FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

For

WirelessMe Limited

Rm 501,5th Floor,Bld 02B,Zone E,Jia Jin Long Qian Hai Auto City, Double Boundary

River East, Bao'an Blvd North, Nantou Street, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

Model: Talkase T3, Talkase T3M

Test Engineer: Lily Zhao

Report Number: FCC17050471A-6

Report Date: 2017-07-10

FCC ID: 2AC3S-TALKASET3

Check By: Stars Liang

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Modified History

REV.	Modification Description	Issued Date	Remark
REV.1.0	Initial Test Report Relesse	2017-07-10	Stars Liang

1 General information

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1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. QTC Certification & Testing Co., Ltd. does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report is not to be reproduced or published in full without the prior written permission.

1.2 Application details

Date of receipt of test item: 2017-05-25
Start of test: 2017-06-18
End of test: 2017-06-22

1.3 Statement of Compliance

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The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Talkase T3 is as below:

Band	Position	MAX Reported SAR1g (W/kg)
GSM850	Head	0.541
GOINIOOU	Body 10mm	0.751
GSM1900	Head	0.034
GSM1900	Body 10mm	0.042
UMTS Band V	Head	0.351
OWITS Ballu V	Body 10mm	0.544
The highest simultaneous SAR is 0.798W/kg per KDB690783 D01		

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

Device Information:				
Product Type:	Card Phone			
Model:	Talkase T3, Talkase	e T3M		
Trade Name:	Talkase			
Device Type:	Portable device			
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled enviror	nment / genera	al population	
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:	Production Unit			
Hardware version:	1016_XXXX			
Software version :	1016_WM027_XXX	X		
Antenna Type :	Internal Antenna			
Device Operating Configurations:				
Supporting Mode(s):	GSM850/1900, UMTS Band V , BT			
Modulation:	GMSK, GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/ 8-DPSK			
Device Class :	Class B, No DTM Mode			
	Band	TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)	
	GSM850	824~849	869~894	
Operating Frequency Range(s)	GSM1900	1850~1910	1930~1990	
	UMTS Band V	824~840	869~894	
	ВТ	2402~2480	2402~2480	
GPRS class level:	GPRS class 12			
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	128-190-251(GSM850) 512-661-810(GSM1900) 4132-4182-4233(UMTS Band V) 0-39-78(BT)			
Power Source:	3.7 VDC/550mAh Rechargeable Battery			

Model Difference:

Talkase T3 and Talkase T3M without any difference only the appearance not same.

2 Testing laboratory

Test Site	QTC Certification & Testing Co., Ltd.
Test Location	2nd Floor,BI Building,Fengyeyuan Industrial Plant,, Liuxian 2st. Road, Xin'an
1631 Location	Street, Bao'an District,,Shenzhen,518000
Telephone	+86-755-26996144 EXT:8164
Fax	+86-755-26996253

3 Test Environment

	Required	Actual
Ambient temperature:	18 – 25 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	22 ± 2 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Relative humidity content:	30 – 70 %	30 – 70 %

4 Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant/Client Name:	WirelessMe Limited
Applicant Address: Rm 501,5th Floor,Bld 02B,Zone E,Jia Jin Long Qian Hai Au Double Boundary River East,Bao'an Blvd North,Nantou Street,Nanshan,Shenzhen,China	
Manufacturer Name: WirelessMe Limited	
Manufacturer Address:	Rm 501,5th Floor,Bld 02B,Zone E,Jia Jin Long Qian Hai Auto City, Double Boundary River East,Ban'an Blvd North,Nantou Street,Nanshan,Shenzhen,China

Test standard/s:

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ANSI Std C95.1-2005	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
RSS-102	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 5 March 2015)
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB648474 D04	Head set SAR v01r03
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Measurement Procedures
KDB865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

5.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Heads/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

5.2 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

6 SAR Measurement System

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6.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Device holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

6.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots KR 6 R900 sixx type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used. The KR 6 R900 sixx robot series have many features that are important for

our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

6.3 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE 5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 300 to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°

6.4 Measurement procedure

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The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point,a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8
 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

6.5 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

- The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a
 probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise
 measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.
- An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values.
 The extrapolation is based on afourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.
- The measurements have to be performed over a limited time(due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR average over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

6.6 Phantom

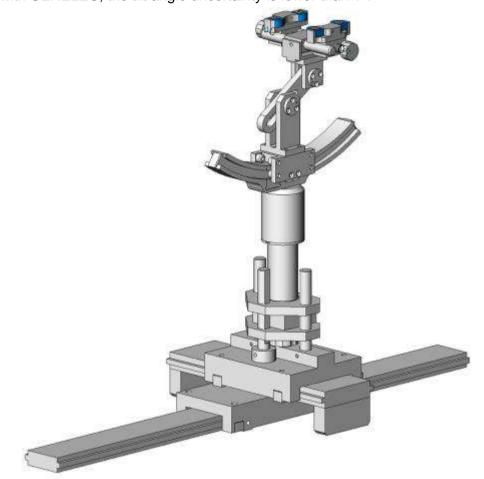
For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

6.7 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

6.8 Video Positioning System

- The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.
- During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.
- The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



6.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests are marked with⊠):

Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	<u></u> 450	⊠ 835	<u> </u>	⊠ 1900	⊠ 2450
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	38.56	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5
Sugar	56.32	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	0.0
Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	<u> </u>	⊠ 835	<u> </u>	⊠ 1900	⊠ 2450
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

6.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

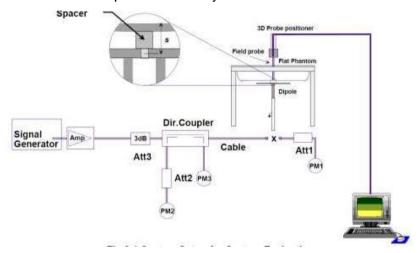
- -	Measured		Target 1	Гissue		Measure	ed Tissue		_
Tissue Type	Frequency Target (MHz) Permittivity ε _r		Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Range of ±5%	٤٢	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date
	825	41.60	39.52~43.68	0.90	0.86~0.95	40.34	0.91		
835MHz Head	835	41.50	39.43~43.58	0.90	0.86~0.95	40.33	0.92		
	850	41.50	39.43~43.58	0.92	0.87~0.97	40.11	0.94	21.6°C	2017-
	825	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.97	0.92~1.02	54.04	0.98	21.6 C	06-24
835MHz Body	835	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.97	0.92~1.02	53.93	0.99		
	850	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.99	0.94~1.04	53.69	1.01		
	1850	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.93	1.37		
1900MHz	1880	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.91	1.40		
Head	1900	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.98	1.41		
	1910	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.97	1.42	21.6°C	2017-
	1850	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.23	1.49	21.6 C	06-23
1900MHz	1880	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.36	1.53		
Body	1900	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.37	1.56		
	1910	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.37	1.57		
			ε _r = Relative per	mittivity, σ= Conc	luctivity				

7 System Check

7.1 System check procedure

The System check is performed by using a System check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the System check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



7.2 System check results

The system Check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The following table shows System check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

System Check	Target SAR (1W) (+/-10%)	Measur (Normaliz		Liquid	Test Date
System Check	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Temp.	resi Dale
D835V2 Head	9.56 (8.60~10.52)	6.19 (5.57~6.81)	9.700	6.150	21.6°C	2017/06/24
D1900V2 Head	39.46 (35.51~43.41)	39.46 20.42		21.070	21.6°C	2017/06/23
D835V2 Body	9.86 (8.87~10.85)	6.38 (5.74~7.02)	10.150	6.450	21.6°C	2017/06/24
D1900V2 Body	40.06 20.76 (36.05~44.07) (18.68~22.84)		39.330	20.940	21.6°C	2017/06/23
	Note: All SAR	/alues are norma	lized to 1W	forward pov	ver.	

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8.1 GSM Test Configurations

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

9 Detailed Test Results

9.1 Conducted Power measurements

The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

9.1.1 Conducted Power of GSM850

GSM850(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
	,	128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH	
GSI	M(CS)	33.20	33.04	33.23	-9.03	24.17	24.01	24.20	
	1 Tx Slot	32.68	32.69	32.70	-9.03	23.65	23.66	23.67	
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.83	31.88	31.86	-6.02	25.81	25.86	25.84	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	30.59	30.52	30.57	-4.26	26.33	26.26	26.31	
	4 Tx Slots	29.86	29.82	29.96	-3.01	26.85	26.81	26.95	

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.

- 2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.
 - 4) Channel /Frequency: 128/824.2; 190/836.6; 251/848.8

9.1.2 Conducted Power of GSM1900

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GSM1900(SIM1)			t-Averaged Power (dBi		Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
		512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH	
GSM(CS)		30.19	30.16	30.20	-9.03	21.16	21.13	21.17	
	1 Tx Slot	29.18	29.46	29.16	-9.03	20.15	20.43	20.13	
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	28.68	28.68	28.64	-6.02	22.66	22.66	22.62	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.52	27.56	27.55	-4.26	23.26	23.30	23.29	
	4 Tx Slots	26.88	26.85	26.89	-3.01	23.87	23.84	23.88	

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.

- 2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.
 - 4) Channel /Frequency: 512/1850.2; 661/1880; 810/1909.8

9.1.3 Conducted Power of UMTS Band V

LIMTO	· Dond \/	С	Conducted Power (dBm)						
UNITS	UMTS Band V		4182CH	4233CH					
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	22.23	22.18	22.20					
	Subtest 1	21.79	21.69	21.65					
HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.70	21.80	21.88					
ПОДРА	Subtest 3	22.10	21.87	21.96					
	Subtest 4	21.84	21.45	21.53					
	Subtest 1	22.04	22.12	22.10					
	Subtest 2	22.02	22.08	21.87					
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.84	21.87	21.99					
	Subtest 4	21.76	21.72	21.77					
	Subtest 5	21.91	21.69	21.84					

Note: 1) channel /Frequency: 4132/826.4, 4182/836.4, 4233/846.6

9.1.4 Conducted Power of BT

The maximum output power of BT is:

Mode		1Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	2.82	3.36	2.25
Mode		2Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	1.24	1.88	1.06
Mode		3Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	1.16	1.88	1.12

9.1.5 Tune-up power tolerance

Band		Tune-up power tolerance(dBm)							
		GSM	Max output power =33.0dBm±0.5dBm						
	GSM/GPRS	1TXslots	Max output power =32.5dBm±0.5dBm						
GSM850	(GMSK)	2TXslots	Max output power =31.5dBm±0.5dBm						
	(GiviSit)	3TXslots	Max output power =30.5dBm±0.5dBm						
		4TXslots	Max output power =29.5dBm±0.5dBm						
		GSM	Max output power =30.0dBm±0.5dBm						
	CCM/CDDC	1TXslots	Max output power =29.0dBm±0.5dBm						
GSM1900	GSM/GPRS (GMSK)	2TXslots	Max output power =28.5dBm±0.5dBm						
	(GiviSK)	3TXslots	Max output power =27.5dBm±0.5dBm						
		4TXslots	Max output power =26.5dBm±0.5dBm						
WCDMA 5		Max output por	wer =21.5dbm±1.0dbm						
	11	/lbps	Max output power =2.5±1.0dbm						
BT	21	/lbps	Max output power =1.0±1.0dbm						
	31/	/lbps	Max output power =1.0±1.0dbm						

9.2 SAR test results

Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01v05 r02,the SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the scaled SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.
- 4) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn with headset SAR.
- 5) Per KDB865664 D01v01r04,for each frequency band,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 6) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for details).
- 7) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 8) KDB 941225 D01, 3G SAR Measurement Procedures ,The mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the

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ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

9.2.1 Results overview of GSM850

Test Position	Test channel	Test Mode	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Condu cted	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Convers	
of Head	/Freq.(MHz)		1-g	10-g	(%)	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	factor	
Left Head Touched	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	0.525	0.364	3.530	29.960	30.000	0.530	1.009	
Left Head Tilted 15°	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	0.343	0.228	0.080	29.960	30.000	0.346	1.009	
Right Head Touched	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	0.536	0.364	2.020	29.960	30.000	0.541	1.009	
Right Head Tilted 15°	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	0.280	0.193	3.000	29.960	30.000	0.283	1.009	
Test Position	Test	Test	_	Value /kg)	Power	Condu cted	Tune-up	Scaled	Convers	
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	_		Power Drift (%)	_	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Convers ion factor	
of Body with	channel		(W/	/kg)	Drift	cted Power	Limit	SAR _{1-g}	ion	
of Body with 10mm	channel /Freq.(MHz)	Mode GPRS	(W/ 1-g	/kg) 10-g	Drift (%)	cted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	ion factor	
of Body with 10mm Front side	channel /Freq.(MHz) 251/848.8	Mode GPRS 4TS GPRS	1-g 0.329	10-g 0.219	Drift (%) -3.020	cted Power (dBm) 29.960	Limit (dBm) 30.000	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	ion factor 1.009	

9.2.2 Results overview of GSM1900

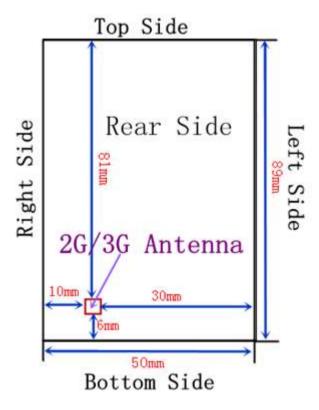
Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Conver sion
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Wiode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	factor
Left Head Touched	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.033	0.026	-0.120	26.890	27.000	0.034	1.026
Left Head Tilted 15°	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.017	0.012	1.240	26.890	27.000	0.017	1.026
Right Head Touched	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.028	0.023	1.140	26.890	27.000	0.029	1.026
Right Head Tilted 15°	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.025	0.020	3.230	26.890	27.000	0.026	1.026
Test Position of	Test channel	Test	_	Value kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Conver sion
Body with 10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)			factor
Front side	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.029	0.018	0.130	26.890	27.000	0.030	1.026
Rear side	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.041	0.028	1.300	26.890	27.000	0.042	1.026
Bottom side	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.025	0.012	-0.290	26.890	27.000	0.026	1.026
Right side	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.031	0.026	0.000	26.890	27.000	0.032	1.026

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Test Position of	Test channel	Test	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Conver
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	factor
Left Head Touched	4132/826.4	RMC	0.312	0.116	-0.220	22.230	22.500	0.332	1.064
Left Head Tilted 15°	4132/826.4	RMC	0.330	0.186	-2.330	22.230	22.500	0.351	1.064
Right Head Touched	4132/826.4	RMC	0.230	0.159	1.800	22.230	22.500	0.245	1.064
Right Head Tilted 15°	4132/826.4	RMC	0.315	0.215	-2.100	22.230	22.500	0.335	1.064
Test Position of	Test	Test	_	Value ′kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune- up	Scaled	Conver
Hotspot with 10mm	channel /Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	sion factor
Front side	4132/826.4	RMC	0.416	0.088	-1.390	22.230	22.500	0.443	1.064
Rear side	4132/826.4	RMC	0.511	0.280	-0.820	22.230	22.500	0.544	1.064
Bottom side	4132/826.4	RMC	0.142	0.105	3.360	22.230	22.500	0.151	1.064
Right side	4132/826.4	RMC	0.196	0.131	1.000	22.230	22.500	0.209	1.064

10 Multiple Transmitter Information

The SAR measurement positions of each side are as below:



<Rear side>

Mode	Front Side	Rear Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
2G/3G Antenna	Yes	Yes	No	YES	No	YES
Wi-Fi	No	No	No	No	No	No

¹⁾ Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

10.1.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

a)Head position

Mode	Pmay(dRm)	Pmay(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(CH-1)	Calculation	exclusion	SAR test
WIOGE	rillax(ubili)	riliax(IIIVV)	Distance(mm)	i(GHZ)	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	3.5	2.24	5.00	2.45	0.70	3.00	Yes

Body-Worn position

Mode	Dmay(dPm)	Pmay(m\\/)	Distance(mm)	€(CH-)	Calculation	exclusion	SAR test
Wode	Piliax(ubili)	rillax(IIIVV)	Distance(IIIII)	i(GHZ)	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	3.5	2.24	10.00	2.45	0.35	3.00	Yes

When the standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	х	Estimated SAR(W/Kg)
BT	Head	3.5	2.24	5.00	2.45	7.50	0.093
BT	Body	3.5	2.24	10.00	2.45	7.50	0.047

10.1.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

Simultaneous Tran	Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities					
Simultaneous Tx Combination	I Contiduration I Head I Body I Hotspot					
1	GSM/GPRS/UMTS +Wi-Fi NO NO NO					
2	GSM/GPRS/UMTS +BT	YES	YES	NO		

Note: The device does not support simultaneous BT and Wi-Fi ,because the BT and Wi-Fi share the same antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.

10.1.3 SAR Summation Scenario

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Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}	7 CAD	SPLSP
		GSM850	BT	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.530	0.093	0.623	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.346	0.093	0.439	NA
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.541	0.093	0.634	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.283	0.093	0.376	NA
	Front side	0.332	0.047	0.379	NA
Dody.	Rear side	0.751	0.047	0.798	NA
Body	Bottom side	0.281	0.047	0.328	NA
	Right side	0.340	0.047	0.387	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}	Z SVD	SPLSP
		GSM1900	ВТ	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.034	0.093	0.127	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.017	0.093	0.110	NA
Heau	Right Head Touched	0.029	0.093	0.122	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.026	0.093	0.119	NA
	Front side	0.030	0.047	0.077	NA
Pody	Rear side	0.042	0.047	0.089	NA
Body	Bottom side	0.026	0.047	0.073	NA
	Right side	0.032	0.047	0.079	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT

		Scaled	SAR _{Max}		
	Test Position	UMTS Band V	ВТ	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.332	0.093	0.425	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.351	0.093	0.444	NA
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.245	0.093	0.338	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.335	0.093	0.428	NA
	Front side	0.443	0.047	0.490	NA
Pody	Rear side	0.544	0.047	0.591	NA
Body	Bottom side	0.151	0.047	0.198	NA
	Right side	0.209	0.047	0.256	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and BT

MAX. Σ SAR_{1g} = 798W/kg<1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for BT and GSM&UMTS antenna.

11 Measurement uncertainty evaluation

11.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Measurement Uncertainty evaluation for SAR test								
	Tol.	Prob.	Div.	Ci	Ci	1g U _i	10g U _i	1/
Uncertainty Component	(±%)	Dist.	DIV.	(1g)	(10g)	(±%)	(±%)	Vi
measurement system		T	I	ı.			ı.	T
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	√C _p	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
system Detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
RF Ambient Conditions- Reflections	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max.SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7
Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters	ı	ı	T	T			T	T
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.42	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainly		Rss				10.63	10.54	
Expanded Uncertainty{95% CONFIDENCE INTERRVAL}		k				21.26	21.08	

11.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

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The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Satimo.The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:								
Uncertainty For System Performance Check								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i 1g	C _i 10g	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	Vi
measurement system	measurement system							
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.80	5.80	8
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√C _p	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
system detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
RF ambient Conditions – Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioned Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Dipole								
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	8
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.16	1.16	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	8
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.41	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Rss				10.28	9.98	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		k				20.57	19.95	

12 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

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To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

	Manufact	Device Type	Type(Model)	Serial number	calib	ration
	urer	Device Type	Typo(Model)	Conai namboi	Last Cal.	Due Date
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP170	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	SN 14/13 DIP0G835-235	2016-12-09	2017-12-08
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID900	SN 14/13 DIP0G900-231	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 14/13 DIP1G800-232	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	SN 14/13 DIP1G900-236	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2000	SN 14/13 DIP2G000-237	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	SN 14/13 DIP2G450-238	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	SN 28/14 DIP2G600-327	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
\boxtimes	SATIMO	Software	OPENSAR	N/A	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
\boxtimes	SATIMO	Phantom	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	SN 14/13 SAM99	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	117528	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	HP	Network Analyser	8753D	3410A08889	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	HP	Signal Generator	E4421B	GB39340770	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
	Keithley	Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4014539	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
\boxtimes	SATIMO	Amplifier	Power Amplifier	MODU-023-A- 0004	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312909	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E4412A	MY41500046	2016-10-13	2017-10-12
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	GB41291826	2016-10-13	2017-10-12
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8481H	MY41091215	2016-10-13	2017-10-12
\boxtimes	SATIMO	DAE	SUPR72	SN 42/13	2016-10-13	2017-10-12

Annex A: System performance verification

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex A.)

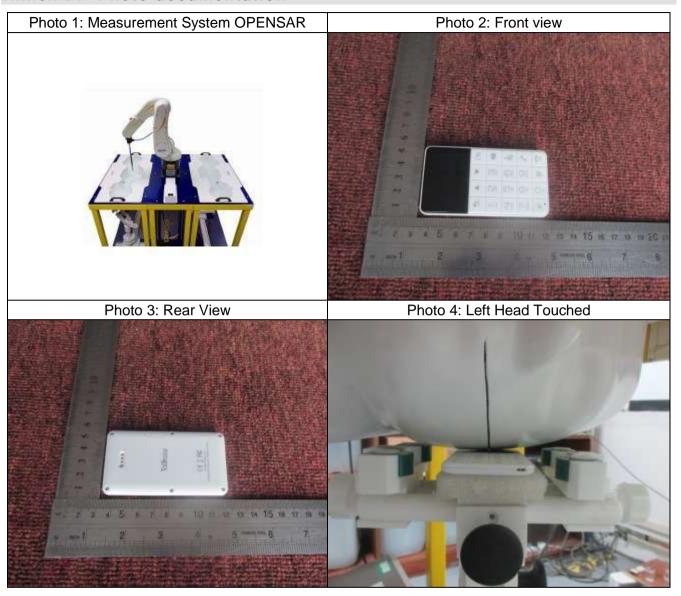
Annex B: Measurement results

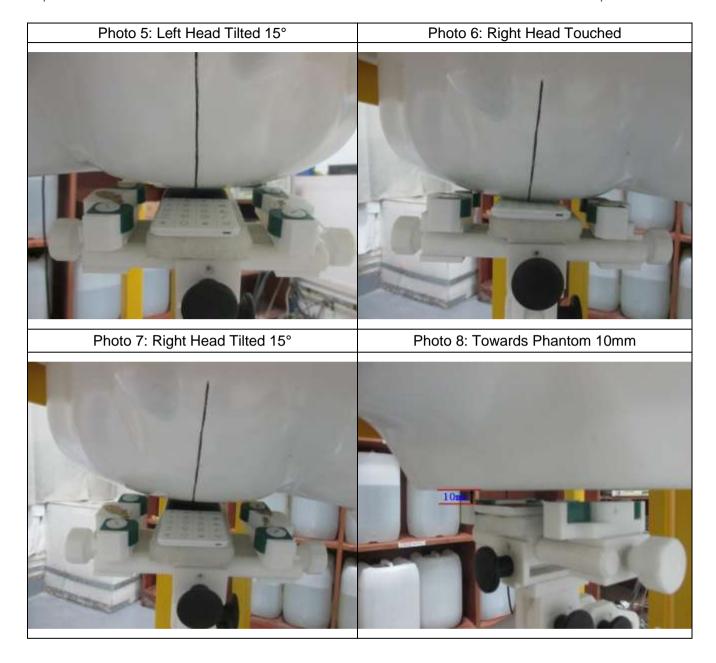
(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex B.)

Annex C: Calibration reports

(Please See the Calibration reports of annex C.)

Annex D: Photo documentation





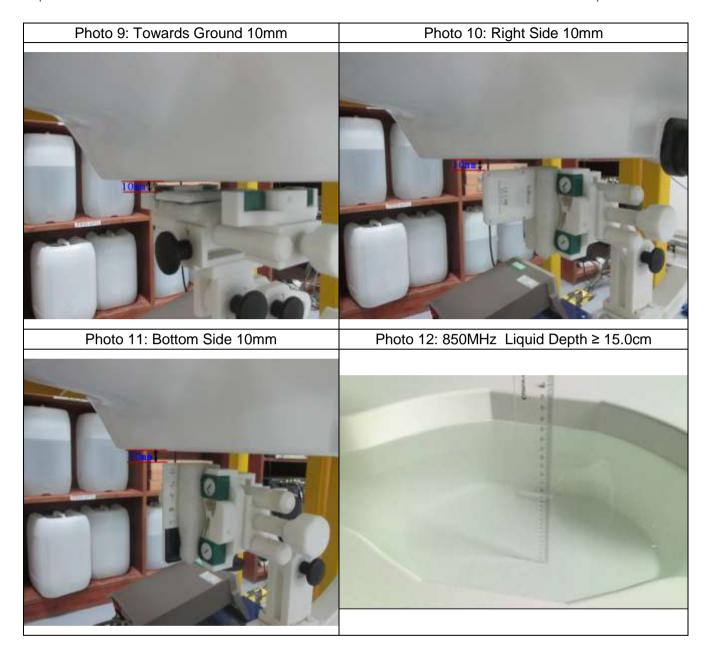


Photo 14: N/A
N/A

Photo 15: N/A	Photo 16: N/A
N/A	N/A

End