# **FCC Part 15C Measurement and Test Report**

#### For

## ASK PROXIMA CO., LIMITED

Room 3, 21/F., Far East Consortium Building, 121 Des Voeux Road,

Central, Hong Kong

FCC ID: 2AALL968

FCC Rule(s): FCC Part 15.247

**Product Description: Bluetooth Dongle** 

**Tested Model:** HK-968

**Report No.:** STR131081711

**Tested Date:** 2013-10-17 to 2013-10-22

**Issued Date:** 2013-10-23

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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd.

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#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

**Client Information** 

Applicant: ASK PROXIMA CO., LIMITED

Address of applicant: Room 3, 21/F., Far East Consortium Building, 121

Des Voeux Road, Central, Hong Kong

Manufacturer: ASK PROXIMA CO., LIMITED

Address of manufacturer: Room 3, 21/F., Far East Consortium Building, 121

Des Voeux Road, Central, Hong Kong

General Description of EUT		
Product Name:	Bluetooth Dongle	
Trade Name:	/	
Model No.:	HK-968	
Rated Voltage: DC 5V		
Note: The test data is gathered from a pa	roduction sample provided by the manufacturer.	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Bluetooth Version:	V2.0+EDR
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	4.633 dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	PCB
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
Lowest Internal Frequency of EUT:	16MHz

#### 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the ASK PROXIMA CO., LIMITED in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

#### 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2003, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz. The public notice DA 00-705 for frequency hopping spread spectrum systems shall be performed also.

#### 1.4 Test Facility

- FCC Registration No.: 934118
- Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 934118.
  - Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

#### 1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode L	Test Mode List			
Test Mode	Mode Description Remark			
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz		
TM2	Middle Channel	2441MHz		
TM3	High Channel	2480MHz		
TM4	Hopping	2402-2480MHz		

Modulation Configure					
Modulation	Packet	Packet Packet Type Packet Size			
	DH1	4	27		
GFSK	DH3	11	183		
	DH5	15	339		
	2DH1	20	54		
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH3	26	367		
	2DH5	30	679		
	3DH1	24	83		
8DPSK	3DH3	27	552		
	3DH5	31	1021		

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK, (Pi/4)DQPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case.

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
/	/	/	/

Special Cable List and Details				
Cable Description	Cable Description Length (m) Shielded/Unshielded With / Without Ferrite			
/	/	/	/	

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Notebook	Lenovo	E23	/

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# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
§ 2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.205	Restricted Band of Operation	Compliant
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§ 15.209(a)(f)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

N/A: not applicable

## 3. RF Exposure

## 3.1 Standard Applicable

According to § 1.1307 and § 2.1093, the portable transmitter must comply the RF exposure requirements.

#### 3.2 Test Result

This product complied with the requirement of the RF exposure, please see the RF Exposure Report.

## 4. Antenna Requirement

#### **4.1 Standard Applicable**

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### **4.2 Evaluation Information**

This product has an PCB antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

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## 5. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

## 5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### 5.2 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

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This device was tested with an bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

#### **5.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence**

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

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## 6. Quantity of Hopping Channels and Channel Separation

#### **6.1 Standard Applicable**

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

## **6.2 Test Equipment List and Details**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2013-05-07	2014-05-06

#### **6.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = the frequency band of operation (2400MHz to 2483.5MHz)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize, observed the band of 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, than count it out the number of channels for comparing with the FCC rules.

The channel spacing test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Other setting as above

Allow the trace to stabilize, Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

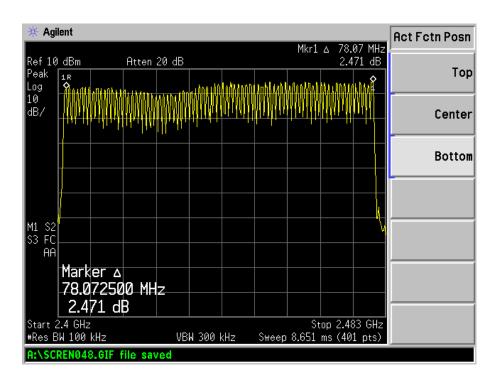
#### **6.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

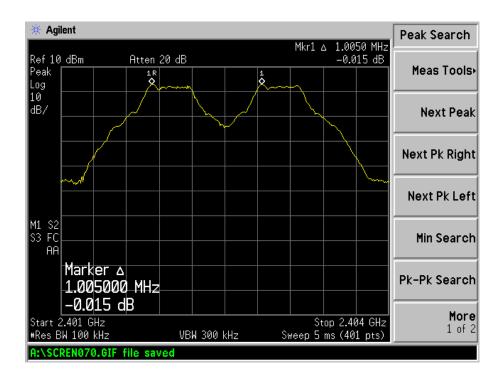
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#### **6.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

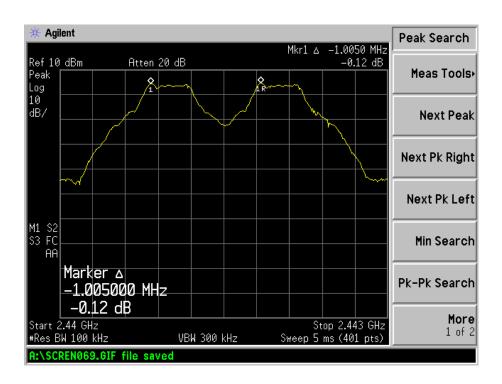
No. of Channel = 79



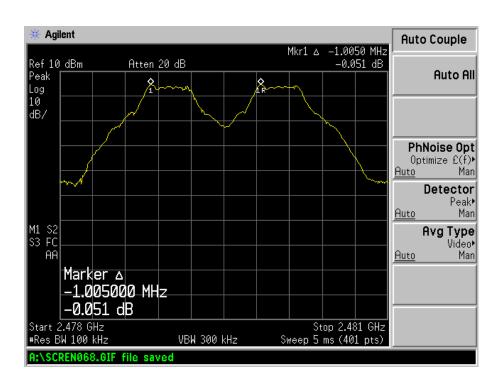
For GFSK mode Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



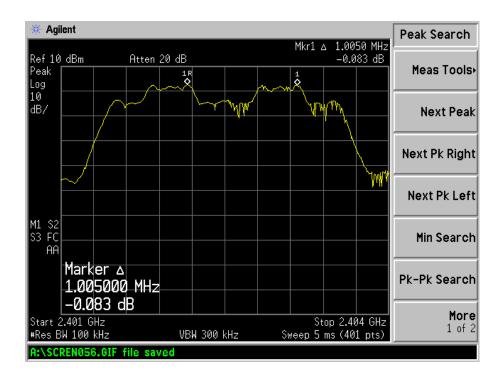
#### Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



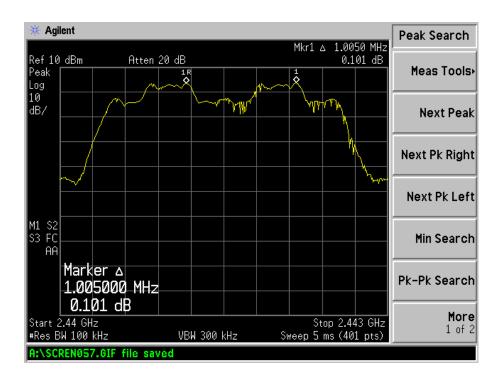
#### Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



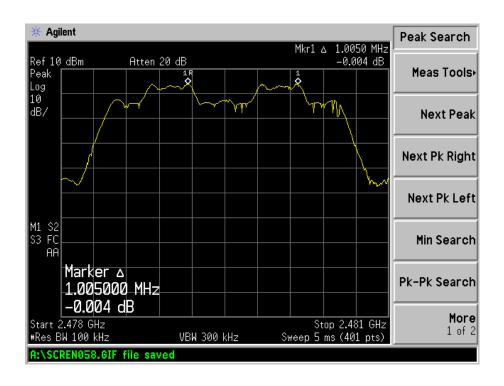
For 8DPSK mode Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



#### Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



#### Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



# 7. Dwell Time of Hopping Channel

## 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

## 7.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2013-05-07	2014-05-06

#### 7.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time

#### 7.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

## 7.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1, DH3, and DH5.

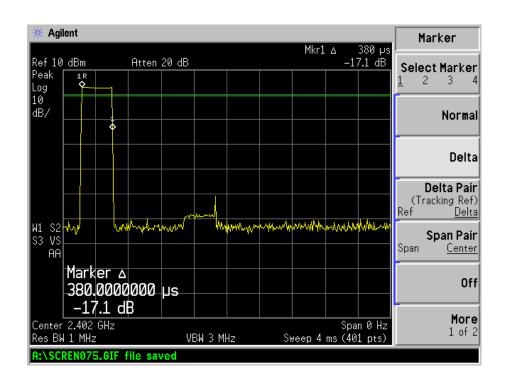
The test period: T = 0.4 Second \* 79 Channel = 31.6 s

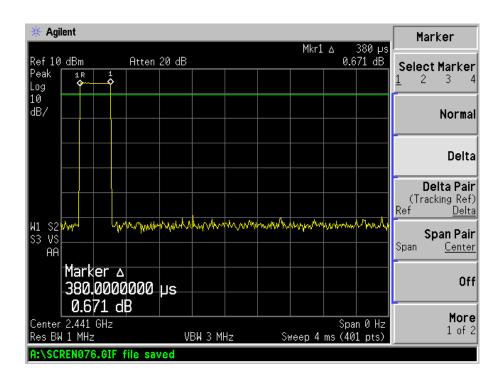
Dwell time = time slot length \* (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) \* Period

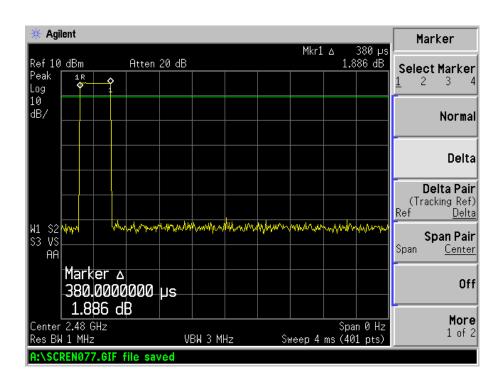
Madalatian	Total Channal	Do alas4	Time Slot Length	<b>Dwell Time</b>	Limit
Modulation	Test Channel	Packet	ms	ms	ms 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 40
		DH1	0.38	121.6	400
	2402MHz	DH3	1.63	260.8	400
		DH5	2.88	307.2	400
		DH1	0.38	121.6	400
GFSK	2441MHz	DH3	1.63	260.8	400
		DH5	2.88	307.2	400
		DH1	0.38	121.6	400
	2480MHz	DH3	1.63	260.8	400
		DH5	2.88	307.2	400
		3DH1	0.38	121.6	400
	2402MHz	3DH3	1.63	260.8	400
		3DH5	2.88	307.2	400
		3DH1	0.38	121.6	400
8DPSK	2441MHz	3DH3	1.63	260.8	400
		3DH5	2.88	307.2	400
		3DH1	0.38	121.6	400
	2480MHz	3DH3	1.63	260.8	400
		3DH5	2.88	307.2	400

Please refer to the test plots as below:

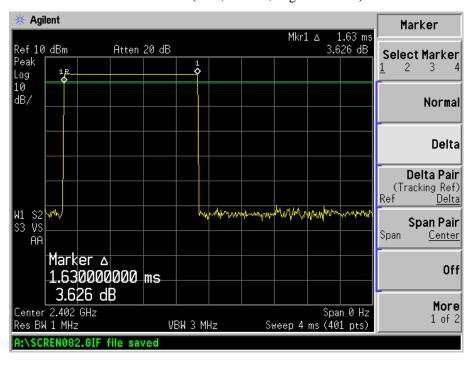


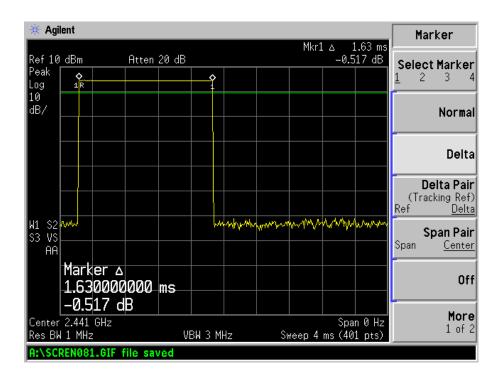


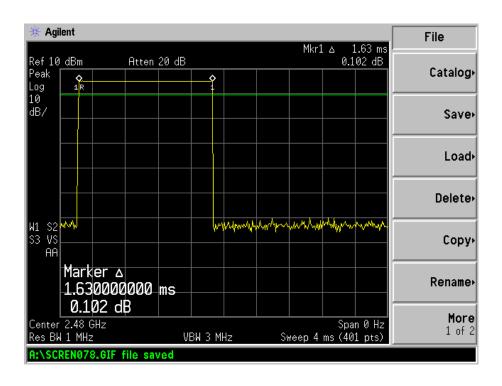




DH3 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)





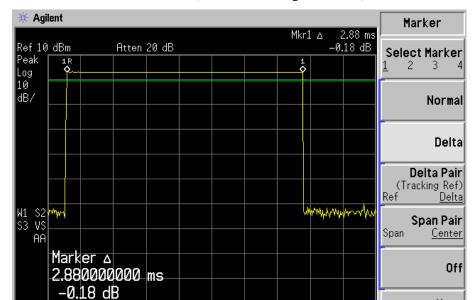


Center 2.402 GHz Res BW 1 MHz

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More

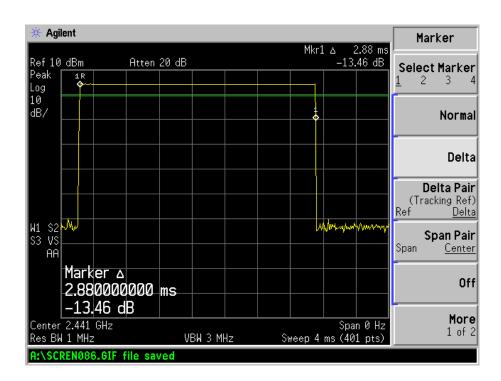
1 of 2

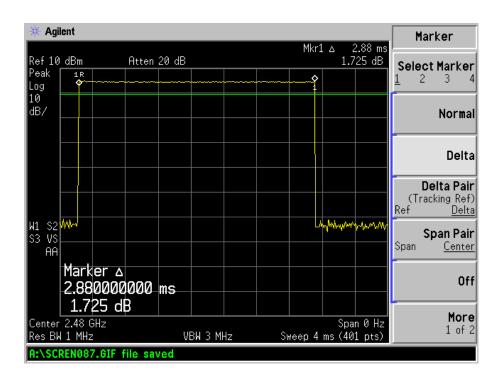


VBW 3 MHz

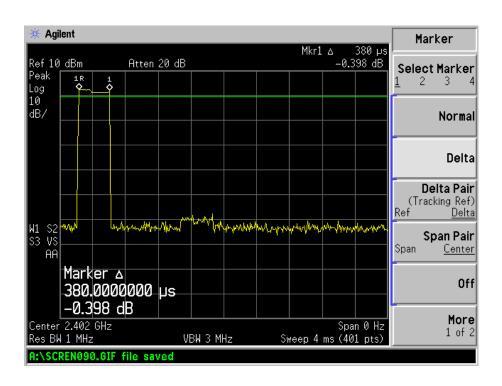
Span 0 Hz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)

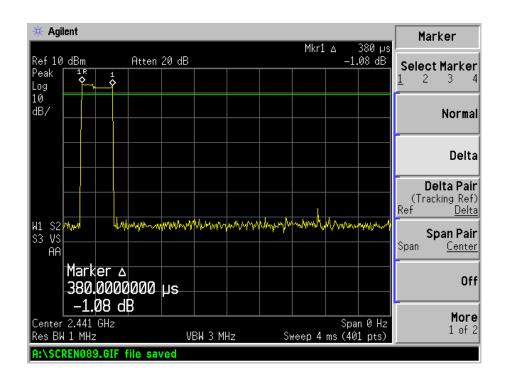
DH5 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

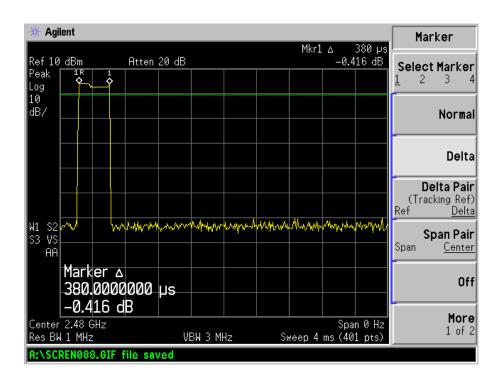




3DH1 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)



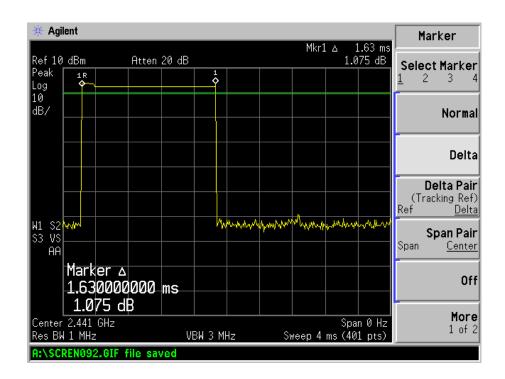


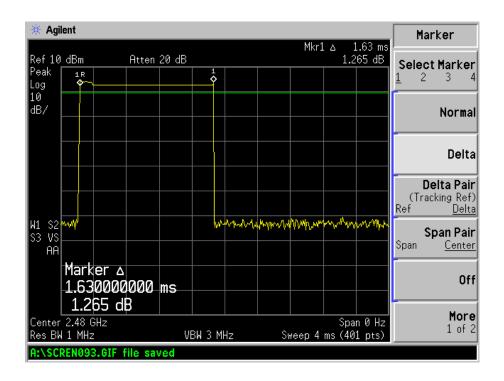


A:\SCREN091.GIF file saved

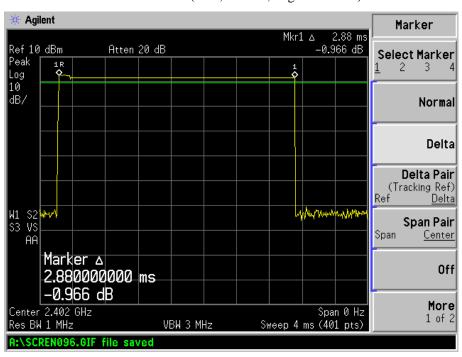
🔆 Agilent Marker Mkr1 ∆ 1.63 ms -0.693 dB Ref 10 dBm Atten 20 dB Select Marker Peak 1 • 2 3 Log 10 dB/ Normal Delta Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) f <u>Delta</u> Ref haranaraye ha hall haranay an maga maraya W1 S2 S3 VS AA Span Pair Span Center Marker 🛆 Off 1.630000000 ms -0.693 dB More Center 2.402 GHz Res BW 1 MHz Span 0 Hz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts) 1 of 2 VBW 3 MHz

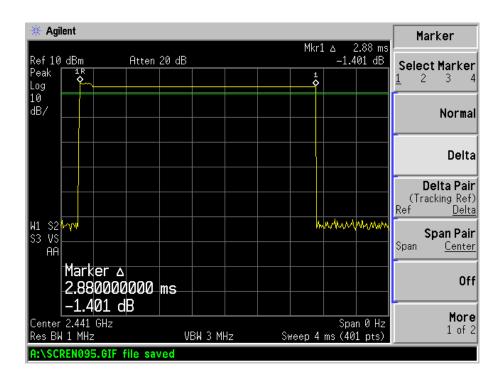
3DH3 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

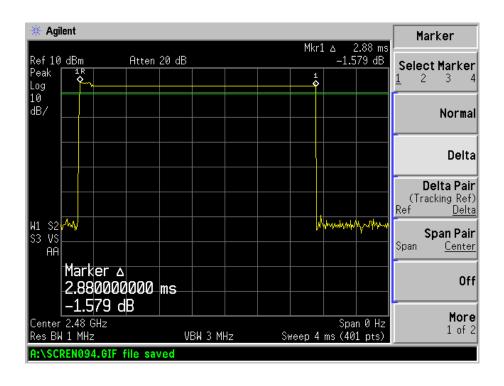




3DH5 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)







#### 8. 20dB Bandwidth

## 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

#### **8.2 Test Equipment List and Details**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2013-05-07	2014-05-06

#### **8.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 2MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW ≥1% 20dB Bandwidth, VBW ≥RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, use the marker-delta function to measure and record the 20dB down bandwidth of the emission.

#### **8.4 Environmental Conditions**

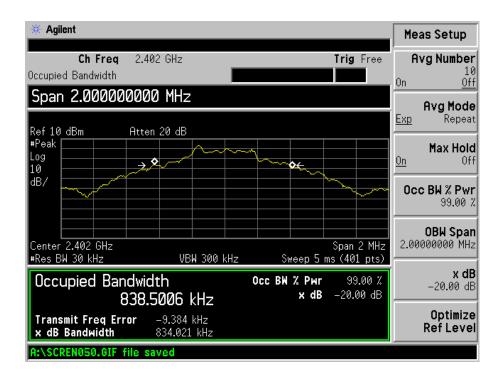
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

#### 8.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

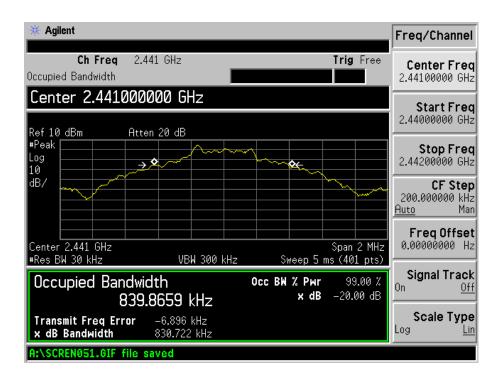
Channel	Frequency MHz	20dB Bandwidth (GFSK) kHz	20dB Bandwidth (8DPSK) kHz
Low Channel	2402	834.021	1144
Middle Channel	2441	830.722	1147
High Channel	2480	832.649	1148

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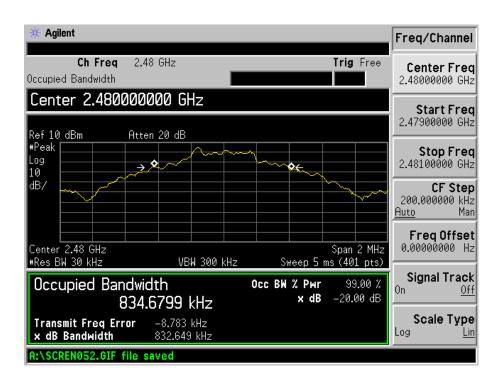
For GFSK Low Channel:



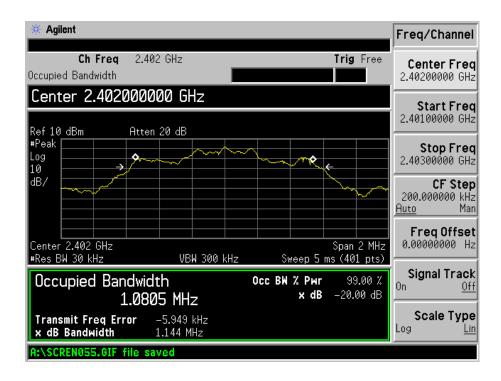
#### Middle Channel:



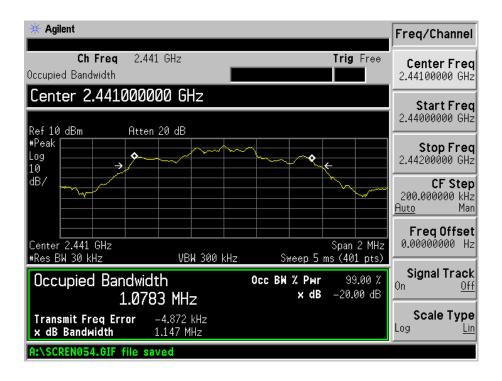
#### High Channel:



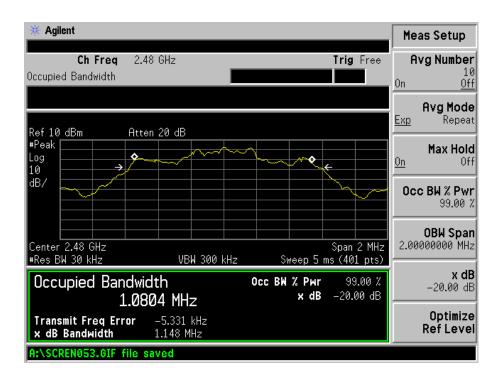
## For 8DPSK Low Channel:



#### Middle Channel:



#### High Channel:



## 9. RF Output Power

## 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

## 9.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2013-05-07	2014-05-06

#### 9.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the peak output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 5MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1/3MHz, VBW = 1/3MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, the indicated level is the peak output power (the external attenuation and cable loss shall be considered).

#### **8.4** Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	55%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

## 9.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

#### For GFSK

Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	4.633	2.9060	1000
Middle Channel	2441	4.218	2.6412	1000
High Channel	2480	2.884	1.9427	1000

#### For Pi/4 QDPSK

Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
Chamer	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	4.272	2.6742	1000
Middle Channel	2441	3.976	2.4980	1000
High Channel	2480	2.741	1.8797	1000

#### For 8DPSK

Champal	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
Channel	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	4.171	2.6128	1000
Middle Channel	2441	3.833	2.4171	1000
High Channel	2480	2.660	1.8450	1000

Note: the antenna gain of 0dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

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## 10. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

#### 10.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement is ±5.10 dB.

#### **10.2 Standard Applicable**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

#### 10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

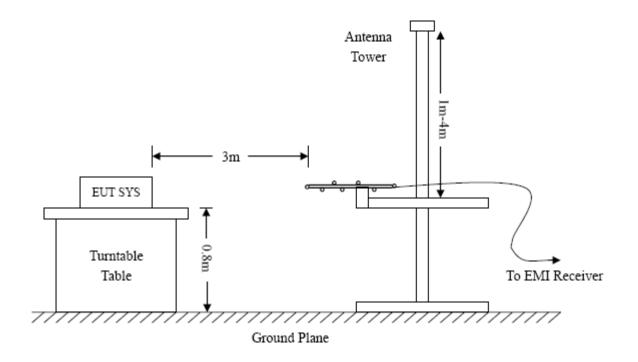
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2013-04-20	2014-04-19
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2013-04-20	2014-04-19
Horn Antenna	ETS	3116B	00088203	2013-04-20	2014-04-19
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZECK	HFRA 5165	9365	2013-04-20	2014-04-19

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#### **10.4 Test Procedure**

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.



Frequency:9kHz-30MHz	Frequency:30MHz-1GHz	Frequency: Above 1GHz
RBW=10KHz,	RBW=120KHz,	RBW=1MHz,
VBW =30KHz	VBW=300KHz	VBW=3MHz(Peak), 10Hz(AV)
Sweep time= Auto	Sweep time= Auto	Sweep time= Auto
Trace = max hold	Trace = max hold	Trace = max hold
Detector function = peak	Detector function = peak, QP	Detector function = peak, AV

#### 10.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of  $-6dB\mu V$  means the emission is  $6dB\mu V$  below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

#### **10.6 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

## 10.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst cases:

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

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# Plot of Radiated Emissions Test Data (30MHz to 1GHz)

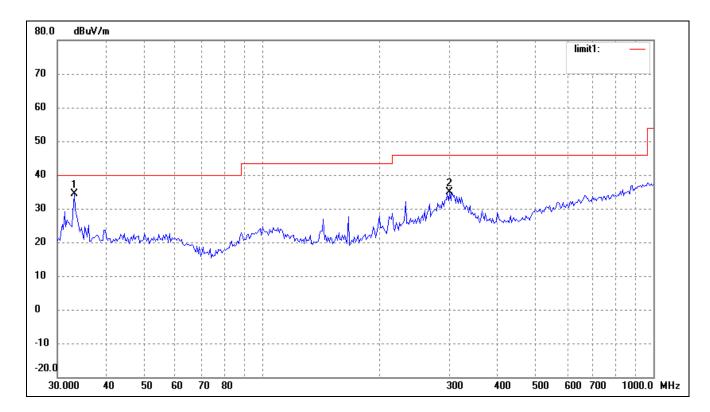
EUT: Bluetooth Module

Tested Model: HK-968

Operating Condition: Transmitting Low Channel (2402MHz)

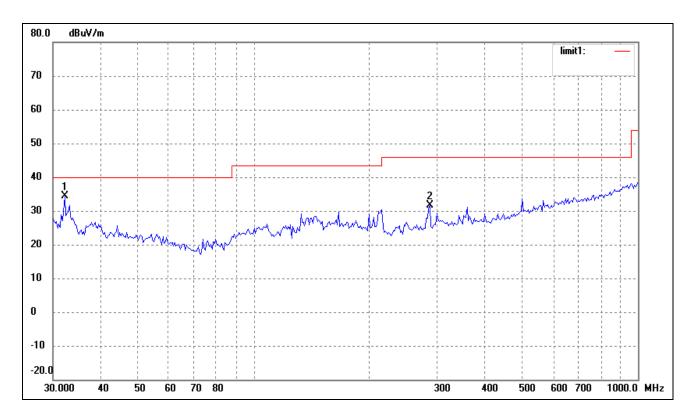
Comment: DC 5V

Test Specification: Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
1	33.0950	27.65	6.77	34.42	40.00	-5.58	240	100	peak
2	301.4224	25.18	9.78	34.96	46.00	-11.04	50	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical

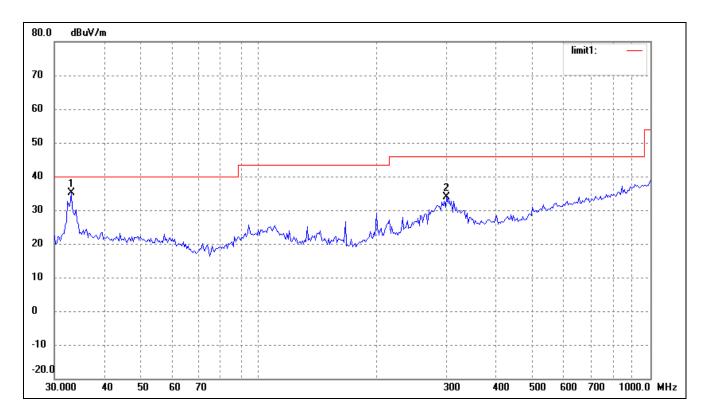


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( *)	(cm)	
1	32.1795	27.52	6.77	34.29	40.00	-5.71	306	100	peak
2	286.9823	22.01	9.61	31.62	46.00	-14.38	78	100	peak

Operating Condition: Transmitting Middle Channel (2441MHz)

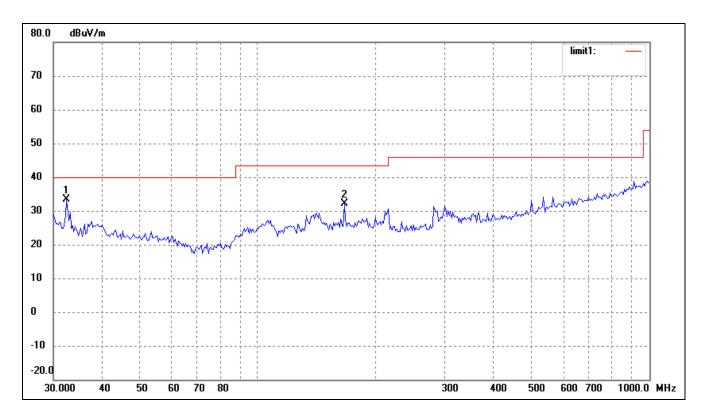
Comment: DC 5V

Test Specification: Horizontal



N	lo.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
		(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( •)	(cm)	
-	1	33.0950	28.27	6.77	35.04	40.00	-4.96	205	100	peak
2	2	301.4224	24.18	9.78	33.96	46.00	-12.04	69	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical

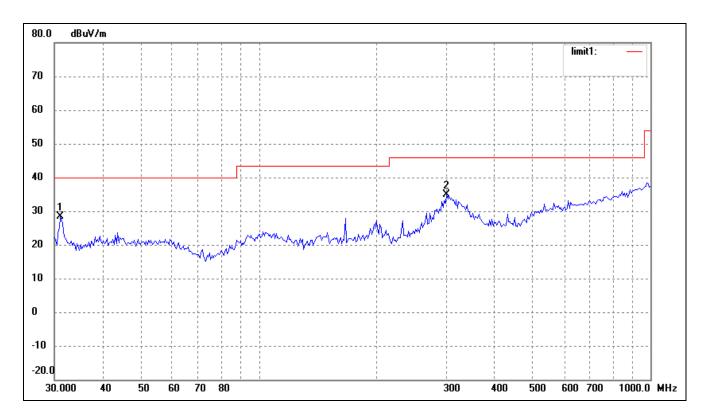


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( *)	(cm)	
1	32.4059	26.72	6.77	33.49	40.00	-6.51	255	100	peak
2	166.0680	27.28	4.75	32.03	43.50	-11.47	77	100	peak

Operating Condition: Transmitting High Channel (2480MHz)

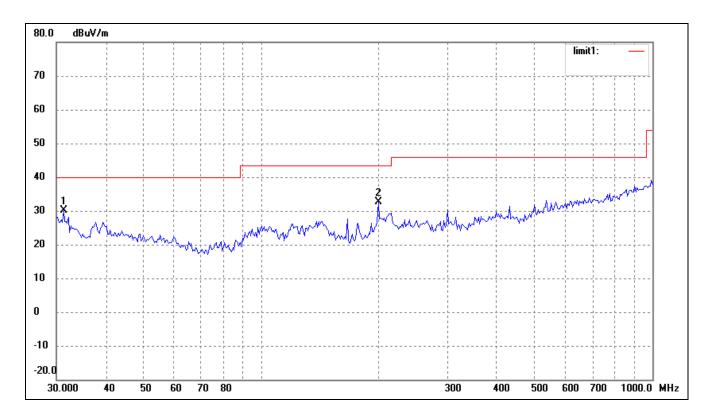
Comment: DC 5V

Test Specification: Horizontal



	No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
I		(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
ſ	1	31.0706	21.70	6.77	28.47	40.00	-11.53	87	100	peak
	2	301.4224	25.08	9.78	34.86	46.00	-11.14	301	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( *)	(cm)	
1	31.2893	23.27	6.77	30.04	40.00	-9.96	103	100	peak
2	199.2855	26.14	6.58	32.72	43.50	-10.78	66	100	peak

Spurious Emissions Above 1GHz

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
			Low Channe	el-2402MHz			
4804	58.05	-3.59	54.46	74	-19.54	Н	PK
4804	45.81	-3.59	42.22	54	-11.78	Н	AV
7206	52.04	-0.52	51.52	74	-22.48	Н	PK
7206	41.25	-0.52	40.73	54	-13.27	Н	AV
4804	56.75	-3.59	53.16	74	-20.84	V	PK
4804	45.01	-3.59	41.42	54	-12.58	V	AV
7206	51.05	-0.52	50.53	74	-23.47	V	PK
7206	39.98	-0.52	39.46	54	-14.54	V	AV
			Middle Chan	nel-2441MHz			
4884	57.22	-3.49	53.73	74	-20.27	Н	PK
4884	46.38	-3.49	42.89	54	-11.11	Н	AV
7326	50.71	-0.47	50.24	74	-23.76	Н	PK
7326	39.44	-0.47	38.97	54	-15.03	Н	AV
4884	56.26	-3.49	52.77	74	-21.23	V	PK
4884	44.27	-3.49	40.78	54	-13.22	V	AV
7326	50.12	-0.47	49.65	74	-24.35	V	PK
7326	39.32	-0.47	38.85	54	-15.15	V	AV
			High Chann	el-2480MHz			
4960	57.04	-3.41	53.63	74	-20.37	Н	PK
4960	45.78	-3.41	42.37	54	-11.63	Н	AV
7440	51.87	-0.42	51.45	74	-22.55	Н	PK
7440	40.89	-0.42	40.47	54	-13.53	Н	AV
4960	54.65	-3.41	51.24	74	-22.76	V	PK
4960	43.38	-3.41	39.97	54	-14.03	V	AV
7440	50.06	-0.42	49.64	74	-24.36	V	PK
7440	38.66	-0.42	38.24	54	-15.76	V	AV

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, which above  $3^{th}$  Harmonics are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz..

#### 11. Out of Band Emissions

### 11.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

#### 11.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2013-04-20	2014-04-19
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2013-04-20	2014-04-19
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2013-05-07	2014-05-06

#### 11.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge radiated test method as follows.

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured

 $Sweep = auto; \quad Detector\ function = peak; \quad Trace = max\ hold$ 

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated bandedge measurements.

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According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge conducted test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2380MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the limit specified in this section (at least 20dB attenuation).

#### 11.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

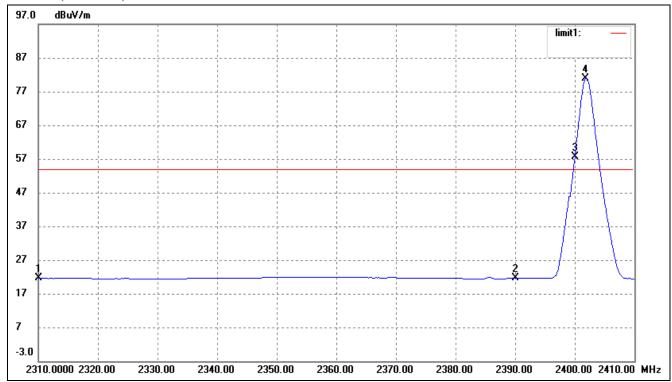
### 11.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Please refer to the test plots as below.

Bandedge (Radiated)

Lowest Bandedge

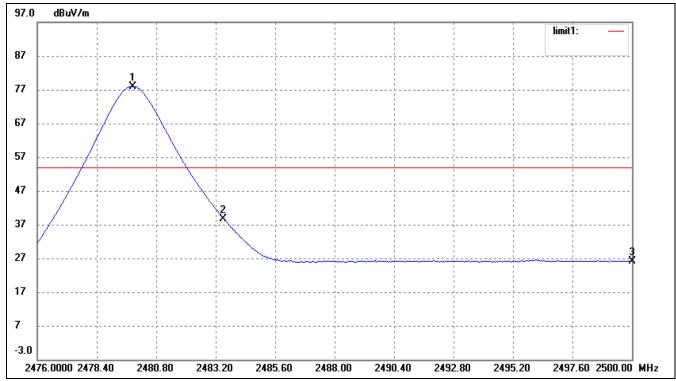
Vertical (Worst case)



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	32.68	-3.69	28.99	54.00	-25.01	Average Detector
	2310.000	45.81	-3.69	42.12	74.00	-31.88	Peak Detector
2	2390.000	33.40	-3.49	29.91	54.00	-24.09	Average Detector
	2390.000	46.60	-3.49	43.11	74.00	-30.89	Peak Detector
3	2400.000	78.70	-3.46	75.24	Dalta	24.00	Average Detector
4	2402.000	103.58	-3.46	100.12	Delta=24.88		Average Detector

Highest Bandedge

Vertical (Worst case)



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2480.000	82.24	-3.33	78.91	/	/	Average Detector
	2480.000	109.51	-3.33	106.18	/	/	Peak Detector
2	2483.500	Delta = 43	2 76 dDa	35.15	54.00	-18.85	Average Detector
	2483.500	Dena – 43	5.70 ubc	62.42	74.00	-11.58	Peak Detector
3	2500.000	29.49	-3.28	26.21	54.00	-27.79	Average Detector
	2500.000	48.44	-3.28	45.16	74.00	-28.84	Peak Detector

## 12. Conducted Emissions

## 12.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Base on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of any conducted emissions measurement is  $\pm$  2.88 dB.

## 12.2 Test Equipment List and Details

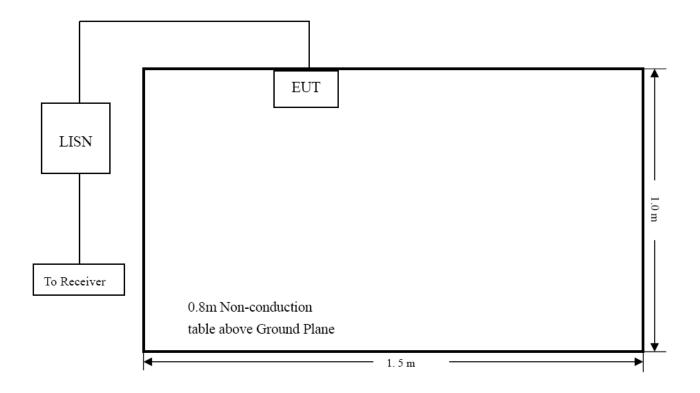
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
L.I.S.N	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2013-05-07	2014-05-06
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2013-05-07	2014-05-06

### 12.3 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

# 12.4 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



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### 12.5 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

# 12.6 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	. 150 kHz
Stop Frequency	. 30 MHz
Sweep Speed	. Auto
IF Bandwidth	. 10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	.9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode	. Normal

# 12.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data in section 12.8, the EUT <u>complied with the FCC Part 15.207</u> Conducted margin for a Class B device, with the *worst* margin reading of:

-5.36 dB at 23.978 MHz in the Neutral, Average detector, 0.15-30MHz

## 12.8 Conducted Emissions Test Data

#### **Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data**

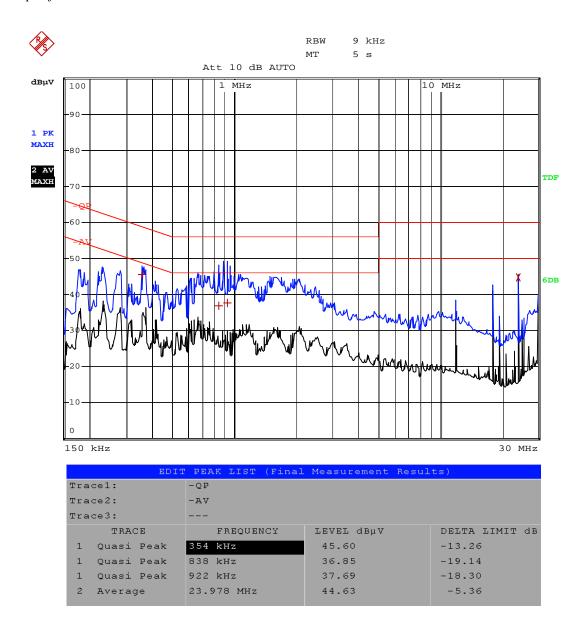
EUT: Bluetooth Dongle

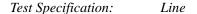
Tested Model: HK-968

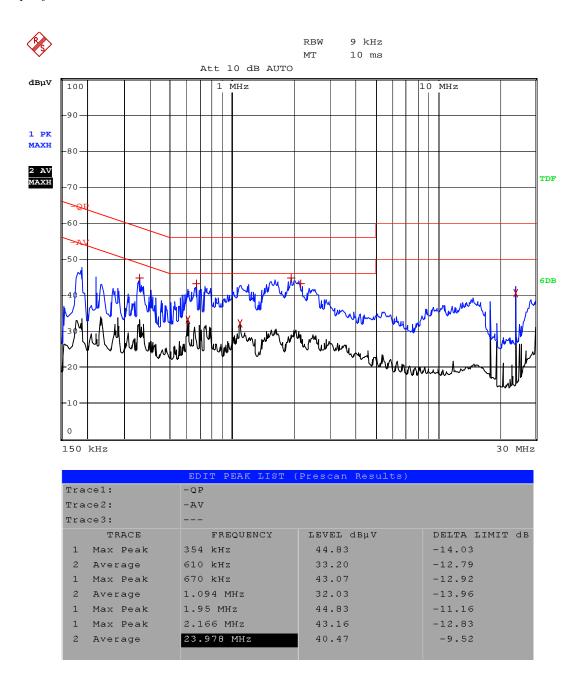
Operating Condition: BT Transmitting

Comment: AC 120V/60Hz; USB 5V

Test Specification: Neutral







### \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*