

# **FCC RADIO TEST REPORT**

FCC ID: 2AARH-Q1

Product: TheQ Camera

Trade Name: TheQ

Model Number: Q1

Serial Model: N/A

Report No.: NTEK- 2013NT0729832

# **Prepared for**

Q Lifestyle Limited

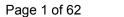
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# Prepared by

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# **TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

Address:	14/F., Cheungs Building, 1-3 Wing Lok Street, Hong Kong		
Manufacture's Name:	ShenZhen D3 Technology Co.,Ltd		
Address:	Room301,3rd Floor, Zone A HongDu Business Building, Fanshen Road, Area 45,BaoAn District ,Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.		
Product name:	TheQ Camera		
Model and/or type reference:	Q1		
Serial Model:	N/A		
Standards:	FCC Part 22H and 24E		
Test procedure:	TIA 603-C :2004		
	en tested by NTEK, and the test results show that the equipment th the FCC requirements. And it is applicable only to the tested		
·	xcept in full, without the written approval of NTEK, this document personal only, and shall be noted in the revision of the document.		
Date of Test			
Date (s) of performance of tests	29 Jul. 2013 ~11 Aug. 2013		
Date of Issue			
Test Result	Pass		
Testing Engineer	: Apple Huong		
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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A major technical description of EUT is described as following:

Product Designation:	TheQ Camera		
	☐ GSM 850 ☐ PCS 1900 (U.S. Bands) ☐ GSM 900 ☐ DCS 1800 (Non-U.S. Bands)		
Frequency Bands:	U.S. Bands:  UMTS FDD Band II UMTS FDD Band V		
	Non-U.S. Bands: ☐UMTS FDD Band I ☐UMTS FDD Band VIII		
Antenna:	FPCB Antenna		
Antenna gain:	2.0dBi		
Power Supply:	DC 3.7V by battery		
Battery parameter:	DC 3.7V/700mAh		
Adapter Input:	N/A		
Adapter Output:	N/A		
GPRS/EDGE Class	Multi-Class10		
Extreme Vol. Limits:	DC3.5 V to 4.2 V (Nominal DC3.7 V)		
Extreme Temp. Tolerance	-10℃ to +50℃		
	4.2V and Low Voltage 3.5V was declared by manufacturer, The EUT ly with higher or lower voltage.		

MODE	Max. Conducted Power
	(dBm)
GPRS 850	31.99
EDGE 850	26.78
GPRS 1900	28.85
EDGE1900	25.51
UMTS BAND V HSDPA	21.70
UMTS BAND V HSUPA	22.29



#### 1.2 RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2AARH-Q1** filing to comply with the FCC Part 22H&24E.

#### 1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY

The radiated emission testing was performed according to the procedures of ANSI C 63.4: 2003; TIA/EIA 603 and FCC CFR 47 Rules of 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057.

#### 1.4 TEST FACILITY

The test site used to collect the radiated data is located at:

NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F, Building E, Fenda Science Park, Sanwei Community, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen P.R. China.

The test site is constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements in documents ANSI C63.4: 2003.

FCC Registration No.:238937 IC Registration No.:9270A-1, CNAS Registration No.:L5516

#### 1.5 MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

NAME OF EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	SERIAL NUMBER	NEXT CAL. DATE
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4440A	US44300399	2014.6.26
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	A0304218	2014.6.26
COMMUNICATION TESTER	AGILENT	8960	3104A03367	2014.6.26
COMMUNICATION TESTER	R&S	CMU200	A0304247	2014.6.26
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	FCKL1528	A0304230	2014.6.26
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK8127	A0304233	2014.6.26
CLIMATE CHAMBER	ALBATROSS			2014.6.26
Loop Antenna	Daze	ZN30900N	SEL0097	2014.6.26
Bilogical Antenna	A.H. Systems Inc.	SAS-521-4	N/A	2014.6.26
Horn Antenna	EM	EM-AH-10180	N/A	2014.6.26

#### 1.6 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES

The battery supplied by the applicant is used as accessories and being tested with EUT intended for FCC grant together.

#### 1.7 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.



#### 2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 2.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commission's requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### 2.2 EUT EXERCISE

The Transmitter was operated in the maximum output power mode through Communication Tester. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

#### 2.3 GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

Item Number	Item Description		FCC Rules
1	Output	Conducted output power	22.913(a) / 24.232 (b)
'	Power	Radiated output power	22.913(a) / 24.232 (b)
2 Spurious Emission	Conducted		
		spurious emission	2.1051 / 22.917 / 24.238
		Radiated spurious emission	
3	Frequency Stability		2.1055 /24.235
4	Occupied Bandwidth		2.1049 (h)(i)
5	Emission Bandwidth		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)
6	Band Edge		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)





#### 2.4 CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM

Fig. 2-1 Configuration of EUT System

EUT	

Table 2-1 Equipment Used in EUT System

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Note
1	TheQ	Q1	FCC ID: 2AARH-Q1	EUT

Note: All the accessories have been used during the test. the following "EUT" in setup diagram means EUT system.



#### 3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Item Number	Item Description		FCC Rules	Result
1	Output Power	Conducted Output Power Radiated Output Power	22.913(a) / 24.232 (b)	Pass
2	Spurious Emissio n	Conducted Spurious Emission Radiated Spurious Emission	2.1051 / 22.917 / 24.238	Pass
3	Mains Co	nducted Emission	15.107 / 15.207	Pass
4	Frequency Stability		2.1055 /24.235	Pass
5	Occupied Bandwidth		2.1049 (h)(i)	Pass
6	Emission Bandwidth		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	Pass
7	Band Edg	e	22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	Pass

#### 4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

During the testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication Tester (CMU 200) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation. Three channels (The top channel, the middle channel and the bottom channel) were chosen for testing on both GPRS850 and GPRS1900 frequency band.

**Note:** GSM/GPRS/EDGES850, GSM/GPRS/EDGE1900, HSDPA band V, HSUPA band V modes have been tested during the test.

the worst condition (GPRS/EDGE 850) be recorded in the test report if no other modes test data.



#### **5. OUTPUT POWER**

# **5.1 Conducted Output Power**

#### **5.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD**

The EUT was setup for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation. Power was measured with Spectrum Analyzer. The measurements were performed on all modes(GPRS/EDGE850, GPRS/EDGE1900, HSDPA band V, HSUPA band V) at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for each band.

#### **5.1.2 MEASUREMENT RESULT**

Mode	Maximum Burst-Average Output	Tolerance(dB)
	Power	
GPRS 850-1TS:	32 dBm	+/- 1
GPRS 850-2TS:	31 dBm	+/- 1
EDGE 850-1TS:	27 dBm	+/- 1
EDGE 850-2TS:	26 dBm	+/- 1
Mode	Maximum Burst-Average Output	Tolerance(dB)
	Power	
GPRS 1900-1TS:	28 dBm	+/- 1
GPRS 1900-2TS:	27 dBm	+/- 1
EDGE 1900-1TS:	26 dBm	+/- 1
EDGE 1900-2TS:	25 dBm	+/- 1

Conducted Output Power Limits for UMTS band V			
Mode	Maximum	Tolerance(dB)	
	Burst-Average		
	Output Power		
HSDPA Subtest 1	22 dBm	+/- 1	
HSDPA Subtest 2	22 dBm	+/- 1	
HSDPA Subtest 3	22 dBm	+/- 1	
HSDPA Subtest 4	22 dBm	+/- 1	
HSUPA Subtest 1	22 dBm	+/- 1	
HSUPA Subtest 2	22 dBm	+/- 1	
HSUPA Subtest 3	22 dBm	+/- 1	
HSUPA Subtest 4	22 dBm	+/- 1	
HSUPA Subtest 5	22 dBm	+/- 1	



#### **GPRS 850:**

Mode	Frequency	Peak Power
Wode	(MHz)	
CDDC050	824.2	31.99
GPRS850	836.6	31.96
(1 Slot)	848.8	31.94
CDDC050	824.2	30.85
GPRS850	836.6	30.84
(2 Slot)	848.8	30.82

#### **GPRS 1900:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power
GPRS1900 (1 Slot)	1850.2	28.60
	1880	28.85
	1909.8	28.52
CDDS1000	1850.2	27.50
GPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1880	27.70
	1909.8	27.40

#### **EDGE 850:**

	Frequency	Peak Power
Mode	(MHz)	
EGPRS850 (1 Slot)	824.2	26.78
	836.6	26.78
	848.8	26.77
EGPRS850 (2 Slot)	824.2	26.71
	836.6	26.72
	848.8	26.66

#### **EDGE 1900:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power	
EGPRS1900 (1 Slot)	1850.2	25.02	
	1880	25.51	
	1909.8	25.28	
ECDD: 1000	1850.2	24.82	
EGPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1880	25.30	
	1909.8	25.03	



#### **UMTS BAND V**

Mode	Frequency	Peak Power
Wode	(MHz)	
DMC	826.4	22.65
RMC	835.0	22.53
12.2 kbps	846.6	22.74
LIODDA	826.4	21.43
HSDPA	835.0	21.70
Subtest 1	846.6	21.45
LICDDA	826.4	21.21
HSDPA	835.0	21.62
Subtest 2	846.6	21.24
LIODDA	826.4	21.33
HSDPA	835.0	21.62
Subtest 3	846.6	21.12
HSDPA	826.4	21.23
_	835.0	21.63
Subtest 4	846.6	21.17
LICUDA	826.4	22.29
HSUPA Subtest 1	835.0	22.23
Sublest 1	846.6	21.92
LICUDA	826.4	21.07
HSUPA Subtest 2	835.0	21.02
Sublest 2	846.6	21.83
LICUDA	826.4	21.04
HSUPA Subtest 3	835.0	21.13
Sublest 5	846.6	21.67
HOUDA	826.4	21.12
HSUPA	835.0	21.04
Subtest 4	846.6	21.69
LICUDA	826.4	21.21
HSUPA	835.0	21.08
Subtest 5	846.6	21.82
		•



According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1aA: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)

Note: CM=1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$ =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH,

HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensate for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX\_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.

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#### 5.2 Radiated Output Power

#### **5.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD**

The measurements procedures specified in TIA-603C-2004 were applied.

- In an anechoic antenna test chamber, a half-wave dipole antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference centre of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the dipole with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A known (measured) power (Pin) is applied to the input of the dipole, and the power received (Pr) at the chamber's probe antenna is recorded.
- The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established as ARpl=Pin + 2.15 Pr. The ARpl is the attenuation of "reference path loss", and including the gain of receive antenna, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Power=PMea+ARpl
- 3 The EUT is substituted for the dipole at the reference centre of the chamber and a scan is performed to obtain the radiation pattern.
- 4 From the radiation pattern, the co-ordinates where the maximum antenna gain occurs are identified.
- 5 The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level.
- Power mode measurements are performed with the receiving antenna placed at the coordinates determined in Step 3 to determine the output power as defined in Rule 24.232 (b) and (c). The "reference path loss" from Step1 is added to this result.
- 7 This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using a half-wave dipole antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power (Pin).
- 8 ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi..

#### **5.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE**

This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT. Rule Part 24.232(b) specifies, "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p. Peak power" and 24.232(c) specifies that "Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage." Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies "Maximum ERP. The effective radiated power (ERP) of base transmitters and cellular repeaters must not exceed 500 Watts. The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts."

Mode	Nominal Peak Power
GSM 850	<=38.45 dBm (7W)
PCS 1900	<=33 dBm (2W)
UMTS BANDV	<=38.45 dBm (7W)



Radiated Power (ERP) for GPRS 850 MHZ					
	Result				
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak ERP	Polarization	Conclusion	
		(dBm)	Of Max. ERP		
	824.2	27.34	Horizontal	Pass	
	824.2	28.39	Vertical	Pass	
GPRS850	836.6	27.41	Horizontal	Pass	
GPR3650	836.6	28.69	Vertical	Pass	
	848.8	27.23	Horizontal	Pass	
	848.8	28.44	Vertical	Pass	

Radiated Power (ERP) for EDGE 850 MHZ				
		Res	sult	
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak ERP	Polarization	Conclusion
		(dBm)	Of Max. ERP	
	824.2	24.08	Horizontal	Pass
	824.2	25.19	Vertical	Pass
EDCE950	836.6	24.15	Horizontal	Pass
EDGE850	836.6	25.37	Vertical	Pass
	848.8	24.13	Horizontal	Pass
	848.8	25.24	Vertical	Pass



Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for GPRS 1900 MHZ				
	Result			
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak	Polarization	Conclusion
		E.I.R.P.(dBm)	Of Max. E.I.R.P.	
	1850.2	27.61	Horizontal	Pass
	1850.2	28.54	Vertical	Pass
GPRS	1880.0	27.41	Horizontal	Pass
1900	1880.0	28.73	Vertical	Pass
	1909.8	27.31	Horizontal	Pass
	1909.8	28.62	Vertical	Pass

	Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for EDGE 1900 MHZ				
		Result			
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak	Polarization	Conclusion	
		E.I.R.P.(dBm)	Of Max. E.I.R.P.		
	1850.2	23.12	Horizontal	Pass	
	1850.2	24.35	Vertical	Pass	
EDGE	1880.0	23.22	Horizontal	Pass	
1900	1880.0	24.46	Vertical	Pass	
	1909.8	23.19	Horizontal	Pass	
	1909.8	24.01	Vertical	Pass	



	Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for UMTS band V				
	Result				
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak	Polarization	Conclusion	
		E.I.R.P.(dBm)	Of Max. E.I.R.P.		
	826.4	19.16	Horizontal	Pass	
	826.4	20.36	Vertical	Pass	
HSDPA	836.6	19.72	Horizontal	Pass	
HODPA	836.6	20.48	Vertical	Pass	
	846.6	18.97	Horizontal	Pass	
	846.6	20.03	Vertical	Pass	

Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for UMTS band V					
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak	Polarization	Conclusion	
		E.I.R.P.(dBm)	Of Max. E.I.R.P.		
	826.4	19.44	Horizontal	Pass	
	826.4	21.42	Vertical	Pass	
HSUPA -	836.6	19.52	Horizontal	Pass	
поора	836.6	21.83	Vertical	Pass	
	846.6	20.08	Horizontal	Pass	
	846.6	21.44	Vertical	Pass	



#### 6. SPURIOUS EMISSION

## **6.1 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION**

#### **6.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the FUT

- 1, Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the equipment of PCS1900 band, this equates to a frequency range of 30 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 30 MHz to 20 GHz. For GSM850, data taken from 30 MHz to 9 GHz.
- 2, Determine EUT transmit frequencies: the following typical channels were chosen to conducted emissions testing.

Typical Channels for testing of GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850 MHz			
Channel Frequency (MHz)			
128	824.2		
190	836.6		
251	848.8		

Typical Channels for testing of PCS/ GPRS/EDGE 1900 MHz			
Channel Frequency (MHz)			
512	1850.2		
661	1880.0		
810	1909.8		

Typical Channels for testing of UMTS band V			
Channel Frequency (MHz)			
4132	826.4		
4183	836.6		
4233	846.6		

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#### **6.1.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE**

On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

#### **6.1.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT**

PLEASE REFER TO: APPENDIX I TEST PLOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

Note: 1. Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and The GSM modes is the worst condition.

2. As no emission found in standby or receive mode, no recording in this report.



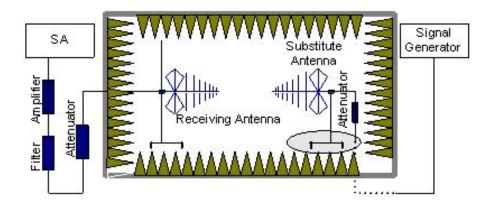
#### 6.2 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### **6.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD**

The measurements procedures specified in TIA-603C-2004 were used for testing. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment. The resolution bandwidth is set 1MHz as outlined in Part 24.238. The measurements were performed on all modes(GPRS850, GPRS1900, HSDPA band II, HSDPA band V) at 3 typical channels (the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for each band.

The procedure of radiated spurious emissions is as follows:

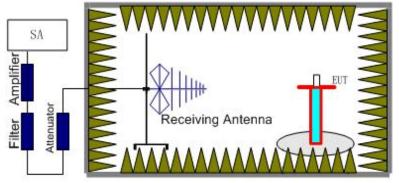
a) Pre-calibration With pre-calibration method, the Radiated Spurious Emissions(RSE) is calculated as, RSE=Rx (dBuV) +CL (dB) +SA (dB) +Gain (dBi) -107 (dBuV to dBm) The SA is calibrated using following setup.



b) EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 0.8m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all non-harmonic and harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1MHz bandwidth.







Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS 1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880 MHz and 1909.8 MHz) ,GSM850 band (824.2MHz, 836.6MHz, 848.8MHz), UMTS band II(1852.4MHz, 1880MHz, 1907.6MHz), UMTS band V(826.4MHz, 835.0MHz, 846.6MHz) . It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of any band into any of the other blocks.

The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established and the A<sub>Rpl</sub> is the attenuation of "reference path loss", and including the gain of receive antenna, the gain of the preamplifier, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Power=P<sub>Mea</sub>+A<sub>Rpl</sub>

#### **6.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE**

(a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

**Note:** only result the worst condition of each test mode:



#### **6.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT**

GPRS 850:

The Worst Test Results for Channel 190/836.6 MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A <sub>Rpl</sub> (dBm)	Р <sub>меа</sub> (dВm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
1673.20	-15.24	-5.60	-20.84	-13.00	Vertical
1673.20	-18.24	-5.60	-23.84	-13.00	Horizontal
2509.80	-21.33	-1.64	-22.97	-13.00	Vertical
2509.80	-25.06	-1.64	-26.70	-13.00	Horizontal
3346.40	-25.89	1.09	-24.80	-13.00	Vertical
3346.40	-29.14	1.09	-28.05	-13.00	Horizontal

#### GPRS 1900:

1000.					
	The Worst Test Results for Channel 661/1880MHz				
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A <sub>Rpl</sub> (dBm)	Рмеа(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
3760.00	-26.74	3.42	-23.32	-13.00	Vertical
3760.00	-30.14	3.42	-26.72	-13.00	Horizontal
5640.00	-31.26	7.12	-24.14	-13.00	Vertical
5640.00	-36.11	7.12	-28.99	-13.00	Horizontal
7520.00	-33.18	9.26	-23.92	-13.00	Vertical
7520.00	-37.29	9.26	-28.03	-13.00	Horizontal





UMTS band V: HSDPA:

The Worst Test Results for Channel 4233/846.6MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A <sub>Rpl</sub> (dBm)	Р <sub>меа</sub> (dВm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
1673.2	-18.44	-5.6	-24.04	-13	Vertical
1673.2	-20.75	-5.6	-26.35	-13	Horizontal
2509.8	-24.11	-1.64	-25.75	-13	Horizontal
2509.8	-27.83	-1.64	-29.47	-13	Vertical
3346.4	-26.32	1.09	-25.23	-13	Horizontal
3346.4	-32.44	1.09	-31.35	-13	Vertical

#### HSUPA:

The Worst Test Results for Channel 4233/846.6MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A <sub>Rpl</sub> (dBm)	Р <sub>Меа</sub> (dВm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
1673.2	-16.32	-5.6	-21.92	-13	Vertical
1673.2	-19.72	-5.6	-25.32	-13	Horizontal
2509.8	-23.68	-1.64	-25.32	-13	Horizontal
2509.8	-29.41	-1.64	-31.05	-13	Vertical
3346.4	-29.49	1.09	-28.4	-13	Horizontal
3346.4	-36.49	1.09	-35.4	-13	Vertical

Note: Below 1GHZ no Spurious found , no recording in this report.

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#### 7. FREQUENCY STABILITY

#### 7.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1 , Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2 , Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -10℃.
- 3 , With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 for PCS 1900 band , channel 190 for GSM 850 band, channel 9400 for UMTS band II and channel 4175 for UMTS band V measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 4 , Repeat the above measurements at  $10^{\circ}$ C increments from -10°C to +50°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5 , Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6 , Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50°C.
- 7 , With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 8 , Repeat the above measurements at  $10^{\circ}$ C increments from +50°C to -10°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 9 , At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5℃ during the measurement procedure.

#### 7.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

#### 7.2.1 For Hand carried battery powered equipment

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.4VDC and 4.2VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.7VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.



7.2.2 For equipment powered by primary supply voltage

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment, the normal environment temperature is 20°C.

#### 7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Frequency Error Against Voltage for GPRS 850 band				
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)		
3.5	26	0.031		
3.7	24	0.029		
4.2	29	0.035		

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GPRS 850 band					
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)			
-10	40	0.048			
0	37	0.044			
10	28	0.033			
20	24	0.029			
30	33	0.039			
40	36	0.043			
50	40	0.048			



Frequency Error Against Voltage for EGPRS 850 band				
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)		
3.5	35	0.042		
3.7	33	0.039		
4.2	29	0.035		

Frequency Error Against Temperature for EGPRS 850 band					
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)			
-10	36	0.043			
0	33	0.039			
10	31	0.037			
20	24	0.029			
30	33	0.039			
40	27	0.032			
50	43	0.051			

Note: The EUT doesn't work below -10  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

Frequency Error Against Voltage for GPRS1900 band		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.5	39	0.021
3.7	43	0.023
4.2	66	0.035

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GPRS1900 band		
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	63	0.034
0	54	0.029
10	42	0.022
20	46	0.024
30	33	0.018
40	46	0.024
50	40	0.021



Frequency Error Against Voltage for EDGE1900 band		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.5	40	0.021
3.7	33	0.018
4.2	46	0.024

Frequency Error Against Temperature for EDGE1900 band		
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	51	0.027
0	23	0.012
10	32	0.017
20	34	0.018
30	36	0.019
40	41	0.022
50	49	0.026

Note: The EUT doesn't work below -10°C



Frequency Error Against Voltage for UMTS band V HSDPA		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.5	31	0.037
3.7	24	0.029
4.2	28	0.034

Frequency Error Against Temperature for UMTS band V HSDPA		
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	43	0.051
0	45	0.054
10	37	0.044
20	26	0.031
30	23	0.028
40	33	0.040
50	40	0.048

Frequency Error Against Voltage for UMTS band V HSDPA		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.5	33	0.040
3.7	25	0.030
4.2	24	0.029

Frequency Error Against Temperature for UMTS band V HSDPA		
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	44	0.053
0	47	0.056
10	34	0.041
20	27	0.032
30	24	0.029
40	35	0.042
50	46	0.055

Note: The EUT doesn't work below -10  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 



# 8. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

#### **8.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD**

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

#### **8.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE**

The occupied bandwidth (99%) shall not exceed 300 KHz.

#### **8.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT**

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for GPRS 850 band			
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)( kHz)	
Low Channel	824.2	245.70	
Middle Channel	836.6	245.41	
High Channel	848.8	245.71	

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for EGPRS 850 band			
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)( kHz)	
Low Channel	824.2	245.68	
Middle Channel	836.6	245.39	
High Channel	848.8	245.70	

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for GPRS1900 band			
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)( kHz)	
Low Channel	1850.2	244.65	
Middle Channel	1880.0	247.14	
High Channel	1909.8	247.12	

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for EDGE1900 band			
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)( kHz)	
Low Channel	1850.2	244.63	
Middle Channel	1880.0	247.13	
High Channel	1909.8	247.10	



Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for UMTS band V HSDPA		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)( MHz)
Low Channel	826.4	4.18
Middle Channel	835.0	4.16
High Channel	846.6	4.18

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for UMTS band V HSDPA		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)( MHz)
Low Channel	826.4	4.17
Middle Channel	835.0	4.17
High Channel	846.6	4.19



#### 9. EMISSION BANDWIDTH

#### 9.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

#### 9.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

The emission bandwidth is defined as two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power

#### 9.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for GPRS850 band		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)( kHz)
Low Channel	824.2	320.47
Middle Channel	836.6	321.71
High Channel	848.8	322.21

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for EDGE850 band		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)( kHz)
Low Channel	824.2	320.44
Middle Channel	836.6	321.63
High Channel	848.8	322.18

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for GPRS1900 band		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)( kHz)
Low Channel	1850.2	327.25
Middle Channel	1880.0	322.91
High Channel	1909.8	321.39

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for EDGE1900 band		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)( kHz)
Low Channel	1850.2	327.19
Middle Channel	1880.0	322.83
High Channel	1909.8	321.33



Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for UMTS band V HSDPA		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)( MHz)
Low Channel	826.4	4.73
Middle Channel	835.0	4.72
High Channel	846.6	4.71

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for UMTS band V HSUPA		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)( MHz)
Low Channel	826.4	4.72
Middle Channel	835.0	4.71
High Channel	846.6	4.67

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# 10. BAND EDGE

#### **10.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD**

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

#### **10.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE**

as Specified in FCC rules of 22.917(b) and 24.238(b)

#### **10.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT**

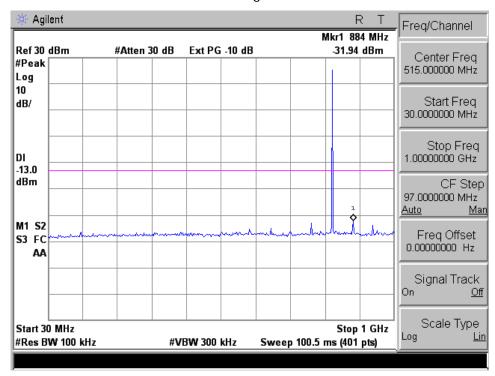
Please refers to Appendix III for compliance test plots for band edges



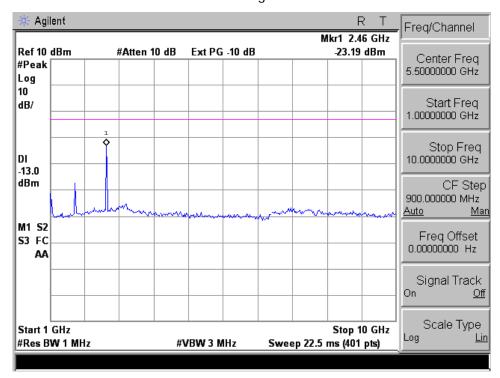
# APPENDIX I TEST PLOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION



# CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GPRS 850 BAND Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 30MHz – 1GHz

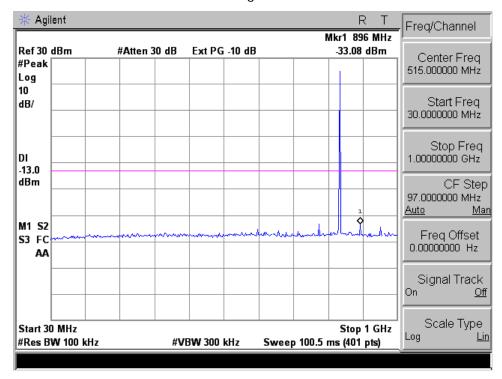


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 1GHz -10GHz

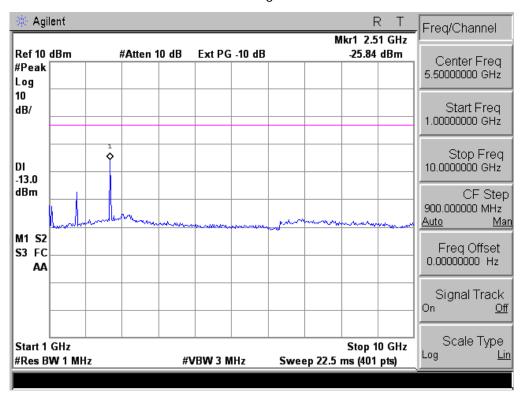




#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 30MHz - 1GHz

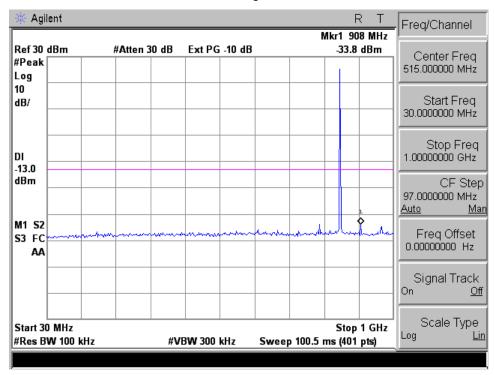


#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 1GHz - 10GHz

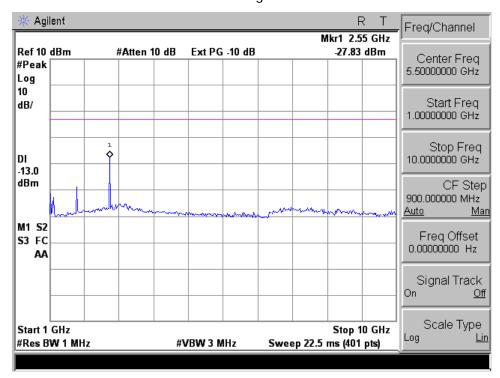




Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 30MHz - 1GHz

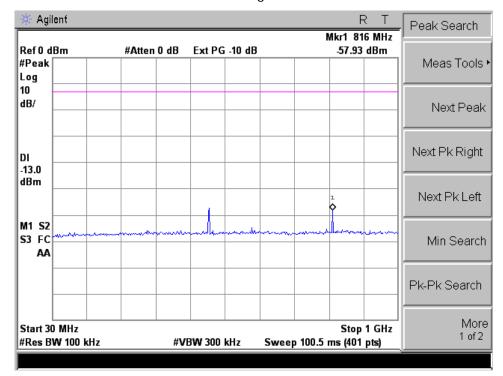


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 1GHz - 10GHz

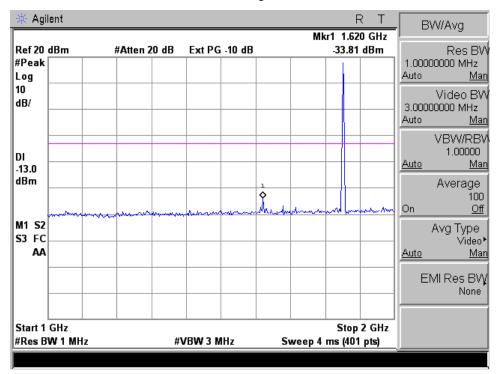




## CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GPRS1900 BAND Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 30MHz – 1GHz

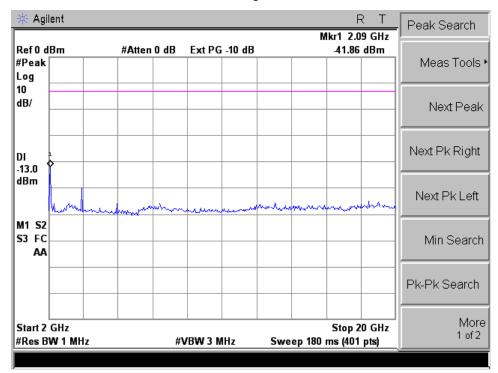


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 1GHz - 2GHz

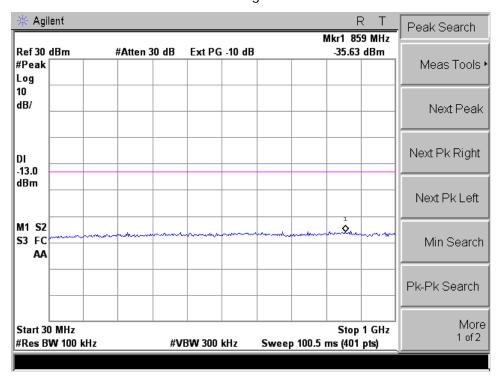




#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 2GHz - 20GHz

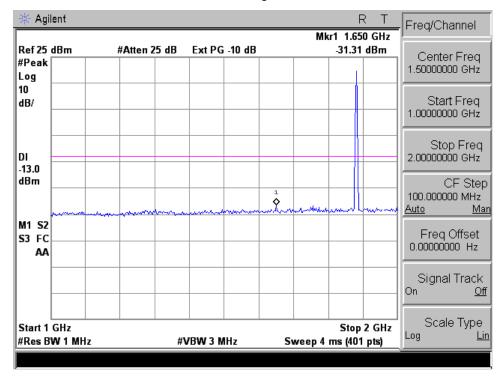


#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 30MHz - 1GHz

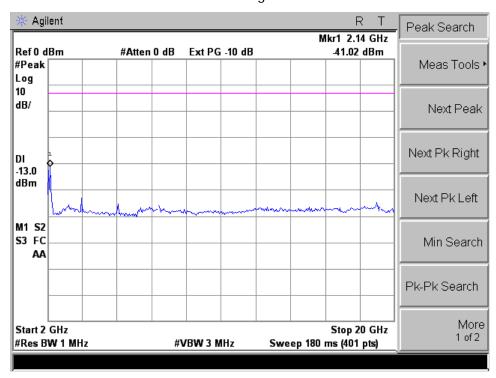




#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 1GHz – 2GHz

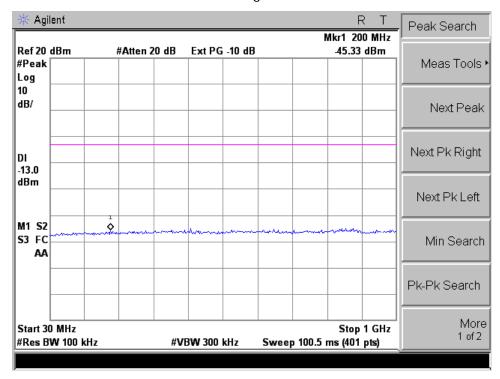


#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 1GHz - 2GHz

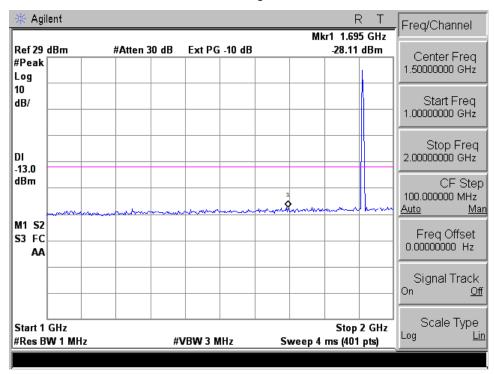




#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 30MHz - 1GHz

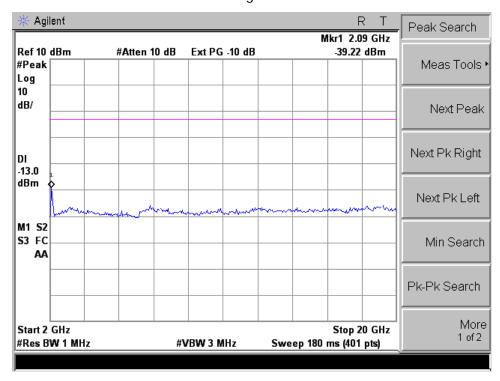


#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 1GHz - 2GHz



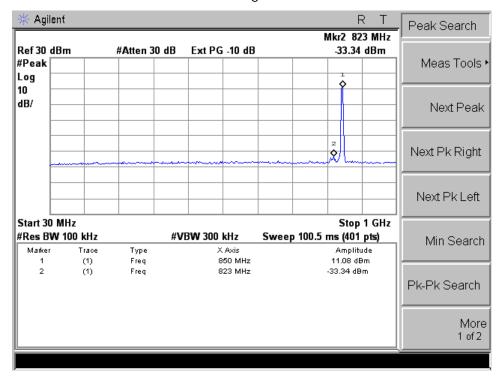


#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 2GHz - 20GHz

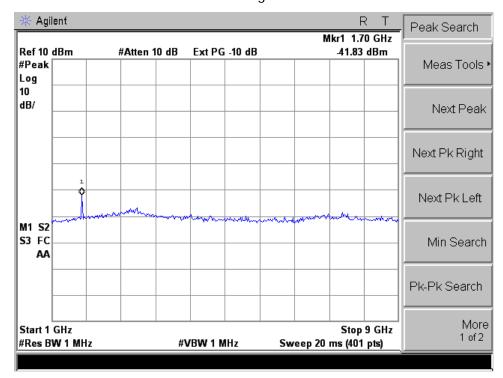




### CONDUCTED EMISSION IN UMTS band V HSDPA Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4132 30MHz – 1GHz

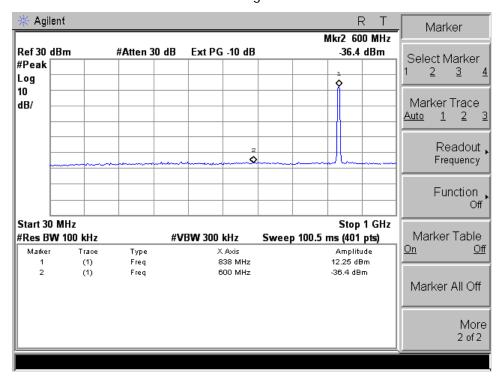


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4132 1GHz - 9GHz

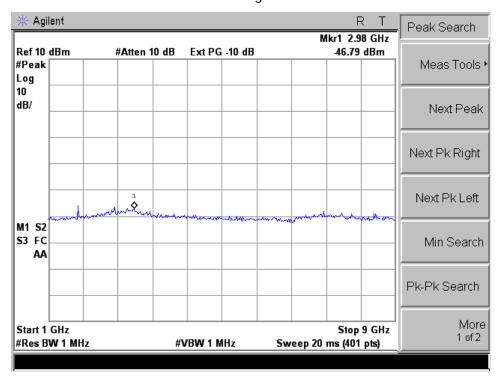




#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4175 30MHz - 1GHz

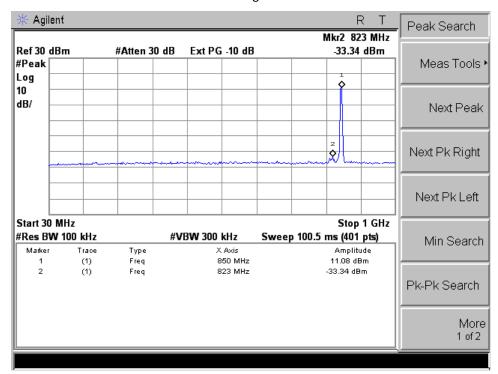


#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4175 1GHz - 9GHz

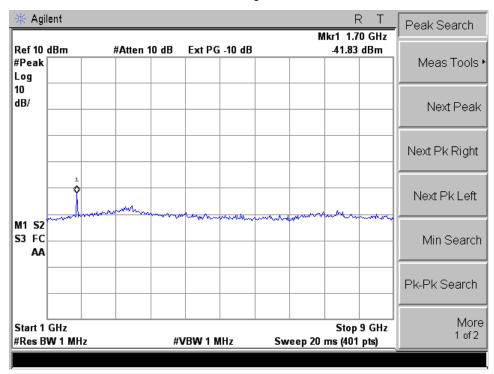




#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4233 30MHz - 1GHz

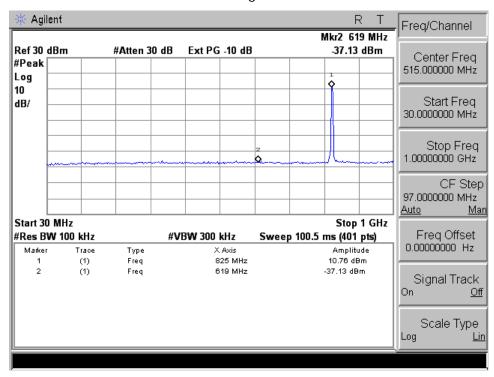


#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4233 1GHz - 9GHz

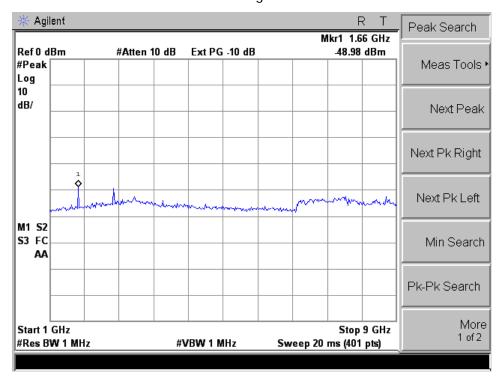




### CONDUCTED EMISSION IN UMTS band V HSUPA Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4132 30MHz – 1GHz

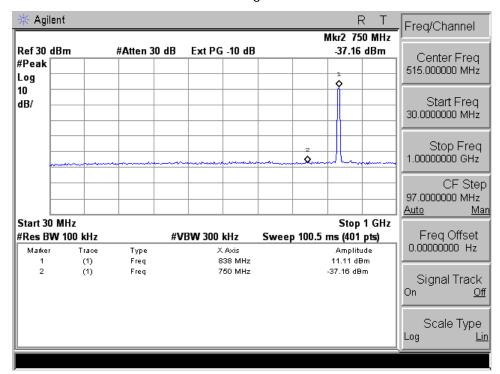


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4132 1GHz - 9GHz

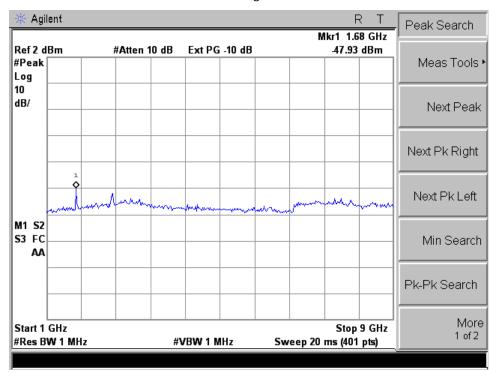




#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4175 30MHz - 1GHz

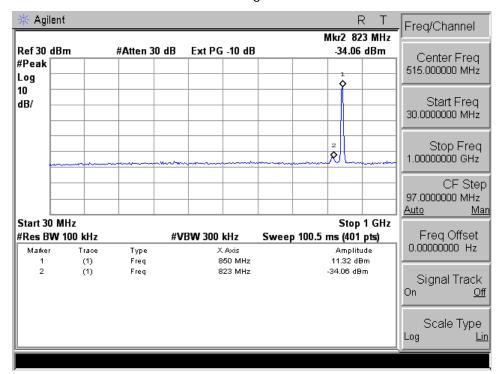


#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4175 1GHz - 9GHz

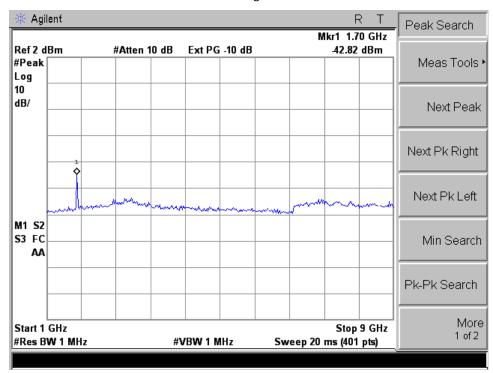




#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4233 30MHz - 1GHz



#### Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 4233 1GHz - 9GHz



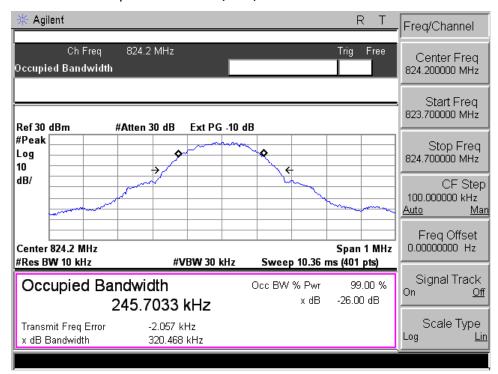
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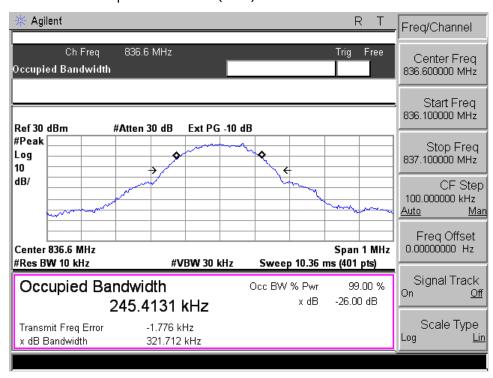
# APPENDIX II TEST PLOTS FOR OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%) EMISSION BANDWIDTH (-26dBC)



#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 850 BAND CH 128

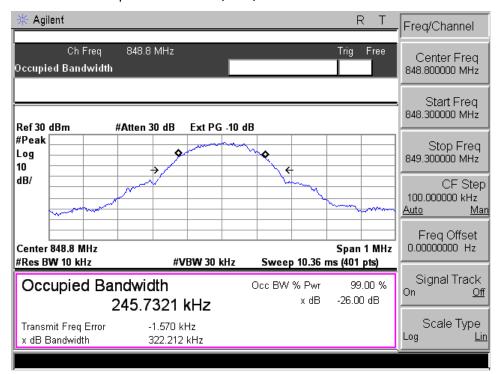


#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 850 BAND CH 190

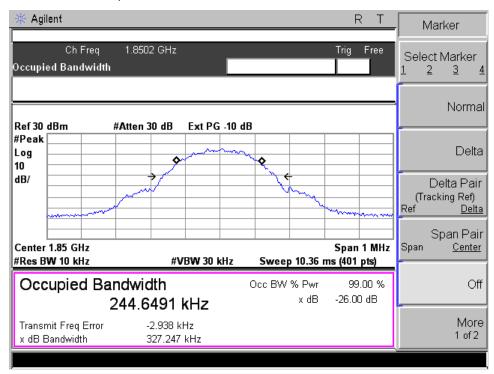




#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 850 BAND CH 251

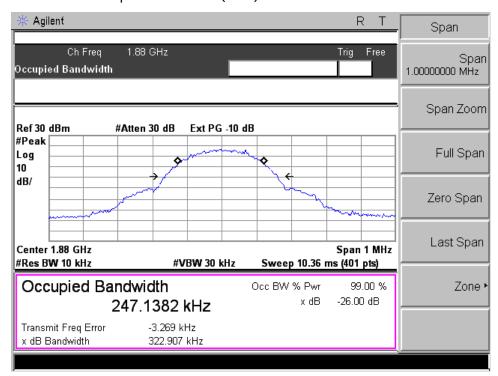


#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 512

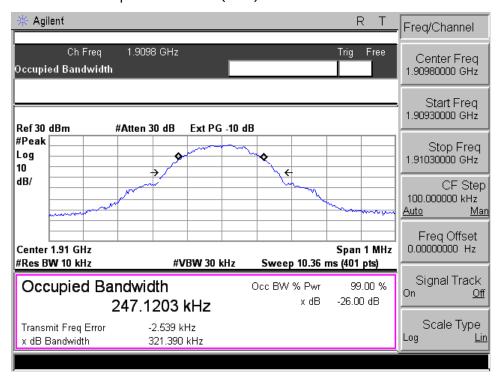




#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 661

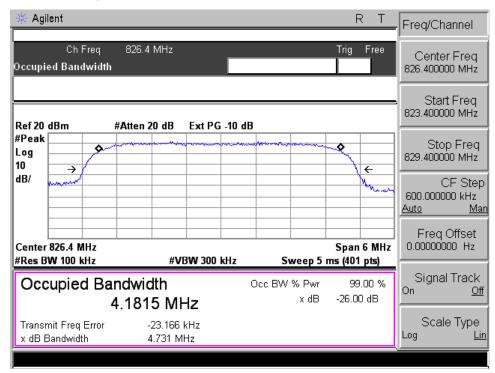


#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 810

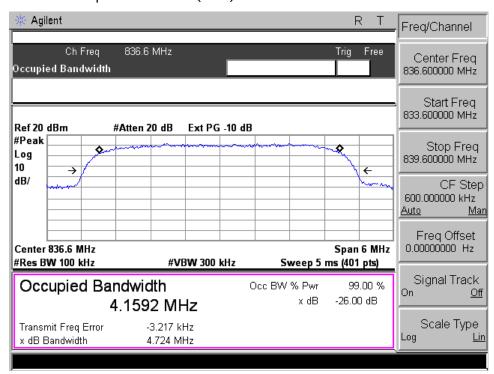




#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) UMTS BAND V HSDPA CH 4132

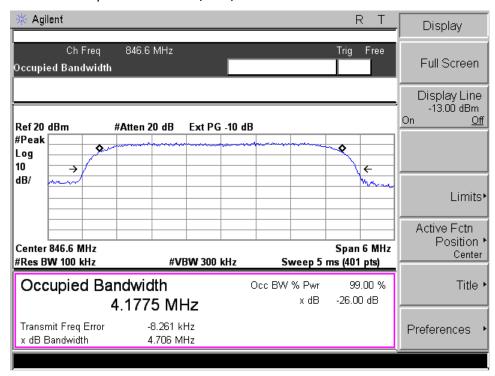


#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) UMTS BAND V HSDPA CH 4175

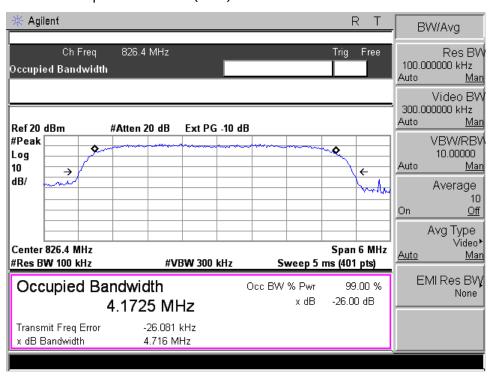




#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) UMTS BAND V HSDPA CH 4233

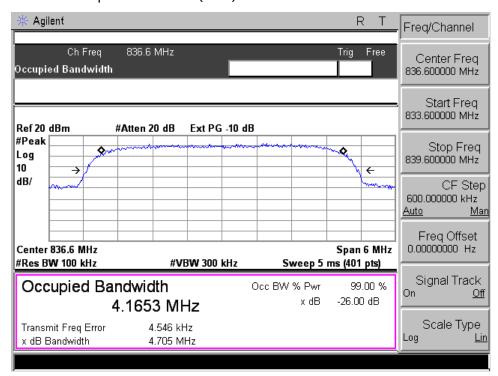


#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) UMTS BAND V HSDPA CH 4132

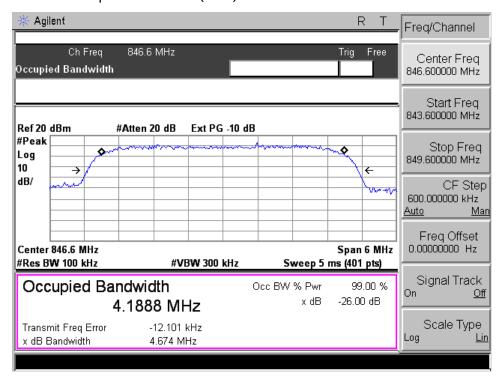




#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) UMTS BAND V HSDPA CH 4175



#### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) UMTS BAND V HSDPA CH 4233

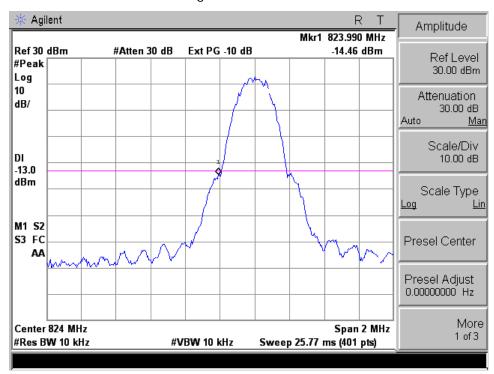




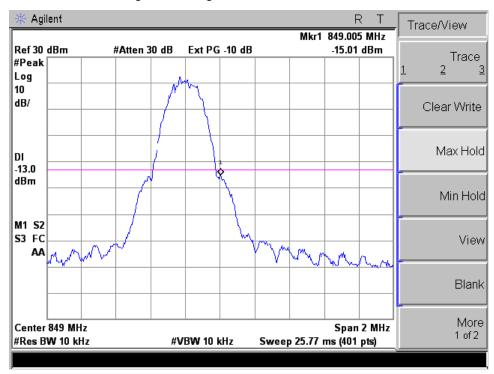
# APPENDIX III TEST PLOTS FOR BAND EDGES



#### Low Band Edge GPRS 850 BAND CH 128

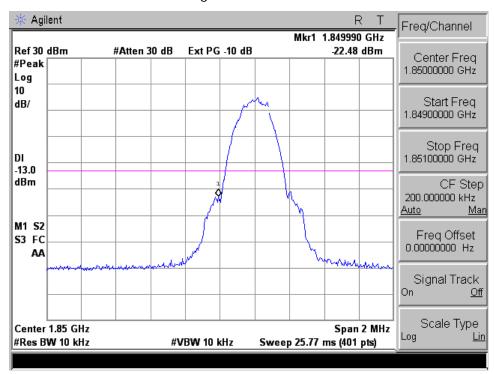


High Band Edge GPRS 850 BAND CH 251

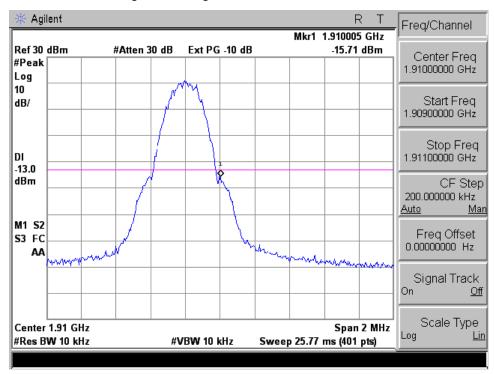




#### Low Band Edge GPRS 1900 BAND CH 512

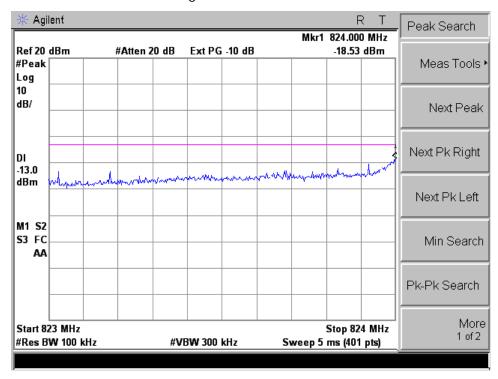


High Band Edge GPRS 1900 BAND CH 810

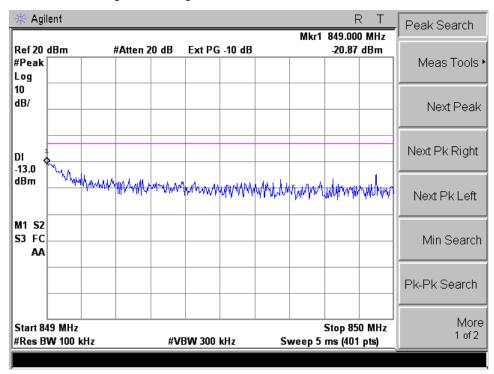




#### Low Band Edge UMTS BAND V HSDPA CH 4132

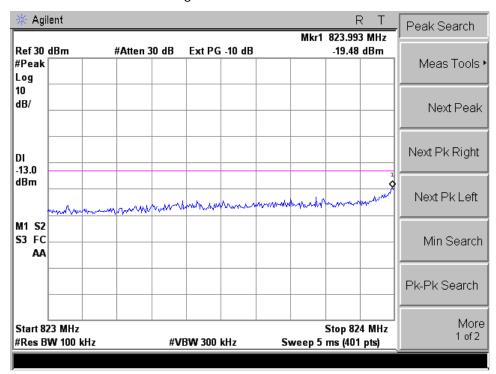


High Band Edge UMTS BAND V HSDPA CH 4233

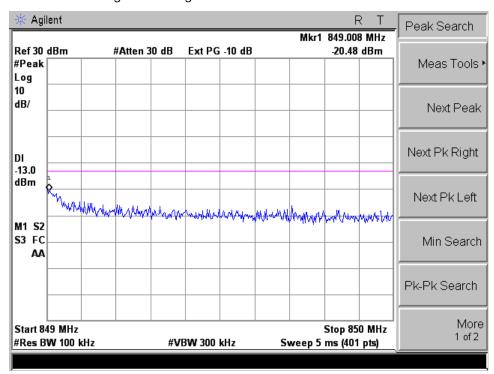




#### Low Band Edge UMTS BAND V HSUPA CH 4132



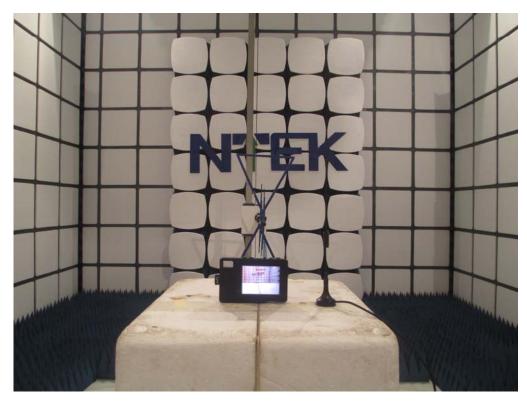
High Band Edge UMTS BAND V HSUPA CH 4233



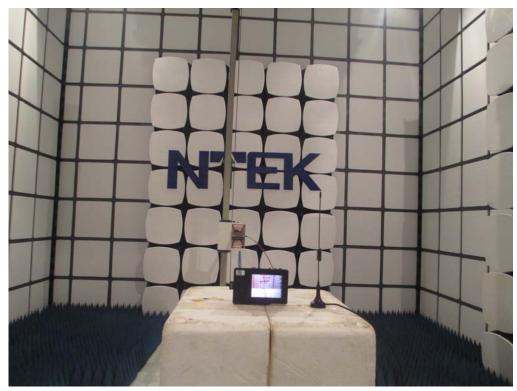


# APPENDIX IV PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION







----END OF REPORT----