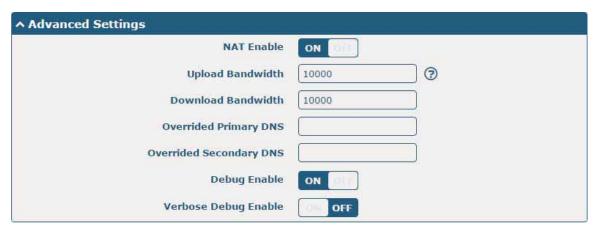


The window is displayed as below when disabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.









Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
	General Settings	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WWAN1
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null
	WWAN Settings	
Automatic APN	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Automatic APN Selection"	ON
Selection	option. After enabling, the device will recognize the access point name	
	automatically. Alternatively, you can disable this option and manually add	
	the access point name.	
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by	internet
	local ISP.	
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Dialup Number	Enter the dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local	*99***1#
	ISP.	
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
Switch SIM By Data	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. After enabling, it will	OFF
Allowance	switch to another SIM when the data limit reached.	
	Note: Only used for dual-SIM backup.	



Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
Data Allowance	Set the monthly data traffic limitation. The system will record the data	0
	traffic statistics when data traffic limitation (MiB) is specified. The traffic	
	record will be displayed in Interface > Link Manager > Status > WWAN	
	Data Usage Statistics. 0 means disable data traffic record.	
Billing Day	Specify the monthly billing day. The data traffic statistics will be	1
	recalculated from that day.	
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keepalive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.11
	current connectivity is active.	4.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advanced Settings	
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON
	option.	
Upload Bandwidth	Set the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Set the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
	debugging information output.	



WAN

Router will obtain IP automatically from DHCP server if choosing "DHCP" as connection type. The window is displayed as below.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the connection type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "PPPoE" as the connection type.

Authentication Type

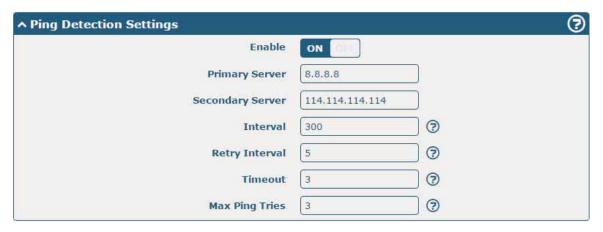
PPP Expert Options

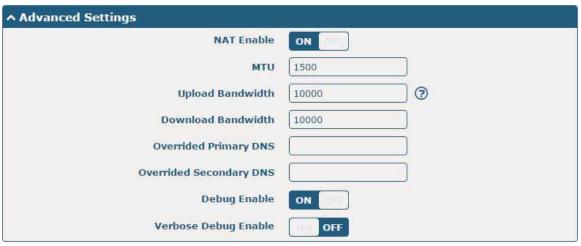


Auto

3







Link Settings (WAN)			
Item	Description	Default	
General Settings			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WAN	
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null	
Connection Type	Select from "DHCP", "Static" or "PPPoE".	DHCP	
Static Address Settings			
IP Address	Set the IP address with Netmask which can access the Internet.	Null	
	IP address with Netmask, e.g. 192.168.1.1/24		
Gateway	Set the gateway of the IP address in WAN port.	Null	
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null	
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null	
PPPoE Settings			
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null	
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null	
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto	
PPP Expert Options	Enter the PPP Expert options used for PPPoE dialup. You can enter some	Null	
	other PPP dial strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a		
	semicolon.		
Ping Detection Settings			



Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
current connectivity is active.	
Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.11
current connectivity is active.	4.114
Set the ping interval.	300
Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
every retry interval.	
Set the ping timeout.	3
Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
the max continuous ping tries reached.	
Advanced Settings	
Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON
option.	
Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
information output.	
illorillation output.	
Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
	keepalive policy of the router. Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active. Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active. Set the ping interval. Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again every retry interval. Set the ping timeout. Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if the max continuous ping tries reached. Advanced Settings Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation option. Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit. Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps. Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS. Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging

WLAN

Router will obtain IP automatically from the WLAN AP if choosing "DHCP" as the connection type. The specific parameter configuration of SSID is shown as below.



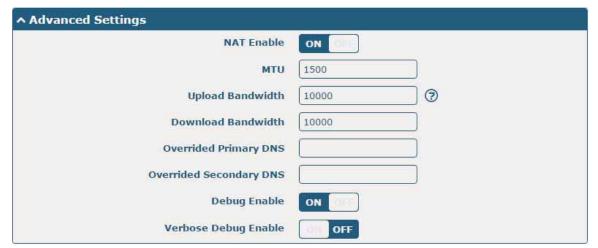


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the connection type.



R2000 Router does not support the **PPPoE** WLAN Connection Type.





Link Settings (WLAN)			
Item	Description	Default	
General Settings			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		



Туре	Show the type of the link.	WLAN
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null
Connection Type	Select from "DHCP" or "Static".	DHCP
	WLAN Settings	
SSID	Enter a 1-32 characters SSID which your router wants to connect. SSID	router
	(Service Set Identifier) is the name of your wireless network.	
Connect to Hidden SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When router works	OFF
	as Client mode and needs to connect any access point which has hidden	
	SSID, you need to enable this option.	
Password	Enter an 8-63 characters password of the access point which your router	Null
	wants to connect.	
	Static Address Settings	
IP Address	Enter the IP address with Netmask which can access the Internet,	Null
	e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	
Gateway	Enter the IP address of WiFi AP.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keepalive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.1
	current connectivity is active.	14.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advance Settings	
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON
	option.	
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
	debugging information output.	



Status

This page allows you to view the status of link connection and clear the monthly data usage statistics.

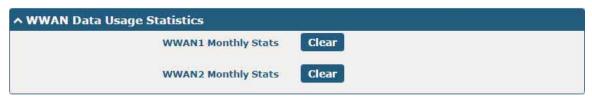


Click the right-most button ••• to select the connection status of the current link.



Click the row of the link, and it will show the details information of the current link connection under the row.





Click the Clear button to clear SIM1 or SIM2 monthly data traffic usage statistics. Data statistics will be displayed only if enable the Data Allowance function in Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings > WWAN Settings > Data Allowance.

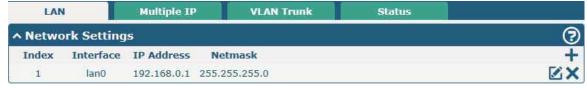


3.7 Interface > LAN

This section allows you to set the related parameters for LAN port. There are two LAN ports on R2000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. The ETH0 and ETH1 can freely choose from lan0 and lan1, but at least one LAN port must be assigned as lan0. The default settings of ETH0 and ETH1 are lan0 and their default IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

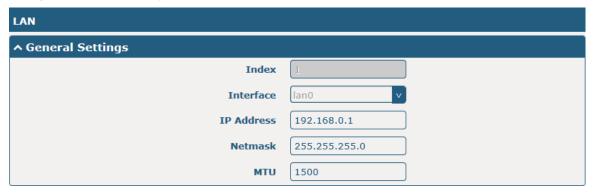
LAN

By default, there is a LAN port (lan0) in the list. To begin adding a new LAN port (lan1), please configure ETH0 or ETH1 as lan1 first in **Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings**. Otherwise, the operation will be prompted as "List is full".



Note: Lan0 cannot be deleted.

You may click + to add a new LAN port, or click \times to delete the current LAN port. Now, click \boxtimes to edit the configuration of the LAN port. The maximum count is 2.



General Settings @ LAN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Interface	Show the editing port. Lan1 is available only if it was selected by one of	
	ETH0~ETH1 in Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings.	
IP Address	Set the IP address of the LAN port.	192.168.0.1
Netmask	Set the Netmask of the LAN port.	255.255.255.0
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Relay" as the mode.

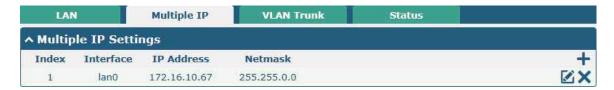


LAN		
Item	Description	Default
	DHCP Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DHCP function.	ON
Mode	Select from "Server" or "Relay".	Server
	Server: Lease IP address to DHCP clients which have been	
	connected to LAN port	
	Relay: Router can be a DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay	
	tunnel to solve the problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server	
	are not in a same subnet	
IP Pool Start	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased	192.168.0.2
	to DHCP clients.	

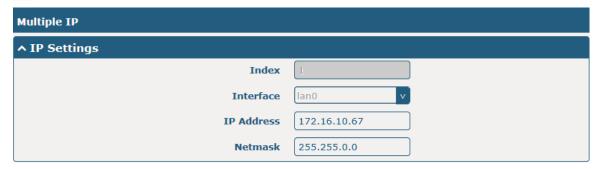


LAN		
Item	Description	Default
IP Pool End	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to	192.168.0.100
	DHCP clients.	
Subnet Mask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from	255.255.255.0
	DHCP server.	
DHCP Server for Relay	Enter the IP address of DHCP relay server.	Null
	DHCP Advanced Settings	
Gateway	Define the gateway assigned by the DHCP server to the clients, which	Null
	must be on the same network segment with DHCP address pool.	
Primary DNS	Define the primary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the	Null
	clients.	
Secondary DNS	Define the secondary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the	Null
	clients.	
WINS Server	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP	Null
	clients from DHCP sever.	
Lease Time	Set the lease time which the client can use the IP address obtained	120
	from DHCP server, measured in seconds.	
Static lease	Bind a lease to correspond an IP address via a MAC address.	Null
	format: mac,ip;mac,ip;, e.g. FF:ED:CB:A0:98:01,192.168.0.200	
Expert Options	Enter some other options of DHCP server in this field.	Null
	format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. log-dhcp;quiet-dhcp	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for DHCP	OFF
	information output.	

Multiple IP



You may click to add a multiple IP to the LAN port, or click to delete the multiple IP of the LAN port. Now, click to edit the multiple IP of the LAN port.





IP Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Interface	Show the editing port.	
IP Address	Set the multiple IP address of the LAN port.	Null
Netmask	Set the multiple Netmask of the LAN port.	Null

VLAN Trunk



Click + to add a VLAN. The maximum count is 8.



VLAN Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this VLAN. Enable to make router can	ON
	encapsulate and de-encapsulate the VLAN tag.	
Interface	Choose the interface which wants to enable VLAN trunk function. Select from	lan0
	"lan0" or "lan1" depends on your ETH0 and ETH1's corresponding LAN ports.	
VID	Set the tag ID of VLAN and digits from 1 to 4094.	100
IP Address	Set the IP address of VLAN port.	Null
Netmask	Set the Netmask of VLAN port.	Null



Status

This section allows you to view the status of LAN connection.



Click the row of status, the details status information will be displayed under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.

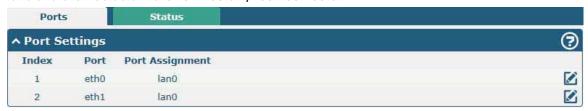


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3.8 Interface > Ethernet

This section allows you to set the related parameters for Ethernet. There are two Ethernet ports on R2000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. The ETH0 on the router can be configured as either a WAN port or LAN port, also can be assigned as a PoE port, while ETH1 can only be configured as a LAN port. The default settings of ETH0 and ETH1 are lan0 and their default IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

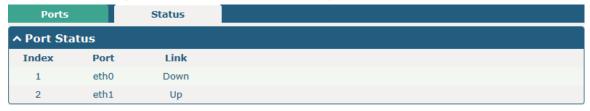


Click button of eth0 to configure its parameters.



Port Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Port	Show the editing port, read only.	
Port Assignment	Choose the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port or LAN port. When setting the port	lan0
	as a LAN port, you can click the drop-down list to select from "lan0" or "lan1".	

This column allows you to view the status of Ethernet port.



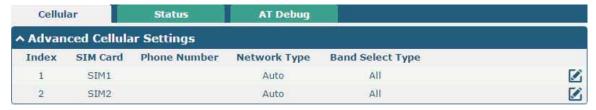
Click the row of status, the details status information will be displayed under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.





3.9 Interface > Cellular

This section allows you to set the related parameters of Cellular. The R2000 Router has two SIM card slots, but do not support two SIM cards online simultaneously due to its single-module design. If insert single SIM card at the first time, SIM1 slot and SIM2 slots are available.



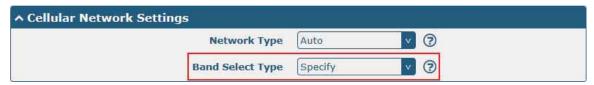
Click of SIM 1 to edit the parameters.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Auto" as the network type.



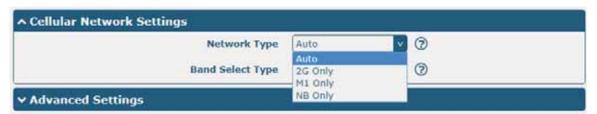
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Specify" as the band select type.





↑ Band Settings	
WCDMA 800	ON OFF
WCDMA 850	ON OFF
WCDMA 900	ON OFF
WCDMA 2100	ON OFF
WCDMA 1700	ON OFF
WCDMA Band 19	ON OFF
LTE Band 1	ON OFF
LTE Band 3	ON OFF
LTE Band 5	ON OFF
LTE Band 7	ON OFF
LTE Band 8	ON OFF
LTE Band 18	ON OFF
LTE Band 19	ON OFF
LTE Band 21	ON OFF
LTE Band 28	ON OFF
LTE Band 38 (TDD)	ON OFF
LTE Band 39 (TDD)	ON OFF
LTE Band 40 (TDD)	ON OFF
LTE Band 41 (TDD)	ON OFF
^ Advanced Settings	
Debug Enable	ON OFF
Verbose Debug Enable	ON OFF

Note: When the device selection module is BG96, the options in "Network Type" are as follows.



Cellular			
Item Description D			
	General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
SIM Card	Show the currently editing SIM card.	SIM1	
Phone Number	Enter the phone number of the SIM card.	Null	
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code used for unlocking the SIM.	Null	
Extra AT Cmd	Enter the AT commands used for cellular initialization.	Null	



	Cellular	
Item	Description	Refault
Telnet Port	Specify the Port listening of telnet service, used for AT over Telnet.	0
	Cellular Network Settings	
Network Type	Select the cellular network type, which is the network access order. Select from	
	"Auto", "3G Only", "3G First", "4G Only", "4G First".	
	Auto: Connect to the best signal network automatically	
	3G Only: Only the 3G network is connected	
	3G First: Connect to the 3G Network preferentially	
	4G Only: Only the 4G network is connected	
	4G First: Connect to the 4G Network preferentially	
	Note: When the device selection module is BG96, select from "Auto", "2G Only",	
	"M1 Only", "NB Only".	
	Auto: Connect to the best signal network automatically	
	M1 Only: Only the CAT M1 network is connected	
	NB Only: Only the NB-IOT network is connected	
Band Select Type	Select from "All" or "Specify". You may choose certain bands if choosing	All
	"Specify".	
	Advanced Settings	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
Enable	debugging information output.	
This section allows y	ou to view the status of the cellular connection.	

Cellular	Statu	IS AT	Debug		
^ Status					
Index	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration	
1	Ready	MC7430	460012148626831	Registered to home network	

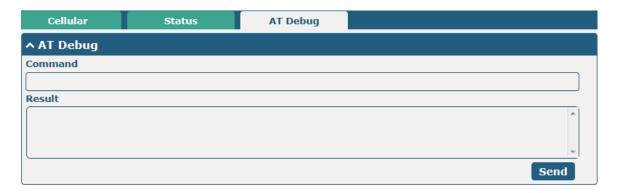


ndex	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration
1	Ready	MC7430	460012148626831	Registered to home network
		Index	1	
		Modem Status	Ready	
		Modem Model	MC7430	
		Current SIM	SIM1	
		Phone Number		
		IMSI	460012148626831	
		ICCID	NOT	
		Registration	Registered to home ne	ntwork
		Network Provider	CHN-UNICOM	
		Network Type	LTE	
		Signal Strength	18 (-77dBm)	
		Bit Error Rate	99	
		PLMN ID	46001	
		Local Area Code	FFFE	
		Cell ID	6074702	
		IMEI	359074060118488	
		Firmware Version		00 r6134 CARMD-EV-FRMWR2 2016.

Status			
Item	Description		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Modem Status	Show the status of the radio module.		
Modem Model	Show the model of the radio module.		
Current SIM	Show the SIM card that your router is using.		
Phone Number	Show the phone number of the current SIM.		
	Note: This option will be displayed if enter manually in Cellular > Advanced Cellular		
	Settings > SIM1/SIM2 > General Settings > Phone Number.		
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.		
ICCID	Show the ICCID number of the current SIM.		
Registration	Show the current network status.		
Network Provider	Show the name of Network Provider.		
Network Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.		
Signal Strength	Show the signal strength detected by the mobile.		
Bit Error Rate	Show the current bit error rate.		
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID.		
Local Area Code	Show the current local area code used for identifying different area.		
Cell ID	Show the current cell ID used for locating the router.		
IMEI	Show the IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) number of the radio		
	module.		
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version of the radio module.		

This page allows you to check the AT Debug.





AT Debug			
Item	Description	Default	
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular module in this text box.	Null	
Result	Show the AT command responded by cellular module in this text box.	Null	
Send	Click the button to send AT command.		

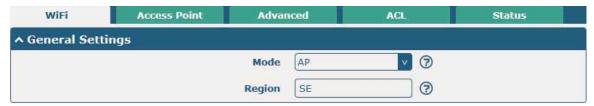
3.10 Interface > WiFi (Optional)

This section allows you to configure the parameters of two WiFi modes. Router supports both WiFi AP or Client modes, and default as AP.

WiFi AP

Configure Router as WiFi AP

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "AP" as the mode and click "Submit".



Note: Please remember to click **Save & Apply > Reboot** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.

Click the **Access Point** column to configure the parameters of WiFi AP. By default, the security mode is set as "Disabled".





The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA-Personal" as the security mode.



The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA-Enterprise" as the security mode.



The window is displayed as below when setting "WEP" as the security mode.





General Settings @ Access Point			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WiFi access point option.	OFF	
Wireless Mode	Select from "11bgn Mixed", "11b Only", "11g Only" or "11n Only". 11bgn Mixed: Mix three agreements, for backward compatibility 11b only: IEEE 802.11b, 11Mbit/s~2.4GHz 11g only: IEEE 802.11g, 54Mbit/s~2.4GHz 11n only: IEEE 802.11n, 300Mbps~600Mbps	11bgn Mixed	
Channel	Select the frequency channel, including "Auto", "1", "2" "13". • Auto: Router will scan all frequency channels until the best one is found • 1~13 Router will be fixed to work with this channel Following are the frequency of 1~13 channel: 1: 2412 MHz 2: 2417 MHz 3: 2422 MHz 4: 2427 MHz 5: 2432 MHz 6: 2437 MHz 7: 2442 MHz 8: 2447 MHz 9: 2452 MHz 10: 2457 MHz 11: 2462 MHz 12: 2467 MHz 13: 2472 MHz	Auto	
SSID	Enter the Service Set Identifier, the name of your wireless network. The SSID of a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able to communicate with each other. Enter 1 to 32 characters.	router	



General Settings @ Access Point			
Item	Description	Default	
Broadcast SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SSID being broadcast. When enabled, the client can scan your SSID. When disabled, the client cannot scan your SSID. If you want to connect to the router AP, you need to manually enter the SSID of router AP at WiFi client side.	ON	
Security Mode	 Select from "Disabled", "WPA-Personal", "WPA-Enterprise" or "WEP". Disabled: User can access the WiFi without password Note: It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you do not choose this kind of mode. WPA-Personal: WiFi Protected Access only provides one password used for Identity Authentication WPA-Enterprise: Provides an authentication interface for EAP which can be authenticated via Radius Authentication Server or other Extended Authentication WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy provides encryption for wireless device's data transmission 	Disabled	
WPA Version	 Select from "Auto", "WPA" or "WPA2". Auto: Router will choose automatically the most suitable WPA version WPA2 is a stronger security feature than WPA 	Auto	
Encryption	 Select from "Auto", "TKIP" or "AES". Auto: Router will choose automatically the most suitable encryption TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption uses a wireless connection. TKIP encryption can be used for WPA-PSK and WPA 802.1x authentication Note: It's not recommended to use TKIP encryption in 802.11n mode. AES: AES encryption uses a wireless connection. AES can be used for CCMP WPA-PSK and WPA 802.1x authentication. AES is a stronger encryption algorithm than TKIP 	Auto	
PSK Password	Enter the Pre share key password. When router works as AP mode, enter Master key to generate keys for encryption. A PSK Password is used as a basis for encryption methods (or cipher types) in a WLAN connection. The PSK Password should be complicated and as long as possible. For security reasons, this PSK Password should only be disclosed to users who need it, and it should be changed regularly. Enter 8 to 63 characters.	Null	
Radius Authentication Server Address	Enter the address of radius authentication server.	Null	
Radius Authentication Server Port	Enter the port of radius authentication server.	1812	



General Settings @ Access Point			
Item	Default		
Radius Server Share Secret	Enter the shared secret of radius authentication server.	Null	
Group Key Update Interval Enter the time period of group key renewal.		3600	
WEP Key Enter the WEP key. The key length should be 10 or 26		Null	
hexadecimal digits depending on which WEP key is used, 64 digits			
or 128 digits.			

WiFi	Access Point A	dvanced	ACL	Status
^ Advanced Set	ttings			
	Max Associated Statio	ons 64		
	Beacon Inter	val [100	?	
	DTIM Peri	iod 2	?	
	RTS Thresh	old 2347	?	
	Fragmentation Thresh	old 2346	②	
	Transmit Ra	ate Auto	v	
	11N Transmit Ra	ate Auto	v	
	Transmit Pov	ver Max	V	
	Channel Wid	dth Auto	∨ ?	
	Enable Wi	MM ON OF		
	Enable Short	GI ON G		
	Enable AP Isolati	ion OFF	9	
	Debug Le	vel none	V	

Advanced Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Max Associated Stations	Set the max number of clients allowed to access the router's AP.	64	
Beacon Interval	Set the interval of time in which the router AP broadcasts a beacon	100	
	which is used for wireless network authentication.		
DTIM Period	Set the delivery traffic indication message period and the router AP	2	
	will multicast the data according to this period.		
RTS Threshold	Set the "request to send" threshold. When the threshold set as	2347	
	2347, the router AP will not send detection signal before sending		
	data. And when the threshold set as 0, the router AP will send		
	detection signal before sending data.		
Fragmentation Threshold	Set the fragmentation threshold of a WiFi AP. It is recommended that	2346	
	you use the default value 2346.		
Transmit Rate	Set the transmit rate. You can choose Auto or specify a Transmit	Auto	
	Rate, including 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 5.5Mbps, 6Mbps, 11Mbps, 12Mbps,		
	18Mbps, 24Mbps, 36Mbps, 48Mbps, 54Mbps, MCS0, MCS1, MCS2,		
	MCS3, MCS4, MCS5, MCS6 and MCS7.		
11N Transmit Rate	Specify the transmit rate under the IEEE 802.11n mode or let is	Auto	



Advanced Settings				
Item	Description	Default		
	default to "Auto".			
Transmit Power	Select from "Max", "High", "Medium" or "Low".	Max		
Channel Width	Select from "Auto", "20MHz" or "40MHz".	Auto		
	Note: 40 MHz channel width provides higher available data rate,			
	twice as many as 20 MHz channel width.			
Enable WMM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WMM option.	ON		
Enable Short GI	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Short Guard Interval	ON		
	option. Short GI is a blank time between two symbols, providing a			
	long buffer time for signal delay. Using the Short GI would increase			
	11% in data rates, but also result in higher packet error rates.			
Enable AP Isolation	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the AP isolation option.	OFF		
	When enabled, the router will isolate all connected wireless devices.			
	The wireless device cannot access the router directly via WLAN.			
Debug Level	Select from "verbose", "debug", "info", "notice", "warning" or	none		
	"none".			



Click + to add a MAC address to the Access Control List. The maximum count for MAC address is 64.



ACL			
Item	Description	Default	
	General Settings		
Enable ACL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option.	OFF	
ACL Mode	 Select from "Accept" or "Deny". Accept: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" can be allowed Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" will be denied Note: Router can only allow or deny devices which are included in 	Accept	



ACL			
Item	Description	Default	
	"Access Control List" at one time.		
Access Control List			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Description Enter a description for this access control list. Null			
MAC Address	Add a MAC address here.	Null	

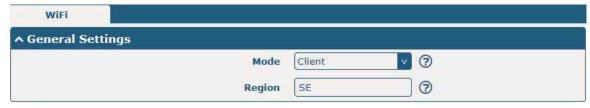
This section allows you to view the status of AP.



WiFi Client

Configure Router as WiFi Client

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "Client" as the mode and click "Submit".



And then a "WLAN" column will appear under the Interface list.



Click Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings, and click the edit button of WLAN, then configure its related parameters.



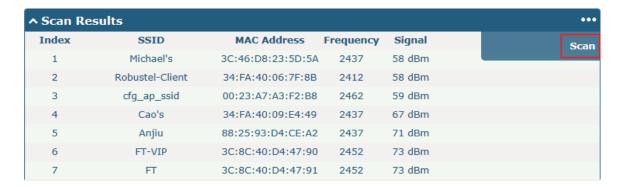
↑ WLAN Settings	
SSID	Robustel
Connect to Hidden SSID	ON OFF
Password	•••••

Click **Interface > WLAN** to configure the parameters of WiFi Client after setting the mode as Client. Please remember to click **Save & Apply > Reboot** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.



This window allows you to scan for all available SSIDs in your area and connect to one of those shown on the "Scan Results" list.

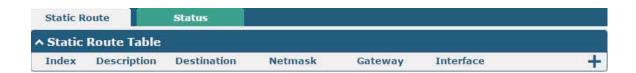




3.11 Network > Route

This section allows you to set the static route. Static route is a form of routing that occurs when a router uses a manually-configured routing entry, rather than information from a dynamic routing traffic. Route Information Protocol (RIP) is widely used in small network with stable use rate. Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) is made router within a single autonomous system and used in large network.

Static Route



Click + to add static routes. The maximum count is 20.

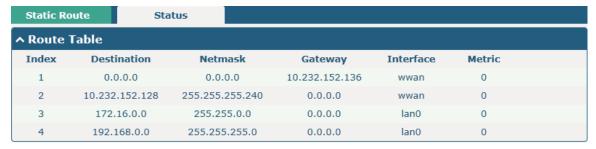


Static Route		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this static route.	Null
Destination	Enter the IP address of destination host or destination network.	Null
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of destination host or destination network.	Null
Gateway	Define the gateway of the destination.	Null
Interface	Choose the corresponding port of the link that you want to configure.	wwan



Status

This window allows you to view the status of route.

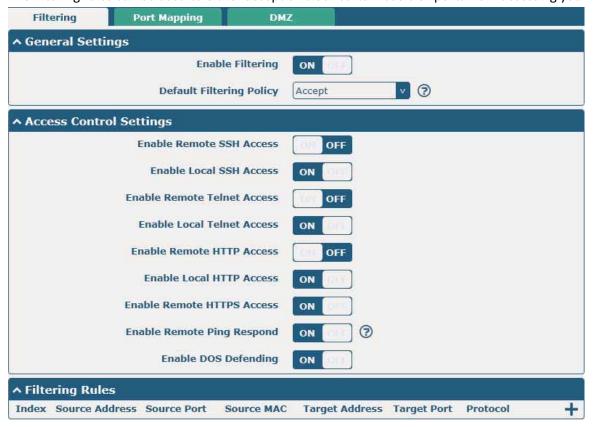


3.12 Network > Firewall

This section allows you to set the firewall and its related parameters, including Filtering, Port Mapping and DMZ.

Filtering

The filtering rules can be used to either accept or block certain users or ports from accessing your router.



Filtering		
Item Description Default		Default
General Settings		
Enable Filtering	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the filtering option.	ON



Filtering		
Item	Description	Default
Default Filtering Policy	Select from "Accept" or "Drop". Cannot be changed when filtering	Accept
	rules table is not empty.	
	Accept: Router will accept all the connecting requests except the	
	hosts which fit the drop filter list	
	Drop: Router will drop all the connecting requests except the	
	hosts which fit the accept filter list	
	Access Control Settings	
Enable Remote SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via SSH.	
Enable Local SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the LAN user can access the router locally via SSH.	
Enable Remote Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via Telnet.	
Enable Local Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the LAN user can access the router locally via Telnet.	
Enable Remote HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTP.	
Enable Local HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the LAN user can access the router locally via HTTP.	
Enable Remote HTTPS Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTPS.	
Enable Remote Ping Respond	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the router will reply to the Ping requests from other hosts on the	
	Internet.	
Enable DOS Defending	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the router will defend the DOS. Dos attack is an attempt to make a	
	machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.	

Click + to add a filtering rule. The maximum count is 20. The window is displayed as below when defaulting "All" or choosing "ICMP" as the protocol. Here take "All" as an example.



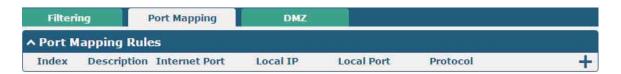


The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as the protocol. Here take "TCP" as an example.



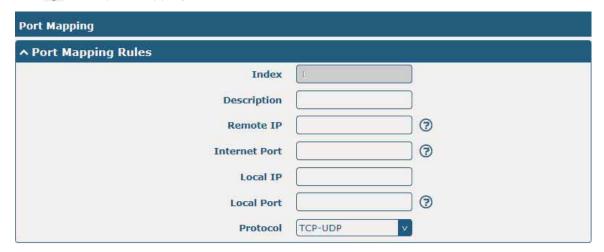
Filtering Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this filtering rule.	Null
Source Address	Specify an access originator and enter its source address.	Null
Source Port	Specify an access originator and enter its source port.	Null
Source MAC	Specify an access originator and enter its source MAC address.	Null
Target Address	Enter the target address which the access originator wants to access.	Null
Target Port	Enter the target port which the access originator wants to access.	Null
Protocol	Select from "All", "TCP", "UDP", "ICMP" or "TCP-UDP".	All
	Note : It is recommended that you choose "All" if you don't know which protocol of	
	your application to use.	
Action	Select from "Accept" or "Drop".	Drop
	Accept: When Default Filtering Policy is drop, router will drop all the	
	connecting requests except the hosts which fit this accept filtering list	
	Drop: When Default Filtering Policy is accept, router will accept all the	
	connecting requests except the hosts which fit this drop filtering list	

Port Mapping





Click + to add port mapping rules. The maximum rule count is 40.



Port Mapping Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this port mapping.	Null
Remote IP	Specify the host or network which can access the local IP address. Empty	Null
	means unlimited, e.g. 10.10.10.10/255.255.255.255 or 192.168.1.0/24	
Internet Port	Enter the internet port of router which can be accessed by other hosts	Null
	from internet.	
Local IP	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null
Local Port	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as your application required.	TCP-UDP

DMZ



DMZ Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable DMZ	Click the toggle button to enable/disable DMZ. DMZ host is a host on the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise	OFF
	forwarded.	
Host IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on your internal network.	Null
Source IP Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. Null means for any addresses.	Null



3.13 Network > IP Passthrough

Click Network > IP Passthrough > IP Passthrough to enable or disable the IP Pass-through option.

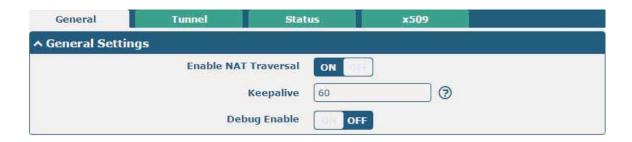


If router enables the IP Pass-through, the terminal device (such as PC) will enable the DHCP Client mode and connect to LAN port of the router; and after the router dial up successfully, the PC will automatically obtain the IP address and DNS server address which assigned by ISP.

3.14 VPN > IPsec

This section allows you to set the IPsec and the related parameters. Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) is a protocol suite for secure Internet Protocol (IP) communications that works by authenticating and encrypting each IP packet of a communication session.

General



General Settings @ General		
Item	Description	Default
Enable NAT Traversal	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT Traversal function. This	ON
	option must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	
Keepalive	Set the keepalive time, measured in seconds. The router will send packets	60
	to NAT server every keepalive time to avoid record remove from the NAT	
	list.	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for IPsec VPN	OFF
	information output to the debug port.	

Tunnel





Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3.



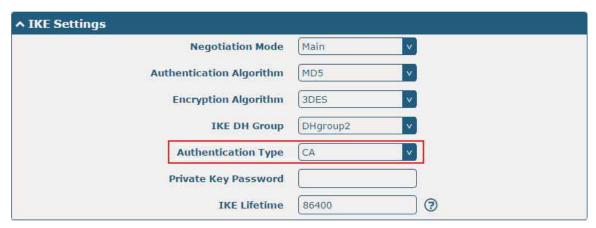
General Settings @ Tunnel		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this IPsec tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this IPsec tunnel.	Null
Gateway	Enter the address of remote IPsec VPN server. 0.0.0.0 represents for any address.	Null
Mode	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".	Tunnel
	Tunnel: Commonly used between gateways, or at an end-station to a gateway,	
	the gateway acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it	
	Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a	
	gateway, if the gateway is being treated as a host-for example, an encrypted	
	Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the router is the actual	
	destination	
Protocol	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH".	ESP
	ESP: Use the ESP protocol	
	AH: Use the AH protocol	
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 192.168.1.0/24	Null
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 10.8.0.0/24	Null



The window is displayed as below when choosing "PSK" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "CA" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth PSK" as the authentication type.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth CA" as the authentication type.

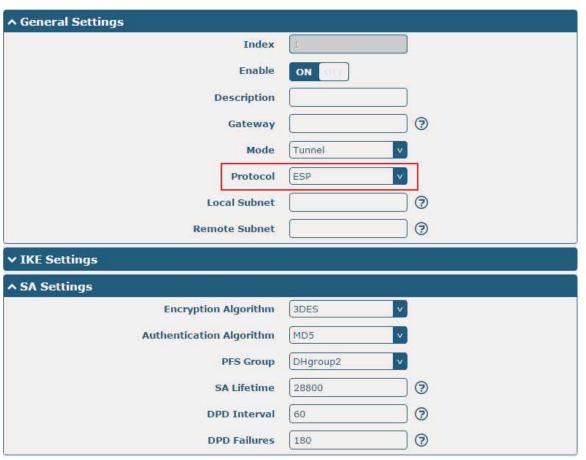
↑ IKE Settings	
Negotiation Mode	Main
Authentication Algorithm	MD5 v
Encryption Algorithm	3DES v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2 v
Authentication Type	xAuth CA V
Private Key Password	
Username	7
Password	7
IKE Lifetime	86400

IKE Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in phase 1.	Main
	If the IP address of one end of an IPsec tunnel is obtained dynamically, the IKE	
	negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case, SAs can be established as	
	long as the username and password are correct.	
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in IKE	MD5
Algorithm	negotiation.	
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128" and "AES256" to be used in IKE negotiation.	3DES
	3DES: Use 168-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
IKE DH Group	Select from "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5", "DHgroup14", "DHgroup15",	DHgroup2
	"DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18" to be used in key negotiation	
	phase 1.	
Authentication Type	Select from "PSK", "CA", "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" to be used in IKE	PSK
	negotiation.	
	PSK: Pre-shared Key	
	CA: x509 Certificate Authority	
	xAuth: Extended Authentication to AAA server	
PSK Secret	Enter the pre-shared key.	Null
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	Default
	Default: Use an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation	
	FQDN: Use an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	
	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.	
	User FQDN: Use a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this	
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local	
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.	
Remote ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	Default



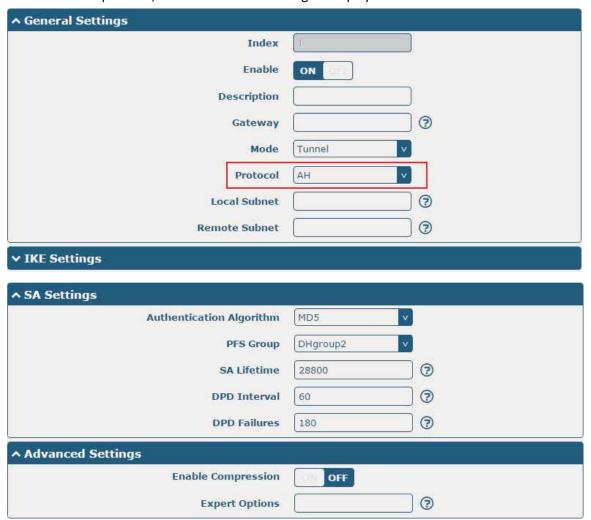
IKE Settings		
Item	Description	Default
	Default: Use an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation	
	FQDN: Use an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	
	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.	
	User FQDN: Use a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this	
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local	
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.	
IKE Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new	86400
	SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old	
	one will be cleared automatically when it expires.	
Private Key Password	Enter the private key under the "CA" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null
Username	Enter the username used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication	Null
	types.	
Password	Enter the password used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication	Null
	types.	

If click **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel > General Settings**, and choose **ESP** as protocol. The specific parameter configuration is shown as below.





If choose **AH** as protocol, the window of SA Settings is displayed as below.



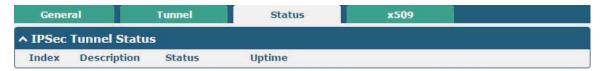
SA Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128" or "AES256" when you select "ESP" in	3DES	
	"Protocol". Higher security means more complex implementation and lower		
	speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when high		
	confidentiality and security are required.		
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in SA	MD5	
Algorithm	negotiation.		
PFS Group	Select from "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5", "DHgroup14", "DHgroup15",	DHgroup2	
	"DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18" to be used in SA negotiation.		
SA Lifetime	Set the IPsec SA lifetime. When negotiating set up IPsec SAs, IKE uses the	28800	
	smaller one between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by		
	the peer.		
DPD Interval	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPsec protected packets is	60	
	received from the peer. DPD is Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly detects		
	dead IKE peers. When the local end sends an IPsec packet, DPD checks the		
	time the last IPsec packet was received from the peer. If the time exceeds		
	the DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end receives		



SA Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
	no DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission interval, it		
retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of			
	retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears the		
	IKE SA and the IPsec SAs based on the IKE SA.		
DPD Failures	Set the timeout of DPD (Dead Peer Detection) packets.	180	
Advanced Settings			
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress	OFF	
	the inner headers of IP packets.		
Expert Options	Add more PPP configuration options here, format: config-desc;config-desc,	Null	
	e.g. protostack=netkey;plutodebug=none		

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the IPsec tunnel.



x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the IPsec tunnel in this section.



x509			
Item	Description	Default	
X509 Settings			
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1	
Certificate Files	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and		
	then import this file into your router.		
	The correct file format is displayed as follows:		
	@ca.crt		
	@remote.crt		
	@local.crt		
	@private.key		



x509			
Item	Description	Default	
	@crl.pem		
Certificate Files			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null	
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null	
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null	

3.15 VPN > OpenVPN

This section allows you to set the OpenVPN and the related parameters. OpenVPN is an open-source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. Router supports point-to-point and point-to-points connections.

OpenVPN



Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3. The window is displayed as below when choosing "None" as the authentication type. By default, the mode is "Client".





The window is displayed as below when choosing "P2P" as the mode.

^ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON UES	
Description		
Mode	P2P. V	
Protocol	UDP	
Server Address		
Server Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	None v ?	
Local IP	10,8,0,1	
Remote IP	10.8.0.2	
Keepalive Interval	20 🔞	
Keepalive Timeout	120	
Enable Compression	ON G(I	
Enable NAT	ON OFF	
Verbose Level	0 7	



The window is displayed as below when choosing "None" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings	
Index	Ĺ
Enable	ON CONTRACTOR
Description	
Mode	Client
Protocol	UDP
Server Address	
Server Port	1194
Interface Type	TUN
Authentication Type	None v 🤊
Renegotiation Interval	86400
Keepalive Interval	20 🗇
Keepalive Timeout	120
Enable Compression	ON ME
Enable NAT	OFF OFF
Verbose Level	0 0



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Preshared" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings	
Index	Ī
Enable	ON OU
Description	
Mode	Client
Protocol	UDP
Server Address	
Server Port	1194
Interface Type	TUN
Authentication Type	Preshared
Encrypt Algorithm	BF V
Renegotiation Interval	86400
Keepalive Interval	20
Keepalive Timeout	120
Enable Compression	ON THE
Enable NAT	OFF OFF
Verbose Level	0 🔻 🤊



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Password" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings	
Index	1
Enable	ON UT
Description	
Mode	Client
Protocol	UDP
Server Address	
Server Port	1194
Interface Type	TUN
Authentication Type	Password
Username	
Password	
Encrypt Algorithm	BF v
Renegotiation Interval	86400
Keepalive Interval	20 😨
Keepalive Timeout	120 🗇
Enable Compression	ON ME
Enable NAT	ON OFF
Verbose Level	0 🗸 🔊



The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA" as the authentication type.

^ General Settings	
Index	Ī
Enable	ON GU
Description	
Mode	Client
Protocol	UDP
Server Address	
Server Port	1194
Interface Type	TUN
Authentication Type	X509CA
Encrypt Algorithm	BF v
Renegotiation Interval	86400
Keepalive Interval	20
Keepalive Timeout	120
Private Key Password	
Enable Compression	ON DEE
Enable NAT	OH OFF
Verbose Level	0 🔻 🤋



The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA Password" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON UIS	
Description		
Mode	Client	
Protocol	UDP	e A
Server Address		
Server Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN v	
Authentication Type	X509CA Password V	?
Username		
Password		
Encrypt Algorithm	BF	
Renegotiation Interval	86400	?
Keepalive Interval	20	?
Keepalive Timeout	120	?
Private Key Password		
Enable Compression	ON MAR	
Enable NAT	OFF OFF	
Verbose Level	0 v	9

General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this OpenVPN tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this OpenVPN tunnel.	Null
Mode	Select from "P2P" or "Client".	Client
Protocol	Select from "UDP", "TCP-Client" or "TCP-Server".	UDP
Server Address	Enter the end-to-end IP address or the domain of the remote OpenVPN	Null
	server.	
Server Port	Enter the end-to-end listener port or the listening port of the OpenVPN	1194
	server.	
Interface Type	Select from "TUN" or "TAP" which are two different kinds of device	TUN
	interface for OpenVPN. The difference between TUN and TAP device is	
	that a TUN device is a point-to-point virtual device on network while a	
	TAP device is a virtual device on Ethernet.	



	General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default	
Authentication Type	Select from "None", "Preshared", "Password", "X509CA" and "X509CA Password". Note: "None" and "Preshared" authentication type are only working with P2P mode.	None	
Username	Enter the username used for "Password" or "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null	
Password	Enter the password used for "Password" or "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null	
Local IP	Enter the local virtual IP.	10.8.0.1	
Remote IP	Enter the remote virtual IP.	10.8.0.2	
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "BF", "DES", "DES-EDE3", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256". BF: Use 128-bit BF encryption algorithm in CBC mode DES: Use 64-bit DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode DES-EDE3: Use 192-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES192: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	BF	
Renegotiation Interval	Set the renegotiation interval. If connection failed, OpenVPN will renegotiate when the renegotiation interval reached.	86400	
Keepalive Interval	Set keepalive (ping) interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20	
Keepalive Timeout	Set the keepalive timeout. Trigger OpenVPN restart after n seconds pass without reception of a ping or other packet from remote.	120	
Private Key Password	Enter the private key password under the "X509CA" and "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null	
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress the data stream of the header.	ON	
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT option. When enabled, the source IP address of host behind router will be disguised before accessing the remote OpenVPN client.	OFF	
Verbose Level	 Select the level of the output log and values from 0 to 11. 0: No output except fatal errors 1~4: Normal usage range 5: Output R and W characters to the console for each packet read and write 6~11: Debug info range 	0	

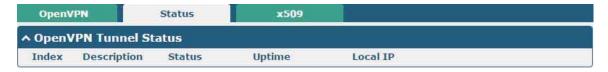




Advanced Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Enable HMAC Firewall	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Add an additional	OFF
	layer of HMAC authentication on top of the TLS control channel to protect	
	against DoS attacks.	
Enable PKCS#12	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the PKCS#12 certificate. It is an	OFF
	exchange of digital certificate encryption standard, used to describe	
	personal identity information.	
Enable nsCertType	Click the toggle button to enable/disable nsCertType. Require that peer	OFF
	certificate was signed with an explicit nsCertType designation of "server".	
Expert Options	Enter some other options of OpenVPN in this field. Each expression can be	Null
	separated by a ';'.	

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the OpenVPN tunnel.



x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the OpenVPN in this section.



x509		
Item	Description	Default
X509 Settings		
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1

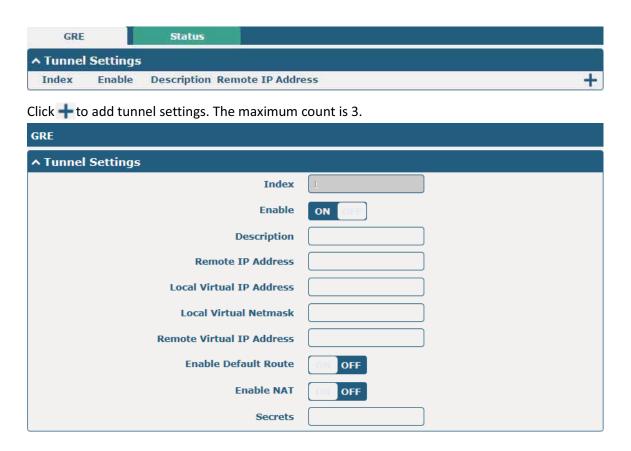


Certificate Files	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and	
	then import this file into your router.	
	The correct file format is displayed as follows:	
	@ca.crt	
	@remote.crt	
	@local.crt	
	@private.key	
	@crl.pem	
	@client.p12	
Certificate Files		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

3.16 VPN > GRE

This section allows you to set the GRE and the related parameters. Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a tunneling protocol that can encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols inside virtual point-to-point links over an Internet Protocol network.

GRE





Tunnel Settings @ GRE		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this GRE tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote IP Address	Set the remote real IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual IP Address	Set the local virtual IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual Netmask	Set the local virtual Netmask of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote Virtual IP Address	Set the remote virtual IP Address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Enable Default Route	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, all	OFF
	the traffics of the router will go through the GRE VPN.	
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. This option must be	OFF
	enabled when router under NAT environment.	
Secrets	Set the key of the GRE tunnel.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of GRE tunnel.



3.17 Services > Syslog

This section allows you to set the syslog parameters. The system log of the router can be saved in the local, also supports to be sent to remote log server and specified application debugging. By default, the "Log to Remote" option is disabled.





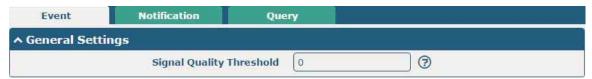
The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.



Syslog Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Syslog settings option.	OFF
Syslog Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warning" or "Error", which from low to	Debug
	high. The lower level will output more syslog in details.	
Save Position	Select the save position from "RAM", "NVM" or "Console". The data will be	RAM
	cleared after reboot when choose "RAM".	
	Note: It's not recommended that you save syslog to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory)	
	for a long time.	
Log to Remote	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to allow router	OFF
	sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to enter the IP and Port of	
	the syslog server.	
Add Identifier	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can add	OFF
	serial number to syslog message which used for loading Syslog to RobustLink.	
Remote IP Address	Enter the IP address of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	Null
Remote Port	Enter the port of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	514

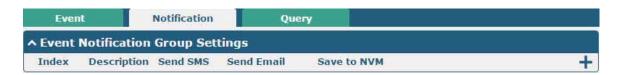
3.18 Services > Event

This section allows you to set the event parameters. Event feature provides an ability to send alerts by SMS or Email when certain system events occur.



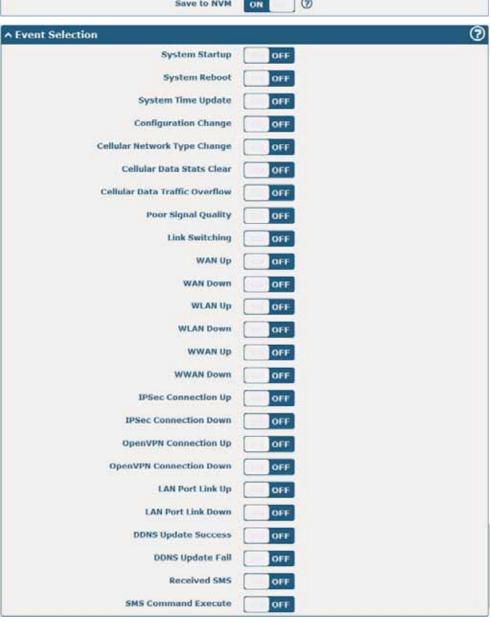
General Settings @ Event		
Item	Description	Default
Signal Quality Threshold	Set the threshold for signal quality. Router will generate a log event when	0
	the actual threshold is less than the specified threshold. 0 means disable	
	this option.	





Click + button to add an Event parameters.

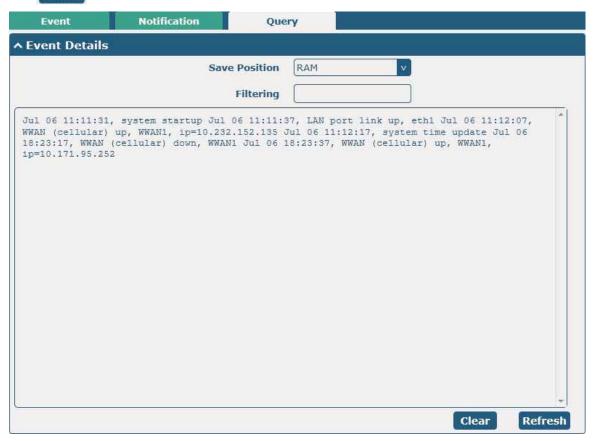






General Settings @ Notification		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this group.	Null
Sent SMS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will send notification to the specified phone numbers via SMS if event occurs. Set the related phone number in "3.21 Services > Email", and use ';'to separate each number.	OFF
Phone Number	Enter the phone numbers used for receiving event notification. Use a semicolon (;) to separate each number.	Null
Send Email	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will send notification to the specified email box via Email if event occurs. Set the related email address in "3.21 Services > Email".	OFF
Email Address	Enter the email addresses used for receiving event notification. Use a space to separate each address.	Null
Save to NVM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to save event to nonvolatile memory.	OFF

In the following window you can query various types of events record. Click **Refresh** to query filtered events while click **Clear** to clear the event records in the window.



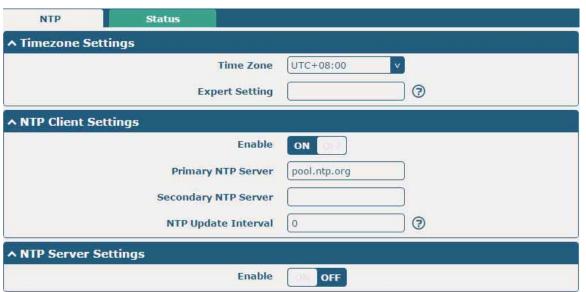
Event Details		
Item	Description	Default
Save Position	Select the events' save position from "RAM" or "NVM".	RAM



	RAM: Random-access memory	
	NVM: Non-Volatile Memory	
Filter Message	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords set by users. Click the "Refresh"	Null
	button, the filtered event will be displayed in the follow box. Use "&" to separate	
	more than one filter message, such as message1&message2.	

3.19 Services > NTP

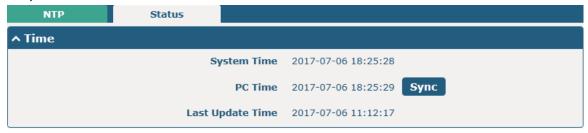
This section allows you to set the related NTP (Network Time Protocol) parameters, including Time zone, NTP Client and NTP Server.



NTP			
Item	Description	Default	
	Timezone Settings		
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in.	UTC +08:00	
Expert Setting	Specify the time zone with Daylight Saving Time in TZ environment	Null	
	variable format. The Time Zone option will be ignored in this case.		
	NTP Client Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to	ON	
	synchronize time with the NTP server.		
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.ntp.org	
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null	
NTP Update interval	Enter the interval (minutes) synchronizing the NTP client time with the	0	
	NTP server's. Minutes wait for next update, and 0 means update only		
	once.		
NTP Server Settings			
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NTP server option.	OFF	



This window allows you to view the current time of router and also synchronize the router time. Click **Sync** button to synchronize the router time with the PC's.



3.20 Services > SMS

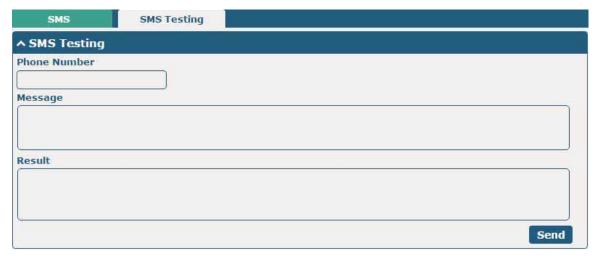
This section allows you to set SMS parameters. Router supports SMS management, and user can control and configure their routers by sending SMS. For more details about SMS control, refer to **4.1.2 SMS Remote Control**.



SMS Management Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SMS Management option.	ON
	Note: If this option is disabled, the SMS configuration is invalid.	
Authentication Type	Select Authentication Type from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".	Password
	Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for	
	authentication. For example, the format of the SMS should be "username:	
	password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Note: Set the WEB manager password in System > User Management	
	section.	
	Phonenum: Use the Phone number for authentication, and user should	
	set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format	
	of the SMS should be "cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Both: Use both the "Password" and "Phonenum" for authentication. User	
	should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The	
	format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
Phone Number	Set the phone number used for SMS management, and use '; 'to separate each	Null
	number.	
	Note : It can be null when choose "Password" as the authentication type.	



User can test the current SMS service whether it is available in this section.



SMS Testing		
Item	Description	Default
Phone Number	Enter the specified phone number which can receive the SMS from router.	Null
Message	Enter the message that router will send it to the specified phone number.	Null
Result	The result of the SMS test will be displayed in the result box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send the test message.	

3.21 Services > Email

Email function supports to send the event notifications to the specified recipient by ways of email.



Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Email option.	OFF
Enable TLS/SSL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the TLS/SSL option.	OFF



Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Outgoing server	Enter the SMTP server IP Address or domain name.	Null
Server port	Enter the SMTP server port.	25
Timeout	Set the max time for sending email to SMTP server. When the server doesn't	10
	receive the email over this time, it will try to resend.	
Username	Enter the username which has been registered from SMTP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password of the username above.	Null
From	Enter the source address of the email.	Null
Subject	Enter the subject of this email.	Null

3.22 Services > DDNS

This section allows you to set the DDNS parameters. The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name, allows you whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP. The service provider defaults to "DynDNS", as shown below.



When "Custom" service provider chosen, the window is displayed as below.

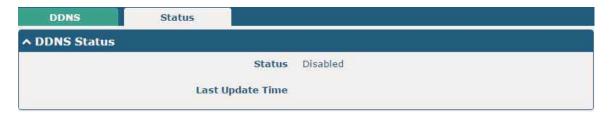


DDNS Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DDNS option.	OFF
Service Provider	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS", "NO-IP", "3322" or	DynDNS
	"Custom".	
	Note: The DDNS service only can be used after registered by	



	Corresponding service provider.	
Hostname	Enter the hostname provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Username	Enter the username provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by the DDNS server.	Null
URL	Enter the URL customized by user.	Null

Click "Status" bar to view the status of the DDNS.



DDNS Status	
Item Description	
Status	Display the current status of the DDNS.
Last Update Time	Display the date and time for the DDNS was last updated successfully.

3.23 Services > SSH

Router supports SSH password access and secret-key access.



SSH Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can	ON
	access the router via SSH.	
Port	Set the port of the SSH access.	22
Disable Password Logins	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you	OFF
	cannot use username and password to access the router via SSH. In this	
	case, only the key can be used for login.	

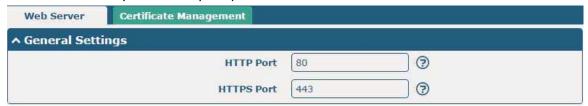




Import Authorized Keys			
Item	Item Description		
Authorized Keys	Click on "Choose File" to locate an authorized key from your computer, and then		
	click "Import" to import this key into your router.		
	Note: This option is valid when enabling the password logins option.		

3.24 Services > Web Server

This section allows you to modify the parameters of Web Server.



General Settings @ Web Server		
Item	Description	Default
HTTP Port	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a	80
	Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive	
	from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port number	
	except 80, only adding that port number then you can login router's Web	
	Server.	
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a	443
	Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to	
	receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port	
	number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login router's	
	Web Server.	
	Note: HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be	
	exchanging confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured in	
	order to prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed by	
	Netscape corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.	

This section allows you to import the certificate file into the router.



Import Certificate		
Item	Description	Default
Import Type	Select from "CA" and "Private Key".	CA



Import Certificate		
Item	Description	Default
	CA: a digital certificate issued by CA center	
	Private Key: a private key file	
HTTPS Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then	
	click "Import" to import this file into your router.	

3.25 Services > Advanced

This section allows you to set the Advanced and parameters.



System Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Device Name	Set the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed; valid	router
	characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	
User LED Type	Specify the display type of your USR LED. Select from "None", "SIM", "NET",	None
	"OpenVPN", "IPSec" or "WiFi".	
	None: Meaningless indication, and the LED is off	
	SIM: USR indicator showing the SIM status	
	NET: USR indicator showing the NET status	
	OpenVPN: USR indicator showing the OpenVPN status	
	IPSec: USR indicator showing the IPsec status	
	WiFi: USR indicator showing the WiFi status	
	Note : For more details about USR indicator, see "2.2 LED Indicators".	

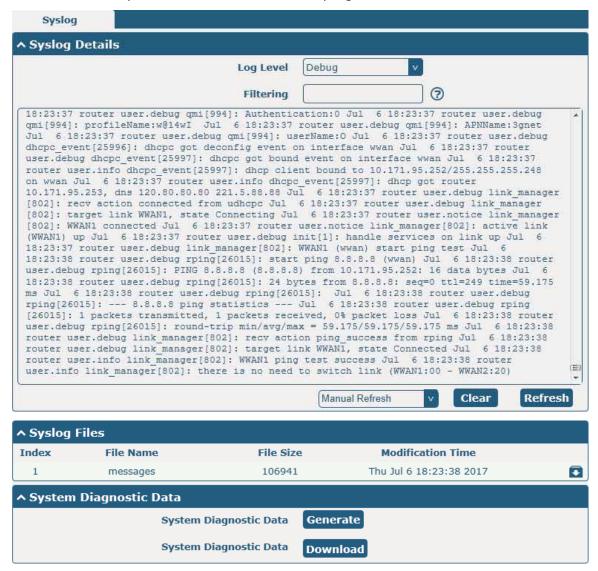




Periodic Reboot Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Periodic Reboot	Set the reboot period of the router. 0 means disable.	0
Daily Reboot Time	Set the daily reboot time of the router. You should follow the format as HH:	Null
	MM, in 24h time frame, otherwise the data will be invalid. Leave it empty means	
	disable.	

3.26 System > Debug

This section allows you to check and download the syslog details.



Syslog		
Item	Item Description Defa	
Syslog Details		
Log Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warn", "Error" which from low to high.	Debug
	The lower level will output more syslog in detail.	



Filtering	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords. Use "&" to separate more	Null
	than one filter message, such as "keyword1&keyword2".	
Refresh	Select from "Manual Refresh", "5 Seconds", "10 Seconds", "20 Seconds" or "30	Manual
	Seconds". You can select these intervals to refresh the log information displayed	Refresh
	in the follow box. If selecting "manual refresh", you should click the refresh	
	button to refresh the syslog.	
Clear	Click the button to clear the syslog.	
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the syslog.	
	Syslog Files	
Syslog Files List	It can show at most 5 syslog files in the list, the files' name range from message0	
	to message 4. And the newest syslog file will be placed on the top of the list.	
System Diagnosing Data		
Generate	Click to generate the syslog diagnosing file.	
Download	Click to download system diagnosing file.	

3.27 System > Update

This section allows you to upgrade the firmware of your router. Click **System > Update > System Update**, and click on "Choose File" to locate the firmware file to be used for the upgrade. Once the latest firmware has been chosen, click "Update" to start the upgrade process. The upgrade process may take several minutes. Do not turn off your Router during the firmware upgrade process.

Note: To access the latest firmware file, please contact your technical support engineer.





3.28 System > App Center

This section allows you to add some required or customized applications to the router. Import and install your applications to the App Center, and reboot the device according to the system prompts. Each installed application will be displayed under the "Services" menu, while other applications related to VPN will be displayed under the "VPN" menu.

Note: After importing the applications to the router, the page display may have a slight delay due to the browser cache. It is recommended that you clear the browser cache first and log in the router again.

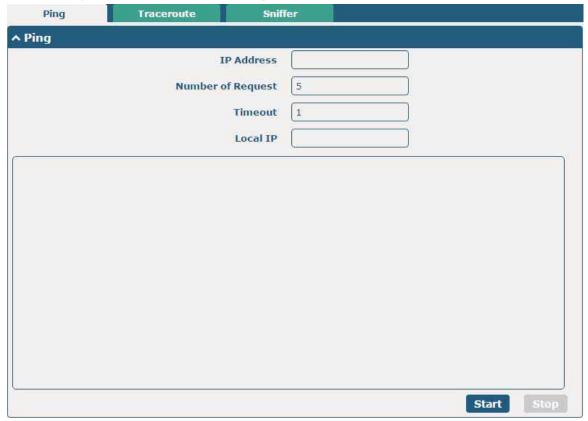


App Center		
Item	Description	Default
	App Install	
File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the App file from your computer, and then click	
	Install to import this file into your router.	
	Note : File format should be xxx.rpk, e.g. R2000-robustlink-1.0.0.rpk.	
	Installed Apps	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Name	Show the name of the App.	Null
Version	Show the version of the App.	Null
Status	Show the status of the App.	Null
Description	Show the description for this App.	Null



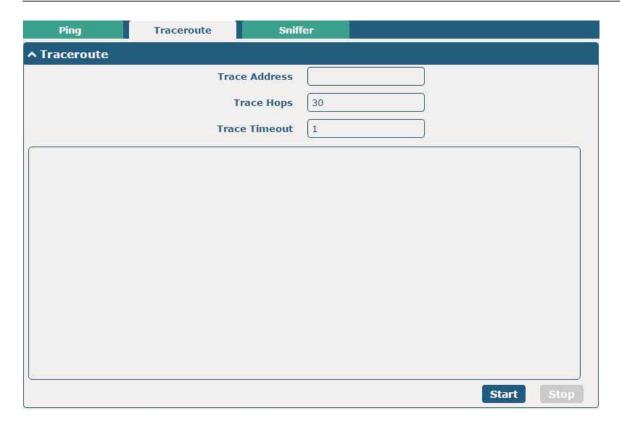
3.29 System > Tools

This section provides users three tools: Ping, Traceroute and Sniffer.



Ping		
Item	Description	Default
IP address	Enter the ping's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Number of Requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5
Timeout	Specify the timeout of ping requests.	1
Local IP	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null	Null
	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.	
Start	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the	
	follow box.	
Stop	Click this button to stop ping request.	





Traceroute		
Item	Description	Default
Trace Address	Enter the trace's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met	30
	max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	
Trace Timeout	Specify the timeout of Traceroute request.	1
Start	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in	
	the follow box.	
Stop	Click this button to stop Traceroute request.	





Sniffer		
Item	Description	Default
Interface	Choose the interface according to your Ethernet configuration.	All
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null
Packets Request	Set the packet number that the router can sniffer at a time.	1000
Protocol	Select from "All", "IP", "TCP", "UDP" and "ARP".	All
Status	Show the current status of sniffer.	
Start	Click this button to start the sniffer.	
Stop	Click this button to stop the sniffer. Once you click this button, a new log file	
	will be displayed in the following List.	
Capture Files	Every times of sniffer log will be saved automatically as a new file. You can find	
	the file from this Sniffer Traffic Data List and click 🖸 to download the log, click	
	Xto delete the log file. It can cache a maximum of 5 files.	

3.30 System > Profile

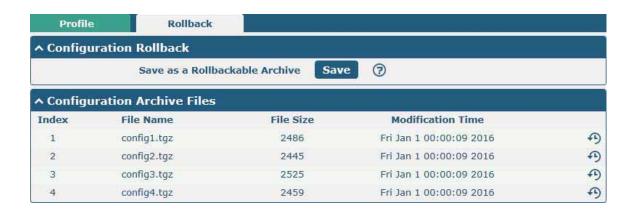
This section allows you to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.



Profile			
Item	Description	Default	
Import Configuration File			
Reset Other Settings to	Click the toggle button as "ON" to return other parameters to default	OFF	
Default	settings.		
Ignore Invalid Settings	Click the toggle button as "OFF" to ignore invalid settings.	OFF	
XML Configuration File	Click on Choose File to locate the XML configuration file from your		



	computer, and then click Import to import this file into your router.		
Export Configuration File			
Ignore Disabled Features	Click the toggle button as "OFF" to ignore the disabled features.	OFF	
Add Detailed Information	Click the toggle button as "On" to add detailed information.	OFF	
Encrypt Secret Data	Click the toggle button as "ON" to encrypt the secret data.	OFF	
XML Configuration File	Click Generate button to generate the XML configuration file, and click		
	Export to export the XML configuration file.		
Default Configuration			
Save Running Configuration	Click this button to save the current running parameters as default		
as Default	configuration.		
Restore to Default	Click this button to restore the factory defaults.		
Configuration			



Rollback			
Item	Description	Default	
Configuration Rollback			
Save as a Rollbackable	Create a save point manually. Additionally, the system will create a save		
Archive	point every day automatically if configuration changes.		
Configuration Archive Files			
Configuration Archive	View the related information about configuration archive files, including		
Files	name, size and modification time.		



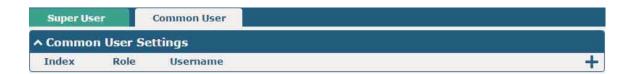
3.31 System > User Management

This section allows you to change your username and password, and create or manage user accounts. One router has only one super user who has the highest authority to modify, add and manage other common users.

Note: Your new password must be more than 5 character and less than 32 characters and may contain numbers, upper and lowercase letters, and standard symbols.



Super User Settings		
Item	Description	Default
New Username	Enter a new username you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9,	Null
	@, ., -, #, \$, and *.	
Old Password	Enter the old password of your router. The default is "admin".	Null
New Password	Enter a new password you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9,	Null
	@, ., -, #, \$, and *.	
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm.	Null



Click button to add a new common user. The maximum rule count is 5.



Common User Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Role	Select from "Visitor" and "Editor".	Visitor
	Visitor: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level	



	Editor: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level	
Username	Set the Username; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	Null
Password	Set the password which at least contains 5 characters; valid characters are a-z, A-Z,	Null
	0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	



Chapter 4 Configuration Examples

4.1 Cellular

4.1.1 Cellular Dial-Up

This section shows you how to configure the primary and backup SIM card for Cellular Dial-up. Connect the router correctly and insert two SIM, then open the configuration page. Under the homepage menu, click Interface > Link Manager > Link Manager > General Settings, choose "WWAN1" as the primary link and "WWAN2" as the backup link, and set "Cold Backup" as the backup mode, then click "Submit".

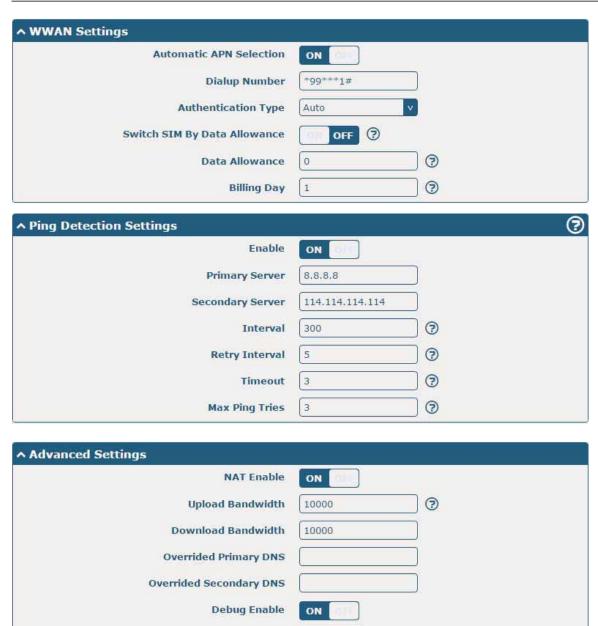
Note: All data will be transferred via WWAN1 when choose WWAN1 as the primary link and set backup mode as cold backup. At the same time, WWAN2 is always offline as a backup link. All data transmission will be switched to WWAN2 when the WWAN1 is disconnected.



Click the edit button of WWAN1 to set its parameters according to the current ISP.



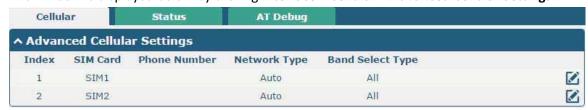




When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

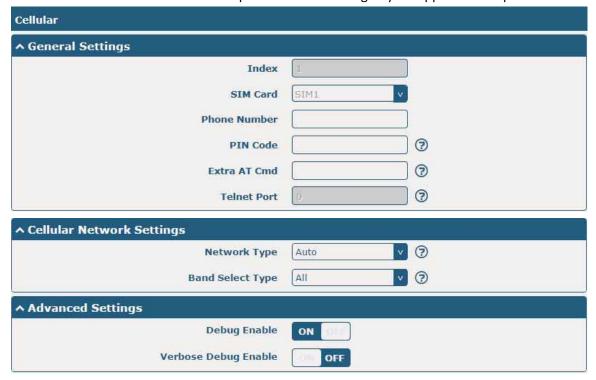
Verbose Debug Enable

The window is displayed below by clicking Interface > Cellular > Advanced Cellular Settings.





Click the edit button of SIM1 to set its parameters according to your application request.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

4.1.2 SMS Remote Control

R2000 supports remote control via SMS. You can use following commands to get the status of the router, and set all the parameters of the router. There are three authentication types for SMS control. You can select from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".

An SMS command has the following structure:

- Password mode—Username: Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3; ...cmdn (available for every phone number).
- 2. Phonenum mode--cmd1; cmd2; cmd3; ... cmdn (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in router's phone group).
- 3. Both mode-- Username: Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3; ...cmdn (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in router's phone group).

SMS command Explanation:

- User name and Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for authentication.
- 2. cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, the command format is the same as the CLI command, more details about CLI cmd please refer to **Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI**.

Note: Download the configure XML file from the configured web browser. The format of SMS control command can refer to the data of the XML file.

Go to **System > Profile > Export Configuration File**, click **Generate** to generate the XML file and click **Export** to export the XML file.





XML command:

```
<lan >
<network max_entry_num="2" >
<id > 1</id >
<interface > lan0</interface >
<ip > 172.16.10.67</ip >
<netmask > 255.255.0.0</netmask >
<mtu > 1500</mtu >
```

SMS cmd:

set lan network 1 interface lan0 set lan network 1 ip 172.16.10.67 set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0 set lan network 1 mtu 1500

- 3. The semicolon character (';') is used to separate more than one commands packed in a single SMS.
- 4. E.g.

admin:admin;status system

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the function of the command is to get the system status.

SMS received:

```
hardware_version = 1.0

firmware_version = "3.0.0"

kernel_version = 3.10.49

device_model = R2000

serial_number = 111111111

system_uptime = "0 days, 06:17:32"

system_time = "Thu Jul 6 17:28:51 2017"
```



admin:admin;reboot

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to reboot the Router.

SMS received:

OK

admin:admin;set firewall remote_ssh_access false;set firewall remote_telnet_access false

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to disable the remote_ssh and remote_telnet access.

SMS received:

OK

ОК

admin:admin; set lan network 1 interface lan0; set lan network 1 ip 172.16.99.11; set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0; set lan network 1 mtu 1500

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the commands is to configure the LAN parameter.

SMS received:

OK

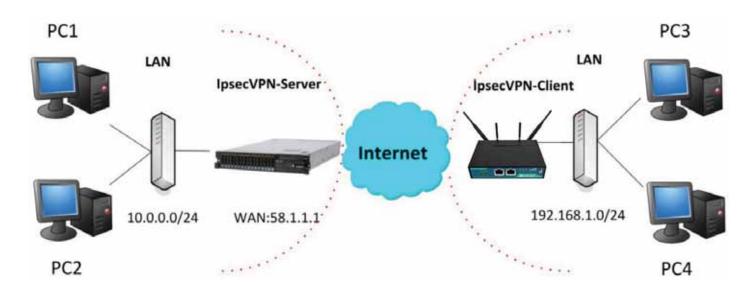
OK

OK

OK

4.2 Network

4.2.1 IPsec VPN



The configuration of server and client is as follows.



IPsec VPN_Server:

Cisco 2811:

```
Router>enable
Routersconfin
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/2.
Router(config) #crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication Set authentication method for protection suite
                  Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
  exit
                  Exit from ISAMMP protection suite configuration mode
  group
                  Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  hash
                  Set hash algorithm for protection suite
  lifetime
                  Set lifetime for ISAMMP security association
                  Negate a command or set its defaults
Router(config-isakmy) #encryption 3des
Router (config-isakmp) #hash mdS
Router(config-isakmp) #authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp)#group 2
Router (config-isakmp) fexit
Router (config) #crypto isakmp ?
  client Set client configuration policy
  enable Enable ISAKMP
          Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  policy Set policy for an ISARMP protection suite
Router(config) #crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
Router(config) #crypto ?
  dynamic-map Specify a dynamic crypto map template
              Configure IPSEC policy
  ipsec
               Configure ISARMP policy
  isakmp
              Long term key operations
  key
  map
               Enter a crypto map
Router(config) torypto ipsec ?
  security-association Security association parameters
  transform-set
                        Define transform and settings
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac AH-HMAC-MDS transform
  ah-sha-hmac AH-HMAC-SHA transform
                ESP transform using 3DES(EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-3des
  esp-aes
               ESP transform using AES cipher
                ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac
Router(config) #ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl) #permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl) #exit
Router(config)#crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
4 NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
        and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map) #match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map) #set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map) #set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map) #exit
Router(config) #interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if) tip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if) #cr
Router(config-if) #crypto map cry-map
*Jan 3 07:16:26.785: 4CRYPTO-6-ISAMMP ON OFF: ISAMMP is ON
```



IPsec VPN_Client:

The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel**.



Click + button and set the parameters of IPsec Client as below.



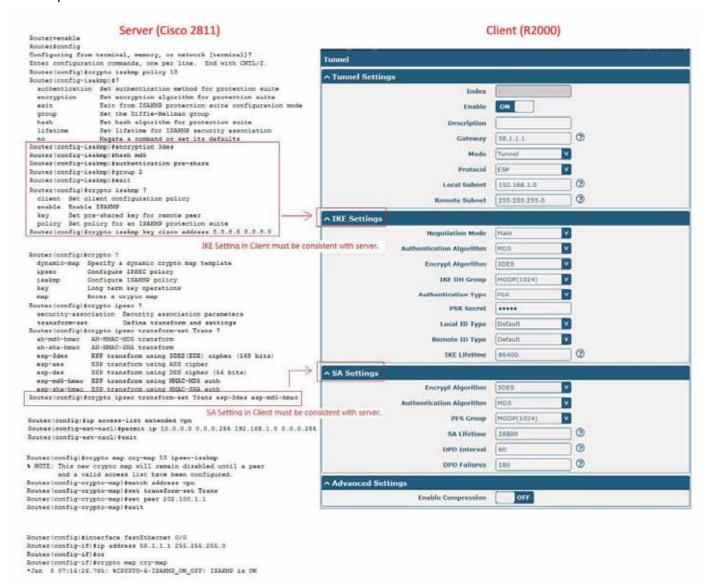






When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

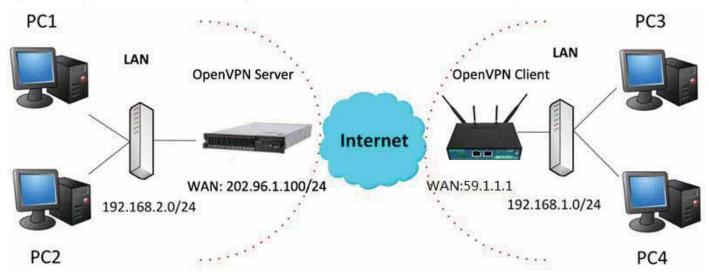
The comparison between server and client is as below.





4.2.2 OpenVPN

OpenVPN supports two modes, including Client and P2P. Here takes Client as an example.



OpenVPN Server:

Generate relevant OpenVPN certificate on the server side firstly, and refer to the following commands to configuration the Server:

local 202.96.1.100

mode server

port 1194

proto udp

dev tun

tun-mtu 1500

fragment 1500

ca ca.crt

cert Server01.crt

key Server01.key

dh dh1024.pem

server 10.8.0.0 255.255.255.0

ifconfig-pool-persist ipp.txt

push "route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0"

client-config-dir ccd

route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0

keepalive 10 120

cipher BF-CBC

comp-lzo

max-clients 100

persist-key

persist-tun

status openvpn-status.log

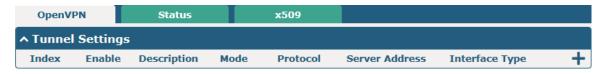
verb 3

Note: For more configuration details, please contact your technical support engineer.

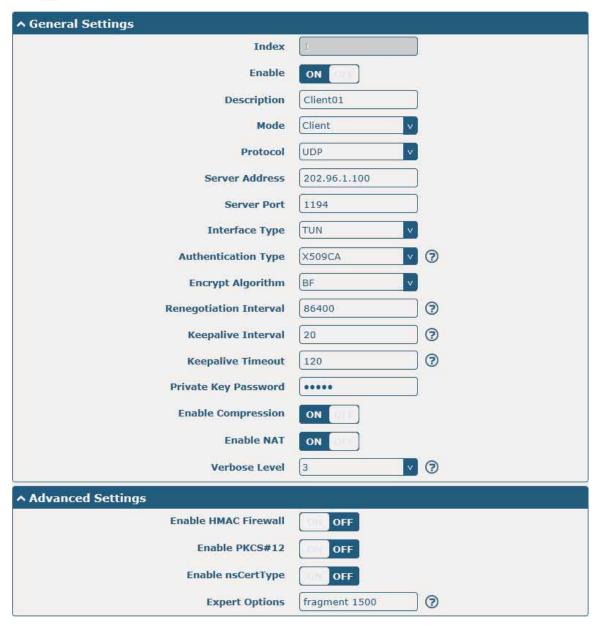


OpenVPN_Client:

Click VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN as below.



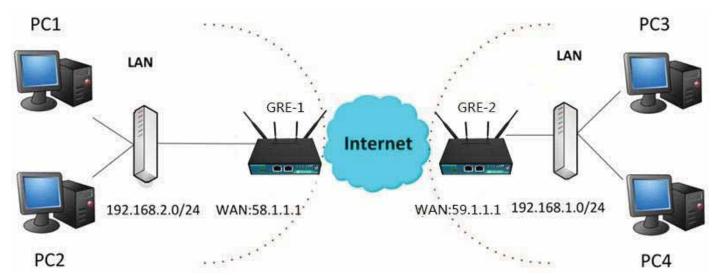
Click + to configure the Client01 as below.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



4.2.3 GRE VPN



The configuration of two points is as follows.

The window is displayed as below by clicking VPN > GRE > GRE.



GRE-1:

Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.

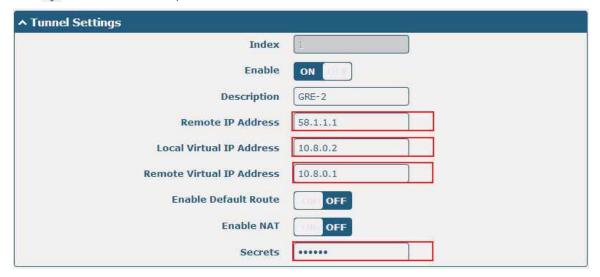


When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



GRE-2:

Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.



When finished, click Submit > Save & Apply for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between GRE-1 and GRE-2 is as below.





Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI

5.1 What Is CLI

Command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface providing another way to set the parameters of equipment from the SSH or through a telnet network connection.

Route login:

Router login: admin
Password: admin

#

CLI commands:

#? (Note: the '?' won't display on the page.)

! Comments

add Add a list entry of configuration

clear Clear statistics

config Configuration operation

debug Output debug information to the console

del Delete a list entry of configuration

exit Exit from the CLI

help Display an overview of the CLI syntax

ping Send messages to network hosts reboot Halt and perform a cold restart

route Static route modify dynamically, this setting will not be saved

set Set system configuration

show Show system configuration

status Show running system information

tftpupdate Update firmware using tftp

traceroute Print the route packets trace to network host

urlupdate Update firmware using http or ftp

ver Show version of firmware



5.2 How to Configure the CLI

Following is a table about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description
?	Typing a question mark "?" will show you the help information.
Ctrl+c	Press these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also
	can be used for "break" out of the setting program.
Syntax error: The command is not	Command is not completed.
completed	
Tick space key+ Tab key	It can help you finish you command.
	Example:
	# config (tick enter key)
	Syntax error: The command is not completed
	# config (tick space key+ Tab key)
	commit save_and_apply loaddefault
# config save_and_apply /	When your setting finished, you should enter those commands to make
#config commit	your setting take effect on the device.
	Note: Commit and save_and_apply plays the same role.

Quick Start with Configuration Examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then read all CLI commands at a time, finally learn to configure it with some reference examples.

Example 1: Show current version

```
# status system
hardware_version = 1.0
firmware_version = "3.0.0"
kernel_version = 3.10.49
device_model = R2000
serial_number = 111111111
system_uptime = "0 days, 06:17:32"
system_time = "Thu Jul 6 17:28:51 2017"
```

Example 2: Update firmware via tftp



Flashing

Checking 100%
Decrypting 100%
Flashing 100%
Verifying 100%
Verfify Success

upgrade success

config save_and_apply

OK

//update success

// save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect

Example 3: Set link-manager

set

set

at_over_telnet AT Over Telnet

cellular Cellular

ddns Dynamic DNS ethernet Ethernet

event Event Management

firewall Firewall gre GRE ipsec IPsec

lan Local Area Network

link_manager Link Manager

ntp NTP

openvpn OpenVPN

reboot Automatic Reboot

RobustLink RobustLink route Route SMS

snmp SNMP agent

ssh SSH syslog Syslog system System

vrrp VRRP

web_server Web Server

set link_manager

primary_link Primary Link
backup_link Backup Link
backup_mode Backup Mode
emergency_reboot Emergency Reboot
link Link Settings

link Link Settings
set link_manager primary_link (space+?)

Enum Primary Link (wwan1/wwan2/wan)

set link_manager primary_link wwan1

//select "wwan1" as primary_link



```
OK
                                                             //setting succeed
# set link_manager link 1
                        Type
  type
  desc
                        Description
  connection_type
                        Connection Type
                        WWAN Settings
  wwan
  static_addr
                        Static Address Settings
                        PPPoE Settings
  pppoe
  ping
                        Ping Settings
  mtu
                        MTU
  dns1_overrided
                        Overrided Primary DNS
  dns2 overrided
                        Overrided Secondary DNS
# set link_manager link 1 type wwan1
OK
# set link_manager link 1 wwan
                                 Automatic APN Selection
  auto_apn
                                 APN
  apn
  username
                                 Username
  password
                                 Password
                                 Dialup Number
  dialup_number
  auth_type
                                 Authentication Type
  aggressive reset
                                 Aggressive Reset
                                 Switch SIM By Data Allowance
  switch_by_data_allowance
  data_allowance
                                 Data Allowance
                                 Billing Day
  billing_day
# set link manager link 1 wwan switch by data allowance true
OK
#
# set link_manager link 1 wwan data_allowance 100
                                                                   //open cellular switch_by_data_traffic
OK
                                                                   //setting succeed
# set link manager link 1 wwan billing day 1
                                                                   //setting specifies the day of month for billing
OK
                                                                   // setting succeed
# config save_and_apply
OK
                                        // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
Example 4: Set LAN IP address
```

```
# show lan all
network {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 192.168.0.1
    netmask = 255.255.255.0
    mtu = 1500
    dhcp {
```



```
enable = true
         mode = server
         relay_server = ""
         pool_start = 192.168.0.2
         pool_end = 192.168.0.100
         netmask = 255.255.255.0
         gateway = ""
         primary_dns = ""
         secondary_dns = ""
         wins_server = ""
         lease_time = 120
         expert_options = ""
         debug_enable = false
    }
}
multi_ip {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 172.16.10.67
    netmask = 255.255.0.0
}
#
# set lan
  network
                 Network Settings
  multi_ip
                 Multiple IP Address Settings
  vlan
                 VLAN
# set lan network 1(space+?)
  interface
                 Interface
                 IP Address
  ip
  netmask
                 Netmask
  mtu
                 MTU
                 DHCP Settings
  dhcp
# set lan network 1 interface lan0
OK
# set lan network 1 ip 172.16.10.67
                                                  //set IP address for lan
OK
                                                 //setting succeed
# set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
OK
#
# config save_and_apply
OK
                                         // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 5: CLI for setting Cellular

```
# show cellular all sim {
```



```
id = 1
    card = sim1
    phone_number = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network_type = auto
    band_select_type = all
    band_gsm_850 = false
    band_gsm_900 = false
    band_gsm_1800 = false
    band_gsm_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_850 = false
    band wcdma 900 = false
    band_wcdma_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_2100 = false
    band_lte_800 = false
    band_lte_850 = false
    band Ite 900 = false
    band_lte_1800 = false
    band_lte_1900 = false
    band_lte_2100 = false
    band_lte_2600 = false
    band Ite 1700 = false
    band_lte_700 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    band tdd Ite 2300 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
sim {
    id = 2
    card = sim2
    phone_number = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network_type = auto
    band_select_type = all
    band_gsm_850 = false
    band_gsm_900 = false
    band_gsm_1800 = false
    band_gsm_1900 = false
    band wcdma 850 = false
    band_wcdma_900 = false
    band_wcdma_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_2100 = false
    band_lte_800 = false
    band_lte_850 = false
    band_lte_900 = false
```



```
band Ite 1800 = false
    band_lte_1900 = false
    band_lte_2100 = false
    band_lte_2600 = false
    band_lte_1700 = false
    band Ite 700 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
# set(space+?)
at_over_telnet
                 cellular
                                    ddns
                                                                        dns
                                                      dhcp
                 firewall
                                    ipsec
event
                                                      lan
                                                                        link_manager
                                    reboot
ntp
                 openvpn
                                                      route
                                                                        serial port
                                    syslog
                                                      system
sms
                 snmp
                                                                        user_management
vrrp
# set cellular(space+?)
  sim SIM Settings
# set cellular sim(space+?)
  Integer Index (1..2)
# set cellular sim 1(space+?)
  card
                         SIM Card
  phone_number
                         Phone Number
                         Extra AT Cmd
  extra at cmd
  network_type
                         Network Type
  band_select_type
                         Band Select Type
  band_gsm_850
                         GSM 850
  band_gsm_900
                         GSM 900
  band gsm 1800
                         GSM 1800
                         GSM 1900
  band_gsm_1900
  band wcdma 850
                         WCDMA 850
  band_wcdma_900
                         WCDMA 900
  band_wcdma_1900
                         WCDMA 1900
  band_wcdma_2100
                         WCDMA 2100
  band_lte_800
                       LTE 800 (band 20)
  band_lte_850
                       LTE 850 (band 5)
  band_lte_900
                       LTE 900 (band 8)
  band Ite 1800
                       LTE 1800 (band 3)
                       LTE 1900 (band 2)
  band_lte_1900
  band_lte_2100
                       LTE 2100 (band 1)
  band_lte_2600
                       LTE 2600 (band 7)
  band_lte_1700
                       LTE 1700 (band 4)
  band_lte_700
                       LTE 700 (band 17)
  band_tdd_lte_2600
                      TDD LTE 2600 (band 38)
```



```
band_tdd_lte_1900 TDD LTE 1900 (band 39)
band_tdd_lte_2300 TDD LTE 2300 (band 40)
band_tdd_lte_2500 TDD LTE 2500 (band 41)

# set cellular sim 1 phone_number 18620435279

OK

# config save_and_apply

OK // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

5.3 Commands Reference

Commands	Syntax	Description
Debug	Debug parameters	Turn on or turn off debug function
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function
Set	Set parameters	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add, the
Add	Add parameters	difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list
		parameter

Note: Download the config.XML file from the configured web browser. The command format can refer to the config.XML file format.



Glossary

Abbr.	Description
AC	Alternating Current
APN	Access Point Name
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)
CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
CLI	Command Line Interface for batch scripting
CSD	Circuit Switched Data
CTS	Clear to Send
dB	Decibel
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator
DC	Direct Current
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN
DI	Digital Input
DO	Digital Output
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution
GND	Ground
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GRE	generic route encapsulation
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access
ID	identification data
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
IPsec	Internet Protocol Security
kbps	kbits per second
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol



Abbr.	Description
LAN	local area network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
M2M	Machine to Machine
MAX	Maximum
Min	Minimum
МО	Mobile Originated
MS	Mobile Station
MT	Mobile Terminated
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol
PC	Personal Computer
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PIN	Personal Identity Number
PLCs	Program Logic Control System
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol
PSU	Power Supply Unit
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment
RF	Radio Frequency
RTC	Real Time Clock
RTS	Request to Send
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit
Rx	Receive Direction
SDK	Software Development Kit
SIM	subscriber identification module
SMA antenna	Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna
SMS	Short Message Service
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE
Tx	Transmit Direction
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
VDC	Volts Direct current
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio



Abbr.	Description
WAN	Wide Area Network

Guangzhou Robustel LTD

Add: Room F315 No. 95 Daguan Middle Road Tianhe District

Guangzhou, Guangdong, 510000 China

Tel: 86-20-29019902

Email: info@robustel.com

Web: www.robustel.com