FORME COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

GSM Mobile Phone

Main Model: Q500W Serial Model: T231c

November 9, 2013
Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3
(This report supersedes none)



Modifications made to the product: None

This Test Report is Issued Under the Authority of:

Back Huang
Compliance Engineer

Technical Manager

This test report may be reproduced in full only.

Test result presented in this test report is applicable to the representative sample only.

ING. REPORT REPORT

Laboratory Introduction

SIEMIC, headquartered in the heart of Silicon Valley, with superior facilities in US and Asia, is one of the leading independent testing and certification facilities providing customers with one-stop shop services for Compliance Testing and Global Certifications.



In addition to <u>testing</u> and <u>certification</u>, SIEMIC provides initial design reviews and <u>compliance</u> <u>management</u> through out a project. Our extensive experience with <u>China</u>, <u>Asia Pacific</u>, <u>North America</u>, <u>European</u>, <u>and international</u> compliance requirements, assures the fastest, most cost effective way to attain regulatory compliance for the <u>global markets</u>.

SIEMIC (Shenzhen-China) Laboratories Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

| Country/Region | Scope | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| USA | EMC, RF/Wireless, Telecom | | |
| Canada | EMC, RF/Wireless, Telecom | | |
| Taiwan | EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety | | |
| Hong Kong | RF/Wireless ,Telecom | | |
| Australia | EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety | | |
| Korea | EMI, EMS, RF, Telecom, Safety | | |
| Japan | EMI, RF/Wireless, Telecom | | |
| Singapore | EMC, RF, Telecom | | |
| Europe | EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety | | |

13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 3 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn Report No.: Issue Date: Page:

This page has been left blank intentionally.

13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 4 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn Report No.: Issue Date: Page:

CONTENTS

| 1 | EXECUTIVE SUMMARY & EUT INFORMATION | 5 |
|-----|---|----|
| 2 | TECHNICAL DETAILS | 6 |
| 3 | MODIFICATION | 7 |
| 4 | TEST SUMMARY | 8 |
| 5 | MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATION AND DERIVED RESULTS | 9 |
| ANI | NEX A. TEST INSTRUMENT & METHOD | 52 |
| ANI | NEX B. EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS | 57 |
| ANI | NEX C. TEST SETUP AND SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT | 69 |
| ANI | NEX D. USER MANUAL / BLOCK DIAGRAM / SCHEMATICS / PART LIST | 73 |
| ANI | NEX E. DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY | 74 |

Report No.: Issue Date: Page: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 5 of 74

1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY & EUT INFORMATION

The purpose of this test programme was to demonstrate compliance of the FORME COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY LIMITED, GSM Mobile Phone and model: Q500W against the current Stipulated Standards. The GSM Mobile Phone has demonstrated compliance with the FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009.

EUT Information

EUT

Description

: **GSM Mobile Phone**

Main Model : Q500W

Serial Model

T231c(the difference between the Main Model and Serial Model are logo

and color, details refer to the Declaration Letter.)

GSM850: 0 dBi

Antenna Gain :

PCS1900: 0 dBi

Bluetooth: 1 dBi

WIFI: 1.5 dBi

Battery:

Voltage: 3.7V

Capacity: 800mAh

Input Power : Charging Voltage: 4.2V

Adapter:

Model No.: WUS550mA5V00-02 PRI: 100-240V~50/60Hz 150mA

SEC: 5.0V 550mA

Classification

Per Stipulated : FCC

: FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

Test Standard

Report No.: Issue Date: Page: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 6 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

2 TECHNICAL DETAILS

| Purpose | Compliance testing of GSM Mobile Phone with stipulated standard |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Applicant / Client | FORME COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY LIMITED FLAT/RM 603 6/F, WANCHAI CENTRAL BLDG ,89 LOCKHART RD,WANCHAI,HK |
| Manufacturer | FORME COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY LIMITED FLAT/RM 603 6/F , WANCHAI CENTRAL BLDG ,89 LOCKHART RD,WANCHAI,HK |
| Laboratory performing the tests | SIEMIC (Shenzhen-China) Laboratories Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2, Wan Ye Long Technology Park, South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-0755-2601 4629 / 2601 4953 Fax: +86-0755-2601 4953-810 Email: China@siemic.com.cn |
| Test report reference number | 13070472-FCC-R3 |
| Date EUT received | October 18, 2013 |
| Standard applied | FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009 |
| Dates of test | November 4, 2013 to November 8, 2013 |
| No of Units : | #1 |
| Equipment Category: | Spread Spectrum System/Device |
| Trade Name : | FORME |
| RF Operating Frequency (ies) | GSM850 TX : 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz; RX : 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz PCS1900 TX : 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz; RX : 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz 802.11b/g/n(20): 2412-2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402-2480 MHz |
| Number of Channels | 299CH (PCS1900) and 124CH (GSM850) Bluetooth: 79CH 802.11b/g/n(20): 11CH |
| Modulation | GSM / GPRS: GMSK 802.11b/g/n(20): DSSS/OFDM Bluetooth: GFSK |
| GPRS Multi-slot class | 8/10/12 |
| FCC ID | 2AAK9FORMEQ500W |



Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 7 of 74 Page:

www.siemic.com.cn

MODIFICATION

NONE

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 8 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

4 TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the following specifications. All testing has been performed according to below product classification:

Test Results Summary

| FCC Rules | Description of Test | Result |
|---------------------------------|--|------------|
| §15.247 (i), §2.1093 | RF Exposure | Compliance |
| §15.203 | Antenna Requirement | Compliance |
| §15.247 (a)(2) | DTS (6 dB&26 dB) CHANNEL BANDWIDTH | Compliance |
| §15.247(b)(3) | Conducted Maximum Output Power | Compliance |
| §15.247(e) | Power Spectral Density | Compliance |
| §15.247(d) | Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands | Compliance |
| §15.207 (a), | AC Power Line Conducted Emissions | Compliance |
| §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d) | | |

5 <u>MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATION AND DERIVED</u> RESULTS

5.1 §15.247 (i) and §2.1093 – RF Exposure

Standard Requirement:

According to §15.247 (i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR,}^{16} \text{ where}$

- f_(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation¹⁷
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Routine SAR evaluation refers to that specifically required by § 2.1093, using measurements or computer simulation. When routine SAR evaluation is not required, portable transmitters with output power greater than the applicable low threshold require SAR evaluation to qualify for TCB approval.

Three antennas are available for the EUT (GSM antenna, Bluetooth antenna and WIFI antenna).

The maximum average output power(<u>turn-up</u> power) in low channel of WIFI is 8.08 dBm= 6.43 mW

The calculation results = $6.43 / 5 * \sqrt{2.412} = 2.00 < 3$

The maximum average output power(<u>turn-up</u> power) in middle channel of WIFI is 8.80 dBm= 7.59 mW

The calculation results = $7.59 / 5 * \sqrt{2.437} = 2.37 < 3$

The maximum average output power(turn-up power) in high channel of WIFI is 9.24 dBm= 8.39 mW

The calculation results= $8.39 / 5 * \sqrt{2.462} = 2.63 < 3$

According to KDB 447498, no stand-alone required for WIFI antenna, and no simultaneous SAR measurement is required .

Test Result: Pass

The SAR measurement is exempt.

<u>5.2</u> <u>§15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT</u>

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has 3 antennas: . a PIFA antenna for WIFI, the gain is 1.5 dBi;

. a PIFA antenna for GSM and PCS, the gain is both 0 dBi

. a monopole antenna for Bluetooth, the gain is 1 dBi.

which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the internal photos.

Result: Compliance.

5.3 §15.247(a) (2) –DTS (6 dB&26 dB) CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

1. <u>Conducted Measurement</u>

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Environmental Conditions Temperature 26°C Relative Humidity 63%

Atmospheric Pressure 1015mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz - 40GHz is $\pm 1.5dB$.

4. Test date: November 4, 2013 Tested By: Back Huang

Requirement(s): The minimum 6 dB bandwidth of a DTS transmission shall be at least 500 kHz. Within this document, this bandwidth is referred to as the DTS bandwidth. The procedures provided herein for measuring the maximum peak conducted output power assume the use of the DTS bandwidth.

Procedures:

- 1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 x RBW.
- 3. Detector = Peak.
- 4. Trace mode = max hold.
- 5. Sweep = auto couple.
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.



FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

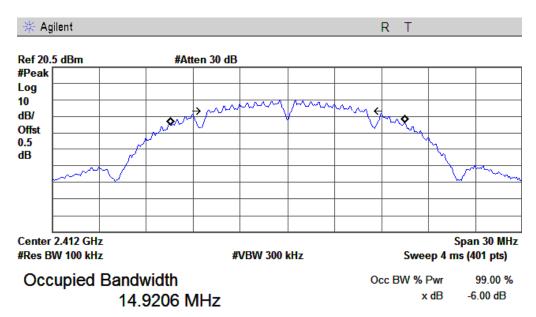
Report No.: Issue Date: Page:

13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 12 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

6dB bandwidth:

| Channel | Channel Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate (Mbps) | Measured 6dB Bandwidth (MHz) | FCC Part 15.247 Limit (kHz) | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 802.11b mode | | | | | | |
| Low | 2412 | 1 | 10.094 | >500 | | |
| Middle | 2437 | 1 | 10.093 | >500 | | |
| High | 2462 | 1 | 10.093 | >500 | | |
| 802.11g mode | | | | | | |
| Low | 2412 | 6 | 16.549 | >500 | | |
| Middle | 2437 | 6 | 16.549 | >500 | | |
| High | 2462 | 6 | 16.558 | >500 | | |
| | 802.11n(20) mode | | | | | |
| Low | 2412 | MCS0 | 17.838 | >500 | | |
| Middle | 2437 | MCS0 | 17.832 | >500 | | |
| High | 2462 | MCS0 | 17.850 | >500 | | |

802.11b Low Channel

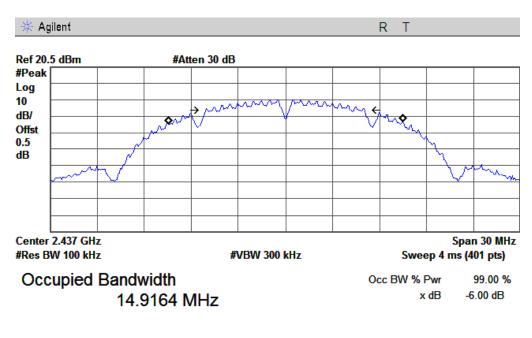


Transmit Freq Error 27.336 kHz x dB Bandwidth 10.094 MHz

SIEMIC, INC. Accessing global markets Title: RF Test Report for GSM Mobile Phone Main Model: Q500W Serial Model: T231c To: FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

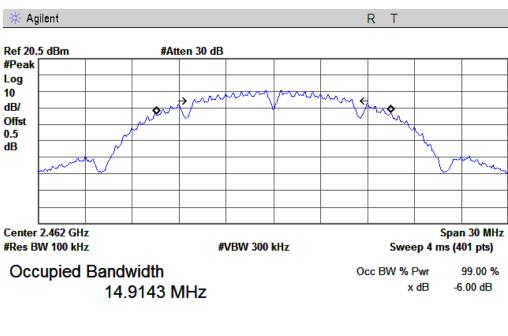
Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 13 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

802.11b Middle Channel



Transmit Freq Error 23.249 kHz x dB Bandwidth 10.093 MHz

802.11b High Channel

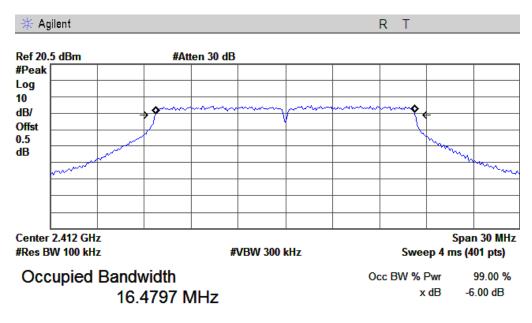


Transmit Freq Error 21.498 kHz x dB Bandwidth 10.093 MHz

SIEMIC, INC. Accessing global markets Title: RF Test Report for GSM Mobile Phone Main Model: Q500W Serial Model: T231c To: FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 14 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

802.11g Low Channel



Transmit Freq Error -16.389 kHz x dB Bandwidth 16.549 MHz

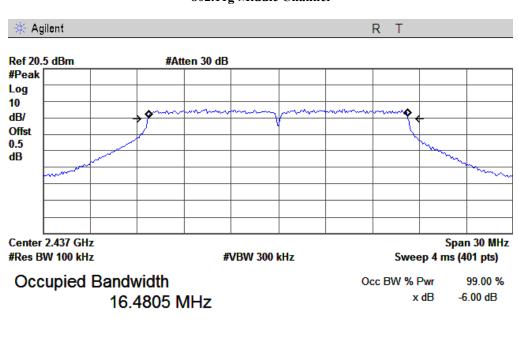
Transmit Freq Error

x dB Bandwidth

-20.859 kHz

16.549 MHz

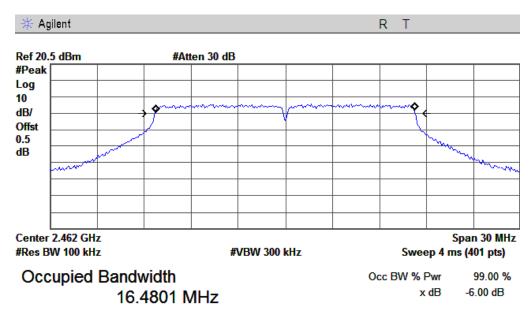
802.11g Middle Channel



Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 15 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

802.11g High Channel



Transmit Freq Error -24.161 kHz x dB Bandwidth 16.558 MHz

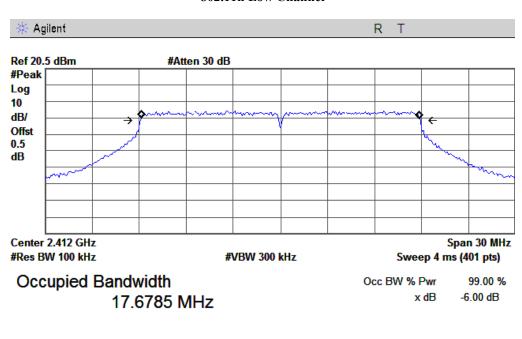
Transmit Freq Error

x dB Bandwidth

8.779 kHz

17.838 MHz

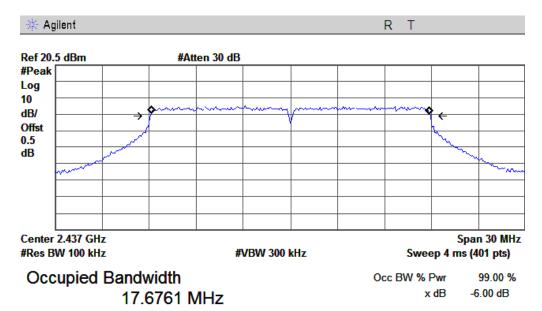
802.11n Low Channel



Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 16 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

802.11n Middle Channel



Transmit Freq Error 7.982 kHz x dB Bandwidth 17.832 MHz

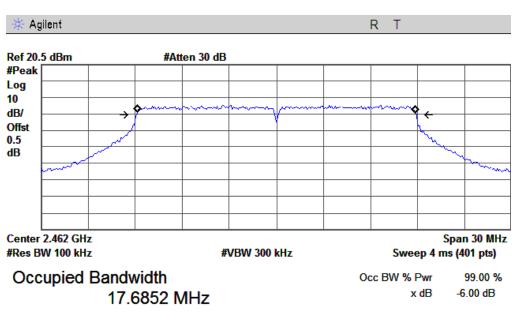
Transmit Freq Error

x dB Bandwidth

5.417 kHz

17.850 MHz

802.11n High Channel



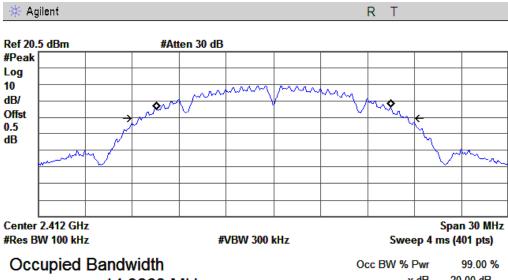


Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 17 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

The 20dB bandwidth:

802.11b Low Channel

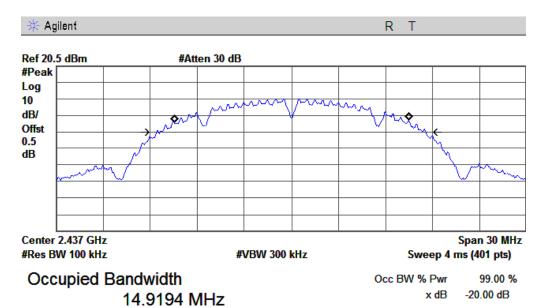


14.9263 MHz

x dB -20.00 dB

Transmit Freq Error 24.050 kHz x dB Bandwidth 17.164 MHz

802.11b Middle Channel

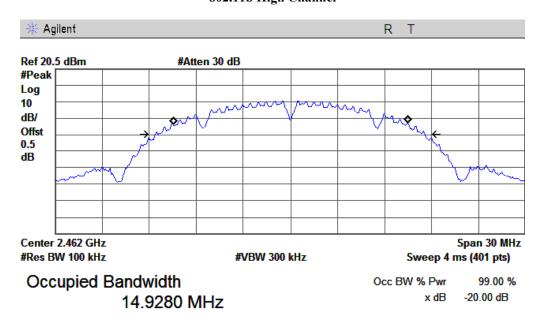


Transmit Freq Error 23.636 kHz x dB Bandwidth 17.157 MHz

SIEMIC, INC. Accessing global markets Title: RF Test Report for GSM Mobile Phone Main Model: Q500W Serial Model: T231c To: FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

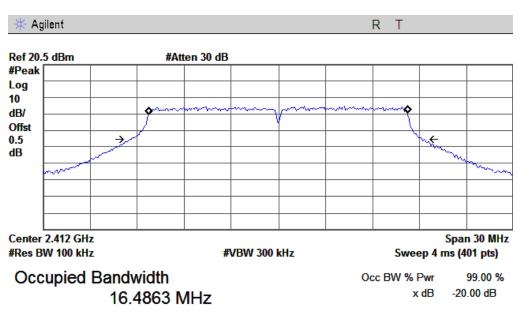
Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 18 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

802.11b High Channel



Transmit Freq Error 15.892 kHz x dB Bandwidth 17.159 MHz

802.11g Low Channel

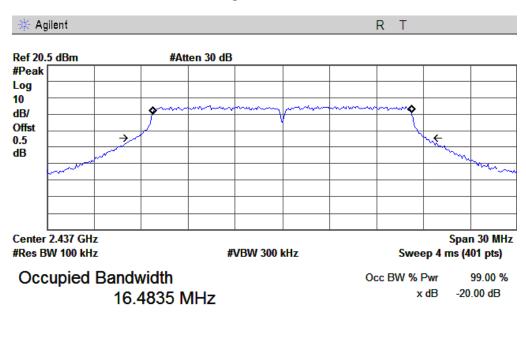


Transmit Freq Error -18.963 kHz x dB Bandwidth 18.536 MHz

SIEMIC, INC. Accessing global markets Title: RF Test Report for GSM Mobile Phone Main Model: Q500W Serial Model: T231c To: FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 19 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

802.11g Middle Channel



Transmit Freq Error -20.237 kHz x dB Bandwidth 18.536 MHz

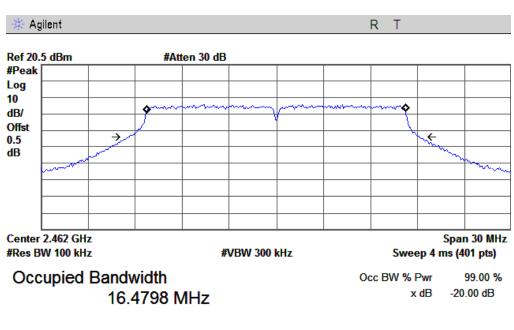
Transmit Freq Error

x dB Bandwidth

-24.269 kHz

18.588 MHz

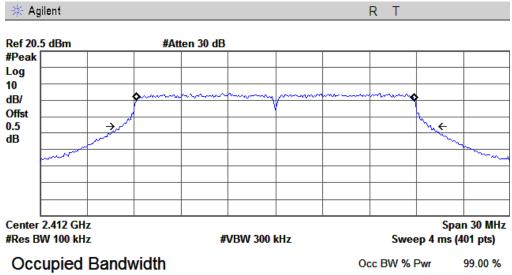
802.11g High Channel



Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 20 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

802.11n Low Channel

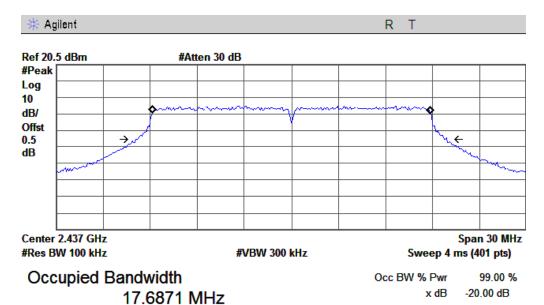


17.6880 MHz

x dB -20.00 dB

Transmit Freq Error 9.395 kHz x dB Bandwidth 19.658 MHz

802.11 Middle Channel



Transmit Freq Error 7.618 kHz x dB Bandwidth 19.822 MHz SIEMIC, INC.

Accessing global markets

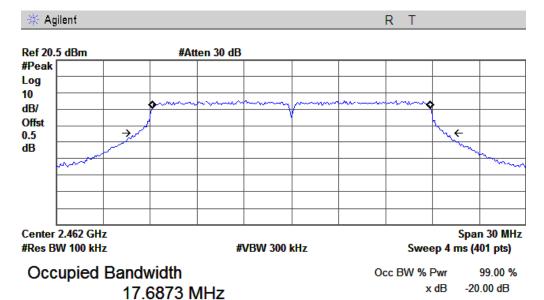
Title: RF Test Report for GSM Mobile Phone
Main Model: Q500W
Serial Model: T231c

To: FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 21 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

802.11n High Channel



Transmit Freq Error 5.918 kHz x dB Bandwidth 19.663 MHz

5.4 §15.247(b) (3) - Conducted Maximum Output Power

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz - 40GHz is $\pm 1.5dB$.

3. Environmental Conditions

Temperature 26°C
Relative Humidity 63%
Atmospheric Pressure 1015mbar

4. Test date: November 4, 2013 Tested By: Back Huang

Standard Requirement:

Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

The following procedures can be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power of a DTS EUT.

Maximum Conducted Output Power

§15.247(b)(3) permits the maximum (average) conducted output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When these procedures are utilized, the power is referenced to the emission bandwidth (EBW) rather than the DTS bandwidth (see Section 2.0 for definitions).

When using a spectrum/signal analyzer to perform these measurements, it must be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW in order to ensure bin-to-bin spacing of \leq RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

The ideal method for measuring the maximum (average) conducted output power is with the EUT is configured to transmit continuously (duty cycle \geq 98%) at its maximum power control level. However, when this condition cannot be realized, video triggering or signal gating can be used to ensure that the measurements are performed only during periods when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. An option is also provided that can be used when none of the above requirements can be met with the available measurement instrumentation.

Procedures:

Maximum peak conducted output power:

Integrated band power method

This procedure may be used when the maximum available RBW of the measurement instrument is less than the DTS bandwidth.

- 1. Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
- 2. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times RBW$
- 3. Set the span ≥ 1.5 x DTS bandwidth.
- Detector = peak.
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 6. Trace mode = max hold.
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8. Use the instrument's band/channel power measurement function with the band limits set equal to the DTS bandwidth edges (for some instruments, this may require a manual override to select peak detector). If the instrument does not have a band power function. sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the DTS bandwidth.

Maximum conducted (average) output power:

Method AVGSA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep)

This procedure should be used with an RMS power averaging detector; however, a sample detector can be used when an RMS detector is not available. This is the baseline method for measuring the maximum (average) conducted output power.

- 1. Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- 2. Set RBW = 1-5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
- 3. Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 4. Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 x span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing \le RBW/2, so that narrowband signals

are not lost between frequency bins.)

- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- 7. If transmit duty cycle < 98 %, use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 %, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".
- 8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.
- 9. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

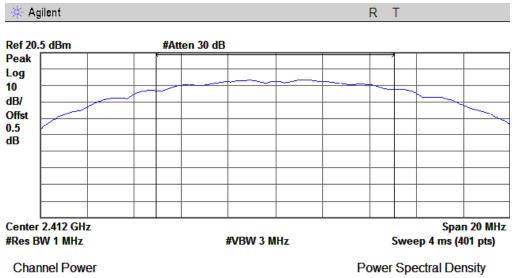
The Peak Power

| Peak Power | | | | | | |
|------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Channel | | Channel Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate (Mbps) | PK Output Power (dBm) | AV Output Power (dBm) | Limit (dBm) |
| | | 802.11b mode | | | | |
| Low | | 2412 | 1 | 11.04 | 8.08 | 30 |
| Middle | | 2437 | 1 | 11.66 | 8.80 | 30 |
| High | | 2462 | 1 | 12.18 | 9.24 | 30 |
| | | 802.11g mode | | | | |
| Low | | 2412 | 6 | 13.07 | 7.79 | 30 |
| Middle | | 2437 | 6 | 13.69 | 8.34 | 30 |
| High | | 2462 | 6 | 14.15 | 8.80 | 30 |
| | | 802.11n(20) mode | | | | |
| Low | | 2412 | MCS0 | 13.35 | 7.72 | 30 |
| Middle | | 2437 | MCS0 | 13.98 | 8.37 | 30 |
| High | | 2462 | MCS0 | 14.36 | 8.79 | 30 |



The Peak Power:

802.11b Low Channel



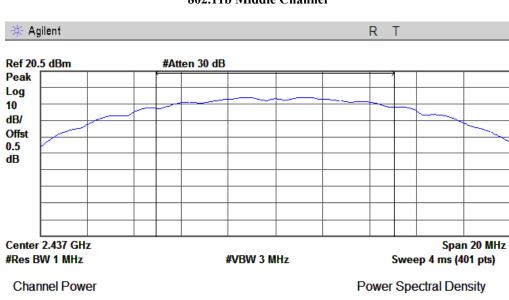
11.04 dBm / 10.0940 MHz

11.66 dBm / 10.0930 MHz

-59.00 dBm/Hz

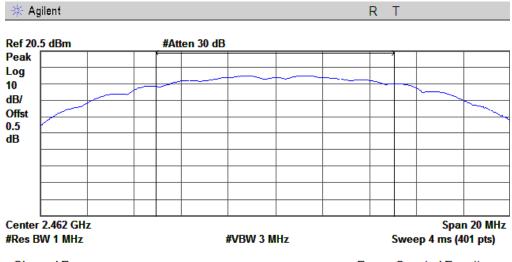
-58.38 dBm/Hz

802.11b Middle Channel



Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 25 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

802.11b High Channel



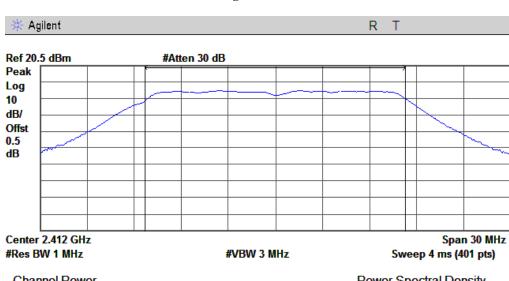
Channel Power

Power Spectral Density

12.18 dBm / 10.0930 MHz

-57.86 dBm/Hz

802.11g Low Channel



Channel Power

Power Spectral Density

13.07 dBm / 16.5490 MHz

-59.12 dBm/Hz

Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 26 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

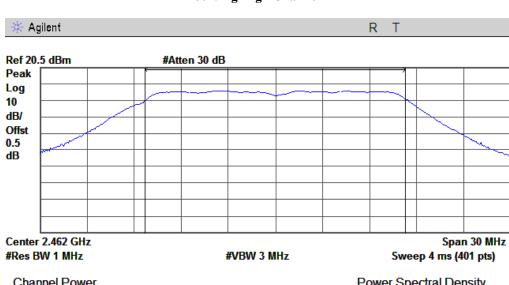
802.11g Middle Channel



13.69 dBm / 16.5490 MHz

-58.49 dBm/Hz

802.11g High Channel



Channel Power

Power Spectral Density

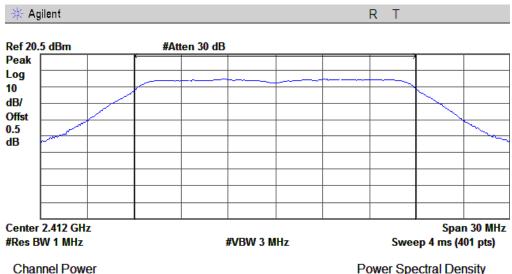
14.15 dBm / 16.5580 MHz

-58.04 dBm/Hz

Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 27 of 74 Page:

www.siemic.com.cn

802.11n Low Channel

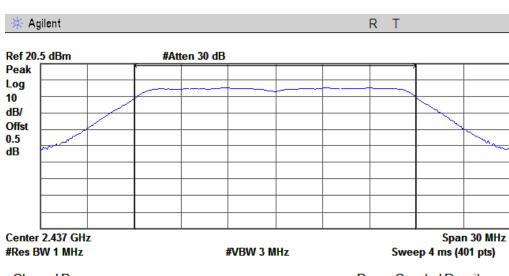


13.35 dBm / 17.8380 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-59.17 dBm/Hz

802.11n Middle Channel



Channel Power

Power Spectral Density

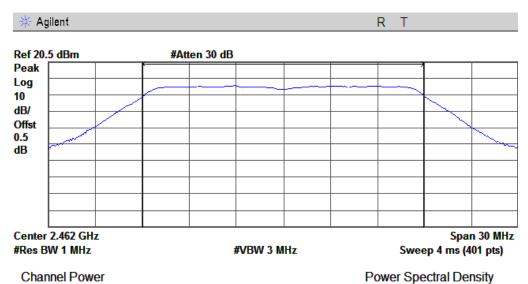
13.98 dBm / 17.8320 MHz

-58.54 dBm/Hz

SIEMIC, INC. Accessing global markets Title: RF Test Report for GSM Mobile Phone Main Model: Q500W Serial Model: T231c To: FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 28 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

802.11n High Channel



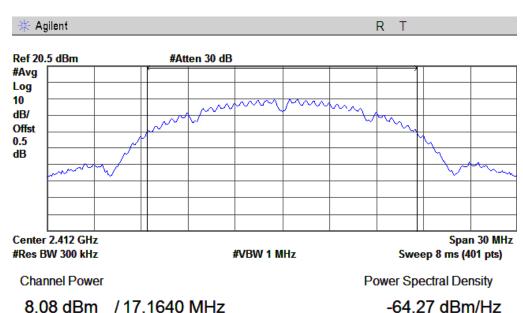
14.36 dBm / 17.8500 MHz

-- -- -- -- --

-58.16 dBm/Hz

The Average Power:

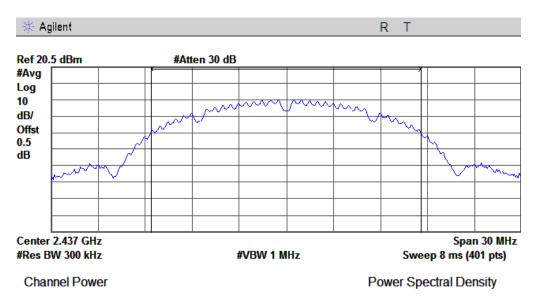
802.11b Low Channel



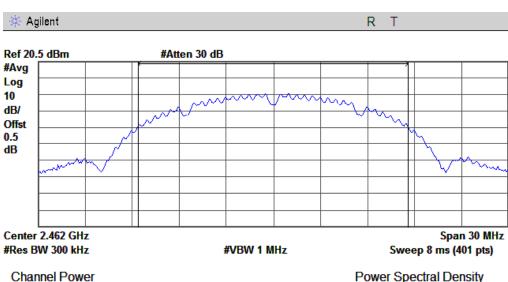
Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 29 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

802.11b Middle Channel



802.11b High Channel



Power Spectral Density

9.24 dBm /17.1590 MHz

8.80 dBm / 17.1570 MHz

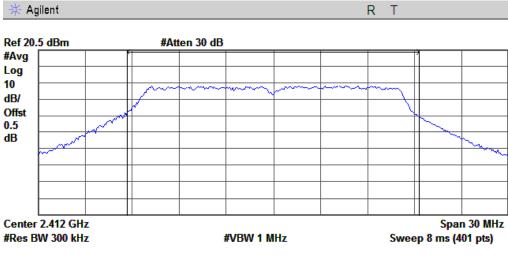
-63.11 dBm/Hz

-63.54 dBm/Hz

Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 30 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

802.11g Low Channel



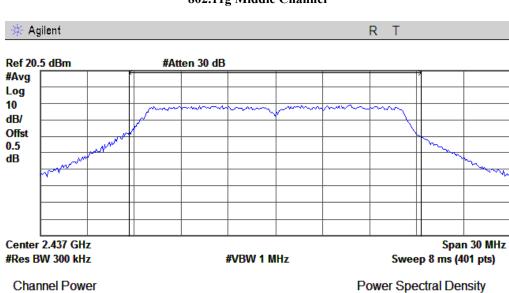
Channel Power

Power Spectral Density

7.79 dBm / 18.5360 MHz

-64.89 dBm/Hz

802.11g Middle Channel



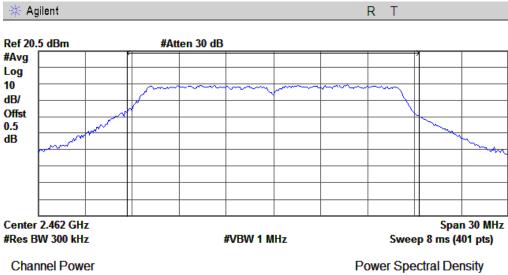
8.34 dBm / 18.5360 MHz

-64.34 dBm/Hz

Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 31 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

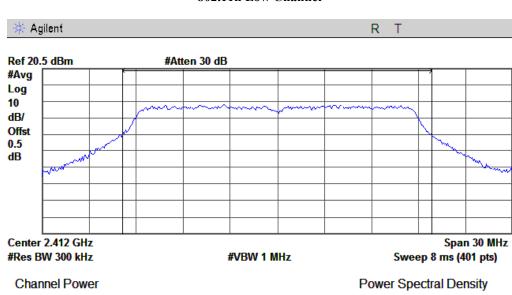
802.11g High Channel



8.80 dBm / 18.5880 MHz

-63.89 dBm/Hz

802.11n Low Channel



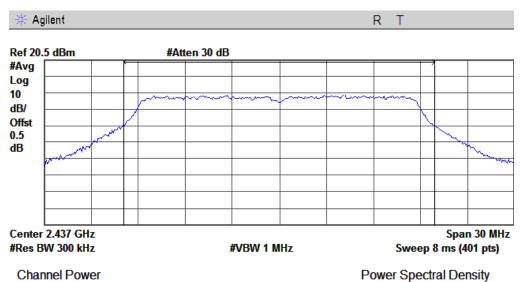
7.72 dBm / 19.6580 MHz

-65.22 dBm/Hz

Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 32 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

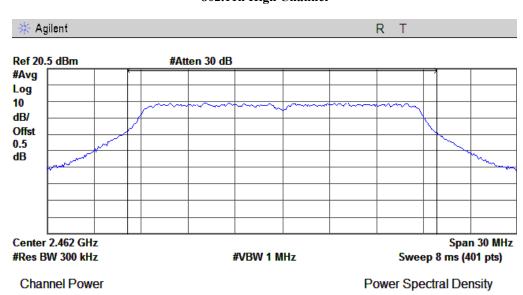
802.11n Middle Channel



8.37 dBm / 19.8220 MHz

-64.60 dBm/Hz

802.11n High Channel



8.79 dBm / 19.6630 MHz

-64.15 dBm/Hz

5.5 §15.247(e) - Power Spectral Density

1. <u>Conducted Measurement</u>

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Environmental Conditions Temperature 26°C

Relative Humidity 63% Atmospheric Pressure 1015mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz - 40GHz is $\pm 1.5dB$.

4. Test date: November 4, 2013 Tested By: Back Huang

Requirement(s):

A conducted power spectral density (PSD) limit of 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band segment within the DTS bandwidth is specified during any time interval of continuous transmission.4 By rule, the same method as used to determine the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density (i.e., if maximum peak conducted output power was measured then the peak PSD procedure shall be used and if maximum conducted output power was measured then the average PSD procedure shall be used).

If the average PSD is measured with a power averaging (RMS) detector or a sample detector, then the spectrum analyzer must be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW in order to ensure bin-to-bin spacing of \leq RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

Procedures:

This procedure must be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance to the fundamental output power limit, and is optional if the maximum (average) conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

- 1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
- 3. Set the RBW \geq 3 kHz.
- 4. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 5. Detector = peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- 10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

Test Result: Pass.

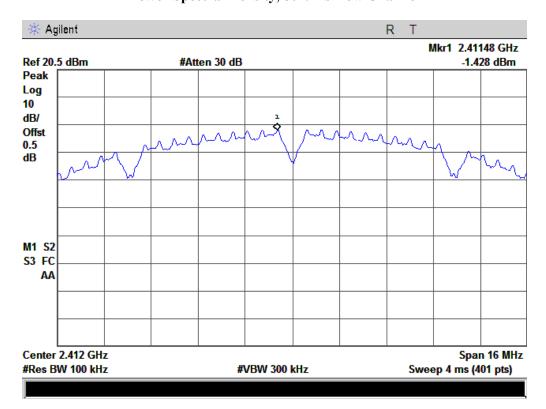


Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 34 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | PSD (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | | |
|---------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| | 802.11b mode | | | | | |
| Low | 2412 | 1 | -1.428 | 8 | | |
| Middle | 2437 | 1 | -0.913 | 8 | | |
| High | 2462 | 1 | -0.423 | 8 | | |
| | 802.11g mode | | | | | |
| Low | 2412 | 6 | -5.507 | 8 | | |
| Middle | 2437 | 6 | -4.999 | 8 | | |
| High | 2462 | 6 | -4.550 | 8 | | |
| | 802.11n(20) mode | | | | | |
| Low | 2412 | MCS0 | -6.058 | 8 | | |
| Middle | 2437 | MCS0 | -5.386 | 8 | | |
| High | 2462 | MCS0 | -4.928 | 8 | | |

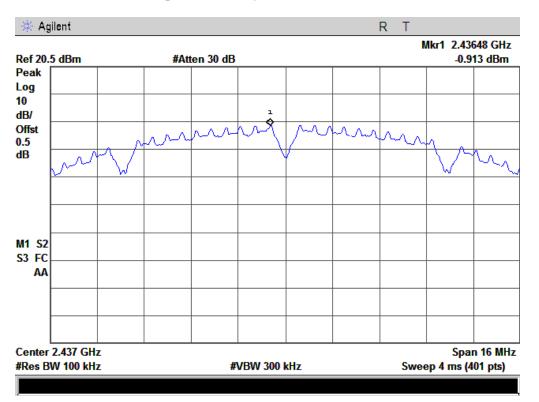
Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Low Channel



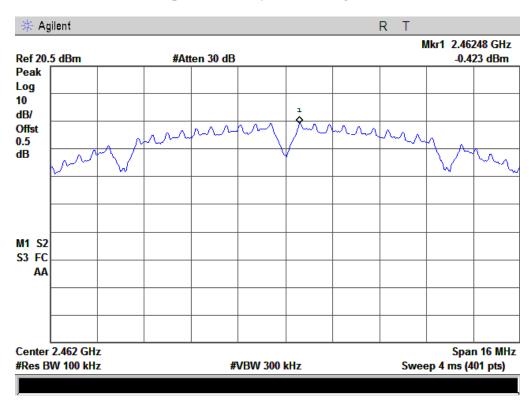
Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 35 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Middle Channel

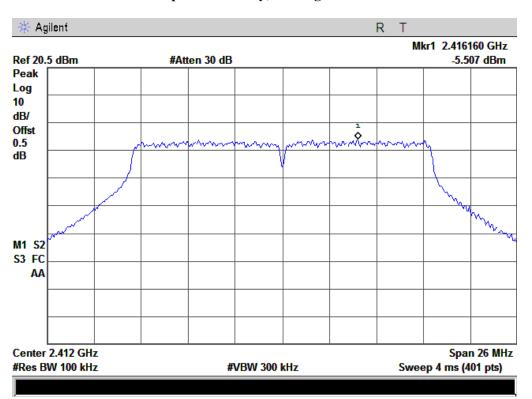


Power Spectral Density, 802.11b High Channel

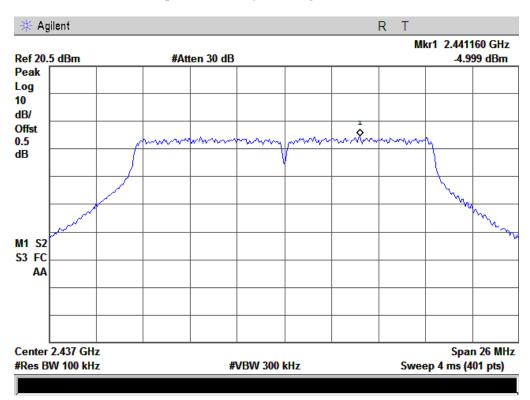


Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 36 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Low Channel

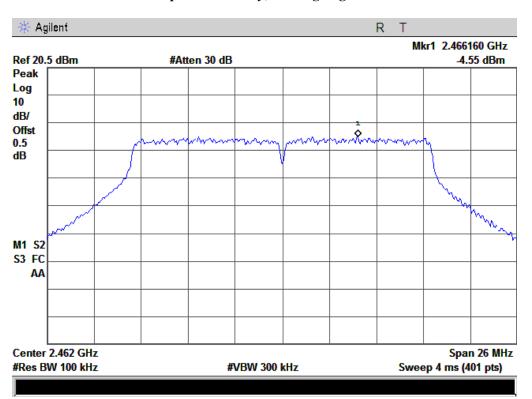


Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Middle Channel

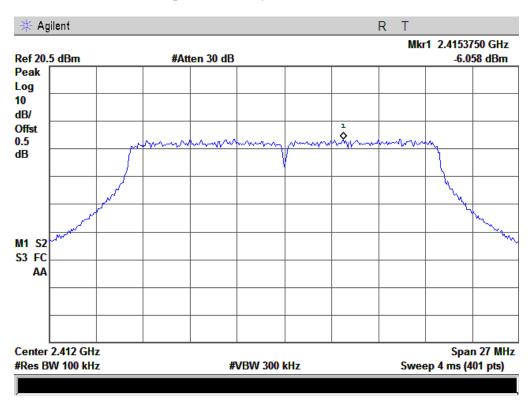


Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 37 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Power Spectral Density, 802.11g High Channel



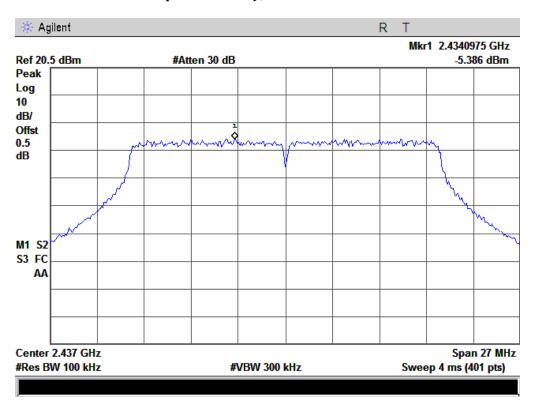
Power Spectral Density, 802.11n Low Channel



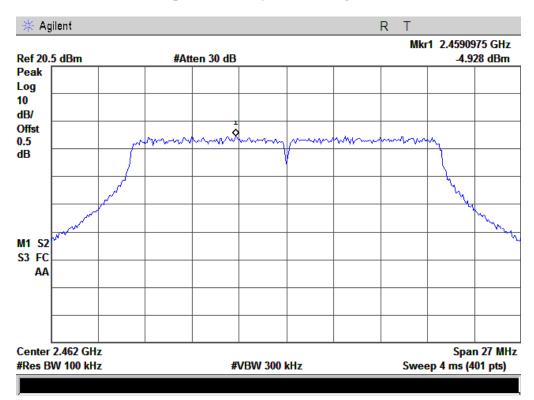
Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 Page: 38 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

Power Spectral Density, 802.11n Middle Channel



Power Spectral Density, 802.11n High Channel



5.6 §15.247(d) –Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands

1. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c))

Environmental Conditions Temperature 26°C
 Relative Humidity 63%
 Atmospheric Pressure 1012mbar

Test date: November 8, 2013 Tested By: Back Huang

Requirement(s):

3.

Band-Edge Measurements

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

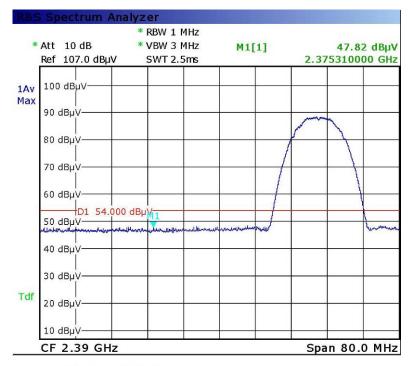
Procedures: (Radiated Method Only)

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT on the rotated table inside the anechoic chamber without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
- 3. Set band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz with a convenient frequency span from band edge.
- 4. Find the highest point in edge frequency, and then calculated results.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Test Result: Pass.

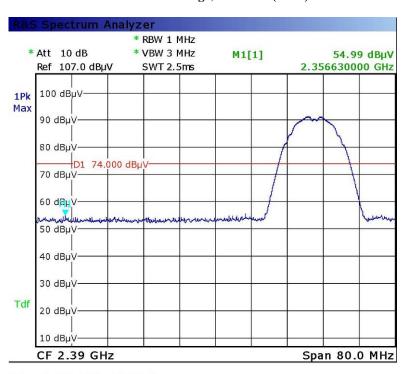
Please refer to the following tables and plots.

802.11b: Band Edge, Left Side (Average)



Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:03:10

802.11b: Band Edge, Left Side (Peak)

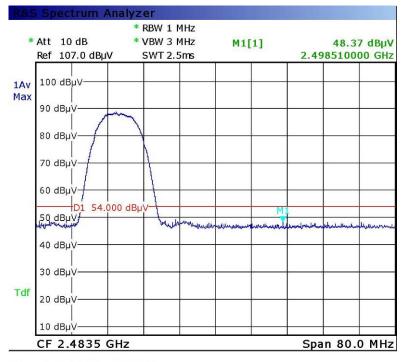


Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:00:09

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 41 of 74

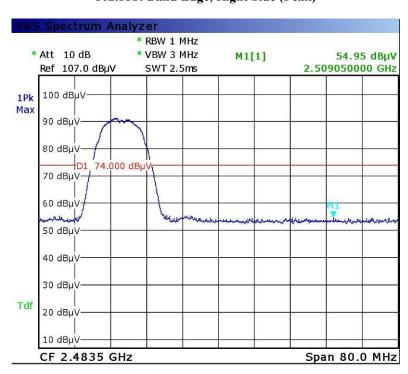
www.siemic.com.cn

802.11b: Band Edge, Right Side (Average)



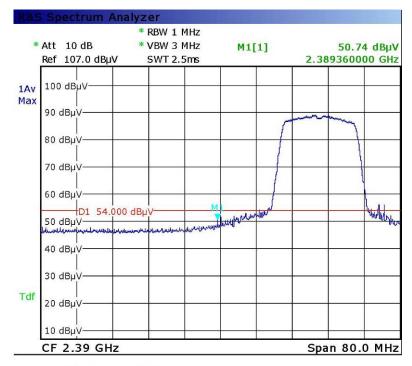
Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:07:16

802.11b: Band Edge, Right Side (Peak)



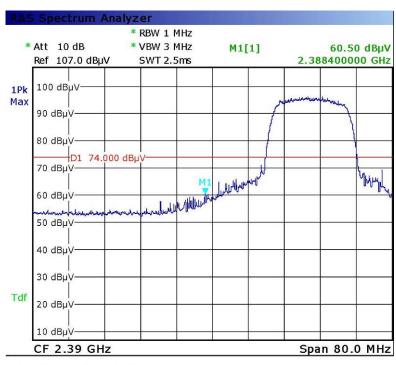
Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:08:10

802.11g: Band Edge, Left Side (Average)



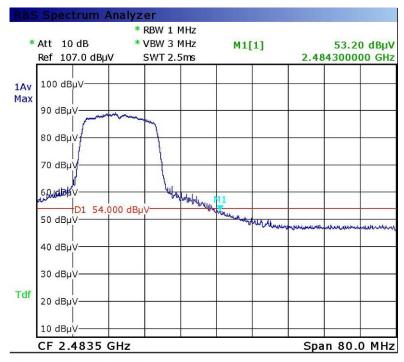
Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:18:29

802.11g: Band Edge, Left Side (Peak)



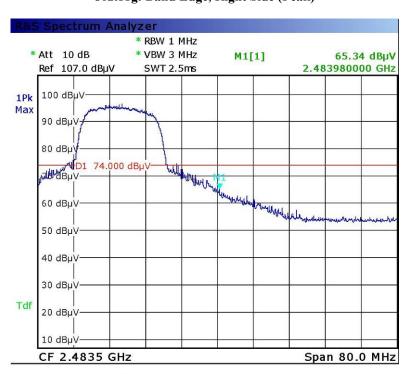
Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:17:38

802.11g: Band Edge, Right Side (Average)



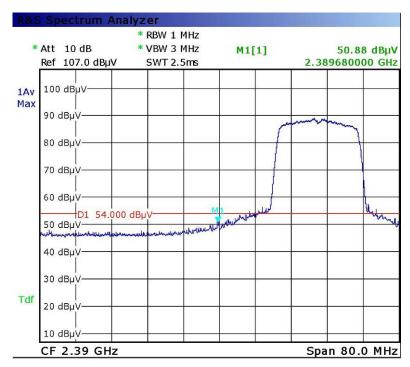
Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:14:08

802.11g: Band Edge, Right Side (Peak)



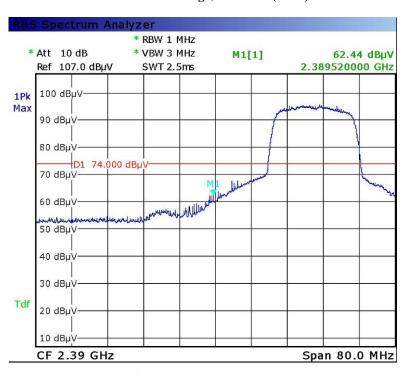
Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:11:28

802.11n: Band Edge, Left Side (Average)



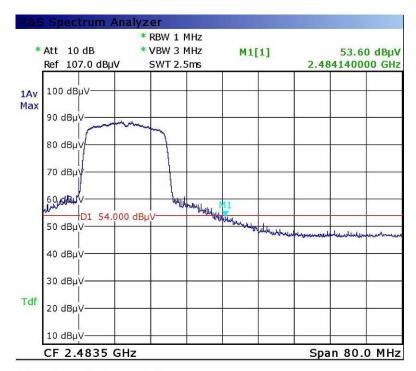
Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:20:36

802.11n: Band Edge, Left Side (Peak)



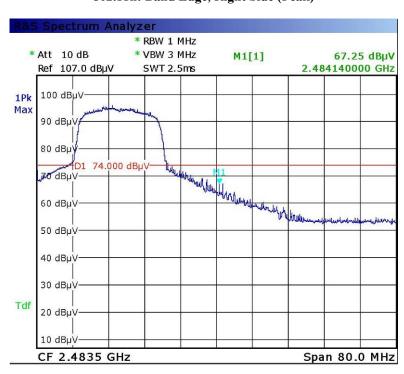
Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:21:20

802.11n: Band Edge, Right Side (Average)



Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:52:32

802.11n: Band Edge, Right Side (Peak)



Date: 8.NOV.2013 10:51:43

5.7 §15.207 (a) - AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

Requirement:

| | Conducted limit (dBµV) | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Frequency of emission (MHz) | Quasi-peak | Average | | |
| 0.15-0.5 | 66 to 56* | 56 to 46* | | |
| 0.5–5 | 56 | 46 | | |
| 5–30 | 60 | 50 | | |

^{*}Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Procedures:

- 1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR and Average detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- 2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- 3. <u>Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty</u>

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz - 30MHz (Average & Quasi-peak) is $\pm 3.5dB$.

4. Environmental Conditions Temperature 27°C Relative Humidity 58%

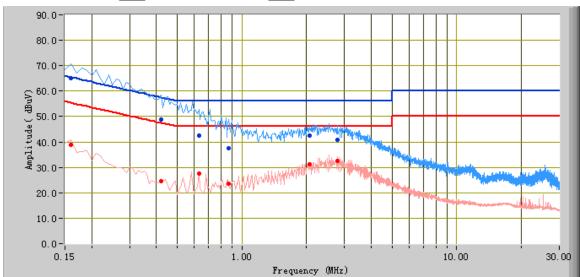
Atmospheric Pressure 1017mbar

5. Test date: November 5, 2013 Tested By: Back Huang

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 47 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Test Mode: Transmitting Mode(Worse Case)





Test Data

Phase Line Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

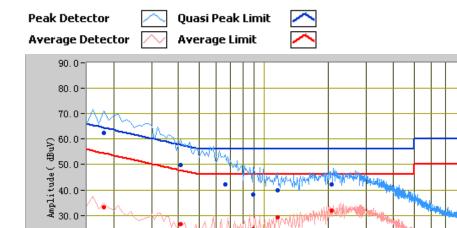
| Frequency (MHz) | Quasi Peak (dBuV) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Average (dBuV) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Factors (dB) |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 0.16 | 65.15 | 65.47 | -0.32 | 38.81 | 55.47 | -16.66 | 10.10 |
| 0.42 | 48.96 | 57.45 | -8.49 | 24.48 | 47.45 | -22.97 | 10.10 |
| 0.63 | 42.46 | 56.00 | -13.54 | 27.71 | 46.00 | -18.29 | 10.10 |
| 0.87 | 37.65 | 56.00 | -18.35 | 23.63 | 46.00 | -22.37 | 10.10 |
| 2.78 | 40.89 | 56.00 | -15.11 | 32.54 | 46.00 | -13.46 | 10.13 |
| 2.06 | 42.53 | 56.00 | -13.47 | 31.13 | 46.00 | -14.87 | 10.11 |

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 48 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

10.00

30.00

Test Mode: Transmitting Mode(Worse Case)



Test Data

20.0-10.0-0.0-

0.15

Phase Neutral Plot at 120Vac. 60Hz

Frequency (MHz)

1.00

| Thase Neutral Flot at 120 vac, vollz | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Frequency (MHz) | Quasi Peak (dBuV) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Average (dBuV) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Factors (dB) | | |
| 0.18 | 62.28 | 64.49 | -2.21 | 33.28 | 54.49 | -21.21 | 10.10 | | |
| 0.41 | 49.85 | 57.65 | -7.80 | 26.71 | 47.65 | -20.94 | 10.10 | | |
| 0.66 | 42.34 | 56.00 | -13.66 | 23.00 | 46.00 | -23.00 | 10.10 | | |
| 0.89 | 38.13 | 56.00 | -17.87 | 24.58 | 46.00 | -21.42 | 10.10 | | |
| 1.16 | 39.76 | 56.00 | -16.24 | 29.38 | 46.00 | -16.62 | 10.10 | | |
| 2.06 | 42.31 | 56.00 | -13.69 | 31.97 | 46.00 | -14.03 | 10.11 | | |

5.8 §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - Radiated Spurious Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

- 1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- 2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- 3. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 1GHz & 1GHz above (3m & 10m) is +/-6dB.

4. Environmental Conditions Temperature 29°C Relative Humidity 58%

Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

5. Test date: November 6, 2013 Tested By: Back Huang

Requirement: §15.247(d) specifies that emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

Procedures:

Radiated Spurious Emissions Measurement

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Established procedures for performing radiated measurements shall be used (see C63.10). All detected emissions must comply with the applicable limits.

Measurement Detectors

§15.35(a) specifies that on frequencies less than and below 1000 MHz, the radiated emissions limits assume the use of a CISPR quasi-peak detector function and related measurement bandwidths. §15.35(b) specifies that on frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emissions limits assume the use of an average detector and a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. In addition, §15.35(b) that when average radiated emissions measurements are specified there is also a limit on the peak emissions level which is 20 dB above the applicable maximum permitted average emission limit. These specifications also apply to conducted emissions measurements.

1. CISPR Quasi-Peak Measurement

The specifications for the measuring instrument using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

2. Peak Power Measurement Procedure

Utilize the peak power measurement procedure specified in Section 8.1.1 with the following modifications: Set analyzer center frequency to the frequency associated with the restricted band emission under examination. Set RBW = 1 MHz.

Note that if the peak measured value complies with the average limit, it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement. If this option is exercised, it should be so noted in the test report.

3. Average Power Measurement Procedures

The average restricted band emission levels must be measured with the EUT transmitting continuously (≥ 98% duty cycle) at its maximum power control level. Optionally, video triggering/signal gating can be used to ensure that measurements are performed only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level.

The average power measurement procedures described in Section 8.2 shall be used with the following modifications: Set analyzer center frequency to the frequency associated with the restricted band emission.

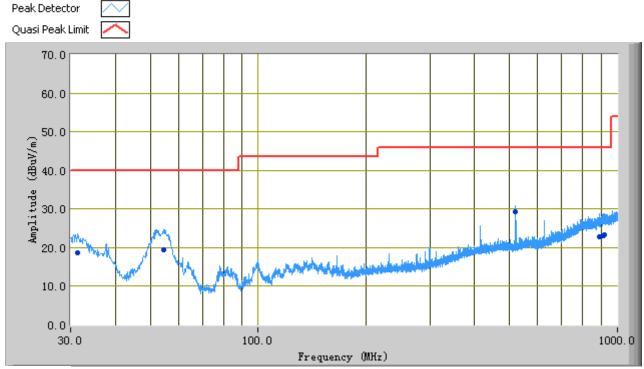
Set span to at least 1 MHz.

Use peak marker function to determine the highest amplitude within the RBW (1 MHz).

Test Result: Pass

Test Mode: Transmitting Mode(Worse Case)

(Below 1GHz)



Test Data

Vertical & Horizontal Polarity Plot @3m

| Frequency (MHz) | Quasi Peak (dBuV/m) | Azimuth | Polarity(H/ V) | Height (cm) | Factors (dB) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 519.96 | 29.36 | 261.00 | Н | 165.00 | -1.80 | 46.00 | -16.64 |
| 54.54 | 19.47 | 126.00 | V | 208.00 | -13.99 | 40.00 | -20.53 |
| 31.50 | 18.55 | 110.00 | V | 126.00 | -2.42 | 40.00 | -21.45 |
| 888.55 | 22.69 | 39.00 | Н | 168.00 | 4.62 | 46.00 | -23.31 |
| 911.44 | 23.11 | 155.00 | V | 184.00 | 4.95 | 46.00 | -22.89 |
| 921.26 | 23.29 | 294.00 | V | 400.00 | 5.10 | 46.00 | -22.71 |

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 51 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Above 1 GHz:

Test Mode: Transmitting

Note: Other modes were verified, only the result of worst case basic rate mode was presented.

Mode: 802.11b Low Channel (2412 MHz)

| Frequency (MHz) | Substituted level (dBµV/m) | Detector (PK/AV) | Polarity (H/V) | Ant. Factor | Cable Loss | Pre- Amp. Gain | Cord. Amp. | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | | | (dB/m) | (dB) | (dB) | (dBµV/m) | | |
| 4824 | 39.27 | AV | V | 33.31 | 3.3 | 24 | 51.88 | 54 | -2.12 |
| 4824 | 38.34 | AV | Н | 33.31 | 3.3 | 24 | 50.95 | 54 | -3.05 |
| 4824 | 44.75 | PK | V | 33.31 | 3.3 | 24 | 57.36 | 74 | -16.64 |
| 4824 | 44.41 | PK | Н | 33.31 | 3.3 | 24 | 57.02 | 74 | -16.98 |
| 5406 | 37.33 | AV | V | 34.14 | 3.8 | 24 | 51.27 | 54 | -2.73 |
| 5406 | 37.84 | AV | Н | 34.14 | 3.8 | 24 | 51.78 | 54 | -2.22 |
| 5406 | 44.35 | PK | V | 34.14 | 3.8 | 24 | 58.29 | 74 | -15.71 |
| 5406 | 44.71 | PK | Н | 34.14 | 3.8 | 24 | 58.65 | 74 | -15.35 |

Middle Channel (2437 MHz)

| Frequency | Substituted level | Detector | Polarity | Ant. | Cable | Pre- Amp. | Cord. | Limit | Margin |
|-----------|----------------------|----------|----------|--------|-------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| (MHz) | $(dB\mu V/m)$ | (PK/AV) | (H/V) | Factor | Loss | Gain | Amp. | $(dB\mu V/m)$ | (dB) |
| | | | | (dB/m) | (dB) | (dB) | $(dB\mu V/m)$ | | |
| 4874 | 39.23 | AV | V | 33.38 | 3.3 | 24 | 51.91 | 54 | -2.09 |
| 4874 | 38.46 | AV | Н | 33.38 | 3.3 | 24 | 51.14 | 54 | -2.86 |
| 4874 | 44.65 | PK | V | 33.38 | 3.3 | 24 | 57.33 | 74 | -16.67 |
| 4874 | 44.38 | PK | Н | 33.38 | 3.3 | 24 | 57.06 | 74 | -16.94 |
| 5065 | 37.47 | AV | V | 33.9 | 3.4 | 24 | 50.77 | 54 | -3.23 |
| 5065 | 37.43 | AV | Н | 33.9 | 3.4 | 24 | 50.73 | 54 | -3.27 |
| 5065 | 44.61 | PK | V | 33.9 | 3.4 | 24 | 57.91 | 74 | -16.09 |
| 5065 | 44.48 | PK | Н | 33.9 | 3.4 | 24 | 57.78 | 74 | -16.22 |

High Channel (2462 MHz)

| Frequency | Substituted level | Detector | Polarity | Ant. | Cable | Pre- Amp. Gain | Cord. | Limit | Margin |
|-----------|----------------------|----------|----------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------|----------|--------|
| (MHz) | (dBµV/m) | (PK/AV) | (H/V) | Factor (dB/m) | Loss (dB) | (dB) | Amp. (dBμV/m) | (dBµV/m) | (dB) |
| 4924 | 39.54 | AV | V | 33.62 | 3.3 | 24 | 52.46 | 54 | -1.54 |
| 4924 | 38.63 | AV | Н | 33.62 | 3.3 | 24 | 51.55 | 54 | -2.45 |
| 4924 | 44.93 | PK | V | 33.62 | 3.3 | 24 | 57.85 | 74 | -16.15 |
| 4924 | 44.75 | PK | Н | 33.62 | 3.3 | 24 | 57.67 | 74 | -16.33 |
| 5386 | 37.39 | AV | V | 34.14 | 3.8 | 24 | 51.33 | 54 | -2.67 |
| 5386 | 37.49 | AV | Н | 34.14 | 3.8 | 24 | 51.43 | 54 | -2.57 |
| 5386 | 44.63 | PK | V | 34.14 | 3.8 | 24 | 58.57 | 74 | -15.43 |
| 5386 | 44.78 | PK | Н | 34.14 | 3.8 | 24 | 58.72 | 74 | -15.28 |

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 52 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Annex A. TEST INSTRUMENT & METHOD

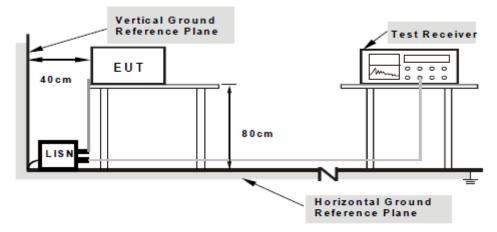
Annex A.i. TEST INSTRUMENTATION & GENERAL PROCEDURES

| Instrument | Model | Serial # | Calibration Date | Calibration Due Date |
|---|---------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| AC Line Conducted Emissions | | | | |
| EMI test receiver | ESL6 | 100262 | 11/19/2012 | 11/19/2013 |
| Line Impedance Stabilization Network | LI-125A | 191106 | 11/14/2012 | 11/13/2013 |
| Line Impedance Stabilization Network | LI-125A | 191107 | 11/14/2012 | 11/13/2013 |
| Double Ridge Horn Antenna (1~18GHz) | AH-118 | 071259 | 11/20/2012 | 11/19/2013 |
| Transient Limiter | LIT-153 | 531118 | 03/03/2013 | 03/02/2014 |
| RF conducted test | | | | |
| Agilent ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER | E4407B | CFG038 | 10/25/2013 | 10/24/2014 |
| Power Splitter | 1# | 1# | 02/02/2013 | 02/01/2014 |
| Temperature/Humidity Chamber | 1007H | N/A | 01/07/2013 | 01/06/2014 |
| DC Power Supply | E3640A | MY40004013 | 03/22/2013 | 03/21/2014 |
| Radiated Emissions | | | | |
| EMI test receiver | ESL6 | 100262 | 11/19/2012 | 11/18/2013 |
| Positioning Controller | UC3000 | MF780208282 | 11/19/2012 | 11/18/2013 |
| OPT 010 AMPLIFIER(0.1- 1300MHz) | 8447E | 2727A02430 | 11/19/2012 | 11/18/2013 |
| Microwave Preamplifier(0.5~ 18GHz) | PAM-118 | 443008 | 11/08/2012 | 11/07/2013 |
| Bilog Antenna (30MHz~6GHz) | JB6 | A110712 | 01/27/2013 | 01/26/2014 |
| Double Ridge Horn Antenna (1~18GHz) | AH-118 | 071283 | 11/20/2012 | 11/19/2013 |

Annex A.ii. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Set-up

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table, as shown in Annex B.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a $50\Omega/50\mu$ H EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
- 3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. All other supporting equipments were powered separately from another main supply.



Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.

2.Both of LISNs (AMN) are 80cm from EUT and at least 80cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item – Photographs of the Test Configuration1.

Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
- 2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line (for AC mains) or Earth line (for DC power) over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
- 3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.
- 4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10 kHz. For FCC tests, only Quasi-peak measurements were made; while for CISPR/EN tests, both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
- 5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line (for AC mains) or DC line (for DC power).

Description of Conducted Emission Program

This EMC Measurement software run LabView automation software and offers a common user interface for electromagnetic interference (EMI) measurements. This software is a modern and powerful tool for controlling and monitoring EMI test receivers and EMC test systems. It guarantees reliable collection, evaluation, and documentation of measurement results. Basically, this program will run a pre-scan measurement before it proceeds with the final measurement. The pre-scan routine will run the common scan range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz; the program will first start a peak and average scan on selectable measurement time and step size. After the program complete the pre-scan, this program will perform the Quasi Peak and Average measurement, based on the pre-scan peak data reduction result.

Sample Calculation Example

At 20 MHz $limit = 250 \mu V = 47.96 dB\mu V$

Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.20 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = $40.00~\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ (Calibrated for system losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 47.96 - 40.00 = 7.96 i.e. **7.96 dB below limit**

Annex A. iii RADIATED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION

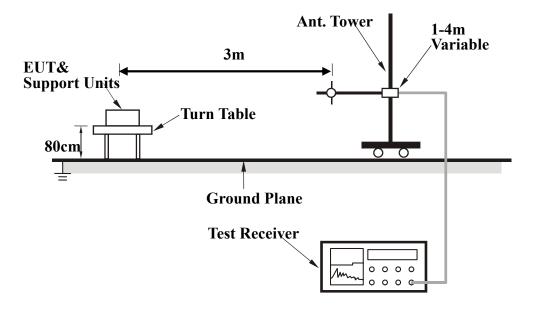
EUT Characterisation

EUT characterisation, over the frequency range from 30MHz to 10th Harmonic, was done in order to minimise radiated emissions testing time while still maintaining high confidence in the test results.

The EUT was placed in the chamber, at a height of about 0.8m on a turntable. Its radiated emissions frequency profile was observed, using a spectrum analyzer /receiver with the appropriate broadband antenna placed 3m away from the EUT. Radiated emissions from the EUT were maximised by rotating the turntable manually, changing the antenna polarisation and manipulating the EUT cables while observing the frequency profile on the spectrum analyzer / receiver. Frequency points at which maximum emissions occurred, clock frequencies and operating frequencies were then noted for the formal radiated emissions test at the Open Area Test Site (OATS).

Test Set-up

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
- 2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
- 3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.



Test Method

The following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT:

- 1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
- 2. With the receiving antenna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
- 3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. So, the axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.

Final Radiated Emission Measurement

- 1. Setup the configuration according to figure 1. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in normal function.
- 2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
- 3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
- 4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from $0 \circ to 360 \circ with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading.$
- 5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured was complete.
- 6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.

During the radiated emission test, the Spectrum Analyzer was set with the following configurations:

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Function | Resolution bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 30 to 1000 | Peak | 100 kHz | 100 kHz |
| Above 1000 | Peak | 1 MHz | 1 MHz |
| Above 1000 | Above 1000 Average | | 10 Hz |

Sample Calculation Example

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. For the limit is employed average value, therefore the peak value can be transferred to average value by subtracting the duty factor. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Peak = Reading + Corrected Factor

where

Corr. Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Amplifier Gain (if any) And the average value is

> Average = Peak Value + Duty Factor or Set RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz.

Note:

If the measured frequencies are fall in the restricted frequency band, the limit employed must be quasi peak value when frequencies are below or equal to 1 GHz. And the measuring instrument is set to quasi peak detector function.

 Report No.:
 13070472-FCC-R3

 Issue Date:
 November 9, 2013

 Page:
 57 of 74

www.siemic.com.cn

Annex B. EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Annex B.i. Photograph 1: EUT External Photo



Whole Package - Top View



Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 58 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn



EUT - Front View



EUT - Rear View



Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 59 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn



EUT - Top View



EUT - Bottom View



Report No.: Issue Date: Page:

13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 60 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn



EUT - Left View



EUT - Right View

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 61 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Annex B.ii. Photograph 2: EUT Internal Photo



Cover Off - Top View



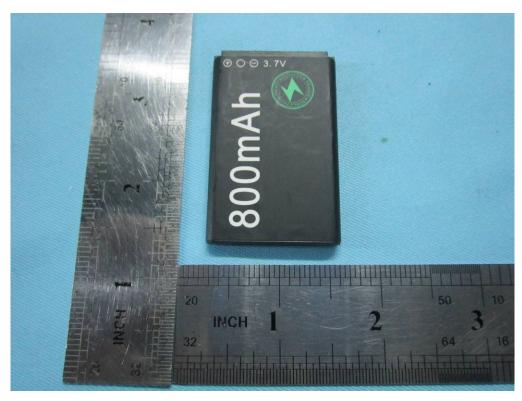
Cover Off - Rear Housing View



Report No.: Issue Date: 13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 62 of 74 Page: www.siemic.com.cn



Adapter View



Battery - Top View



Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 63 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Voltage: 3, 7V
Capacity: South
Charging Voltage: 4, 2V
Standard: GB/T 18287-2000

⚠ Caution

- 1 the the authorized charger only.
- Nover disassemble by yourself.
- I higher abort rise bit the balancy.
- I pose Baltery to open flames could cause explosion.

☐ Dispose Baltery to open flames could cause explosion.

☐ Production Date: 2013.07.20
Made in China

20
INCH 1
2
32
64
16

Battery -Bottom View

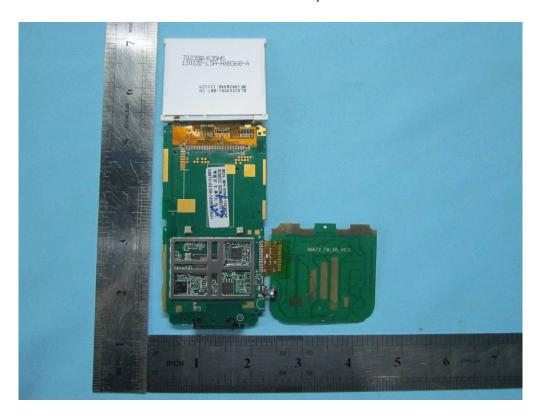


Mainborad - Top View

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 64 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn



Mainborad Uncover- Top View

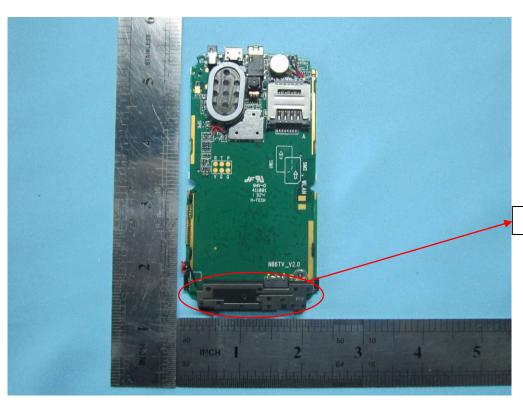


Mainborad Without Shielding - Top View

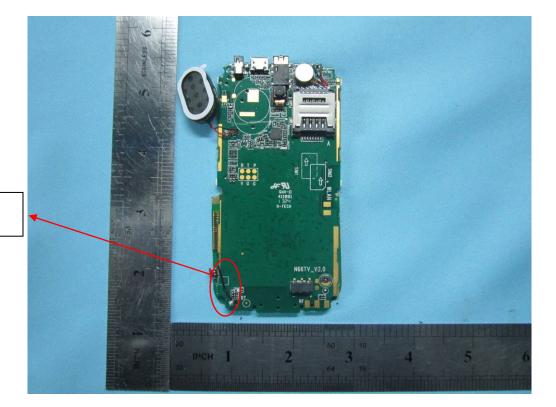


Bluetooth Antenna Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 65 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

GSM Antenna



Mainborad - Bottom View



Mainborad Without Shielding - Bottom View

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 66 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

WIFI Antenna

20 IRCH 1 2 3 4 5

Rear HousingView

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 67 of 74

Annex B.iii. Photograph 3: Test Setup Photo



Conducted Emissions Test Setup Front View

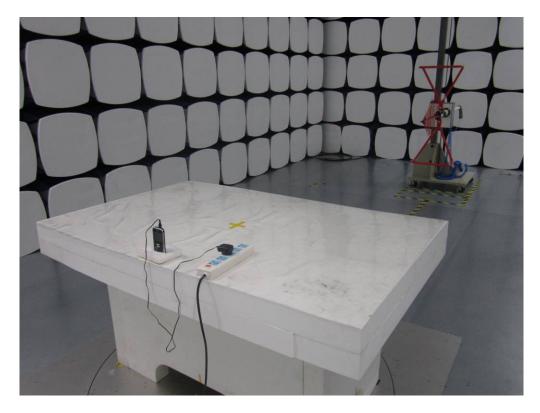


Conducted Emissions Test Setup Side View

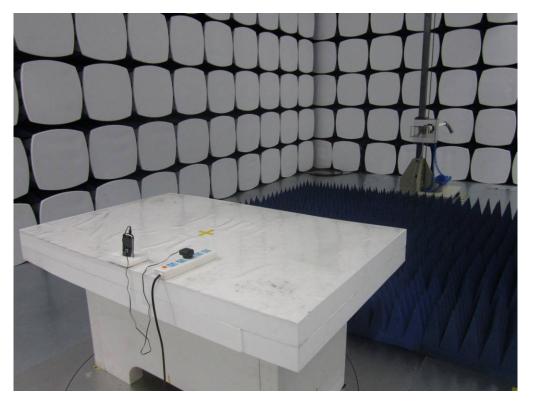
FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009

Report No.: Issue Date: Page:

13070472-FCC-R3 November 9, 2013 68 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup Below 1GHz - Front View



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup Above 1GHz -Front View

Report No.: 13070472-FCC-R3 Issue Date: November 9, 2013 Page: 69 of 74 www.siemic.com.cn

Annex C. TEST SETUP AND SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT

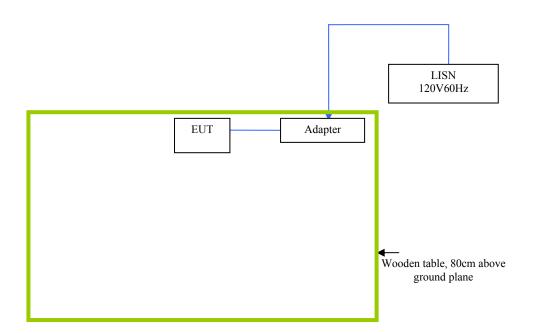
EUT TEST CONDITIONS

Annex C. i. SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

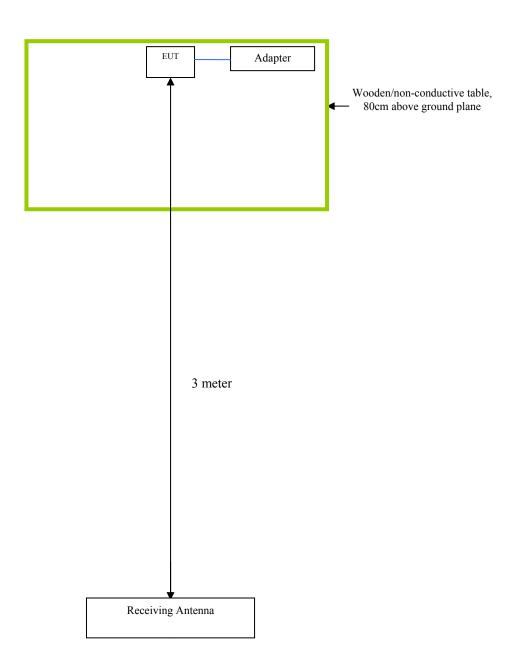
The following is a description of supporting equipment and details of cables used with the EUT.

| Equipment Description (Including Brand Name) | Model & Serial Number | Cable Description (List Length, Type & Purpose) |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| lenovo Laptop | E40& 0579A52 | N/A |

Block Configuration Diagram for AC Line Conducted Emissions



Block Configuration Diagram for Radiated Emissions





Annex C.ii. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

The following is the description of how the EUT is exercised during testing.

| Test | Description Of Operation |
|--------------------------|--|
| Emissions Testing | The EUT was continuously transmitting to stimulate the worst case. |

Annex D. USER MANUAL / BLOCK DIAGRAM / SCHEMATICS / PART LIST

Please see attachment

Annex E. DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY



To: SIEMIC, 775 Montague Expressway, Milpitas, CA 95035, USA

Declaration Letter

For our business issue and marketing requirement, we would like to list 2 model numbers on the FCC reports, as following:

Model No.: Q500W, T231c

We declare that there is no electrical change has been made to the equipment that alters the compliance characteristics. The difference of these 2 models is for different logo and color. Please kindly handle on the project.

Thank you!

7

Printed name/title: XUEPING WU / Manager

Tel: +86-0769-89396666 Fax: +86-0769-89608326

Address: FLAT/RM 603 6/F , WANCHAI CENTRAL BLDG ,89 LOCKHART

RD, WANCHAI, HK