



# TEST REPORT

**Report Reference No.** ..... : **TRE1709008402** R/C.....: 43719

**FCC ID** ..... : **2AB7K-Z6000**

**Applicant's name** ..... : **Anker Technology Co., Limited**

**Address** ..... : Room 1318-19, Hollywood Plaza, 610 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong

**Manufacturer** ..... : Shenzhen 3nod Acousticlink Co., Ltd.

**Address** ..... : 4 /F, And Section A, 1/F, Workshop 15, Zhongfu Road, Tangxiayong Community, Songgang Neighbourhood, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Rrovince, P.R.C

**Test item description** ..... : **Zolo Halo**

**Trade Mark** ..... : ZOLO

**Model/Type reference** ..... : Z6000

**Listed Model(s)** ..... : -

**Standard** ..... : **FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247**

**Date of receipt of test sample** ..... : Sept. 13, 2017

**Date of testing** ..... : Sept. 14, 2017 – Sept. 27, 2017

**Date of issue** ..... : Sept. 27, 2017

**Result** ..... : **PASS**

Compiled by  
( Position+Printed name+Signature): File administrators Shayne Zhu

*Shayne Zhu*

Supervised by  
(Position+Printed name+Signature): Project Engineer Jerry Wang

*Jerry Wang*

Approved by  
(Position+Printed name+Signature): RF Manager Hans Hu

*Hans Hu*

**Testing Laboratory Name** ..... : **Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.**

**Address** ..... : 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

**Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. All rights reserved.**

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

*The test report merely correspond to the test sample.*

## Contents

<b>1.</b>	<b>TEST STANDARDS AND REPORT VERSION</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1.	Test Standards	3
1.2.	Report version	3
<b>2.</b>	<b>TEST DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>SUMMARY</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1.	Client Information	5
3.2.	Product Description	5
3.3.	Operation state	6
3.4.	EUT configuration	6
3.5.	Modifications	6
<b>4.</b>	<b>TEST ENVIRONMENT</b>	<b>7</b>
4.1.	Address of the test laboratory	7
4.2.	Test Facility	7
4.3.	Environmental conditions	8
4.4.	Statement of the measurement uncertainty	8
4.5.	Equipments Used during the Test	9
<b>5.</b>	<b>TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS</b>	<b>10</b>
5.1.	Antenna requirement	10
5.2.	Conducted Emissions (AC Main)	11
5.3.	Conducted Peak Output Power	14
5.4.	20 dB Bandwidth	17
5.5.	Carrier Frequencies Separation	20
5.6.	Hopping Channel Number	22
5.7.	Dwell Time	24
5.8.	Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	27
5.9.	Restricted band (radiated)	28
5.10.	Band edge and Spurious Emissions (conducted)	30
5.11.	Spurious Emissions (radiated)	34
<b>6.</b>	<b>TEST SETUP PHOTOS</b>	<b>38</b>
<b>7.</b>	<b>EXTERANAL AND INTERNAL PHOTOS</b>	<b>39</b>

## 1. TEST STANDARDS AND REPORT VERSION

### 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.247](#): Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

[ANSI C63.10-2013](#): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

### 1.2. Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
00	Sept. 27, 2017	Original

## 2. TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Item	Section in CFR 47	Result	Test Engineer
Antenna Requirement	15.203/15.247 (c)	Pass	Baozhu Hu
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	15.207	Pass	Baozhu Hu
Conducted Peak Output Power	15.247 (b)(1)	Pass	Baozhu Hu
20 dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass	Baozhu Hu
Carrier Frequencies Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass	Baozhu Hu
Hopping Channel Number	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass	Baozhu Hu
Dwell Time	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass	Baozhu Hu
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	15.247(b)(4)	Pass	Baozhu Hu
Restricted band	15.247(d)/15.205	Pass	Baozhu Hu
Radiated Emissions	15.247(d)/15.209	Pass	Baozhu Hu

Note: The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

### 3. SUMMARY

#### 3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Anker Technology Co., Limited
Address:	Room 1318-19, Hollywood Plaza, 610 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen 3nod Acousticlink Co., Ltd.
Address:	4 /F, And Section A, 1/F, Workshop 15, Zhongfu Road, Tangxiayong Community, Songgang Neighbourhood, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Rrovince, P.R.C

#### 3.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	Zolo Halo
Trade Mark:	ZOLO
Model No.:	Z6000
Listed Model(s):	-
Power supply:	AC 120V/60Hz
Adapter information:	Model: Z60-A00 Input: 100-240Va.c., 50-60Hz, 0.45A Output: 9.0Vd.c., 1.5A
Hardware version:	V1.2
Software version:	V1.0
<b>Bluetooth</b>	
Version:	Supported BT4.2+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna gain:	3dBi

### 3.3. Operation state

#### ➤ Test frequency list

According to section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, must select three channel which were tested. the Lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, please see the above gray bottom.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
00	2402
01	2403
:	:
39	2441
:	:
77	2479
78	2480

#### ➤ TEST MODE

For RF test items:
The engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT continuous transmit
For AC power line conducted emissions:
The EUT was set to connect with the Bluetooth instrument under large package sizes transmission.
For Radiated suprious emissions test item:
The EUT in each of three orthogonal axis emissions had been tested ,but only the worst case (X axis) data recorded in the report.

### 3.4. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- - supplied by the manufacturer
- - supplied by the lab

/	Manufacturer:	/
	Model No.:	/
/	Manufacturer:	/
	Model No.:	/

### 3.5. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

## **4. TEST ENVIRONMENT**

### **4.1. Address of the test laboratory**

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

### **4.2. Test Facility**

#### **CNAS-Lab Code: L1225**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

#### **A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 3902.01**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

#### **FCC-Registration No.: 762235**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

#### **IC-Registration No.:5377B-1**

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No.: 5377B-1.

#### **ACA**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

### 4.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15~35°C
Relative Humidity:	30~60 %
Air Pressure:	950~1050mba

### 4.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors in calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report according to TR-100028-01 "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Part 1" and TR-100028-02 "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Part 2" and is documented in the Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. quality system according to ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Here after the best measurement capability for Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. is reported:

Test Items	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter power conducted	0.57 dB	(1)
Transmitter power Radiated	2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emissions 9kHz~40GHz	1.60 dB	(1)
Radiated spurious emissions 9kHz~40GHz	2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted Emissions 9kHz~30MHz	3.39 dB	(1)
Radiated Emissions 30~1000MHz	4.24 dB	(1)
Radiated Emissions 1~18GHz	5.16 dB	(1)
Radiated Emissions 18~40GHz	5.54 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	-----	(1)

(1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=1.96$ .



#### 4.5. Equipments Used during the Test

Conducted Emissions					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.
1	Artificial Mains	Rohde&Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	100028	2016/11/13
2	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI3	100038	2016/11/13
3	Pulse Limiter	Rohde&Schwarz	ESHSZ2	100044	2016/11/13
4	EMI Test Software	Rohde&Schwarz	ES-K1 V1.71	-	-

Radiated Emissions					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.
1	EMI test receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESI 26	100009	2016/11/13
2	Loop Antenna	Rohde&Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100020	2016/11/13
3	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	ShwarzBeck	VULB9163	538	2016/11/13
4	Horn antenna	ShwarzBeck	9120D	1011	2016/11/13
5	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	25841	2016/11/13
6	Amplifier	Sonoma	310N	E009-13	2016/11/13
7	JS Amplifier	Rohde&Schwarz	JS4-00101800-28-5A	F201504	2016/11/13
8	Amplifier	Compliance Direction systems	PAP1-4060	120	2016/11/13
9	High pass filter	Compliance Direction systems	BSU-6	34202	2016/11/13
10	EMI test Software	Rohde&Schwarz	ESK1	-	-
11	EMI test Software	Audix	E3	-	-
12	TURNTABLE	MATURO	TT2.0	-	-
13	ANTENNA MAST	MATURO	TAM-4.0-P	-	-

RF Conducted methods					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde&Schwarz	FSP	1164.4391.40	2016/11/13
2	MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	MY5050187	2016/11/13

The Cal.Interval was one year.

## 5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

### 5.1. Antenna requirement

#### Requirement

##### **FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.203:**

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

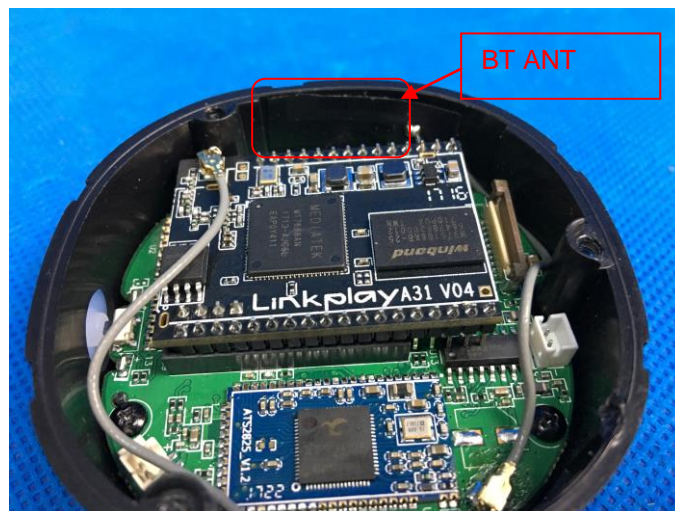
##### **FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247(c) (1)(i):**

(i) Systems operating in the 2400~2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### Test Result:

☒ **Passed**      ☐ **Not Applicable**

The directional gain of the antenna less than 6 dBi, please refer to the below antenna photo.



## 5.2. Conducted Emissions (AC Main)

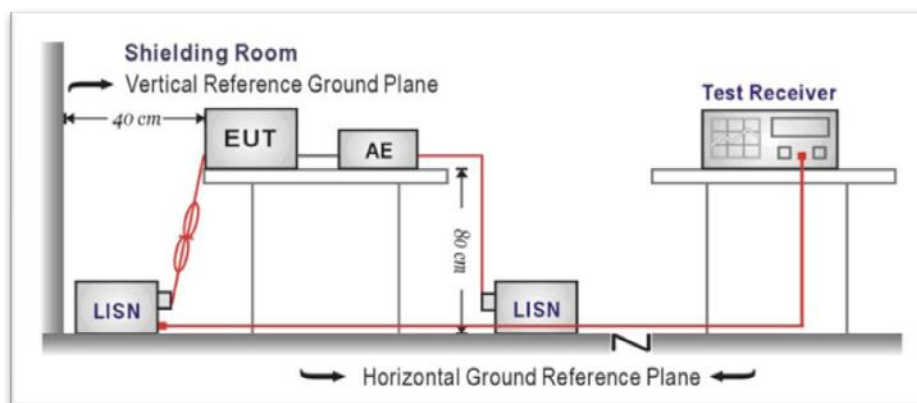
### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was setup according to ANSI C63.10:2013 requirements.
2. The EUT was placed on a platform of nominal size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the conducting ground plane. The vertical conducting plane was located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. All other surfaces of EUT were at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface.
3. The EUT and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedances stabilization network (LISN). The LISN provides a 50 ohm /50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment.
4. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs)
5. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord, except the ground (safety) conductor, was individually connected through a LISN to the input power source.
6. The excess length of the power cord between the EUT and the LISN receptacle were folded back and forth at the center of the lead to form a bundle not exceeding 40 cm in length.
7. Conducted emissions were investigated over the frequency range from 0.15MHz to 30MHz using a receiver bandwidth of 9 kHz.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

### TEST RESULTS

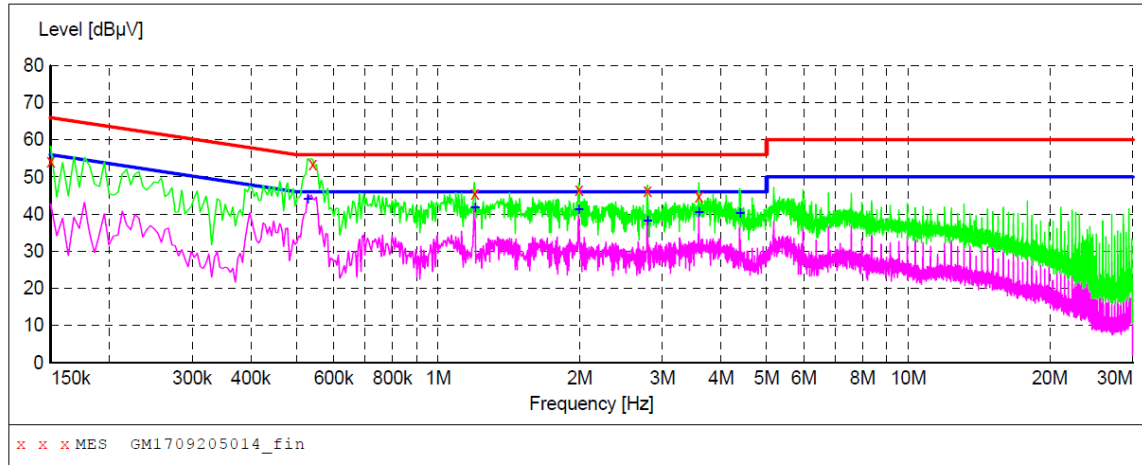
☒ Passed      ☐ Not Applicable

Note:

- 1) Transd= Cable lose + Pulse Limiter Factor + Artificial Mains Factor
- 2) Margin= Limit - Level

Test Line:

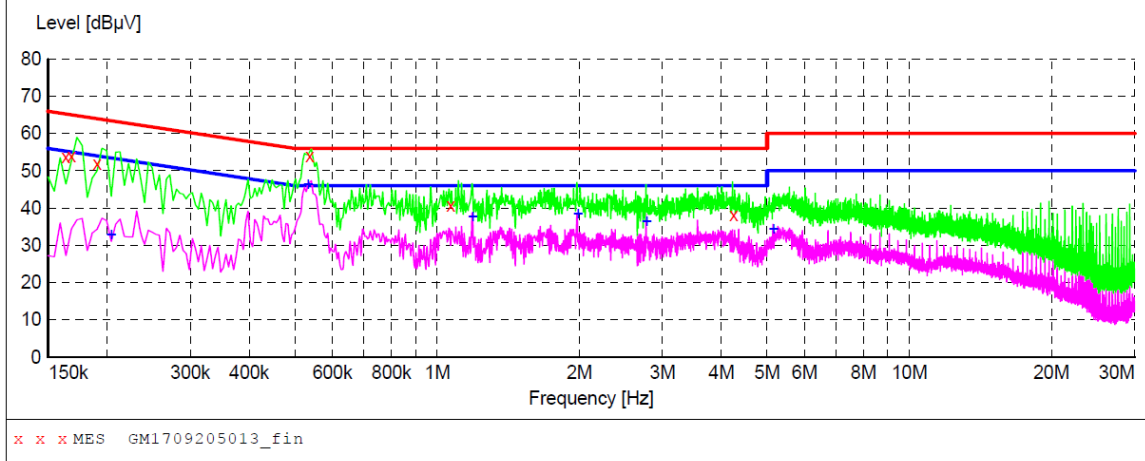
L



Frequency MHz	Level dBμV	Transd dB	Limit dBμV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.150000	54.20	10.4	66	11.8	QP	L1	GND
0.541500	53.40	10.2	56	2.6	QP	L1	GND
1.198500	45.60	10.2	56	10.4	QP	L1	GND
1.995000	46.50	10.2	56	9.5	QP	L1	GND
2.791500	46.40	10.2	56	9.6	QP	L1	GND
3.588000	44.80	10.3	56	11.2	QP	L1	GND
Frequency MHz	Level dBμV	Transd dB	Limit dBμV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.528000	44.10	10.2	46	1.9	AV	L1	GND
1.198500	41.70	10.2	46	4.3	AV	L1	GND
1.995000	41.30	10.2	46	4.7	AV	L1	GND
2.791500	38.10	10.2	46	7.9	AV	L1	GND
3.592500	40.50	10.3	46	5.5	AV	L1	GND
4.389000	40.20	10.3	46	5.8	AV	L1	GND

Test Line:

N



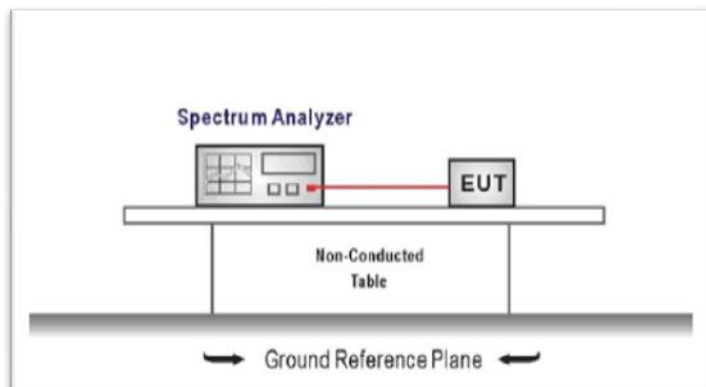
Frequency MHz	Level dBμV	Transd dB	Limit dBμV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.163500	53.70	10.4	65	11.6	QP	N	GND
0.168000	53.90	10.4	65	11.2	QP	N	GND
0.190500	52.00	10.3	64	12.0	QP	N	GND
0.537000	54.00	10.2	56	2.0	QP	N	GND
1.068000	40.70	10.2	56	15.3	QP	N	GND
4.249500	38.20	10.3	56	17.8	QP	N	GND
Frequency MHz	Level dBμV	Transd dB	Limit dBμV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.204000	32.90	10.3	53	20.5	AV	N	GND
0.532500	45.80	10.2	46	0.4	AV	N	GND
1.189500	37.60	10.2	46	8.4	AV	N	GND
1.986000	38.50	10.2	46	7.5	AV	N	GND
2.778000	36.30	10.2	46	9.7	AV	N	GND
5.158500	34.30	10.3	50	15.7	AV	N	GND

### 5.3. Conducted Peak Output Power

#### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)(1): For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the pathloss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
 Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel  
 RBW  $\geq$  the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW  $\geq$  RBW  
 Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

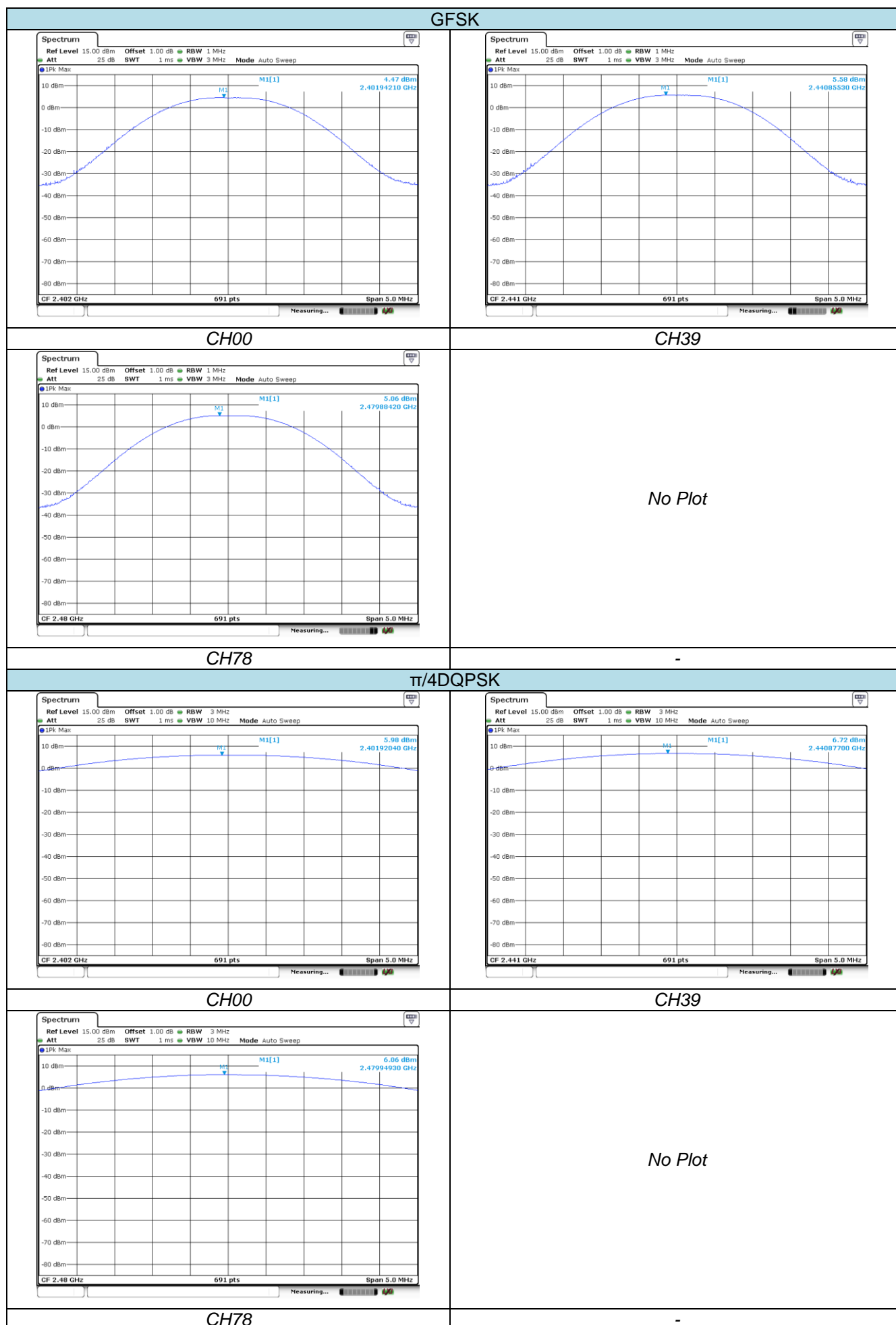
#### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

#### TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed      ☐ Not Applicable

Modulation type	Channel	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
GFSK	00	4.47	$\leq 30.00$	Pass
	39	5.58		
	78	5.06		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	00	5.98	$\leq 21.00$	Pass
	39	6.72		
	78	6.06		
8DPSK	00	6.02	$\leq 21.00$	Pass
	39	6.82		
	78	6.12		





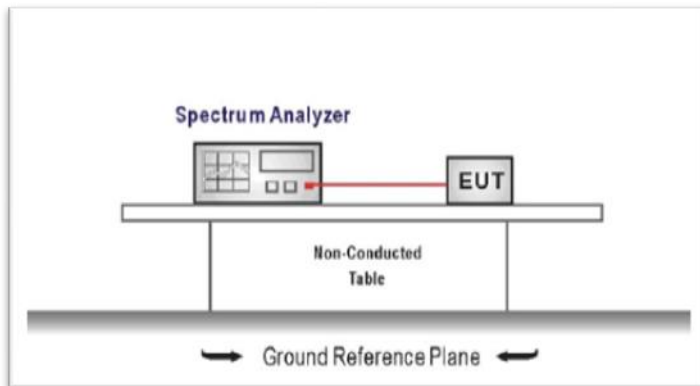


## 5.4. 20 dB Bandwidth

### LIMIT

N/A

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
 Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel  
 RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth, VBW  $\geq$  RBW  
 Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

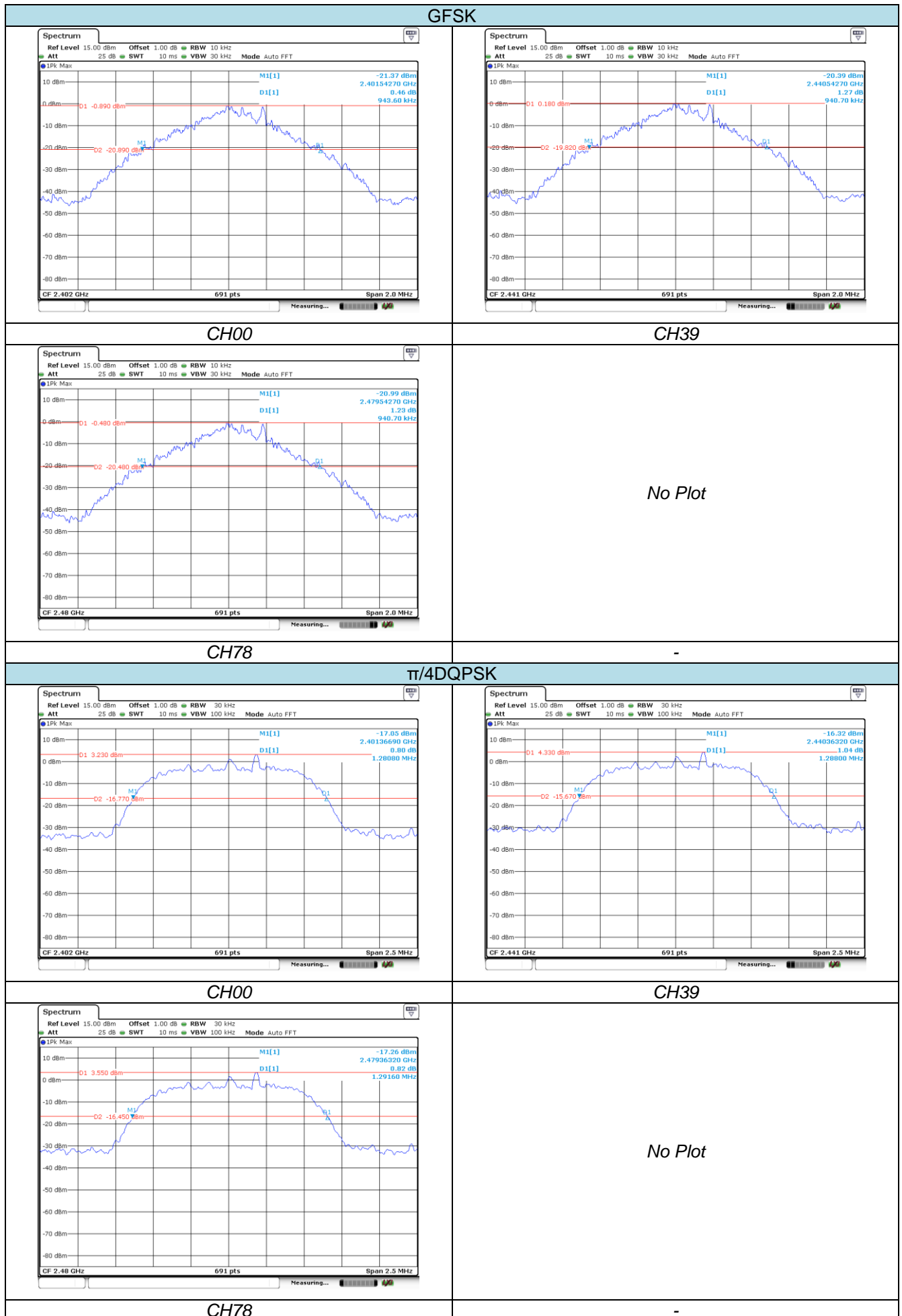
### TEST MODE:

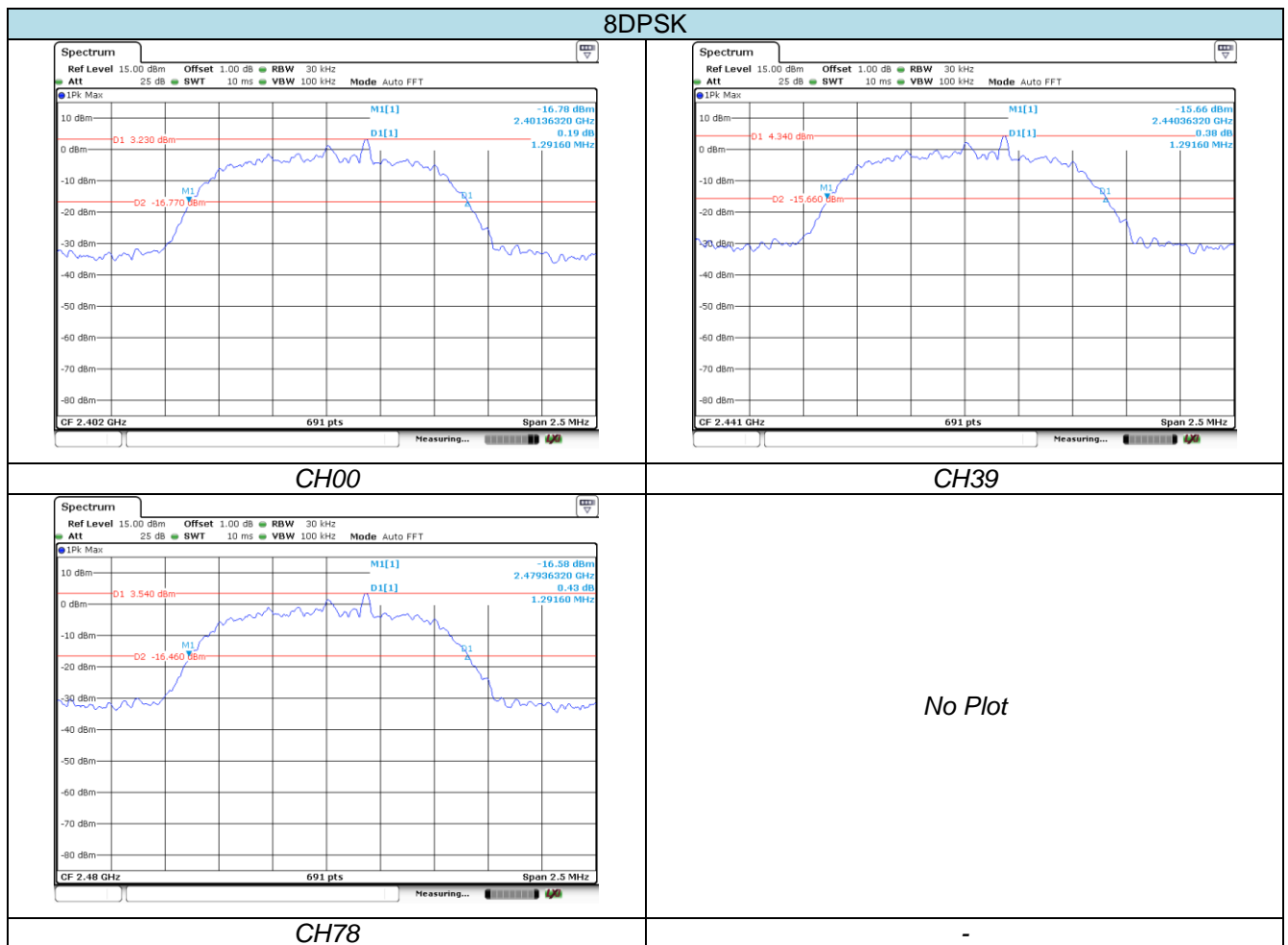
Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed      ☐ Not Applicable

Modulation type	Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
GFSK	00	0.944	-	Pass
	39	0.941		
	78	0.941		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	00	1.281	-	Pass
	39	1.288		
	78	1.292		
8DPSK	00	1.292	-	Pass
	39	1.292		
	78	1.292		



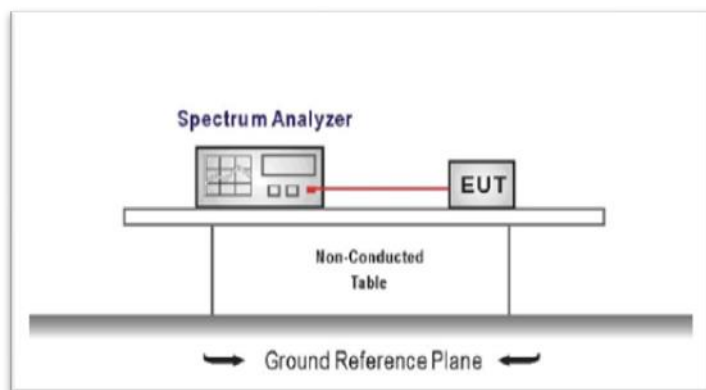


## 5.5. Carrier Frequencies Separation

### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1): Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25 kHz or the  $2/3 \times 20$  dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels  
RBW  $\geq 1\%$  of the span, VBW  $\geq$  RBW  
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

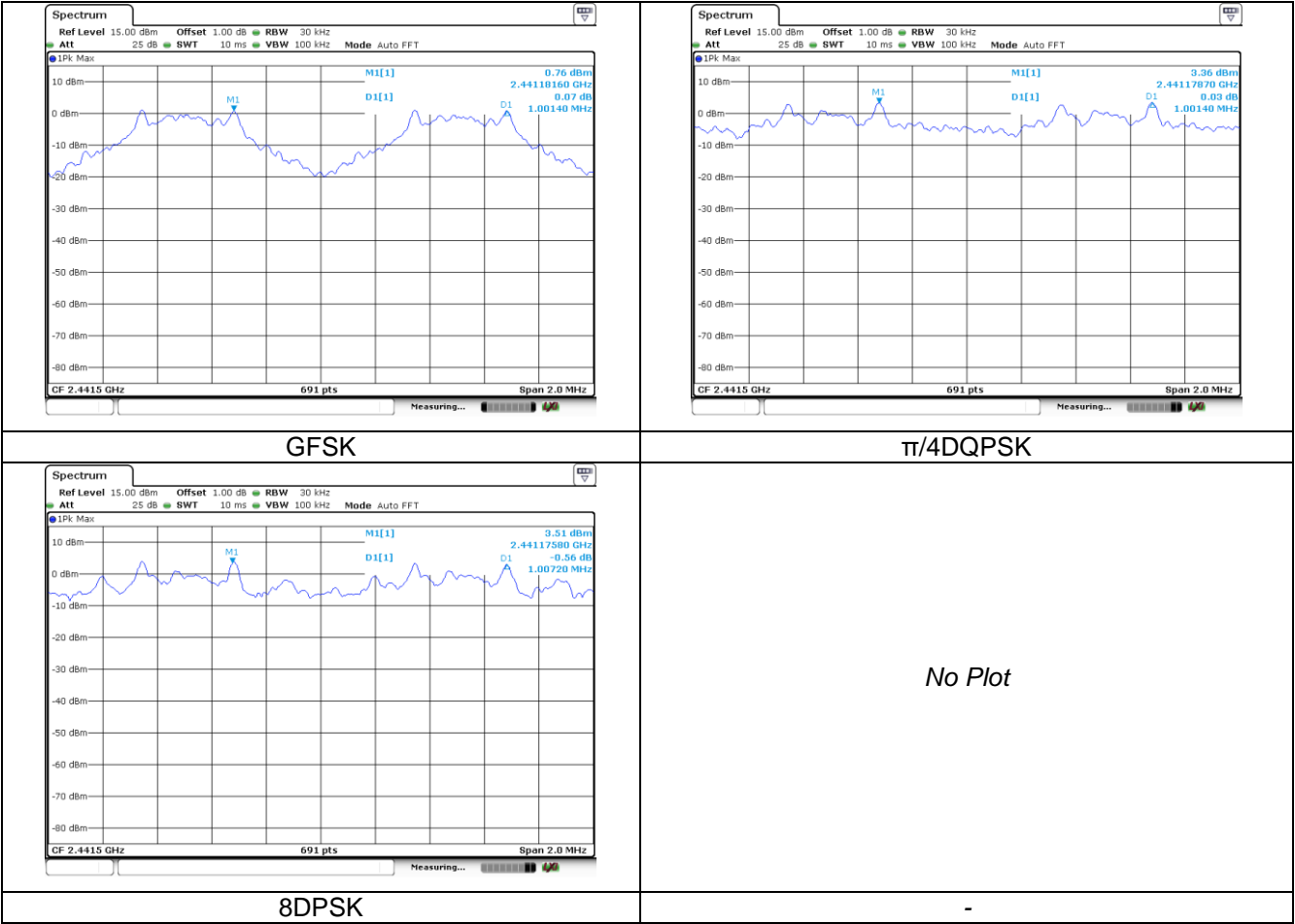
Modulation type	Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (MHz)	Limit (MHz) *	Result
GFSK	39	1.001	$\geq 0.944$	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	39	1.001	$\geq 0.861$	Pass
8DPSK	39	1.007	$\geq 0.861$	Pass

Note:

\*: GFSK limit = The maximum 20 dB Bandwidth for GFSK modulation on the section 5.4.

$\pi/4$ DQPSK limit =  $2/3 \times$  The maximum 20 dB Bandwidth for  $\pi/4$ DQPSK modulation on the section 5.4.

8DPSK limit =  $2/3 \times$  The maximum 20 dB Bandwidth for 8DPSK modulation on the section 5.4

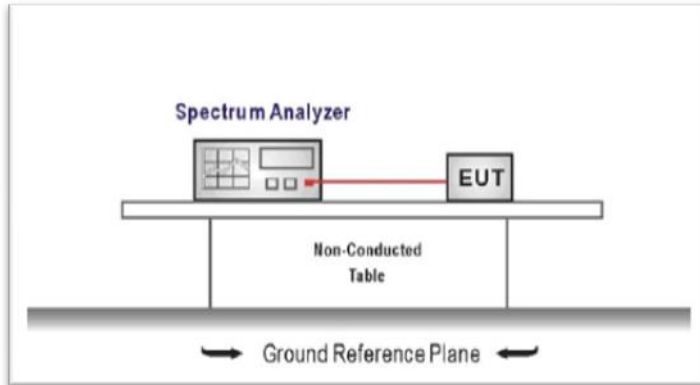


## 5.6. Hopping Channel Number

### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1): Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least **15** channels.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = the frequency band of operation  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span, VBW  $\geq$  RBW  
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Modulation type	Channel number	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	$\geq 15.00$	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79		
8DPSK	79		

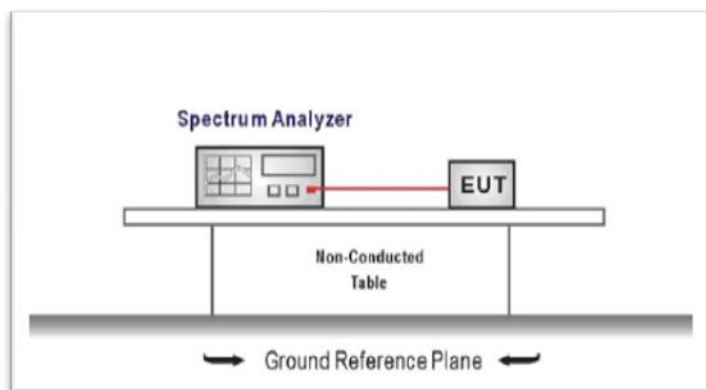


## 5.7. Dwell Time

### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1):The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a pe-riod of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel, RBW= 1 MHz, VBW ≥ RBW  
Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel,  
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

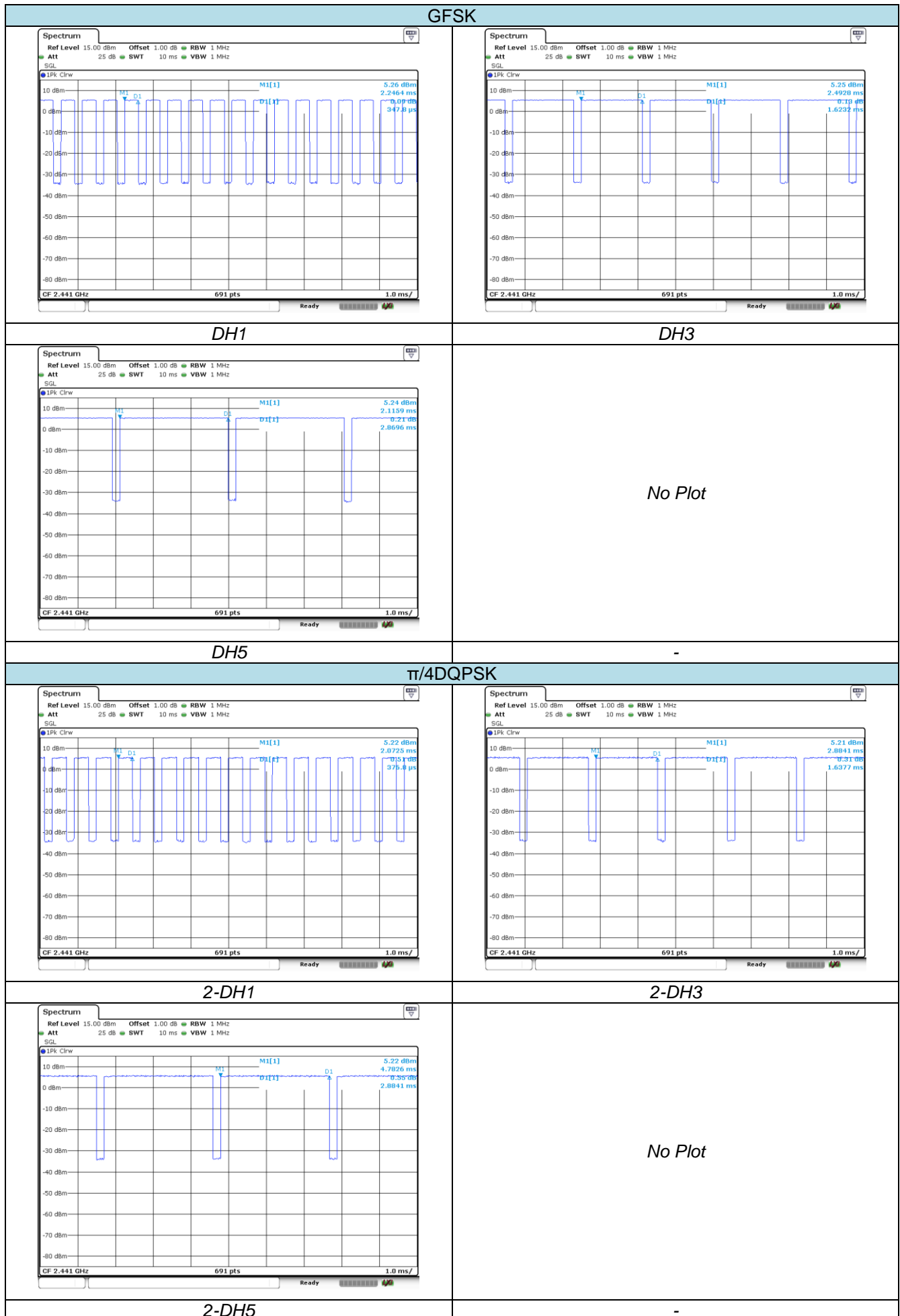
☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

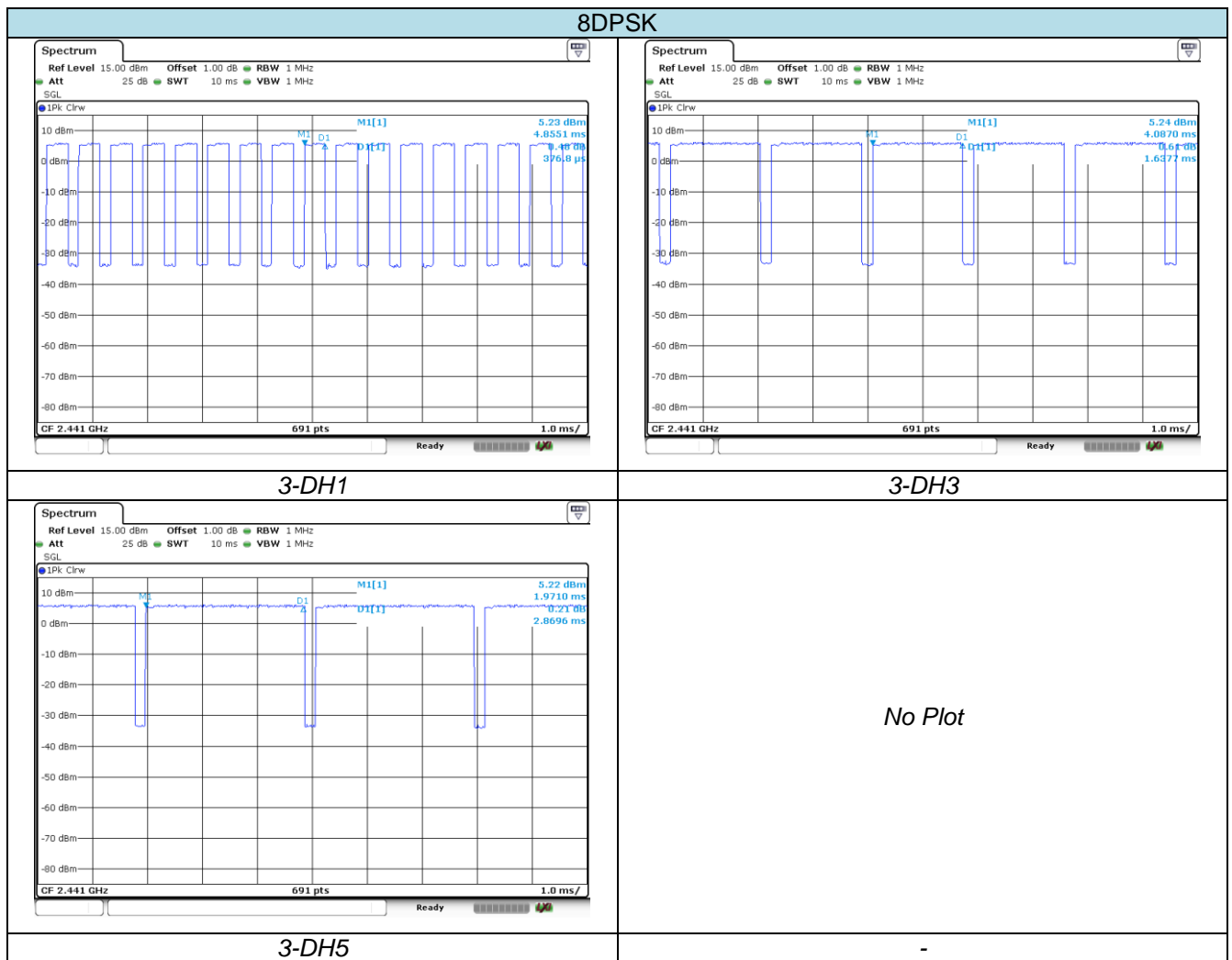
Modulation type	Channel	Dwell time (Second)	Limit (Second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.111	≤ 0.40	Pass
	DH3	0.260		
	DH5	0.306		
π/4DQPSK	2DH1	0.121	≤ 0.40	Pass
	2DH3	0.262		
	2DH5	0.308		
8DPSK	3DH1	0.121	≤ 0.40	Pass
	3DH3	0.262		
	3DH5	0.306		

Note:

1. We have tested all mode at high,middle and low channel,and recoreded worst case at middle channel.
2. Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 2 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH1, 2DH1, 3DH1  
Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 4 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH3, 2DH3, 3DH3  
Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH5, 2DH5, 3DH5







## 5.8. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

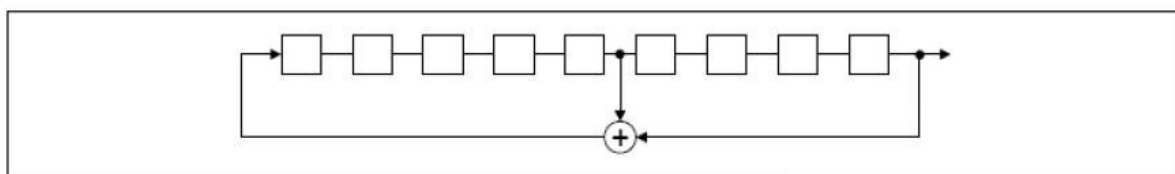
### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1): Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo-randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### TEST RESULTS

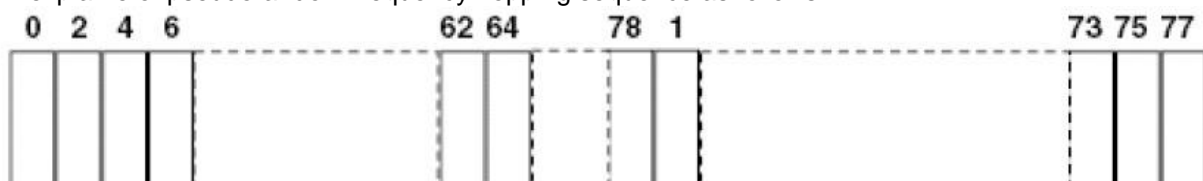
The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:  $2^9 - 1 = 511$  bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



*Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence*

An example of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:



Each frequency used equally one the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

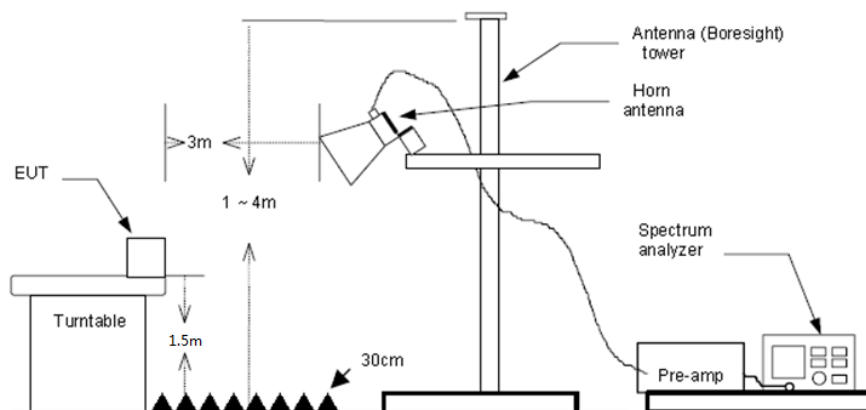
## 5.9. Restricted band (radiated)

### LIMIT

#### **FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (d):**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, Radiated Emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the Radiated Emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was setup and tested according to ANSI C63.10:2013 for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.
2. The EUT is placed on a turn table which is 1.5 meter above ground. The turn table is rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level.
3. The EUT was positioned such that the distance from antenna to the EUT was 3 meters.
4. The antenna is scanned from 1 meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna. In order to find the maximum emission, all of the interface cables were manipulated according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on radiated measurement.
5. The receiver set as follow:  
RBW=1 MHz, VBW=3 MHz Peak detector for Peak value  
RBW=1 MHz, VBW=10 Hz Peak detector for Average value.

### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Note:

- 1) Final level= Read level + Antenna Factor+ Cable Loss- Preamp Factor
- 2) Have pre-scan all modulation mode, found the GFSK modulation which it was worst case, so only the worst case's data on the test report.
- 3) The peak level is lower than average limit(54 dBuV/m), this data is the too weak instrument of signal is unable to test.

CH00									
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2310.00	33.24	28.05	6.62	37.65	30.26	74.00	-43.74	Horizontal	Peak
2390.03	43.19	27.65	6.75	37.87	39.72	74.00	-34.28	Horizontal	Peak
2310.00	40.92	28.05	6.62	37.65	37.94	74.00	-36.06	Vertical	Peak
2390.03	49.68	27.65	6.75	37.87	46.21	74.00	-27.79	Vertical	Peak
2310.00	22.71	28.05	6.62	37.65	19.73	54.00	-34.27	Horizontal	Average
2390.03	22.41	27.65	6.75	37.87	18.94	54.00	-35.06	Horizontal	Average
2310.00	22.97	28.05	6.62	37.65	19.99	54.00	-34.01	Vertical	Average
2390.03	22.77	27.65	6.75	37.87	19.30	54.00	-34.70	Vertical	Average

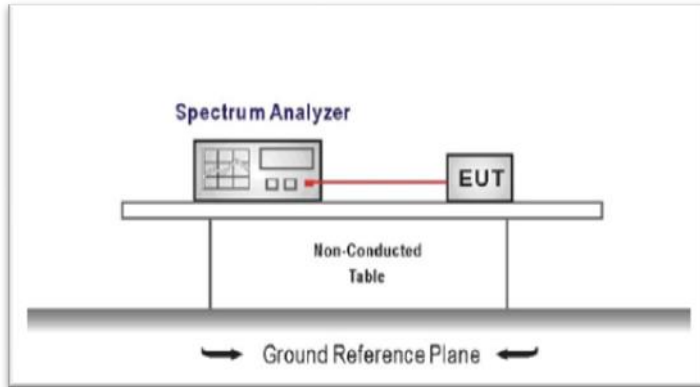
CH78									
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2483.50	47.29	27.26	6.83	37.87	43.51	74.00	-30.49	Horizontal	Peak
2490.10	51.77	27.24	6.83	37.87	47.97	74.00	-26.03	Horizontal	Peak
2500.00	34.02	27.20	6.84	37.87	30.19	74.00	-43.81	Horizontal	Peak
2483.50	40.59	27.26	6.83	37.87	36.81	74.00	-37.19	Vertical	Peak
2500.00	36.48	27.20	6.84	37.87	32.65	74.00	-41.35	Vertical	Peak
2483.50	38.95	27.26	6.83	37.87	35.17	54.00	-18.83	Horizontal	Average
2500.00	22.50	27.20	6.84	37.87	18.67	54.00	-35.33	Horizontal	Average
2483.50	35.42	27.26	6.83	37.87	31.64	54.00	-22.36	Vertical	Average
2500.00	23.22	27.20	6.84	37.87	19.39	54.00	-34.61	Vertical	Average

## 5.10. Band edge and Spurious Emissions (conducted)

### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

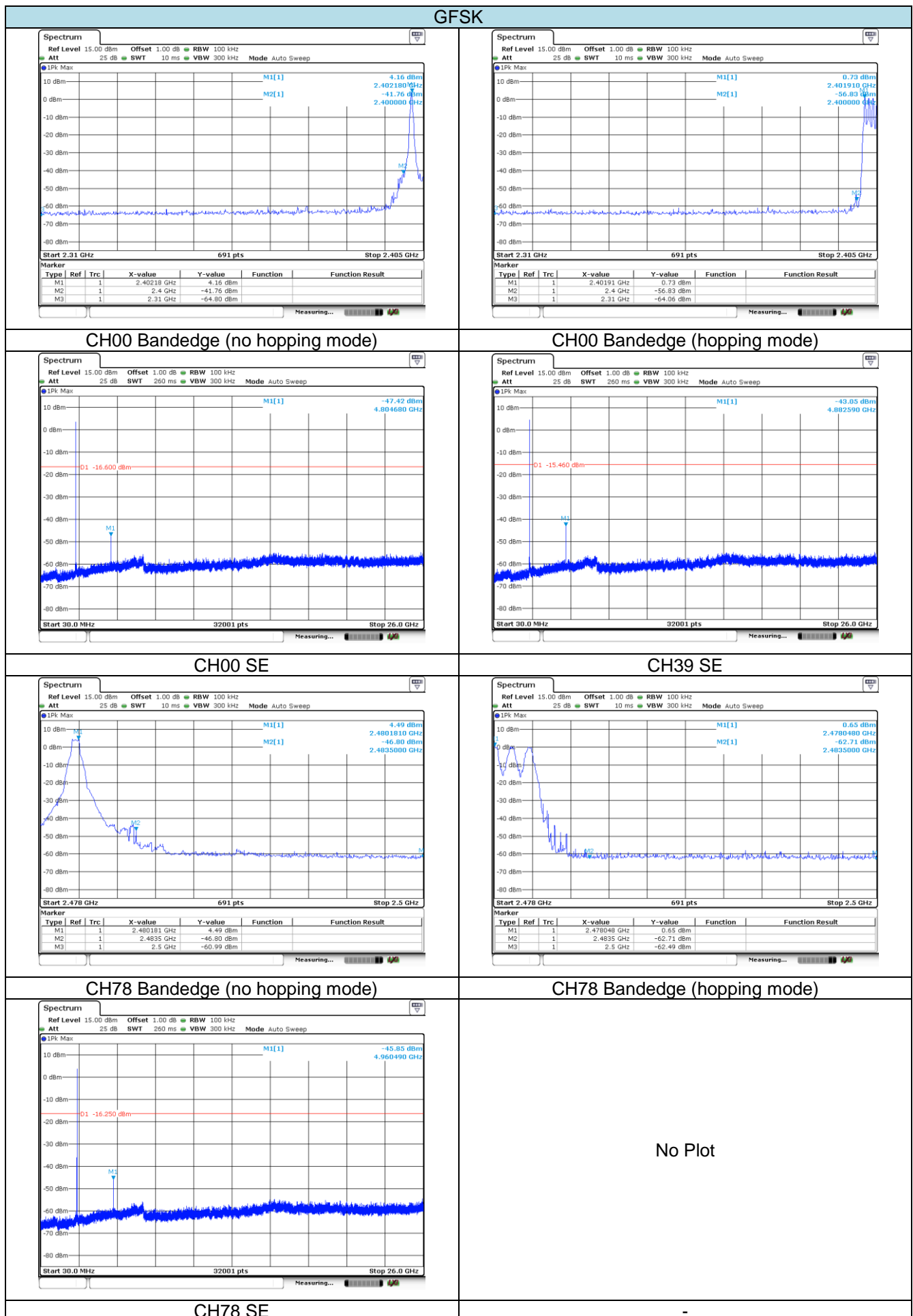
1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW  $\geq$  RBW  
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

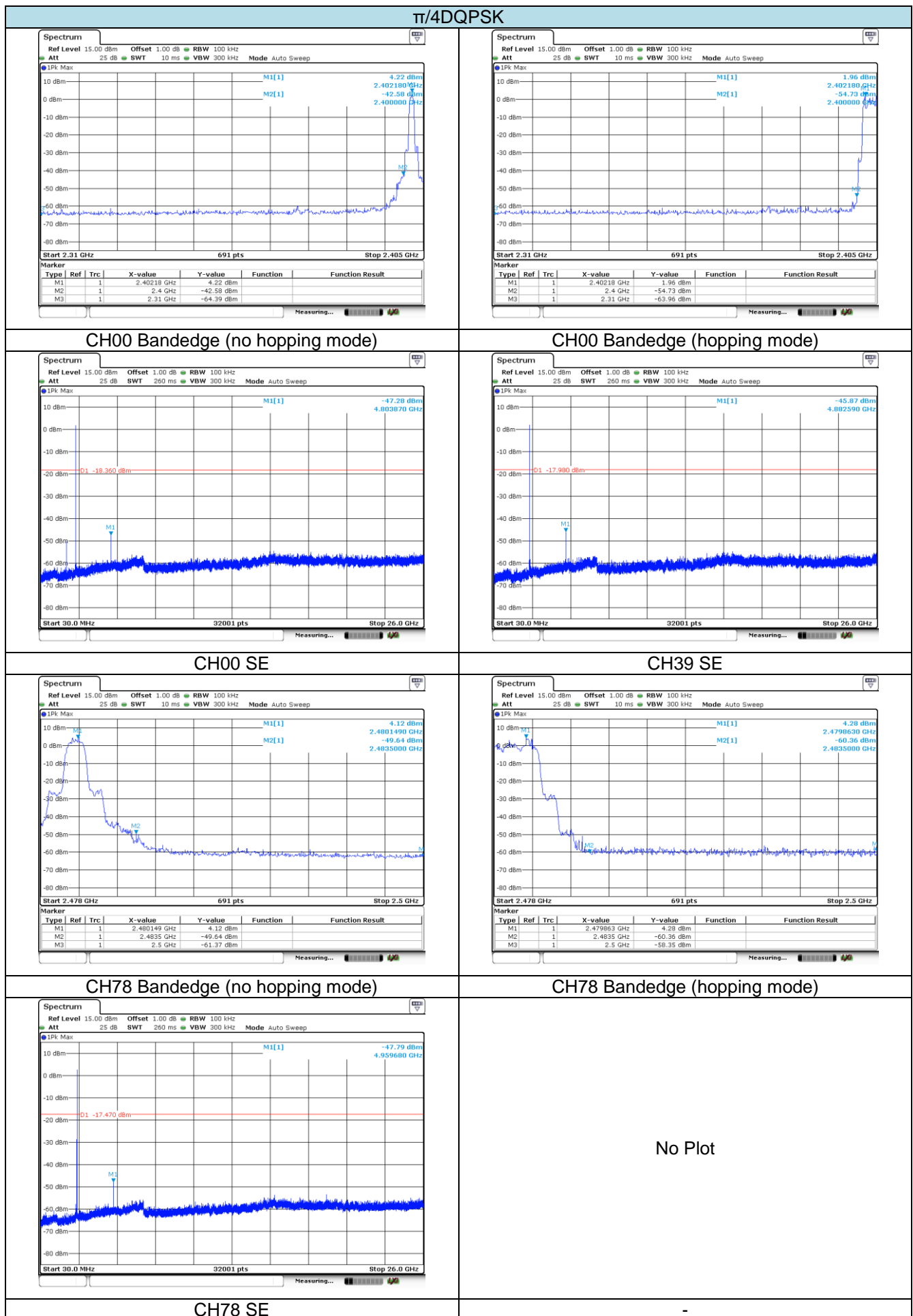
### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

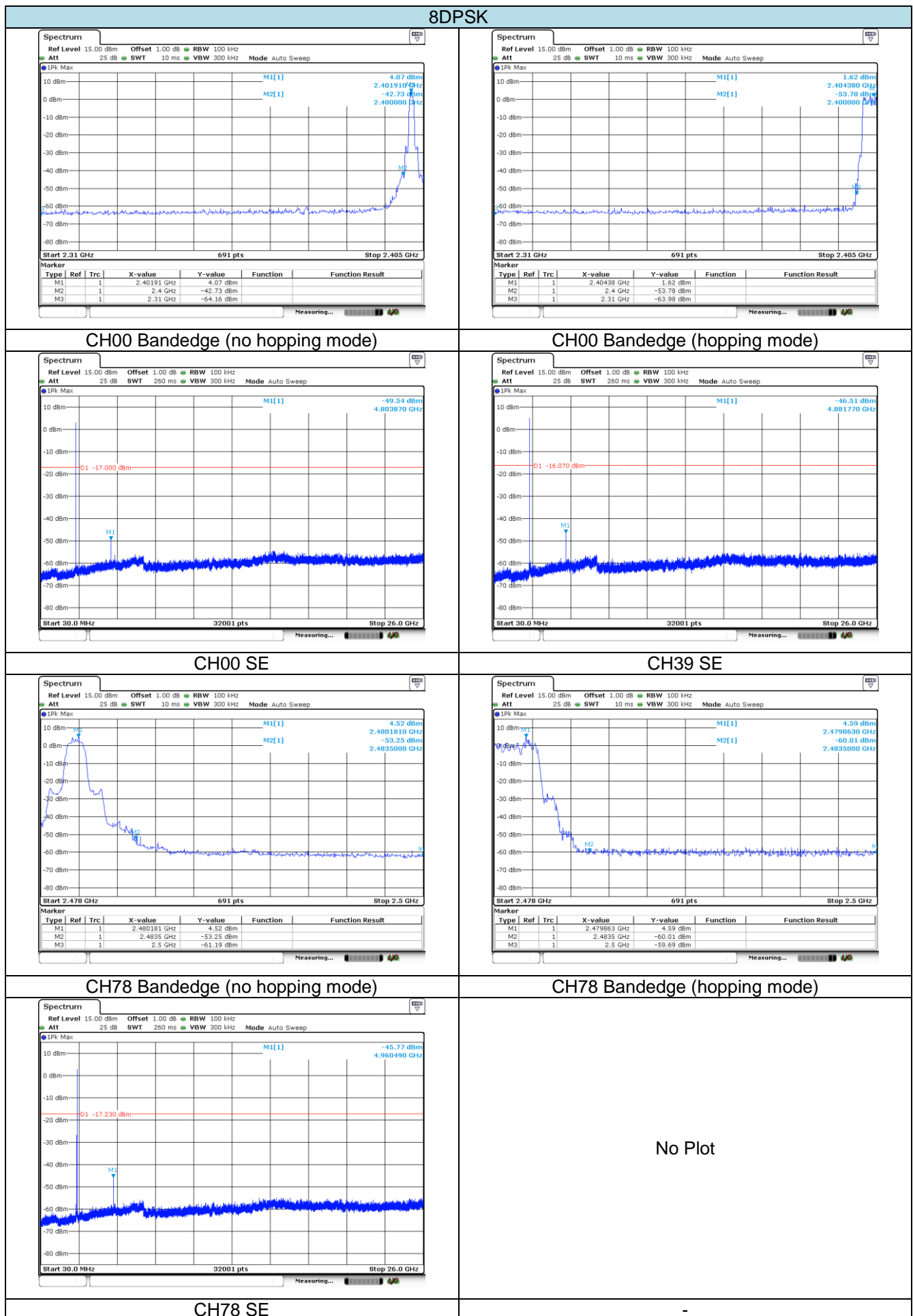
### TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed      ☐ Not Applicable









## 5.11. Spurious Emissions (radiated)

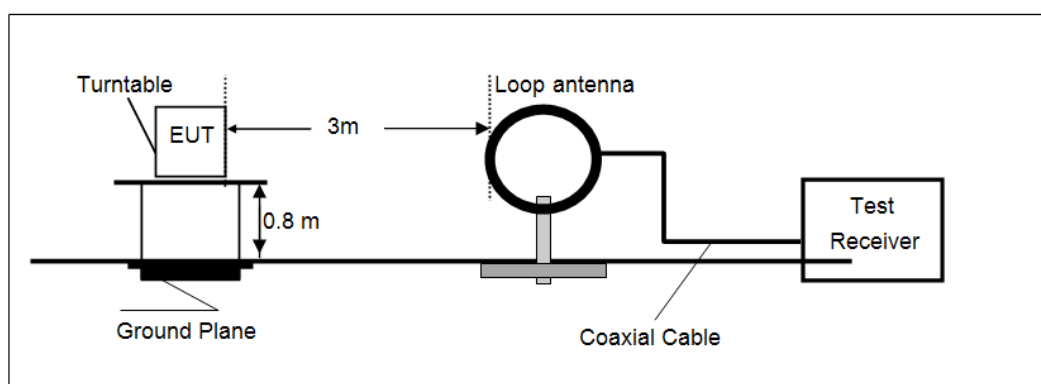
### LIMIT

#### FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.209

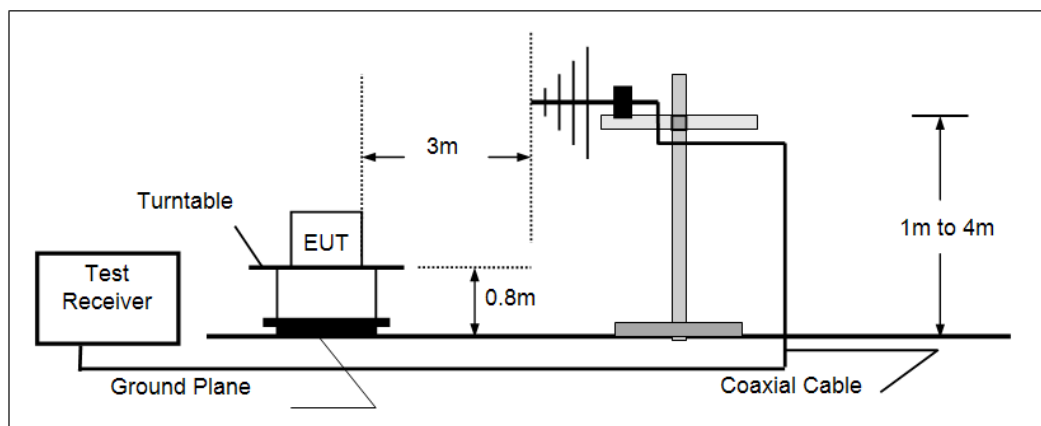
Frequency	Limit (dBuV/m @3m)	Value
30 MHz ~ 88 MHz	40.00	Quasi-peak
88 MHz ~ 216 MHz	43.50	Quasi-peak
216 MHz ~ 960 MHz	46.00	Quasi-peak
960 MHz ~ 1 GHz	54.00	Quasi-peak
Above 1 GHz	54.00	Average
	74.00	Peak

### TEST CONFIGURATION

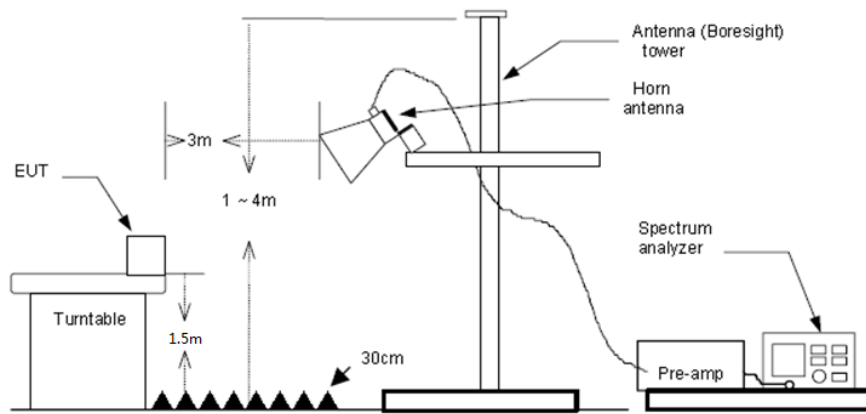
- Below 30 MHz



- 30 MHz ~1000 MHz



- Above 1 GHz



## TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was tested according to ANSI C63.10:2013.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable which is 0.8 meter above ground. The turn table is rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level.
3. The EUT was positioned such that the distance from antenna to the EUT was 3 meters.
4. The antenna is scanned from 1 meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Below 1 GHz, RBW=120 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, Sweep=auto, Detector function=peak, Trace=max hold; If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.
  - (3) Above 1 GHz, RBW=1 MHz, VBW=3 MHz Peak detector for Peak value  
RBW=1 MHz, VBW=10 Hz Peak detector for Average value.

## TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

## TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Note:

- 1) Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
- 2) The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
- 3) Below 1 GHz, Have pre-scan all modulation mode, found the GFSK modulation High channel which it was worst case, so only the worst case's data on the test report.
- 4) Above 1 GHz, Have pre-scan all modulation mode, found the GFSK modulation which it was worst case, so only the worst case's data on the test report
- 5) The peak level is lower than average limit(54 dBuV/m), this data is the too weak instrument of signal is unable to test.

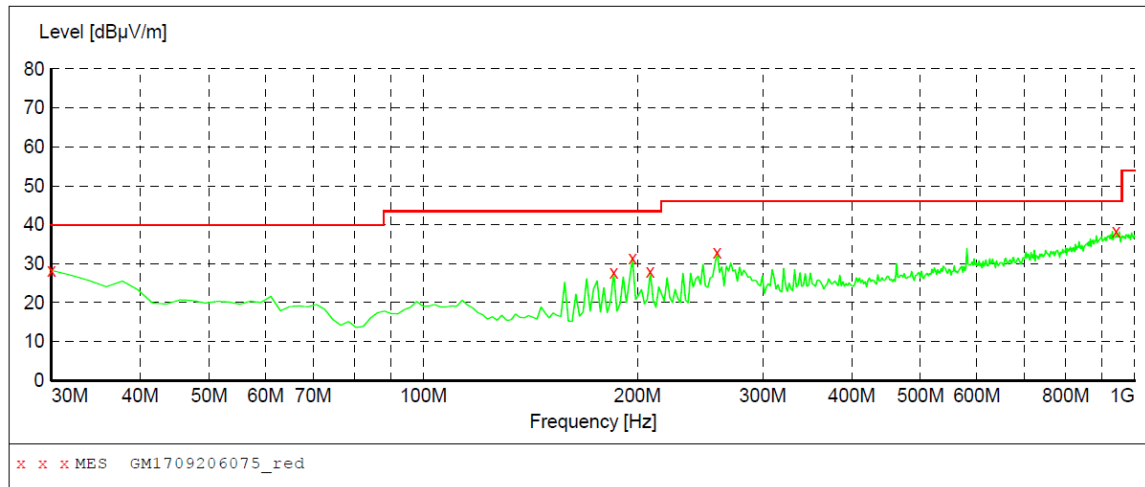
### ➤ 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

## ➤ 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Polarization:

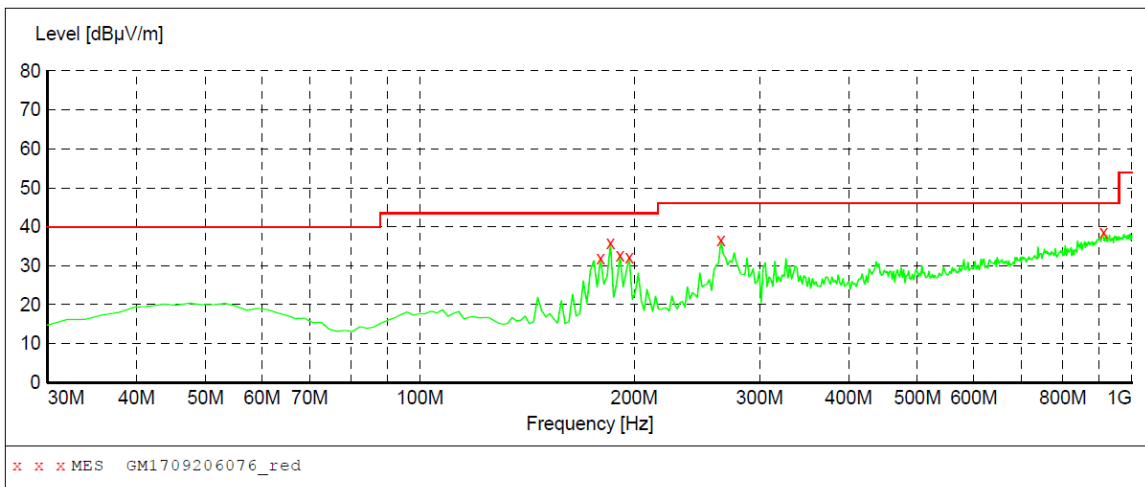
Vertical



Frequency MHz	Level dBμV/m	Transd dB	Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Det.	Height cm	Azimuth deg	Polarization
30.000000	28.30	-13.3	40.0	11.7	QP	100.0	159.00	VERTICAL
185.200000	27.80	-11.7	43.5	15.7	QP	100.0	159.00	VERTICAL
196.840000	31.60	-9.8	43.5	11.9	QP	100.0	279.00	VERTICAL
208.480000	27.90	-10.5	43.5	15.6	QP	100.0	267.00	VERTICAL
258.920000	33.00	-8.2	46.0	13.0	QP	100.0	332.00	VERTICAL
941.800000	38.30	7.2	46.0	7.7	QP	100.0	279.00	VERTICAL

Polarization:

Horizontal



Frequency MHz	Level dBμV/m	Transd dB	Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Det.	Height cm	Azimuth deg	Polarization
179.380000	31.90	-12.3	43.5	11.6	QP	100.0	204.00	HORIZONTAL
185.200000	35.90	-11.7	43.5	7.6	QP	100.0	193.00	HORIZONTAL
191.020000	32.70	-10.9	43.5	10.8	QP	300.0	360.00	HORIZONTAL
196.840000	32.30	-9.8	43.5	11.2	QP	300.0	360.00	HORIZONTAL
264.740000	36.60	-8.0	46.0	9.4	QP	100.0	204.00	HORIZONTAL
912.700000	38.50	6.9	46.0	7.5	QP	300.0	0.00	HORIZONTAL

## ➤ Above 1 GHz

CH00									
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2086.86	44.87	26.65	6.34	37.32	40.54	74.00	-33.46	Vertical	Peak
2980.33	39.03	28.58	7.47	38.24	36.84	74.00	-37.16	Vertical	Peak
4858.72	33.51	31.48	9.58	36.80	37.77	74.00	-36.23	Vertical	Peak
7527.83	35.09	36.13	12.49	34.92	48.79	74.00	-25.21	Vertical	Peak
1498.91	52.80	25.80	5.28	36.59	47.29	74.00	-26.71	Horizontal	Peak
3283.02	40.72	28.30	7.82	38.35	38.49	74.00	-35.51	Horizontal	Peak
4983.99	37.91	31.48	9.66	36.44	42.61	74.00	-31.39	Horizontal	Peak
7172.41	31.44	36.04	11.86	35.04	44.30	74.00	-29.70	Horizontal	Peak

CH39									
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
1498.91	47.10	25.80	5.28	36.59	41.59	74.00	-32.41	Vertical	Peak
3192.37	37.46	28.80	7.71	38.20	35.77	74.00	-38.23	Vertical	Peak
4983.99	43.68	31.48	9.66	36.44	48.38	74.00	-25.62	Vertical	Peak
7045.74	31.77	35.44	11.85	34.86	44.20	74.00	-29.80	Vertical	Peak
2097.51	45.53	26.69	6.35	37.32	41.25	74.00	-32.75	Horizontal	Peak
3299.78	38.82	28.20	7.84	38.37	36.49	74.00	-37.51	Horizontal	Peak
4736.60	33.86	31.35	9.51	37.05	37.67	74.00	-36.33	Horizontal	Peak
7172.41	32.14	36.04	11.86	35.04	45.00	74.00	-29.00	Horizontal	Peak

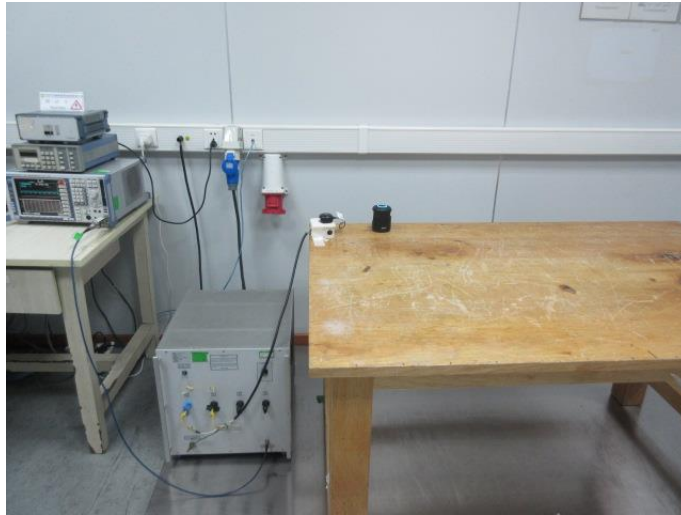
CH78									
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
1498.91	47.41	25.80	5.28	36.59	41.90	74.00	-32.10	Vertical	Peak
3299.78	40.69	28.20	7.84	38.37	38.36	74.00	-35.64	Vertical	Peak
4958.68	33.91	31.46	9.64	36.52	38.49	74.00	-35.51	Vertical	Peak
6678.99	32.05	34.20	11.45	35.21	42.49	74.00	-31.51	Vertical	Peak
1498.91	46.28	25.80	5.28	36.59	40.77	74.00	-33.23	Horizontal	Peak
2995.54	39.28	28.60	7.48	38.23	37.13	74.00	-36.87	Horizontal	Peak
4958.68	36.75	31.46	9.64	36.52	41.33	74.00	-32.67	Horizontal	Peak
6412.43	33.19	33.39	11.01	35.31	42.28	74.00	-31.72	Horizontal	Peak

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The peak level is lower than average limit(54 dBuV/m), this data is the too weak instrument of signal is unable to test.
3. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.

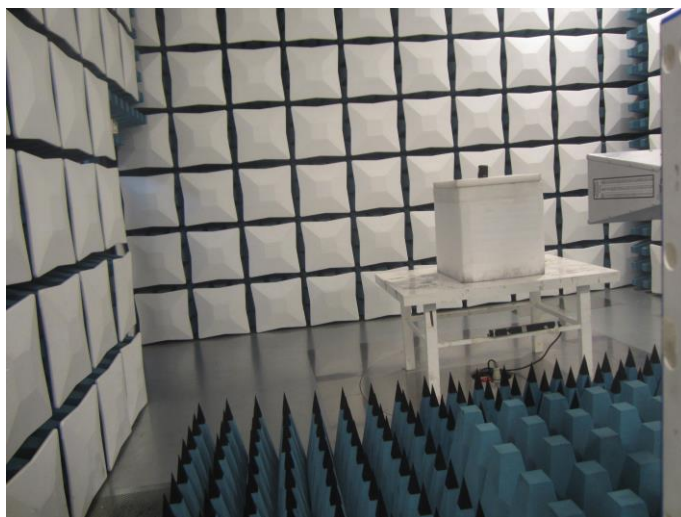
## 6. TEST SETUP PHOTOS

### Conducted Emissions (AC Mains)



### Radiated Emissions





## **7. EXTERANAL AND INTERNAL PHOTOS**

Reference to Test Report No.: TRE1709008401.

-----End of Report-----