

## SHANTOU JIAZHIHE ELECTRONIC TOY FACTORY

**Application For Certification** 

FCC ID: 2ABYDJZH9201427B

**Toy RC Motorcycle** 

Model: JZH2014B

#### **Transmitter**

Report No.: GZHH00152256-001

We hereby certify that the sample of the above item is considered to comply with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart C for Intentional Radiator, mention 47 CFR [10-1-13]

Prepared and Checked by:	Approved by:	
Sign on file		
Jimmy Wen	Andy Yan	

Project Engineer Date: June 4, 2014

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TRF No.: FCC 15C TX b

**Assistant Engineer** 

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

# SHANTOU JIAZHIHE ELECTRONIC TOY FACTORY

**MODEL: JZH2014B** 

FCC ID: 2ABYDJZH9201427B

SHANTOU JIAZHIHE ELECTRONIC TOY FACTORY
South side HuanCui Road, GuangYi Street, Chenghai
District, ShanTou, Guangdong, China
Lai Chu Po
0754-89872543
SHANTOU JIAZHIHE ELECTRONIC TOY FACTORY
South side HuanCui Road, GuangYi Street, Chenghai
District, ShanTou, Guangdong, China
JZH2014B
Transmitter
Toy RC Motorcycle
N/A
2ABYDJZH9201427B
May 11, 2014
May 27, 2014
GZHH00152256-001
June 4, 2014
Temperature: +10 to 40°C
Humidity: 10 to 90%

#### SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

## SHANTOU JIAZHIHE ELECTRONIC TOY FACTORY

**MODEL: JZH2014B** 

FCC ID: 2ABYDJZH9201427B

TEST SPECIFICATION	REFERENCE	RESULTS
Maximum Peak Output Power	15.247(b), (c) / RSS-210 A8.4	N/A
Hopping Channel Carrier Frequencies	15.247(e) / RSS-210 A8.1	N/A
Separation		
20dB Bandwidth of the Hopping Channel	15.247(a) / RSS-210 A8.1	N/A
Number of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(e) / RSS-210 A8.1	N/A
Average Time of Occupancy of Hopping	15.247(e) / RSS-210 A8.1	N/A
Frequency		
Anteann Conducted Spurious Emissions	15.247(d) / RSS-210 A8.5	N/A
Radiated Spurious Emissions	15.247(d) / RSS-210 A8.5	N/A
RF Exposure Compliance	15.247(i) / RSS-Gen 5.5	N/A
Transmitter Power Line Conducted	15.207 / RSS-Gen 7.2.2	N/A
Emissions		
Transmitter Field Strength	15.227 / RSS-310 3.8	Pass
Transmitter Field Strength	15.229 / RSS-210 A2.7	N/A
Transmitter Field Strength, Bandwidth	15.231(a) / RSS-210 A1.1.1	N/A
and Timing Requirement		
Transmitter Field Ctransth Dandwidth	45 224(a) / DCC 240 A4 4 5	N/A
Transmitter Field Strength, Bandwidth	15.231(e) / RSS-210 A1.1.5	IN/A
and Timing Requirement Transmitter Field Strength and	15.239 / RSS-210 A2.8	N/A
Bandwidth Requirement	13.239 / R33-210 A2.6	IN/A
Transmitter Field Strength and	15.249 / RSS-210 A2.9	N/A
Bandwidth Requirement	13.249 / NGG-210 A2.9	IN/A
Banawath Requirement		
Transmitter Field Strength and	15.235 / RSS-310 3.9	N/A
Bandwidth Requirement		
Receiver / Digital Device Radiated	15.109 / ICES-003	N/A
Eissions		
Digital Device Conducted Emissions	15.107 / ICES-003	N/A

Note: 1. The EUT uses an Integral antenna which, in accordance to section 15.203, is considered sufficient to comply with the pervisions of this section.

2. Pursuant to FCC part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over excepted variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

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### 1.0 **General Description**

## 1.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (EUT) is a transmitter for a Toy RC Motorcycle operating at 27.145 MHz which is controlled by a crystal. The EUT is powered by one 9.0V 6F22 size battery.

Antenna Type: Integral antenna with plastic enclosure

Type of modulation: Pulse modulation

For electronic filing, the brief circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf.

## 1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

The receiver for this transmitter is exempted from the Part 15 technical rules per 15.101(b).

### 1.3 Test Methodology

Radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2009). Radiated Emission measurement was performed in a Semi-anechoic chamber. Preliminary scans were performed in the Semi-anechoic chamber only to determine worst case modes. For each scan, the procedure for maximizing emissions in Appendices D and E were followed. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application.

## 1.4 Test Facility

The Semi-anechoic chamber facility used to collect the radiated data is Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Kejiyuan Branch and located at 6F, D Block, Huahan Building, Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P. R. China. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC (Registration Number: 242492).

## 2.0 **System Test Configuration**

### 2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (2009).

The EUT was powered by one new 9.0V 6F22 size battery during test.

For maximizing emissions below 30 MHz, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the centre of the loop antenna was placed 1 meter above the ground, and the antenna polarization was changed. For maximizing emission at and above 30 MHz, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data report in Exhibit 3.0.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the centre of the turntable.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was mounted to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

## 2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device. Once the unit is powered up, it can transmit the RF signal continuously.

## 2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

#### 2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by SHANTOU JIAZHIHE ELECTRONIC TOY FACTORY will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd Keijvuan Branch.

# 2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

# 2.6 Support Equipment List and Description

N/A.

#### 3.0 **Emission Results**

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

## 3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any), Average Factor (optional) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG - AV

where FS = Field Strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ 

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dBµV

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB AG = Amplifier Gain in dB AV = Average Factor in dB

In the following table(s), the reading shown on the data table reflects the preamplifier gain. An example for the calculations in the following table is as follows:

FS = RR + LF

where  $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$ 

 $RR = RA - AG - AV in dB\mu V$ 

LF = CF + AF in dB

Assume a receiver reading of 52.0 dB $\mu$ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB are added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB and average factor of 5 dB are subtracted, giving a field strength of 27 dB $\mu$ V/m. This value in dB $\mu$ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

 $RA = 52.0 dB\mu V/m$ 

AF = 7.4 dB RR = 18.0 dB $\mu$ V

AG = 29.0 dB AV = 5.0 dB FS = RR + LF

 $FS = 18 + 9 = 27 \, dB\mu V/m$ 

Level in  $\mu$ V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(27 dB $\mu$ V/m)/20] = 22.4  $\mu$ V/m

## 3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission at 54,290 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: radiated photos.pdf.

#### 3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgment: Passed by 4.4 dB

Applicant: SHANTOU JIAZHIHE ELECTRONIC TOY FACTORY

Date of test: May 27, 2014

Model: JZH2014B Test Mode: Transmit

Table 1

## **Radiated Emissions**

Polarization	Frequency	Reading	Pre-	Antenna	Average	Net	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	Amp	Factor	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	(dB)
			Gain	(dB)	(-dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	
			(dB)					
Vertical	27.145	49.2	0.0	18.4	4.3	63.3	80.0	-16.7
Vertical	54.290	48.7	20.0	6.9		35.6	40.0	-4.4
Vertical	81.435	39.1	20.0	6.3		25.4	40.0	-14.6
Vertical	108.580	36.9	20.0	8.1		25.0	43.5	-18.5
Vertical	135.725	37.7	20.0	6.9		24.6	43.5	-18.9
Vertical	162.870	42.0	20.0	7.8		29.8	43.5	-13.7
Vertical	271.450	34.6	20.0	13.9		28.5	46.0	-17.5

NOTES: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distances were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative sign in the column shows value below limit.
- 4. Loop antenna is used for the emissions below 30 MHz.

## 4.0 **Equipment Photographs**

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename: external photos.pdf and internal photos.pdf.

## 5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronics filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf.

## 6.0 **Technical Specifications**

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematic of the tested EUT are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

## 7.0 **Instruction Manual**

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf.

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

## 8.0 Miscellaneous Information

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandwidth, the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

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## 8.1 **Measured Bandwidth**

The plot saved in bw.pdf which shows the fundamental emission is confined in the specified band. And it also shows that the emission is at least 38.2 dB below the carrier level at the band edge (26.96MHz and 27.28 MHz). It meets the requirement of Section 15.227(b).

Pursuant to FCC part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over excepted variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

#### 8.2 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

The determination of pulse desensitivity was made in accordance with Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, *Spectrum Analysis ... Pulsed RF.* 

The effective period ( $T_{\rm eff}$ ) was approximately 480.0 µs for a digital "1" bit, as shown in the plots of Exhibit 8.3. With a resolution bandwidth (3 dB) of 100 kHz, the pulse desensitivity factor was 0 dB.

## 8.3 Calculation of Average Factor

Averaging factor in  $dB = 20 \log (duty \text{ cycle})$ 

The specification for output field strengths in accordance with the FCC rules specify measurements with an average detector. During testing, a spectrum analyzer incorporating a peak detector was used. Therefore, a reduction factor can be applied to the resultant peak signal level and compared to the limit for measurement instrumentation incorporating an average detector.

The time period over which the duty cycle is measured is 100 milliseconds, or the repetition cycle, whichever is a shorter time frame. The worst case (highest percentage on) duty cycle is used for the calculation. The duty cycle is measured by placing the spectrum analyzer in zero scan (receiver mode) and linear mode at maximum bandwidth (3 MHz at 3 dB down) and viewing the resulting time domain signal output from the analyzer on a Tektronix oscilloscope. The oscilloscope is used because of its superior time base and triggering facilities.

A plot of the worst-case duty cycle as detected in this manner are saved with filename: af.pdf

The duty cycle is simply the on-time divided by the period:

The duration of one cycle = 17.34ms Effective period of the cycle =  $480\mu s \times 10 + 1.44$ ms  $\times 4 = 10.56$ ms

DC = 10.56ms / 17.34ms = 0.6090 or 60.90%

Therefore, the averaging factor is found by  $20 \log_{10} 0.6090 = -4.3 \text{ dB}$ 

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#### 8.4 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 2009.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axes to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

### 8.4 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 2009.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 10 kHz for emission below 30 MHz and 120 kHz for emission from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2).

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Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the restricted bands and above 1 GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.

### 9.0 Equipment List

Equipment No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
SZ061-03	BiConiLog Antenna	ETS	3142C	00066460	29-Jun-13	29-Jun-14
SZ185-01	EMI Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100547	10-Mar-14	10-Mar-15
SZ188-01	Anechoic Chamber	ETS	RFD-F/A- 100	4102	2-Mar-14	2-Mar-15
SZ062-04	RF Cable	RADIALL	RG 213U		8-Jan-14	8-Jul-14
SZ062-06	RF Cable	RADIALL	0.04- 26.5GHz		8-Jan-14	8-Jul-14
SZ061-06	Active Loop Antenna	Electro-Metrics	EM-6876	217	10-Mar-14	10-Mar-15