7. Measurement Data (continued)

7.12. Public Exposure to Radio Frequency Energy Levels (15.247(i) (1.1307 (b)(1)) RSS-GEN 5.5, RSS 102)

Requirement: Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. Devices are subject to the radio frequency radiation exposure requirements specified in 47CFR 1.1307(b), FCC 47 CFR 2.1091 and 47 CFR 2.1093, as appropriate. All equipment shall be considered to operate in a ''general population/uncontrolled'' environment.

Procedure: The power density is calculated from the peak field strength and device antenna gain:

$$PD = \frac{OP + AG}{(4 \times \pi \times d^2)}$$

PD Power Density	mW/cm^2
OP DUT Output Power	dBm
AG DUT Antenna Gain	dBi
d MPE Distance	cm

Conclusion: The device under test is meets radio frequency radiation exposure requirements specified in 47CFR 1.1307(b), § 2.1091 and § 2.1093.

Power Density

Freq.	MPE Distance (cm)	DUT Output Power (dBm)	DUT Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density		Limit (mW/cm2)	Result
				(mW/cm2)	(W/m2)		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	
916.50	20.0	11.53	8.0	0.01785378	0.17853779	1	Compliant

1. Reference CFR 2.1093(b): For purposes of this section, a portable device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used so that the radiating structure(s) of the device is/are within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

2. Taken from column 2 of the table in section 7.4.

3. Data supplied by the client.

4. Power density is calculated using the above formula:.

5. Reference CFR 1.1310, Table 1: Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE), Section (B): Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure.