

FCC SAR Test Report

Product Name : TABLET PC

Model No. : PA-301

Applicant : RuggON Corporation

Address : 3F., No.129, Minquan Rd., Xindian Dist.,

New Taipei City 23141, Taiwan

Date of Receipt : 2014/02/11

Issued Date : 2014/03/24

Report No. : 1420115R-SAUSP44V00

Report Version : V1.0





The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 2014/03/24

Report No.: 1420115R-SAUSP44V00

QuieTek

Product Name : TABLET PC

Applicant : RuggON Corporation

Address : 3F., No.129, Minguan Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City

23141, Taiwan

Manufacturer : Ubiqconn Technology, Inc.

Model No. : PA-301

Trade Name : RuggON

FCC ID : 2ABTU-PA-301

Applicable Standard : FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001

IEEE Std. 1528-2003

47CFR § 2.1093

Measurement : KDB 865664 ,KDB 447498 , KDB 248227, KDB 616217

procedures

Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)

802.11b/g(2.4GHz): 1.362 W/kg

802.11a(5 GHz): 1.406 W/kg

Application Type : Certification

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of Quie Tek Corporation.

Documented By :

(Adm. Specialist / April Chen)

Tested By :

(Engineer / Wen Lee

Approved By

(Director / Vincent Lin)



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1. General Information

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	TABLET PC
Trade Name	RuggON
Model No.	PA-301
FCC ID	2ABTU-PA-301
TX Frequency	802.11b/g/n : 2412MHz~2462MHz
	802.11a/n:5180MHz~5320MHz,5500~5700MHz, 5745-5825MHz
Type of Modulation	DSSS/OFDM/BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM
Antenna Type	PIFA
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Max. Output Power	802.11b: 14.00 dBm
(Conducted)	802.11g: 13.95 dBm
	802.11a: 14.42 dBm

^{*}Note: BT & WLAN can't work simultaneously, thus simultaneous mode is no need.

1.2 Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Peak Gain		
1	Ethertronics	5001575	1.4dBi For 2.4GHz		
2	Ethertronics	5001577	3.1dBi For 5.15~5.25GHz		
			3.2dBi For 5.25~5.35GHz		
			1.9dBi For 5.47~5.725GHz		

1.3 Maximum output power and tolerance allowed for production units

Band	Mode	Nominal power (dBm)	Tolerance (dBm)	Upper Tolerance (dBm)	
2.4G	80.11b/g/n-20	13	±1	14	
5G	802.11 a/n-20	13.5	±1	14.5	
5G	802.11 n-20	13	±1	14	
BT	1M/3M	9.5	±1	10.5	

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1.4 SAR Test Exclusion Calculation

According 447498 D01, SAR is not required base on below:

SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna < 50mm from ther user

Antenna	Тх	Tx Frequency (MHz)	Output Power Separation distances (mm)				Calculaed Threshold Value (≤3.0 SAR is not required)							
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom
2.4G	WiFi	2412	14.00	25	25	15	178	3	150	1.6	2.6	>50mm	7.8	>50mm
5G	WiFi	5180	14.29	27	25	210	3	115	23	2.5	>50mm	12.3	>50mm	2.7
5G	WiFi	5260	14.42	28	25	210	3	115	23	2.5	>50mm	12.7	>50mm	2.8
5G	WiFi	5500	14.33	27	25	210	3	115	23	2.6	>50mm	12.9	>50mm	2.8
5G	WiFi	5745	13.97	25	25	210	3	115	23	2.4	>50mm	12.0	>50mm	2.6
2.4G	ВТ	2480	10.42	11	25	15	178	3	150	0.7	1.2	>50mm	3.5	>50mm

SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna > 50mm from ther user

		Fraguency	Output D			Congretion distances (mm)				Calculaed Threshold Value				
Antenna	Tx	Frequency	Output P	Output Power Separation distances (mm)					(SAR test exclusion power,mW)					
		(MHz)	dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom
2.4G	WiFi	2412	14.00	25	25	15	178	3	150	<50mm	<50mm	1402.5	<50mm	1122.5
5G	WiFi	5180	14.29	27	25	210	3	115	23	<50mm	1665.9	<50mm	715.9	<50mm
5G	WiFi	5260	14.42	28	25	210	3	115	23	<50mm	1665.4	<50mm	715.4	<50mm
5G	WiFi	5500	14.33	27	25	210	3	115	23	<50mm	1664.0	<50mm	714.0	<50mm
5G	WiFi	5745	13.97	25	25	210	3	115	23	<50mm	1662.6	<50mm	712.6	<50mm
2.4G	ВТ	2402	10.50	11	25	15	178	3	150	<50mm	<50mm	1376.8	<50mm	1096.8



1.5 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Test Date: Mar 10, 2014

Items	Required	Actual		
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.3± 2		
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52		

Test Date: Mar 12, 2014

Items	Required	Actual		
Temperature (°C)	18-25	23.1± 2		
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	51		

Site Description:

Accredited by TAF

Accredited Number: 0914

Effective through: December 12, 2014

Site Name: Quietek Corporation

Site Address: No. 5-22, Rueishu Keng, Linkou Dist.,

New Taipei City 24451,

Taiwan. R.O.C.

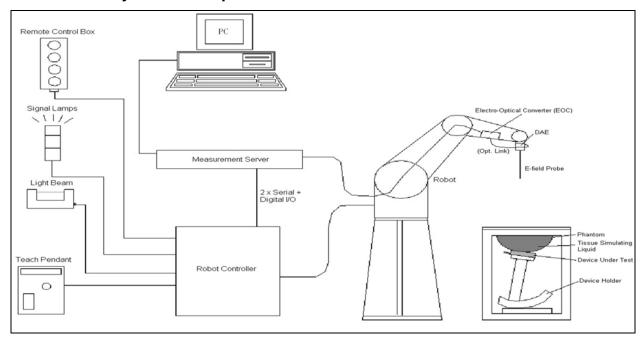
TEL: 886-2-8601-3788 / FAX: 886-2-8601-3789

E-Mail: service@quietek.com



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1 DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1 Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.



$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	Ex3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against stati charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenari (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enable compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of bette 30%.

2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

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The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.

2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a hig sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-conve and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 800



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 C board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk a 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 I of the CPU board.





2.5 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL to out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-a controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shid against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the pro During the process, the actual position of the probe tip verspect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe len and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the protip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with differ positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclinat (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). Totation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss P material having the following dielectric parameters: relapermittivity $\varepsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 21 shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device notice: The device notice positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	2450MHz	2450MHz	5200MHz	5800MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Body	Body
Water	46.7	73.2	76	75.68
Salt	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.43
Sugar	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	53.3	26.7	4.44	4.42
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	19.56	19.47

3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using APREL Dielectric Probe Kit and Anritsu MS4623B Vector Network Analyzer.

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement								
Frequency		Dielectric P	arameters	Tissue Temp.				
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]				
	Reference result	52.7	1.95	N/A				
2450 MHz	± 5% window	50.065 to 55.335	1.8525 to 2.0475	IN/A				
	10-Mar-14	51.06	1.98	19.9				
2412 MHz	Low channel	51.67	1.94	19.9				
2437 MHz	Mid channel	51.34	1.96	19.9				
2480 MHz	High channel	50.69	2	19.9				



Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency	Description	Dielectric	Parameters	Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	49	5.3	N/A
5200MHz	± 5% window	46.55 to 51.45	5.03 to 5.56	IN/A
	12-Mar-14	48.33	5.31	21.9
5180 MHz	Low channel	48.52	5.28	21.9
5220 MHz	Mid channel	48.21	5.36	21.9
5260 MHz	High channel	47.93	5.47	21.9

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency	Description	Dielectric	Parameters	Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	48.9	5.42	N/A
5300MHz	± 5% window	46.45 to 51.34	5.15 to 5.69	IN/A
	12-Mar-14	47.71	5.54	21.9
5320 MHz	High channel	47.67	5.56	21.9

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	48.5	5.77	N/A
5600MHz	± 5% window	46.07 to 50.92	5.48 to 6.06	IN/A
	12-Mar-14	46.88	5.98	21.9
5500 MHz	Low channel	47.36	5.78	21.9
5580 MHz	High channel	46.93	5.94	21.9



Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency	Frequency		Parameters	Tissue
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	Temp. [°C]
	Reference result	48.2	6	N/A
5800MHz	± 5% window	45.79 to 50.61	5.7 to 6.3	IN/A
	12-Mar-14	46.35	6.26	21.9
5700 MHz	Low channel	46.61	6.06	21.9
5785 MHz	Mid channel	46.39	6.24	21.9
5825 MHz	High channel	46.33	6.28	21.9



3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	dy
(MHz)	ϵ_{r}	σ (S/m)	٤ _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

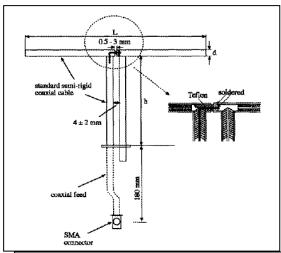
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4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1 SAR System Check

4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	53.5	30.4	3.6
5200M~5800MHz	20.6	45.4	3.6

4.1.2 System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz

Dipole Kit: ALS-D-2450

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	54 48.6 to 59.4	24.96 22.46 to 27.46	N/A
	10-Mar-14	51.6	23.6	19.9

Note: (1) The power level is used 250mW

- (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.
- (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.



System Performance Check at 5200MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5200 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	74 66.6 to 81.4	20.7 18.63 to 22.77	N/A
	12-Mar-14	80.1	22.4	21.9
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

System Performance Check at 5300MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5300 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	75.3 67.77 to 82.83	21.1 18.99 to 23.21	N/A
	12-Mar-14	82.5	22.8	21.9
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (4) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (5) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

System Performance Check at 5600MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5600 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	79.4 71.46 to 87.34	22 19.8 to 24.2	N/A
	12-Mar-14 87.1 23.8 21.9			
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				



	System Performance Check at 5800MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]	
5800 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	73.8 66.42 to 81.18	20.4 18.36 to 22.4	N/A	
	12-Mar-14	77	21.2	21.9	
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.					



4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

p: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).



5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

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6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last	Next
				Calibration	Calibration
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F09/5BL1A1/A06	2009/05/18	only once
Controller	Speag	CS8c	N/A	2009/05/18	only once
Aprel Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Aprel	ALS-D-2450	QTK-319	2012/11/20	2014/11/19
Speag Reference Dipole 5GHz	Speag	D5GHzV2	1023	2013/01/23	2015/01/22
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	QD000 P40 CA	Tp 1515	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1207	2013/05/22	2014/05/21
E-Field Probe	Speag	EGT6001DV4	3698	2013/07/31	2014/07/30
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.8 (7)	N/A	N/A
Aprel Dipole Spaccer	Aprel	ALS-DS-U	QTK-295	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-42	D051404-20	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50550	N/A	N/A
Universal Radio Communication	R&S	CMU 200	104846	2013/5/9	2014/05/08
Tester					
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY46108013	2013/08/09	2014/08/08
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG694A	041902	2013/08/05	2014/08/04
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487	6K00001447	2013/12/14	2014/12/13
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	034457	2013/12/14	2014/12/13



7. Measurement Uncertainty

	DΔ	SY5 U	ncert	aintv	Δccordin	g to IEC 622	200-2/2010)	
Measurement u								
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(vi)
·	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System					1		l	.1
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	8
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	√3	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	8
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±1.1%	8
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	8
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.5%	±12.5%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±25.1%	±25.1%	

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8. Conducted Power Measurement

WLAN:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Main (Chain A) Average Power(dBm)	Aux (Chain B) Average Power(dBm)
802.11b	2412	1	13.84	N/A
802.11b	2437	6	13.96	N/A
802.11b	2462	11	14.00	N/A
802.11g	2412	1	13.64	N/A
802.11g	2437	6	13.86	N/A
802.11g	2462	11	13.95	N/A
802.11a	5180	36	13.98	N/A
802.11a	5220	44	14.08	N/A
802.11a	5240	48	14.29	N/A
802.11a	5260	52	14.4	N/A
802.11a	5300	60	14.42	N/A
802.11a	5320	64	14.38	N/A
802.11a	5500	100	14.13	N/A
802.11a	5580	116	14.25	N/A
802.11a	5700	140	14.33	N/A
802.11a	5745	149	13.98	N/A
802.11a	5785	157	14.03	N/A
802.11a	5825	165	13.97	N/A



	Frequency		Main (Chain A)	Aux (Chain B)	Main (Chain A)+
Mode	(MHz)	Channel	Average	Average	Aux (ChainB)
	,		Power(dBm)	Power(dBm)	Average Power(dBm)
802.11n-20M	2412	1	13.42	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	2437	6	13.83	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	2462	11	13.91	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5180	36	13.29	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5220	44	13.54	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5240	48	13.86	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5260	52	13.88	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5300	60	13.98	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5320	64	13.95	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5500	100	13.66	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5580	116	13.76	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5700	140	13.94	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5745	149	13.88	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5785	157	13.57	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5825	165	13.79	N/A	N/A

BT:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	1Mbps	3Mbps	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	BLE
ВТ	2402	00	10.18	9.95	2402	00	7.60
ВТ	2441	39	10.26	10.11	2441	19	7.93
ВТ	2480	78	10.42	10.33	2480	39	8.19



9. Test Result

9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEA	SUREME	NT								
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52										
Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15										
Test Mode	: 802.11b -	2450 MHz	z- Ethertro	nics Inc. Anten	na, P/N: 5	001575	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Test	A t	Frequ	iency	Conducted Pov	wer(dBm)	SAR 1g (V	V/kg)	Linait		
Position Body	Antenna Position	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Limit (W/kg)		
Тор	Fixed	1	2412	13.84	14	1.190	1.235	1.6		
Тор	Fixed	6	2437	13.96	14	1.340	1.352	1.6		
Тор	Fixed	11	2462	14.00	14	1.330	1.330	1.6		
Test Mode	: 802.11g -	2450 MHz	z- Ethertro	nics Inc. Anten	na, P/N: 5	001575				
Тор	Fixed	6	2437	13.86	14	1.310	1.353	1.6		
Test Mode	: 802.11n (2	20M)- 245	0 MHz- Et	thertronics Inc.	Antenna, I	P/N: 5001575				
Тор	Fixed	6	2437	13.83	14	1.310	1.362	1.6		
Test Mode: BT- Ethertronics Inc. Antenna, P/N: 5001575										
Тор	Fixed	78	2480	10.42	10.5	0.563	0.573	1.6		

^{2.} According KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required when 801.11g/n maximum output power < 0.25+802.11b



SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 51

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Test Mode: 802.11a - 5 GHz- Ethertronics Inc. Antenna, P/N: 5001577

Test		Frequ	ency	Conducted Pov	ver (dBm)	SAR 1g (\	N/kg)	
Position Body	Antenna Position	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Limit (W/kg)
L-Side	Fixed	36	5180	13.98	14.5	1.000	1.127	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	44	5220	14.08	14.5	1.120	1.234	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	48	5240	14.29	14.5	1.230	1.291	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	52	5260	14.4	14.5	1.350	1.381	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	60	5300	14.42	14.5	1.380	1.406	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	64	5320	14.38	14.5	1.360	1.398	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	100	5500	14.13	14.5	0.684	0.745	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	116	5580	14.25	14.5	1.290	1.366	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	140	5700	14.33	14.5	0.830	0.863	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	149	5745	13.98	14.5	0.580	0.654	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	157	5785	14.03	14.5	0.519	0.578	1.6
L-Side	Fixed	165	5825	13.97	14.5	0.605	0.684	1.6
Test Mode:	802.11n (20	OM)-5GHz	- Ethertro	onics Inc. Anter	na, P/N: 5	001577		•
L-Side	Fixed	60	5300	13.98	14	1.390	1.396	1.6

Note: 1. According KDB 447498 D01, SAR can be excluded when test exclusion thresholds are applicable.(can refer P6)

^{2.} According KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required when 801.11g/n maximum output power < 0.25+802.11b



9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

According the KDB 447498 D01 Section 4.3.2, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/7.5}$]

Frequency	Max. power (dBm)	Test separation distance,(mm)	Estimated BT SAR (W/Kg)
N/A	N/A N/A		N/A

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, The ratio is determined by $(SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5/Ri$, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion . The estimation result as below :

For UNII Band:

WLAN	Estimated BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location
SAR (W/Kg)	SAR (W/Kg)	Transmission (W/Kg)		separation ratio
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

BT & WLAN can't work simultaneously, thus simultaneous mode is no need.

For DTS Band:

WLAN	Estimated BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location
SAR (W/Kg)	SAR (W/Kg)	Transmission (W/Kg)		separation ratio
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

BT & WLAN can't work simultaneously, thus simultaneous mode is no need.



10. SAR measurement variability

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Freque	ency	SAR 1g (W/kg)						
	0.1.1.1	First Repeated Second Repeated		Repeated	Third Reapeated			
Channel	Channel MHz Original	Originai	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
6	2437	1.34	1.31	2.3%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
60	5300	1.380	1.37	0.7%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Appendix

Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data



Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Date/Time: 3/10/2014

System Performance Check_2450MHz-Body DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.06$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3, Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/2450MHz_Body/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg

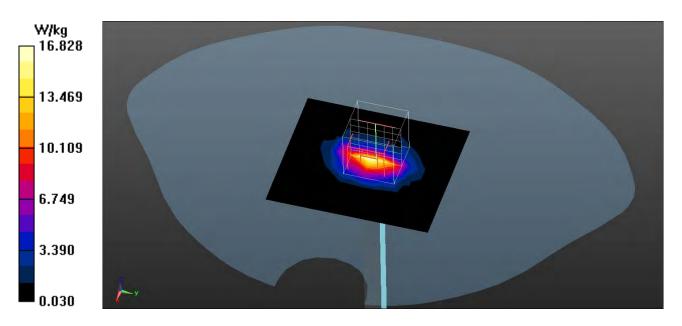
Configuration/2450MHz_Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.229 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.9 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg





System Performance Check_5200MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.31 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/5200MHz-Body 100mW/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg

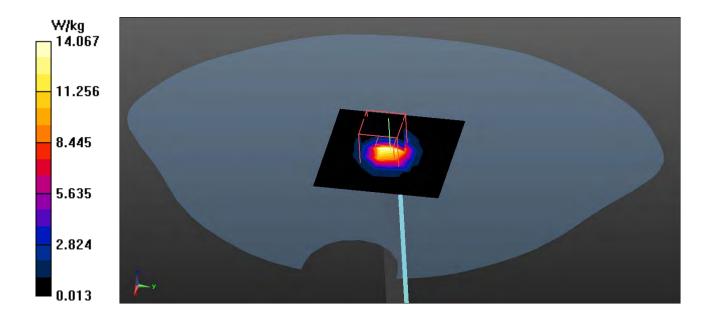
Configuration/5200MHz-Body 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=2mm

(7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 69.654 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg





System Performance Check_5300MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Communication System PAR:

0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.71$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/5300MHz-Body 100mW/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg

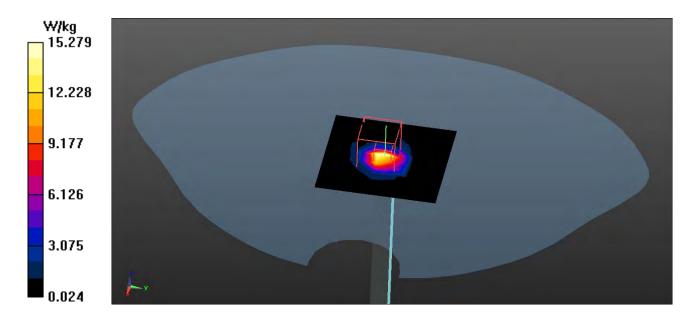
Configuration/5300MHz-Body 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=2mm

(7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 67.989 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg





System Performance Check_5600MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Communication System PAR:

0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.88$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/5600MHz-Body 100mW/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

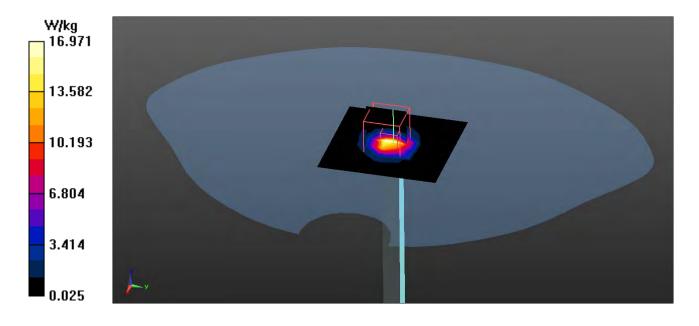
Configuration/5600MHz-Body 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=2mm

(7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 75.430 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg





System Performance Check_5800MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Communication System PAR:

0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.26 S/m; ϵ_r = 46.35; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/5800MHz-Body 100mW/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg

Configuration/5800MHz-Body 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=2mm

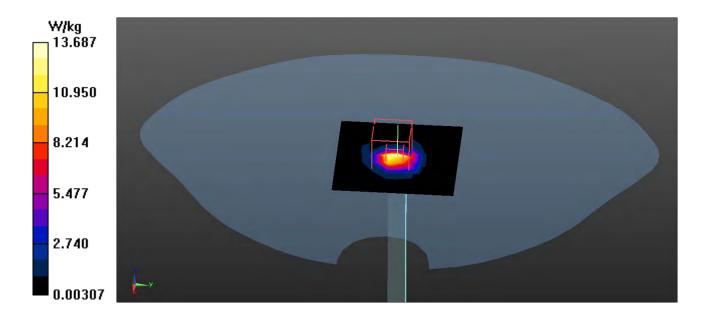
(7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 63.757 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg





Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Antenna Kit#1: Ethertronics Inc. Antenna, P/N: 5001575

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Date/Time: 3/10/2014

802.11b_1-Top

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication

System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.67$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3, Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.54 W/kg

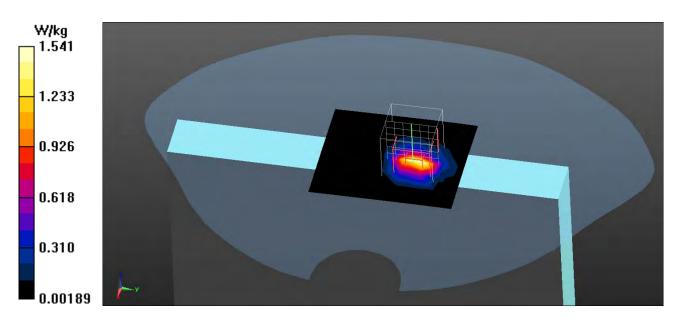
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.517 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.75 W/kg





802.11b_6-Top

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication

System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.34$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3, Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 W/kg

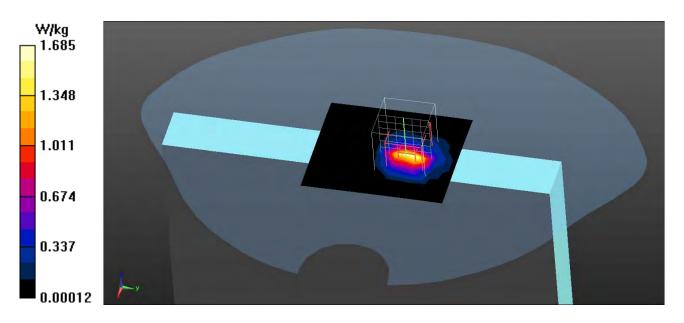
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.843 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.548 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.91 W/kg





802.11b_11-Top

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication

System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.88$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3, Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg

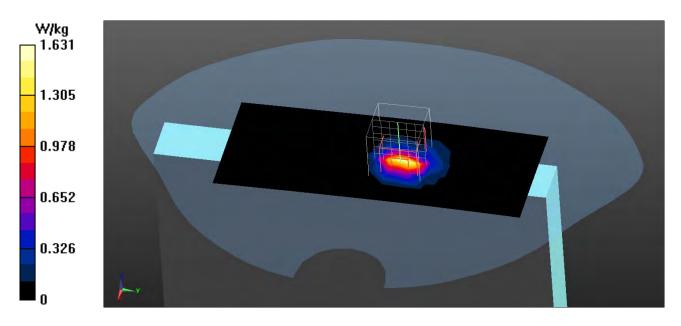
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.879 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.544 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.86 W/kg





802.11g_6-Top

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication

System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.34$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3, Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg

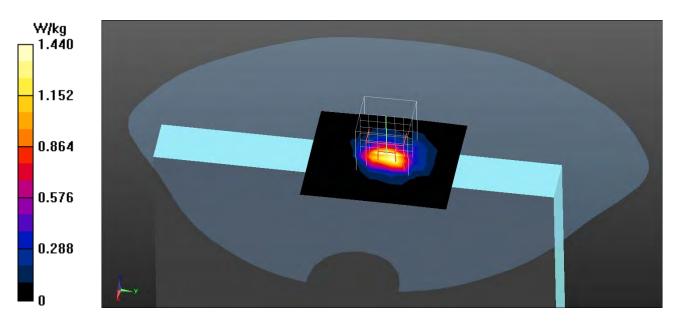
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.453 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.527 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.80 W/kg





802.11n-20M_6-Top

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication

System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.34$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3, Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 W/kg

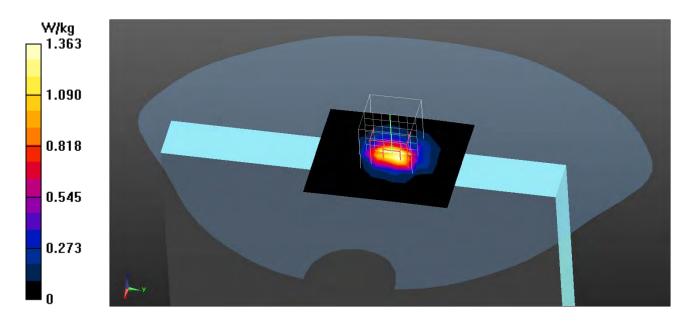
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.818 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.537 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.81 W/kg





BT 1M 78-Top

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, BT 1M&3M&BLE; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Communication

System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 2 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.69$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3, Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg

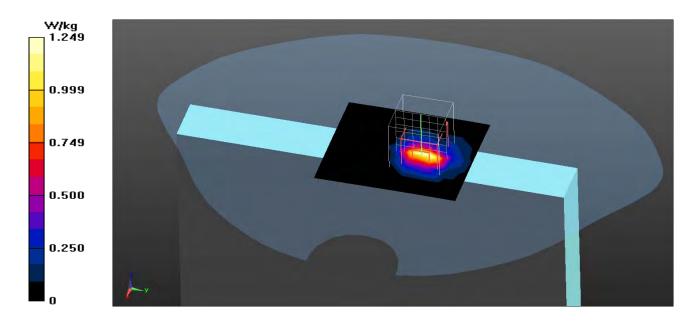
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.470 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg

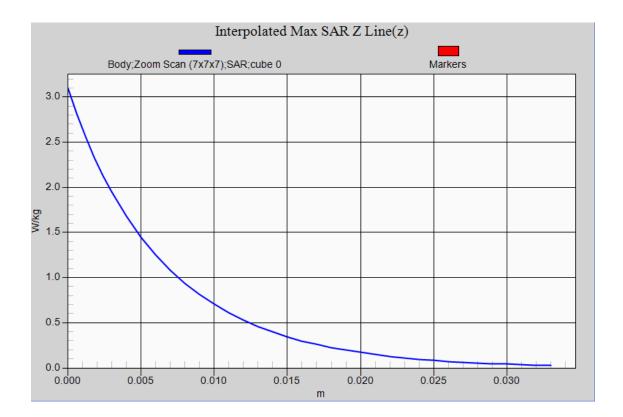
SAR(1 g) = 0.563 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg





802.11b EUT Top, Z-Axis plot

Channel: 6





Antenna Kit#2: Ethertronics Inc. Antenna, P/N: 5001577

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Date/Time: 3/12/2014

802.11a 36-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz; $\sigma = 5.28 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.47 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

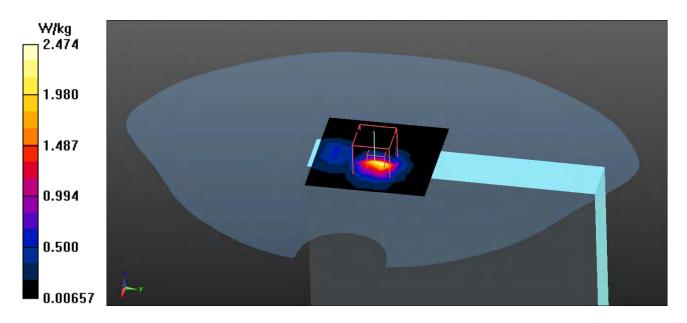
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 20.829 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.44 W/kg





802.11a_44-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5220 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5220 MHz; $\sigma = 5.36 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.21$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg

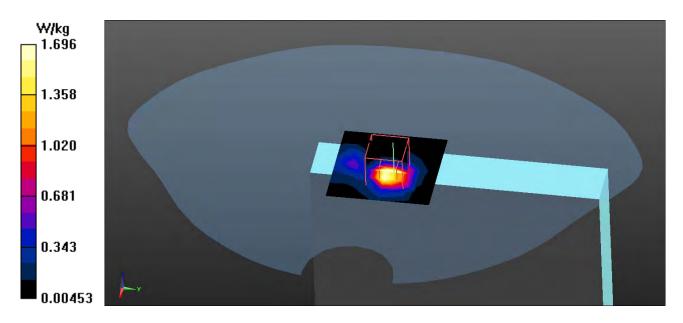
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 9.006 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.303 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 W/kg





802.11a_48-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5240 MHz; $\sigma = 5.41 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.06$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg

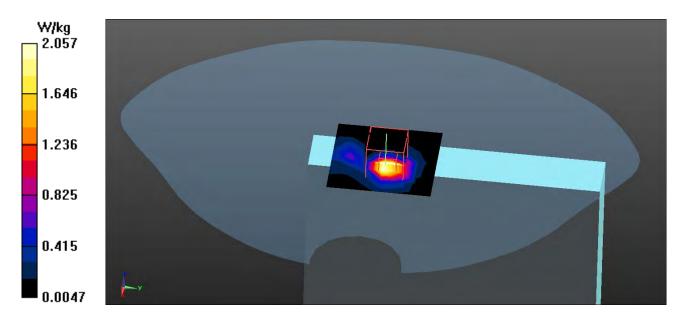
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 9.624 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg





802.11a_52-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 5.47 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.93$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.27 W/kg

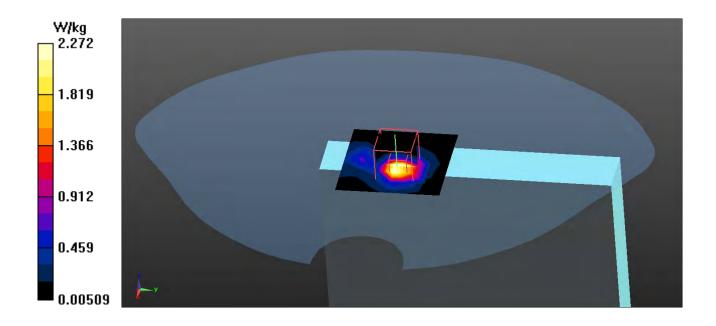
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.248 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.382 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.19 W/kg





802.11a_60-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.71$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.51 W/kg

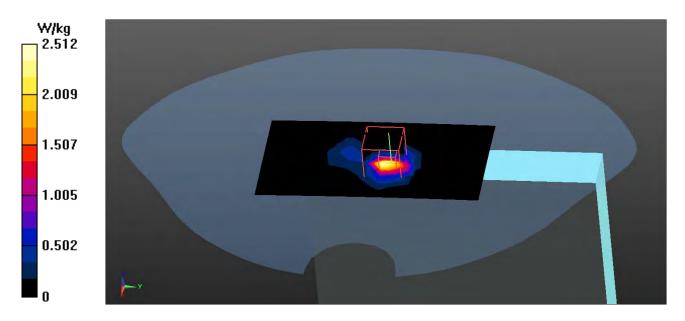
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.319 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.47 W/kg





802.11a_64-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5320 MHz; $\sigma = 5.56 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.67$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.42 W/kg

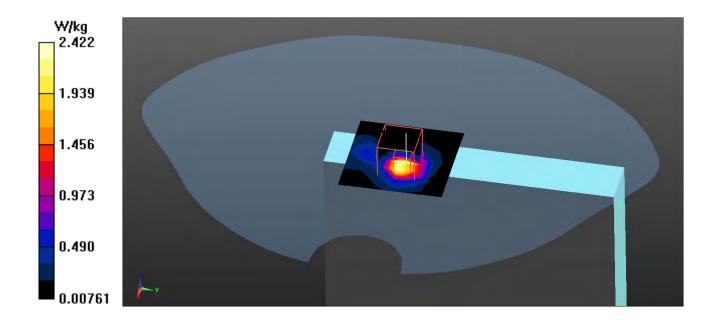
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.547 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.31 W/kg





802.11a_100-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5.78 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.82, 3.82, 3.82); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.66 W/kg

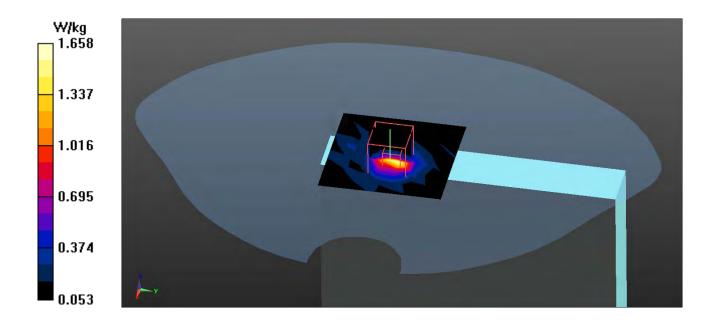
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 18.143 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.95 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.684 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg





802.11a_116-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; $\sigma = 5.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.93$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg

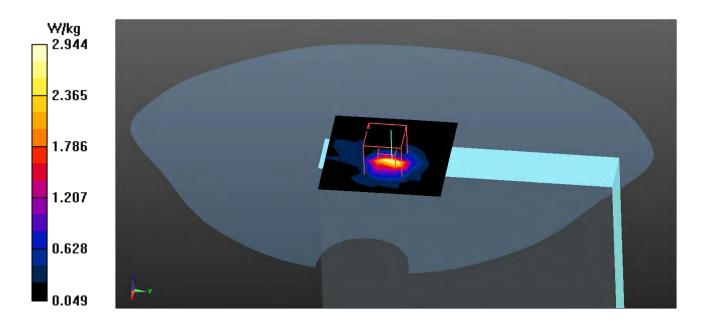
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 24.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.352 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.08 W/kg





802.11a_140-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5700 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5700 MHz; $\sigma = 6.06 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.61$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.22 W/kg

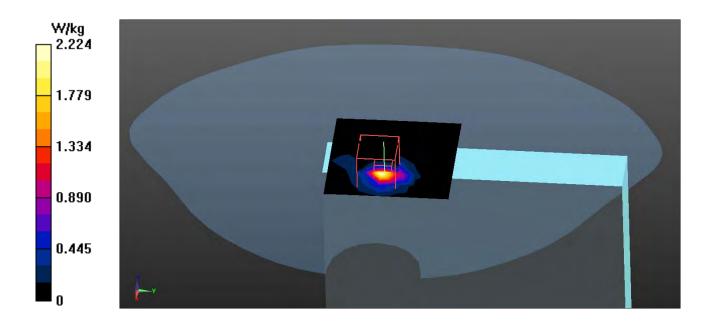
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.089 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.830 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.25 W/kg





802.11a_149-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.16 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 46.52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.67 W/kg

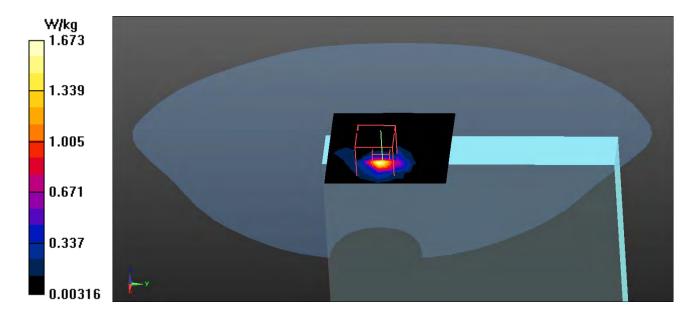
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 5.544 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.580 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg





802.11a_157-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 6.24 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg

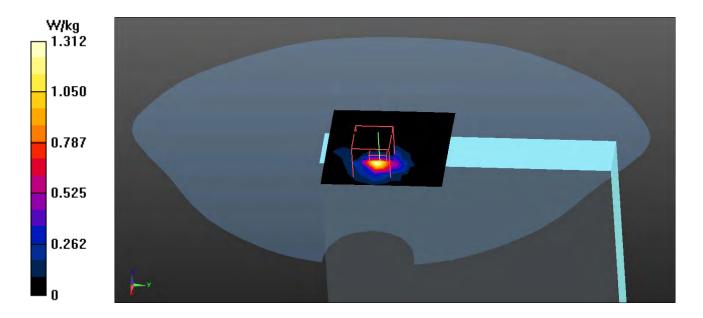
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 5.401 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.519 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg





802.11a_165-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 6.28 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.65 W/kg

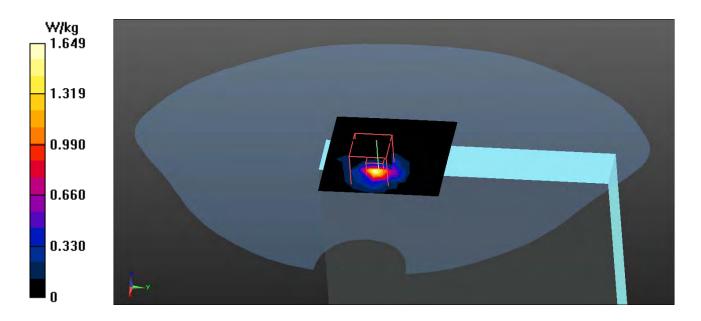
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 6.059 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.605 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg





802.11n_60-Left-Side

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.71$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 W/kg

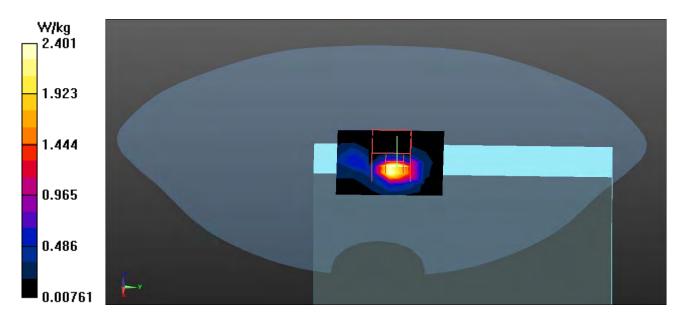
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.037 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.77 W/kg

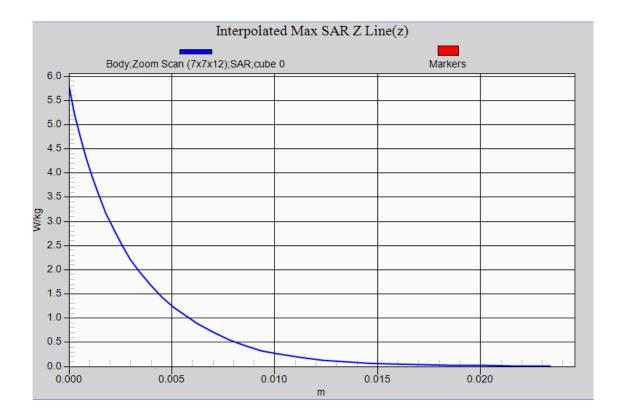
SAR(1 g) = 1.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.49 W/kg





802.11n EUT L-Side, Z-Axis plot

Channel: 60





802.11b_6-Top-Verify

DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication

System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.34$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.3, Liquid Temperature (°C): 19.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg

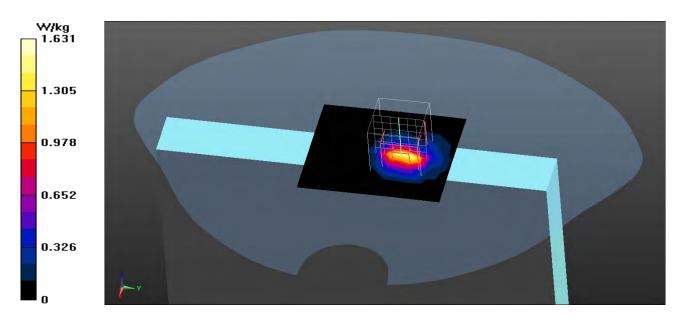
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.495 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.544 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.86 W/kg





802.11n_60-Left-Side-Verify DUT: TABLET PC; Type: PA-301

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.71$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.22 W/kg

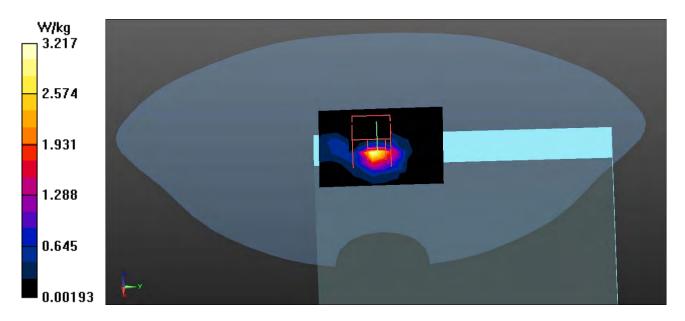
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 21.638 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.26 W/kg





Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Object: EX3DV4- SN: 3698

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Quietek (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3698_Jul12

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: July 27, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	1D	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013 Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 660	20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: July 27, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3698_Jul12

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 iEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

EX3DV4 - SN:3698 July 27, 2012

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3698

Manufactured: April 22, 2009 Repaired: July 19, 2012

Calibrated: July 27, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.35	0.37	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) ^B	98.7	99.2	99.7		

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^b (k=2)
0	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	144.9	±3.8 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	134.2	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	135.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[^] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3698 July 27, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	8.99	8.99	8.99	0.58	0.70	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	8.68	8.68	8.68	0.77	0.59	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.54	8.54	8.54	0.58	0.69	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.80	0.59	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.34	0.88	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.42	0.82	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6,41	6.41	6.41	0.31	0.98	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.45	0.97	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4,96	4.49	4.49	4,49	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

G Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

EX3DV4-SN:3698 July 27, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

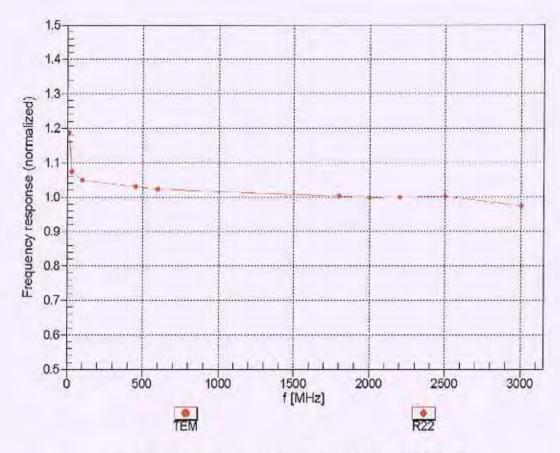
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	8.79	8.79	8.79	0.52	0.79	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	8.71	8.71	8.71	0.41	0.87	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.59	8.59	8.59	0.41	0.87	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.42	0.84	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.49	0.76	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.80	0.57	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.53	6.53	6.53	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.55	0.92	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.02	4.02	4.02	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.76	3.76	3.76	0.55	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.72	3.72	3.72	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.86	3.86	3.86	0.60	1.80	± 13,1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

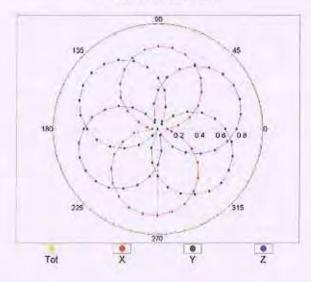


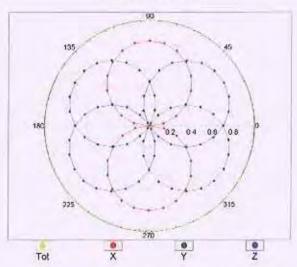
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

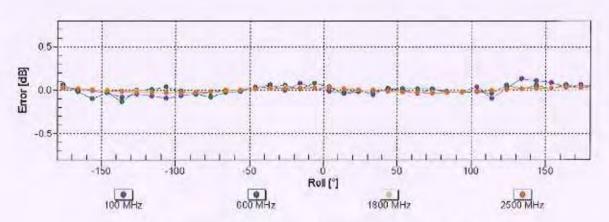
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

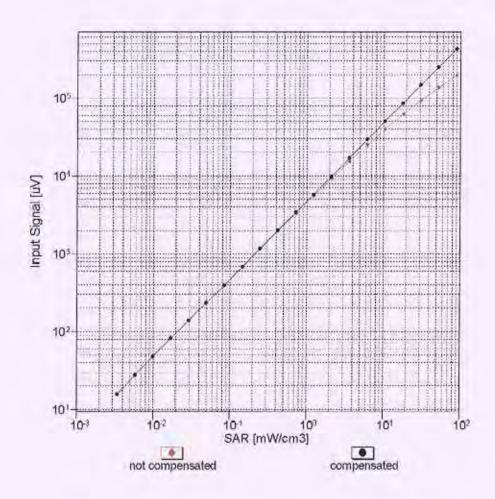


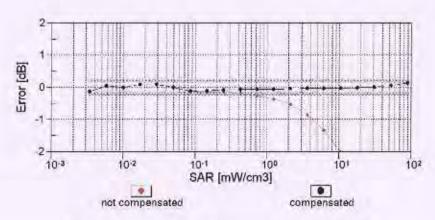




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

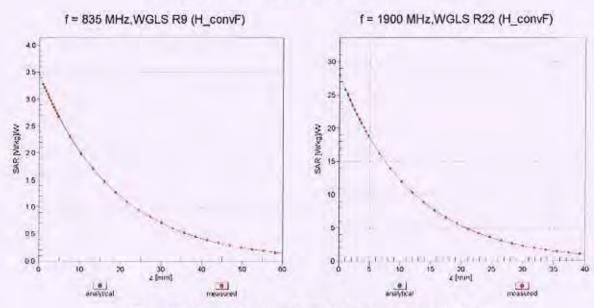
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





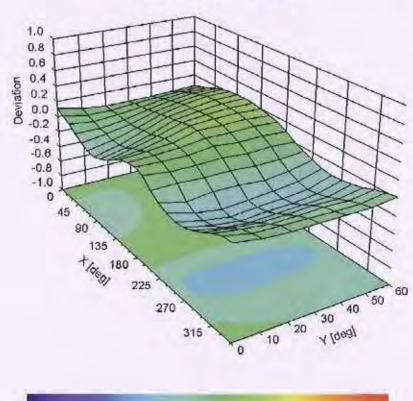
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (6, 9), f = 900 MHz



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Other Probe Parameters

Triangular		
43.7		
enabled		
disabled		
337 mm		
10 mm		
9 mm		
2.5 mm		
1 mm		
1 mm		
1 mm		
2 mm		



Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

Validation Dipole 2450 MHz

M/N: ALS-D-2450

S/N: QTK-319

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client Quietek (Auden)

Certificate No: ALS-2450-QTK-319_Nov12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ALS-D-2450 - SN: QTK-319

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: November 20, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Seif Tilly
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Jelly.

Issued: November 21, 2012

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Fiat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.7 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.63 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	26.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.2 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.7 Ω - 0.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω + 1.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.018 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	APREL
Manufactured on	Not available

Special Note

The deviation in SAR averaged results towards the latest certificate of the same dipole is higher than expected (higher than typical repeatability deviation for SAR validation dipoles). The reason is unknown, but it may be linked with the dipole repair that took place in between the two calibrations conducted in the SCS108 laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.11.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; Serial: SN: QTK-319

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

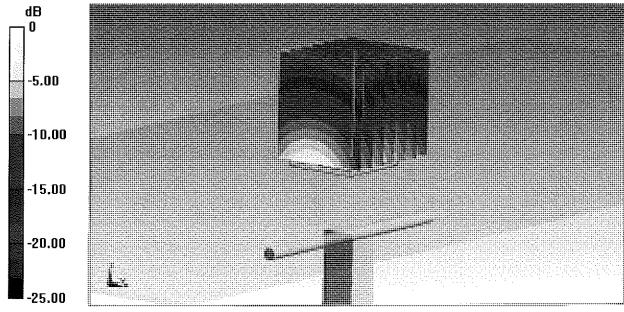
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mn1

Reference Value = 102.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

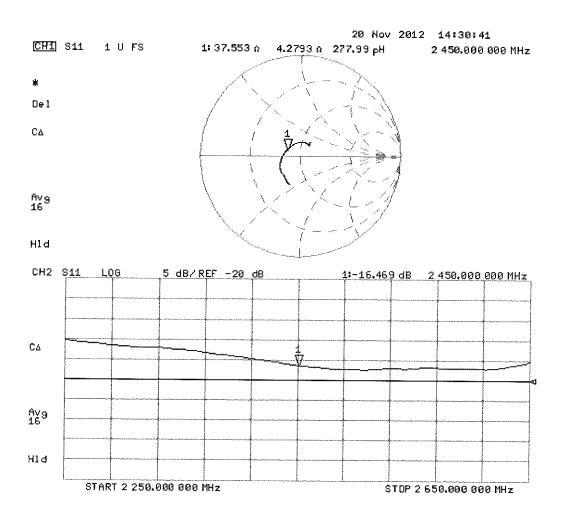
SAR(1 g) = 14.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.11.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; Serial: SN: QTK-319

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0:

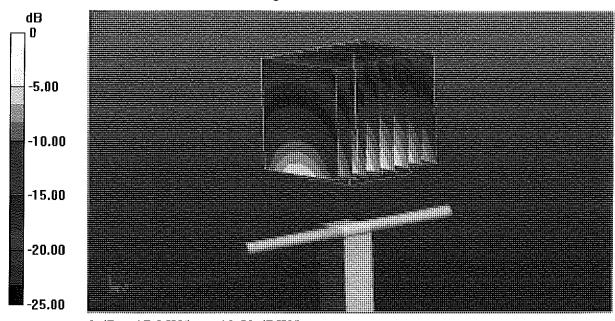
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.392 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

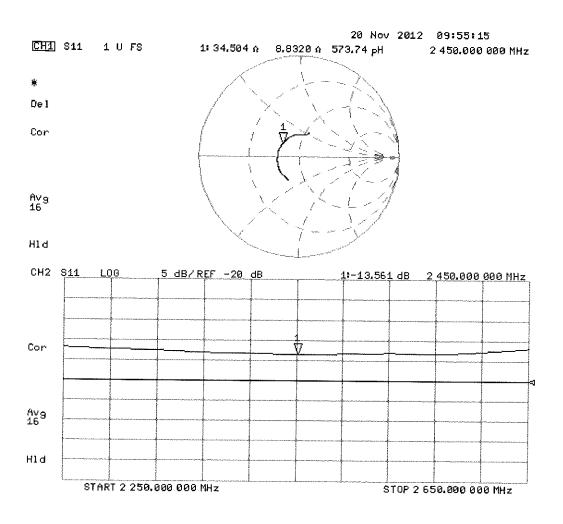
SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



0 dB = 17.8 W/kg = 12.50 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



QuieTek

Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

Validation Dipole 3-6 GHz

M/N: D5GHzV2

S/N: 1023

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1023 Jan13

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1023

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: January 23, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
SN: 3503	28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12)	Dec-13
SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Name	Function	Signature
Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	50 Min
Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	F Rombett
	GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name Leif Klysner	GB37480704 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) US37292783 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) SN: 5058 (20k) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) SN: 3503 28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12) SN: 601 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) ID # Check Date (in house) MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) Name Function Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician

Issued: January 23, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.5
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	4.60 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.9 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.1 ± 6 %	4.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.8 ± 6 %	5.09 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.0 ± 6 %	5.42 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.8 ± 6 %	5.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.80 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	5.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	of the same	

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.0 ± 6 %	6.21 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		-

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.67 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2 Ω - 7.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.9 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 Ω - 2.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 31.0 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω - 2.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$55.3 \Omega + 1.8 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 $Ω$ - 6.6 j $Ω$
Return Loss	- 23.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 Ω - 1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 33.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.8 Ω - 0.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$56.1 \Omega + 2.8 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 24.0 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Professional Company of the Company	The state of the s
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.200 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	February 05, 2004	

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1023_Jan13 Page 9 of 15

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.01.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1023

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f=5200 MHz; $\sigma=4.5$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=34.6$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5300 MHz; $\sigma=4.6$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=34.5$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5600 MHz; $\sigma=4.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=34.1$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5800 MHz; $\sigma=5.09$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=33.8$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1);
 Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81);
 Calibrated: 28.12.2012;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.679 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.052 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.769 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1023_Jan13 Page 10 of 15

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

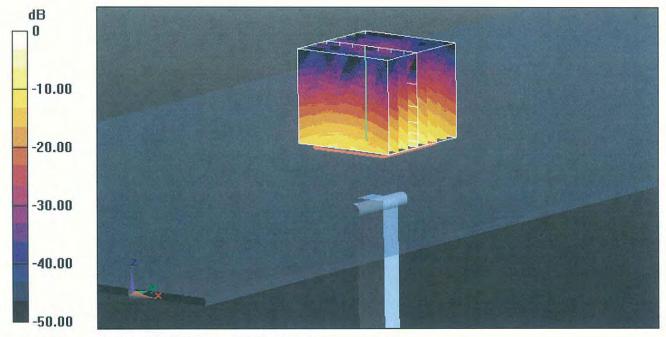
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.071 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.7 W/kg

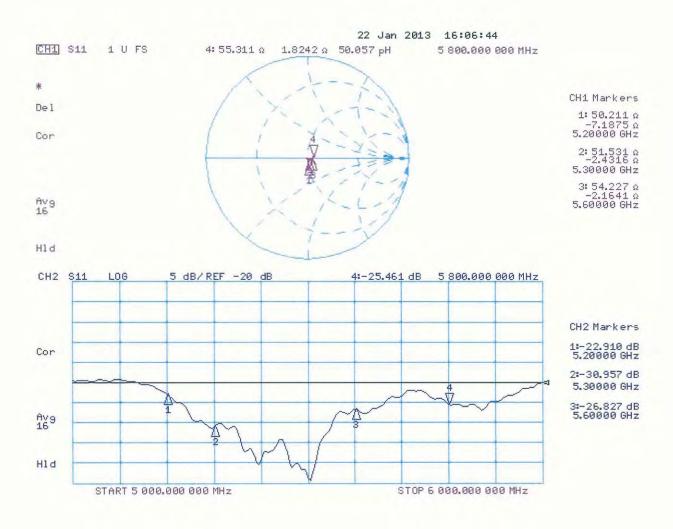
SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.97 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.01.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1023

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f=5200 MHz; $\sigma=5.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=47;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5300 MHz; $\sigma=5.55$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=46.8;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5600 MHz; $\sigma=5.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=46.3;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5800 MHz; $\sigma=6.21$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=46;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.948 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.926 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.525 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

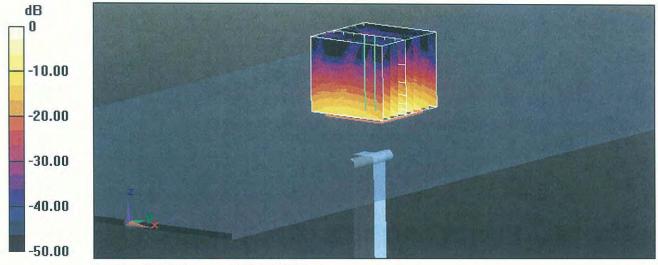
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 56.355 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



0 dB = 18.9 W/kg = 12.76 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

