

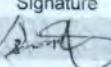
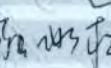
ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

F.1 E-Field Probe



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Client	baluntek	Certificate No: Z15-97196	
CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:7340		
Calibration Procedure(s)	FD-Z11-2-004-01 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes		
Calibration date:	December 10, 2015		
This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.			
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.			
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-14(TMC, No.JZ14-1103)	Mar-16
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-14(TMC, No.JZ14-1104)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	27-Feb-15(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_Feb15)	Feb-16
DAE4	SN 771	27-Jan-15(SPEAG, No.DAE4-771_Jan15)	Jan -16
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04255)	Jun-16
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	03-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00728)	Feb-16
Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	
Issued: December 11, 2015			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e. $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- **NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z}* frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- **DCPx,y,z:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- **PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- **A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A,B,C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- **ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z}* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- **Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- **Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_{x,y,z} (no uncertainty required).



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Probe EX3DV4

SN: 7340

Calibrated: December 10, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7340

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.51	0.48	0.45	$\pm 10.8\%$
DCP(mV) ^B	100.7	101.8	105.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/ μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	194.7	$\pm 2.2\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		188.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		183.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7340

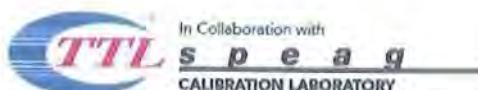
Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^g (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	41.5	0.92	9.56	9.56	9.56	0.12	1.42	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.22	8.22	8.22	0.22	1.08	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.15	8.15	8.15	0.21	1.09	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.48	0.72	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.34	0.98	±12%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.39	1.21	±13%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.39	1.20	±13%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.39	1.25	±13%

^c Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7340

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^g (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	55.2	0.99	9.83	9.83	9.83	0.15	1.46	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.87	7.87	7.87	0.20	1.16	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.51	7.51	7.51	0.18	1.30	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.35	0.97	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.34	1.02	±12%
5200	49.0	5.30	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.45	1.31	±13%
5600	48.5	5.77	3.98	3.98	3.98	0.48	1.33	±13%
5800	48.2	6.00	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.50	1.18	±13%

^c Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

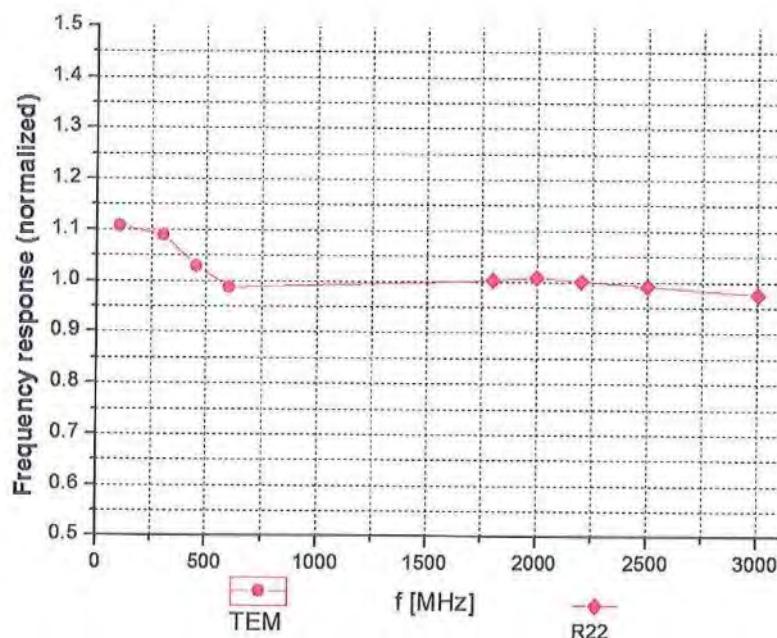
^f At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



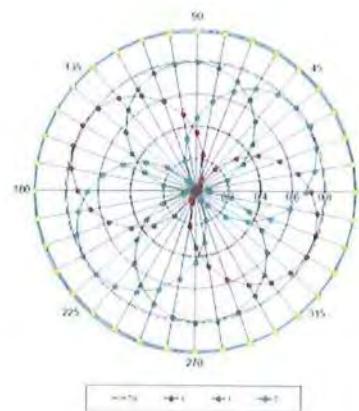
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.5\%$ ($k=2$)



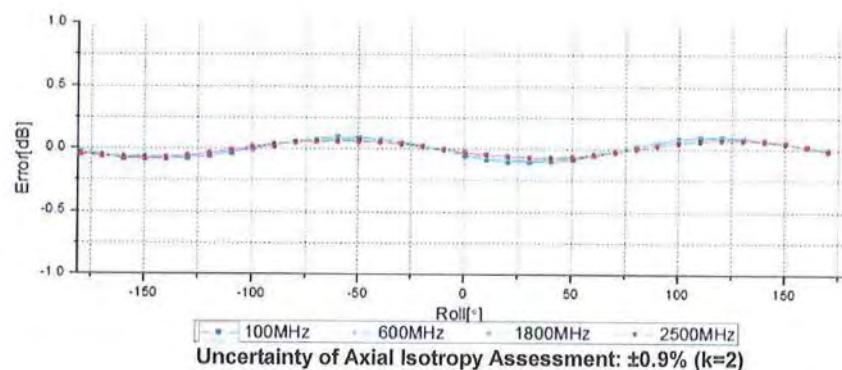
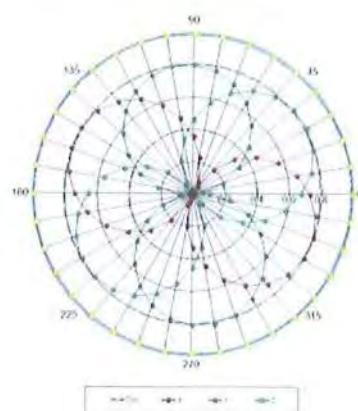
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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



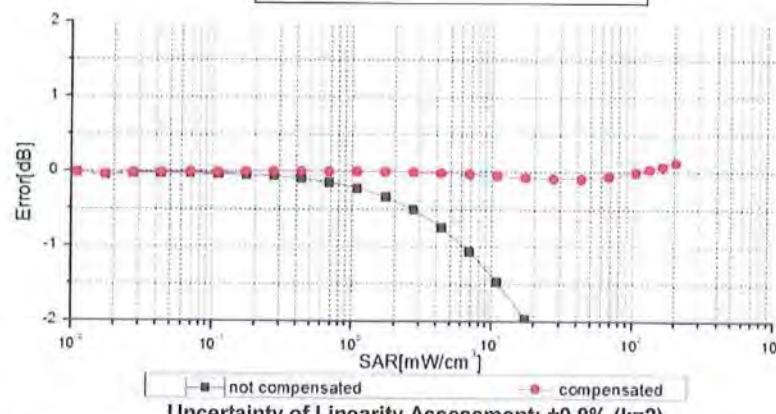
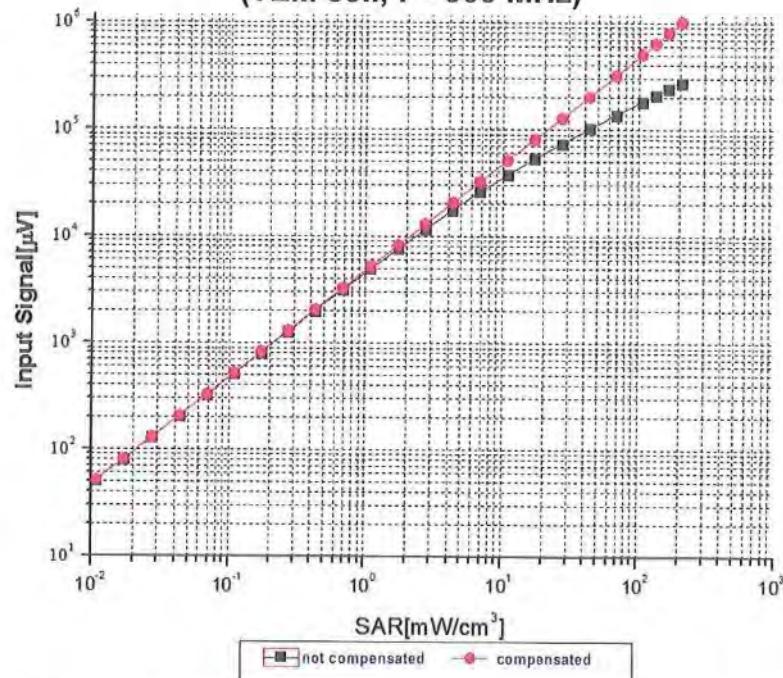
f=1800 MHz, R22





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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

Certificate No: Z15-97196

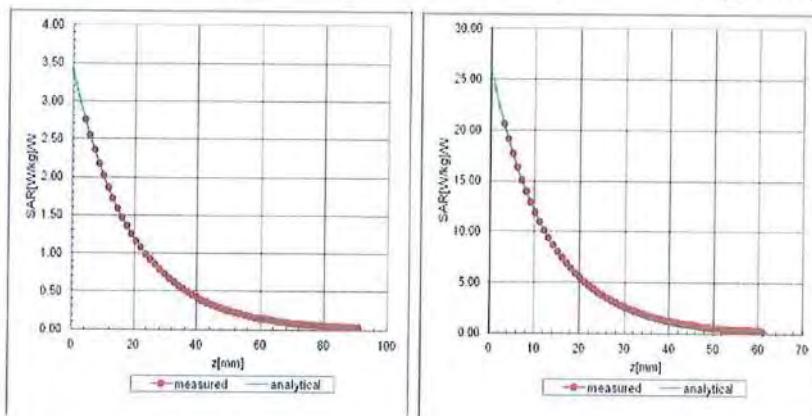
Page 9 of 11



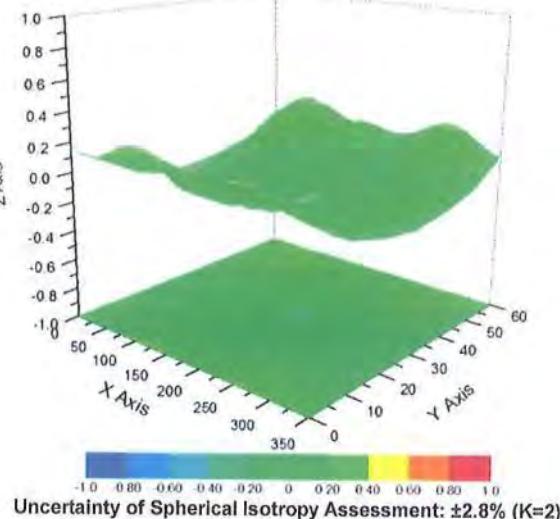
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Conversion Factor Assessment

$f=850 \text{ MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)}$ $f=1750 \text{ MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)}$



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid





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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7340

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	130.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

F.2 Data Acquisition Electronics

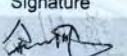
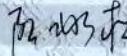
In Collaboration with
TTL **s p e a g**
CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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IAC-MRA **CNAS**
CALIBRATION No. L0570

Client : **baluntek** Certificate No: Z15-97195

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SN: 1454		
Calibration Procedure(s)	FD-Z11-2-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)		
Calibration date:	December 08, 2015		
<p>This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p>			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	06-July-15 (CTTL, No:J15X04257)	July-16
Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	
Issued: December 09, 2015			
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Certificate No: Z15-97195 Page 1 of 3



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Glossary:

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = $6.1\mu V$, full range = $-100...+300 mV$
Low Range: 1LSB = $61mV$, full range = $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.175 \pm 0.15\% (k=2)$	$403.666 \pm 0.15\% (k=2)$	$403.739 \pm 0.15\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$4.01281 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.9916 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.99929 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$317.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
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F.3 Dual Logo-CTTL-SPEAG-certificates

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

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P. R. China

Email: tulang@baluntek.com

Zurich, March 4, 2016/ kp

To whom it may concern:

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), established and reputable manufacturers of dosimetry equipment at Zeughausstrasse 43 CH - 8004 Zurich Switzerland, do hereby certify that below listed calibration certificates have been approved for release under CTTL-SPEAG dual-logo as per QAP4CAL agreement between SPEAG and CTTL Beijing SAR calibration lab.

Certificate No. Z15-97195 (calibration of DAE4 – SN: 1454)
Certificate No. Z15-97196 (calibration of EX3DV4 – SN: 7340)

Yours sincerely,

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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Dr. Katja Pokovic
Director Laboratory & Services

F.4 Dipole Performance Measurement Report

SAR Dipole Performance Measurement Report		ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.	
FOR Validation Dipoles			
			
<p>Tested by: <i>Tu Lang</i> Tu Lang (Engineer)</p> <p>Approved by: <i>Wei Yanquan</i> Wei Yanquan (Chief Engineer)</p> 	<p>Report No.: LW-SZ15C0264-701 EUT Type: SAR Validation Dipole Model Name: D835V2, D1750V2 D1900V2, D2450V2 D2600V2, D5GHzV2 Brand Name: Speag Test Conclusion: Pass Test Date: Oct. 23, 2015 ~ Oct. 26, 2015 Date of Issue: Oct. 29, 2015</p>		

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Introduction

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB 865664 D01 for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations. Instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, the reference dipoles were demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss have remain stable, so the longer calibration interval is acceptable.

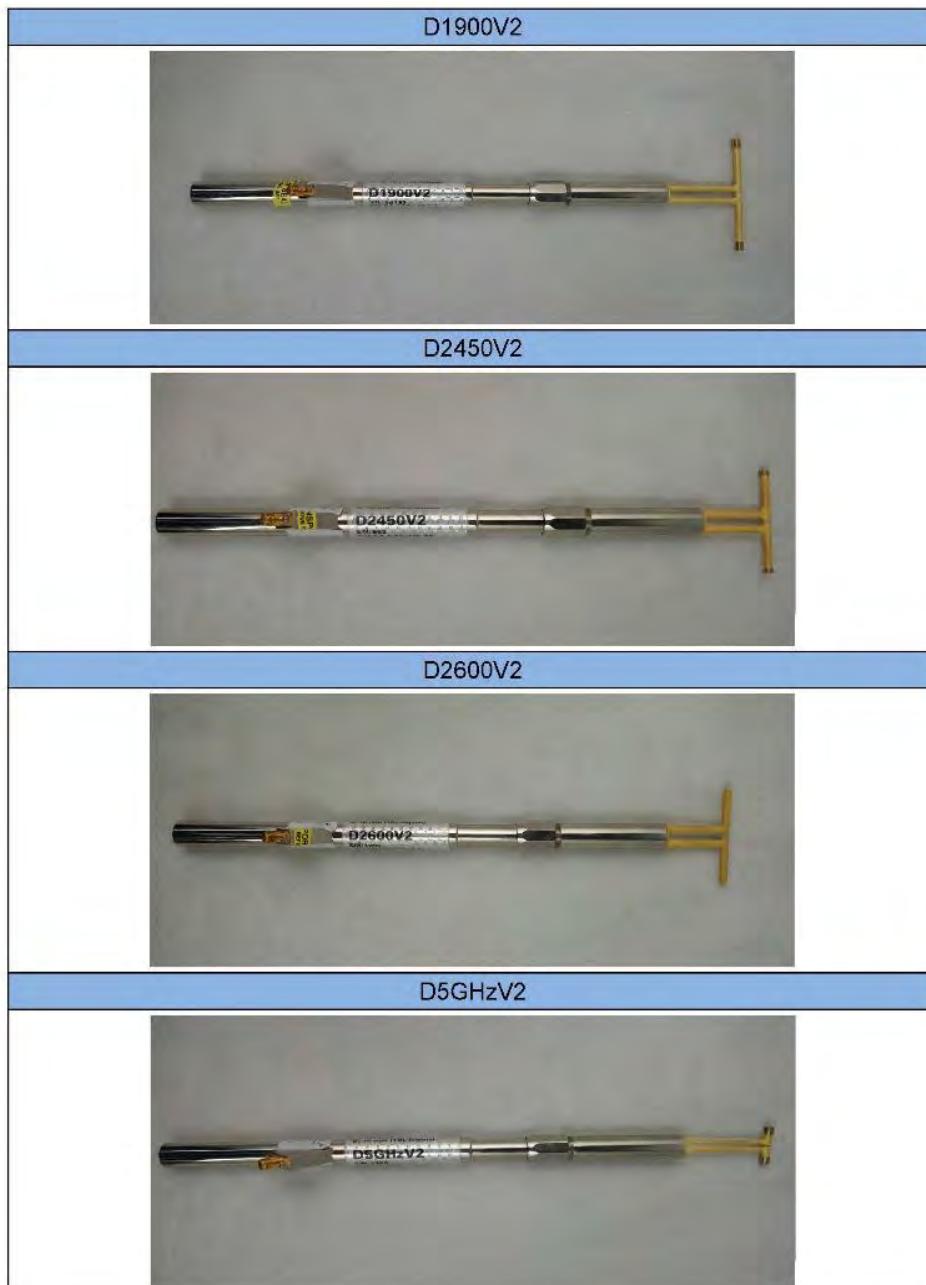
1.2 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	DASY 52 Reference Dipoles					
Manufacturer	Speag					

Parameter	EUT 1	EUT 2	EUT 3	EUT 4	EUT 5	EUT 6
Model	D835V2	D1750V2	D1900V2	D2450V2	D2600V2	D5GHzV2
Frequency	835 MHz	1750 MHz	1900 MHz	2450 MHz	2600 MHz	5GHz-6GHz
Serial Number	SN 4d187	SN 1130	SN 5d193	SN 952	SN 1095	SN 1200
Product Condition (New/ Used)	Used	Used	Used	Used	Used	Used
Last Cal. Date	2014/11/26	2014/11/28	2014/11/28	2014/11/27	2014/11/27	2014/12/4

1.3 EUT Photos







2 SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION

Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ϵ)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ϵ)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
Head	835	0.89	41.83	0.90	41.50	-1.11	0.80
Body	835	0.98	53.88	0.97	55.20	1.03	-2.39
Head	1750	1.38	39.23	1.37	40.10	0.73	-2.17
Body	1750	1.45	51.75	1.49	53.40	-2.68	-3.09
Head	1900	1.43	39.44	1.40	40.00	2.14	-1.40
Body	1900	1.55	51.61	1.52	53.30	1.97	-3.17
Head	2450	1.84	38.53	1.80	39.20	2.22	-1.71
Body	2450	1.99	51.17	1.95	52.70	2.05	-2.90
Head	2600	1.97	38.09	1.96	39.00	0.51	-2.33
Body	2600	2.20	50.81	2.16	52.50	1.85	-3.22
Head	5200	4.78	36.52	4.66	35.99	2.58	1.47
Body	5200	5.38	48.74	5.30	49.01	1.51	-0.55
Head	5600	5.20	35.06	5.07	35.53	2.56	-1.32
Body	5600	5.72	46.31	5.77	48.47	-0.87	-4.46
Head	5800	5.42	34.40	5.27	35.30	2.85	-2.55
Body	5800	5.92	46.06	6.00	48.20	-1.33	-4.44



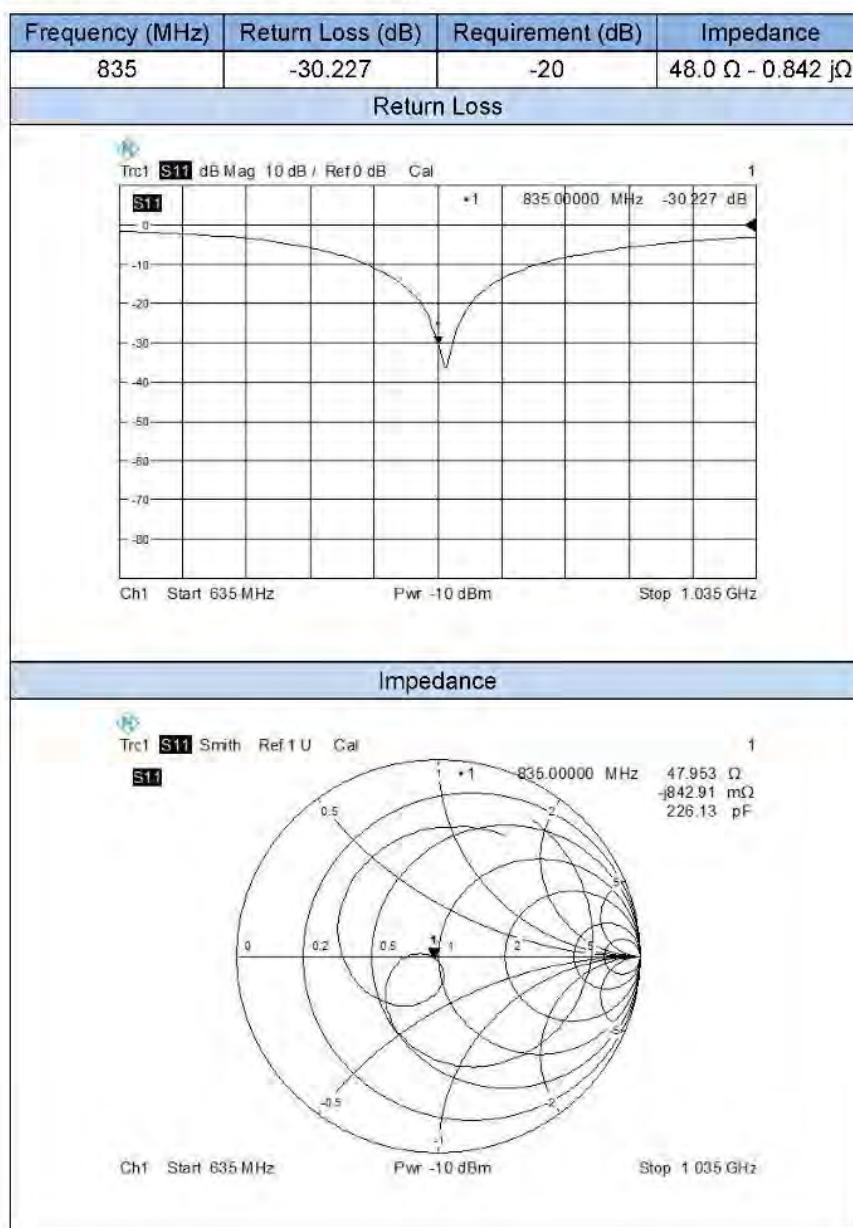
3 DIPOLE IMPEDANCE AND RETURN LOSS

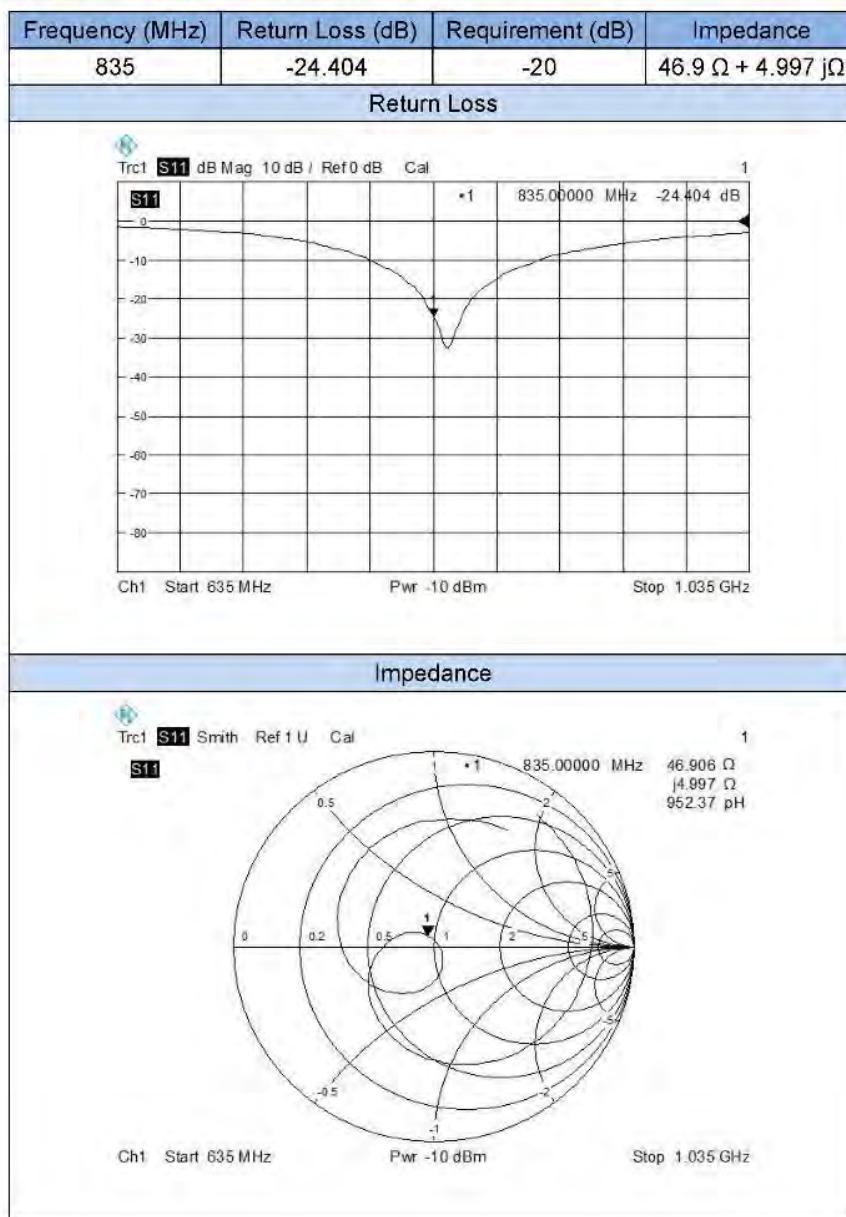
The dipoles are designed to have low return loss when presented against a flat phantom at the specified distance. A Vector Network Analyser was used to perform a return loss measurement on the specific dipole when in the measurement location against the phantom and the distance was specified by the manufacturer with a special, low loss and low relative permittivity spacer.

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with the network analyser.

3.1 D835V2

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID

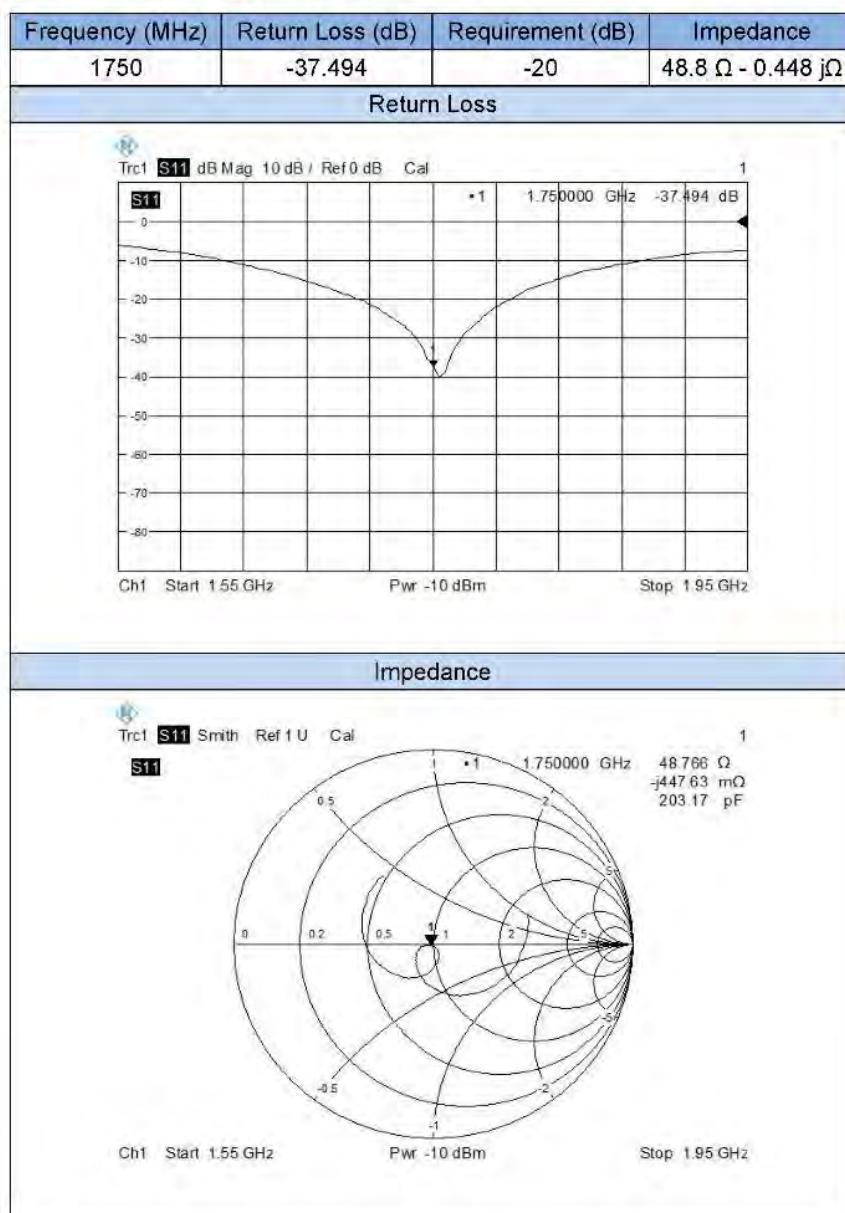


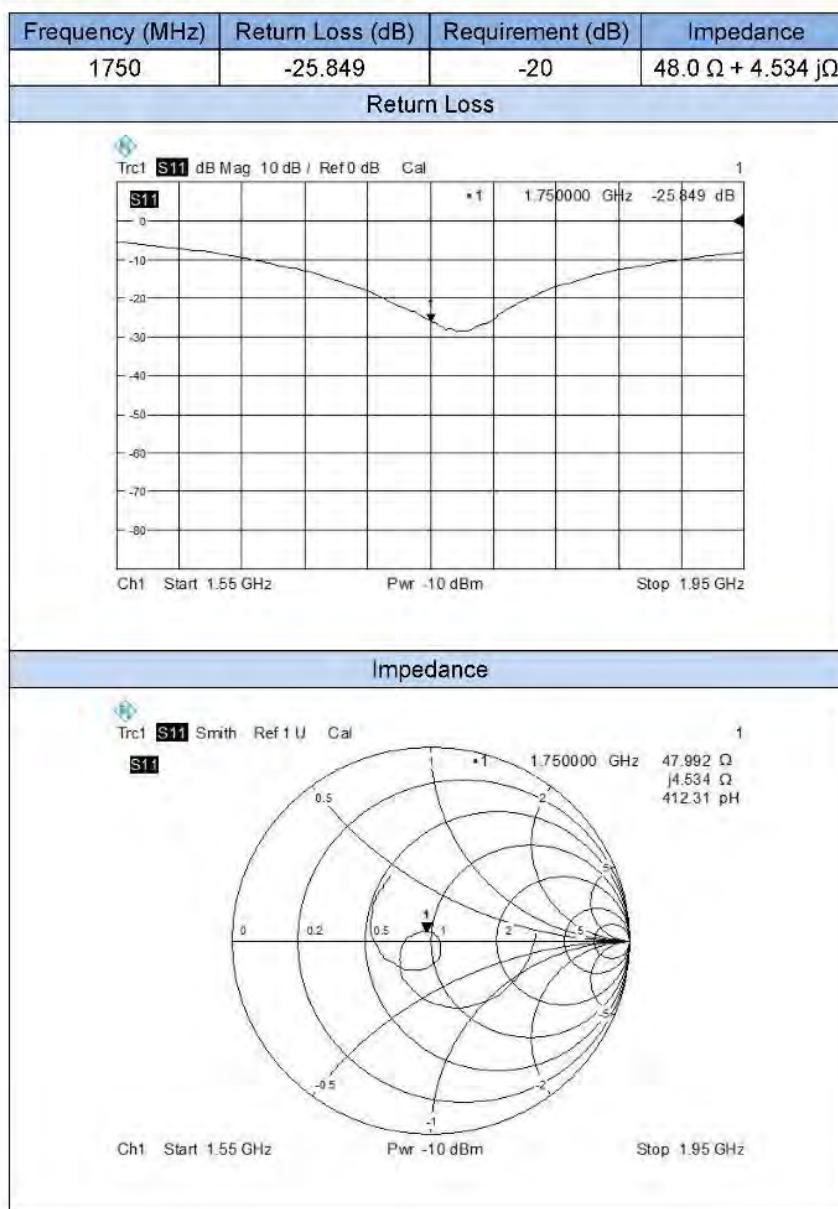
**RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID**



3.2 D1750V2

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID

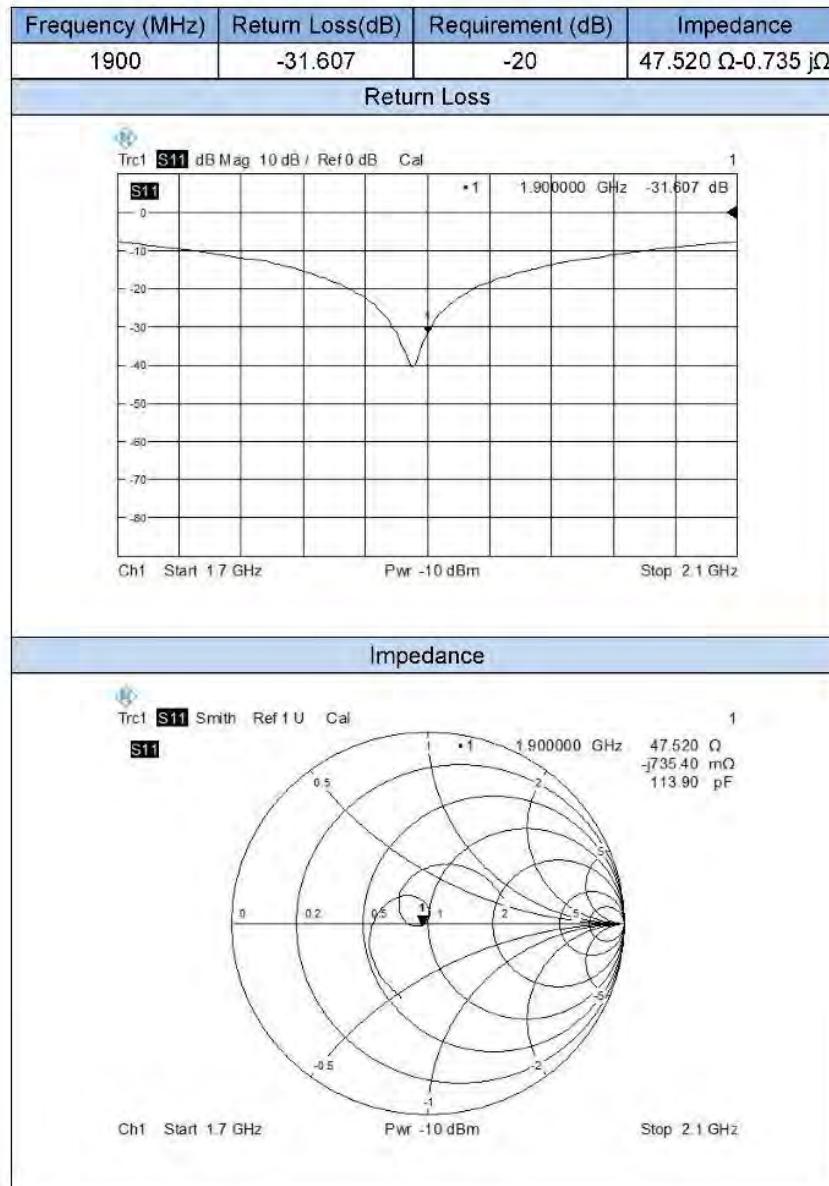


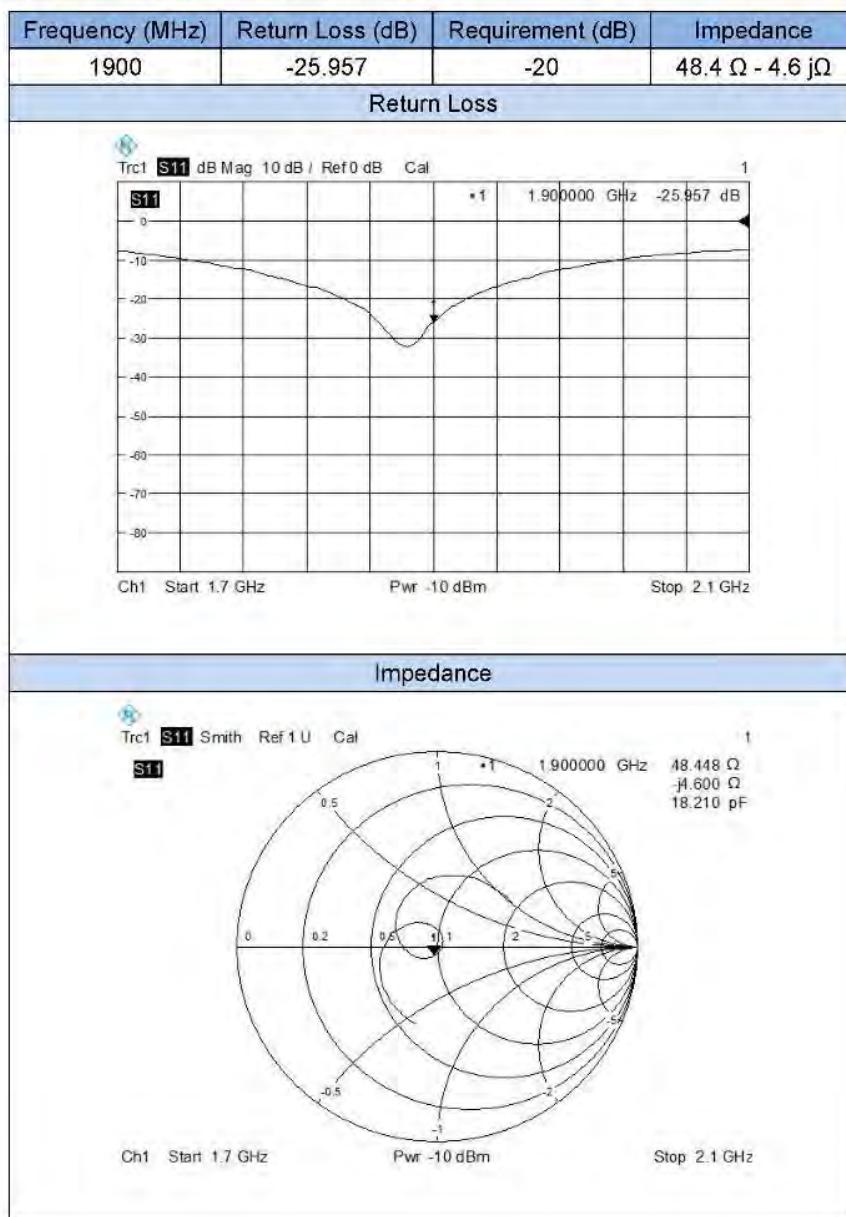
**RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID**



3.3 D1900V2

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID

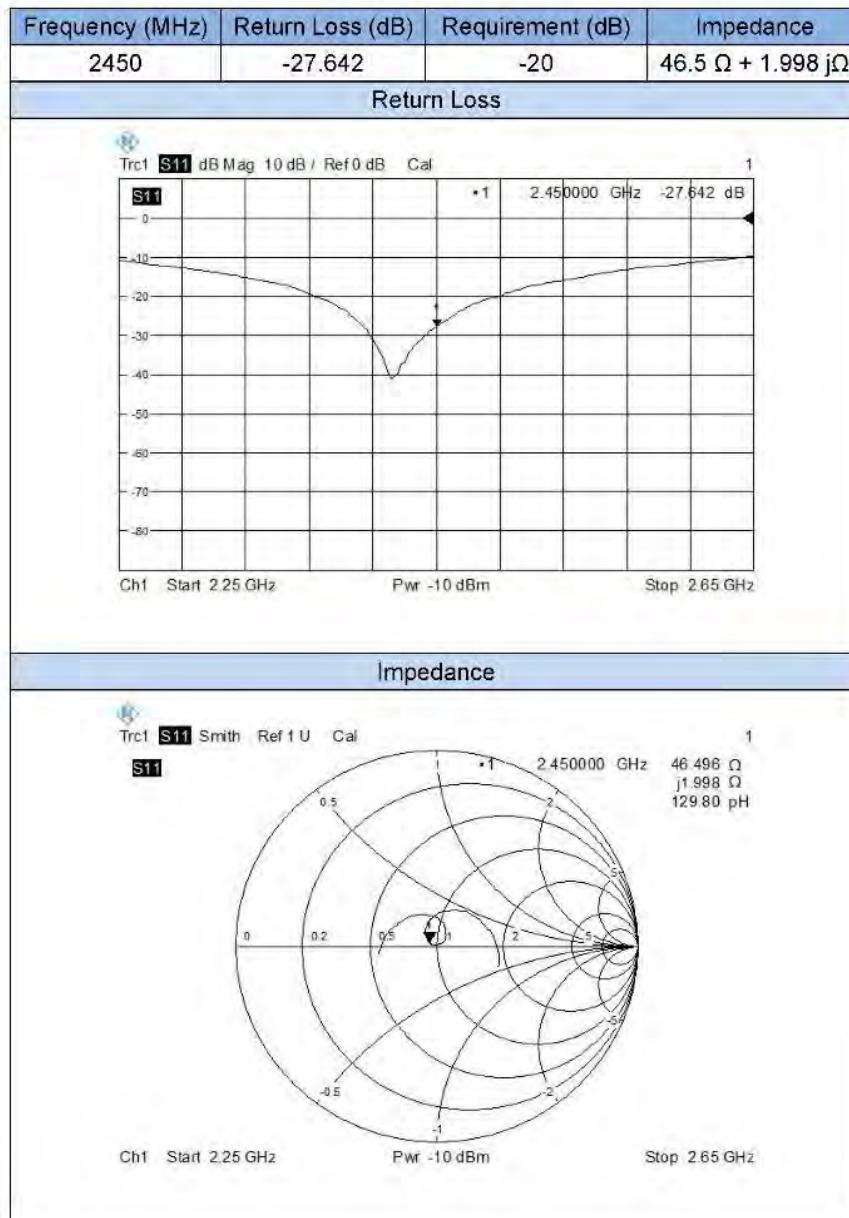


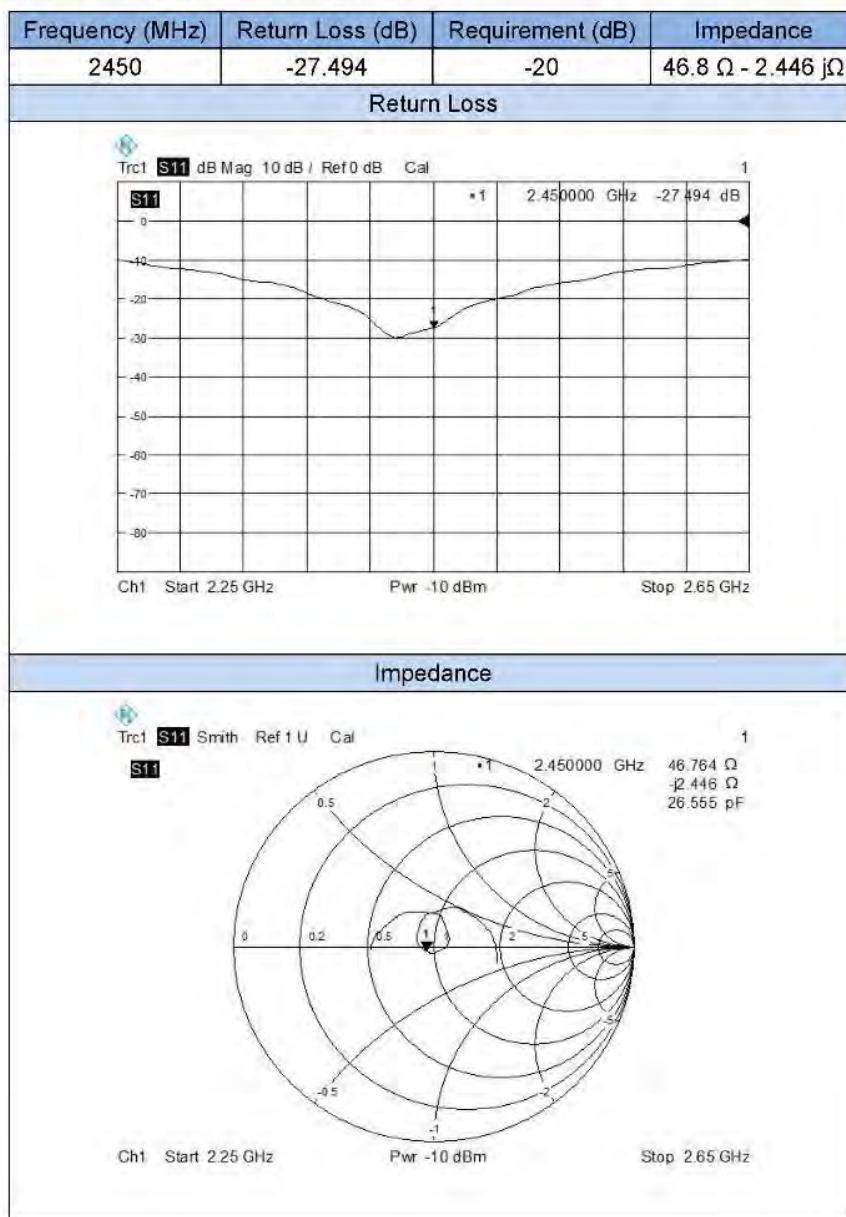
**RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID**



3.4 D2450V2

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID

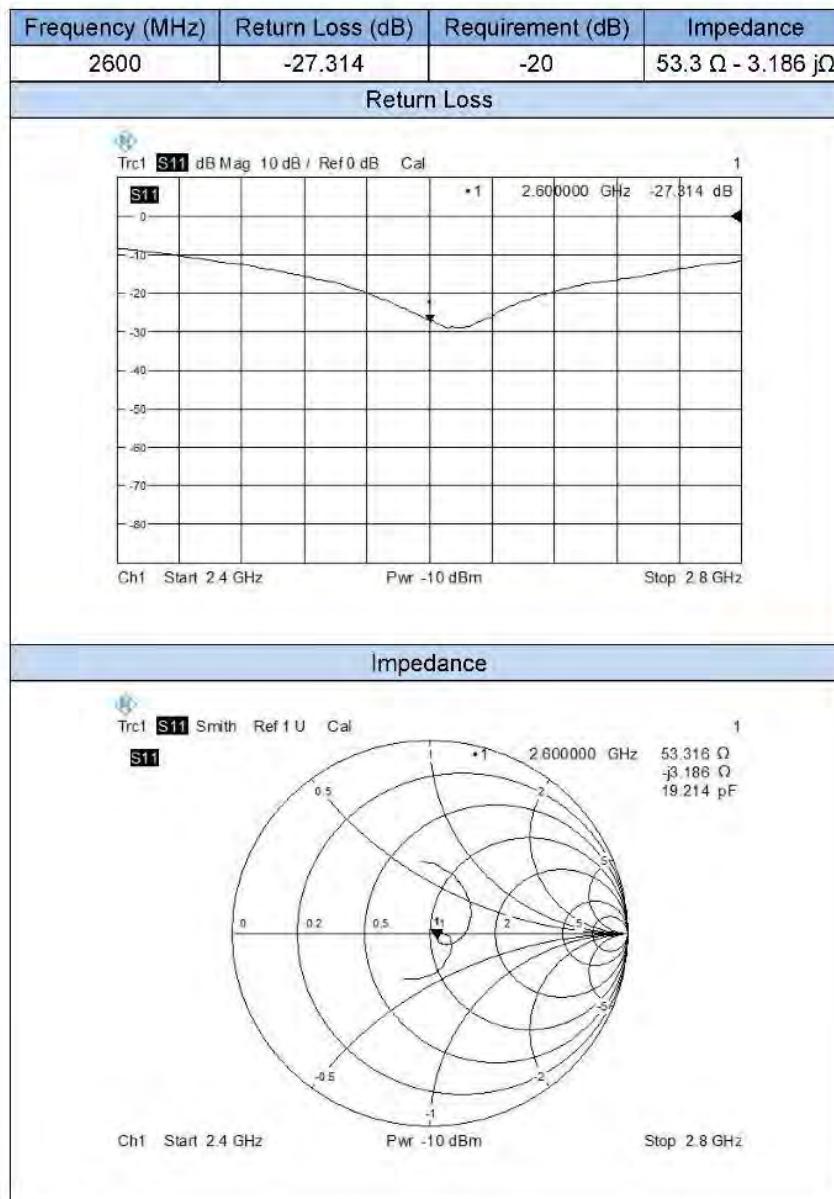


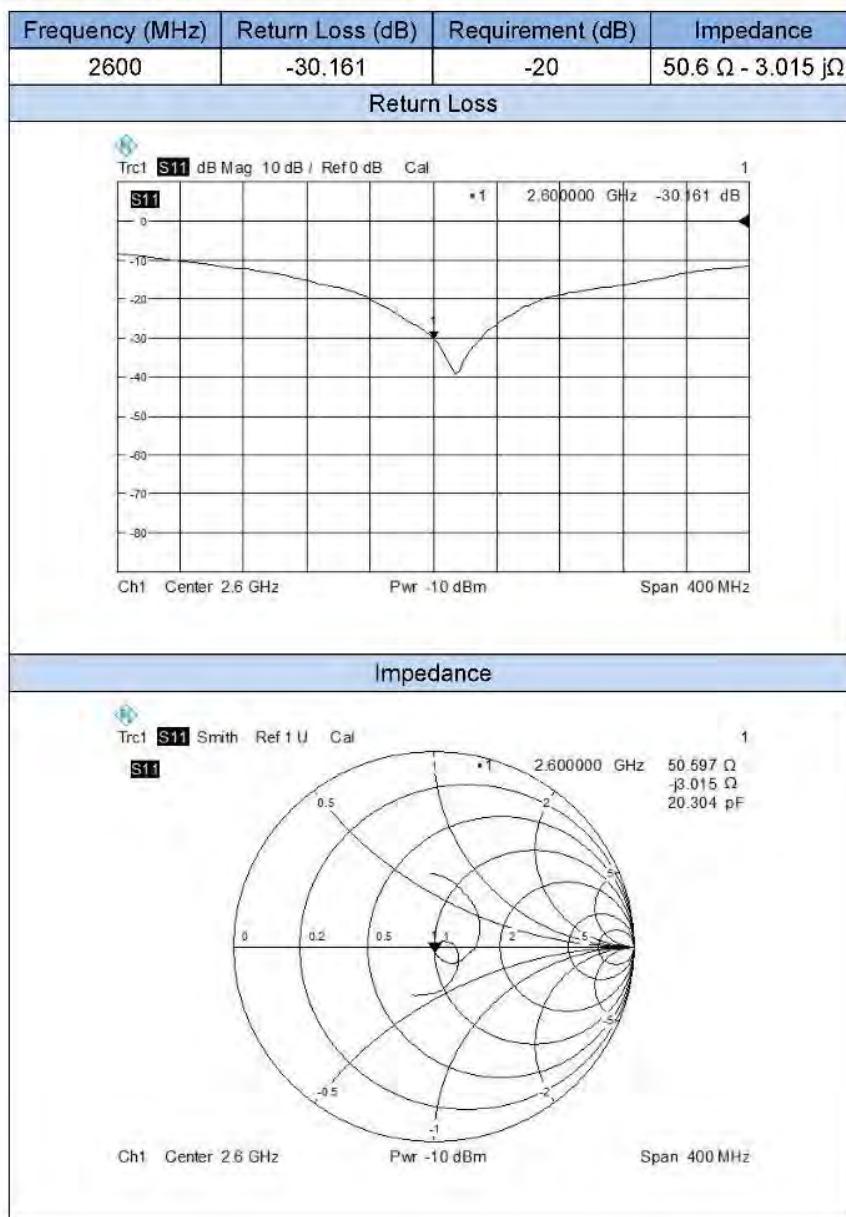
**RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID**



3.5 D2600V2

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID

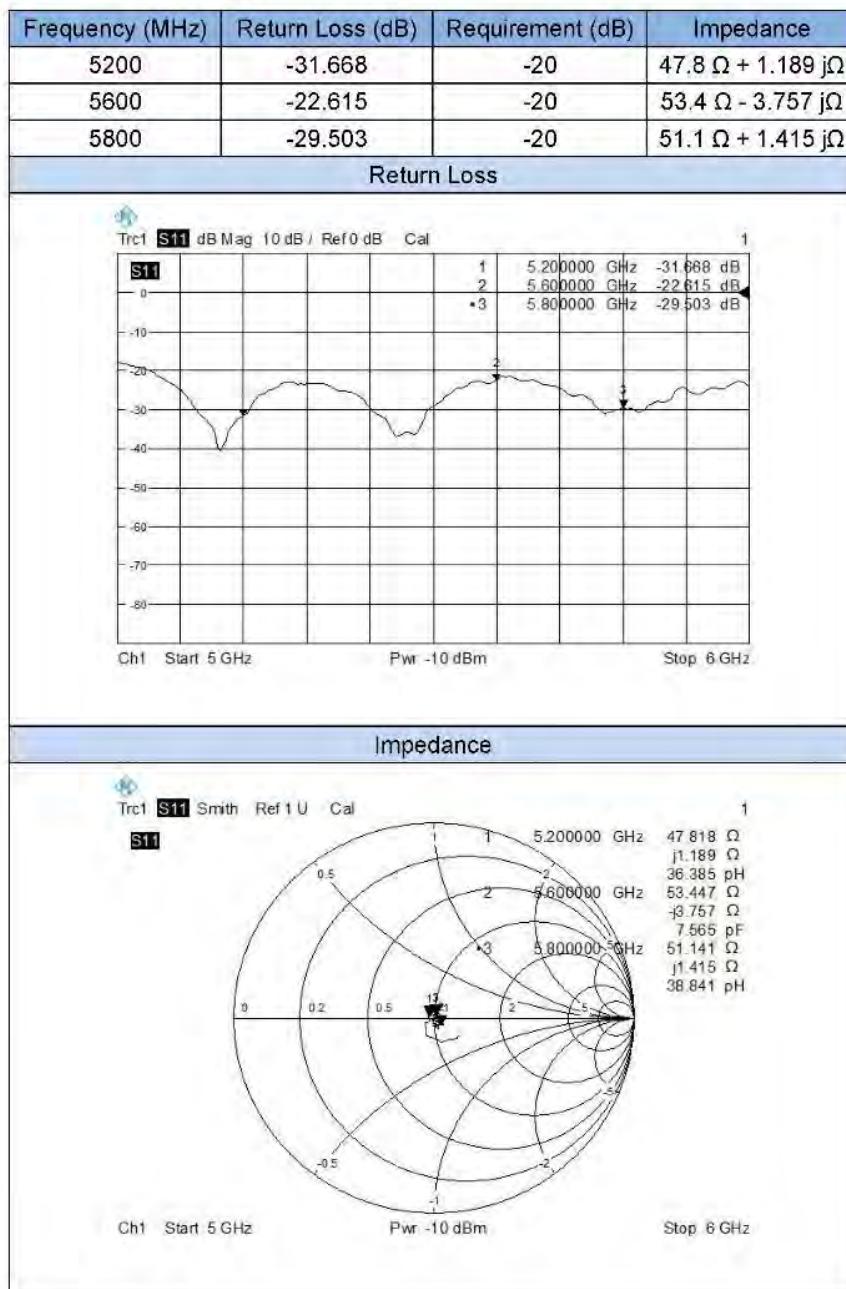


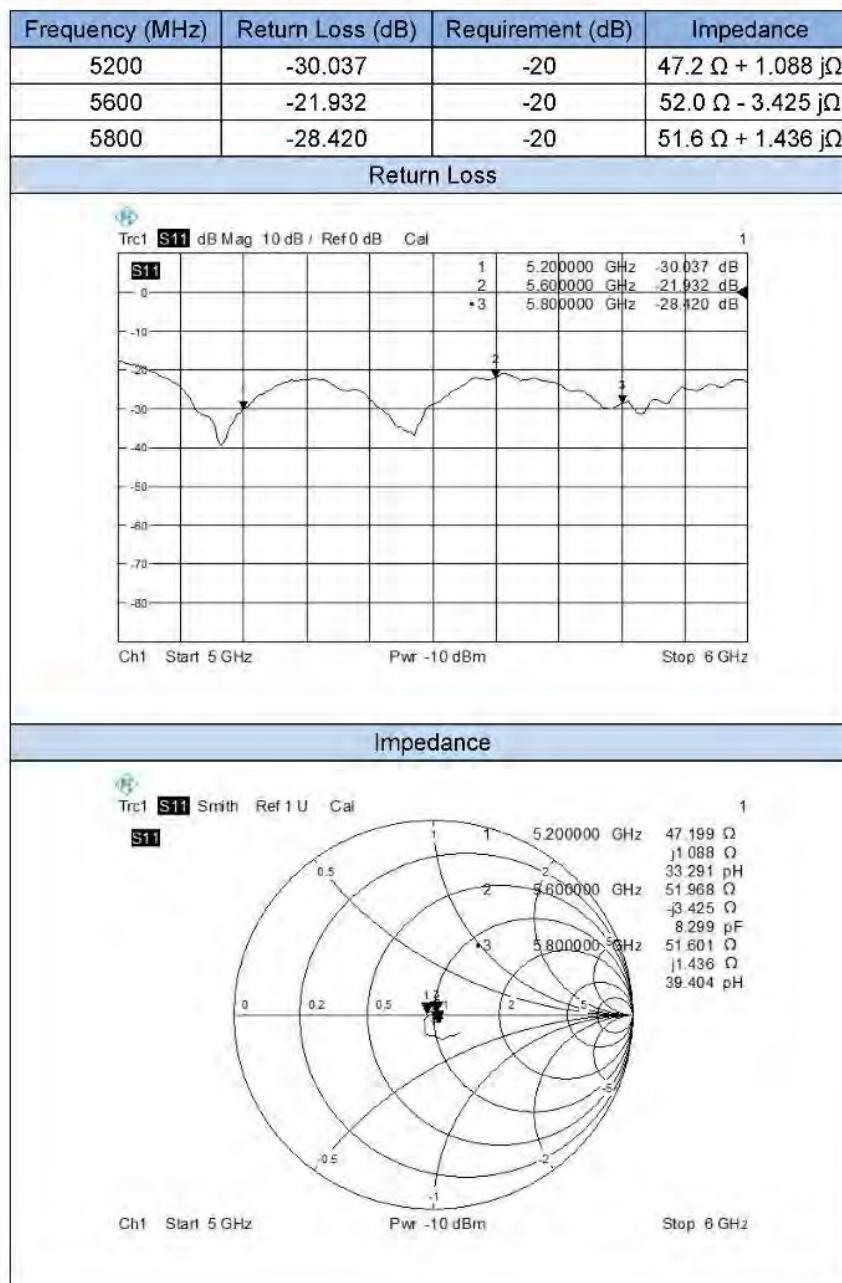
**RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID**



3.6 D5GHzV2

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID

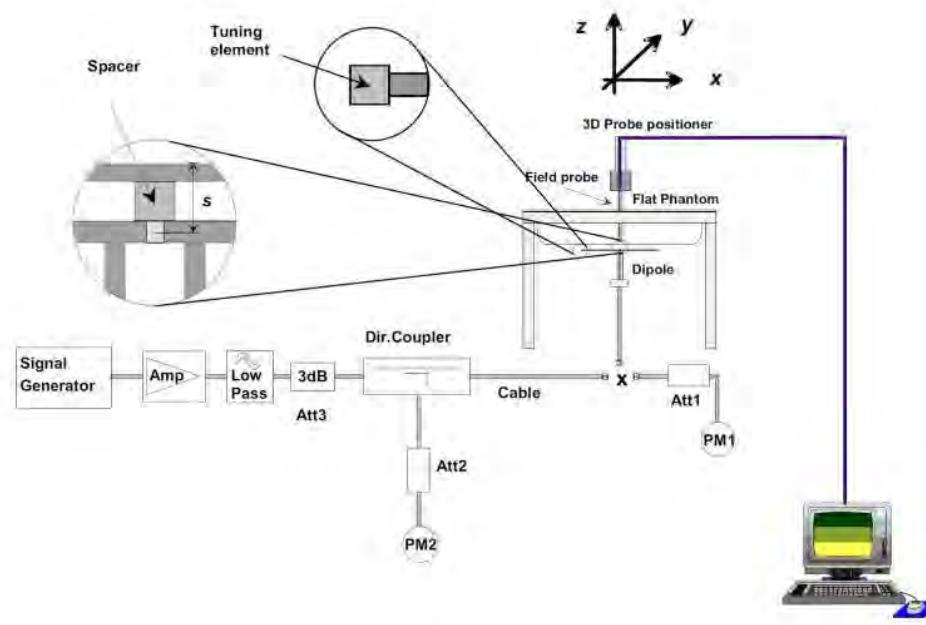


**RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID**



4 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.



4.1 Dipole SAR Validation Measurement Result

Freq. (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power (mW)	1 g Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	10 g Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	1 g Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)	10 g Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
835	Head	100	0.959	9.59	0.627	6.27	9.56	0.31	6.22	0.80
	Body	100	0.961	9.61	0.634	6.34	9.56	0.52	6.22	1.93
1750	Head	100	3.440	34.40	1.810	18.10	36.40	-5.49	19.30	-6.22
	Body	100	3.660	36.60	1.950	19.50	36.40	0.55	19.30	1.04
1900	Head	100	3.960	39.60	2.070	20.70	39.70	-0.25	20.50	0.98
	Body	100	4.010	40.10	2.090	20.90	39.70	1.01	20.50	1.95
2450	Head	100	5.260	52.60	2.410	24.10	52.40	0.38	24.00	0.42
	Body	100	5.130	51.30	2.330	23.30	52.40	-2.10	24.00	-2.92
2600	Head	100	5.410	54.10	2.360	23.60	55.30	-2.17	24.60	-4.07



	Body	100	5.580	55.80	2.420	24.20	55.30	0.90	24.60	-1.63
5200	Head	100	8.220	82.20	2.240	22.40	76.50	7.45	21.60	3.70
	Body	100	8.320	83.20	2.280	22.80	76.50	8.76	21.60	5.56
5600	Head	100	8.240	82.40	2.260	22.60				
	Body	100	8.410	84.10	2.330	23.30				
5800	Head	100	7.280	72.80	2.120	21.20	78.0	-6.67	21.90	-3.20
	Body	100	8.240	82.40	2.300	23.00	78.0	5.64	21.90	5.02



4.2D835V2

4.2.1 Dipole 835 MHz Validation Measurement for Head Tissue

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2-SN: 4d187

Date/Time: 10/25/2015

Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.83$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 Liquid Temperature: 20.8

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 Right 1857; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP1857
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Head Tissue/Pin= 100mW , d=15mm/Zoom

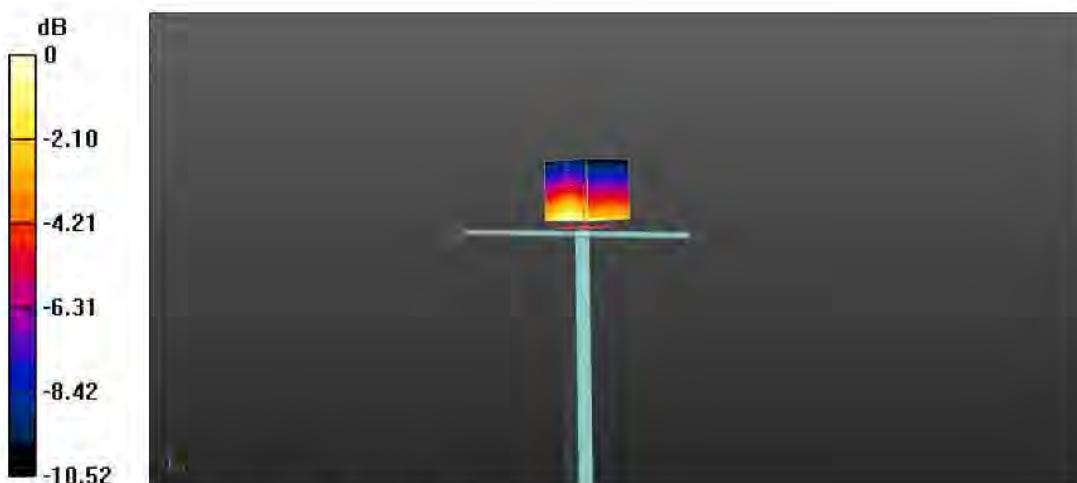
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 34.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.959 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.627 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



0 dB = 1.03 W/kg = 0.13 dBW/kg



4.2.2 Dipole 835 MHz Validation Measurement for Body Tissue

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2-SN: 4d187

Date/Time: 10/25/2015

Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.88$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.4 Liquid Temperature: 21.8

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Body Tissue/Pin= 100mW , d=15mm /Zoom

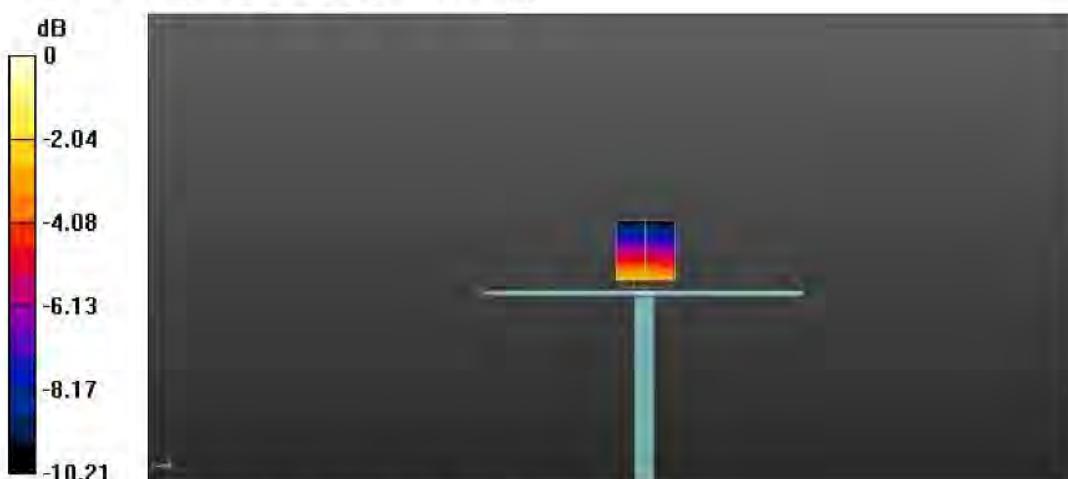
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.961 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.634 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg



0 dB = 1.04 W/kg = 0.17 dBW/kg



4.3D1750V2

4.3.1 Dipole 1750 MHz Validation Measurement for Head Tissue

Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2-SN: 1130

Date/Time: 10/23/2015

Communication System Band: D1750 (1750.0 MHz); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.23$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 21.8 Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Head Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,d=10mm /Zoom

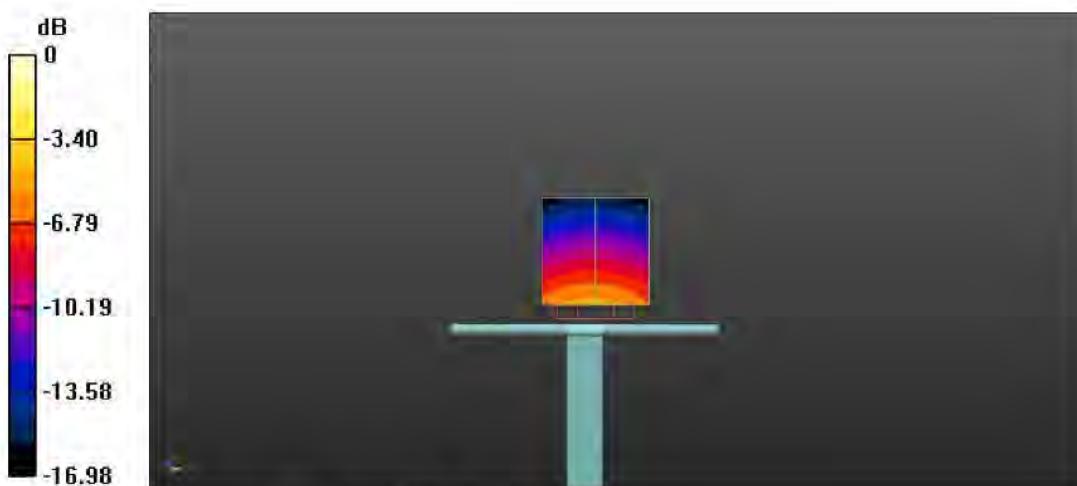
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 40.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.81 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.87 W/kg



0 dB = 3.87 W/kg = 5.88 dBW/kg



4.3.2 Dipole 1750 MHz Validation Measurement for Body Tissue

Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2-SN: 1130

Date/Time: 10/22/2015

Communication System Band: D1750 (1750.0 MHz); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.75$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 21.8 Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(7.87, 7.87, 7.87);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Body Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,d=10mm /Zoom

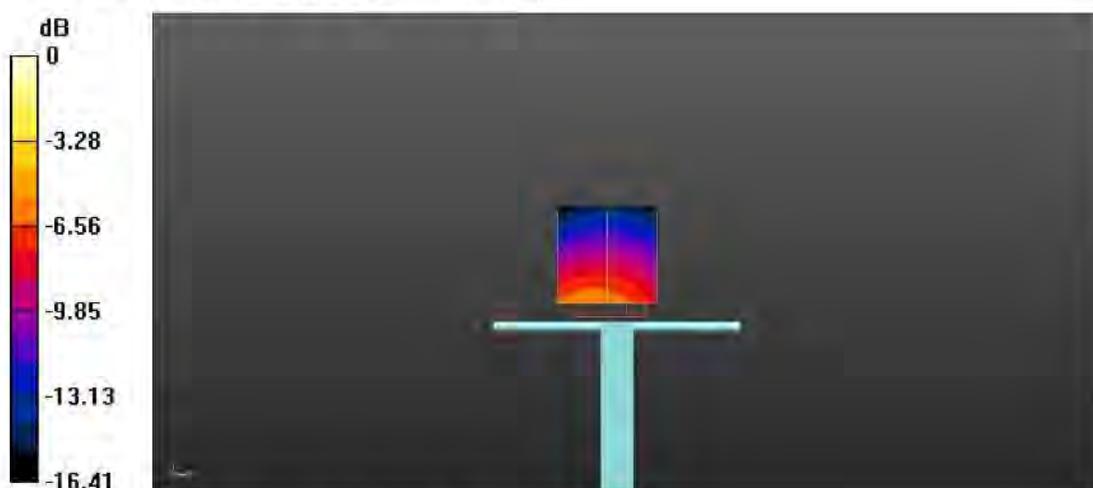
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 38.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.95 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.14 W/kg



0 dB = 4.14 W/kg = 6.17 dBW/kg



4.4D1900V2

4.4.1 Dipole 1900 MHz Validation Measurement for Head Tissue

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2-SN: 5d193

Date/Time: 10/25/2015

Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.75$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 Liquid Temperature: 20.9

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(8.15, 8.15, 8.15);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Head Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,d=10mm /Zoom

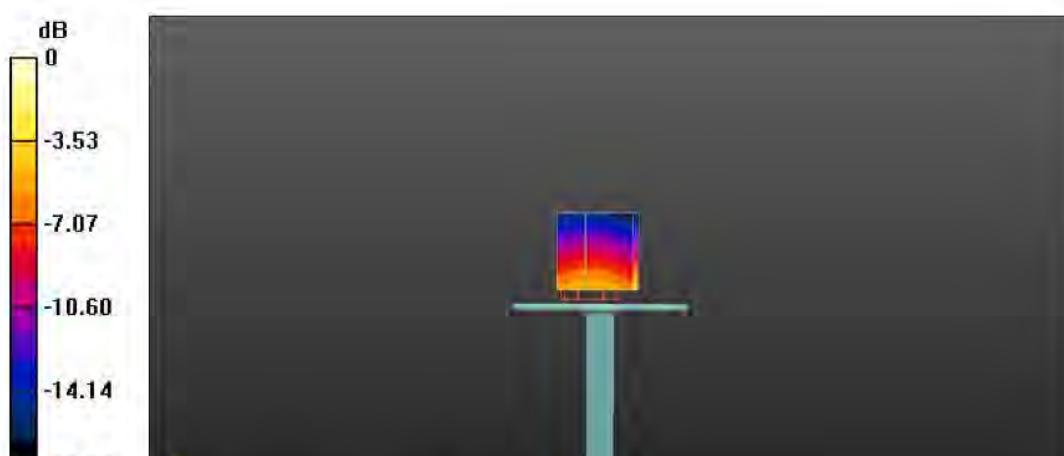
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.07 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.40 W/kg



0 dB = 4.40 W/kg = 6.43 dBW/kg



4.4.2 Dipole 1900 MHz Validation Measurement for Body Tissue

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2-SN: 5d193

Date/Time: 10/25/2015

Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.61$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 Liquid Temperature: 20.9

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(7.51, 7.51, 7.51);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 Right 1857; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP1857
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Body Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,d=10mm /Zoom

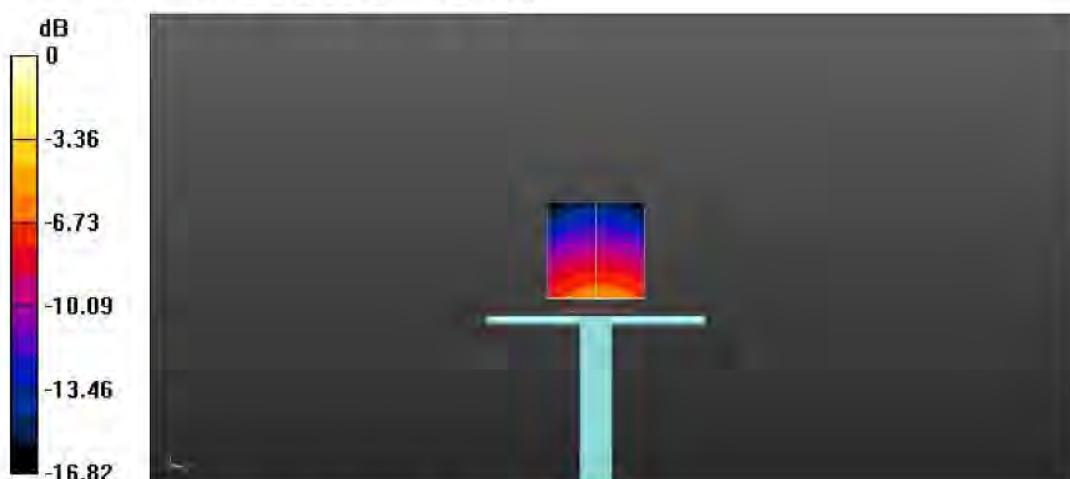
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.55 W/kg





4.5 D2450V2

4.5.1 Dipole 2450 MHz Validation Measurement for Head Tissue

Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2-SN: 952

Date/Time: 10/24/2015

Communication System Band: CD2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 Right 1857; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP1857
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Head Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,d=10mm /Zoom

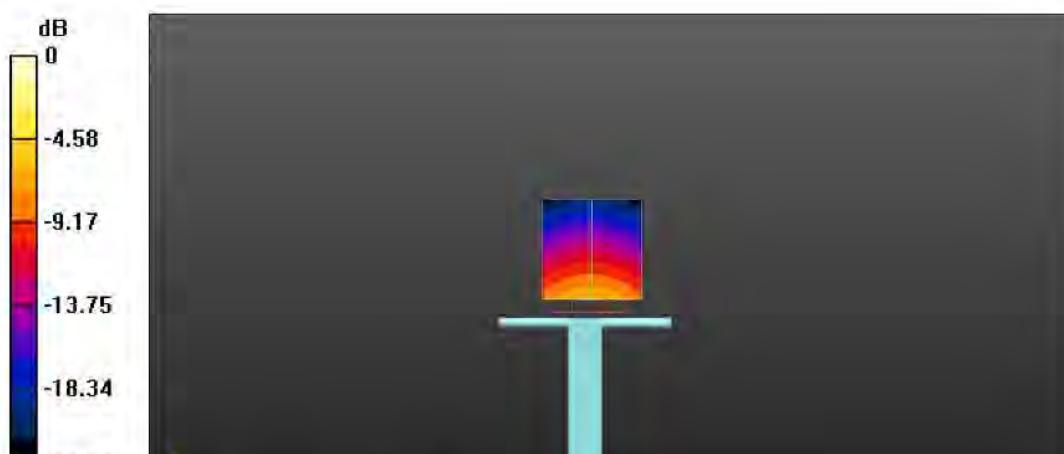
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.00 W/kg



0 dB = 6.00 W/kg = 7.78 dBW/kg



4.5.2 Dipole 2450 MHz Validation Measurement for Body Tissue

Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2-SN: 952

Date/Time: 10/24/2015

Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.17$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 Right 1857; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP1857
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Body Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,d=10mm /Zoom

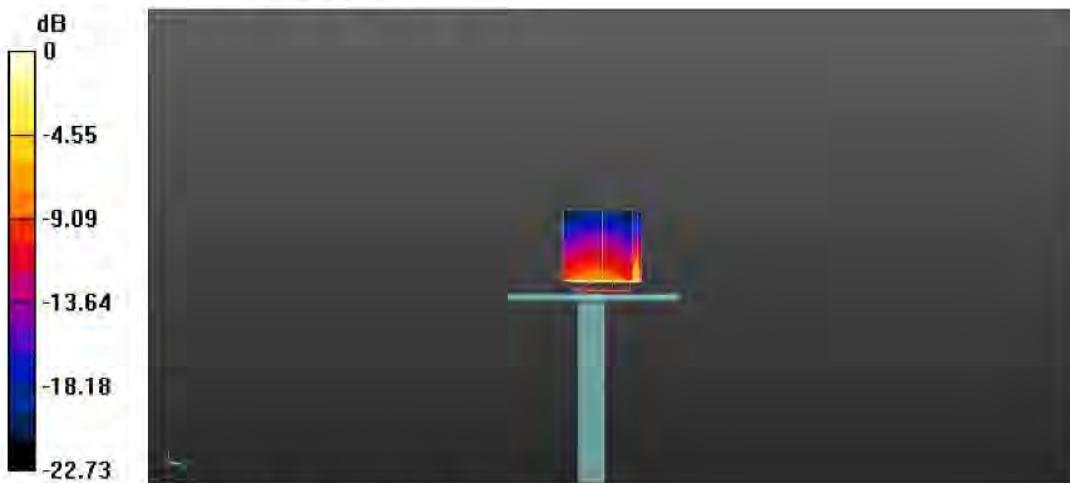
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.91 W/kg





4.6 D2600V2

4.6.1 Dipole 2600 MHz Validation Measurement for Head Tissue

Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2-SN: 1095

Date/Time: 10/24/2015

Communication System Band: D2600 (2600.0 MHz); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.09$; $p = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 21.5 Liquid Temperature: 20.6

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 Right 1857; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP1857
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Head Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,d=10mm /Zoom

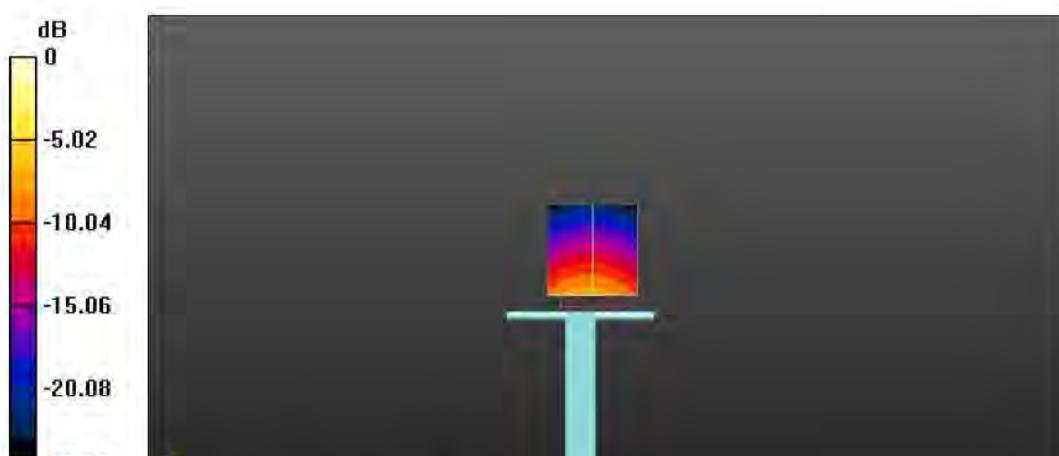
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.36 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.17 W/kg



0 dB = 6.17 W/kg = 7.90 dBW/kg



4.6.2 Dipole 2600 MHz Validation Measurement for Body Tissue

Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D835V2-SN: 1095

Date/Time: 10/24/2015

Communication System Band: D2600 (2600.0 MHz); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.20 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.81$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 21.5 Liquid Temperature: 20.6

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 Right 1857; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP1857
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Body Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,d=10mm /Zoom

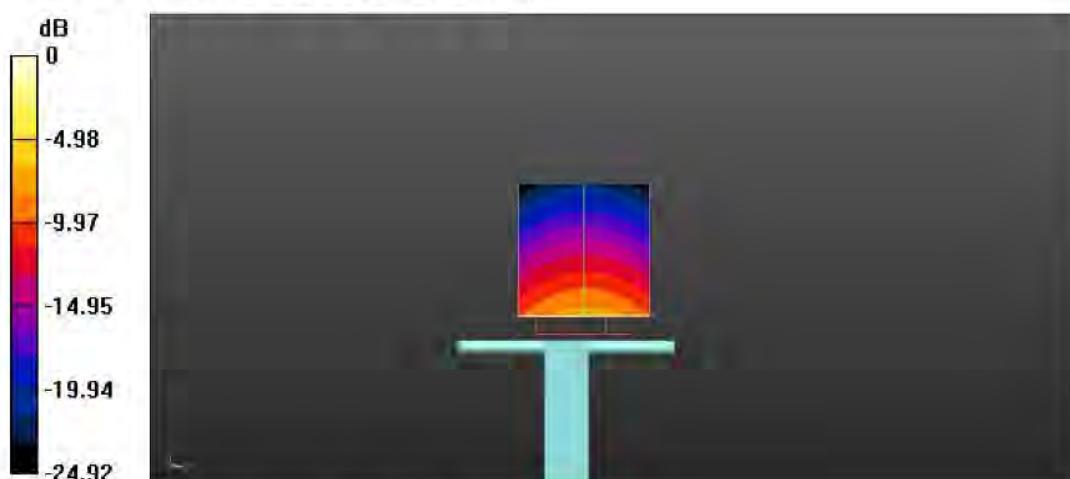
Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.45 W/kg





4.7 D5GHzV2

4.7.1 Dipole 5 GHz Validation Measurement for Head Tissue

Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2-SN: 1200

Date/Time: 10/26/2015

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz);

Frequency: 5200 MHz;

Frequency: 5600 MHz;

Frequency: 5800 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.78$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.20$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.06$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 Liquid Temperature: 20.3

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(5.33, 5.33, 5.33); ConvF(4.70, 4.70, 4.70); ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68);
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Head Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,dist=10mm,f=5200

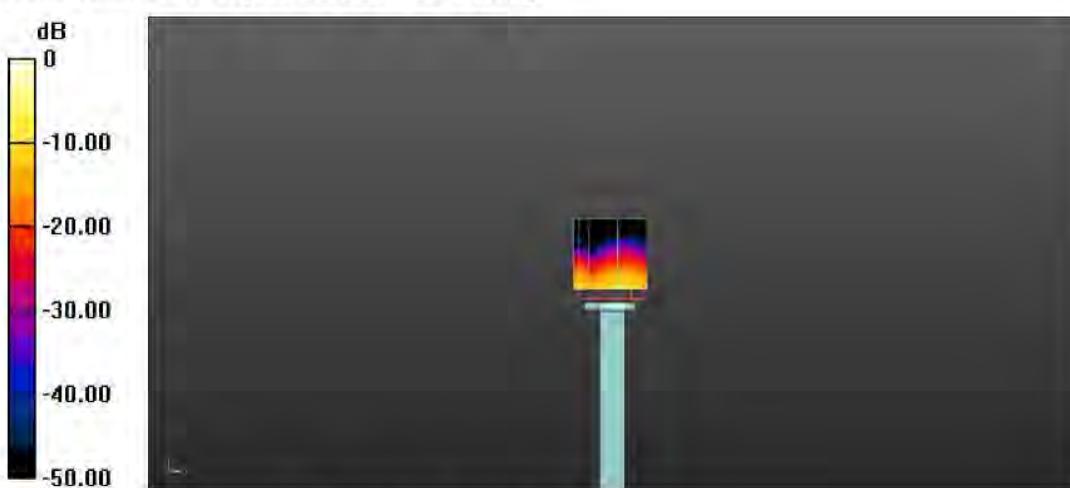
MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 45.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.71 W/kg



0 dB = 9.71 W/kg = 9.87 dBW/kg

**Dipole validation measurement for Head Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,dist=10mm,f=5600****MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 44.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.45 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 9.45 \text{ W/kg} = 9.75 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

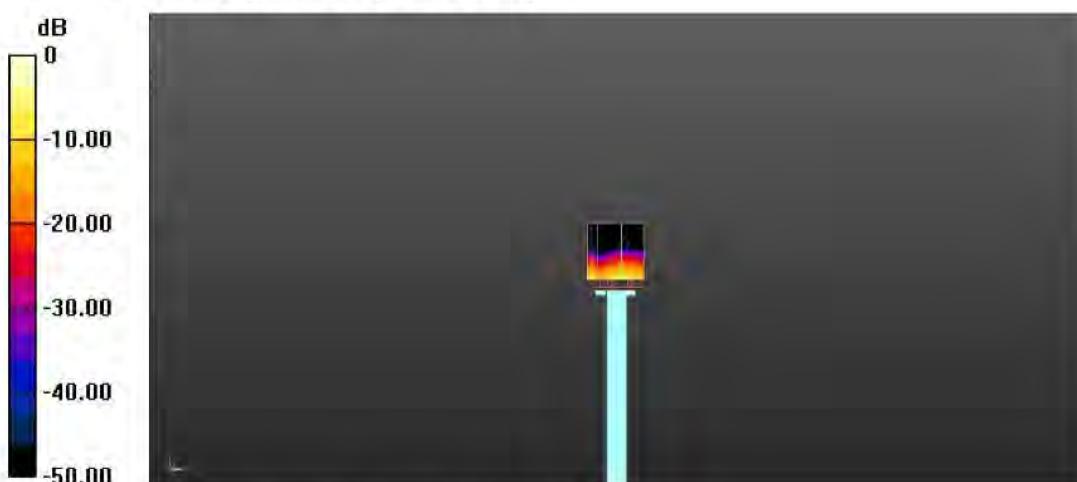
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,dist=10mm,f=5800 MHz /Zoom**Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 39.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.38 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 8.79 \text{ W/kg} = 9.44 \text{ dBW/kg}$$



4.7.2 Dipole 5 GHz Validation Measurement for Body Tissue

Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2-SN: 1200

Date/Time: 10/26/2015

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.74$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.72 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.31$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.06$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 Liquid Temperature: 21.4

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); ConvF(3.98, 3.98, 3.98); ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15);
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454;
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Dipole validation measurement for Body Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,dist=10mm,f=5200

MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 45.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.86 W/kg





Dipole validation measurement for Body Tissue/Pin= 100mW , dist=10mm,f=5600 MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0:

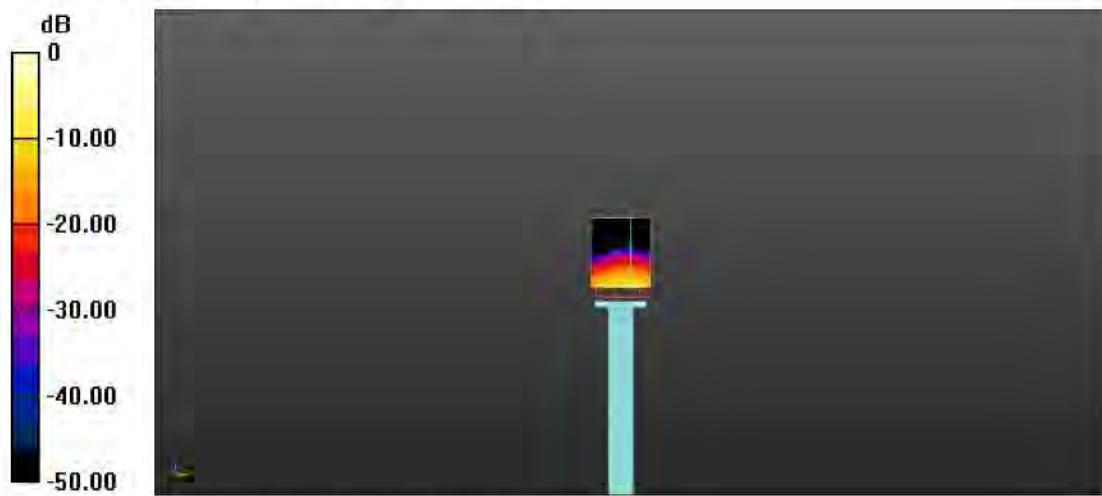
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 47.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 W/kg



0 dB = 10.3 W/kg = 9.90 dBW/kg

Dipole validation measurement for Body Tissue/Pin= 100mW ,dist=10mm,f=5800

MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 41.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.33 W/kg



0 dB = 9.33 W/kg = 9.70 dBW/kg

--END OF REPORT--

F.5 835MHz Dipole

Calibration Laboratory of
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Dgérie (Vitec)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d187_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d187

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: November 26, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205 Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Poković	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 28, 2014

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Certificate No: D835V2-4d187_Nov14

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.15 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.95 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.5 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.17 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.04 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 Ω - 3.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.9 Ω - 4.9 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.394 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 24, 2014

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d187

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

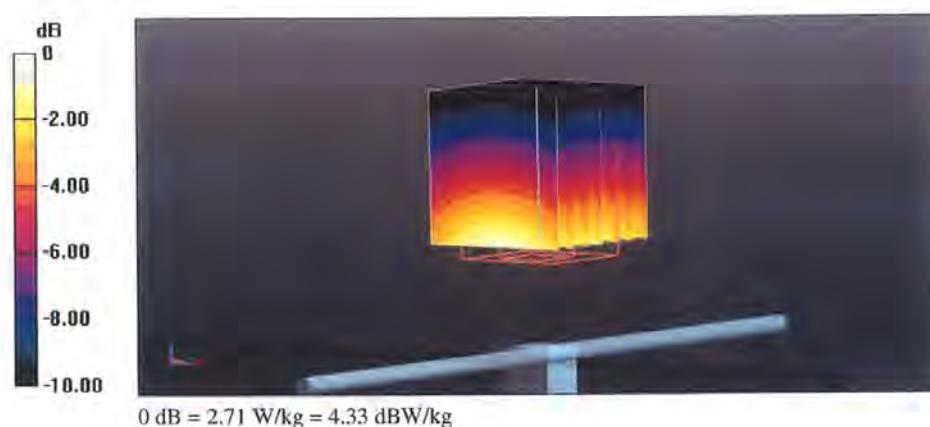
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

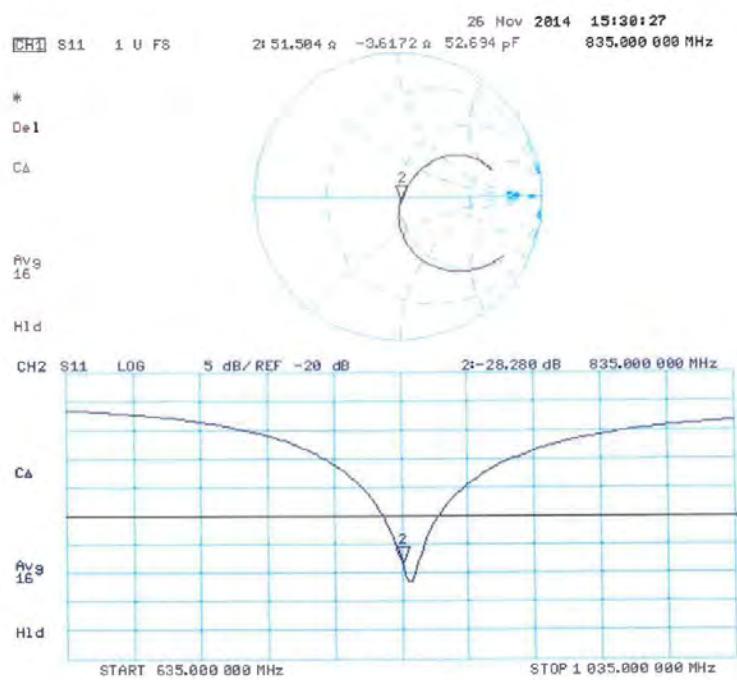
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d187Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

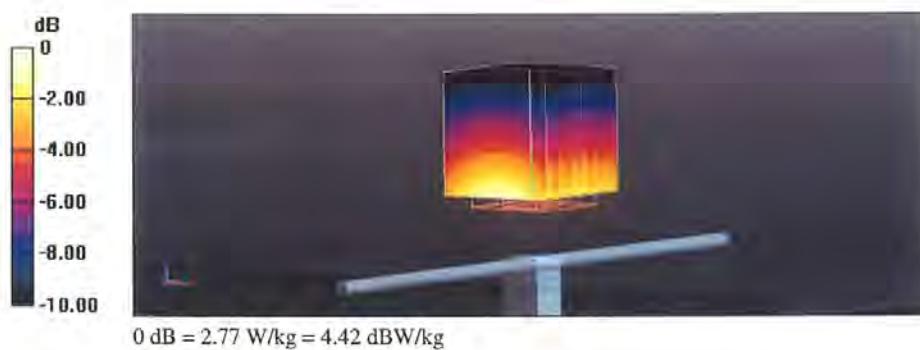
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

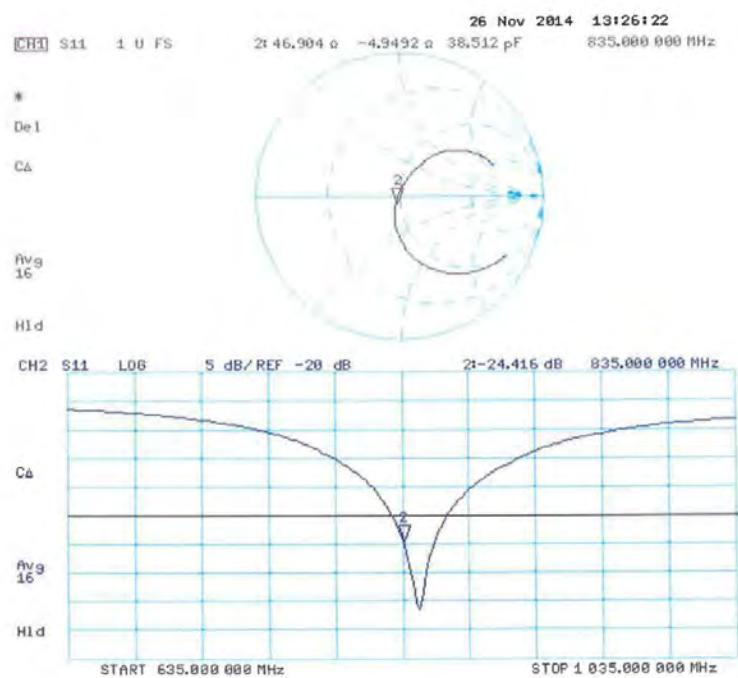
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.77 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



F.7 1900MHz Dipole

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Client Dgiele (Vitec)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d193_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1900V2 - SN: 5d193

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: November 28, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrall	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: December 2, 2014

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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d193_Nov14

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.1 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.3 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.00 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.0 Ω + 4.8 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω + 5.1 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.203 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 06, 2014

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d193

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 98.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

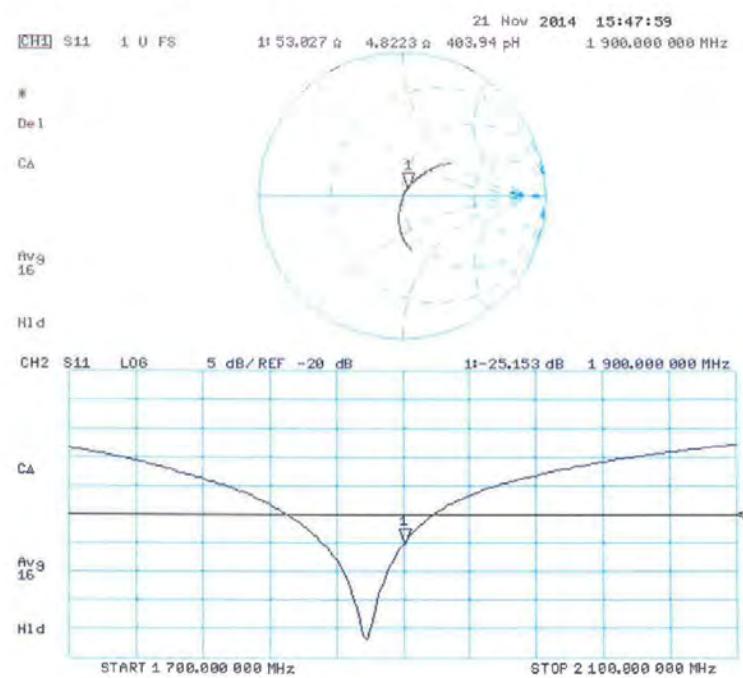
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 28.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d193

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

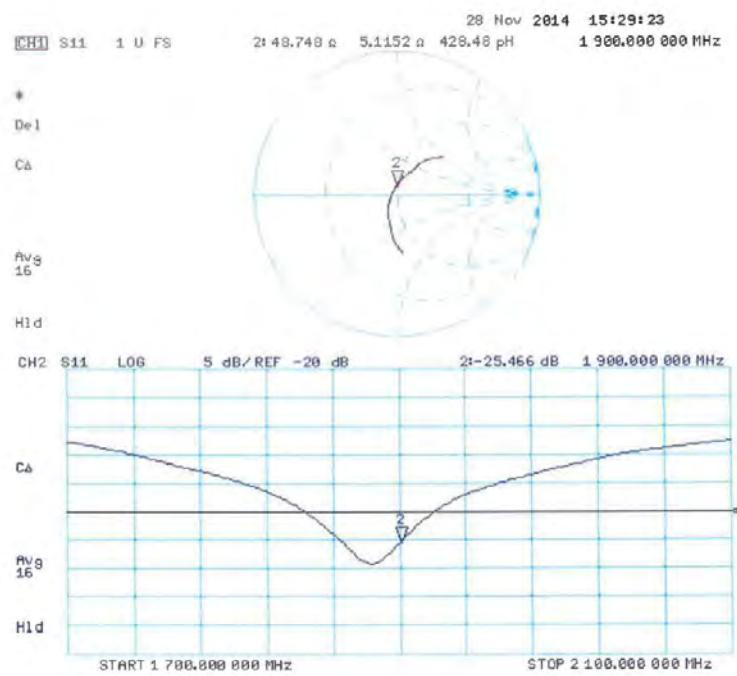
Reference Value = 95.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

F.8 2450MHz Dipole

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Dgtele (Vitec)

Certificate No: D2450V2-952_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 952

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: November 27, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205 Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by: Name Michael Weber Function Laboratory Technician

Signature 

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager



Issued: November 28, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.9 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.4 \Omega + 3.0 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.7 \Omega + 5.1 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.161 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 05, 2014

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 27.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 952

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.86 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

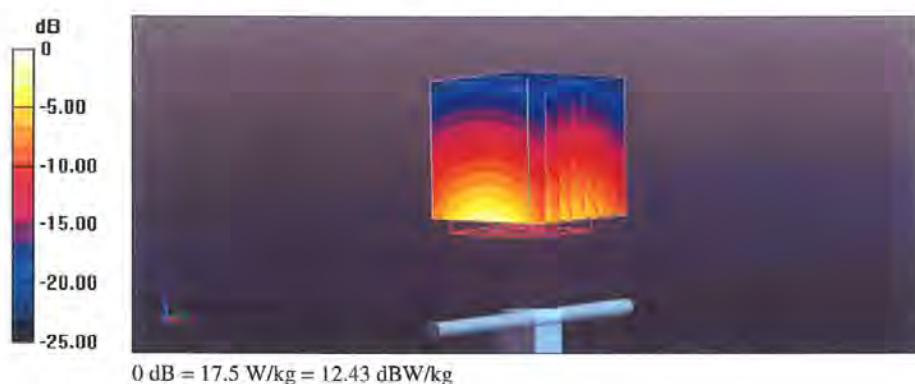
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 100.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

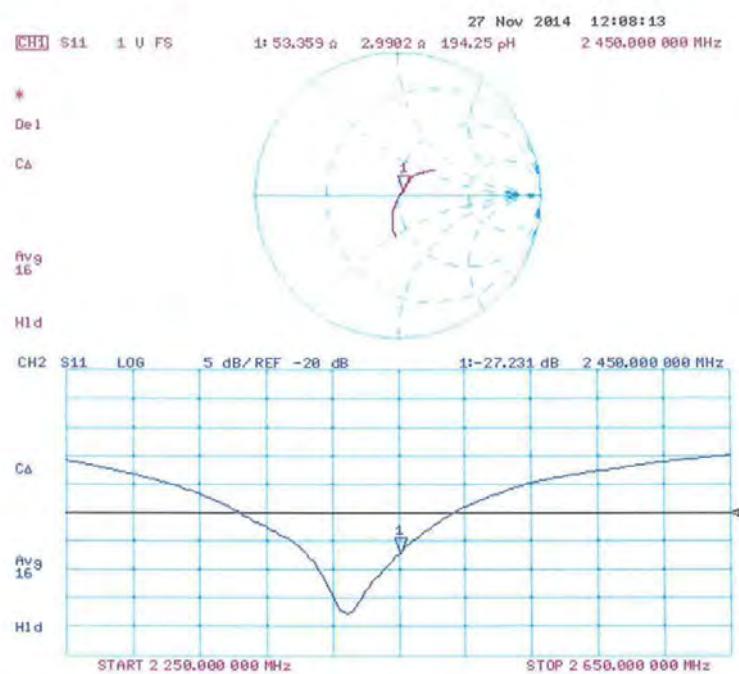
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 952

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.03 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY5 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 95.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

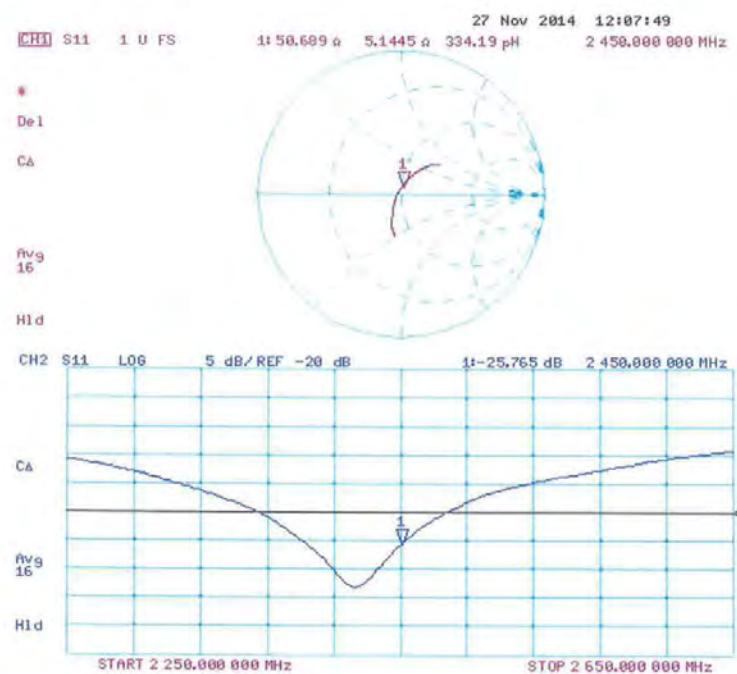
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



--End of Report--