

### RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION METHOD

## FCC ID: 2AB6DAAI708QAW

## SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and $\leq$ 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq$  3.0 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,where f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Maximum measured transmitter power.

### WIFI:

TV 902 11b Modo											
TX 802.11b Mode											
Test	Frequency	Maximum Conducted	Maximum Conducted	Maximum Conducted							
Channe		Output Power(PK) Output Power(AV)		Output Power(AV)							
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(mW)							
CH01	2412	13.26 9.57		9.057							
CH06	2437	13.21	9.35	8.610							
CH11	2462	13.35	9.51	8.933							
TX 802.11g Mode											
CH01	2412	12.51	8.71	7.430							
CH06	2437	12.36	8.63	7.295							
CH11	2462	12.42	8.58	7.211							
TX 802.11n-HT20 Mode											
CH01	2412	11.44	8.08	6.427							
CH06	2437	11.68	8.12	6.486							
CH11	2462	11.43	8.16	6.546							
TX 802.11n-HT40 Mode											
CH03	2422	9.68	6.77	4.753							
CH06	2437	9.56	6.83	4.819							
CH09	2452	9.35	6.75	4.732							



Remark: The best case gain of the antenna is 1.0dBi.

1.0 dBi logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 1.26

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)] • [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]

# WIFI:

Test Channel	Range	tune up max power (dBm)	[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance,	(min. test separation distance,mm)]	[f(GHz)]	Result	Limit				
			mW)								
TX 802.11b Mode											
CH01	7.6~9.6	9.6	9.120	5	2.412	2.83	3				
CH06	7.6~9.6	9.6	9.120	5	2.437	2.85	3				
CH11	7.6~9.6	9.6	9.120	5	2.462	2.86	3				
TX 802.11g Mode											
CH01	7.0~9.0	9.0	7.943	5	2.412	2.47	3				
CH06	7.0~9.0	9.0	7.943	5	2.437	2.48	3				
CH11	7.0~9.0	9.0	7.943	5	2.462	2.49	3				
TX 802.11n-HT20 Mode											
CH01	7.0~9.0	9.0	7.943	5	2.412	2.47	3				
CH06	7.0~9.0	9.0	7.943	5	2.437	2.48	3				
CH11	7.0~9.0	9.0	7.943	5	2.462	2.49	3				
	TX 802.11n-HT40 Mode										
CH03	6.0~8.0	8.0	6.310	5	2.422	1.96	3				
CH06	6.0~8.0	8.0	6.310	5	2.437	1.97	3				
CH09	6.0~8.0	8.0	6.310	5	2.452	1.98	3				

The test Result is less than 3.0 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR.

Conclusion: No SAR is required.