FCC §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Applicable Standard

According to 1.1307 (b)(1), 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

Report No.: RDG150916001-00

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure									
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time E , H or S (minutes)					
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6					
3.0 - 30	1842/f	4.89/f	$(900/f^2)*$	6					
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6					
300-1500	/	/	f/300	6					
1500-100,000	/	/	5	6					

f = frequency in MHz;

MPE Calculation

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

 $S = PG/4\pi R^2$

Where: $S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. <math>mW/cm^2$); P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., <math>mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

Calculated Data:

Frequency	Tune Up Output Power	Tune Up Output Power	Duty Cycle	Typical Antenna Gain		Distance	Power Density	Limit
MHz	dBm	mW		dBi	numeric	cm	mW/cm ²	mW/cm ²
435	47	50119	50%	5.0	3.16	80	0.985	1.45

Radio Exposure Statement:

Using the parameters given in the above calculation, a minimum antenna to person distance of 80 cm is required to meet the limits for occupational/controlled exposure.

Result: Compliant.

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^{* =} Plane-wave equivalent power density;