# **TEST REPORT**

#### DT&C Co., Ltd.

42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

Tel: 031-321-2664, Fax: 031-321-1664

Report No: DRTFCC1601-0004 Pages:(1) / (86) page



#### 1. Customer

• Name : ESSEL-T CO., LTD.

• Address: 1113, 550 DUNCHONDAERO, JUNGWON-GU, SEONGNAM-SI, GYEONGGI-DO South Korea

2. Use of Report: FCC Original Grant

3. Product Name (FCC ID): Bluetooth Microphone (2AC73-M1)

4. Date of Test: 2015-11-18 ~ 2015-12-10

5. Test Method Used: FCC Part 15 Subpart C.247

6. Testing Environment: See appended test report

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This Test Report cannot be reproduced, except in full.

Affirmation

Tested by

Name: Hoonpyo Lee (Signature)

Technical Manager

Name: WonJung Lee

2016.01.07.

DT&C Co., Ltd.

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Report No.: DRTFCC1601-0004



# **Test Report Version**

| Test Report No. | Date          | Description   |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| DRTFCC1601-0004 | Jan. 07, 2015 | Initial issue |
|                 |               |               |
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# **Table of Contents**

| 1. General information   |    |
|--|----|
| 1.1 Testing Laboratory   |    |
| 1.2 Details of Applicant   |    |
| 1.3 Description of EUT   | 4  |
| 1.4 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer                            | 5  |
| 1.5 Information about the FHSS characteristics                             | 5  |
| 1.6 Test conditions  |    |
| 1.7 Test Equipment List  |    |
| 1.8 Summary of Test Results  |    |
| 1.9 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode                            |    |
| 2. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement                                   |    |
| 2.1 Test Setup   |    |
| 2.2 Limit  |    |
| 2.3 Test Procedure   |    |
| 2.4 Test Results   |    |
| 3. 20 dB BW  |    |
| 3.1 Test Setup   |    |
| 3.2 Limit  |    |
| 3.3 Test Procedure   |    |
| 3.4 Test Results   |    |
| 4. Carrier Frequency Separation  |    |
| 4.1 Test Setup   |    |
| 4.2 Limit  |    |
| 4.3 Procedure  |    |
| 4.4 Test Results   |    |
|  |    |
| 5. Number of Hopping Frequencies   |    |
| 5.1 Test Setup   |    |
| 5.2 Limit  |    |
| 5.3 Procedure  |    |
| 5.4 Test Results   | 27 |
| 6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)  |    |
| 6.1 Test Setup   |    |
| 6.2 Limit  |    |
| 6.3 Test Procedure   |    |
| 6.4 Test Results   |    |
| 7. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission |    |
| 7.1 Test Setup   |    |
| 7.2 Limit  |    |
| 7.3. Test Procedures   |    |
| 7.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions                     |    |
| 7.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions                    |    |
| 7.3.3. Test Plot   | 40 |
| 7.4. Test Results  | 41 |
| 7.4.1. Radiated Emissions  |    |
| 7.4.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions  |    |
| 8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission                            | 68 |
| 8.1 Test Setup   | 68 |
| 8.2 Limit  | 68 |
| 8.3 Test Procedures  | 68 |
| 8.4 Test Results   |    |
| 9. Antenna Requirement   |    |
| 10. Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)  |    |
| 10.1 Test Setup  |    |
| 10.2 Limit   |    |
| 10.3 Test Procedure  |    |
| 10.4 Test Results  |    |
| APPENDIX I   |    |
| APPENDIX II  |    |
| APPENDIA II  |    |



# 1. General Information

# 1.1 Testing Laboratory

| DT&C Co., Ltd. |             |           |      |   |  |  |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|------|---|--|--|
| Standa         | ard         | Site num  | ber  | Address   |  |  |
|                | $\boxtimes$ | 165783    | 3    | 42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935 |  |  |
| FCC            |             | 804488    | 8    | 42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935 |  |  |
| FCC            |             | 596748    | 8    | 42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935 |  |  |
|                |             | 678747    |      | 683-3, Yubang-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-080               |  |  |
| IC             |             | 5740A-    | -3   | 42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935 |  |  |
| IC             |             | 5740A-    | ·2   | 683-3, Yubang-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-080               |  |  |
| www.d          | tnc.ne      | <u>et</u> |      |   |  |  |
| Teleph         | one         | :         | + 82 | -31-321-2664  |  |  |
| FAX            |             | :         | + 82 | 31-321-1664   |  |  |

# 1.2 Details of Applicant

Applicant : ESSEL-T CO., LTD.

Address : 1113, 550 DUNCHONDAERO, JUNGWON-GU, SEONGNAM-SI, GYEONGGI-DO South Korea

Contact person : Dongcheol Shin

# 1.3 Description of EUT

| EUT                  | Bluetooth Microphone                  |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Model Name           | M1                                    |
| Serial Number        | Identical prototype                   |
| Power Supply         | DC 3.8 V                              |
| Battery type         | Standard Battery: Lithium Ion Battery |
| Frequency Range      | 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz                   |
| Modulation Technique | GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK                |
| Number of Channels   | 79                                    |
| Antenna Type         | Internal Antenna                      |
| Antenna Gain         | PK : 3.61 dBi                         |



### 1.4 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer

- NA

#### 1.5 Information about the FHSS characteristics

- This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following:
  - A) The hopping sequence is pseudorandom
  - B) All channels are used equally on average
  - C) The receiver input bandwidth equals the transmit bandwidth
  - D) The receiver hops in sequence with the transmit signal
- 15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all
  of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data
  (or information) system.
- 15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate its
  channels selection / hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express
  purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple
  transmitters.
- 15.247(h): The EUT employs Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) which identifies sources of interference namely devices operating in 802.11 WLAN and excludes them from the list of available channels. The process of re-mapping reduces the number of test channels from 79 channels to a minimum number of 20 channels.

#### 1.6 Test conditions

| Ambient Condition                     |                 |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Temperature                           | +22 °C ~ +24 °C |  |
| <ul> <li>Relative Humidity</li> </ul> | 42 % ~ 44 %     |  |



# 1.7 Test Equipment List

| Туре                           | Manufacturer              | Model                           | Cal.Date<br>(yy/mm/dd) | Next.Cal.Date<br>(yy/mm/dd) | S/N        |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| MXA Signal Analyzer            | Agilent<br>Technologies   | N9020A                          | 15/01/06               | 16/01/06                    | MY49100833 |
| MXA Signal Analyzer            | Agilent<br>Technologies   | N9020A                          | 15/01/19               | 16/01/19                    | MY46471096 |
| Signal Generator               | Rohde Schwarz             | SMF100A                         | 15/06/29               | 16/06/29                    | 102341     |
| Dynamic Measurement DC Source  | Agilent<br>Technologies   | 66332A                          | 15/02/09               | 16/02/09                    | US37473833 |
| DC Power Supply                | SM techno                 | SDP30-5D                        | 15/09/23               | 16/09/23                    | 305DMG291  |
| Power Meter & Wide             | Anritsu                   | ML2495A                         | 15/03/26               | 16/03/26                    | 1306007    |
| Bandwidth Sensor               | Ailitsu                   | MA2490A                         | 15/05/20               | 10/03/20                    | 1249001    |
| Multimeter                     | HP                        | 34401A                          | 15/02/25               | 16/02/25                    | 3146A13475 |
| 3dB Attenuator                 | SMAJK                     | SMAJK-2-3                       | 15/10/12               | 16/10/12                    | 1          |
| Thermohygrometer               | BODYCOM                   | BJ5478                          | 15/05/08               | 16/05/08                    | 120612-1   |
| Loop Antenna                   | Schwarzbeck               | FMZB1513                        | 14/04/29               | 16/04/29                    | 1513-128   |
| BILOG<br>ANTENNA(~1GHz)        | SCHWARZBECK               | VULB9160                        | 14/06/24               | 16/06/24                    | 3151       |
| Double-Ridged Guide<br>Antenna | ETS-Lindgren              | 3117                            | 14/05/12               | 16/05/12                    | 00140394   |
| Horn Antenna                   | A.H.Systems Inc.          | SAS-574                         | 15/04/30               | 17/04/30                    | 154        |
| Highpass Filter (3GHz)         | Wainwright<br>Instruments | WHKX12-2580-<br>3000-18000-80SS | 15/09/23               | 16/09/23                    | 3          |
| High-pass filter (8GHz)        | Wainwright<br>Instruments | WHNX6-6320-<br>8000-26500-40CC  | 15/09/23               | 16/09/23                    | 1          |
| PreAmplifier                   | Agilent                   | 8449B                           | 15/02/26               | 16/02/26                    | 3008A00370 |
| Low Noise Pre<br>Amplifier     | tsj                       | MLA-010K01-B01-<br>27           | 15/04/09               | 16/04/09                    | 1844539    |
| EMI TEST RECEIVER              | R&S                       | ESR7                            | 15/10/19               | 16/10/19                    | 101109     |



# 1.8 Summary of Test Results

| FCC Part<br>RSS Std.                                    | Parameter                     | <b>Limit</b> (Using in 2400~ 2483.5 MHz)  | Test<br>Condition    | Status<br>Note 1 |
|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------|
|   | Carrier Frequency Separation  | >= 25 kHz or<br>>= Two thirds of the 20 dB BW,<br>whichever is greater.   |                      | С                |
| 15.247(a)<br>RSS-247(5.1)                               | Number of Hopping Frequencies | >= 15 hops  |                      | С                |
| 100 247 (0.1)   | 20 dB Bandwidth               | None  |                      | С                |
|   | Dwell Time                    | =< 0.4 seconds  | 1                    | С                |
| 15.247(b)<br>RSS-247(5.4)                               | Transmitter Output Power      | For FCC =< 1 Watt, if CHs >= 75 Others =< 0.125 W For IC if CHs >= 75 =< 1 Watt For Conducted Power =< 4 Watt For e.i.r.p, Others =< 0.125 W For Conducted Power. =< 0.5 Watt For e.i.r.p | Conducted            | С                |
| 15.247(d)<br>RSS-247(5.5)                               | Conducted Spurious Emissions  | The radiated emission to any 100 kHz of out-band shall be at least 20 dB below the highest in-band spectral density.  |                      | С                |
| RSS Gen(6.6)  | Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)     | RSS-Gen   |                      | NA               |
| 15.205 & 209<br>RSS-247(5.5)<br>RSS-Gen<br>(8.9 & 8.10) | Radiated Spurious Emissions   | FCC 15.209 Limits<br>RSS-Gen 8.9  | Radiated             | C Note2          |
| 15.207<br>RSS-Gen(8.8)                                  | AC Conducted Emissions        | FCC 15.207 Limits   | AC Line<br>Conducted | NA Note3         |
| 15.203<br>RSS-Gen(6.7)                                  | Antenna Requirements          | FCC 15.203  | -                    | С                |

Note 1 : C = Comply NC = Not Comply NT = Not Tested NA = Not Applicable

Note 2: This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 3: This test is not applicable. The device cannot have Bluetooth communication during the charging mode.

Note 4: The sample was tested according to the following specifications:

- ANSI C63.10-2013



# 1.9 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode

The EUT has three type of modulation (GFSK,  $\pi$ /4DQPSK and 8DPSK).

Therefore all applicable requirements were tested with all the modulations.

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in three orthogonal EUT positions (X-axis, Y-axis and Z-axis).

Tested frequency information,

- Hopping Function : Enable

|              | TX Frequency (MHz) | RX Frequency (MHz) |  |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| Hopping Band | 2402 ~ 2480        | 2402 ~ 2480        |  |

- Hopping Function : Disable

|                 | TX Frequency (MHz) | RX Frequency (MHz) |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Lowest Channel  | 2402               | 2402               |
| Middle Channel  | 2441               | 2441               |
| Highest Channel | 2480               | 2480               |



# 2. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

#### 2.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 2.2 Limit

#### **■ FCC Requirements**

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

- 1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 2483.5 MHz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725 5805 MHz band : 1 Watt.

#### IC Requirements

1. RSS-247(5.4), For FHSs operating in the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 0.5 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels

#### 2.3 Test Procedure

- 1. The RF output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
- 2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using;

Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW ≥ 20 dB BW

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold



# 2.4 Test Results

| Modulation   | Tested Channel – |      | Frame Average<br>Output Power |      | Peak Output Power |  |
|--------------|------------------|------|-------------------------------|------|-------------------|--|
| Wodulation   |                  | dBm  | mW                            | dBm  | mW                |  |
|              | Lowest           | 3.19 | 2.08                          | 4.85 | 3.06              |  |
| <u>GFSK</u>  | Middle           | 2.77 | 1.89                          | 4.36 | 2.73              |  |
|              | Highest          | 2.38 | 1.73                          | 3.97 | 2.50              |  |
|              | Lowest           | 2.23 | 1.67                          | 5.78 | 3.78              |  |
| π/4DQPSK     | Middle           | 1.74 | 1.49                          | 5.09 | 3.23              |  |
|              | Highest          | 1.11 | 1.29                          | 4.81 | 3.03              |  |
| <u>8DPSK</u> | Lowest           | 2.21 | 1.66                          | 6.02 | 4.00              |  |
|              | Middle           | 1.70 | 1.48                          | 5.28 | 3.37              |  |
|              | Highest          | 1.09 | 1.29                          | 5.16 | 3.28              |  |

Note 1: The frame average output power is for reference only.

Note 2 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.



# **Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK**



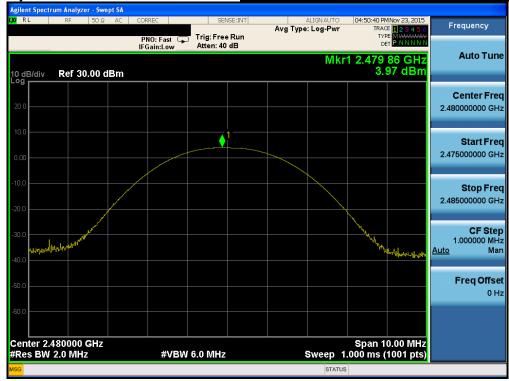
# **Peak Output Power**

# Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK





### <u>Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK</u>



# **Peak Output Power**

# Lowest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK





# Middle Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK



#### **Peak Output Power**

# Highest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK





# **Lowest Channel & Modulation: 8DPSK**



# **Peak Output Power**

# Middle Channel & Modulation: 8DPSK





# Highest Channel & Modulation: 8DPSK





### 3. 20 dB BW

# 3.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

# 3.2 Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

#### 3.3 Test Procedure

- 1. The 20 dB bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna Connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.
- 2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW  $\geq$  1 % of the 20 dB bandwidth, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Span = 3 MHz.

#### 3.4 Test Results

| Modulation      | Tested Channel | 20 dB BW (MHz) |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                 | Lowest         | 0.927          |
| <u>GFSK</u>     | Middle         | 0.918          |
|                 | Highest        | 0.918          |
|                 | Lowest         | 1.224          |
| <u>π/4DQPSK</u> | Middle         | 1.191          |
|                 | Highest        | 1.215          |
|                 | Lowest         | 1.248          |
| <u>8DPSK</u>    | Middle         | 1.248          |
|                 | Highest        | 1.248          |

Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.



# **Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK**



#### 20 dB Bandwidth

### Middle Channel & Modulation: GFSK





### **Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK**



#### 20 dB Bandwidth

### Lowest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK





### Middle Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK



#### 20 dB Bandwidth

# Highest Channel & Modulation : π/4DQPSK





# Lowest Channel & Modulation: 8DPSK



#### 20 dB Bandwidth

### Middle Channel & Modulation: 8DPSK





# Highest Channel & Modulation: 8DPSK





# 4. Carrier Frequency Separation

#### 4.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 4.2 Limit

Limit: ≥ 25 kHz or ≥ Two-Thirds of the 20 dB BW whichever is greater.

#### 4.3 Procedure

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the markerdelta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to

best identify the center of each individual channel.

VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

#### 4.4 Test Results

#### FH mode

| Hopping<br>Mode | Test Mode | Peak of center<br>channel<br>(MHz) | Peak of adjacent<br>Channel<br>(MHz) | Test Result<br>(MHz) |
|-----------------|-----------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
|                 | GFSK      | 2441.006                           | 2442.008                             | 1.002                |
| Enable          | π/4-DQPSK | 2441.009                           | 2442.017                             | 1.008                |
|                 | 8DPSK     | 2441.000                           | 2442.002                             | 1.002                |

#### **AFH** mode

| Hopping<br>Mode | Test Mode | Peak of center<br>channel<br>(MHz) | Peak of adjacent<br>Channel<br>(MHz) | Test Result<br>(MHz) |
|-----------------|-----------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
|                 | GFSK      | 2411.018                           | 2412.020                             | 1.002                |
| Enable          | π/4-DQPSK | 2411.015                           | 2412.017                             | 1.002                |
|                 | 8DPSK     | 2411.012                           | 2412.011                             | 0.999                |

Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

#### - Minimum Standard:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

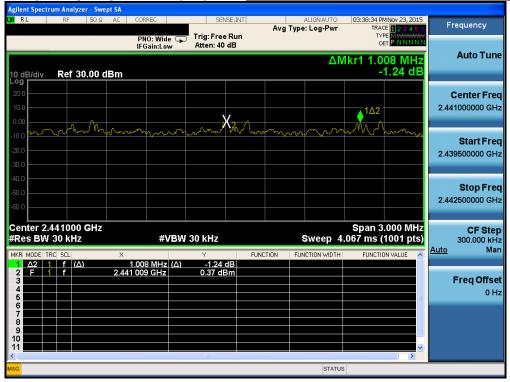
Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW





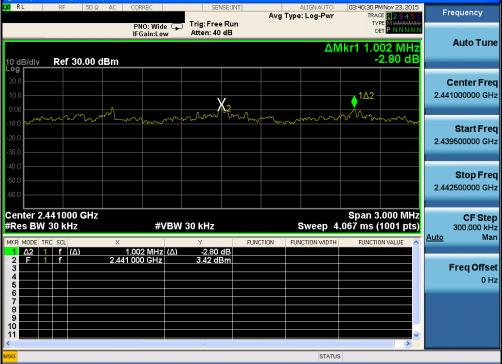


# Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) <u>Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK</u>

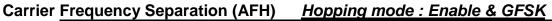






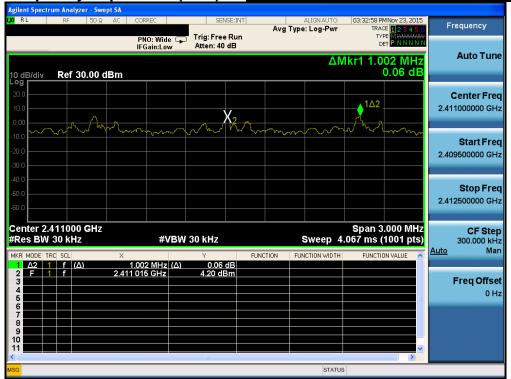




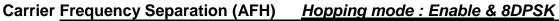




# Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK











# 5. Number of Hopping Frequencies

### 5.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 5.2 Limit

Limit: >= 15 hops

#### 5.3 Procedure

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

To get higher resolution, two frequency ranges for FH mode within the 2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span for FH mode = 50 MHz Start Frequency = 2391.5 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2441.5 MHz

Start Frequency = 2441.5 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2491.5 MHz

Span for AFH mode = 30 MHz Start Frequency = 2396.0 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2426.0 MHz

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing

or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto

#### 5.4 Test Results

#### FH mode

| Hopping mode | Test mode | Test Result (Total Hops) |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-----------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|              | GFSK      | 79                       |  |  |  |  |
| Enable       | π/4-DQPSK | 79                       |  |  |  |  |
|              | 8DPSK     | 79                       |  |  |  |  |

#### **AFH** mode

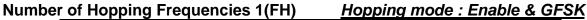
| Hopping mode | Test mode | Test Result (Total Hops) |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-----------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|              | GFSK      | 20                       |  |  |  |  |
| Enable       | π/4-DQPSK | 20                       |  |  |  |  |
|              | 8DPSK     | 20                       |  |  |  |  |

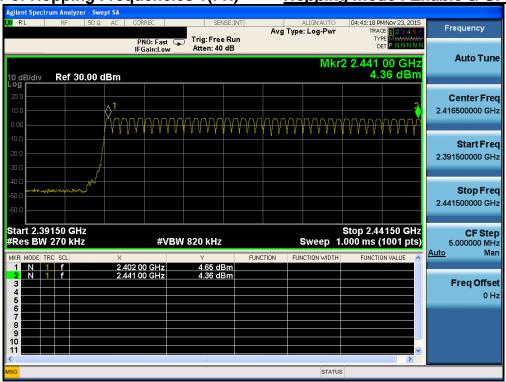
Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

#### - Minimum Standard:

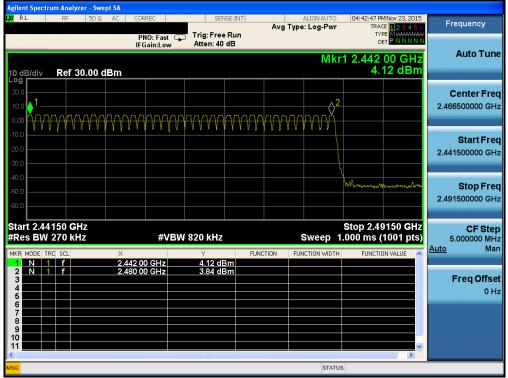
At least 15 hopes







# Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) <u>Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK</u>

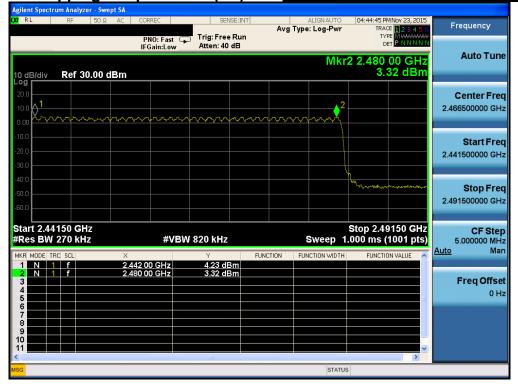




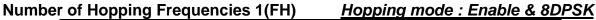
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH) <u>Hopping mode : Enable &  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK</u>



Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) <u>Hopping mode : Enable &  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK</u>

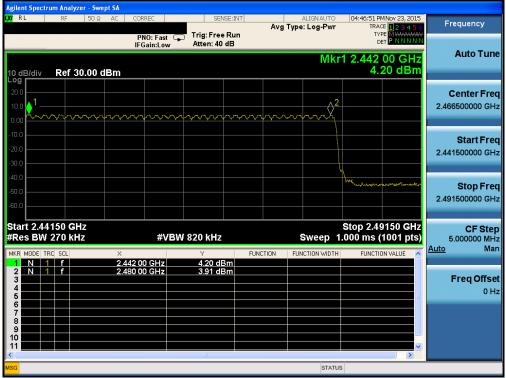








# Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK

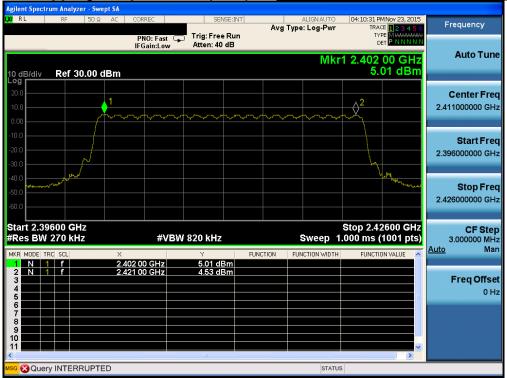




# Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) <u>Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK</u>

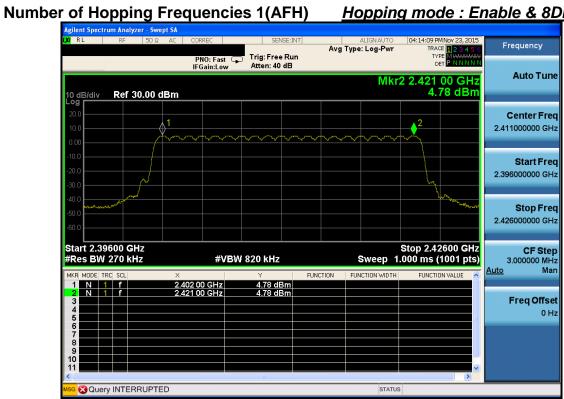


# Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) <u>Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK</u>





Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK





# 6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

# 6.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 6.2 Limit

The maximum permissible time of occupancy is 400 ms within a period of 400 ms multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### 6.3 Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = 2441 MHz

Span = zero

RBW = 1 MHz (RBW shall be < channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel)

VBW ≥ RBW

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### 6.4 Test Results

#### FH mode

| Hopping<br>mode | Packet<br>Type | Number of hopping<br>Channels | Burst<br>On Time<br>(ms) | Period<br>(ms) | Test Result<br>(sec) |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------------|
|                 | DH 5           | 79                            | 2.880                    | 3.750          | 0.307                |
| Enable          | 2 DH 5         | 79                            | 2.880                    | 3.750          | 0.307                |
|                 | 3 DH 5         | 79                            | 2.880                    | 3.750          | 0.307                |

#### **AFH mode**

| Hopping<br>mode | Packet<br>Type | Number of hopping<br>Channels | Burst<br>On Time<br>(ms) | Period<br>(ms) | Test Result<br>(sec) |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------------|
|                 | DH 5           | 20                            | 2.880                    | 3.750          | 0.154                |
| Enable          | 2 DH 5         | 20                            | 2.880                    | 3.750          | 0.154                |
|                 | 3 DH 5         | 20                            | 2.880                    | 3.750          | 0.154                |

Note 1 : Dwell Time = 0.4 × Hopping channel × Burst ON time × ((Hopping rate ÷ Time slots) ÷ Hopping channel)

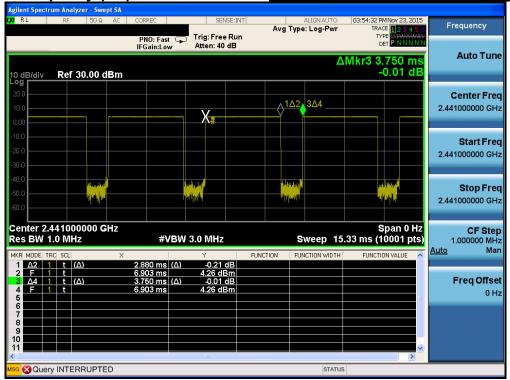
- Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots (TX = 5 slot / RX = 1 slot)
- Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode & 800 for AFH mode

Note 2 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.



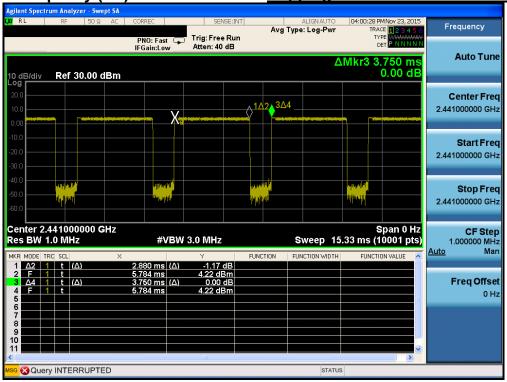


# Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK



# **Time of Occupancy (FH)**

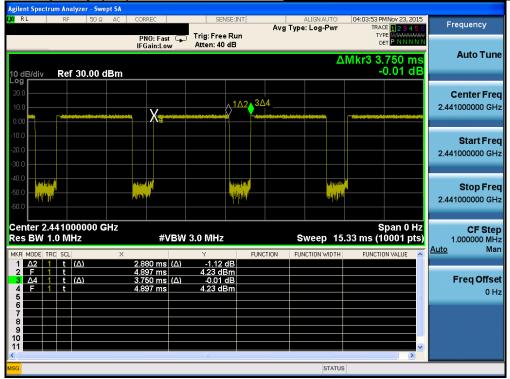
### Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK







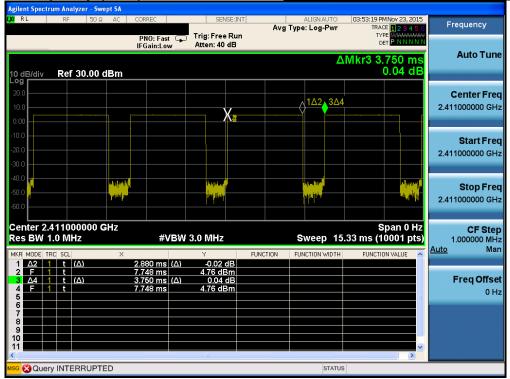
# Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK





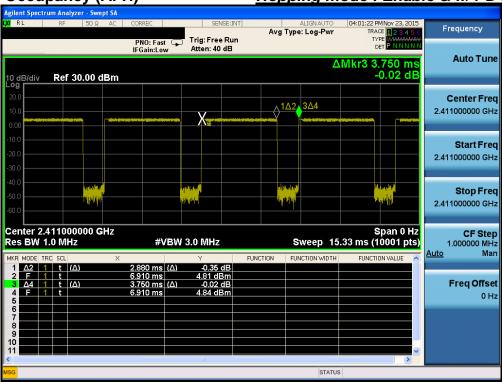


# Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK



# **Time of Occupancy (AFH)**

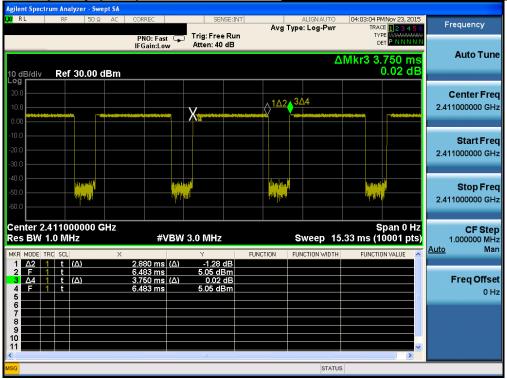
## Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK







# Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK





# 7. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

### 7.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 7.2 Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

| Frequency (MHz) | Limit (uV/m)  | Measurement Distance (meter) |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.490   | 2400/F (kHz)  | 300                          |
| 0.490 ~ 1705    | 24000/F (kHz) | 30                           |
| 1705 ~ 30.0     | 30            | 30                           |
| 30 ~ 88         | 100 **        | 3                            |
| 88 ~ 216        | 150 **        | 3                            |
| 216 ~ 960       | 200 **        | 3                            |
| Above 960       | 500           | 3                            |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 MHz, 76 - 88 MHz, 174 - 216 MHz or 470 - 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

| MHz               | MHz                 | MHz                   | MHz             | GHz          | GHz           |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.110     | 8.41425 ~ 8.41475   | 108 ~ 121.94          | 1300 ~ 1427     | 4.5 ~ 5.15   | 14.47 ~ 14.5  |
| 0.495 ~ 0.505     | 12.29 ~ 12.293      | 123 ~ 138             | 1435 ~ 1626.5   | 5.35 ~ 5.46  | 15.35 ~ 16.2  |
| 2.1735 ~ 2.1905   | 12.51975 ~ 12.52025 | 149.9 ~ 150.05        | 1645.5 ~ 1646.5 | 7.25 ~ 7.75  | 17.7 ~ 21.4   |
| 4.125 ~ 4.128     | 12.57675 ~ 12.57725 | 156.52475 ~ 156.52525 | 1660 ~ 1710     | 8.025 ~ 8.5  | 22.01 ~ 23.12 |
| 4.17725 ~ 4.17775 | 13.36 ~ 13.41       | 156.7 ~ 156.9         | 1718.8 ~ 1722.2 | 9.0 ~ 9.2    | 23.6 ~ 24.0   |
| 4.20725 ~ 4.20775 | 16.42 ~ 16.423      | 162.0125 ~ 167.17     | 2200 ~ 2300     | 9.3 ~ 9.5    | 31.2 ~ 31.8   |
| 6.215 ~ 6.218     | 16.69475 ~ 16.69525 | 167.72 ~ 173.2        | 2310 ~ 2390     | 10.6 ~ 12.7  | 36.43 ~ 36.5  |
| 6.26775 ~ 6.26825 | 16.80425 ~ 16.80475 | 240 ~ 285             | 2483.5 ~ 2500   | 13.25 ~ 13.4 | Above 38.6    |
| 6.31175 ~ 6.31225 | 25.5 ~ 25.67        | 322 ~ 335.4           | 2655 ~ 2900     |              |               |
| 8.291 ~ 8.294     | 37.5 ~ 38.25        | 399.90 ~ 410          | 3260 ~ 3267     |              |               |
| 8.362 ~ 8.366     | 73 ~ 74.6           | 608 ~ 614             | 3332 ~ 3339     |              |               |
| 8.37625 ~ 8.38675 | 74.8 ~ 75.2         | 960 ~ 1240            | 3345.8 ~ 3358   |              |               |
|                   |                     |                       | 3600 ~ 4400     |              |               |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.



#### 7.3. Test Procedures

#### 7.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

- 1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 1 or 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.
- 4. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 6. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
- NOTE 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- NOTE 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
- NOTE 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 1 kHz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.



#### 7.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

- 1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. The **reference level** of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. The conducted spurious emission was tested each ranges were set as below.

Frequency range: 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001

Frequency range: 30 MHz ~ 10 GHz, 10 GHz ~ 25 GHz

RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001

LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)

If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

Also the path loss for conducted measurement setup was used as described on the Appendix I of this test report.

#### 7.3.3. Test Plot

Refer to the APPENDIX II



#### 7.4. Test Results

#### 7.4.1. Radiated Emissions

#### 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : GFSK)

#### Lowest Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2375.92            | Н          | Х  | PK               | 48.87             | 3.45          | N/A           | N/A                        | 52.32              | 74.00             | 21.68          |
| 2375.92            | Н          | Х  | AV               | 39.49             | 3.45          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 18.15              | 54.00             | 35.85          |
| 4804.02            | V          | Y  | PK               | 47.97             | 9.50          | N/A           | N/A                        | 57.47              | 74.00             | 16.53          |
| 4804.05            | V          | Y  | AV               | 41.49             | 9.50          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 26.20              | 54.00             | 27.80          |

#### Middle Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 4881.46            | V          | Υ  | PK               | 48.81             | 9.74          | N/A           | N/A                        | 58.55              | 74.00             | 15.45          |
| 4882.03            | V          | Y  | AV               | 44.15             | 9.74          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 29.10              | 54.00             | 24.90          |

Highest Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2483.60            | Н          | Y  | PK               | 50.11             | 3.70          | N/A           | N/A                        | 53.81              | 74.00             | 20.19          |
| 2483.60            | Н          | Υ  | AV               | 38.99             | 3.70          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 17.90              | 54.00             | 36.10          |
| 4960.39            | V          | Y  | PK               | 48.26             | 9.93          | N/A           | N/A                        | 58.19              | 74.00             | 15.81          |
| 4960.04            | V          | Υ  | AV               | 42.09             | 9.93          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 27.23              | 54.00             | 26.77          |

#### ■ Note.

- 1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- 2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = 20 log( applied distance / required distance ) = 20 log( 1 m / 3 m ) =  $\underline{-9.54~dB}$ 

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

- 3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)
  - Time to cycle through all channels =  $\Delta t$  = T [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels , where T = pulse width = 2.88 ms
  - 100 ms /  $\Delta t$  [ms] = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 100 / (2.88 X 20) = 1.736  $\stackrel{.}{=}$  2
  - The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms] x H' = 2.88 ms X 2 = 5.76 ms
  - D.C.F = 20 Log(The Worst Case Dwell Time / 100 ms) dB = 20 log( 5.76 / 100 ) = -24.79 dB
- 4. Sample Calculation.

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{D.C.F} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG} \\ & \text{Where, T.F} = \text{Total Factor,} \quad \text{AF} = \text{Antenna Factor,} \quad \text{CL} = \text{Cable Loss,} \quad \text{AG} = \text{Amplifier Gain.} \end{aligned}$ 



#### 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation: π/4DQPSK)

#### Lowest Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2376.07            | V          | Z  | PK               | 49.53             | 3.45          | N/A           | N/A                        | 52.98              | 74.00             | 21.02          |
| 2376.07            | V          | Z  | AV               | 39.59             | 3.45          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 18.25              | 54.00             | 35.75          |
| 4803.55            | V          | Y  | PK               | 46.14             | 9.50          | N/A           | N/A                        | 55.64              | 74.00             | 18.36          |
| 4803.91            | V          | Y  | AV               | 35.90             | 9.50          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 20.61              | 54.00             | 33.39          |

#### Middle Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 4881.90            | V          | Y  | PK               | 45.26             | 9.74          | N/A           | N/A                        | 55.00              | 74.00             | 19.00          |
| 4882.06            | V          | Υ  | AV               | 33.37             | 9.74          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 18.32              | 54.00             | 35.68          |

### Highest Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2483.59            | Н          | Y  | PK               | 52.42             | 3.70          | N/A           | N/A                        | 56.12              | 74.00             | 17.88          |
| 2483.59            | Н          | Y  | AV               | 41.60             | 3.70          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 20.51              | 54.00             | 33.49          |
| 4959.48            | V          | Y  | PK               | 44.15             | 9.93          | N/A           | N/A                        | 54.08              | 74.00             | 19.92          |
| 4959.56            | V          | Υ  | AV               | 31.74             | 9.93          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 16.88              | 54.00             | 37.12          |

### ■ Note.

- 1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- 2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result

- Calculation of distance factor = 20 log( applied distance / required distance ) = 20 log( 1 m / 3 m ) = -9.54 dB

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

- 3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)
  - Time to cycle through all channels =  $\Delta t$  = T [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels , where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**
  - 100 ms /  $\Delta t$  [ms] = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 100 / ( 2.88 X 20 ) = 1.736  $\stackrel{.}{=}$  2
  - The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms]  $\times$  H' = 2.88 ms  $\times$  2 = 5.76 ms
  - D.C.F = 20 Log(The Worst Case Dwell Time / 100 ms) dB = 20 log( 5.76 / 100 ) =  $\underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}$
- 4. Sample Calculation.

 $Margin = Limit - Result \quad / \quad Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F \quad / \quad T.F = AF + CL - AG$ 

 $\label{eq:Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.}$ 



#### 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : 8DPSK)

#### Lowest Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2376.06            | V          | X  | PK               | 48.90             | 3.45          | N/A           | N/A                        | 52.35              | 74.00             | 21.65          |
| 2376.06            | V          | Х  | AV               | 38.11             | 3.45          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 16.77              | 54.00             | 37.23          |
| 4804.38            | Н          | Z  | PK               | 46.77             | 9.50          | N/A           | N/A                        | 56.27              | 74.00             | 17.73          |
| 4804.09            | Н          | Z  | AV               | 36.93             | 9.50          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 21.64              | 54.00             | 32.36          |

#### Middle Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 4882.29            | V          | Z  | PK               | 44.65             | 9.74          | N/A           | N/A                        | 54.39              | 74.00             | 19.61          |
| 4881.99            | V          | Z  | AV               | 31.85             | 9.74          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 16.80              | 54.00             | 37.20          |

#### Highest Channel

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | ANT<br>Pol | The worst<br>case<br>EUT<br>Position<br>(Axis) | Detector<br>Mode | Reading<br>(dBuV) | T.F<br>(dB/m) | D.C.F<br>(dB) | Distance<br>Factor<br>(dB) | Result<br>(dBuV/m) | Limit<br>(dBuV/m) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2483.57            | Н          | Z  | PK               | 51.00             | 3.70          | N/A           | N/A                        | 54.70              | 74.00             | 19.30          |
| 2483.57            | Н          | Z  | AV               | 41.54             | 3.70          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 20.45              | 54.00             | 33.55          |
| 4958.71            | Н          | Z  | PK               | 44.24             | 9.93          | N/A           | N/A                        | 54.17              | 74.00             | 19.83          |
| 4958.95            | Н          | Z  | AV               | 31.29             | 9.93          | -24.79        | N/A                        | 16.43              | 54.00             | 37.57          |

#### ■ Note.

- 1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- 2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result

- Calculation of distance factor = 20 log( applied distance / required distance ) = 20 log( 1 m / 3 m ) = -9.54 dB

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

- 3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)
  - Time to cycle through all channels =  $\Delta t$  = T [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels , where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**
  - 100 ms /  $\Delta t$  [ms] = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 100 / ( 2.88 X 20 ) = 1.736  $\stackrel{.}{=}$  2
  - The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms]  $\times$  H' = 2.88 ms  $\times$  2 = 5.76 ms
  - D.C.F = 20 Log(The Worst Case Dwell Time / 100 ms) dB = 20 log( 5.76 / 100 ) =  $\underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}$
- 4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit - Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL - AG

 $\label{eq:Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.}$