

Fig.A.6.2.7 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch6, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

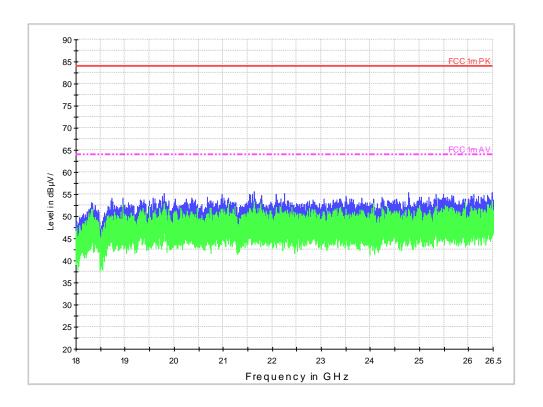


Fig.A.6.2.8 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch6, 18GHz -



26.5GHz)



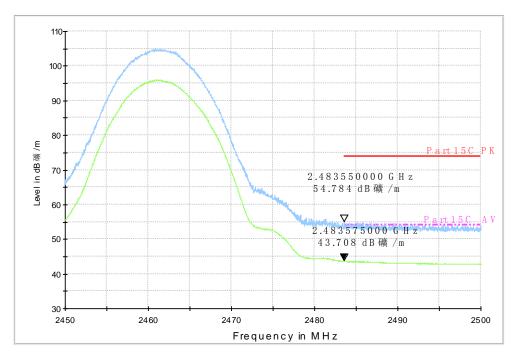
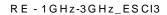


Fig.A.6.2.9 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11b, ch11, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz



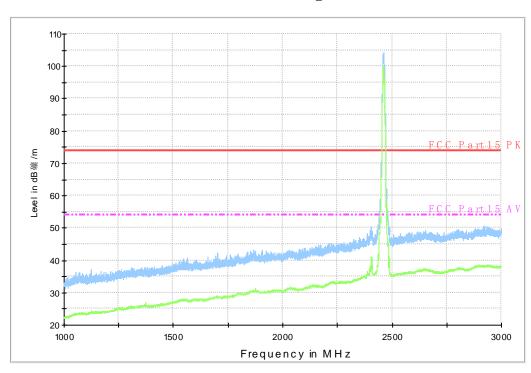




Fig.A.6.2.10 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch11, 1 GHz-3 GHz)

RE-3GHz-18GHz

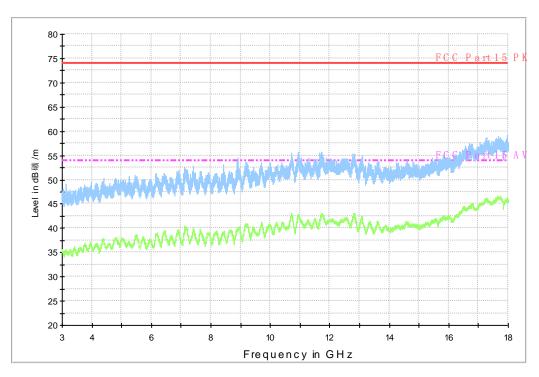


Fig.A.6.2.11 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch11, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

RE-Power-2.38GHz-2.45GHz_ESCI3

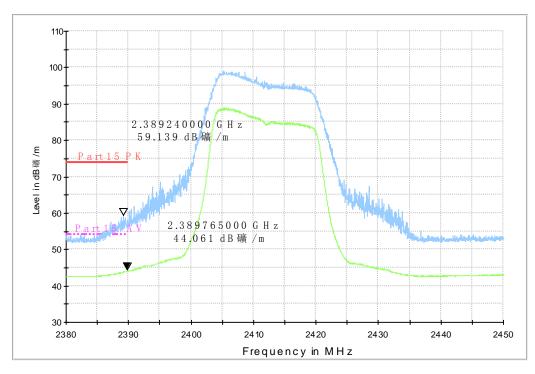


Fig.A.6.2.12 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11g, ch1, 2.38 GHz



- 2.45GHz

RE-1GHz-3GHz_ESCI3

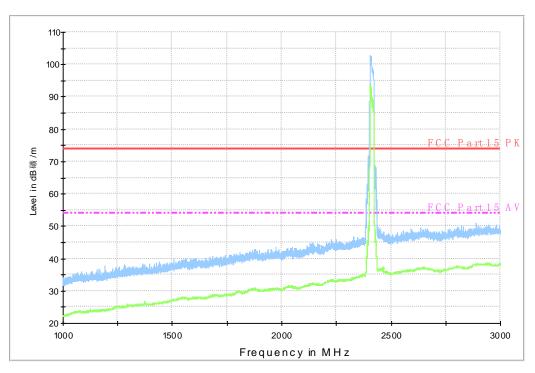


Fig.A.6.2.13 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch1, 1 GHz-3 GHz)

RE-3GHz-18GHz

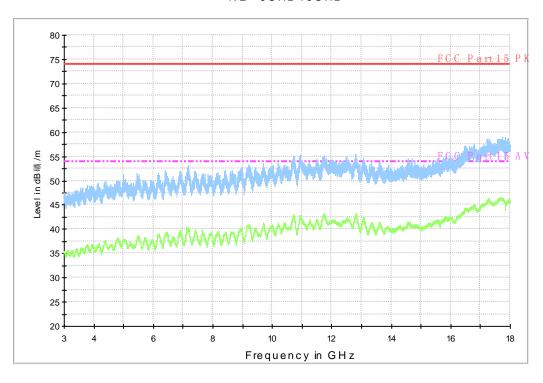


Fig.A.6.2.14 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch1, 3 GHz-18 GHz)





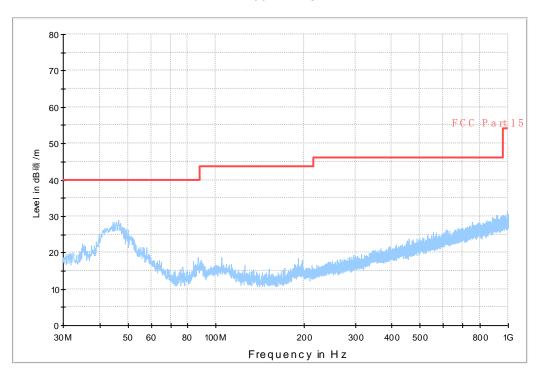
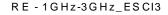


Fig.A.6.2.15 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch6, 30 MHz-1 GHz)



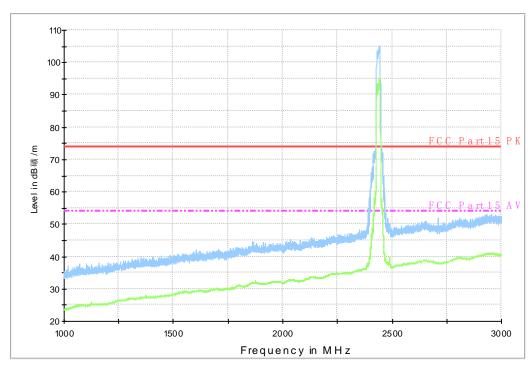
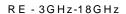


Fig.A.6.2.16 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch6, 1 GHz-3 GHz)





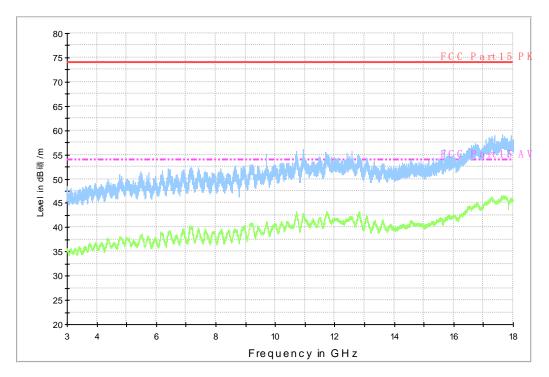


Fig.A.6.2.17 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch6, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

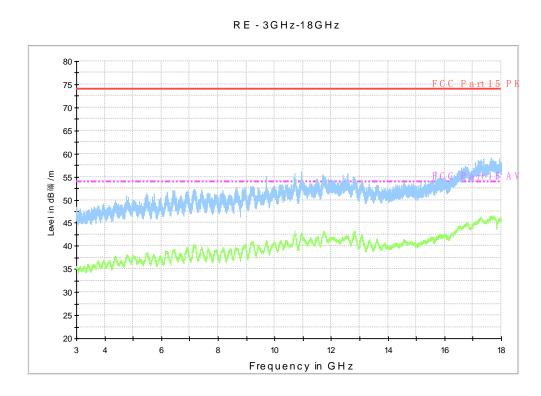
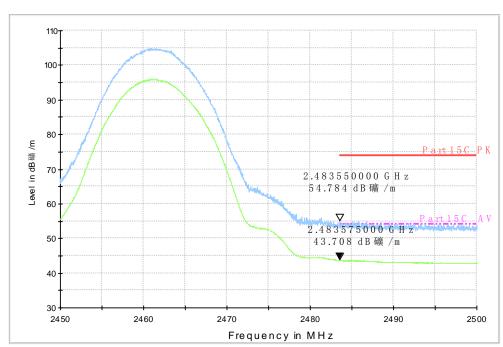


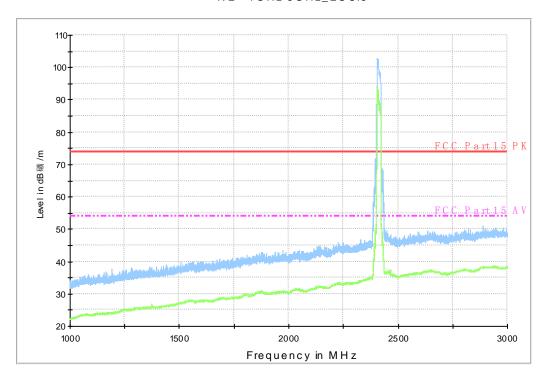
Fig.A.6.2.18 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch6, 18GHz – 26.5GHz)





RE-Power-2.45GHz-2.5GHz_ESCI3

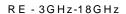
Fig.A.6.2.19 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11g, ch11, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz



RE-1GHz-3GHz_ESCI3

Fig.A.6.2.20 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch11, 1 GHz-3 GHz)





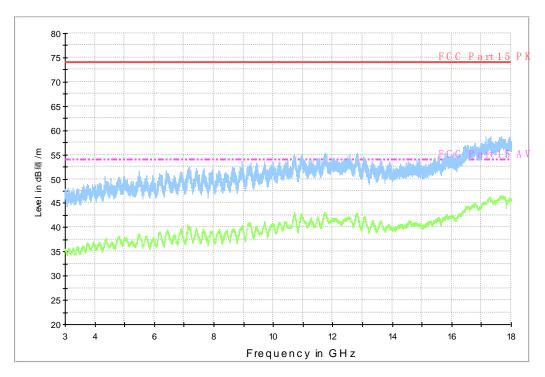


Fig.A.6.2.21 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch11, 3 GHz-18 GHz)



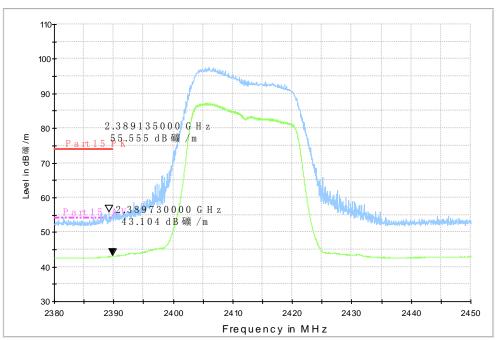
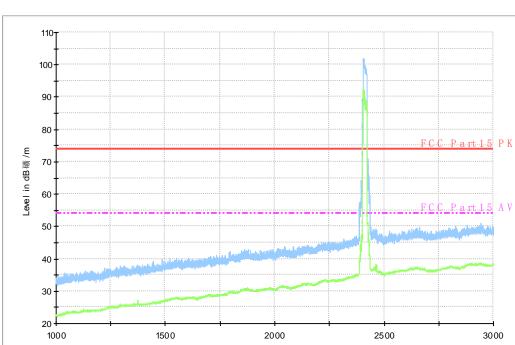


Fig.A.6.2.22 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11n-HT20, ch1, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz

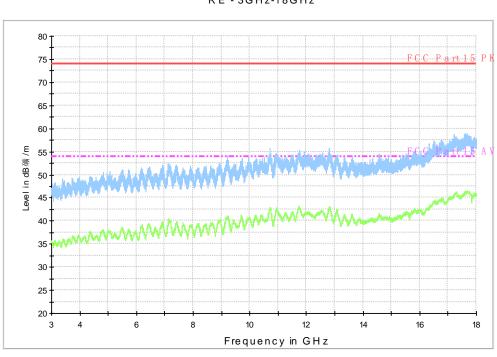




RE-1GHz-3GHz_ESCI3

Fig.A.6.2.23 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch1, 1 GHz-3 GHz)

Frequency in MHz



RE-3GHz-18GHz

Fig.A.6.2.24 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch1, 3 GHz-18



GHz)

RE 30MHz-1GHz

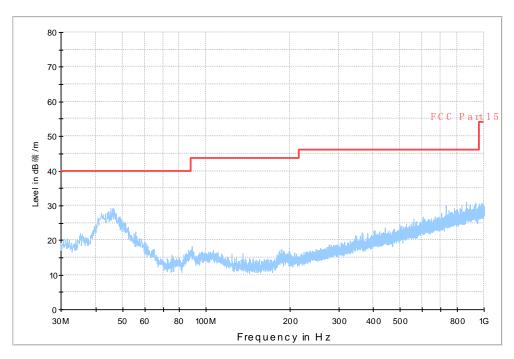


Fig.A.6.2.25 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch6, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

RE-1GHz-3GHz_ESCI3

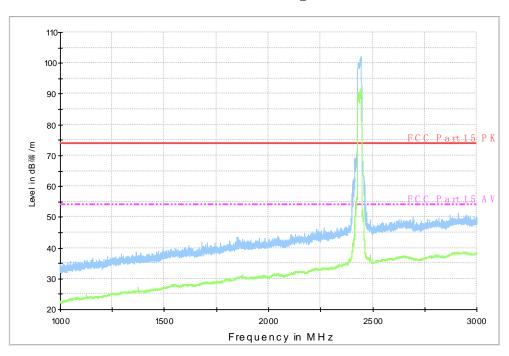
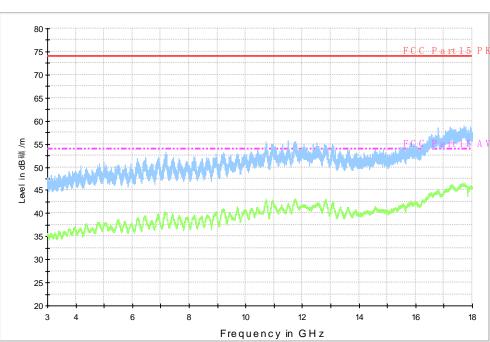


Fig.A.6.2.26 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch6, 1 GHz-3 GHz)





RE-3GHz-18GHz



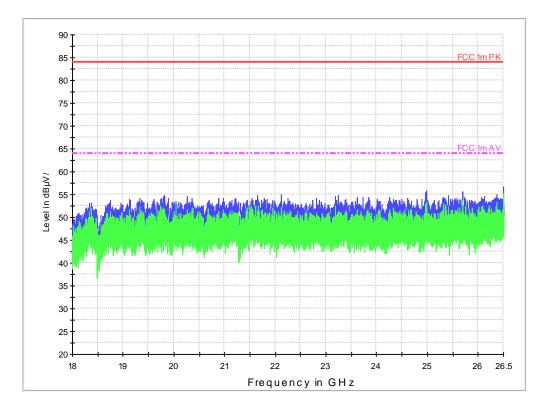


Fig.A.6.2.28 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch6, 18GHz -



26.5GHz)



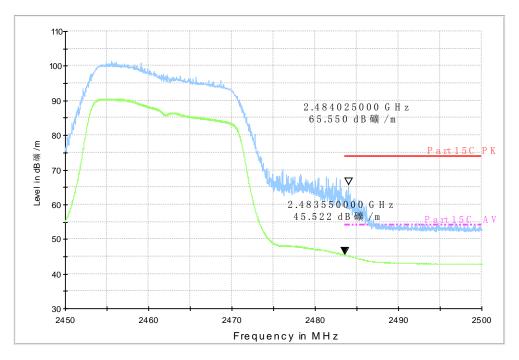
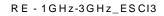


Fig.A.6.2.29 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11n-HT20, ch11, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz



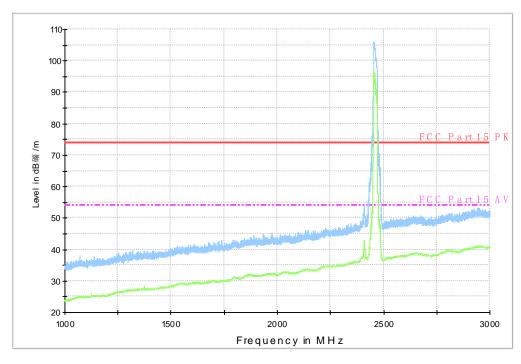
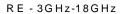


Fig.A.6.2.30 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch11, 1 GHz-3 GHz)





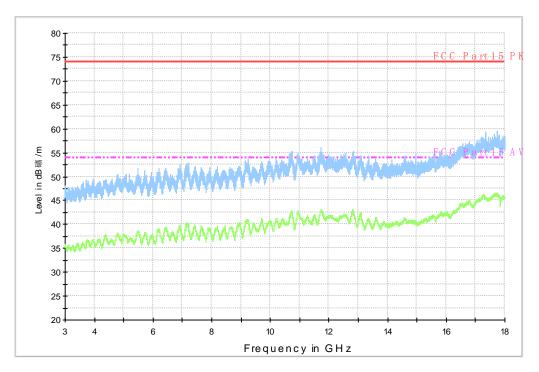


Fig.A.6.2.31 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch11, 3 GHz-18 GHz)



A.7. AC Power-line Conducted Emission

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.2

- 1 The one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT.
- 2 If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed.
- The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment thatcomprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is thenperformed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without furthervariation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation.
- If the EUT is comprised of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections, e.g., floor-standing equipment withindependent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network, each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (ormore) LISN(s). All units shall be separately measured. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be be measured.
- If the EUT uses a detachable antenna, these measurements shall be made with a suitable dummy loadconnected to the antenna output terminals; otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connectedand, if adjustable, fully extended. When measuring the ac conducted emissions from a device that operatesbetween 150 kHz and 30 MHz a non-detachable antenna may be replaced with a dummy load for themeasurements within the fundamental emission band of the transmitter, but only for those measurements.36Record the six highest EUT emissions relative to the limit of each of the current-carrying conductors of thepower cords of the equipment that comprises the EUT over the frequency range specified by the procuringor regulatory agency. Diagram or photograph the test setup that was used. See Clause 8 for full reportingrequirements.

Test Condition:

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)		
120	60		



Measurement Result and limit:

WLAN (Quasi-peak Limit)

Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-peak Limit (dBμV)	Result (dBμV) With charger		Conclusion	
(141112)	Lillin (GBAV)	802.11b Idle]	
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56				
0.5 to 5	56	Fig.A.7.1	Fig.A.7.2	Р	
5 to 30	60				

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

WLAN (Average Limit)

Frequency range	Average Limit	Result (dBμV) With charger		Conclusion
(IVITIZ)	(MHz) (dBμV)		ldle	
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46			
0.5 to 5	46	Fig.A.7.1	Fig.A.7.2	Р
5 to 30	50			

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Conclusion: Pass

Test graphs as below:



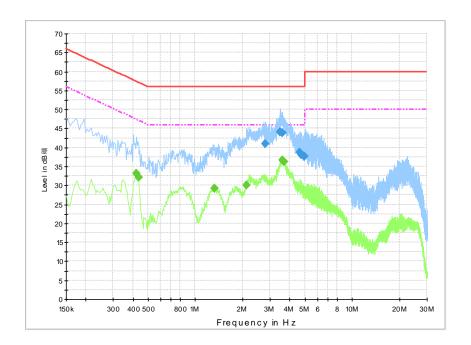


Fig.A.7.1 AC Powerline Conducted Emission-802.11b with CBA0066AG0C1

Note: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1

Frequency	QuasiPeak	PE	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
2.809500	40.9	GND	L1	10.4	15.1	56.0
3.493500	44.1	GND	L1	10.4	11.9	56.0
3.606000	44.0	GND	L1	10.4	12.0	56.0
4.650000	38.7	GND	L1	10.5	17.3	56.0
4.740000	38.0	GND	L1	10.5	18.0	56.0
4.965000	37.8	GND	L1	10.5	18.2	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency	Average	PE	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.420000	33.2	GND	N	10.4	14.2	47.4
0.433500	32.1	GND	N	10.4	15.1	47.2
1.329000	29.2	GND	N	10.4	16.8	46.0
2.121000	30.0	GND	L1	10.4	16.0	46.0
3.592500	36.6	GND	L1	10.4	9.4	46.0
3.660000	36.1	GND	L1	10.4	9.9	46.0



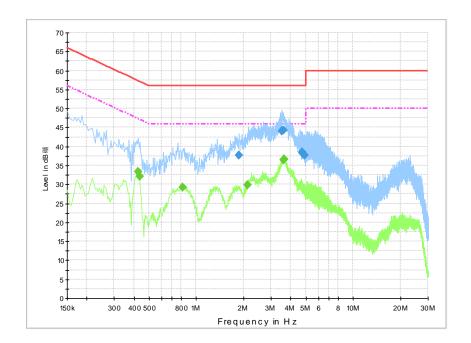


Fig.A.7.2 AC Powerline Conducted Emission-Idle with CBA0066AG0C1

Note: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1

Frequency	QuasiPeak	PE	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
1.878000	37.7	GND	N	10.4	18.3	56.0
3.507000	44.1	GND	L1	10.4	11.9	56.0
3.606000	44.3	GND	L1	10.4	11.7	56.0
4.713000	38.3	GND	L1	10.5	17.7	56.0
4.731000	38.4	GND	L1	10.5	17.6	56.0
4.897500	37.7	GND	L1	10.5	18.3	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency	Average	PE	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.424500	33.4	GND	N	10.4	13.9	47.4
0.433500	32.1	GND	N	10.4	15.1	47.2
0.816000	29.3	GND	N	10.4	16.7	46.0
2.112000	29.8	GND	L1	10.4	16.2	46.0
3.583500	36.5	GND	L1	10.4	9.5	46.0
3.619500	36.6	GND	L1	10.4	9.4	46.0