



## EMC TEST REPORT for Intentional Radiator

### No. 140201309SHA-001

Applicant : Hangzhou Samko Electronics Co. Ltd.  
No.8,Jiaqi Road,Xianlin Street,Yuhang District, Hangzhou  
City, Zhejiang Province, 311122, China

Manufacturer : Hangzhou Samko Electronics Co. Ltd.  
No.8,Jiaqi Road,Xianlin Street,Yuhang District, Hangzhou  
City, Zhejiang Province, 311122, China

Equipment : Bluetooth Mobile Speaker

Type/Model : SS210BT, STZ-3BT, DBS20BT, PWDBT

#### SUMMARY

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s):

**47CFR Part 15 (2013):** Radio Frequency Devices

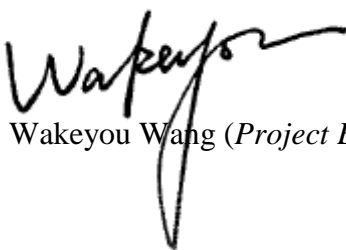
**ANSI C63.4 (2003):** American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz

**RSS-210 Issue 8 (December 2010):** Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment

**RSS-Gen Issue 3 (December 2010):** General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment

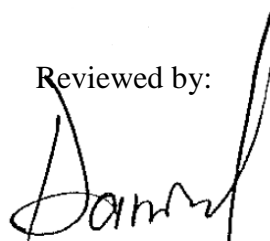
Date of issue: March 21, 2014

Prepared by:



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Reviewed by:



Daniel Zhao (*Reviewer*)



**FCC ID: 2ABXEHSC1411A**  
**IC: 11809A-HSC1411A**

## **Description of Test Facility**

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## **1. General Information**

### **1.1 Applicant Information**

Applicant: Hangzhou Samko Electronics Co. Ltd.  
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Hangzhou City, Zhejiang Province, 311122, China

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Manufacturer: Hangzhou Samko Electronics Co. Ltd.  
No.8,Jiaqi Road,Xianlin Street,Yuhang District,  
Hangzhou City, Zhejiang Province, 311122, China

Sample received date : March 1, 2014

Sample Identification No : \*0140301-25-001\*

Date of test : March 1, 2014 ~ March 18, 2014

### **1.2 Identification of the EUT**

Equipment: Bluetooth Mobile Speaker

Type/model: SS210BT, STZ-3BT, DBS20BT, PWDBT

FCC ID: 2ABXEHS1411A

IC: 11809A-HSC1411A



### 1.3 Technical specification

Operation Frequency Band:	2402 - 2480 MHz
Modulation:	GFSK
Gain of Antenna:	Internal PCB antenna, 3.0dBi max
Rating:	(1) DC 15V powered by <i>AC/DC adapter input AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.5A; Output DC 15V, 1.0A</i> (2) Built-in Battery DC 11.1V, 1000mAh
Description of EUT:	The EUT is a wireless audio device containing Bluetooth function. There are four models. They are electrically identical except for different model names. Therefore, the model DBS20BT was chosen to perform test as representative.
Channel Description:	The channel spacing is 1MHz.

### 1.4 Mode of operation during the test / Test peripherals used

While testing transmitting mode of EUT, the internal modulation was applied. Both the modes of AC adapter and built-in battery powered were assessed and the worse test data is listed in the report.

The lowest, middle and highest channel were tested as representatives (2402MHz, 2441MHz and 2480MHz).

Test Peripherals:  
PC: HP ProBook 6450b



## 2. Test Specification

### 2.1 Instrument list

Equipment	Type	Manu.	Internal no.	Cal. Date	Due date
Test Receiver	ESCS 30	R&S	EC 2107	2013-10-21	2014-10-20
Test Receiver	ESIB 26	R&S	EC 3045	2013-10-20	2014-10-19
A.M.N.	ESH2-Z5	R&S	EC 3119	2014-1-9	2015-1-8
A.M.N.	ENV 216	R&S	EC 3393	2013-8-9	2014-8-8
A.M.N.	ENV 216	R&S	EC 3394	2013-8-9	2014-8-8
A.M.N.	ENV4200	R&S	EC3558	2013-8-9	2014-8-8
Ultra-broadband antenna	HL 562	R&S	EC 3046-1	2013-5-16	2014-5-14
Bilog Antenna	CBL 6112D	TESEQ	EC 4206	2013-4-28	2015-4-27
Horn antenna	HF 906	R&S	EC 3049	2013-4-28	2015-4-27
Horn antenna	3117	ETS	EC 4792-1	2013-4-17	2014-4-16
Horn antenna	HAP18-26W		EC 4792-3	2013-4-10	2014-4-9
Pre-amplifier	Pre-amp 18	R&S	EC 3222	2013-4-12	2014-4-11
Pre-amplifier	Tpa0118-40	R&S	EC 4792-2	2013-4-12	2014-4-11
Semi-anechoic chamber	-	Albatross project	EC 3048	2013-5-12	2014-5-11
Fully-anechoic chamber	-	Albatross project	EC 3047	2013-5-12	2014-5-11
High Pass Filter	WHKX 1.0/15G-10SS	Wainwright	EC4297-1	2014-1-8	2015-1-7
High Pass Filter	WHKX 2.8/18G-12SS	Wainwright	EC4297-2	2014-1-8	2015-1-7
High Pass Filter	WHKX 7.0/1.8G-8SS	Wainwright	EC4297-3	2014-1-8	2015-1-7
Band Reject Filter	WRCGV 2400/2483-2390/2493-35/10SS	Wainwright	EC4297-4	2014-1-8	2015-1-7

### 2.2 Test Standard

47CFR Part 15 (2013)  
ANSI C63.4: 2003  
RSS-210 Issue 8 (December 2010)  
RSS-Gen Issue 3 (December 2010)



### 2.3 Test Summary

**This report applies to tested sample only. This report shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Intertek Testing Service Shanghai Limited.**

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERENCE	IC REFERENCE	RESULT
20 dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 8	Tested
Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 8	Pass
Output power	15.247(b)(1)	RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 8	Pass
Radiated Spurious Emissions	15.205 & 15.209	RSS-210 Issue 8 Clause 2	Pass
Band Edge Emission	15.247(d)	RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 8	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 3 Clause 7.2.4	Pass
Number of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 8	Pass
Dwell time	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 8	Pass
Occupied bandwidth	-	RSS-Gen Issue 3 Clause 4.6.1	Tested
Spurious emission for receiver	15B	RSS-310 Issue 3 Clause 3.1	NA

Note: "NA" means "not applied".



### 3. 20 dB Bandwidth

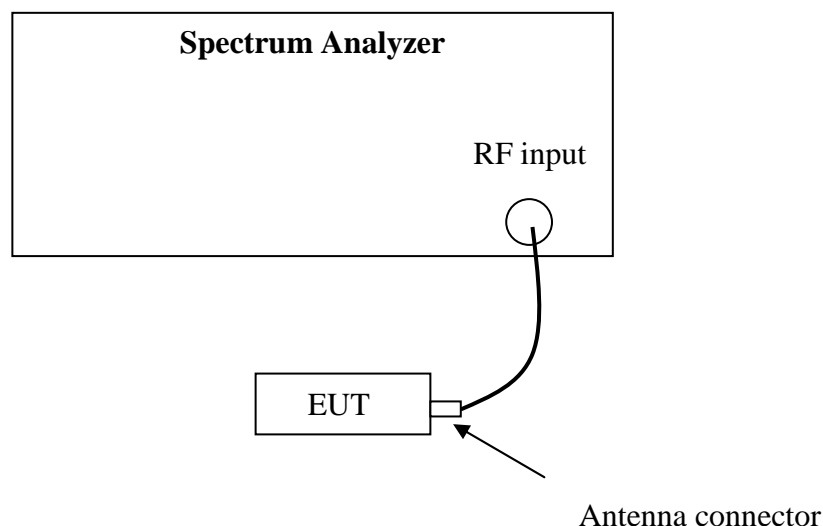
**Test result:**      **Tested**

#### 3.1 Limit

☒ Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

☐ Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

#### 3.2 Test Configuration



#### 3.3 Test Procedure and test setup

The 20 bandwidth per FCC § 15.247(a)(1) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth,  $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the 20 dB bandwidth,  $VBW \geq RBW$ , Sweep = auto, Detector = peak, Trace = max hold.

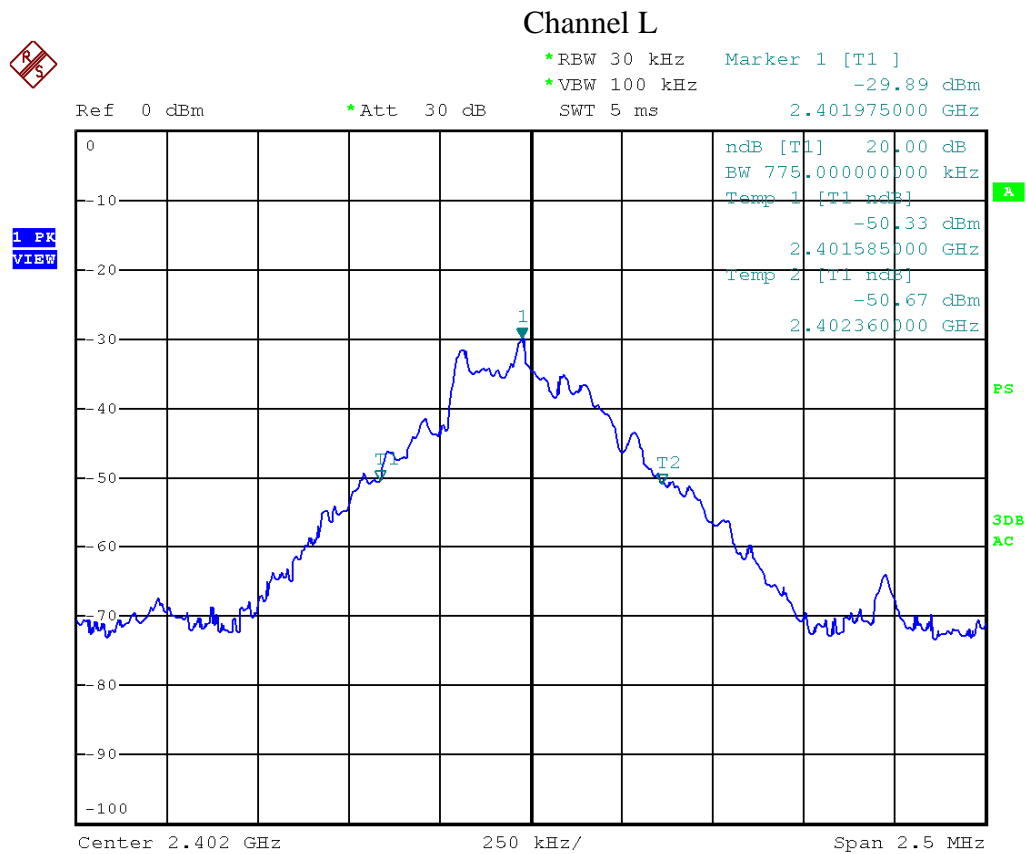
The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems)

### 3.4 Test Protocol

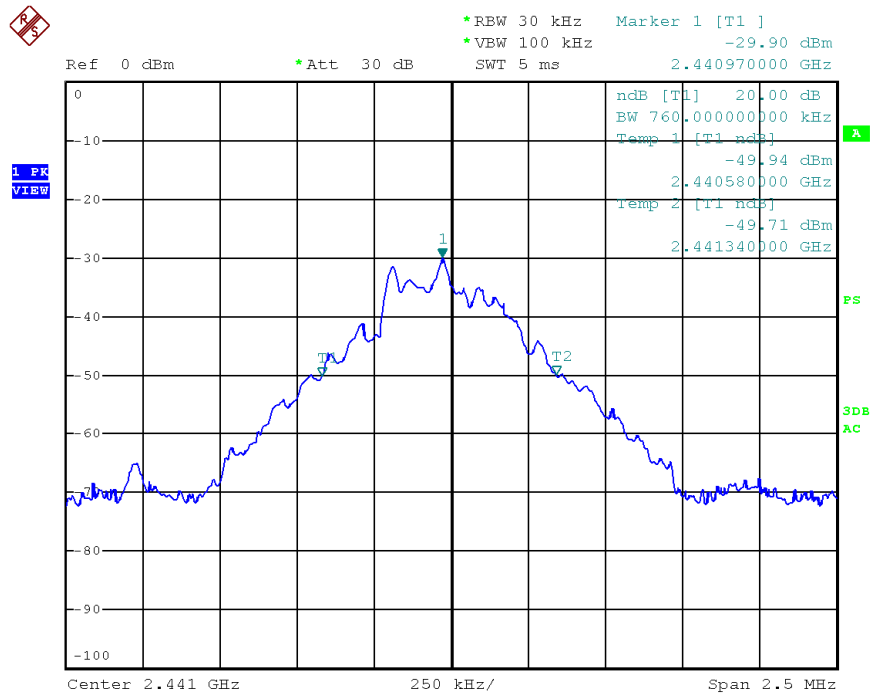
Temperature : 25°C  
Relative Humidity : 55 %

Mode	CH	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)
GFSK	L	775.00
	M	760.00
	H	775.00



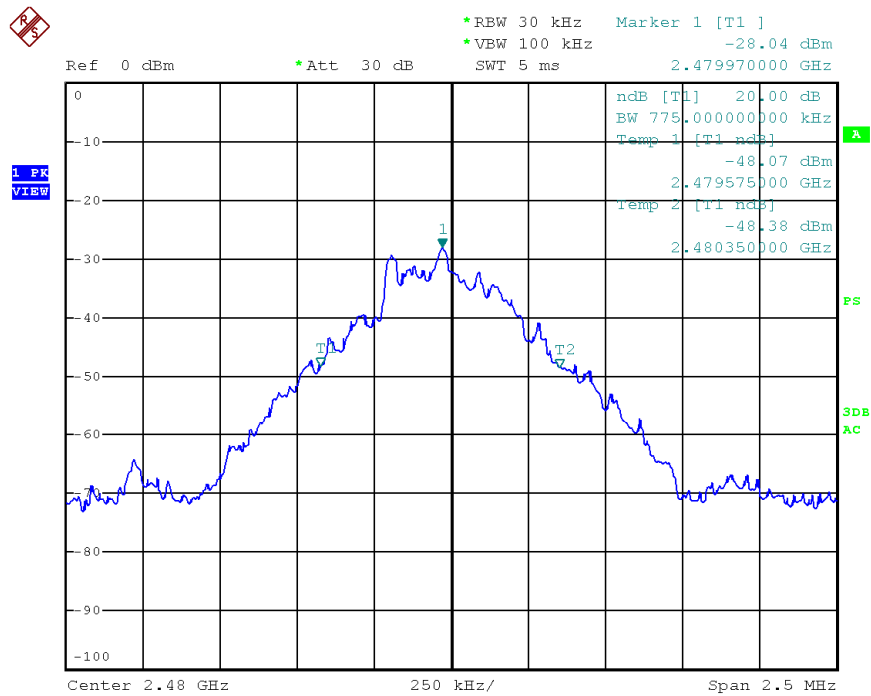
Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:51:10

### Channel M



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:50:43

### Channel H



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:51:39

## 4. Carrier Frequency Separation

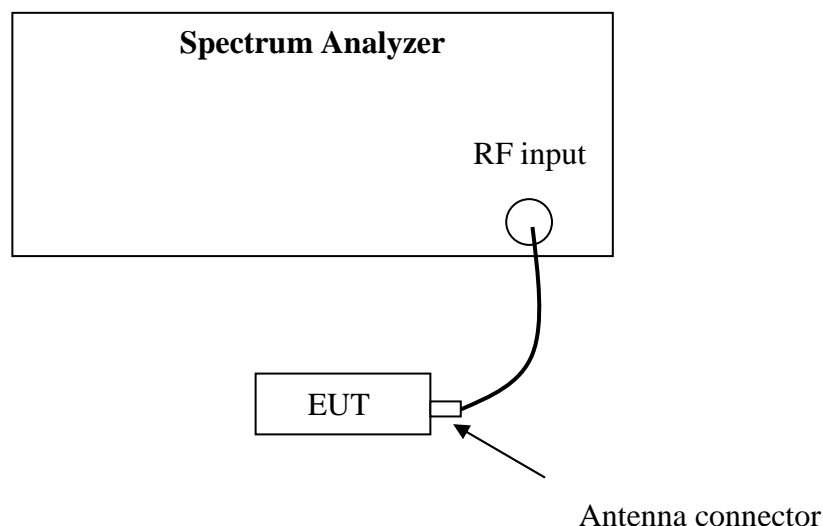
Test result: Pass

### 4.1 Limit

☒ Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

☐ Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

### 4.2 Test Configuration



### 4.3 Test Procedure and test setup

The Carrier Frequency Separation per FCC § 15.247(a)(1) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with Span can capture two adjacent channels,  $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the span,  $VBW \geq RBW$ , Sweep = auto, Detector = peak, Trace = max hold.

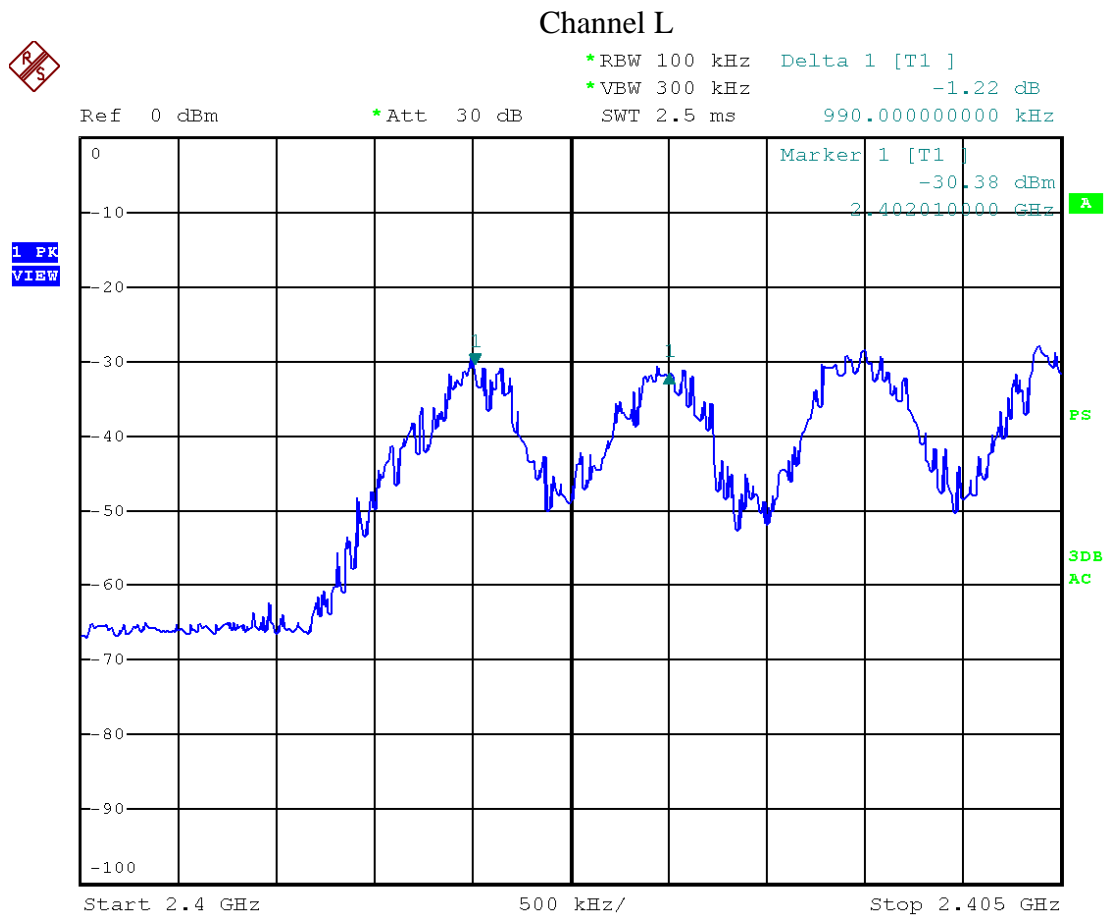
The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems)

#### 4.4 Test Protocol

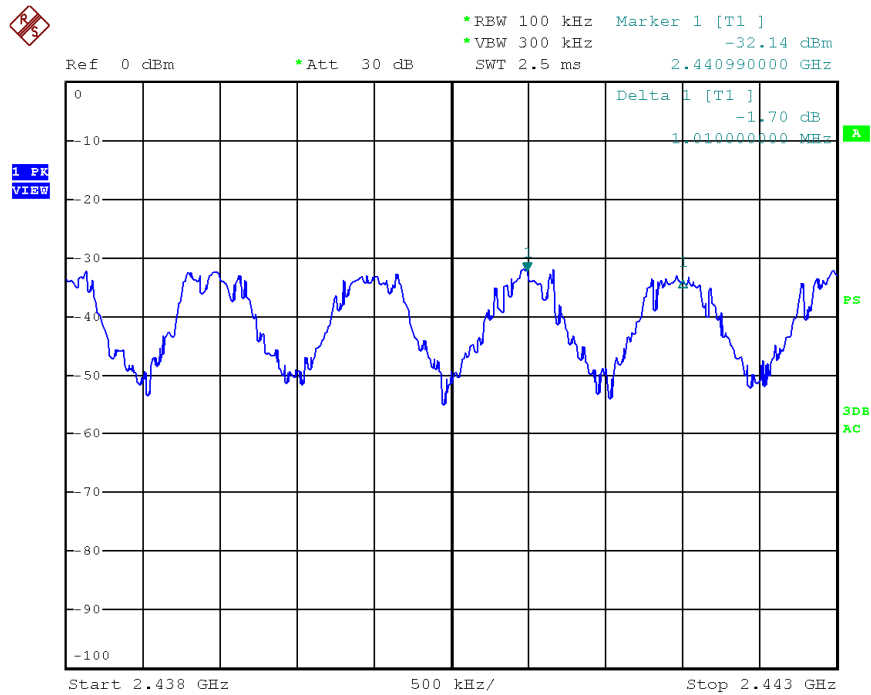
Temperature : 25°C  
Relative Humidity : 55 %

Mode	CH	Frequency Separation (kHz)	Limit (kHz)
GFSK	L	990.00	$\geq 775.00$
	M	1010.00	$\geq 760.00$
	H	1040.00	$\geq 775.00$



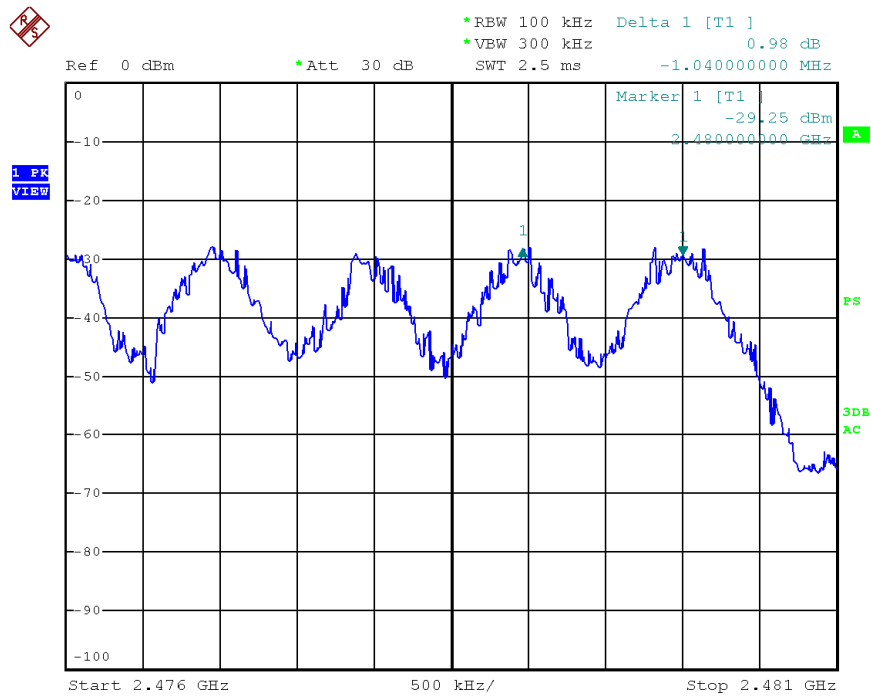
Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:43:44

### Channel M



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:45:24

### Channel H



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:47:22

## 5. Maximum peak output power

Test result: Pass

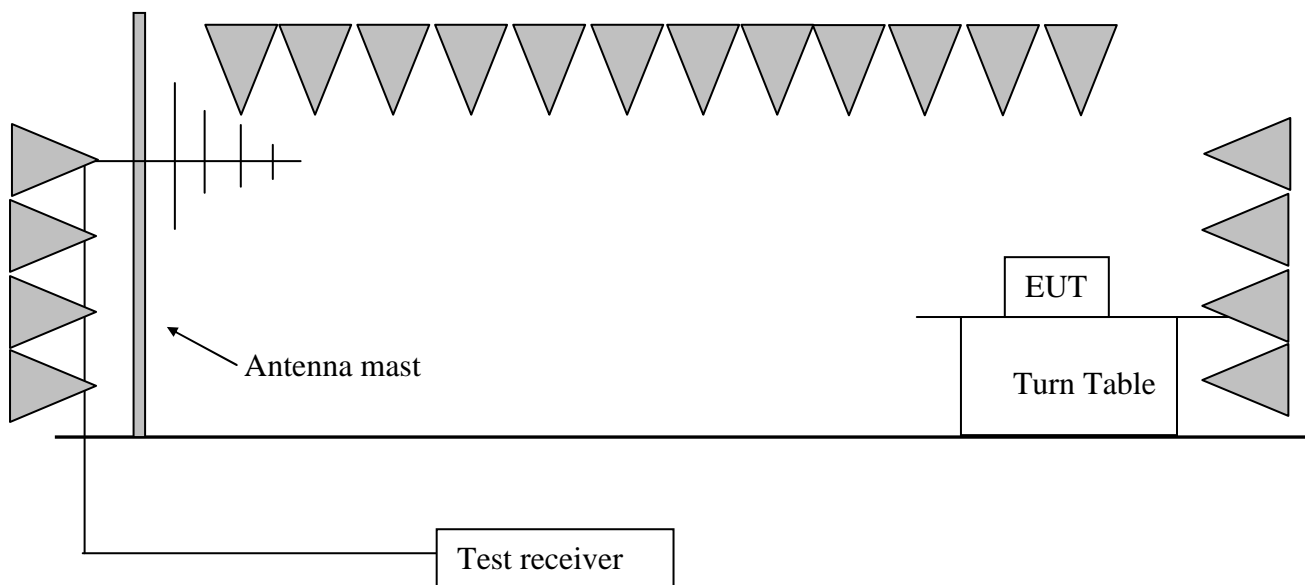
### 5.1 Test limit

☒ For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt

☐ For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts  
If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

☐ For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

### 5.2 Test Configuration



### 5.3 Test procedure and test setup

The power output per FCC § 15.247(b) is measured by radiated method, setting the Spectrum Analyzer as RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Sweep = auto, Detector = peak, Trace = max hold.

The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The test method is following DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems).

#### 5.4 Test protocol

Temperature : 25 °C  
Relative Humidity : 55 %

The test reading of field strength:

Mode	CH	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Detector
GFSK	L	H	2402.18	34.50	101.20	PK
	M	H	2441.08	34.60	100.70	PK
	H	H	2480.16	34.70	102.50	PK

Remark: 1. No amplifier is employed.

2. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

3. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

Original Receiver Reading = 10dBuV.

Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 = 32.20dB/m; Corrected Reading = 10dBuV + 32.20dB/m = 42.20dBuV/m

The peak output power is calculated out:

Mode	CH	Field Strength (dBuV/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
GFSK	L	101.20	6.00	3.00	≤30.00
	M	100.70	5.50	2.50	
	H	102.50	7.30	4.30	

Remark: 1. EIRP = Field Strength + 20log (3) -104.77 which is derived from the format

$$P = (E \cdot d)^2 / (30 \cdot G) \text{ which showed in DA 00-705.}$$

2. Peak Output Power = EIRP – Gain of antenna = EIRP -3.00dBi

Example: Assuming Field Strength = 101.20dBuV/m, then EIRP = 101.20 + 20lg (3) - 104.77 = 6.00dBm; Peak Output Power = 6.00 – 3.00 = 3.00dBm



## 6. Radiated Spurious Emissions

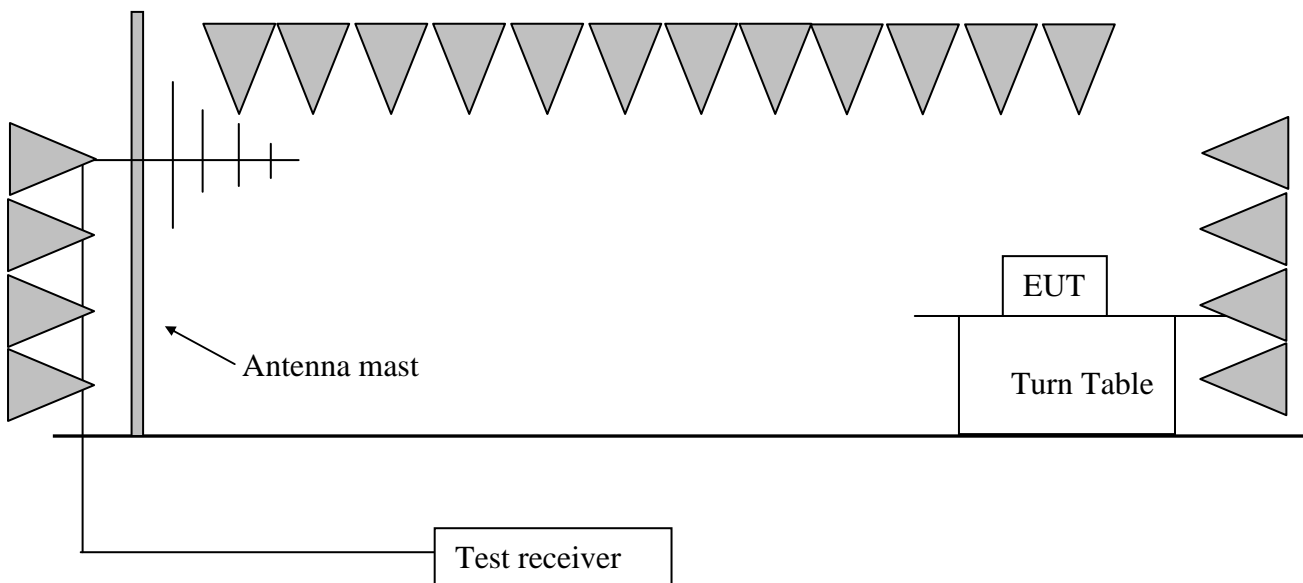
Test result: **PASS**

### 6.1 Test limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) showed as below:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBuV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30 - 88	40.0	3
88 - 216	43.5	3
216 - 960	46.0	3
Above 960	54.0	3

### 6.2 Test Configuration



### 6.3 Test procedure and test setup

The measurement was applied in a semi-anechoic chamber. While testing for spurious emission higher than 1GHz, if applied, the pre-amplifier would be equipped just at the output terminal of the antenna.

The EUT and simulators were placed on a 0.8m high wooden turntable above the horizontal metal ground plane. The turn table rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the receiving antenna which was mounted on an antenna mast. The antenna moved up and down between from 1meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level.

The radiated emission was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set as:

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz (30MHz~1GHz)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz (>1GHz for PK);

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz (>1GHz for AV);

If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a “duty cycle correction factor”.

#### 6.4 Test protocol

CH	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
L	H	2402.18	34.50	101.20	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	37.83	17.80	37.90	40.00	2.10	PK
	V	119.42	15.90	27.80	43.50	15.70	PK
	H	2381.94	34.40	52.10	74.00	21.90	PK
	H	2388.75	34.40	31.50	54.00	22.50	AV
	V	3182.36	-8.10	45.30	54.00	8.70	PK
	H	4804.29	-3.60	64.60	74.00	9.40	PK
	H	4804.29	-3.60	41.30	54.00	12.70	AV
	H	9088.18	4.70	46.70	54.00	7.30	PK
M	H	2441.08	34.60	100.70	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	37.83	17.80	37.90	40.00	2.10	PK
	V	119.42	15.90	27.80	43.50	15.70	PK
	H	2363.72	34.30	52.00	74.00	22.00	PK
	H	2377.35	34.40	31.20	54.00	22.80	AV
	H	3378.75	-7.40	38.30	54.00	15.70	PK
	H	4883.09	-3.30	63.80	74.00	10.20	PK
	H	4883.09	-3.30	36.60	54.00	17.40	AV
	H	9088.18	4.70	46.40	54.00	7.60	PK
H	H	2480.16	34.70	102.50	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	37.83	17.80	37.90	40.00	2.10	PK
	V	119.42	15.90	27.80	43.50	15.70	PK
	H	2487.01	34.70	52.00	74.00	22.00	PK
	H	2485.21	34.70	32.30	54.00	21.70	AV
	H	3294.58	-5.20	43.30	54.00	10.70	PK
	H	4823.64	-3.50	40.90	54.00	13.10	PK
	H	4963.93	-3.10	67.70	74.00	6.30	PK
	H	4960.37	-3.10	37.00	54.00	17.00	AV



	H	9088.17	4.70	46.50	54.00	7.50	PK
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- Remark: 1. For fundamental emission, no amplifier is employed.  
2. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (-Amplifier, is employed)  
3. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor  
4. Margin = limit – Corrected Reading  
5. If the PK reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.  
6. The emission was conducted from 30MHz to 25GHz.

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,  
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10dBuV.  
Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 – 32.00 = 0.20dB/m; Corrected Reading =  
10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m  
Assuming limit = 54dBuV/m, Corrected Reading = 10.20dBuV/m, then Margin =  
54 -10.20 = 43.80dBuV/m

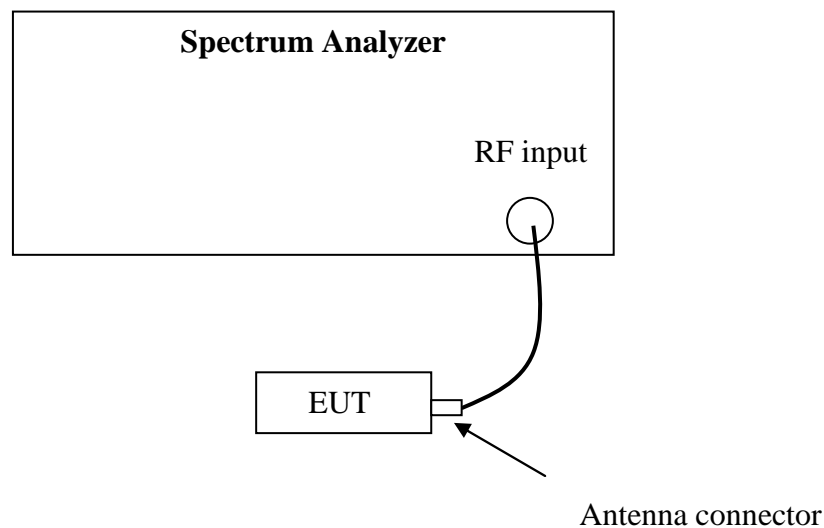
## 7. Band Edge Emission

Test result: PASS

### 7.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

### 7.2 Test Configuration



### 7.3 Test procedure and test setup

The Band Edge Emissions per FCC § 15.247(d) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with Span wide enough capturing all spurious from the lowest emission frequency of the EUT up to 10th harmonics, RBW = 100kHz, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector = peak, Trace = max hold.

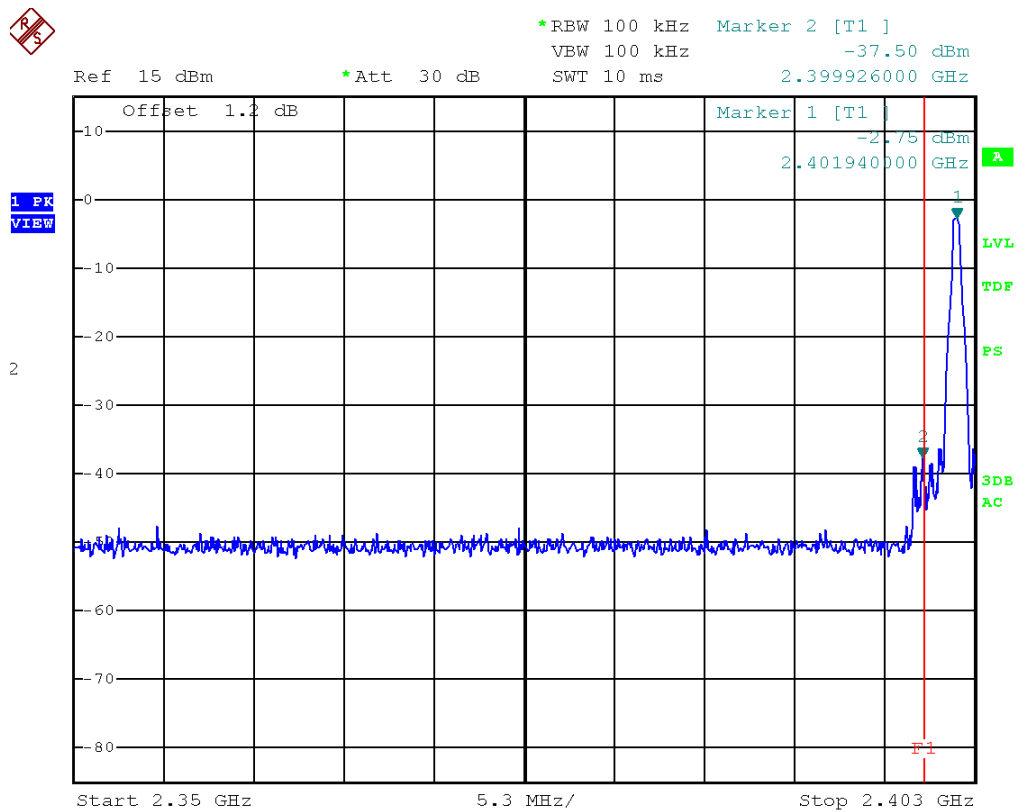
The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

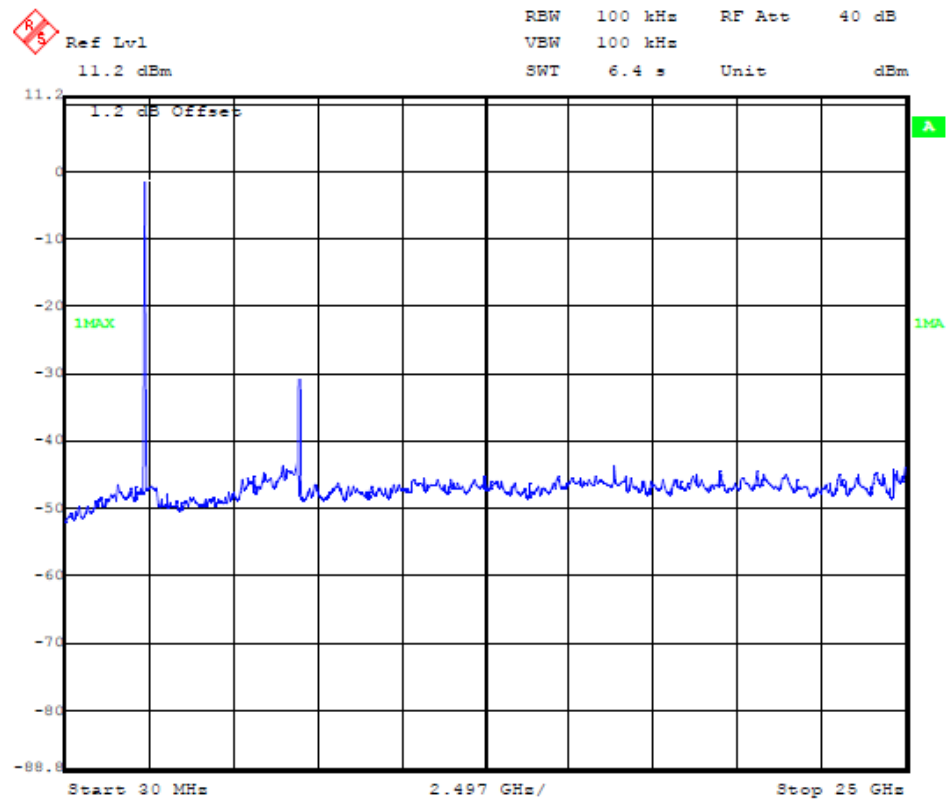
The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems)

## 7.4 Test protocol

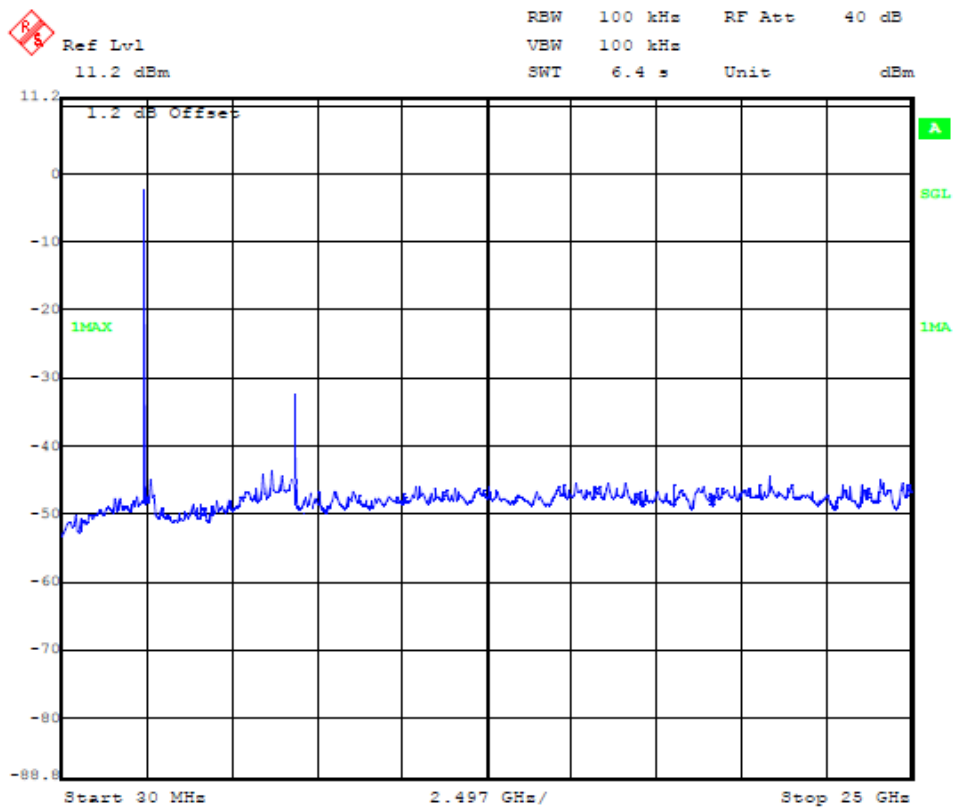
Mode	CH	The most restrict Attenuation outside band (dB)	Limit (dB)
Hopping off & on	L	28.60	$\geq 20$
	M	27.40	
	H	26.90	

### Hopping off, Channel L

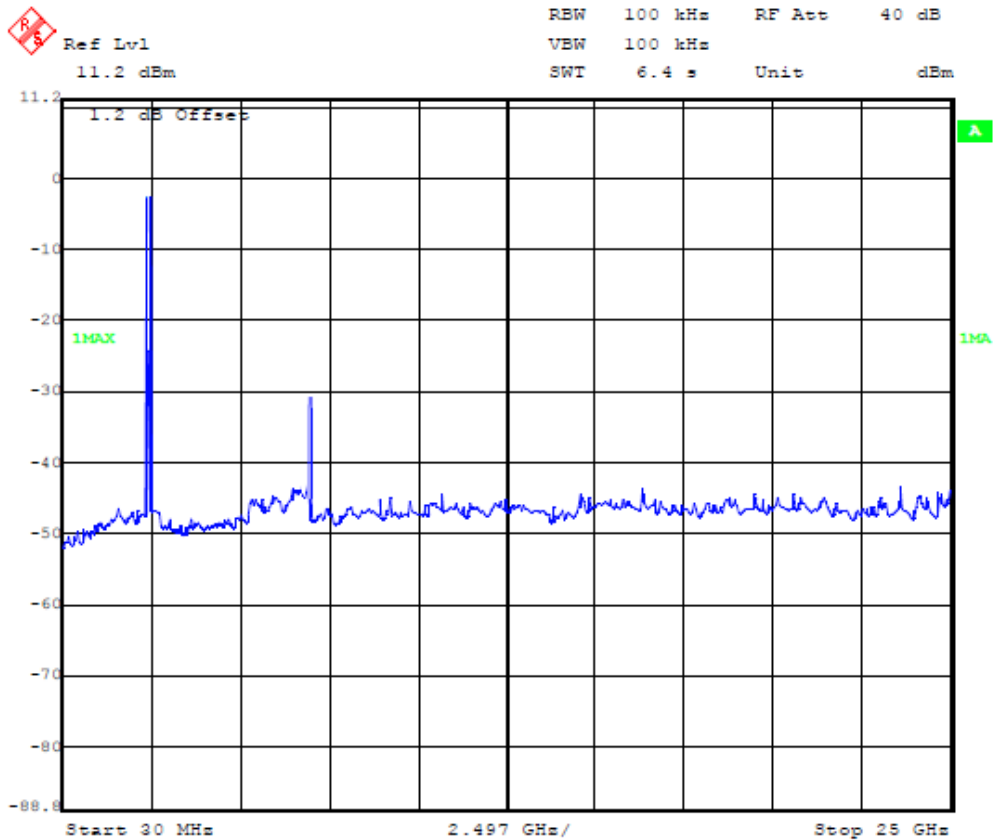
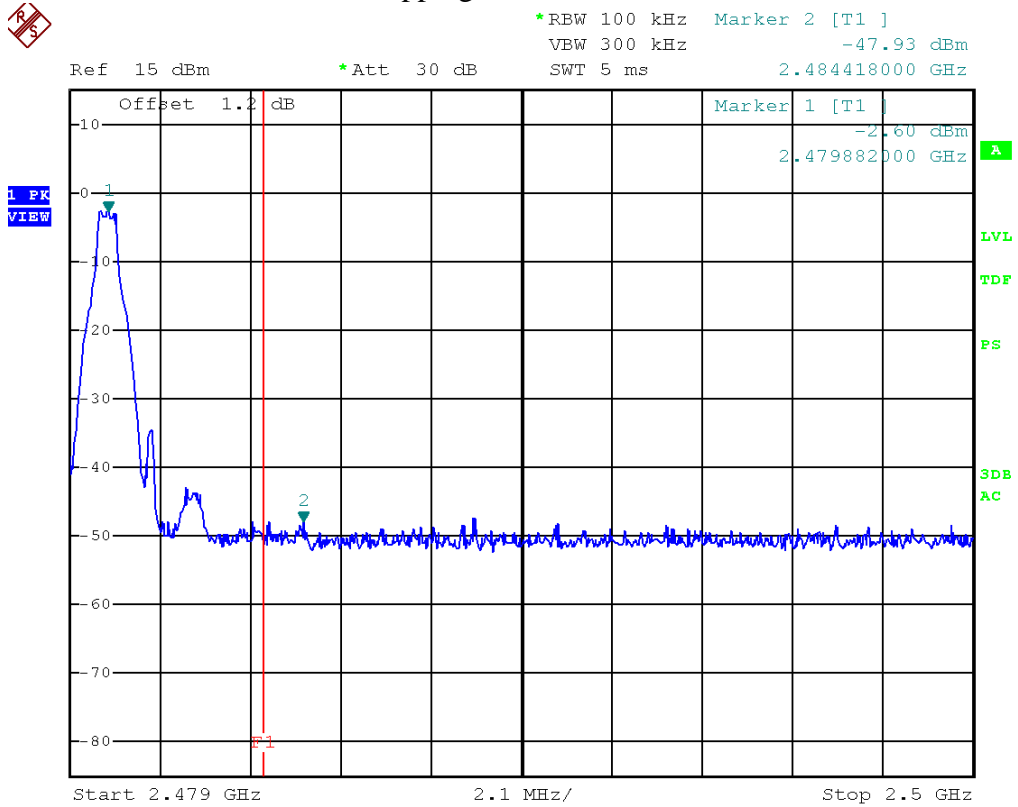




### Hopping off, Channel M

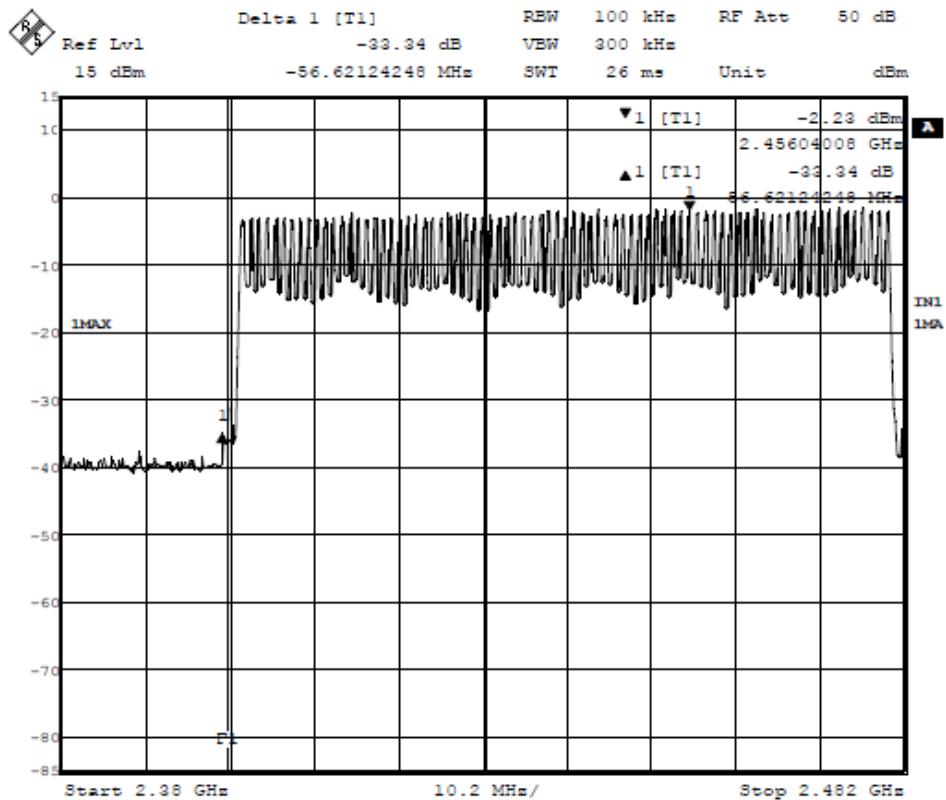


**Hopping off, Channel H**

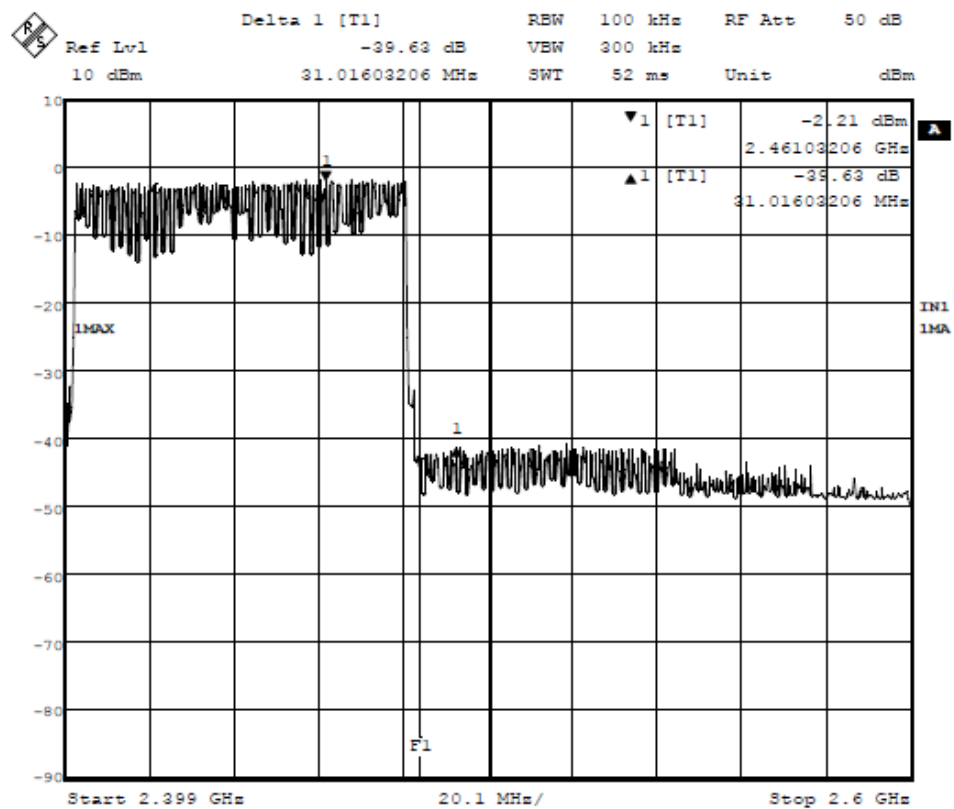




### Hopping on, Lower edge



### Hopping on, higher edge



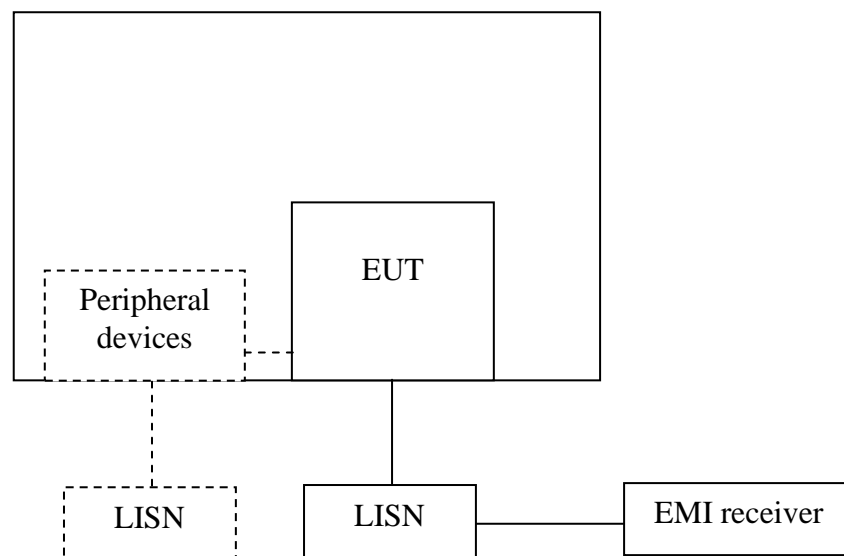
## 8. Power line conducted emission

**Test result:** Pass

### 8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	QP	AV
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.		

### 8.2 Test configuration



☒ For table top equipment, wooden support is 0.8m height table

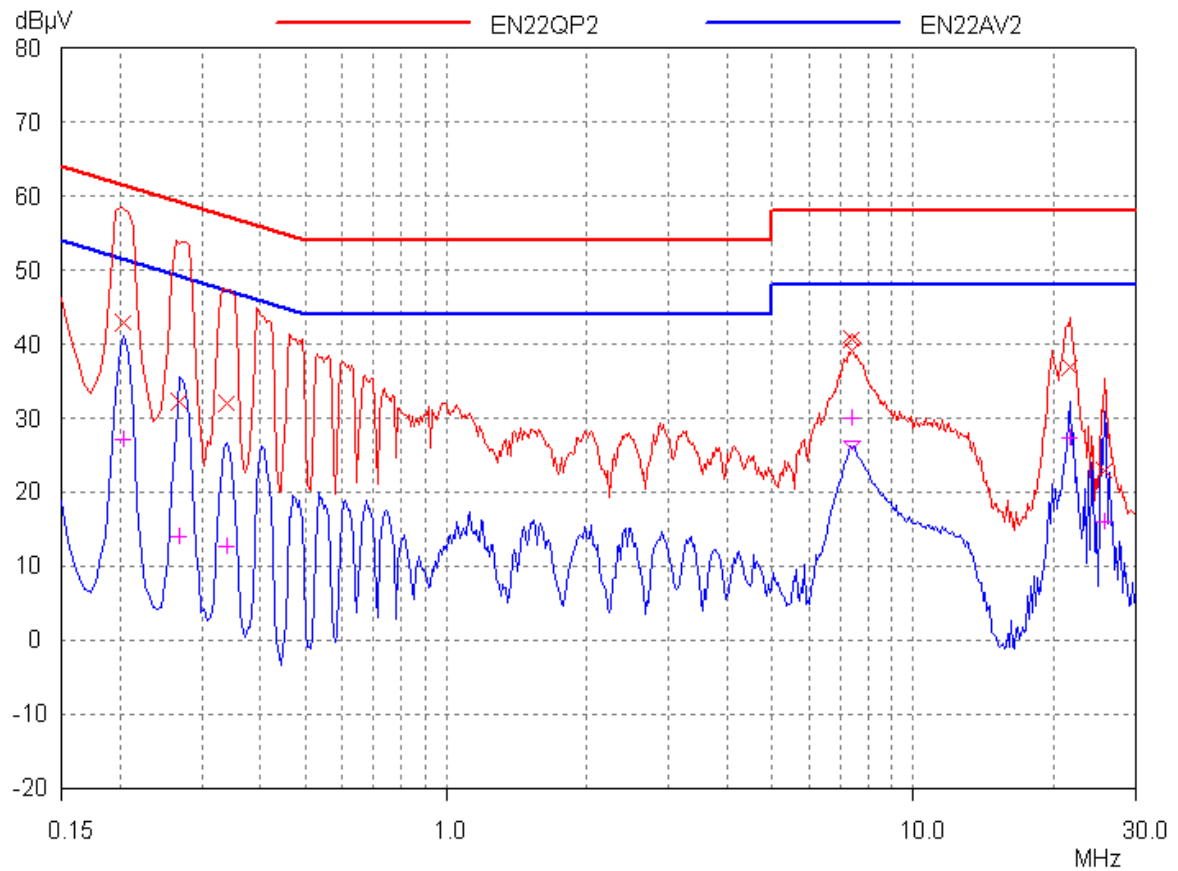
☐ For floor standing equipment, wooden support is 0.1m height rack.

### **8.3 Test procedure and test set up**

The EUT are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). This provides a  $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H}$  coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a  $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H}$  coupling impedance with  $50\Omega$  termination.

Both sides (Line and Neutral) of AC line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.4 on conducted measurement. The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

## 8.4 Test protocol



Frequency	Correct Factor (dB)	Corrected Reading (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
		QP	AV	QP	AV	QP	AV
0.20 (L)	3.00	42.82	27.01	61.45	51.45	18.63	24.44
0.27 (N)	3.00	32.18	13.87	59.21	49.21	27.03	35.34
0.34 (N)	3.00	31.95	12.66	57.23	47.23	25.28	34.57
7.36 (N)	3.00	40.70	29.99	58.00	48.00	17.30	18.01
21.67 (L)	3.00	36.86	27.28	58.00	48.00	21.14	20.72
25.55 (L)	3.00	22.98	15.98	58.00	48.00	35.02	32.02
Remark: 1. Correction Factor (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB). 2. Margin (dB) = Limit - Corrected Reading.							

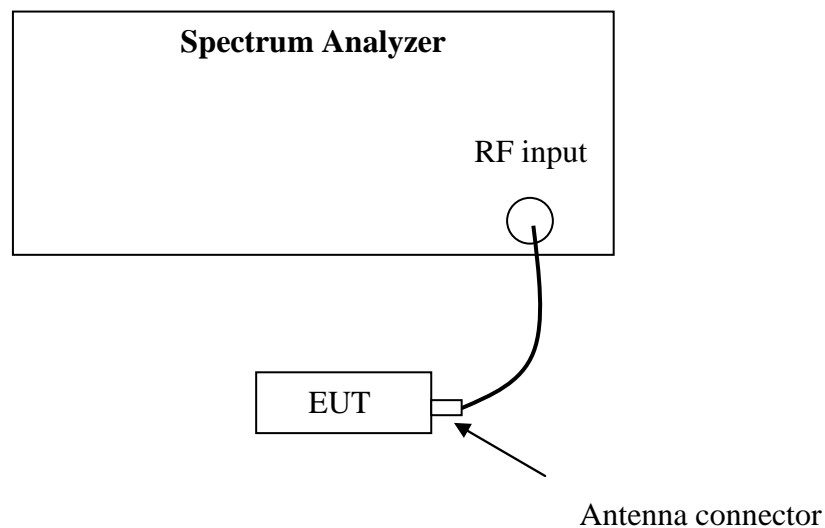
## 9. Number of Hopping Frequencies

Test result: Pass

### 9.1 Limit

Number of Hopping Frequencies in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

### 9.2 Test Configuration

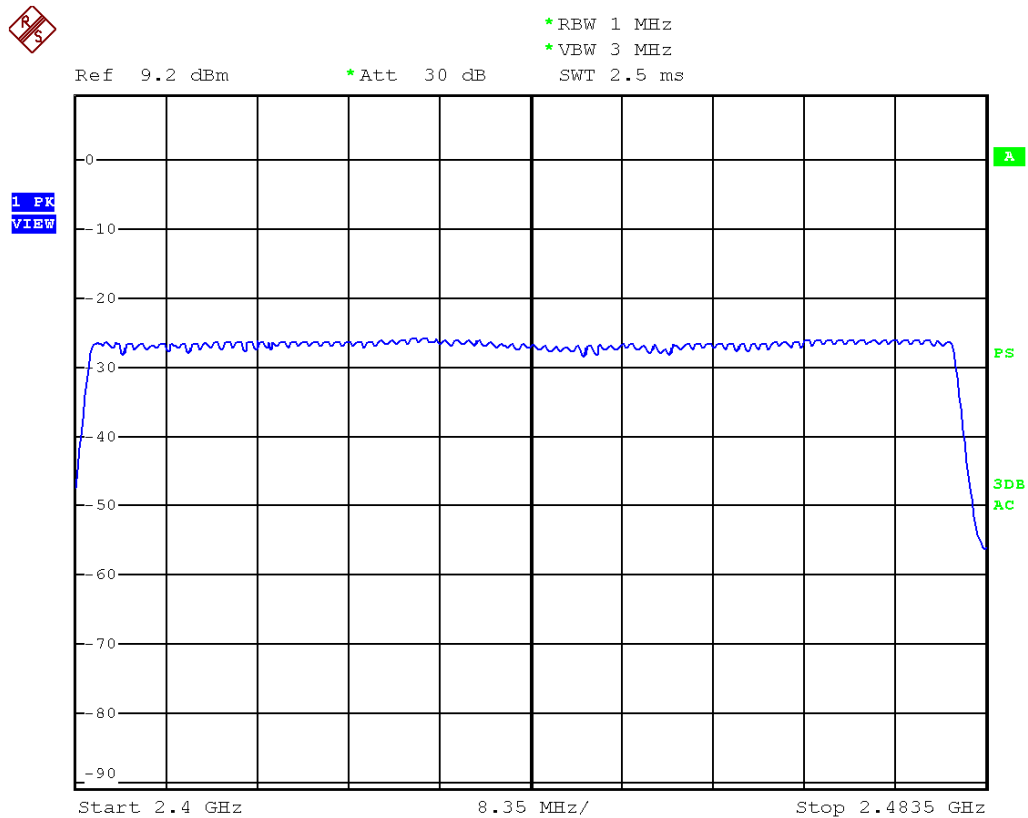


### 9.3 Test procedure and test setup

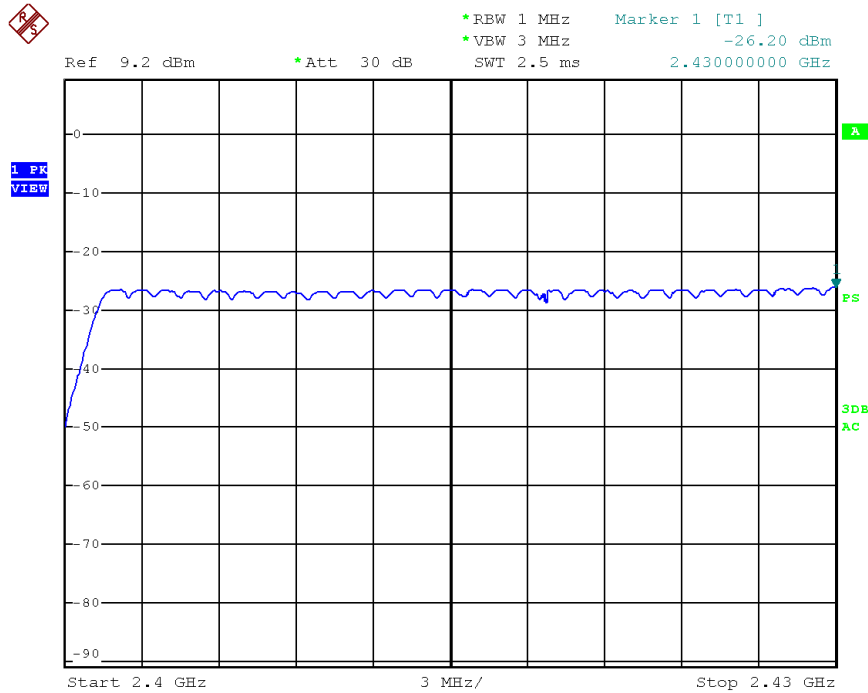
The channel number per FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with RBW=1MHz, VBW $\geq$ RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector = peak, Trace = max hold. The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems).

## 9.4 Test protocol

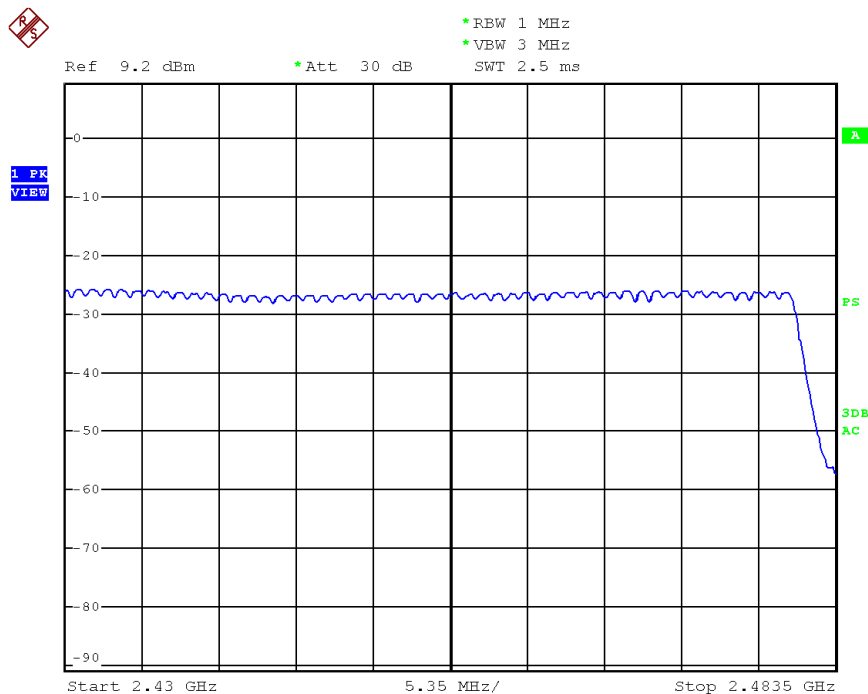
Channel Number	Limit
79	$\geq 15$



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:22:22



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:23:51



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:25:09

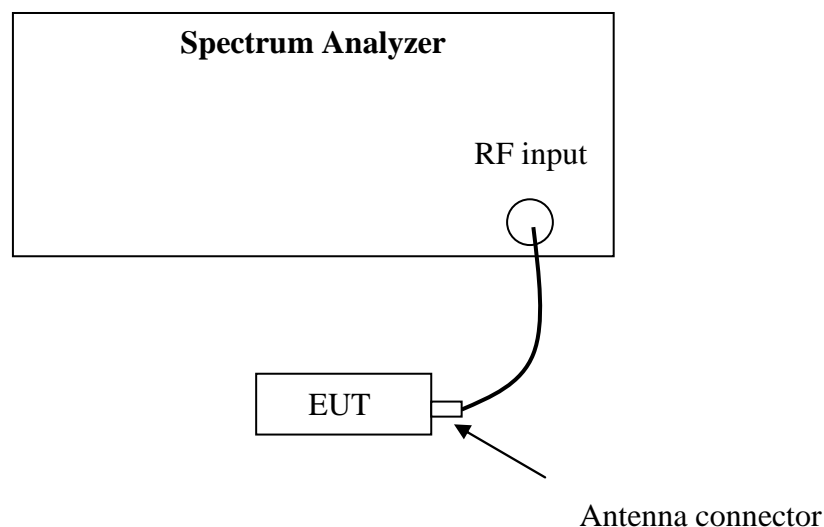
## 10. Dwell Time

**Test result:** Pass

### 10.1 Limit

The dwell time on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

### 10.2 Test Configuration



### 10.3 Test procedure and test setup

Dwell time per FCC § 15.247(a)(1)(iii) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with Span = 0, RBW=1MHz, VBW $\geq$ RBW, Sweep can capture the entire dwell time, Detector = peak, Trace = max hold.

The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems).



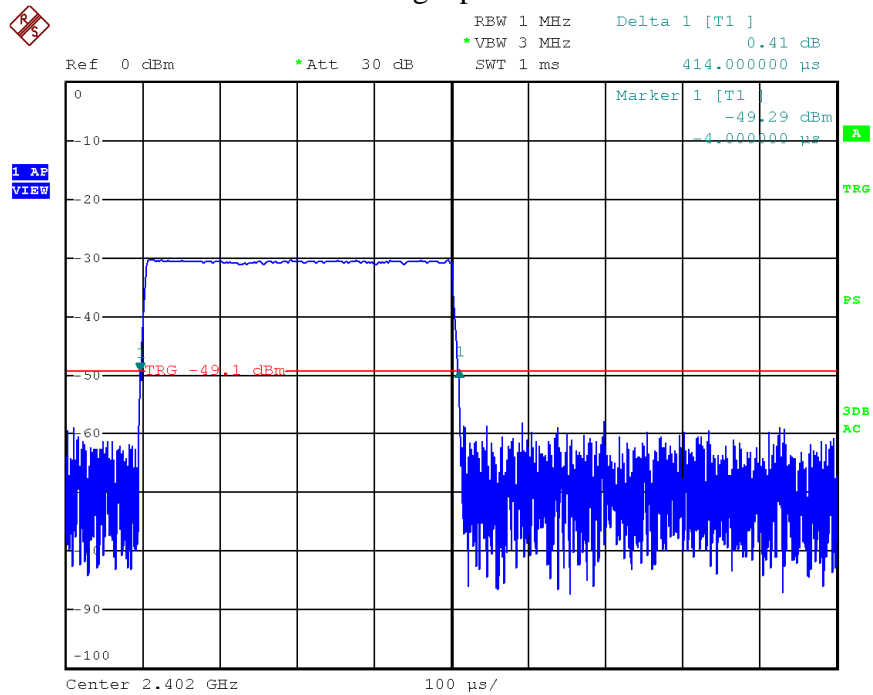
#### 10.4 Test protocol

Packet	Occupancy time for single hop (ms) <b>O</b>	CH	Real observed period (s) <b>P</b>	Hops among Observed period <b>I</b>	Dwell time (s) <b>T</b>	Limit (s)
DH1	0.41	L	3.16	32	0.13	≤0.4
		M	3.16	32	0.13	
		H	3.16	32	0.13	
DH3	1.68	L	3.16	16	0.27	
		M	3.16	16	0.27	
		H	3.16	16	0.27	
DH5	2.93	L	3.16	11	0.32	
		M	3.16	11	0.32	
		H	3.16	11	0.32	

Remark: 1. There are 79 channels in all. So the complete observed period  $P = 0.4 * 79 = 31.6$  s.

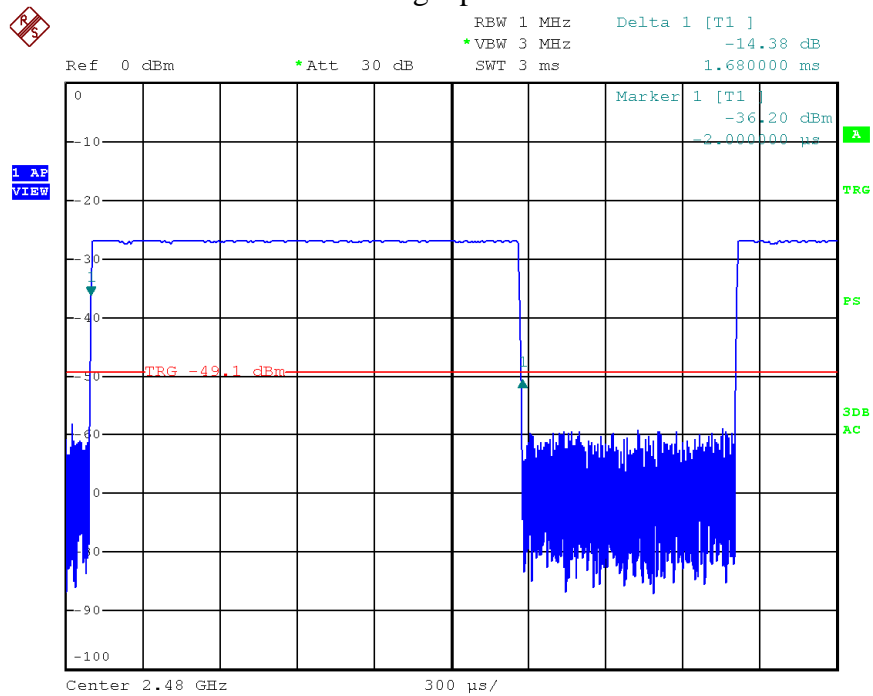
2. Average time of occupancy  $T = O * I * 31.6 / P$

### Single pulse of DH1



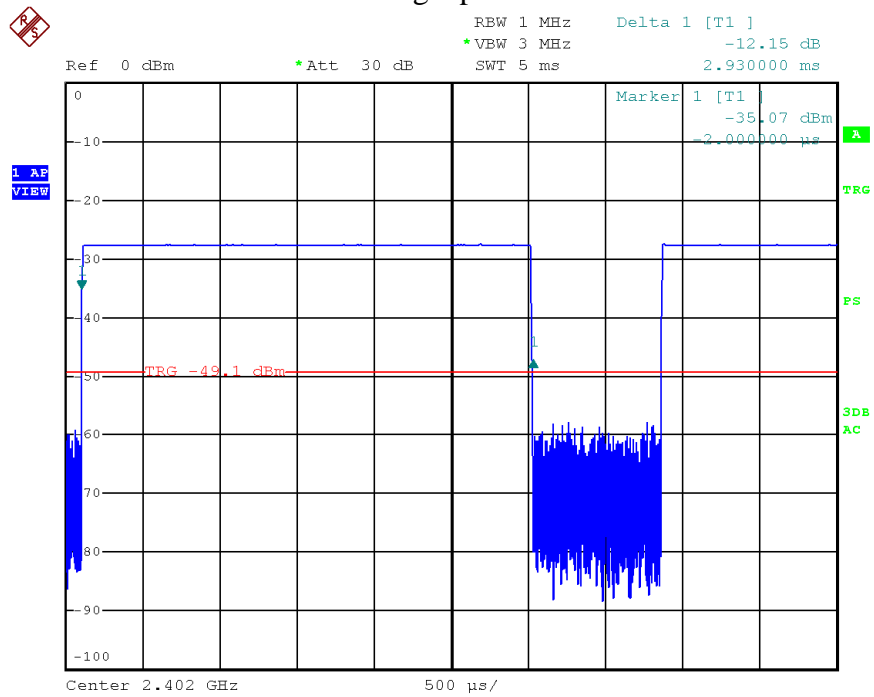
Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:28:25

### Single pulse of DH3



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:38:12

Single pulse of DH5



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:39:53

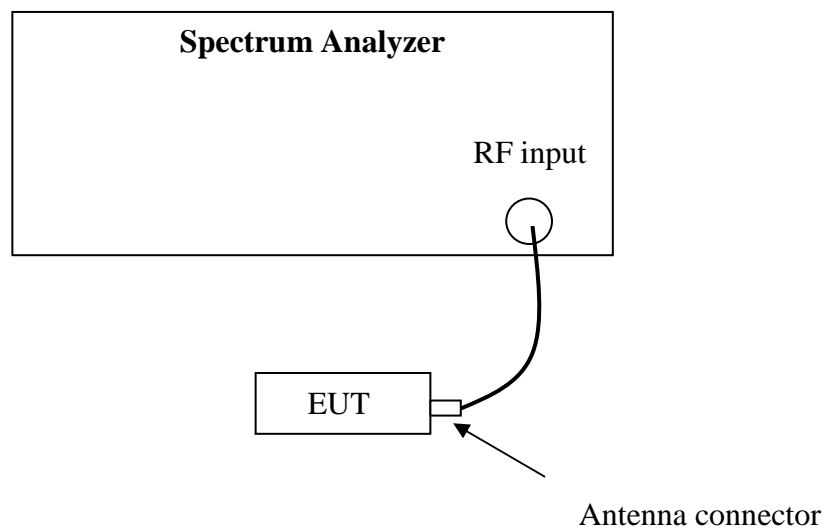
## 11. Occupied Bandwidth

Test Status: Tested

### 11.1 Test limit

None

### 11.2 Test Configuration



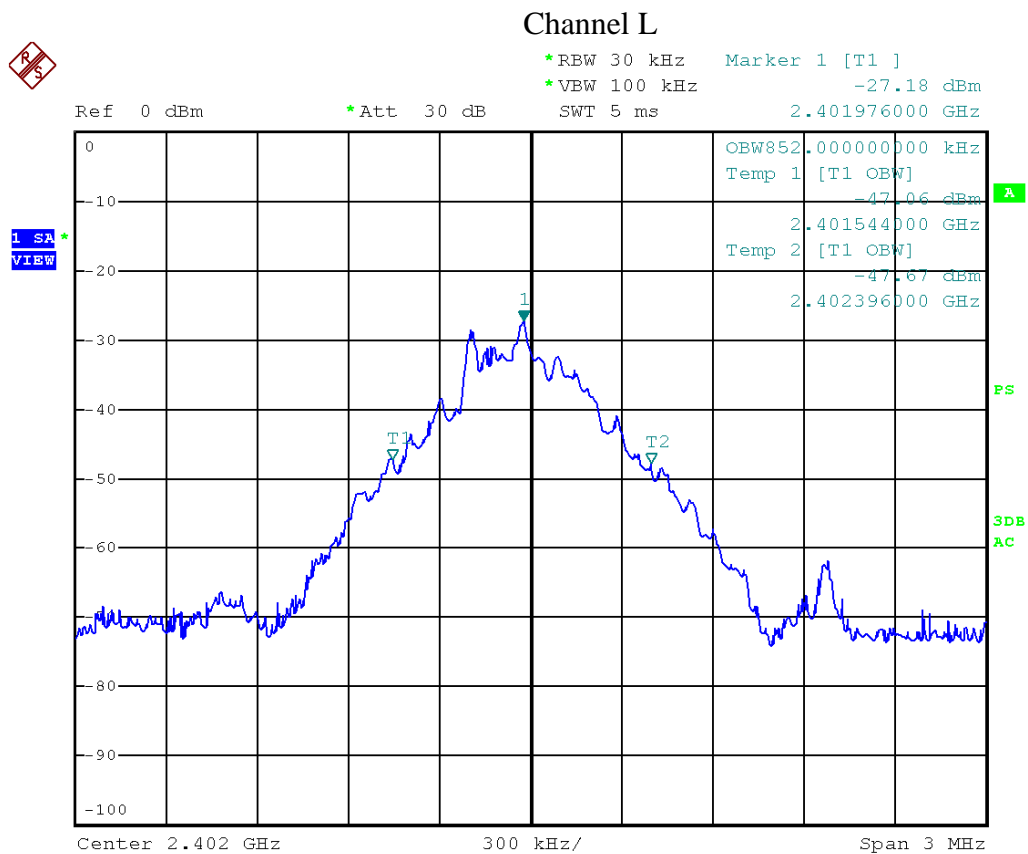
### 11.3 Test procedure and test setup

The occupied bandwidth per RSS-Gen Issue 3 Clause 4.6.1 was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the RBW close to 1% of the selected span, VBW = 3 \* RBW Detector = Sample, Sweep = Auto.

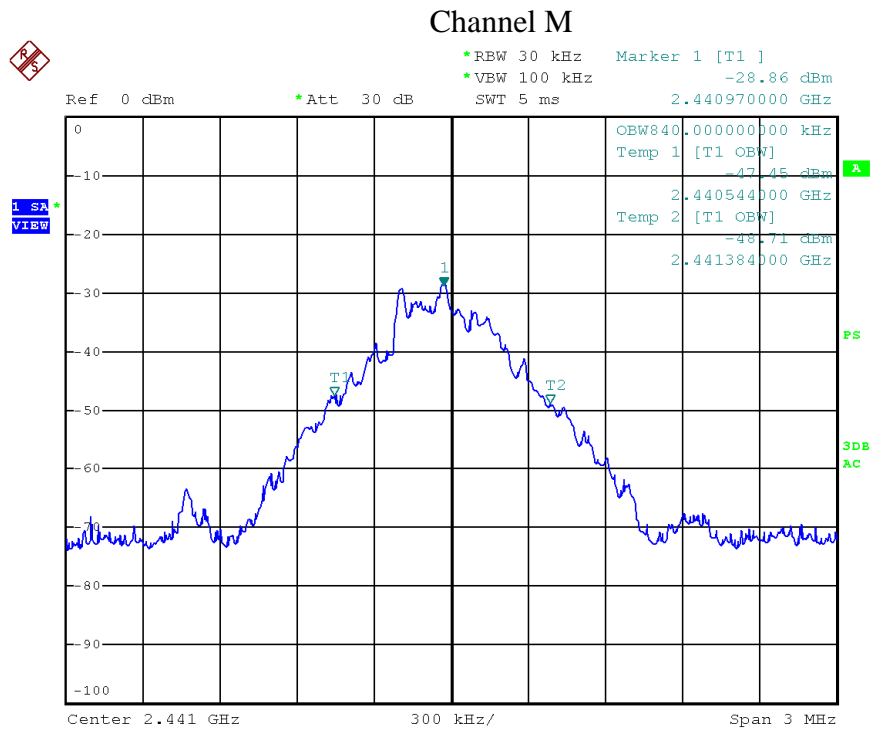
## 11.4 Test protocol

Temperature : 25°C  
Relative Humidity : 55 %

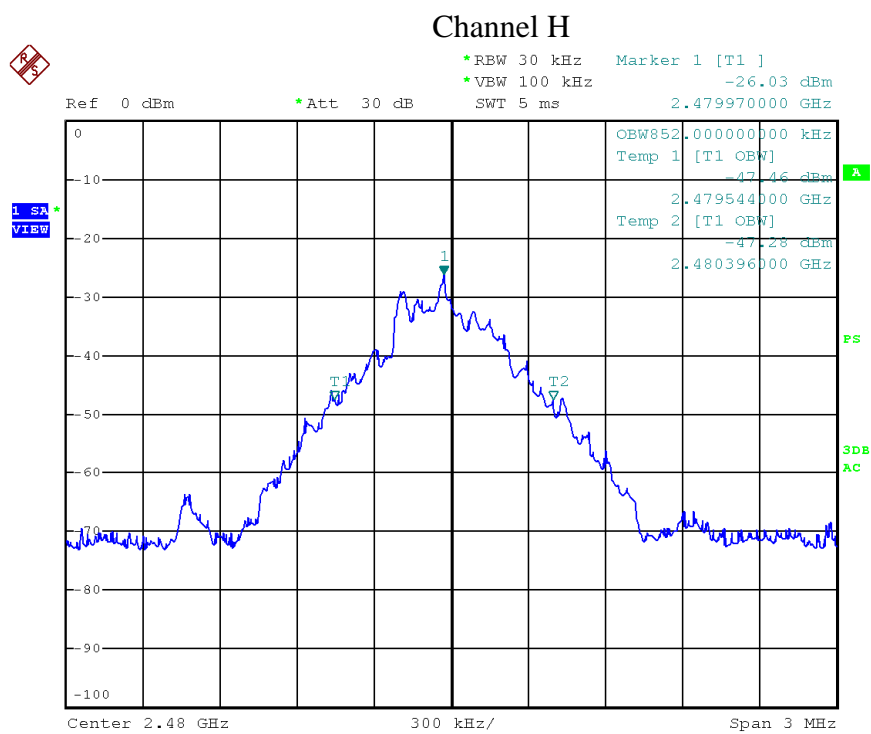
Model	Channel	Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)
GFSK	L	852.00
	M	840.00
	H	852.00



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:53:07



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:52:45



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:52:23

## 12. Spurious emission for receiver

Test result: NA

### 12.1 Test limit

The spurious emission shall test through 3 times tuneable or local oscillator frequency whichever is the higher, without exceeding 40 GHz.

☐ If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2nW per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5nW above 1 GHz.

☐ If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table below:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBuV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30 - 88	40.0	3
88 - 216	43.5	3
216 - 960	46.0	3
Above 960	54.0	3

### 12.2 Test Configuration

Please refer to clause 6.2

### 12.3 Test procedure and test setup

Please refer to clause 6.3.

## 12.4 Test protocol

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (-Amplifier, is employed)  
 2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor  
 3. Margin = limit – Corrected Reading

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,  
 Original Receiver Reading = 10dBuV.  
 Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 = 32.20dB/m; Corrected Reading = 10dBuV + 32.20dB/m = 42.20dBuV/m  
 Assuming limit = 54dBuV/m, Corrected Reading = 42.20dBuV/m, then Margin = 54 - 42.20 = 11.80dBuV/m