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# **FCC RF TEST REPORT**

**Application No:** SZEM1409004945RF

Applicant: UNION INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES (USA) INC

Manufacturer/ Factory: Shenzhen ACT Industrial Co., Ltd.

**Product Name:** Eviant 8 3G

Mode No.(EUT): EVC8Q
Trade Mark: EVIANT

FCC ID: 2AC7GEVC8Q

Standards: 47 CFR Part 2 (2013)

47 CFR Part 22 subpart H (2013) 47 CFR Part 24 subpart E (2013)

Test Method: FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems

v02r01

NOTE: In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

#### Authorized Signature:



Jack Zhang EMC Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. All test results in this report can be traceable to National or International Standards.



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## 2 Notice

## 2.1 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

#### VCCI

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room (7.5m x 4.0m x 3.0m) of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

#### • FCC - Registration No.: 556682

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No.: 556682.

#### Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1 & 4620C-2.

#### 2.2 Deviation from Standards

None.

#### 2.3 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

# 2.4 Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.



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#### 2.5 Test Location

Applicant:	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab	
Address:	No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle Section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. 518057.	
	Tel: +86 755 2601 2053 Fax: +86 755 2671 0594	

NOTE: No tests were sub-contracted.

#### 2.6 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature:	19.5 to 25 ℃
Ambient Relative Humidity:	40 to 55 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	Not applicable

#### 2.7 Test Date

Date of Receipt	2014-09-10
Date of Start Test	2014-09-16
Date of End Test	2014-11-06

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# 4 Test Summary

# 4.1 Cellular Band (824-849 MHz Paired With 869-894 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (NOTE 1)
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046(a), § 22.913(a)	FCC: ERP ≤ 7 W.	Appendix A	PASS
Peak-Average Ratio			Appendix B	PASS
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	PASS
Bandwidth	§ 2.1049(h)	OBW:No limit EBW: No limit	Appendix D	PASS
Band Edge Compliance	§ 2.1051, § 22.917(a)	≤ -13dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix F	PASS
Spurious emissions at antenna terminals	§ 2.1051, §22.917(a)(b)	FCC: ≤ -13dBm/100 kHz, from 9 kHz to 10th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix G	PASS
Field strength of spurious radiation	§2.1053, §22.917(a)(b)	FCC: ≤ -13dBm/100 kHz,	Appendix H	PASS
Frequency stability	§2.1055, § 22.355	≤ ±2.5ppm.	Appendix I	PASS



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# 4.2 PCS Band (1850-1915 MHz Paired With 1930-1995 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (NOTE 1)
Effective Isotropic Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046(a), § 24.232	EIRP ≤ 2 W.	Appendix A	PASS
Peak-Average Ratio	§2.1046(a), § 24.232	≤13 dB	Appendix B	PASS
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	PASS
Bandwidth	§ 2.1049(h)	OBW:No limit EBW: No limit	Appendix D	PASS
Band Edge Compliance	§ 2.1051, § 24.238	≤ -13dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix F	PASS
Spurious emissions at antenna terminals	§ 2.1051, §22.4.238	≤ -13dBm/1MHz, from 9 kHz to 10th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix G	PASS
Field strength of spurious radiation	§2.1053, §24.238	≤ -13dBm/1MHz,	Appendix H	PASS
Frequency stability	§2.1055, § 24.235	FCC:within authorized frequency block.	Appendix I	PASS

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# 5 Description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

#### 5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	UNION INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES (USA) INC
Address of Applicant:	20955 Pathfinder Road, Suite 100, Diamond Bar, CA 91765
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen ACT Industrial Co., Ltd.
Address of Manufacturer:	NO.5 Building, Beishan Industrial Park, Beishan Road, Yantian District, Shenzhen
Factory:	Shenzhen ACT Industrial Co., Ltd.
Address of Factory:	NO.5 Building, Beishan Industrial Park, Beishan Road, Yantian District, Shenzhen

#### 5.2 Boared

Product Name:	Eviant 8 3G
Model No.:	EVC8Q
Trade Mark:	EVIANT
Hardware Version:	A862_MB_V2.0.0
Software Version:	EVT10QUSV01
Antenna Gain:	GSM/UMTS850:-0.6dBi
Antenna Gam.	GSM/UMTS1900:1.3dBi
IMEI:	N/A

# 5.3 Sub-Assembly

Sub-Assembly	
Sub-Assembly Name	Description
AC adapter	Model: APS-M009050150L-G
	Input: 120V~60Hz 0.35A Max
	Output: 5V == 2A

Sub-Assembly	
Sub-Assembly Name Description	
Battery	Type: 3.7V Lithium polymer battery



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#### 5.4 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab,

No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle Section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. 518057.

Tel: +86 755 2601 2053 Fax: +86 755 2671 0594

# 5.5 Technical Specification

Characteristics	Description		
Radio System Type	⊠ GSM		
Radio System Type	□ UMTS		
	OOMOEO/WODMAOEO	Transmission (TX): 824 to 849 MHz	
Supported Fraguency Pange	GSM850/ WCDMA850	Receiving (RX): 869 to 894 MHz	
Supported Frequency Range	GSM1900/ WCDMA1900	Transmission (TX): 1850 to 1910 MHz	
	GSW1900/ WGDWA1900	Receiving (RX): 1930 to 1990 MHz	
	GSM850: 32.5dBm		
Target TX Output Power	GSM1900 30.5dBm		
Target 17 Output Fower	UMTS850 24.5dBm		
	UMTS1900: 25.5dBm		
Supported Channel Bandwidth	GSM system:	⊠200 kHz	
Supported Charmer Bandwidth	UMTS system:	⊠5 MHz	
Designation of Emissions	GSM850:	244KGXW, 236KG7W	
(Note: the necessary bandwidth of	GSM1900:	244KGXW, 242KG7W	
which is the worst value from the	UMTS850:	4M17F9W	
measured occupied bandwidths for each type of channel bandwidth configuration.)	UMTS1900:	4M17F9W	



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# 6 General Test Conditions / Configurations

#### 6.1 Test Mode

Test Mode	Test Modes Description
GSM/TM1	GSM system, GSM/GPRS, GMSK modulation
GSM/TM2	GSM system, EDGE, 8PSK modulation
UMTS/TM1	WCDMA system, QPSK modulation
UMTS/TM2	HSDPA system, QPSK modulation
UMTS/TM3	HSUPA system, QPSK modulation

NOTE: The test mode(s) are selected according to relevant radio technology specifications.

#### 6.2 Test Environment

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests		
Relative Humidity	Ambient		
Humidity:	52 % RH		
Temperature	TN	Ambient	
	VL	3.5V	
Voltage :	VN	3.7V	
	VH	4.2V	

NOTE: VL= lower extreme test voltage

VN= nominal voltage

VH= upper extreme test voltage

TN= normal temperature



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# 6.3 Test Frequency

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel			
		Low (L)	Middle (M)	High (H)	
	TX	Channel 128	Channel 192	Channel 251	
GSM850	1.	824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz	
GSIVIOSU	RX	Channel 128	Channel 192	Channel 251	
	ΠΛ	869.2MHz	881.6MHz	893.8MHz	
	TX	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233	
WCDMA850	IX	826.4MHz	836.4MHz	846.6MHz	
VVCDIVIA650	RX	Channel 4357	Channel 4407	Channel 4458	
		871.4MHz	881.4MHz	891.6MHz	
Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel			
rest wode	TX/TIX	Low (L)	Middle (M)	High (H)	
	TX	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810	
GSM1900	TX.	1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	
G3W1900	RX	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810	
		1930.2 MHz	1960.0 MHz	1989.8 MHz	
	TX	Channel 9262	Channel9400	Channel9538	
WCDMA1900	17	1852.4MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.6MHz	
W CDIVIA 1900	RX	Channel 9662	Channel 9800	Channel 9938	
	ΠΛ	1932.4 MHz	1960.0 MHz	1987.6 MHz	



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## 6.4 Description of Tests

### 6.4.1 Conducted Output Power

Measurement Procedure:

The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and power meter, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The power output at the transmitter antenna port was determined by adding the value of the cable insertion loss to the power reading. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel, middle channel and high channel) and on the highest power levels, which can be setup on the transmitters.

Note: Reference test setup 1

#### 6.4.2 Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power of Transmitter

Measurement Procedure:

#### Below 1GHz test procedure as below:

- 1). The EUT was powered ON and placed on a 0.8m high table in the chamber. The antenna of the transmitter was extended to its maximum length.
- 2). The disturbance of the transmitter was maximized on the test receiver display by raising and lowering from 1m to 4m the receive antenna and by rotating through 360° the turntable. After the fundamental emission was maximized, a field strength measurement was made.
- 3). Steps 1) and 2) were performed with the EUT and the receive antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization.
- 4). The transmitter was then removed and replaced with another antenna. The center of the antenna was approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter.
- 5). A signal at the disturbance was fed to the substitution antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With both the substitution and the receive antennas horizontally polarized, the receive antenna was raised and lowered to obtain a maximum reading at the test receiver. The level of the signal generator was adjusted until the measured field strength level in step 2) is obtained for this set of conditions.
- 6). The output power into the substitution antenna was then measured.
- 7). Steps 5) and 6) were repeated with both antennas polarized.
- 8). Calculate power in dBm by the following formula:

ERP (dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd)

Where:



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Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.

#### Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

1). Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber

2). Calculate power in dBm by the following formula:

EIRP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBi)

EIRP=ERP+2.15dB

Where:

Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.

3). Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel the Highest channel

4). The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning. And found the X axis positioning which it is worse case, Only the test worst case mode is recorded in the report.

5). Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

Note: Reference test setup 2

#### 6.4.3 Occupied Bandwidth

#### Measurement Procedure:

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyser, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel, middle channel and high channel). The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1 percent of the selected span as is possible without being below 1 percent. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used since a peak or, peak hold, may produce a wider bandwidth than actual. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 percent of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.

Note: Reference test setup 1



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## 6.4.4 Band Edge at Antenna Terminals

#### Measurement Procedure:

The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyser, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel and high channel).in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of 100kHz or 1% of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The EUT emission bandwidth is measured as the width of the signal between two points, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power. The video bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at thrice the resolution bandwidth. Detector Mode was set to peak or peak hold power.

Note: Reference test setup 1

#### 6.4.5 Spurious And Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

#### Measurement Procedure:

The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyzer, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel and high channel). The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Note: Reference test setup 1



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#### 6.4.6 Peak-Average Ratio

#### Measurement Procedure:

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. For WCDMA signals, the spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level. For GSM signals, an average and a peak trace are used on a spectrum analyzer to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a bandwidth greater than the emission bandwidth. The traces are generated with the spectrum analyzer set to zero span mode.

Note: Reference test setup 1

#### 6.4.7 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Measurement Procedure:

#### Below 1GHz test procedure as below:

- 1). The EUT was powered ON and placed on a 80cm high table in the chamber. The antenna of the transmitter was extended to its maximum length.
- 2). The disturbance of the transmitter was maximized on the test receiver display by raising and lowering from 1m to 4m (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) the receive antenna and by rotating through 360° the turntable. After the fundamental emission was maximized, a field strength measurement was made.
- 3). Steps 1) and 2) were performed with the EUT and the receive antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization.
- 4). The transmitter was then removed and replaced with another antenna. The center of the antenna was approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter.
- 5). A signal at the disturbance was fed to the substitution antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With both the substitution and the receive antennas horizontally polarized, the receive antenna was raised and lowered to obtain a maximum reading at the test receiver. The level of the signal generator was adjusted until the measured field strength level in step 2) is obtained for this set of conditions.
- 6). The output power into the substitution antenna was then measured.
- 7). Steps 5) and 6) were repeated with both antennas polarized.
- 8) Calculate power in dBm by the following formula:



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ERP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd)

#### Where:

Pd is the dipole equivalent power, Pg is the generator output into the substitution antenna, and the antenna gain is the gain of the substitute antenna used relative to either a half-wave dipole (dBd) or an isotropic source (dBi). The substitute level is equal to Pg [dBm] – cable loss [dB]. The calculated Pd levels are then compared to the absolute spurious emission limit of -13dBm which is equivalent to the required minimum attenuation of 43 + 10log10(Power [Watts]).

#### Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

- Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber
- 2) Calculate power in dBm by the following formula:

EIRP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBi) EIRP=ERP+2.15dB

#### Where:

Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.

- 3. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel the Highest channel
- 4. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning. And found the X axis positioning which it is worse case, Only the test worst case mode is recorded in the report.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete

#### Note: Reference test setup 3

### 6.4.8 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

#### Measurement Procedure:

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004. The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30 °C to +50 °C in 10 °C increments using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Specification – The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within  $\pm 0.00025\%$  ( $\pm 2.5$  ppm ) of the center frequency.

#### **Time Period and Procedure:**



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1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20 °C to provide a reference).

- 2. The equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
- 3. Frequency measurements are made at 10 °C intervals ranging from -30 °C to +50 °C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

Note: Reference test setup 4

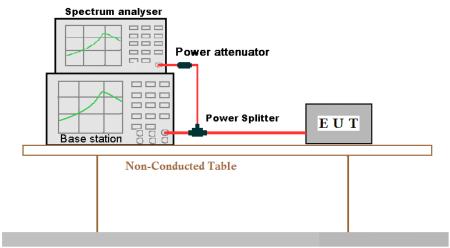


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# 6.5 Test Setups

#### 6.5.1 Test Setup 1



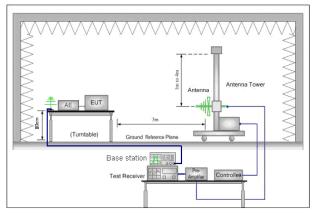
**Ground Reference Plane** 



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#### 6.5.2 Test Setup 2



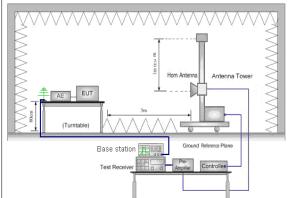


Figure 1. 30MHz to 1GHz

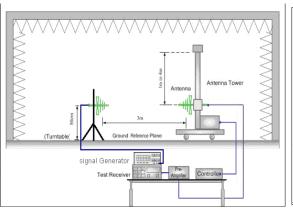


Figure 2. above 1GHz

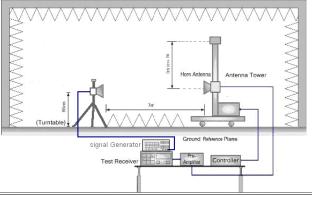


Figure 1. 30MHz to 1GHz

Figure 2. above 1GHz

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#### **6.5.3 Test Setup 3**

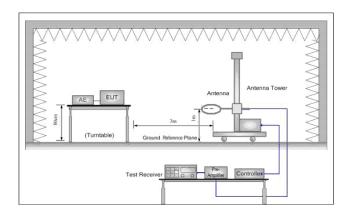
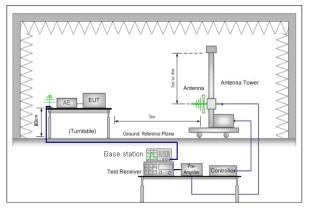


Figure 1. Below 30MHz



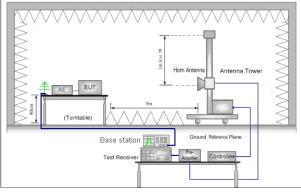


Figure 3. above 1GHz

Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

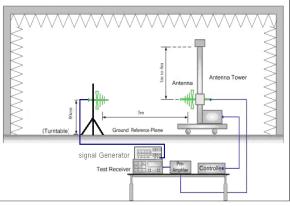


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

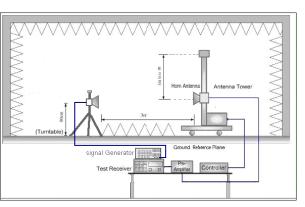


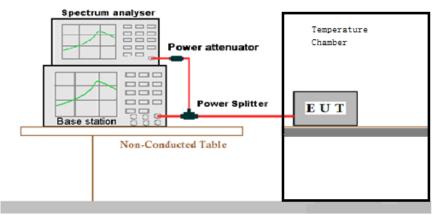
Figure 3. above 1GHz



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#### 6.5.4 Test Setup 4



Ground Reference Plane



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#### 6.6 Test Conditions

Test Case		Test Conditions			
Transmit Average Power,		Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage		
Output	Total	Test Setup	Test Setup 1		
Power Data		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H		
			(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)		
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1		
	Average Power,	Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage		
	Spectral Density (if required)	Test Setup	Test Setup 1		
	(ii required)	RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H		
			(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)		
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1		
Peak-to-Ave	rage Ratio	Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage		
(if required)		Test Setup	Test Setup 1		
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H		
			(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)		
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1		
Modulation C	Characteristics	Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage		
		Test Setup	Test Setup 1		
		RF Channels (TX)	M		
			(M= middle channe )		
	<del>,</del>	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1		
Bandwidth	Occupied	Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage		
	Bandwidth	Test Setup	Test Setup 1		
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H		
			(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)		
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1		
	Emission	Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage		
	Bandwidth	Test Setup	Test Setup 1		
	(if required)	RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H		
			(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)		
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1 🌠 🗐 🔎		
Band Edges	Compliance	Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage		
		Test Setup	Test Setup 1		
		RF Channels (TX)	L, H		



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		(L= low channel, H= high channel)
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1
Spurious Emission at Antenna	Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
Terminals	Test Setup	Test Setup 1
	RF Channels (TX)	L, H
		(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1
Field Strength of Spurious	Test Environment	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
Radiation	Test Setup	Test Setup 2
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1/TM2/TM3
		NOTE: If applicable, the EUT conf. that has maximum power density (based on the equivalent power level) is selected.
	RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H
		(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
Frequency Stability	Test Env.	(1) -30 °C to +50 °C with step 10 °C at Rated Voltage;
		(2) VL, VN and VH of Rated Voltage at Ambient Climate.
	Test Setup	Test Setup 3
	RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H
		(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1



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# 7 Main Test Instruments

	Conducted Emission					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Due date (yyyy-mm-dd)	
1	Shielding Room	ZhongYu Electron	GB-88	SEL0042	2015-06-10	
2	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	SEL0152	2015-10-24	
3	LISN	ETS-LINDGREN	3816/2	SEL0021	2015-05-16	
4	8 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN- T8-02	SEL0162	2015-08-30	
5	4 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN- T4-02	SEL0163	2015-08-30	
6	2 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN- T2-02	SEL0164	2015-08-30	
7	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	SEL0022	2015-05-19	
8	Coaxial Cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0025	2015-05-29	
9	Universal radio communication tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	SEL0091	2015-10-24	
10	Universal radio communication tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	SEL0194	2015-10-24	
11	DC Power Supply	Zhao Xin	RXN-305D	SEL0117	2015-10-24	



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	RE in Chamber				
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Due date (yyyy-mm-dd)
1	3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	ETS-LINDGREN	N/A	SEL0017	2015-06-10
2	EMI Test Receiver	Agilent Technologies	N9038A	SEL0312	2015-09-16
3	EMI Test software	AUDIX	E3	SEL0050	N/A
4	BiConiLog Antenna (26-3000MHz)	ETS-LINDGREN	3142C	SEL0015	2015-10-24
5	Double-ridged horn (1-18GHz)	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	SEL0006	2015-10-24
6	Horn Antenna (18-26GHz)	ETS-LINDGREN	3160	SEL0076	2015-10-24
7	Pre-amplifier (0.1-1300MHz)	Agilent Technologies	8447D	SEL0053	2015-05-16
8	Pre-Amplifier (0.1-26.5GHz)	Compliance Directions Systems Inc.	PAP-0126	SEL0168	2015-10-24
9	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0027	2015-05-29
10	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0189	2015-05-29
11	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0121	2015-05-29
12	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0178	2015-05-29
13	Band filter	Amindeon	82346	SEL0094	2015-05-16
14	Barometer	Chang Chun	DYM3	SEL0088	2015-05-16
15	Universal radio communication tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	SEL0091	2015-10-24
16	Universal radio communication tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	SEL0194	2015-10-24
17	Signal Generator (10M-27GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR27	SEL0067	2015-05-16
18	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMY01	SEL0155	2015-10-24
19	Humidity/ Temperature Indicator	Shanhai Qixiang	ZJ1-2B	SEL0103	2015-10-24
20	DC Power Supply	Zhao Xin	RXN-305D	SEL0117	2015-10-24



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	RF connected test					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Due date (yyyy-mm-dd)	
1	DC Power Supply	Zhao Xin	RXN-305D	SEL0117	2015-10-24	
2	Humidity/ Temperature Indicator	HYGRO	ZJ1-2B	SEL0033	2015-10-24	
3	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP	SEL0154	2015-10-24	
4	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0178	2015-05-29	
5	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0179	2015-05-29	
6	Barometer	ChangChun	DYM3	SEL0088	2015-05-19	
7	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SML03	SEL0068	2015-05-16	
8	Band filter	amideon	82346	SEL0094	2015-05-16	
9	Power Divider(splitter)	Agilent Technologies	11636B	SEL0130	2015-10-24	
10	POWER METER	R&S	NRVS	SEL0144	2015-10-24	
11	Universal radio communication tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	SEL0091	2015-10-24	
12	Universal radio communication tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	SEL0194	2015-10-24	
13	Attenuator	Beijin feihang taida	TST-2-6dB	SEL0205	2015-05-16	

Note: The calibration interval is one year, all the instruments are valid.



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# 8 Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level (k = 2), the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 as following:

Test Item	Extended Uncertainty	Data
Transmit Output Power Data	Power [dBm]	U = 0.37 dB
Bandwidth	Magnitude [%]	U = 0.2%
Band Edge Compliance	Disturbance Power [dBm]	U = 2.0 dB
Spurious Emissions, Conducted	Disturbance Power [dBm]	U = 2.0 dB
Field Strength of Spurious	ERP [dBm]	For 3 m Chamber:
Radiation		U = 4.5 dB (30 MHz to 1GHz)
		U = 3.3 dB (above 1 GHz)
		For 10 m Chamber:
		U = 4.5 dB (30 MHz to 1GHz)
		U = 3.2 dB (above 1 GHz)
Frequency Stability	Frequency Accuracy [ppm]	U = 0.24 ppm

The End