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Client **Audix-TW (Auden)**

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-888\_Sep15**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 888**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**  
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **September 28, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-7349_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 28, 2015

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.8
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	<b>Temperature</b>	<b>Permittivity</b>	<b>Conductivity</b>
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.2 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>51.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	<b>Temperature</b>	<b>Permittivity</b>	<b>Conductivity</b>
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.2 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>51.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.00 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## **Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.9 \Omega + 3.7 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.6 \Omega + 4.9 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.1 dB

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.159 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 06, 2011

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.09.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz ; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 888**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.86 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

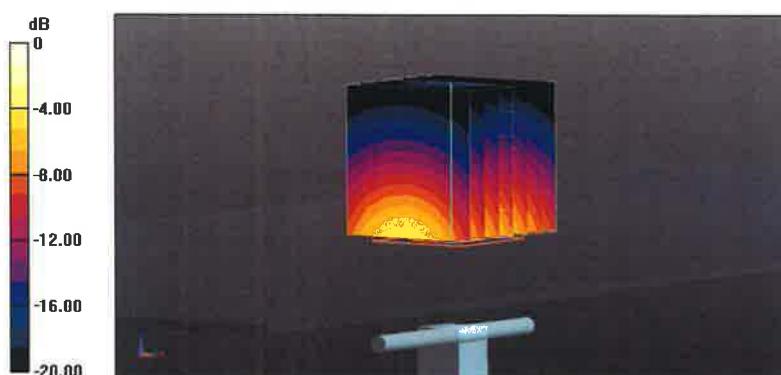
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 112.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

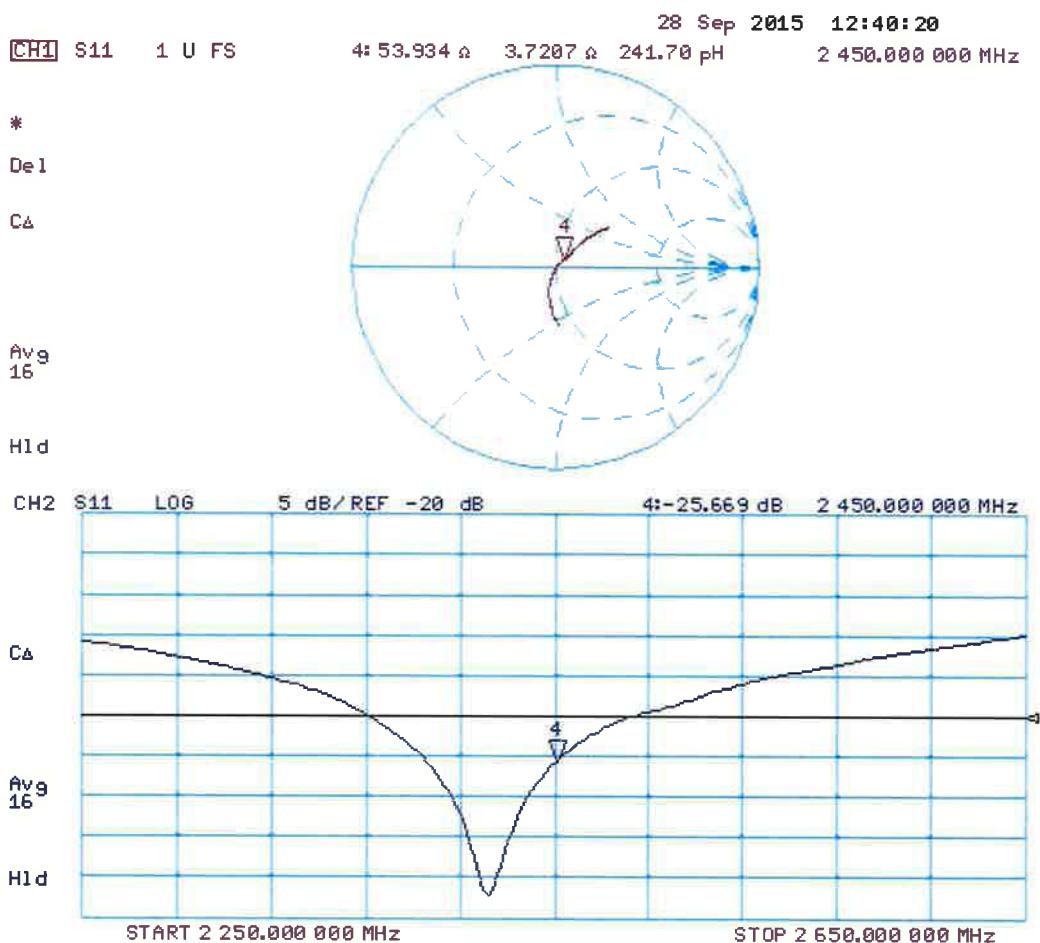
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 28.09.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz ; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 888**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

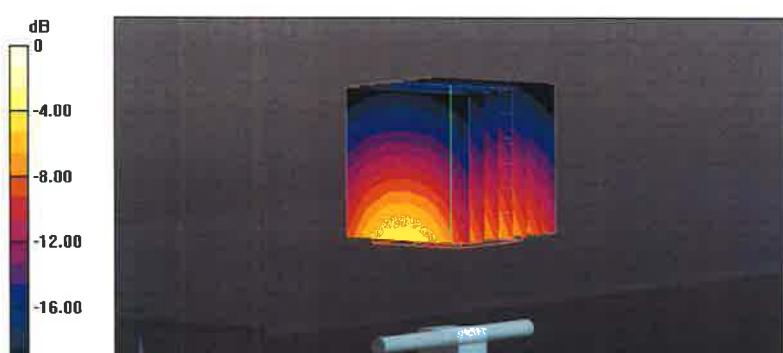
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 106.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

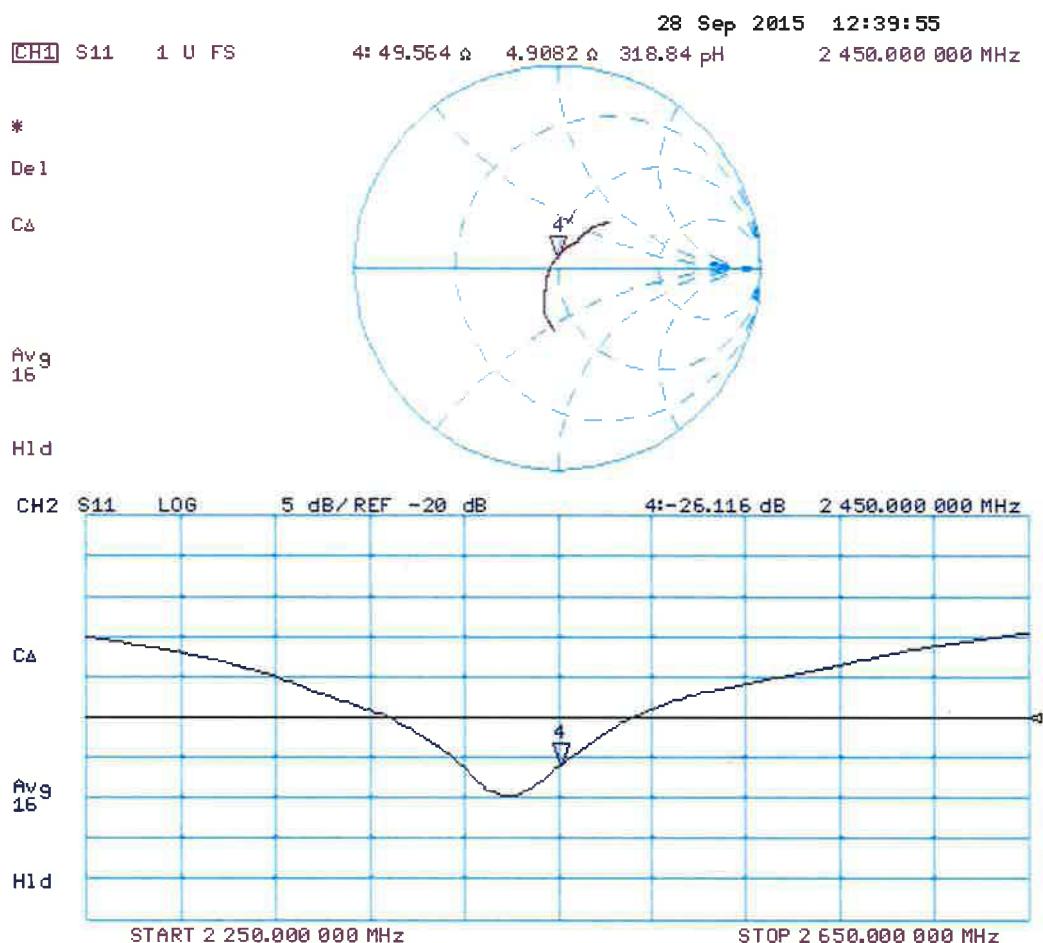
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1203\_Dec17**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN:1203**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2**  
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: **December 14, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-16 (No. EX3-3503_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

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Issued: December 15, 2017



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions*: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL*: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss*: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay*: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured*: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized*: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters*: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.10.0
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
<b>Frequency</b>	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.7 ± 6 %	4.56 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>80.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	4.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.1 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

## Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.0 ± 6 %	5.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.1 ± 6 %	5.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.80 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.5 ± 6 %	5.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.3	5.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.2 ± 6 %	6.18 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.74 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

## **Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.0 \Omega - 2.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.8 dB

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.8 \Omega + 3.0 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.3 dB

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.8 \Omega + 5.5 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.8 dB

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.6 \Omega - 0.8 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.9 dB

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.0 \Omega + 3.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.2 dB

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.9 \Omega + 5.6 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB

## **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.192 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 11, 2014

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 14.12.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1203

Communication System: SDM - GVD; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz

Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.56 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.91 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.07 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.58, 5.58, 5.58); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 75.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 72.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

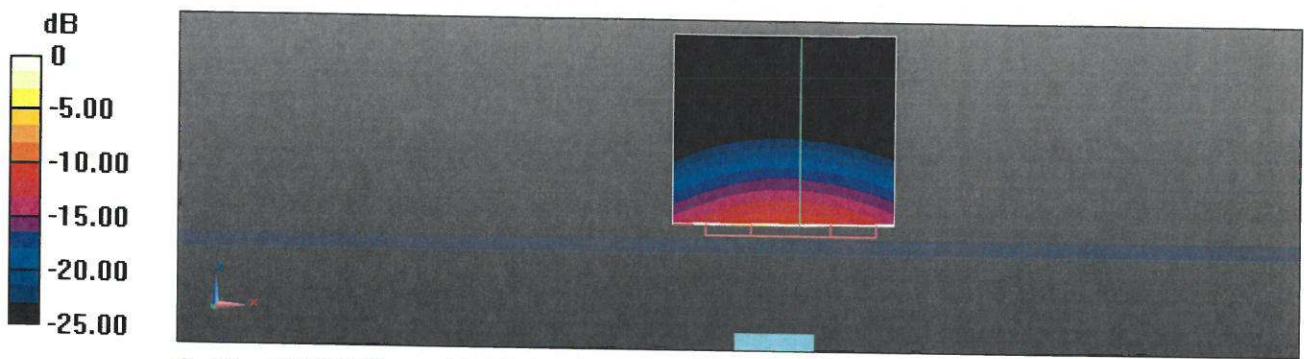
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 70.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.7 W/kg

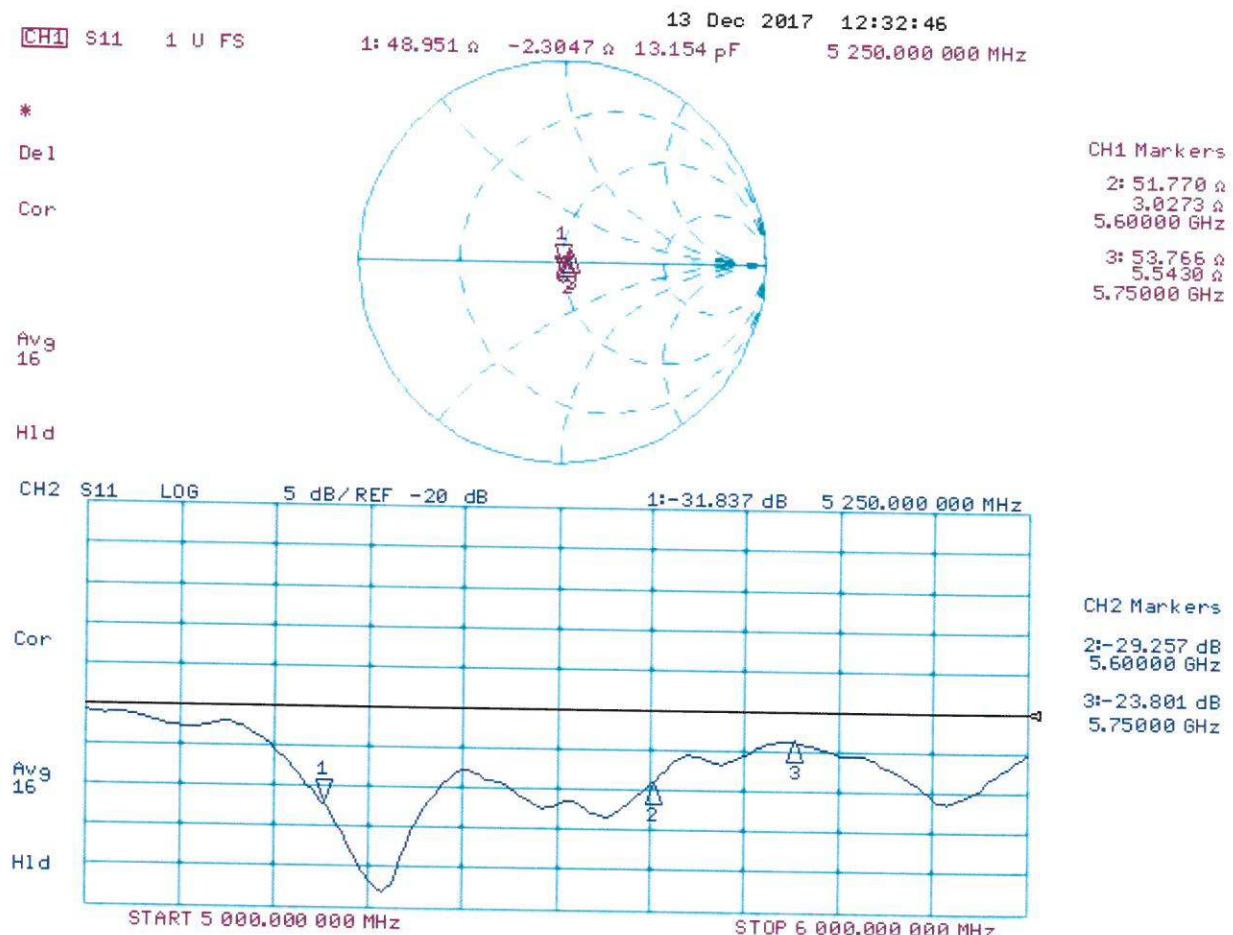
**SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 19.8 \text{ W/kg} = 12.97 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.12.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1203

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.51 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.97 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.18 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 64.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 64.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

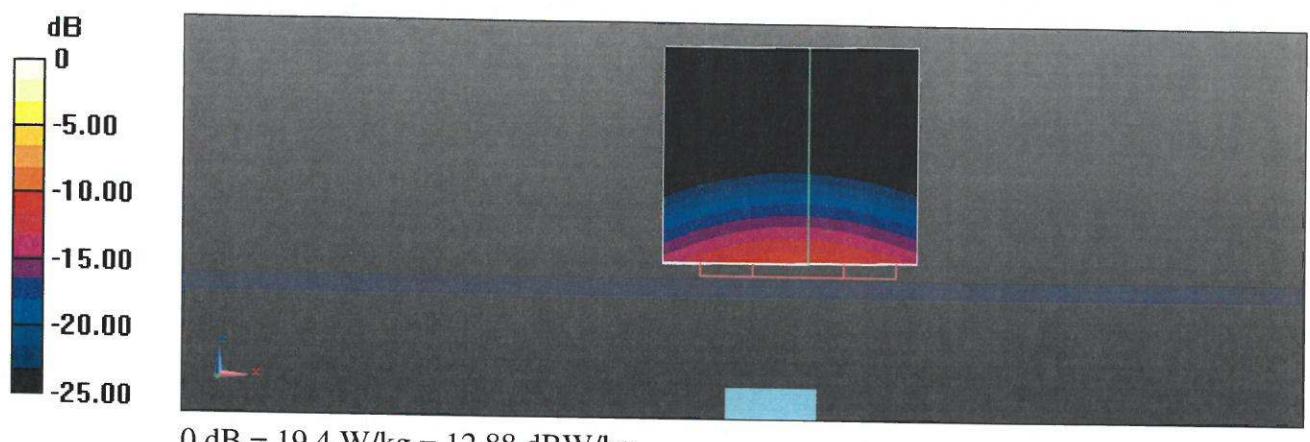
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 62.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

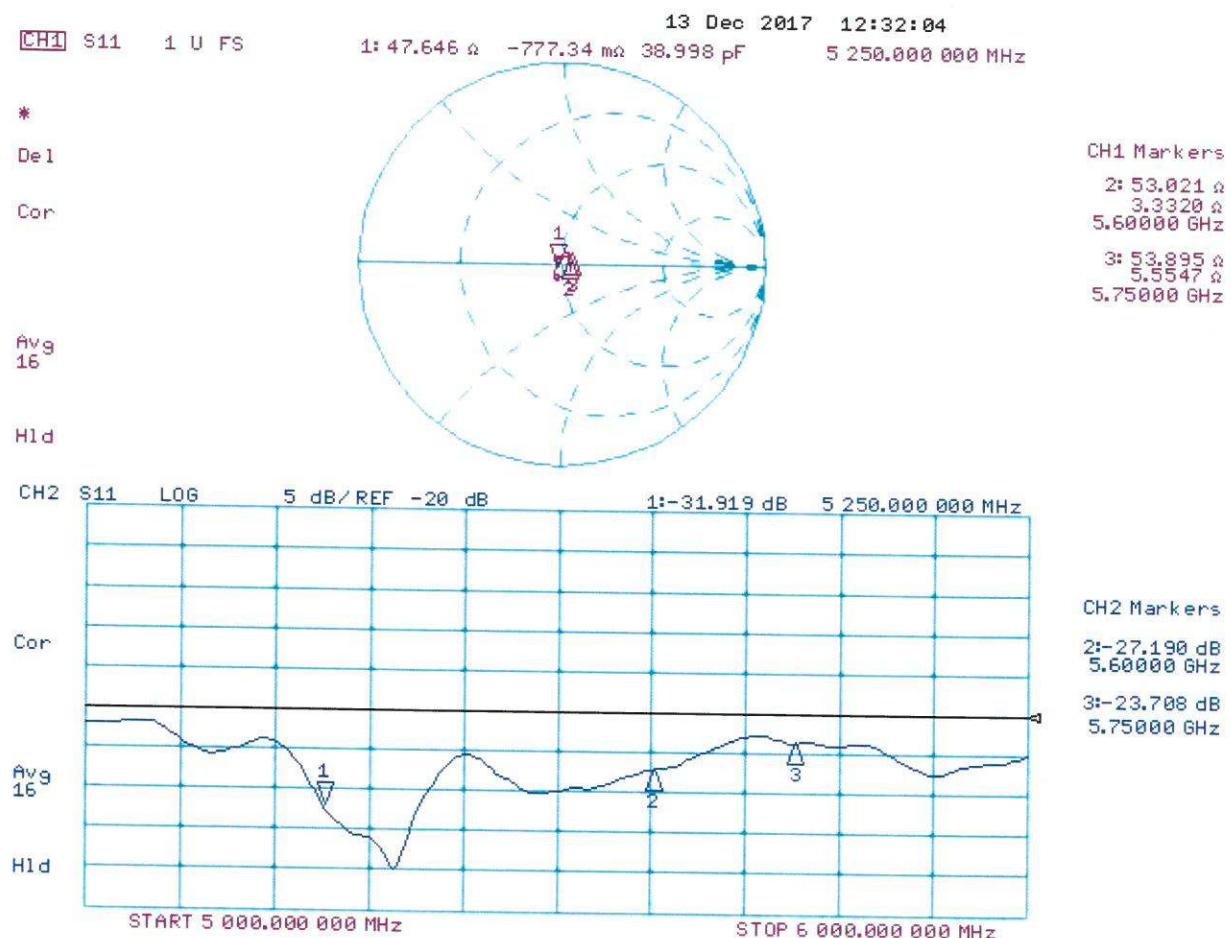
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## Dipole Verified Data

**Model Name: D750V3**

**SN:1056**

Pursuant to KDB 865664 D01 V01r01 section 3.2.2 that the reference dipole calibration can be extended to 3 years if Lab. does a confirmation on return loss and impedance annually, and compliance with following conditions,

1. Return loss deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement and have 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement
2. The real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than  $5 \Omega$  from the previous measurement.

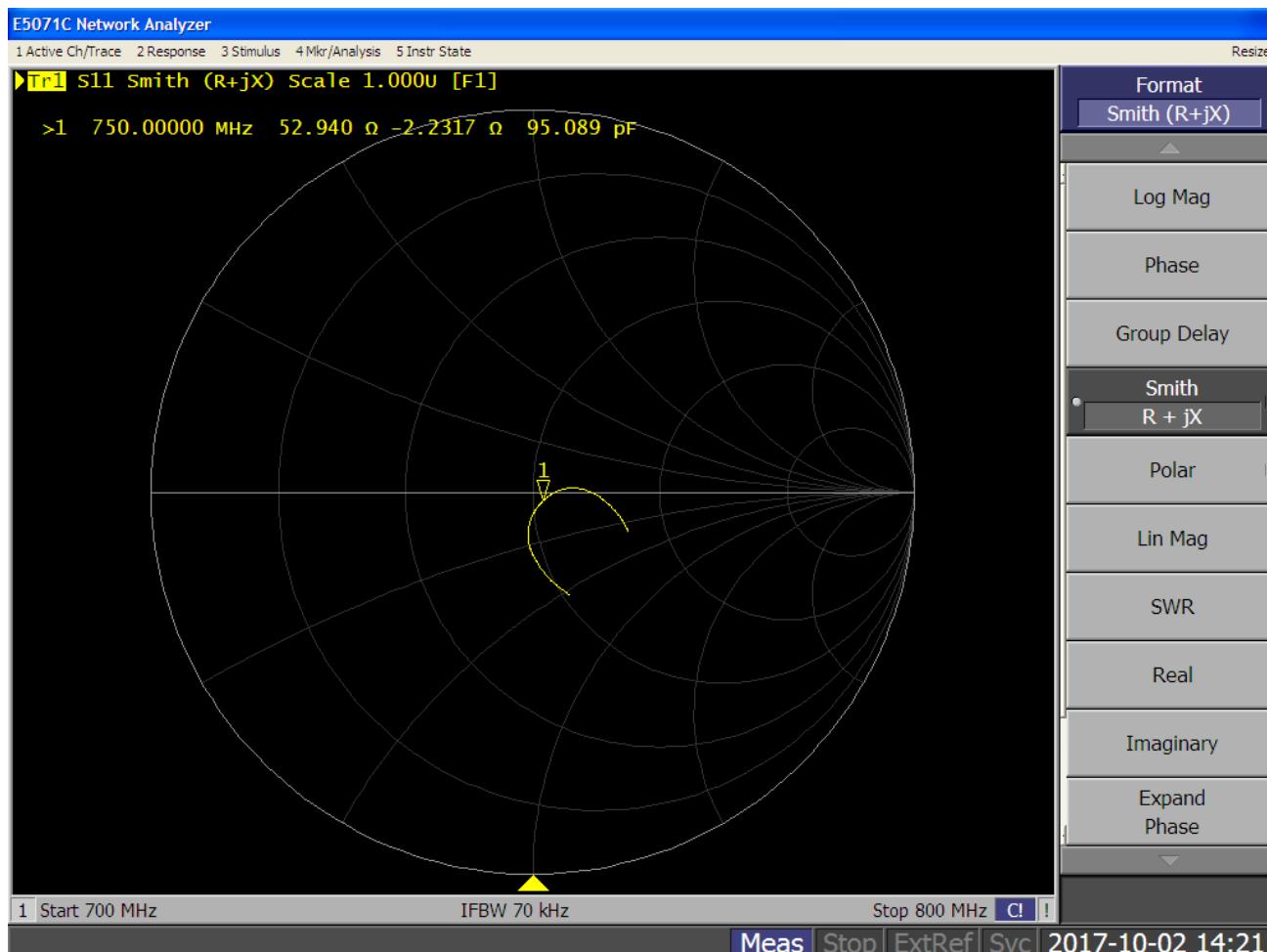
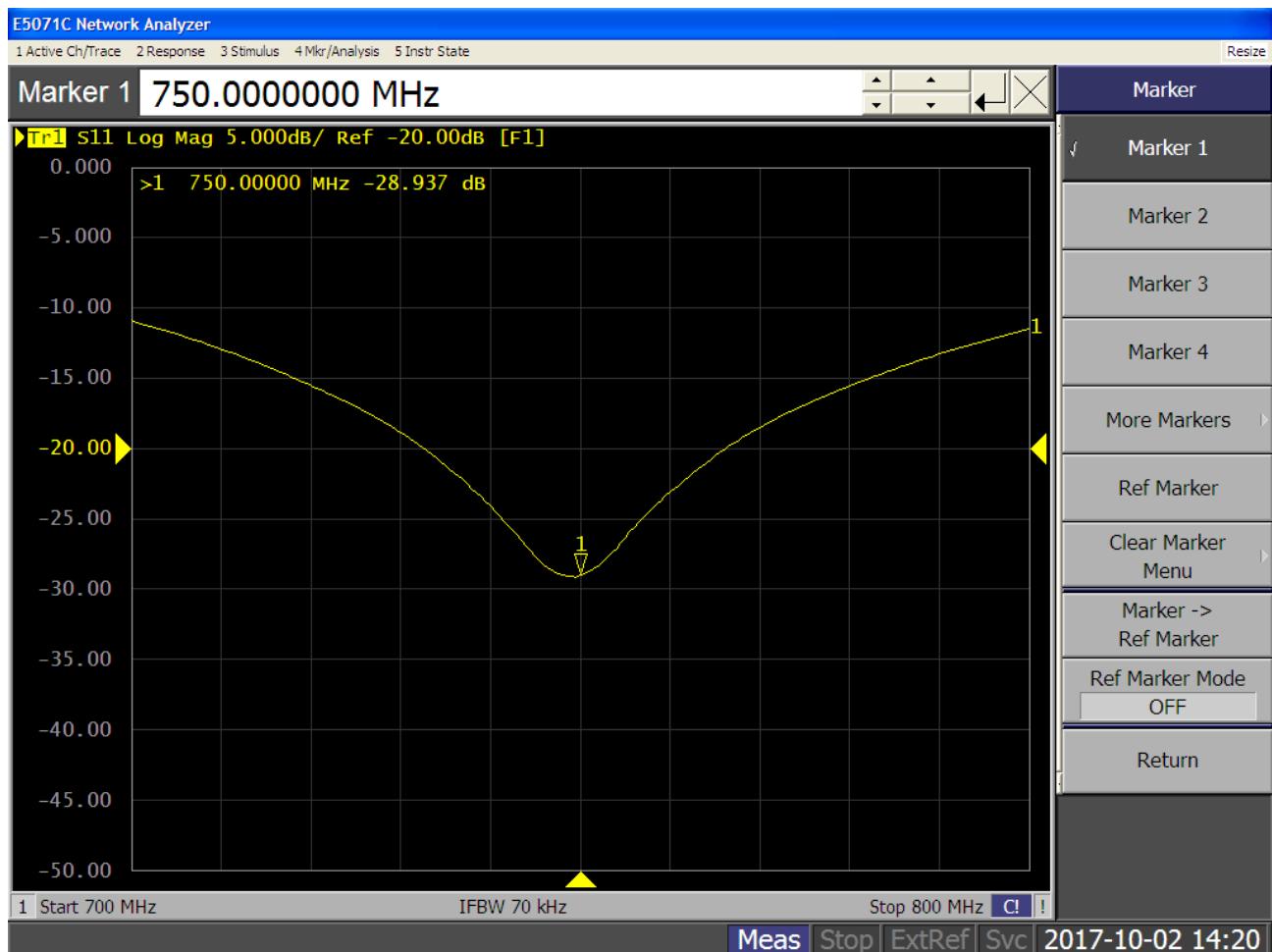
### Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue

Item	Verified on 10/02, 2017	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>54.104 <math>\Omega</math> +2.3398 <math>\Omega</math></b>	<b>54.3 <math>\Omega</math> -1.0j <math>\Omega</math></b>	<b>&lt; 5 <math>\Omega</math></b>
Return Loss	<b>-28.937 dB</b>	<b>-27.4 dB</b>	<b>-5.61%</b>

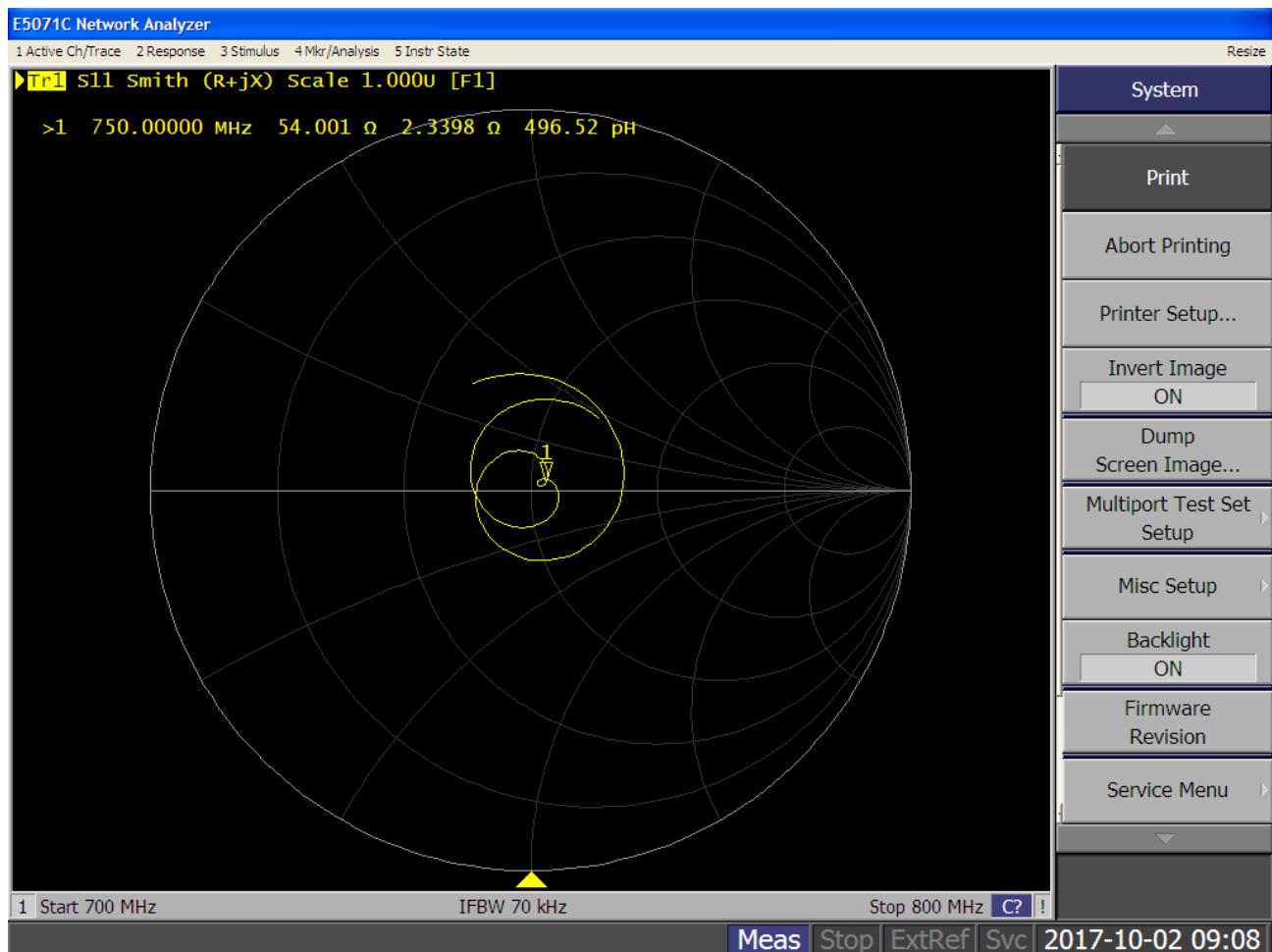
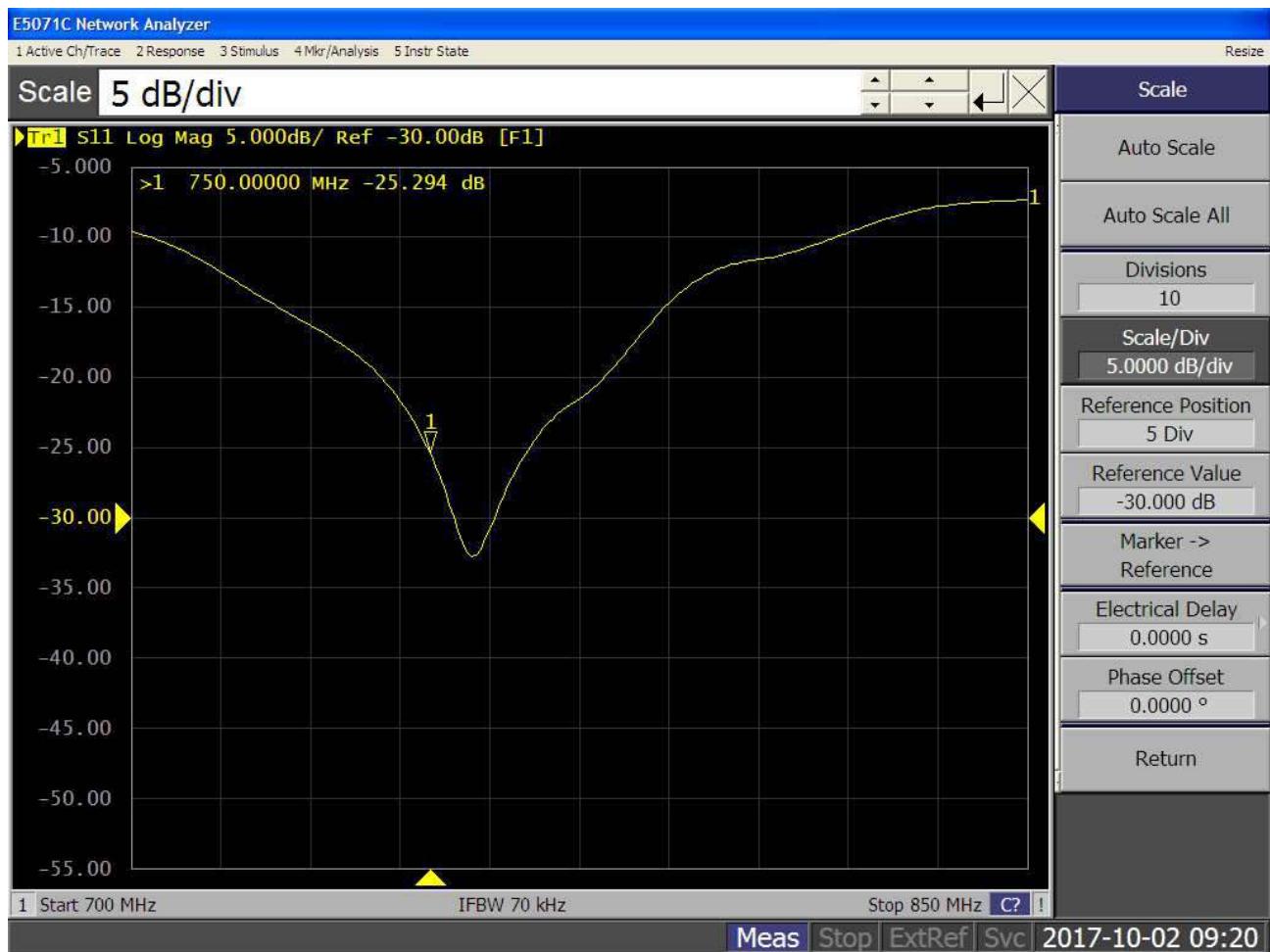
### Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue

Item	Verified on 10/02, 2017	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>52.940 <math>\Omega</math> -2.2317 <math>\Omega</math></b>	<b>49.1 <math>\Omega</math> -3.3j <math>\Omega</math></b>	<b>&lt; 5 <math>\Omega</math></b>
Return Loss	<b>-25.294 dB</b>	<b>-29.3 dB</b>	<b>13.67%</b>

## Plot for Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue



# Plot for Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue



## Dipole Verified Data

**Model Name: D835V2**

**SN:4d136**

Pursuant to KDB 865664 D01 V01r01 section 3.2.2 that the reference dipole calibration can be extended to 3 years if Lab. does a confirmation on return loss and impedance annually, and compliance with following conditions,

1. Return loss deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement and have 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement
2. The real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than  $5 \Omega$  from the previous measurement.

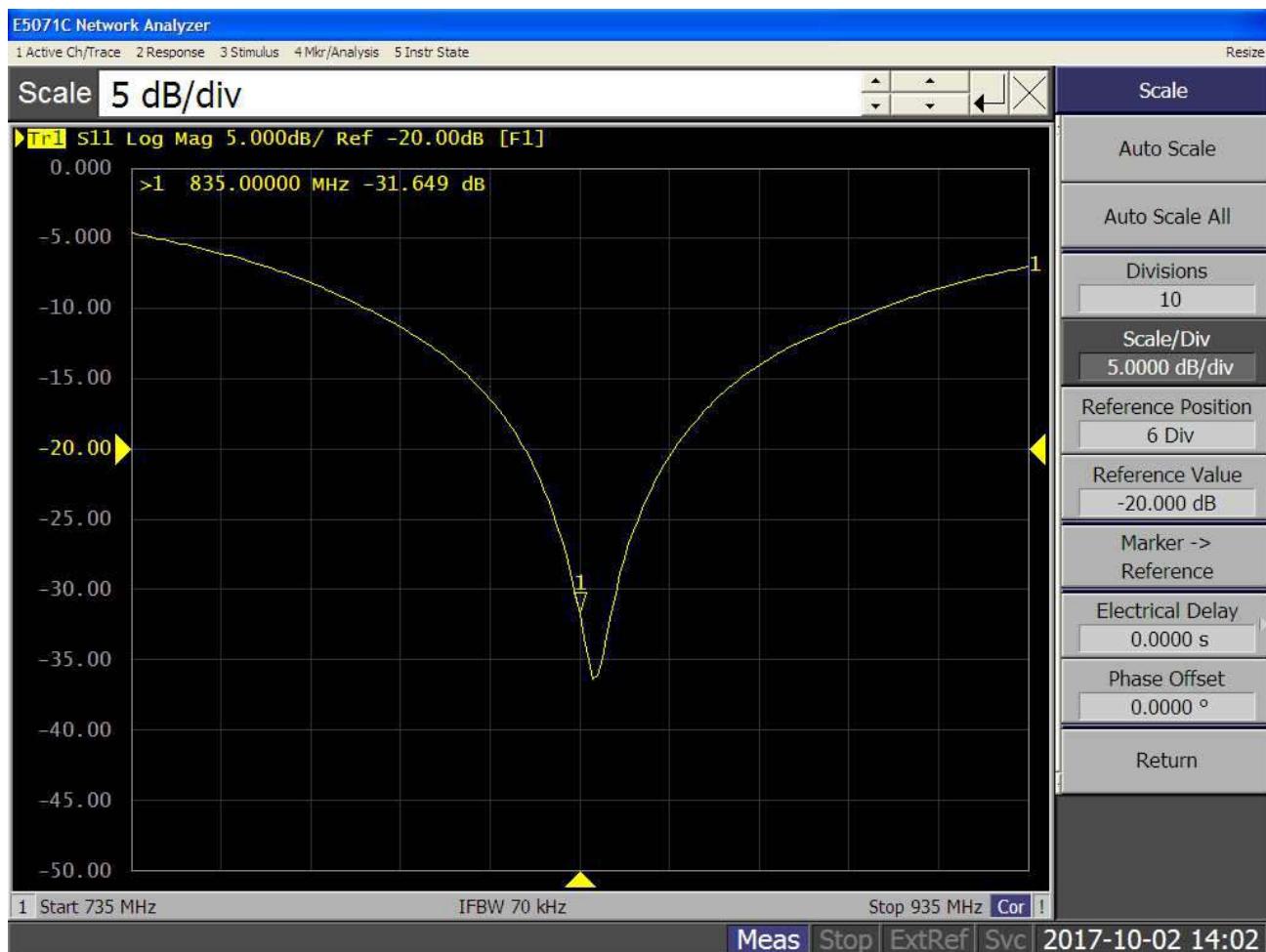
### Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue

Item	Verified on 10/02, 2017	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>50.874 Ω -2.8592 Ω</b>	<b>51.4 Ω -2.9j Ω</b>	<b>&lt; 5 Ω</b>
Return Loss	<b>-31.649 dB</b>	<b>-29.9 dB</b>	<b>-5.85%</b>

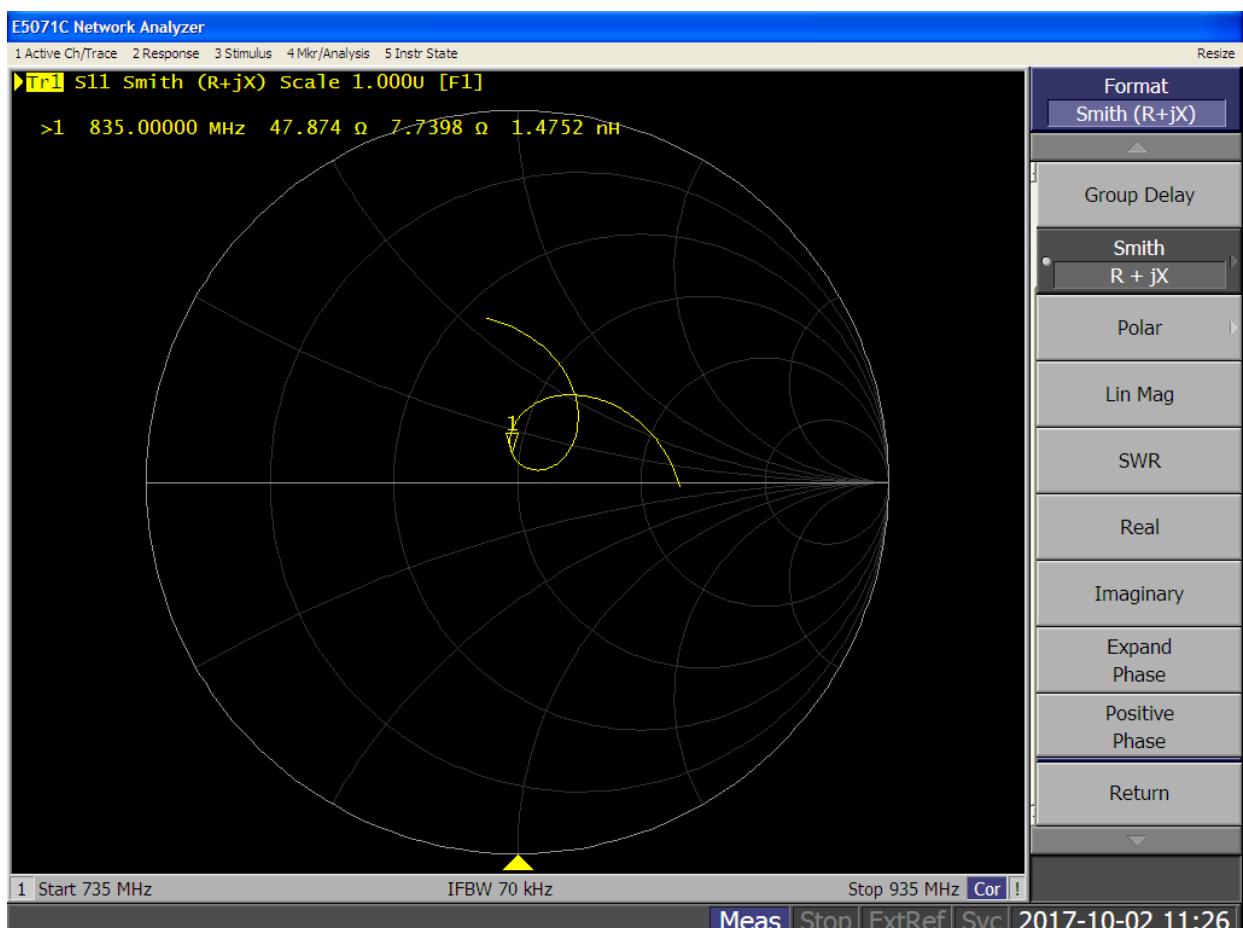
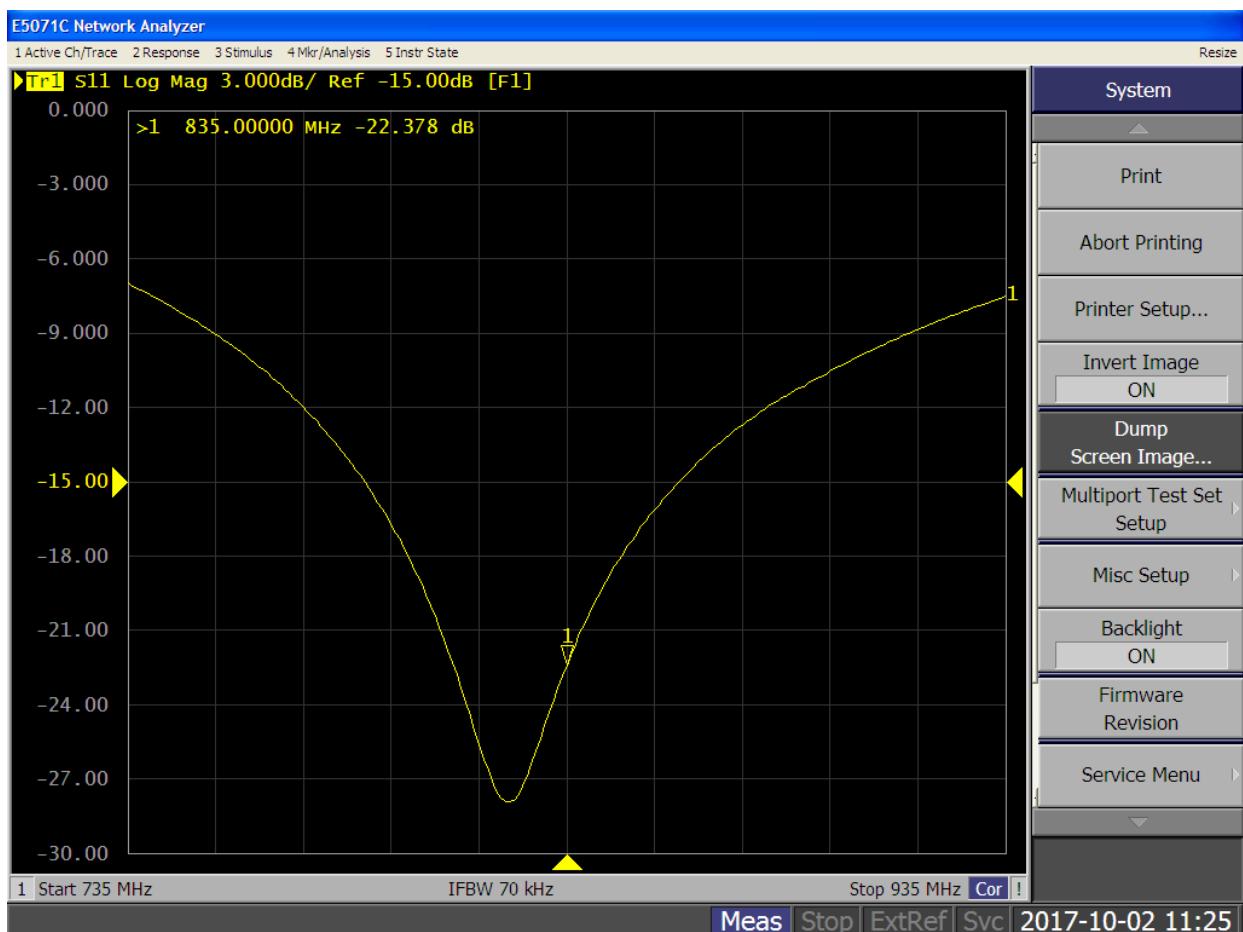
### Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue

Item	Verified on 10/02, 2017	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>47.874 Ω +7.7398 Ω</b>	<b>46.7 Ω -5.5j Ω</b>	<b>&lt; 5 Ω</b>
Return Loss	<b>-22.378 dB</b>	<b>-23.6 dB</b>	<b>5.18%</b>

## Plot for Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue



## Plot for Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue



## Dipole Verified Data

**Model Name: D1900V2**

**SN:5d156**

Pursuant to KDB 865664 D01 V01r01 section 3.2.2 that the reference dipole calibration can be extended to 3 years if Lab. does a confirmation on return loss and impedance annually, and compliance with following conditions,

1. Return loss deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement and have 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement
2. The real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than  $5 \Omega$  from the previous measurement.

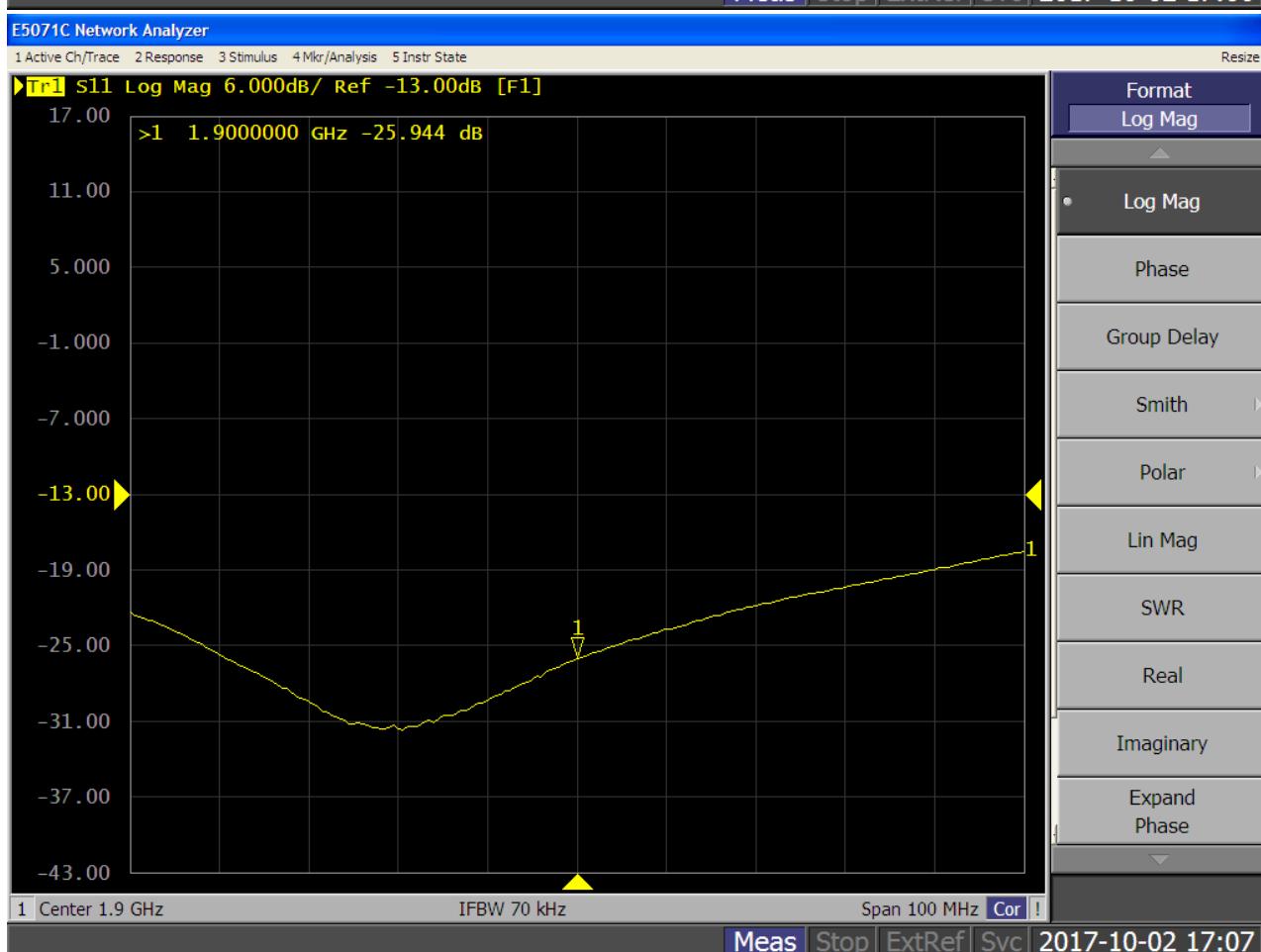
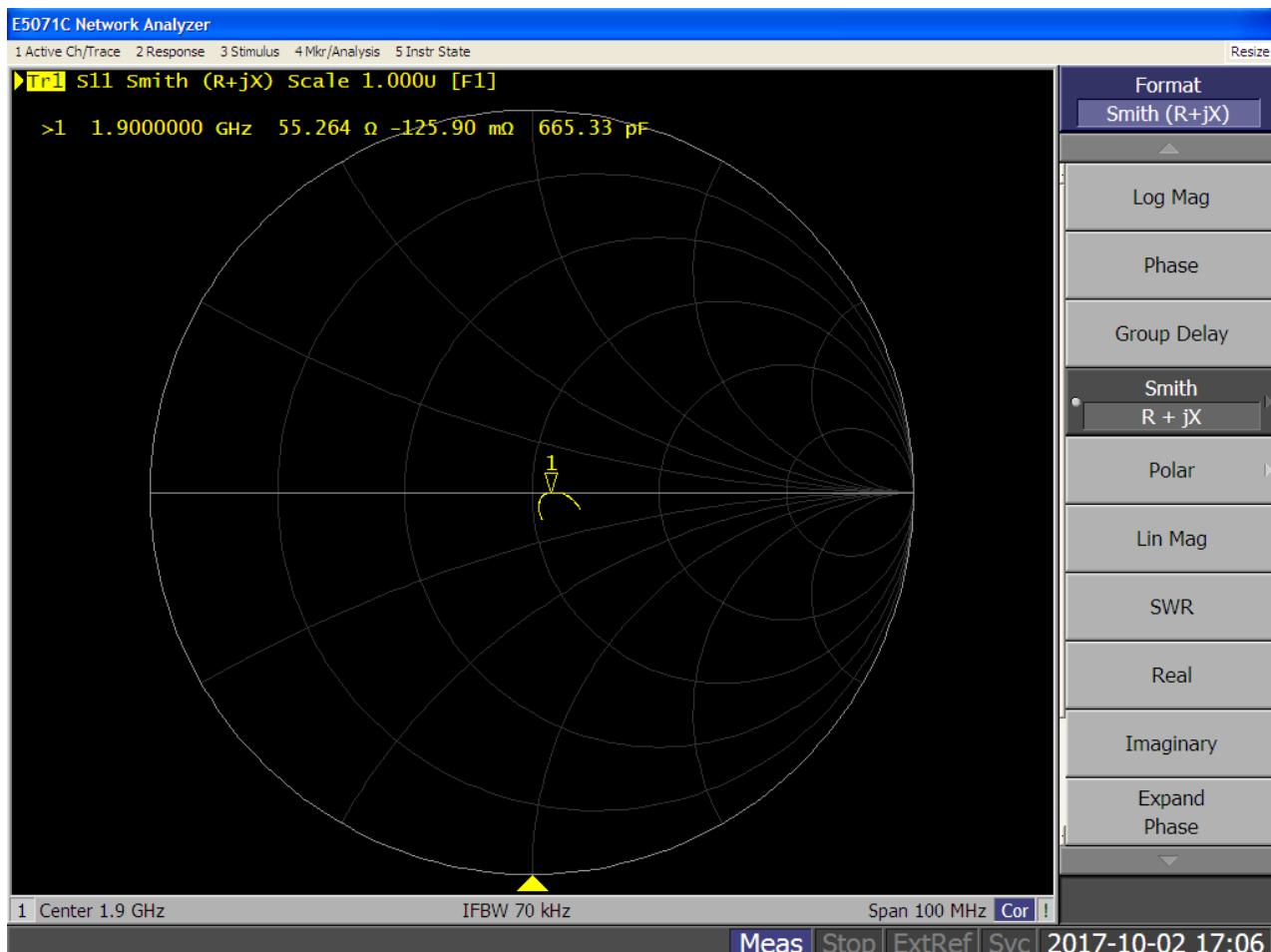
### Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue

Item	Verified on 10/02, 2017	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>55.264 Ω -125.90mΩ</b>	<b>51.9 Ω +3.6jΩ</b>	<b>&lt; 5 Ω</b>
Return Loss	<b>-25.944 dB</b>	<b>-28.0 dB</b>	<b>7.34%</b>

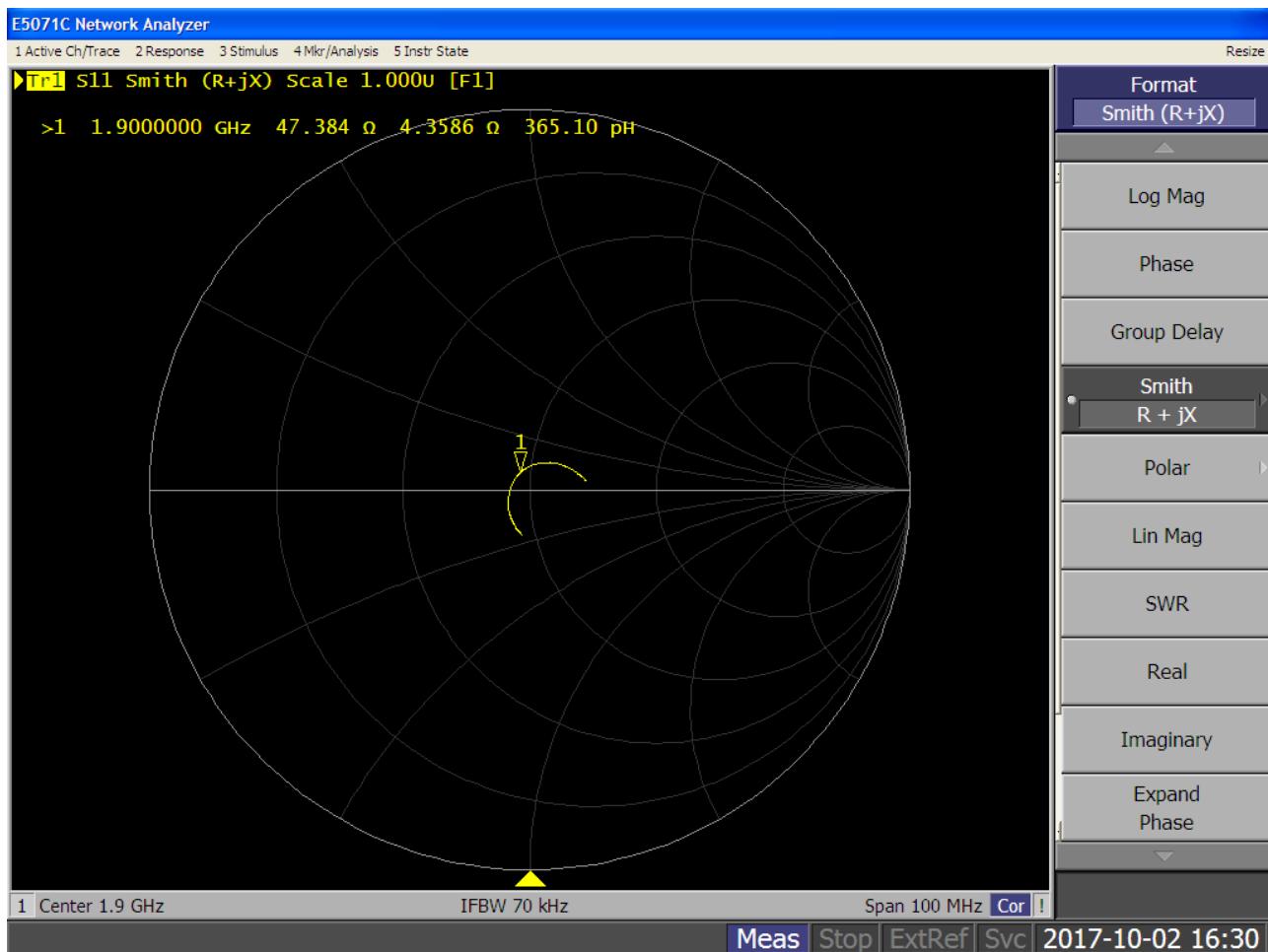
### Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue

Item	Verified on 10/02, 2017	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>47.384 Ω +4.3586 Ω</b>	<b>48.6 Ω +4.6jΩ</b>	<b>&lt; 5 Ω</b>
Return Loss	<b>-25.571dB</b>	<b>-26.3 dB</b>	<b>2.77%</b>

# Plot for Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue



## Plot for Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue



## Dipole Verified Data

**Model Name: D2450V2**

**SN:888**

Pursuant to KDB 865664 D01 V01r01 section 3.2.2 that the reference dipole calibration can be extended to 3 years if Lab. does a confirmation on return loss and impedance annually, and compliance with following conditions,

1. Return loss deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement and have 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement
2. The real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than  $5 \Omega$  from the previous measurement.

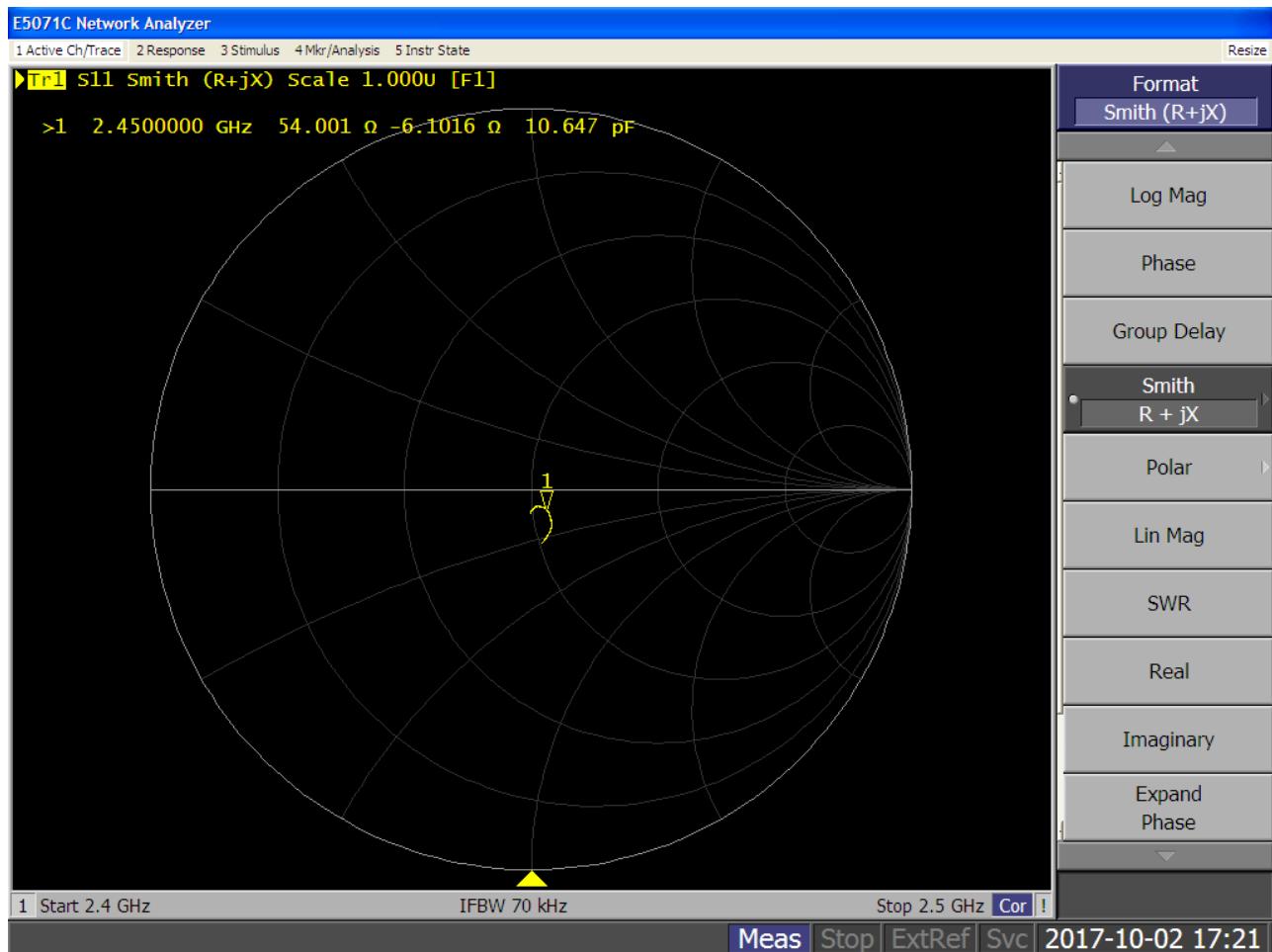
### Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue

Item	Verified on 10/02, 2017	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>54.001 Ω -6.1016 Ω</b>	<b>49.6 Ω +4.9j Ω</b>	<b>&lt; 5 Ω</b>
Return Loss	<b>-23.444 dB</b>	<b>-26.1 dB</b>	<b>10.18%</b>

### Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue

Item	Verified on 10/02, 2017	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>54.700 Ω +2.1851 Ω</b>	<b>50.2 Ω +4.7j Ω</b>	<b>&lt; 5 Ω</b>
Return Loss	<b>-25.634 dB</b>	<b>-26.6 dB</b>	<b>-0.93%</b>

## Plot for Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue



## Plot for Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue

