# FCC SAR Measurement and Test Report

# For

# iDROID Inc.

1715 Mission Springs Dr.KATy. TEXAS 77450 USA

FCC Part 2.1093

ANSI / IEEE C95.1:2005

ANSI / IEEE C95.3:2002

FCC Rules: <u>IEEE 1528 :2013</u>

Product Description: Mobile Phone

Tested Model: KING

**Report No.:** <u>STR15058195H</u>

Head: 0.452 W/kg(1g)

Max. SAR Values: Body: 0.629 W/kg(1g)

**Tested Date:** <u>2015-05-25 to 2015-05-28</u>

**Issued Date:** <u>2015-05-29</u>

Tested By: <u>Lucy Wei / Engineer</u>

Lahm Peng / EMC Manager

Approved & Authorized By: Jandy So / PSQ Manager

Prepared By:

Reviewed By:

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C. (518101)

Tel.: +86-755-33663308 Fax.: +86-755-33663309 Website: www.semtest.com.cn

Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd.

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1. General Information	
1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)	
1.2 Test Standards	
1.3 Test Methodology	
1.4 Test Facility	
2. Summary of Test Results	
3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
3.1 Introduction	
3.2 SAR Definition	
4. SAR Measurement System	
4.1 The Measurement System	
4.3 Probe Calibration Process	
4.4 Phantom	1
4.5 Device Holder	
4.6 Test Equipment List	
5. Tissue Simulating Liquids	
5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid	
5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms	
6. SAR Measurement Evaluation	
6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check	
6.2 System Setup	
6.3 Validation Results	
7. EUT Testing Position	
7.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on The Handset	
7.2 Cheek Position	19
7.3 Tilted Position	19
7.4 Body Position	
7.5 EUT Antenna Position	
8. SAR Measurement Procedures	
8.1 Measurement Procedures	
8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures	23
8.4 Volume Scan Procedures	
8.5 SAR Averaged Methods	
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
9.1 Conducted RF Output Power	
9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test	2²
9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis	
10. Measurement Uncertainty	
10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test	
10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check	39
Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check	41
Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement	49
Annex C. EUT Photos	150
Annex D. Test Setup Photos	152

### 1. General Information

### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### **Client Information**

Applicant: iDROID Inc.

Address of applicant: 1715 Mission Springs Dr.KATy. TEXAS 77450 USA

Manufacturer: iDROID Inc.

Address of manufacturer: 1715 Mission Springs Dr.KATy. TEXAS 77450 USA

General Description of EU	
Product Name:	Mobile Phone
Brand Name:	iDROID
Model No.:	KING
Hardware Version:	8069-01R V1.1
Software Version:	8069-01R_6582_KK_QHD_JF_ROID_V001_20150527_ 1718
IMEI	100364391378589/730565743232605
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V Li-ion Battery
Battery:	2100mAh
Device Category:	Portable Device

The EUT is dual band GSM 850/1900 MHz, WCDMA 850/1900/1700MHz, Mobile Phone. The Mobile Phone is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS class 12 for GSM 850/1900 and Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, GPS, and camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet.

*Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.* 

Technical Characteristics of EU	ıτ
2G	
Support Networks:	GSM, GPRS
Support Band:	GSM850/900/1800/1900
Unlink Fraguenov	GSM/GPRS 850: 824~849MHz
Uplink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink Fraguency:	GSM/GPRS 850: 869~894MHz
Downlink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
RF Output Power:	GSM850: 32.70dBm, GSM1900: 29.76dBm
Type of Modulation:	GMSK
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: -1.0dBi, GSM1900: -1.0dBi
GPRS Class:	Class 12

3G				
Support Networks:	WCDMA, HSDPA, HSUPA			
Support Band:	WCDMA Band II, WCDMA Band IV, WCDMA Band V			
	WCDMA Band II: 1850~1910MHz			
Uplink Frequency:	WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz			
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710~1755MHz			
	WCDMA Band II: 1930~1990MHz			
Downlink Frequency:	WCDMA Band V: 869~894MHz			
	WCDMA Band IV: 2110~2115MHz			
RF Output Power:	WCDMA850: 22.40dBm, WCDMA1900: 22.60dBm			
Kr Odipul Fower.	WCDMA1700: 22.60dBm			
Type of Modulation:	BPSK			
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna			
Antenna Gain:	WCDMA850: -1.0dBi, WCDMA1900: -1.0dBi			
Antenna Gam.	WCDMA1700: -1.0dBi			
WIFI				
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n			
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/b/n(HT20)			
rrequericy realige.	2422-2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40)			
AV Output Power:	9.45dBm (Conducted)			
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM			
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps			
Quantity of Channels:	11 for 802.11b/b/n(HT20), 7 for 802.11n(HT40)			
Channel Separation:	5MHz			
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna			
Antenna Gain:	-1.0dBi			
Bluetooth				
Bluetooth Version:	V4.0			
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz			
AV Output Power:	2.16dBm (Conducted)			
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps			
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK			
Quantity of Channels:	79/40			
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz			
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna			
Antenna Gain:	-1.0dBi			

#### 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the iDROID Inc. in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, IEEE 1528-2003 and KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r01

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

*Maintenance of compliance* is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

### 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r01. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

#### 1.4 Test Facility

### • FCC – Registration No.: 934118

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 934118.

### • Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

#### • CNAS Registration No.: L4062

Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 5 of 156 SAR Report

# 2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Engguenay Pond	Head SAR	Body-worn (10mm Gap)	Hotspot (10mm Gap)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> Limit
Frequency Band	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
GSM850	0.175	0.339	0.548	1.6
GSM1900	0.138	0.248	0.495	1.6
WCDMA Band V	0.033	0.073	0.073	1.6
WCDMA Band II	0.210	0.271	0.364	1.6
WCDMA Band IV	0.452	0.629	0.629	1.6

The highest reported SAR values for head, body-worn accessory, wireless router(hotspot) are 0.452 W/kg, 0.629 W/kg and 0.629 W/kg respectively.

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r01

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 6 of 156 SAR Report

# 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techiques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta$  T is the temperature rise and  $\delta$  t is the exposure duration, or related to the

electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

# 4. SAR Measurement System

### 4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

# 4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 SN 09/13 EP168 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Probe Length: 330 mm

Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mmMaximum external diameter: 8 mmProbe Tip External Diameter: 5 mm

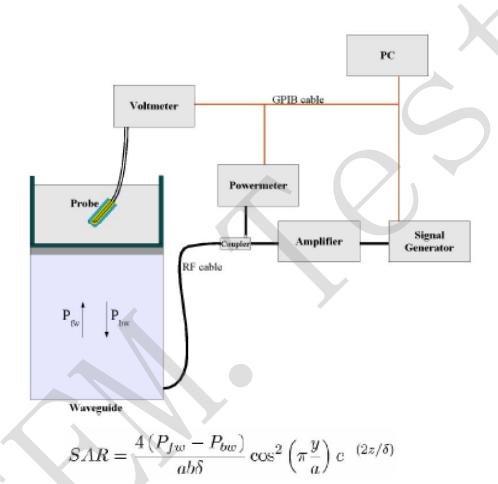
- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm

- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB</li>
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB</li>
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB</li>

- Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line: 1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



Where:

Pfw = Forward Power

Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

I = Skin depth

#### Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

#### **4.3 Probe Calibration Process**

#### **Dosimetric Assessment Procedure**

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

#### Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm2.

### **Temperature Assessment Procedure**

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR = 
$$C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$
 Where:  

$$\Delta t = \text{exposure time (30 seconds)},$$

$$C = \text{heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle)},$$

$$\Delta T = \text{temperature increase due to RF exposure}.$$

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 10 of 156 SAR Report

$$SAR = \frac{\left| \mathbf{E} \right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma = \text{simulated tissue conductivity},$ 

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)

#### 4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

#### 4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

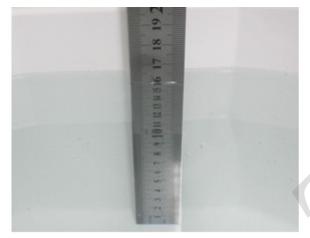
# **4.6 Test Equipment List**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP168	2015-03-16	2016-03-15
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 47/12 DIP 0G835-204	2015-03-16	2016-03-15
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 47/12 DIP 1G900-207	2015-03-16	2016-03-15
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2015-03-16	2016-03-15
SAM Phantom	SATIMO	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2015-05-28	2016-05-27
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2015-05-28	2016-05-27
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2015-05-28	2016-05-27
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	2901A00831	2015-05-28	2016-05-27
Data Acquisition	SATIMO	DAE4	915	2015-05-28	2016-05-27
Electronics	SATIVIO	DAE4	913	2013-03-28	2010-03-27
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2015-05-28	2016-05-27

# **5. Tissue Simulating Liquids**

### 5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Head SAR



**Liquid Height for Body SAR** 

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Water	Salt	Triton	HEC	Preventol	DGBE
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
			Head			
835	35.34	0.98	0.00	0.00	63.68	0.00
1900	55.26	0.52	30.40	0.00	0.00	13.82
			Body			
835	52.87	1.07	0.00	0.00	46.10	0.00
1900	69.99	0.41	20.66	0.00	0.00	8.93

### **5.2** Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Tongot Engguenov	Не	ead	Body		
Target Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity	Permittivity	Conductivity	Permittivity	
(IVIIIZ)	$(\sigma)$	$(\mathcal{E}_{r})$	$(\sigma)$	$(\mathcal{E}_{r})$	
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9	
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2	
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7	
835	0.90	41.5	0.97	55.2	
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0	
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0	
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0	
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8	
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3	
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7	
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0	
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2	

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 14 of 156 SAR Report

### **5.3 Tissue Calibration Result**

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

# Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid												
Emag	Т	<b>Conductivity</b> Permittivity					Conductivity			T .	I imit	
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Reading	Target	Delta	Reading	Target	Delta	Limit (%)	Date			
WIIIZ.	(0)	$(\sigma)$	$(\sigma)$	(%)	$(\mathcal{E} \mathbf{r})$	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	(%)	(70)				
835	21.2	0.87	0.90	-3.33	41.11	41.50	-0.94	±5	2015-05-25			
1900	21.3	1.38	1.40	-1.43	38.56	40.00	-3.60	±5	2015-05-25			

	Body Tissue Simulating Liquid								
Conductivity Permittivity						Limit			
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (℃)	Reading $(\sigma)$	Target $(\sigma)$	Delta	Reading $(\mathcal{E}_{\mathbf{r}})$	Target (Er)	Delta	(%)	Date
835	21.2	0.95	0.97	-2.06	54.85	55.20	<b>(%)</b> <b>-</b> 0.63	±5	2015-05-25
1900	21.3	1.50	1.52	-1.32	52.42	53.30	-1.65	±5	2015-05-25

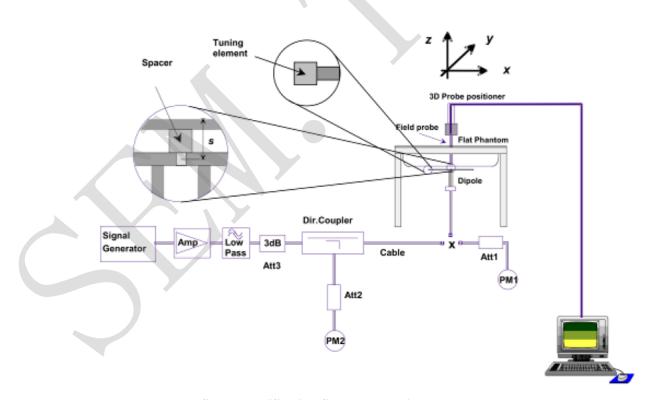
#### 6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

### **6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check**

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

#### **6.2 System Setup**

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



**System Verification Setup Block Diagram** 

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 16 of 156 SAR Report



**Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna** 

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.

#### **6.3 Validation Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	requency Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub> Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub>		Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Tolerance
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)
		Head		
835	9.56	2.41	9.65	0.94
1900	39.70	9.90	39.59	-0.28
		Body		
835	9.56	2.34	9.36	-2.09
1900	39.70	9.75	39.01	-1.74

**Targeted and Measurement SAR** 

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.

# 7. EUT Testing Position

### 7.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on The Handset

(a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset.

- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

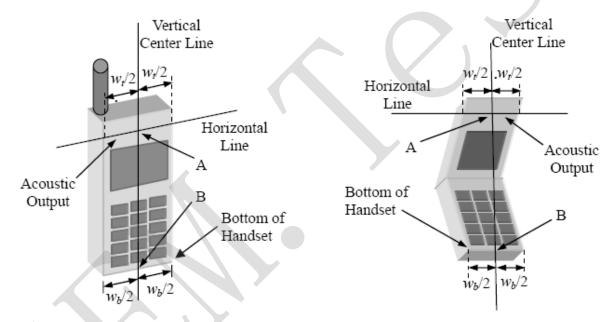
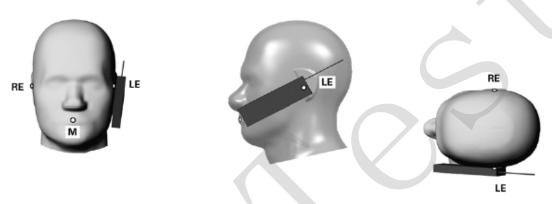


Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

#### 7.2 Cheek Position

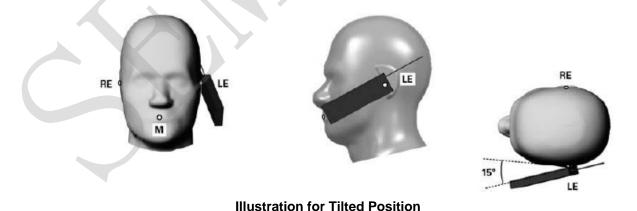
(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE. (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.2).



**Illustration for Cheek Position** 

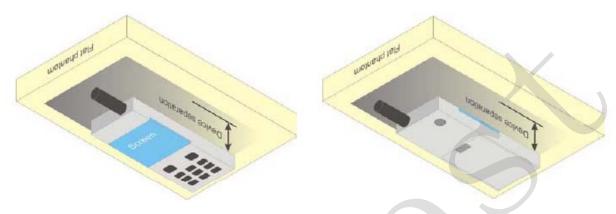
#### 7.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.3).



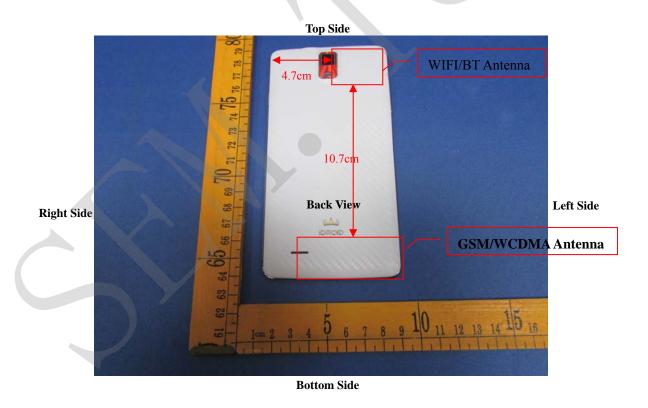
# 7.4 Body Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10mm.



**Illustration for Body Position** 

### 7.5 EUT Antenna Position



**Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position** 

# **7.6 EUT Testing Position**

Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Head SAR tests						
Antennas	Right Cheek	Left Cheek	Right Tilted	Left Tilted		
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
WLAN	No	No	No	No		

Hotspot SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm							
Antennas	Front	Back	Right Side	Left Side	Top Side	<b>Bottom Side</b>	
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
WLAN	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Body-worn SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Front	Back				
WWAN	Yes	Yes				
WLAN	No	No				

#### Remark:

1. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >= 9cm\*5cm, the test separation is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.

#### 8. SAR Measurement Procedures

#### **8.1 Measurement Procedures**

The measurement procedures are as follows:

(a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.

- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex E demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

#### 8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

#### **8.4 Volume Scan Procedures**

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

# 8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

#### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

### 9. SAR Test Result

### 9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)							
Band		GSM850			PCS1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM	32.57	32.61	32.58	29.52	29.73	<mark>29.76</mark>	
GPRS (1 slot)	32.63	32.70	32.68	29.54	29.70	29.74	
GPRS (2 slots)	31.74	31.84	31.86	28.62	28.91	28.98	
GPRS (3 slots)	29.69	29.81	29.87	26.64	27.06	27.29	
GPRS (4 slots)	28.40	28.56	28.62	25.31	25.79	26.16	

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)							
Band		GSM850		PCS1900			
Channel	128	128 190 251		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM	23.57	23.61	23.58	20.52	20.73	20.76	
GPRS (1 slot)	23.63	23.70	23.68	20.54	20.70	20.74	
GPRS (2 slots)	25.74	25.84	<b>25.86</b>	22.62	22.91	22.98	
GPRS (3 slots)	25.44	25.56	25.62	22.39	22.81	23.04	
GPRS (4 slots)	25.40	25.56	25.62	22.31	22.79	23.16	

Note: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time-average power = Burst averaged power - Duty cycle factor in dB

#### Remark

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
- 2. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 4. The DUT do not support DTM function.

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)								
Band	W	CDMA Band	l II	W	CDMA Band	I V		
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233		
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6		
RMC 12.2k	22.56	<mark>22.60</mark>	22.42	<mark>22.40</mark>	22.28	22.26		
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.31	21.54	21.33	21.59	21.44	21.21		
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.39	21.68	21.56	21.11	21.56	21.49		
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.69	21.19	21.43	21.36	21.63	21.54		
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.93	21.46	21.38	21.57	21.58	21.25		
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.41	21.52	21.28	21.47	21.36	21.61		
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.25	21.78	21.39	21.22	21.39	21.06		
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.63	21.98	21.73	21.39	21.16	21.52		
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.18	21.85	21.24	21.21	21.29	21.71		
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.34	21.29	21.57	21.87	21.37	21.35		

	WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)						
Band	W	CDMA Band	IV				
Channel	1312	1413	1513				
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6				
RMC 12.2k	<mark>22.60</mark>	21.93	21.90				
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.57	21.43	20.93				
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.23	21.40	21.06				
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.40	21.38	20.85				
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.33	21.52	20.89				
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.61	20.99	20.98				
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.40	20.89	21.18				
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.56	21.04	20.84				
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.30	20.92	21.07				
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.59	21.13	20.94				

#### Remark:

- 1. For Head SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- 2. For Body SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA subset-1 output power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, and SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is  $\leq$  1.2W/kg, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 25 of 156 SAR Report

	WLAN - Maximum Average Power							
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)				
		CH 01	2412	9.39				
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 06	2437	9.22				
		CH 11	2462	9.14				
	54Mbps	CH 01	2412	9.16				
802.11g		CH 06	2437	9.18				
		CH 11	2462	9.17				
		CH 01	2412	9.36				
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS7	CH 06	2437	9.42				
		CH 11	2462	9.35				
		CH 03	2422	9.39				
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS7	CH 06	2437	9.41				
		CH 09	2452	<mark>9.45</mark>				

#### Remark:

WLAN maximum output power is 9.45dBm, and Tune-Up output power is 9.5dBm. Per KDB 648474 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot$  [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq$  3.0 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation17
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
9.5	8.91	5	2.452	2.79	3

The exclusion thresholds is 2.79< 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power							
Test Mode	Data Rate	Average Power(dBm)					
		СН00	СН39	СН78			
GFSK	1Mbps	-0.51	1.12	<mark>2.16</mark>			
4*π4DQPSK	2Mbps	-0.94	0.60	1.67			
8DPSK	3Mbps	-0.57	1.05	2.13			

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power							
Tost Modo	Doto Doto	Channel	Frequency	Average Power			
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)			
	1Mbps	CH 00	2402	-8.24			
BLE		CH 19	2440	-7.15			
		CH 39	2480	-6.14			

#### Remark:

Bluetooth maximum output power is 2.16dBm, and Tune-Up output power is 2.5dBm. Per KDB 648474 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation17
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
2.5	1.78	5	2.480	0.56	3

The exclusion thresholds is 0.56< 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.

# 9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

# **Head SAR**

	GSM850 – Head SAR Test											
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled			
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g			
140.		Heau	CH.	MITIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)			
1	GSM	Right Cheek	190	836.6	32.61	33.0	1.0940	0.1601	0.1751			
2	GSM	Right Tilted	190	836.6	32.61	33.0	1.0940	0.0741	0.0811			
3	GSM	Left Cheek	190	836.6	32.61	33.0	1.0940	0.1155	0.1264			
4	GSM	Left Tilted	190	836.6	32.61	33.0	1.0940	0.0526	0.0575			

Plot	Test Position		Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	M Hz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Head	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
12	GSM	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	29.76	30.0	1.0568	0.0750	0.0793
13	GSM	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	29.76	30.0	1.0568	0.0301	0.0318
14	GSM	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	29.76	30.0	1.0568	<mark>0.1303</mark>	0.1377
15	GSM	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	29.76	30.0	1.0568	0.0406	0.0429

	WCDMA Band V – Head SAR Test											
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled			
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g			
140.		Heau	CII.	MIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)			
23	RMC	Right Cheek	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	<mark>0.0326</mark>	<mark>0.0334</mark>			
24	RMC	Right Tilted	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	0.0273	0.0279			
25	RMC	Left Cheek	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	0.0310	0.0317			
26	RMC	Left Tilted	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	0.0260	0.0266			

	WCDMA Band II – Head SAR Test											
Plot Test Position Frequency Output Rated Scaling SAR1g								Scaled				
No.	Mode	Head	CII	MIIa	Power	Limit	Factor	SAKIG (W/kg)	SAR1g			
110.		Heau	СН.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)			
32	RMC	Right Cheek	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.1289	0.1413			
33	RMC	Right Tilted	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.0416	0.0456			
34	RMC	Left Cheek	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	<mark>0.1915</mark>	0.2100			
35	RMC	Left Tilted	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.0400	0.0439			

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 28 of 156 SAR Report

	WCDMA Band IV- Head SAR Test											
Plot	ot Test Position		Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled			
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g			
110.		Heau	Cn.	MITIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)			
41	RMC	Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.2044	0.2241			
42	RMC	Right Tilted	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.0968	0.1061			
43	RMC	Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	<mark>0.4119</mark>	<mark>0.4516</mark>			
44	RMC	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.1329	0.1457			

**Remark:** Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

# **Body-worn SAR**

		GSM	1850 – Bo	dy SAR Te	est (Gap: 1	0mm)			
Plot		Test Position	Frequ	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode		СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Body	CH.	WIHZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
5	GSM	Back	190	836.6	32.61	33.0	1.0940	<mark>0.3094</mark>	0.3385
6	GSM	Front	190	836.6	32.61	33.0	1.0940	0.1242	0.1359

		GSM	1900 – Bo	dy SAR T	est (Gap: 1	10mm)			
Plot		Test Position	Frequ	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode		CH	MII-	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Body	СН.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
16	GSM	Back	810	1909.8	29.76	30.0	1.0568	0.2350	<mark>0.2484</mark>
17	GSM	Front	810	1909.8	29.76	30.0	1.0568	0.1853	0.1958

		WCDMA	Band V	- Body SA	R Test (Ga	ap: 10mm)	)		
Plot		Test Position	Freq	Frequency		Output Rated		SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode		CH	МЦа	Power	Limit	Scaling Factor	_	SAR1g
110.		Body	СН.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
27	RMC 12.2k	Back	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	<mark>0.0710</mark>	0.0727
28	RMC 12.2k	Front	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	0.0503	0.0515

		WCDMA	Band II	- Body SA	R Test (G	ap: 10mm	)		
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode		CII	MII-	Power	Limit	Factor	_	SAR1g
110.		Body	CH. MHz		(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
45	RMC 12.2k	Back	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.2474	0.2713
46 RMC 12.2k Front 9400 1880.0 22.60 23.0 1.0965 0.1925 0.21									0.2111

		W	CDMA B	and IV– H	lead SAR '	Test			
Plot		Tost Position	Freq	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAD1a	Scaled
	Mode Test Position Body	CII	CH MI		Limit	Factor	SAR1g	SAR1g	
No.		Бойу	CH.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
45	RMC 12.2k	Back	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.5736	<mark>0.6289</mark>
46	RMC 12.2k	Front	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.5735	0.6288

**Remark:** Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

# **Hotspot SAR**

	GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)												
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
140.		Douy	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
7	GPRS_2TX	Back Side	251	848.8	31.86	32.0	1.0328	<mark>0.5307</mark>	0.5481				
8	GPRS_2TX	Front Side	251	848.8	31.86	32.0	1.0328	0.1898	0.1960				
9	GPRS_2TX	Bottom side	251	848.8	31.86	32.0	1.0328	0.0621	0.0641				
10	GPRS_2TX	Right side	251	848.8	31.86	32.0	1.0328	0.0503	0.0519				
11	GPRS_2TX	Left side	251	848.8	31.86	32.0	1.0328	0.3238	0.3344				

	GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)												
Plot	Plot	Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Scaling Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
140.		Douy	CII.	WILIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
18	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	810	1909.8	26.16	26.5	1.0814	0.3988	0.4313				
19	GPRS_4TX	Front Side	810	1909.8	26.16	26.5	1.0814	0.3922	0.4241				
20	GPRS_4TX	Bottom side	810	1909.8	26.16	26.5	1.0814	0.4577	<mark>0.4950</mark>				
21	GPRS_4TX	Right side	810	1909.8	26.16	26.5	1.0814	0.0534	0.0577				
22	GPRS_4TX	Left side	810	1909.8	26.16	26.5	1.0814	0.0971	0.1050				

	WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)								
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Body	CH	МЦа	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
140.		Douy	CH. MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	
27	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	<mark>0.0710</mark>	0.0727
28	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	0.0503	0.0515
29	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	0.0087	0.0089
30	RMC 12.2k	Right side	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	0.0459	0.0470
31	RMC 12.2k	Left side	4132	826.4	22.40	22.5	1.0233	0.0523	0.0535

	WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)								
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Body	CH	МПа	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
140.		Douy	CH. MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	
36	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.2474	0.2713
37	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.1925	0.2111
38	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.3318	<mark>0.3638</mark>
39	RMC 12.2k	Right side	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.0344	0.0377
40	RMC 12.2k	Left side	9400	1880.0	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.1222	0.1340

	WCDMA Band IV- Head SAR Test								
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	МНа	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Dody	CH. MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	
45	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	<mark>0.5736</mark>	<mark>0.6289</mark>
46	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.5735	0.6288
47	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.4122	0.4520
48	RMC 12.2k	Right side	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.1873	0.2054
49	RMC 12.2k	Left side	1312	1712.4	22.60	23.0	1.0965	0.4080	0.4474

**Remark:** Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

### 9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Head SAR	Body-worn SAR	Hotspot SAR
1	GSM + WLAN	Yes	Yes	-
2	GPRS + WLAN	-	-	Yes
3	WCDMA + WLAN	Yes	Yes	-
4	HSDPA + WLAN	-	-	Yes
5	HSUPA + WLAN	-	-	Yes
6	GSM + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	-
7	<b>GPRS</b> + <b>Bluetooth</b>	-	-	Yes
8	WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	-
9	HSDPA + Bluetooth	-	-	Yes
10	HSUPA + Bluetooth	-	-	Yes

#### Remark:

- 1. GSM and WCDMA share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. According to the KDB 447498 D01v05r01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

For simultaneous transmission analysis, WIFI/Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r01 as below:

#### WIFI:

Tune-Up	Max. Power	Distance (mm)	Frequency	requency x		SAR(1g)
Power (dBm)	(mW)	Distance (IIIII)	(GHz)	^	5mm	10mm
9.5	8.91	5/10	2.452	7.5	0.3721	0.1860

#### Bluetooth:

Tune-Up	Max. Power	Distance (mm)	Distance (mm) Frequency X		SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)
Power (dBm)	(mW)	,	(GHz)		5mm	10mm
2.5	1.78	5/10	2.480	7.5	0.0748	0.0374

4. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

Head SAR WWAN and WLAN

	ww	'AN	WLAN	- Summed SAR	
Do 2'4' o 11	DJ	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR	(W/kg)	
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.1751	0.3721	0.5472	
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.0811	0.3721	0.4532	
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.1264	0.3721	0.4985	
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.0575	0.3721	0.4296	
Right Cheek	GSM1900	0.0793	0.3721	0.4514	
Right Tilted	GSM1900	0.0318	0.3721	0.4039	
Left Cheek	GSM1900	0.1377	0.3721	0.5098	
Left Tilted	GSM1900	0.0429	0.3721	0.415	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.0334	0.3721	0.4055	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.0279	0.3721	0.4	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.0317	0.3721	0.4038	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.0266	0.3721	0.3987	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.1413	0.3721	0.5134	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.0456	0.3721	0.4177	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.2100	0.3721	0.5821	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.0439	0.3721	0.416	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band IV	0.2241	0.3721	0.5962	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band IV	0.1061	0.3721	0.4782	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band IV	0.4516	0.3721	0.8237	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band IV	0.1457	0.3721	0.5178	

# WWAN and Bluetooth

	WW	VAN	Bluetooth	- Summed SAR
Position	Band	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR	(W/kg)
T OSITION		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(1178)
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.1751	0.0748	0.2499
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.0811	0.0748	0.1559
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.1264	0.0748	0.2012
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.0575	0.0748	0.1323
Right Cheek	GSM1900	0.0793	0.0748	0.1541
Right Tilted	GSM1900	0.0318	0.0748	0.1066
Left Cheek	GSM1900	0.1377	0.0748	0.2125
Left Tilted	GSM1900	0.0429	0.0748	0.1177
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.0334	0.0748	0.1082
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.0279	0.0748	0.1027
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.0317	0.0748	0.1065
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.0266	0.0748	0.1014

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 33 of 156 SAR Report

Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.1413	0.0748	0.2161
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.0456	0.0748	0.1204
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.2100	0.0748	0.2848
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.0439	0.0748	0.1187
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band IV	0.2241	0.0748	0.2989
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band IV	0.1061	0.0748	0.1809
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band IV	0.4516	0.0748	0.5264
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band IV	0.1457	0.0748	0.2205



Body-worn SAR WWAN and WLAN

	WWAN		WLAN	Summed SAR
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Back	GSM850	0.3385	0.1860	0.5245
Front	GSM850	0.1359	0.1860	0.3219
Back	GSM1900	0.2484	0.1860	0.4344
Front	GSM1900	0.1958	0.1860	0.3818
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.0727	0.1860	0.2587
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.0515	0.1860	0.2375
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.2713	0.1860	0.4573
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.2111	0.1860	0.3971
Back	WCDMA Band IV	0.6289	0.1860	0.8149
Front	WCDMA Band IV	0.6288	0.1860	0.8148

#### WWAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN	ı	Bluetooth	Summed SAR
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Back	GSM850	0.3385	0.0374	0.3759
Front	GSM850	0.1359	0.0374	0.1733
Back	GSM1900	0.2484	0.0374	0.2858
Front	GSM1900	0.1958	0.0374	0.2332
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.0727	0.0374	0.1101
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.0515	0.0374	0.0889
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.2713	0.0374	0.3087
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.2111	0.0374	0.2485
Back	WCDMA Band IV	0.6289	0.0374	0.6663
Front	WCDMA Band IV	0.6288	0.0374	0.6662

**Remark:** For WIFI, BT the 1g SAR value is not being captured by the measurement system, the 1g-SAR value is conservatively used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 35 of 156 SAR Report

Hotspot SAR WWAN and WLAN

	WW	'AN	WLAN	G LGAD	
D:4:	DJ	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR	Summed SAR	
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.5481	0.1860	0.7341	
Front	GSM850	0.1960	0.1860	0.382	
Top side	GSM850		0.1860	0.1860	
Bottom side	GSM850	0.0641	0.1860	0.2501	
Right side	GSM850	0.0519	0.1860	0.2379	
Left side	GSM850	0.3344	0.1860	0.5204	
Back	GSM1900	0.4313	0.1860	0.6173	
Front	GSM1900	0.4241	0.1860	0.6101	
Top side	GSM1900		0.1860	0.1860	
Bottom side	GSM1900	0.4950	0.1860	0.681	
Right side	GSM1900	0.0577	0.1860	0.2437	
Left side	GSM1900	0.1050	0.1860	0.291	
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.0727	0.1860	0.2587	
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.0515	0.1860	0.2375	
Top side	WCDMA Band V		0.1860	0.1860	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band V	0.0089	0.1860	0.1949	
Right side	WCDMA Band V	0.0470	0.1860	0.233	
Left side	WCDMA Band V	0.0535	0.1860	0.2395	
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.2713	0.1860	0.4573	
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.2111	0.1860	0.3971	
Top side	WCDMA Band II		0.1860	0.1860	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band II	0.3638	0.1860	0.5498	
Right side	WCDMA Band II	0.0377	0.1860	0.2237	
Left side	WCDMA Band II	0.1340	0.1860	0.32	
Back	WCDMA Band IV	0.6289	0.1860	0.8149	
Front	WCDMA Band IV	0.6288	0.1860	0.8148	
Top side	WCDMA Band IV		0.1860	0.1860	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band IV	0.4520	0.1860	0.638	
Right side	WCDMA Band IV	0.2054	0.1860	0.3914	
Left side	WCDMA Band IV	0.4474	0.1860	0.6334	

### WWAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN		Bluetooth	C	
Position	Band	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR	Summed SAR (W/kg)	
1 OSITION	Danu	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/Ng)	
Back	GSM850	0.5481	0.0527	0.6008	
Front	GSM850	0.1960	0.0527	0.2487	
Top side	GSM850	1	0.0527	0.0527	
Bottom side	GSM850	0.0641	0.0527	0.1168	
Right side	GSM850	0.0519	0.0527	0.1046	
Left side	GSM850	0.3344	0.0527	0.3871	
Back	GSM1900	0.4313	0.0527	0.484	
Front	GSM1900	0.4241	0.0527	0.4768	
Top side	GSM1900		0.0527	0.0527	
Bottom side	GSM1900	0.4950	0.0527	0.5477	
Right side	GSM1900	0.0577	0.0527	0.1104	
Left side	GSM1900	0.1050	0.0527	0.1577	
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.0727	0.0527	0.1254	
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.0515	0.0527	0.1042	
Top side	WCDMA Band V		0.0527	0.0527	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band V	0.0089	0.0527	0.0616	
Right side	WCDMA Band V	0.0470	0.0527	0.0997	
Left side	WCDMA Band V	0.0535	0.0527	0.1062	
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.2713	0.0527	0.324	
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.2111	0.0527	0.2638	
Top side	WCDMA Band II		0.0527	0.0527	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band II	0.3638	0.0527	0.4165	
Right side	WCDMA Band II	0.0377	0.0527	0.0904	
Left side	WCDMA Band II	0.1340	0.0527	0.1867	
Back	WCDMA Band IV	0.6289	0.0527	0.6816	
Front	WCDMA Band IV	0.6288	0.0527	0.6815	
Top side	WCDMA Band IV		0.0527	0.0527	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band IV	0.4520	0.0527	0.5047	
Right side	WCDMA Band IV	0.2054	0.0527	0.2581	
Left side	WCDMA Band IV	0.4474	0.0527	0.5001	

**Remark:** For WIFI, BT the 1g SAR value is not being captured by the measurement system, the 1g-SAR value is conservatively used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

## 10. Measurement Uncertainty

### **10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test**

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
<b>Uncertainty Component</b>	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui	10g Ui	Vi
		(+- %)	Dist.				(+-%)	(+-%)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	œ
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	√3	(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	œ
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	√3	(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	$\infty$
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	œ
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	œ
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	œ
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	œ
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	œ
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	œ
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	oc
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	œ
Test Sample Related				I					
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Variation - SAR	6.6.2	12.02	R	√3	1	1	6.94	6.94	œ
drift measurement									
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>	1								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	×
thickness tolerances)									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
from target value	7.6.				0.11	0.15	9.55		
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E 2 2	0.37	R	√3	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
from target value	E.3.2	0.37	K	V3	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 38 of 156 SAR Report

measurement uncertainty						
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS		12.98	12.53	
Expanded Uncertainty		K=2		25.32	24.43	
(95% Confidence interval)						

### **10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check**

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
<b>Uncertainty Component</b>	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui	10g Ui	Vi
		(+- %)	Dist.				(+-%)	(+-%)	
Measurement System								)	
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	œ
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	×
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	√3	(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	∝
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	œ
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	8
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioner Mechanical	E.6.2	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Tolerance									
Probe positioning with respect to	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
Phantom Shell		_		1		_			
Extrapolation, interpolation and	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	$\infty$
integration Algoritms for Max.									
SAR Evaluation									
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift	8,6.6.2	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	œ
measurement									
Phantom and Tissue Parameters			I		l				
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
thickness tolerances)									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
from target value									

Report No.: STR15058195H Page 39 of 156 SAR Report

Liquid conductivity	- E	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
measurement uncertainty										
Liquid permittivity - deviat	ion E	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
from target value										
Liquid permittivity	- E	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
measurement uncertainty										
Combined Standard Uncertaint	у			RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty				K=2				23.39	22.43	
(95% Confidence interval)								_		

## Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

# **MEASUREMENT 1**

#### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/25/2015

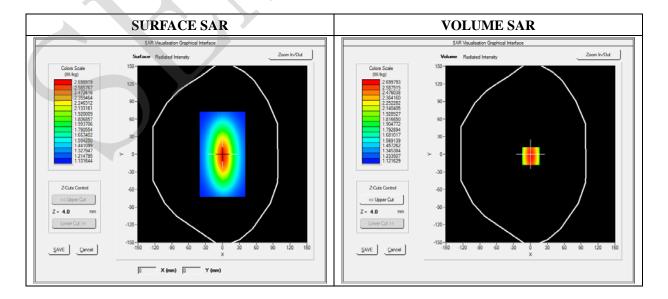
Measurement duration: 7 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.25; Calibrated: 03/16/2015

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.814580
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

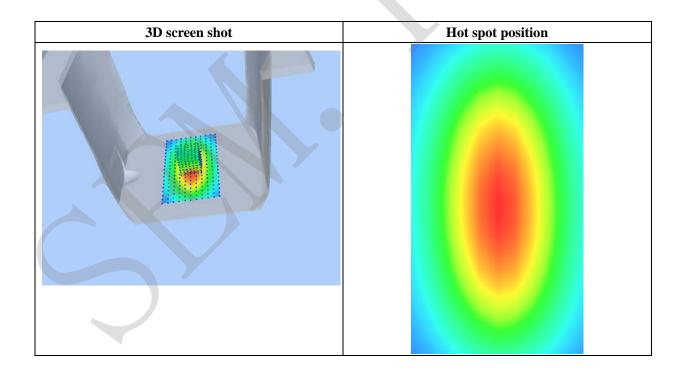


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.129489
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.41125

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	2.4900	1.8942	1.4811	1.3541	1.1123	1.0539
(W/Kg)							
	2.5	00-					
	2.3	75-					
	2.1	50-	$\longrightarrow$				
	T.81 W.KR 1.51	25-	+				
	≥ ₩ 1.50		++			4	
	යි 1.3						
		50-					
		30-					
0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 27.5 30.0 32.5 35.0							
				Z (mm)			



# **MEASUREMENT 2**

#### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/25/2015

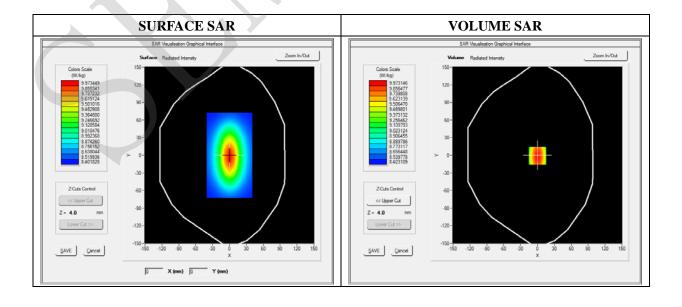
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.16; Calibrated: 03/16/2015

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.022540
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.174526
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.903214

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	10.2354	6.8400	5.0121	4.1189	3.0522	2.8424
(W/Kg)							_
	10.30 9.00 7.00 WK WB 9.00 2.50		7.5 10.0 12.5 15.	0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	25.0 27.5 30.0 3	2.5 35.0	

3D screen shot	Hot spot position			

# **MEASUREMENT 3**

#### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/25/2015

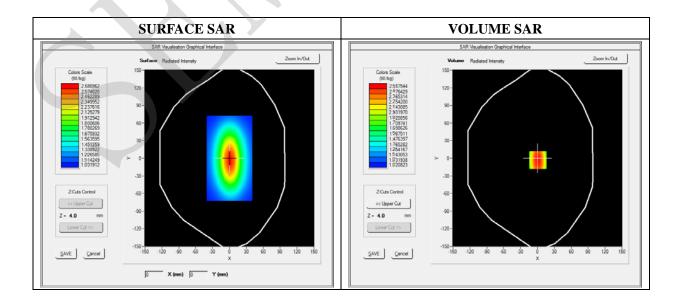
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.50; Calibrated: 03/16/2015

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW835		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454		
Power Variation (%)	0.901472		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.3		

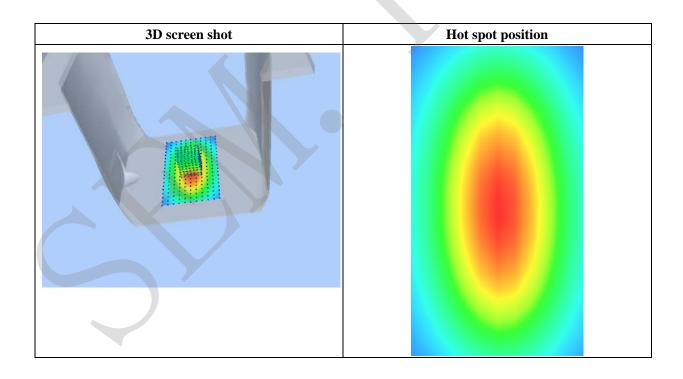


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	1.028956		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.344211		

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00		
SAR	0.0000	2.5789	1.1300	0.8795	0.5940	0.5011	0.5100		
(W/Kg)									
	2.60 -								
	1.45	·							
	1.20	) <del>-</del>	$\longrightarrow$						
	SAR (W/kg		$  \setminus    $						
	≥ 0.95-								
	° 0.70-								
	0.55	;-							
	0.40	-		0 17 520 0 22 5	25.0 27.5 30.0 32	5350			
Z (mm)									



# **MEASUREMENT 4**

#### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 05/25/2015

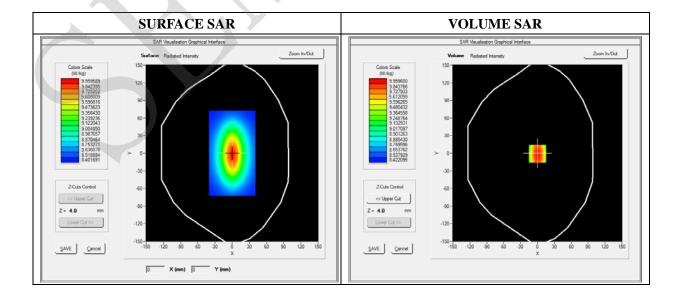
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.30; Calibrated: 03/16/2015

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW1900		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966		
Power Variation (%)	0.541872		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.3		



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.134651		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.751550		

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	10.2031	6.43001	4.9011	4.5325	3.1201	2.5024
(W/Kg)							
	10.30 9.25 10.30 1	0-	7.5 10.0 12.5 15.	0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	525.027.530.03	32.5 35.0	

