# Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) RF Emissions Test Report

**APPLICANT**: TCL Communication Ltd.

**EQUIPMENT**: CDMA EVDO BC0/BC1/LTE 2-band Mobile phone

**BRAND NAME: ALCATEL ONETOUCH** 

MODEL NAME: A622GL

FCC ID : 2ACCJB026

STANDARD: FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Prepared by: Mark Qu / Manager

Mark Qu

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

ILAC-MRA

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: Rev. 02

Report Issued Date: Dec. 08, 2015

Report No.: HA5O1507A

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC. No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China

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# **Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
HA5O1507A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 04, 2015
HA5O1507A	Rev. 02	Update report for removing mode name "A622VL" which is not supported hotspot mode.	Dec. 08, 2015
	1		1

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# 1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	TCL Communication Ltd.
Equipment Name	CDMA EVDO BC0/BC1/LTE 2-band Mobile phone
Brand Name	ALCATEL ONETOUCH
Model Name	A622GL
FCC ID	2ACCJB026
IMEI Code	354160070026368
MEID Code	35416007002636
HW Version	PIO
SW Version	vBAV4
EUT Stage	Production Unit
HAC Rating	M4
Date Tested	2015/11/03
Test Result	Pass

This device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

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# 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.				
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. : SAR01-KS				
	Applicant				
Company Name	TCL Communication Ltd.				
Address	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203				
Manufacturer					
Company Name	TCL Communication Ltd.				
Address 5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203					

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# 3. Equipment Under Test Information

#### 3.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification						
Frequency Band	CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz						
Mode	CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rel.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A)  LTE: QPSK, 16QAM  802.11b/g/n HT20  Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.1 LE						

#### 3.2 Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	ОТТ	Power Reduction
	BC0	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
CDMA	BC1	VO	res	WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	EVDO	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	Yes
LTE	Band 4 DT No	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	Yes	
LIE	Band 13	וט	No	WLAN, BT	res	Yes
WLAN	2450	VD	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	CDMA, LTE	Yes	No
BT	2450	DT	No	CDMA, LTE	NA	No

VO=CMRS Voice Service

DT=Digital Transport

VD=CMRS IP Voice Service and Digital Transport

#### Remark

#### 3.3 Applied Standards

- · FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- · FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing for CMRS IP v01r01

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For 2.4GHz WLAN RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose Peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals ≤50 µs, is ≤23 dBm.

# 4. HAC RF Emission

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3.

According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Cotogories	E-field emissions			
Emission Categories	<960Mhz	>960Mhz		
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)		
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)		
М3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)		
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)		

Table 4.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

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# 5. Measurement System Specification

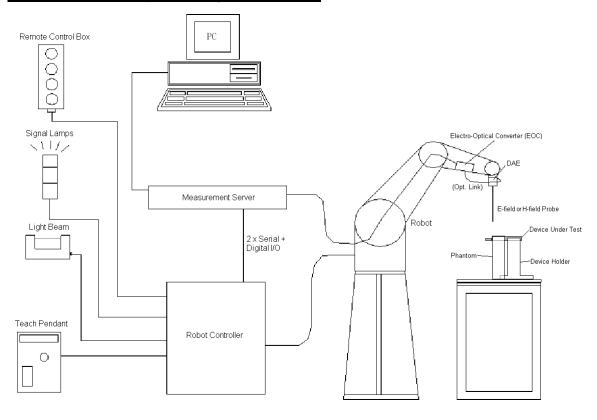


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

#### 5.1 Test Arch Phantom

Construction:	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.			
Dimensions :	370 x 370 x 370 mm	Fig 5.8	Photo of Arc	ch Phantom

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#### 5.2 E-Field Probe System

#### **E-Field Probe Specification**

#### <ER3DV6>

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz
	(absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)
Frequency	100 MHz to 6 GHz;
	Linearity: ± 2.0 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)
	± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m
	(M3 or better device readings fall well below
	diode compression point)
Linearity	± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)
	Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



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Fig 5.2 Photo of E-field Probe

#### Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

#### 5.3 System Hardware

#### DAE

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

#### **Robot**

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used.

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#### 5.4 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

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**Probe parameters**: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>, a<sub>i0</sub>, a<sub>i1</sub>, a<sub>i2</sub>

- Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub>

- Diode compression point dcp<sub>i</sub>

**Device parameters**: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

**Media parameters**: - Conductivity  $\sigma$ 

- Density ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

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The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.



## 5.5 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Turno/Mandal	Carial Number	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	Dipole	CD835V3	1184	Apr. 22, 2015	Apr. 21, 2016	
SPEAG	Dipole	CD1880V3	1170	Apr. 22, 2015	Apr. 21, 2016	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Dec. 11, 2014	Dec. 10, 2015	
SPEAG	Prober	ER3DV6	2528	Mar. 24, 2015	Mar. 23, 2016	
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	Par phantom	1105	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Base Station	E5515C	MY50267224	Aug. 07, 2015	Aug. 06, 2016	
AR	Amplifier	551G4	333096	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NA	NA	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5	N/A	NA	NA	
Weinschel	Attenuation2	3M-20	N/A	NA	NA	
Zhongjilianhe	Attenuation3	MVE2214-03	N/A	NA	NA	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101634	Aug. 07, 2015	Aug. 06, 2016	

**Table 5.1 Test Equipment List** 

#### Note:

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

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## 6. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

#### 6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

#### 6.2 System Setup

- 1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
- 2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
- 3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

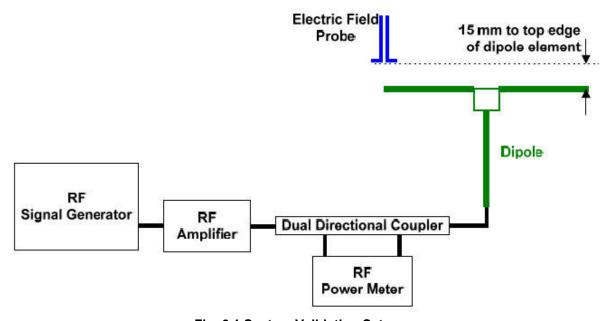


Fig. 6.1 System Validation Setup

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The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 7.2 Dipole Setup

#### 6.3 Verification Results

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 25 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field above high end (V/m)	E-Field above low end (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	106.5	115.1	114.5	114.8	7.79	Nov. 03, 2015
1880	20	88.7	93.7	97.12	95.41	7.56	Nov. 03, 2015

Table 6.1 Test Results of System Validation

Note: Deviation = ((Average E-field Value) - (Target value)) / (Target value) \* 100%

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## 7. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- a) Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b) Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c) Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e) Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h) Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i) Indirect measurement method
  - The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- j) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- k) For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first scan. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M rating.

Otherwise, repeat step a) through step i), with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

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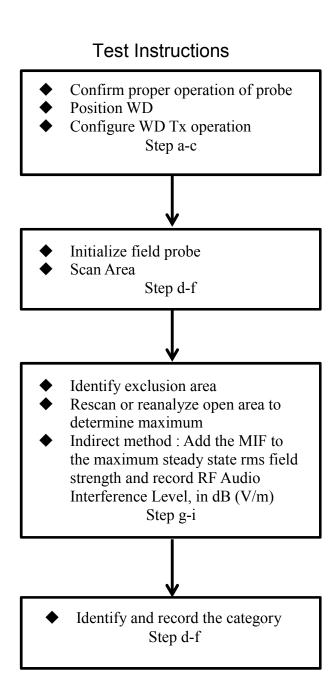


Fig 8.1 Flow Chart of HAC RF Emission

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Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

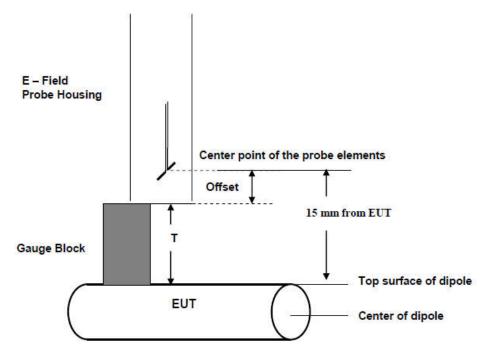


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe

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## 8. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF).

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2007.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alliteratively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

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MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider, SPEAG, and the values are listed below

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10081	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	-19.71
10295	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.)	3.26

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

i) 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB,ii) 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB

iii) 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB

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## 9. <u>Low-power Exemption</u>

#### <Max Tune-up Limit >

Mode		Average Power (dBm)		
		Full Power Reduced Power		
CDMA	BC 0	24.50	24.00	
CDMA BC 1		23.60	22.10	
2.4GHz WLAN		19.	00	

#### <Low Power Exemption>

Air Interface	Operating Mode	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	24.50	3.26	27.76	Yes
CDMA 2000 BC0	RC3_SO3_Full Rate	24.50	-19.71	4.79	No
CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	23.60	3.26	26.86	Yes
CDMA 2000 BC1	RC3_SO3_Full Rate	23.60	-19.71	3.89	No

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	C63.19 test required
2.4GHz WLAN	19.00	No

#### **General Note:**

- 1. According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, for WWAN RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm for any of its operating modes.
- 2. For WWAN operation the worst case MIF plus the worst case average antenna input power for all modes are investigated to determine the testing requirements for this device.
- 3. For CDMA BC0/BC1 full power tested result can represent reduced power.
- 4. According to ANSI C63.19 2011, for WLAN RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose Peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals ≤50 μs, is ≤23 dBm.
- 5. HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.

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# 10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

Band	CDMA2000 BC0			С	DMA2000 BC1	
Channel	1013	384	777	25	600	1175
Frequency (MHz)	824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880	1908.75
1XRTT RC1 SO3_1/8 Rate	23.89	23.91	23.85	23.52	23.38	23.43
1XRTT RC3 SO3_Full Rate	23.94	23.98	23.86	23.57	23.41	23.49

# 11. HAC RF Emission Test Results

Plot No.	Air Interface	Operating Mode	Channel	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	RF audio interference level dB(V/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	M-Rating
1	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8Rate	1013	23.89	3.26	30.14	14.86	M4
2	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8Rate	384	23.91	3.26	29.46	15.54	M4
3	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8Rate	777	23.85	3.26	29.17	15.83	M4
4	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8Rate	25	23.52	3.26	16.64	18.36	M4
5	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8Rate	600	23.38	3.26	16.79	18.21	M4
6	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8Rate	1175	23.43	3.26	15.08	19.92	M4

#### Remark:

- The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
- The uncertainty is 0.2dB of MIF ranges from -7dB to +5dB. CDMA2000 BC0 and CDMA2000 BC1 band with rating 2. M4 would not be affected considering the MIF uncertainty.
- There is no special HAC mode software on this EUT. 3.

Test Engineer: Fulu Hu.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

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### 12. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMF Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.77 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 16.30 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power					± 32.6 %
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field					± 16.3 %

Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment

#### Remark:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

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# 13. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011
- [2] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

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# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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### HAC\_E\_Dipole\_835\_151103

#### **DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.7 ℃

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2528; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.03.24;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835

# =15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated

Date: 2015.11.03

grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 113.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

E-field emissions = 114.9 V/m

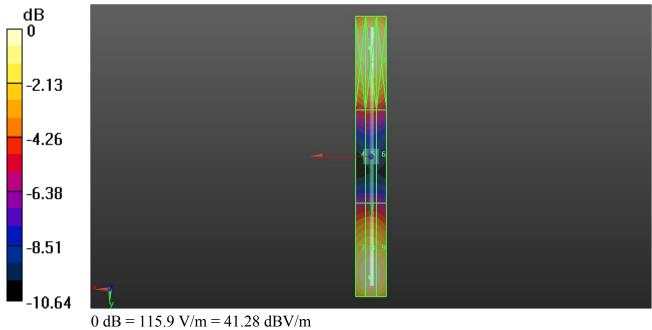
Average value of Total=(115.1+114.5)/2=114.8 V/m

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>114.1 V/m</b>	
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>68.58 V/m</b>	
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> 113.3 V/m	

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 115.1 V/m E Category: M4 Location: 0.5, -69.5, 9.7 mm



## HAC\_E\_Dipole\_1880\_151103

#### **DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.7 ℃

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2528; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.03.24;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880

=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated

Date: 2015.11.03

grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 166.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

E-field emissions = 97.62 V/m

Average value of Total=(93.7+97.12)/2=95.41 V/m

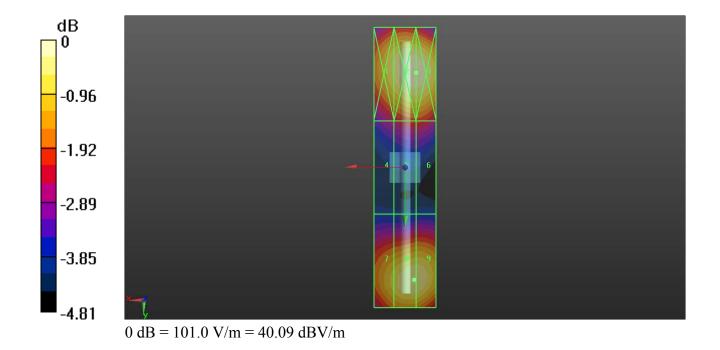
#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M3</b>		
95.33 V/m	93.7 V/m	101.0 V/m
Grid 4 <b>M3</b>	Grid 5 <b>M3</b>	Grid 6 M3
75.46 V/m	79.64 V/m	79.64 V/m
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
92.57 V/m	97.12 V/m	97.55 V/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 101.0 V/m E Category: M3

Location: -3.5, -30.5, 9.7 mm



# Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

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#### 01\_HAC RF\_CDMA2000 BC0\_ RC1 SO3\_Ch1013\_E

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr. (0); Frequency: 824.7

Date: 2015.11.03

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2528; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.03.24;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch1013/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 28.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 30.14 dBV/m

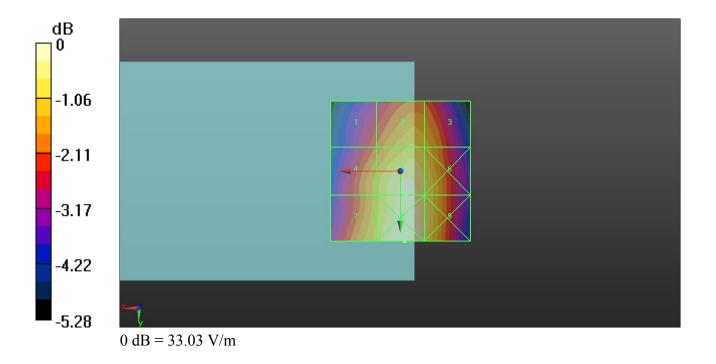
**Emission category: M4** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>28.35 dBV/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>29.23 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>29.22 dBV/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>29.85 dBV/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>29.48 dBV/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>29.91 dBV/m</b>

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 30.38 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: -1.5, 25, 8.7 mm



#### 02\_HAC RF\_CDMA2000 BC0\_ RC1 SO3\_Ch384\_E

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr. (0); Frequency: 836.52

Date: 2015.11.03

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2528; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.03.24;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# **Ch384/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test** (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 26.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.46 dBV/m

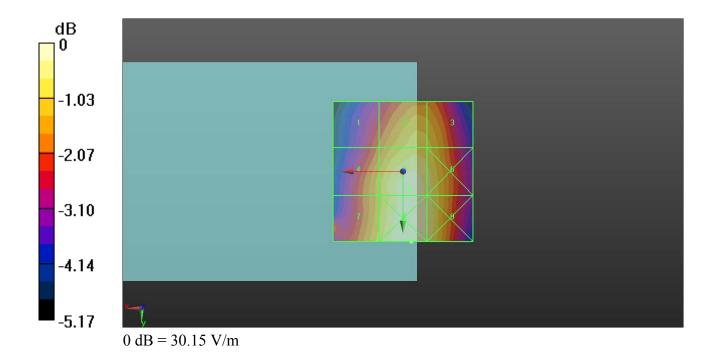
**Emission category: M4** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>27.64 dBV/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>28.72 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>28.44 dBV/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>29.14 dBV/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>28.74 dBV/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>29.28 dBV/m</b>

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 29.58 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: -3, 25, 8.7 mm



### 03\_HAC RF\_CDMA2000 BC0\_ RC1 SO3\_Ch777\_E

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr. (0); Frequency: 848.31

Date: 2015.11.03

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2528; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.03.24;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# Ch777/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 25.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.17 dBV/m

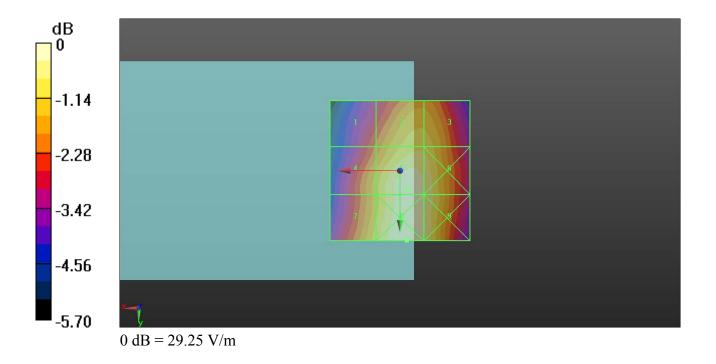
**Emission category: M4** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>27.16 dBV/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>28.48 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> 28.07 dBV/m	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>28.98 dBV/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>28.45 dBV/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>28.99 dBV/m</b>

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 29.32 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: -2.5, 25, 8.7 mm



### 04\_HAC RF\_CDMA2000 BC1\_ RC1 SO3\_Ch25\_E

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr. (0); Frequency: 1851.25

Date: 2015.11.03

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.7 ℃

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2528; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.03.24;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch25/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 3.812 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 16.64 dBV/m

**Emission category: M4** 

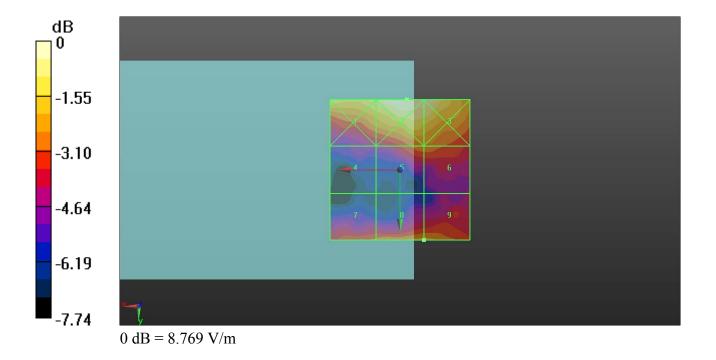
#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>18.23 dBV/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>18.81 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>14.38 dBV/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>16.15 dBV/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>16.01 dBV/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>16.64 dBV/m</b>

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 18.86 dBV/m E Category: M4

Location: -2.5, -25, 8.7 mm



#### 05\_HAC RF\_CDMA2000 BC1\_ RC1 SO3\_Ch600\_E

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr. (0); Frequency: 1880

Date: 2015.11.03

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2528; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.03.24;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch600/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 3.935 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 16.79 dBV/m

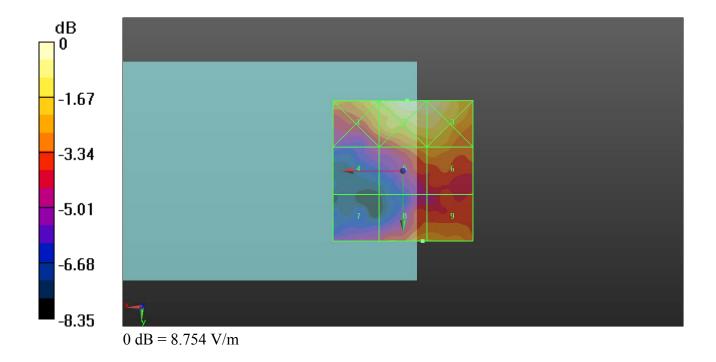
**Emission category: M4** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>17.71 dBV/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>18.82 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>14.39 dBV/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>16.68 dBV/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>14.49 dBV/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>16.79 dBV/m</b>

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 18.84 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: -1.5, -25, 8.7 mm



#### 06\_HAC RF\_CDMA2000 BC1\_RC1 SO3\_Ch1175\_E

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr. (0); Frequency: 1908.75

Date: 2015.11.03

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2528; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.03.24;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch1175/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 3.854 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 15.08 dBV/m

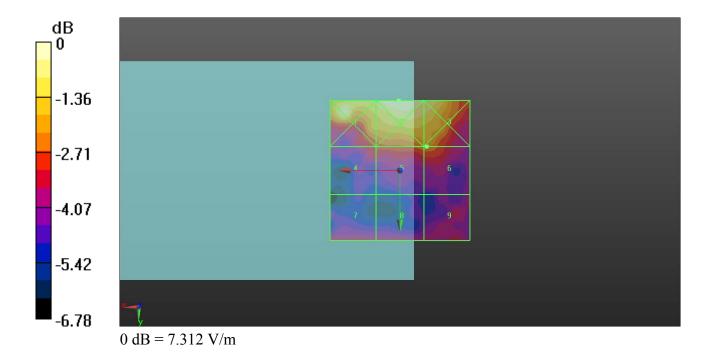
**Emission category: M4** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>16.99 dBV/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>16.93 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>14.25 dBV/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>15.08 dBV/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>14.36 dBV/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>13.94 dBV/m</b>

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 17.28 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: 0.5, -25, 8.7 mm



## Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

FCC ID: 2ACCJB026

Issued Date : Dec. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415

Report No.: HA5O1507A





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1184\_Apr15

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1184

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

April 22, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02130)	Mar-16
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-14 (No. ER3-2336_Dec14)	Dec-15
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-14 (No. H3-6065_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 781	12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14)	Sep-15
Oday: Standarda	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power meter Aglient 4413B Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	in house check: Oct-15
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	- Les
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	-010

Issued: April 23, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





S

C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
   In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
  antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
  maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
  calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
  feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.455 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100mW input power	171.6V/m = 44.69 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100mW input power	161.1V/m = 44.14 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100mW input power	166.3V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100mW input power	108.1V/m = 40.68 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100mW input power	104.8V/m = 40.40 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100mW input power	106.5V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	17.2 dB	43.0 Ω - 10.8 jΩ
835 MHz	25.2 dB	$49.3 \Omega + 5.4 j\Omega$
900 MHz	16.6 dB	56.1 Ω - 14.6 jΩ
950 MHz	20.4 dB	46.8 Ω + 8.7 jΩ
960 MHz	15.2 dB	54.1 Ω + 18.0 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

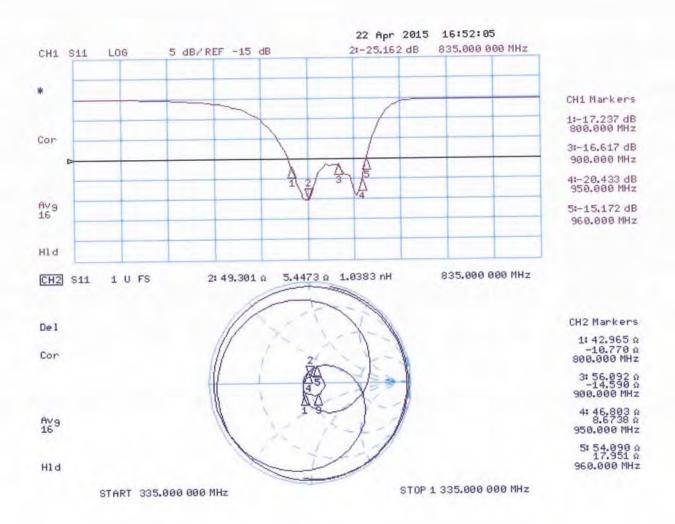
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## Impedance Measurement Plot



#### **DASY5 H-field Result**

Date: 22.04.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1184

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2014

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4830 A/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

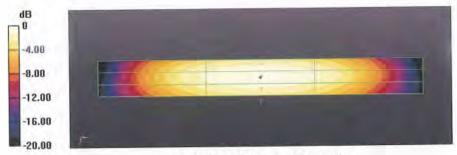
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4547 A/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
0.373 A/m	0.402 A/m	0.386 A/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
0.420 A/m	0.455 A/m	0.437 A/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
0.370 A/m	0.403 A/m	0.387 A/m



0 dB = 0.4547 A/m = -6.85 dBA/m

#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 22,04,2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1184

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2014;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 122.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 44.69 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 43.98 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 44.69 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 44.53 dBV/m
	Grid 5 M4 39.03 dBV/m	
	Grid 8 M3 44.14 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 44.04 dBV/m

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 122.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.68 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

200	Grid 2 M3 40.68 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.6 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 35.75 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 36.08 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 36.05 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 40.07 dBV/m	PROCESS AND PROCESS OF	Grid 9 M3 40.35 dBV/m



0 dB = 171.6 V/m = 44.69 dBV/m





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

Sporton-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1170\_Apr15

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1170

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: April 22, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02130)	Mar-16
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-14 (No. ER3-2336_Dec14)	Dec-15
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-14 (No. H3-6065_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 781	12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14)	Sep-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	t- C
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	FR 111
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	F. Bruken

Issued: April 23, 2015

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
  antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
  maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
  calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
  feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.456 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)	

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100mW input power	141.0V/m = 42.98 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100mW input power	136.9V/m = 42.73 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100mW input power	138.9V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100mW input power	89.5V/m = 39.03 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100mW input power	87.8V/m = 38.87 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100mW input power	88.7V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1170\_Apr15

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	24.2 dB	48.0 Ω + 5.7 jΩ
1880 MHz	20.1 dB	$47.5 \Omega + 9.3 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	20.3 dB	50.1 Ω + 9.7 jΩ
1950 MHz	26.1 dB	54.4 Ω + 2.7 jΩ
2000 MHz	22.2 dB	$42.8 \Omega + 0.3 j\Omega$

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

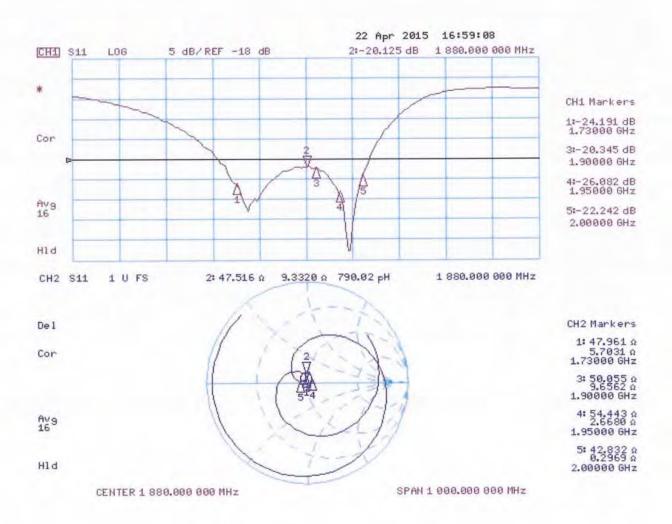
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1170\_Apr15

## Impedance Measurement Plot



#### **DASY5 H-field Result**

Date: 22.04.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1170

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2014

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4820 A/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

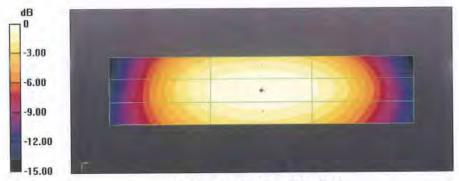
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4565 A/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.395 A/m	0.418 A/m	0.402 A/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
0.431 A/m	0.456 A/m	0.438 A/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
0.394 A/m	0.421 A/m	0.403 A/m



0 dB = 0.4565 A/m = -6.81 dBA/m

#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 22.04.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1170

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2014;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 140.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 42.98 dBV/m

Emission category: M1

#### MIF scaled E-field

TANK TO STATE OF THE STATE OF T	Grid 2 M1 42.98 dBV/m	
Grid 4 M2 38.54 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 39.12 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 39.02 dBV/m
VC 9 7 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	Grid 8 M1 42.73 dBV/m	Grid 9 M1 42.56 dBV/m

#### Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 140.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

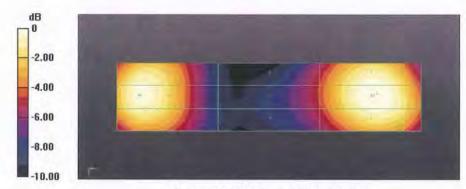
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.03 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

#### MIF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M2 38.87 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 38.78 dBV/m
Control of the contro	Grid 5 M2 36.81 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 36.74 dBV/m
	Grid 8 M2 39.03 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.91 dBV/m



0 dB = 141.0 V/m = 42.98 dBV/m

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

## **USAGE OF THE DAE 4**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

#### Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

#### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Sporton-SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-1303\_Dec14

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1303

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v28

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: December 11, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-14 (No:15573)	Oct-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15

Calibrated by:

Dominique Steffen

Function Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Fin Bomholt

Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: December 11, 2014

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# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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#### Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

## **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters**

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

# DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:

1LSB = 6.1μV,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range:

1LSB =

61nV ,

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
High Range	405.582 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.473 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.923 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96551 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99166 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98776 ± 1.50% (k=2)

## **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	186.0 ° ± 1 °
h	

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200032.42	0.17	0.00
Channel X + Input	20006.44	2.48	0.01
Channel X - Input	-20003.75	1.42	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200033.90	1.88	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20003.42	-0.41	-0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20004.48	0.84	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	200035.95	4.02	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20001.57	-2.14	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20006.48	-1.03	0.01

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.63	0.09	0.00
Channel X + Input	201.55	0.94	0.47
Channel X - Input	-199.12	0.32	-0.16
Channel Y + Input	2000.86	0.46	0.02
Channel Y + Input	200.23	-0.19	-0.10
Channel Y - Input	-199.83	-0.23	0.11
Channel Z + Input	1999.80	-0.49	-0.02
Channel Z + Input	199.09	-1.38	-0.69
Channel Z - Input	-200.32	-0.71	0.35

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)	
Channel X	200	8.67	7.40	
	- 200	-5.53	-7.23	
Channel Y	200	6.03	5.93	
	- 200	-7.02	-6.90	
Channel Z	200	-4.66	-4.55	
	- 200	1.56	1.76	

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec: Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	<u>-</u>	1.77	-4.82
Channel Y	200	8.18	-	1.73
Channel Z	200	9.79	5.56	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15917	16559
Channel Y	15625	16454
Channel Z	16119	13095

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	-0.80	-1.98	0.43	0.53
Channel Y	-0.05	-2.62	1.86	0.61
Channel Z	-0.54	-2.21	1.34	0.55

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: ER3-2528\_Mar15

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object ER3DV6 - SN:2528

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02,v8, QA CAL-25,v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date: March 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	08-Oct-14 (No. ER3-2328_Oct14)	Oct-15
DAE4	SN: 789	16-Mar-15 (No. DAE4-789_Mar15)	Mar-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Michael Weber Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: March 25, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, " IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005

b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, April 2010.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 for XY sensors and θ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ER3DV6

SN:2528

Manufactured: Calibrated:

April 26, 2010 March 24, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2528

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	1.95	1.62	1.88	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.7	98.4	99.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

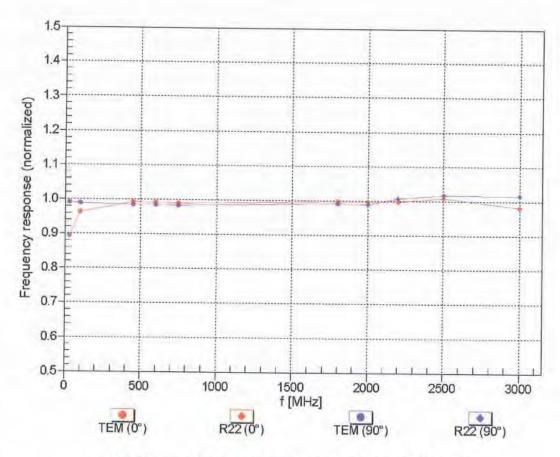
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>±</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	183.4	±3.0 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		153.3	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Х	3.42	67.6	19.2	2.91	149.8	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.21	65.8	17.9		120.9	
		Z	3.18	65.7	17.9		122.8	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	20.44	99.3	29.0	9.39	114.9	±2.7 %
		Y	22.41	99.7	29.3		140.9	
		Z	25.32	99.3	29.4		110.9	-
10039- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	4.80	66.3	19.0	4.57	111.9	±0.9 %
		Y	4.97	66.7	19.1		125.2	
		Z	4.91	66.6	18.9		125.8	
10081- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	Х	4.13	66.8	19.3	3.97	149.1	±0.9 %
		Υ	3.97	65.5	18.3		120.0	
		Z	3.94	65.4	18.2		121.7	
10295- AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	Х	17.39	99.9	40.7	12.49	103.5	±3.5 %
		Υ	17.87	99.2	40.0		122.9	
		Z	20.68	100.0	39.2		95.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

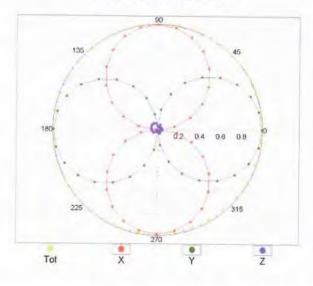


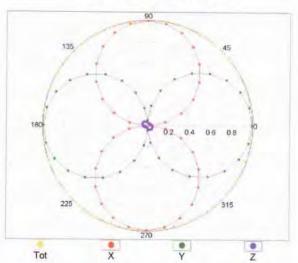
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM,0°

f=2500 MHz,R22,0°

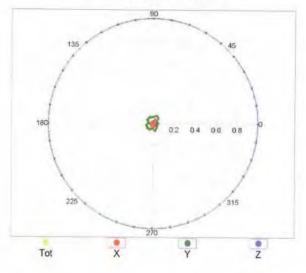


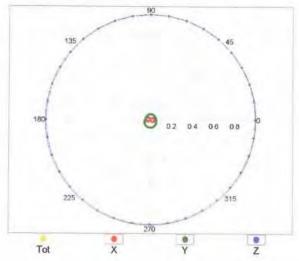


# Receiving Pattern (φ), 9 = 90°

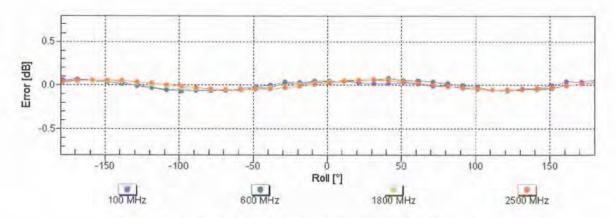
f=600 MHz,TEM,90°

f=2500 MHz,R22,90°



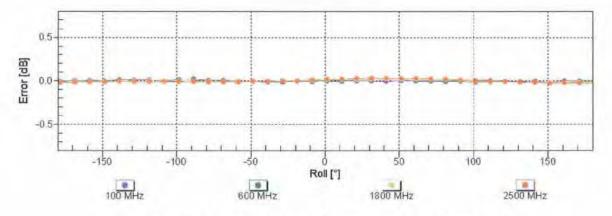


# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $9 = 0^{\circ}$



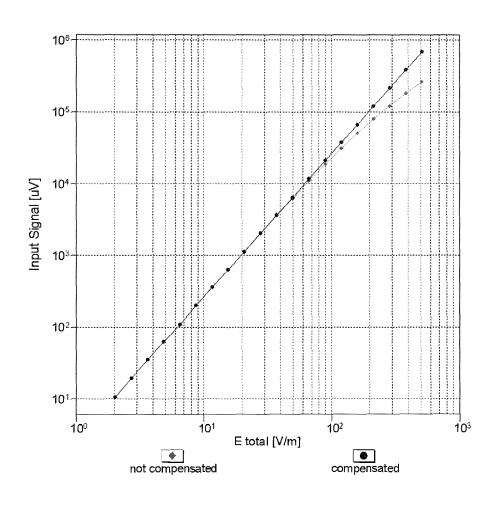
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

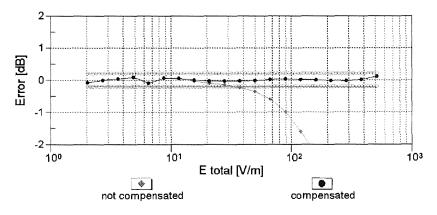
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

## Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

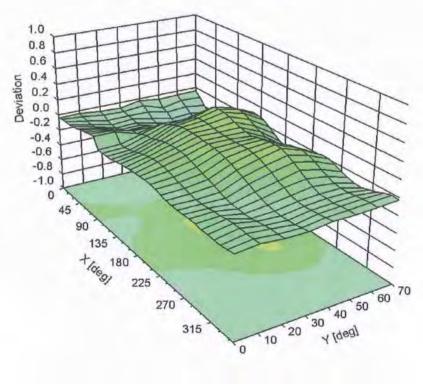


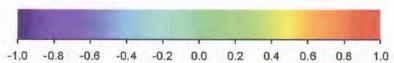


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Deviation from Isotropy in Air**

Error (\$\phi\$, \$9), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2528

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-18.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm