



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Posh Mobile Limited

1011A, 10/F., Harbour Centre Tower 1, No. 1 Hok Cheung St., Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong

FCC ID:2ABN6S410

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Kick Lite
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Report Number: RDG150715004-20	
Report Date: 2015-07-22	
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Attestation of Test Results				
EUT Information	Company Name		Posh Mobile Limited	
	EUT Description		Kick Lite	
	FCC ID		2ABN6S410	
	Model Number:	Tested Model: Multiple Model:	S410A S410B	
	Serial Number:		150715004	
	Test Date		2015-07-22	
	MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit(W/Kg)
GSM 850	1g Head SAR		0.422	1.6
	1g Body SAR		1.317	
PCS 1900	1g Head SAR		0.256	
	1g Body SAR		0.752	
WCDMA Band 5	1g Head SAR		0.315	
	1g Body SAR		0.73	
WCDMA Band 4	1g Head SAR		0.427	
	1g Body SAR		1.008	
WCDMA Band 2	1g Head SAR		0.474	
	1g Body SAR		1.162	
Simultaneous	1g Head SAR		0.86	
	1g Body SAR		1.512	
Hotspot	1g Body SAR		1.512	
Applicable Standards	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields,3 kHz to 300 GHz.			
	ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.			
	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices			
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques			
	IEC 62209-2: 2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)			
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02			
	Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.			
The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.				

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	5
EUT DESCRIPTION	6
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	6
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES.....	7
SAR LIMITS	8
FACILITIES.....	9
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	10
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	15
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	15
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION.....	16
LIQUID VERIFICATION	16
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION	22
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	23
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	29
TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON'S EAR.....	29
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION	30
EAR/TILT POSITION	30
TEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS	31
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE.....	32
TEST METHODOLOGY	32
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT.....	33
PROVISION APPLICABLE	33
TEST PROCEDURE	33
RADIO CONFIGURATION	33
MAXIMUM TARGET OUTPUT POWER	38
TEST RESULTS:	39
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS	43
SAR TEST DATA.....	43
SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION	49
SAR PLOTS (SUMMARY OF THE HIGHEST SAR VALUES).....	53
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	63
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	63
APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES.....	65
APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	76
APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	103
LIQUID DEPTH ≥ 15CM.....	103
LEFT HEAD CHEEK	103
LEFT HEAD TILT	104
RIGHT HEAD CHEEK	104
RIGHT HEAD TILT	105
BODY -WORN-HEADSET (10MM)	105
BODY -WORN-BACK (10MM).....	106
BODY -WORN-RIGHT (10MM).....	106
BODY -WORN-LEFT (10MM).....	107
BODY -WORN-BOTTOM (10MM)	107

APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS	108
EUT – FRONT VIEW.....	108
EUT – BACK VIEW	108
EUT –LEFT SIDE VIEW	109
EUT –RIGHT SIDE VIEW	109
EUT –TOP SIDE VIEW	110
EUT – BOTTOM SIDE VIEW	110
EUT – UNCOVER VIEW.....	111
DECLARATIION LETTER	112

EEA

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RDG150715004-20	Original Report	2015-07-24

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Posh Mobile Limited and their product, Model: S410A, FCC ID: 2ABN6S410 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Note: The series product, model S410A, S410B are electrically identical, the difference between them is just the model name, we selected S410A for fully testing, the details was explained in the attached declaration letter.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Kick Lite
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Portable
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, WCDMA R99 (Voice+Data),HSUPA Rel 6,HSDPA Rel 7, DC-HSDPA Rel 8, HSPA+ Rel 6 WLAN Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) WCDMA 1800:1710-1755 MHz(TX); 2110-2155 MHz(RX) WCDMA 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WLAN: 2412-2462MHz Bluetooth : 2402-2480MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 32.7 dBm PCS 1900: 30 dBm WCDMA 850: 22.67 dBm WCDMA 1800 : 22.96 dBm WCDMA 1900: 22.68 dBm WLAN: 9.6 dBm Bluetooth: 5.62 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	120mm (L) × 68 mm (W) × 12.5 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

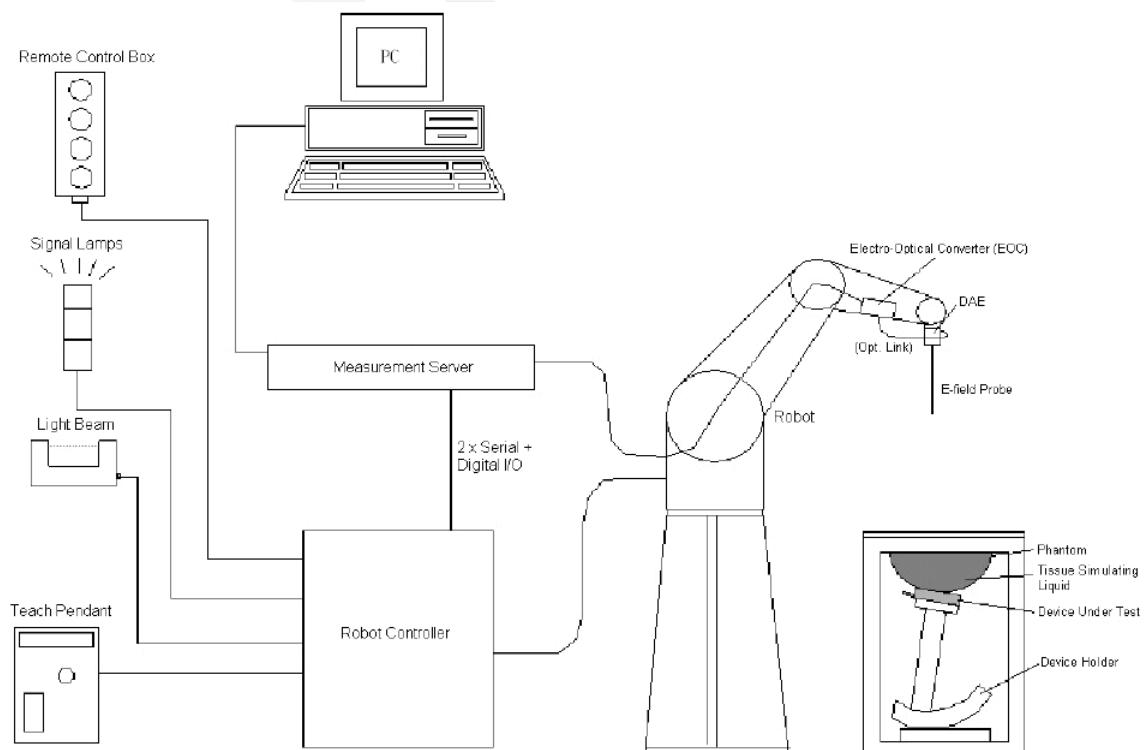
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX-RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _ Left hand
- _ Right hand
- _ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table. For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.



Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity " ϵ_r "=3 and loss tangent $\tan \delta$ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot.

Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

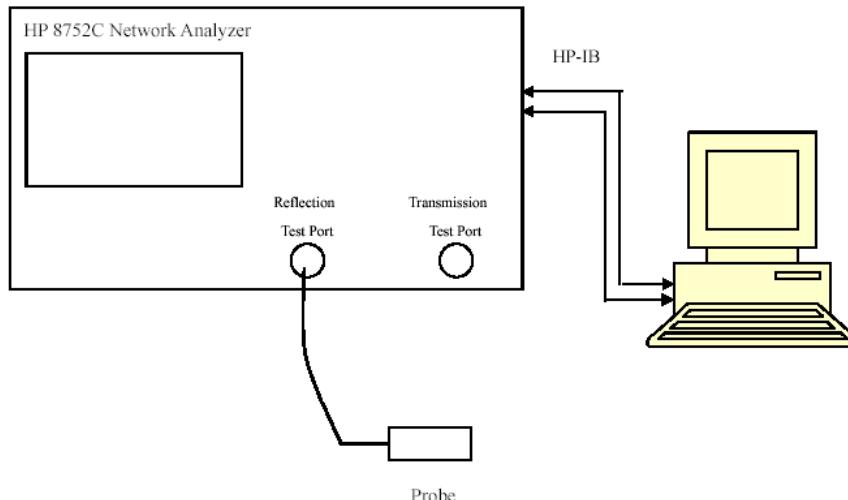
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015-01-26	2016-01-26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015-02-05	2016-02-05
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-08
Dipole, 1750MHz	ALS-D-1750-S-2	198-00304	2013-10-08	198-00304
Dipole, 1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2013-10-09	2016-10-09
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014-11-20	2015-11-20
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	TS-1750-H	201517	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	TS-1750-B	201518	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015-06-03	2016-06-03
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014-10-27	2015-10-27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
824.2	Head	42.93	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.45	-2.22	± 5
	Body	55.13	0.96	55.2	0.97	-0.13	-1.03	± 5
826.4	Head	42.88	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.33	-2.22	± 5
	Body	55.13	0.97	55.2	0.97	-0.13	0	± 5
836.6	Head	42.85	0.89	41.5	0.9	3.25	-1.11	± 5
	Body	55.1	0.98	55.2	0.97	-0.18	1.03	± 5
846.6	Head	42.81	0.89	41.5	0.9	3.16	-1.11	± 5
	Body	55.01	0.99	55.2	0.97	-0.34	2.06	± 5
848.8	Head	42.7	0.9	41.5	0.9	2.89	0	± 5
	Body	54.98	0.99	55.2	0.97	-0.4	2.06	± 5
1710	Head	39.85	1.37	40.8	1.37	-2.33	0	± 5
	Body	53.47	1.47	53.43	1.49	0.07	-1.34	± 5
1732.6	Head	40.4	1.38	40.8	1.37	-0.98	0.73	± 5
	Body	53.45	1.48	53.43	1.49	-0.02	-0.67	± 5
1755	Head	39.71	1.38	40.8	1.37	-2.67	0.73	± 5
	Body	53.29	1.49	53.43	1.49	-0.26	0	± 5
1850.2	Head	39.81	1.36	40	1.4	-0.47	-2.86	± 5
	Body	55.28	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.71	-2.63	± 5
1852.4	Head	39.82	1.35	40	1.4	-0.45	-3.57	± 5
	Body	55.24	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.64	-2.63	± 5
1880	Head	39.74	1.38	40	1.4	-0.65	-1.43	± 5
	Body	53.76	1.54	53.3	1.52	0.86	1.32	± 5
1907.6	Head	39.57	1.41	40	1.4	-1.08	0.71	± 5
	Body	53.6	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.56	-1.97	± 5
1909.8	Head	39.57	1.42	40	1.4	-1.08	1.43	± 5
	Body	53.38	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.15	-1.97	± 5

*Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-07-22.

Please refer to the following tables.

835 MHz Head			835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824	42.8923	19.1397	824	55.1152	21.0762
824.5	42.9848	19.1279	824.5	55.1525	20.9617
825	42.9391	19.1372	825	55.1394	21.0041
825.5	42.9382	19.1895	825.5	55.1938	20.9881
826	42.8867	19.1289	826	55.1059	21.0567
826.5	42.8797	19.1696	826.5	55.1399	21.0107
827	42.9281	19.1838	827	55.0069	20.9739
827.5	42.8728	19.1726	827.5	55.1703	20.9964
828	42.9548	19.2157	828	55.1184	20.9955
828.5	42.9138	19.1856	828.5	55.1706	21.0211
829	42.9527	19.2497	829	55.1098	20.9139
829.5	42.915	19.1401	829.5	55.0645	20.9346
830	42.994	19.1653	830	55.1142	20.9475
830.5	42.9506	19.2043	830.5	55.0851	20.9505
831	42.9238	19.1998	831	55.091	20.9689
831.5	42.869	19.2008	831.5	55.1557	20.9802
832	42.9804	19.1842	832	55.1909	20.9692
832.5	42.915	19.2206	832.5	55.1148	20.9066
833	42.9748	19.2211	833	55.1073	20.9048
833.5	42.9326	19.2494	833.5	55.1243	20.9342
834	42.8915	19.1967	834	55.1515	21.0331
834.5	42.9018	19.2036	834.5	55.0889	20.9296
835	42.9486	19.2459	835	55.0833	20.9372
835.5	42.935	19.1742	835.5	55.0944	21.0161
836	42.9223	19.1556	836	55.1339	21.0184
836.5	42.8545	19.1567	836.5	55.105	20.9736
837	42.8408	19.2021	837	55.0726	20.9947
837.5	42.8738	19.1822	837.5	55.0081	20.9428
838	42.8539	19.216	838	55.0869	21.0029
838.5	42.9006	19.1842	838.5	55.1595	21.0089
839	42.9178	19.1891	839	55.0951	20.9722
839.5	42.938	19.161	839.5	55.0997	21.0447
840	42.9181	19.1414	840	55.0342	21.0315
840.5	42.8843	19.0784	840.5	55.1449	20.9986
841	42.8909	19.1969	841	55.0533	21.0191
841.5	42.8812	19.1486	841.5	55.0515	20.9549
842	42.8648	19.1026	842	55.0916	20.9583
842.5	42.8269	19.1484	842.5	55.0148	20.955
843	42.8275	19.0567	843	55.0755	20.947
843.5	42.8331	19.0851	843.5	55.0075	20.9663
844	42.7919	19.0757	844	55.0546	20.9361
844.5	42.867	18.9998	844.5	55.0555	21.027
845	42.7896	19.0854	845	55.0808	20.984
845.5	42.834	19.0824	845.5	55.0432	20.9075
846	42.8612	19.0066	846	55.0368	20.9566
846.5	42.821	18.9909	846.5	55.0157	20.9368
847	42.7525	19.0783	847	54.9905	20.9609
847.5	42.7339	18.966	847.5	55.0779	20.9622
848	42.8159	19.0008	848	55.0113	20.9959
848.5	42.71	19.0028	848.5	54.9676	20.8941
849	42.6902	18.982	849	54.9948	20.9233

1750 MHz Head					
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1710	40.4308	14.3265	1748	40.2427	14.1949
1711	40.4333	14.3176	1749	40.2517	14.2340
1712	40.4458	14.3489	1750	40.3594	14.2625
1713	40.4234	14.2811	1751	40.3348	14.2822
1714	40.4196	14.2708	1752	40.3206	14.2516
1715	40.399	14.3226	1753	40.3343	14.1992
1716	40.442	14.2938	1754	40.2795	14.2699
1717	40.3959	14.3079	1755	40.3494	14.2205
1718	40.4159	14.3209	1756	40.2865	14.2727
1719	40.3904	14.3183	1757	40.2782	14.2050
1720	40.4199	14.3353	1758	40.2083	14.1712
1721	40.5981	14.2655	1759	40.25	14.1982
1722	40.4953	14.2672	1760	40.2828	14.2178
1723	40.4896	14.2786	1761	40.2877	14.3133
1724	40.5814	14.2258	1762	40.3267	14.2930
1725	40.5481	14.2436	1763	40.2348	14.2860
1726	40.5745	14.2324	1764	40.1812	14.2688
1727	40.4347	14.2982	1765	40.1898	14.2622
1728	40.4847	14.3090	1766	40.2034	14.3372
1729	40.5082	14.2738	1767	40.1863	14.2600
1730	40.433	14.3113	1768	40.1854	14.2637
1731	40.3971	14.3460	1769	40.3761	14.2615
1732	40.4166	14.3082	1770	40.3254	14.2237
1733	40.3955	14.2818	1771	40.3345	14.2499
1734	40.3642	14.2878	1772	40.3399	14.2365
1735	40.3971	14.3239	1773	40.2853	14.2673
1736	40.3965	14.2531	1774	40.3159	14.2510
1737	40.3673	14.3043	1775	40.2884	14.2042
1738	40.3094	14.3431	1776	40.2544	14.2590
1739	40.3574	14.3351	1777	40.234	14.2175
1740	40.3338	14.2799	1778	40.2163	14.3073
1741	40.3609	14.2628	1779	40.2615	14.2219
1742	40.3437	14.2540	1780	40.3469	14.2511
1743	40.2835	14.2718	1781	40.3648	14.2156
1744	40.3234	14.3321	1782	40.3644	14.2719
1745	40.2987	14.2542	1783	40.3126	14.2052
1746	40.2848	14.2536	1784	40.3061	14.1601
1747	40.2065	14.2866	1785	40.3458	14.1885

1750 MHz Body					
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1710	53.514	15.3734	1748	53.1946	15.2675
1711	53.495	15.3639	1749	53.2519	15.308
1712	53.4662	15.4007	1750	53.3478	15.3302
1713	53.4328	15.3624	1751	53.3569	15.3343
1714	53.4526	15.3484	1752	53.3491	15.316
1715	53.403	15.3624	1753	53.3419	15.2777
1716	53.4954	15.3635	1754	53.2904	15.3089
1717	53.4202	15.3313	1755	53.3455	15.2769
1718	53.4549	15.3889	1756	53.3053	15.3602
1719	53.3769	15.432	1757	53.2403	15.3064
1720	53.4695	15.3988	1758	53.1898	15.2621
1721	53.6572	15.3186	1759	53.2298	15.2477
1722	53.5719	15.3384	1760	53.2586	15.2605
1723	53.5673	15.3054	1761	53.2543	15.381
1724	53.694	15.3102	1762	53.3021	15.3641
1725	53.5925	15.3325	1763	53.2244	15.3446
1726	53.657	15.2794	1764	53.1471	15.347
1727	53.492	15.3758	1765	53.1337	15.3437
1728	53.5396	15.3866	1766	53.1512	15.3883
1729	53.5509	15.3188	1767	53.1809	15.309
1730	53.5156	15.4014	1768	53.1235	15.3317
1731	53.4411	15.4479	1769	53.3728	15.3709
1732	53.4506	15.3924	1770	53.3652	15.2861
1733	53.3949	15.3704	1771	53.3647	15.3322
1734	53.3825	15.3611	1772	53.3237	15.3379
1735	53.3889	15.3654	1773	53.3152	15.3339
1736	53.4126	15.3251	1774	53.3169	15.3473
1737	53.3789	15.3292	1775	53.3082	15.3064
1738	53.34	15.3985	1776	53.272	15.3117
1739	53.3725	15.4199	1777	53.188	15.2805
1740	53.3504	15.3408	1778	53.1899	15.3419
1741	53.3474	15.3237	1779	53.2096	15.2921
1742	53.3366	15.3591	1780	53.3705	15.3425
1743	53.2762	15.3563	1781	53.3508	15.2497
1744	53.3229	15.417	1782	53.3594	15.3516
1745	53.2887	15.3176	1783	53.3125	15.2743
1746	53.2826	15.3272	1784	53.3075	15.2688
1747	53.1921	15.3398	1785	53.3606	15.2843

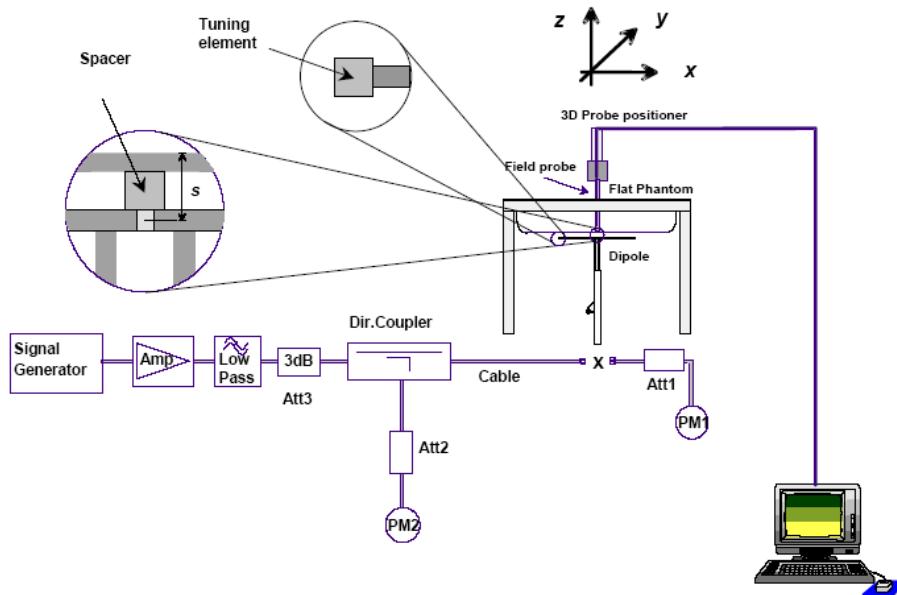
1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1850	39.7895	13.2174	1850	55.2608	14.368
1851	39.8698	13.161	1851	55.3612	14.3651
1852	39.8205	13.1459	1852	55.268	14.3511
1853	39.8209	13.1625	1853	55.1906	14.2978
1854	39.8476	13.178	1854	55.0661	14.1835
1855	39.8603	13.1877	1855	55.0488	14.2644
1856	39.8519	13.1754	1856	54.9223	14.26
1857	39.8864	13.2185	1857	54.7621	14.1906
1858	39.8059	13.1861	1858	54.6161	14.1018
1859	39.7987	13.2301	1859	54.5807	14.0573
1860	39.8278	13.2225	1860	54.4455	14.1674
1861	39.8648	13.194	1861	54.5149	14.1063
1862	39.8941	13.18	1862	54.3498	14.1073
1863	39.7894	13.1632	1863	54.1885	14.1286
1864	39.8034	13.2194	1864	54.1628	14.1724
1865	39.8469	13.2231	1865	54.0942	14.1496
1866	39.7566	13.2163	1866	53.9663	14.1418
1867	39.8244	13.2266	1867	53.8954	14.1825
1868	39.8098	13.2325	1868	53.832	14.2354
1869	39.8096	13.2949	1869	53.7169	14.2057
1870	39.8591	13.2471	1870	53.6933	14.2939
1871	39.8002	13.2004	1871	53.6294	14.3145
1872	39.8299	13.1993	1872	53.7055	14.3668
1873	39.7871	13.228	1873	53.6417	14.452
1874	39.6991	13.2878	1874	53.5949	14.4328
1875	39.7714	13.2217	1875	53.6368	14.501
1876	39.7686	13.2575	1876	53.634	14.5445
1877	39.7903	13.2623	1877	53.667	14.6496
1878	39.7401	13.2035	1878	53.6232	14.7072
1879	39.7632	13.2299	1879	53.679	14.6542
1880	39.7444	13.2305	1880	53.7603	14.7374
1881	39.742	13.2065	1881	53.7526	14.7791
1882	39.7306	13.2407	1882	53.7575	14.7962
1883	39.7342	13.2603	1883	53.8276	14.8165
1884	39.7422	13.2363	1884	53.8742	14.7849
1885	39.708	13.3101	1885	53.9428	14.8387
1886	39.6853	13.2767	1886	54.0896	14.7781
1887	39.6716	13.3086	1887	54.1917	14.7548
1888	39.6639	13.2494	1888	54.2361	14.831
1889	39.6915	13.3673	1889	54.2359	14.7483
1890	39.681	13.3134	1890	54.2977	14.7256
1891	39.7121	13.3131	1891	54.3199	14.7602
1892	39.661	13.3217	1892	54.3669	14.7244
1893	39.6743	13.3326	1893	54.3671	14.6556
1894	39.6997	13.3229	1894	54.3136	14.634
1895	39.6308	13.3041	1895	54.3427	14.6363
1896	39.6567	13.2711	1896	54.4563	14.4888
1897	39.6685	13.3111	1897	54.4085	14.4686
1898	39.6215	13.3123	1898	54.4387	14.4194
1899	39.6084	13.2676	1899	54.2598	14.3678
1900	39.6711	13.3262	1900	54.1729	14.324

1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1901	39.6851	13.304	1901	54.1356	14.2892
1902	39.5803	13.3593	1902	54.0567	14.2472
1903	39.634	13.2588	1903	53.9766	14.2315
1904	39.6338	13.3689	1904	53.8776	14.1297
1905	39.6298	13.3006	1905	53.7859	14.1437
1906	39.5992	13.378	1906	53.6914	14.1131
1907	39.5206	13.2856	1907	53.6523	14.1156
1908	39.5969	13.301	1908	53.5602	14.0487
1909	39.5535	13.3182	1909	53.4545	14.0276
1910	39.5691	13.3319	1910	53.3637	14.0552

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015/7/22	835	Head	1g	9.83	9.773	0.58	± 10
		Body	1g	9.28	9.736	-4.68	± 10
	1750	Head	1g	37.1	37.02	0.22	± 10
		Body	1g	35.3	36.65	-3.68	± 10
	1900	Head	1g	39.4	39.481	-0.21	± 10
		Body	1g	40.4	39.715	1.72	± 10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.894 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.949$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.4 W/kg

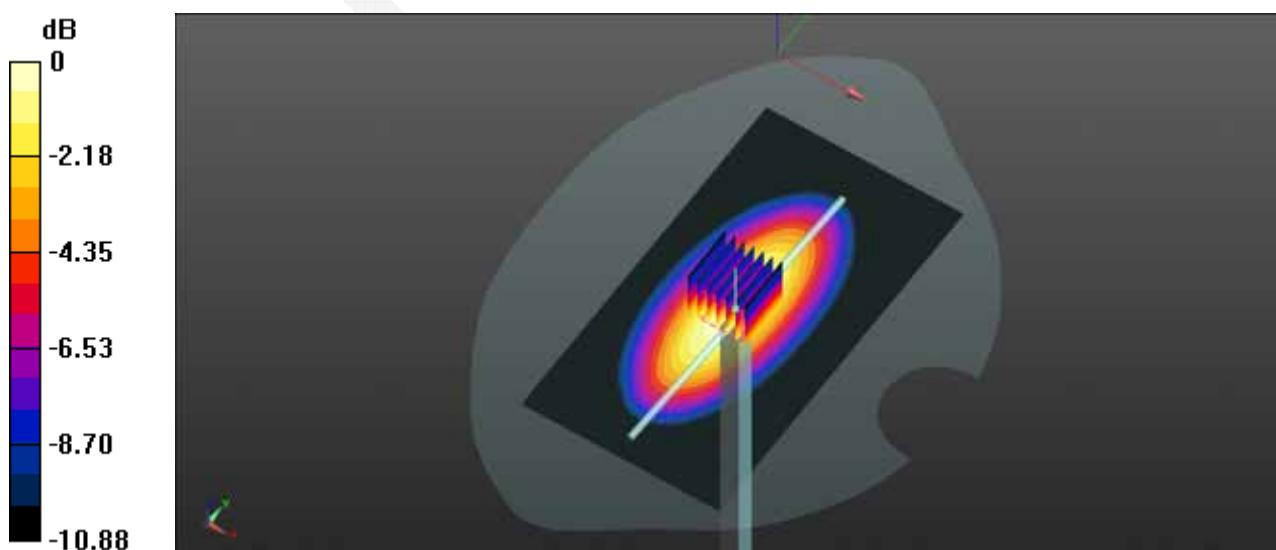
System Performance 835MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 107.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 10.7 \text{ W/kg} = 10.29 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**System Performance 835MHz Body****DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.973 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.083$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.76 W/kg

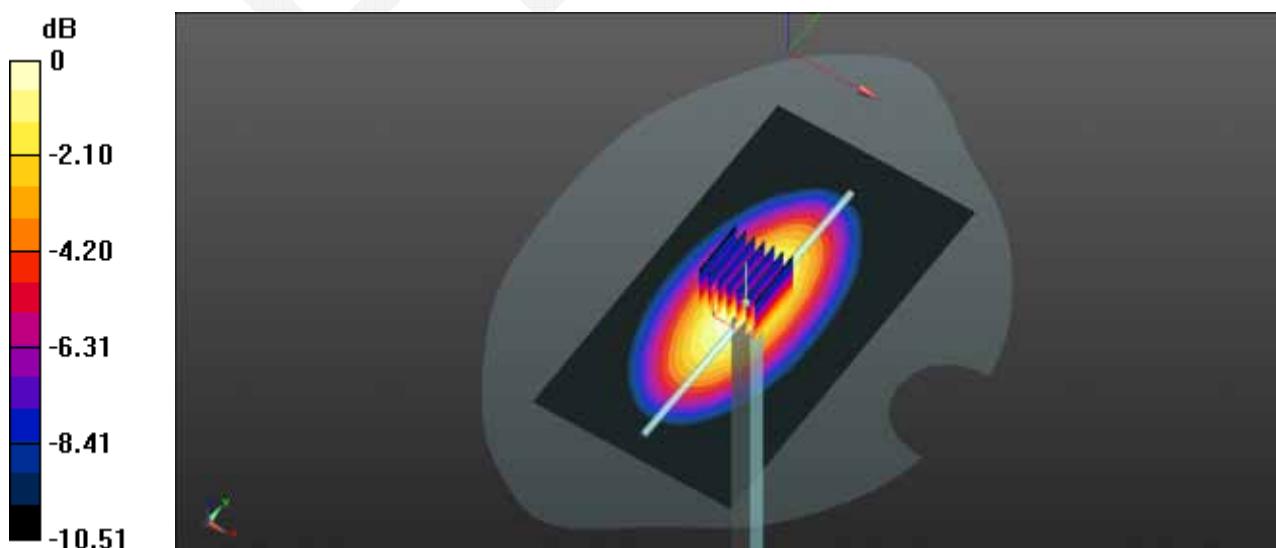
System Performance 835MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.76 W/kg



0 dB = 9.76 W/kg = 9.89 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**System Performance 1750MHz Head****DUT: ALS-D-1750-S-2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 198-00304**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.388 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.354$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/System Check 05/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 42.7 W/kg

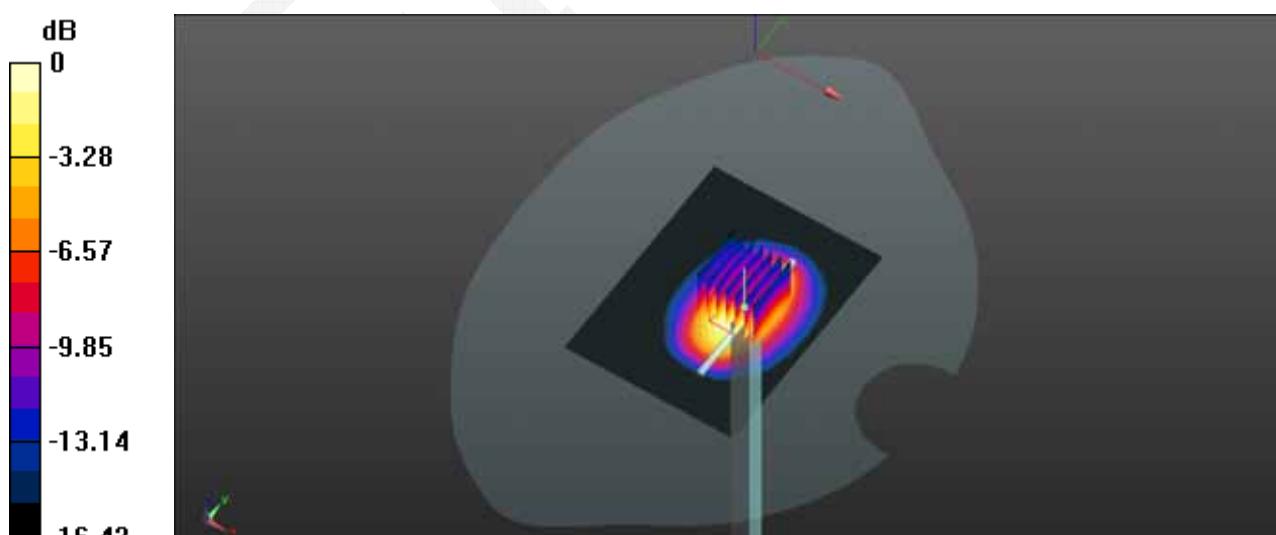
Head/System Check 05/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 133.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 68.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 37.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 19.7 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 41.5 W/kg



0 dB = 41.5 W/kg = 16.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**System Performance 1750MHz Body****DUT: ALS-D-1750-S-2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 198-00304**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.492 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.348$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/System Check 001/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 41.3 W/kg

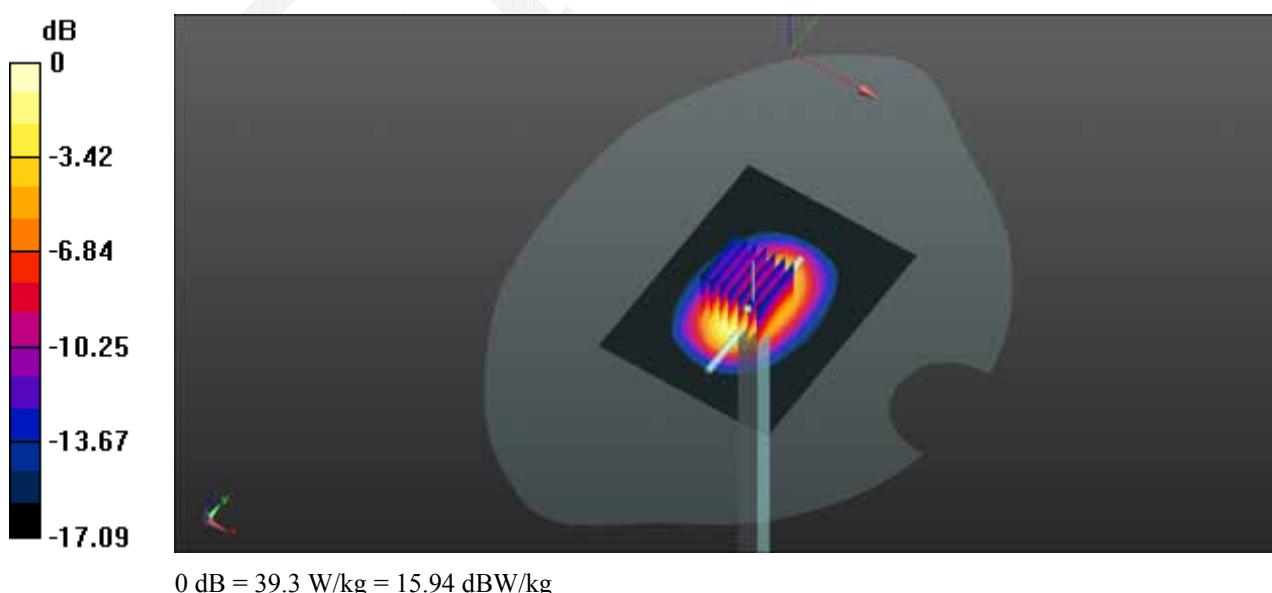
Body/System Check 001/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 161.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 65.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 35.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 18.6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 39.3 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**System Performance 1900MHz Head****DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.691$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 46.9 W/kg

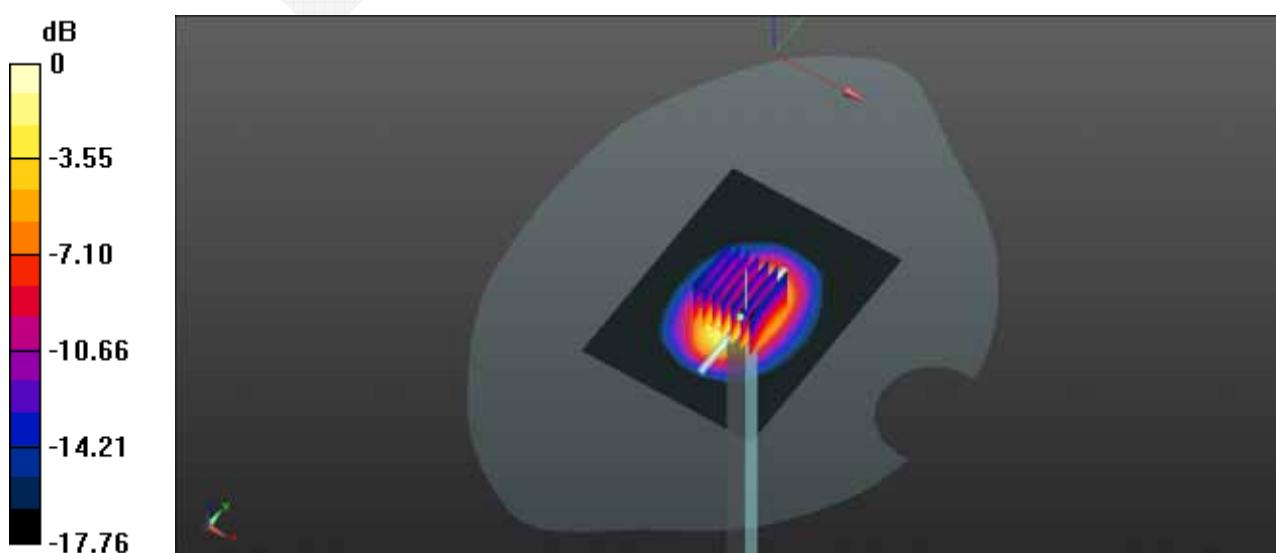
System Performance 1900MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 174.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 74.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 39.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 44.4 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 44.4 \text{ W/kg} = 16.47 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**System Performance 1900MHz Body****DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.514 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.173$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz Body /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 49.0 W/kg

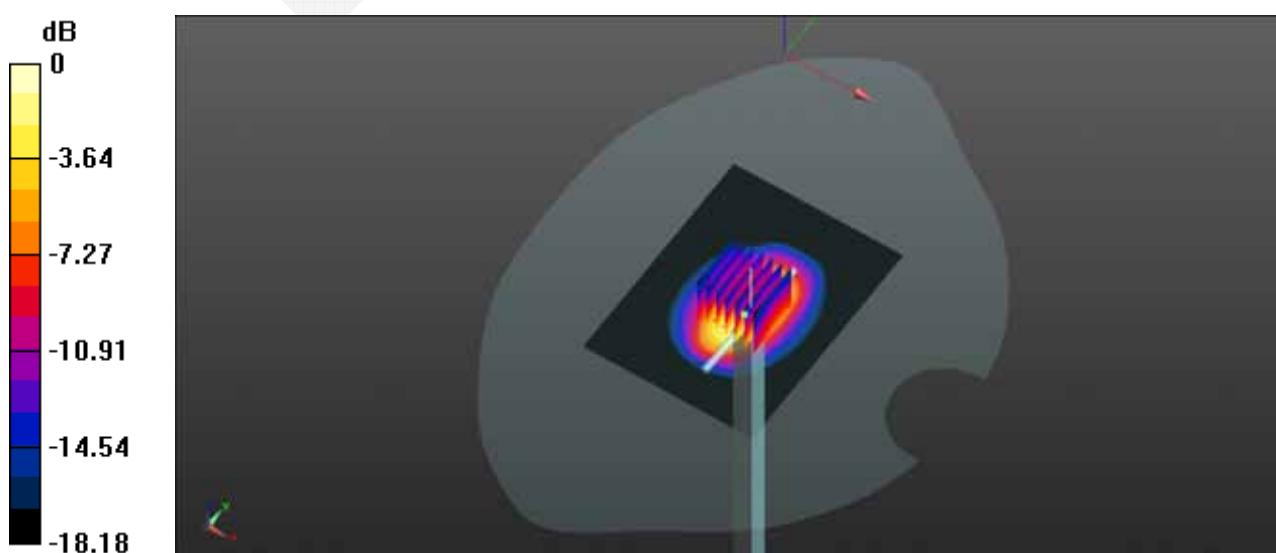
System Performance 1900MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 172.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 40.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 45.7 W/kg



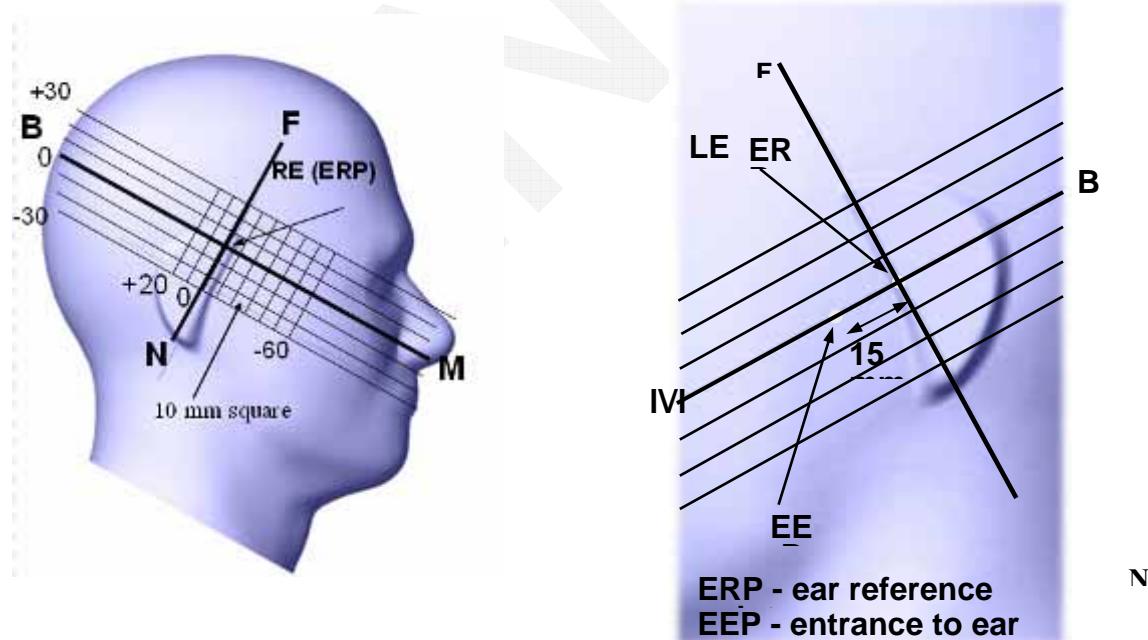
$$0 \text{ dB} = 45.7 \text{ W/kg} = 16.60 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper $\frac{1}{4}$ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point”. The “test device reference point” should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The “vertical centerline” should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A “ear reference point” is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the “phantom reference plane” defined by the three lines joining the center of each “ear reference point” (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the “N-F” line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the “ear reference point”. For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The “test device reference point” is aligned to the “ear reference point” on the head phantom and the “vertical centerline” is aligned to the “phantom reference plane”. This is called the “initial ear position”. While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

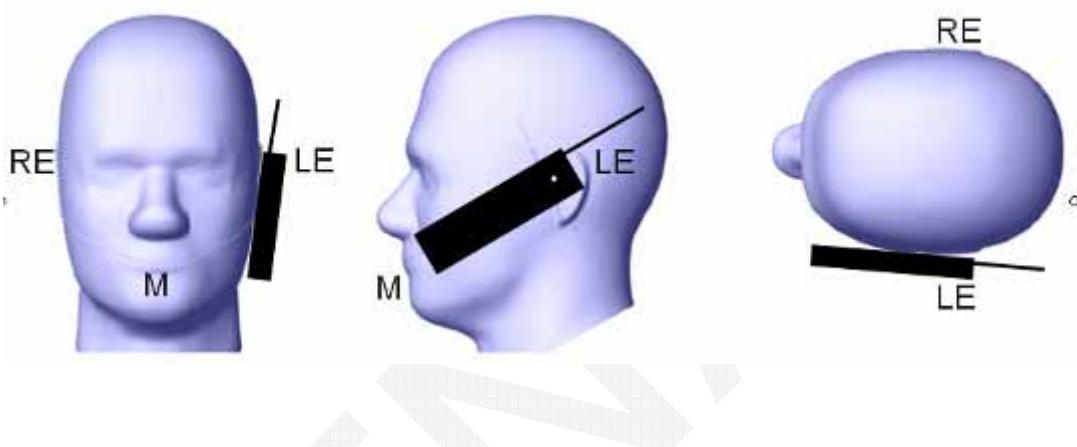
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

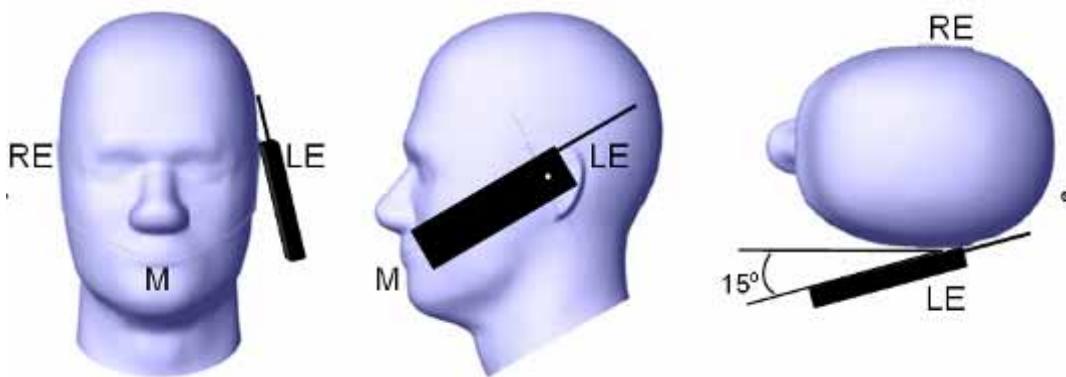
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

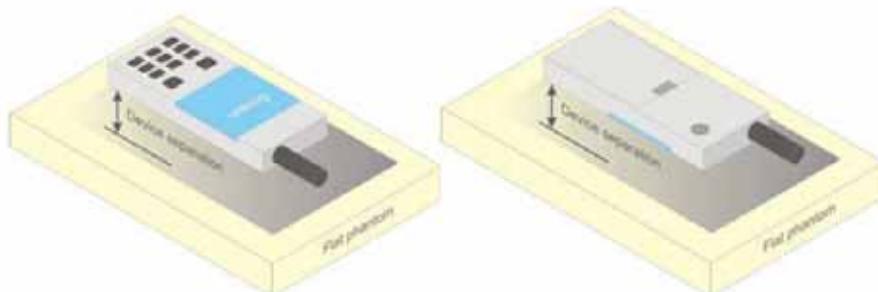


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

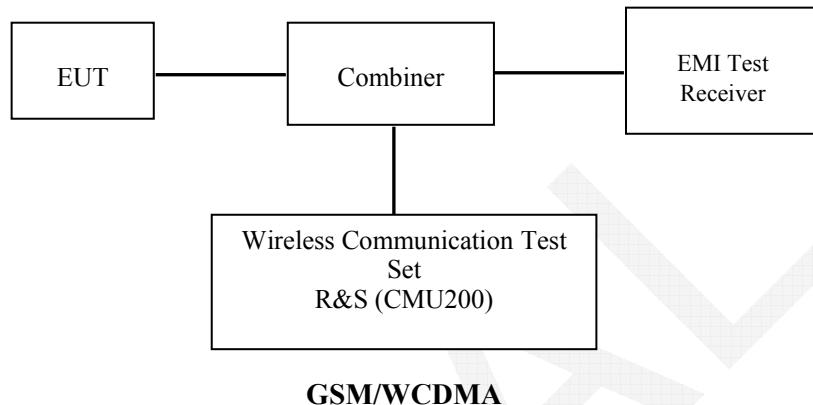
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except the HSPA+/DC-HSDPA configured by E5515C.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + only

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for GSM 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal: Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme >CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c / β_d	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	β_c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	β_d (SF)	64			
	β_c / β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
HSDPA Specific Settings	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15			

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode Subset	HSUPA 1	HSUPA 2	HSUPA 3	HSUPA 4	HSUPA 5
WCDM A General Settings	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1		
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RMC		
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1		
	HSUPA Test			HSUPA Loopback		
	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2		
	β_c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	β_c/ β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
HSDPA Specific Settings	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
	DACK			8		
	DNAK			8		
	DCQI			8		
	Ack-Nack repetition factor			3		
	CQI Feedback			4ms		
HSUPA Specific Settings	CQI Repetition Factor			2		
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/ \beta_c$			30/15		
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCl	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		

HSPA+

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Sub-test	β_c (Note 3)	β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β_{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 30/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 30/15$	$\beta_{ed3}: 24/15$ $\beta_{ed4}: 24/15$	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default.

Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.	
Note 2:	Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.	

Maximum Target Output Power

Mode/Band	Max Target Power (dBm)		
	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM 850	32.8	32.8	32.8
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32.6	32.6	32.6
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31.5	31.5	31.5
GPRS 3 TX Slot	30.5	30.5	30.5
GPRS 4 TX Slot	29.4	29.4	29.4
PCS 1900	30.1	30.1	30.1
GPRS 1 TX Slot	30	30	30
GPRS 2 TX Slot	28.9	28.9	28.9
GPRS 3 TX Slot	27.8	27.8	27.8
GPRS 4 TX Slot	26.8	26.8	26.8
WCDMA Band 5	22.8	22.8	22.8
HSDPA	21.7	21.7	21.7
HSUPA	21.7	21.7	21.7
DC-HSDPA	21.6	21.6	21.6
HSPA+	21.5	21.5	21.5
WCDMA Band 4	23.1	23.1	23.1
HSDPA	22.1	22.1	22.1
HSUPA	22	22	22
DC-HSDPA	21.9	21.9	21.9
HSPA+	21.7	21.7	21.7
WCDMA Band 2	22.8	22.8	22.8
HSDPA	21.8	21.8	21.8
HSUPA	21.8	21.8	21.8
DC-HSDPA	21.7	21.7	21.7
HSPA+	21.6	21.6	21.6
WLAN	9.7	9.7	9.7
Bluetooth	5.7	5.7	5.7
BLE	-2	-2	-2

Test Results:**GSM:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.4
	190	836.6	32.6
	251	848.8	32.7
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	30
	661	1880	29.6
	810	1909.8	29.2

GPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.15	31.09	30.14	29.05
	190	836.6	32.41	31.3	30.22	29.14
	251	848.8	32.54	31.43	30.37	29.31
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	29.89	28.75	27.7	26.67
	661	1880	29.56	28.33	27.3	26.21
	810	1909.8	29.11	28.02	26.97	25.93

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	23.15	25.09	25.89	26.05
	190	836.6	23.41	25.3	25.97	26.14
	251	848.8	23.54	25.43	26.12	26.31
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	20.89	22.75	23.45	23.67
	661	1880	20.56	22.33	23.05	23.21
	810	1909.8	20.11	22.02	22.72	22.93

Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

WCDMA:**Results (12.2kbps RMC)**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA Band 5	4132	826.4	22.58
	4183	836.6	22.67
	4233	846.6	22.29
WCDMA Band 4	1312	1712.4	22.83
	1414	1732.6	22.96
	1513	1752.6	22.9
WCDMA Band 2	9262	1852.4	22.53
	9400	1880	22.68
	9538	1907.6	22.52

Results (HSDPA)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA Band 5	4132	826.4	21.62	21.59	21.61	21.57
	4183	836.6	21.5	21.52	21.57	21.53
	4233	846.6	21.24	21.2	21.27	21.25
WCDMA Band 4	1312	1712.4	21.81	21.79	21.83	21.8
	1414	1732.6	21.92	21.95	21.9	21.94
	1513	1752.6	21.87	21.84	21.81	21.88
WCDMA Band 2	9262	1852.4	21.49	21.43	21.4	21.44
	9400	1880	21.62	21.58	21.66	21.61
	9538	1907.6	21.44	21.4	21.48	21.41

Results (HSUPA)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)				
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
WCDMA Band 5	4132	826.4	21.54	21.59	21.52	21.58	21.54
	4183	836.6	21.46	21.43	21.48	21.42	21.46
	4233	846.6	21.22	21.2	21.17	21.14	21.22
WCDMA Band 4	1312	1712.4	21.78	21.74	21.79	21.72	21.75
	1414	1732.6	21.85	21.88	21.83	21.87	21.82
	1513	1752.6	21.85	21.8	21.83	21.79	21.82
WCDMA Band 2	9262	1852.4	21.47	21.42	21.48	21.45	21.47
	9400	1880	21.67	21.63	21.68	21.62	21.67
	9538	1907.6	21.5	21.47	21.42	21.49	21.5

Results (DC-HSDPA)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA Band 5	4132	826.4	21.44	21.49	21.46	21.41
	4183	836.6	21.41	21.35	21.31	21.34
	4233	846.6	21.13	21.1	21.16	21.11
WCDMA Band 4	1312	1712.4	21.66	21.61	21.68	21.65
	1414	1732.6	21.75	21.7	21.76	21.72
	1513	1752.6	21.77	21.73	21.78	21.7
WCDMA Band 2	9262	1852.4	21.32	21.34	21.37	21.3
	9400	1880	21.55	21.59	21.52	21.54
	9538	1907.6	21.39	21.34	21.3	21.35

Results (HSPA+)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA Band 5	4132	826.4	21.39
	4183	836.6	21.26
	4233	846.6	21.02
WCDMA Band 4	1312	1712.4	21.53
	1414	1732.6	21.61
	1513	1752.6	21.64
WCDMA Band 2	9262	1852.4	21.22
	9400	1880	21.48
	9538	1907.6	21.25

Note:

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
BDR(GFSK)	0	2402	5.07
	39	2441	5.52
	78	2480	5.62
EDR(4-DQPSK)	0	2402	4.46
	39	2441	4.94
	78	2480	5.06
EDR-8DPSK	0	2402	4.49
	39	2441	5
	78	2480	5.14
BLE	0	2402	-2.47
	19	2440	-2.13
	39	2480	-2.24

WLAN

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	9.43
	6	2437	9.57
	11	2462	9.46
802.11g	1	2412	9.60
	6	2437	9.42
	11	2462	9.36
802.11n HT20	1	2412	9.51
	6	2437	9.40
	11	2462	9.55
802.11n HT40	3	2422	9.51
	6	2437	9.59
	9	2452	9.42

Note:

1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.3-23
Relative Humidity:	33 %
ATM Pressure:	999 mbar

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao on 2015-07-22

GSM 850:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	0.623	32.4	32.8	1.096	0.376	0.412	/
	836.6	GSM	-4.06	32.6	32.8	1.047	0.403	0.422	1#
	848.8	GSM	0.544	32.7	32.8	1.023	0.404	0.413	/
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-0.513	32.6	32.8	1.047	0.245	0.257	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-4.389	32.6	32.8	1.047	0.386	0.404	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	0.128	32.6	32.8	1.047	0.232	0.243	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	824.2	GSM	3.388	32.4	32.8	1.096	0.938	1.028	/
	836.6	GSM	-4.242	32.6	32.8	1.047	0.962	1.007	/
	848.8	GSM	-1.764	32.7	32.8	1.023	0.957	0.979	/
Body-Back (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	-0.813	29.05	29.4	1.084	1.05	1.138	/
	836.6	GPRS	-4.281	29.14	29.4	1.062	1.24	1.317	2#
	848.8	GPRS	1.374	29.31	29.4	1.021	1.27	1.297	/
Body-Left (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-1.932	29.14	29.4	1.062	0.348	0.37	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-0.305	29.14	29.4	1.062	0.279	0.296	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-2.303	29.14	29.4	1.062	0.469	0.498	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
- The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2} \text{ dB}$, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

PCS Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	-1.907	30	30.1	1.023	0.231	0.236	/
	1880	GSM	4.232	29.6	30.1	1.122	0.228	0.256	3#
	1909.8	GSM	-0.922	29.2	30.1	1.23	0.203	0.25	/
Left Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	2.118	29.6	30.1	1.122	0.131	0.147	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	1.55	29.6	30.1	1.122	0.207	0.232	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	-1.626	29.6	30.1	1.122	0.125	0.14	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	1.693	29.6	30.1	1.122	0.453	0.508	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	-2.774	26.67	26.8	1.03	0.652	0.672	/
	1880.0	GPRS	-3.839	26.21	26.8	1.146	0.656	0.752	4#
	1909.8	GPRS	-0.303	25.93	26.8	1.222	0.605	0.739	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	-3.55	26.21	26.8	1.146	0.168	0.193	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	-3.213	26.21	26.8	1.146	0.132	0.151	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	-4.115	26.21	26.8	1.146	0.337	0.386	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
- The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2} \text{ dB}$, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

WCDMA Band 5:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	826.4	WCDMA	1.499	22.58	22.8	1.052	0.286	0.301	/
	836.6	WCDMA	-0.23	22.67	22.8	1.03	0.306	0.315	5#
	846.6	WCDMA	2.022	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.253	0.285	/
Left Head Tilt	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	-2.48	22.67	22.8	1.03	0.162	0.167	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	-3.861	22.67	22.8	1.03	0.288	0.297	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	2.582	22.67	22.8	1.03	0.144	0.148	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	826.4	WCDMA	-3.91	22.58	22.8	1.052	0.665	0.7	/
	836.6	WCDMA	-0.459	22.67	22.8	1.03	0.709	0.73	6#
	846.6	WCDMA	0.484	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.623	0.701	/
Body-Left (10mm)	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	3.005	22.67	22.8	1.03	0.102	0.105	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	-0.54	22.67	22.8	1.03	0.153	0.158	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	-3.514	22.67	22.8	1.03	0.309	0.318	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

- When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
- The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is $< 75\%$ of SAR limit.
- When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

WCDMA Band 4 :

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1712.4	WCDMA	-2.168	22.83	23.1	1.064	0.389	0.414	/
	1732.6	WCDMA	2.802	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.413	0.427	7#
	1752.6	WCDMA	-2.739	22.9	23.1	1.047	0.404	0.423	/
Left Head Tilt	1712.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.6	WCDMA	0.385	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.201	0.208	/
	1752.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1712.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.6	WCDMA	-2.449	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.376	0.388	/
	1752.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1712.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.6	WCDMA	-2.821	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.187	0.193	/
	1752.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1712.4	WCDMA	-2.215	22.83	23.1	1.064	0.869	0.925	/
	1732.6	WCDMA	0.462	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.976	1.008	8#
	1752.6	WCDMA	-1.008	22.9	23.1	1.047	0.943	0.987	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1712.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.6	WCDMA	2.709	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.235	0.243	/
	1752.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1712.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.6	WCDMA	0.871	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.303	0.313	/
	1752.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1712.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.6	WCDMA	-0.807	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.447	0.462	/
	1752.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

- When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
- The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}\text{ dB}$ higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is $< 75\%$ of SAR limit.
- When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

WCDMA Band 2:

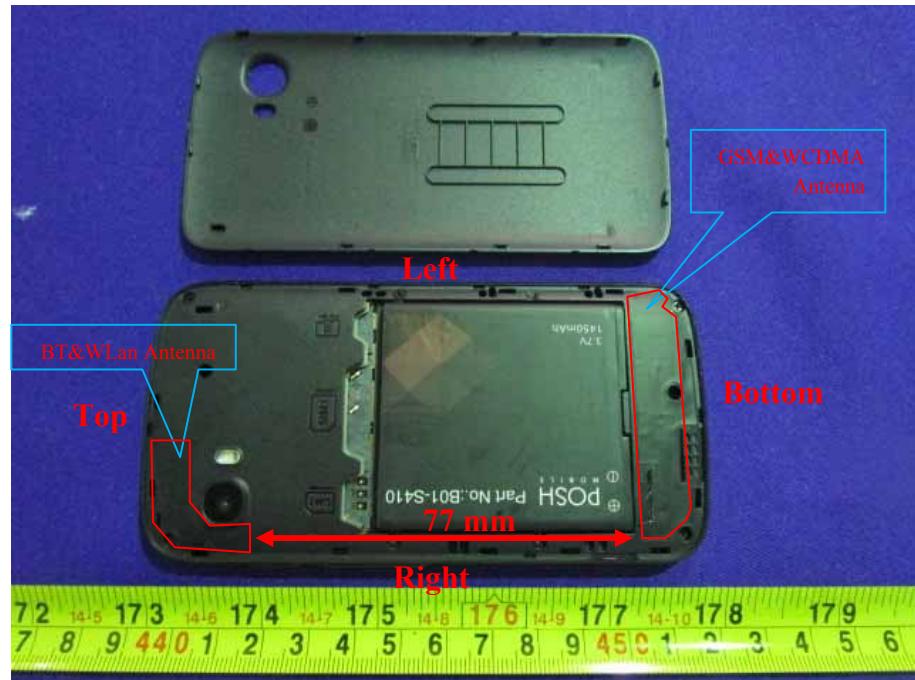
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1852.4	WCDMA	-2.842	22.53	22.8	1.064	0.443	0.471	/
	1880	WCDMA	2.565	22.68	22.8	1.028	0.461	0.474	9#
	1907.6	WCDMA	-1.857	22.52	22.8	1.067	0.431	0.46	/
Left Head Tilt	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	1.288	22.68	22.8	1.028	0.215	0.221	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	-3.078	22.68	22.8	1.028	0.427	0.439	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	-3.279	22.68	22.8	1.028	0.203	0.209	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1852.4	WCDMA	-1.995	22.53	22.8	1.064	0.96	1.021	/
	1880	WCDMA	-2.051	22.68	22.8	1.028	1.13	1.162	10#
	1907.6	WCDMA	-1.106	22.52	22.8	1.067	0.927	0.989	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	-4.305	22.68	22.8	1.028	0.353	0.363	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	-1.666	22.68	22.8	1.028	0.451	0.464	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	1.095	22.68	22.8	1.028	0.662	0.681	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
- The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}\text{ dB}$ higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is $< 75\%$ of SAR limit.
- When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

BT&WLAN and GSM&3G Antennas Location:



Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities			Antennas Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	
GSM + WCDMA	✗	✗	0
GSM + Bluetooth	✓	✗	77
GSM + WLAN	✓	✓	77
WCDMA+ Bluetooth	✓	✗	77
WCDMA + WLAN	✓	✓	77

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2450	9.7	9.33	0	2.92	3	YES
Bluetooth	2450	5.7	3.72	0	1.16	3	YES

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

1. $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Head	2450	9.7	9.33	0	0.389
WLAN Body	2450	9.7	9.33	10	0.195
BT Head	2450	5.7	3.72	0	0.155
BT Body	2450	5.7	3.72	10	0.077

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance,mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}/x]$$

W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		Σ SAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850+BT	Left Head Cheek	0.422	0.155	0.577
	Left Head Tilt	0.257	0.155	0.412
	Right Head Cheek	0.404	0.155	0.559
	Right Head Tilt	0.243	0.155	0.398
	Body-Back-Headset	1.028	0.077	1.105
GPRS 850 +BT	Body-Back	1.317	0.077	1.394
	Body-Right	0.37	0.077	0.447
	Body-Left	0.296	0.077	0.373
	Body-Bottom	0.498	0.077	0.575
PCS 1900+BT	Left Head Cheek	0.256	0.155	0.411
	Left Head Tilt	0.147	0.155	0.302
	Right Head Cheek	0.232	0.155	0.387
	Right Head Tilt	0.14	0.155	0.295
	Body-Back-Headset	0.508	0.077	0.585
GPRS 1900 +BT	Body-Bottom	0.752	0.077	0.829
	Body-Right	0.193	0.077	0.27
	Body-Left	0.151	0.077	0.228
	Body-Back	0.386	0.077	0.463
WCDMA Band 5+ BT	Left Head Cheek	0.315	0.155	0.47
	Left Head Tilt	0.167	0.155	0.322
	Right Head Cheek	0.297	0.155	0.452
	Right Head Tilt	0.148	0.155	0.303
	Body-Back	0.73	0.077	0.807
	Body-Right	0.105	0.077	0.182
	Body-Left	0.158	0.077	0.235
	Body-Bottom	0.318	0.077	0.395
WCDMA Band 4+ BT	Left Head Cheek	0.427	0.155	0.582
	Left Head Tilt	0.208	0.155	0.363
	Right Head Cheek	0.388	0.155	0.543
	Right Head Tilt	0.193	0.155	0.348
	Body-Back	1.008	0.077	1.085
	Body-Right	0.243	0.077	0.32
	Body-Left	0.313	0.077	0.39
	Body-Bottom	0.462	0.077	0.539
WCDMA Band 2+ BT	Left Head Cheek	0.471	0.155	0.626
	Left Head Tilt	0.221	0.155	0.376
	Right Head Cheek	0.439	0.155	0.594
	Right Head Tilt	0.209	0.155	0.364
	Body-Back	1.162	0.077	1.239
	Body-Right	0.363	0.077	0.44
	Body-Left	0.464	0.077	0.541
	Body-Bottom	0.681	0.077	0.758

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		Σ SAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850+WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.422	0.389	0.811
	Left Head Tilt	0.257	0.389	0.646
	Right Head Cheek	0.404	0.389	0.793
	Right Head Tilt	0.243	0.389	0.632
	Body-Back-Headset	1.028	0.195	1.223
	Body-Bottom	0.498	0.195	0.693
GPRS 850 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	1.317	0.195	1.512
	Body-Right	0.37	0.195	0.565
	Body-Left	0.296	0.195	0.491
PCS 1900+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.256	0.389	0.645
	Left Head Tilt	0.147	0.389	0.536
	Right Head Cheek	0.232	0.389	0.621
	Right Head Tilt	0.14	0.389	0.529
	Body-Back-Headset	0.508	0.195	0.703
	Body-Back	0.386	0.195	0.581
GPRS 1900 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Bottom	0.752	0.195	0.947
	Body-Right	0.193	0.195	0.388
	Body-Left	0.151	0.195	0.346
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.315	0.389	0.704
	Left Head Tilt	0.167	0.389	0.556
	Right Head Cheek	0.297	0.389	0.686
	Right Head Tilt	0.148	0.389	0.537
	Body-Bottom	0.318	0.195	0.513
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	0.73	0.195	0.925
	Body-Right	0.105	0.195	0.3
	Body-Left	0.158	0.195	0.353
WCDMA Band 4+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.427	0.389	0.816
	Left Head Tilt	0.208	0.389	0.597
	Right Head Cheek	0.388	0.389	0.777
	Right Head Tilt	0.193	0.389	0.582
	Body-Bottom	0.462	0.195	0.657
WCDMA Band 4+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	1.008	0.195	1.203
	Body-Right	0.243	0.195	0.438
	Body-Left	0.313	0.195	0.508
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.471	0.389	0.86
	Left Head Tilt	0.221	0.389	0.61
	Right Head Cheek	0.439	0.389	0.828
	Right Head Tilt	0.209	0.389	0.598
	Body-Bottom	0.681	0.195	0.876
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	1.162	0.195	1.357
	Body-Right	0.363	0.195	0.558
	Body-Left	0.464	0.195	0.659

Note:

1.Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.

Conclusion:

SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#:GSM 850 Left-Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.891 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.855$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.435 W/kg

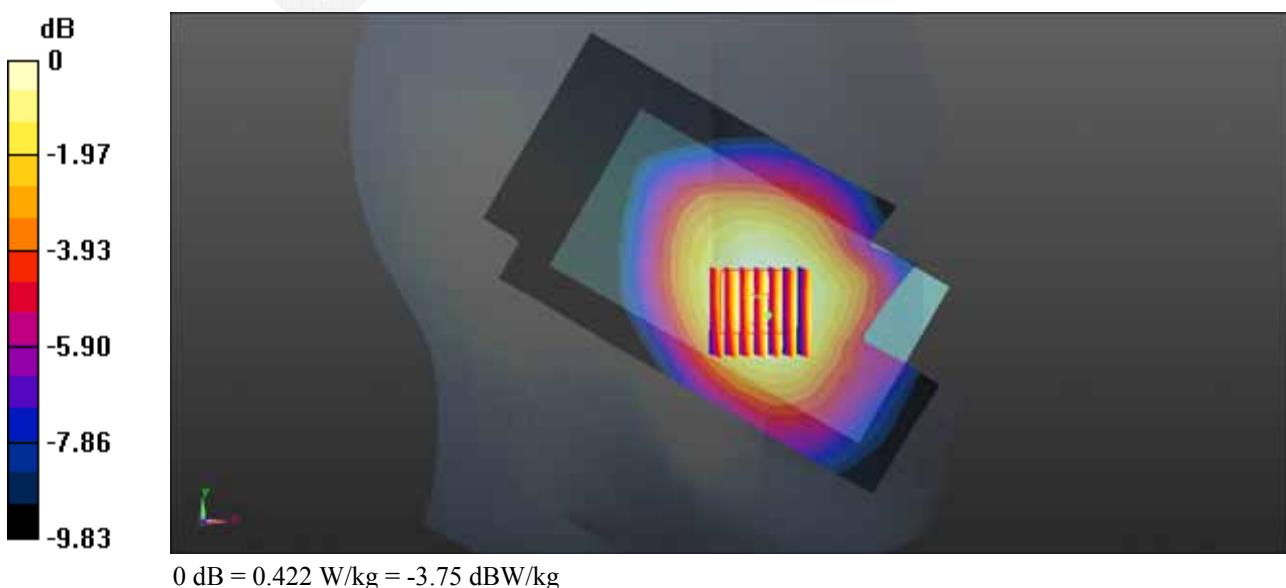
Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.476 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.496 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.403 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 2#:GSM 850 Back Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A**

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 SLOTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.976 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.105$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.55 W/kg

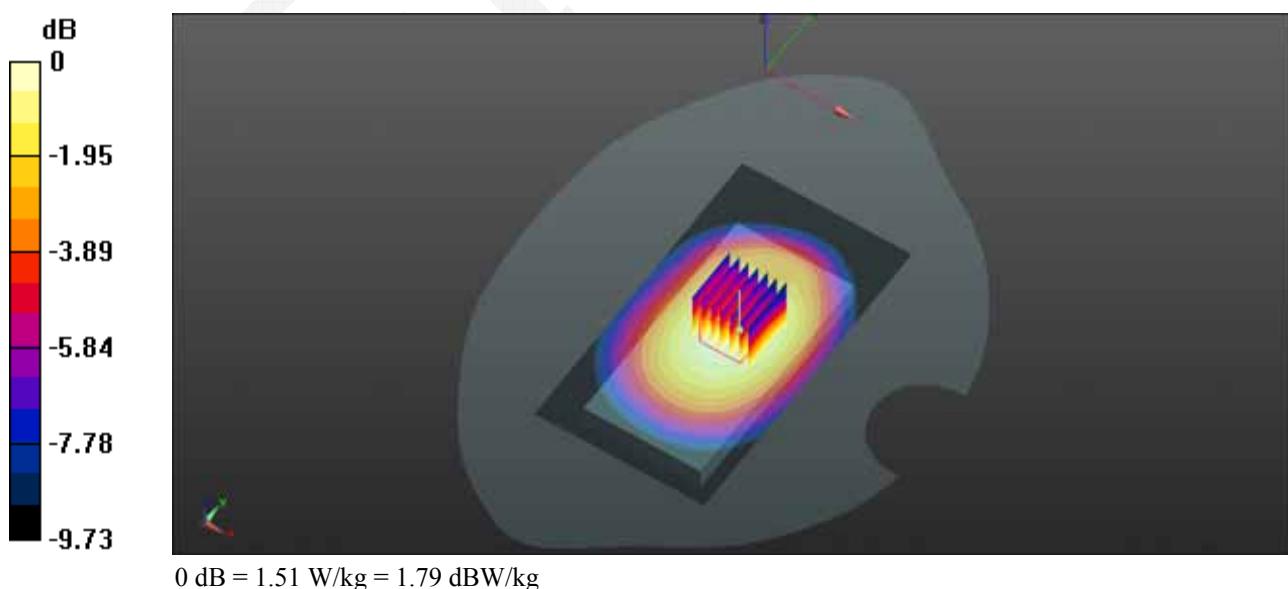
Body/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 39.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.97 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 3#:GSM 1900Left Cheek Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.718$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/PCS 1900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 W/kg

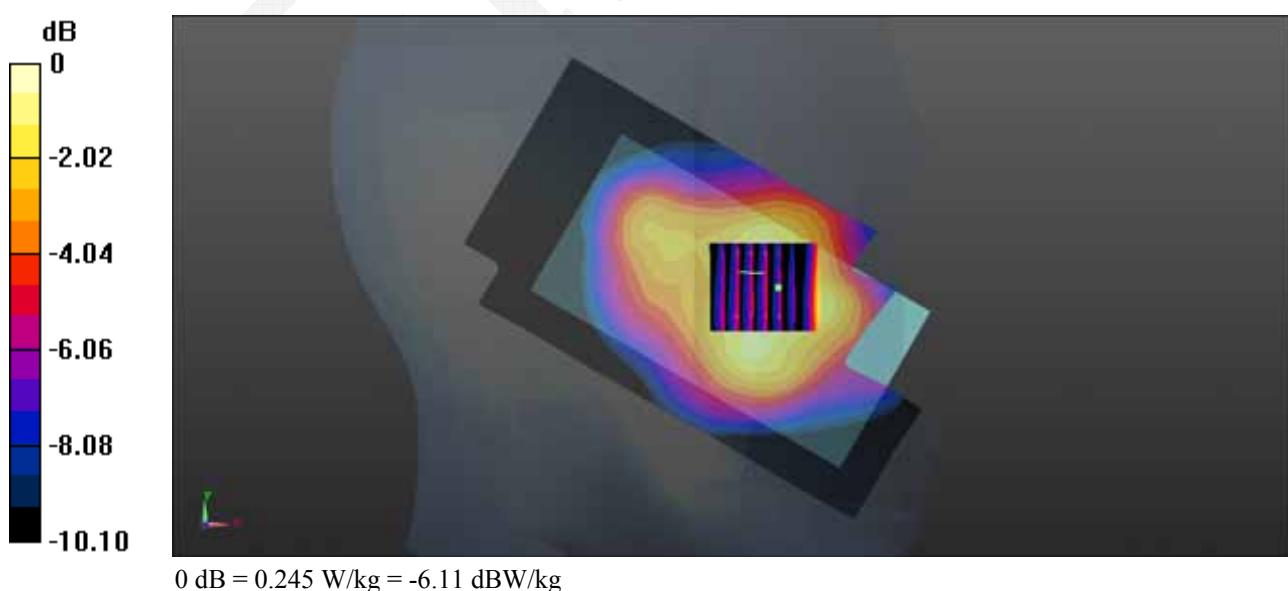
Head/PCS 1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.063 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.346 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.228 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 4#:PCS 1900 Back Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A**

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 SLOTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.541 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.76$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.748 W/kg

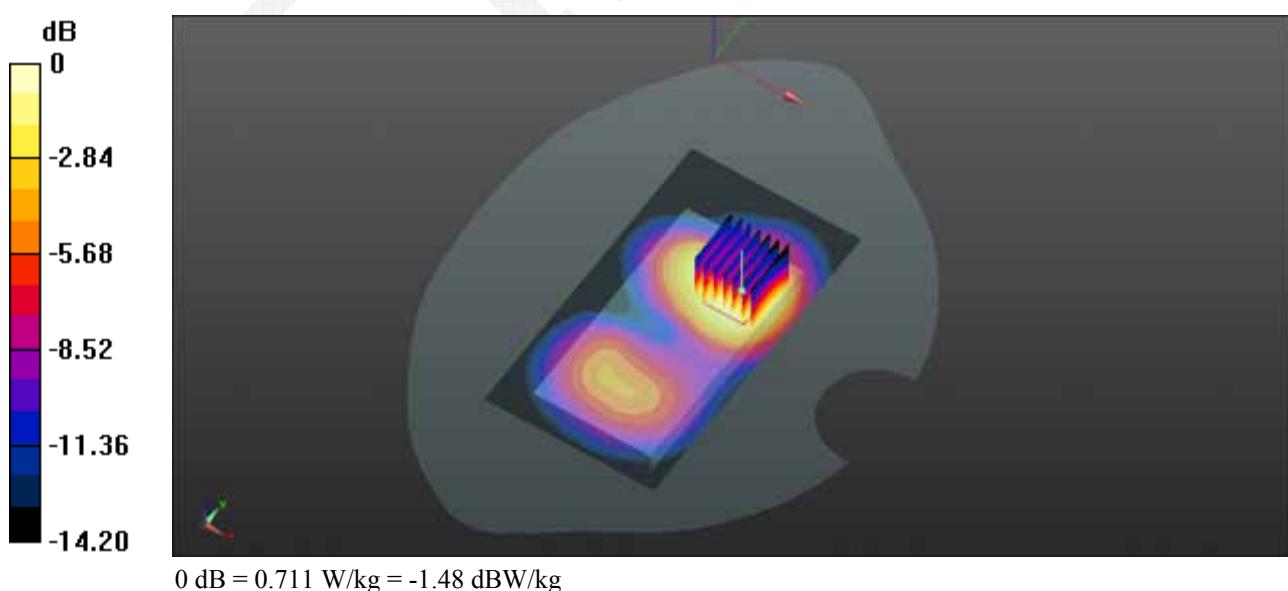
Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.656 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.394 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.711 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 5#:WCDMA 850 Left-Cheek Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A**

Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.891 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.855$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.327 W/kg

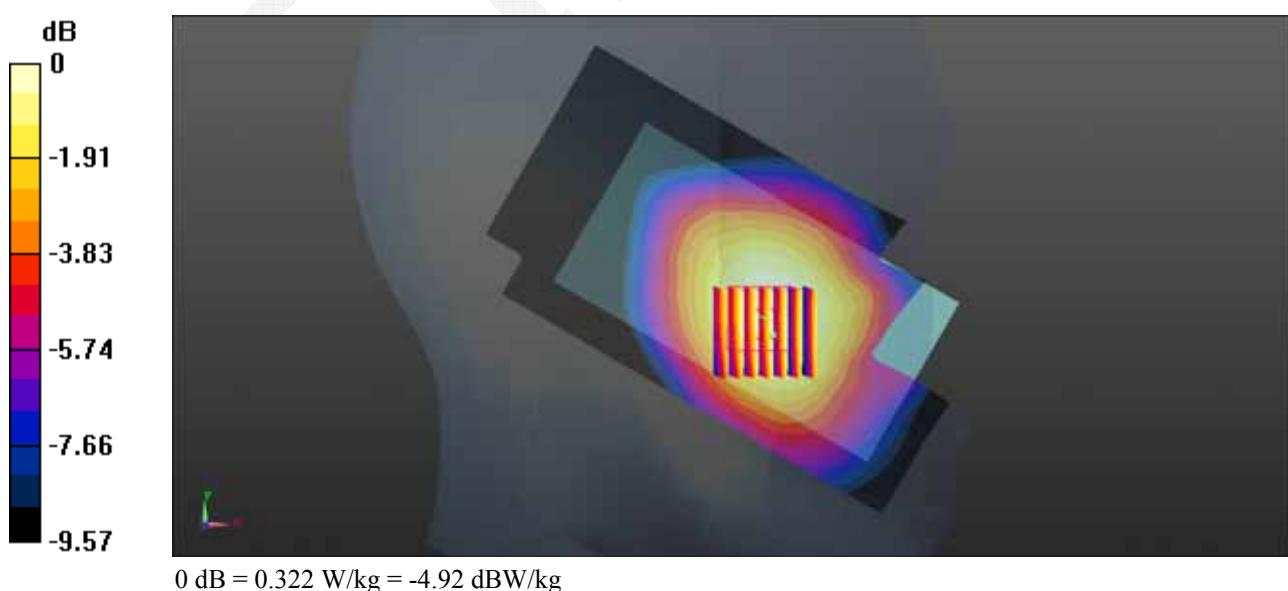
Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.907 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.375 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.322 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 6#:WCDMA 850 Back Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A**

Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.976 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.105$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.745 W/kg

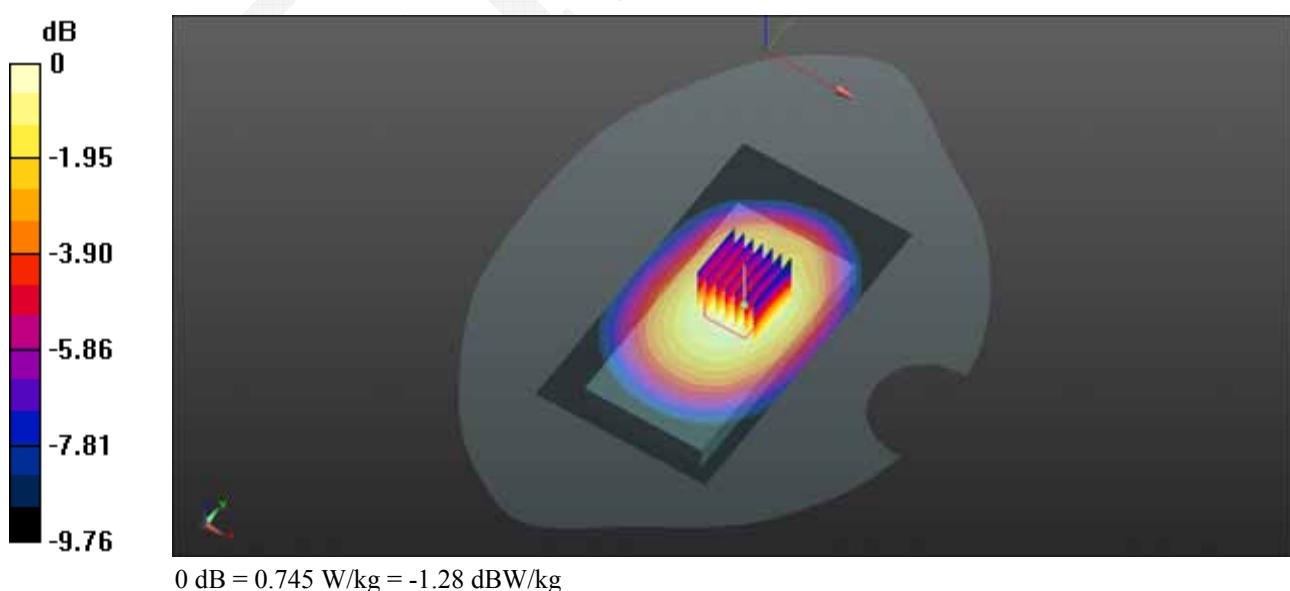
Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 27.60 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.909 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.709 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.527 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.745 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 7#: WCDMA Band 4 Left Cheek Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: BAND IV ; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.382 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.366$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA Band 4 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.467 W/kg

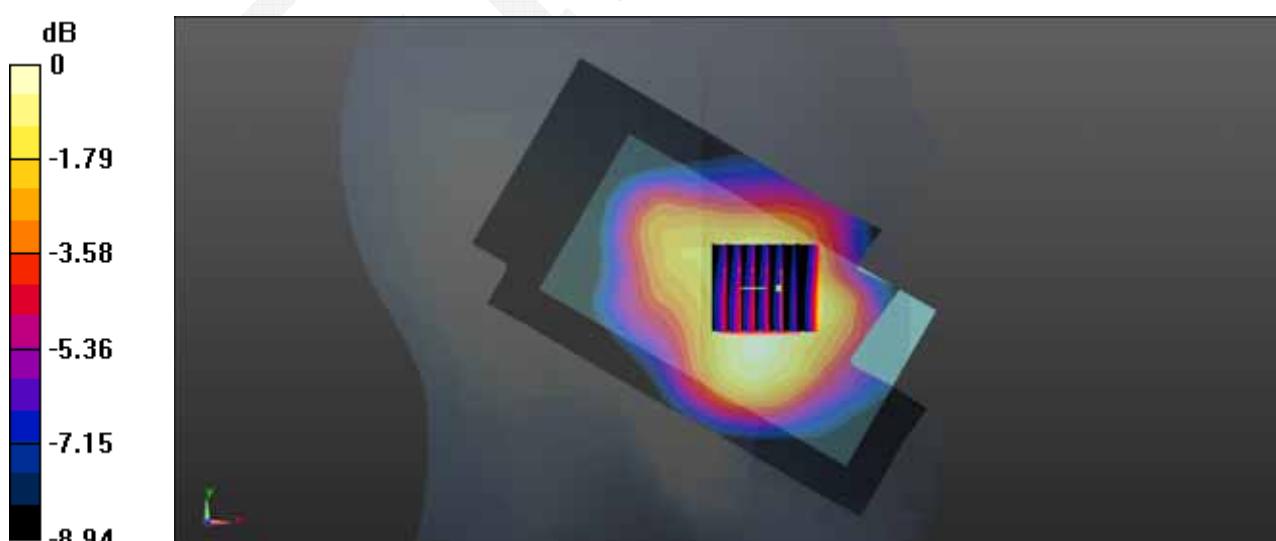
Head/WCDMA Band 4 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.445 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.588 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.413 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.441 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 8#: WCDMA Band 4 Back Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A**

Communication System: BAND IV; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.35$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA Band 4 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg

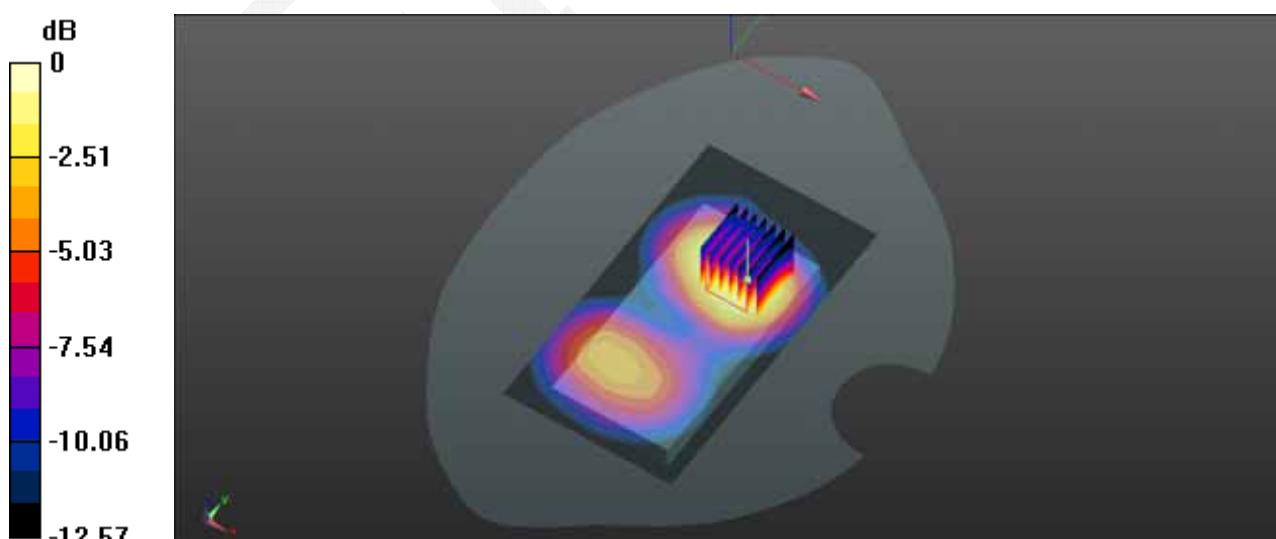
Body/WCDMA Band 4 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.976 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.601 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 9#:WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A**

Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.718$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.504 W/kg

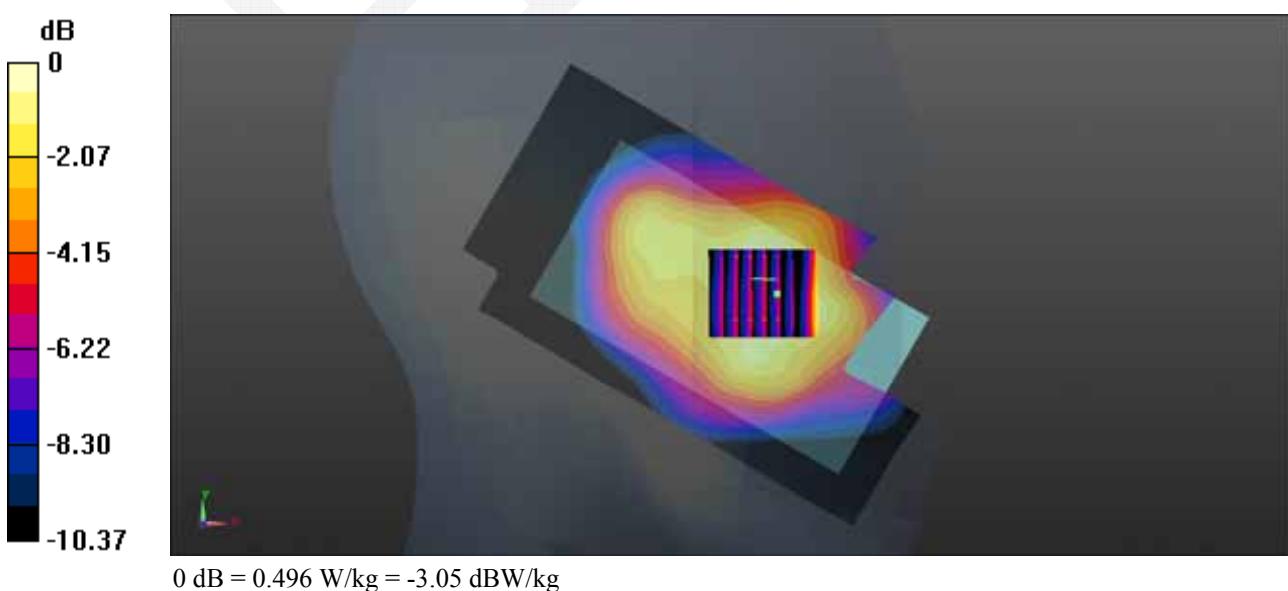
Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.343 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.692 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.461 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.496 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**Test Plot 10#:WCDMA 1900 Back Middle Channel****DUT: Kick Lite; Type: S410A**

Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.541 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.76$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 W/kg

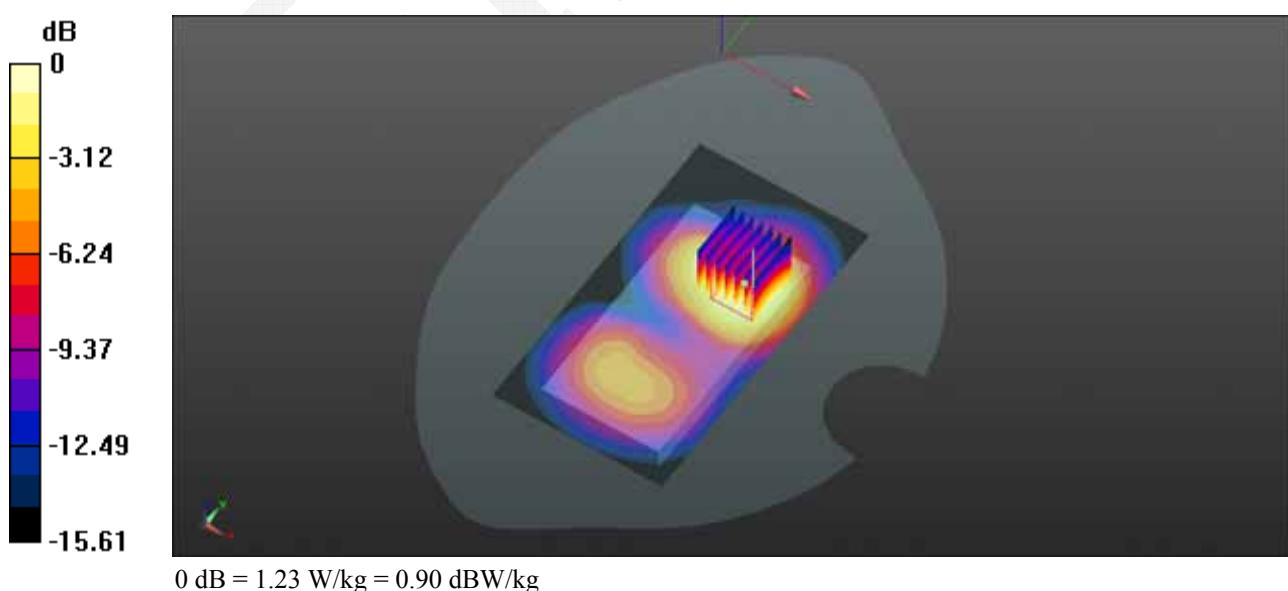
Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.678 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg



APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BACL China (Vitec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-7329_Feb15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:7329**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01,v9, QA CAL-23,v5, QA CAL-25,v6**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **February 5, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. E53-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-98 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	16-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature

Issued: February 9, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
SCS Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization β	β rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\beta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\beta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- **NORM(f)x,y,z = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- **DCPx,y,z**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- **PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- **A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- **ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- **Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- **Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- **Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:7329

Manufactured: December 11, 2014
Calibrated: February 5, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329**Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μ V/(V/m)) ^A	0.48	0.43	0.46	\pm 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	96.7	97.6	94.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBV/ μ V	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	\pm 3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^d	Conductivity (S/m) ^e	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^h (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^d At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^e Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329**Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^g (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

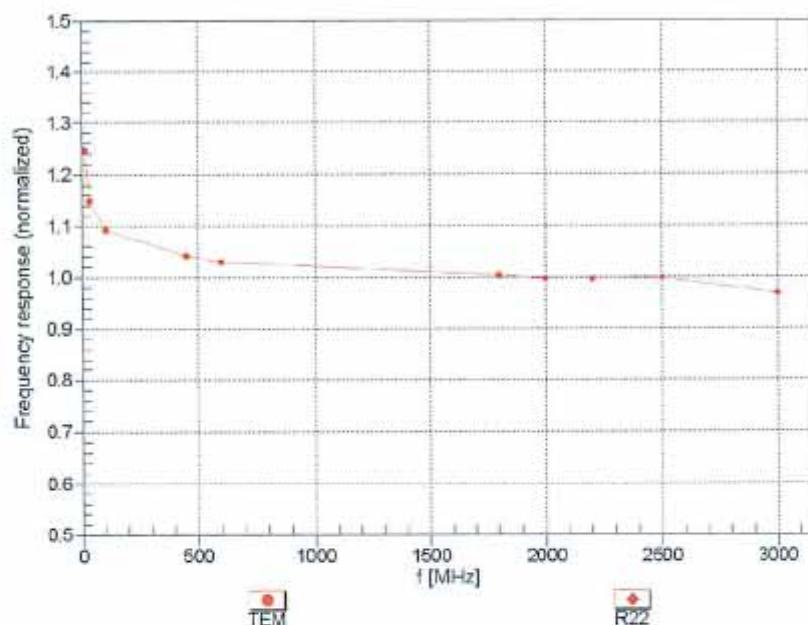
^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifl110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

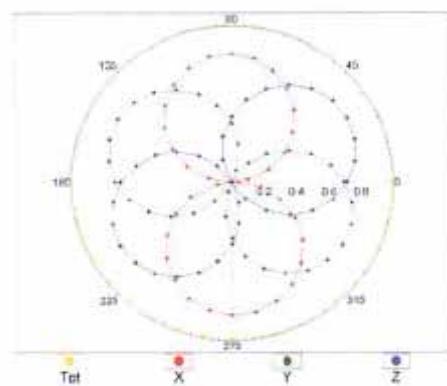
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4- SN:7329

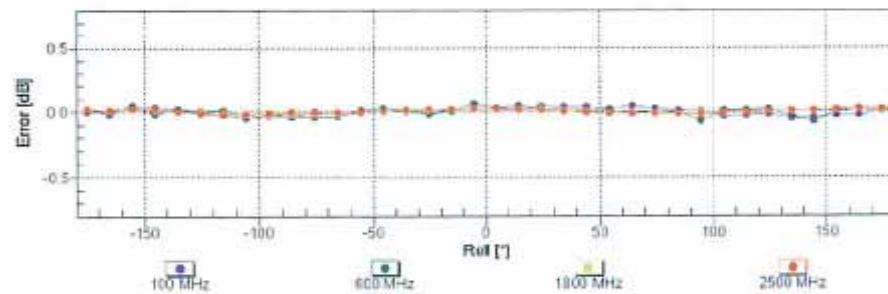
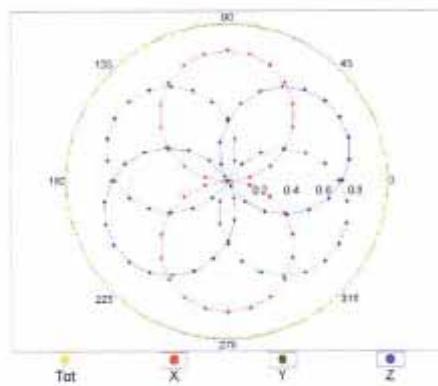
February 5, 2015

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



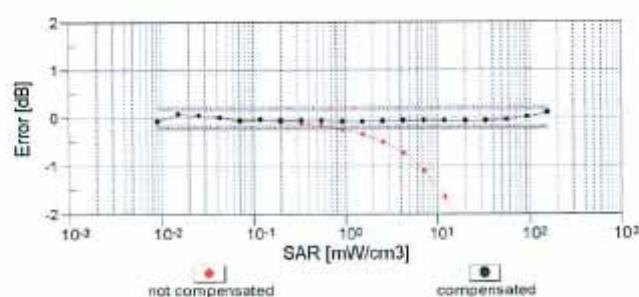
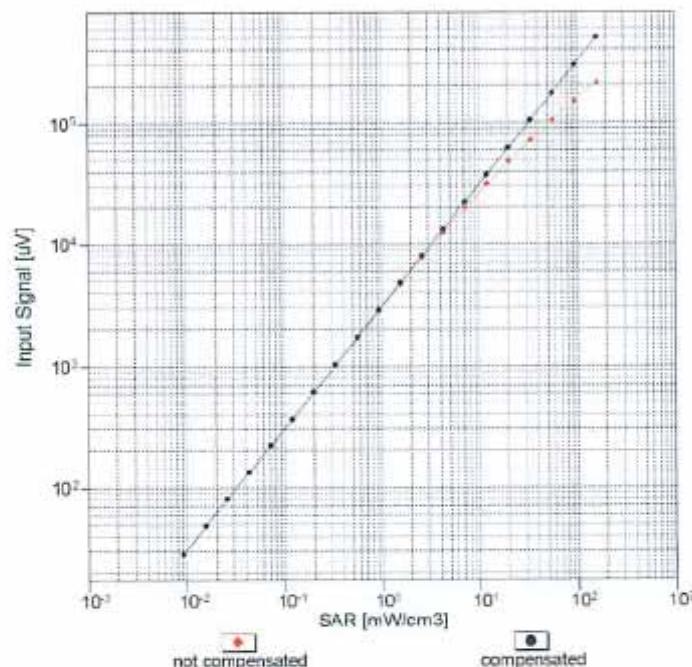
f=1800 MHz, R22

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

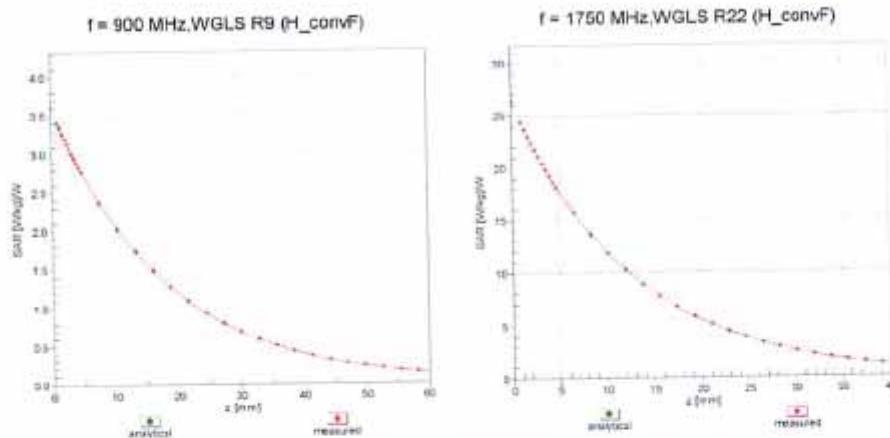


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

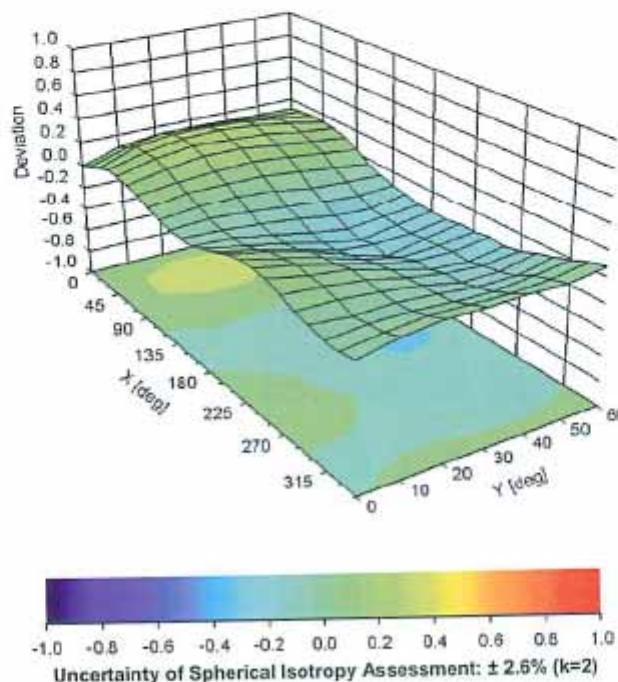
EX3DV4—SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ 

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (")	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No: DC-1599
Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

C E R T I F I C A T E O F C A L I B R A T I O N

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the
NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency: 835 MHz
Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014
Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:


Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Division of APREL Lab.
Kanata, ONTARIO TEL: (613) 435-8300
CANADA K2K 3J1 FAX: (613)435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

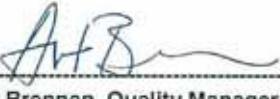
Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.


Art Brennan, Quality Manager
Maryna Nesterova, Calibration Engineer**Primary Measurement Standards**

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

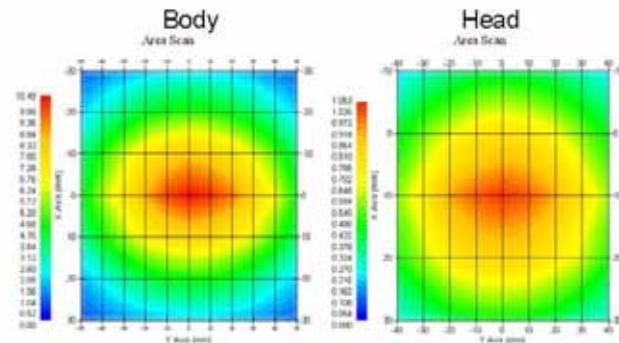
Length: 162.2 mm
Height: 89.4 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



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3

NCL Calibration Laboratories

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Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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4

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Dipole Calibration Results**Mechanical Verification**

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω □

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ϵ_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

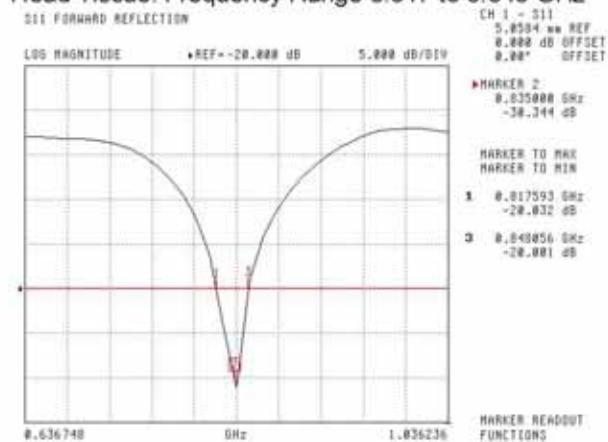
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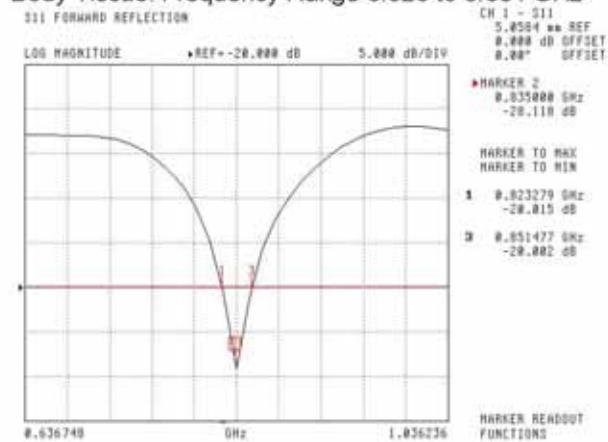
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz

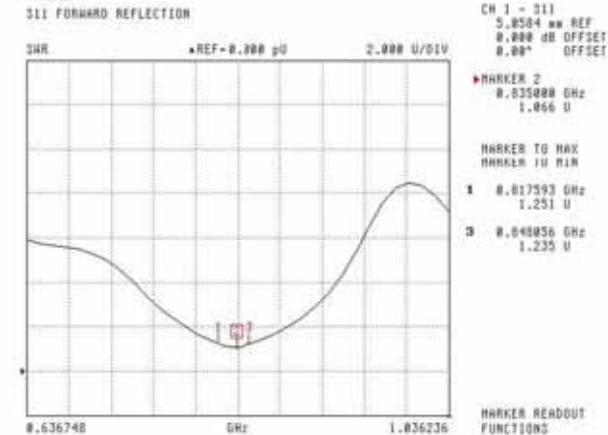
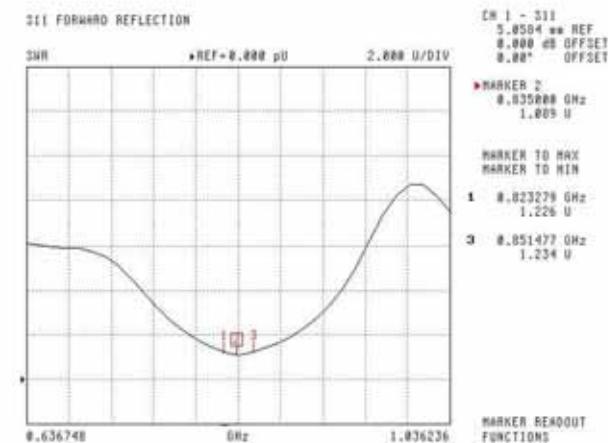


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6

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SWR**Head****Body**

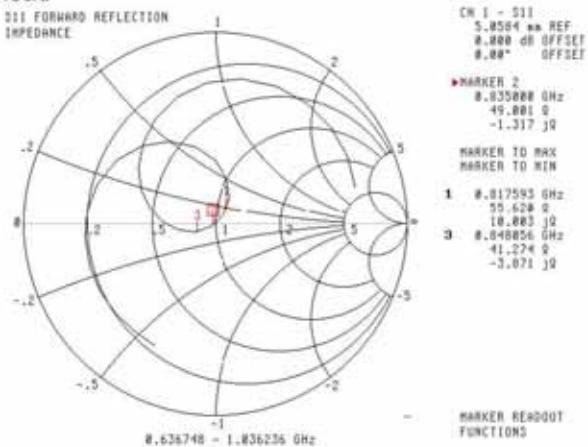
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7

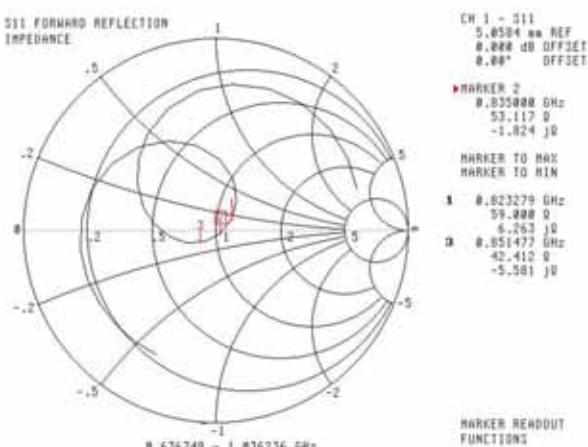
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Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head



Body



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Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1531
Project Number: BACL-5745

C E R T I F I C A T E O F C A L I B R A T I O N

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the
NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

BACL Head & Body Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1750-S-2
Frequency: 1750 MHz
Serial No: 198-00304

Customer: ISL

Calibrated: 8th October, 2013
Released on: 8th October, 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
OTTAWA, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613) 435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 198-00304 was an original calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.



Art Brehnan, Quality Manager



Constantin Teodorian, Test Engineer

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2

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

Length: 75 mm
Height: 42 mm

Electrical Calibration

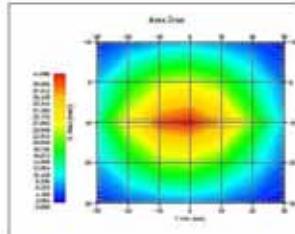
Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-25.567	-20.548 dB
SWR	1.111U	1.207 U
Impedance	53.637Ω	55.929 Ω

System Validation Results, 1750 MHz

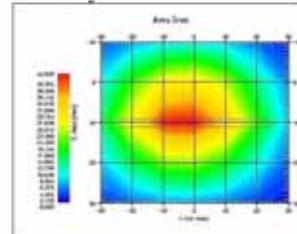
	1g	10g
Head	37.02	18.99
Body	36.65	18.85

Type	Epsilon	Sigma
Head	38.51	1.36
Body	51.79	1.53

Head



Body



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3

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-030 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 215.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"
IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
Part 2 *Draft*: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"

Conditions

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

This was an original calibration taken from stock.

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

4

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NCL Calibration Laboratories

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Dipole Calibration Results**Mechanical Verification**

Measured Length	Measured Height
75 mm	42 mm

Tissue Validation

Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ
1750 Head	38.23	1.38
1750 Body	52.86	1.54

5

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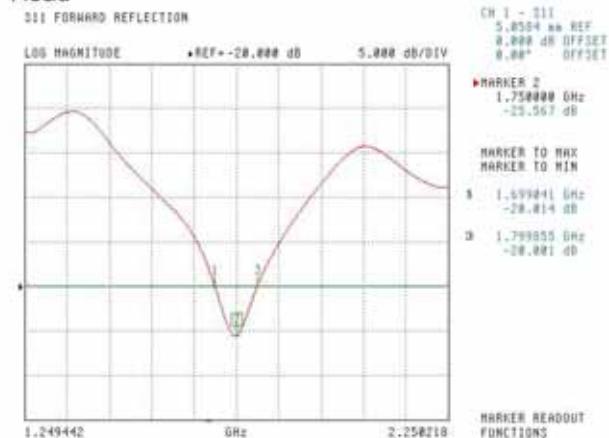
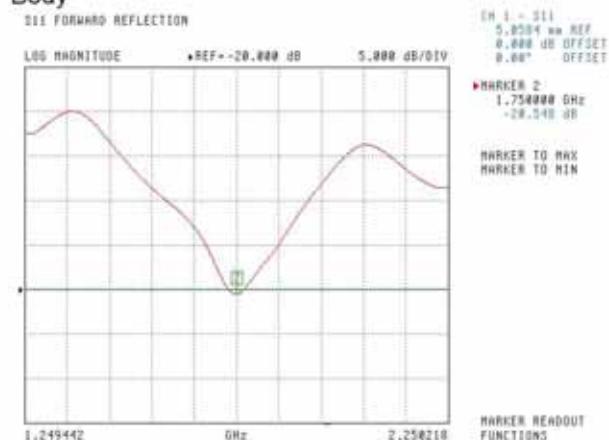
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Electrical Calibration

Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-25.567	-20.548 dB
SWR	1.111U	1.207 U
Impedance	53.637Ω	55.929 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

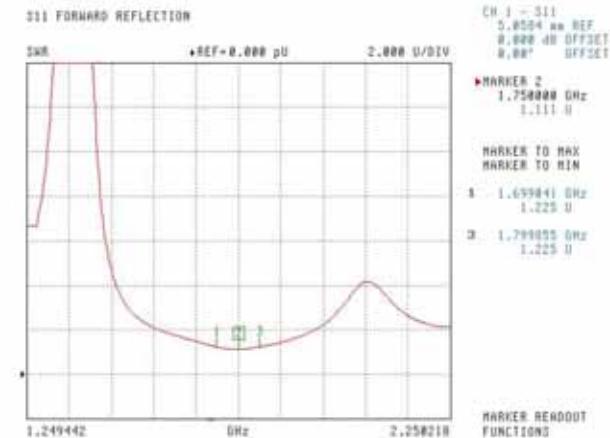
S11 Parameter Return Loss**Head****Body**

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

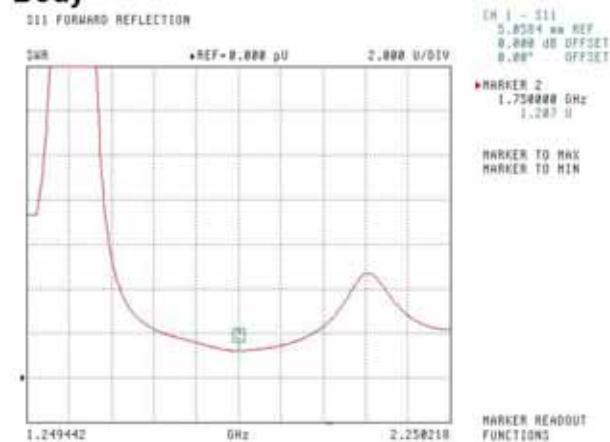
6

NCL Calibration Laboratories
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**SWR
Head**

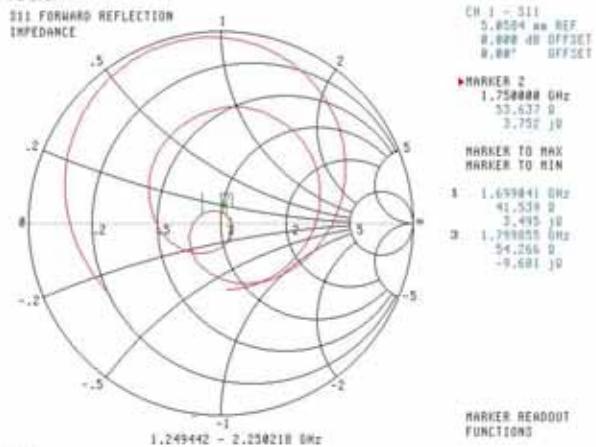
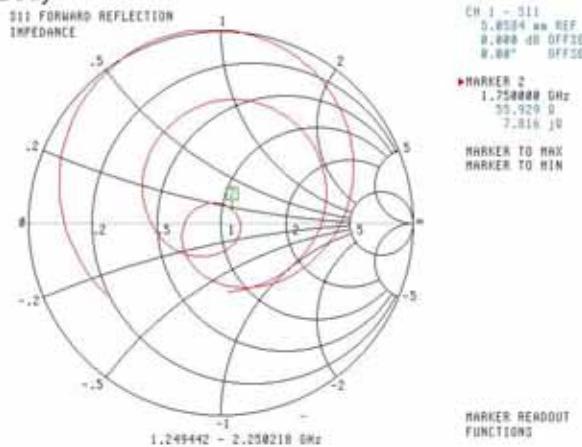


Body



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7

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Division of APREL Laboratories.**Smith Chart Dipole Impedance****Head****Body**

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8

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Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013

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9

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1601
Project Number: BAC-dipole -cal-5779

C E R T I F I C A T E O F C A L I B R A T I O N

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the
NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014
Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Division of APREL Lab.
Kanata, ONTARIO TEL: (613) 435-8300
CANADA K2K 3J1 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Conditions

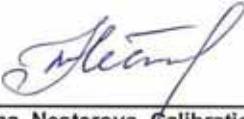
Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.


Art Brennan, Quality Manager
Maryna Nesterova, Calibration Engineer**Primary Measurement Standards**

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

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Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

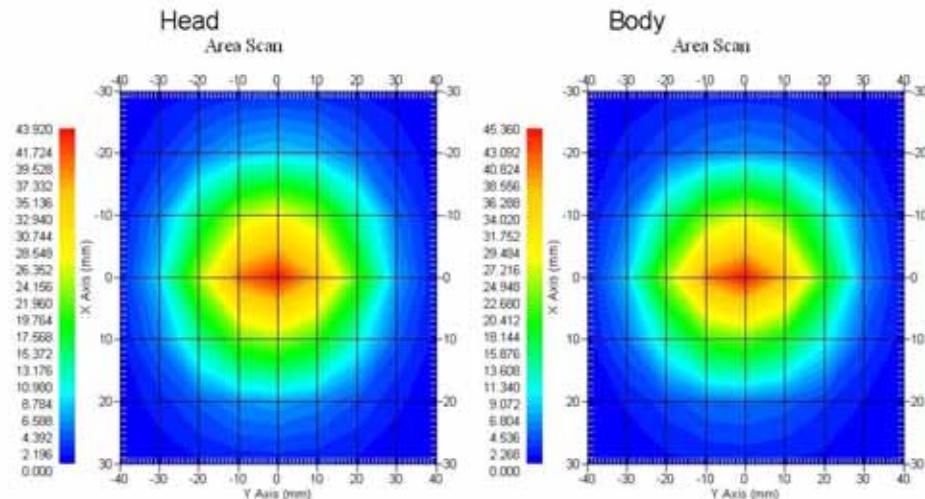
Length: 67.1 mm
Height: 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



NCL Calibration Laboratories

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Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

4

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Dipole Calibration Results**Mechanical Verification**

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ϵ_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

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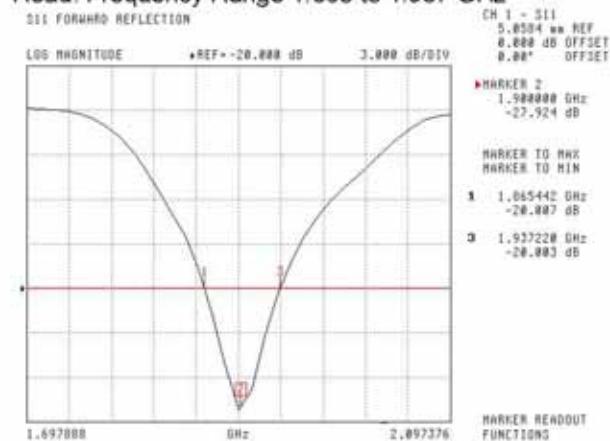
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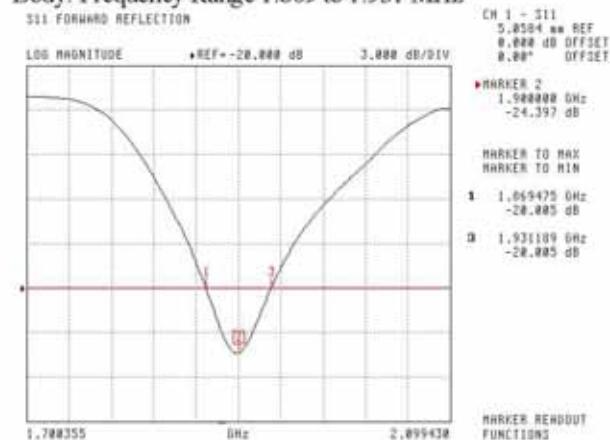
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head: Frequency Range 1.865 to 1.937 GHz



Body: Frequency Range 1.869 to 1.931 MHz

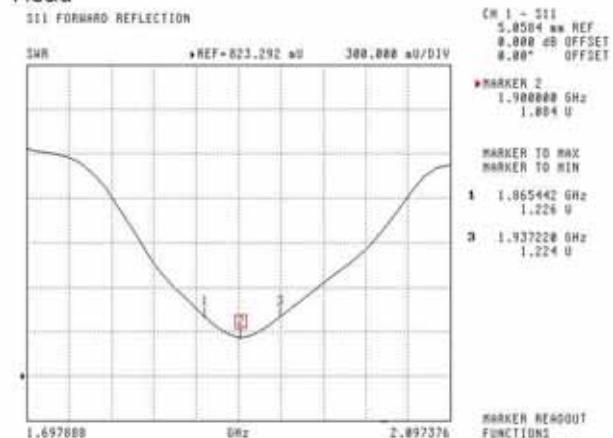
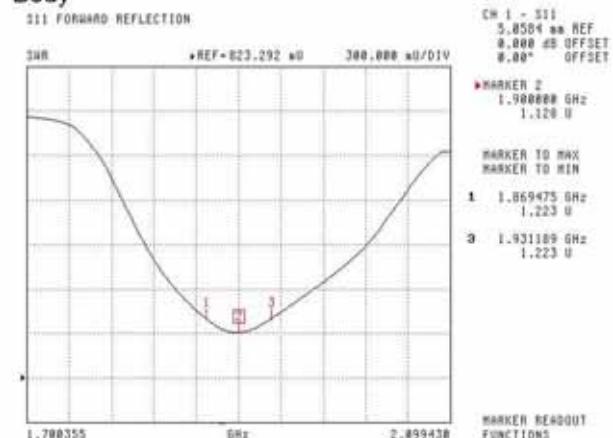


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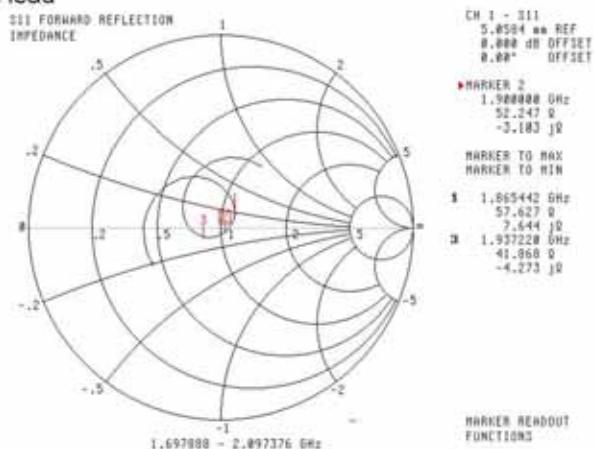
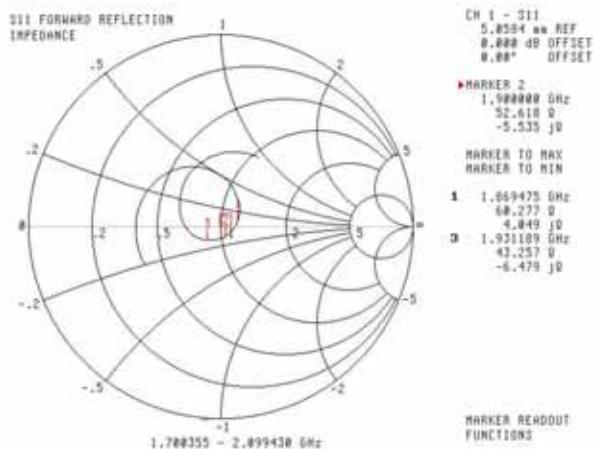
SWR**Head****Body**

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Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**Head****Body**

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NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

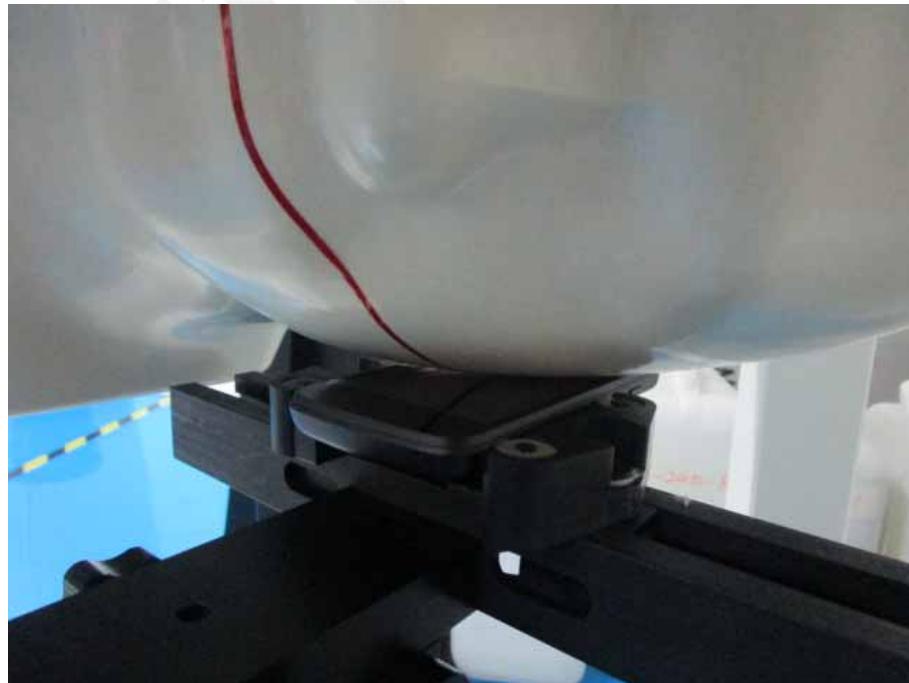
The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

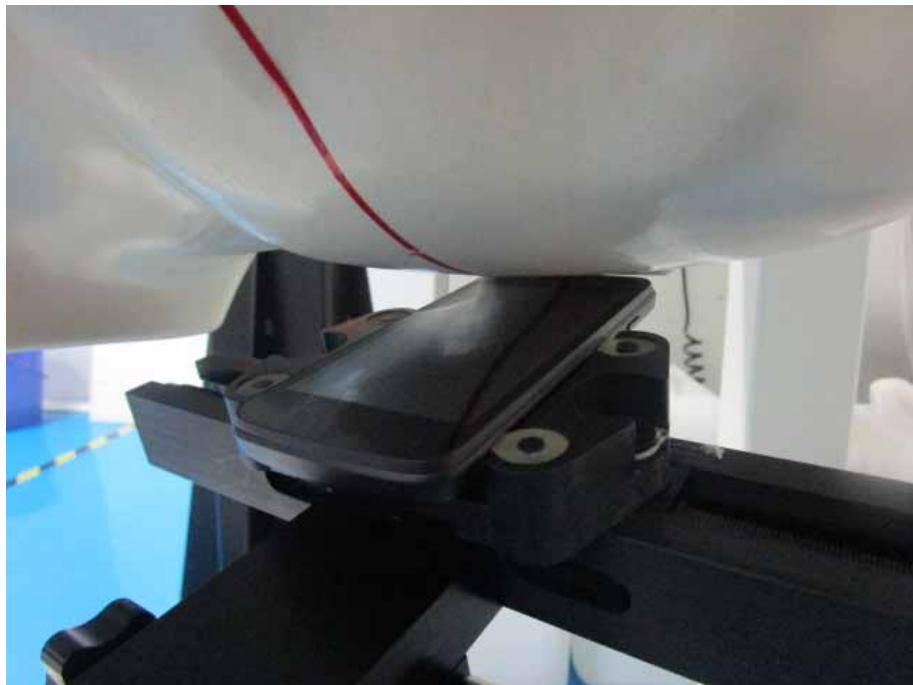
Liquid depth $\geq 15\text{cm}$



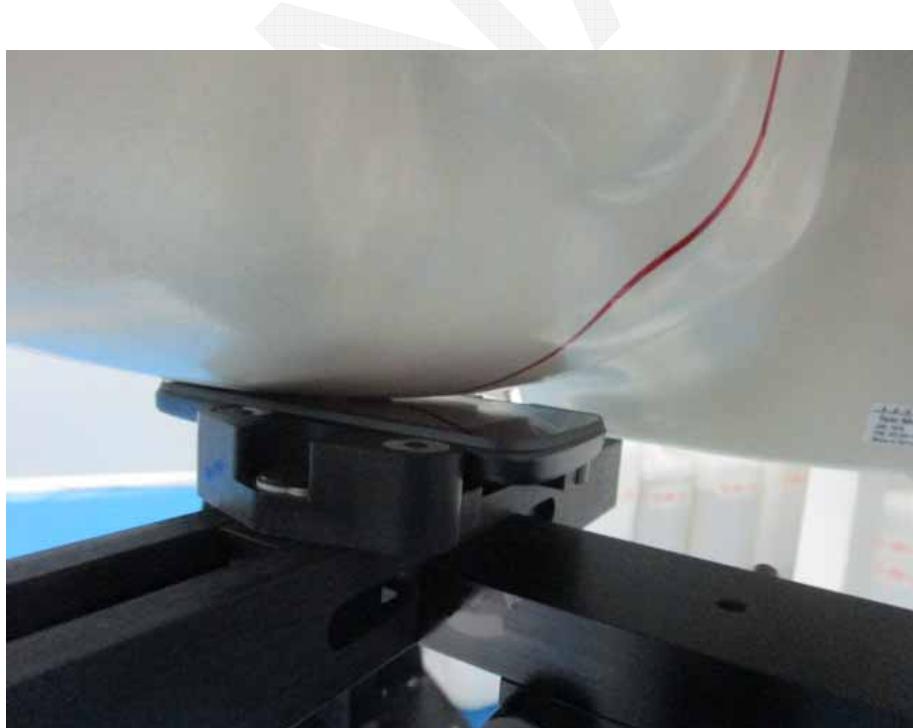
Left Head Cheek



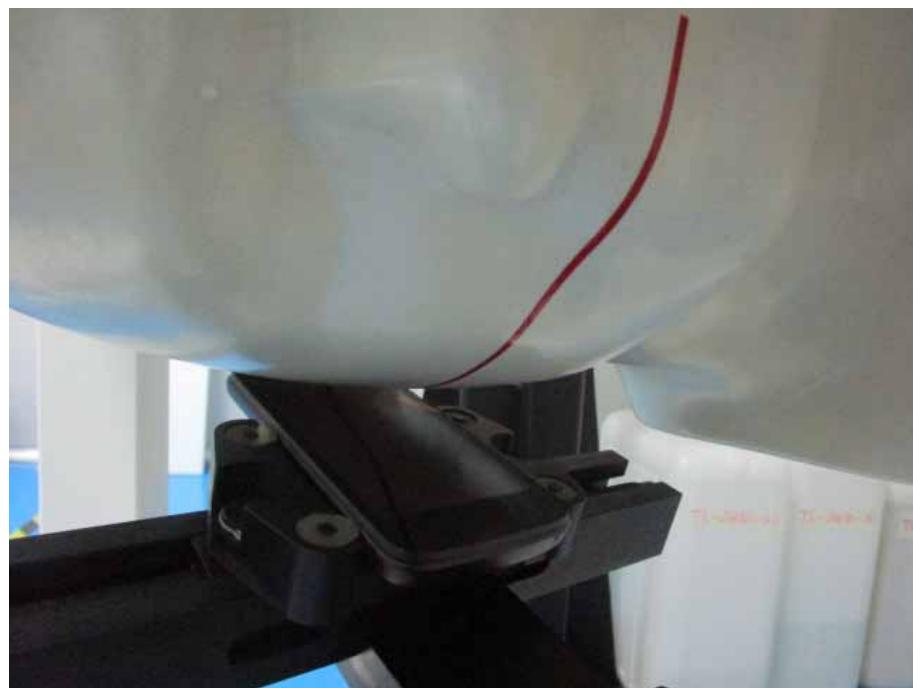
Left Head Tilt



Right Head Cheek



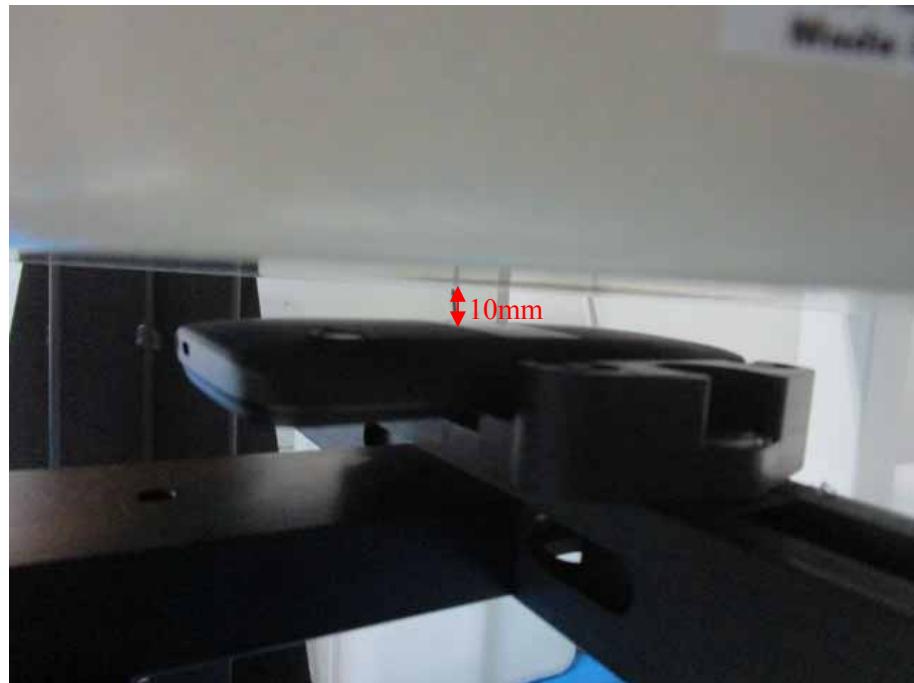
Right Head Tilt



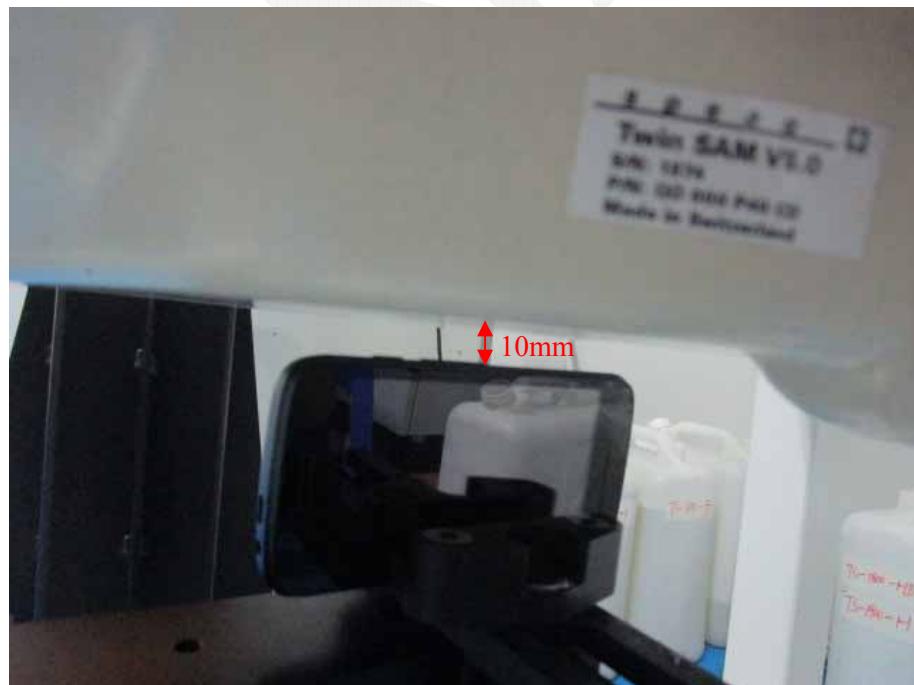
Body -Worn-Headset (10mm)



Body -Worn-Back (10mm)



Body -Worn-Right (10mm)



Body -Worn-Left (10mm)



Body -Worn-Bottom (10mm)



APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



EUT –Left Side View



EUT – Right Side View

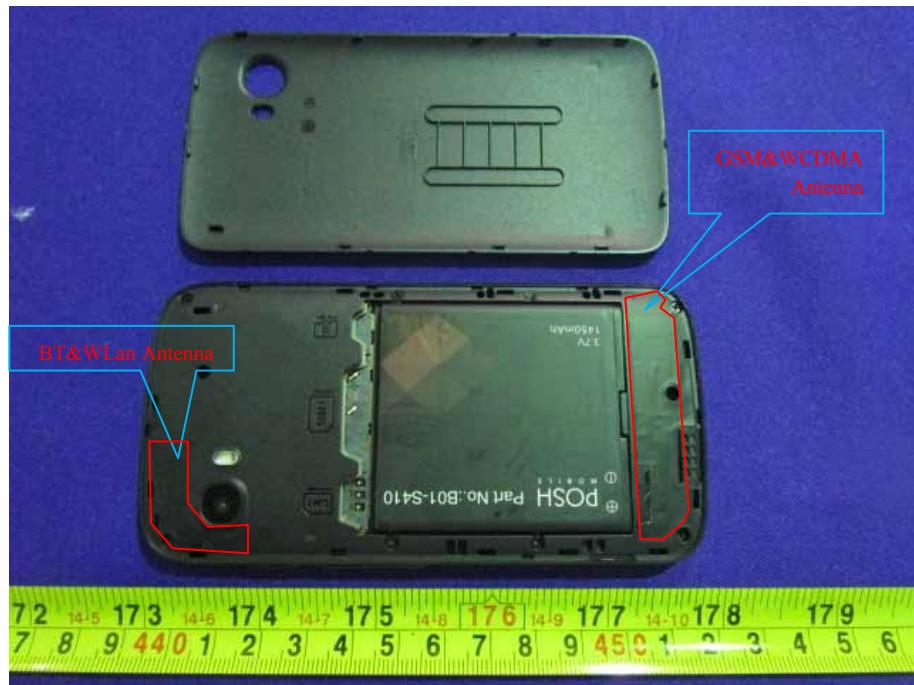


EUT –Top Side View



EUT – Bottom Side View



EUT – Uncover View

DECLARATION LETTER

Declaration of Alteration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Posh Mobile Limited, hereby declare that there are some differences between our Multiple Models and testing products. Details as below:

(This is for your reference only.)

Products Description	Name	Kick Lite	
	Brand	POSH	
	Manufacturer	Shenzhen Posh Mobile Limited	
	Project No.	RDG150715004, RDG150715004-20	
Differences Description			
Testing Products	Multiple Models	Differences Items	Details
S410A	S410B	Model name.	They are same motherboard, and just have the different model name .

Notes: Testing products-the products tested by BACL

Multiple Model- have the same or similar appearance, structure, PCB, Material and function to the testing products.

Besides the differences in the table above, we declare the products are identical
We guarantee all the information provided above is true, and notice that we'll bear all the consequences caused by any false information or concealing

Best Regards,

Signature:

Print Name: K.N. Chong

Title: Manager



ADD: 1011A, 10/F., Harbour Centre Tower 1, No.1 Hok Cheung St., Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Tel: 0085221229685 Fax: 0085239044979 Email: poshmobileltd@yahoo.com

QPDG004R32 Version1.0 (20140717)

***** END OF REPORT *****