

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std 1528-2013

For SMART WATCH with 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth

FCC ID: 2AB8ZND11 Model Name: SAR8A80

Report Number: 15U21916-S1V1 Issue Date: 10/13/2015

Prepared for

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Table of Contents

1.	Attestation of Test Results	4
2.	Test Specification, Methods and Procedures	5
3.	Facilities and Accreditation	5
4.	SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment	6
4.1		
4.2	2. SAR Scan Procedures	7
4.3	B. Test Equipment	9
5.	Measurement Uncertainty	9
6.	Device Under Test (DUT) Information	10
6.1	1. DUT Description	10
6.2	2. Wireless Technologies	10
6.3	3. Nominal and Maximum Output Power from Tune-up Procedure	10
7.	RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)	11
8.	Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check	12
8.1	1. Dielectric Property Measurements	12
8.2	2. System Check	13
9.	Conducted Output Power Measurements	14
9.1	1. Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (DTS Band)	14
9.2	P. Bluetooth	14
10.	Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results	15
10.	.1. Wi-Fi (DTS Band)	
10	.2. Bluetooth	16
11.	SAR Measurement Variability	17
12.	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis	17
Appe	endixes	18
150	U21916-S1V1SAR_App A Photos & Ant. Locations	18
15l	U21916-S1V1SAR_App B System Check Plots	18
	U21916-S1V1SAR_App C Highest Test Plots	
150	U21916-S1V1SAR_App D Tissue Ingredients	18
150	U21916-S1V1SAR_App E Probe Cal. Certificates	18
150	U21916-S1V1SAR_App F Dipole Cal. Certificates	18

1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	INTEL CORPORATION				
FCC ID	2AB8ZND11				
Model Name	SAR8A80				
	FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093				
Applicable Standards	Published RF expos	ure KDB procedure	S		
	IEEE Std 1528-2013	3			
	SAR Li	imits (W/Kg)			
Exposure Category	Peak spatial-average(1g of tissue) Extremities (hands, wrists, ankles, etc.) (10g of tissue)				
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.0	6	4		
	The Highest R	eported SAR (W/kg)		
DE Eynacura Canditions		Equipm	ent Class		
RF Exposure Conditions	Licensed	DTS	U-NII	DSS (BT)	
Next To Mouth (1g)	N1/A	0.040	N 1/0	<0.001	
Extremity (10g)	N/A 0.806 N/A 0.210			0.210	
Simultaneous Tx	N/A				
Date Tested	9/28/2015 to 9/29/2015				
Test Results	Pass				

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

Approved & Released By:	Prepared By:
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Program Manager	Laboratory Engineer
UL Verification Services Inc.	UL Verification Services Inc.

2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- o 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r01
- o 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- o 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- o 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
SAR Lab A	SAR Lab 1
SAR Lab B	SAR Lab 2
SAR Lab C	SAR Lab 3
SAR Lab D	SAR Lab 4
SAR Lab E	SAR Lab 5
SAR Lab F	
SAR Lab G	
SAR Lab H	

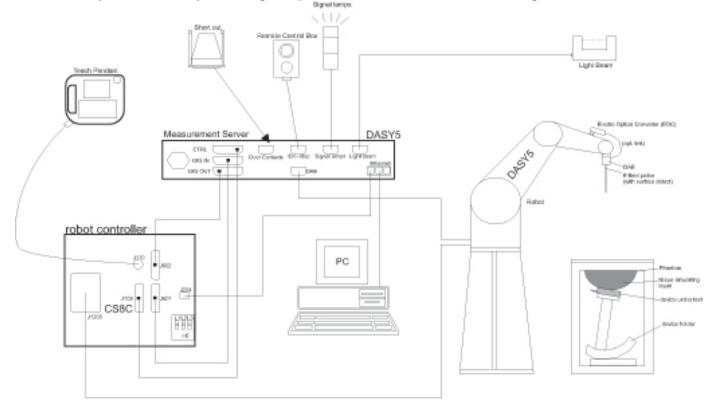
UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0.

Doc. No.: 1.0

4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
ximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} When the x or y dimension of the test measurement plane orientation, is so the measurement resolution must be x or y dimension of the test device w measurement point on the test devices.		on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3-4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4-5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5-6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	$\begin{array}{c} \text{graded} \\ \text{grid} \\ \end{array}$	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(\text{n-1})$		
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Dielectric Property Measurements

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	MY40001647	7/28/2016
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1103	2/17/2016
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK 200 BA	2/17/2016
Thermometer	Control Company	Traceable	140493798	8/4/2016

System Check

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Synthesized Signal Generator	Agilent	8665B	3438A00633	9/4/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U11347	8/28/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U11364	8/10/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	8481A	2702860780	6/25/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	8481A	3318A95392	10/10/2016
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1808938	N/A
Bi-directional coupler	Werlatone, Inc.	C8060-102	2710	N/A
DC Power Supply	HP	6296A	2841A-05955	N/A
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab 1)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7356	4/22/2016
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab 1)	SPEAG	DAE4	1352	11/7/2015
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	706	5/11/2016
Thermometer (SAR Lab 1)	EXTECH	445703	CCS-205	3/20/2016

Other

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A	MY55196007	7/2/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY53260010	7/8/2016

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

6.1. DUT Description

Device Dimension	Overall (Length x Width): 54.35 mm x 49 mm Overall Diagonal: 61.1 mm Display Diagonal: 39 mm			
Back Cover	☐ The rechargeable battery is	s not user accessible.		
Battery Options		s not user accessible.		
Wireless Router (Hotspot)	Not supported			
Wi-Fi Direct	Not supported			
	S/N	IMEI	Notes	
	GLDD06FZ5370049	N/A	RADIATED UNIT	
Test sample information	GLDD06FZ537005F	N/A	RADIATED UNIT	
	GLDPD1FZ636008P	N/A	CONDUCTED UNIT	
Hardware Version	DVT			
Software Version	DVT			

6.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz	802.11b 802.11g	100%
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	802.11n (HT20) Version 4.1 LE	77.5% (DH5)

6.3. Nominal and Maximum Output Power from Tune-up Procedure

KDB 447498 sec.4.1.(3) at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit

Upper limit (dB):	-1.5 ~ 0.5	Max. RF Outpu	t Power (dBm)
RF Air interface	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up tolerance limit
	802.11b	16.00	16.50
WiFi 2.4 GHz	802.11g	16.00	16.50
	802.11n HT20	16.00	16.50
Blue	etooth	10.25	10.75
Bluet	ooth LE	9.25	9.75

7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

Refer to "SAR Photos and Ant locations" Appendix for the specific details of the antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-edge(s) distances.

Wireless technologies	RF Exposure Conditions	DUT-to-User Separation	Test Position	Antenna-to- edge/surface	SAR Required
WLAN	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	0	Rear	N/A	Yes
	Next to Mouth	10	Front	N/A	Yes
Bluetooth	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	0	Rear	N/A	Yes
	Next to Mouth	10	Front	N/A	Yes

Notes:

A flat phantom was chosen for wrist-worn extremity and Next to Mouth SAR testing in accordance with KDB 447498 §6.2.

8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

8.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	Н	ead	B	ody
raiget Frequency (MH2)	ε _r	ஏ (S/m)	٤ _٢	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

SAR Lab 1

Date	Freq. (MHz)		Liq	uid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)
	Head 2450 Head 2450 Head 2410 Head 2410 Head 2475 Body 2450 Body 2410 Head 2410 Head 2475 Body 2410 Body 2410 Head 2470 Head 2470 Head 2475 Body 2410 Head 2470 Head 2475 Body 2410 Head 2470 Head 2475 Body 2410 Head 2475 Head 2475 Head 2475 Head 2475 Head 2475 Head 2475 Body 2475 Head 2475	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	38.42	39.20	-1.99	5		
	Head 2450	e"	13.7600	Conductivity (σ):	1.87	1.80	4.14	5
0/28/2015	Head 2410	e'	38.6100	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	38.61	39.28	-1.70	5
9/20/2013	Tieau 2410	e"	13.6500	Conductivity (σ):	1.83	1.76	3.90	5
	Hood 2475	e'	38.3000	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	38.30	39.17	-2.22	5
	Tieau 2475	e"	13.8200	Conductivity (σ):	1.90	1.83	4.10	5
	Body 2450	e'	53.0500	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.05	52.70	0.66	5
	B00y 2430	e"	15.0000	Conductivity (σ):	2.04	1.95	4.79	5
0/29/2015	Pody 2410	e'	53.1300	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.13	52.76	0.70	5
9/20/2015	Body 2410	e"	14.9200	Conductivity (σ):	2.00	1.91	4.82	5
	Body 2475	e'	52.9500	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	52.95	52.67	0.53	5
	Dody 2475	e"	15.0400	Conductivity (σ):	2.07	1.99	4.26	5

8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center
 marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the
 phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole
 center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
 For 5 GHz band The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference Target SAR Values

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Frog (MHz)	Target SAR Values (W/kg)				
System Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Freq. (MHz)	1g/10g	Head	Body		
D2450\/2	D2450V2 706 5/11/2015		2450	1g	52.60	51.30		
D2430V2			2450	10g	24.60	24.00		

System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

SAR Lab 1

	System	System Dipole		T C		d Results	Townst	Dalta	Diet
Date Tested	Туре	Serial #	T.S. Liquid		Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W	Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Plot No.
9/28/2015	D2450V2	706	Head	1g	5.57	55.7	52.60	5.89	1,2
3/20/2013	D2430V2	700	Head	10g	2.52	25.2	24.60	2.44	1,2
9/28/2015	D2450V2	706	Body	1g	5.33	53.3	51.30	3.90	
9/20/2015	728/2015 D2450V2 706 B		Бойу	10g	2.45	24.5	24.00	2.08	

9. Conducted Output Power Measurements

9.1. Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (DTS Band)

Measured Results

Band (GHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Max Output Power (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)	Note(s)
			1	2412	15.61			
	802.11b	1 Mbps	6	2437	15.55	16.50	Yes	
			11	2462	15.57			
			1	2412	15.81			
2.4	802.11g	6 Mbps	6	2437	15.75	16.50	No	1
			11	2462	15.82			
	000 44 =		1	2412	15.73			
	802.11n (HT20)	MCS0	6	2437	15.70	16.50	No	1
	(11120)		11	2462	15.71			

Note(s):

9.2. Bluetooth

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (mW)
		0	2402	10.73	11.83
	V3.0 + EDR, GFSK	39	2441	10.71	11.78
	GISK	78	2480	10.66	11.64
		0	2402	6.36	4.33
	V3.0 + EDR, π/4 DQPSK	39	2441	6.41	4.38
0.4	11/4 DQF3K	78	2480	6.20	4.17
2.4		0	2402	6.38	4.35
	V3.0 + EDR,	39	2441	6.44	4.41
	8-DPSK	78	2480	6.24	4.21
		0	2402	9.70	9.33
	V4.0 LE, GFSK	19	2440	9.65	9.23
	Gi'SK	39	2480	9.52	8.95

^{1.} SAR is not required for 802.11g/n HT20 channels when the highest <u>reported</u> SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11 v02r01:

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the <u>initial test position(s)</u> by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The <u>initial test position(s)</u> is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the <u>reported SAR</u> for the <u>initial test position</u> is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the <u>initial test position</u> to
 measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the
 highest maximum output power channel, until the <u>reported</u> SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the <u>reported</u> SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the <u>reported</u> SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII
 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not
 required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has
 the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤
 1.2 W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands
 independently for SAR.

To determine the <u>initial test position</u>, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the <u>Maximum Value of SAR</u> (measured). The position that produced the highest <u>Maximum Value of SAR</u> is considered the worst case position; thus used as the <u>initial test position</u>.

Page 15 of 18

10.1. Wi-Fi (DTS Band)

Frequency		RF Exposure	Dist.			Freq.	Area Scan	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)		Plot
Band	Mode	Conditions	(mm)	Test Position	MHz)	Max. SAR (W/kg)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Notes	No.	
	000 445				1	2412.0	0.030	16.50	15.61	0.019	0.023	2	
2.4GHz	802.11b 1 Mbps	Next To Mouth	10	Front	6	2437.0	0.043	16.50	15.55	0.032	0.040		1
	i ivibps				11	2462.0	0.034	16.50	15.57	0.026	0.033	2	
Frequency		RF Exposure	Dist.			Freq.	Area Scan	Power	(dBm)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)		Plot
Band	Mode	Conditions	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Max. SAR (W/kg)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Notes	No.
	000 441				1	2412.0	1.39	16.50	15.61	0.625	0.767	2	
2.4GHz	802.11b 1 Mbps	Extremity	0	Rear	6	2437.0	1.42	16.50	15.55	0.618	0.769	1	
	1 Minh2				11	2462.0	1.63	16.50	15.57	0.651	0.806		2

Note(s):

- 1. Testing for a second channel was required because the <u>reported SAR</u> for this test position was >0.8 W/kg or 2 W/kg (1g and 10 g respectively).
- 2. Additional testing required in order satisfying IC requirements.

10.2. Bluetooth

Measured SAR

Frequency	RF Exposure		Dist.			Freq.	Power	Power (dBm)		R (W/kg)		Plot
Band	Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Test Position	ition Ch #.		Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Notes	No.
2.4 GHz	Next To Mouth	GFSK	10	Front	39	2441.0	10.75	10.71	<0.001	<0.001	1	3
Frequency	RF Exposure		Dist.				Freq. Power (dBm)		10-g SA	R (W/kg)		Plot
Band	Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Notes	No.
2.4 GHz	Extremity	GFSK	0	Rear	39	2441.0	10.75	10.71	0.208	0.210		4

Note(s):

 Unable to capture zoom scan due to low SAR results. Only able to capture noise on the area scan as depicted in the SAR plot.

11. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <1.6 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively) or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 or 3.6 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively).

Next to Mouth

Frequency	nd Air Interface RF Exposure Conditions Test			Repeated	Highest	Fir Repe		Sec Repe		Third Repeated
Band (MHz)		Test Position	SAR (Yes/No)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)	
2400	Wi-Fi 802.11b/g/n	Next to Mouth	Front	No	0.032	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2400	BT	Next to Mouth	Front	No	0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Extremity

Frequency				Repeated	Highest	Fir Repe		Sec Repe		Third Repeated
Band (MHz)	Band Air Interface RF Exposure Conditions Te	Test Position	SAR (Yes/No)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)	
2400	Wi-Fi 802.11b/g/n	Extremity	Rear	No	0.651	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2400	BT	Extremity	Rear	No	0.208	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note(s)

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-q or 10-q respectively).

12. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Per manufacturer's Operational Description, Device does not support Simultaneous Transmission.

Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

15U21916-S1V1SAR_App A Photos & Ant. Locations

15U21916-S1V1SAR_App B System Check Plots

15U21916-S1V1SAR_App C Highest Test Plots

15U21916-S1V1SAR_App D Tissue Ingredients

15U21916-S1V1SAR_App E Probe Cal. Certificates

15U21916-S1V1SAR_App F Dipole Cal. Certificates

END OF REPORT