

# Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date of Issue :July 12, 2016

FCC ID: 2ABMA-888-700-214

## RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(i) and §15.407(f), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b) of this chapter.

### **EUT Specification**

EUT	850-034521						
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.15GHz ~ 5.25GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.25GHz ~ 5.35GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.47GHz ~ 5.725GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.85GHz</li> <li>Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480GHz</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>						
Device category	<ul><li>☐ Portable (&lt;20cm separation)</li><li>☐ Mobile (&gt;20cm separation)</li><li>☐ Others</li></ul>						
Exposure classification	<ul> <li>☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²)</li> <li>☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)</li> </ul>						
Antenna diversity	<ul> <li>Single antenna</li> <li>Multiple antennas</li> <li>☐ Tx diversity</li> <li>☐ Rx diversity</li> <li>☐ Tx/Rx diversity</li> </ul>						
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b mode: 18.34dBm IEEE 802.11g mode: 21.72 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode: 21.20dBm 5150 MHz~5250 MHz IEEE802.11a mode: 9.73dBm IEEE802.11an HT20 mode: 9.68dBm IEEE802.11an HT40 mode: 9.92dBm IEEE802.11ac VHT20 mode: 9.87dBm IEEE802.11ac VHT40 mode: 9.95dBm IEEE802.11ac VHT40 mode: 9.95dBm IEEE802.11ac VHT80 mode: 9.47dBm 5725MHz-5850MHz IEEE 802.11a: 8.86 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz Channel Mode: 8.77 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz Channel Mode: 9.59 dBm IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 MHz Channel Mode: 9.70 dBm IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 MHz Channel Mode: 9.07 dBm IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 MHz Channel Mode: 8.76 dBm IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 MHz Channel Mode: 8.70 dBm IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 MHz Channel Mode: 8.70 dBm IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 MHz Channel Mode: 8.70 dBm IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 MHz Channel Mode: 8.81 dBm Bluetooth: 8.95 dBm						
Antenna gain (Max)	Dipole antenna for 2.4GHz Gain 2.0dBi Dipole antenna for 5.25GHz Gain 5.0dBi Dipole antenna for 5.75GHz Gain 4.5dBi						
Evaluation applied	<ul><li>✓ MPE Evaluation*</li><li>☐ SAR Evaluation</li><li>☐ N/A</li></ul>						
<b>Remark:</b> 1. The maximum output porgain.)	wer is <u>21.72dBm (148.59mW) at 2412MHz (with 1.585 numeric antenna</u>						



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2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.

3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

#### **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

#### Calculation

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

*d* = *Distance in meters* 

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

## **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

**Yields** 

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 



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#### For WLAN:

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. tune up power(dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power density (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)
IEEE802.11b	2412-2462	19.5	2.0	20	0.0281	1
IEEE802.11g		22.5	2.0	20	0.0561	1
IEEE802.11 n(20MHz)		22.5	2.0	20	0.0561	1
IEEE802.11a mode	5150~5250	14.5	5.0	20	0.0177	1
IEEE802.11an HT20 mode		14.5	5.0	20	0.0177	1
IEEE802.11an HT40 mode		14.5	5.0	20	0.0177	1
IEEE802.11ac VHT20 mode		14.5	5.0	20	0.0177	1
IEEE802.11ac VHT40 mode		14.5	5.0	20	0.0177	1
IEEE802.11ac VHT80 mode		14.5	5.0	20	0.0177	1
IEEE802.11a mode	5725~5850	13.5	4.5	20	0.0126	1
IEEE802.11an HT20 mode		13.5	4.5	20	0.0126	1
IEEE802.11an HT40 mode		13.5	4.5	20	0.0126	1
IEEE802.11ac VHT20 mode		13.5	4.5	20	0.0126	1
IEEE802.11ac VHT40 mode		13.5	4.5	20	0.0126	1
IEEE802.11ac VHT80 mode		13.5	4.5	20	0.0126	1

#### For Bluetooth:

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. tune up power(dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power density (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)
1Mbps	2402-2480	9.0	2.0	20	0.0025	1
2Mbps		9.0	2.0	20	0.0025	1
3Mbps		8.0	2.0	20	0.0020	1
BLE4.0		6.0	2.0	20	0.0013	1

#### Note:

All of the Bluetooth& WLAN can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 + .....etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Bluetooth+ WLAN 2.4G=0.0025+0.0561=0.0586mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)