

# FCC BT LE REPORT

## Certification

**Applicant Name:**  
SNPowercom Co., Ltd

**Address:**  
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Gyeonggi-do, Korea,13487

**FCC ID** : 2AAZ7-SB100

**APPLICANT** : SNPowercom Co., Ltd

**Model:** SB100-CC  
**EUT Type:** Beacon Cradle Charger  
**RF Peak Output Power:** 8.625 dBm (7.286 mW)  
**Frequency Range:** 2402 MHz -2480 MHz  
**Modulation type** GFSK  
**FCC Classification:** Digital Transmission System(DTS)  
**FCC Rule Part(s):** Part 15.247

### Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)

**Report prepared by :** Kyung Soo Kang  
**Engineer of Telecommunication testing center**

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**Approved by :** Jong Seok Lee  
**Manager of Telecommunication testing center**

## **Version**

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1709-F013	September 28, 2017	- First Approval Report

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

**Applicant:** SNPowercom Co., Ltd  
**Address:** 5th floor, Elentec building, Pangyo Seven Venture Valley2, 17, Pangyo-ro  
228beon-gil, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea,13487  
**FCC ID:** 2AAZ7-SB100  
**EUT Type:** Beacon Cradle Charger  
**Model:** SB100-CC  
**Date(s) of Tests:** September 08, 2017 ~ September 27, 2017  
**Place of Tests:** HCT Co., Ltd.  
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

<b>Model</b>	SB100-CC	
<b>EUT Type</b>	Beacon Cradle Charger	
<b>Power Supply</b>	DC 5.0 V	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	TX: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz RX: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz	
<b>Max. RF Output Power</b>	Peak	8.625 dBm (7.286 mW)
	Average	8.620 dBm (7.278 mW)
<b>BT Operating Mode</b>	BT _Low Energy Mode	
<b>Modulation Type</b>	GFSK	
<b>Number of Channels</b>	40 Channels	
<b>Antenna Specification</b>	Manufacturer: GLEAD ELECTRONICS CO., LTD Antenna type: Chip antenna Peak Gain : 2.51 dBi	

### **3. TEST METHODOLOGY**

FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04 dated April 5, 2017 entitled "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems(DTS) and the measurement procedure described in ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices'.

#### **3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION**

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### **3.2 EUT EXERCISE**

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

#### **3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES**

##### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

##### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

##### **Conducted Antenna Terminal**

See Section from 9.1 to 9.2.(KDB 558074 v04)

#### **3.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES**

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Channel low, mid and high with highest data rate (worst case) is chosen for full testing.

## 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especitally, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2006).

## 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 07, 2015 (Registration Number: 90661)

### 5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

## 6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

### According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203, §15.407

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

\* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

\* The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.407

## 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4:2014.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ( $\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70

## 8. SUMMARY TEST OF RESULTS

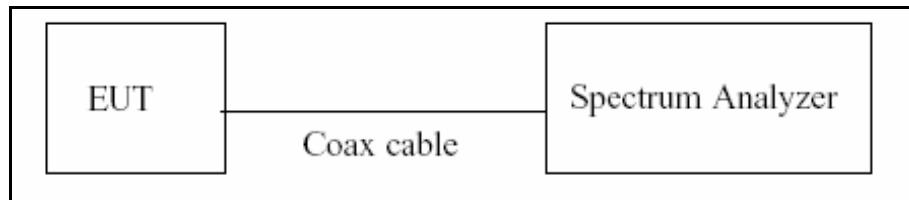
Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(2)	> 500 kHz	CONDUCTED	PASS
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(3)	< 1 Watt		PASS
Power Spectral Density	§15.247(e)	< 8 dBm / 3 kHz Band		PASS
Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	Conducted > 20 dBc		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207	cf. Section 9.7		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 9.6.1	RADIATED	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 9.6.2		PASS

## 9. TEST RESULT

### 9.1 DUTY CYCLE

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set RBW  $\geq$  OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### █ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### █ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. We tested according to the zero-span measurement method, 6.0)b) in KDB 558074 v04.

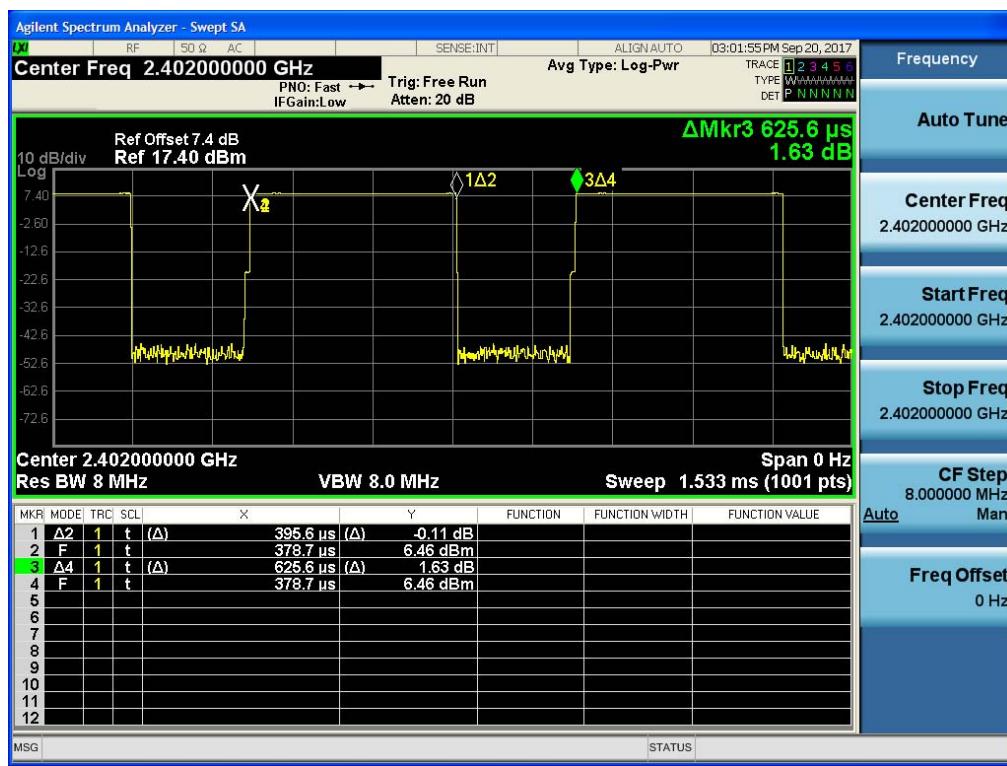
The largest available value of RBW is 8 MHz and VBW is 50 MHz. The zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 6.25$  microseconds. ( $50/6.25 = 8$ )

The zero-span method was used because all measured T data are  $> 6.25$  microseconds and both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$ .

1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ( $\geq$  RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep  $> 100$
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure  $T_{\text{total}}$  and  $T_{\text{on}}$
8. Calculate Duty Cycle =  $T_{\text{on}} / T_{\text{total}}$  and Duty Cycle Factor =  $10^{\ast}\log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

LE Mode	$T_{\text{on}}$ (ms)	$T_{\text{total}}$ (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
	0.3956	0.6256	0.6324	1.99

## RESULT PLOTS



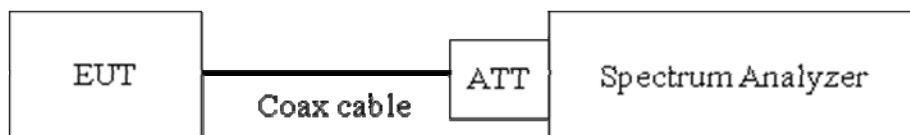
## 9.2 6 dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)(2)

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

### █ TEST CONFIGURATION



### █ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (Procedure 8.1 in KDB 558074 v04)

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW

Detector = Peak

Trace mode = max hold

Sweep = auto couple

Allow the trace to stabilize

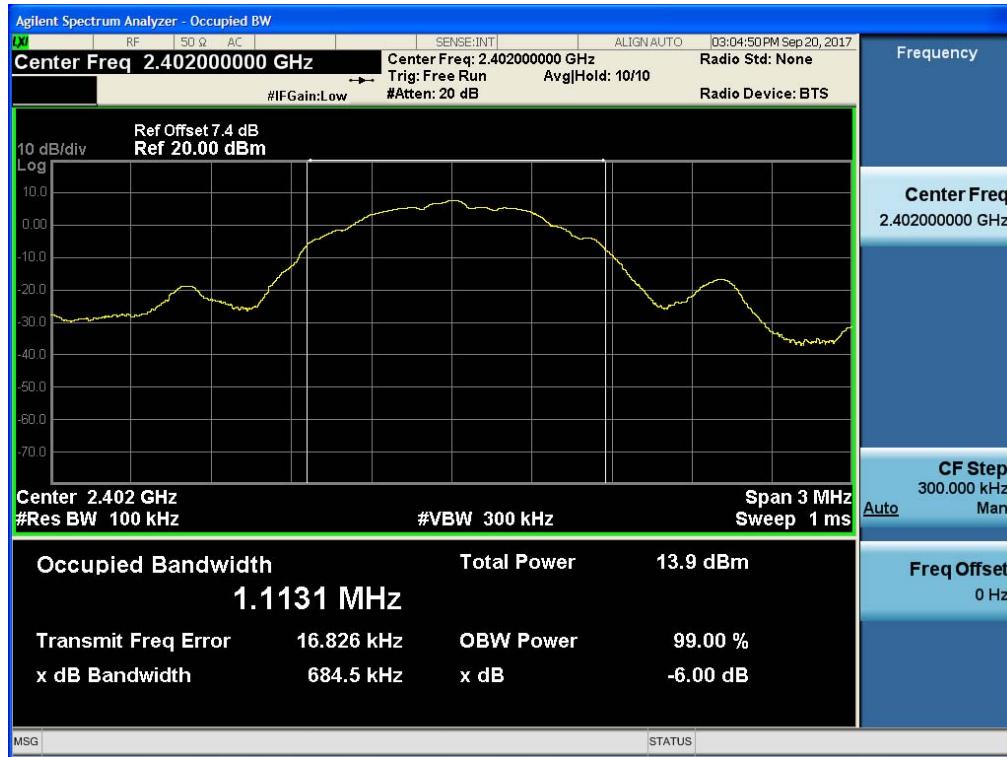
Note : We tested 6 dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer. X dB is set 6 dB.

### █ TEST RESULT

Mode	Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Pass/Fail
BT LE	0	684.5	> 500	Pass
	19	682.8		Pass
	39	683.8		Pass

## □ RESULT PLOTS

### 6 dB Bandwidth plot (Low-CH 0)



### 6 dB Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)



### 6 dB Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)



### 9.3 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

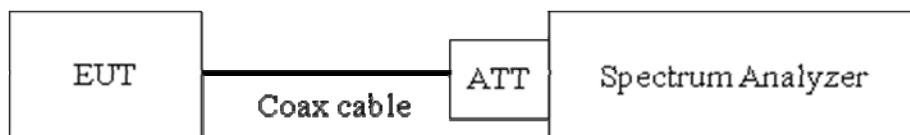
#### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)(3)

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of a Spectrum Analyzer.

Measurement is made while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.

This EUT TX condition is actual operating mode by BT LE mode test program.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to

- Peak Power ( Procedure 9.1.1 in KDB 558074 v04)

RBW ≥ DTS Bandwidth

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

SPAN ≥ 3 x RBW

Detector Mode = Peak

Sweep = auto couple

Trace Mode = max hold

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level

- Average Power ( Procedure 9.2.2.4 in KDB 558074 v04)

Measure the duty cycle

Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW

RBW = 1-5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.

Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 x span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

Sweep time = auto.

Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging)

Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".

Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode.

Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges.

Add  $10 \log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

## ■ SAMPLE CALCULATION

Output Power = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea) + Duty Cycle Factor

Output Power = 10 dBm + 10 dB + 0.8 dB + 0.2 dB = 21.0 dBm

Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 10.7 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

**□ TEST RESULTS-Peak****Conducted Output Power Measurements**

LE Mode		Measured Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.		
2402	0	8.299	30
2440	19	8.625	30
2480	39	8.101	30

**□ TEST RESULTS-Average****Conducted Output Power Measurements**

LE Mode		Measured Power(dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.				
2402	0	6.17	1.99	8.16	30
2440	19	6.63	1.99	8.62	30
2480	39	5.48	1.99	7.47	30

## □ RESULT PLOTS-Peak

### Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)

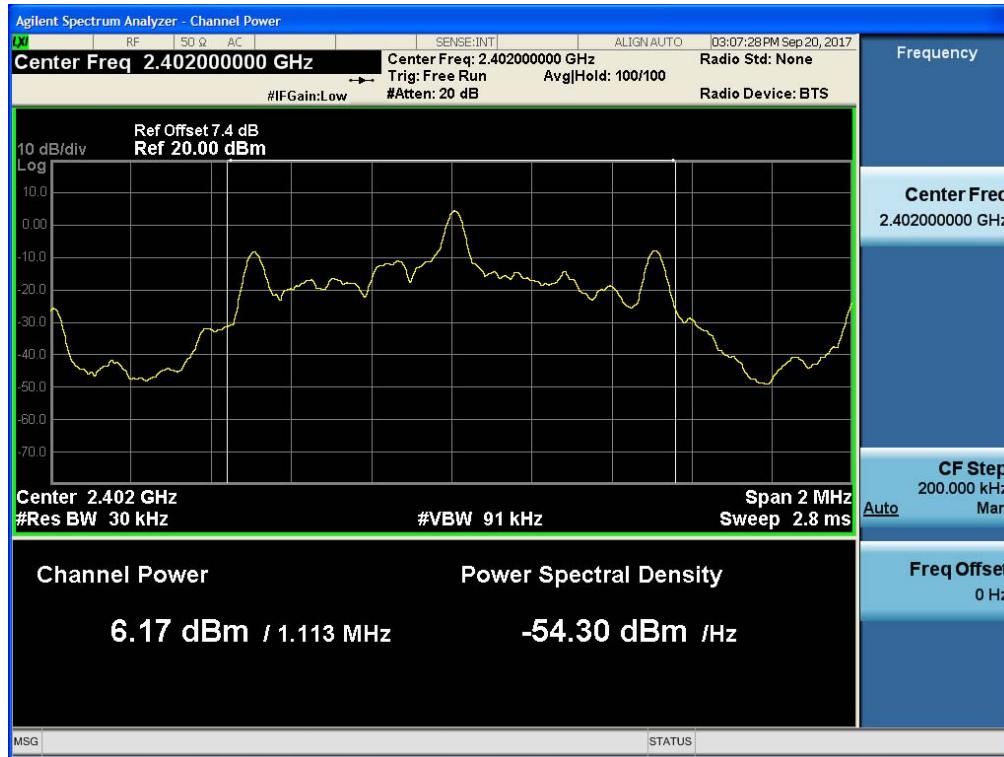
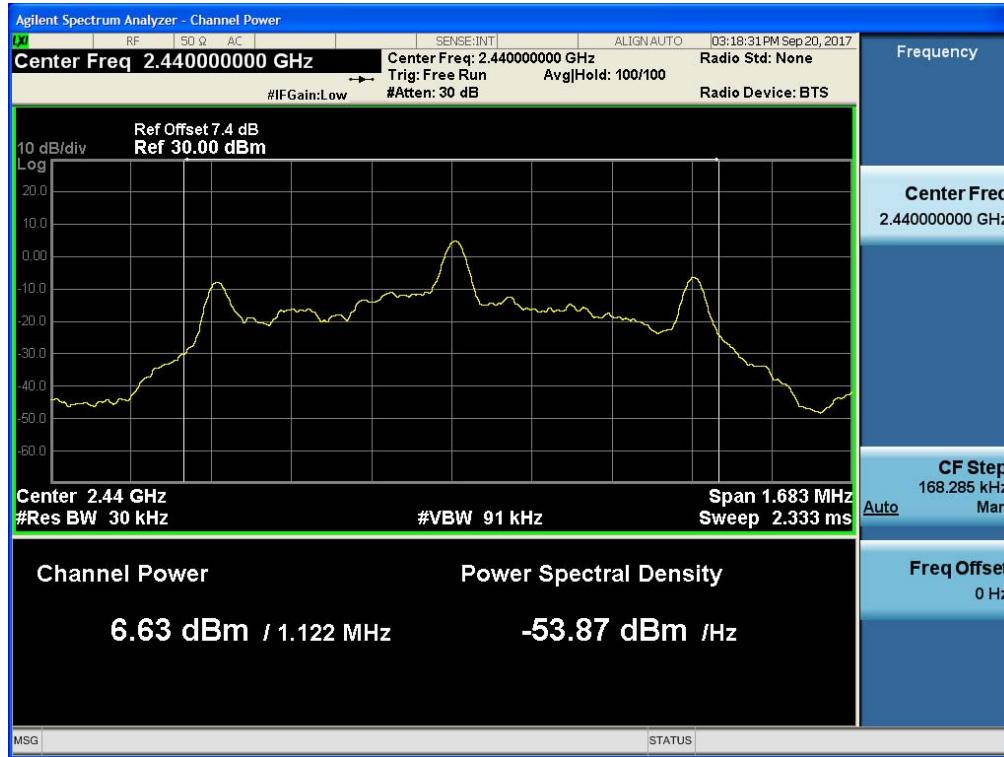


### Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)



### Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)



**RESULT PLOTS-Average**
**Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)**

**Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)**


### Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)



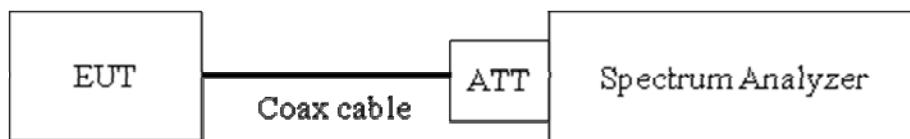
## 9.4 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(e)

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

**Minimum Standard – The transmitter power density average over 1-second interval shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz BW.**

### □ TEST CONFIGURATION



### □ TEST PROCEDURE

We tested according to Procedure 10.2 in KDB 558074, issued 04/05/2017

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Span = 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.

RBW = 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz.

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.

Sweep = auto couple

Detector = peak

Trace Mode = max hold

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### □ SAMPLE CALCULATION

PSD = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea)

Output Power = -5 dBm + 10 dB + 0.8 dB = 5.8 dBm

Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 10.7 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

**□ TEST RESULTS****Conducted Power Density Measurements**

Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Mode	Test Result		
			PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Pass/ Fail
2402	0	LE	7.057	8	Pass
2440	19		7.179	8	Pass
2480	39		6.604	8	Pass

## □ RESULT PLOTS

### Power Spectral Density (Low-CH 0)



### Power Spectral Density (Mid-CH 19)

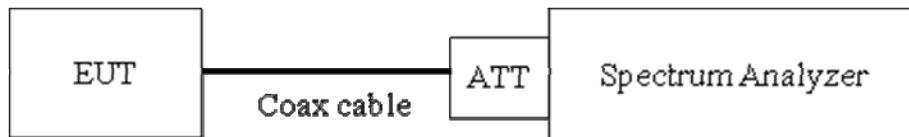


### Power Spectral Density (High-CH 39)



**9.5 OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS AT THE BAND EDGE/ CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS****Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d)**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

**Limit : 20 dBc****■ TEST CONFIGURATION****■ TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. (Procedure 11.0 in KDB 558074, issued 04/05/2017)

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW

Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined

Detector = Peak

Trace Mode = max hold

Sweep time = auto couple

Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq$  2\*Span/RBW

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Note :

1. The maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1(KDB558074 v04), so the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

2. The band edge results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
3. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
4. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 10.7 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.
5. In case of conducted spurious emissions test, please check factors blow table.
6. In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the worst case channel and data rate.

**■ FACTORS FOR FREQUENCY**

Freq(MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	11.30
100	9.83
200	10.19
300	10.13
400	10.23
500	10.25
600	10.32
700	10.35
800	10.35
900	10.34
1000	10.39
2000	10.64
2400*	10.65
2500*	10.67
3000	10.68
4000	10.89
5000	11.07
6000	11.06
7000	11.35
8000	11.32
9000	11.48
10000	11.56
11000	11.56
12000	11.68
13000	11.83
14000	11.90
15000	11.98
16000	12.04

17000	12.02
18000	12.08
19000	12.07
20000	12.14
21000	12.17
22000	12.31
23000	12.60
24000	12.34
25000	12.53

Note : 1. '\*' is fundamental frequency range.

2. Factor = Cable loss + Attenuator loss

## □ RESULT PLOTS

### BandEdge (Low-CH 0)

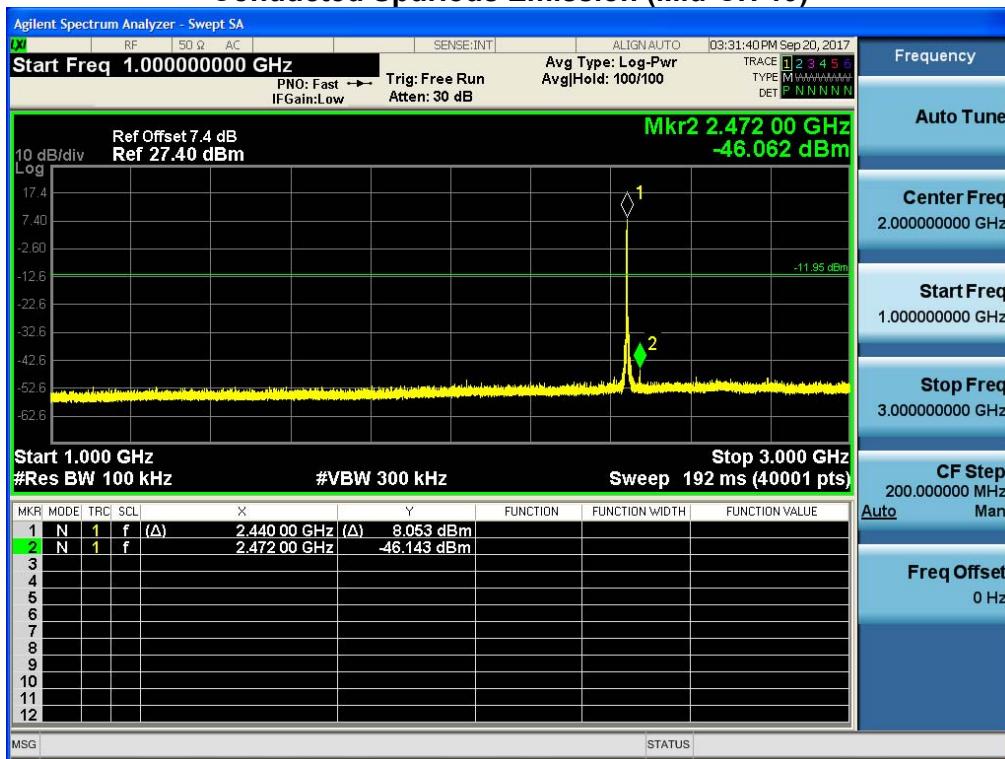


### BandEdge (High-CH 39)



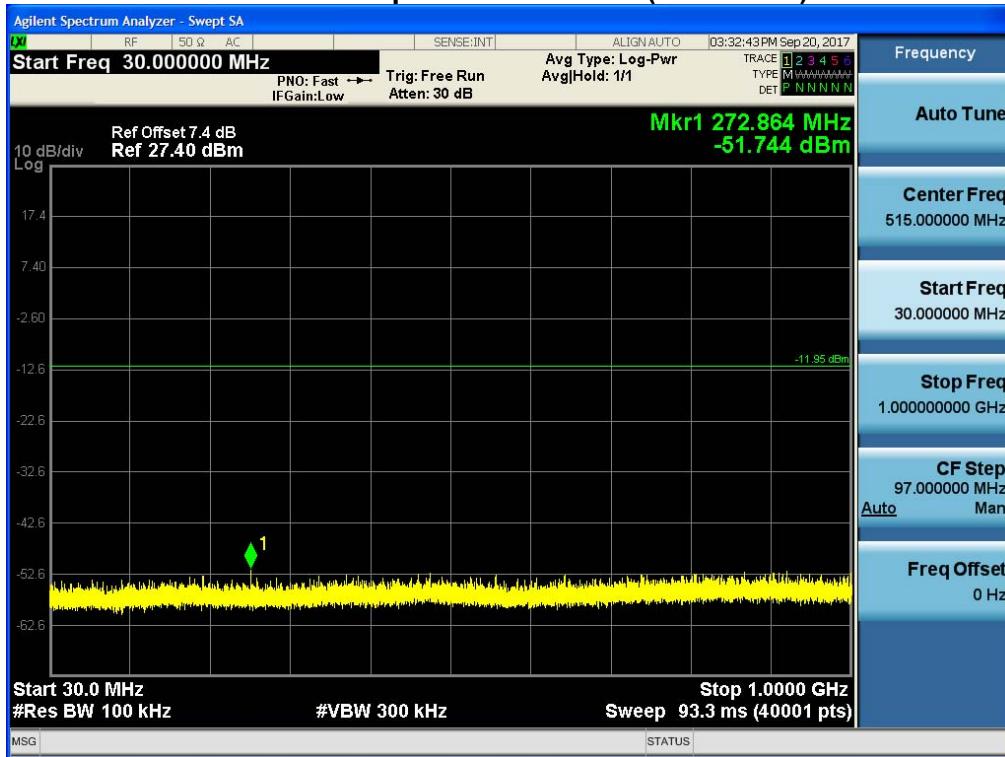
## 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



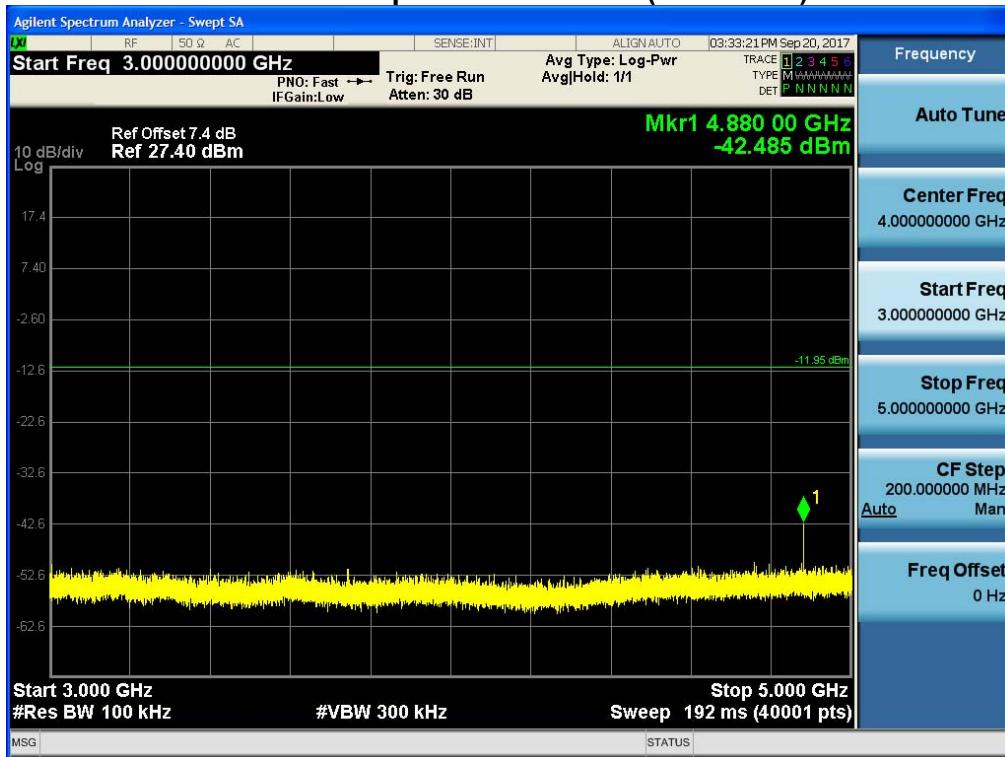
## 1 GHz ~ 3 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



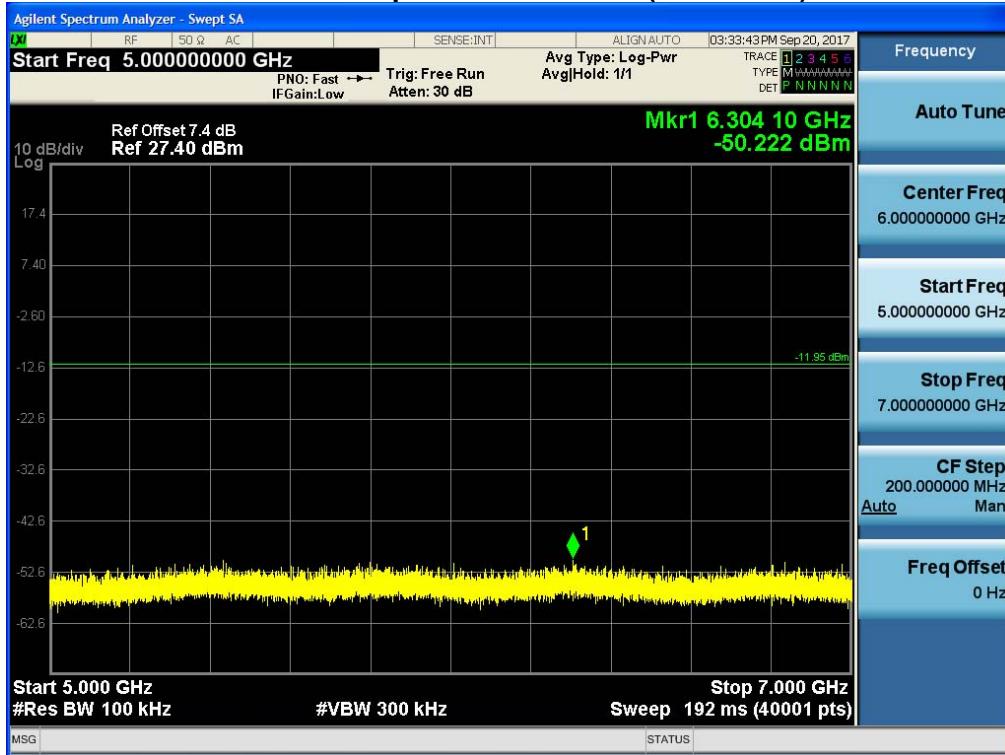
## 3 GHz ~ 5 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



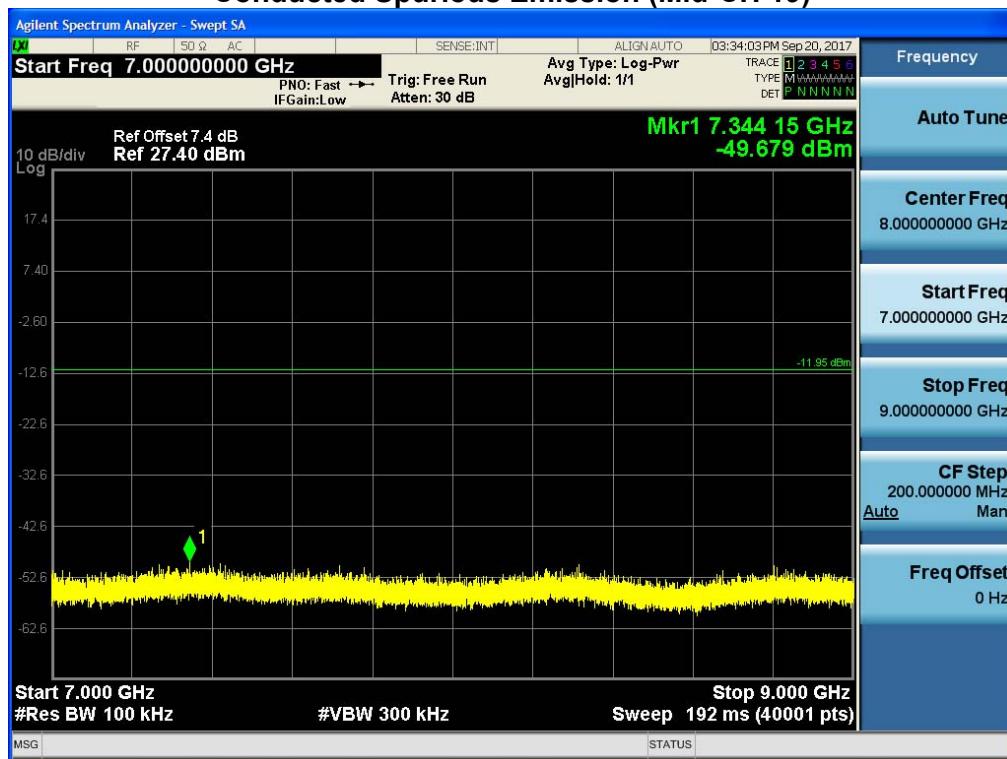
## 5 GHz ~ 7 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



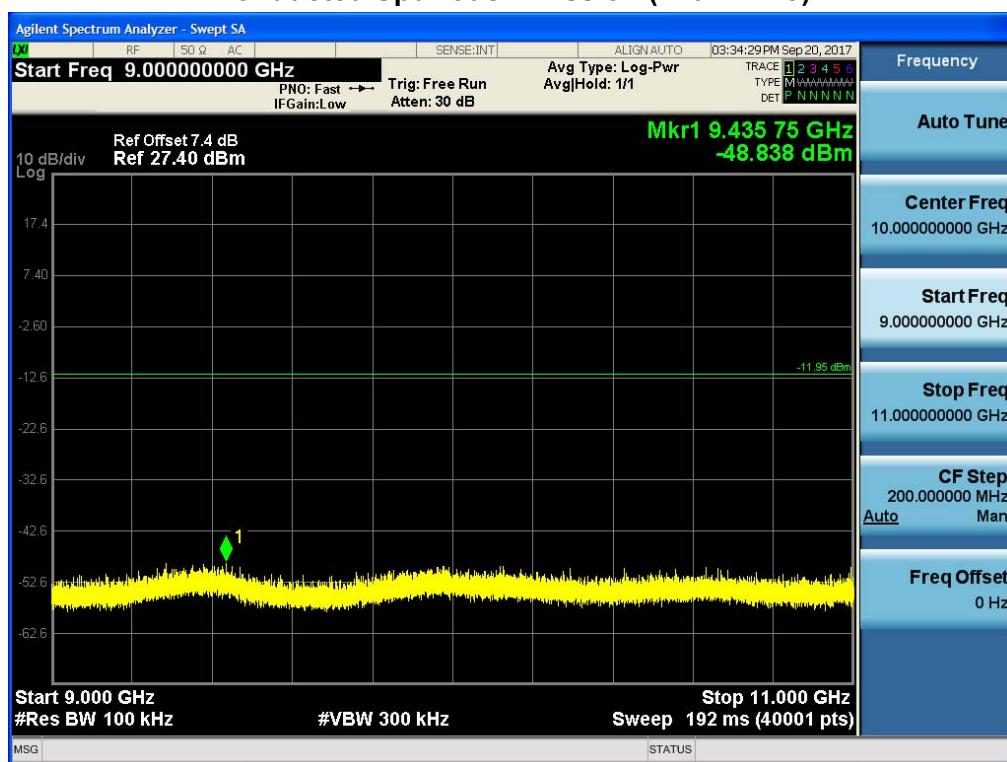
## 7 GHz ~ 9 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



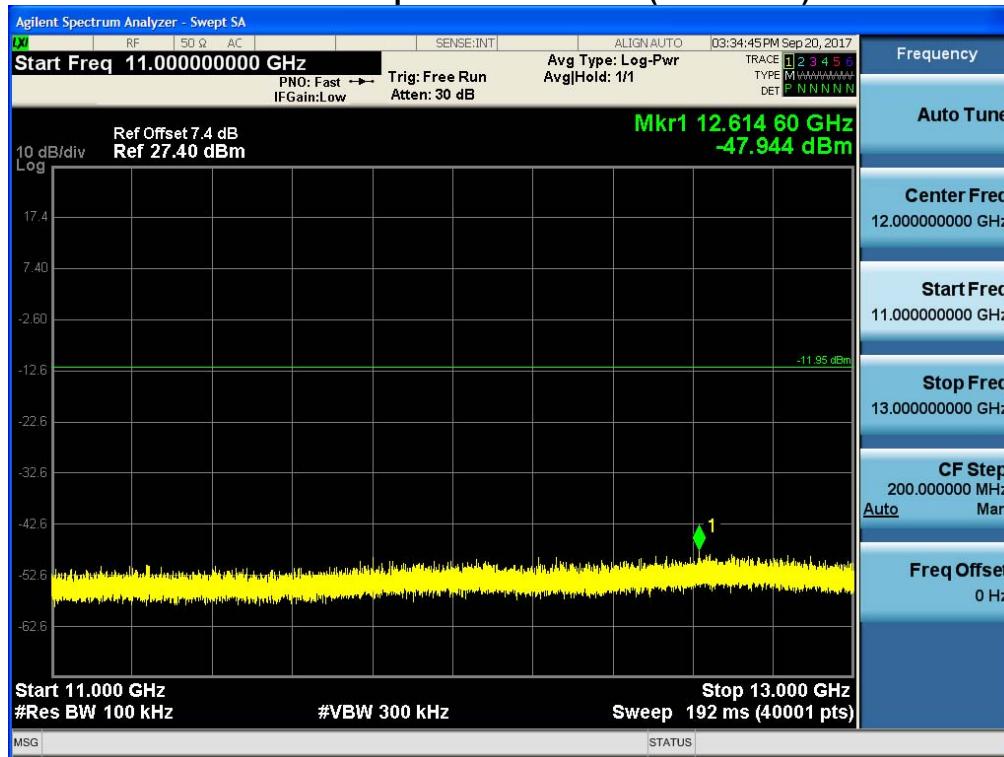
## 9 GHz ~ 11 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



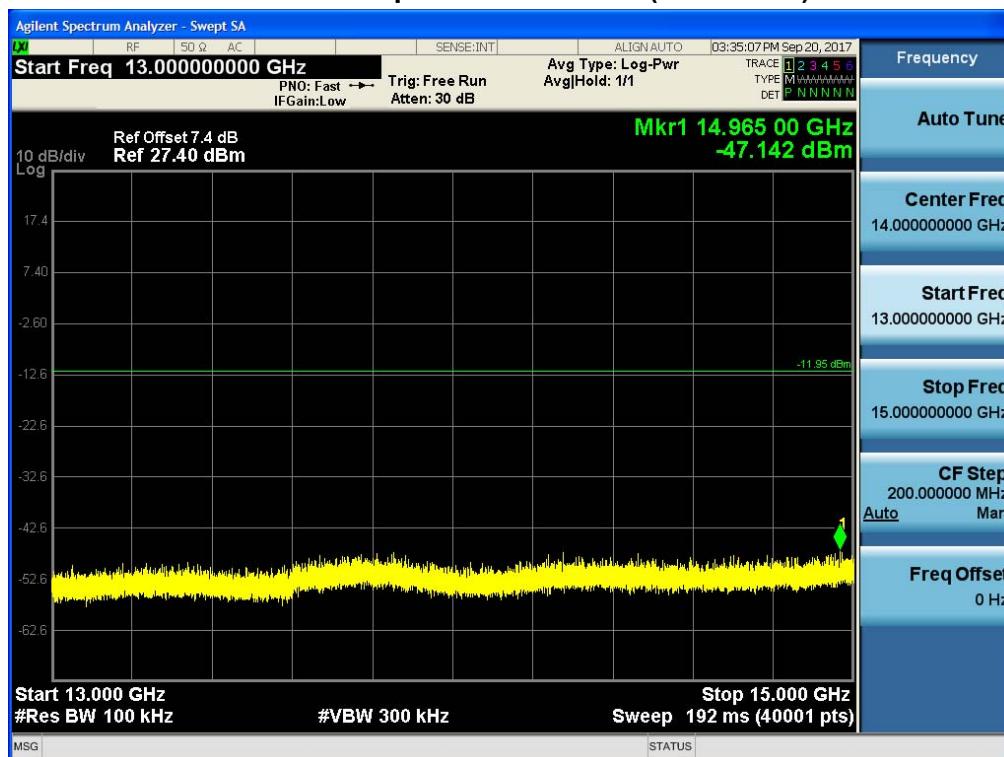
## 11 GHz ~ 13 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



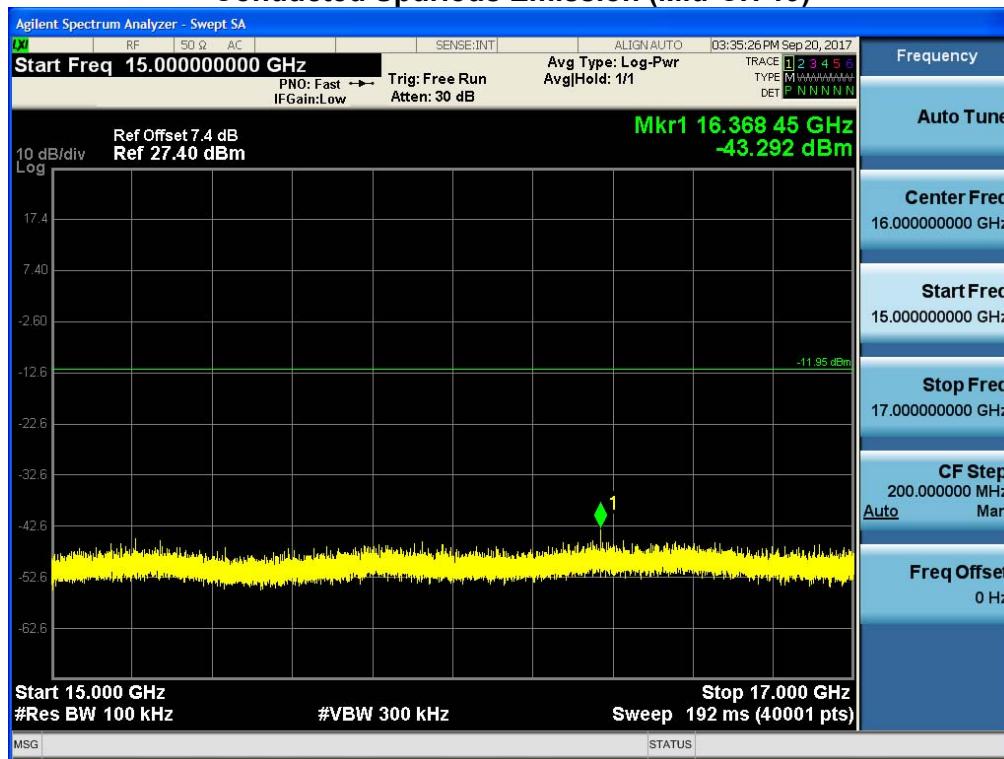
## 13 GHz ~ 15 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



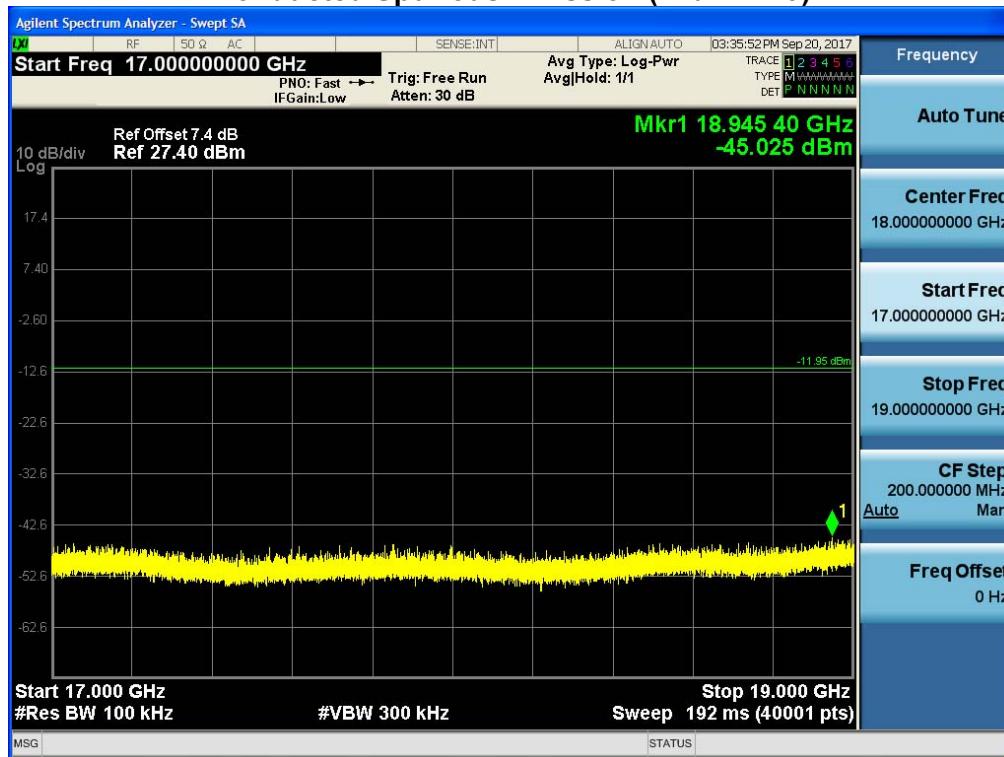
## 15 GHz ~ 17 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



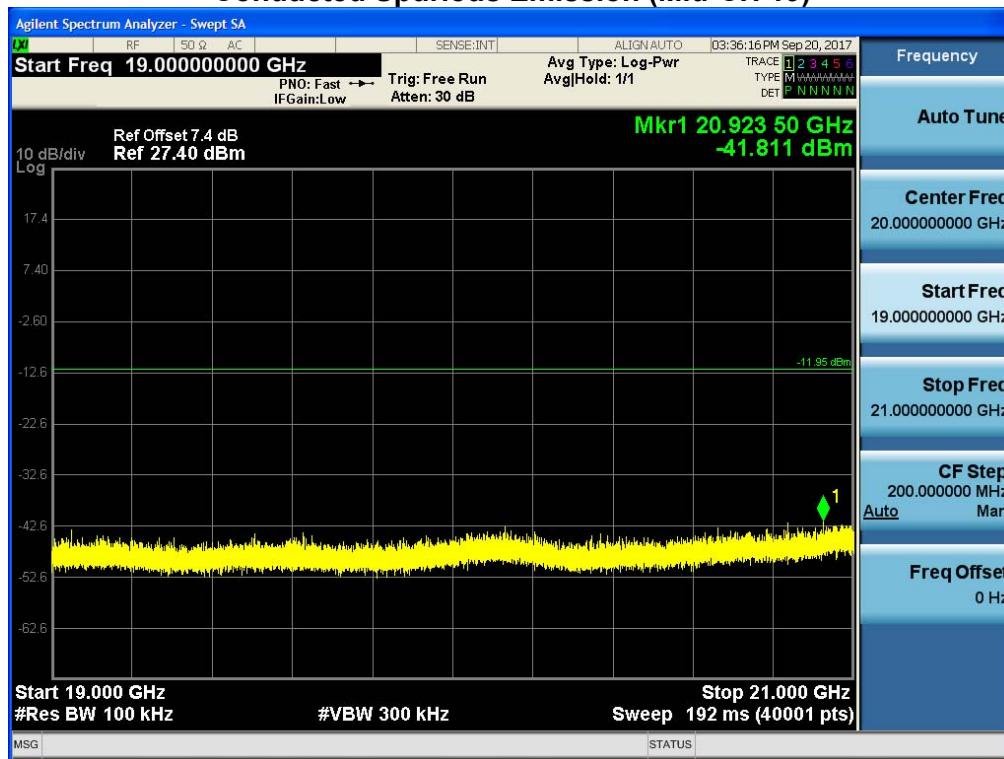
## 17 GHz ~ 19 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



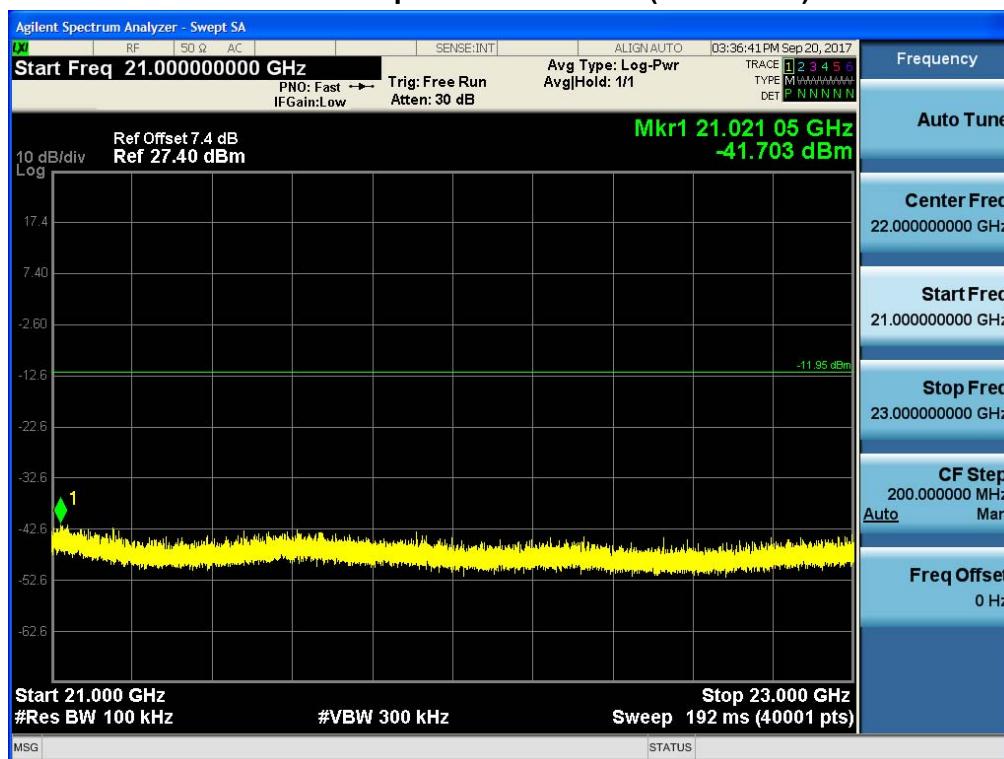
## 19 GHz ~ 21 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



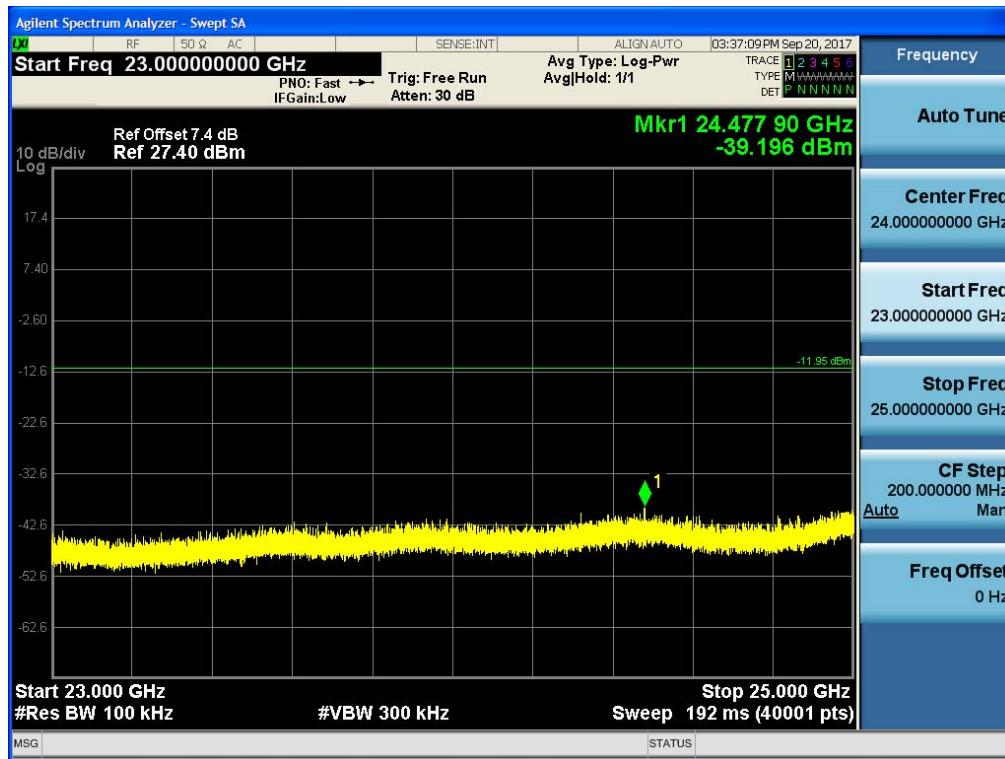
## 21 GHz ~ 23 GHz

## Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)



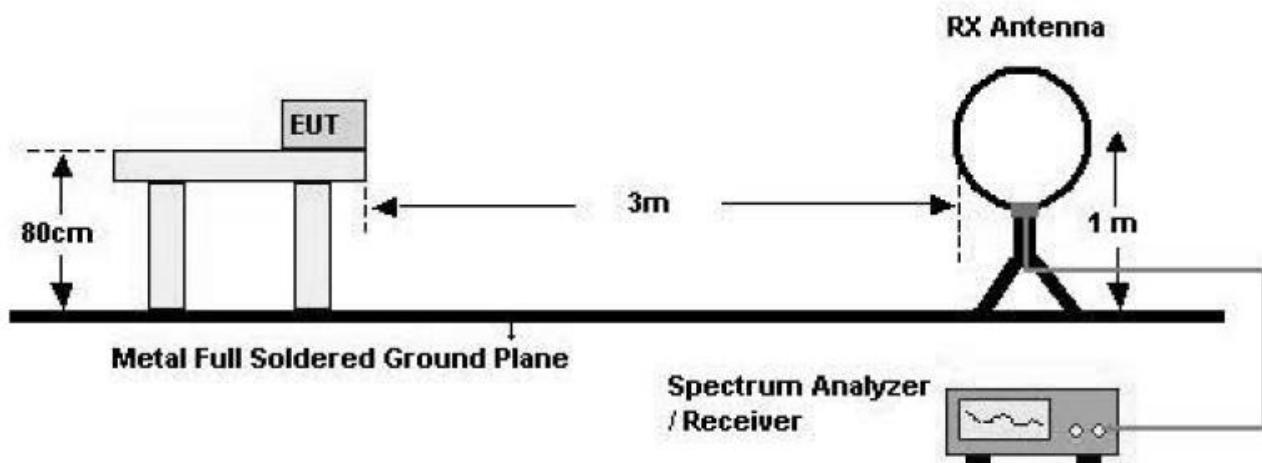
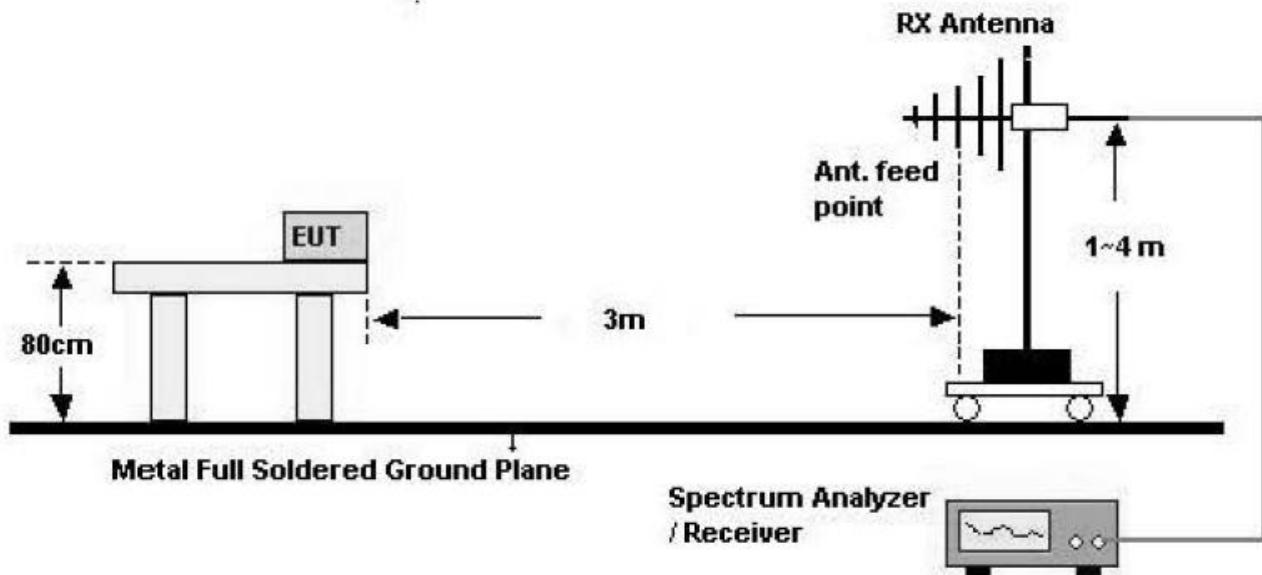
23 GHz ~ 25 GHz

### Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)

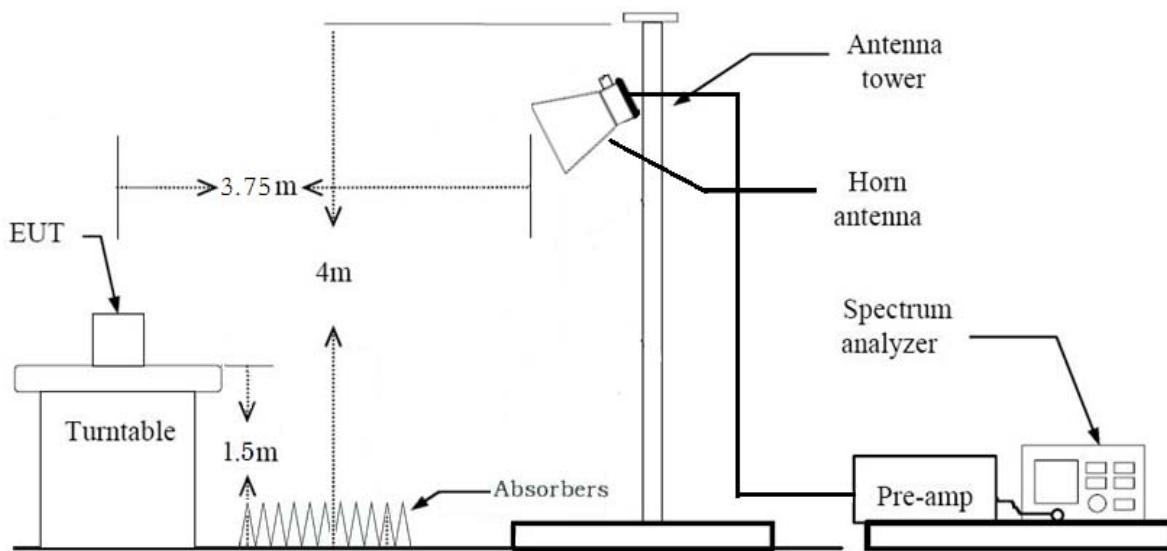


**9.6 RADIATED MEASUREMENT.****9.6.1 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.****Test Requirements and limit, §15.205, §15.209**

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

**Test Configuration****Below 30 MHz****30 MHz - 1 GHz**

### Above 1 GHz



### TEST PROCEDURE USED

Method 12.1 in KDB 558074 v04

#### Spectrum Setting

- Peak

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

RBW = cf. Table 1.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

(Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

**Table 1 —RBW as a function of frequency**

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

- Average (duty cycle < 98%, duty cycle variations are less than ±2%)

Set RBW = 1 MHz

Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

Detector = RMS.

Averaging type = power (*i.e.*, RMS).

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = average (at least 100 traces).

A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle.

**Note :**

1. We are performed the RSE and radiated band edge using standard radiated method(RMS).
2. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).
3. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)

**Data packet length (Min)**

<b>LE Mode</b>	<b>T<sub>on</sub></b> (ms)	<b>T<sub>total</sub></b> (ms)	<b>Duty Cycle</b>	<b>Duty Cycle Factor</b> (dB)
	<b>0.3956</b>	<b>0.6256</b>	<b>0.6324</b>	<b>1.99</b>

**TEST RESULTS****9 kHz – 30MHz****Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 9 kHz to the 30MHz.
2. The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
3. Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB)
4. Limit line = specific Limits (dBuV) + Distance extrapolation factor
5. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
6. The test results for below 30 MHz is correlated to an open site.

The result on OATS is about 2 dB higher than semi-anechoic chamber (10 m chamber)

**TEST RESULTS****Below 1 GHz****Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1 GHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

## Above 1 GHz

Operation Mode: CH.0

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.-A.G.+D.F. [dBm]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	56.07	0.00	-0.61	V	55.46	73.98	18.52	PK
4804	47.91	1.99	-0.61	V	49.29	53.98	4.69	AV
7206	45.89	0.00	8.78	V	54.67	73.98	19.31	PK
7206	34.19	1.99	8.78	V	44.96	53.98	9.02	AV
4804	58.23	0.00	-0.61	H	57.62	73.98	16.36	PK
4804	51.13	1.99	-0.61	H	52.51	53.98	1.47	AV
7206	46.01	0.00	8.78	H	54.79	73.98	19.19	PK
7206	34.21	1.99	8.78	H	44.98	53.98	9.00	AV

\*A.F. : Antenna Factor / C.L. : Cable Loss / A.G. : Amplifier Gain / D.F. : Distance Factor

### Notes:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain + Distance Factor  
+ Duty Cycle Factor
5. Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

## Operation Mode: CH.19

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.-A.G.+D.F. [dBm]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4880	55.57	0.00	0.19	V	55.76	73.98	18.22	PK
4880	47.94	1.99	0.19	V	50.12	53.98	3.86	AV
7320	46.78	0.00	8.85	V	55.63	73.98	18.35	PK
7320	34.89	1.99	8.85	V	45.73	53.98	8.25	AV
4880	56.06	0.00	0.19	H	56.25	73.98	17.73	PK
4880	48.60	1.99	0.19	H	50.78	53.98	3.20	AV
7320	46.97	0.00	8.85	H	55.82	73.98	18.16	PK
7320	35.06	1.99	8.85	H	45.9	53.98	8.08	AV

\*A.F. : Antenna Factor / C.L. : Cable Loss / A.G. : Amplifier Gain / D.F. : Distance Factor

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain + Distance Factor + Duty Cycle Factor
5. Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

## Operation Mode: CH.39

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.-A.G.+D.F. [dBm]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	54.58	0.00	0.92	V	55.50	73.98	18.48	PK
4960	46.57	1.99	0.92	V	49.48	53.98	4.50	AV
7440	46.25	0.00	9.03	V	55.28	73.98	18.70	PK
7440	34.65	1.99	9.03	V	45.67	53.98	8.31	AV
4960	55.28	0.00	0.92	H	56.2	73.98	17.78	PK
4960	47.41	1.99	0.92	H	50.32	53.98	3.66	AV
7440	46.37	0.00	9.03	H	55.4	73.98	18.58	PK
7440	34.69	1.99	9.03	H	45.71	53.98	8.27	AV

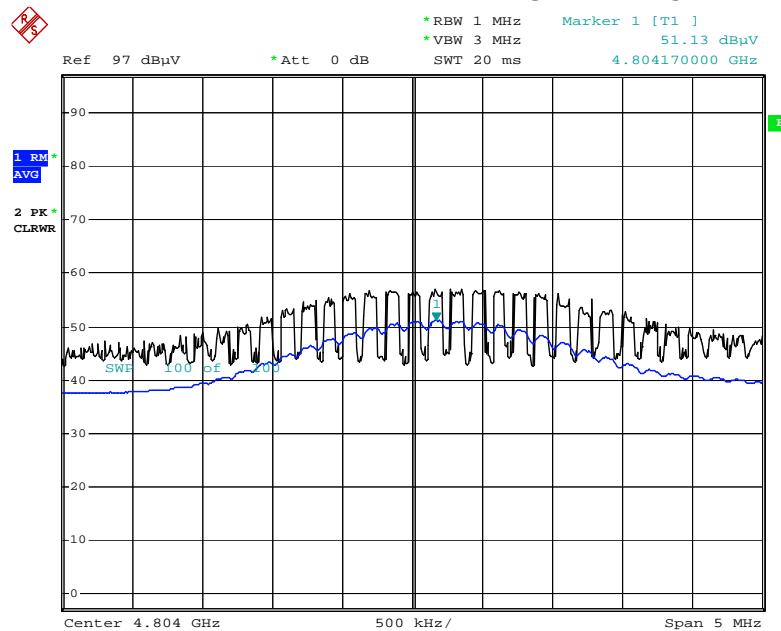
\*A.F. : Antenna Factor / C.L. : Cable Loss / A.G. : Amplifier Gain / D.F. : Distance Factor

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain + Distance Factor  
+ Duty Cycle Factor
5. Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

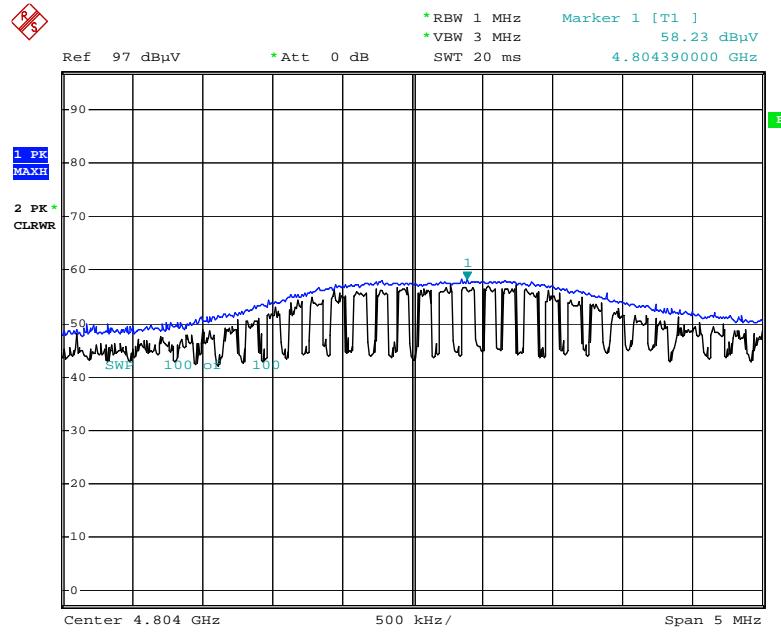
**RESULT PLOTS (Worst case : Z-H)**

**Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Average Reading (Ch.0 2nd Harmonic)**



Date: 19.SEP.2017 15:58:30

**Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (Ch.0 2nd Harmonic)**



Date: 19.SEP.2017 15:57:02

**Note : Only the worst case plots for Radiated Spurious Emissions.**

## 9.6.2 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d) §15.205, §15.209

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (See section 15.205(c)).

Operation Mode	BT_LE							
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz							
Channel No.	0							

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.+D.F. [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	19.49	0.00	32.68	H	52.17	73.98	21.81	PK
2390.0	8.84	1.99	32.68	H	43.51	53.98	10.47	AV
2390.0	19.11	0.00	32.68	V	51.79	73.98	22.19	PK
2390.0	8.54	1.99	32.68	V	43.21	53.98	10.77	AV

#### Notes:

1. Frequency range of measurement = 2310 MHz ~ 2390 MHz
2. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Duty Cycle Factor + Distance Factor
3. Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Operation Mode BT\_LE

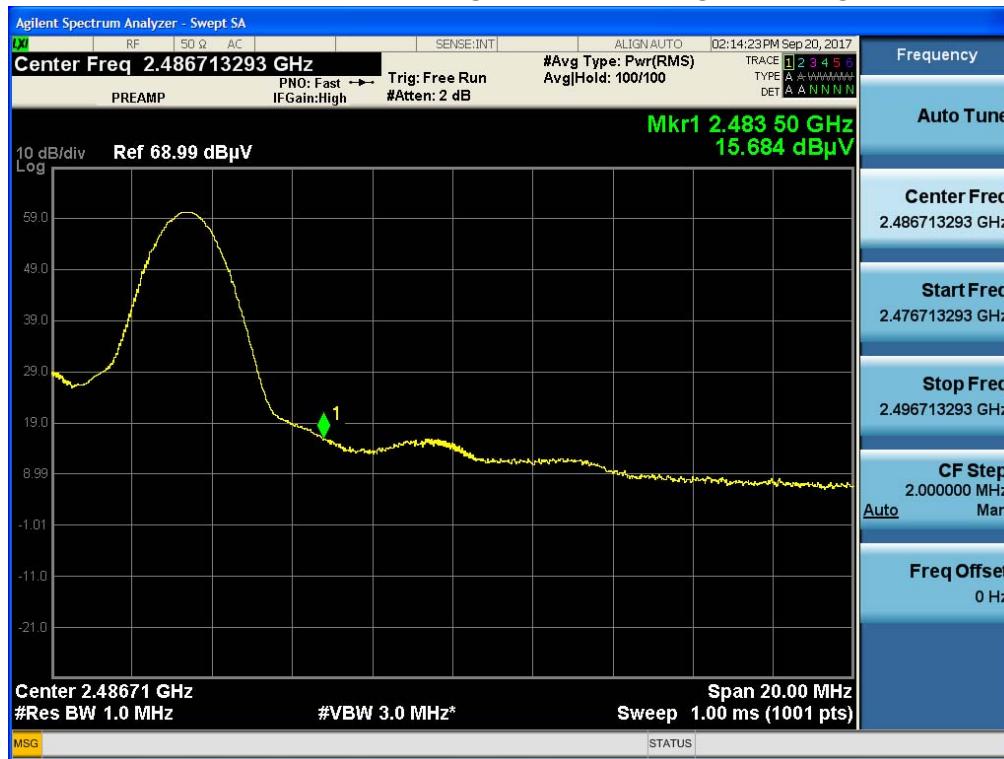
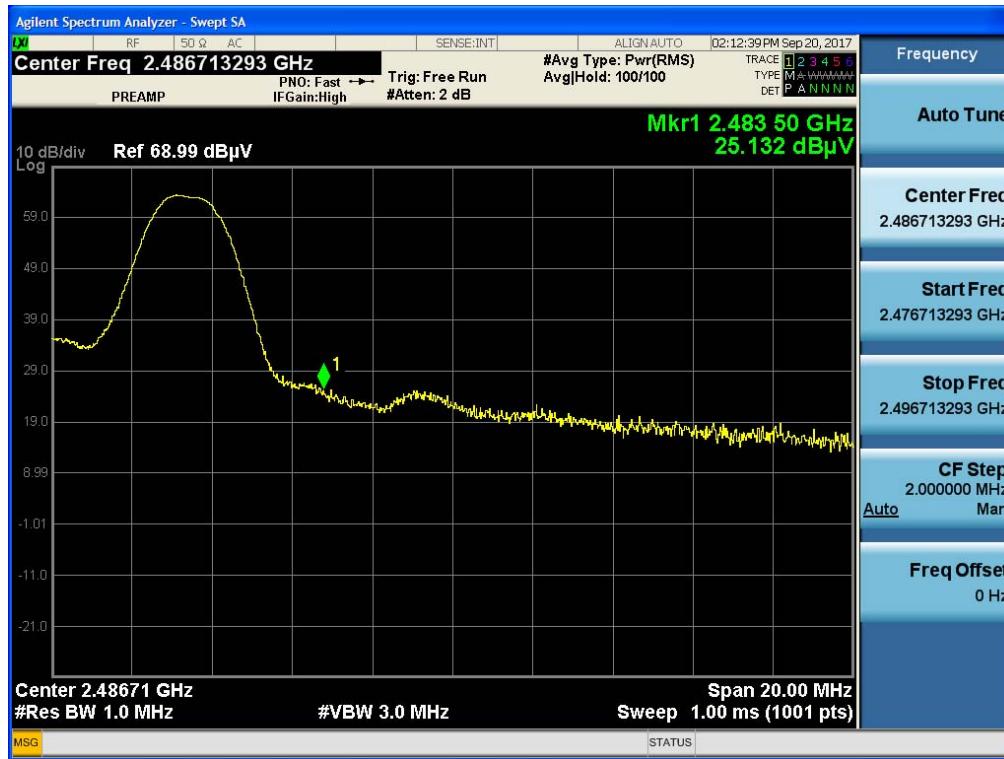
Operating Frequency 2480 MHz

Channel No. 39

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.+D.F. [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2483.5	25.13	0.00	33.05	H	58.18	73.98	15.80	PK
2483.5	15.68	1.99	33.05	H	50.72	53.98	3.26	AV
2483.5	24.54	0.00	33.05	V	57.59	73.98	16.39	PK
2483.5	14.97	1.99	33.05	V	50.01	53.98	3.97	AV

**Notes:**

1. Frequency range of measurement = 2483.5 MHz ~ 2500 MHz
2. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Duty Cycle Factor + Distance Factor
3. Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

**□ RESULT PLOTS (Worst case : Y-H)**
**Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Average Reading (Ch.39)**

**Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Peak Reading (Ch.39)**


Note : Only the worst case plots for Radiated Restricted Band Edges.

## 9.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.207

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

### Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors – Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

### Sample Calculation

$$\text{Quasi-peak(Final Result)} = \text{Reading Value} + \text{Correction Factor}$$

**□ RESULT PLOTS****Conducted Emissions (Line 1)**

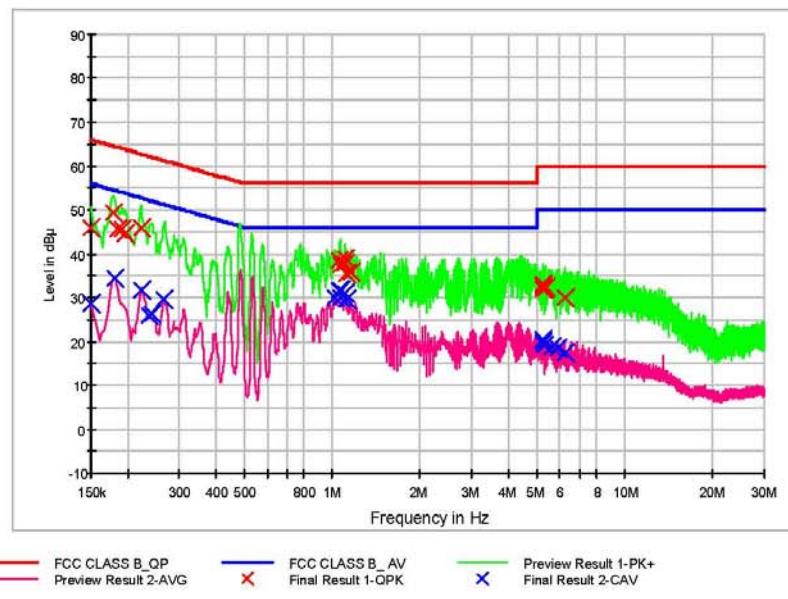
EMI Auto Test(15)

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**HCT TEST Report****Common Information**

EUT: SB100-cc  
 Manufacturer: SNPowercom  
 Test Site: SHIELD ROOM  
 Operating Conditions: BT\_LE MODE

FCC CLASS B\_Exten Cable

**Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.150000	46.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	19.9	66.0
0.178000	49.2	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	15.3	64.6
0.186000	45.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.5	64.2
0.192000	45.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.3	63.9
0.196000	44.4	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	19.3	63.8
0.222000	45.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	16.9	62.7
1.058000	38.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	17.4	56.0
1.066000	37.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	18.4	56.0
1.106000	38.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	17.2	56.0
1.112000	37.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	18.3	56.0
1.116000	35.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	20.7	56.0
1.158000	35.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	20.4	56.0
5.262000	33.1	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	26.9	60.0
5.266000	32.6	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	27.4	60.0
5.270000	32.2	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	27.8	60.0
5.306000	32.1	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	27.9	60.0
5.358000	32.5	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	27.5	60.0
6.292000	30.1	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	29.9	60.0

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## EMI Auto Test(15)

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Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dB $\mu$ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)
0.150000	28.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	27.3	56.0
0.180000	34.5	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	20.0	54.5
0.224000	31.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	21.0	52.7
0.238000	26.0	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	26.2	52.2
0.242000	26.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	25.7	52.0
0.266000	29.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	21.7	51.2
1.016000	30.0	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	16.0	46.0
1.060000	31.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	14.2	46.0
1.064000	31.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	14.3	46.0
1.074000	29.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	16.1	46.0
1.110000	31.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	14.9	46.0
1.116000	29.5	9.000	Off	L1	9.8	16.5	46.0
5.262000	20.4	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	29.6	50.0
5.268000	20.0	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	30.0	50.0
5.306000	19.0	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	31.0	50.0
5.666000	18.7	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	31.3	50.0
5.934000	18.6	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	31.4	50.0
6.292000	17.4	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	32.6	50.0

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**Conducted Emissions (Line 2)**

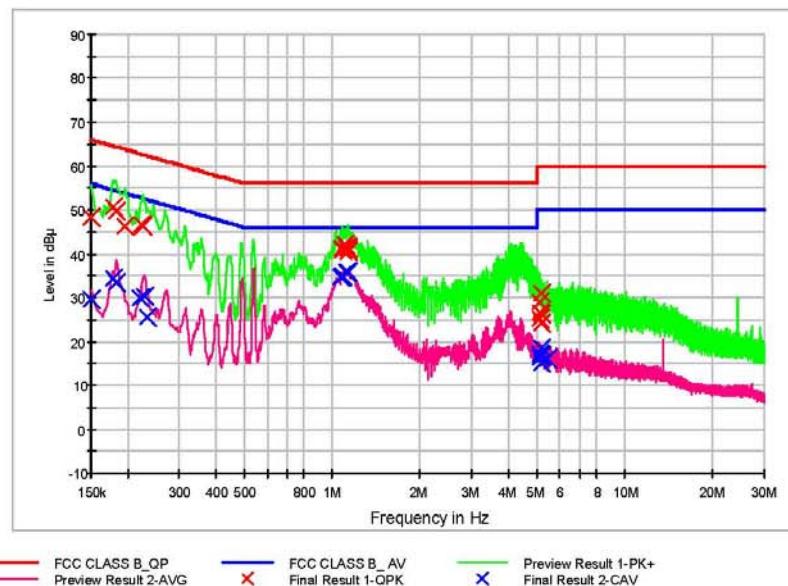
EMI Auto Test(15)

1 / 2

**HCT TEST Report****Common Information**

EUT: SB100-cc  
Manufacturer: SNPowercom  
Test Site: SHIELD ROOM  
Operating Conditions: BT\_LE MODE

FCC CLASS B\_Exten Cable

**Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV)
0.150000	48.4	9.000	Off	N	9.7	17.6	66.0
0.178000	50.6	9.000	Off	N	9.7	14.0	64.6
0.182000	49.7	9.000	Off	N	9.7	14.7	64.4
0.196000	46.3	9.000	Off	N	9.7	17.5	63.8
0.222000	46.7	9.000	Off	N	9.7	16.1	62.7
0.226000	46.4	9.000	Off	N	9.7	16.2	62.6
1.084000	40.9	9.000	Off	N	9.8	15.1	56.0
1.088000	41.3	9.000	Off	N	9.8	14.7	56.0
1.112000	42.1	9.000	Off	N	9.8	13.9	56.0
1.118000	41.5	9.000	Off	N	9.8	14.5	56.0
1.130000	41.2	9.000	Off	N	9.8	14.8	56.0
1.140000	40.6	9.000	Off	N	9.8	15.4	56.0
5.148000	25.4	9.000	Off	N	10.0	34.6	60.0
5.152000	26.6	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.4	60.0
5.158000	29.0	9.000	Off	N	10.0	31.0	60.0
5.166000	30.9	9.000	Off	N	10.0	29.1	60.0
5.198000	24.3	9.000	Off	N	10.0	35.7	60.0
5.202000	26.4	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.6	60.0

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## EMI Auto Test(15)

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Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dB $\mu$ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)
0.150000	29.8	9.000	Off	N	9.7	26.2	56.0
0.178000	34.5	9.000	Off	N	9.7	20.1	54.6
0.184000	33.4	9.000	Off	N	9.7	20.9	54.3
0.220000	29.9	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.9	52.8
0.228000	30.5	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.1	52.5
0.234000	25.5	9.000	Off	N	9.7	26.8	52.3
1.068000	34.8	9.000	Off	N	9.8	11.2	46.0
1.080000	34.8	9.000	Off	N	9.8	11.2	46.0
1.088000	35.1	9.000	Off	N	9.8	10.9	46.0
1.120000	35.7	9.000	Off	N	9.8	10.3	46.0
1.130000	35.8	9.000	Off	N	9.8	10.2	46.0
1.134000	35.8	9.000	Off	N	9.8	10.2	46.0
5.152000	16.6	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.4	50.0
5.156000	17.3	9.000	Off	N	10.0	32.7	50.0
5.164000	18.5	9.000	Off	N	10.0	31.5	50.0
5.198000	15.2	9.000	Off	N	10.0	34.8	50.0
5.204000	16.8	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.2	50.0
5.418000	16.0	9.000	Off	N	10.0	34.0	50.0

2017-09-22

## 10. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

### 10.1 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Conducted Test)

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216 / LISN	12/23/2016	Annual	100073
Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI / Test Receiver	12/23/2016	Annual	100584
Agilent	N9020A / Signal Analyzer	06/13/2017	Annual	MY51110085
Agilent	N9030A / Signal Analyzer	11/30/2016	Annual	MY49431210
Agilent	N1911A / Power Meter	04/17/2017	Annual	MY45100523
Agilent	N1921A / Power Sensor	04/17/2017	Annual	MY52260025
Agilent	87300B / Directional Coupler	11/23/2016	Annual	3116A03621
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter	06/12/2017	Annual	05001
Hewlett Packard	E3632A / DC Power Supply	06/30/2017	Annual	KR75303960
Agilent	8493C / Attenuator(10 dB)	07/10/2017	Annual	07560
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 / Software	-	-	-
Rohde & Schwarz	CBT / Bluetooth Tester	05/16/2017	Annual	100422

**10.2 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Radiated Test)**

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Audix	AM4000 / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A
Audix	Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A
Audix	EM1000 / Controller	N/A	N/A	060520
Rohde & Schwarz	Loop Antenna	04/19/2017	Biennial	1513-175
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168 / Hybrid Antenna	04/06/2017	Biennial	760
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	08/25/2016	Biennial	9120D-1300
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	04/25/2017	Biennial	BBHA9170541
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP(9 kHz ~ 30 GHz) / Spectrum Analyzer	09/06/2017	Annual	100688
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) / Spectrum Analyzer	07/27/2017	Annual	100843
Wainwright Instruments	WHK3.0/18G-10EF / High Pass Filter	06/12/2017	Annual	8
Wainwright Instruments	WHFX7.0/18G-8SS / High Pass Filter	05/15/2017	Annual	29
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV2400/2483.5-2370/2520-60/12SS / Band Reject Filter	06/30/2017	Annual	2
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV5100/5850-40/50-8EEK / Band Reject Filter	01/24/2017	Annual	2
Api tech.	18B-03 / Attenuator (3 dB)	06/12/2017	Annual	1
Agilent	8493C-10 / Attenuator(10 dB)	07/19/2017	Annual	08285
CERNEX	CBLU1183540 / Power Amplifier	07/11/2017	Annual	22964
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / Power Amplifier	07/11/2017	Annual	22965
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / Power Amplifier	01/23/2017	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL26405040 / Power Amplifier	06/30/2017	Annual	25956
TESCOM	TC-3000C / Bluetooth Tester	03/31/2017	Annual	3000C000276