RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

FCC ID: 2ACC4-MARIO

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency(RF) Radiation as specified in §1.1307(b):

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, ¹⁶ where

- f_(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation¹⁷
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Routine SAR evaluation refers to that specifically required by §2.1093, using measurements or computer simulation. When routine SAR evaluation is not required, portable transmitters with output power greater than the applicable low threshold require SAR evaluation to qualify for TCB approval.

The maximum output power for low channel is: 0.724dBm= 1.18mW

Tune up tolerance is: 0.724±1 dBm

The Max. Tune up Power =1.724dBm= 1.49mW

The calculation results= $1.49/5*\sqrt{2.402} = 0.462 < 3$

The maximum output power for middle channel is: 0.945dBm= 1.24mW

Tune up tolerance is: 0.945±1 dBm

The Max. Tune up Power =1.945dBm= 1.56mW

The calculation results= $1.56/5*\sqrt{2.440}=0.487$ <3

The maximum output power for high channel is: 1.512dBm= 1.42mW

Tune up tolerance is: 1.512±1 dBm

The Max. Tune up Power =2.512dBm= 1.78mW

The calculation results= $1.78/5*\sqrt{2.480=0.561}$ < 3

Test Results: PASS.