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TEST REPORT

For

LEEDARSON LIGHTING CO., LTD.

Xingda Road, Xingtai Industrial Zone, Changtai County, Zhangzhou, Fujian, China

FCC ID:2AB2Q8ZA806STQ4G IC:10256A-8ZA806STQ4G

Report Type: Product Name:

Original Report LED Lamps

Report Number: RXM191127050-00B

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	LED Lamps		
EUT Model:	8ZA-A806ST-Q4G		
Multiple Models:	8Zy-A806ST-Q4G, AE 280 C, 8ZB-A806ST-Q4G, 8ZC-A806ST-Q4G		
Operation Frequency:	2405-2480MHz		
Maximum Output Power (Conducted):	13.79 dBm		
Rated Input Voltage:	AC 120V		
Serial Number:	RXM191127050-RF-S1		
EUT Received Date:	2019.11.27		
EUT Status:	Good		

Note:

Model 8ZA-A806ST-Q4G was selected for fully testing, the detailed information about the difference among 8Zy-A806ST-Q4G, AE 280 C, 8ZB-A806ST-Q4G, 8ZC-A806ST-Q4G and model 8ZA-A806ST-Q4G can be referred to the declaration letter which was stated and guaranteed by the manufacturer.

Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *LEEDARSON LIGHTING CO., LTD.* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, Part 15, Subparts A, and C of the Federal Communications Commission's rules and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017, RSS-Gen Issue 5, March 2019 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada.

The tests were performed in order to determine the compliance of the EUT with FCC Rules Part 15-Subpart C, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 rules and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017, RSS-Gen Issue 5, March 2019 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada.

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s).

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05, and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017, RSS-Gen Issue 5, March 2019 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada.

All emissions measurement was performed and Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan).

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	30M~200MHz: 4.55 dB,200M~1GHz: 5.92 dB, 1G~6GHz: 4.98 dB, 6G~18GHz: 5.89 dB, 18G~26.5G:5.47 dB,26.5G~40G:5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.5 dB
Temperature	±1 ℃
Humidity	±5%
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.4%
Duty Cycle	1%
AC Power Lines Conducted Emission	3.12 dB (150 kHz to 30 MHz)

Note: Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industry Area, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 897218,the FCC Designation No.: CN1220.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062D.

Declarations

BACL is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with an asterisk '*'. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in engineering mode.

The device supports Zigbee, 16 channels are provided for testing.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
11	2405	19	2445
12	2410		
•••	•••	•••	•••
•••	•••		•••
		25	2475
18	2440	26	2480

EUT was tested with channel 11, 18, 25 and 26.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

EUT Exercise Software

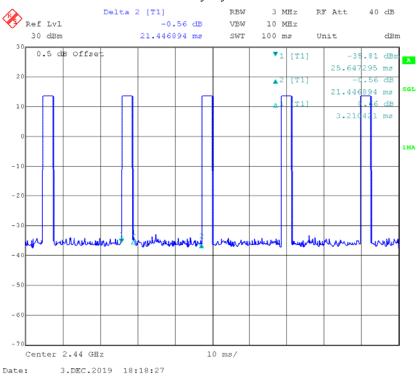
Test software: 'UartAssist.exe' was used for testing, which were provided by manufacturer.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power level
	Low	2405	13
Zighaa	Middle	2440	13
Zigbee	Additional	2475	13
	High	2480	8

The maximum duty cycle as following table:

Test mode	T _{on} (ms)	T _{on+off} (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
ZigBee	3.210	21.447	14.97



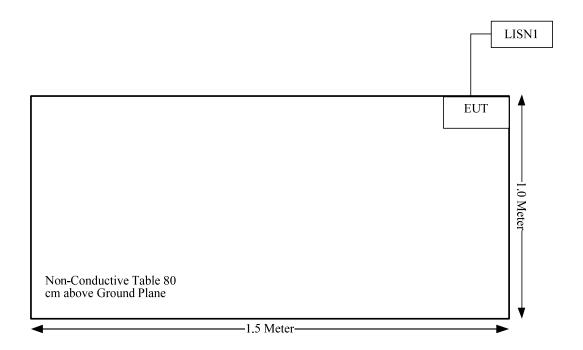


Support Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length (m)	From Port	То
Power Cable	No	No	1	Power Source	EUT

Report No.: RXM191127050-00B

Block Diagram of Test Setup



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §15.247 (i) & §1.1310 & §2.1091	Maximum Permissable Exposure (MPE)	Compliance
RSS-102 § 2.5.2	Exemption Limits For Routine Evaluation-RF Exposure Evaluation	Compliance
FCC§15.203, RSS-Gen Clause 6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
FCC§15.207 (a), RSS-Gen Clause 8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
FCC§15.205, §15.209, FCC §15.247(d), RSS-247 Clause 5.5 RSS-Gen Clause 8.10	Spurious Emissions	Compliance
FCC§15.247 (a)(2), RSS-247 Clause 5.2 a) RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	6 dB Bandwidth	Compliance
FCC§15.247(b)(3), RSS-247 Clause 5.4 d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliance
FCC§15.247(d), RSS-247 Clause5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliance
FCC§15.247(e), RSS-247 Clause5.2 b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance

FCC §15.247 (i) & §1.1310 & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247(i)and subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure					
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time (minutes)	
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30	
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f²)	30	
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30	
300–1500	/	/	f/1500	30	
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30	

f = frequency in MHz; * = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

Calculation formula:

Prediction of power density at the distance of the applicable MPE limit

 $S = PG/4\pi R^2$ = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

Calculated Data:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Max.Target Power including Tolerance		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	MPE Limit (mW/cm²)
	(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)			
2405-2480	-1	0.79	14	25.12	20.00	0.0039	1.0

Result: The device meet FCC MPE at 20 cm distance

RSS-102 § 2.5.2 - EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION – RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 § (2.5.2):

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $4.49/f^{0.5}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

Calculated Data:

The maximum power including tune-up tolerance is 14dBm@ 2.4GHz band, the maximum antenna gain is -1 dBi, so the maximum e.r.i.p. is 13dBm (0.02W)

Exemption from Routine Evaluation Limit is: $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 1.31 \times 10^{-2} \times 2405^{0.6834} = 2.68 > 0.02W$

So the device is compliance exemption from Routine Evaluation Limits –RF exposure Evaluation.

Result: Compliance

FCC §15.203& RSS-GEN CLAUSE 6.8 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC§ 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c. Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

According to RSS-Gen §6.8, The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

Antenna Information And Connector Construction

The EUT has one internal antenna arrangement for Zigbee, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos and below information:

Antenna Type	Antenna Type input impedance (Ohm)	
Monopole	50	-1 dBi

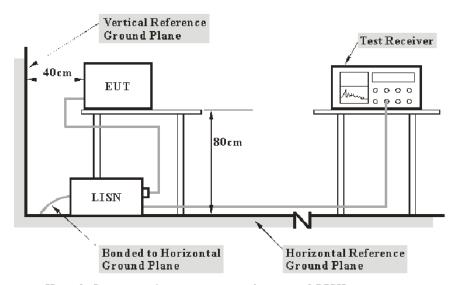
Result: Compliance.

FCC §15.207 (a) & RSS-GEN CLAUSE 8.8– AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207(a), RSS-Gen§8.8.

EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.

2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 and the RSS-Gen limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The EUT was connected to the main lisn with a 120 V/60 Hz AC power source.

EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

$$V_C = V_R + A_C + VDF$$
$$C_f = A_C + VDF$$

Herein,

V_C(cord. Reading): corrected voltage amplitude

 V_R : reading voltage amplitude A_c : attenuation caused by cable loss VDF: voltage division factor of AMN

C_f: Correction Factor

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0200-01	2019-09-05	2020-09-05
R&S	Test Software	EMC32	Version8.53.0	N/A	N/A
R&S	Two-line V-network	ENV 216	101614	2018-12-10	2019-12-10
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESPI	100120	2019-05-09	2020-05-09

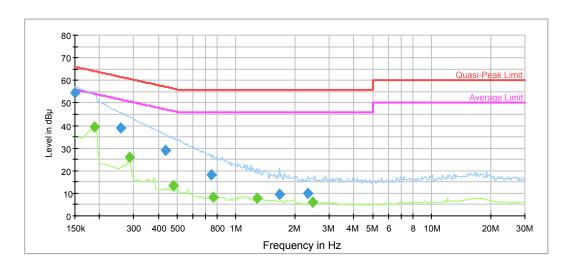
^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.2°C
Relative Humidity:	26%
ATM Pressure:	100.8kPa
Tester:	Sem Xiang
Test Date:	2019-12-04

Test Mode: Transmitting (low channel was the worst case)

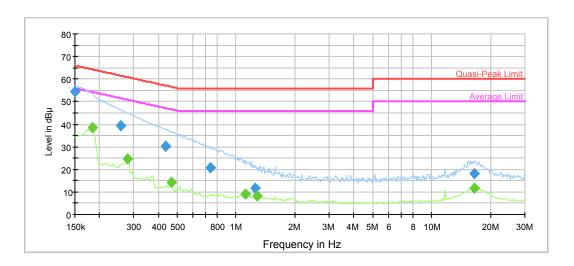
AC120 V, 60 Hz, Line:



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	54.6	9.000	L1	11.2	11.4	66.0
0.256712	38.9	9.000	L1	10.3	22.6	61.5
0.434989	28.8	9.000	L1	9.9	28.4	57.2
0.744445	18.1	9.000	L1	9.8	37.9	56.0
1.666725	9.5	9.000	L1	9.7	46.5	56.0
2.314565	10.1	9.000	L1	9.8	45.9	56.0

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBμV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.188575	39.3	9.000	L1	10.7	14.8	54.1
0.283569	25.9	9.000	L1	10.2	24.8	50.7
0.475741	13.6	9.000	L1	9.9	32.8	46.4
0.767003	8.3	9.000	L1	9.8	37.7	46.0
1.286792	7.9	9.000	L1	9.8	38.1	46.0
2.456957	6.3	9.000	L1	9.8	39.7	46.0

AC120 V, 60 Hz, Neutral:



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	54.7	9.000	N	11.2	11.3	66.0
0.256712	39.5	9.000	N	10.3	22.0	61.5
0.434989	30.2	9.000	N	9.9	27.0	57.2
0.737074	20.7	9.000	N	9.8	35.3	56.0
1.248947	11.6	9.000	N	9.8	44.4	56.0
16.435388	18.2	9.000	N	9.9	41.8	60.0

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.184859	38.3	9.000	N	10.7	16.0	54.3
0.277982	24.9	9.000	N	10.2	26.0	50.9
0.466367	14.2	9.000	N	9.9	32.4	46.6
1.119461	9.0	9.000	N	9.8	37.0	46.0
1.286792	8.1	9.000	N	9.8	37.9	46.0
16.435388	11.7	9.000	N	9.9	38.3	50.0

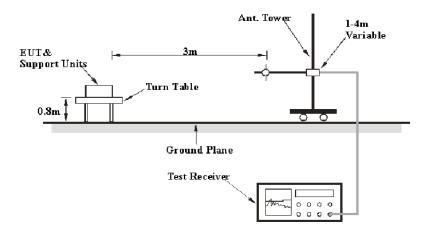
FCC §15.209, §15.205, §15.247(d) & RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.5, RSS-GEN CLAUSE 8.10- SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

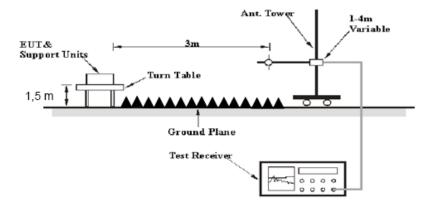
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205, RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.10.

EUT Setup

Below 1GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 10 meters chamber for the range 30MHz to 1GHz and the 3 meters chamber B test site for above 1GHz, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247, the RSS-247 §5.5,RSS-Gen §8.10 limits..

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

30MHz-1000MHz:

Measurement	Measurement RBW		IF B/W	
QP	120 kHz	300 kHz	120kHz	

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

1GHz-25GHz:

Measurement	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W
PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz
Avia	>98%	1MHz	10 Hz
Ave.	<98%	1MHz	1/T

Note: T is minimum transmission duration

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Amplitude = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit –Corrected Amplitude

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
	Ra	ndiated emissions Belov		2400	240240
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2019-08-03	2020-08-03
Farad	Test Software	EZ-EMC	V1.1.4.2	N/A	N/A
Sunol Sciences	Antenna	JB3	A060611-3	2017-07-21	2020-07-21
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-1000-01	2019-09-05	2020-09-05
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0400-02	2019-09-05	2020-09-05
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0530-01	2019-09-24	2020-09-24
Sonoma	Amplifier	310N	185914	2019-10-13	2020-10-13
	Ra	diated emissions Abov	e 1GHz		
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2019-05-09	2020-05-09
Farad	Test Software	EZ-EMC	V1.1.4.2	N/A	N/A
TDK RF	Horn Antenna	HRN-0118	130 084	2018-10-12	2021-10-12
Ducommun Technolagies	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223-02	1007726-01 1304	2017-12-06	2020-12-05
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UFA147-1-2362- 100100	64639 231029- 001	2019-02-24	2020-02-24
Mini	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	2019-09-05	2020-09-05
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-JO	15964001001	2019-06-27	2020-06-27
E-Microwave	Band-stop Filters	OBSF-2400-2483.5- S	OE01601525	2019-06-16	2020-06-16
Micro-tronics	High Pass Filter	HPM50111	S/N-G217	2019-06-16	2020-06-16

^{*} **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

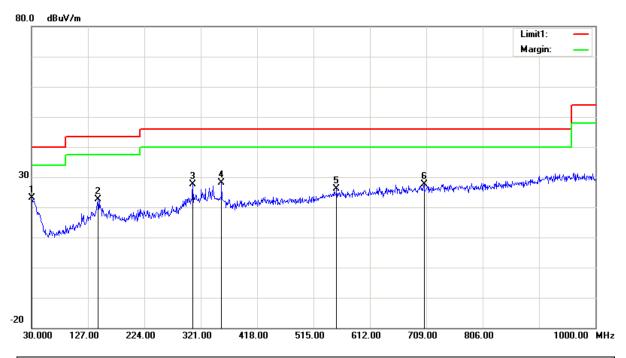
Environmental Conditions

Test Items	Radiation Below 1GHz	Radiation Above 1GHz
Temperature:	22.2°C	24.2°C
Relative Humidity:	37%	40%
ATM Pressure:	100.8kPa	101.1kPa
Tester:	Ade Xiao	Tyler Pan
Test Date:	2019-12-04	2019-12-03

Test Mode: Transmitting

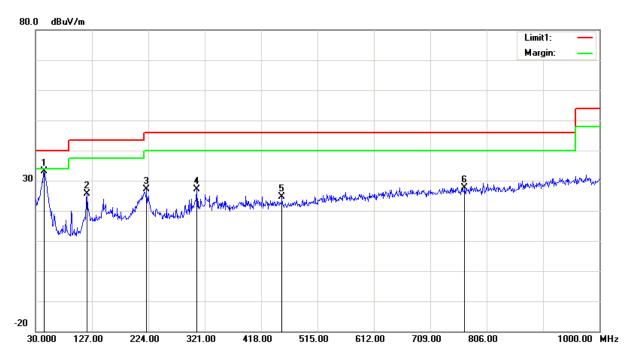
1) 30MHz-1GHz (Low channel was the worst):

Horizontal:



Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBuV)	Detector	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Cord. Amp. (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
30.9700	27.99	peak	-4.88	23.11	40.00	16.89
144.4600	31.78	peak	-9.18	22.60	43.50	20.90
307.4200	34.83	peak	-7.15	27.68	46.00	18.32
356.8900	34.53	peak	-6.30	28.23	46.00	17.77
554.7700	27.80	peak	-1.68	26.12	46.00	19.88
705.1200	27.64	peak	0.05	27.69	46.00	18.31

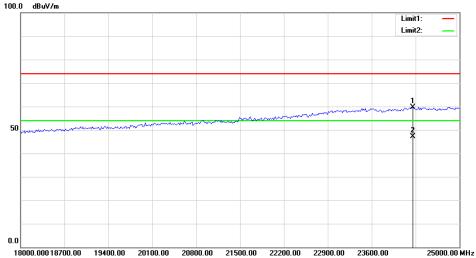
Vertical:



Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBuV)	Detector	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Cord. Amp. (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
44.5500	45.67	peak	-12.62	33.05	40.00	6.95
118.2700	38.44	peak	-12.84	25.60	43.50	17.90
221.0900	38.17	peak	-11.07	27.10	46.00	18.90
307.4200	34.24	peak	-7.15	27.09	46.00	18.91
453.8900	28.91	peak	-4.20	24.71	46.00	21.29
768.1700	26.63	peak	1.08	27.71	46.00	18.29

2) 1-25GHz:

	Rece	eiver	Rx A	ntenna	Cable	Amplifier	Corrected	T,	M
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Remark	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	loss (dB)	Gain (dB)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
				Low Chan	nel: 2405	MHz			
2405.00	74.93	PK	Н	24.83	3.34	0.00	103.10	N/A	N/A
2405.00	72.31	AV	Н	24.83	3.34	0.00	100.48	N/A	N/A
2405.00	69.89	PK	V	24.83	3.34	0.00	98.06	N/A	N/A
2405.00	67.35	AV	V	24.83	3.34	0.00	95.52	N/A	N/A
2390.00	25.41	PK	Н	24.80	3.33	0.00	53.54	74.00	20.46
2390.00	13.01	AV	Н	24.80	3.33	0.00	41.14	54.00	12.86
4810.00	47.55	PK	Н	29.72	4.58	27.38	54.47	74.00	19.53
4810.00	40.29	AV	Н	29.72	4.58	27.38	47.21	54.00	6.79
7215.00	38.98	PK	Н	33.94	5.60	27.20	51.32	74.00	22.68
7215.00	26.65	AV	Н	33.94	5.60	27.20	38.99	54.00	15.01
				Middle Cha		0 MHz			
2440.00	73.85	PK	Н	24.89	3.36	0.00	102.10	N/A	N/A
2440.00	71.21	AV	Н	24.89	3.36	0.00	99.46	N/A	N/A
2440.00	68.19	PK	V	24.89	3.36	0.00	96.44	N/A	N/A
2440.00	65.67	AV	V	24.89	3.36	0.00	93.92	N/A	N/A
4880.00	45.80	PK	Н	29.86	4.56	27.55	52.67	74.00	21.33
4880.00	38.99	AV	Н	29.86	4.56	27.55	45.86	54.00	8.14
7320.00	39.16	PK	Н	34.11	5.69	27.26	51.70	74.00	22.30
7320.00	26.79	AV	Н	34.11	5.69	27.26	39.33	54.00	14.67
			Ac	lditional Ch	nannel: 24	75 MHz			
2475.00	73.22	PK	Н	24.96	3.38	0.00	101.56	N/A	N/A
2475.00	70.65	AV	Н	24.96	3.38	0.00	98.99	N/A	N/A
2475.00	68.19	PK	V	24.96	3.38	0.00	96.53	N/A	N/A
2475.00	65.76	AV	V	24.96	3.38	0.00	94.10	N/A	N/A
2483.50	26.53	PK	Н	24.97	3.38	0.00	54.88	74.00	19.12
2483.50	14.62	AV	Н	24.97	3.38	0.00	42.97	54.00	11.03
4950.00	46.21	PK	Н	30.00	4.58	27.41	53.38	74.00	20.62
4950.00	38.78	AV	Н	30.00	4.58	27.41	45.95	54.00	8.05
7425.00	38.64	PK	Н	34.28	5.78	27.20	51.50	74.00	22.50
7425.00	26.10	AV	Н	34.28	5.78	27.20	38.96	54.00	15.04
				High Chan		MHz			
2480.00	70.20	PK	Н	24.96	3.38	0.00	98.54	N/A	N/A
2480.00	67.16	AV	Н	24.96	3.38	0.00	95.50	N/A	N/A
2480.00	66.19	PK	V	24.96	3.38	0.00	94.53	N/A	N/A
2480.00	63.76	AV	V	24.96	3.38	0.00	92.10	N/A	N/A
2483.50	35.54	PK	Н	24.97	3.38	0.00	63.89	74.00	10.11
2483.50	22.89	AV	Н	24.97	3.38	0.00	51.24	54.00	2.76
4960.00	45.36	PK	Н	30.02	4.58	27.37	52.59	74.00	21.41
4960.00	38.34	AV	Н	30.02	4.58	27.37	45.57	54.00	8.43
7440.00	38.03	PK	Н	34.30	5.79	27.22	50.90	74.00	23.10
7440.00	25.78	AV	Н	34.30	5.79	27.22	38.65	54.00	15.35



FCC §15.247(a) (2) & RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.2 a) &RSS-GEN CLAUSE 6.7–6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH AND 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Report No.: RXM191127050-00B

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 a)

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

According to RSS-Gen §6.7

The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the "x dB bandwidth" is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum inband power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

Test Procedure

6dB bandwidth test:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times RBW$.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = \max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

99% Occupied bandwidth test:

Use Occupied bandwidth test function, measure the 99% Occupied bandwidth. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	831929/005	2019-09-12	2020-09-12
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/03	Each time	N/A

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.9~25.1 °C
Relative Humidity:	34~52%
ATM Pressure:	100.6~102.7 kPa
Tester:	Severn Zhu
Tost Data	2019-12-03~2019-12-
Test Date:	26&2020-01-15

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to the following table and plots

6dB Bandwidth:

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Result (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
ZigBee	Low	2405	1.483	
	Middle	2440	1.643	0.5
	Additional	2475	1.543	0.5
	High	2480	1.503	

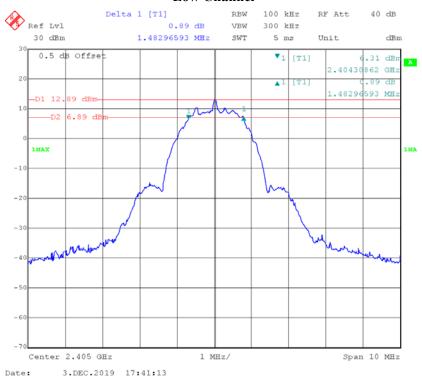
99% Occupied Bandwidth:

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Result (MHz)
ZigBee	Low	2405	2.224
	Middle	2440	2.224
	Additional	2475	2.224
	High	2480	2.244

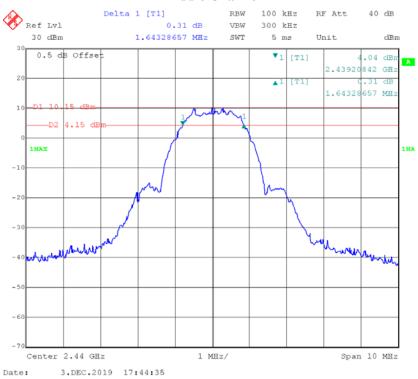
6dB Bandwidth:

Low Channel

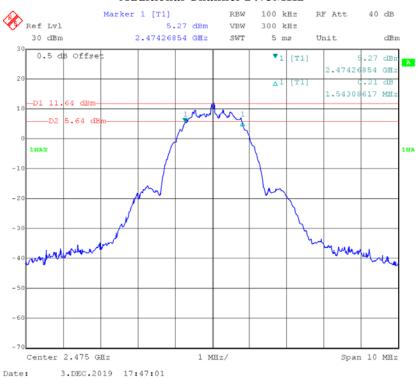
Report No.: RXM191127050-00B



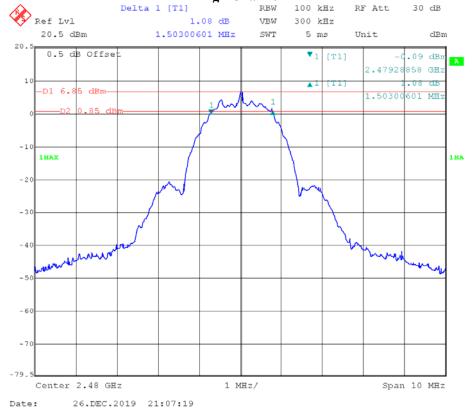
Middle Channel



Additional Channel-2475MHz



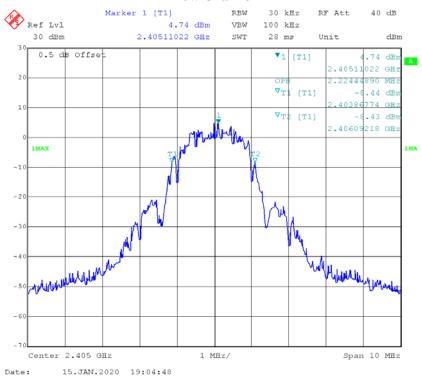




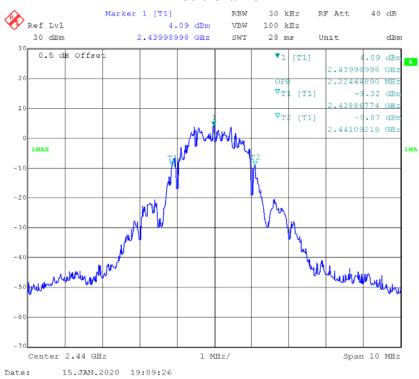
99% Occupied Bandwidth:

Low Channel

Report No.: RXM191127050-00B



Middle Channel

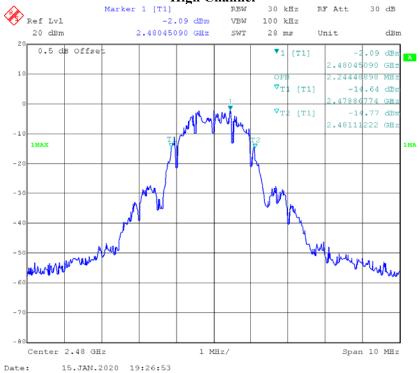


Additional Channel-2475MHz

Report No.: RXM191127050-00B



High Channel



FCC §15.247(b) (3)& RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.4 d) - MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard

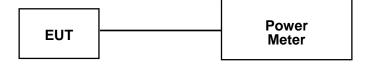
According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to RSS-247§5.4 d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(e), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

Test Procedure

- 1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to test equipment.
- 3. Add a correction factor to the display.
- 4. Set the power Meter to test Peak output power, record the result as peak power.
- 5. Set the power meter to test average output power, record the result as average power.



Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/03	Each time	N/A
Agilent	USB Wideband Power Sensor	U2021XA	MY5425009	2019-05-09	2020-05-09

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.9~24.7 °C	
Relative Humidity:	34~47%	
ATM Pressure:	100.6~102.7 kPa	
Tester:	Severn Zhu	
Test Date:	2019-12-03~2019-12-19	

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to the following table.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	
	Low	2405	13.79		
7:-D	Middle	2440	13.53	20	
ZigBee	Additional	2475	13.00	30	
	High	2480	8.03		

Note: The maximum antenna gain is -1 dBi, so it meets the EIRP limit for ISED.

FCC §15.247(d)& RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.5 – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

Applicable Standard

According to FCC§15.247(d):In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to RSS-247 Clause 5.5:

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	831929/005	2019-09-12	2020-09-12
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/03	Each time	N/A

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

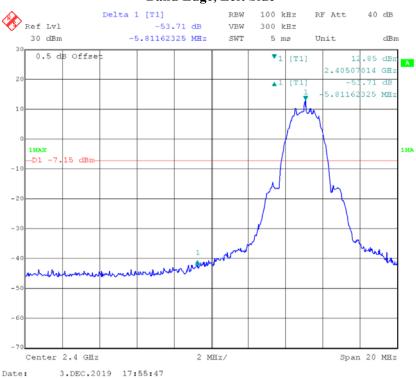
Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.9~24.7 °C
Relative Humidity:	34~47%
ATM Pressure:	100.6~102.7 kPa
Tester:	Severn Zhu
Test Date:	2019-12-03~2019-12-19

Test mode: Transmitting

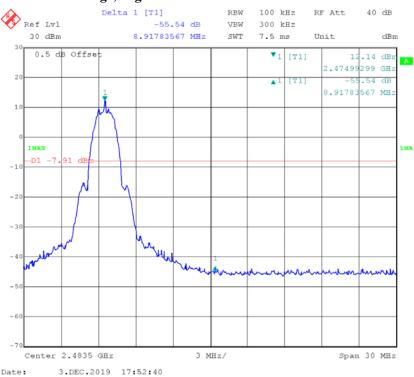
Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to following plots.

Band Edge, Left Side

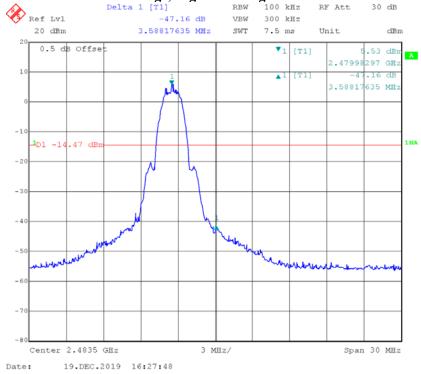


Band Edge, Right Side-Additional Channel-2475MHz

Report No.: RXM191127050-00B



Band Edge, Right Side-High Channel



FCC §15.247(e) & RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.2 b - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Report No.: RXM191127050-00B

Applicable Standard

According to FCC§15.247(e):For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 b):

b) The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT was set without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set the RBW = 3 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz, Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 4. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	831929/005	2019-09-12	2020-09-12
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/03	Each time	N/A

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

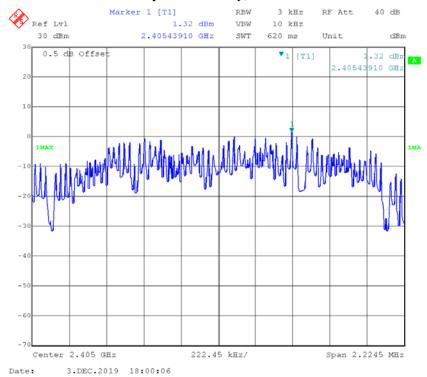
Temperature:	22.9~24.7 °C
Relative Humidity:	34~47%
ATM Pressure:	100.6~102.7 kPa
Tester:	Severn Zhu
Test Date:	2019-12-03~2019-12-19

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to the following table and plots

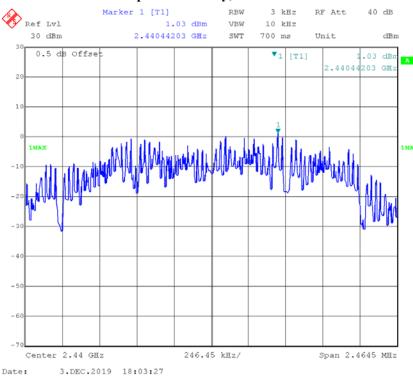
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Result (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
ZigBee	Low	2405	1.32	8
	Middle	2440	1.03	
	Additional	2475	0.50	
	High	2480	-4.69	

Power Spectral Density, Low Channel

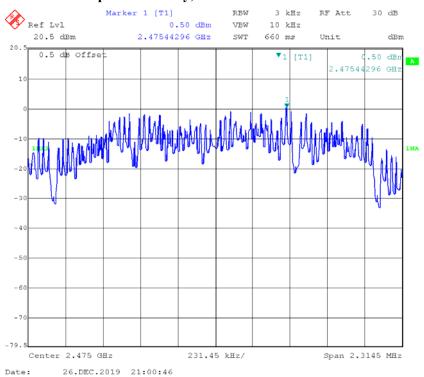


Power Spectral Density, Middle Channel

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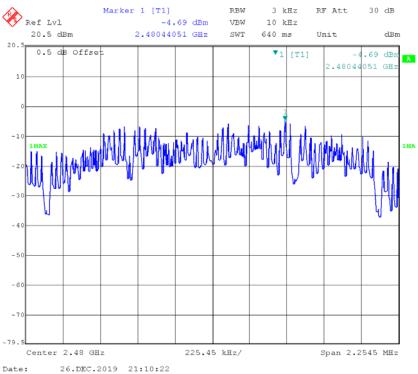


Power Spectral Density, Additional Channel-2475MHz



Power Spectral Density, High Channel

Report No.: RXM191127050-00B



***** END OF REPORT ****