

SAR TEST REPORT

No. I16Z41389-SEM01

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone

Model name: 5045l

With

Hardware Version: PIO

Software Version: 7EDF

FCC ID: 2ACCJH056

Issued Date: 2016-7-27



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191 Tel:+86(0)10-62304633-2512,Fax:+86(0)10-62304633-2504

Email: cttl terminals@catr.cn, website: www.chinattl.com



REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I16Z41389-SEM01	Rev.0	2016-7-14	Initial creation of test report
I16Z41389-SEM01	Rev.1	2016-7-19	Update the table 4.1 and ConvF values on
		2010-7-19	pg.87/89/103/105.
			1.Update the data of UMTS FDD 5 body in
			table 2.1 on page 6
			2.Update the data of LTE Band 5 body in
			table 2.1 on page 6
			3.Update the description below the table
			14.1-3 and 14.1-4
			4. Update the side of B2/S1 in table 14.2-5
			5.Update the 1RB Bottom mode of LTE
			Band4 body in table 14.2-14
			6. Update the Channel of LTE4 body B1/S1 in
			table 14.2-14
			7. Update the data and test configuration of
			LTE Band7 body B1/S1 in table 14.2-18 and
I16Z41389-SEM01	Rev.2	2016-7-27	graph result of LTE Band7
1102+1003 OLWO1		2010 1 21	8. Update the max value of LTE Band 17
			body in table 14.2-22. It should be 50%RB
			Right. We also update the test configuration
			of B1/S1, the data of LTE Band 17 body in
			table 2.1 on page 6 and update the Graph
			Results of LTE Band 17 body on page 115.
			9. Add the battery 2 data into table I.2-1 and
			table I.2-2 on page 208 and update the data
			in table I.2-1
			10. Update the data in table 15.1 and table
			15.2 on page 69
			11. Delete the information of AE4 in table 4.3
			on page 10
			12. Update photos of liquid in section 7



TABLE OF CONTENT

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 TESTING LOCATION	5
1.2 TESTING ENVIRONMENT	5
1.3 PROJECT DATA	5
1.4 Signature	5
2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	6
3 CLIENT INFORMATION	8
3.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	8
3.2 Manufacturer Information	8
4 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE)	g
4.1 ABOUT EUT	9
4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test	9
4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test	10
5 TEST METHODOLOGY	10
5.1 APPLICABLE LIMIT REGULATIONS	10
5.2 APPLICABLE MEASUREMENT STANDARDS	10
6 SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	11
6.1 Introduction	11
6.2 SAR DEFINITION	11
7 TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS	12
7.1 TARGETS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID	12
7.2 DIELECTRIC PERFORMANCE	12
8 SYSTEM VERIFICATION	19
8.1 System Setup	19
8.2 System Verification	20
9 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	21
9.1 Tests to be performed	21
9.2 GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	23
9.3 WCDMA MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	
9.4 SAR MEASUREMENT FOR LTE	
9.5 BLUETOOTH & WI-FI MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	
9.6 Power Drift	
10 AREA SCAN BASED 1-G SAR	26
10.1 REQUIREMENT OF KDB	
10.2 FAST SAR ALGORITHMS	26
11 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	27



11.1 MANU	JFACTURING TOLERANCE	27
11.2 GSM	MEASUREMENT RESULT	32
11.3 WCD	MA MEASUREMENT RESULT	33
11.4 LTE N	MEASUREMENT RESULT	34
11.5 WI-FI	AND BT MEASUREMENT RESULT	47
12 SIMUL	TANEOUS TX SAR CONSIDERATIONS	49
12.1 INTRO	DDUCTION	49
12.2 TRAN	SMIT ANTENNA SEPARATION DISTANCES	49
12.3 SAR	MEASUREMENT POSITIONS	49
12.4 STANI	DALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS	50
13 EVALU	ATION OF SIMULTANEOUS	51
14 SAR TE	EST RESULT	52
14.1 THE E	VALUATION OF MULTI-BATTERIES	52
14.2 SAR 1	RESULTS FOR FAST SAR	53
14.3 WLA	N Evaluation	67
15 SAR M	EASUREMENT VARIABILITY	69
16 MEASU	JREMENT UNCERTAINTY	70
16.1 MEAS	SUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR NORMAL SAR TESTS (300MHz~3GHz)	70
16.2 MEAS	UREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR NORMAL SAR TESTS (3~6GHz)	71
16.3 MEAS	UREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR FAST SAR TESTS (300MHz~3GHz)	72
16.4 MEAS	SUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR FAST SAR TESTS (3~6GHz)	73
17 MAIN T	EST INSTRUMENTS	74
ANNEX A	GRAPH RESULTS	75
ANNEX B	SYSTEM VERIFICATION RESULTS	123
ANNEX C	SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	138
ANNEX D	POSITION OF THE WIRELESS DEVICE IN RELATION TO THE PHANTOM	144
ANNEX E	EQUIVALENT MEDIA RECIPES	147
ANNEX F	SYSTEM VALIDATION	148
ANNEX G	PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	149
ANNEX H	DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	160
ANNEX I	SPOT CHECK TEST	208
ΔNNFX .I	ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE	212



1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25 °C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	January 24, 2016
Testing End Date:	June 23, 2016

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Xiao Li

Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)



2 Statement of Compliance

This EUT is a variant product and the report of original sample is No.I16Z40369-SEM01. According to the client request, we do spot check for WiFi and test other bands, add the data of LTE Band 12.

The maximum results of SAR found during testing for TCL Communication Ltd. LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone 5045I are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

Table 2.1. Highest Reported SAR (19)			
Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Equipment Class
	GSM 850	0.20	
	PCS 1900	0.10	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.22	
	UMTS FDD 4	0.15	
	UMTS FDD 2	0.28	
Head	LTE Band 2	0.18	PCE
(Separation Distance 0mm)	LTE Band 4	0.20	
	LTE Band 5	0.17	
	LTE Band 7	0.61	
	LTE Band 12	0.23	
	LTE Band 17	0.20	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.12	DTS
	GSM 850	0.25	
	PCS 1900	0.72	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.48	
	UMTS FDD 4	1.31	
	UMTS FDD 2	1.28	
Hotspot	LTE Band 2	1.24	PCE
(Separation Distance 10mm)	LTE Band 4	1.09	
	LTE Band 5	0.29	
	LTE Band 7	0.72	
	LTE Band 12	0.30	
	LTE Band 17	0.25	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.34	DTS

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.



The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of (Table 2.1), and the values are: 1.31 W/kg (1g).

Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum	
Highest reported	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.61	0.12	0.73	
SAR value for Head		0.0 .	5_	0.70	
Highest reported	Rear	1.24	0.34	1.58	
SAR value for Body	Bottom	1.31	/	1.31	

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and BT

	Position	Main antenna	ВТ	Sum	
Maximum reported SAR	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.61	0.29 ^[1]	0.90	
value for Head	Right Hand, Todon cheek	0.01	0.23	0.90	
Maximum reported SAR	Rear	1.24	0.15 ^[1]	1.39	
value for Body	Bottom	1.31	0.15 ^[1]	1.46	

Note: Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.58 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.



3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
A dalana a /D a a ta	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,
Address /Post:	Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
Country:	China
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com
Telephone:	0086-21-31363544
Fax:	0086-21-61460602

3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.	
A dalan and /Donate	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,	
Address /Post:	Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203	
City:	Shanghai	
Country:	China	
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou	
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com	
Telephone:	0086-21-31363544	
Fax:	0086-21-61460602	



4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone
Model name:	50451
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, WCDMA 850/1700/1900
	BT, Wi-Fi, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/17
	825 – 848.8 MHz (GSM 850)
	1850.2 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
	826.4-846.6 MHz (WCDMA 850 Band V)
	1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz (WCDMA 1700 Band IV)
	1852.4-1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
Tosted Ty Fraguency:	1860 – 1900 MHz (LTE Band 2)
Tested Tx Frequency:	1720 - 1745 MHz (LTE Band 4)
	824.7 – 848.3 MHz (LTE Band 5)
	2502.5 – 2567.5 MHz (LTE Band 7)
	699.7 – 715.3 MHz (LTE Band 12)
	706.5 – 713.5MHz(LTE Band 17)
	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
GPRS capability Class:	В
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	
Hotspot mode:	Support

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW	SW Version
EUT1	014603000000955	PIO	7ED8
EUT2	014603000000559	PIO	7ED8
EUT3	014603000000518	PIO	7ED8
EUT4	01460300000534	PIO	7ED8
EUT5	356629070100074	PIO	7ED8
EUT6	356629070100124	PIO	7ED8
EUT7	351666080300539	PIO	7EDF
EUIT	351666080300547	PIO	/ EDF
EUT8	351666080300539	PIO	7EDF
LOTO	351666080300547	ΓIO	/LDI
EUT9	351666080300430	PIO	7EDF
L019	351666080300448	1 10	/ LDI
EUT10	351666080300356	PIO	7EDF
20110	351666080300364	1 10	/ LDI

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1&2&3&5&7&8 and conducted power with the EUT4&6&9&10.



4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	CAB2000010C1	/	BYD
AE2	Battery	CAB2000013C2	/	SCUD
AE3	Battery	CAB2000059C2	/	SCUD

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: AE3 is same as AE2.

5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets. **KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03r01:** SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

KDB865664 D01SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ) . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

				•	
Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	± 5% Range	Permittivity(ε)	± 5% Range
750	Head	0.89	0.85~0.93	41.94	39.8~44.0
750	Body	0.96	0.91~1.01	55.5	52.7~58.3
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1750	Head	1.37	1.30~1.44	40.08	38.1~42.1
1750	Body	1.49	1.42~1.56	53.4	50.7~56.1
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39.01	37.06~40.96
2600	Body	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.5	49.9~55.1

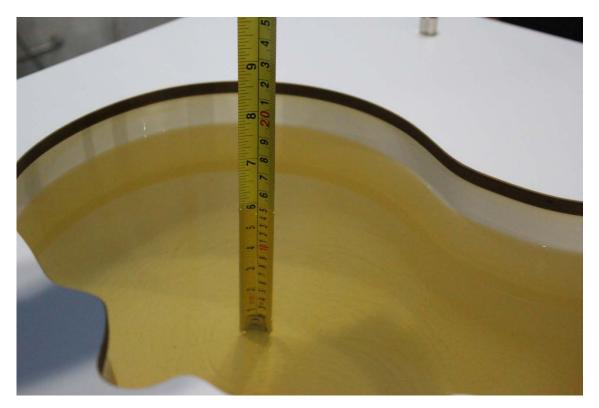
7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date	Tuno	Frequency	Permittivity	Drift	Conductivity	Drift
(yyyy-mm-dd)	Type	Frequency	3	(%)	σ (S/m)	(%)
2016-1-24	Head	2450 MHz	40.22	2.60	1.866	3.67
2010-1-24	Body	2450 MHz	50.88	-3.45	2.018	3.49
2016-06-20	Head	750 MHz	43.64	4.05	0.861	-3.26
2010-00-20	Body	750 MHz	57.53	3.66	0.94	-2.08
2016-06-21	Head	835 MHz	42.79	3.11	0.93	3.33
2010-00-21	Body	835 MHz	57.29	3.79	0.994	2.47
2016-06-22	Head	1750 MHz	41.48	3.49	1.37	0.00
2010-00-22	Body	1750 MHz	55.34	3.63	1.541	3.42
2016-06-23	Head	1900 MHz	40.69	1.72	1.409	0.64
2010-00-23	Body	1900 MHz	52.62	-1.28	1.575	3.62
2016 06 25	Head	2450 MHz	38.83	-0.94	1.825	1.39
2016-06-25	Body	2450 MHz	53.63	1.76	1.989	2.00
2016 06 24	Head	2600 MHz	38.98	-0.08	1.998	1.94
2016-06-24	Body	2600 MHz	51.28	-2.32	2.199	1.81

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$



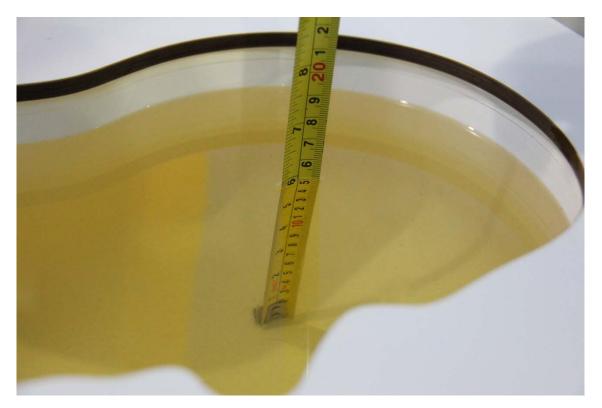


Picture 7-1 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (750 MHz)



Picture 7-2 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (750 MHz)





Picture 7-3 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)

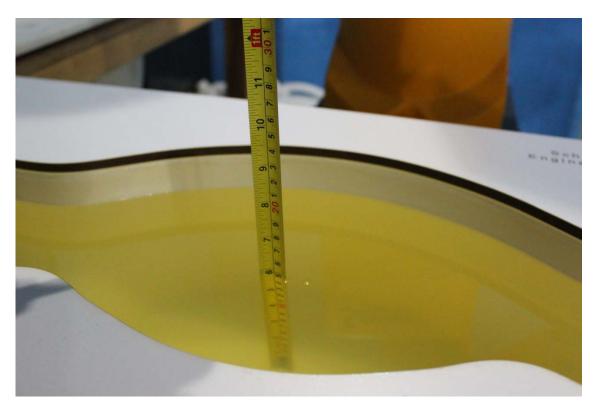


Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)





Picture 7-5 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1750 MHz)



Picture 7-6 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1750MHz)





Picture 7-7 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)

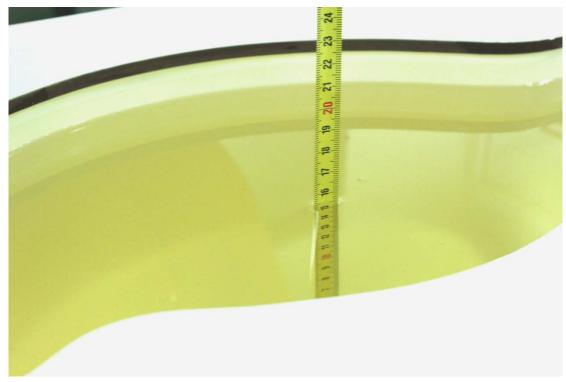


Picture 7-8 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)





Picture 7-9 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)

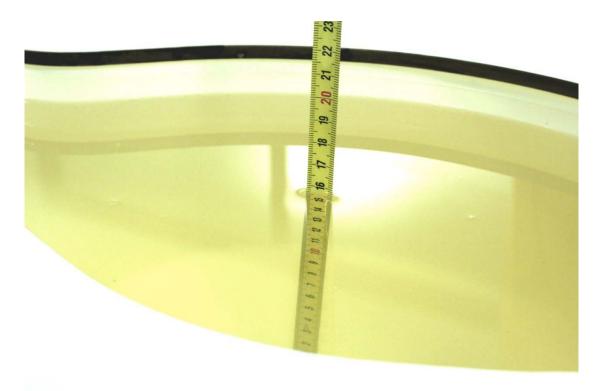


Picture 7-10 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)





Picture 7-11 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2600 MHz Head)



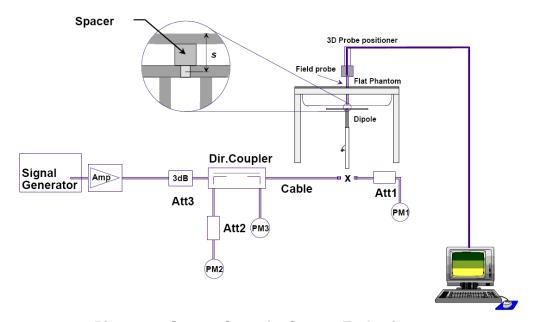
Picture 7-12 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2600MHz)



8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup



8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured value (W/kg)		Devi	Deviation	
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
2016-1-24	2450 MHz	24.96	54	25.04	53.60	0.32%	-0.74%	
2016-06-20	750 MHz	5.33	8.15	5.52	8.48	3.56%	4.05%	
2016-06-21	835 MHz	5.86	9.01	6.04	9.40	3.07%	4.33%	
2016-06-22	1750 MHz	19.9	36.9	20.24	37.36	1.71%	1.25%	
2016-06-23	1900 MHz	21.5	40.7	22.08	42.00	2.70%	3.19%	
2016-06-25	2450 MHz	24.5	52.5	25.16	53.20	2.69%	1.33%	
2016-06-24	2600 MHz	26.0	57.1	25.68	57.32	-1.23%	0.39%	

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
2016-1-24	2450 MHz	24.64	53.2	24.56	52.40	-0.32%	-1.50%
2016-06-20	750 MHz	5.6	8.49	5.48	8.40	-2.14%	-1.06%
2016-06-21	835 MHz	6.12	9.29	6.04	9.20	-1.31%	-0.97%
2016-06-22	1750 MHz	20.3	37.4	20.12	36.84	-0.89%	-1.50%
2016-06-23	1900 MHz	21.7	40.4	21.96	41.20	1.20%	1.98%
2016-06-25	2450 MHz	24.4	52.1	23.76	50.00	-2.62%	-4.03%
2016-06-24	2600 MHz	25.4	56.4	25.44	57.64	0.16%	2.20%



9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

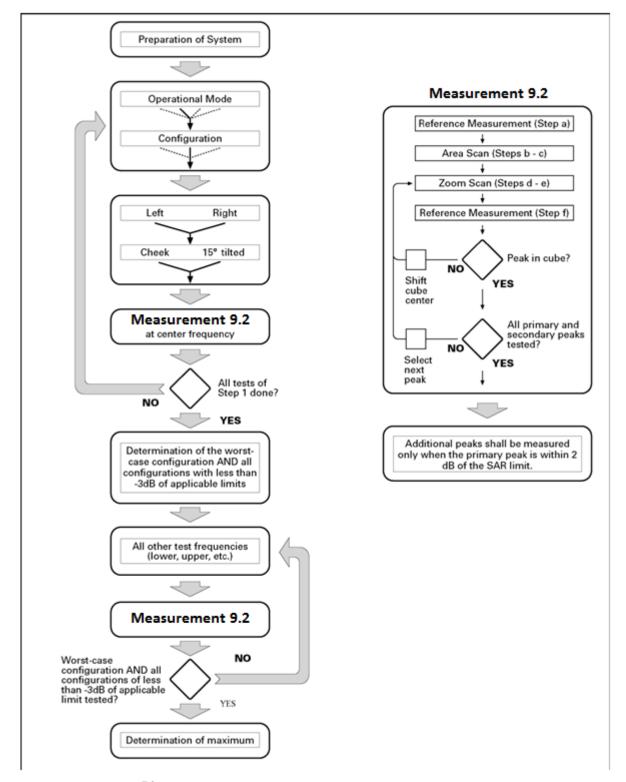
- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c >$ 3), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed



9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
	Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			20° ± 1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of the measurement plane orientation, measurement resolution must be dimension of the test device with point on the test device.	is smaller than the above, the <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <p< td=""></p<></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		
Maximum zoom scan sp	atial resolu	tion: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
	uniform g	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	,	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz _i	Zoom(n-1)		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *I-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$	$oldsymbol{eta}_d$	β_d (SF)	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$ / $oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1. 0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1. 5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$	$oldsymbol{eta_d}$	eta_d	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$ / $oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ec}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}$	eta_{ed}	$oldsymbol{eta_{ed}}$ (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.5	1.5	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	eta_{ed1} :47/15 eta_{ed2} :47/15	4	2	1.5	1.5	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	1.5	1.5	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	21	81

Rel.8 DC-HSDPA (Cat 24)

SAR test exclusion for Rel.8 DC-HSDPA must satisfy the SAR test exclusion requirements of Rel.5 HSDPA. SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion.



9.4 SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Rohde & Rchwarz CMW500. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the CMW 500.

It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band.

- 1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation
 - Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.
- 2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

9.5 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.



9.6 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in section 14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



11 Conducted Output Power

11.1 Manufacturing tolerance

Table 11.1-1: GSM Speech

	GSM 850						
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 128				
Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3				
Tune-up (dBm)	33.3	33.3	33.3				
	GSN	1 1900					
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512				
Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3				
Tune-up (dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3				

Table 11.1-2: GPRS and EGPRS

		GSM 850 GPRS (GN	MSK)	
	Channel	251	190	128
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
1 1 XSIOL	Tune-up (dBm)	33.3	33.3	33.3
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
2 1 XSIOIS	Tune-up (dBm)	30.5	30.5	30.5
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
3 1 8 5 10 15	Tune-up (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
4 1 X SIOLS	Tune-up (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
		GSM 850 EGPRS (G	MSK)	
	Channel	251	190	128
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up (dBm)	33.3	33.3	33.3
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up (dBm)	30.5	30.5	30.5
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
3 1 8 3 10 15	Tune-up (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
		GSM 850 EGPRS (8)	PSK)	
	Channel	810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	25	25	25
Z 1 731013	Tune-up (dBm)	26	26	26
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	23.5	23.5	23.5
3 1 7 2 10 12	Tune-up (dBm)	24.5	24.5	24.5



	Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
4 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	23.5	23.5	23.5
	1 , ,	GSM 1900 GPRS (GI	<u> </u>	L
	Channel	810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up (dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3
O Tycloto	Target (dBm)	26	26	26
2 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	27	27	27
O Tuelete	Target (dBm)	24	24	24
3 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	25	25	25
4 Tarabata	Target (dBm)	23	23	23
4 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	24	24	24
	(GSM 1900 EGPRS (G	MSK)	
	Channel	810	661	512
4 Tyrolot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
1 Txslot	Tune-up (dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3
O Tuelete	Target (dBm)	26	26	26
2 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	27	27	27
O Tuelete	Target (dBm)	24	24	24
3 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	25	25	25
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	23	23	23
4 TXSIOIS	Tune-up (dBm)	24	24	24
		GSM 1900 EGPRS (8	PSK)	
	Channel	810	661	512
	Target (dBm)	26	26	26
1 Txslot	Tune-up (dBm)	27	27	27
O.T. 1.	Target (dBm)	24	24	24
2 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	25	25	25
0.T. 1.	Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
3 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	23.5	23.5	23.5
4 = 1 :	Target (dBm)	21	21	21
4 Txslots	Tune-up (dBm)	22	22	22
	1 \ /	Table 11.1-3: WCD		l

Table 11.1-3: WCDMA

WCDMA 850 CS						
Channel	Channel Channel 4233 Channel 4182 Channel					
Target (dBm)	23	23	23			
Tune-up (dBm)	24	24	24			
	HSUPA (sul	b-test 1/2/3/4)				
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132			
Target (dBm)	20	20	20			
Tune-up (dBm)	21	21	21			



	HSUPA	(sub-test 5)	
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up (dBm)	23	23	23
	DC-HSDPA	(sub-test 1/2)	
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tune-up (dBm)	23.5	23.5	23.5
	DC-HSDPA	(sub-test 3/4)	
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up (dBm)	23	23	23
	WCDMA	1700 CS	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	23	23	23
Tune-up (dBm)	24	24	24
	HSUPA (s	ub-test 1/2)	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	20	20	20
Tune-up (dBm)	21	21	21
	HSUPA	(sub-test 3)	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5
Tune-up (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5
	HSUPA	(sub-test 4)	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	19.5	19.5	19.5
Tune-up (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5
	HSUPA	(sub-test 5)	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up (dBm)	23	23	23
	DC-HSDPA	(sub-test 1-4)	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up (dBm)	23	23	23
	WCDMA	1900 CS	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	23	23	23
Tune-up (dBm)	24	24	24
	HSUPA (sub	o-test 1/2/3/4)	
	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262



No. I16Z41389-SEM01 Page 30 of 212

Target (dBm)	20	20	20				
Tune-up (dBm)	21	21	21				
HSUPA (sub-test 5)							
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5				
Tune-up (dBm)	23.5	23.5	23.5				
	DC-HSDPA	(sub-test 1~4)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	22	22	22				
Tune-up (dBm)	23	23	23				

Table 11.1-4: LTE

Mode	Target (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)
LTE Band 2	23.16	24.16
LTE Band 4	22.5	23.5
LTE Band 5	22.8	23.8
LTE Band 7	23	24
LTE Band 12	22.5	23.5
LTE Band 17	22.5	23.5



LTE MPR will follow up 3GPP setting as below:

_				•				
	NA LLC	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (NRB)						MDD (ID)
	Modulation	1.4MHz	3.0MHz	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	20MHz	MPR (dB)
	QPSK	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	0
	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Table 11.1-5: Bluetooth

	Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78			
GFSK	Target (dBm)	6	7.5	6			
	Tune-up (dBm)	7	8.5	7			
	Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78			
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	Target (dBm)	5	6.5	5			
	Tune-up (dBm)	6	7.5	6			
	Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78			
EDR3M-8DPSK	Target (dBm)	5	6.5	5			
	Tune-up (dBm)	6	7.5	6			

Table 11.1-6: WiFi

WiFi 802.11b (2.4GHz)								
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	19	19	19					
Tune-up(dB)	20	20	20					
	WiFi 802.11g (2.4Gl	Hz) 6Mbps-54 Mbps						
Data Rate	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	16	16	16					
Tune-up(dB)	17	17	17					
	WiFi 802.11n-20 (2.4GHz) MCS0~7						
Data Rate	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	15	15	15					
Tune-up(dB)	16	16	16					
	WiFi 802.11n-40 (2.4GHz) MCS0~5						
Data Rate	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9					
Target (dBm)	14	14	14					
Tune-up(dB)	15	15	15					
	WiFi 802.11n-40 (2.4GHz) MCS6~7							
Data Rate	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9					
Target (dBm)	13	13	13					
Tune-up(dB)	14	14	14					



11.2 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.2-1: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

		Conducted Power (dBm)			
GSM 950MHz	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)		
850MHz	32.67	32.70	32.67		
CCM	Conducted Power (dBm)				
GSM	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)		
1900MHz	29.86	29.48	29.38		

Table 11.2-2: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850	Measi	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.73	32.74	32.73	-9.03	23.70	23.71	23.70
2 Txslots	29.34	29.34	29.32	-6.02	23.32	23.32	23.30
3Txslots	27.36	27.39	27.34	-4.26	23.10	23.13	23.08
4 Txslots	26.55	26.54	26.51	-3.01	23.54	23.53	23.50
GSM 850	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.72	32.74	32.72	-9.03	23.69	23.71	23.69
2 Txslots	29.32	29.35	29.31	-6.02	23.30	23.33	23.29
3Txslots	27.33	27.38	27.34	-4.26	23.07	23.12	23.08
4 Txslots	26.57	26.58	26.52	-3.01	23.56	23.57	23.51
GSM 850	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (8PSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	27.02	27.08	27.06	-9.03	17.99	18.05	18.03
2 Txslots	25.45	25.55	25.56	-6.02	19.43	19.53	19.54
3Txslots	23.99	24.09	24.10	-4.26	19.73	19.83	19.84
4 Txslots	22.91	23.07	23.08	-3.01	19.90	20.06	20.07
PCS1900	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.88	29.49	29.38	-9.03	20.85	20.46	20.35
2 Txslots	26.76	26.17	26.00	-6.02	20.74	20.15	19.98
3Txslots	24.70	24.10	23.81	-4.26	20.44	19.84	19.55
4 Txslots	23.59	22.92	22.65	-3.01	20.58	19.91	19.64



PCS1900	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.97	29.57	29.46	-9.03	20.94	20.54	20.43
2 Txslots	26.79	26.21	26.04	-6.02	20.77	20.19	20.02
3Txslots	24.69	24.11	23.83	-4.26	20.43	19.85	19.57
4 Txslots	23.60	22.92	22.67	-3.01	20.59	19.91	19.66
PCS1900	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
EGPRS (8PSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	26.66	26.32	26.14	-9.03	17.63	17.29	17.11
2 Txslots	24.64	24.17	23.93	-6.02	18.62	18.15	17.91
3Txslots	23.22	22.72	22.50	-4.26	18.96	18.46	18.24
4 Txslots	21.98	21.52	21.22	-3.01	18.97	18.51	18.21

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 1Txslot for 850 GPRS and EGPRS and 1900 GPRS and EGPRS.

11.3 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.3-1: The conducted Power for WCDMA

Item	band		FDDV result		
item	ARFUN		4182 (836.4MHz)	4132 (826.4MHz)	
WCDMA	\	23.80	23.78	23.88	
	1	20.32	20.30	20.09	
	2	19.82	20.26	20.07	
HSUPA	3	20.82	20.90	21.08	
	4	19.26	19.38	19.53	
	5	21.78	21.86	22.04	
	1	22.73	22.61	22.73	
DC-HSDPA	2	23.21	23.10	23.17	
DC-HSDPA	3	23.19	23.08	23.14	
	4	22.68	22.58	22.66	
Item	band	FDDIV result			
item	ARFCN	1513 (1752.6MHz)	1412 (1732.4MHz)	1312 (1712.4MHz)	
WCDMA	\	23.21	23.27	23.69	
	1	20.52	19.93	20.52	
	2	20.04	19.94	20.52	
HSUPA	3	21.03	20.93	21.49	
	4	19.50	19.45	19.92	
	5	21.99	21.94	22.49	



	1	21.58	21.64	21.88
DC-HSDPA	2	22.03	22.28	22.44
DC-HSDPA	3	22.01	22.24	22.42
	4	21.54	21.73	21.94
lt a see	band		FDDII result	
Item	ARFCN	9538 (1907.6MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9262 (1852.4MHz)
WCDMA	\	23.57	23.34	23.82
	1	22.03	21.43	20.81
	2	21.52	21.33	20.82
HSUPA	3	22.53	22.29	21.80
	4	20.99	20.77	20.24
	5	23.49	23.30	22.76
	1	21.96	21.88	22.09
DO 110DDA	2	22.47	22.27	22.90
DC-HSDPA	3	22.44	22.26	22.88
	4	21.97	21.73	22.40

11.4 LTE Measurement result

Table 11.4-1: The conducted Power for LTE

			Band 2				
	RB allocation		Max.	QPSK		16QAM	
Bandwidth (MHz)	(Start RB) (MHz) Pow (dBr	Target Power (dBm)	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	
	400	1909.3	24.2	23.51	0	22.23	1
	1RB High (5)	1880	24.2	23.58	0	22.56	1
	1 11911 (0)	1850.7	24.2	23.30	0	22.27	1
	1RB	1909.3	24.2	23.53	0	22.27	1
	Middle (3)	1880	24.2	23.62	0	22.61	1
		1850.7	24.2	23.35	0	22.29	1
	1RB Low (0)	1909.3	24.2	23.43	0	22.24	1
		1880	24.2	23.54	0	22.52	1
1.4 MHz		1850.7	24.2	23.30	0	22.27	1
1.4 1/11 12	000	1909.3	24.2	23.32	0	22.34	1
	3RB High (3)	1880	24.2	23.61	0	22.69	1
	1 11911 (0)	1850.7	24.2	23.37	0	22.45	1
	3RB	1909.3	24.2	23.27	0	22.31	1
	Middle	1880	24.2	23.55	0	22.66	1
	(1)	1850.7	24.2	23.30	0	22.41	1
	000	1909.3	24.2	23.30	0	22.35	1
	3RB Low (0)	1880	24.2	23.58	0	22.69	1
	2011 (0)	1850.7	24.2	23.35	0	22.46	1



	6RB	1909.3	24.2	22.40	1	21.45	2
	(0)	1880	24.2	22.61	1	21.73	2
	, ,	1850.7	24.2	22.38	1	21.49	2
	1RB	1908.5	24.2	23.47	0	22.56	1
	High (14)	1880	24.2	23.57	0	22.53	1
		1851.5	24.2	23.27	0	22.66	1
	1RB	1908.5	24.2	23.44	0	22.62	1
	Middle (7)	1880 1851.5	24.2 24.2	23.64 23.32	0	22.59 22.71	<u>1</u> 1
	(,)	1908.5	24.2	23.33	0	22.61	<u>'</u> 1
	1RB	1880	24.2	23.59	0	22.56	<u>·</u> 1
	Low (0)	1851.5	24.2	23.32	0	22.69	<u>·</u> 1
		1908.5	24.2	22.39	1	21.35	2
	8RB	1880	24.2	22.65	1	21.64	2
3 MHz	High (7)	1851.5	24.2	22.39	1	21.38	2
	000	1908.5	24.2	22.39	1	21.38	2
	8RB Middle	1880	24.2	22.67	1	21.66	2
	(4)	1851.5	24.2	22.40	1	21.40	2
		1908.5	24.2	22.38	1	21.37	2
	8RB	1880	24.2	22.67	1	21.63	2
	Low (0)	1851.5	24.2	22.40	1	21.39	2
		1908.5	24.2	22.35			2
	15RB	1880	24.2	22.61			2
	(0)	1851.5	24.2	22.36	1 21.26 1 21.53 1 21.28	2	
		1907.5	24.2	23.38	0	22.12	1
	1RB	1880					<u>'</u> 1
	High (24)		24.2	23.55	0	22.57	
		1852.5	24.2	23.24	0	22.16	1
	1RB	1907.5	24.2	23.35	0	22.16	1
	Middle (12)	1880	24.2	23.61	0	22.63	1
	(12)	1852.5	24.2	23.32	0	22.22	1
	400	1907.5	24.2	23.34	0	22.17	1
	1RB Low (0)	1880	24.2	23.61	0	22.64	1
5 MHz	2011 (0)	1852.5	24.2	23.37	0	22.23	1
		1907.5	24.2	22.40	1	21.41	2
	12RB	1880	24.2	22.68	1	21.66	2
	High (13)	1852.5	24.2	22.39	1	21.40	2
	12RB	1907.5	24.2	22.40	1	21.38	2
	Middle	1880	24.2	22.64	1	21.66	2
	(6)	1852.5	24.2	22.43	1	21.43	2
		1907.5	24.2	22.39	1	21.39	2
	12RB	1880	24.2	22.67	1	21.67	2
	Low (0)	1852.5	24.2	22.42	1	21.43	2
	1			l .	l	1	



		1907.5	24.2	22.35	1	21.25	2
	25RB	1880	24.2	22.59	1	21.51	2
	(0)	1852.5	24.2	22.35	1	21.26	2
		1905	24.2	23.51	0	22.65	1
	1RB	1880	24.2	23.59	0	22.55	<u>·</u> 1
	High (49)				0		<u>'</u> 1
		1855	24.2	23.43		22.86	
	1RB	1905	24.2	23.41	0	22.72	1
	Middle	1880	24.2	23.69	0	22.65	1
	(24)	1855	24.2	23.33	0	22.75	1
	455	1905	24.2	23.37	0	22.74	1
	1RB	1880	24.2	23.68	0	22.65	1
	Low (0)	1855	24.2	23.41	0	22.77	1
		1905	24.2	22.36	1	21.39	2
10 MHz	25RB	1880	24.2	22.60	1	21.65	2
	High (25)	1855	24.2	22.37	1	21.42	2
	0	1905	24.2	22.34	1	21.39	2
	25RB Middle	1880	24.2	22.60	1	21.67	2
	(12)	1855	24.2	22.34	1	21.39	2
	(/						
	25RB Low (0)	1905	24.2	22.34	1	21.40	2
		1880	24.2 24.2	22.61	1	21.66	2
		1855 1905	24.2	22.35 22.35	1	21.41 21.35	2
	50RB	1880	24.2	22.61	1	21.61	2
	(0)	1855	24.2	22.36	1	21.37	2
		1902.5	24.2	23.67	0	22.77	1
	1RB	1880	24.2	23.62	0	22.87	<u>·</u> 1
	High (74)	1857.5	24.2	23.61	0	23.02	1
	1RB	1902.5	24.2	23.46	0	22.79	1
	Middle	1880	24.2	23.68	0	22.92	1
	(37)	1857.5	24.2	23.39	0	22.82	1
	455	1902.5	24.2	23.51	0	22.89	1
	1RB Low (0)	1880	24.2	23.71	0	22.95	1
	Low (0)	1857.5	24.2	23.43	0	22.81	1
	0000	1902.5	24.2	22.61	1	21.45	2
15 MHz	36RB	1880	24.2	22.69	1	21.61	2
10 111112	High (38)	1857.5	24.2	22.56	1	21.50	2
	36RB	1902.5	24.2	22.53	1	21.45	2
	Middle	1880	24.2	22.70	1	21.63	2
	(19)	1857.5	24.2	22.43	1	21.37	2
		1902.5	24.2	22.54	1	21.45	2
	36RB	1880	24.2	22.73	1	21.64	2
	Low (0)	1857.5	24.2	22.40	1	21.32	2
	75RB	1902.5	24.2	22.56	1	21.47	2
		1880	24.2	22.72	1	21.64	2
	(0)	1857.5	24.2	22.48	1	21.43	2
	1RB	1900	24.2	23.67	0	22.68	1
20 MHz	High (99)	1880	24.2	23.58	0	23.02	1
	i ligit (33)	1860	24.2	23.72	0	22.93	1



	1RB	1900	24.2	23.48	0	22.68	1	
	Middle	1880	24.2	23.63	0	23.09	11	
	(50)	1860	24.2	23.52	0	22.75	1	
	1RB	1900	24.2	23.63	0	22.86	1	
	Low (0)	1880	24.2	23.70	0	23.14	1	
		1860 1900	24.2 24.2	23.46 22.49	0	22.68 21.44	2	
	50RB	1880	24.2	22.49	1	21.44	2	
	High (50)	1860	24.2	22.62	1	21.57	2	
	5000	1900	24.2	22.02	1	21.38	2	
	50RB Middle	1880	24.2	22.64	1	21.58	2	
	(25)	1860	24.2	22.45	1	21.42	2	
		1900	24.2	22.51	1	21.46	2	
	50RB	1880	24.2	22.66	1	21.62	2	
	Low (0)	1860	24.2	22.38	1	21.34	2	
	100RB	1900	24.2	22.48	1	21.47	2	
	(0)	1880	24.2	22.63	1	21.60	2	
	(0)	1860	24.2	22.49	1	21.46	2	
			Band 4					
	RB allocation		Max.	QPSK		160	QAM	
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB offset (Start RB)	Frequency (MHz)	Target Power (dBm)	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	
		1754.3	24	22.31	0	21.34	1	
	1RB High (5)	1732.5	24	22.44	0	21.41	1	
	Tilgit (3)	1710.7	24	22.86	0	21.72	1	
	1RB	1754.3	24	22.35	0	21.36	1	
	Middle	1732.5	24	22.32	0	21.43	1	
	(3)	1710.7	24	22.81	0	21.82	1	
	1RB	1754.3	24	22.32	0	21.32	1	
	Low (0)	1732.5	24	22.39	0	21.40	1	
		1710.7	24	22.80	0	21.81	1	
	3RB	1754.3	24	22.37	0	21.49	1	
1.4 MHz	High (3)	1732.5	24	22.43	0	21.47	1	
1.4 IVIT7Z	9 (0)	1710.7	24	22.89	0	21.98	1	
	3RB	1754.3	24	22.30	0	21.45	1	
	Middle	1732.5	24	22.36	0	21.40	1	
	(1)	1710.7	24	22.80	0	21.96	1	
	055	1754.3	24	22.35	0	21.50	1	
	3RB Low (0)	1732.5	24	22.43	0	21.46	1	
	LOW (0)	1710.7	24	22.86	0	22.01	1	
	eDD.	1754.3	24	21.37	1	20.51	2	
	6RB (0)	1732.5	24	21.41	1	20.52	2	
	(-)	1710.7	24	21.84	1	21.00	2	
	1RB	1753.5	24	22.27	0	21.79	1	
3 MHz	High (14)	1732.5	24	22.38	0	21.42	1	
	J ()	1711.5	24	22.73	0	22.25	1	



	400	1753.5	24	22.33	0	21.85	1
	1RB Middle	1732.5	24	22.41	0	21.43	1
	(7)	1711.5	24	22.79	0	22.30	1
		1753.5	24	22.29	0	21.81	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	22.41	0	21.43	1
	Low (0)	1711.5	24	22.84	0	22.37	1
		1753.5	24	21.36	1	20.44	2
	8RB High (7)	1732.5	24	21.64	1	20.69	2
	i ligit (7)	1711.5	24	21.98	1	20.82	2
	8RB	1753.5	24	21.19	1	20.58	2
	Middle	1732.5	24	21.42	1	20.42	2
	(4)	1711.5	24	21.73	1	20.76	2
		1753.5	24	21.40	1	20.45	2
	8RB Low (0)	1732.5	24	21.52	1	20.60	2
	LOW (U)	1711.5	24	22.01	1	20.96	2
	4.500	1753.5	24	21.54	1	20.27	2
	15RB (0)	1732.5	24	21.34	1	20.69	2
		1711.5	24	21.90	1	20.86	2
		1752.5	24	22.33	0	21.25	1
	1RB High (24)	1732.5	24	22.40	0	21.25	1
	9 (= .)	1712.5	24	22.76	0	21.69	1
	1RB Middle	1752.5	24	22.39	0	21.28	1
		1732.5	24	22.47	0	21.40	1
	(12)	1712.5	24	22.86	0	21.77	1
		1752.5	24	22.36	0	21.29	1
	1RB Low (0)	1732.5	24	22.50	0	21.39	1
	Low (o)	1712.5	24	22.86	0	21.79	1
		1752.5	24	21.44	1	20.33	2
5 MHz	12RB High (13)	1732.5	24	21.36	1	20.53	2
	Triigir (13)	1712.5	24	22.02	1	20.95	2
	12RB	1752.5	24	21.44	1	20.49	2
	Middle	1732.5	24	21.62	1	20.65	2
	(6)	1712.5	24	21.90	1	20.97	2
		1752.5	24	21.39	1	20.46	2
	12RB Low (0)	1732.5	24	21.52	1	20.55	2
	Low (0)	1712.5	24	22.10	1	20.88	2
	0.500	1752.5	24	21.39	1	20.27	2
	25RB (0)	1732.5	24	21.42	1	20.70	2
	(0)	1712.5	24	21.73	1	20.85	2
	400	1750	24	22.36	0	21.86	1
10 MHz	1RB High (49)	1732.5	24	22.44	0	21.43	1
	1 light (48)	1715	24	22.74	0	22.26	1



			1				
	1RB	1750	24	22.36	0	21.89	1
	Middle	1732.5	24	22.52	0	21.38	1
	(24)	1715	24	22.79	0	22.30	1
		1750	24	22.39	0	21.92	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	22.54	0	21.55	1
	Low (0)	1715	24	22.86	0	22.37	1
		1750	24	21.24	1	20.39	2
	25RB	1732.5	24	21.47	1	20.53	2
	High (25)	1715	24	21.63	1	21.03	2
	25RB	1750	24	21.25	1	20.41	2
	Middle	1732.5	24	21.40	1	20.40	2
	(12)	1715	24	21.98	1	20.92	2
		1750	24	21.37	1	20.58	2
	25RB	1732.5	24	21.42	1	20.35	2
	Low (0)	1715	24	21.87	1	20.92	2
		1750	24	21.47	1	20.60	2
	50RB	1732.5	24	21.51	1	20.46	2
	(0)	1715	24	21.85	1	20.99	2
		1747.5	24	22.33	0	21.84	1
	1RB High (74)	1732.5	24	22.43	0	21.76	1
	Tilgit (74)	1717.5	24	22.67	0	21.89	1
	1RB	1747.5	24	22.35	0	21.86	1
	Middle	1732.5	24	22.47	0	21.82	1
	(37)	1717.5	24	22.85	0	22.45	1
	1RB	1747.5	24	22.45	0	21.97	1
	Low (0)	1732.5	24	22.63	0	21.97	1
	2011 (0)	1717.5	24	22.84	0	22.35	1
15 MHz	36RB	1747.5	24	21.41	1	20.38	2
	High (38)	1732.5	24	21.49	1	20.42	2
		1717.5	24	21.79	1	20.73	2
	36RB Middle	1747.5 1732.5	24 24	21.41 21.51	1	20.38	2
	(19)	1732.5	24	21.80	1	20.45	2
	(13)	1747.5	24	21.44	1	20.77	2
	36RB	1732.5	24	21.54	1	20.41	2
	Low (0)	1717.5	24	21.83	1	20.79	2
		1747.5	24	21.44	1	20.73	2
	75RB	1732.5	24	21.50	1	20.49	2
	(0)	1717.5	24	21.83	1	20.80	2
		1745	24	22.40	0	21.65	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	22.42	0	21.93	1
	High (99)	1720	24	22.57	0	22.07	1
	1RB	1745	24	22.42	0	21.70	1
20 MI I-	Middle	1732.5	24	22.44	0	21.98	1
20 MHz	(50)	1720	24	22.71	0	22.22	1
	1DD	1745	24	22.58	0	21.81	1
	1RB Low (0)	1732.5	24	22.68	0	22.18	1
		1720	24	22.83	0	22.34	1
Ì	50RB	1745	24	21.37	1	20.34	2



	High (50)	1732.5	24	21.43	1	20.41	2
	i ligil (00)	1720	24	21.63	1	20.60	2
	50RB	1745	24	21.39	1	20.34	2
	Middle	1732.5	24	21.49	1	20.45	2
	(25)	1720	24	21.69	1	20.67	2
	50RB	1745	24	21.44	1	20.40	2
	Low (0)	1732.5	24	21.54	1	20.50	2
	LOW (O)	1720	24	21.76	1	20.74	2
	100RB	1745	24	21.38	1	20.37	2
	(0)	1732.5	24	21.49	1	20.47	2
	` '	1720	24	21.70	1	20.69	2
			Band 7	T		Т	
	RB allocation		Max.	QPSK		160	MAÇ
		Frequency	Target			Actual	
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB offset (Start	(MHz)	Power	Actual output	MPR	output	MDD
	(Start RB)		(dBm)	power (dBm)	IVIPR	power	MPR
	(ND)					(dBm)	
	1RB	2567.5	22.6	22.50	0	21.37 22.24 22.21 21.55 22.29 22.17 21.70 22.30	1
	High (24)	2535	22.6	23.38	0		1
	. ,	2502.5 2567.5	22.6 22.6	23.27 22.67	0		1 1
	1RB						
	Middle	2535	22.6	23.43	0	22.29	1
	(12)	2502.5	22.6	23.36	0	22.17	1
	1RB	2567.5	22.6	22.87	0		1
	Low (0)	2535	22.6	23.46	0		1
		2502.5	22.6	23.36	0	22.17	1
	12RB High (13)	2567.5	22.6	21.56	1	20.57	2
5 MHz		2535	22.6	22.40	1	21.38	2
	O ()	2502.5	22.6	22.18	1	21.20	2
	12RB	2567.5	22.6	21.63	1	20.66	2
	Middle	2535	22.6	22.39	1	21.27	2
	(6)	2502.5	22.6	22.19	1	21.18	2
	4000	2567.5	22.6	21.72	1	20.74	2
	12RB Low (0)	2535	22.6	22.39	1	21.39	2
	LOW (0)	2502.5	22.6	22.20	1	21.20	2
	OFDD	2567.5	22.6	21.57	1	20.49	2
	25RB (0)	2535	22.6	22.32	1	21.22	2
	(0)	2502.5	22.6	22.15	1	21.06	2
	400	2565	22.6	22.43	0	21.83	1
	1RB High (49)	2535	22.6	23.43	0	22.33	1
	Trigit (40)	2505	22.6	23.30	0	22.66	1
	1RB	2565	22.6	22.80	0	22.18	1
10 MHz	Middle	2535	22.6	23.44	0	22.34	1
	(24)	2505	22.6	23.25	0	22.60	1
	455	2565	22.6	23.04	0	22.35	1
	1RB Low (0)	2535	22.6	23.42	0	22.31	1
	LOW (O)	2505	22.6	23.23	0	22.54	1



	0=00	2565	22.6	21.58	1	20.63	2
	25RB	2535	22.6	22.36	1	21.41	2
	High (25)	2505	22.6	22.20	1	21.22	2
	25RB	2565	22.6	21.78	1	20.84	2
	Middle	2535	22.6	22.35	1	21.40	2
	(12)	2505	22.6	22.20	1	21.21	2
		2565	22.6	21.87	1	20.93	2
	25RB						
	Low (0)	2535	22.6	22.37	1	21.40	2
		2505	22.6	22.16	1	21.19	2
	5000	2565	22.6	21.73	1	20.74	2
	50RB (0)	2535	22.6	22.36	1	21.35	2
	(0)	2505	22.6	22.19	1	21.15	2
		2562.5	22.6	22.64	0	21.96	1
	1RB	2535	22.6	23.48	0	22.62	1
	High (74)	2507.5	22.6	23.29	0	22.63	1
	1RB	2562.5	22.6	23.17	0	22.46	1
	Middle	2535	22.6	23.47	0	22.62	1
	(37)	2507.5	22.6	23.12	0	22.48	: 1
	ì	2562.5	22.6	23.27	0	22.58	1
	1RB Low (0)	2535	22.6	23.51	0	22.60	: 1
		2507.5	22.6	23.10	0	22.43	'
	0.000	2562.5	22.6	21.98	1	20.91	2
15 MHz	36RB	2535	22.6	22.48	1	21.37	2
15 IVITZ	High (38)	2507.5	22.6	22.46	1	21.10	2
	36RB	2562.5	22.6	22.16	1	21.08	2
	Middle	2535	22.6	22.47	1	21.36	2
	(19)	2507.5	22.6	22.14	1	21.01	2
		2562.5	22.6	22.20	1	21.12	2
	36RB Low (0)	2535	22.6	22.47	1	21.36	2
		2507.5	22.6	22.12	1	20.98	2
		2562.5	22.6	22.10	1	21.04	2
	75RB	2535	22.6	22.48	1	21.38	2
	(0)	2507.5	22.6	22.18	1	21.09	2
	,	2560	22.6	22.71	0	21.90	1
	1RB	2535	22.6	23.44	0	22.82	1
	High (99)	2510	22.6	23.44	0	22.59	1
		2560	22.6	23.26	0	22.37	1
	1RB	2535	22.6	23.44	0	22.79	'
	Middle (50)	2510	22.6	23.20	0	22.39	. 1
20 MHz	, ,	2560	22.6	23.59	0	22.69	1
	1RB	2535	22.6	23.48	0	22.80	<u>'</u> 1
	Low (0)	2510	22.6	23.11	0	22.29	
	5000	2010	22.0	20.11		22.23	<u> </u>
	50RB High (50)	2560	22.6	21.95	1	20.90	2



		2535	22.6	22.39	1	21.31	2
		2510	22.6	22.24	1	21.14	2
	50RB	2560	22.6	22.07	1	21.03	2
	Middle	2535	22.6	22.37	1	21.31	2
	(25)	2510	22.6	22.13	1	21.03	2
		2560	22.6	22.24	1	21.15	2
	50RB Low (0)	2535	22.6	22.41	1	21.33	2
		2510	22.6	22.08	1	20.99	2
		2560	22.6	22.08	1	21.05	2
	100RB (0)	2535	22.6	22.38	1	21.34	2
	(0)	2510	22.6	22.16	1	21.08	2
	<u>I</u>		Band 17		1	I	
	RB allocation		Max.	QPSK		160	QAM
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB offset (Start RB)	Frequency (MHz)	Target Power (dBm)	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
	1RB	713.5	24.2	22.85	0	21.85	1
		710	24.2	22.78	0	21.69	1
	High (24)	706.5	24.2	22.79	0	21.70	1
	1RB	713.5	24.2	22.79	0	21.87	1
	Middle	710	24.2	22.58	0		1
	(12)	706.5	24.2	22.27	0	21.30	1
	1RB	713.5	24.2	22.87	0		1
	Low (0)	710	24.2	22.69			1
	2011 (0)	706.5	24.2	22.87			1
	12RB	713.5	24.2	21.92	1		2
5 MHz	High (13)	710	24.2	21.94	1		2
		706.5	24.2	21.30	1		2
	12RB	713.5	24.2	21.93			2
	Middle	710	24.2	21.65	ļ		2
	(6)	706.5	24.2	21.31	· -		2
	12RB	713.5	24.2	21.93			2
	Low (0)	710	24.2	21.56			2
	. ,	706.5 713.5	24.2 24.2	21.65			2
	25RB	713.5	24.2	21.88 21.78			2
	(0)						
		706.5	24.2	21.46			2
	1RB	711	24.2	22.78			1
	High (49)	710	24.2	22.74			1
10 MHz		709	24.2	22.80	0		1
	1RB	711	24.2	22.85			1
	Middle	710	24.2	22.50			1
1	(24)	709	24.2	22.31	1 0	1 21.14 1 21.03 1 21.31 1 21.03 1 21.15 1 21.33 1 20.99 1 21.05 1 21.34 1 21.08 MPR Actual output power (dBm) 0 21.85 0 21.69 0 21.70 0 21.87 0 21.63 0 21.30 0 21.92 0 21.68 0 21.70 1 21.04 1 20.51 1 21.02 1 20.78 1 20.52 1 21.03 1 20.69 1 20.85 1 20.87 1 20.85 1 20.87 1 20.88 1 20.87 1 20.88 1 20.87 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88 1 20.88	1



	455	711	24.2	22.56	0	21.74	1
	1RB Low (0)	710	24.2	22.63	0	21.82	1
	LOW (U)	709	24.2	22.90	0	22.33	1
	0	711	24.2	21.85	1	20.99	2
	25RB High (25)	710	24.2	21.88	1	21.01	2
	1 light (23)	709	24.2	21.90	1	21.04	2
	25RB	711	24.2	21.86	1	21.03	2
	Middle	710	24.2	21.67	1	20.85	2
	(12)	709	24.2	21.45	1	20.65	2
	25RB	711	24.2	21.62	1	20.80	2
	Low (0)	710 709	24.2	21.51 21.53	1	20.71	2
		711	24.2	21.87	1	21.00	2
	50RB	710	24.2	21.81	1	20.96	2
	(0)	709	24.2	21.75	1	20.89	2
		709		21.75	'	20.09	2
	- DD		Band 5				
	RB allocation		Max.	QPSK	_		QAM
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB offset (Start RB)	Frequency	Target Power	A ctual output		Actual	
		(MHz)	(dBm)	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	output power	MPR
			(42111)	power (dBm)		(dBm)	
		848.3	24.5	22.75	0	21.79	1
	1RB High (5)	836.5	24.5	22.87	0	21.90	1
	Tilgit (3)	824.7	24.5	23.10	0	22.12	1
	1RB Middle	848.3	24.5	22.76	0	21.78	1
		836.5	24.5	22.90	0	21.91	1
	(3)	824.7	24.5	23.10	0	22.12	1
		848.3	24.5	22.74	0	21.76	1
	1RB	836.5	24.5	22.86	0	21.87	1
	Low (0)	824.7	24.5	23.09	0	22.07	1
		848.3	24.5	22.83	0	21.99	1
	3RB	836.5	24.5	22.96	0	22.10	1
1.4 MHz	High (3)	824.7	24.5	23.21	0	22.33	1
					0		1
	3RB	848.3	24.5	22.77		21.95	
	Middle (1)	836.5	24.5	22.91	0	22.07	1
	(')	824.7	24.5	23.11	0	22.27	1
		848.3	24.5	22.84	0	22.00	1
	3RB Low (0)	836.5	24.5	22.95	0	22.10	1
		824.7	24.5	23.16	0	22.33	1
		848.3	24.5	21.73	1	20.88	2
	6RB (0)	836.5	24.5	21.89	1	21.04	2
	(-)	824.7	24.5	22.12	1	21.25	2
3 MHz	1RB	847.5	24.5	22.72	0	22.22	1