

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

ConvF DCP CF A, B, C, D

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14



September 24, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3846

Manufactured: Calibrated:

October 25, 2011 September 24, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14

Page 3 of 11

September 24, 2014



EX3DV4-SN:3846

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3846

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.39	0.42	0.49	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	103.8	100.3	98.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	141.2	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		146.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		139.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



September 24, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3846

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.80	0.62	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.39	0.87	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.38	0.91	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.60	0.75	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.62	0.74	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.46	0.91	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.56	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.39	0.98	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.57	0.79	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.40	0.93	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	6.94	6.94	6.94	0.32	1.16	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.31	1.18	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.50	6.50	6.50	0.30	1.30	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.75	6.75	6.75	0.81	0.65	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.23	1.60	± 13.1 9
5200	36.0	4.66	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 9
5300	35.9	4.76	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.64	4.64	4.64	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 9
5600	35.5	5.07	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 9
5800	35.3	5.27	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 9

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

FAt frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the valuality of tissue parameters (ɛ and ɑ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ɛ and ɑ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



September 24, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3846

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.52	0.82	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.09	9.09	9.09	0.80	0.64	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.93	8.93	8.93	0.65	0.72	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	7.79	7.79	7.79	0.60	0.70	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.35	0.91	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.63	0.69	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.30	0.98	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.38	0.87	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.31	7.31	7.31	0.50	0.76	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.31	0.94	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.43	0.82	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.41	1.04	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.46	0.98	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 9
5500	48.6	5.65	3.80	3.80	3.80	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.76	3.76	3.76	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.86	3.86	3.86	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 9

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

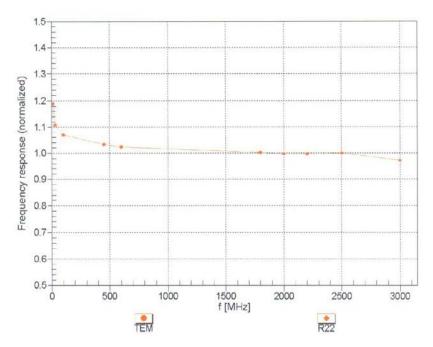
*Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14



September 24, 2014

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

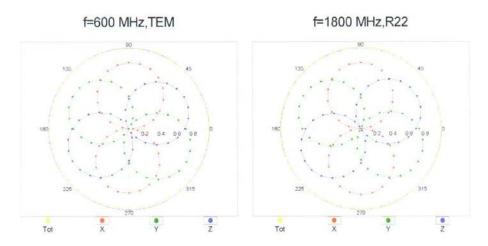


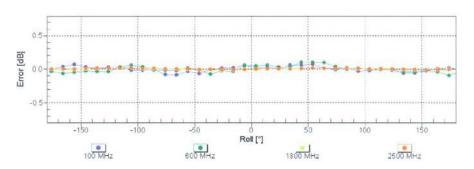
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



EX3DV4- SN:3846 September 24, 2014

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $9 = 0^{\circ}$



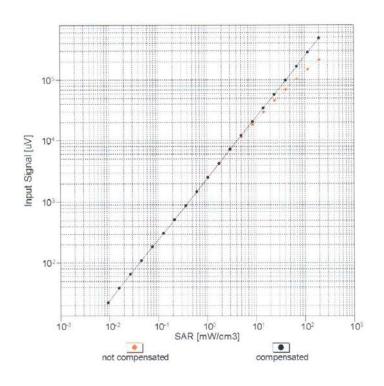


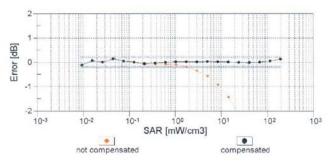
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



September 24, 2014

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



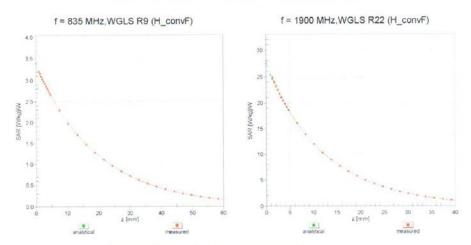


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



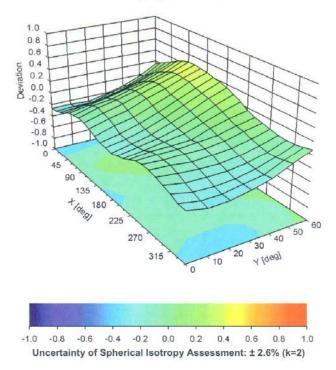
EX3DV4- SN:3846 September 24, 2014

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14 Page 10 of 11



September 24, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3846

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14



Dipole Calibration Certificate ANNEX H

835 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

OTTI (Auden)

Carifford No. D835V2-4d069 Aug14

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d	069	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ve 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 28, 2014		
All calibrations have been conduc	eted in the closed laborator	ny facility: environment temperature (22 + 3)°(and humidity < 70%
		y lacing, civilonnent competative (22.2.5) s	
Calibration Equipment used (M&)		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14
alibration Equipment used (M&T rimary Standards ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14
alibration Equipment used (M&1 rimary Standards ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A ower sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14
Calibration Equipment used (M&1) Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-14
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-14
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-14

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Aug14



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.0 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	5000	Server

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.43 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.17 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.2 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	1222	

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.33 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.3 \Omega + 0.8 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8 Ω - 1.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 34.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.393 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	November 09, 2007	



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

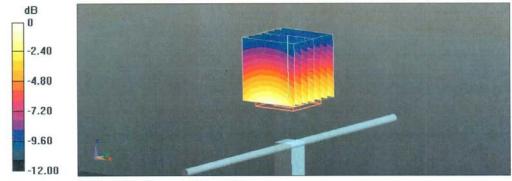
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg

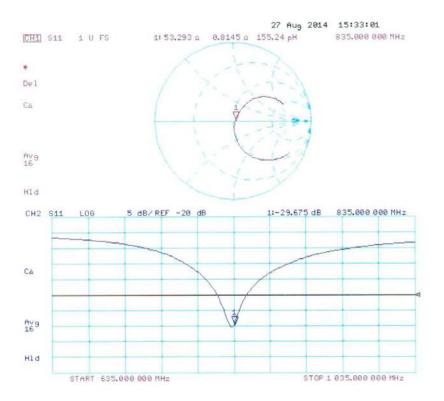
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



0 dB = 2.85 W/kg = 4.55 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

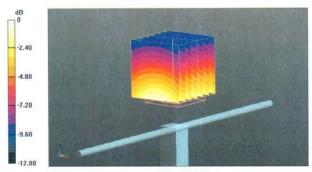
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg

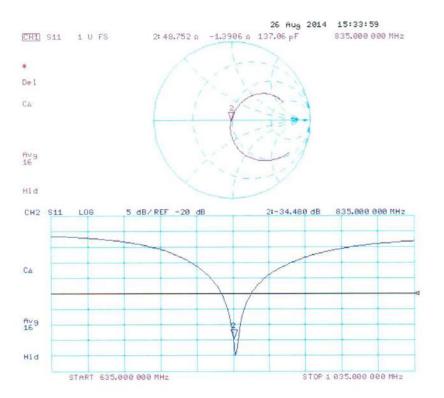
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.87 W/kg



0 dB = 2.87 W/kg = 4.58 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





1900 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d018_Jun14 Client **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** D1900V2 - SN: 5d018 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz June 18, 2014 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration GB37480704 Power meter EPM-442A 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) Oct-14 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) Oct-14 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) Oct-14 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) Apr-15 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) Apr-15 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) Dec-14 DAE4 SN: 601 30-Apr-14 (No. DAE4-601_Apr14) Apr-15 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) In house check: Oct-16 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 In house check: Oct-14 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) Name Function Calibrated by: Michael Weber Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katia Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: June 18, 2014 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d018_Jun14

Page 1 of 8

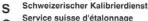


Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







C Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d018 Jun14

Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

rior eyeleni comigaration, ao iai ao not	giroir oir pago i.	
DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d018_Jun14



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 Ω + 2.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2 Ω + 2.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.194 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 04, 2002

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d018_Jun14



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.06.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d018

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2014

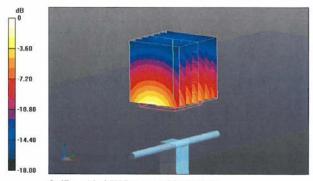
Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg

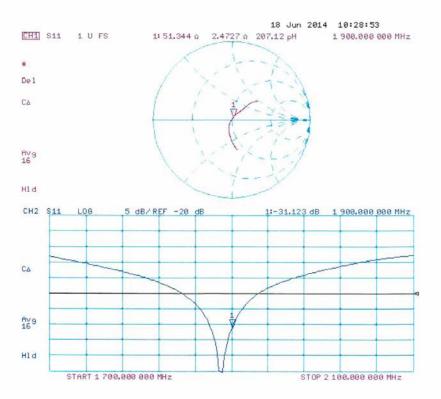
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



0 dB = 12.6 W/kg = 11.00 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d018_Jun14



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.06.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d018

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

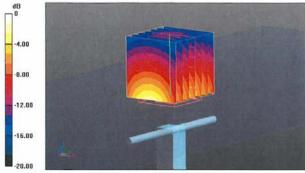
DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

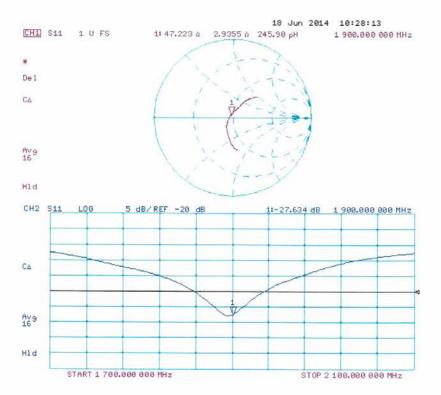
SAR(1 g) = 9.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg



0 dB = 12.5 W/kg = 10.97 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





2450 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Auden

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Certificate No: D2450V2-869_Jun14

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D2450V2 - SN: 869 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: June 13, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-14 (No. DAE4-601_Apr14)	Apr-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Orreen Et Daouse
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Selly-

Issued: June 13, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

C Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-869_Jun14

Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.4 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.1 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.00 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2)



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.4 Ω + 5.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.5~\Omega + 6.9~\mathrm{j}\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 18, 2010