

## #25\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK(1,0)\_Bottom Side 1cm\_Ch21350

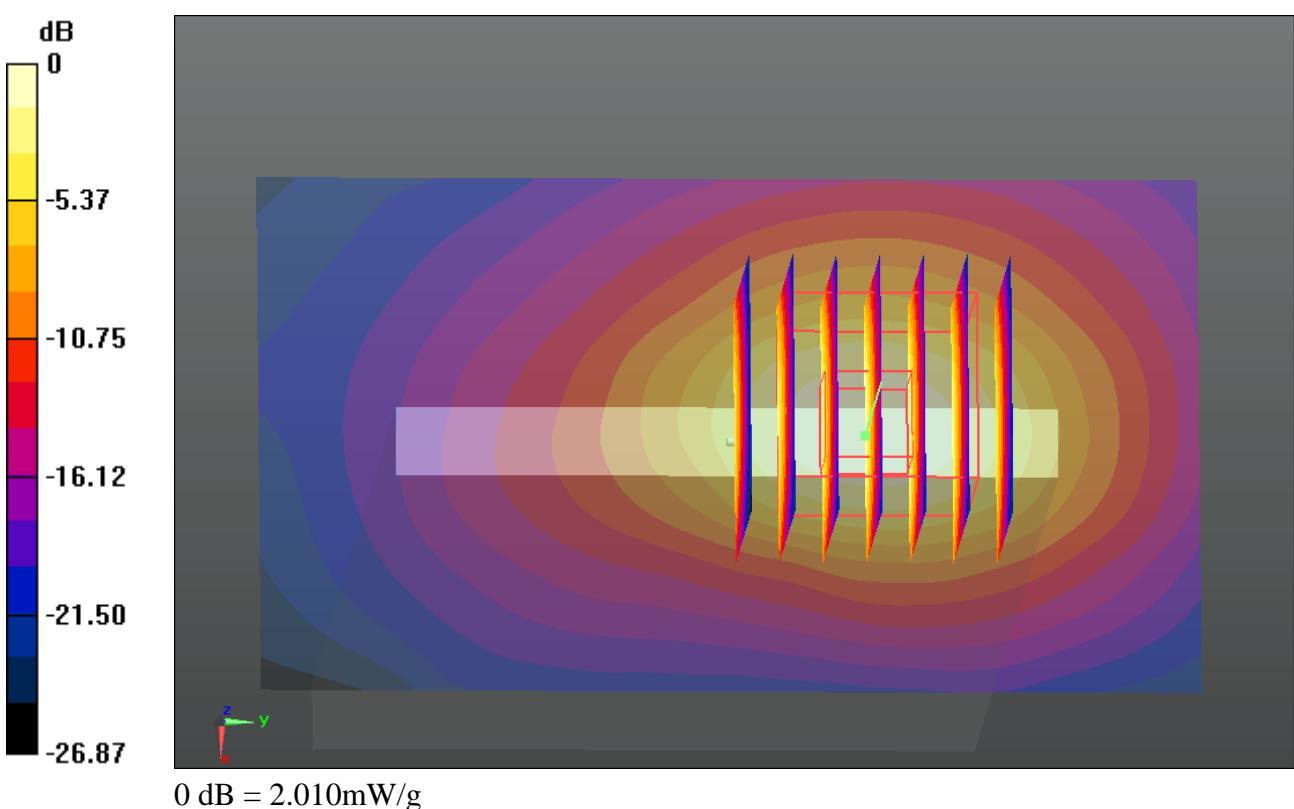
Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium: MSL\_2600\_150328 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.149$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.782$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.076 mW/g

**Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 16.762 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.746 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.290 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.570 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.005 mW/g



**#26\_WLAN 2.4GHz\_802.11b\_1Mbp\_Back 1cm\_Ch11**

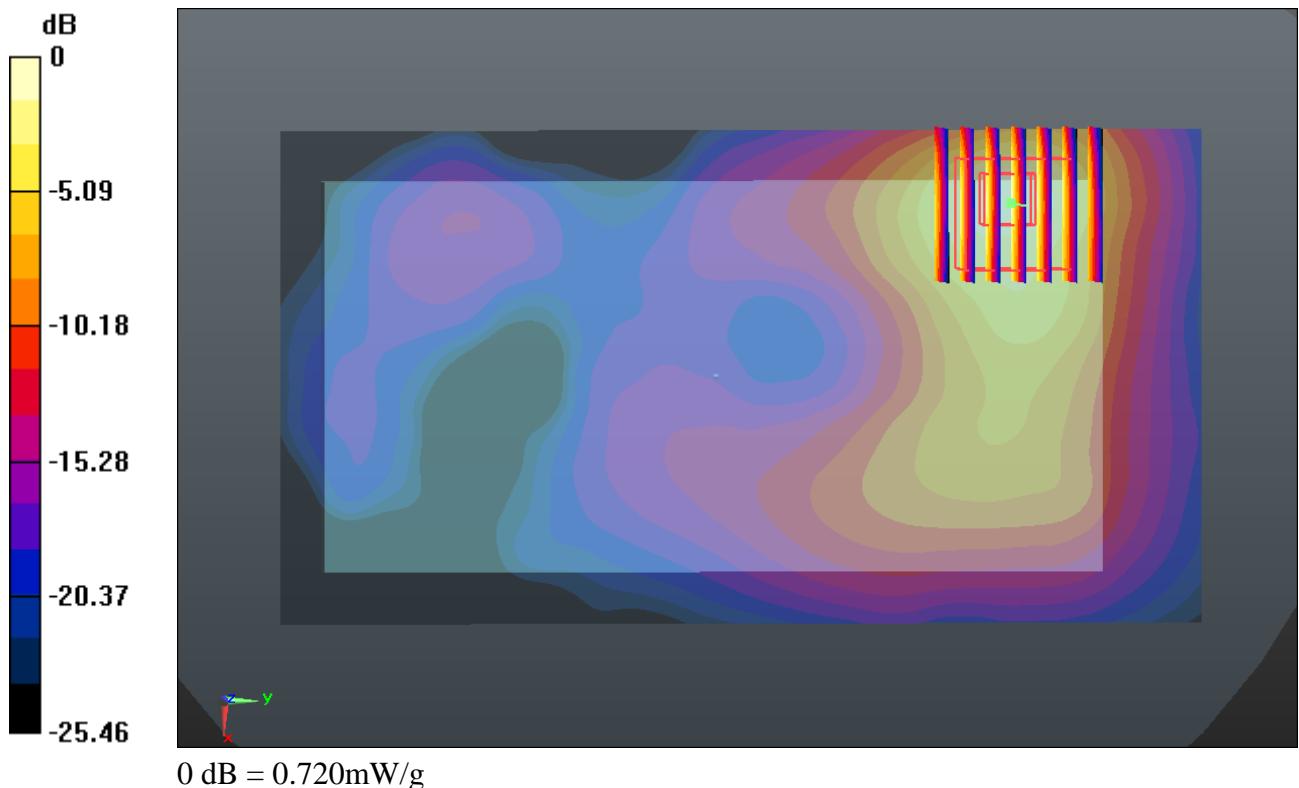
Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024  
Medium: MSL\_2450\_150404 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.959$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.912$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch11/Area Scan (81x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.776 mW/g

**Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 2.317 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.021 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.457 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.724 mW/g



**#27\_WLAN 5.8GHz\_802.11a\_6Mbps\_Right Side 1cm\_Ch157**

Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.146

Medium: MSL\_5000\_150413 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.214 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.373$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(4.21, 4.21, 4.21); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch157/Area Scan (41x181x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.475 mW/g

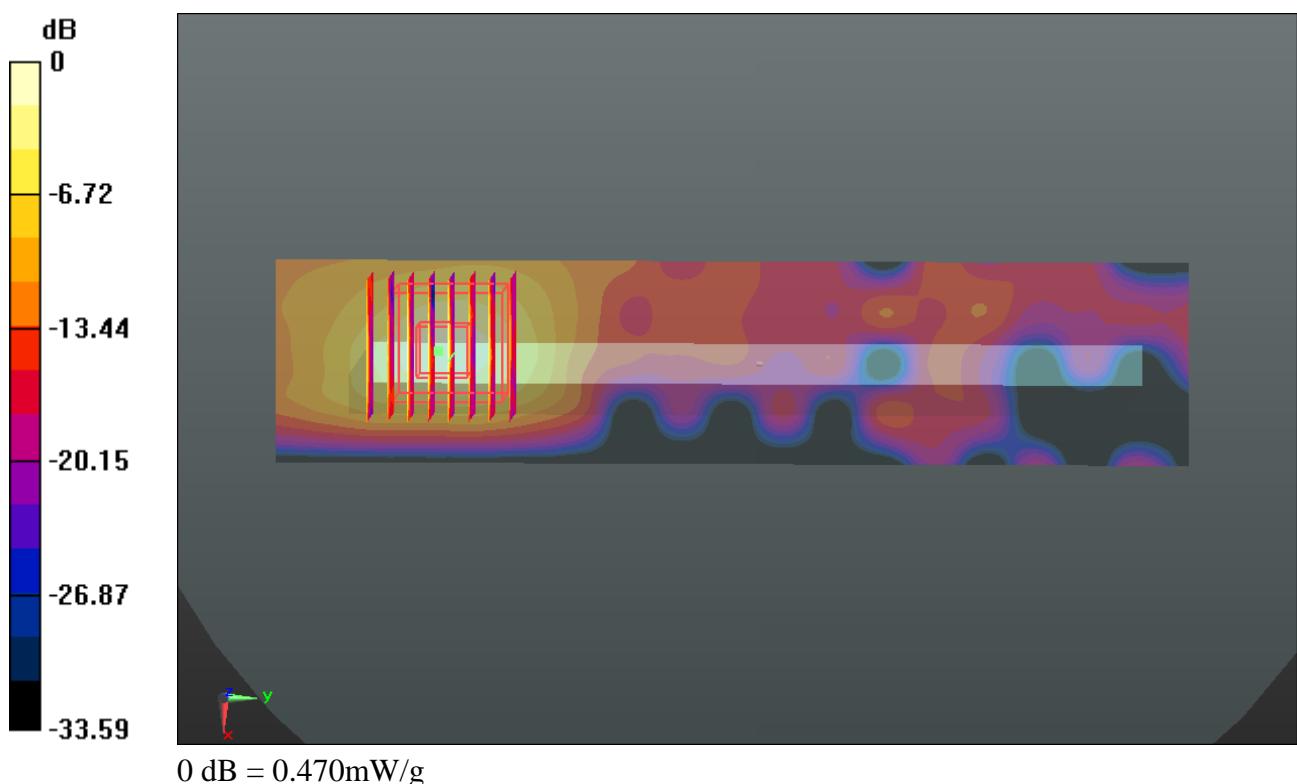
**Ch157/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.787 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.867 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.198 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.474 mW/g



**#28\_LTE Band 2\_20M\_QPSK(1,0)\_Back 0cm\_Ch18700**

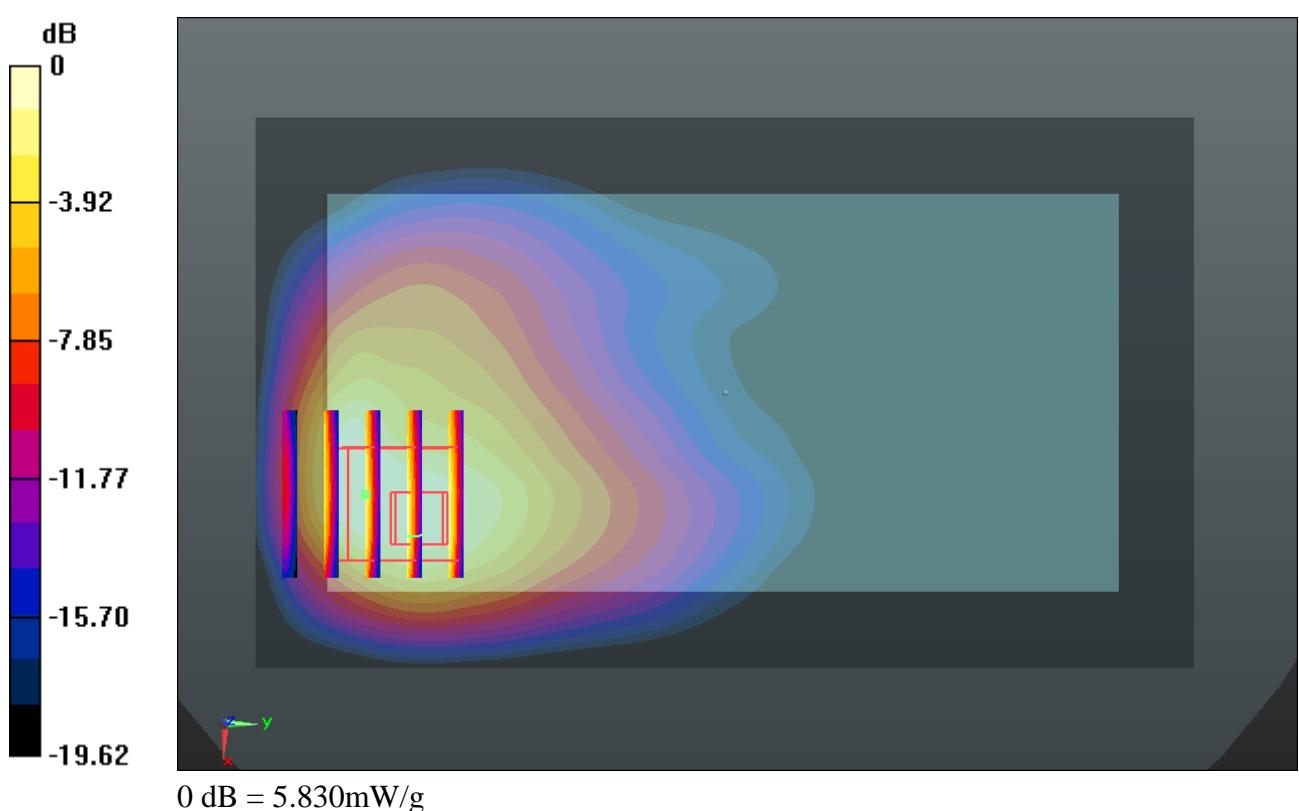
Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_1900\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1860$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.495$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.328$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.0 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch18700/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.045 mW/g

**Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 7.822 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.951 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 4.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.220 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.830 mW/g



**#29\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK(1,0)\_Bottom Side 0cm\_Ch21350**

Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_2600\_150328 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.149$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.782$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

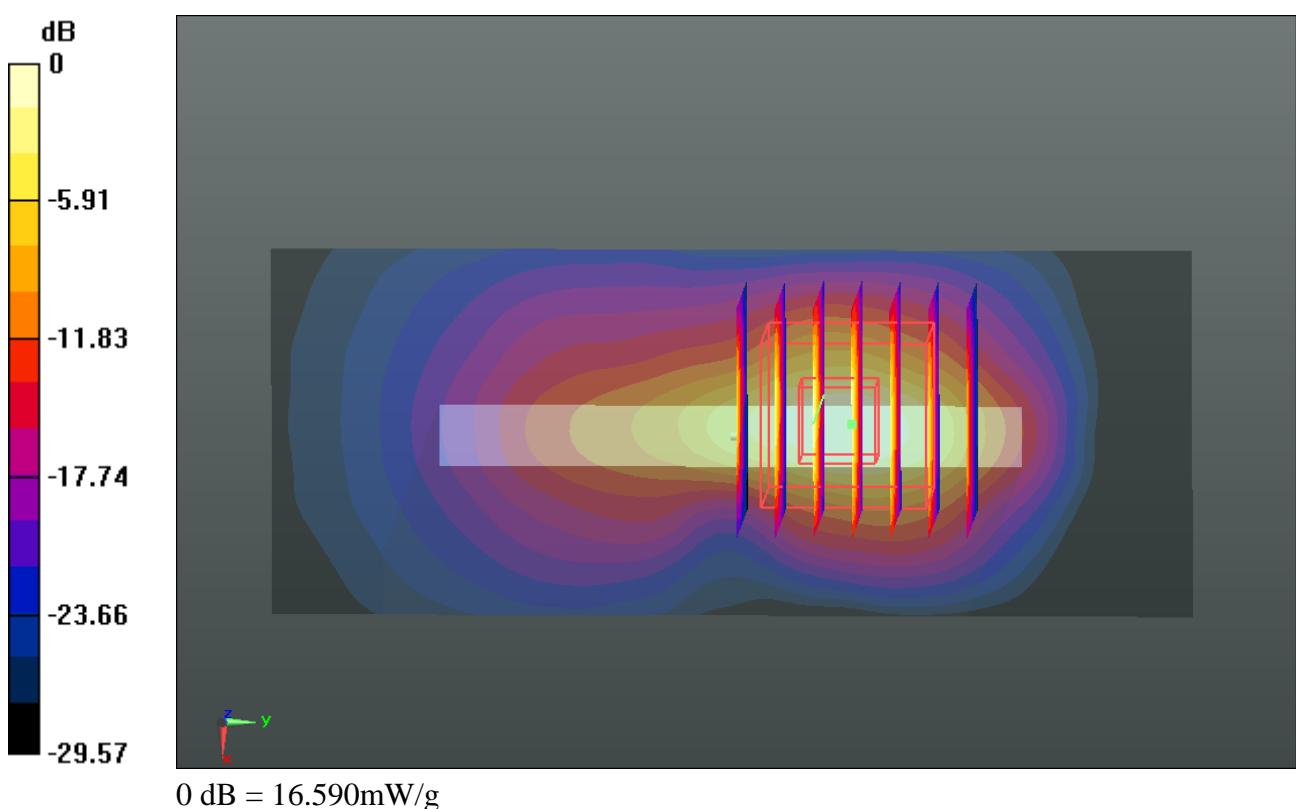
Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.0 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (41x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.094 mW/g

**Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 42.436 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.862 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 9.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.430 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.586 mW/g



**#30\_GSM850\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Back 1cm\_Ch251**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08  
Medium: MSL\_835\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 849$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.329$ ;

$$\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.709 mW/g

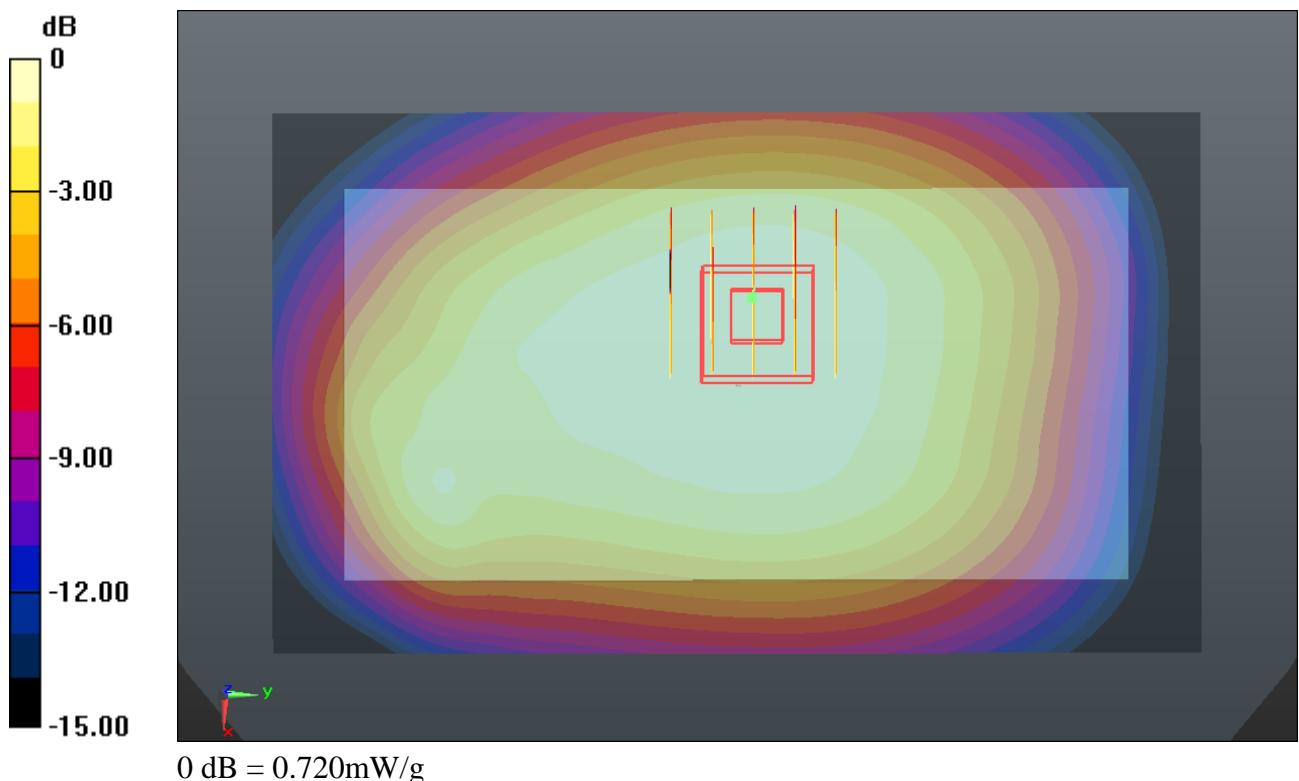
**Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.928 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.100 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.622 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.476 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.717 mW/g



**#31\_GSM1900\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Back 1cm\_Ch810**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08  
Medium: MSL\_1900\_150321 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.555 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.206$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.130 mW/g

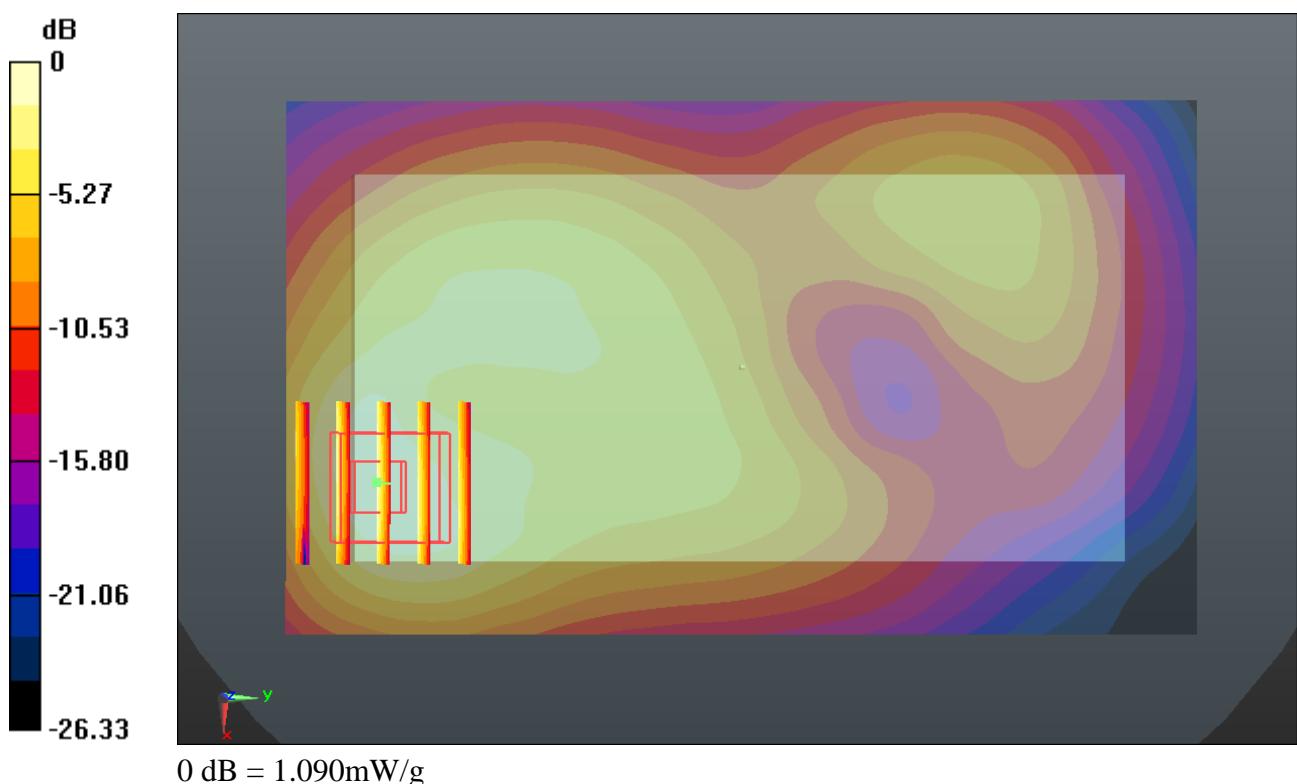
**Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.536 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.317 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.804 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.086 mW/g



**#32\_WCDMA Band V\_RMC12.2Kbps\_Back 1cm\_Ch4132**

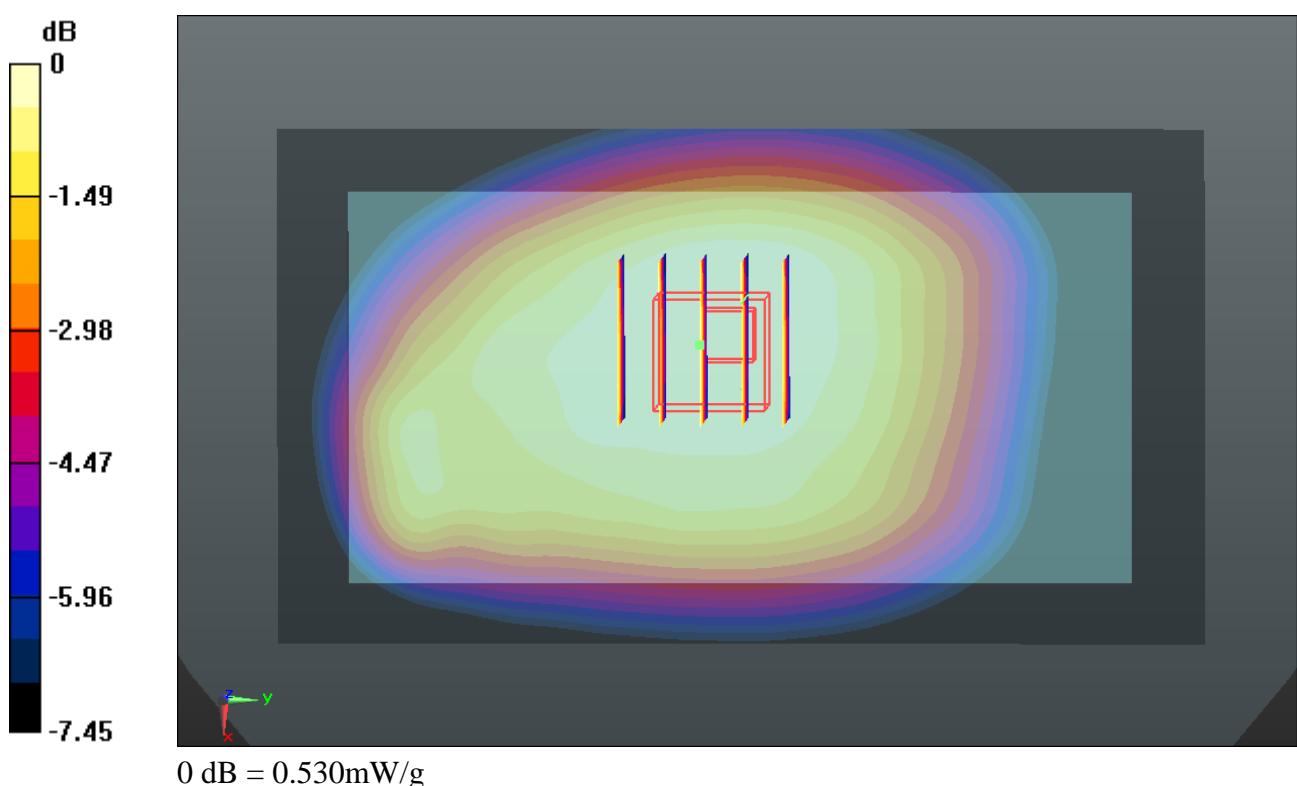
Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_835\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 826.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.971$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.557$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch4132/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.538 mW/g

**Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 22.225 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0085 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.589 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.367 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.535 mW/g



**#33\_WCDMA Band IV\_RMC12.2Kbps\_Back 1cm\_Ch1513**

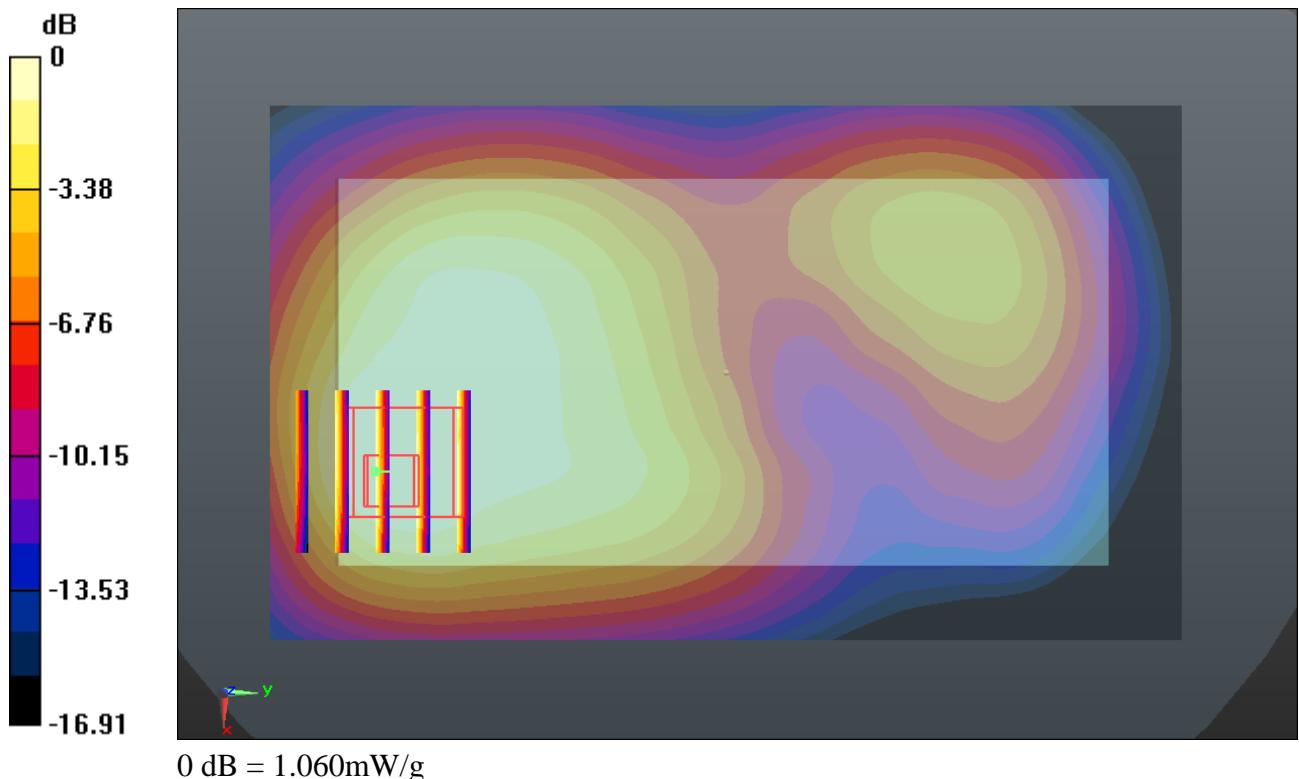
Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_1750\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1752.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.433$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.104 mW/g

**Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 11.539 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.321 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.803 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.055 mW/g



**#34\_WCDMA Band II\_RMC12.2Kbps\_Back 1cm\_Ch9358**

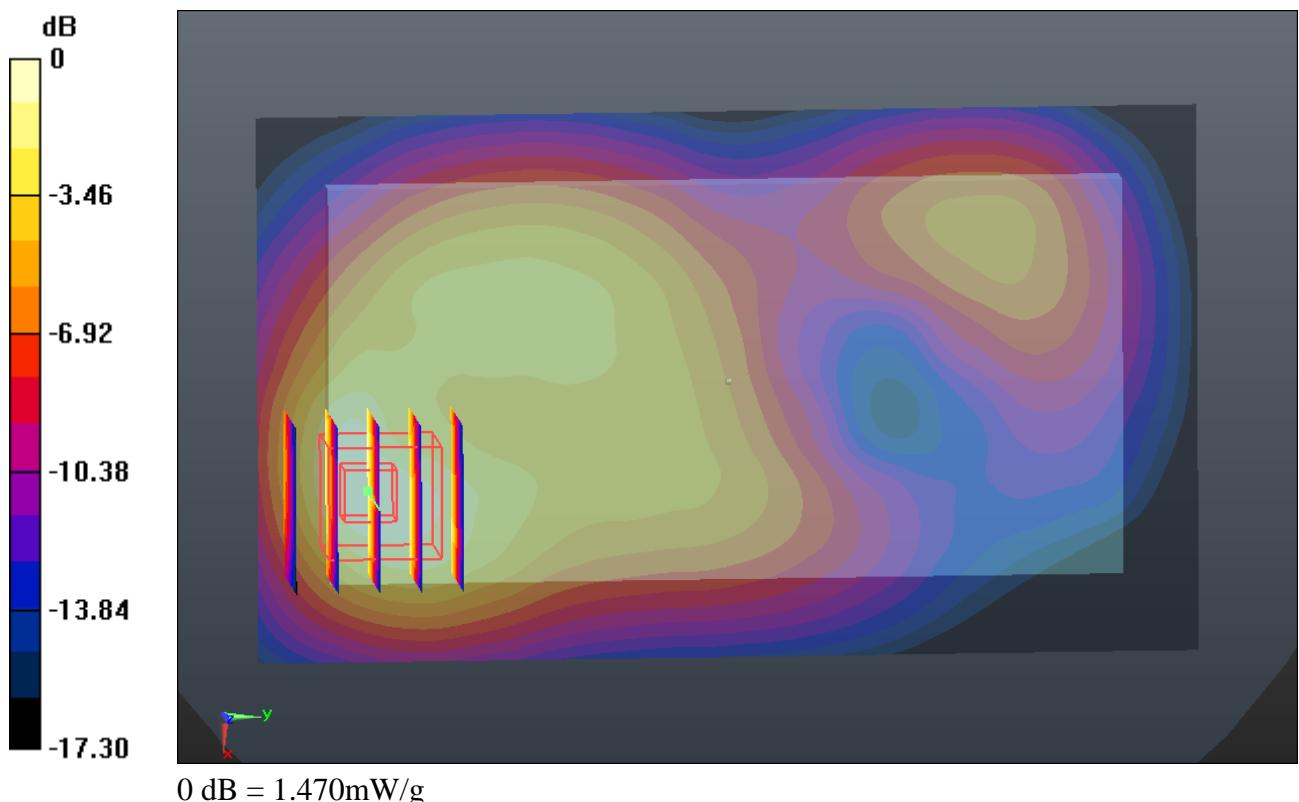
Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_1900\_150321 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1907.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.553$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.214$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.0 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch9538/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.443 mW/g

**Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 15.116 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.793 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.080 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.619 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.472 mW/g



**#35\_LTE Band 12\_10M\_QPSK(1,0)\_Back 1cm\_Ch23130**

Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_750\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 711 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.934 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.838$ ; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch23130/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 mW/g

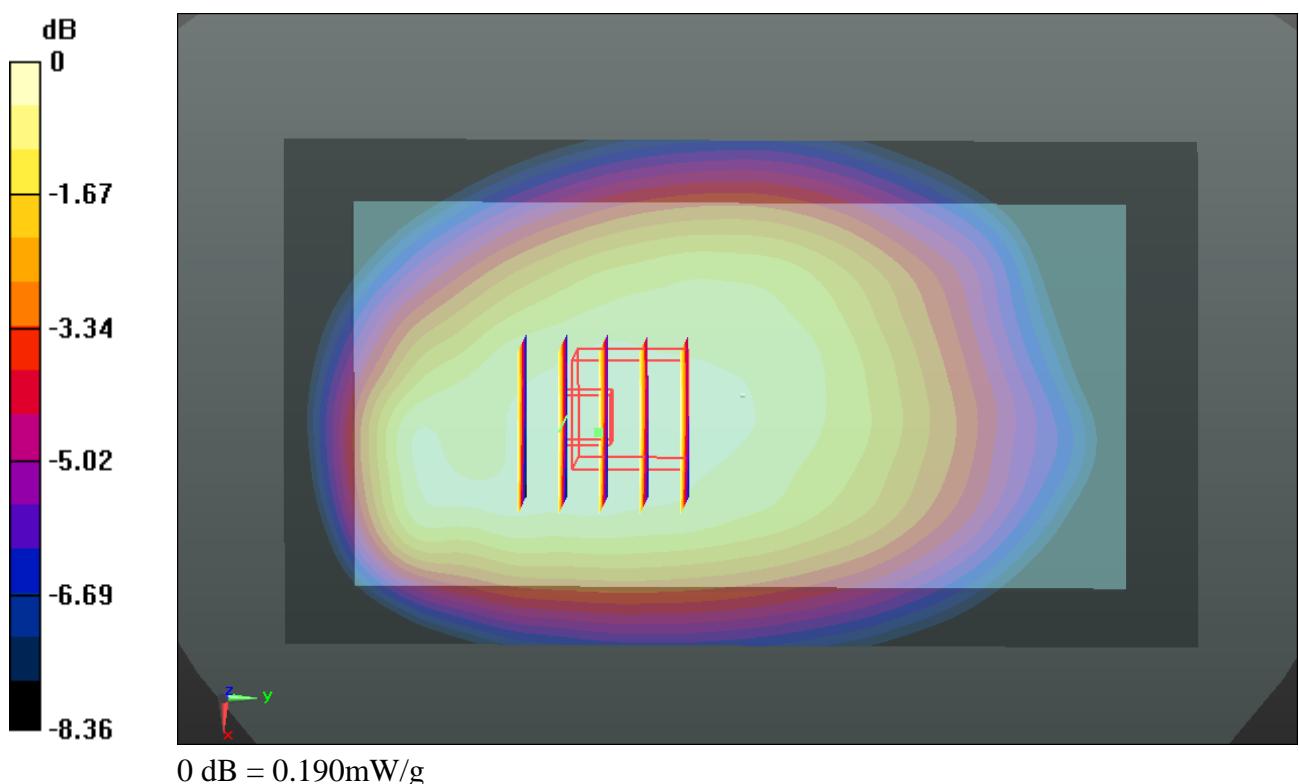
**Ch23130/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.164 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.211 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.168 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.193 mW/g



**#36\_LTE Band 17\_10M\_QPSK(1,0)\_Back 1cm\_Ch23790**

Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_750\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.933 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.842$ ; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch23790/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.216 mW/g

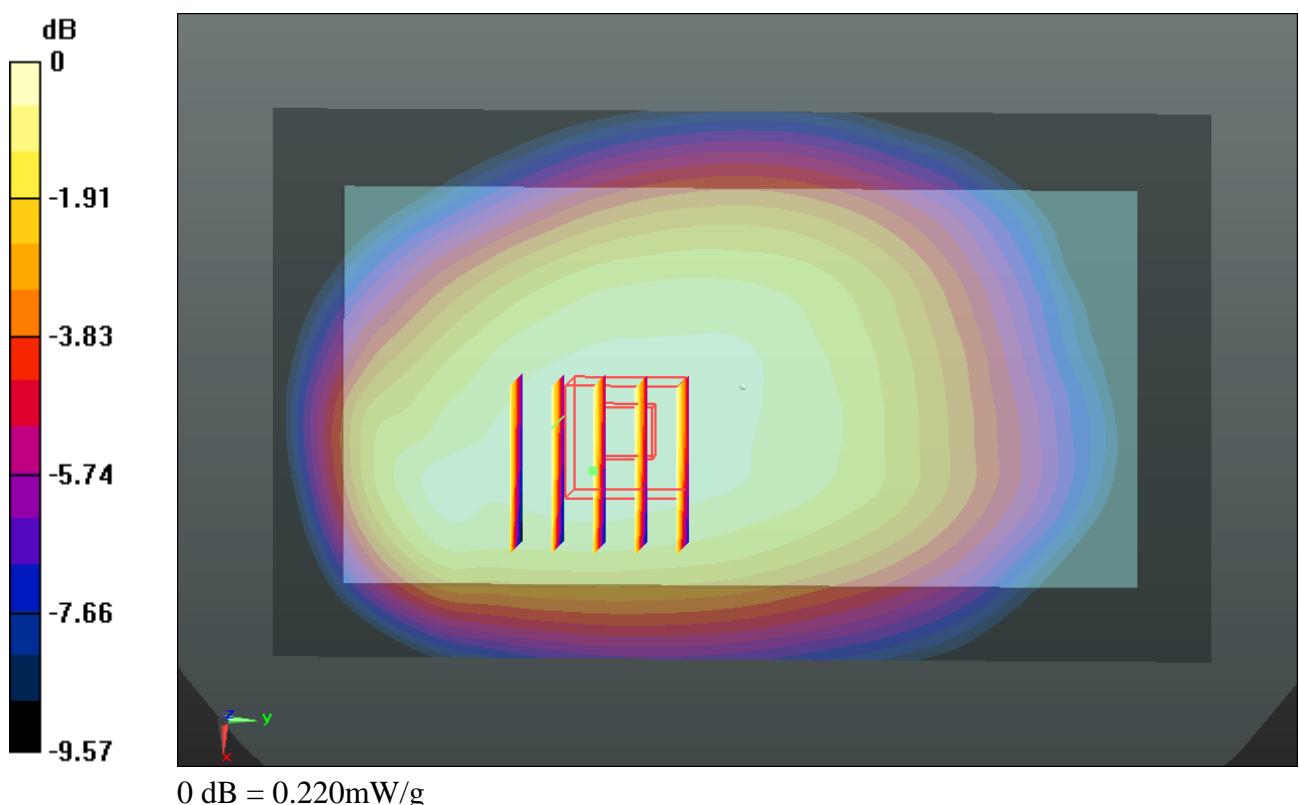
**Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.945 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.190 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 mW/g



**#37\_LTE Band 5\_10M\_QPSK(1,24)\_Back 1cm\_Ch20450**

Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_835\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 829$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.974$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.536$ ; $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch20450/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.570 mW/g

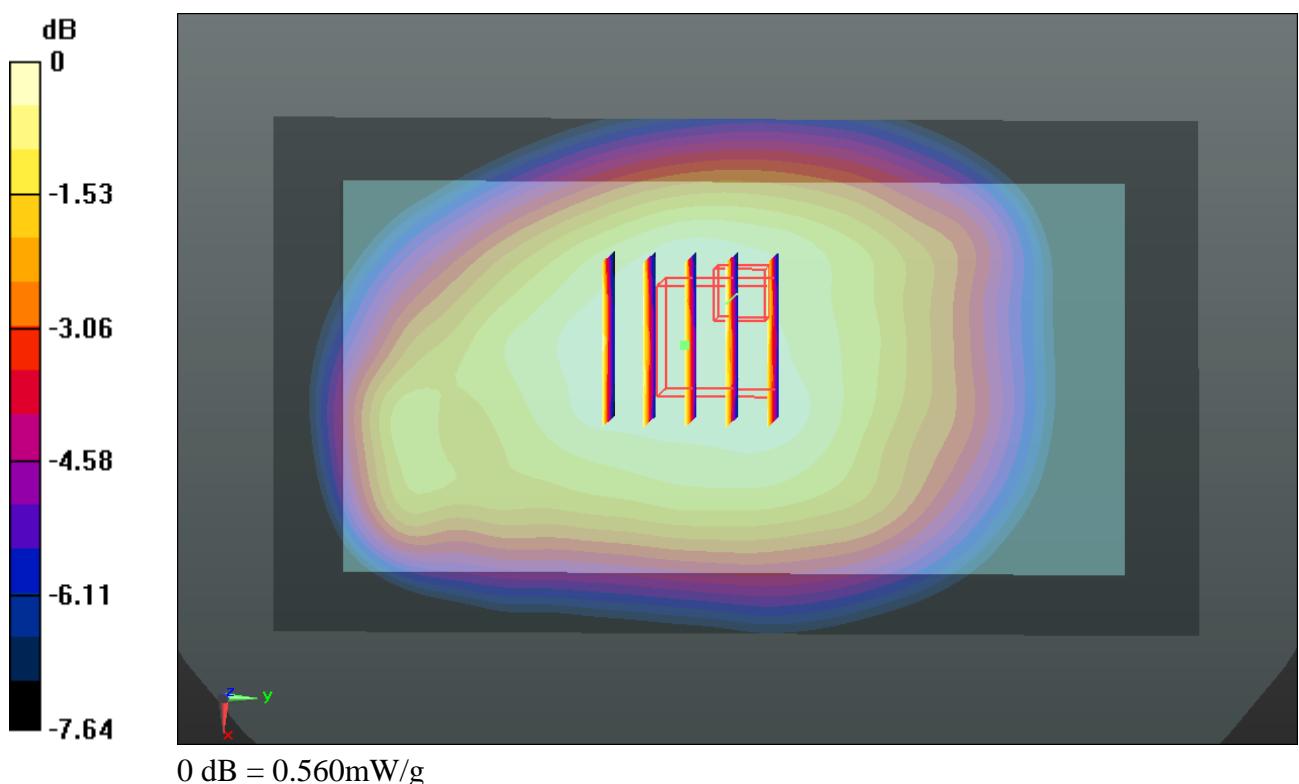
**Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.163 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.622 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.364 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.564 mW/g



**#38\_LTE Band 4\_20M\_QPSK(1,0)\_Front 1cm\_Ch20300**

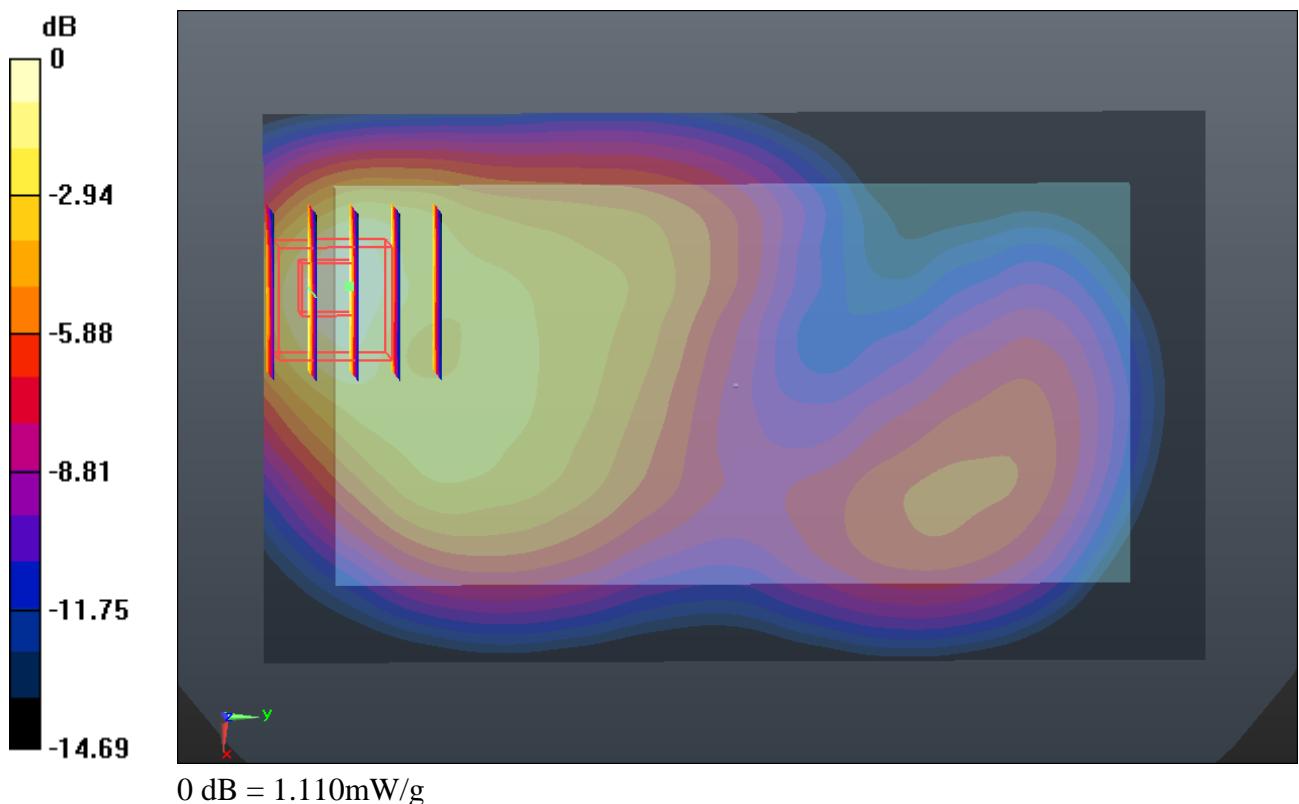
Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_1750\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1745$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.516$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.446$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch20300/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.168 mW/g

**Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 10.207 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.430 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.872 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.494 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.110 mW/g



**#39\_LTE Band 2\_20M\_QPSK(1,0)\_Back 1cm\_Ch19100\_Headset 1**

Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_1900\_150325 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.544$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.236$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

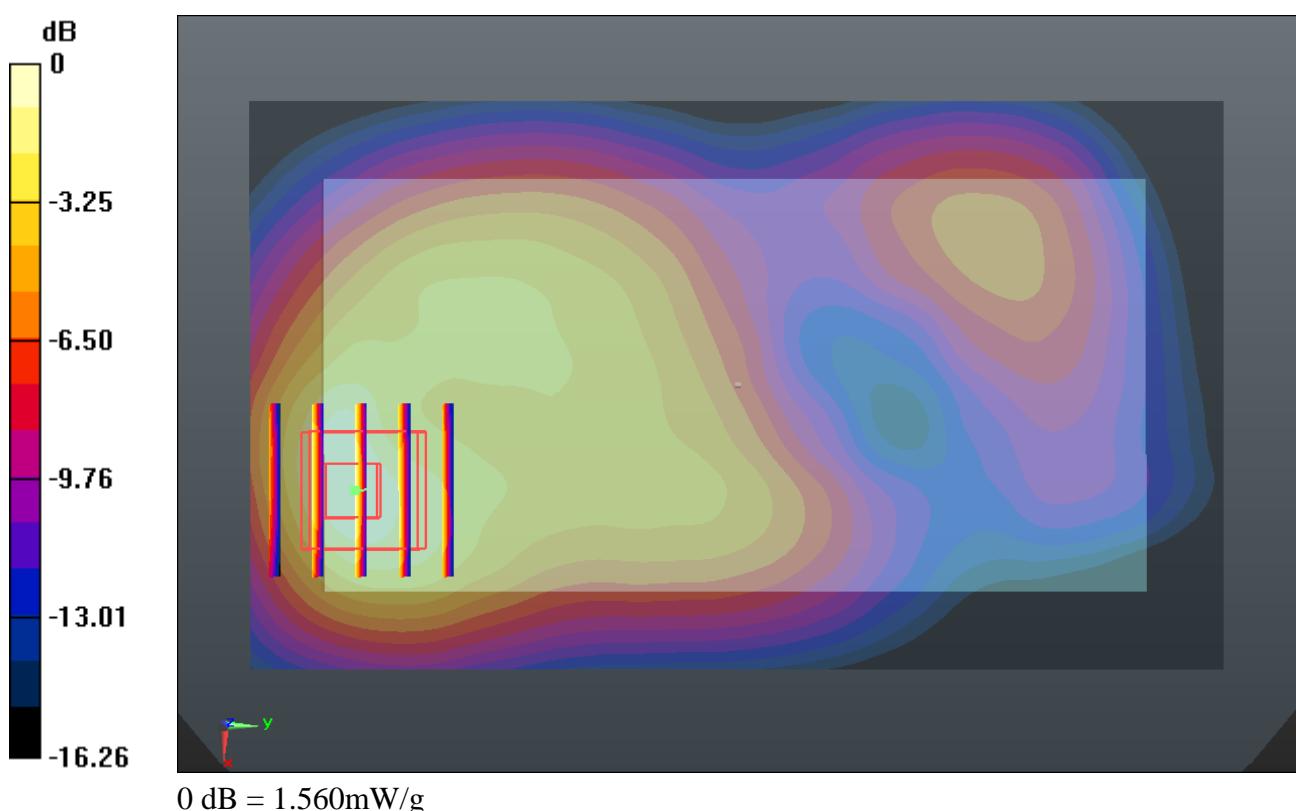
Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch19100/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.578 mW/g

**Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 13.962 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.881 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.160 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.685 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.562 mW/g



**#40\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK(1,0)\_Back 1cm\_Ch21350**

Communication System: FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_2600\_150328 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.149$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.782$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

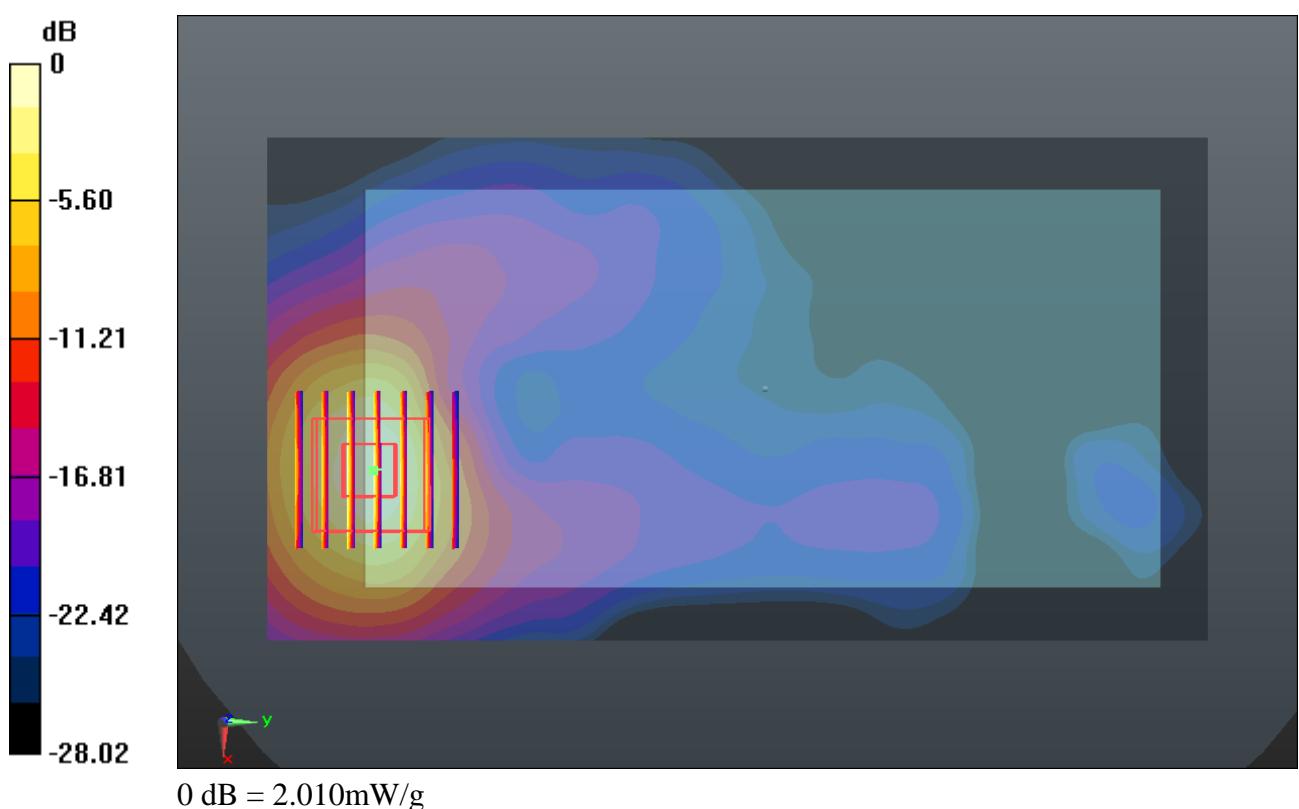
Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.0 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (81x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.148 mW/g

**Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 1.642 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.742 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.551 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.009 mW/g



**#41\_WLAN 2.4GHz\_802.11b\_1Mbps\_Back 1cm\_Ch11**

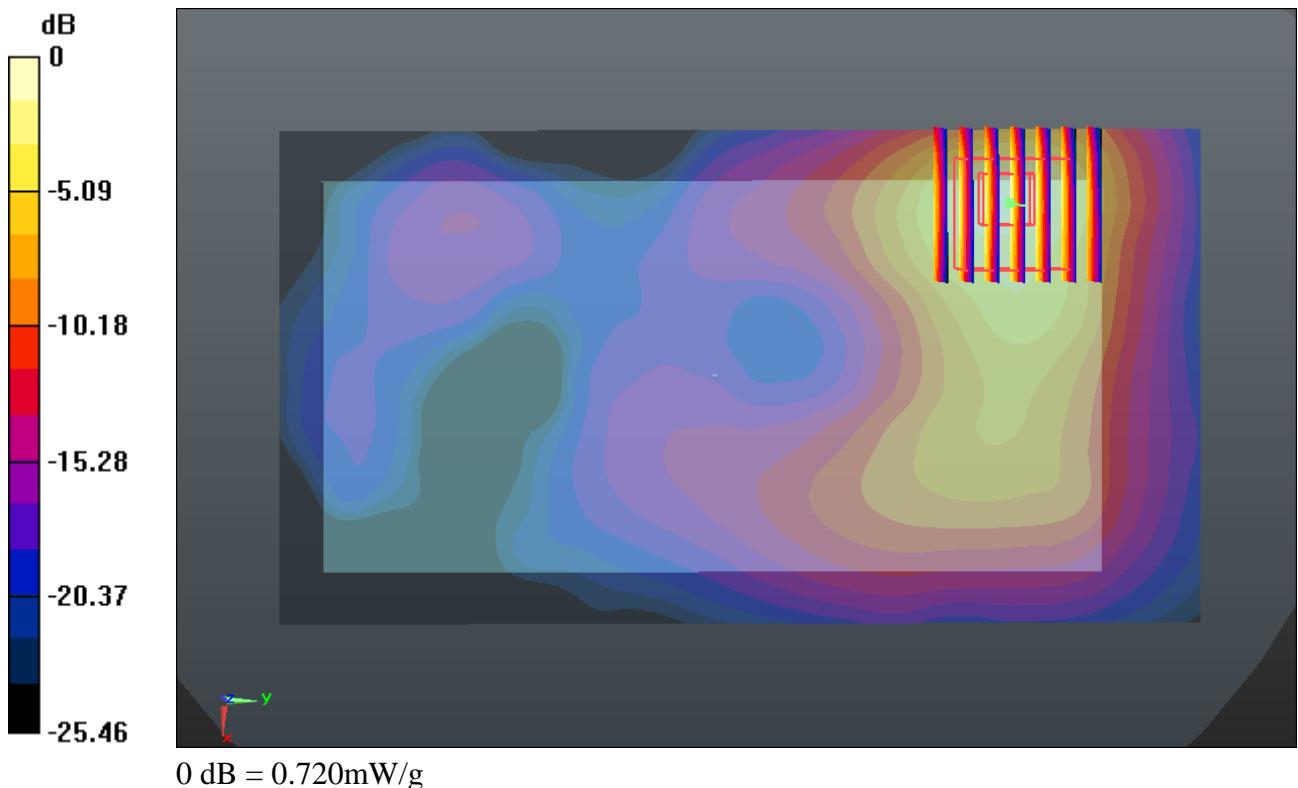
Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024  
Medium: MSL\_2450\_150404 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.959$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.912$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch11/Area Scan (81x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.776 mW/g

**Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 2.317 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.021 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.457 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.724 mW/g



**#42\_WLAN 5.2GHz\_802.11a\_6Mbps\_Back 1cm\_Ch48**

Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.146

Medium: MSL\_5000\_150413 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.414 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 48.588$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.0 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch48/Area Scan (101x191x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.107 mW/g

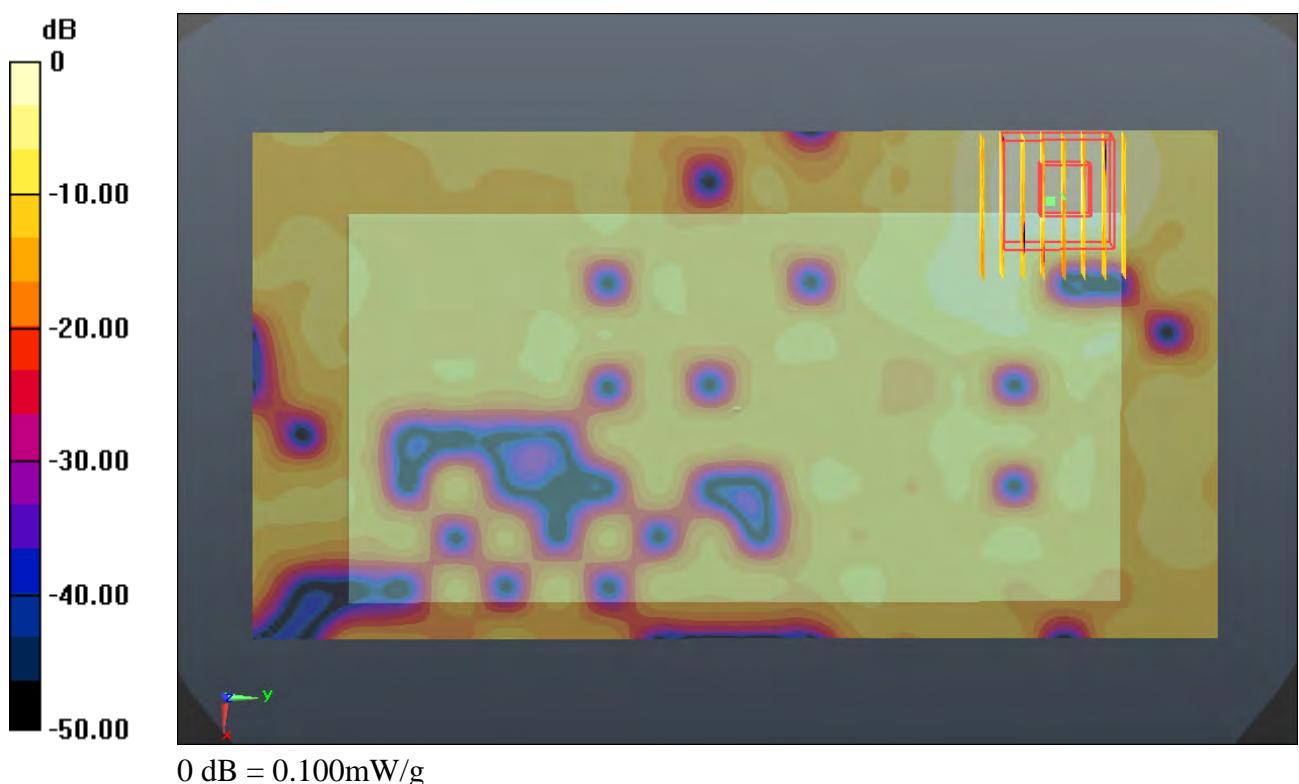
**Ch48/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.198 V/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.155 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.040 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 mW/g



**#43\_WLAN 5.8GHz\_802.11a\_6Mbps\_Back 1cm\_Ch157**

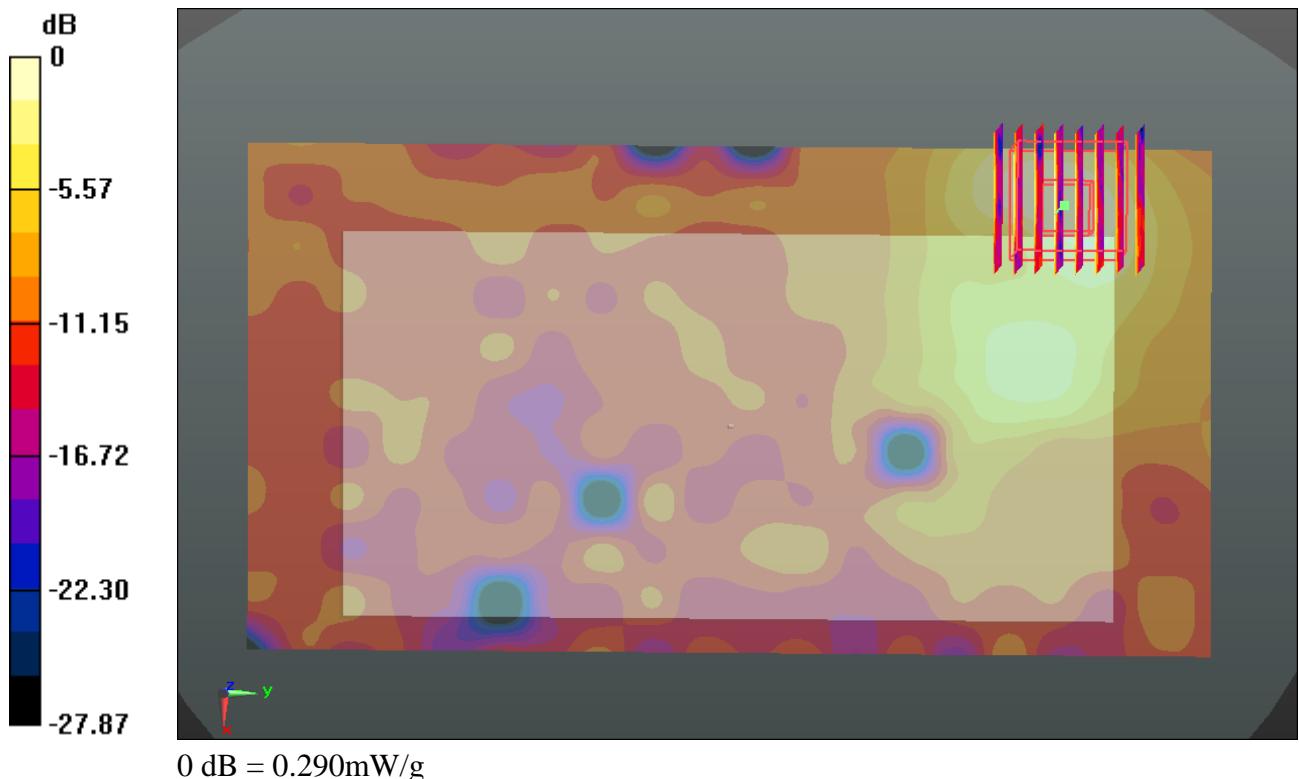
Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.146  
Medium: MSL\_5000\_150413 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5785$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.214$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.373$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.0 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(4.21, 4.21, 4.21); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch157/Area Scan (101x191x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.312 mW/g

**Ch157/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 1.601 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.424 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.109 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 mW/g



**1-1\_GSM850\_GPRS 4 Tx slots\_Left Cheek\_0mm\_Ch251**

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL\_835\_160226 Medium parameters used:  $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.897 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.856$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch251/Area Scan (81x131x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.404 W/kg

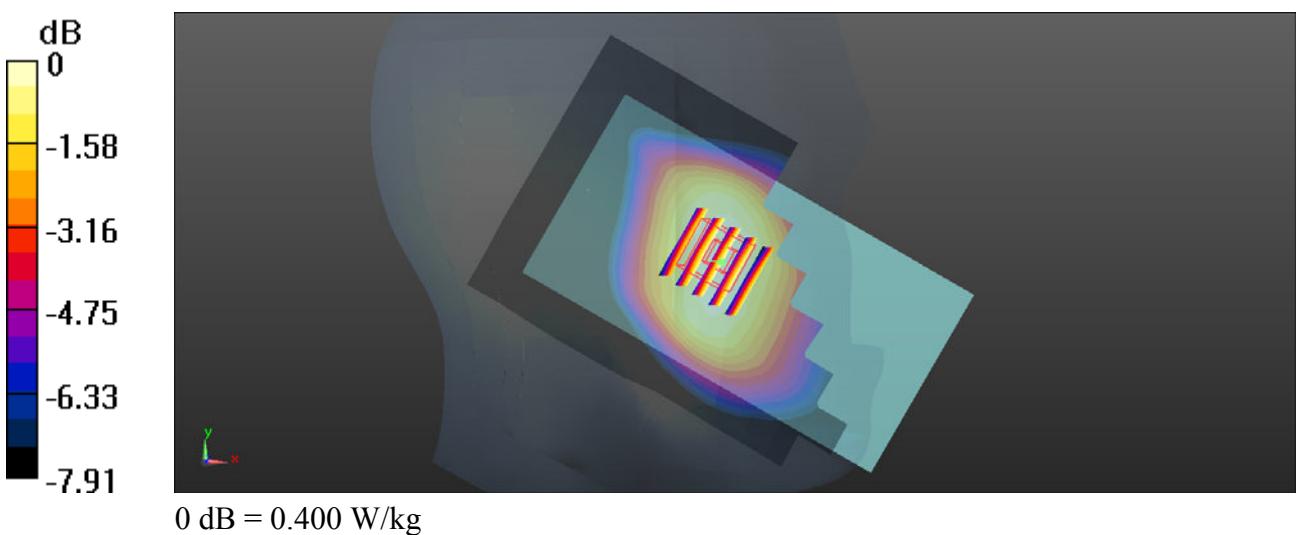
**Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.577 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.357 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 W/kg



**2-1\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Left Cheek\_0mm\_Ch6**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024  
Medium: HSL\_2450\_160225 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.805 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch6/Area Scan (81x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.98 W/kg

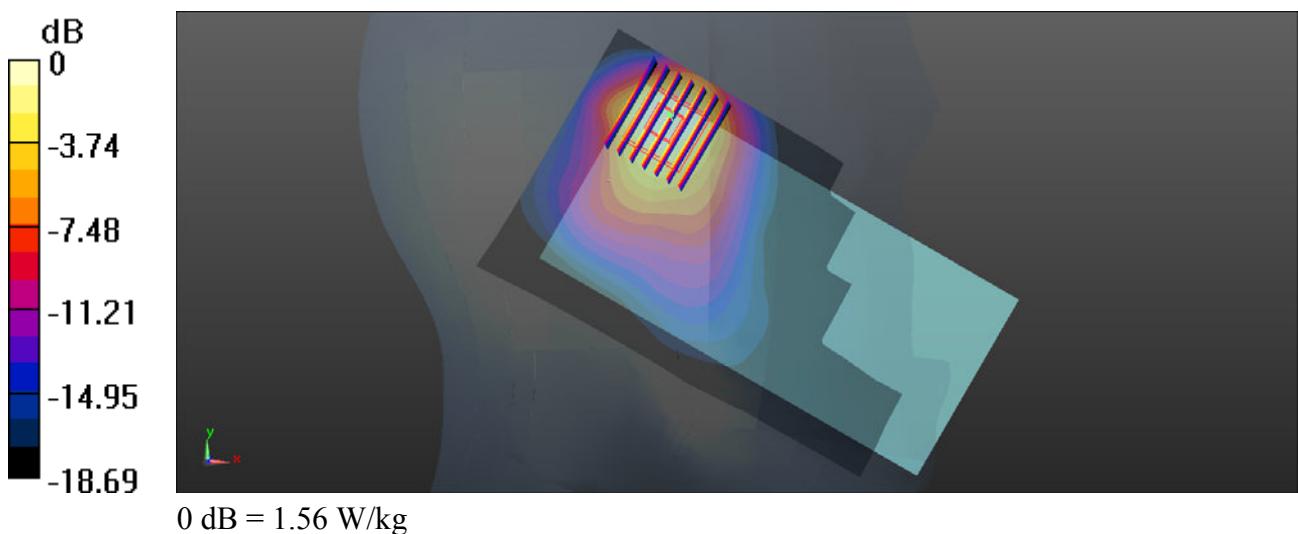
**Ch6/Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.31 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.517 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



**3-1\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_Offset\_Bottom\_10mm\_Ch21350**

Communication System: UID 0, FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_2600\_160226 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.092$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.05$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (41x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

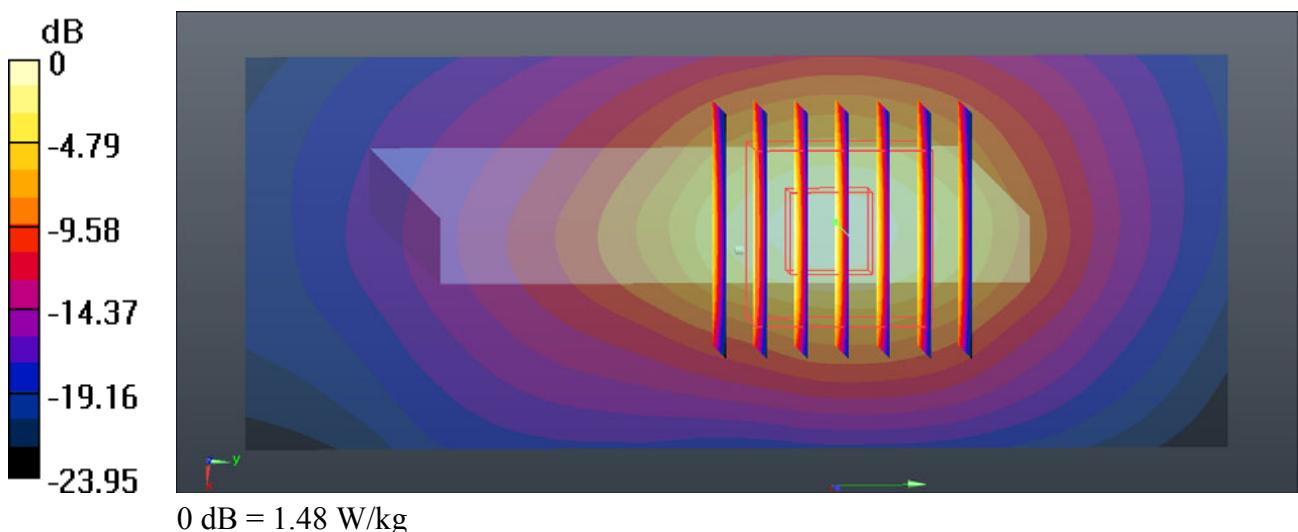
**Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.976 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.441 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.48 W/kg



**4-1\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch11**

Communication System: UID 0, FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024  
Medium: MSL\_2450\_160226 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.078 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.172$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.386 W/kg

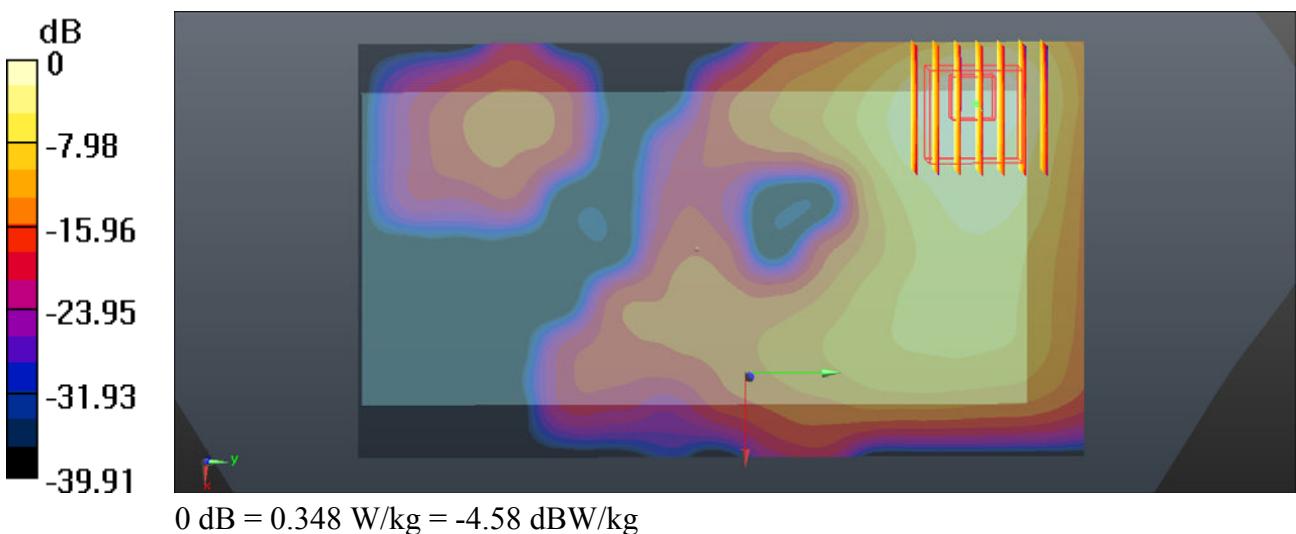
**Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.396 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.507 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.229 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.348 W/kg



**5-1\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_Offset\_Back\_10mm\_Ch21350**

Communication System: UID 0, FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_2600\_160226 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.092$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.05$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

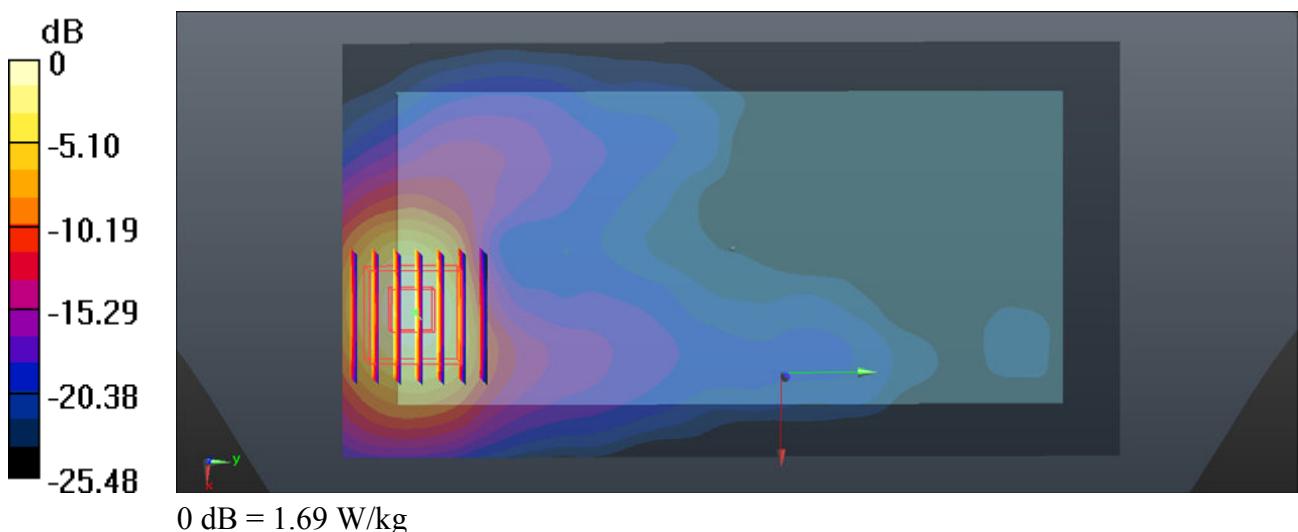
**Ch21350/Area Scan (81x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.70 W/kg

**Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 1.621 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.30 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.476 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 W/kg



**6-1\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_Offset\_Bottom Side\_0mm\_Ch21350**

Communication System: UID 0, FDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: MSL\_2600\_160226 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.092$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.05$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.5 W/kg

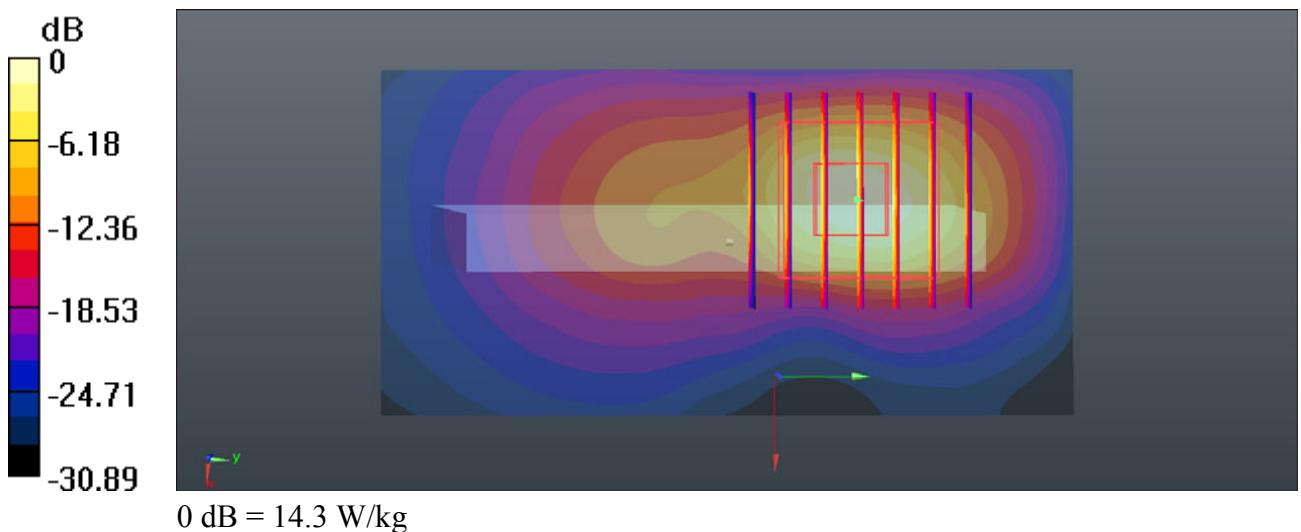
**Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.84 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg





## Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D750V3-1065\_Nov14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D750V3 - SN: 1065**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **November 19, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)         | Oct-15                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)         | Oct-15                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)         | Oct-15                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)         | Apr-15                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3205           | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)    | Dec-14                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)    | Aug-15                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Oct-15 |

Calibrated by: Name **Michael Weber** Function **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: Name **Katja Pokovic** Function **Technical Manager**

Issued: November 20, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions*: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL*: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss*: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay*: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured*: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized*: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters*: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                        |             |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.8     |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                  | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 750 MHz ± 1 MHz        |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|--|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C         | 41.9         | 0.89 mho/m       |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.4 ± 6 %   | 0.89 mho/m ± 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|   |                    |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>   | Condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.04 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>8.14 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.34 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>5.35 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|--|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| <b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C         | 55.5         | 0.96 mho/m       |
| <b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.7 ± 6 %   | 0.98 mho/m ± 6 % |
| <b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

## SAR result with Body TSL

|   |                    |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>   | Condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.20 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>8.64 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.45 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>5.71 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## **Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)**

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.5 $\Omega$ - 0.4 $j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.2 dB                     |

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

|                                      |                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.0 $\Omega$ - 3.0 $j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 29.8 dB                     |

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.032 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

|                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG        |
| Manufactured on | May 10, 2012 |

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1065**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

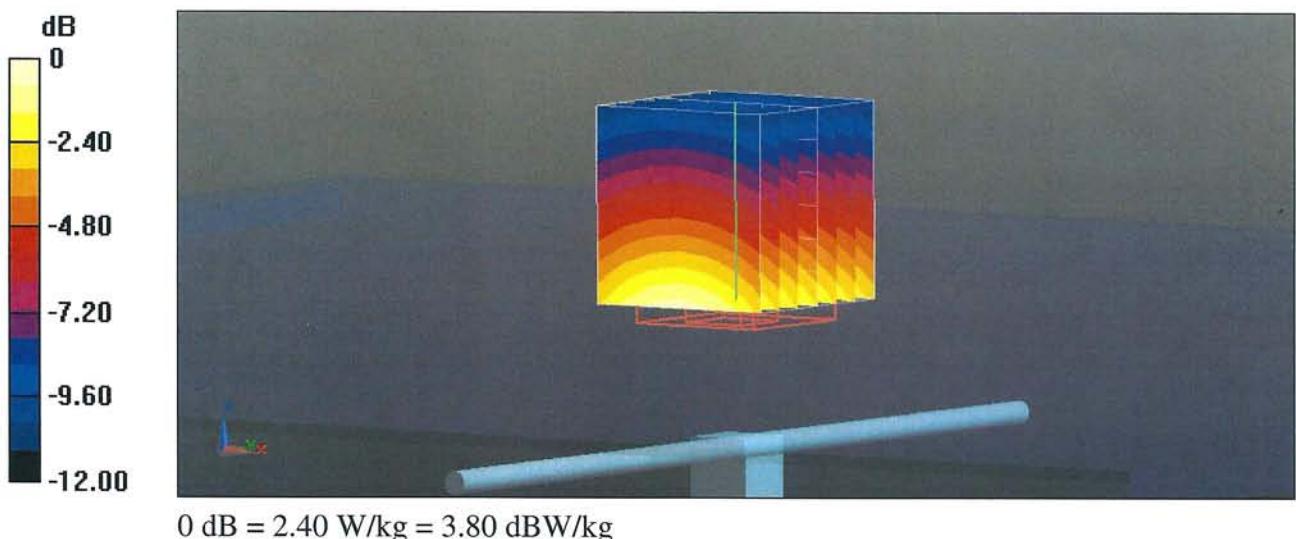
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 53.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

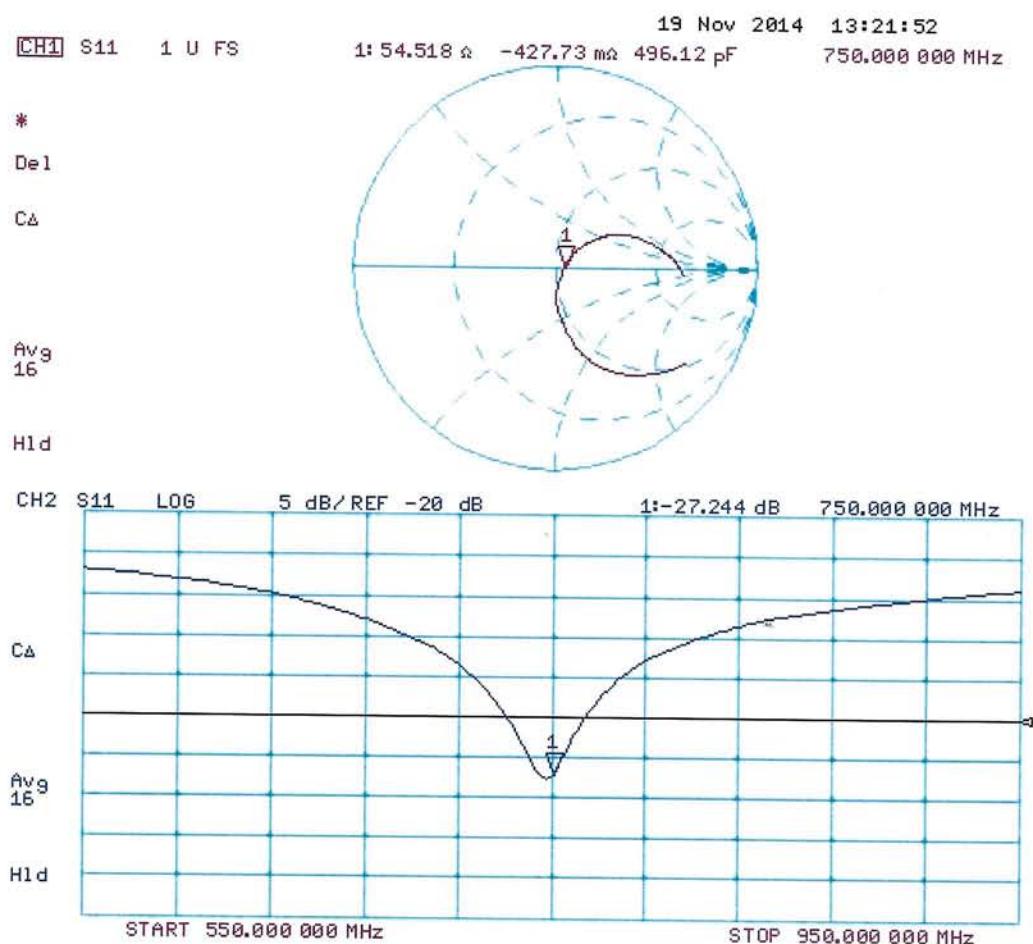
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.04 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.34 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1065**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

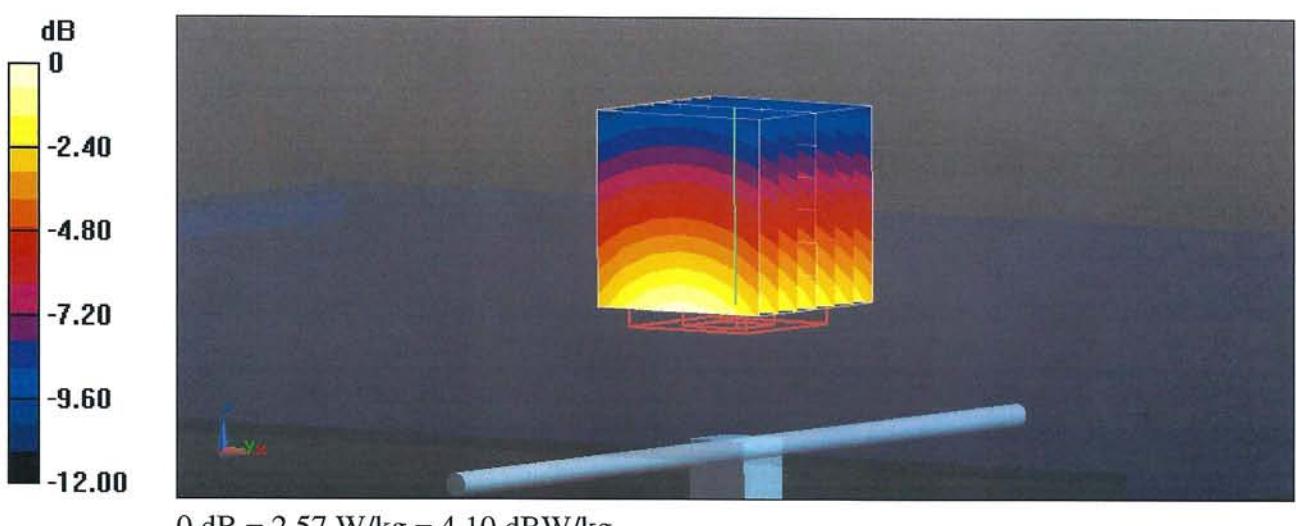
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

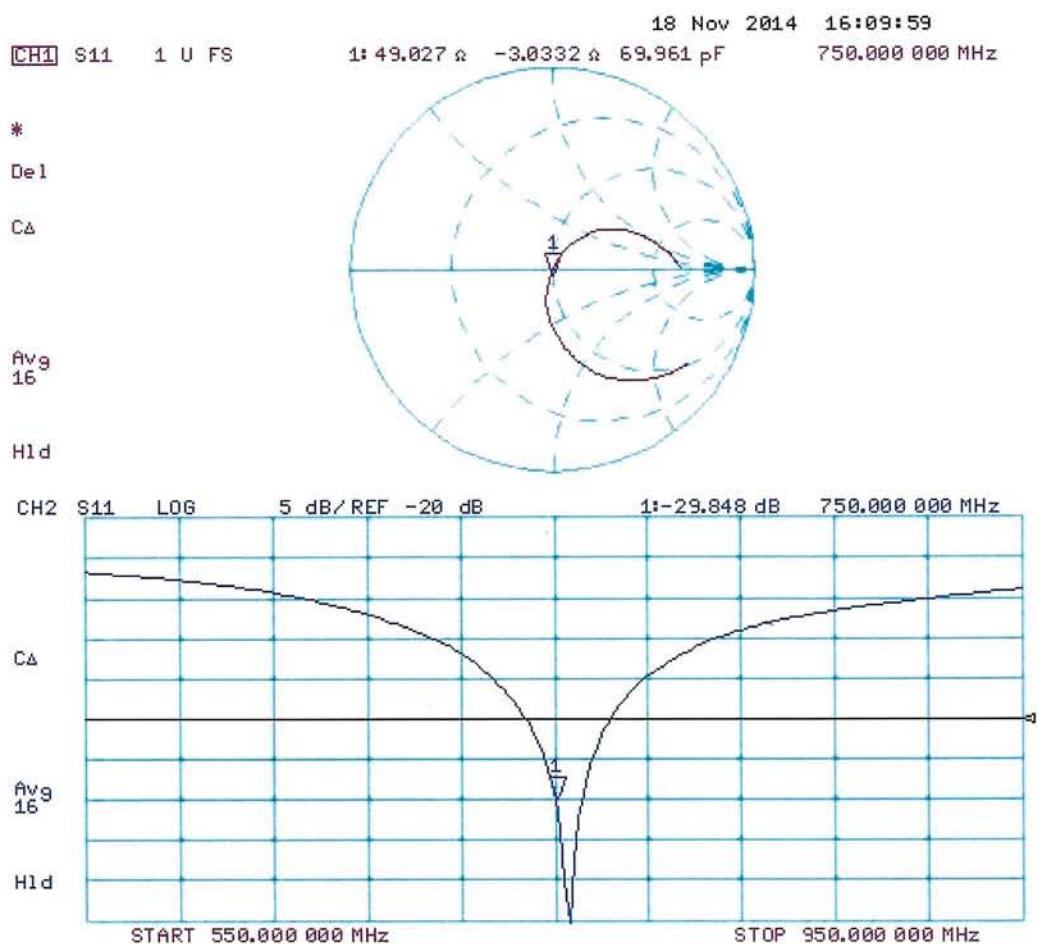
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.22 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.57 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d091\_Nov14

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9  
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: November 21, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)         | Oct-15                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)         | Oct-15                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)         | Oct-15                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)         | Apr-15                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3205           | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)    | Dec-14                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)    | Aug-15                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Oct-15 |

Calibrated by: Name Michael Weber Function Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: November 21, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                        |             |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.8     |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                  | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz        |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|--|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C         | 41.5         | 0.90 mho/m       |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.2 ± 6 %   | 0.91 mho/m ± 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|   |                    |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>   | Condition          |                          |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.30 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | 9.11 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                          |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.50 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | 5.95 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|--|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| <b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C         | 55.2         | 0.97 mho/m       |
| <b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.5 ± 6 %   | 1.01 mho/m ± 6 % |
| <b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

## SAR result with Body TSL

|   |                    |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>   | Condition          |                          |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.48 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | 9.60 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                          |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.62 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | 6.31 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

## **Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)**

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.7 Ω - 1.8 jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 32.2 dB       |

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

|                                      |                 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.7 Ω - 4.2 jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.2 dB       |

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.394 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

|                 |                    |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG              |
| Manufactured on | September 15, 2009 |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

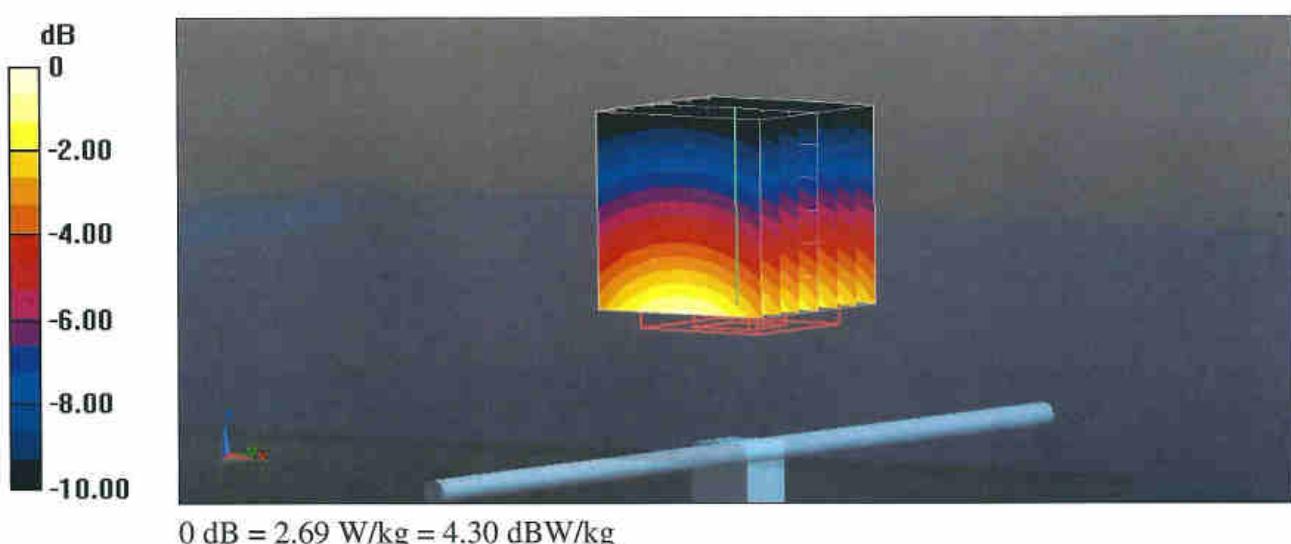
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

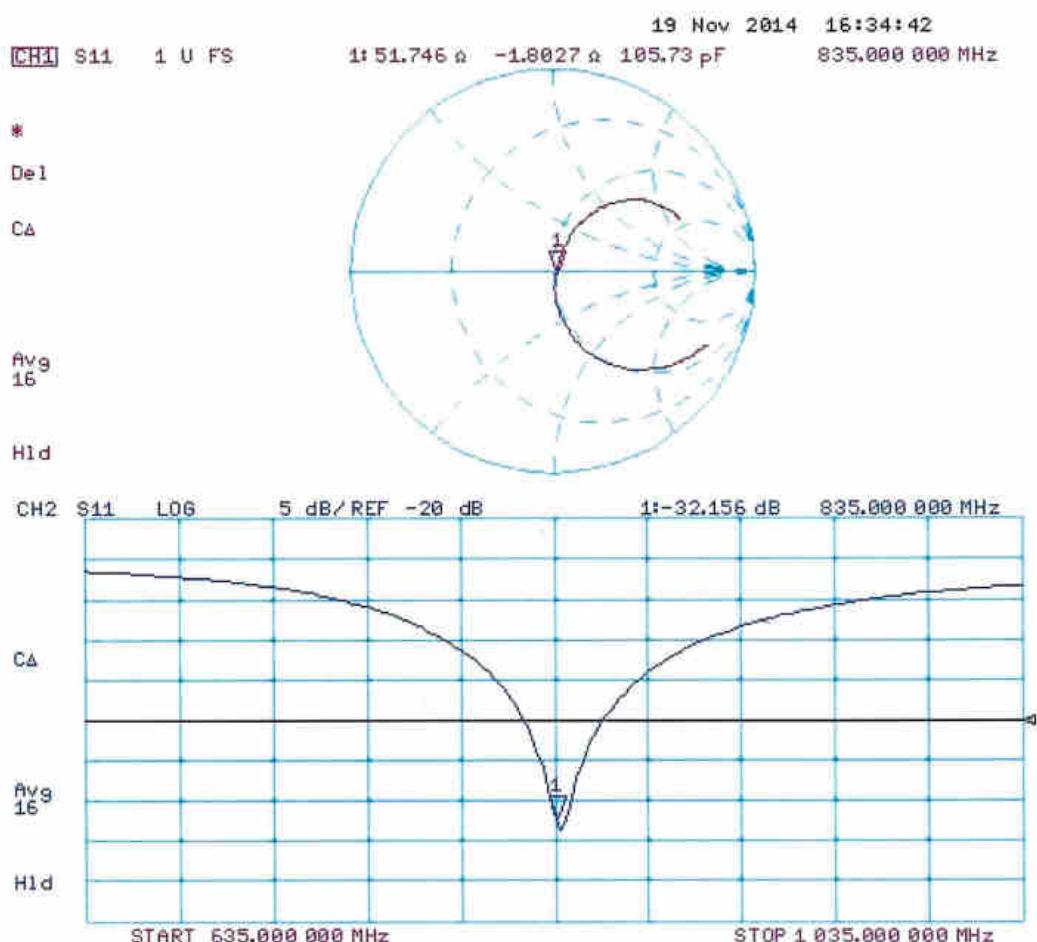
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

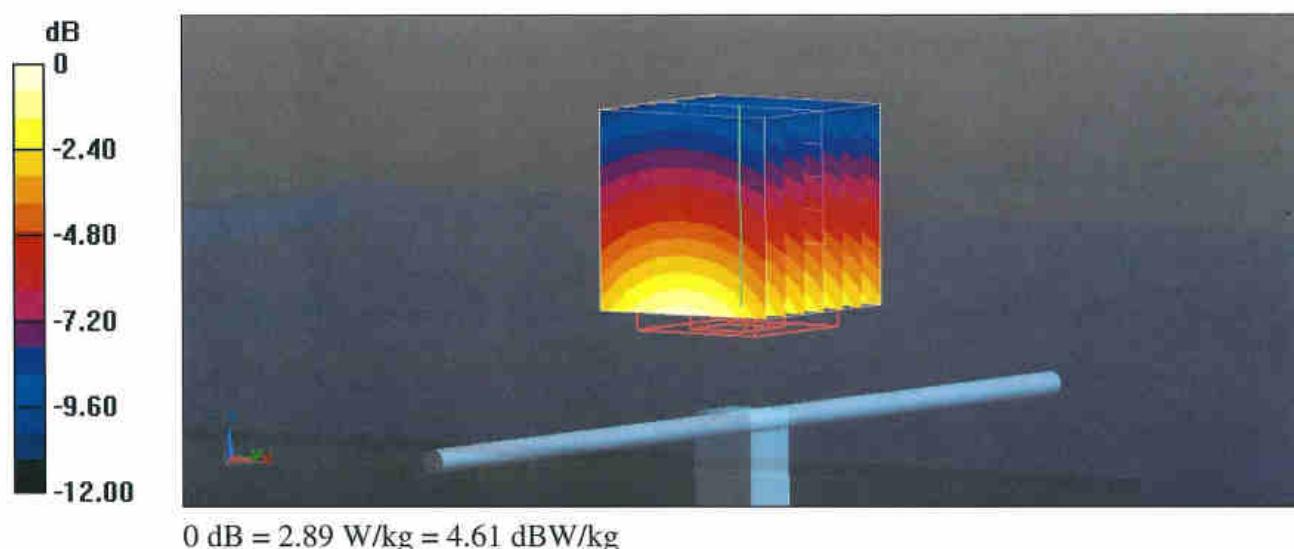
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

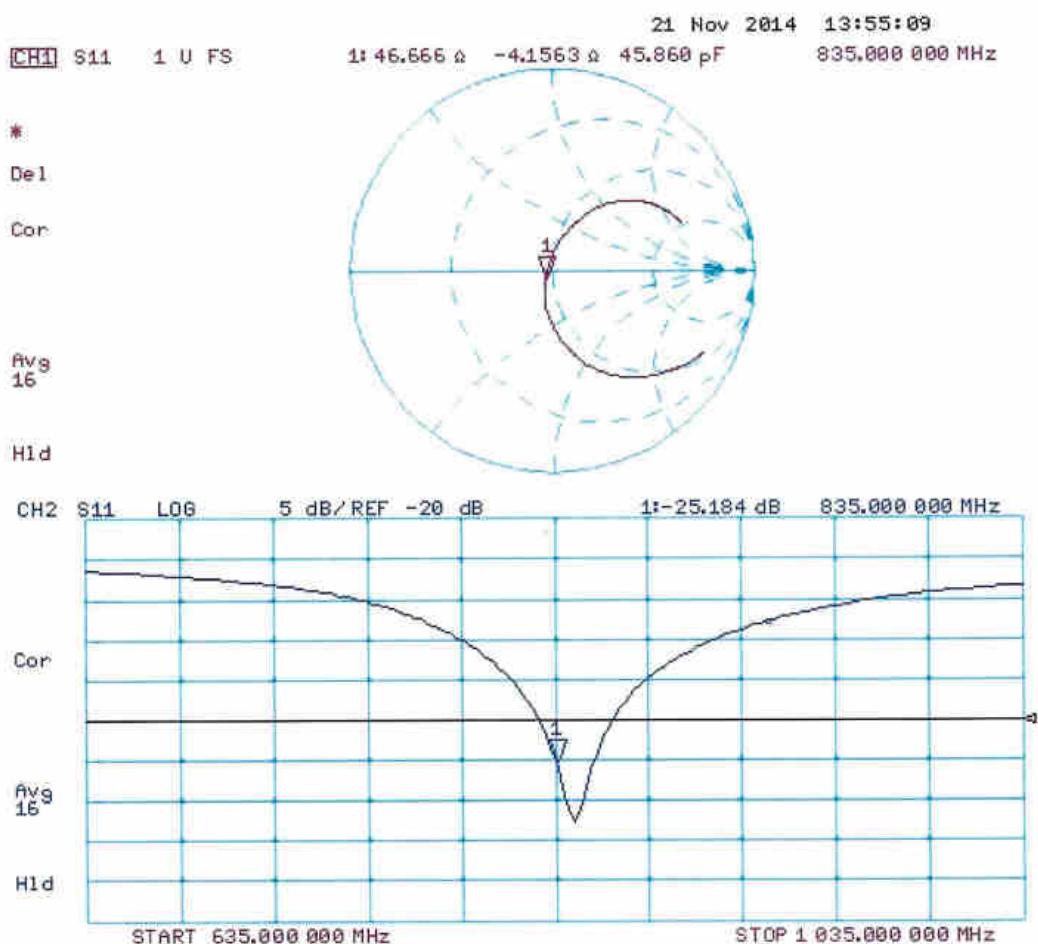
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.64 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Sporton-KS (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d091\_Nov15**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**  
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **November 24, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)         | Oct-16                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)         | Oct-16                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)         | Oct-16                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)         | Mar-16                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)         | Mar-16                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4      | SN: 7349           | 30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-7349_Dec14)    | Dec-15                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)    | Aug-16                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100972             | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) | In house check: Jun-18 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) | In house check: Oct-16 |

Calibrated by: Name **Claudio Leubler** Function **Laboratory Technician**

Signature

Approved by: Name **Katja Pokovic** Function **Technical Manager**

Issued: November 24, 2015

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                        |             |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.8     |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                  | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz        |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | <b>Temperature</b> | <b>Permittivity</b> | <b>Conductivity</b> |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C            | 41.5                | 0.90 mho/m          |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C    | 42.6 ± 6 %          | 0.92 mho/m ± 6 %    |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C           | ----                | ----                |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|   |                    |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>   | Condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.31 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>9.14 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.50 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>5.94 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|  | <b>Temperature</b> | <b>Permittivity</b> | <b>Conductivity</b> |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C            | 55.2                | 0.97 mho/m          |
| <b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C    | 55.6 ± 6 %          | 0.99 mho/m ± 6 %    |
| <b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C           | ----                | ----                |

## SAR result with Body TSL

|   |                    |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>   | Condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.42 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.59 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>6.29 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## **Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.3 $\Omega$ - 4.3 $j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.0 dB                     |

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

|                                      |                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.3 $\Omega$ - 6.3 $j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.0 dB                     |

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.395 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

|                 |                    |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG              |
| Manufactured on | September 15, 2009 |

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

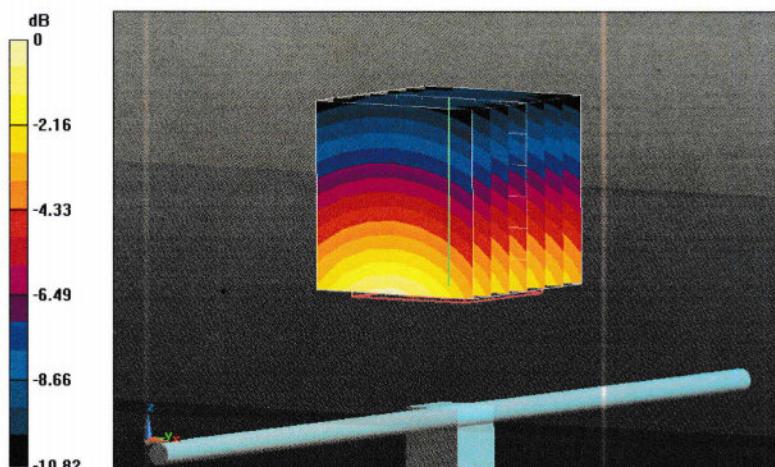
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 60.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg

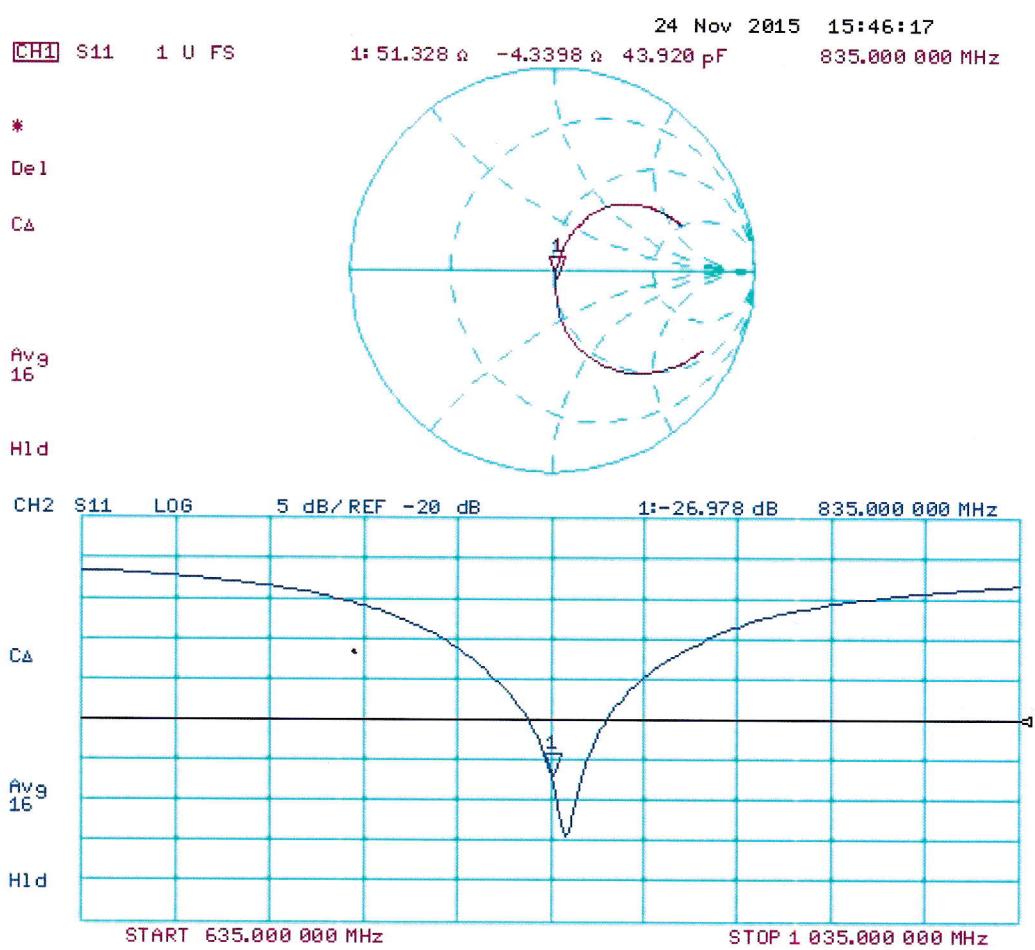
**SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.05 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 3.05 \text{ W/kg} = 4.84 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

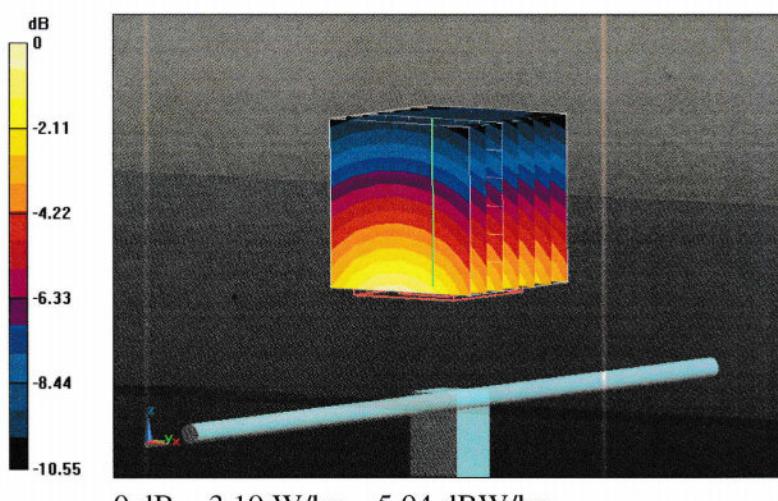
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 59.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.19 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

