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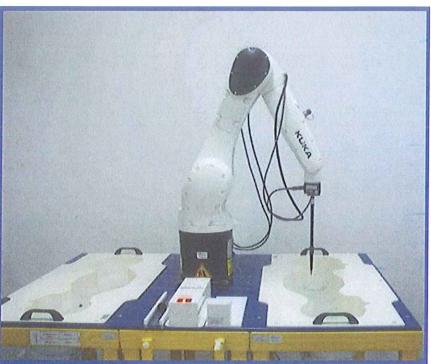
FOR

GSM/WCDMA/LTE Android phone

ISSUED TO

Reliance Communications, LLC

555 Wireless Blvd 555 Wireless Blvd. Hauppauge, NY



Tested by:

The Long

The Long

(Engineer)

(Engineer)

(Engineer)

(Chief Engineer)

Date

Date

Date

The Long

(Engineer)

(Chief Engineer)

Report No.: EUT Type: Model Name: BL-SZ1640189-704

GSM/WCDMA/LTE Android phone

RC500L

Brand Name: Orbic

Orbic

FCC ID: 2AB

2ABGH-RC500L FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2

ANSI C95.1: 1999 IEEE 1528: 2013

Maximum SAR: Hea

Head (1 g): 1.042 W/kg

Body (1 g): 0.606 W/kg

Test Conclusion: Pa

n: Pass

Test Date: May 16, 2016 - May 21, 2016

Date of Issue: Jun. 12, 2016

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Revision History

VersionIssue DateRevisions ContentRev. 01Jun. 12, 2016Initial Issue

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Addroop	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of
	test site are 11524A-1.
	The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications
Accreditation Certificate	Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The
	recognition numbers of test site are 832625.
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National
	Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to
	ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe
Description	Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R.
	China 518055

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	21 to 23°C	
Ambient Relative	35 to 44%	
Humidity		
Ambient Pressure	100 to 102KPa	



1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v2.2.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Reliance Communications, LLC
Address	555 Wireless Blvd 555 Wireless Blvd. Hauppauge, NY

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	SHENZHEN HAOCHENG GROUP CO.,LTD.		
Address	NO.18 HAIBIN ROAD, WUSHA, CHANG'AN, DONGGUAN, CHINA.		

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	GSM/WCDMA/LTE Android phone
Model Name Under Test	RC500L
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model	N/A
Name Differentiation	N/A
Hardware Version	HCT-T823MB-A2
Software Version	Orbic-rc500L_v1.0.5
Dimensions (Approx.)	142×69×6mm
Weight (Approx.)	132 g
	2G Network GSM 850/ 1900, GPRS, EGPRS;
Network and Wireless	3G Network WCDMA Band 2/4/5, HSDPA, HSUPA;
connectivity	4G Network FDD LTE Band 2/ 4/ 5/12/17;
	2.4G WLAN, Bluetooth, GPS



2.5 Ancillary Equipment

	Battery			
	Brand Name	N/A		
	Model No.	Orbic-RC500L		
Ancillary Equipment 1	Serial No.	N/A		
	Capacitance	2100 mAh		
	Rated Voltage	3.8 V		
	Limit Charge Voltage	4.35 V		

2.6 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode Note 1	FDD-LTE, 2.4G WLAN, Bluetooth			
	LTE Band 12	TX: 699 ~ 715.9	MHz	RX: 729 ~ 745.9 MHz
	LTE Band 17	TX: 704 ~ 716 M	Hz	RX: 734 ~ 746 MHz
Frequency Range	802.11 b/g /n(HT20/HT40)	2400~2483.5 MHz		
	Bluetooth	2400~2483.5 MHz		
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna			
DTM	Not Support			
Hotspot Function	Support			
Power Reduction	Not Support			
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure			
EUT Stage	Portable Device			
Droduct	Туре			
Product		☐ Production unit ☐ Identical prototype		

Note 1:

The EUT supports 2G Network GSM 850/ 1900, GPRS, EGPRS, 3G Network WCDMA Band 2/4/5, HSDPA, HSUPA, 4G Network FDD LTE Band 2/ 4/ 5/12/17, 2.4G WLAN and Bluetooth. Only LTE BAND 12/17, 2.4G WLAN and Bluetooth were conducted for RF exposure test or evaluate in this report, which used the SATIMO SAR system, and all other wireless functions were conducted for RF exposure test or evaluate in test report, BL-SZ1640189-703, which used the DASY SAR system.



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title		
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules		
		and Regulations		
2	ANSI/IEEE Std.	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure		
	C95.1-1999	to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz		
	IEEE Std.	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average		
3	1528-2013	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless		
	1320-2013	Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
4	FCC KDB 447498	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and		
4	D01 v06	Equipment Authorization Policies		
5	FCC KDB 941225	3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES		
5	D01 v03r01	36 SAR MEAGREMENT PROCEDURES		
6	FCC KDB 941225	SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices		
0	D05 v02r04	SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices		
7	FCC KDB 941225	SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless		
,	D06 v02r01	Router Capabilities		
8	FCC KDB 865664	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz		
	D01 v01r04	O/ II V Medadirement 100 Winz to 0 Griz		
9	FCC KDB 865664	RF Exposure Reporting		
	D02 v01r02	Tri Exposure reporting		
10	FCC KDB 648474	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets		
10	D04 v01r03	Of the Evaluation Considerations for villeless frantisets		
11	FCC KDB248227	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters		
- ' '	D01 v02r02	Of the Guidanice for IEEE 002.11 (WIFI I) Transmitters		

3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table of Exposure Limits:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	SAR Value (W/Kg)					
Body Position	General Population/	Occupational/				
	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure				
Whole-Body SAR	0.08	0.4				
(averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4				
Partial-Body SAR	1.60	0.0				
(averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.60	8.0				
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and						
ankles	4.0	20.0				
(averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)						



NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

	ľ	Maximum Scaled (W/kg)	I SAR	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)		
Band			dy			
	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Head	Body	
GSM 850 Note 1	0.167	0.133	0.387			
GSM 1900 Note 1	0.259	0.322	0.530			
WCDMA Band 2 Note 1	0.462	0.582	0.582		0.606	
WCDMA Band 4 Note 1	0.188	0.427	0.427			
WCDMA Band 5 Note 1	0.132	0.189	0.276			
LTE Band 2 Note 1	0.419	0.606	0.606	1.042		
LTE Band 4 Note 1	0.177	0.323	0.323			
LTE Band 5 Note 1	0.145	0.159	0.227			
LTE Band 12 Note 2	0.312	0.091	0.291			
LTE Band 17 Note 2	0.295	0.107	0.293			
2.4G WLAN Note 2	1.042	0.388	0.434			
Limit (W/kg)	1.60					
Verdict		Pass				

Note 1: All these bands were tested in BALUN Report BL-SZ1640189-703.

Note 2: All these bands were tested in this report.

3.3.2 Highest Simultaneous SAR

Position	Simultaneous Configuration	Simultaneous SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Verdict
Head	LTE QPSK + 2.4GWLAN	1.504	1.6	Pass
Body-worn	LTE QPSK + 2.4GWLAN	0.994	1.6	Pass
Hotspot Mode	LTE QPSK + 2.4GWLAN	1.040	1.6	Pass



3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, When the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 1.042 W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.



4 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational / controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population /uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

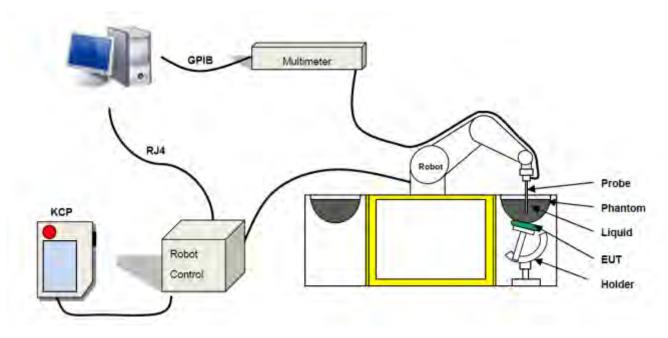
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2 SATIMO SAR System

4.2.1 SATIMO SAR System Diagram





These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than \pm 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR standard and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528.

4.2.2 Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- · High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

4.2.3 E-Field Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 34/15 EPGO 265 with following specifications is used

-- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm

 Lower detection limit: 7 mW/kg (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: +/- 0.07 dB

- Calibration range: 450 MHz to 5800 MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

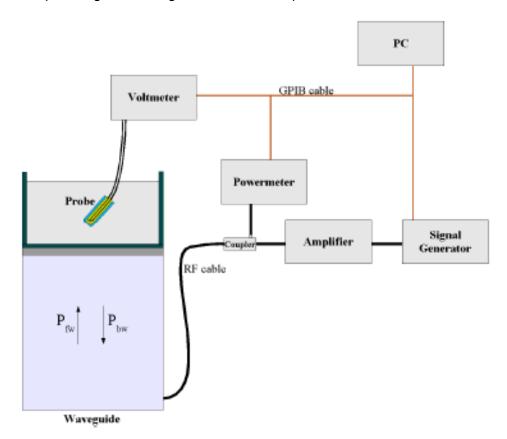


Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the IEC62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\sigma} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) c^{(2\pi/\sigma)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide Dimensions

ı = Skin Depth

Keithley configuration

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.



The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are: CF(N)=SAR(N)/VIin(N) (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) (N=1,2,3)

Where the DCP is the diode compression point in mV.



4.2.4 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

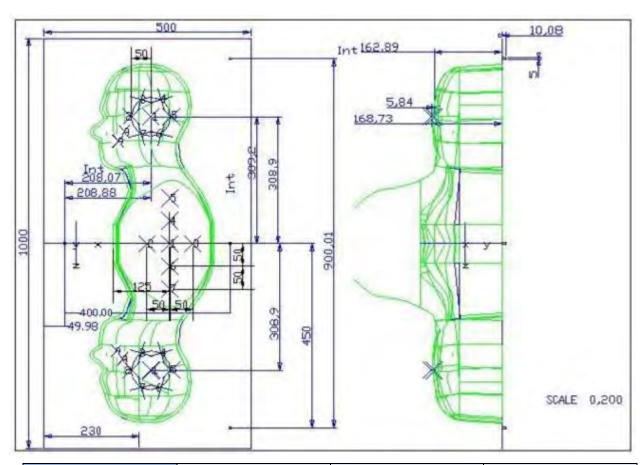
Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM103

Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM104



Serial Number Positionner Material		Permittivity	Loss Tangent	
SN 30/13 SAM103	SN 30/13 SAM103 Gelcoat with fiberglass		0.02	
SN 30/13 SAM104	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02	





Serial Number		Left Head		Right Head		Flat Part
	2	2.00	2	2.03	1	2.09
	3	2.02	3	2.05	2	2.10
	4	2.04	4	2.04	3	2.09
SN 30/13 SAM103	5	2.04	5	2.07	4	2.11
3N 30/13 3AN103	6	2.02	6	2.07	5	2.11
	7	2.01	7	2.09	6	2.09
	8	2.04	8	2.10	7	2.11
	9	2.02	9	2.09	-	-
	2	2.05	2	2.06	1	2.03
	3	2.08	3	2.03	2	2.03
	4	2.05	4	2.03	3	2.01
SN 30/13 SAM104	5	2.06	5	2.02	4	2.03
3N 30/13 3ANT104	6	2.08	6	2.02	5	2.03
	7	2.06	7	2.04	6	2.00
	8	2.07	8	2.04	7	1.98
	9	2.07	9	2.05	-	-



4.2.5 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



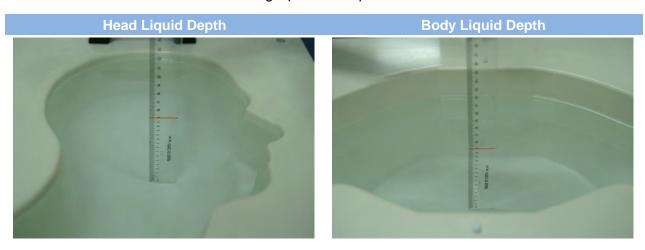
Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 25/13 MSH87	Deirin	3.7	0.005
SN 25/13 MSH88	Deirin	3.7	0.005

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



4.2.6 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

Head (Reference IEEE1528)								
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	3
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0.1	0	44.9	1.80	39.2
2600	54.9	0	0	0.1	0	45.0	1.96	39.0
Fraguenov(MHz)	Water	H	lexyl Carbito	ol	Triton	Triton X-100		Permittivity
Frequency(MHz)	(%)		(%)		(%)		σ (S/m)	3
5200	62.52		17.24		17.24		4.66	36.0
5800	62.52		17.24		17.24		5.27	35.3
		Body (Fro	om instrun	nent man	ufacturer)			
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	ε
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0.1	0	31.3	1.95	52.7
2600	68.2	0	0	0.1	0	31.7	2.16	52.5





Fragueney/MHz)	Water	DGBE	Salt	Conductivity	Permittivity
Frequency(MHz)	vvaler	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	3
5200	78.60	21.40	1	5.54	47.86
5800	78.50	21.40	0.1	6.0	48.20



5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Antenna Port Test Requirement

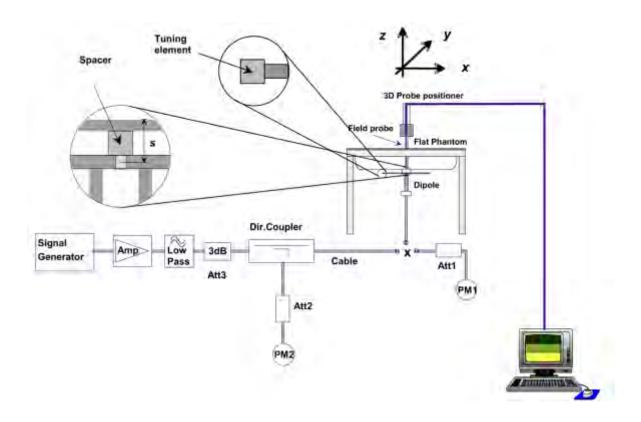
The SATIMO SAR system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

5.2 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.3 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:





6 EUT TEST POSITION CONFIGURATUONS

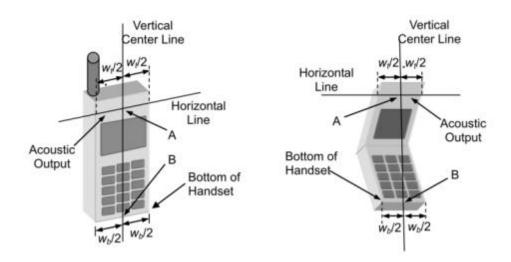
According to KDB 648474 D04 Handset, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

6.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2013 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

6.1.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

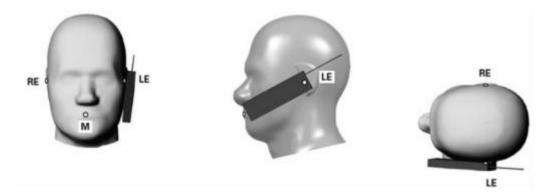
- (a) The vertical center line passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



6.1.2 Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.





6.1.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.



6.2 Body-worn Position Conditions

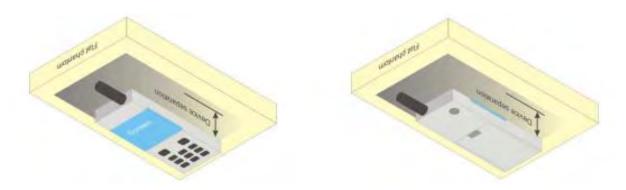
Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required. A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be

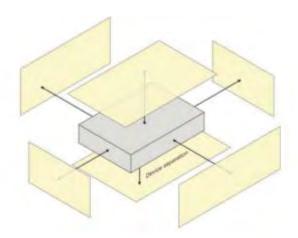


acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.



6.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

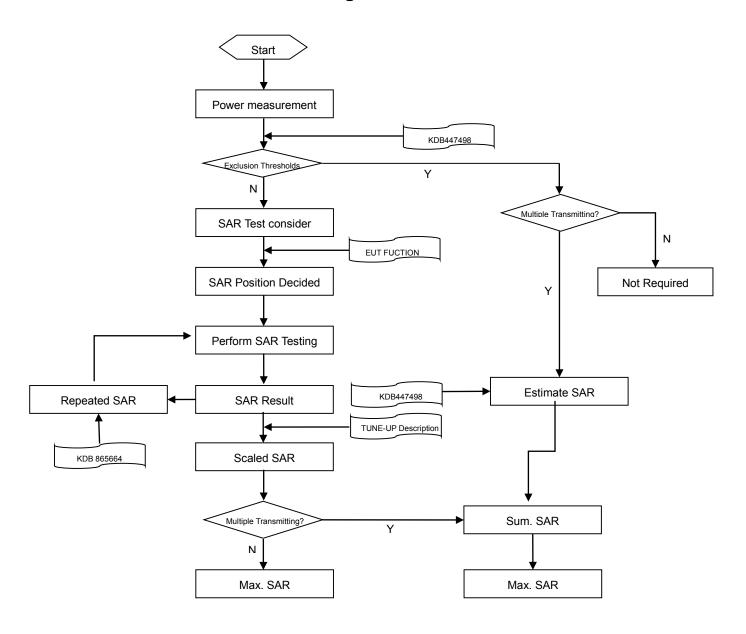
For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).





7 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

7.1 SAR Measurement Process Diagram





7.2 SAR Scan General Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of prob		•	5±1 mm ½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle from	•	s to phantom surface	30°±1°	20°±1°	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 3–4 GHz: \leq 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: \leq 10 mm When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spa	atial resolutio	on: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	unifor	m grid: Δz Zoom (n)	≤ 5 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δ z Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
grid		△ z Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz Zoom (n-1)		
Minimum zoom scan volume		x, y, z	≥30 mm	3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note:

- 1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
- 2. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



7.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

8.1 LTE

FDD LTE Band 12							
_ ,					(dBm)		
Bandwidth	RB Set		QPSK			16QAM	
(MHz)	Channel	23060	23095	23130	23060	23095	23130
	1 (RB_Pos:0)	22.79	22.76	22.78	22.16	21.99	22.13
	1 (RB_Pos:25)	22.80	22.83	22.89	22.08	22.20	22.34
	1 (RB_Pos:49)	22.88	22.90	22.84	22.30	22.26	22.10
10MHz	25 (RB_Pos:0)	21.86	21.88	21.89	20.85	20.87	21.01
	25 (RB_Pos:12)	21.87	21.89	21.91	20.87	20.94	20.97
	25 (RB_Pos:25)	21.93	21.94	21.93	20.94	21.02	20.96
	50 (RB_Pos:0)	21.93	21.99	21.92	20.93	21.03	20.97
5 1	DD 0.1			Power	(dBm)		
Bandwidth	RB Set		QPSK			16QAM	
(MHz)	Channel	23035	23095	23155	23035	23095	23155
	1 (RB_Pos:0)	22.88	22.83	22.94	22.30	22.09	22.29
	1 (RB_Pos:13)	22.89	22.89	22.99	22.13	22.21	22.41
	1 (RB_Pos:24)	22.92	22.90	22.92	22.33	22.24	22.15
5MHz	12 (RB_Pos:0)	21.95	21.95	22.05	21.06	21.04	21.24
	12 (RB_Pos:6)	21.96	21.94	22.00	20.94	20.99	21.09
	12 (RB_Pos:13)	22.01	21.98	22.06	21.03	21.06	21.07
	25 (RB_Pos:0)	21.87	21.90	21.89	20.87	20.94	20.94
Donado della	DD Cod	Power (dBm)					
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Set	QPSK				16QAM	
(IVIIIZ)	Channel	23025	23095	23165	23025	23095	23165
	1 (RB_Pos:0)	22.84	22.80	22.87	22.22	22.03	22.24
	1 (RB_Pos:8)	22.83	22.84	22.96	22.08	22.18	22.39
	1 (RB_Pos:14)	22.95	22.92	22.91	22.29	22.22	22.14
3.0MHz	8 (RB_Pos:0)	21.88	21.89	21.95	21.06	21.05	21.26
	8 (RB_Pos:3)	21.93	21.93	22.01	20.96	21.02	21.13
	8 (RB_Pos:7)	21.93	21.92	21.96	20.99	21.04	21.06
	15 (RB_Pos:0)	21.92	21.95	21.94	20.94	21.01	21.01
Bandwidth	RB Set			Power	(dBm)		
(MHz)	ND Set		QPSK			16QAM	
(IVII IZ)	Channel	23017	23095	23173	23017	23095	23173
	1 (RB_Pos:0)	22.85	22.79	22.84	22.33	22.12	22.31
	1 (RB_Pos:3)	22.86	22.85	22.95	22.10	22.18	22.37
	1 (RB_Pos:5)	22.85	22.84	22.83	22.29	22.20	22.10
1.4MHz	3 (RB_Pos:0)	22.99	22.98	23.02	22.02	21.99	22.18
	3 (RB_Pos:1)	22.89	22.87	22.93	21.98	22.02	22.11
	3 (RB_Pos:3)	22.89	22.86	22.88	21.93	21.96	21.96
	6 (RB_Pos:0)	21.91	21.92	21.89	21.01	21.06	21.04



FDD LTE Band 17									
Bandwidth	RB Set	Power (dBm)							
(MHz)	RB Set		QPSK			16QAM			
(IVII IZ)	Channel	23780	23790	23800	23780	23790	23800		
	1 (RB_Pos:0)	22.76	22.75	22.76	21.99	22.00	22.04		
	1 (RB_Pos:25)	22.81	22.83	22.86	22.2	22.20	22.24		
	1 (RB_Pos:49)	22.84	22.80	22.79	22.24	22.07	22.08		
10MHz	25 (RB_Pos:0)	21.91	21.84	21.84	20.95	20.89	20.97		
	25 (RB_Pos:12)	21.88	21.85	21.87	21.00	20.99	20.94		
	25 (RB_Pos:25)	21.90	21.89	21.90	21.04	20.95	20.99		
	50 (RB_Pos:0)	21.98	21.87	21.93	21.01	20.92	20.95		
Bandwidth	RB Set	Power (dBm)							
(MHz)	ND Set	QPSK			16QAM				
(IVII IZ)	Channel	23780	23790	23800	23780	23790	23800		
	1 (RB_Pos:0)	22.82	22.81	22.84	22.17	22.16	22.18		
	1 (RB_Pos:13)	22.88	22.84	22.85	22.18	22.17	22.20		
	1 (RB_Pos:24)	22.84	22.80	22.86	22.26	22.23	22.24		
5MHz	12 (RB_Pos:0)	21.98	21.96	22.05	20.99	21.02	21.12		
	12 (RB_Pos:6)	21.97	21.92	21.98	21.10	21.01	21.04		
	12 (RB_Pos:13)	21.96	21.95	21.99	21.03	21.03	21.16		
	25 (RB_Pos:0)	21.82	21.83	21.98	20.96	20.94	21.08		



8.2 WIFI

D I		Data Data		Test Result (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Data Rate	2412MHz	2437MHz	2462MHz
(GHz)		(Mbps)	(Ch1)	(Ch6)	(Ch11)
		1	13.05	12.97	12.97
	802.11b	2	12.76	12.79	12.99
	602.110	5.5	13.01	12.90	13.03
		11	12.94	12.94	12.99
		6	12.21	12.34	12.76
		9	11.62	11.70	12.65
		12	11.83	11.80	12.39
	802.11g	18	11.73	11.52	11.94
	602.11g	24	11.39	11.64	11.90
		36	12.00	12.17	12.19
		48	12.02	12.23	12.21
		54	12.08	12.26	12.23
		MCS0	11.80	11.70	11.82
2.4G		MCS1	11.94	12.10	12.12
(2.4~2.4835)		MCS2	11.93	11.86	11.75
(2.4 2.4000)	802.11n(HT20)	MCS3	11.92	12.05	12.32
	002.1111(11120)	MCS4	11.99	12.20	12.19
		MCS5	12.29	12.57	12.60
		MCS6	12.28	12.51	12.58
		MCS7	12.28	12.48	12.54
		MCS0	10.22	10.16	10.43
		MCS1	10.23	10.39	10.53
		MCS2	10.03	10.41	10.14
	802.11n(HT40)	MCS3	10.32	10.28	10.38
	002.1111(11140)	MCS4	10.28	10.36	10.42
		MCS5	10.36	10.42	10.57
		MCS6	10.31	10.25	10.45
		MCS7	10.31	10.37	10.47



8.3 Bluetooth

Mode		GFSK		π/4-DQPSK			
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78	
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480	
Peak Power (dBm)	-0.22	-0.46	-0.55	-0.92	-0.93	-0.97	
Mode		8-DPSK		BLE			
Channel	0	39	78	0	19	39	
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480	
Peak Power (dBm)	-0.80	-0.93	-1.06	-4.19	-3.75	-3.97	

8.4 Rated RF power output:

Mode	Bandwidth	RB	Modulation	Range(dBm)
		1		22.65-23.00
		25	QPSK	
	10 MHz	50		21.85-22.10
	TO IVITIZ	1		22.65-23.00 21.75-22.10 21.85-22.10 21.90-22.45 20.75-21.10 20.80-21.15 22.75-23.10 21.85-23.05 21.75-22.00 22.00-22.50 20.85-21.35 20.75-21.10 21.80-22.10 21.80-22.10 21.80-22.10 21.95-22.50 20.85-21.35 20.85-21.35 20.85-21.35 20.85-21.10 22.70-23.10 22.70-23.10 22.70-23.15 20.85-21.5 20.85-21.10 22.75-23.15 21.80-22.15 22.00-22.50 21.90-22.30 20.90-21.15 22.65-22.95 21.75-22.00 21.75-22.10 20.80-21.10 20.80-21.10
		25	16QAM	
		50		20.80-21.15
		1		22.75-23.10
		12	QPSK	21.85-23.05
	5 MHz	25		21.75-22.00
	2 MILZ	1		22.00-22.50
		12	16QAM	20.85-21.35
LTE Band 12		25		20.75-21.10
LIL Dalid 12		1		22.70-23.10
		8	QPSK	22.70-23.10 21.80-22.10 21.80-22.10 21.95-22.50
	3 MHz	15		21.80-22.10
	J WII IZ	1		21.80-22.10 21.80-22.10 21.95-22.50 20.85-21.35 20.85-21.10
		8	16QAM	
		15		20.85-21.10
		1		22.70-23.10
		3	QPSK	21.85-22.10 21.90-22.45 20.75-21.10 20.80-21.15 22.75-23.10 21.85-23.05 21.75-22.00 22.00-22.50 20.85-21.35 20.75-21.10 21.80-22.10 21.80-22.10 21.95-22.50 20.85-21.35 20.85-21.35 20.85-21.35 20.85-21.35 20.85-21.10 22.70-23.10 22.70-23.10 22.75-23.15 21.80-22.15 22.00-22.50 21.90-22.30 20.90-21.15 22.65-22.95 21.75-22.00 21.90-22.30 20.80-21.10 20.80-21.10
	1.4 MHz	6		21.80-22.15
	1.4 IVIIIZ	1		22.00-22.50
		3	16QAM	21.90-22.30
		6		20.90-21.15
		1		22.65-22.95
		25	QPSK	21.75-22.00
	10 MHz	50	1	21.75-22.10
LTE Band 17	I O IVII IZ	1		21.90-22.30
		25	16QAM	20.80-21.10
		50		20.80-21.10
	5 MHz	1	QPSK	22.70-22.95



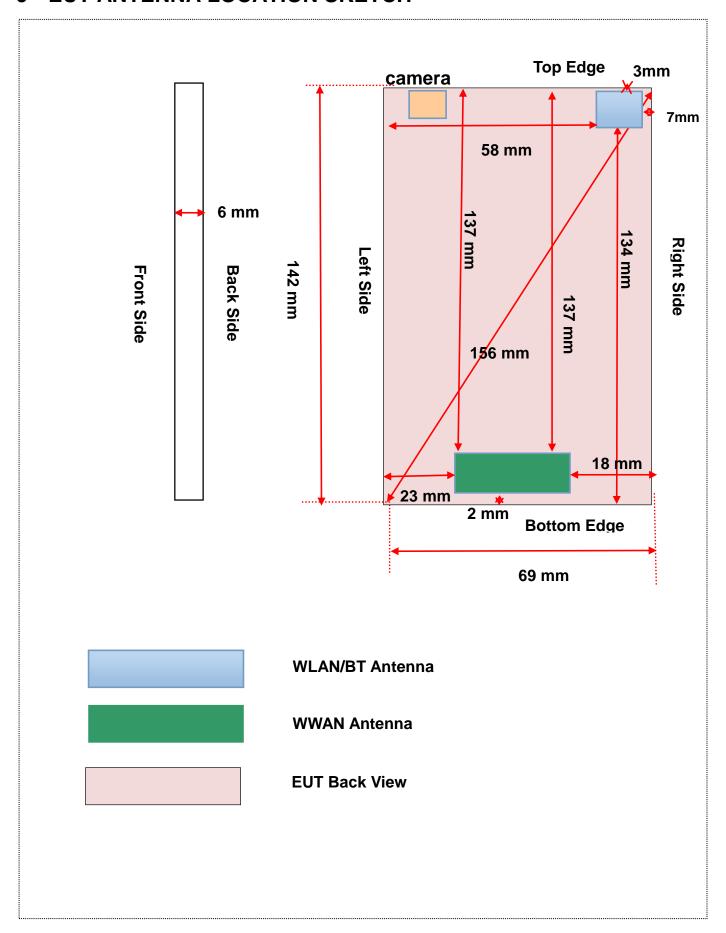
12		21.80-22.10
25		21.70-22.10
1		22.05-22.30
12	16QAM	20.90-21.25
25		20.85-21.20

Band (GHz)	Mode	Range(dBm)			
	802.11b	12.65-13.15			
2.4G	802.11g	11.30-12.85			
(2.4~2.4835)	802.11n(HT20)	11.60-12.70			
	802.11n(HT40)	10.10-10.70			

Band (GHz)	Mode	Range(dBm)			
Divistant	BR/EDR	(-1.15)-(-0.15)			
Bluetooth	BLE	(-1.15)-(-0.70)			



9 EUT ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH





9.1 SAR Test Exclusion Consider Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, Appendix A, <SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and \leq 50 mm> Table, this Device SAR test configurations consider as following :

Band		Max. Peak Power		Test Position Configurations						
	Mode			Head	Front/	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom	
		dBm	mW	пеац	Back	Edge	Edge	Edge	Edge	
LTE	Distance	<5mm	<5 mm	23 mm	18 mm	137 mm	<5mm			
Band 12	QPSK	23.00	199.53	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
LTE	Distance	<5mm	<5 mm	23 mm	18 mm	137 mm	<5mm			
Band 17	QPSK	22.95	197.24	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
WLAN	Distance to User			<5mm	<5mm	58mm	7mm	<5mm	134 mm	
2.4 G	802.11b	02.11b 13.15 20.65		Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	
	Distance to User			<5mm	<5mm	58mm	7mm	<5mm	134 mm	
Bluetooth	Bluetooth BR/EDR	-0.15	0.97	No	No	No	No	No	No	
	Bluetooth BLE	-0.70	0.85	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Note:

- 1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- a. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- b. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- c. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- d. For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.

This formula is [3.0] / $[\sqrt{(GHz)}] * [(min. test separation distance, mm)] = exclusion threshold of mW.$

- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:
 - a. [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b. [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz
- Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA /HSUPA /DC-HSDPA output power is <
 0.25dB higher than RMC12.2Kbps, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.8. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
- 8. Apply the test exclusion rule in KDB 248227 D01 v02 11g, 11n-HT20 and HT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.



10 TEST RESULTS

10.1LTE Band 12 (10 MHz Bandwidth)

Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB Num.	RB Start	Power Drift (%)	1 g Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
	Left		23095	707.5	1	High	-0.71	0.228	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.233	1#
	Cheek	0	23095	707.5	50%	High	-0.36	0.229	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.238	2#
			23095	707.5	1	High	-0.03	0.133	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.136	3#
	Left Tilt	0	23095	707.5	50%	High	-0.70	0.110	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.114	4#
QPSK	Right		23095	707.5	1	High	-0.09	0.305	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.312	5#
	Cheek	0	23095	707.5	50%	High	-0.68	0.237	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.246	6#
			23095	707.5	1	High	-0.82	0.150	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.153	7#
	Right Tilt	0	23095	707.5	50%	High	-0.49	0.128	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.133	8#
Body-w	orn Accesso	ry& Hots	pot		<u> </u>	<u> </u>							
	F+ 0:	40	23095	707.5	1	High	-2.82	0.072	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.074	9#
ODOK	Front Side	10	23095	707.5	50%	High	-3.45	0.085	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.088	10#
QPSK	DI-Oid-		23095	707.5	1	High	0.16	0.089	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.091	11#
	Back Side	10	23095	707.5	50%	High	-0.96	0.088	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.091	12#
Hotspo	t												
			23095	707.5	1	High	-0.45	0.283	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.290	13#
	Loft Edge	10	23095	707.5	50%	High	-0.94	0.228	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.237	14#
QPSK	Left Edge	10	23095	707.5	1	High	0.48	0.284	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.291	15#
QP5K			23095	707.5	50%	High	-0.96	0.230	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.239	16#
	Bottom	10	23095	707.5	1	High	-0.27	0.024	22.90	23.00	1.02	0.025	17#
	Edge	10	23095	707.5	50%	High	-1.39	0.024	21.94	22.10	1.04	0.025	18#



10.2LTE Band 17 (10MHz Bandwidth)

Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB Num.	RB Start	Power Drift (%)	1 g Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
Head													
	Left	0	23800	711.0	1	Middle	1.47	0.286	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.292	19#
	Cheek		23780	709.0	50%	Low	-0.09	0.234	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.239	20#
	Left Tilt	0	23800	711.0	1	Middle	0.44	0.134	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.137	21#
QPSK			23780	709.0	50%	Low	0.30	0.112	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.114	22#
QI OIL	Right	0	23800	711.0	1	Middle	-0.55	0.289	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.295	23#
	Cheek	U	23780	709.0	50%	Low	1.63	0.247	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.252	24#
	Discha Tila	ght Tilt 0	23800	711.0	1	Middle	-0.18	0.158	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.161	25#
	Right fill		23780	709.0	50%	Low	-0.61	0.136	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.139	26#
Body-w	orn Accesso	ry& Hots	pot										
	Front Side	10	23800	711.0	1	Middle	-2.50	0.083	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.085	27#
	From Side	10	23780	709.0	50%	Low	-3.68	0.082	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.084	28#
QPSK	Back Side	10	23800	711.0	1	Middle	-3.21	0.087	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.089	29#
	Back Side	10	23780	709.0	50%	Low	-2.64	0.105	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.107	30#
Hotspo	t												
	Loft Edge	10	23800	711.0	1	Middle	-0.91	0.279	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.285	31#
	Left Edge	10	23780	709.0	50%	Low	-0.95	0.227	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.232	32#
QPSK	Right	10	23790	710.0	1	Middle	-0.96	0.287	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.293	33#
QP5K	Edge	10	23780	709.0	50%	Low	-4.53	0.227	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.232	34#
	Bottom	10	23800	711.0	1	Middle	-2.38	0.024	22.86	22.95	1.02	0.025	35#
	Edge	10	23780	709.0	50%	Low	-3.94	0.025	21.91	22.00	1.02	0.026	36#



10.3WIFI 2.4GHz

Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1 g Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
Head		l -									
	Left Cheek	0	1	2412	0.38	0.659	13.05	13.15	1.02	0.674	37#
	Left Tilt	0	1	2412	-0.17	0.748	13.05	13.15	1.02	0.765	38#
	Right Cheek	0	1	2412	-0.01	0.985	13.05	13.15	1.02	1.008	39#
802.11 b		0	6	2437	0.23	0.996	12.97	13.15	1.04	1.038	40#
802.11 D		0	11	2462	-0.20	0.988	13.03	13.15	1.03	1.016	41#
	Right tilt		1	2412	-0.50	0.948	13.05	13.15	1.02	0.970	42#
		0	6	2437	-0.33	1.000	12.97	13.15	1.04	1.042	43#
			11	2462	-0.75	0.998	13.03	13.15	1.03	1.026	44#
Body-worn Acco	essory& Hotspot										
802.11 b	Front Side	10	1	2412	-2.98	0.335	13.05	13.15	1.02	0.343	45#
8U2.11 D	Back Side	10	1	2412	-0.77	0.379	13.05	13.15	1.02	0.388	46#
Hotspot											
802.11 b	Right Edge	10	1	2412	-1.62	0.073	13.05	13.15	1.02	0.075	47#
0U2.11 D	Top Edge	10	1	2412	-0.17	0.424	13.05	13.15	1.02	0.434	48#



11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Wireless Band	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Radio
2412	WIFI 802.11 b	Head	Right Cheek	0.985	Yes	0.964	1.02
2437	WIFI 802.11 b	Head	Right Cheek	0.996	Yes	0.959	1.04
2462	WIFI 802.11 b	Head	Right Cheek	0.988	Yes	0.963	1.03
2412	WIFI 802.11 b	Head	Right Tilt	0.948	Yes	0.936	1.01
2437	WIFI 802.11 b	Head	Right Tilt	1.000	Yes	0.967	1.03
2462	WIFI 802.11 b	Head	Right Tilt	0.998	Yes	0.966	1.03

Note: The ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is < 1.20, the second repeated measurement is not required.



12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR).

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Consider

NO.	Mode		2.4G WLAN & 2.4G Bluetooth	
NO.	Mode	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1	GSM 1	+ 2.4G WLAN	+ 2.4G WLAN	
1	(Voice)		+ Bluetooth	
2	GSM		+ 2.4G WLAN	+ 2.4G WLAN
	(Data)		+ Bluetooth	
3	WCDMA	+ 2.4G WLAN	+ 2.4G WLAN	+ 2.4G WLAN
3	RMC		+ Bluetooth	
4	4 1.75	+ 2.4G WLAN	+ 2.4G WLAN	+ 2.4G WLAN
4	LTE		+ Bluetooth	

Note:

- 1. 2G&3G&4G share the same antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.
- 2. The Bluetooth and 2.4G WLAN share the same antenna, can't transmitting together.
- 3. 2.4G WLAN can transmit simultaneously with each WWAN.
- 4. 2.4G WLAN supports hotspot mode.

12.2 Estimated SAR Calculation

According to KDB 447498 D01 when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

Estimated SAR =
$$\frac{Max.Tune\ Up\ Power(mw)}{Min\ Test\ Separation\ Dis\ tan\ ce} * \frac{\sqrt{f_{GHz}}}{x}$$
 (where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR)

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Band	Mode	Position	Antenna To user (mm)	SAR Testing	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Frequency (GHz)	Calculation Distance/Gap (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	5	NO	-0.15	0.97	2402	5	0.040
Bluetooth	GFSK	Left Cheek	5	NO	-0.15	0.97	2402	5	0.040
		Front side	10	NO	-0.15	0.97	2402	10	0.020





Back Side	10	NO	-0.15	0.97	2402	10	0.020
Right Edge	10	NO	-0.15	0.97	2402	10	0.020
Top Edge	10	NO	-0.15	0.97	2402	10	0.020



12.3Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

12.3.1 Sum Head SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous Mode	Mode	Max. 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g Sum SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
GSM Voice + 2.4G WLAN	GSM Voice	0.259	1.301	No
GSIVI VOICE + 2.4G VVLAIN	2.4G WLAN	1.042	1.301	No
WCDMA RMC +2.4G WLAN	WCDMA RMC	0.462	1 504	No
WCDIVIA RIVIC +2.4G WLAN	2.4G WLAN	1.042	1.504	No
LTE ODSK + 2 4C WLAN	LTE QPSK	0.419	1 461	No
LTE QPSK + 2.4G WLAN	2.4G WLAN	1.042	1.461	No

12.3.2 Sum Body-worn SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous Mode	Mode	Max. 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g Sum SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
GSM Voice + 2.4G WLAN	GSM Voice	0.322	0.710	No
GSW VOICE + 2.4G WLAN	2.4G WLAN	0.388	0.710	No
GSM Voice + Bluetooth	GSM Voice	0.322	0.342	No
GSW VOICE + Bluetootii	Bluetooth	0.020	0.342	NO
WCDMA RMC +2.4G WLAN	WCDMA RMC	0.582	0.970	No
WODINA RIVIC +2.46 WEAR	2.4G WLAN	0.388	0.970	NO
WCDMA RMC + Bluetooth	WCDMA RMC	0.582	0.602	No
WCDIVIA RIVIC + Bluetootiii	Bluetooth	0.020	0.002	INO
LTE QPSK + 2.4G WLAN	LTE QPSK	0.606	0.994	No
LIE QFSK + 2.46 WLAIN	2.4G WLAN	0.388	0.994	INO
LTE QPSK + Bluetooth	LTE QPSK	0.606	0.626	No
LIE QF3N + Blue(00(II	Bluetooth	0.020	0.020	INO

12.3.3 Sum Hotspot mode SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous Mode	Mode	Max. 1g SAR	1g Sum SAR	SPLSR	
Simulaneous Mode	Mode	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(Yes/No)	
GSM DATA + 2.4G WLAN	GSM DATA	0.530	0.964	No	
GSWI DATA + 2.4G WLAN	2.4G WLAN	0.434	0.904	NO	
WCDMA RMC + 2.4G WLAN	WCDMA RMC	0.582	1.016	No	
WCDIVIA RIVIC + 2.4G WLAIN	2.4G WLAN	0.434	1.016	No	
LTE QPSK + 2.4G WLAN	LTE QPSK	0.606	1.040	No	
LIE QF3N + 2.40 WEAN	2.4G WLAN	0.434	1.040	140	



13 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
750MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID 750	S/N 25/13 DIP 0G750-253	2015/03/16	2018/03/15
2450MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID 2450	S/N 25/13 DIP 2G450-251	2015/03/16	2018/03/15
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	S/N 34/15 EPGO 265	2015/10/12	2016/10/11
Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 17/13 ZNTA45	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 30/13 SAM103	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	SATIMO	SAM	SN 30/13 SAM104	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 25/13 OCPG56	2015/08/17	2016/08/16
MultiMeter	Keithley	MultiMeter 2000	4024022	2015/07/16	2016/07/15
Signal Generator	R&S	SMF100A	1167.0000k02/104260	2015/07/16	2016/07/15
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	GB40201833	2015/10/14	2016/10/13
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z21	103971	2015/07/16	2016/07/15
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	N/A	N/A
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW 500	138884	2015/07/16	2016/07/15
Network Analyzer	R&S	ZVL-6	101380	2015/07/16	2016/07/15
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01, Dipole SAR Validation Verification, BALUN LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.



ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp.	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ε)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ε)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2016.05.16	Head	750	21.2	0.89	42.68	0.89	41.90	0.00	1.86
2016.05.18	Body	750	21.6	0.98	56.89	0.96	55.50	2.08	2.50
2016.05.21	Head	2450	21.3	1.83	40.28	1.80	39.20	1.67	2.76
2016.05.21	Body	2450	21.3	1.98	51.61	1.95	52.70	1.54	-2.07

Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is± 5%.



ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10%(for 1 g).

<u>/ 10 /0(101 1 9</u>	1).								
Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)	Targeted SAR(W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
2016.05.16	Head	750	100	0.876	8.76	8.60	1.86	8.49	3.18
2016.05.18	Body	750	100	0.896	8.96	8.91	0.56	8.49	5.54
2016.05.21	Head	2450	100	5.357	53.57	54.29	-1.33	52.40	2.23
2016.05.21	Body	2450	100	5.449	54.49	54.70	-0.38	52.40	3.99
Mata, The te									

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation is ±10%.



System Performance Check Data(750 MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265 Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

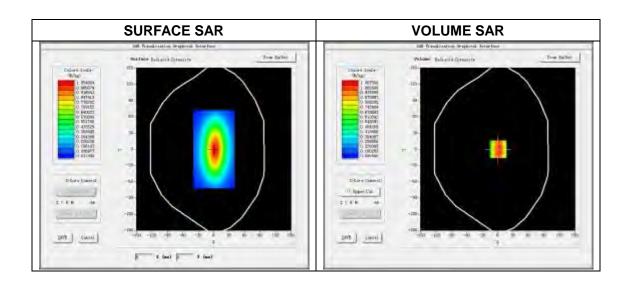
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016.05.16

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions.

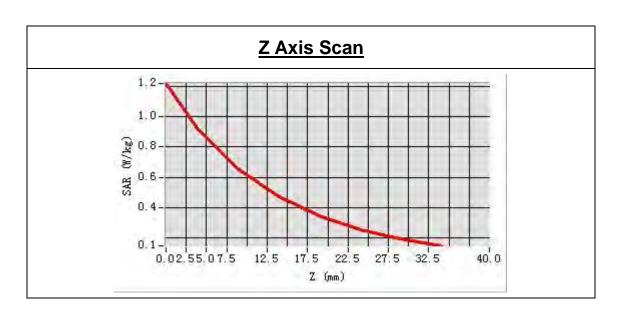
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	750MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.683597
Conductivity (S/m)	0.894321
Power drift (%)	-0.310000
Ambient Temperature:	21.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.2°C
ConvF:	1.81
Crest factor:	1:1

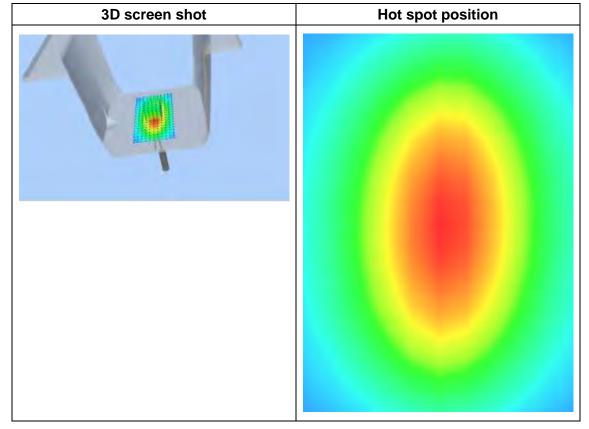




Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.19 W/kg

SAR 10 g (W/Kg)	0.578965
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.875977







System Performance Check Data(750 MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

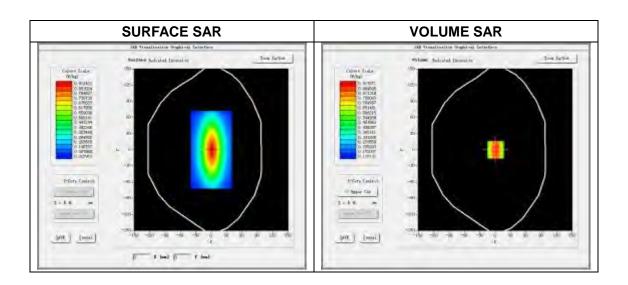
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016.05.18

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

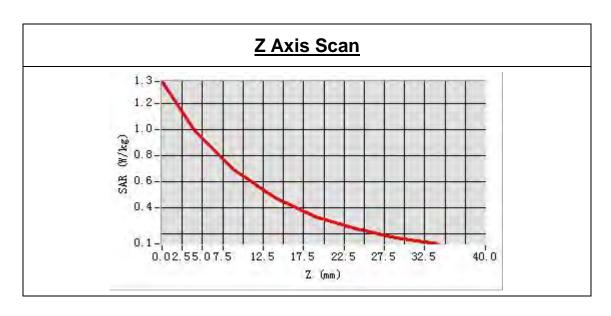
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	750MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.887528
Conductivity (S/m)	0.977632
Power drift (%)	-0.150000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4℃
Liquid Temperature:	21.6℃
ConvF:	1.88
Crest factor:	1:1

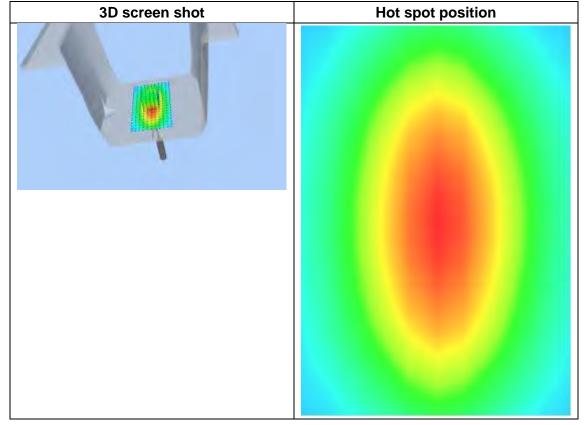




Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.28 W/kg

SAR 10 g (W/Kg)	0.596457	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.896261	







System Performance Check Data(2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265 Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

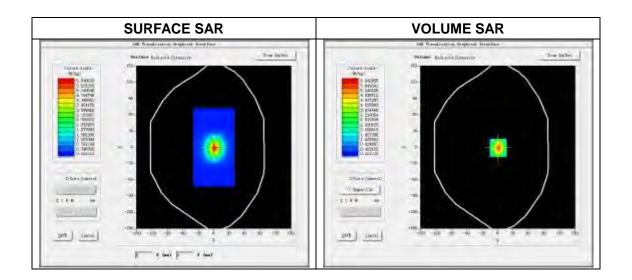
Zoom scan resolution: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016.05.21

Measurement duration: 18 minutes 58 seconds

Experimental conditions.

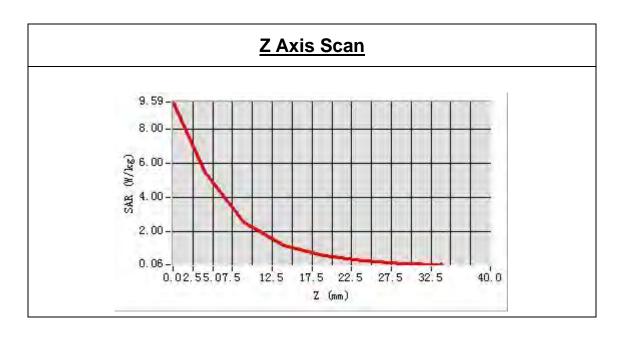
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	2450MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.275961
Conductivity (S/m)	1.828571
Power drift (%)	-1.200000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.3°C
ConvF:	2.47
Crest factor:	1:1

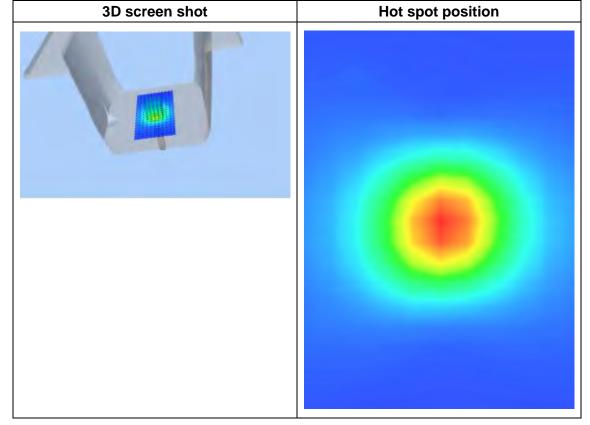




Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 9.56W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.317637	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.356502	







System Performance Check Data(2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265 Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

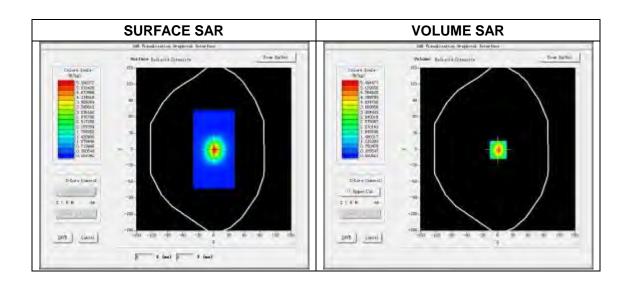
Zoom scan resolution: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016.05.21

Measurement duration: 18 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

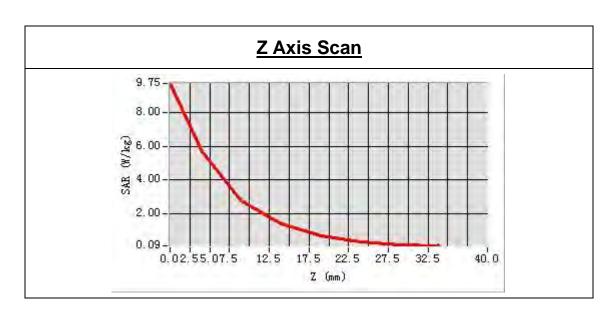
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	2450MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.613685
Conductivity (S/m)	1.975624
Power drift (%)	0.100000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8℃
Liquid Temperature:	21.3°C
ConvF:	2.55
Crest factor:	1:1

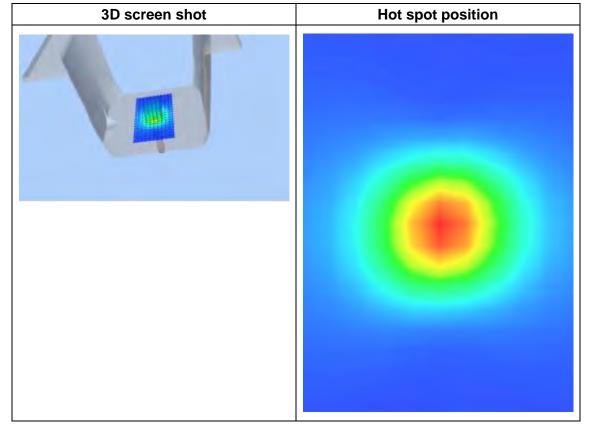




Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 9.71W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.386587
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.448525







ANNEX C TEST DATA

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1640189-704-Test Data.pdf".

ANNEX D EUT EXTERANAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1640189-AW.pdf".

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1640189-704-AS.pdf".



ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

F.1 E-Field Probe



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.299.1.15.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD. BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA 518055

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 34/15 EPGO265

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 10/12/2015

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





Ref: ACR,299.1.15.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/26/2015	JES
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/26/2015	25
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/26/2015	them thethough

	Customer Name
Distribution:	SHENZHEN
	BALUN
	TECHNOLOGY
	Co.,Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/26/2015	Initial release

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Ref: ACR.299.1.15.SATU.A

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Ref: ACR.299.1.15.SATU.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 34/15 EPGO265	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.45 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.192 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.230 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.205 MΩ	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm	
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm	
Maximum external diameter	8 mm	
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm	
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm	

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0° - 180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0° - 360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3,00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	i	2.887%

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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

	Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

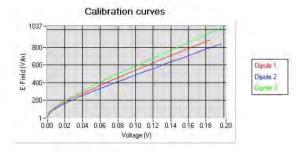
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole	Normy dipole	Normz dipole
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.72	0.81	0.85

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
92	90	95

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



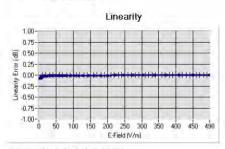
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5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity.[+/-1.61% (+/-0.07dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	44.12	0.88	1.85
BL450	450	58.92	1.00	1.90
HL750	750	42.24	0.90	1.81
BL750	750	56,85	0.99	1.88
HL850	835	43.02	0,90	2.04
BL850	835	53.72	0.98	2.12
HL900	900	42.47	0,99	1.86
BL900	900	56.97	1.09	1.92
HL1800	1800	42.24	1.40	2.04
BL1800	1800	53.53	1.53	2.08
HL1900	1900	40.79	1.42	2.35
BL1900	1900	54.47	1.57	2.42
HL2000	2000	40.52	1.44	2.23
BL2000	2000	54.18	1,56	2.32
HL2450	2450	38.73	1.81	2.47
BL2450	2450	53.23	1.96	2.55
HL2600	2600	38.54	1.95	2.36
BL2600	2600	52.07	2.23	2.43
HL5200	5200	36.80	4.84	1.81
BL5200	5200	51.21	5.16	1.85
HL5400	5400	36.35	4.96	2.04
BL5400	5400	50.51	5.70	2.11
HL5600	5600	35.57	5.23	2.08
BL5600	5600	49.83	5.91	2.15
HL5800	5800	35.30	5.47	1.88
BL5800	5800	49.03	6.28	1,93

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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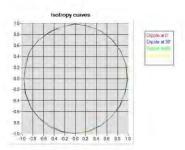


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5.4 ISOTROPY

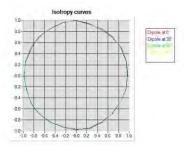
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB



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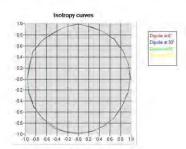




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HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.09 dB



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Ref: ACR.299.1.15.SATU.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equi	pment Summary S	Sheet	
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2015	10/2016
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

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F.2 750 MHz Dipole



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.75.7.15.SATU.A

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PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD,

NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA 518055

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 0G750-253

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





03/16/2015

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference thipote calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test beach. All calibration results are traceable to astional metrology institutions.





RECAURAGE 75.1 (5.5 ACT) A:

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	3/16/2015	15
Checked by z	Jerôme LUC	Product Manager	3/16/2015	JS
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	3/16/2015	Man Voute with

	Customer Name
Distribution:	SHENZHEN
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	TECHNOLOGY
	Co.,Ltd.

Issue	Dure	Modifications
A	3/16/2015	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test					
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE				
Manufacturer	MVG				
Model	SID750				
Serial Number	SN 25/13 DIP 0G750-253				
Product Condition (new / used)	Used				

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled that phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEDEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss			
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB			

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CELIEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume 1 g	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g.	20.3 %

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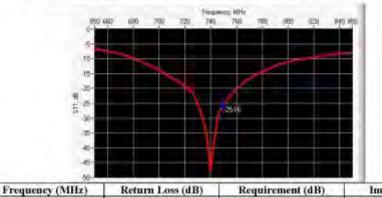


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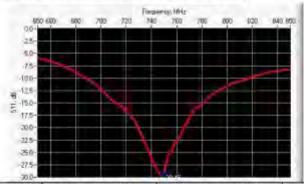
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance | 750 | -25.86 | -20 | 54.5 Ω - 2.7 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance	
750	-29.45	-20	52.6 Ω + 2.3 jΩ	

6,3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MH2	Le	901	it m	im	dı	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0±1 %		250.0 ±1 %:		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7±1%.		635±1%	
750	176,0±1 %	PASS	100,0±1%.	PASS	6.35 ±1 %	PASS
855	161/0±1 %.		89.8 ±1 1/4		3.6±1%	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 :1 %		3.6 z1%	
1450	89.1 ±1 %;		51.7±1%		3.6 21 %.	
1500	80.5±1%		50,0:1%		1.6±1%.	
1640	79.0+1%.		45.7 ±1 %		3.5 ±1 %	
1750	75,2 ±1 %.		42,9 ±1 %		3.6 ±1%	
1800	72.0±1%		41.711%		3.6 21%	
1900	68.0±1%		39.5 ±1 %		3.6±1%	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1.34		3.6 ±154	
2000	64.5 £1 %.		37.5 ±1 %		3.6±1%	
2100	61.0±1%		35.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1%.	
2300	55,5 ±1 %.		32.6 11.%		3.6 ±1%	
2450	51.5±1%.		30,441 %		3.6 ±1%.	
2600	185±1%		28.8 ±1%		3.6:1%	
3000	41.5±1%		25,0±1%		3.6.21%	
3500	37 0±1 N.		26.4±1 %		3.6±19L	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1%	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MH2	Relative permittivity (s.')		Conductiv	ity (a) S/m
	regulred	measured	required	measured
300	45.3.15/6		0.8715%	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87±5%	
750	41,9 ±5 %	PASS	0.89 ±5 %	PASS
835	41.5 ±5%		0.50±5 N	
900	W1,5±5%		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 +5 %	
1500	40.4 45 %		1.23 15 %	
1640	40.2±5%		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1±5%		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
1900	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
1950	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
2000	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
2100	39.8 ±5 %	1.49 ±5 %
2300	39.5 ±5 %	1,67 ±5 %
2450	39.2 ±5 %	1.80 ±5 %
2600	39.0 ±5 %	1.96 ±5 %
3000	38.5 ±5 %	2.40 ±5 %
3500	37.9 ±5 %	2.91 ±5 %

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.8 sigma: 0.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	750 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49	8.60 (0.86)	5.55	5.65 (0.56)
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4	D	20.1	

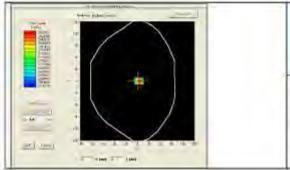
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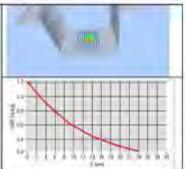




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1900	39.7	20.5
1950	40.5	20.9
2000	41,1	21.1
2100	.43.6	21.9
2300	48.7	23.3
2450.	52.4	24
2600	55.3	24.6
3000	63.8	25.7
3500	67,1	25





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (c.')		Conductiv	ity (a) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5.56	1	0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %	Ji .	0.92 ±5%	
450	56.7±5%		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.96 ±5 %	PASS
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06±5%	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30±5%	-
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5.%		1,52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	

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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated No ca required		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No call required.	Validated No ca required		
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016		
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016		
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122.SN 18/11	10/2014	10/2015		
Mutimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016		
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070531	12/2013	12/2016		
Amplifier	Aetheroomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required,	Characterized prior to test. No cal required		
Power Meter	HP E4416A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016		
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required		
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11.661-9	8/2012	B/2015		

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F.3 2450MHz Dipole



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.75.13.15.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD,

NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA 518055

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 2G450-251

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



03/16/2015

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference thipote calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to retional metrology institutions.





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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID2450	
Serial Number	SN 25/13 DIP 2G450-251	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled that phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEDIEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CELIEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g.	20.3 %

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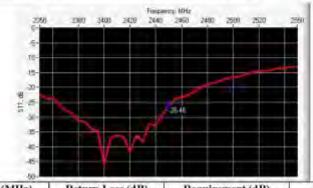


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10 g	20.1 %

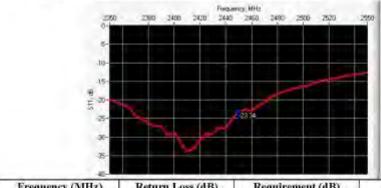
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance | 2450 | -26.46 | -20 | 49.3 Ω - 4.7 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-23.34	-20	53.4 Ω - 6.2 jΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MH2	Le	9MT	hm	im	dı	mm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1%		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %		166.7±1%.		6.35±1%	
750	176,0±1 %		100,0±1%.		6.35 ±1%	
835	161.0±1 %.		89.8 ±1 1/4		3.6 ±1 %	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3±1%		3.6 ml %	
1450	89.1 ±1 %		51.7±1%		3.5 21 %.	
1500	80.5±1 %		50,0±1%		3.6±1%.	
1640	79.0 +1 %		45.7±1 %		3.6±1%	
1750	75.2 ±1.1%		42,9 ±1 %		3.6 ±1%	
1800	72.0±1%		41.711%		3,6:21%	
1900	68.0±1%		39.5 ±1.9		3.6±1/%	
1950	66.3 ±1.W.		38.5 ±1.34		3.6±154	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 £1 %		3.6 ±1%	
2100	61.0±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1%.	
2300	55.5 ±1%.		32.6 11.%		3.6 ±1%	
2450	51,5±1 %.	PASS	30,441 %	PASS	3.6 ±1%.	PASS
2600	185±1%		28.8 ±1%		3.6:1%	
3000	41.5±1%		25,0 ±1 %		3.6:1%	
3500	37 0±1 H.		26.4±1 %		3.6±1.9L	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1%	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEFEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7 1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MH2	Relative permittivity (s.')		Conductivity (a) 5/m	
	regulred	measured	required	measured
300	45.3.15.76		0.8715%	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87±5%	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5±5%		0.90±5 N	
900	W1,5 £5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5%		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.415%		1.23 15 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
3750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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	1.40.15%		40.0±5.%	1800
	1,40 ±5 %		40,0 45 %	1900
	1,40 ±5 %		40.0°±5 %	1950
	1.40.15%		40.0 ±5 %	2000
	1,49 :5%		39.8 ±5.1%	2100
	1.67 ±5 %		39.5 ±5 %	2300
PASS	180±5%	PA55	39,2±5%	2450
	1.96 ±5 %		39.0±5.54	2600
	2,40 ±5 %		38,5 ±5 %	3000
	2.95.±5 W		37.9 45 %	3500

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4	
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71	
Prohe	SN 18/11 EPG122	
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: cps 38.9 sigma 179	
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm	
Area scan resolution	ds-Smin dy-Smin	
Zoen Scan Resolution	de-Smm dy 5m/dz-5mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz	
Input power	20 dilm	
Liquid Temperature	21°C	
Lab Temperature	Tre	
Lab Humidity	45.14	

Frequency	1 g SAR	W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10,9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30,5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
3.800	38,4		20.1	

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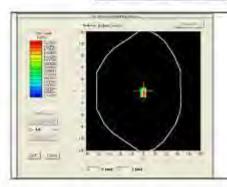
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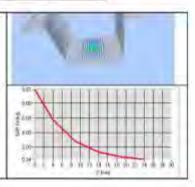




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1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	.43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7	1	23.3	
2450.	52.4	54.29 (5.43)	24	24.20 (2.42)
2600	55,3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67,1		25	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (c.')	Conductiv	ity (a) \$/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5.56		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55,0 ±5 %		1.06±5%	
1450	54.0 ±5.58		1.30±5%	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5.%		1,52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %	PASS	1.95 ±5 %	PASS

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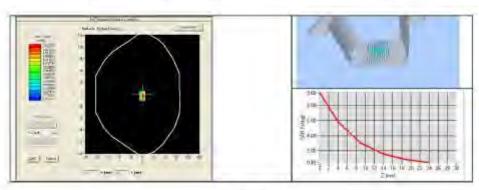
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2600	52.5 ±5 %	2.16±5%
3000	52.0 ±5 16	2.73 ±5 %
3500	51,3 ±5 %	3,31 ±5 %
5200	49.0±10%	5.30±10%
5300	48.9 ±10%	5.42 ±10 %
5400	48.7 ±10 %	5.53±10 W
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5,65±10%
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77±10%
5800	48.2±10%	6.00±10%

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4	
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71	
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122	
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps 52.7 sagma: 1.94	
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm	
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm	
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx-5mm/dy-5m/dz-5mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21°C	
Lab Temperature	21°C	
Lab Hemidity	45 %	

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2450	54.70 (5.47)	24.86 (2.49)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Garrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2014	10/2015
Multimeter	Kelthley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required	Characterized prior to test. No cal required
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required	Characterized prior to test. No cal required
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015

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