



SAR TEST REPORT

No. I16Z42280-SEM01

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone

Modelname: 5044O

With

Hardware Version: PIO

Software Version: v4HA2

FCC ID: 2ACCJH063

Issued Date: 2017-1-11



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I16Z42280-SEM01	Rev.0	2016-12-23	Initial creation of test report
I16Z42280-SEM01	Rev.1	2017-1-11	Add statement of headset test on page51

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

1.3 Project Data

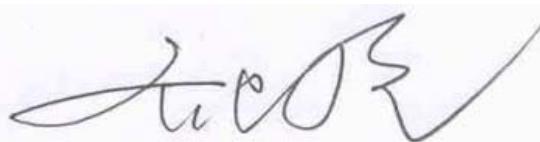
Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	December 6, 2016
Testing End Date:	December 11, 2016

1.4 Signature



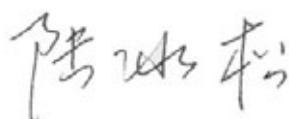
Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)



Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)



Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)

2 Statement of Compliance

This EUT is a variant product and the report of original sample is No.I16Z42271-SEM01.

According to the client request, we quote the test results of original sample directly and delete LTE Band5 and add WCDMA1700.

The maximum results of SAR found during testing for TCL Communication Ltd. LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone 5044O are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR(1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class
Head (Separation Distance 0mm)	GSM 850	0.34	PCE
	PCS 1900	0.33	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.68	
	UMTS FDD 2	0.70	
	UMTS FDD 4	0.63	
	LTE Band 2	0.51	
	LTE Band 4	0.55	
	LTE Band 7	0.15	
	LTE Band 12	0.12	
	LTE Band 13	0.34	
Hotspot (Separation Distance 10mm)	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.76	DTS
	GSM 850	0.69	PCE
	PCS 1900	0.67	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.49	
	UMTS FDD 2	1.08	
	UMTS FDD 4	0.81	
	LTE Band 2	0.85	
	LTE Band 4	0.99	
	LTE Band 7	1.02	
	LTE Band 12	0.22	
Hotspot (Separation Distance 10mm)	LTE Band 13	0.62	DTS
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.31	

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of (**Table 2.1**), and the values are: **1.08 W/kg(1g)**.

Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.70	0.76	1.46
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Rear	1.08	0.31	1.39

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and BT

	Position	Main antenna	BT	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.70	0.29 ^[1]	0.99
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Rear	1.08	0.15 ^[1]	1.23

[1] - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.46 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.

3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address/Post:	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
Country:	China
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com
Telephone:	0086-21-31363544
Fax:	0086-21-61460602

3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address/Post:	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
Country:	China
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com
Telephone:	0086-21-31363544
Fax:	0086-21-61460602

4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone
Model name:	5044O
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, WCDMA 850/900/1700/1900/2100 BT, Wi-Fi, LTE Band 1/2/3/4/7/12/13/17/28
Tested Tx Frequency:	825 – 848.8 MHz (GSM 850) 1850.2 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900) 826.4–846.6 MHz (WCDMA 850 Band V) 1852.4–1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II) 1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz (WCDMA 1700 Band IV) 1860 – 1900 MHz (LTE Band 2) 1720 – 1745 MHz (LTE Band 4) 2502.5 – 2567.5 MHz (LTE Band 7) 699.7 – 715.3 MHz (LTE Band 12) 779.5 – 784.5 MHz (LTE Band 13) 706.5 – 713.5 MHz (LTE Band 17) 2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
GPRS capability Class:	B
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	Headset
Hotspot mode:	Support

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW	SW Version
EUT1	014816000200124	PIO	v4HA2
EUT2	014816000200165	PIO	v4HA2
EUT3	014816000200090	PIO	v4HA2
EUT4	014816000200066	PIO	v4HA2
EUT5	014816000201528	PIO	v4HA2
EUT6	014816000201585	PIO	v4HA2
EUT7	014815000200365	PIO	v4HA2
EUT8	014815000200316	PIO	v4HA2

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1&2&3&4&5&8 and conducted power with the EUT6&7.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	CAB2000070C1	/	BYD
AE2	Battery	CAB2000071C7	/	VEKEN
AE3	Headset	CCB0046A10C1	/	juwei
AE4	Headset	CCB0046A10C4	/	meihao
AE5	Headset	CCB0049A10C1	/	juwei
AE6	Headset	CCB0049A10C4	/	meihao

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

6 Specific Absorption Rate(SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

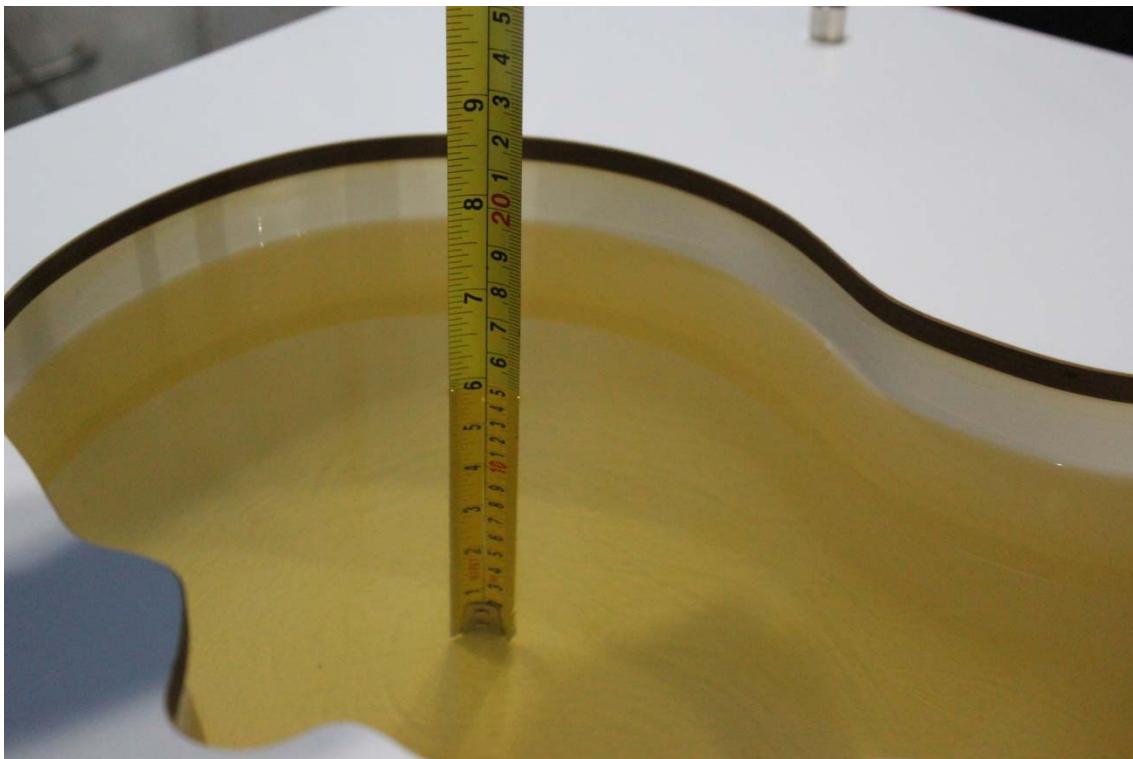
Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range	Permittivity(ϵ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range
750	Head	0.89	0.85~0.93	41.94	39.8~44.0
750	Body	0.96	0.91~1.01	55.5	52.7~58.3
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1750	Head	1.37	1.30~1.44	40.08	38.1~42.1
1750	Body	1.49	1.42~1.56	53.4	50.7~56.1
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39.01	37.06~40.96
2600	Body	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.5	49.9~55.1

7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Type	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
2016-12-8	Head	750 MHz	42.59	1.55	0.906	1.80
	Body	750 MHz	54.55	-1.71	0.931	-3.02
2016-12-6	Head	835 MHz	41.83	0.80	0.885	-1.67
	Body	835 MHz	56.31	2.01	0.942	-2.89
2016-12-9	Head	1750 MHz	39.35	-1.82	1.355	-1.09
	Body	1750 MHz	52.3	-2.06	1.475	-1.01
2016-12-7	Head	1900 MHz	40.85	2.13	1.385	-1.07
	Body	1900 MHz	53.74	0.83	1.55	1.97
2016-12-11	Head	2450 MHz	38.16	-2.65	1.78	-1.11
	Body	2450 MHz	51.96	-1.40	1.956	0.31
2016-12-10	Head	2600 MHz	38.45	-1.44	1.924	-1.84
	Body	2600 MHz	53.62	2.13	2.165	0.23

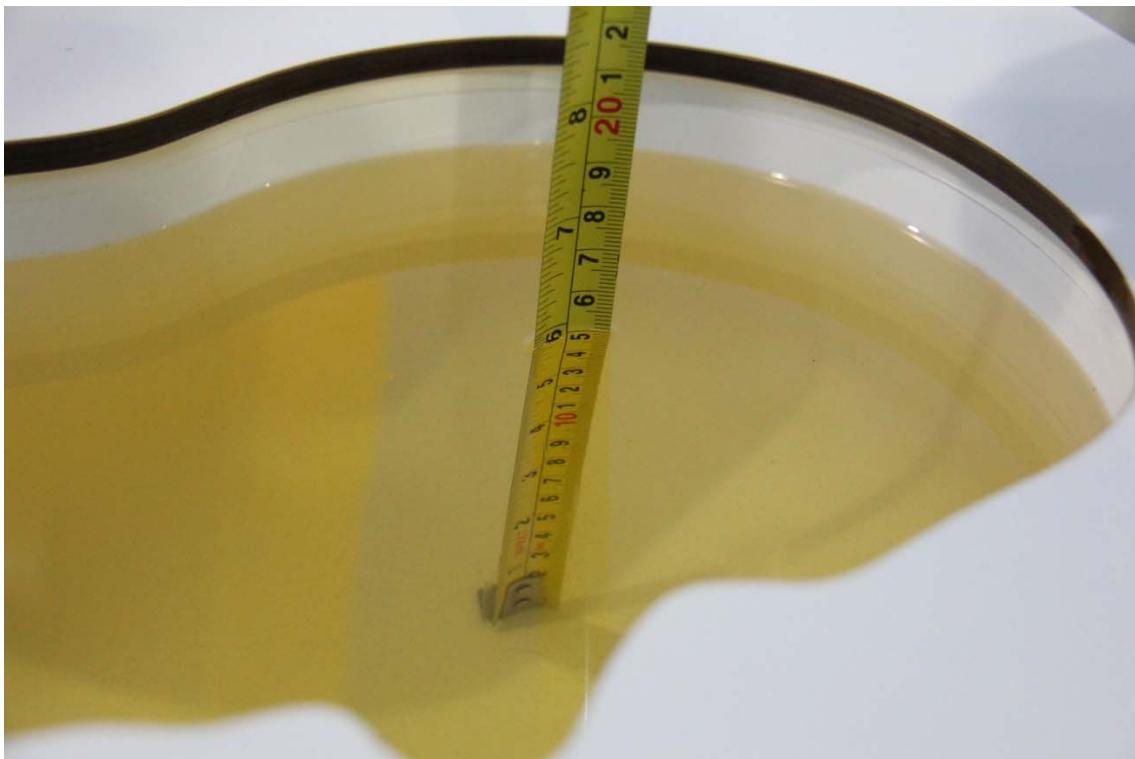
Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0°C



Picture 7-1 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (750MHz)



Picture 7-2 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (750MHz)



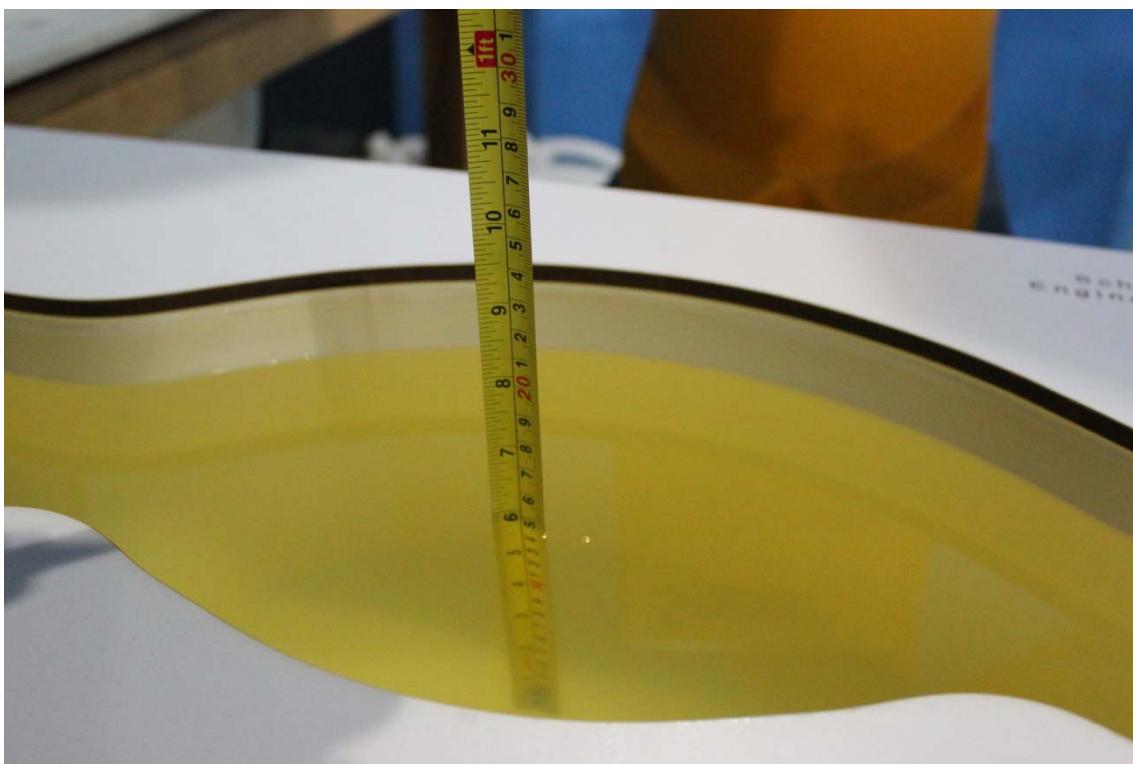
Picture 7-3 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)



Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)



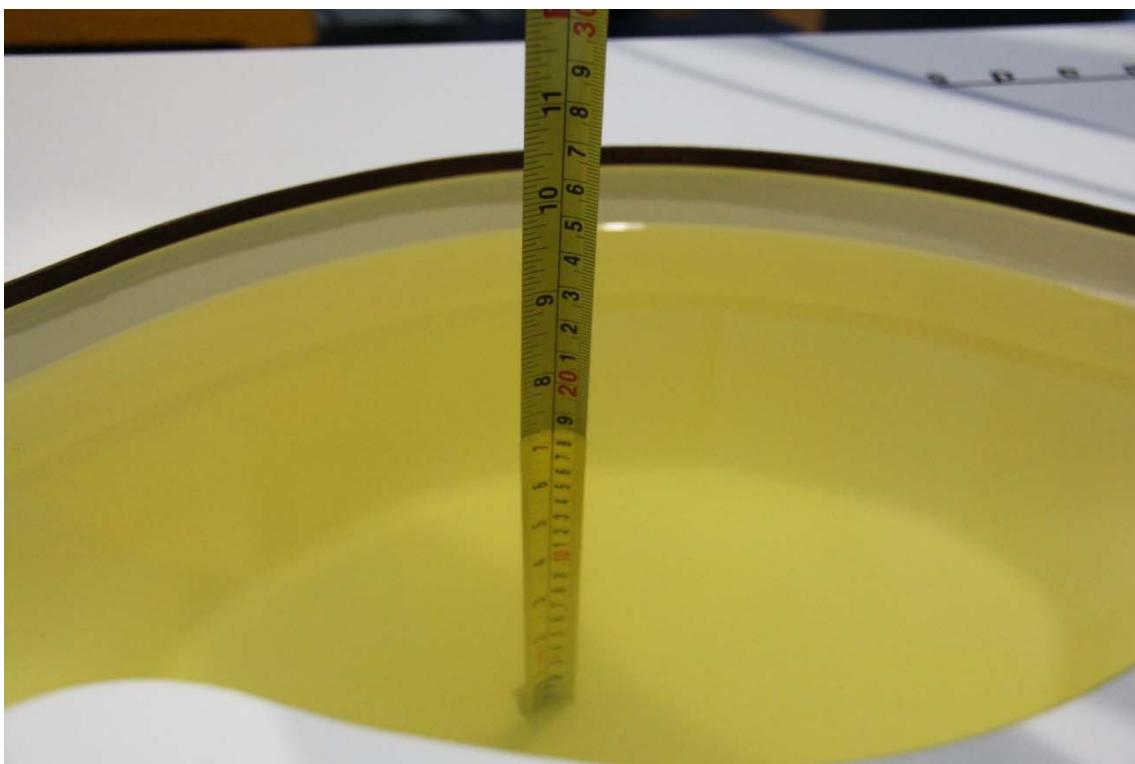
Picture 7-5 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1750 MHz)



Picture 7-6 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1750MHz)



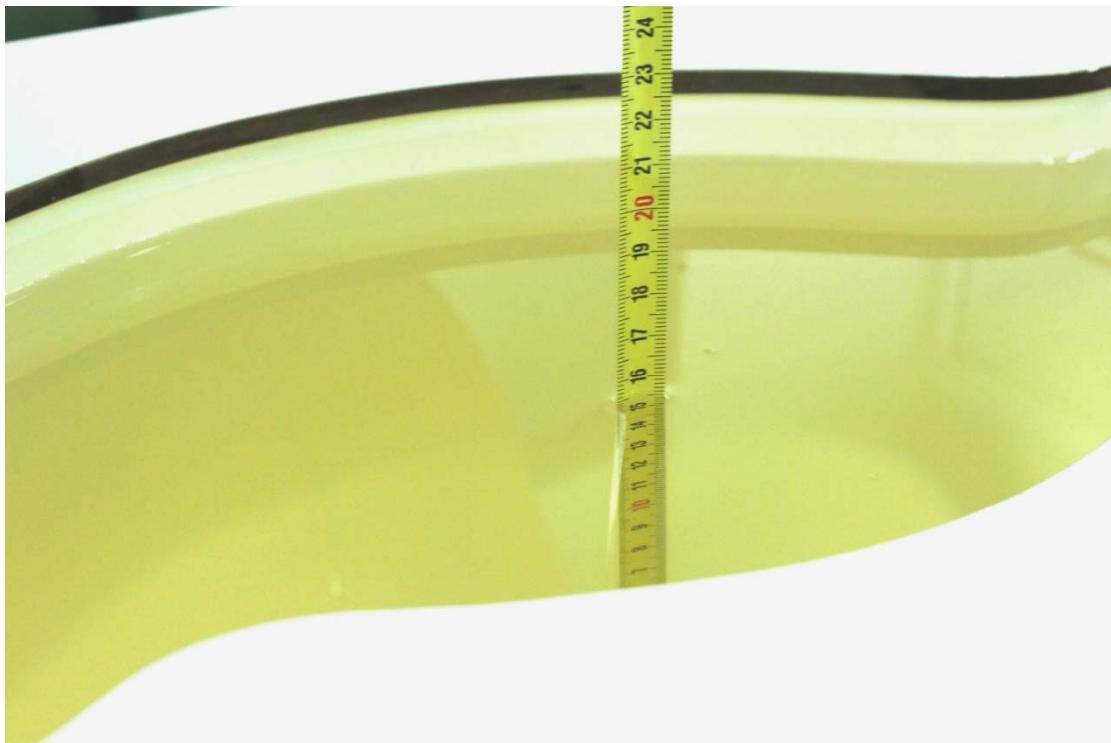
Picture 7-7 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)



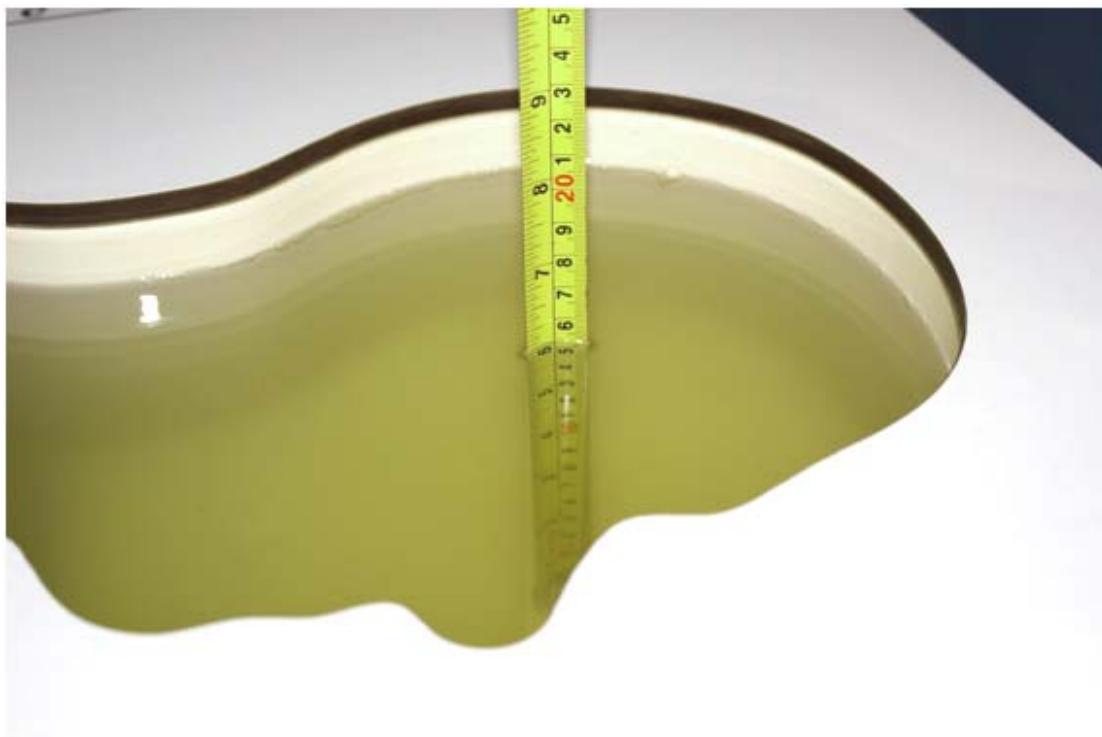
Picture 7-8 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)



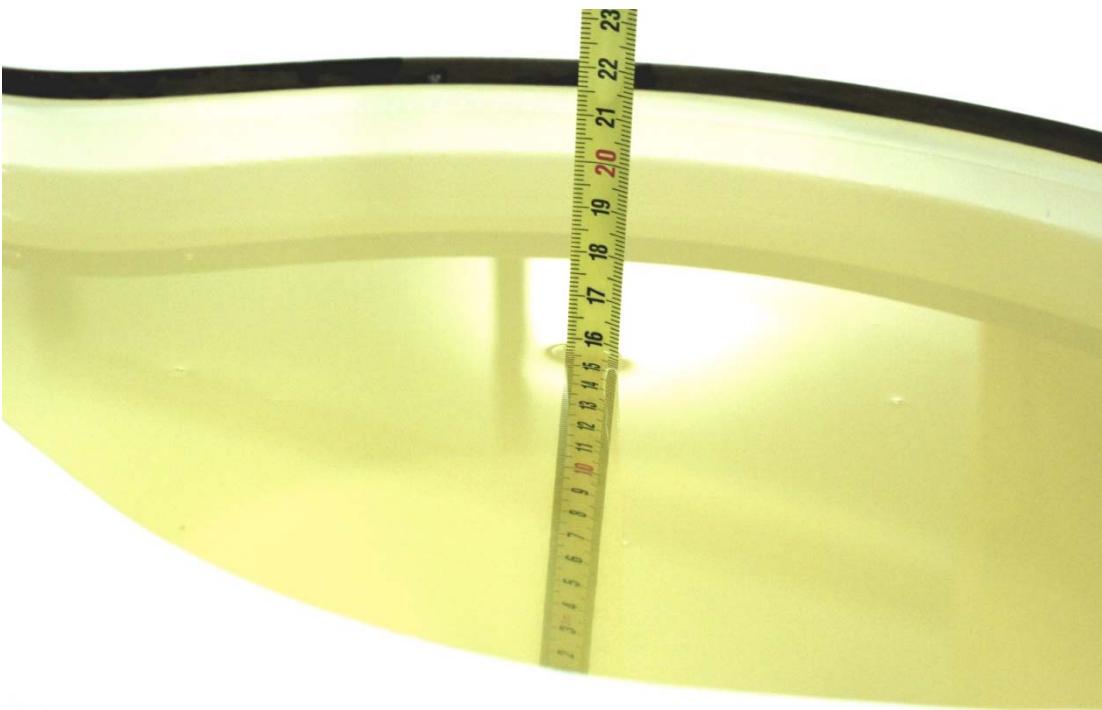
Picture 7-9 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)



Picture 7-10 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)



Picture 7-11 Liquid depth in the HeadPhantom (2600 MHz Head)

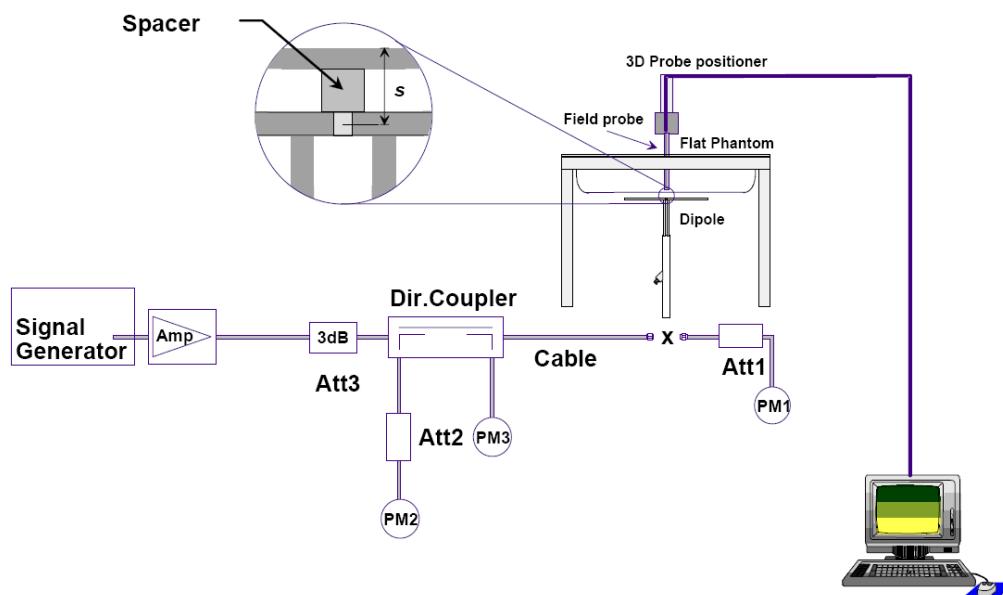


Picture 7-12 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2600MHz)

8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value(W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2016-12-8	750 MHz	5.46	8.33	5.60	8.48	2.56%	1.80%
2016-12-6	835 MHz	6.18	9.44	6.28	9.52	1.62%	0.85%
2016-12-9	1750 MHz	19.50	36.80	19.9	37.2	1.95%	1.20%
2016-12-7	1900 MHz	21.20	40.70	21.8	42.0	3.02%	3.19%
2016-12-11	2450 MHz	24.60	52.80	24.9	53.2	1.30%	0.76%
2016-12-10	2600 MHz	25.20	56.70	25.9	57.6	2.70%	1.59%

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2016-12-8	750 MHz	5.76	8.78	5.64	8.64	-2.08%	-1.59%
2016-12-6	835 MHz	6.36	9.69	6.52	9.88	2.52%	1.96%
2016-12-9	1750 MHz	19.60	37.00	19.80	37.32	1.02%	0.86%
2016-12-7	1900 MHz	21.30	40.10	21.40	40.80	0.47%	1.75%
2016-12-11	2450 MHz	24.10	51.20	24.56	51.60	1.91%	0.78%
2016-12-10	2600 MHz	24.80	55.30	25.28	56.00	1.94%	1.27%

9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

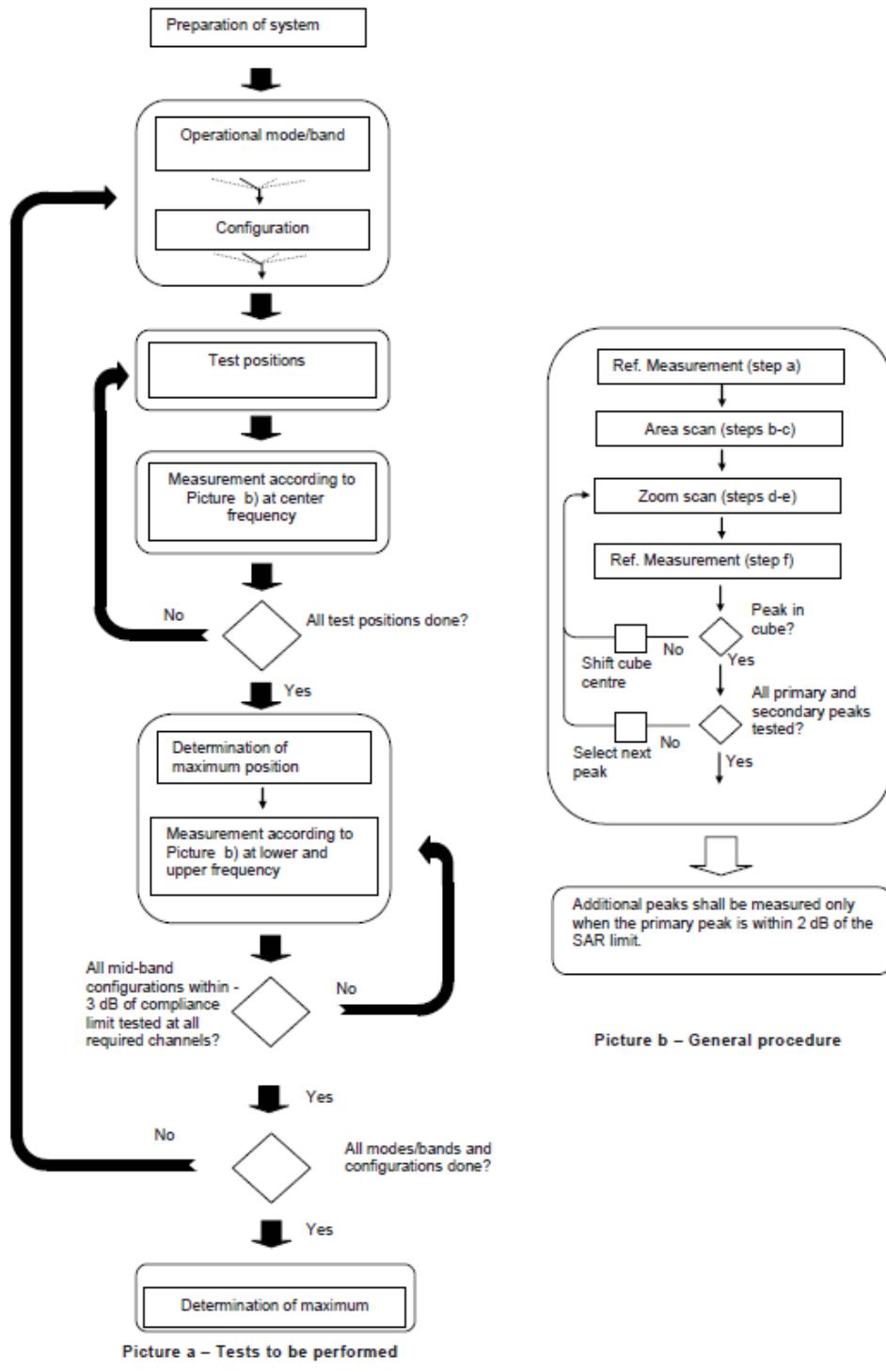
Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the

higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

		$\leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$> 3 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1): \text{between } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ two points closest to phantom surface}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1): \text{between subsequent points}$	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \geq 22 \text{ mm}$
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.			
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			

9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.5	1.5	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}:47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}:47/15$	4	2	1.5	1.5	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	1.5	1.5	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	21	81

Rel.8 DC-HSDPA (Cat 24)

SAR test exclusion for Rel.8 DC-HSDPA must satisfy the SAR test exclusion requirements of Rel.5 HSDPA. SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion.

9.4 SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Rohde & Rchwarz CMW500. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the CMW 500.

It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band.

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

9.5 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.6 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in section14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit

algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-gSAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz)and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm mare 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.

11 Conducted Output Power

11.1 Manufacturing tolerance

Table 11.1-1: GSM Speech

GSM 850			
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 128
Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
Tune-up(dBm)	33.3	33.3	33.3
GSM 1900			
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512
Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
Tune-up(dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3

Table 11.1-2: GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850 GPRS/EGPRS (GMSK)				
Channel		251	190	128
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
	Tune-up(dBm)	33.3	33.3	33.3
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
	Tune-up(dBm)	30.5	30.5	30.5
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
	Tune-up(dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
	Tune-up(dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
GSM 850 EGPRS (8PSK)				
Channel		810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
	Tune-up(dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	25	25	25
	Tune-up(dBm)	26	26	26
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	23	23	23
	Tune-up(dBm)	24	24	24
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	22	22	22
	Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
GSM 1900 GPRS/EGPRS (GMSK)				
Channel		810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
	Tune-up(dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	27	27	27
	Tune-up(dBm)	28	28	28
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	25	25	25
	Tune-up(dBm)	26	26	26

4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	24	24	24
	Tune-up(dBm)	25	25	25
GSM 1900 EGPRS (8PSK)				
Channel		810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26	26	26
	Tune-up(dBm)	27	27	27
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	24	24	24
	Tune-up(dBm)	25	25	25
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	23	23	23
	Tune-up(dBm)	24	24	24
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	21	21	21
	Tune-up(dBm)	22	22	22

Table 11.1-3: WCDMA

WCDMA 850 CS			
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	23	23	23
Tune-up(dBm)	24	24	24
HSUPA (sub-test 1/2/4)			
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	20	20	20
Tune-up(dBm)	21	21	21
HSUPA (sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	21	21	21
Tune-up(dBm)	22	22	22
HSUPA (sub-test 5)			
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
DC-HSDPA (sub-test 1~4)			
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
HSPA+			
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
WCDMA 1900 CS			
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	23	23	23
Tune-up(dBm)	24	24	24

HSUPA (sub-test 1/2)			
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	20	20	20
Tune-up(dBm)	21	21	21
HSUPA (sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	21	21	21
Tune-up(dBm)	22	22	22
HSUPA (sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	19.5	19.5	19.5
Tune-up(dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5
HSUPA (sub-test 5)			
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
DC-HSDPA (sub-test 1~4)			
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
HSPA+			
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
WCDMA 1700 CS			
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	23	23	23
Tune-up(dBm)	24	24	24
HSUPA (sub-test 1/2/4)			
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	20	20	20
Tune-up(dBm)	21	21	21
HSUPA (sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	21	21	21
Tune-up(dBm)	22	22	22
HSUPA (sub-test 5)			
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
DC-HSDPA (sub-test 1~4)			
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	19	19	19

Tune-up(dBm)	20	20	20
HSPA+			
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5
Tune-up(dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5

Table 11.1-4: LTE

Mode	Target (dBm)	Tune-up(dBm)
LTE Band 2	23	24
LTE Band 4	23	24
LTE Band 7	21.5	22.5
LTE Band 12	23	24
LTE Band 13	23	24
LTE Band 17	23	24

LTE MPR will follow up 3GPP setting as below:

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (NRB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4MHz	3.0MHz	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	20MHz	
QPSK	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	0
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Table 11.1-5: Bluetooth

GFSK	Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78
	Target (dBm)	6	7.5	6
	Tune-up(dBm)	7	8.5	7
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	Target (dBm)	5	6.5	5
	Tune-up(dBm)	6	7.5	6
EDR3M-8DPSK	Target (dBm)	5	6.5	5
	Tune-up(dBm)	6	7.5	6

Table 11.1-6: WiFi

WiFi 802.11b (2.4GHz)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	17	17	17
Tune-up(dB)	18	18	18
WiFi 802.11g (2.4GHz) 6Mbps-54 Mbps			
Data Rate	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	16	16	16
Tune-up(dB)	17	17	17
WiFi 802.11n-20 (2.4GHz) MCS0~7			
Data Rate	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	15	15	15
Tune-up(dB)	16	16	16
WiFi 802.11n-40 (2.4GHz) MCS0~5			
Data Rate	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9
Target (dBm)	11	14	11
Tune-up(dB)	12	15	12
WiFi 802.11n-40 (2.4GHz) MCS6~7			
Data Rate	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9
Target (dBm)	11	13	11
Tune-up(dB)	12	14	12

11.2 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.2-1: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

GSM 850MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)
	32.35	32.43	32.45
GSM 1900MHz	Conducted Power(dBm)		
	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)
	29.16	29.21	29.30

Table 11.2-2: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.34	32.44	32.45	-9.03	23.31	23.41	23.42
2 Txslots	29.21	29.35	29.47	-6.02	23.19	23.33	23.45
3Txslots	27.10	27.33	27.44	-4.26	22.84	23.07	23.18
4 Txslots	26.33	26.43	26.53	-3.01	23.32	23.42	23.52
GSM 850 EGPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.37	32.44	32.48	-9.03	23.34	23.41	23.45
2 Txslots	29.21	29.36	29.48	-6.02	23.19	23.34	23.46
3Txslots	27.09	27.32	27.43	-4.26	22.83	23.06	23.17
4 Txslots	26.36	26.43	26.66	-3.01	23.35	23.42	23.65
GSM 850 EGPRS (8PSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	26.94	27.00	26.87	-9.03	17.91	17.97	17.84
2 Txslots	25.31	25.39	25.28	-6.02	19.29	19.37	19.26
3Txslots	23.69	23.80	23.73	-4.26	19.43	19.54	19.47
4 Txslots	22.43	22.52	22.41	-3.01	19.42	19.51	19.40
PCS1900 GPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.17	29.22	29.30	-9.03	20.14	20.19	20.27
2 Txslots	26.66	26.57	26.72	-6.02	20.64	20.55	20.70
3Txslots	24.72	24.63	24.72	-4.26	20.46	20.37	20.46
4 Txslots	23.64	23.54	23.63	-3.01	20.63	20.53	20.62

PCS1900 EGPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.17	29.23	29.32	-9.03	20.14	20.20	20.29
2 Txslots	26.65	26.56	26.73	-6.02	20.63	20.54	20.71
3Txslots	24.72	24.62	24.72	-4.26	20.46	20.36	20.46
4 Txslots	23.63	23.52	23.63	-3.01	20.62	20.51	20.62
PCS1900 EGPRS (8PSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	26.33	26.16	26.05	-9.03	17.30	17.13	17.02
2 Txslots	23.90	23.83	23.66	-6.02	17.88	17.81	17.64
3Txslots	22.44	22.32	22.21	-4.26	18.18	18.06	17.95
4 Txslots	21.22	21.03	20.85	-3.01	18.21	18.02	17.84

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 4Txslots for GSM850 and 2Txslots for PCS1900.

11.3 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.3-1: The conducted Power for WCDMA

Item	band	FDDV result		
	ARFCN	4132(826.4MHz)	4182(836.4MHz)	4233(846.6MHz)
WCDMA	\	22.93	22.89	22.82
HSUPA	1	20.47	20.05	20.09
	2	19.97	20.06	20.03
	3	20.96	21.05	21.03
	4	19.41	19.48	19.47
	5	21.94	22.04	22.02
HSPA+	1	21.73	21.75	21.68
DC-HSDPA	1	21.72	21.71	21.66
	2	21.71	21.68	21.64
	3	21.68	21.69	21.62
	4	21.66	21.63	21.55
Item	band	FDDII result		
	ARFCN	9262(1852.4MHz)	9400(1880MHz)	9538(1907.6MHz)
WCDMA	\	23.56	23.66	23.52
HSUPA	1	20.85	20.41	20.43

	2	20.27	20.43	20.30
	3	21.25	21.43	21.30
	4	19.81	19.91	19.85
	5	22.24	22.41	22.28
HSPA+	1	22.12	21.93	22.01
DC-HSDPA	1	21.88	21.99	21.84
	2	21.85	21.95	21.82
	3	21.87	21.93	21.81
	4	21.83	21.92	21.83
	band	FDDIV result		
Item	ARFCN	1312 (1712.4MHz)	1412 (1732.4MHz)	1513 (1752.6MHz)
WCDMA	1	22.83	23.28	23.14
HSUPA	1	20.42	20.51	20.52
	2	20.32	20.43	19.91
	3	20.8	21.45	20.94
	4	19.35	19.99	19.47
	5	22.3	22.41	21.9
DC-HSDPA	1	19.43	19.50	19.55
	2	19.42	19.48	19.52
	3	19.42	19.44	19.51
	4	19.38	19.46	19.53
HSPA+	1	21.06	21.01	21.02

11.4 LTE Measurement result

Table 11.4-1: The conducted Power for LTE

Band 2							
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB allocation	Frequency (MHz)	Max. Target Power (dBm)	QPSK		16QAM	
	RB offset (Start RB)			Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
1.4 MHz	1RB High (5)	1909.3	24	23.74	0	22.69	1
		1880	24	23.70	0	22.67	1
		1850.7	24	23.82	0	22.74	1
	1RB Middle (3)	1909.3	24	23.82	0	22.75	1
		1880	24	23.77	0	22.75	1
		1850.7	24	23.90	0	22.82	1
	1RB Low (0)	1909.3	24	23.74	0	22.66	1
		1880	24	23.68	0	22.64	1
		1850.7	24	23.86	0	22.76	1
	3RB	1909.3	24	23.81	0	22.88	1

3 MHz	High (3)	1880	24	23.70	0	22.80	1
		1850.7	24	23.78	0	22.82	1
	3RB Middle (1)	1909.3	24	23.76	0	22.81	1
		1880	24	23.61	0	22.70	1
		1850.7	24	23.76	0	22.78	1
	3RB Low (0)	1909.3	24	23.81	0	22.87	1
		1880	24	23.68	0	22.79	1
		1850.7	24	23.82	0	22.87	1
	6RB (0)	1909.3	24	22.84	1	21.68	2
		1880	24	22.67	1	21.51	2
		1850.7	24	22.81	1	21.63	2
	1RB High (14)	1908.5	24	23.69	0	22.64	1
		1880	24	23.62	0	22.69	1
		1851.5	24	23.75	0	22.81	1
	1RB Middle (7)	1908.5	24	23.75	0	22.68	1
		1880	24	23.69	0	22.76	1
		1851.5	24	23.81	0	22.84	1
	1RB Low (0)	1908.5	24	23.73	0	22.66	1
		1880	24	23.65	0	22.73	1
		1851.5	24	23.80	0	22.83	1
	8RB High (7)	1908.5	24	22.76	1	21.74	2
		1880	24	22.67	1	21.69	2
		1851.5	24	22.81	1	21.79	2
	8RB Middle (4)	1908.5	24	22.73	1	21.77	2
		1880	24	22.69	1	21.73	2
		1851.5	24	22.84	1	21.80	2
	8RB Low (0)	1908.5	24	22.77	1	21.74	2
		1880	24	22.71	1	21.73	2
		1851.5	24	22.85	1	21.84	2
	15RB (0)	1908.5	24	22.70	1	21.68	2
		1880	24	22.64	1	21.63	2
		1851.5	24	22.75	1	21.75	2
5 MHz	1RB High (24)	1907.5	24	23.69	0	22.70	1
		1880	24	23.65	0	22.86	1
		1852.5	24	23.74	0	22.75	1
	1RB Middle (12)	1907.5	24	23.73	0	22.73	1
		1880	24	23.73	0	22.93	1
		1852.5	24	23.83	0	22.81	1
	1RB Low (0)	1907.5	24	23.76	0	22.73	1
		1880	24	23.74	0	22.95	1
		1852.5	24	23.86	0	22.83	1
	12RB	1907.5	24	22.71	1	21.79	2

	High (13)	1880	24	22.65	1	21.77	2
		1852.5	24	22.76	1	21.86	2
	12RB Middle (6)	1907.5	24	22.73	1	21.81	2
		1880	24	22.68	1	21.76	2
		1852.5	24	22.78	1	21.89	2
	12RB Low (0)	1907.5	24	22.73	1	21.81	2
		1880	24	22.70	1	21.78	2
		1852.5	24	22.82	1	21.89	2
	25RB (0)	1907.5	24	22.68	1	21.68	2
		1880	24	22.64	1	21.65	2
		1852.5	24	22.75	1	21.76	2
10 MHz	1RB High (49)	1905	24	23.75	0	22.67	1
		1880	24	23.61	0	22.67	1
		1855	24	23.74	0	22.70	1
	1RB Middle (24)	1905	24	23.81	0	22.71	1
		1880	24	23.72	0	22.80	1
		1855	24	23.84	0	22.77	1
	1RB Low (0)	1905	24	23.83	0	22.63	1
		1880	24	23.73	0	22.81	1
		1855	24	23.88	0	22.77	1
	25RB High (25)	1905	24	22.66	1	21.64	2
		1880	24	22.60	1	21.59	2
		1855	24	22.67	1	21.67	2
	25RB Middle (12)	1905	24	22.65	1	21.63	2
		1880	24	22.63	1	21.62	2
		1855	24	22.68	1	21.68	2
	25RB Low (0)	1905	24	22.65	1	21.61	2
		1880	24	22.65	1	21.65	2
		1855	24	22.71	1	21.70	2
	50RB (0)	1905	24	22.66	1	21.61	2
		1880	24	22.63	1	21.62	2
		1855	24	22.70	1	21.68	2
15 MHz	1RB High (74)	1902.5	24	23.70	0	22.94	1
		1880	24	23.64	0	22.70	1
		1857.5	24	23.72	0	22.92	1
	1RB Middle (37)	1902.5	24	23.78	0	22.88	1
		1880	24	23.71	0	22.79	1
		1857.5	24	23.77	0	22.94	1
	1RB Low (0)	1902.5	24	23.82	0	22.87	1
		1880	24	23.78	0	22.86	1
		1857.5	24	23.88	0	22.95	1
	36RB High (38)	1902.5	24	22.79	1	21.71	2
		1880	24	22.71	1	21.67	2

20 MHz		1857.5	24	22.77	1	21.76	2
	36RB Middle (19)	1902.5	24	22.84	1	21.71	2
		1880	24	22.74	1	21.73	2
		1857.5	24	22.80	1	21.77	2
	36RB Low (0)	1902.5	24	22.83	1	21.70	2
		1880	24	22.73	1	21.71	2
		1857.5	24	22.82	1	21.77	2
	75RB (0)	1902.5	24	22.83	1	21.71	2
		1880	24	22.76	1	21.69	2
		1857.5	24	22.81	1	21.75	2
	1RB High (99)	1900	24	23.70	0	22.86	1
		1880	24	23.72	0	22.78	1
		1860	24	23.72	0	22.93	1
	1RB Middle (50)	1900	24	23.74	0	22.84	1
		1880	24	23.76	0	22.86	1
		1860	24	23.75	0	22.92	1
	1RB Low (0)	1900	24	23.70	0	22.85	1
		1880	24	23.81	0	22.95	1
		1860	24	23.82	0	22.93	1
	50RB High (50)	1900	24	22.64	1	21.59	2
		1880	24	22.59	1	21.56	2
		1860	24	22.67	1	21.68	2
	50RB Middle (25)	1900	24	22.64	1	21.56	2
		1880	24	22.59	1	21.58	2
		1860	24	22.66	1	21.66	2
	50RB Low (0)	1900	24	22.62	1	21.55	2
		1880	24	22.65	1	21.63	2
		1860	24	22.73	1	21.71	2
	100RB (0)	1900	24	22.65	1	21.58	2
		1880	24	22.62	1	21.59	2
		1860	24	22.70	1	21.67	2

Band 4

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB allocation	Frequency (MHz)	Max. Target Power (dBm)	QPSK		16QAM	
	RB offset (Start RB)			Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
1.4 MHz	1RB High (5)	1754.3	24	23.72	0	22.77	1
		1732.5	24	23.54	0	22.59	1
		1710.7	24	23.52	0	22.58	1
	1RB Middle (3)	1754.3	24	23.80	0	22.81	1
		1732.5	24	23.62	0	22.68	1
		1710.7	24	23.58	0	22.64	1

	1RB Low (0)	1754.3	24	23.76	0	22.75	1
		1732.5	24	23.55	0	22.59	1
		1710.7	24	23.51	0	22.56	1
	3RB High (3)	1754.3	24	23.54	0	22.68	1
		1732.5	24	23.56	0	22.73	1
		1710.7	24	23.51	0	22.68	1
	3RB Middle (1)	1754.3	24	23.47	0	22.63	1
		1732.5	24	23.50	0	22.68	1
		1710.7	24	23.46	0	22.63	1
	3RB Low (0)	1754.3	24	23.54	0	22.69	1
		1732.5	24	23.57	0	22.77	1
		1710.7	24	23.54	0	22.70	1
	6RB (0)	1754.3	24	22.57	1	21.45	2
		1732.5	24	22.60	1	21.49	2
		1710.7	24	22.55	1	21.43	2
3 MHz	1RB High (14)	1753.5	24	23.49	0	22.51	1
		1732.5	24	23.52	0	22.63	1
		1711.5	24	23.46	0	22.52	1
	1RB Middle (7)	1753.5	24	23.58	0	22.56	1
		1732.5	24	23.55	0	22.67	1
		1711.5	24	23.52	0	22.54	1
	1RB Low (0)	1753.5	24	23.55	0	22.57	1
		1732.5	24	23.54	0	22.63	1
		1711.5	24	23.48	0	22.53	1
	8RB High (7)	1753.5	24	22.56	1	21.59	2
		1732.5	24	22.58	1	21.62	2
		1711.5	24	22.57	1	21.62	2
	8RB Middle (4)	1753.5	24	22.59	1	21.64	2
		1732.5	24	22.59	1	21.65	2
		1711.5	24	22.56	1	21.61	2
	8RB Low (0)	1753.5	24	22.61	1	21.64	2
		1732.5	24	22.60	1	21.63	2
		1711.5	24	22.56	1	21.63	2
	15RB (0)	1753.5	24	22.54	1	21.54	2
		1732.5	24	22.56	1	21.56	2
		1711.5	24	22.52	1	21.54	2
5 MHz	1RB High (24)	1752.5	24	23.52	0	22.58	1
		1732.5	24	23.55	0	22.83	1
		1712.5	24	23.47	0	22.55	1
	1RB Middle (12)	1752.5	24	23.60	0	22.67	1
		1732.5	24	23.62	0	22.89	1
		1712.5	24	23.54	0	22.62	1

	1RB Low (0)	1752.5	24	23.60	0	22.64	1
		1732.5	24	23.62	0	22.88	1
		1712.5	24	23.56	0	22.64	1
	12RB High (13)	1752.5	24	22.60	1	21.68	2
		1732.5	24	22.61	1	21.71	2
		1712.5	24	22.55	1	21.66	2
	12RB Middle (6)	1752.5	24	22.60	1	21.71	2
		1732.5	24	22.62	1	21.71	2
		1712.5	24	22.56	1	21.67	2
	12RB Low (0)	1752.5	24	22.61	1	21.70	2
		1732.5	24	22.61	1	21.69	2
		1712.5	24	22.58	1	21.69	2
	25RB (0)	1752.5	24	22.56	1	21.57	2
		1732.5	24	22.56	1	21.56	2
		1712.5	24	22.53	1	21.54	2
10 MHz	1RB High (49)	1750	24	23.53	0	22.55	1
		1732.5	24	23.59	0	22.72	1
		1715	24	23.50	0	22.51	1
	1RB Middle (24)	1750	24	23.60	0	22.61	1
		1732.5	24	23.59	0	22.73	1
		1715	24	23.54	0	22.56	1
	1RB Low (0)	1750	24	23.60	0	22.61	1
		1732.5	24	23.56	0	22.72	1
		1715	24	23.52	0	22.54	1
	25RB High (25)	1750	24	22.52	1	21.53	2
		1732.5	24	22.56	1	21.57	2
		1715	24	22.50	1	21.49	2
	25RB Middle (12)	1750	24	22.54	1	21.56	2
		1732.5	24	22.57	1	21.56	2
		1715	24	22.52	1	21.51	2
	25RB Low (0)	1750	24	22.58	1	21.58	2
		1732.5	24	22.55	1	21.56	2
		1715	24	22.50	1	21.51	2
	50RB (0)	1750	24	22.56	1	21.53	2
		1732.5	24	22.56	1	21.53	2
		1715	24	22.51	1	21.50	2
15 MHz	1RB High (74)	1747.5	24	23.53	0	22.88	1
		1732.5	24	23.57	0	22.70	1
		1717.5	24	23.52	0	22.87	1
	1RB Middle (37)	1747.5	24	23.63	0	22.99	1
		1732.5	24	23.60	0	22.73	1
		1717.5	24	23.53	0	22.89	1

	1RB Low (0)	1747.5	24	23.63	0	22.99	1
		1732.5	24	23.57	0	22.70	1
		1717.5	24	23.56	0	22.92	1
	36RB High (38)	1747.5	24	22.62	1	21.62	2
		1732.5	24	22.62	1	21.63	2
		1717.5	24	22.53	1	21.54	2
	36RB Middle (19)	1747.5	24	22.65	1	21.67	2
		1732.5	24	22.62	1	21.62	2
		1717.5	24	22.56	1	21.57	2
	36RB Low (0)	1747.5	24	22.65	1	21.64	2
		1732.5	24	22.61	1	21.60	2
		1717.5	24	22.57	1	21.58	2
	75RB (0)	1747.5	24	22.66	1	21.61	2
		1732.5	24	22.64	1	21.60	2
		1717.5	24	22.58	1	21.54	2
20 MHz	1RB High (99)	1745	24	23.58	0	22.86	1
		1732.5	24	23.64	0	22.80	1
		1720	24	23.55	0	22.99	1
	1RB Middle (50)	1745	24	23.62	0	22.97	1
		1732.5	24	23.65	0	22.85	1
		1720	24	23.52	0	22.86	1
	1RB Low (0)	1745	24	23.60	0	22.92	1
		1732.5	24	23.58	0	22.74	1
		1720	24	23.53	0	22.85	1
	50RB High (50)	1745	24	22.58	1	21.54	2
		1732.5	24	22.59	1	21.55	2
		1720	24	22.50	1	21.49	2
	50RB Middle (25)	1745	24	22.60	1	21.59	2
		1732.5	24	22.56	1	21.53	2
		1720	24	22.51	1	21.49	2
	50RB Low (0)	1745	24	22.62	1	21.58	2
		1732.5	24	22.56	1	21.53	2
		1720	24	22.51	1	21.49	2
	100RB (0)	1745	24	22.59	1	21.56	2
		1732.5	24	22.57	1	21.54	2
		1720	24	22.51	1	21.48	2

Band 7

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB allocation	Frequency (MHz)	Max. Target Power (dBm)	QPSK		16QAM	
	RB offset (Start RB)			Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
5 MHz	1RB High (24)	2567.5	22.5	21.46	0	20.47	1
		2535	22.5	21.60	0	20.64	1

		2502.5	22.5	21.29	0	20.35	1
10 MHz	1RB Middle (12)	2567.5	22.5	21.51	0	20.57	1
		2535	22.5	21.67	0	20.70	1
		2502.5	22.5	21.30	0	20.36	1
		2567.5	22.5	21.57	0	20.62	1
	1RB Low (0)	2535	22.5	21.64	0	20.65	1
		2502.5	22.5	21.29	0	20.35	1
		2567.5	22.5	20.52	1	19.65	2
	12RB High (13)	2535	22.5	20.65	1	19.76	2
		2502.5	22.5	20.33	1	19.49	2
		2567.5	22.5	20.52	1	19.67	2
	12RB Middle (6)	2535	22.5	20.64	1	19.76	2
		2502.5	22.5	20.34	1	19.48	2
		2567.5	22.5	20.56	1	19.69	2
	12RB Low (0)	2535	22.5	20.65	1	19.76	2
		2502.5	22.5	20.32	1	19.45	2
	25RB (0)	2567.5	22.5	20.48	1	19.53	2
		2535	22.5	20.57	1	19.62	2
		2502.5	22.5	20.26	1	19.31	2
15 MHz	1RB High (49)	2565	22.5	21.46	0	20.41	1
		2535	22.5	21.65	0	20.73	1
		2505	22.5	21.35	0	20.31	1
	1RB Middle (24)	2565	22.5	21.55	0	20.54	1
		2535	22.5	21.66	0	20.72	1
		2505	22.5	21.28	0	20.27	1
	1RB Low (0)	2565	22.5	21.62	0	20.62	1
		2535	22.5	21.56	0	20.63	1
		2505	22.5	21.27	0	20.26	1
	25RB High (25)	2565	22.5	20.48	1	19.50	2
		2535	22.5	20.56	1	19.59	2
		2505	22.5	20.23	1	19.27	2
	25RB Middle (12)	2565	22.5	20.51	1	19.52	2
		2535	22.5	20.55	1	19.59	2
		2505	22.5	20.20	1	19.26	2
	25RB Low (0)	2565	22.5	20.55	1	19.57	2
		2535	22.5	20.52	1	19.53	2
		2505	22.5	20.19	1	19.22	2
	50RB (0)	2565	22.5	20.51	1	19.51	2
		2535	22.5	20.54	1	19.55	2
		2505	22.5	20.21	1	19.25	2
15 MHz	1RB High (74)	2562.5	22.5	21.48	0	20.80	1
		2535	22.5	21.69	0	20.78	1
		2507.5	22.5	21.44	0	20.75	1
	1RB Middle (37)	2562.5	22.5	21.60	0	20.93	1
		2535	22.5	21.68	0	20.74	1
		2507.5	22.5	21.32	0	20.61	1
	1RB Low (0)	2562.5	22.5	21.78	0	21.05	1
		2535	22.5	21.60	0	20.69	1
		2507.5	22.5	21.27	0	20.60	1
	36RB	2562.5	22.5	20.61	1	19.60	2

	High (38)	2535	22.5	20.70	1	19.74	2
		2507.5	22.5	20.38	1	19.42	2
	36RB Middle (19)	2562.5	22.5	20.66	1	19.65	2
		2535	22.5	20.64	1	19.63	2
		2507.5	22.5	20.35	1	19.37	2
	36RB Low (0)	2562.5	22.5	20.72	1	19.71	2
		2535	22.5	20.64	1	19.66	2
		2507.5	22.5	20.33	1	19.37	2
	75RB (0)	2562.5	22.5	20.66	1	19.63	2
		2535	22.5	20.67	1	19.66	2
		2507.5	22.5	20.35	1	19.37	2
20 MHz	1RB High (99)	2560	22.5	21.45	0	20.94	1
		2535	22.5	21.77	0	20.92	1
		2510	22.5	21.45	0	20.94	1
	1RB Middle (50)	2560	22.5	21.58	0	21.09	1
		2535	22.5	21.68	0	20.77	1
		2510	22.5	21.26	0	20.74	1
	1RB Low (0)	2560	22.5	21.72	0	21.21	1
		2535	22.5	21.54	0	20.70	1
		2510	22.5	21.21	0	20.74	1
	50RB High (50)	2560	22.5	20.53	1	19.54	2
		2535	22.5	20.62	1	19.63	2
		2510	22.5	20.30	1	19.34	2
	50RB Middle (25)	2560	22.5	20.59	1	19.58	2
		2535	22.5	20.58	1	19.57	2
		2510	22.5	20.22	1	19.27	2
	50RB Low (0)	2560	22.5	20.66	1	19.66	2
		2535	22.5	20.55	1	19.56	2
		2510	22.5	20.20	1	19.21	2
	100RB (0)	2560	22.5	20.60	1	19.59	2
		2535	22.5	20.58	1	19.56	2
		2510	22.5	20.23	1	19.24	2
Band 12							
Bandwidth(MHz)	RB allocation	Frequency(MHz)	Max. Target Power (dBm)	QPSK		16QAM	
				Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
1.4 MHz	1RB High (5)	715.3	24	23.48	0	22.37	1
		707.5	24	23.41	0	22.44	1
		699.7	24	23.49	0	22.46	1
	1RB Middle (3)	715.3	24	23.60	0	22.45	1
		707.5	24	23.48	0	22.49	1
		699.7	24	23.59	0	22.54	1
	1RB Low (0)	715.3	24	23.50	0	22.38	1
		707.5	24	23.40	0	22.40	1
		699.7	24	23.51	0	22.47	1
	3RB High (3)	715.3	24	23.38	0	22.45	1
		707.5	24	23.55	0	22.70	1
		699.7	24	23.47	0	22.57	1
	3RB Middle (1)	715.3	24	23.34	0	22.40	1
		707.5	24	23.49	0	22.64	1
		699.7	24	23.38	0	22.50	1
	3RB	715.3	24	23.41	0	22.49	1

	Low (0)	707.5	24	23.54	0	22.72	1
		699.7	24	23.48	0	22.61	1
	6RB (0)	715.3	24	22.45	1	21.26	2
		707.5	24	22.50	1	21.38	2
		699.7	24	22.48	1	21.34	2
3 MHz	1RB High (14)	714.5	24	23.45	0	22.35	1
		707.5	24	23.36	0	22.49	1
		700.5	24	23.52	0	22.44	1
	1RB Middle (7)	714.5	24	23.50	0	22.37	1
		707.5	24	23.40	0	22.51	1
		700.5	24	23.54	0	22.47	1
	1RB Low (0)	714.5	24	23.48	0	22.37	1
		707.5	24	23.40	0	22.51	1
		700.5	24	23.49	0	22.46	1
	8RB High (7)	714.5	24	22.47	1	21.43	2
		707.5	24	22.43	1	21.52	2
		700.5	24	22.53	1	21.53	2
	8RB Middle (4)	714.5	24	22.47	1	21.46	2
		707.5	24	22.47	1	21.53	2
		700.5	24	22.55	1	21.55	2
	8RB Low (0)	714.5	24	22.48	1	21.45	2
		707.5	24	22.44	1	21.50	2
		700.5	24	22.52	1	21.53	2
	15RB (0)	714.5	24	22.38	1	21.38	2
		707.5	24	22.40	1	21.44	2
		700.5	24	22.46	1	21.48	2
5 MHz	1RB High (24)	713.5	24	23.42	0	22.38	1
		707.5	24	23.39	0	22.65	1
		701.5	24	23.45	0	22.45	1
	1RB Middle (12)	713.5	24	23.49	0	22.43	1
		707.5	24	23.45	0	22.72	1
		701.5	24	23.55	0	22.52	1
	1RB Low (0)	713.5	24	23.43	0	22.44	1
		707.5	24	23.50	0	22.69	1
		701.5	24	23.53	0	22.52	1
	12RB High (13)	713.5	24	22.44	1	21.54	2
		707.5	24	22.45	1	21.59	2
		701.5	24	22.48	1	21.60	2
	12RB Middle (6)	713.5	24	22.45	1	21.52	2
		707.5	24	22.47	1	21.61	2
		701.5	24	22.53	1	21.62	2
	12RB Low (0)	713.5	24	22.45	1	21.55	2
		707.5	24	22.45	1	21.58	2
		701.5	24	22.51	1	21.61	2
	25RB (0)	713.5	24	22.40	1	21.41	2
		707.5	24	22.41	1	21.48	2
		701.5	24	22.44	1	21.48	2
10 MHz	1RB High (49)	711	24	23.54	0	22.41	1
		707.5	24	23.43	0	22.51	1
		704	24	23.42	0	22.43	1
	1RB Middle (24)	711	24	23.48	0	22.41	1
		707.5	24	23.45	0	22.57	1
		704	24	23.58	0	22.49	1
	1RB	711	24	23.46	0	22.43	1

	Low (0)	707.5	24	23.49	0	22.57	1
		704	24	23.51	0	22.46	1
	25RB High (25)	711	24	22.39	1	21.41	2
		707.5	24	22.41	1	21.46	2
		704	24	22.41	1	21.45	2
	25RB Middle (12)	711	24	22.39	1	21.42	2
		707.5	24	22.43	1	21.46	2
		704	24	22.42	1	21.46	2
	25RB Low (0)	711	24	22.39	1	21.46	2
		707.5	24	22.40	1	21.44	2
		704	24	22.44	1	21.46	2
	50RB (0)	711	24	22.43	1	21.42	2
		707.5	24	22.41	1	21.45	2
		704	24	22.45	1	21.45	2
Band 13							
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB allocation	Frequency (MHz)	Max. Target Power (dBm)	QPSK		16QAM	
				Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
5 MHz	1RB High (24)	784.5	24	23.35	0	22.42	1
		782	24	23.36	0	22.42	1
		779.5	24	23.36	0	22.41	1
	1RB Middle (12)	784.5	24	23.42	0	22.46	1
		782	24	23.40	0	22.47	1
		779.5	24	23.43	0	22.47	1
	1RB Low (0)	784.5	24	23.43	0	22.46	1
		782	24	23.41	0	22.43	1
		779.5	24	23.42	0	22.44	1
	12RB High (13)	784.5	24	22.41	1	21.59	2
		782	24	22.41	1	21.59	2
		779.5	24	22.42	1	21.59	2
	12RB Middle (6)	784.5	24	22.42	1	21.59	2
		782	24	22.42	1	21.57	2
		779.5	24	22.43	1	21.59	2
	12RB Low (0)	784.5	24	22.40	1	21.57	2
		782	24	22.41	1	21.58	2
		779.5	24	22.42	1	21.56	2
	25RB (0)	784.5	24	22.36	1	21.46	2
		782	24	22.37	1	21.47	2
		779.5	24	22.37	1	21.47	2
10 MHz	1RB High (49)	782	24	23.48	0	22.60	1
	1RB Middle (24)	782	24	23.52	0	22.65	1
	1RB Low (0)	782	24	23.50	0	22.59	1
	25RB High (25)	782	24	22.37	1	21.47	2

	25RB Middle (12)	782	24	22.39	1	21.48	2
	25RB Low (0)	782	24	22.37	1	21.42	2
	50RB (0)	782	24	22.39	1	21.45	2
Band 17							
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB allocation	Frequency (MHz)	Max. Target Power (dBm)	QPSK		16QAM	
	RB offset (Start RB)			Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
5 MHz	1RB High (24)	713.5	24	23.29	0	22.36	1
		710	24	23.29	0	22.49	1
		706.5	24	23.30	0	22.25	1
	1RB Middle (12)	713.5	24	23.33	0	22.46	1
		710	24	23.30	0	22.53	1
		706.5	24	23.39	0	22.27	1
	1RB Low (0)	713.5	24	23.30	0	22.51	1
		710	24	23.35	0	22.51	1
		706.5	24	23.39	0	22.26	1
	12RB High (13)	713.5	24	22.30	1	21.42	2
		710	24	22.33	1	21.52	2
		706.5	24	22.30	1	21.46	2
	12RB Middle (6)	713.5	24	22.31	1	21.47	2
		710	24	22.32	1	21.51	2
		706.5	24	22.34	1	21.47	2
	12RB Low (0)	713.5	24	22.32	1	21.48	2
		710	24	22.36	1	21.53	2
		706.5	24	22.33	1	21.45	2
	25RB (0)	713.5	24	22.25	1	21.32	2
		710	24	22.27	1	21.38	2
		706.5	24	22.26	1	21.32	2
10 MHz	1RB High (49)	711	24	23.40	0	22.22	1
		710	24	23.34	0	22.34	1
		709	24	23.47	0	22.36	1
	1RB Middle (24)	711	24	23.37	0	22.30	1
		710	24	23.34	0	22.43	1
		709	24	23.51	0	22.40	1
	1RB Low (0)	711	24	23.43	0	22.29	1
		710	24	23.39	0	22.39	1
		709	24	23.55	0	22.38	1
	25RB High (25)	711	24	22.27	1	21.34	2
		710	24	22.28	1	21.36	2
		709	24	22.30	1	21.37	2
	25RB Middle (12)	711	24	22.29	1	21.36	2
		710	24	22.29	1	21.37	2
		709	24	22.31	1	21.38	2
	25RB	711	24	22.30	1	21.37	2

	Low (0)	710	24	22.30	1	21.35	2
		709	24	22.31	1	21.34	2
	50RB (0)	711	24	22.30	1	21.36	2
		710	24	22.32	1	21.36	2
		709	24	22.34	1	21.37	2

11.5 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel 0 (2402MHz)	Channel 39 (2441MHz)	Channel 78(2480MHz)
GFSK	6.29	7.85	6.51
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	4.92	6.49	5.47
EDR3M-8DPSK	4.09	4.20	3.57

The average conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following:

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	16.96	/	17.11	/
6	17.51	17.47	17.74	17.63
11	17.01	/	17.20	/

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	16.02	/	/	16.21	/	/	/	/
6	16.53	16.52	16.42	16.58	16.40	16.30	16.33	16.29
11	16.01	/	/	16.18	/	/	/	/

802.11n (dBm) - HT20 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	15.11	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
6	15.61	15.40	15.38	15.34	15.26	15.42	15.37	15.05
11	15.03	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

802.11n (dBm) – HT40 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
3	11.63	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
6	14.51	14.40	14.31	14.20	14.07	13.85	13.82	13.78
9	11.43	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

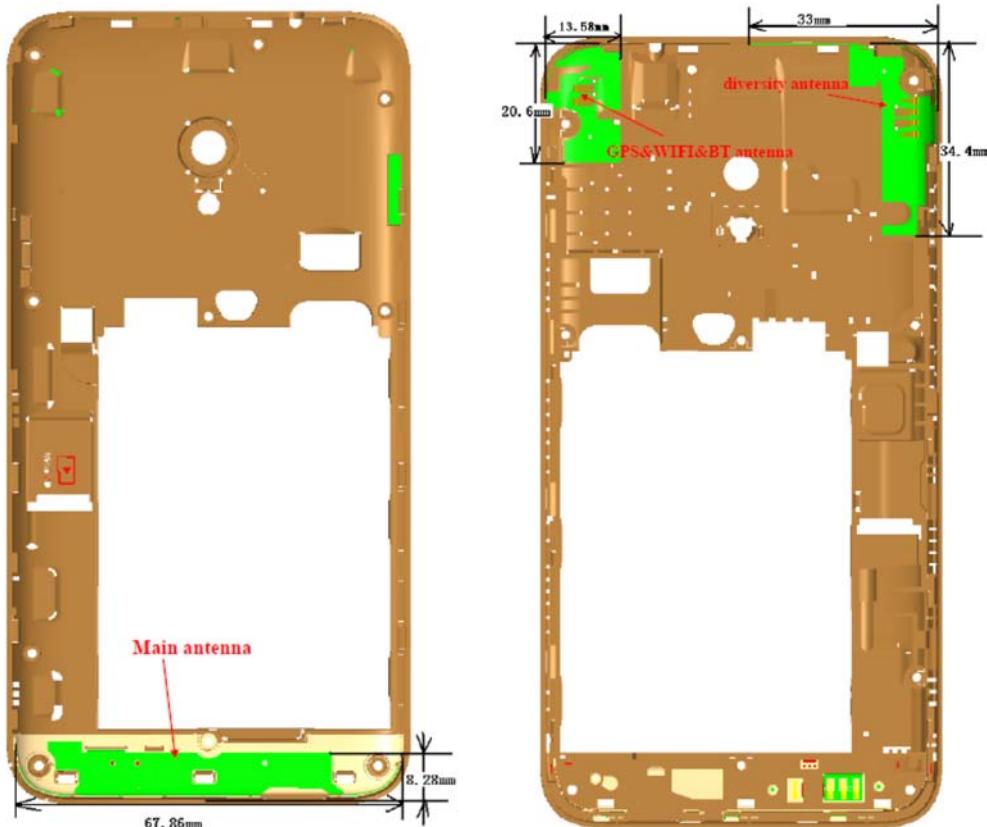
12 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



Picture 12.1 Antenna Locations

Note: Diversity antenna only using for receive.

12.3 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions						
Mode	Front	Rear	Left edge	Right edge	Top edge	Bottom edge
Main antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

12.4 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Table 12.1: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	Position	SAR test exclusion threshold(mW)	RF output power		SAR test exclusion
				dBm	mW	
Bluetooth	2.441	Head	9.60	8.5	7.08	Yes
		Body	19.20	8.5	7.08	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN	2.45	Head	9.58	18	63.1	No
		Body	19.17	18	63.1	No

13 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.70	0.76	1.46
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Rear	1.08	0.31	1.39

Table 13.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and BT

	Position	Main antenna	BT	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.70	0.29 ^[1]	0.99
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Rear	1.08	0.15 ^[1]	1.23

[1] - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

Table 13.3: Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Mode/Band	F (GHz)	Position	Distance (mm)	Upper limit of power *		Estimated_{1g} (W/kg)
				dBm	mW	
Bluetooth	2.441	Head	5	8.5	7.08	0.29
Bluetooth	2.441	Body	10	8.5	7.08	0.15

* - Maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is < 1.6 W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.

14 SAR Test Result

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom.

The distance is 10 mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

It is performed for all SAR measurements with area scan based 1-g SAR estimation (Fast SAR). A zoom scan measurement is added when the estimated 1-gSAR is the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination or more than 1.2W/kg.

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(P_{\text{Target}} - P_{\text{Measured}})/10}$$

Where P_{Target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{Measured} is the measured power in chapter 11.

Table 14.1: Duty Cycle

Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS for GSM850	1:2
GPRS&EGPRS for GSM1900	1:4
WCDMA<E	1:1

14.1 The evaluation of multi-batteries

We'll perform the head measurement in all bands with the primary battery depending on the evaluation of multi-batteries and retest on highest value point with other batteries. Then, repeat the measurement in the Body test.

Table 14.1-1: The evaluation of multi-batteries for Head Test

Frequency		Mode/Band	Side	Test Position	Battery Type	SAR(1g)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.					(W/kg)	
836.6	190	GSM850	Left	Touch	CAB2000070C1	0.266	0.03
836.6	190	GSM850	Left	Touch	CAB2000071C7	0.268	0.06

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery, CAB2000071C7, is the primary battery. We'll perform the head measurement with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.

Table 14.1-2: The evaluation of multi-batteries for Body Test

Frequency		Mode/Band	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Battery Type	SAR(1g)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.					(W/kg)	
1880	661	GSM1900	Rear	10	CAB2000070C1	0.336	-0.08
1880	661	GSM1900	Rear	10	CAB2000071C7	0.321	-0.16

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery, CAB2000070C1, is the primary battery. We'll perform the body measurement with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.

14.2 SAR results for Fast SAR

According to KDB648474 D04, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

The 1g values of reported SAR of this project are lower than 1.2(W/kg), so the project don't need test the setup with headset.

Note:

B1: The battery of CAB2000070C1

B2: The battery of CAB2000071C7

Table 14.2-1: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
251	848.8	Left	Touch	Fig.1	32.35	33.3	0.206	0.26	0.271	0.34	0.13
190	836.6	Left	Touch	/	32.43	33.3	0.202	0.25	0.268	0.33	-0.04
128	824.2	Left	Touch	/	32.45	33.3	0.166	0.20	0.219	0.27	0.03
190	836.6	Left	Tilt	/	32.43	33.3	0.136	0.17	0.169	0.21	-0.07
190	836.6	Right	Touch	/	32.43	33.3	0.153	0.19	0.192	0.23	-0.01
190	836.6	Right	Tilt	/	32.43	33.3	0.115	0.14	0.148	0.18	0.02
251	848.8	Left	Touch	B1	32.35	33.3	0.200	0.25	0.266	0.33	0.03

Table 14.2-2: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
190	836.6	GPRS (4)	Front	/	26.43	27.5	0.169	0.22	0.284	0.36	0.09
251	848.8	GPRS (4)	Rear	Fig.2	26.33	27.5	0.312	0.41	0.529	0.69	-0.06
190	836.6	GPRS (4)	Rear	/	26.43	27.5	0.257	0.33	0.453	0.58	0.04
128	824.2	GPRS (4)	Rear	/	26.53	27.5	0.205	0.26	0.345	0.43	0.11
190	836.6	GPRS (4)	Left	/	26.43	27.5	0.064	0.08	0.120	0.15	-0.08
190	836.6	GPRS (4)	Right		26.43	27.5	0.098	0.13	0.182	0.23	0.12
190	836.6	GPRS (4)	Bottom	/	26.43	27.5	0.040	0.05	0.098	0.13	-0.14
251	848.8	EGPRS (4)	Rear	/	26.36	27.5	0.281	0.37	0.481	0.63	0.02
251	848.8	GPRS (4)	Rear	B2	26.33	27.5	0.283	0.37	0.484	0.63	0.18

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.2-3: SAR Values(GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
661	1880	Left	Touch	/	29.21	30.3	0.101	0.13	0.165	0.21	0.08
661	1880	Left	Tilt	/	29.21	30.3	0.051	0.07	0.096	0.12	0.06
810	1909.8	Right	Touch	Fig.3	29.16	30.3	0.156	0.20	0.255	0.33	0.17
661	1880	Right	Touch	/	29.21	30.3	0.144	0.18	0.234	0.30	0.12
512	1850.2	Right	Touch	/	29.30	30.3	0.139	0.17	0.227	0.29	0.04
661	1880	Right	Tilt	/	29.21	30.3	0.063	0.08	0.108	0.14	-0.07
810	1909.8	Right	Touch	B1	29.16	30.3	0.123	0.16	0.215	0.28	0.13

Table 14.2-4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Front	/	26.57	28	0.201	0.28	0.319	0.44	0.04
810	1909.8	GPRS (2)	Rear	Fig.4	26.66	28	0.269	0.37	0.493	0.67	-0.06
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Rear	/	26.57	28	0.191	0.27	0.336	0.47	-0.08
512	1850.2	GPRS (2)	Rear	/	26.72	28	0.165	0.22	0.270	0.36	0.11
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Left	/	26.57	28	0.028	0.04	0.045	0.06	-0.02
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Right	/	26.57	28	0.074	0.10	0.120	0.17	0.16
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Bottom	/	26.57	28	0.181	0.25	0.319	0.44	0.10
810	1909.8	EGPRS (2)	Rear	/	26.65	28	0.263	0.36	0.472	0.64	-0.09
810	1909.8	GPRS (2)	Rear	B2	26.66	28	0.265	0.36	0.484	0.66	0.08

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.2-5: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
4233	846.6	Left	Touch	/	22.93	24	0.390	0.50	0.490	0.63	0.06
4182	836.4	Left	Touch	/	22.89	24	0.351	0.45	0.456	0.59	-0.02
4132	826.4	Left	Touch	Fig.5	22.82	24	0.401	0.53	0.521	0.68	-0.17
4182	836.4	Left	Tilt	/	22.89	24	0.283	0.37	0.348	0.45	0.12
4182	836.4	Right	Touch	/	22.89	24	0.272	0.35	0.336	0.43	-0.04
4182	836.4	Right	Tilt	/	22.89	24	0.221	0.29	0.277	0.36	0.01
4132	826.4	Left	Touch	B1	22.82	24	0.400	0.52	0.520	0.68	-0.02

Table 14.2-6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
4182	836.4	Front	/	22.89	24	0.190	0.25	0.245	0.32	0.09
4233	846.6	Rear	Fig.6	22.93	24	0.289	0.37	0.384	0.49	-0.10
4182	836.4	Rear	/	22.89	24	0.248	0.32	0.325	0.42	0.12
4132	826.4	Rear	/	22.82	24	0.280	0.37	0.369	0.48	-0.04
4182	836.4	Left	/	22.89	24	0.218	0.28	0.313	0.40	0.02
4182	836.4	Right	/	22.89	24	0.123	0.16	0.179	0.23	0.16
4182	836.4	Bottom	/	22.89	24	0.046	0.06	0.084	0.11	-0.06
4233	846.6	Rear	B2	22.93	24	0.276	0.35	0.366	0.47	-0.11

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.2-7: SAR Values(WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Not e	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measure d SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
9800	1880	Left	Touch	/	23.66	24	0.183	0.20	0.311	0.34	0.08
9800	1880	Left	Tilt	/	23.66	24	0.106	0.11	0.209	0.23	0.13
9938	1907.6	Right	Touch	/	23.56	24	0.208	0.23	0.358	0.40	-0.07
9800	1880	Right	Touch	/	23.66	24	0.286	0.31	0.493	0.53	0.08
9662	1852.4	Right	Touch	Fig.7	23.52	24	0.399	0.45	0.630	0.70	0.00
9800	1880	Right	Tilt	/	23.66	24	0.105	0.11	0.207	0.22	0.07
9662	1852.4	Right	Touch	B1	23.52	24	0.319	0.36	0.561	0.63	0.01

Table 14.2-8: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./Not e	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	
Ch.	MHz										
9938	1907.6	Front	/	23.56	24	0.406	0.45	0.728	0.81	0.09	
9800	1880	Front	/	23.66	24	0.490	0.53	0.810	0.88	-0.04	
9662	1852.4	Front	/	23.52	24	0.498	0.56	0.816	0.91	0.11	
9938	1907.6	Rear	/	23.56	24	0.458	0.51	0.798	0.88	0.02	
9800	1880	Rear	/	23.66	24	0.562	0.61	0.932	1.01	0.10	
9662	1852.4	Rear	Fig.8	23.52	24	0.567	0.63	0.967	1.08	-0.13	
9800	1880	Left	/	23.66	24	0.126	0.14	0.205	0.22	-0.09	
9800	1880	Right	/	23.66	24	0.212	0.23	0.330	0.36	0.02	
9800	1880	Bottom	/	23.66	24	0.428	0.46	0.580	0.63	-0.11	
9662	1852.4	Rear	B2	23.52	24	0.560	0.63	0.932	1.04	0.16	

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.2-9: SAR Values (LTE Band2 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C								
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Left	Touch	/	23.82	24	0.254	0.26	0.337	0.35	0.08
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Left	Tilt	/	23.82	24	0.154	0.16	0.235	0.25	0.07
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Right	Touch	Fig.9	23.82	24	0.310	0.32	0.491	0.51	0.04
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Right	Tilt	/	23.82	24	0.141	0.15	0.219	0.23	0.03
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Left	Touch	/	22.73	23	0.191	0.20	0.255	0.27	-0.07
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Left	Tilt	/	22.73	23	0.114	0.12	0.176	0.19	0.12
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Right	Touch	/	22.73	23	0.279	0.30	0.375	0.40	0.19
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Right	Tilt	/	22.73	23	0.106	0.11	0.165	0.18	0.07
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Right	Touch	B1	23.82	24	0.273	0.28	0.470	0.49	0.00

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.2-10: SAR Values (LTE Band2 - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Front	/	23.82	24	0.447	0.47	0.721	0.75	-0.11
19100	1900	1RB_Mid	Rear	/	23.74	24	0.347	0.37	0.692	0.73	0.13
18900	1880	1RB_Low	Rear	/	23.81	24	0.373	0.39	0.719	0.75	-0.06
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Rear	Fig.10	23.82	24	0.459	0.48	0.816	0.85	-0.15
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Left	/	23.82	24	0.060	0.06	0.105	0.11	0.02
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Right	/	23.82	24	0.154	0.16	0.265	0.28	0.08
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Bottom	/	23.82	24	0.362	0.38	0.689	0.72	0.11
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Front	/	22.73	23	0.353	0.38	0.594	0.63	-0.15
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Rear	/	22.73	23	0.367	0.39	0.675	0.72	0.04
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Left	/	22.73	23	0.090	0.10	0.150	0.16	0.12
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Right	/	22.73	23	0.125	0.13	0.209	0.22	0.18
18700	1860	50RB_Low	Bottom	/	22.73	23	0.301	0.32	0.592	0.63	-0.11
18700	1860	100RB	Rear	/	22.70	23	0.336	0.36	0.576	0.62	-0.03
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Rear	B2	23.82	24	0.458	0.48	0.778	0.81	-0.12

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.2-11: SAR Values(LTE Band4 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	/	23.65	24	0.236	0.26	0.380	0.41	0.02
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	23.65	24	0.088	0.10	0.155	0.17	-0.11
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	Fig.11	23.65	24	0.328	0.36	0.510	0.55	0.08
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	23.65	24	0.084	0.09	0.149	0.16	-0.04
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Left	Touch	/	22.62	23	0.193	0.21	0.312	0.34	0.11
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Left	Tilt	/	22.62	23	0.078	0.09	0.139	0.15	0.02
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Right	Touch	/	22.62	23	0.269	0.29	0.429	0.47	0.10
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Right	Tilt	/	22.62	23	0.074	0.08	0.130	0.14	-0.13
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	B1	23.65	24	0.315	0.34	0.478	0.52	0.04

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.2-12: SAR Values (LTE Band4 - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C					
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Front	/	23.65	24	0.413	0.45	0.702	0.76	0.00
20300	1745	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.12	23.62	24	0.546	0.60	0.911	0.99	-0.02
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Rear	/	23.65	24	0.497	0.54	0.849	0.92	0.03
20050	1720	1RB_High	Rear	/	23.55	24	0.462	0.51	0.784	0.87	0.06
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Left	/	23.65	24	0.082	0.09	0.136	0.15	0.04
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Right	/	23.65	24	0.211	0.23	0.380	0.41	0.03
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Bottom	/	23.65	24	0.286	0.31	0.517	0.56	-0.07
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Front	/	22.62	23	0.369	0.40	0.607	0.66	0.04
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Rear	/	22.62	23	0.385	0.42	0.634	0.69	0.12
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Left	/	22.62	23	0.063	0.07	0.102	0.11	0.14
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Right	/	22.62	23	0.216	0.24	0.367	0.40	0.01
20300	1745	50RB_Low	Bottom	/	22.62	23	0.237	0.26	0.424	0.46	-0.09
20300	1745	100RB	Rear	/	22.59	23	0.324	0.36	0.528	0.58	-0.05
20300	1745	1RB_Mid	Rear	B2	23.62	24	0.488	0.53	0.834	0.91	-0.08

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.2-13: SAR Values(LTE Band7 - Head)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
21100	2535	1RB_High	Left	Touch	/	21.77	22.5	0.033	0.04	0.061	0.07	0.01
21100	2535	1RB_High	Left	Tilt	/	21.77	22.5	0.026	0.03	0.056	0.07	0.14
21100	2535	1RB_High	Right	Touch	Fig.13	21.77	22.5	0.066	0.08	0.123	0.15	0.11
21100	2535	1RB_High	Right	Tilt	/	21.77	22.5	0.024	0.03	0.043	0.05	0.04
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Left	Touch	/	20.66	21.5	0.024	0.03	0.047	0.06	-0.07
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Left	Tilt	/	20.66	21.5	0.021	0.02	0.045	0.05	0.09
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Right	Touch	/	20.66	21.5	0.053	0.06	0.098	0.12	-0.09
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Right	Tilt	/	20.66	21.5	0.016	0.02	0.033	0.04	0.12
21100	2535	1RB_High	Right	Touch	B1	21.77	22.5	0.060	0.07	0.118	0.14	-0.07

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.2-14: SAR Values (LTE Band7 - Body)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C					
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./Not e	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
21100	2535	1RB_High	Front	/	21.77	22.5	0.149	0.18	0.303	0.36	0.08
21100	2535	1RB_High	Rear	/	21.77	22.5	0.265	0.31	0.555	0.66	0.03
21100	2535	1RB_High	Left	/	21.77	22.5	0.010	0.01	0.019	0.02	0.03
21100	2535	1RB_High	Right	/	21.77	22.5	0.045	0.05	0.083	0.10	0.01
21350	2560	1RB_Low	Bottom	/	21.72	22.5	0.360	0.43	0.820	0.98	0.16
21100	2535	1RB_High	Bottom	Fig.14	21.77	22.5	0.387	0.46	0.866	1.02	0.11
20850	2510	1RB_High	Bottom	/	21.45	22.5	0.325	0.41	0.735	0.94	-0.09
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Front	/	20.66	21.5	0.119	0.14	0.242	0.29	-0.12
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Rear	/	20.66	21.5	0.211	0.26	0.441	0.53	0.08
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Left	/	20.66	21.5	0.008	0.01	0.015	0.02	0.11
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Right	/	20.66	21.5	0.037	0.04	0.068	0.08	0.06
21350	2560	50RB_Low	Bottom	/	20.66	21.5	0.287	0.35	0.655	0.79	0.02
21350	2560	100RB	Bottom	/	20.60	21.5	0.286	0.35	0.650	0.80	0.04
21100	2535	1RB_High	Bottom	B2	21.77	22.5	0.361	0.43	0.823	0.97	0.01

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.2-15: SAR Values(LTE Band12 - Head)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	Fig.15	23.58	24	0.088	0.10	0.111	0.12	0.01
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	23.58	24	0.076	0.08	0.095	0.10	-0.13
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	/	23.58	24	0.078	0.09	0.103	0.11	-0.09
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	23.58	24	0.074	0.08	0.096	0.11	0.02
23060	704	25RB_Low	Left	Touch	/	22.44	23	0.063	0.07	0.082	0.09	-0.11
23060	704	25RB_Low	Left	Tilt	/	22.44	23	0.053	0.06	0.068	0.08	0.16
23060	704	25RB_Low	Right	Touch	/	22.44	23	0.059	0.07	0.078	0.09	0.02
23060	704	25RB_Low	Right	Tilt	/	22.44	23	0.051	0.06	0.066	0.07	0.10
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	B1	23.58	24	0.079	0.09	0.102	0.11	0.09

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_10MHz.

Table 14.2-16: SAR Values (LTE Band12 - Body)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./N ote	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	
Ch.	MHz											
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Front	/	23.58	24	0.084	0.09	0.109	0.12	0.08	
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.16	23.58	24	0.151	0.17	0.198	0.22	-0.11	
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Left	/	23.58	24	0.090	0.10	0.126	0.14	0.04	
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Right	/	23.58	24	0.084	0.09	0.118	0.13	-0.06	
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Bottom	/	23.58	24	0.012	0.01	0.017	0.02	0.14	
23060	704	25RB_Low	Front	/	22.44	23	0.056	0.06	0.075	0.09	0.12	
23060	704	25RB_Low	Rear	/	22.44	23	0.109	0.12	0.142	0.16	0.07	
23060	704	25RB_Low	Left	/	22.44	23	0.062	0.07	0.087	0.10	0.09	
23060	704	25RB_Low	Right	/	22.44	23	0.057	0.06	0.080	0.09	-0.11	
23060	704	25RB_Low	Bottom	/	22.44	23	0.009	0.01	0.014	0.02	0.01	
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Rear	B2	23.58	24	0.131	0.14	0.185	0.20	0.10	

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_10MHz.

Table 14.2-17: SAR Values(LTE Band13 - Head)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	Fig.17	23.52	24	0.239	0.27	0.306	0.34	0.16
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	23.52	24	0.153	0.17	0.184	0.20	-0.13
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	/	23.52	24	0.242	0.27	0.296	0.33	-0.09
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	23.52	24	0.154	0.17	0.186	0.21	0.02
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Left	Touch	/	22.39	23	0.189	0.22	0.241	0.28	-0.11
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	22.39	23	0.097	0.11	0.117	0.13	0.16
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Right	Touch	/	22.39	23	0.179	0.21	0.219	0.25	0.02
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	22.39	23	0.038	0.04	0.105	0.12	0.10
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	B1	23.52	24	0.231	0.26	0.298	0.33	0.02

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_10MHz.

Table 14.2-18: SAR Values (LTE Band13 - Body)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./N ote	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	
Ch.	MH z											
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Front	/	23.52	24	0.295	0.33	0.377	0.42	0.09	
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.18	23.52	24	0.432	0.48	0.557	0.62	-0.01	
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Left	/	23.52	24	0.209	0.23	0.292	0.33	0.11	
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Right	/	23.52	24	0.192	0.21	0.268	0.30	0.14	
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Bottom	/	23.52	24	0.033	0.04	0.058	0.06	-0.06	
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Front	/	22.39	23	0.234	0.27	0.299	0.34	-0.10	
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Rear	/	22.39	23	0.338	0.39	0.436	0.50	0.09	
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Left	/	22.39	23	0.166	0.19	0.231	0.27	0.12	
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Right	/	22.39	23	0.152	0.17	0.213	0.25	0.02	
23230	782	25RB_Mid	Bottom	/	22.39	23	0.026	0.03	0.046	0.05	0.08	
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Rear	B2	23.52	24	0.410	0.46	0.532	0.59	-0.16	

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_10MHz.

Table 14.2-19: SAR Values(WCDMA 1700 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
1637	1732.4	Left	Touch	/	22.79	24	0.186	0.25	0.290	0.38	-0.02
1637	1732.4	Left	Tilt	/	22.79	24	0.066	0.09	0.110	0.15	0.08
1738	1752.6	Right	Touch	Fig.21	22.74	24	0.301	0.40	0.470	0.63	0.13
1637	1732.4	Right	Touch	/	22.79	24	0.243	0.32	0.377	0.50	0.06
1537	1712.4	Right	Touch	/	23.04	24	0.196	0.24	0.303	0.38	0.02
1637	1732.4	Right	Tilt	/	22.79	24	0.063	0.08	0.106	0.14	-0.01
1738	1752.6	Right	Touch	B1	22.74	24	0.223	0.30	0.353	0.47	0.03

Table 14.2-20: SAR Values (WCDMA 1700 MHz Band - Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./Not e	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
1637	1732.4	Front	/	22.79	24	0.319	0.42	0.525	0.69	0.02
1738	1752.6	Rear	Fig.22	22.74	24	0.372	0.50	0.608	0.81	-0.11
1637	1732.4	Rear	/	22.79	24	0.322	0.43	0.533	0.70	0.09
1537	1712.4	Rear	/	23.04	24	0.278	0.35	0.459	0.57	0.14
1637	1732.4	Left	/	22.79	24	0.055	0.07	0.091	0.12	-0.11
1637	1732.4	Right	/	22.79	24	0.173	0.23	0.293	0.39	0.17
1637	1732.4	Bottom	/	22.79	24	0.201	0.27	0.359	0.47	0.04
1738	1752.6	Rear	B2	22.74	24	0.350	0.47	0.575	0.77	0.08

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

14.3 SAR results for Standard procedure

There is zoom scan measurement to be added for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration/band.

Table 14.3-1: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C			Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
251	848.8	Left	Touch	Fig.1	32.35	33.3	0.206	0.26	0.271	0.34	0.13

Table 14.3-2: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C			Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
251	848.8	GPRS (4)	Rear	Fig.2	26.33	27.5	0.312	0.41	0.529	0.69	-0.06

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.3-3: SAR Values(GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C			Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
810	1909.8	Right	Touch	Fig.3	29.16	30.3	0.156	0.20	0.255	0.33	0.17

Table 14.3-4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C			Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
810	1909.8	GPRS (2)	Rear	Fig.4	26.66	28	0.269	0.37	0.493	0.67	-0.06

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.3-5: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C			Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
4132	826.4	Left	Touch	Fig.5	22.82	24	0.401	0.53	0.521	0.68	-0.17

Table 14.3-6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
4233	846.6	Rear	Fig.6	22.93	24	0.289	0.37	0.384	0.49	-0.10

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.3-7: SAR Values(WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Not e	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measure d SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
9662	1852.4	Right	Touch	Fig.7	23.52	24	0.399	0.45	0.630	0.70	0.00

Table 14.3-8: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./Not e	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	
Ch.	MHz										
9662	1852.4	Rear	Fig.8	23.52	24	0.567	0.63	0.967	1.08	-0.13	

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.3-9: SAR Values (LTE Band2 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C									
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Positio n	Figure No./ Note	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Max. tune- up Power (dBm)	Measure d SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measure d SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	
Ch.	MHz												
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Right	Touch	Fig.9	23.82	24	0.310	0.32	0.491	0.51	0.04	

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.3-10: SAR Values (LTE Band2 - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Rear	Fig.10	23.82	24	0.459	0.48	0.816	0.85	-0.15

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.3-11: SAR Values(LTE Band4 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C								
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
20175	1732.5	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	Fig.11	23.65	24	0.328	0.36	0.510	0.55	0.08

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.3-12: SAR Values (LTE Band4 - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
20300	1745	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.12	23.62	24	0.546	0.60	0.911	0.99	-0.02

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.3-13: SAR Values(LTE Band7 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C								
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
21100	2535	1RB_High	Right	Touch	Fig.13	21.77	22.5	0.066	0.08	0.123	0.15	0.11

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.3-14: SAR Values (LTE Band7 - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./Not e	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
21100	2535	1RB_High	Bottom	Fig.14	21.77	22.5	0.387	0.46	0.866	1.02	0.11

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.3-15: SAR Values(LTE Band12 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C								
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conduct ed Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	Fig.15	23.58	24	0.088	0.10	0.111	0.12	0.01

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_10MHz.

Table 14.3-16: SAR Values (LTE Band12 - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
23060	704	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.16	23.58	24	0.151	0.17	0.198	0.22	-0.11

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_10MHz.

Table 14.3-17: SAR Values(LTE Band13 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C								
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz											
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	Fig.17	23.52	24	0.239	0.27	0.306	0.34	0.16

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_10MHz.

Table 14.3-18: SAR Values (LTE Band13 - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
23230	782	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.18	23.52	24	0.432	0.48	0.557	0.62	-0.01

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_10MHz.

Table 14.3-19: SAR Values(WCDMA 1700 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No./Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz										
1738	1752.6	Right	Touch	Fig.21	22.74	24	0.301	0.40	0.470	0.63	0.13

Table 14.3-20: SAR Values (WCDMA 1700 MHz Band - Body)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./Not e	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
1738	1752.6	Rear	Fig.22	22.74	24	0.372	0.50	0.608	0.81	-0.11

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

14.4 WLAN Evaluation

According to the KDB248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4GHz 802.11b DSSS using the initial test position procedure.

Head Evaluation

Table 14.4-1: SAR Values(WLAN - Head)– 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Fast SAR)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2437	6	Left	Touch	/	17.74	18	0.113	0.12	0.203	0.22	0.11
2437	6	Left	Tilt	/	17.74	18	0.087	0.09	0.164	0.17	0.12
2437	6	Right	Touch	/	17.74	18	0.323	0.34	0.728	0.77	0.07
2437	6	Right	Tilt	/	17.74	18	0.203	0.22	0.439	0.47	0.12
2437	6	Right	Touch	B1	17.74	18	0.311	0.33	0.701	0.74	0.08

As shown above table, the initial test position for head is “Right Cheek”. So the head SAR of WLAN is presented as below:

Table 14.4-2: SAR Values(WLAN - Head)– 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Full SAR)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2437	6	Right	Touch	Fig.19	17.74	18	0.301	0.32	0.706	0.75	0.07
2437	6	Right	Tilt	/	17.74	18	0.206	0.22	0.503	0.53	0.12

Note1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg.

Note2: For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 14.4-3: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)

		Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)		Scaled reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)			
MHz	Ch.										
2437	6	Right	Touch	98.13%	100%			0.75		0.76	

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Body Evaluation
Table 14.4-4: SAR Values(WLAN - Body)– 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Fast SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
2437	6	Front	/	17.74	18	0.056	0.06	0.103	0.11	0.06
2437	6	Rear	/	17.74	18	0.132	0.14	0.276	0.29	0.09
2437	6	Right	/	17.74	18	0.009	0.01	0.017	0.02	0.03
2437	6	Top	/	17.74	18	0.018	0.02	0.033	0.04	0.03
2437	6	Rear	B2	17.74	18	0.126	0.13	0.264	0.28	0.05

As shown above table, the initial test position for body is “Rear”. So the body SAR of WLAN is presented as below:

Table 14.4-5: SAR Values(WLAN - Body)– 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Full SAR)

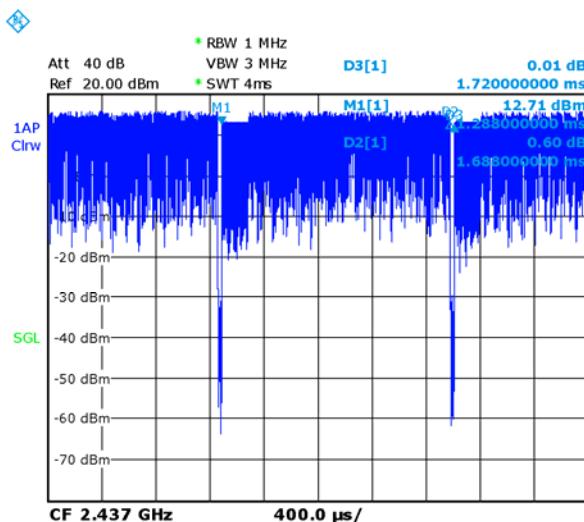
Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
2437	6	Rear	Fig.20	17.74	18	0.140	0.15	0.284	0.30	0.09

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 14.4-6: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11b 1Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 23.0 °C			Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C			
Frequency		Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
MHz	Ch.					
2437	6	Rear	98.13%	100%	0.30	0.31

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.


Picture 14.1 Duty factor plot

15 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Table 15.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Body WCDMA1900 (1g)

Frequency		Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz						
9662	1852.4	Rear	10	0.967	0.958	1.01	/

Table 15.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE B2 (1g)

Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz							
18700	1860	1RB_Low	Rear	10	0.816	0.803	1.02	/

Table 15.3: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE B4 (1g)

Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz							
20300	1745	1RB_Mid	Rear	10	0.911	0.905	1.01	/

Table 15.4: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE B7 (1g)

Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz							
21100	2535	1RB_High	Bottom	10	0.866	0.858	1.01	/

16 Measurement Uncertainty

16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedo m
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521

Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					9.55	9.43	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$					19.1	18.9	

16.2 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞

	(target)									
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
	Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.7	10.6	257
	Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$						21.4	21.1	

16.3 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z- Approximation	B	7.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.0	4.0	∞
Test sample related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞

19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.4	10.3	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						20.8	20.6	

16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	B	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	8.1	8.1	∞
Test sample related										
15	Test sample	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71

	positioning								
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4
17	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up									
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						13.5	13.4
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						27.0	26.8

17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	January 26, 2016	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102196	March 03,2016	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100596		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	February 01,2016	One Year
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
06	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January 30, 2016	One year
07	BTS	CMW500	129942	March 03, 2016	One year
08	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	7307	February19, 2016	One year
09	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1331	January 21, 2016	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D750V3	1017	July 20,2016	One year
11	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	4d069	July 20,2016	One year
12	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1750V2	1003	July 21,2016	One year
13	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d101	July 28,2016	One year
14	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 25,2016	One year
15	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2600V2	1012	July 25,2016	One year

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A Graph Results

850 Left Cheek High

Date: 2016-12-6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.889 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.79$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.318 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.039 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.345 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 W/kg

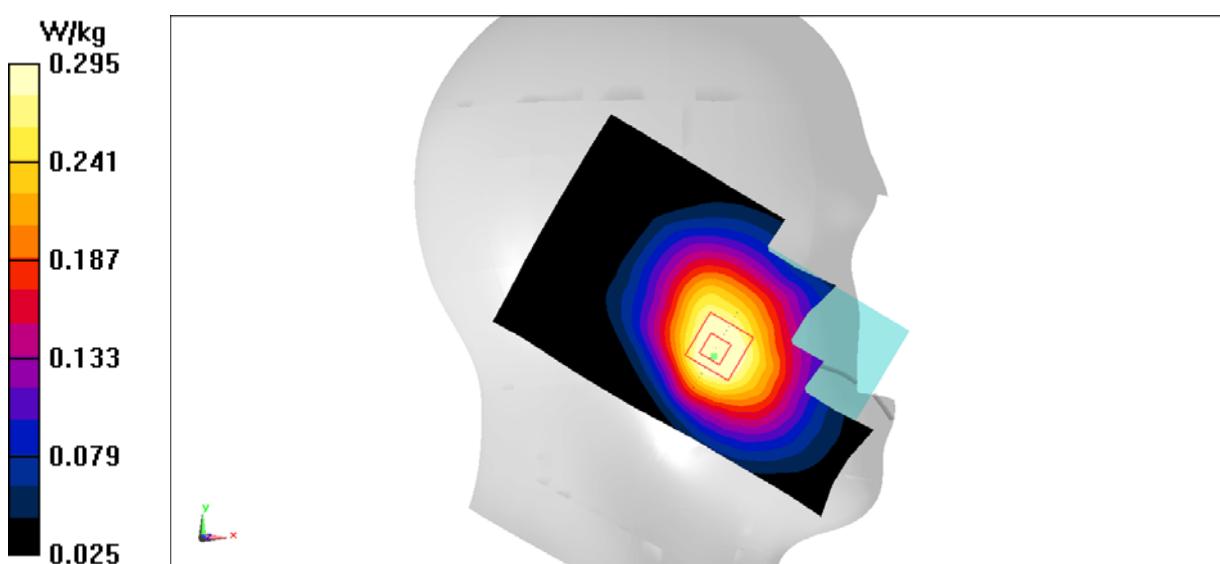


Fig.1 850MHz

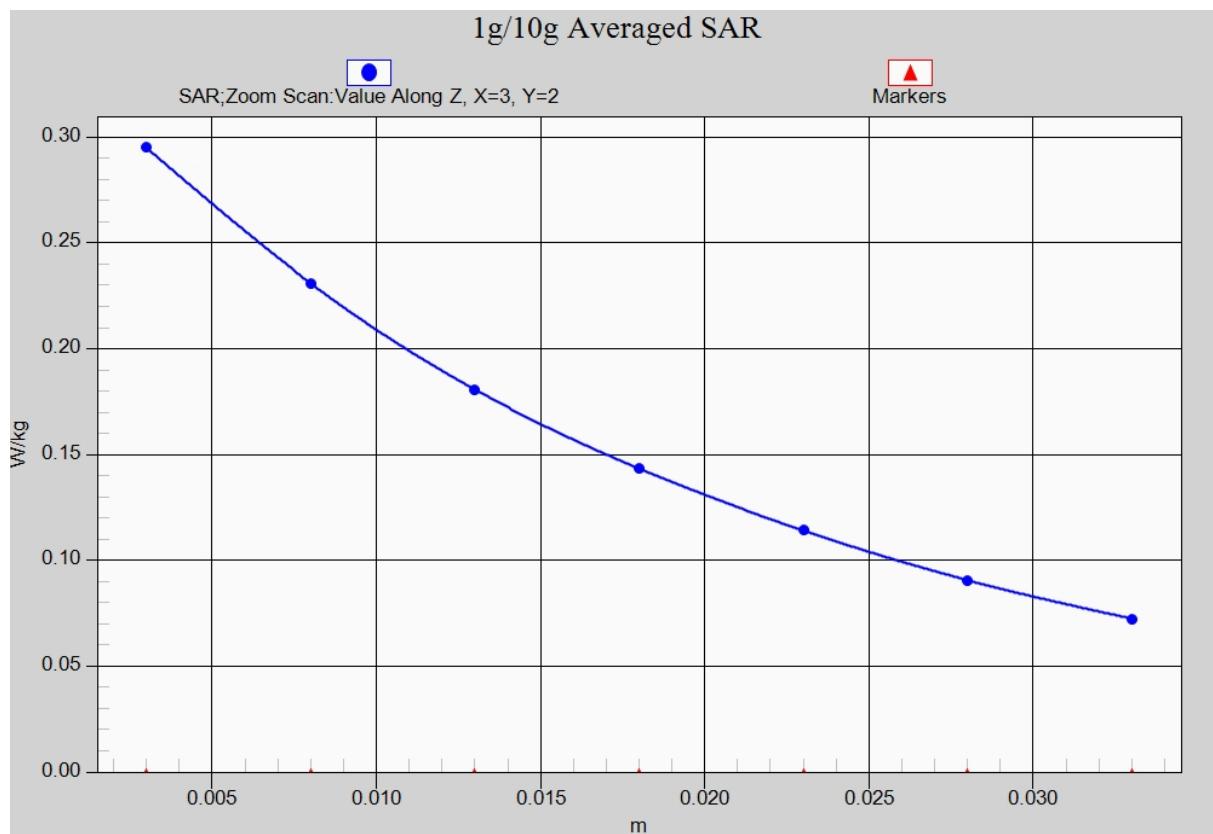


Fig. 1-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

850 Body Rear High

Date: 2016-12-6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.947$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.27$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.691 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.860 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.646 W/kg

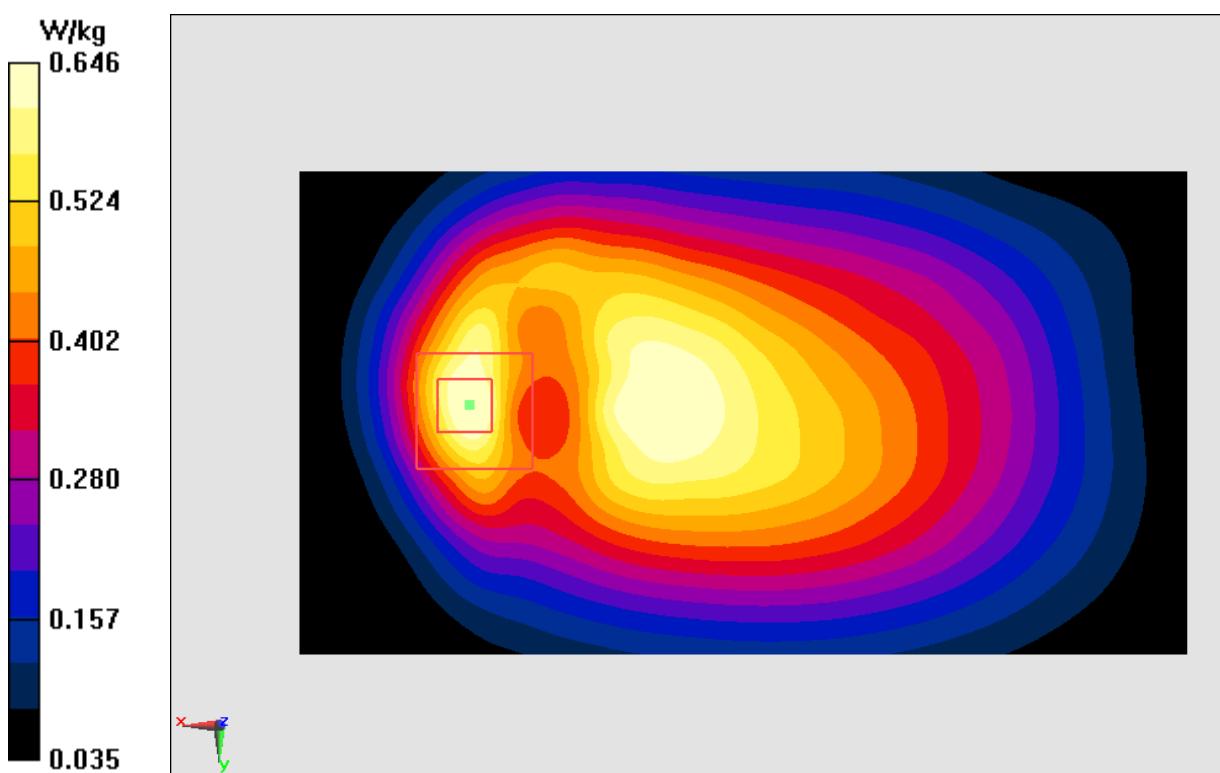


Fig.2 850 MHz

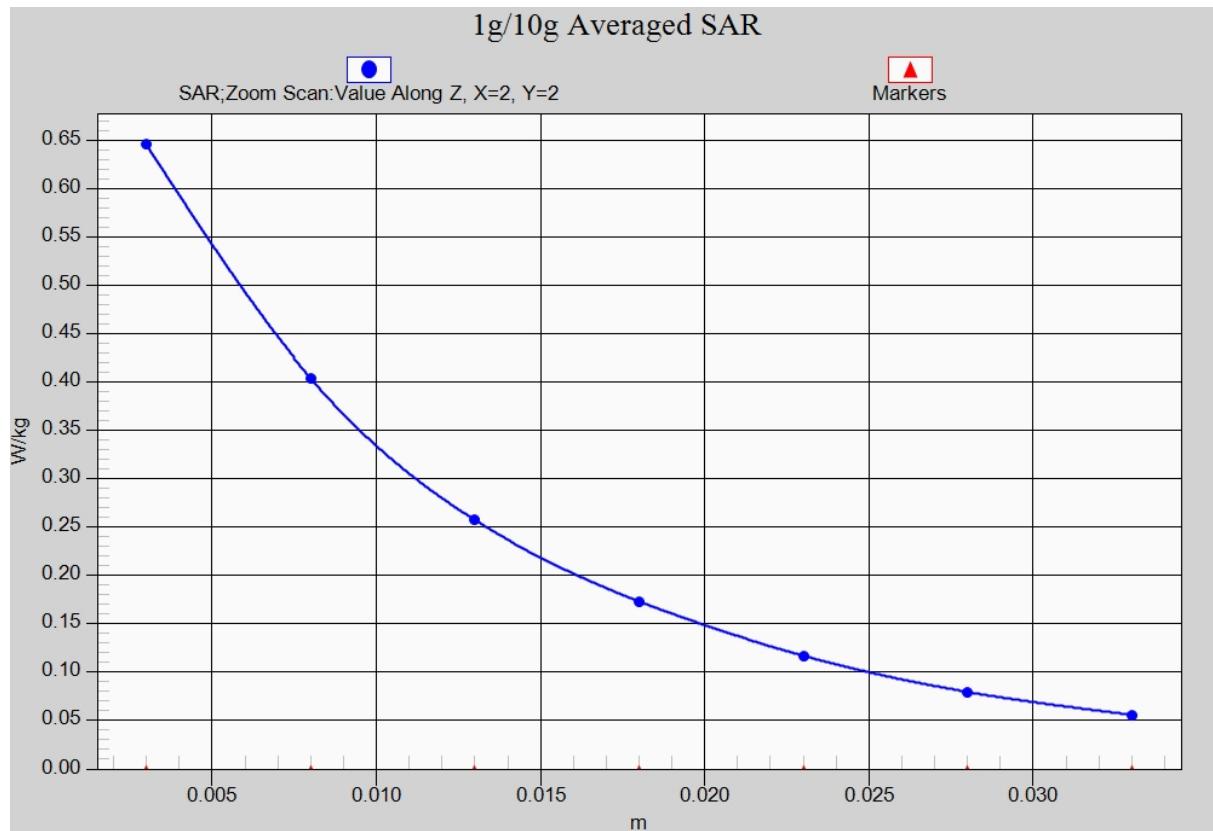


Fig. 2-1Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

1900 Right Cheek High

Date: 2016-12-7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.63$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(8.10, 8.10, 8.10)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.293 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.609 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.392 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.255 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 W/kg

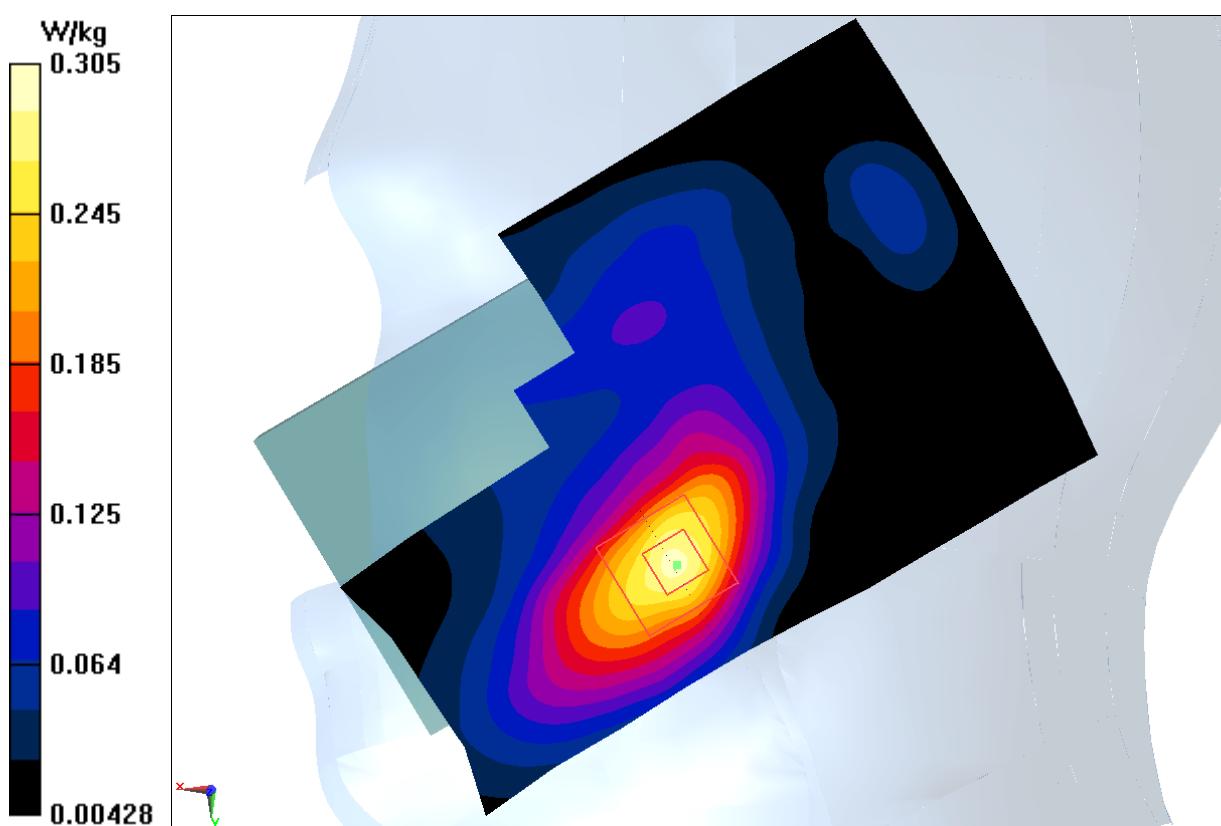


Fig.3 1900 MHz

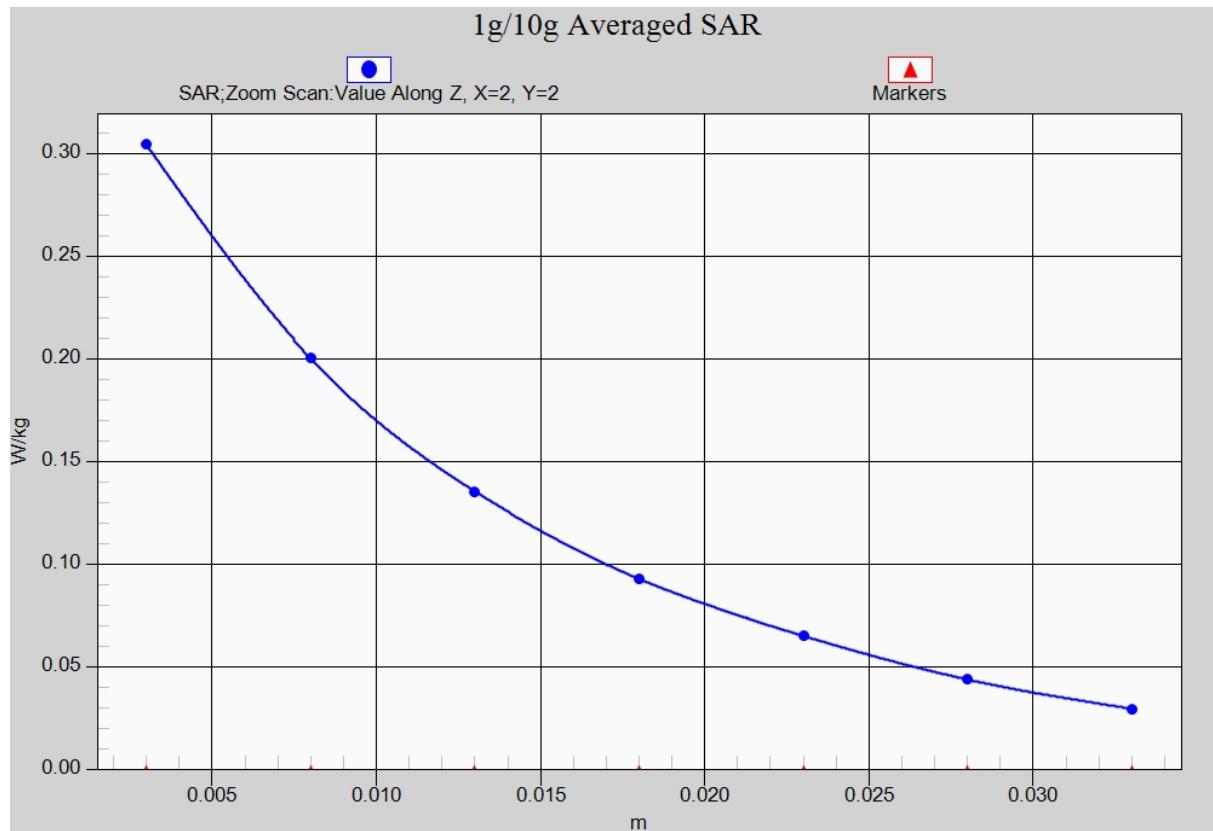


Fig. 3-1Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)

1900 Body Rear High

Date: 2016-12-7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.598 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.68$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: EX3DV4- SN7307 ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.581 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.856 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.493 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.577 W/kg

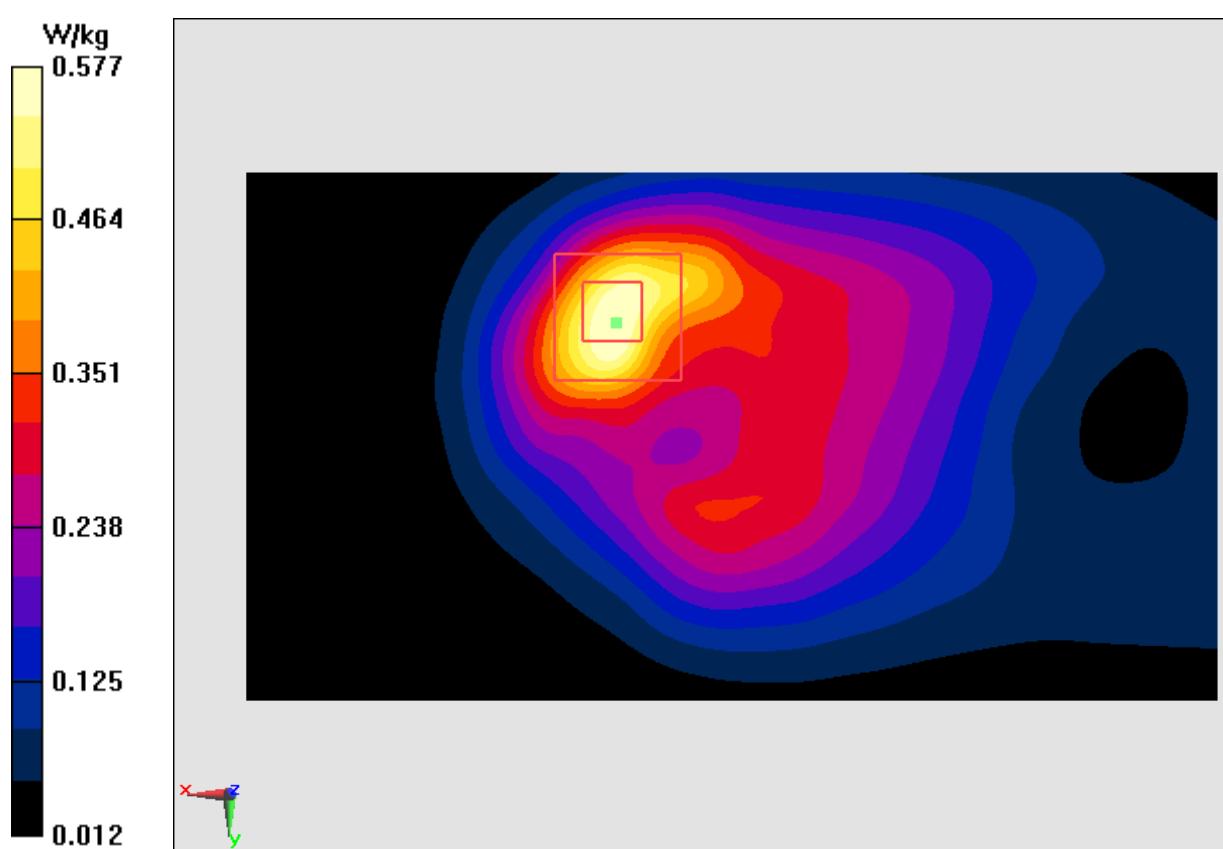


Fig.4 1900 MHz

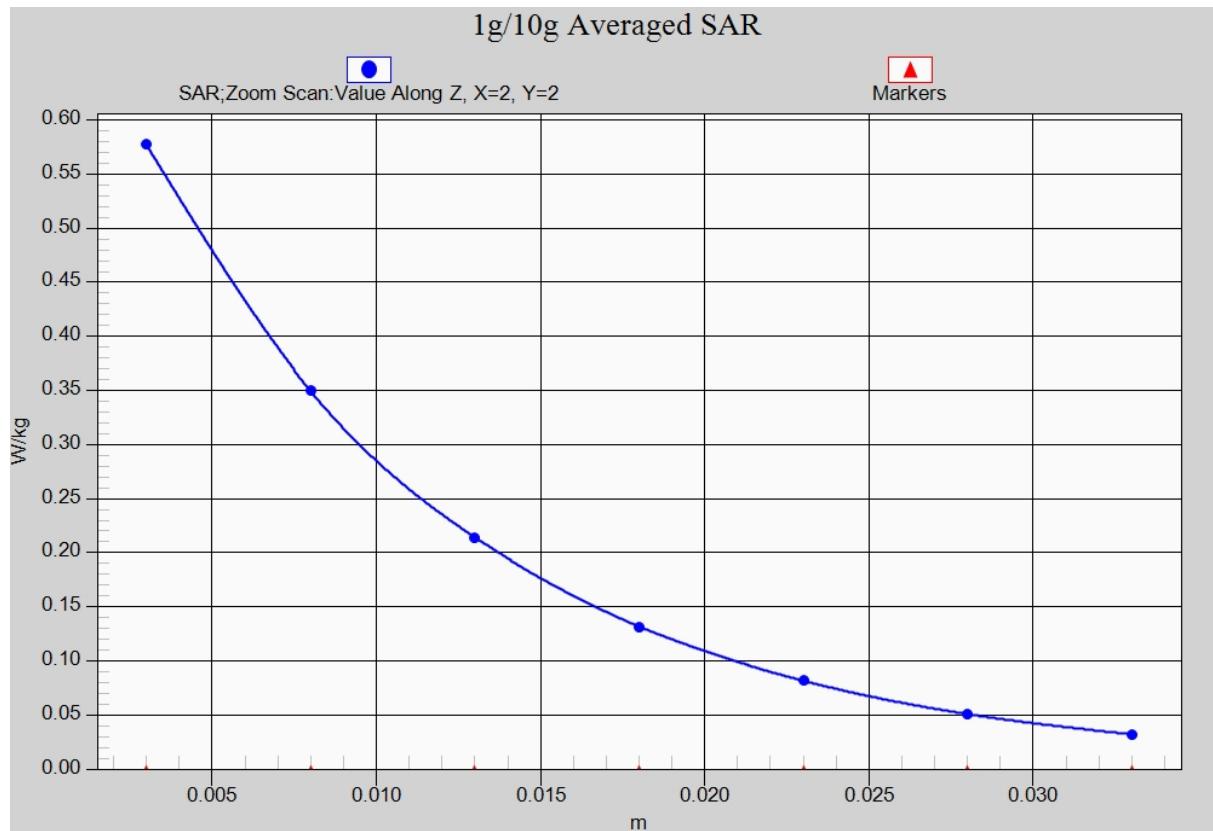


Fig. 4-1Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)

WCDMA 850 Left Cheek Low

Date: 2016-12-6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.868$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.035$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.577 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.765 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.657 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.521 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.401 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.573 W/kg

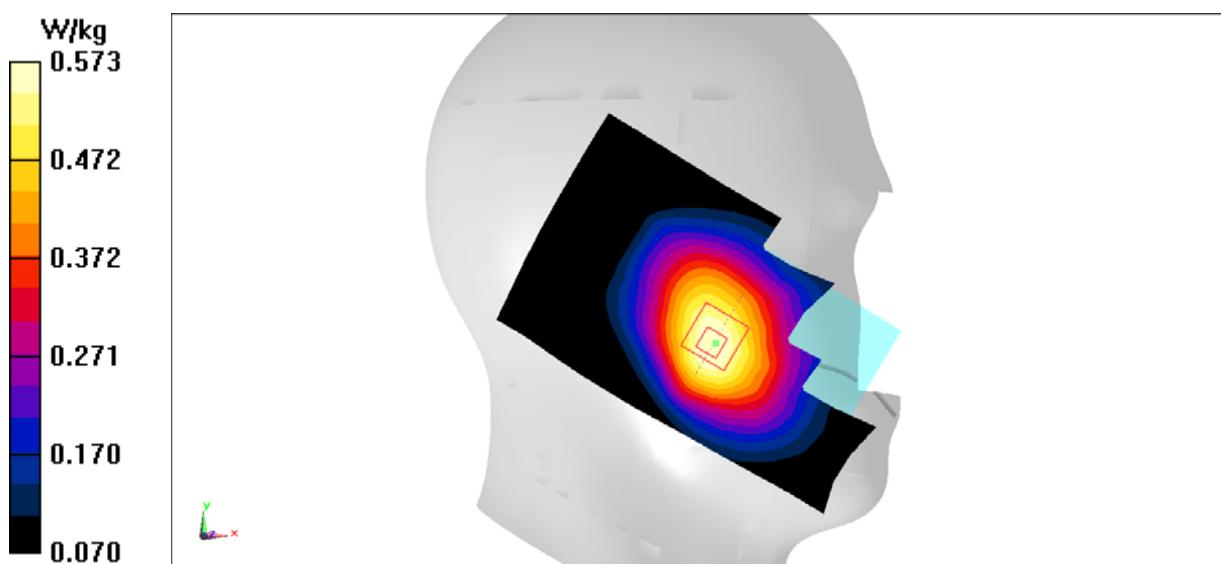


Fig.5 WCDMA 850

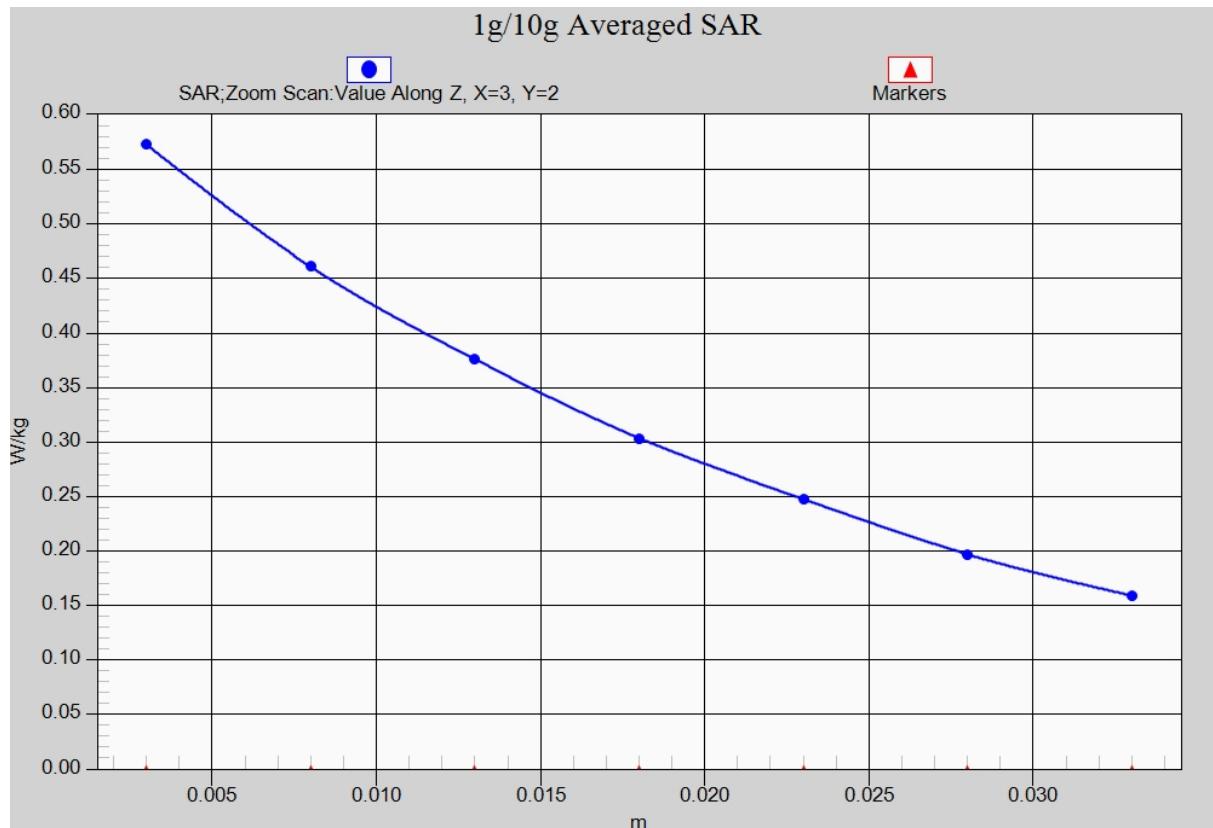


Fig. 5-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

WCDMA 850 Body Rear High

Date: 2016-12-6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.944$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.276$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.418 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.384 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 W/kg

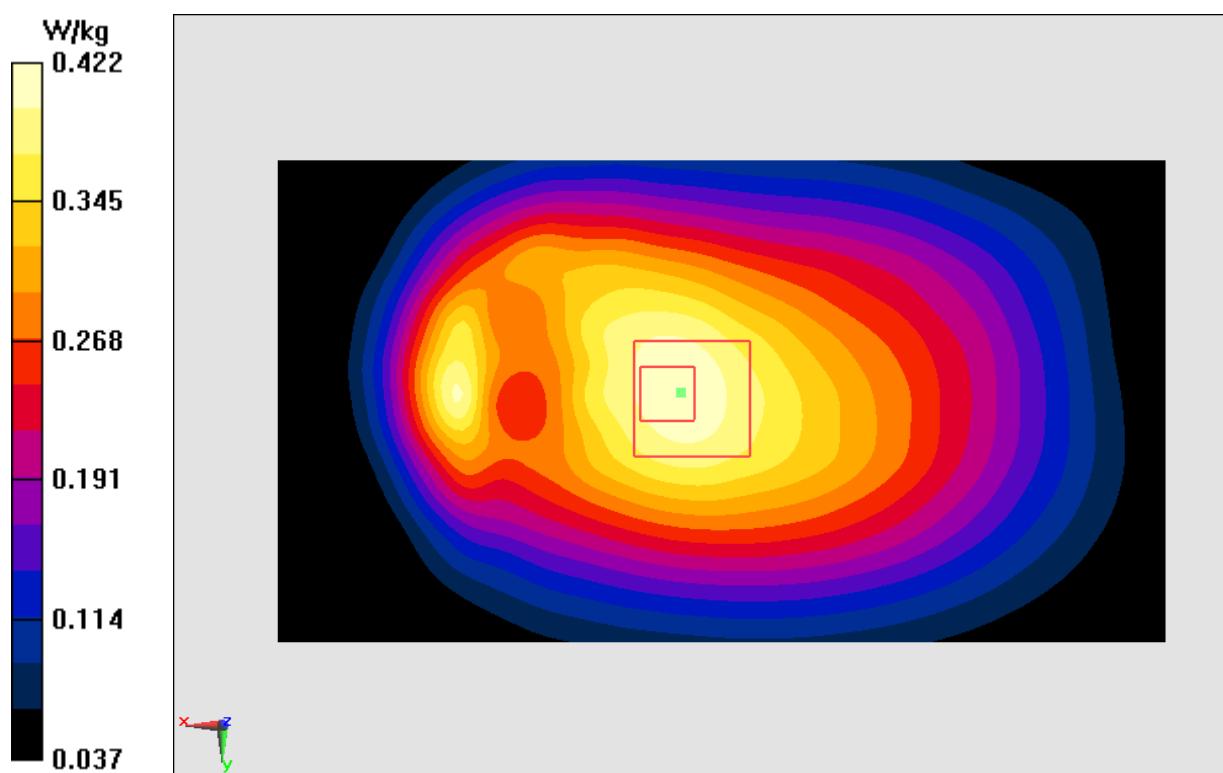


Fig.6 WCDMA 850

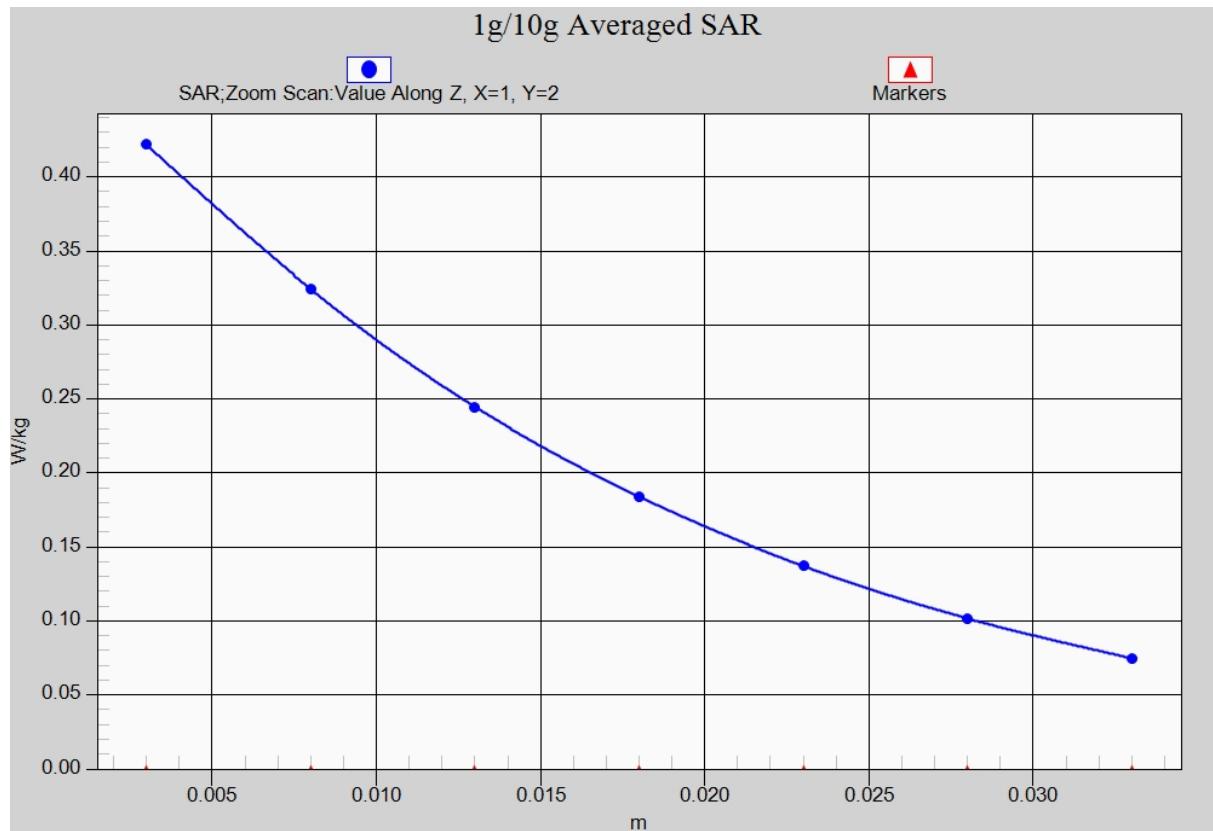


Fig. 6-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA850)

WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek Low

Date: 2016-12-7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.396$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.316$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1852.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(8.10, 8.10, 8.10)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.707 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.950 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.630 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.399 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.748 W/kg

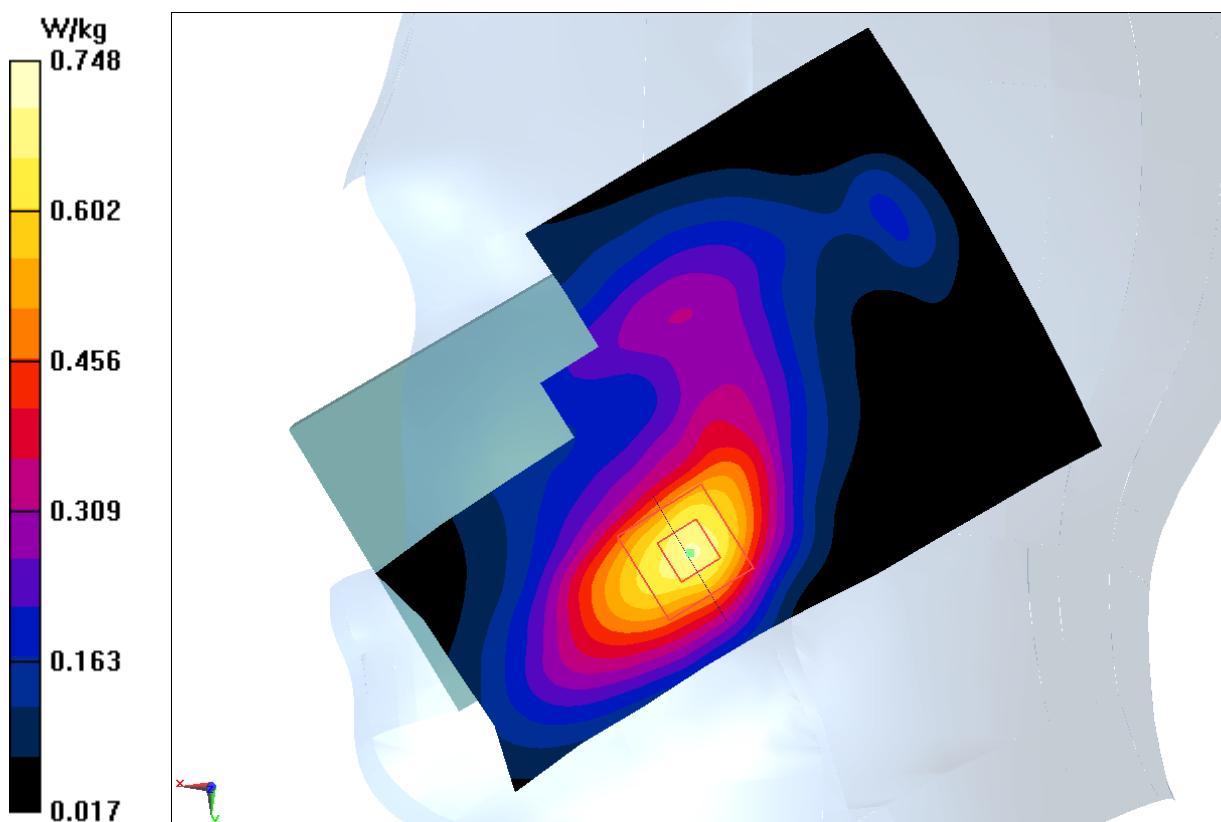


Fig.7 WCDMA1900

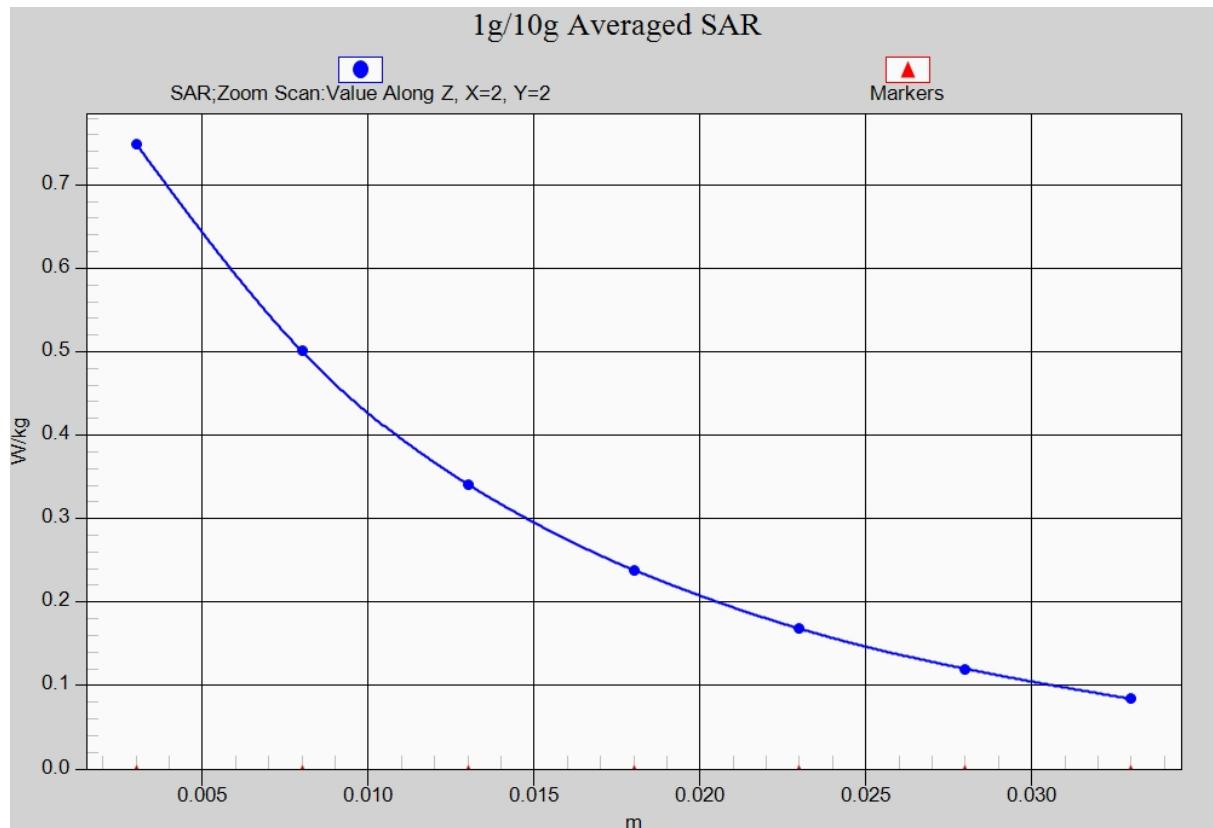


Fig. 7-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)

WCDMA 1900 Body Rear Low

Date: 2016-12-7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.524$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.21$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1852.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.967 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.567 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg

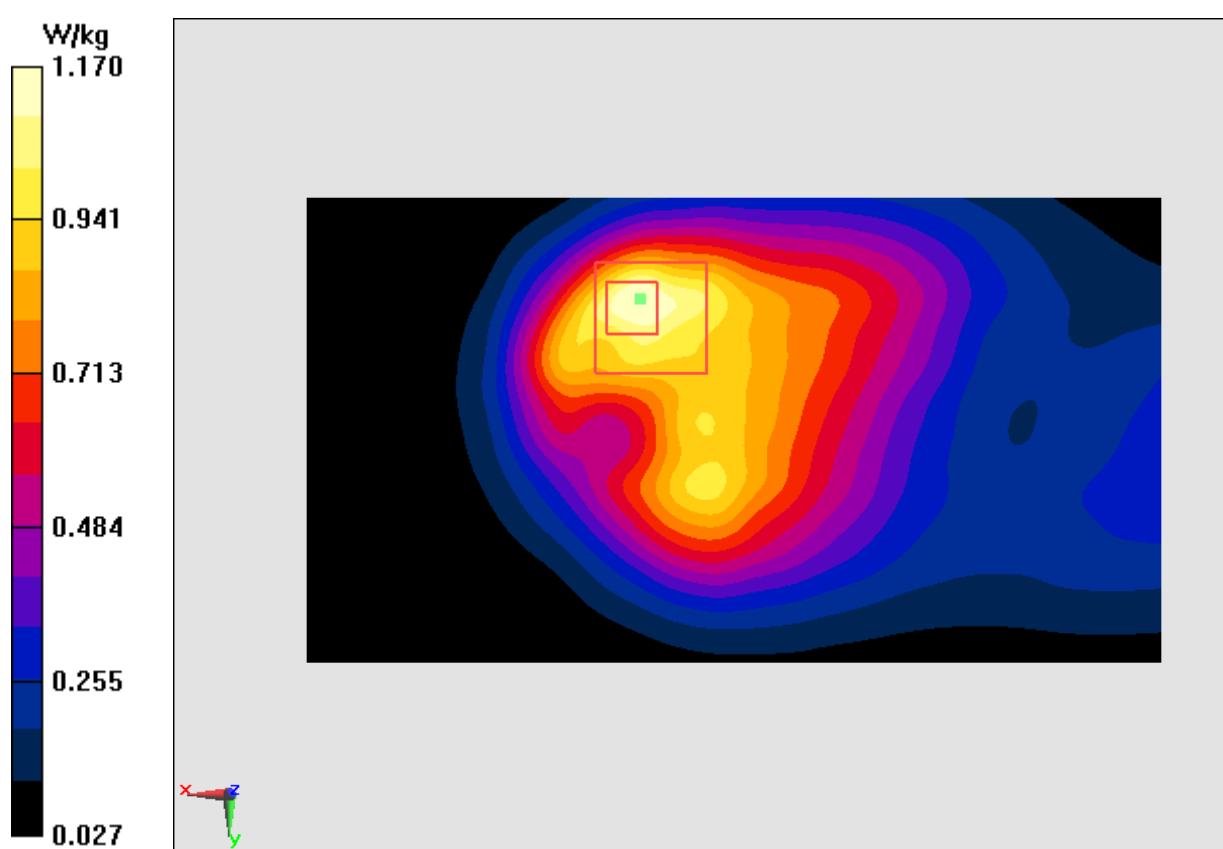


Fig.8 WCDMA1900

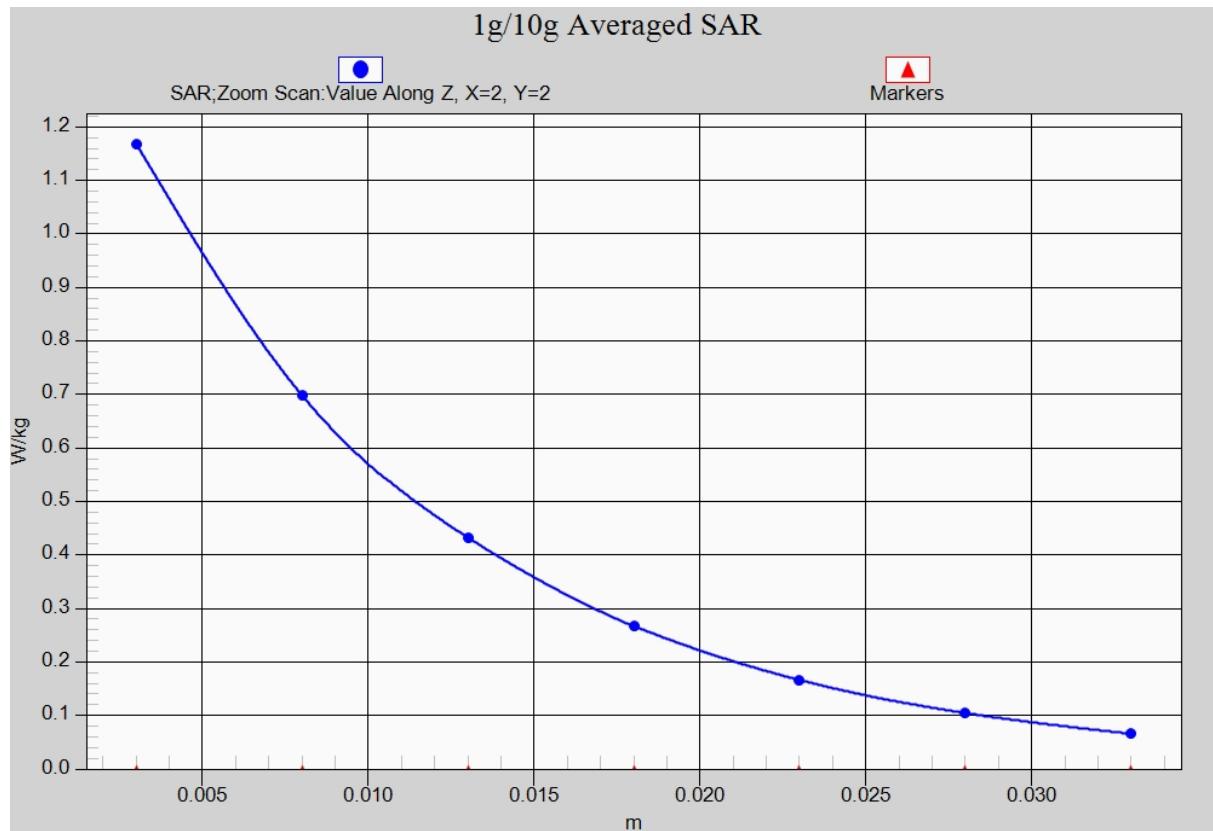


Fig. 8-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)

LTE Band2 Right Cheek Low with QPSK_20M_1RB_Low

Date: 2016-12-7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.429$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.344$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band2 Frequency: 1860 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(8.10, 8.10, 8.10)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.555 W/kg

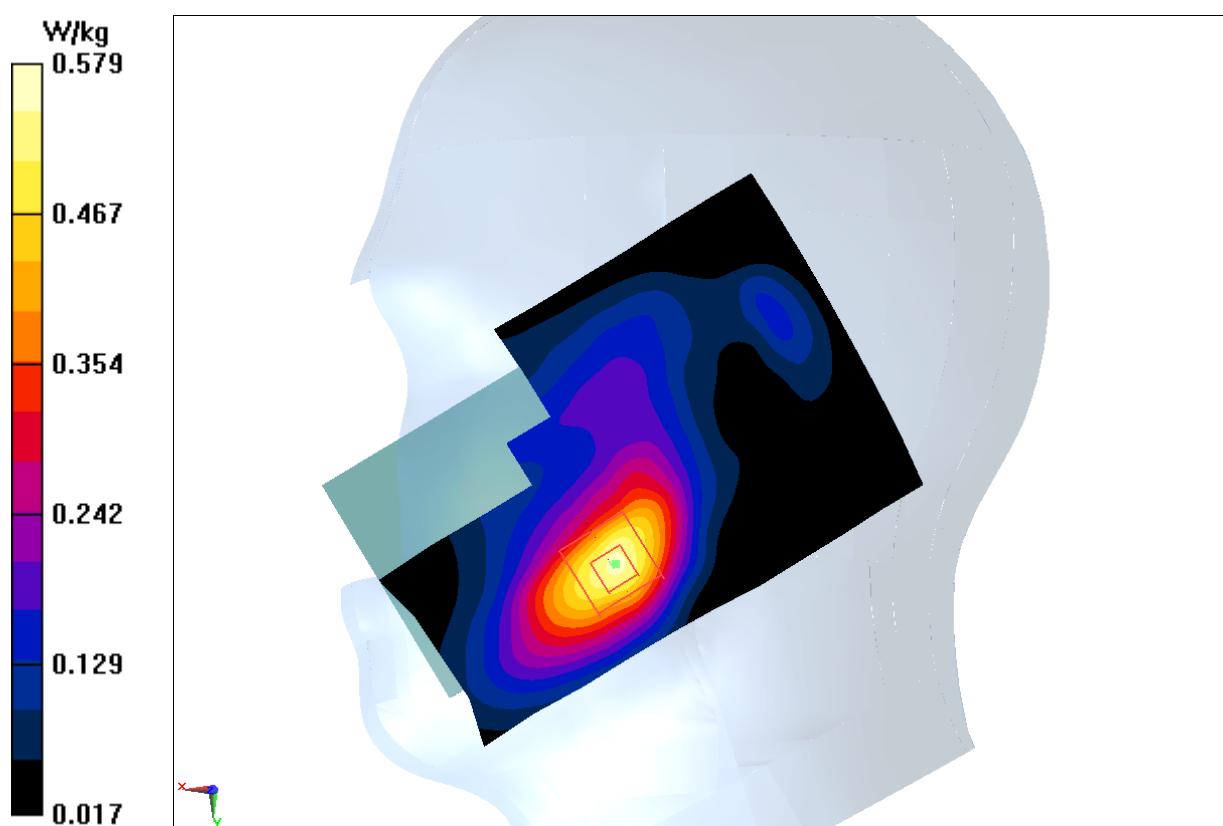
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.404 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.740 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.491 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.579 W/kg

**Fig.9 LTE Band2**

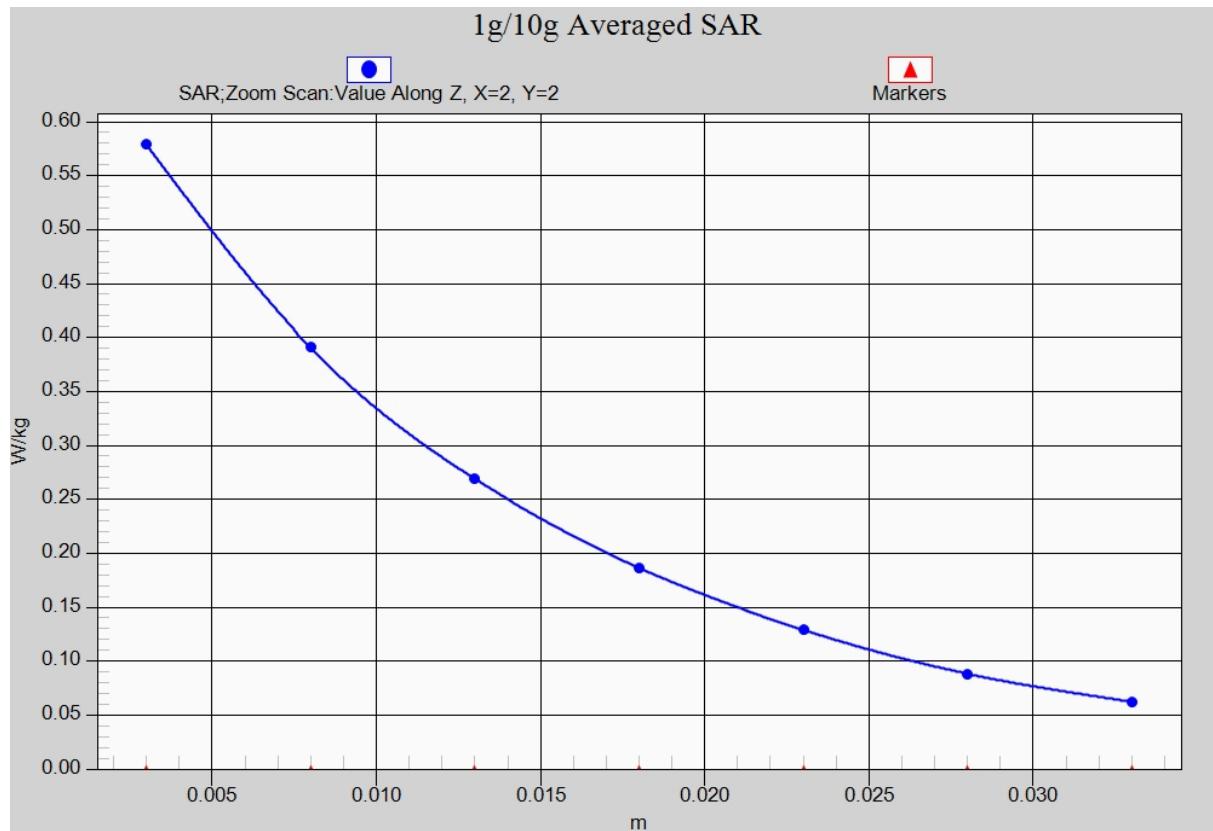


Fig. 9-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band2)

LTE Band2 Body Rear Low with QPSK_20M_1RB_Low

Date: 2016-12-7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.534$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.17$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band2 Frequency: 1860 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

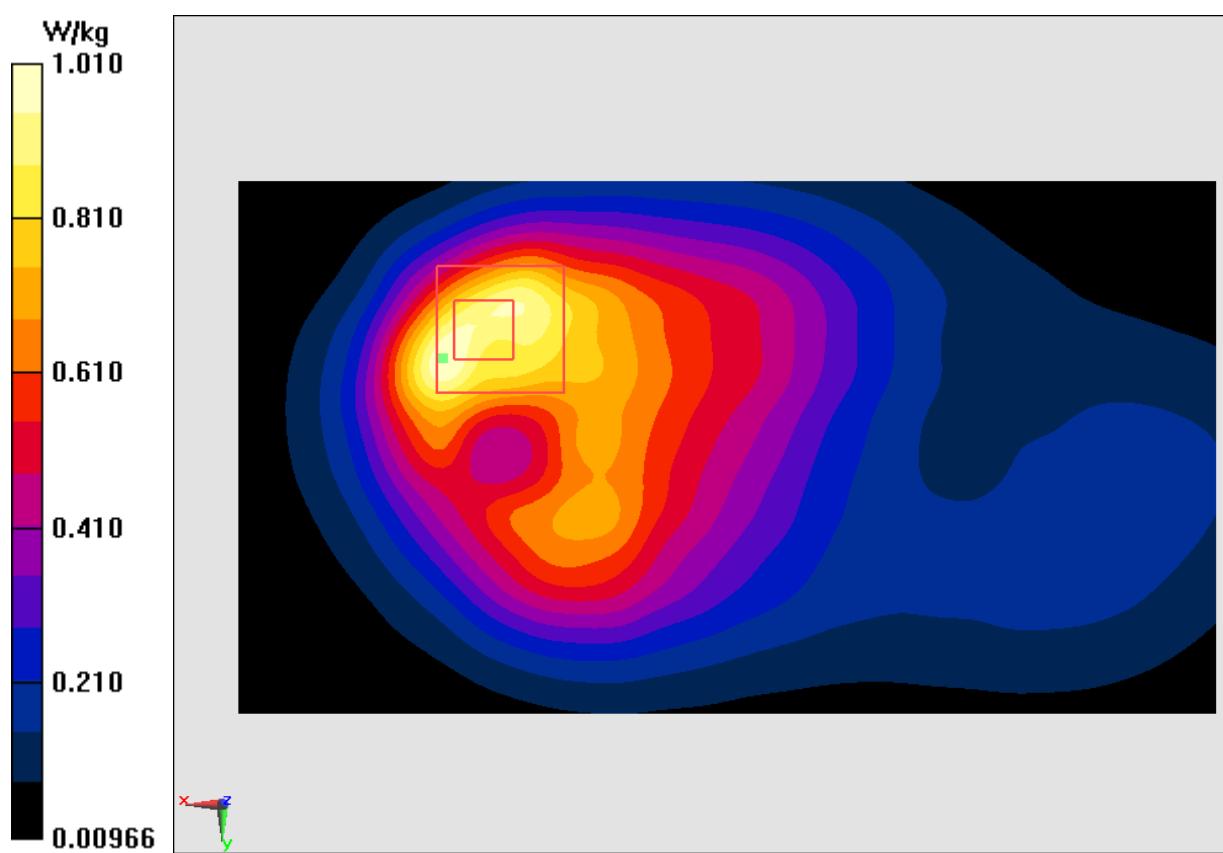
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.816 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.459 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg

**Fig.10 LTE Band2**

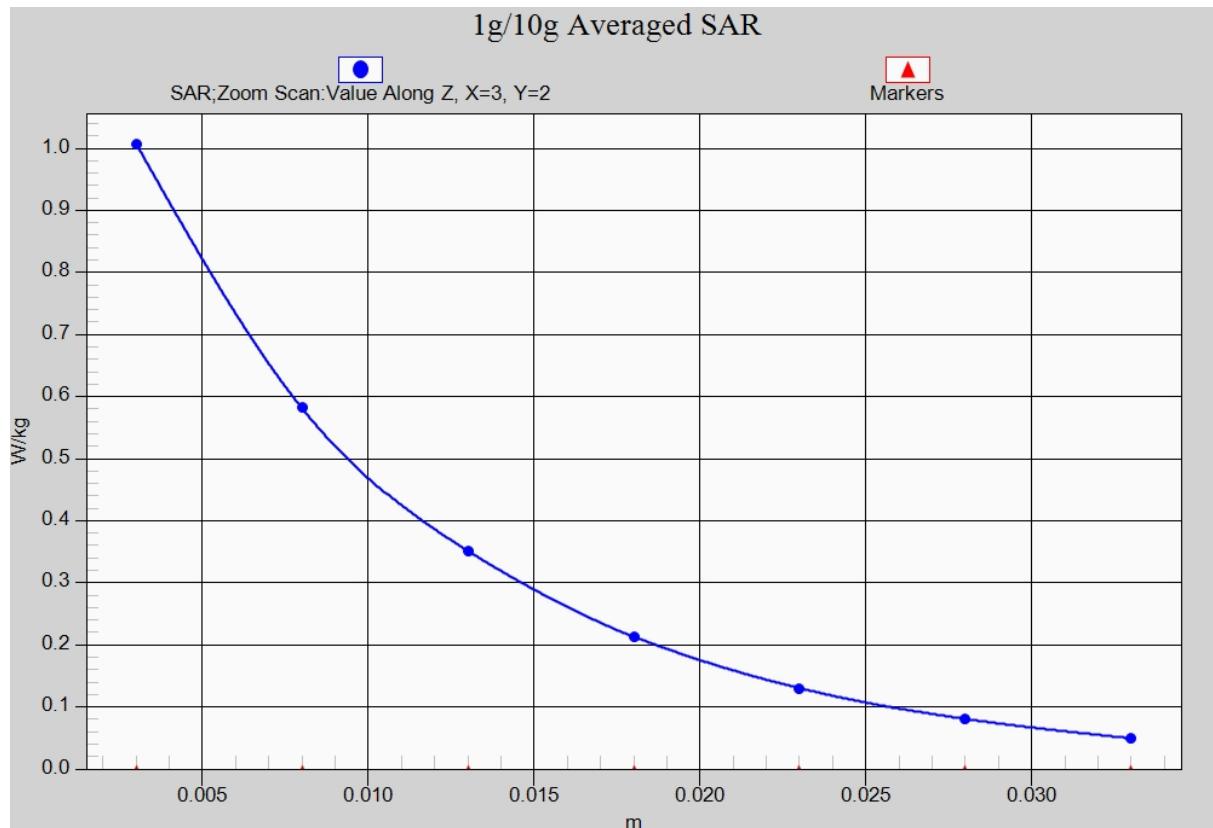


Fig. 10-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band2)

LTE Band4 Right Cheek Middle with QPSK_20M_1RB_Middle

Date: 2016-12-9

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.326$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.327$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band4 Frequency: 1732.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.605 W/kg

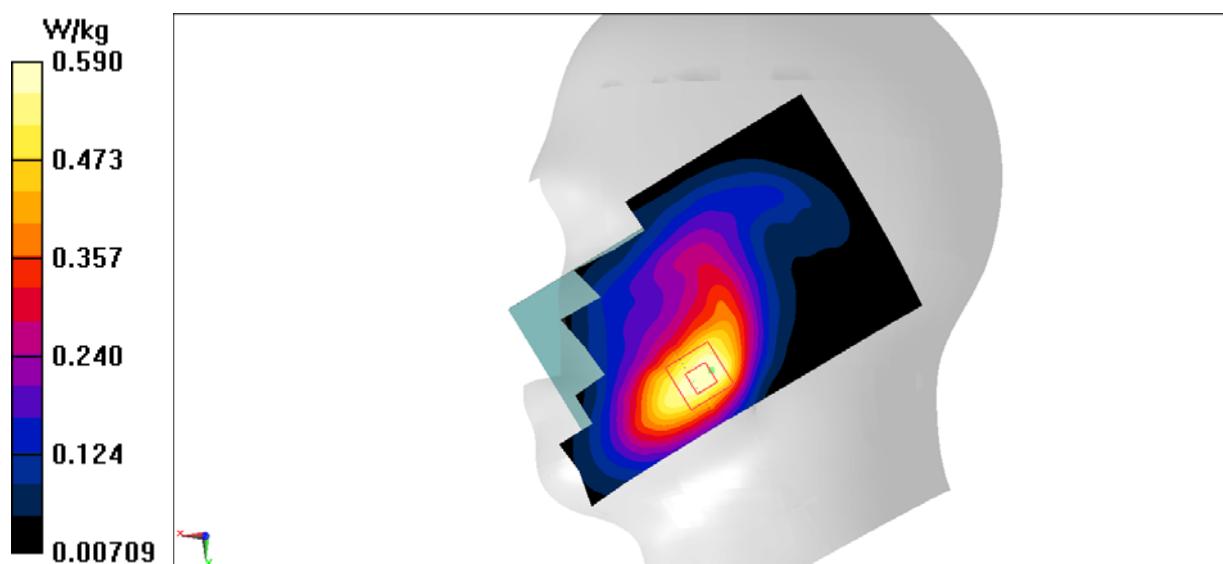
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.746 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.510 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.590 W/kg

**Fig.11 LTE Band4**

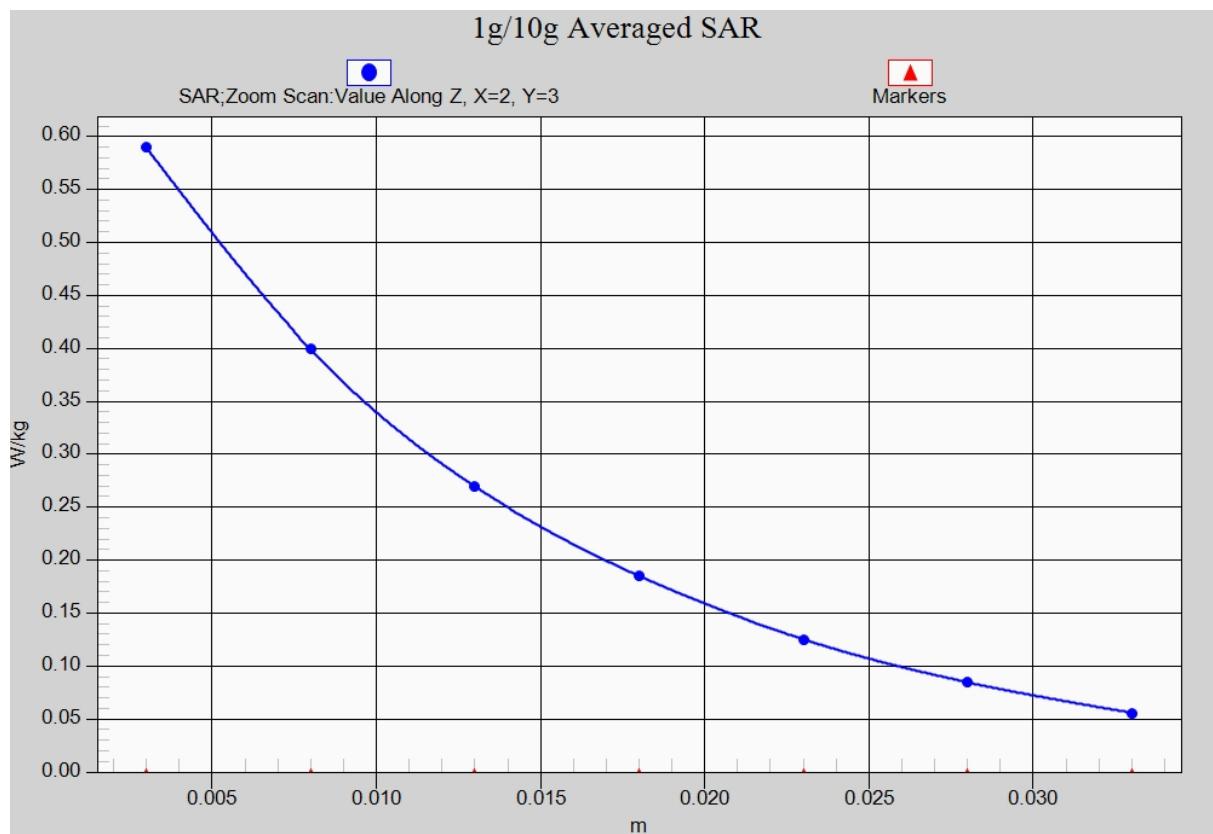


Fig. 11-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band4)

LTE Band4 Body Rear High with QPSK_20M_1RB_Middle

Date: 2016-12-9

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.209$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band4 Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(8.18, 8.18, 8.18)

Area Scan (121x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

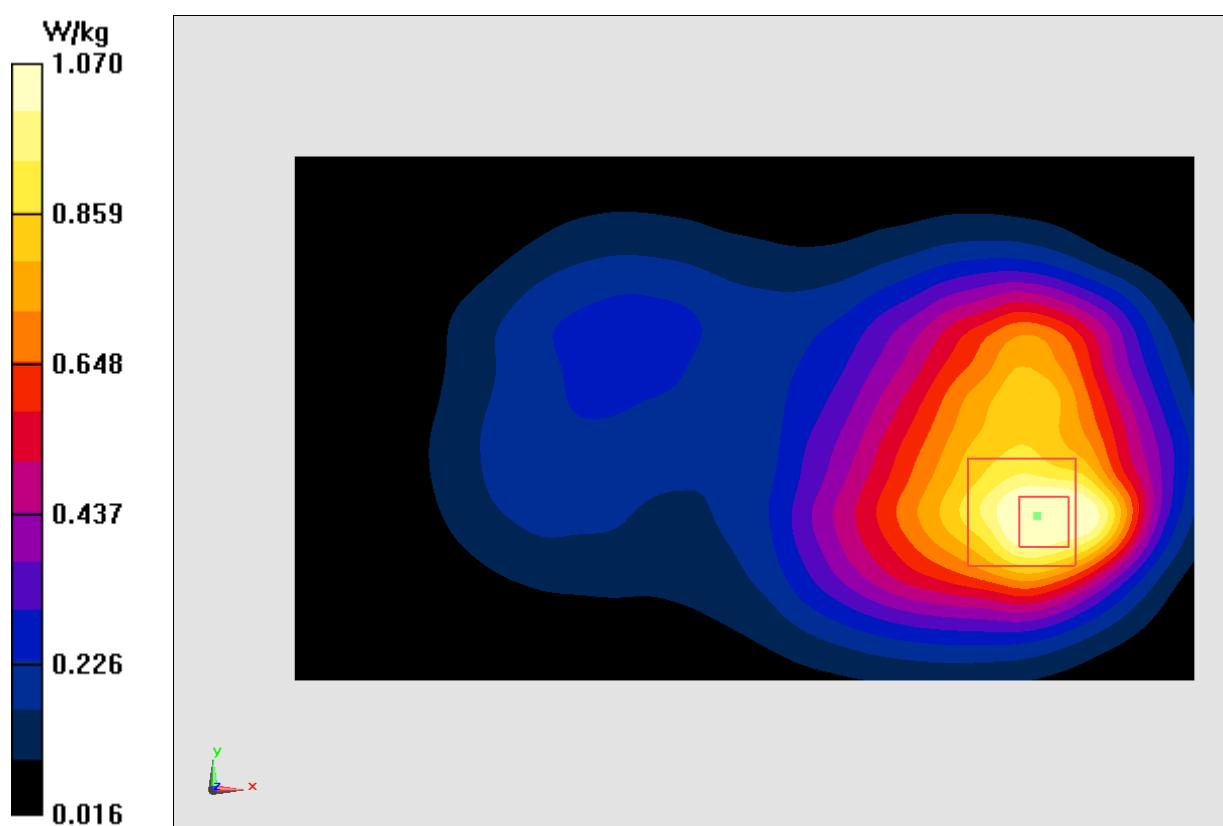
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.911 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.546 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg

**Fig.12 LTE Band4**

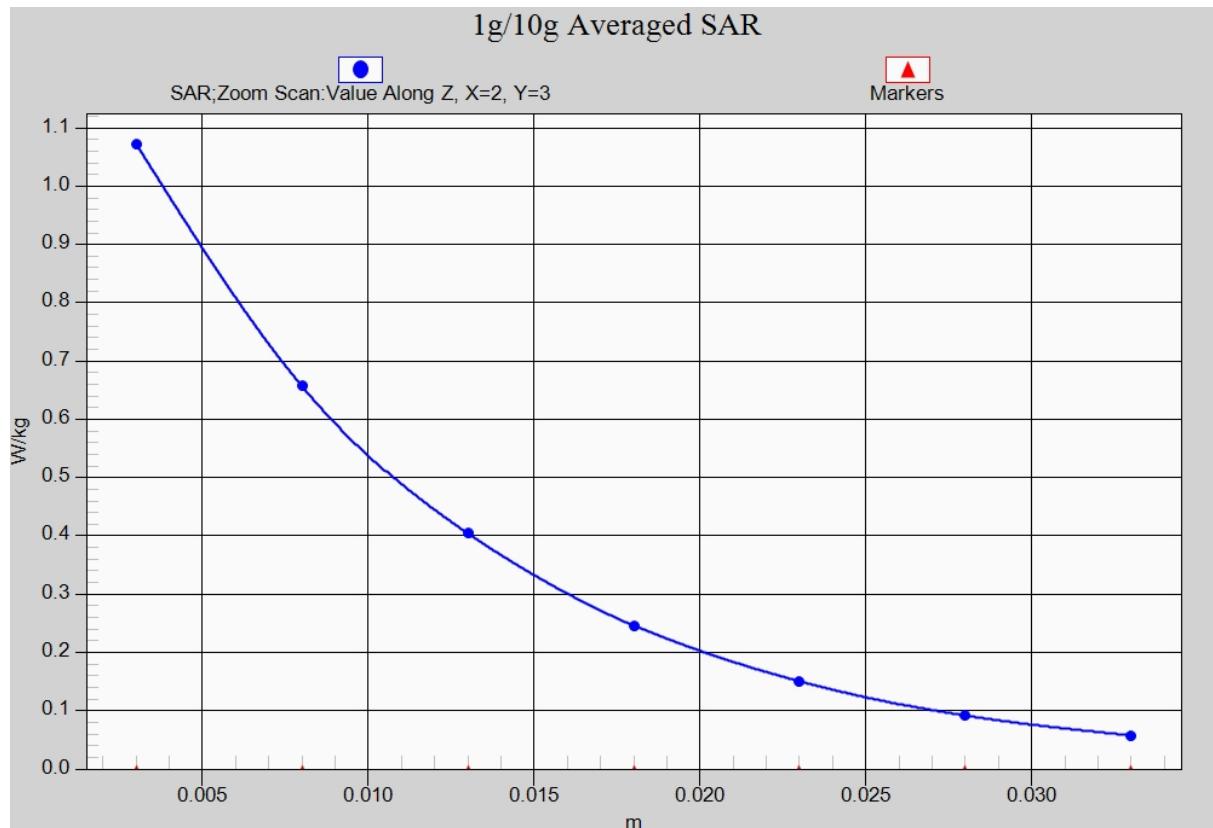


Fig. 12-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band4)

LTE Band7 Right Cheek Middle with QPSK_20M_1RB_High

Date: 2016-12-10

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2535 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.921 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band7 Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4- SN7307 ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21)

Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.149 W/kg

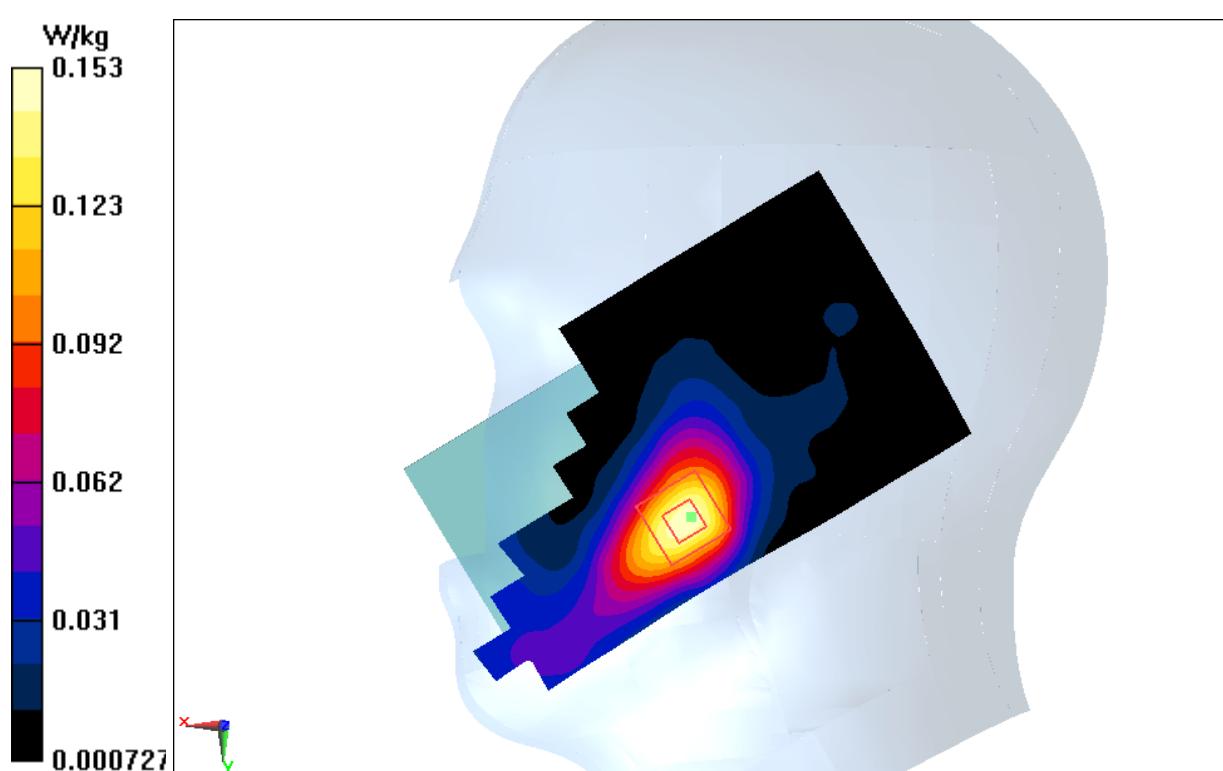
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.516 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg

**Fig.13 LTE Band7**

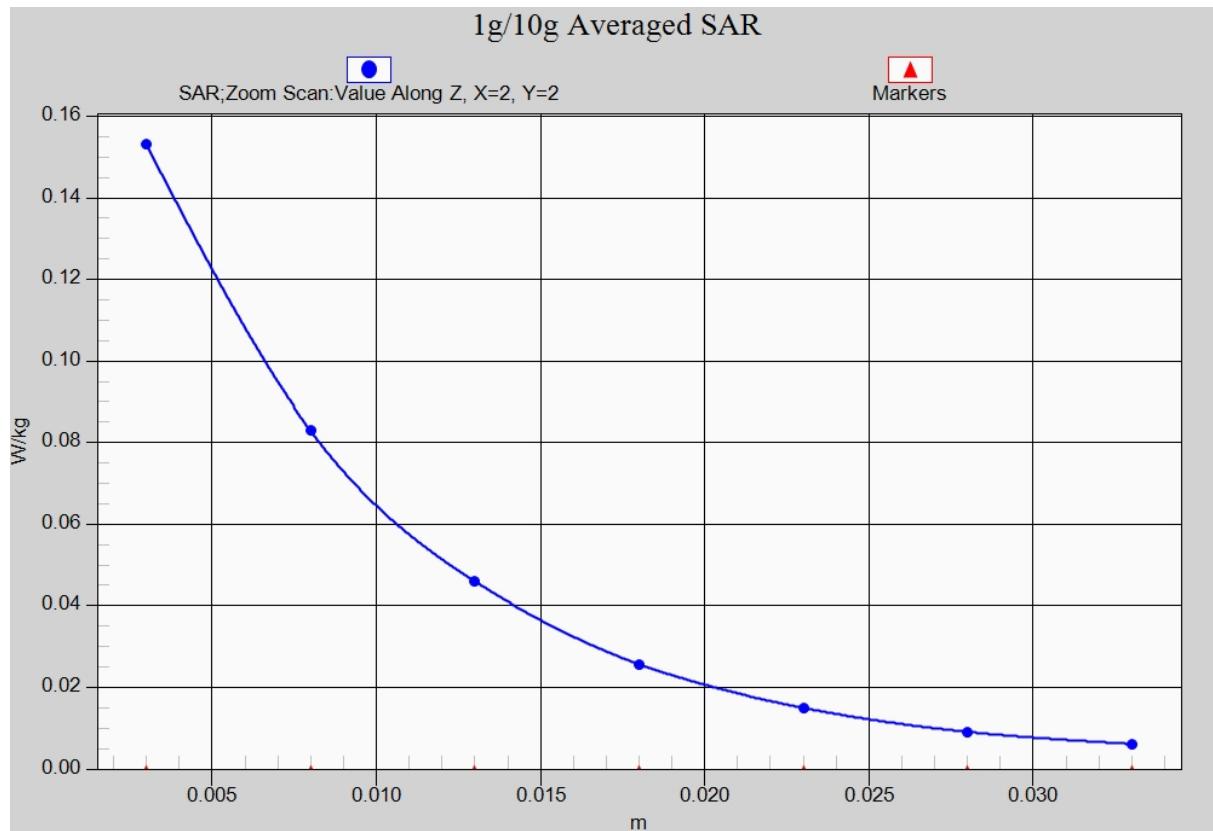


Fig. 13-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band7)

LTE Band7 Body Bottom Middle with QPSK_20M_1RB_High

Date: 2016-12-10

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body2600 MHz

 Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.143$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band7 Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03)

Area Scan (151x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 W/kg

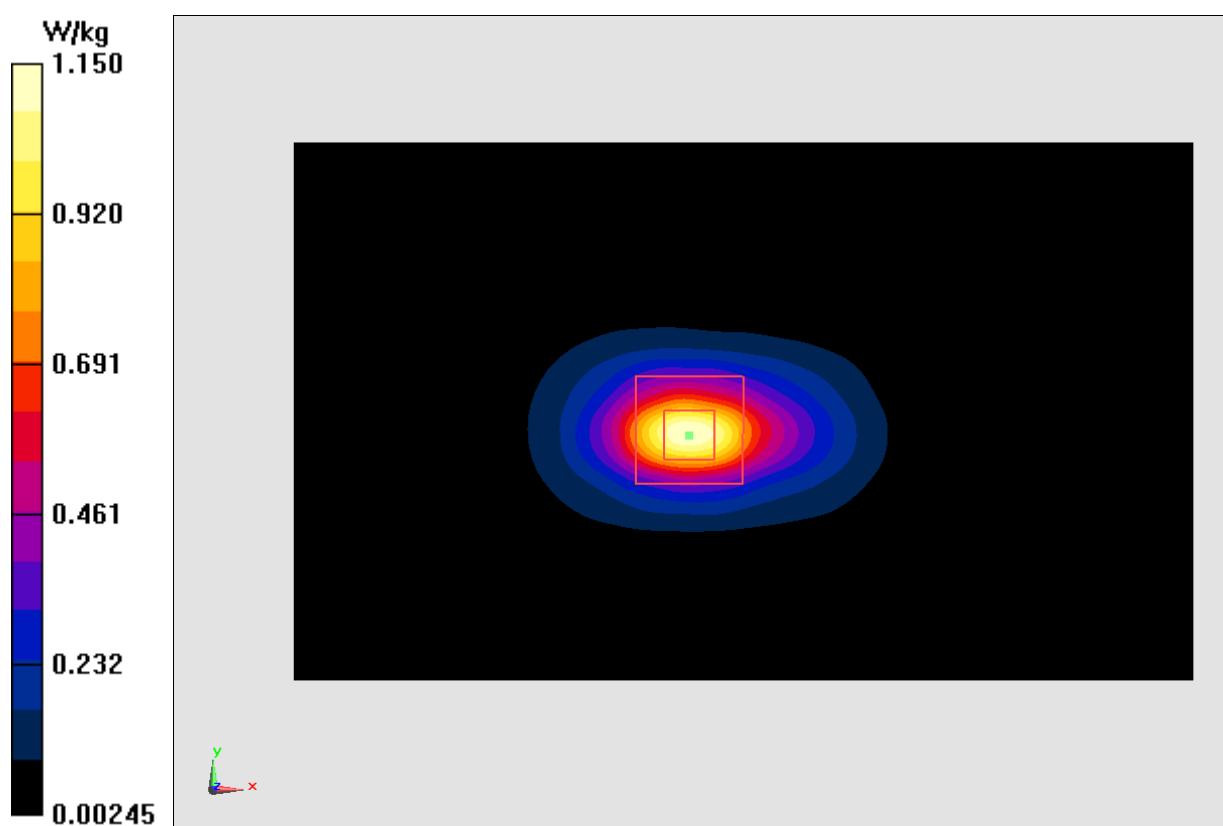
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.866 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg


Fig.14 LTE Band7

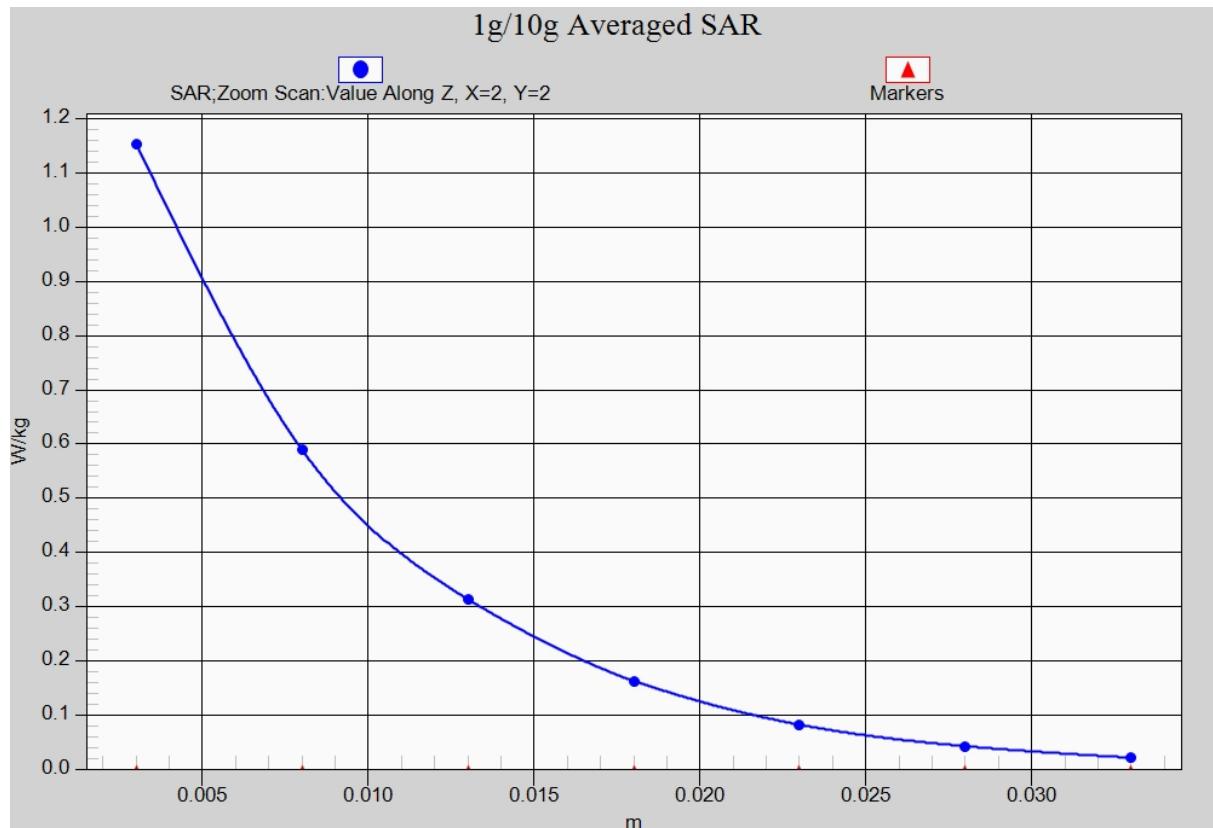


Fig. 14-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band7)

LTE Band12 Left Cheek Low with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle

Date: 2016-12-8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 704$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.876$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band12 Frequency: 704 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(10.47,10.47, 10.47)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.126 W/kg

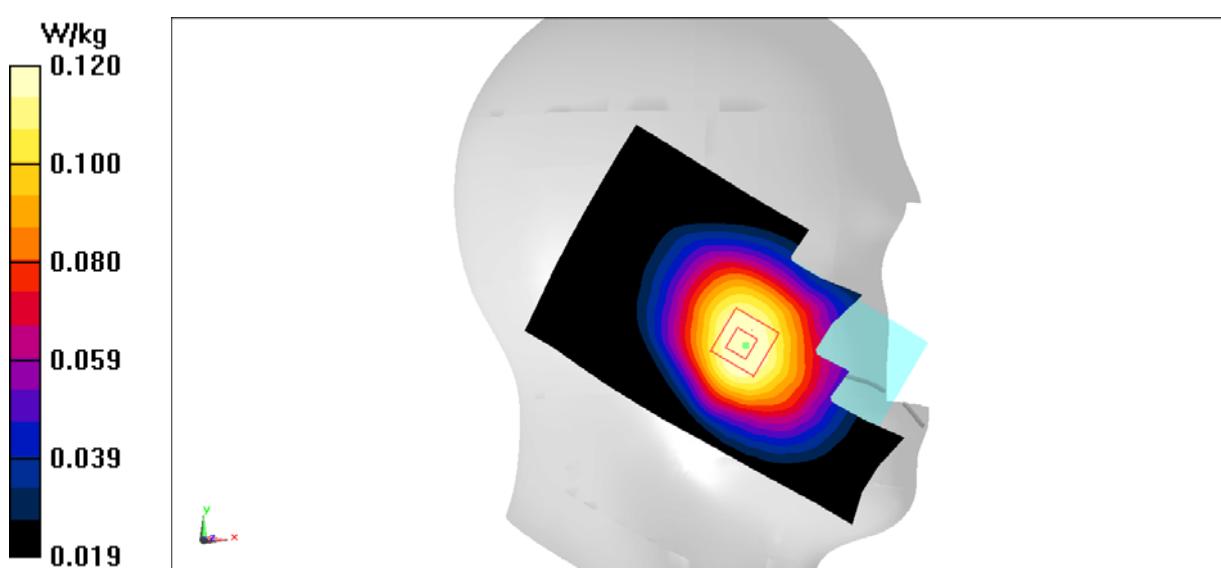
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.803 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.135 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.111 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 W/kg

**Fig.15 LTE Band12**

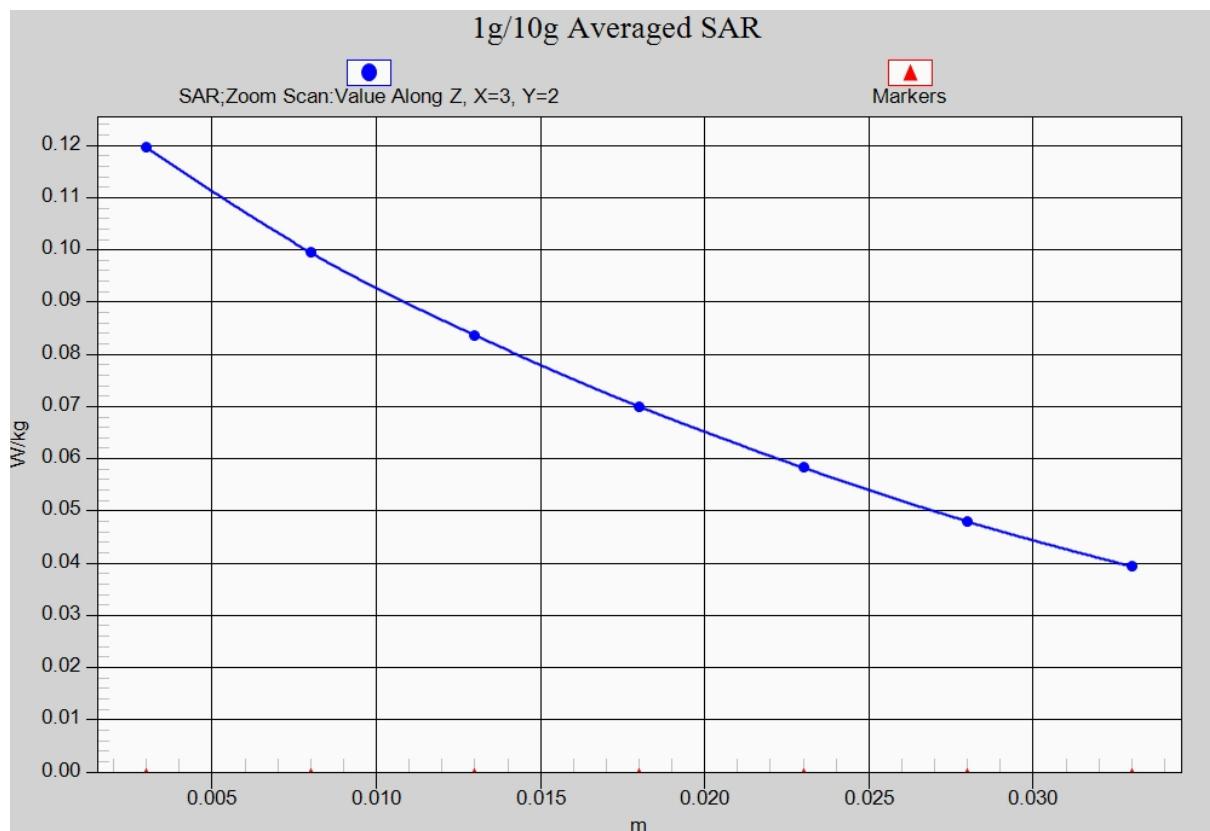


Fig. 15-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band12)

LTE Band12 Body Rear Low with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle

Date: 2016-12-8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 704$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.918$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.64$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band12 Frequency: 704 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.222 W/kg

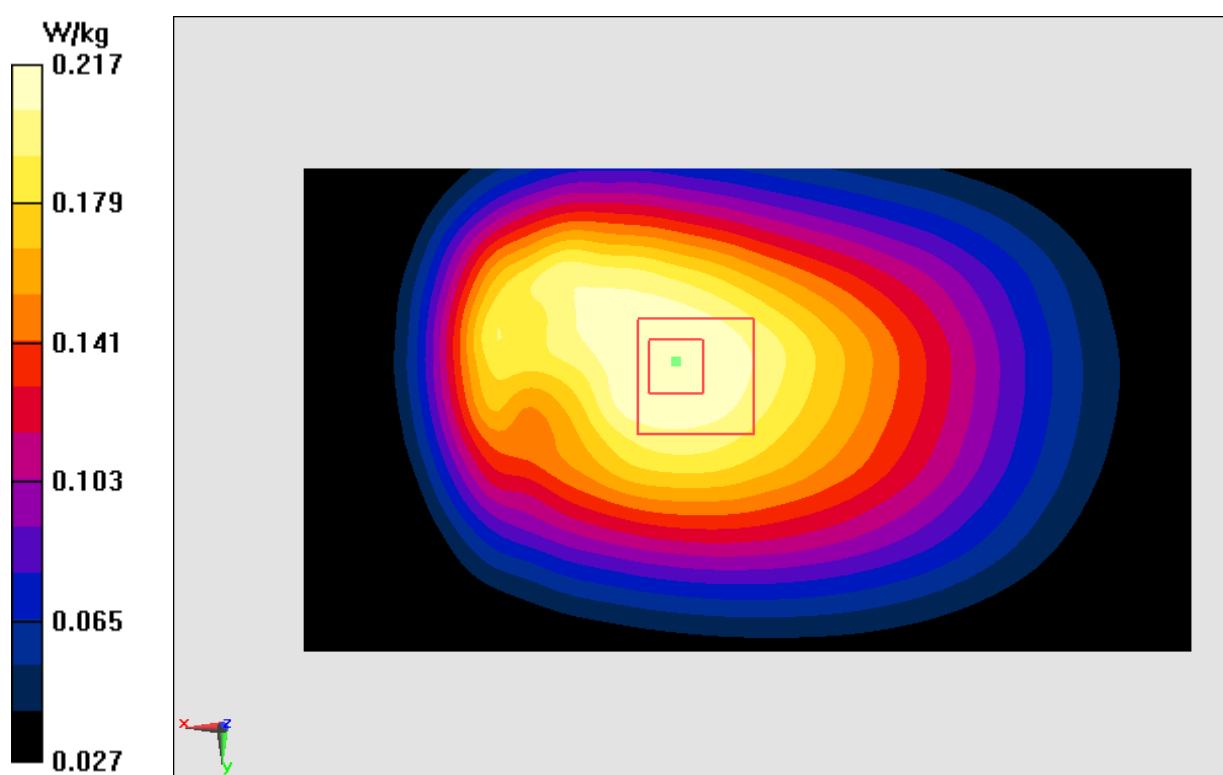
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.255 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 W/kg

**Fig.16 LTE Band12**

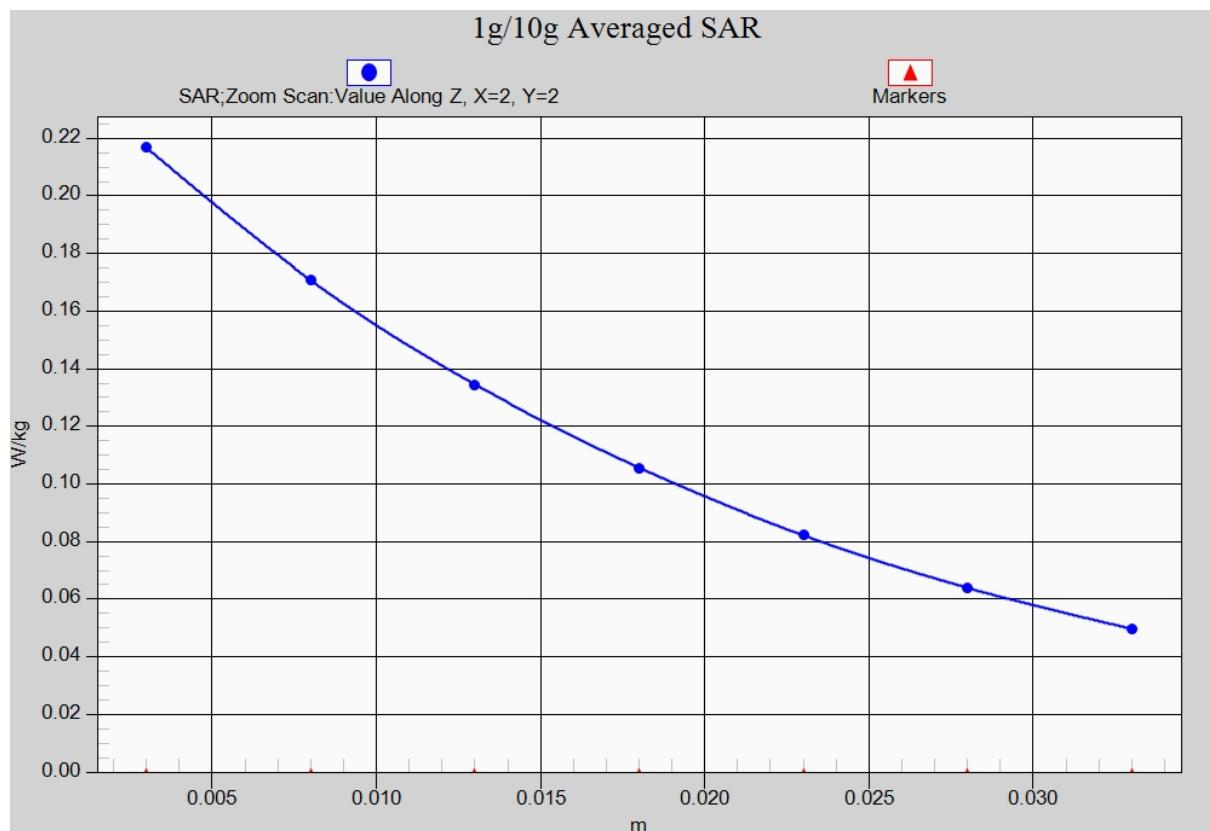


Fig. 16-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band12)

LTE Band13 Left Cheek with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle

Date: 2016-12-8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 782$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.919$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band13 Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.339 W/kg

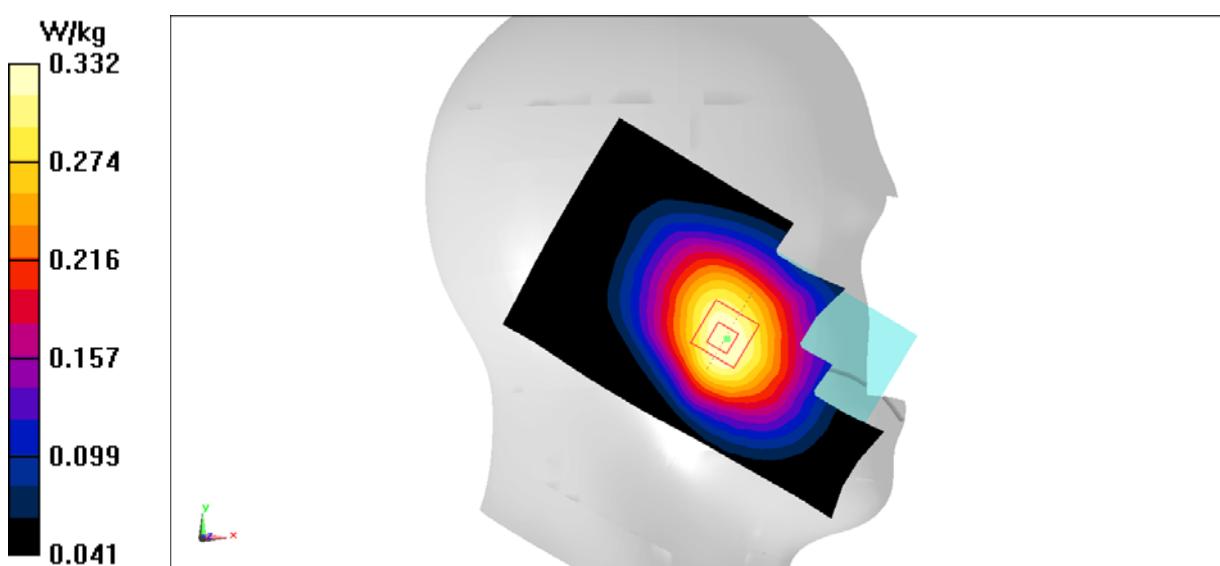
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.820 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.377 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.332 W/kg

**Fig.17 LTE Band13**

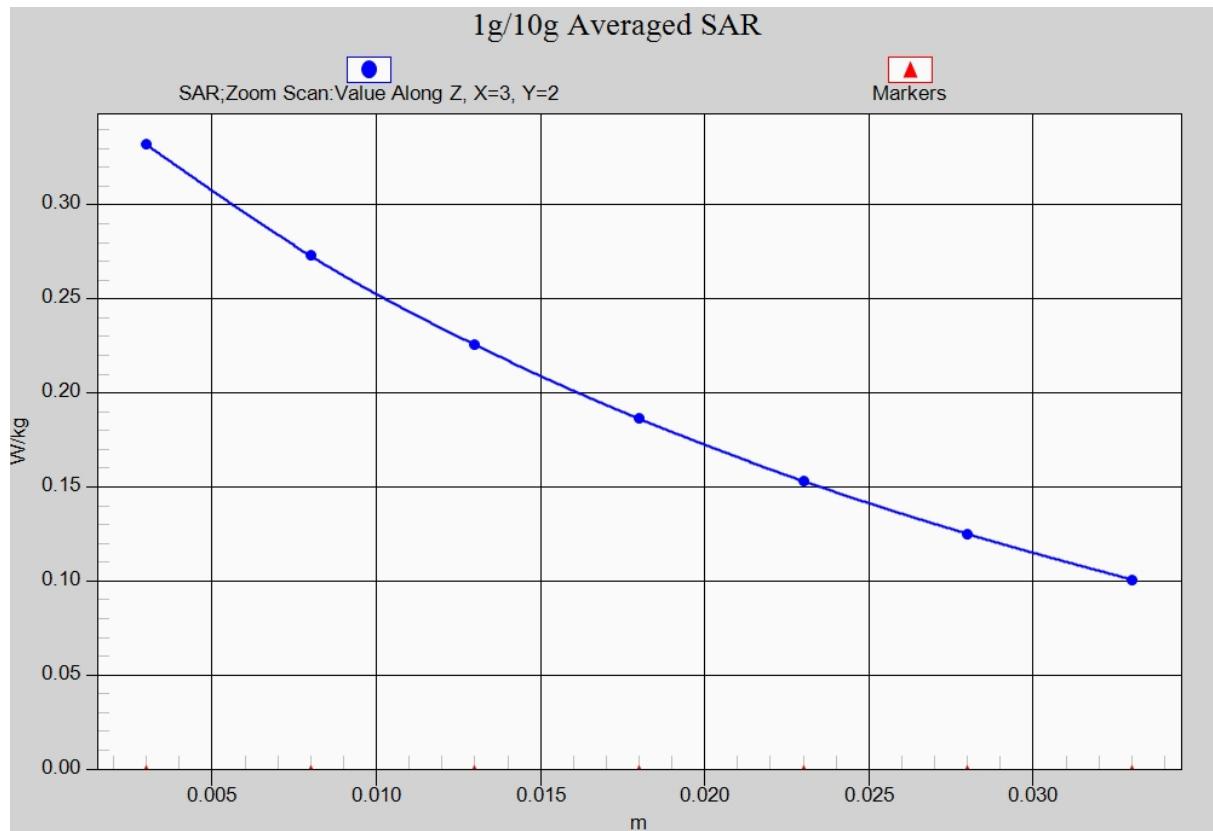


Fig. 17-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band13)

LTE Band13 Body Rear with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle

Date: 2016-12-8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 782$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.947$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band13 Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.611 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.693 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.557 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.432 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.607 W/kg

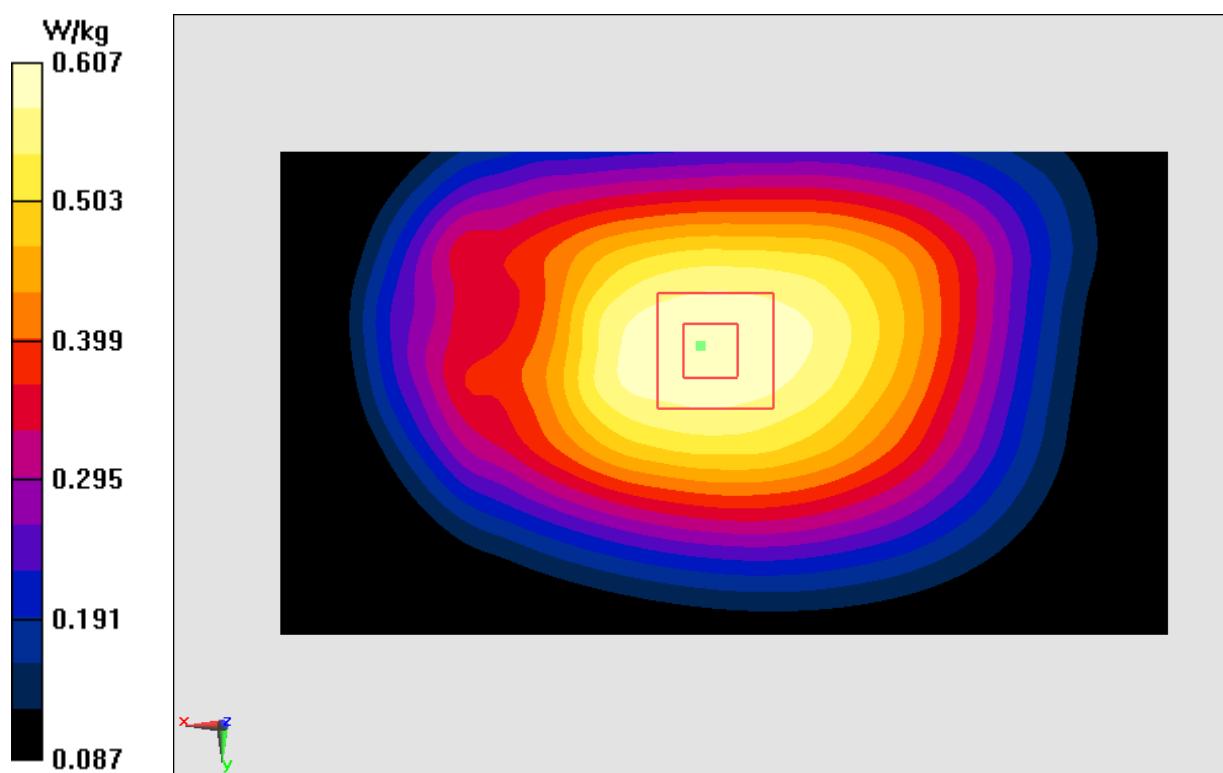


Fig.18 LTE Band13

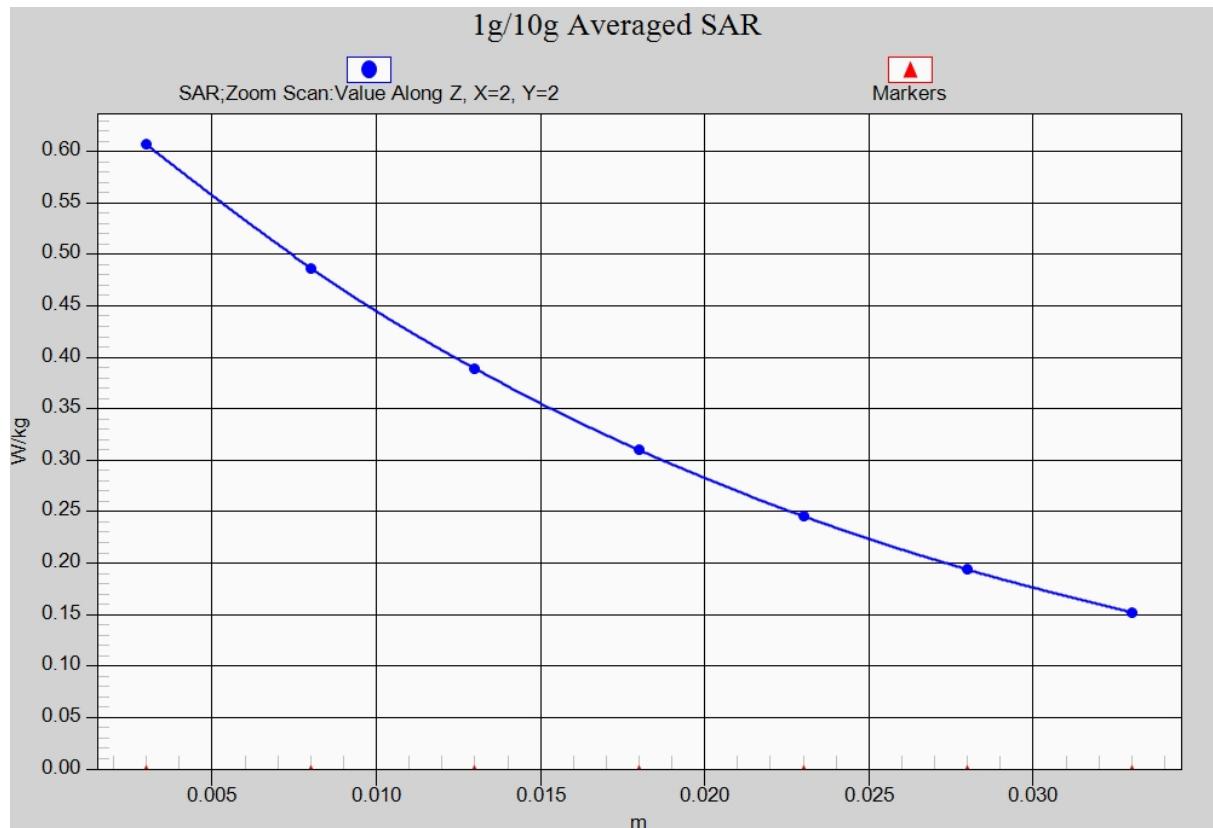


Fig. 18-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band13)

Wifi 802.11b Right Cheek Channel 6

Date: 2016-12-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.768$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.22$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WLan 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24)

Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.437 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.706 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.976 W/kg

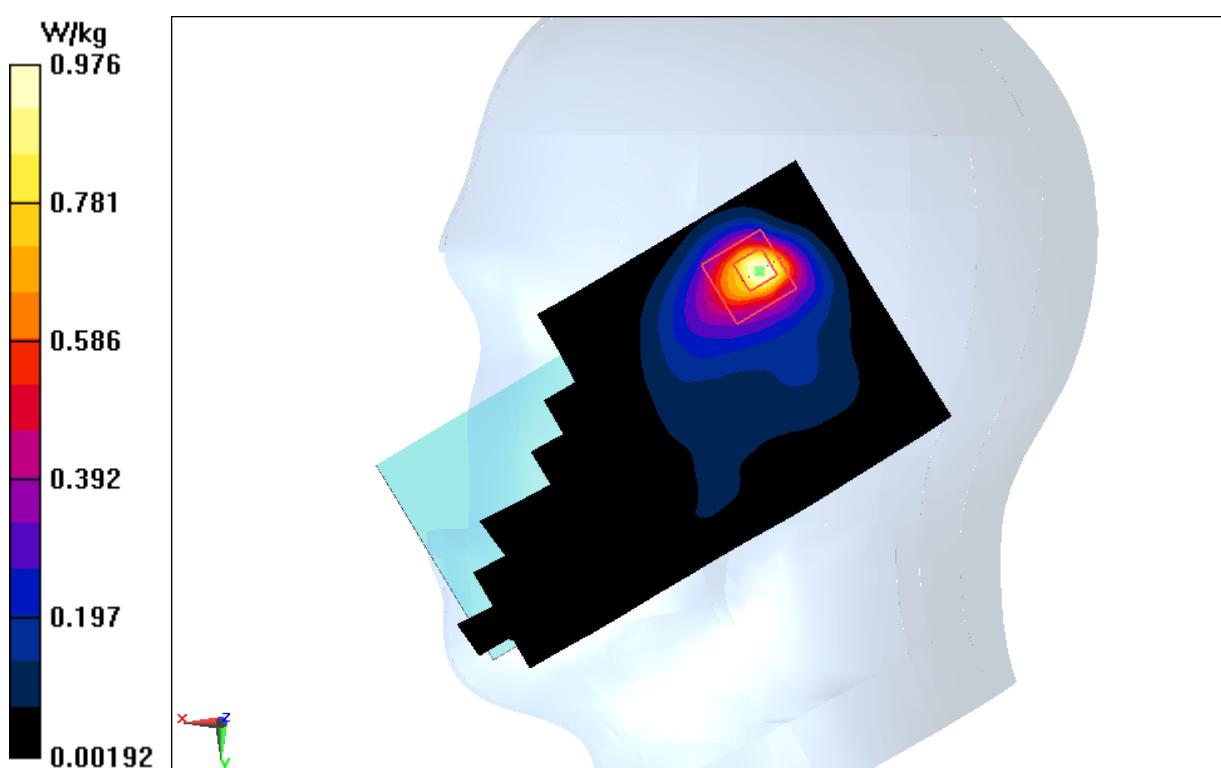


Fig.19 2450 MHz

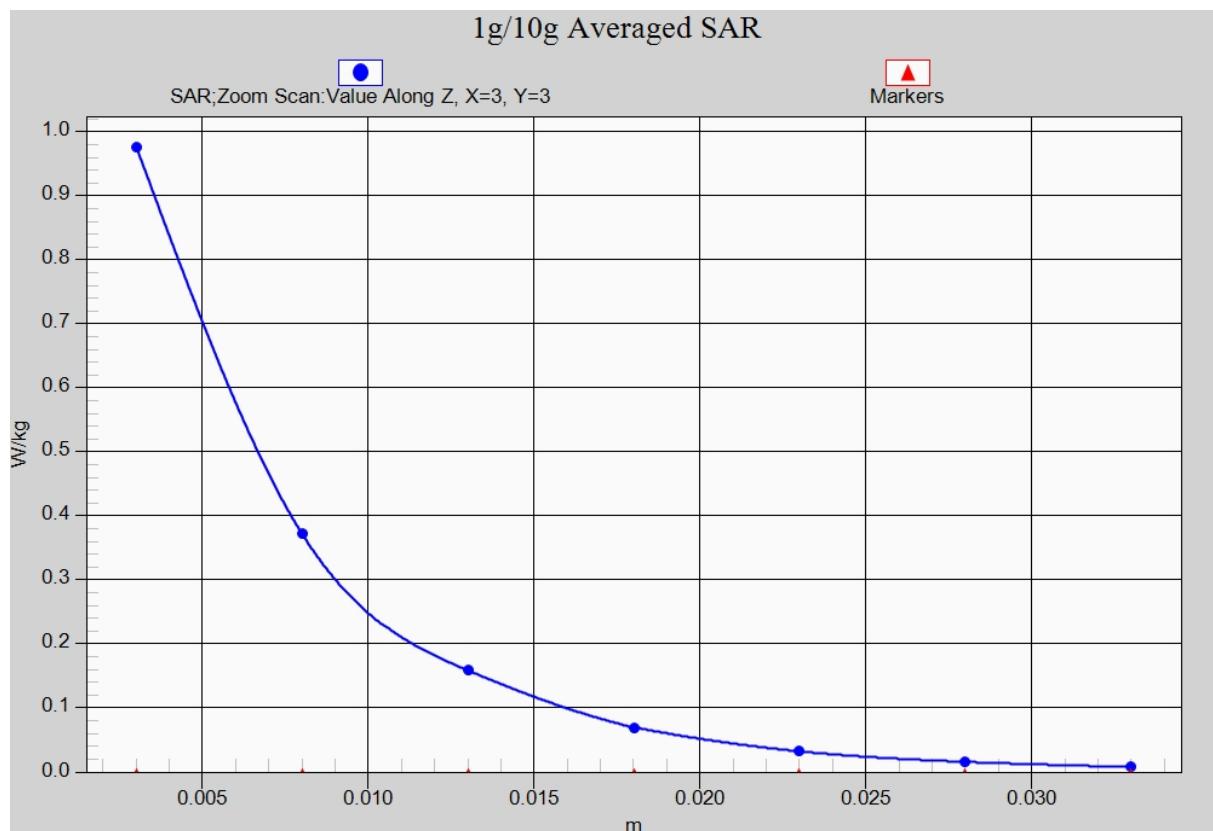


Fig. 19-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (2450 MHz)

Wifi 802.11b Body Rear Channel 6

Date: 2016-12-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.99$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WLan 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22)

Area Scan (151x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.372 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.051 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.537 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.284 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.368 W/kg

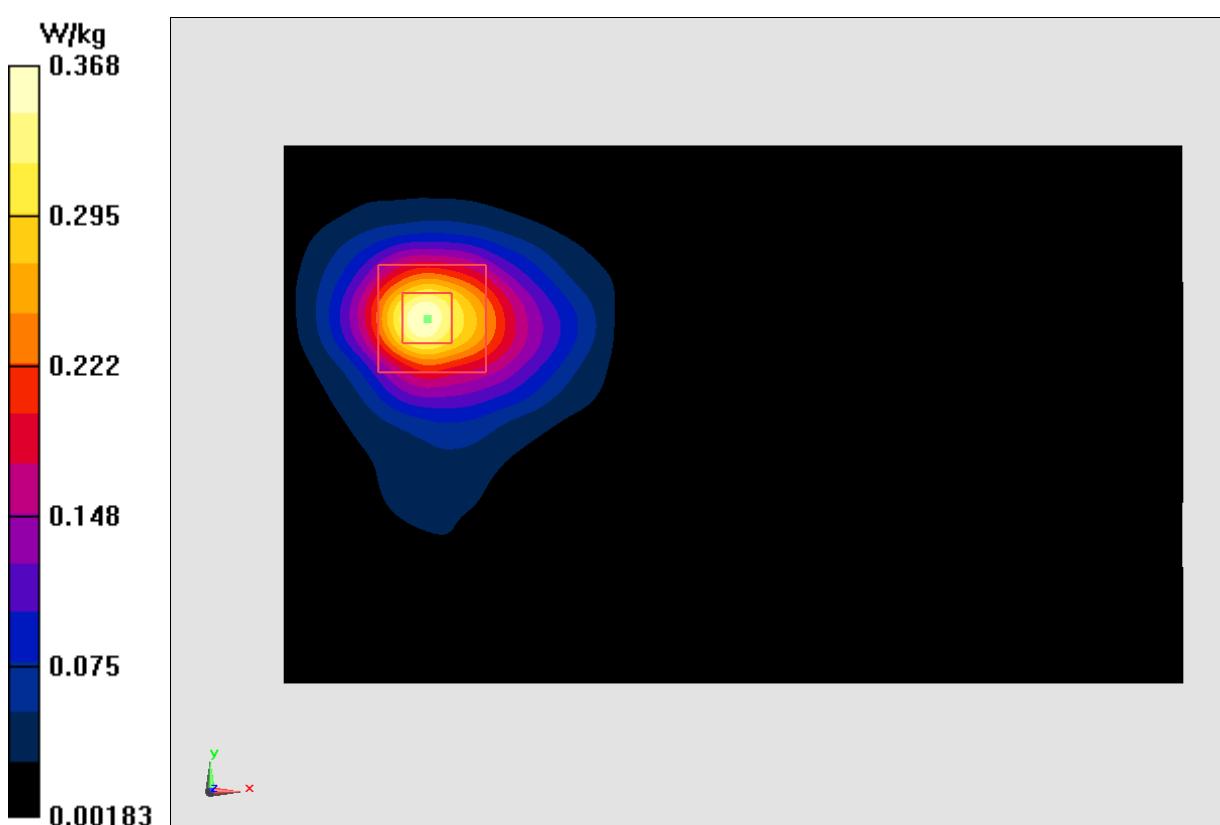


Fig.20 2450 MHz

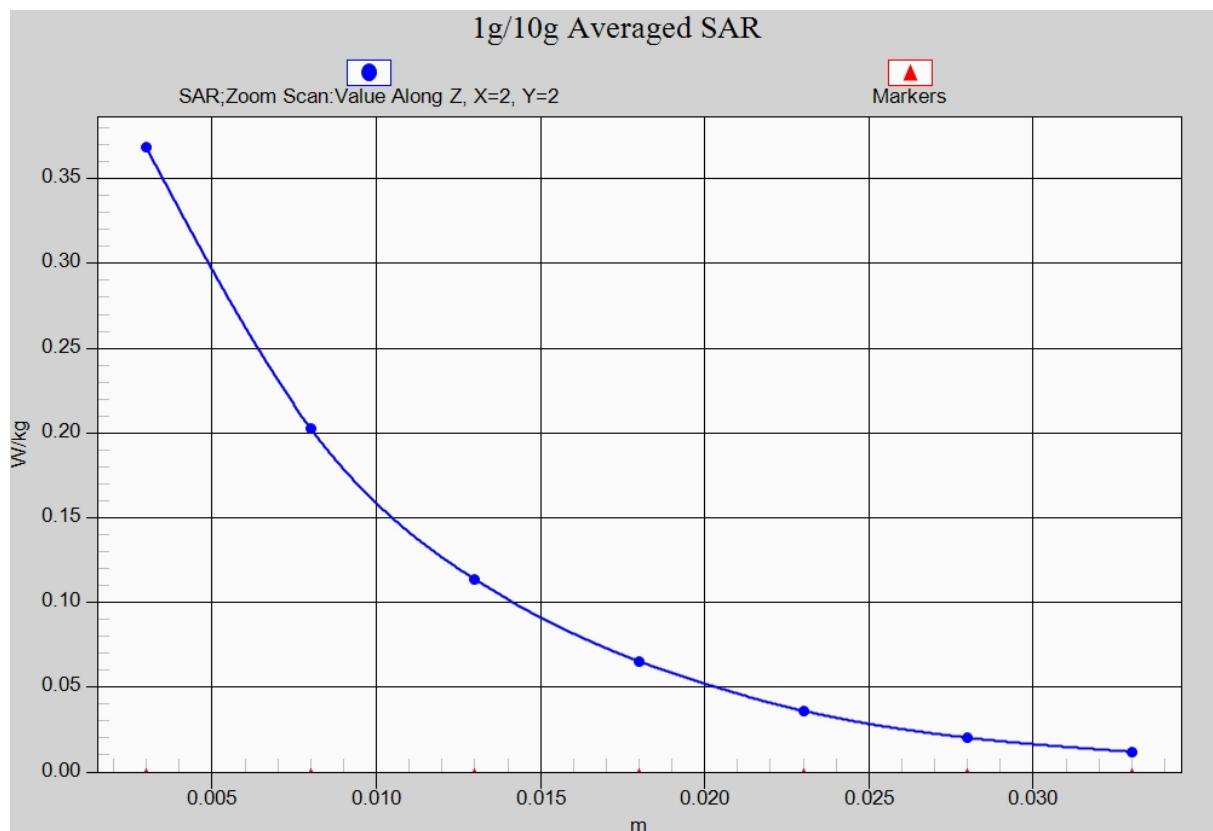


Fig. 20-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (2450 MHz)

WCDMA 1700 Right Cheek High

Date: 2016-12-9

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.357$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.347$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1750 Frequency: 1752.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.565 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.093 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.709 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.470 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.551 W/kg

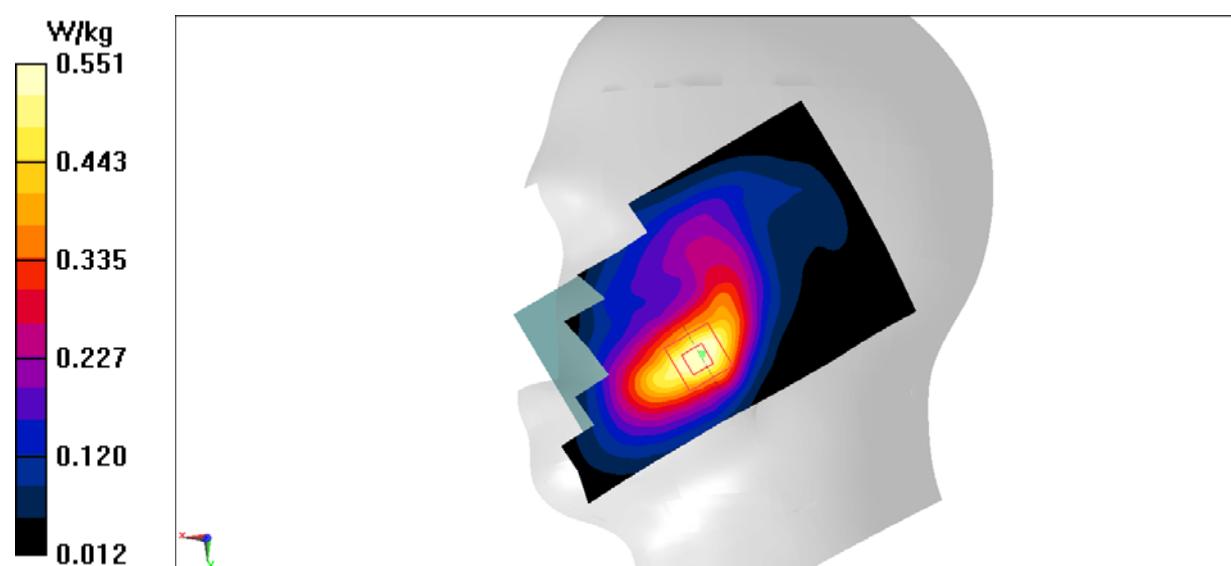


Fig.21 WCDMA1700

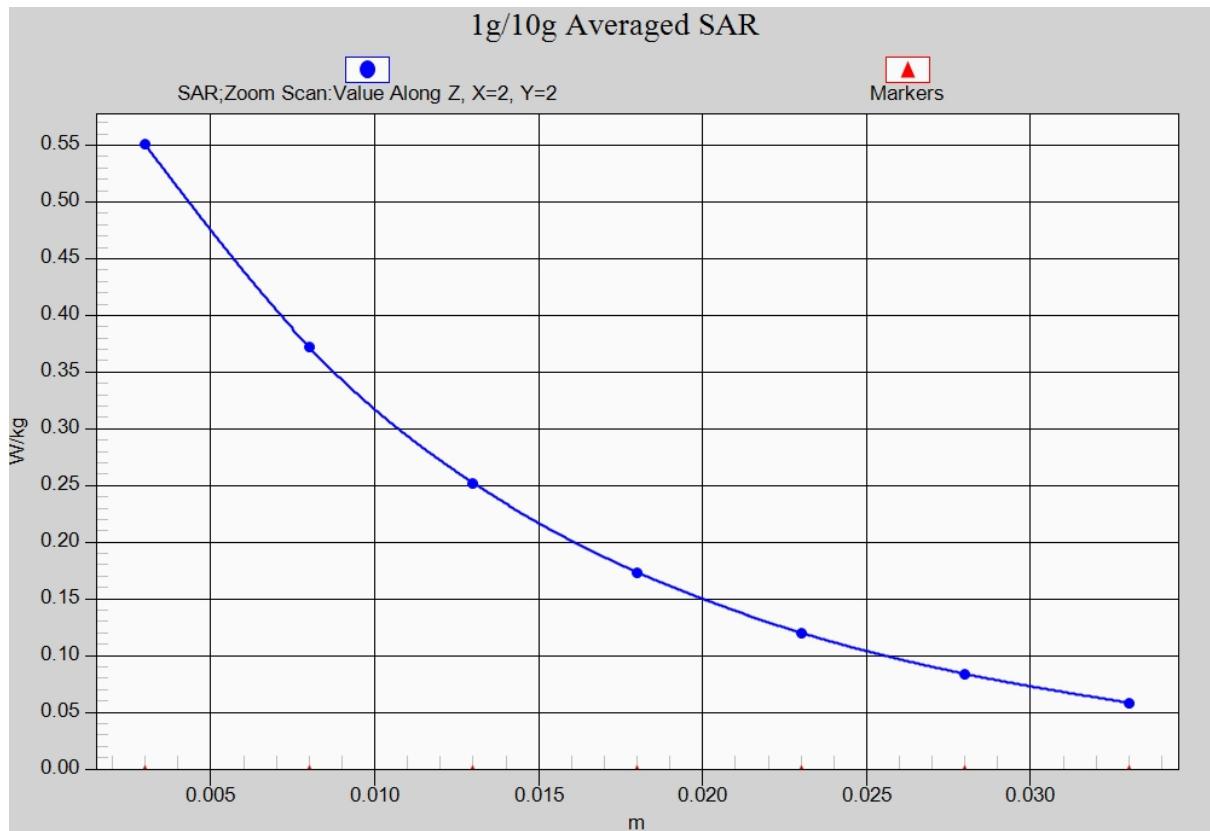


Fig. 21-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1700)

WCDMA 1700 Body Rear High

Date: 2016-12-9

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.478 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.298$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1752.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4- SN7307 ConvF(8.18, 8.18, 8.18)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.755 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.608 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.727 W/kg

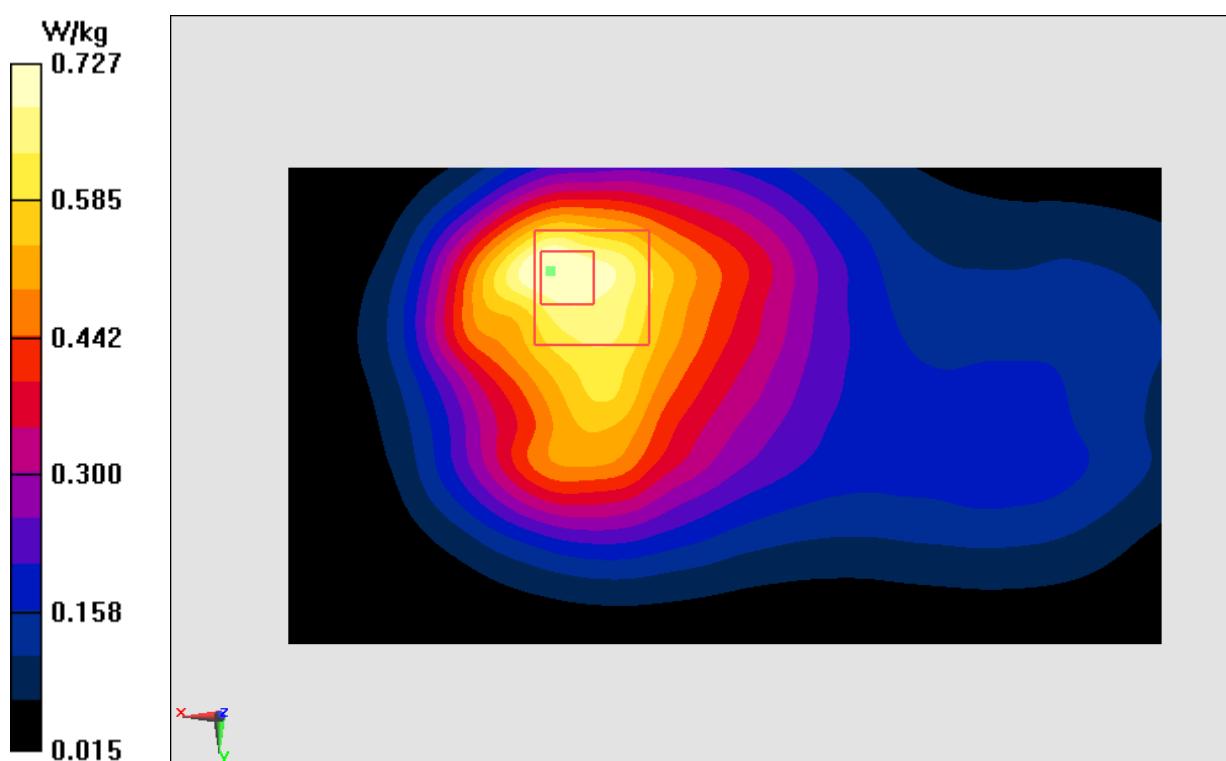


Fig.22 WCDMA1700

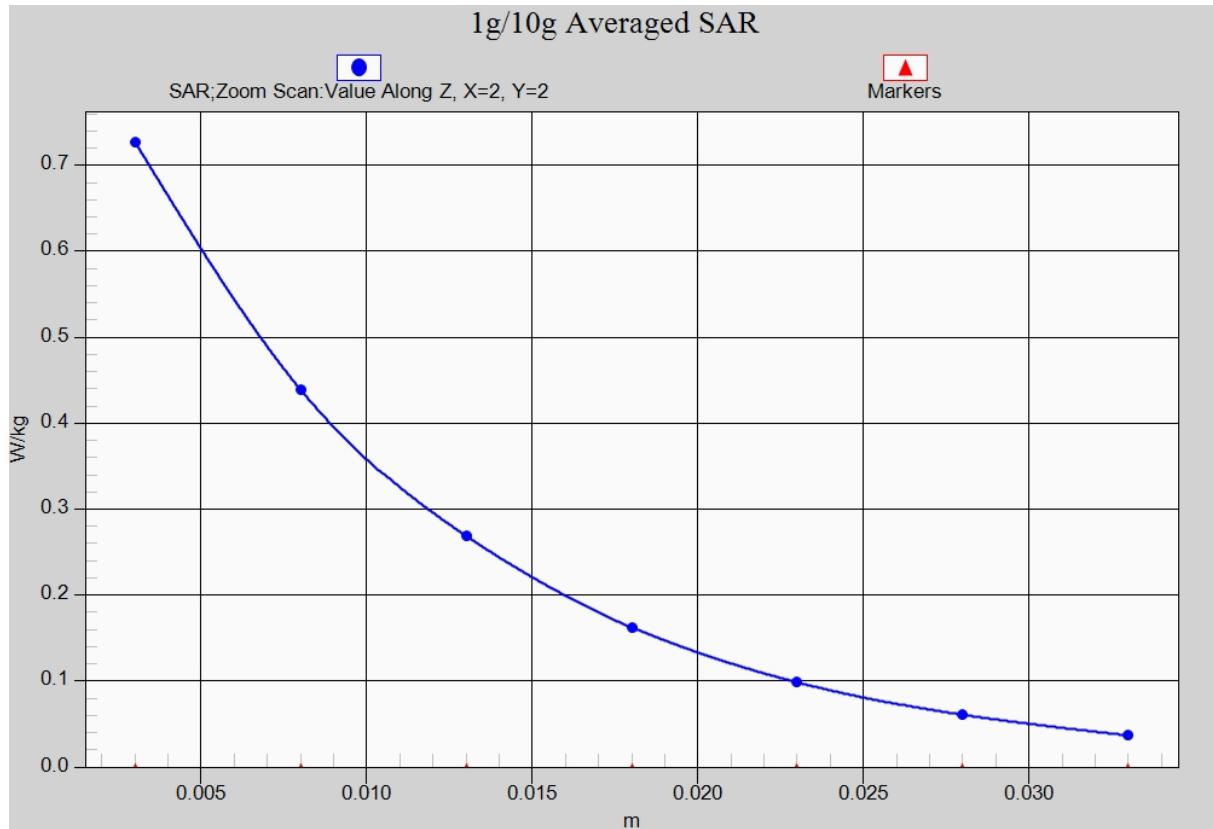


Fig. 22-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1700)

ANNEX B System Verification Results

750MHz

Date: 2016-12-8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.906 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.59$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4- SN7307 ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 50.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 2.16 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 1.43 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.32 W/kg

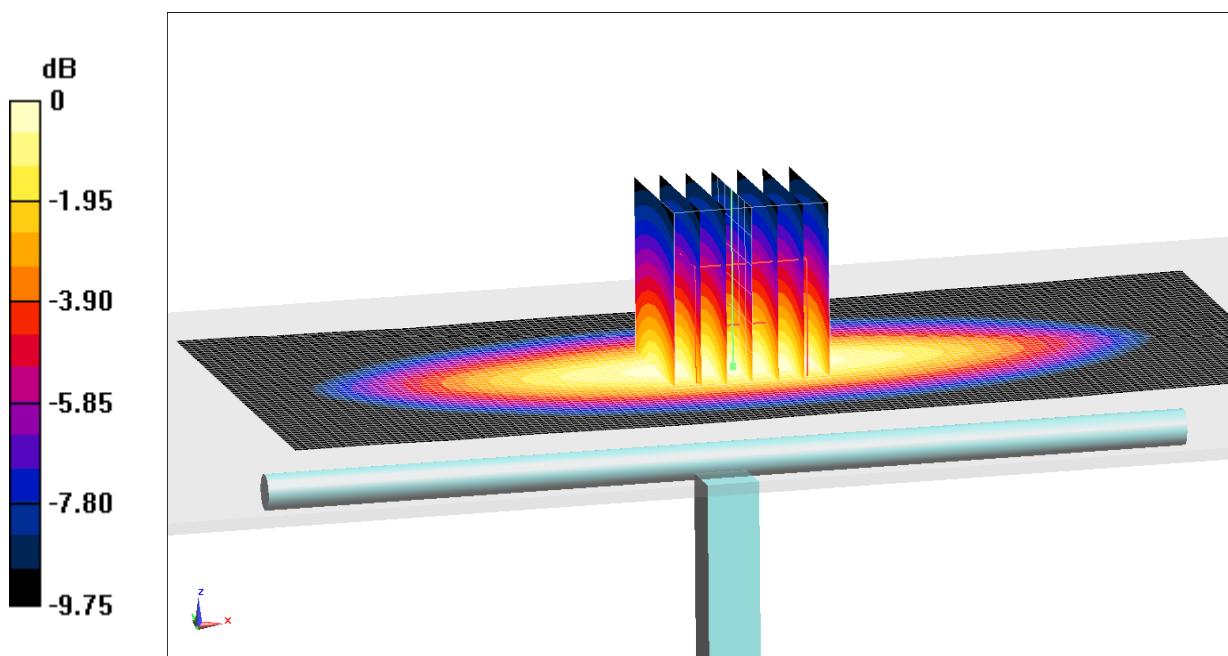
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 50.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.28 W/kg



0 dB = 2.28 W/kg = 3.58 dB W/kg

Fig.B.1 validation 750MHz 250mW

750MHz

Date: 2016-12-8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.931 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 50.402 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 2.19 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 1.43 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.27 W/kg

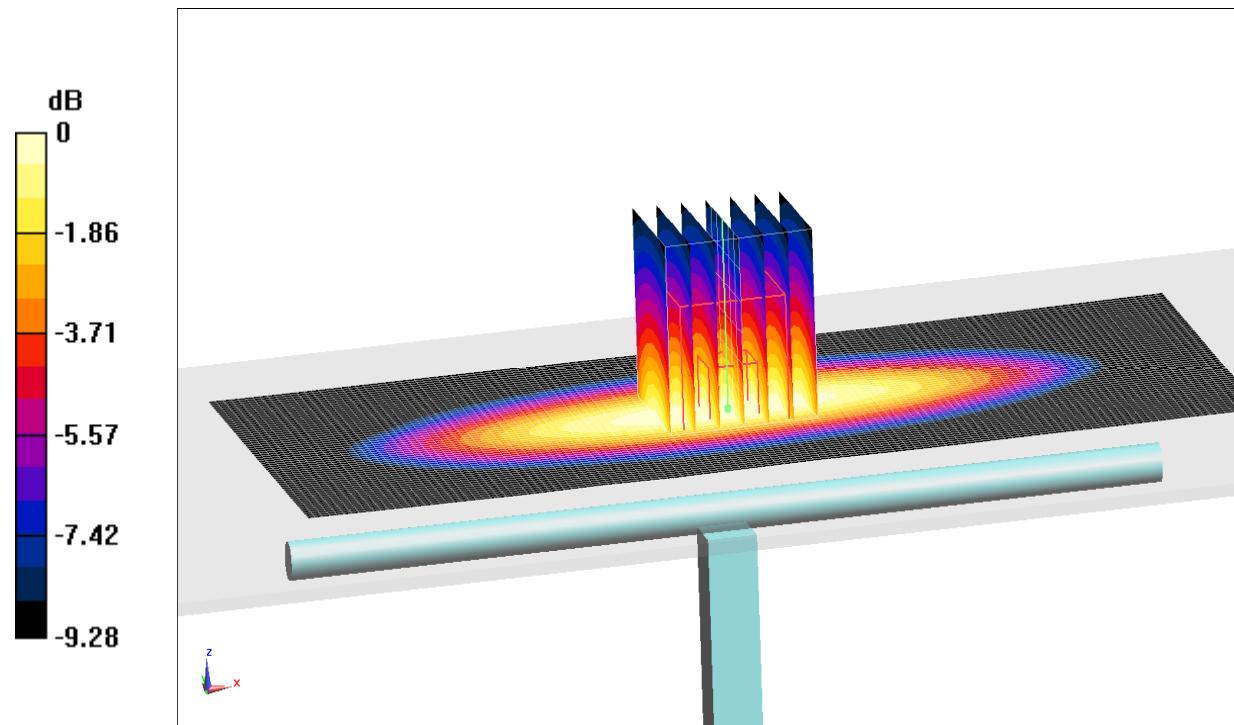
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 50.402 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.25 W/kg



0 dB = $2.25 \text{ W/kg} = 3.52 \text{ dB W/kg}$

Fig.B.2 validation 750MHz 250mW

835MHz

Date: 2016-12-6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.885 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.83$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x161x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 52.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 2.34 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 1.54 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.61 W/kg

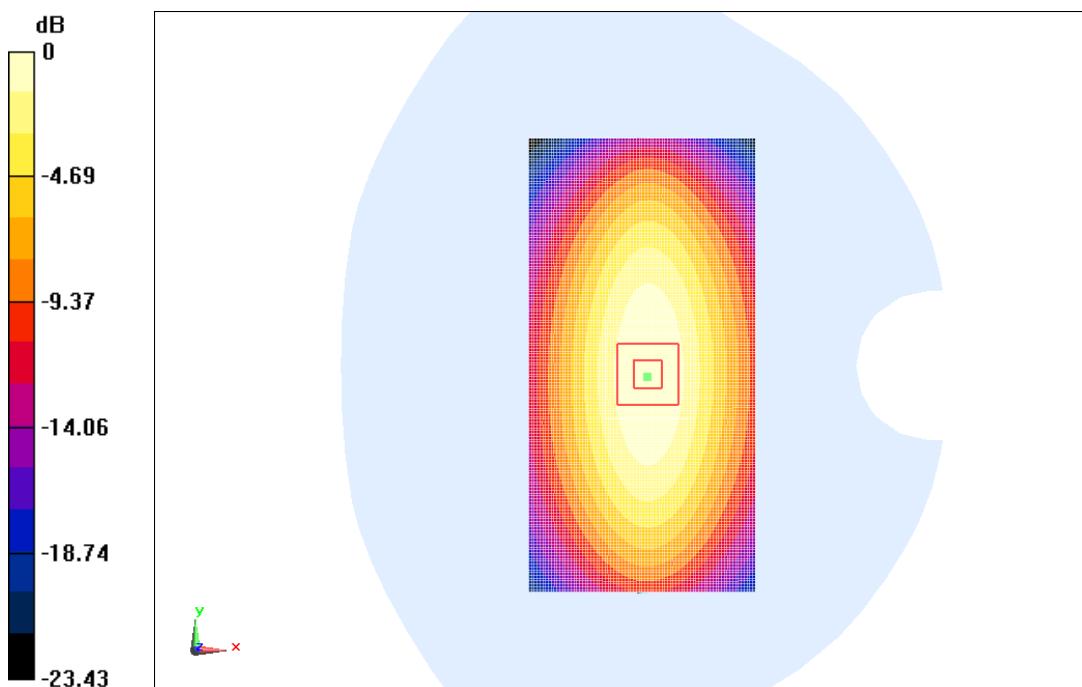
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 W/kg



$0 \text{ dB} = 2.64 \text{ W/kg} = 4.22 \text{ dBW/kg}$

Fig.B.3 validation 835MHz 250mW

835MHz

Date: 2016-12-6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.942 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.31$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x171x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 52.871 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 2.45 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 1.61 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.61 W/kg

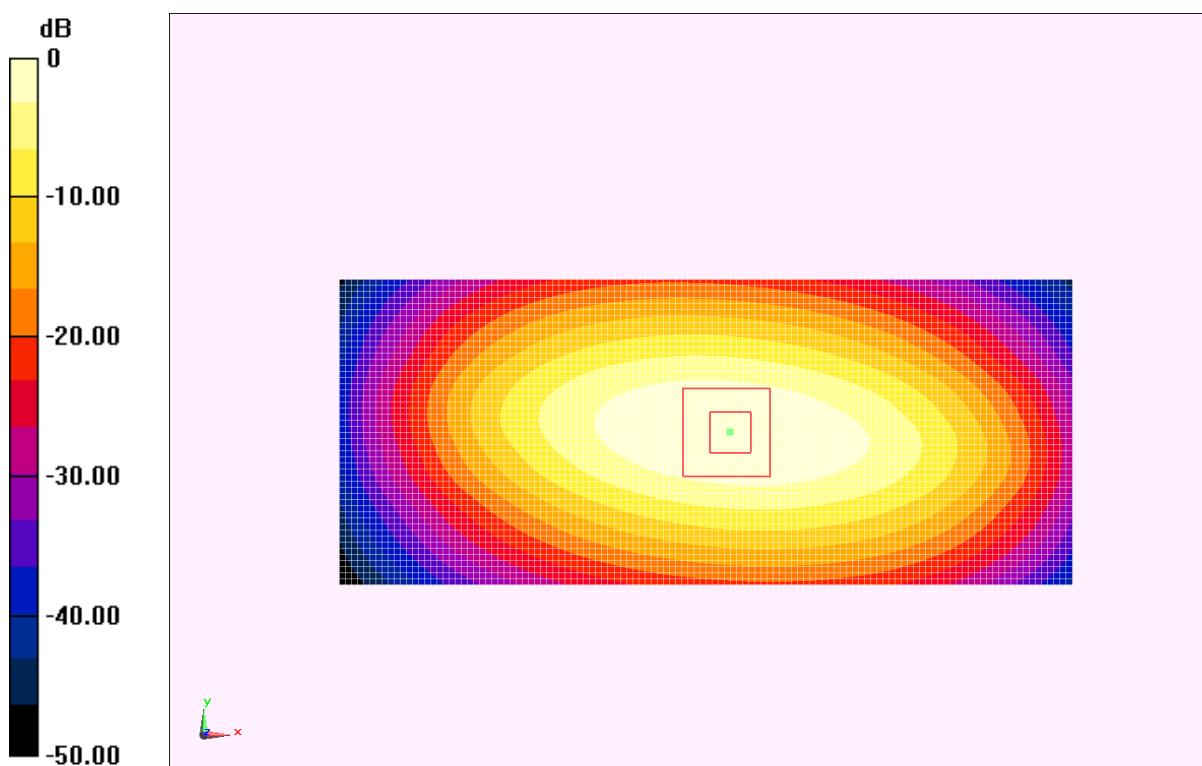
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.871 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.63 W/kg



0 dB = 2.63 W/kg = 4.20 dBW/kg

Fig.B.4 validation 835MHz 250mW

1750MHz

Date: 2016-12-9

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f=1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.355$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 92.144 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.4 W/kg

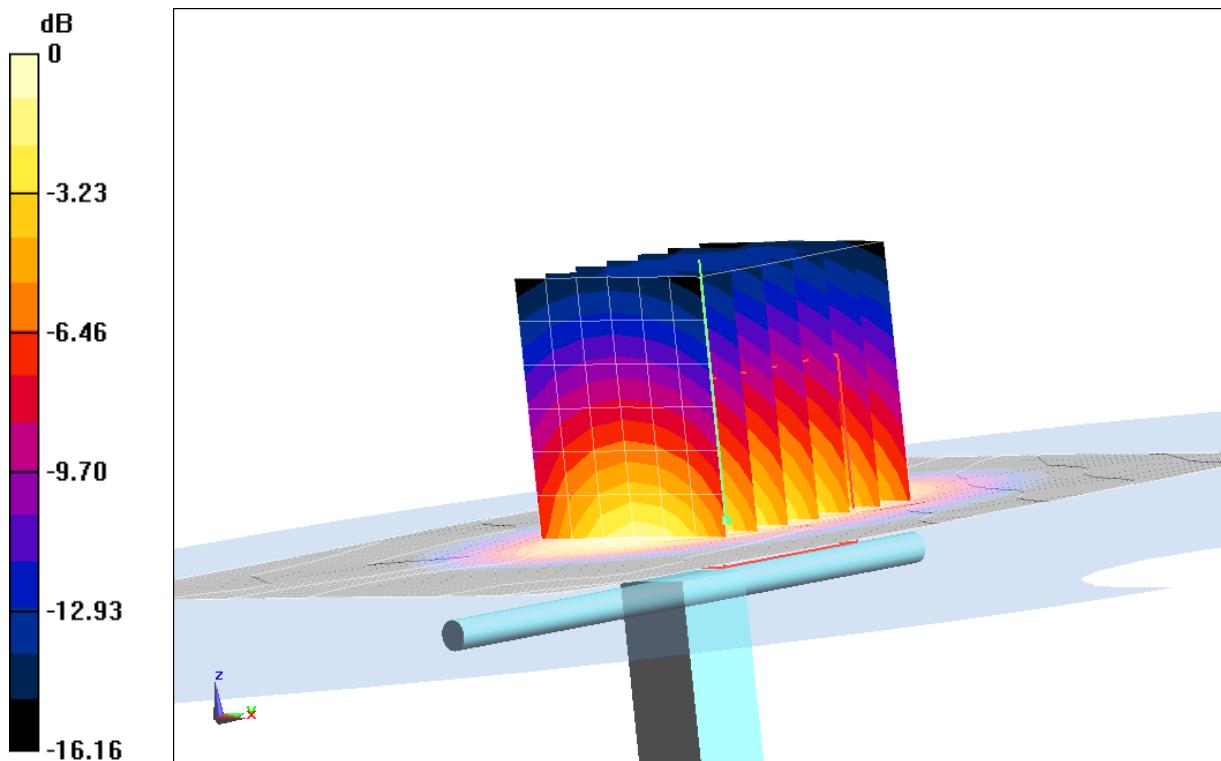
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.144 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 10.3 \text{ W/kg} = 10.13 \text{ dB W/kg}$$

Fig.B.5 validation 1750MHz 250mW

1750MHz

Date: 2016-12-9

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f=1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(8.18, 8.18, 8.18)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 96.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.86 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.2 W/kg

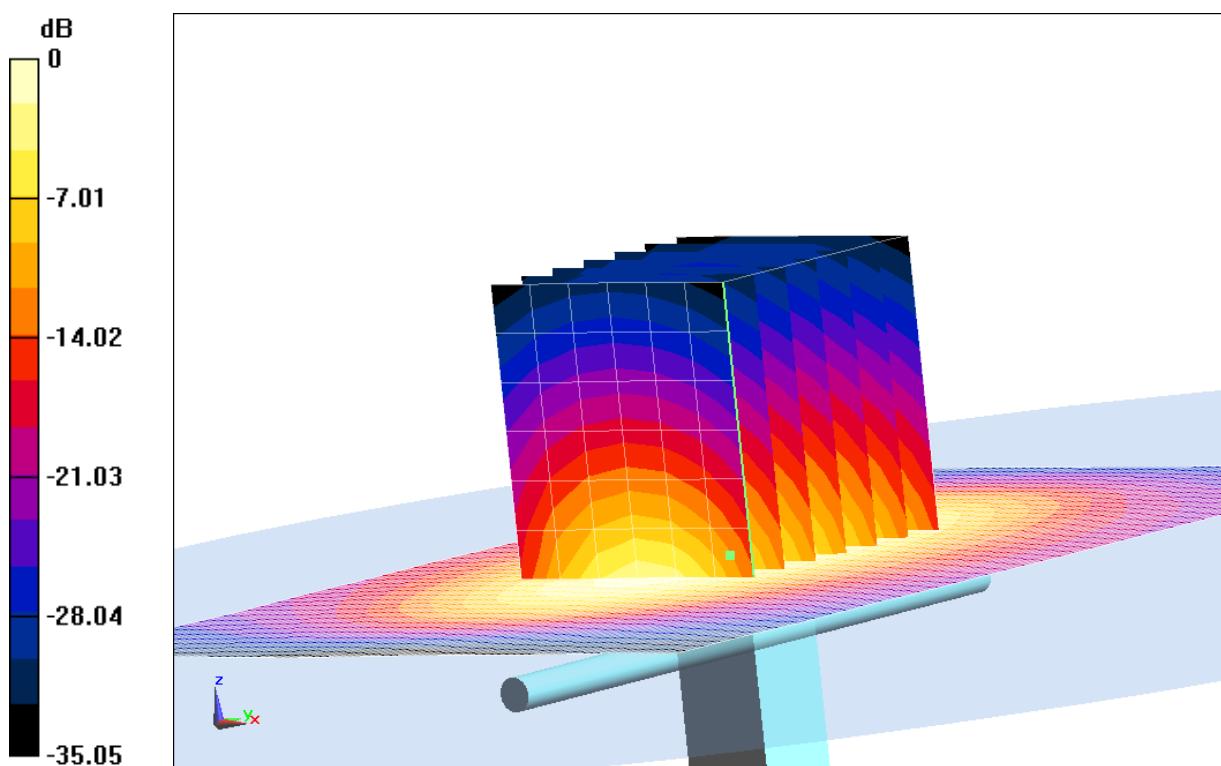
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.95 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 W/kg



0 dB = 10.3 W/kg = 10.13 dB W/kg

Fig.B.6 validation 1750MHz 250mW

1900MHz

Date: 2016-12-7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.385 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.85$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(8.10, 8.10, 8.10)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 91.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 10.7 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 5.63 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.1 W/kg

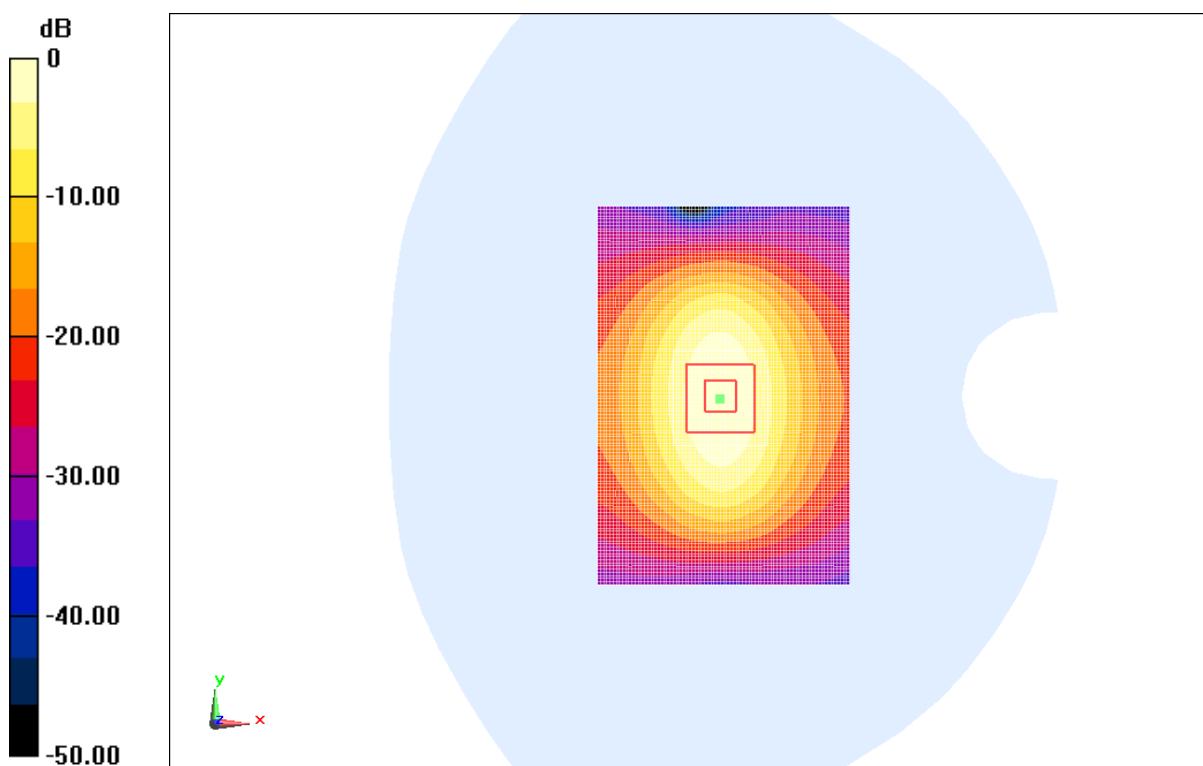
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 91.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 11.9 \text{ W/kg} = 10.76 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.7 validation 1900MHz 250mW

1900MHz

Date: 2016-12-7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.74$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67)

System validation /Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 59.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 10.4 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 5.53 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.5 W/kg

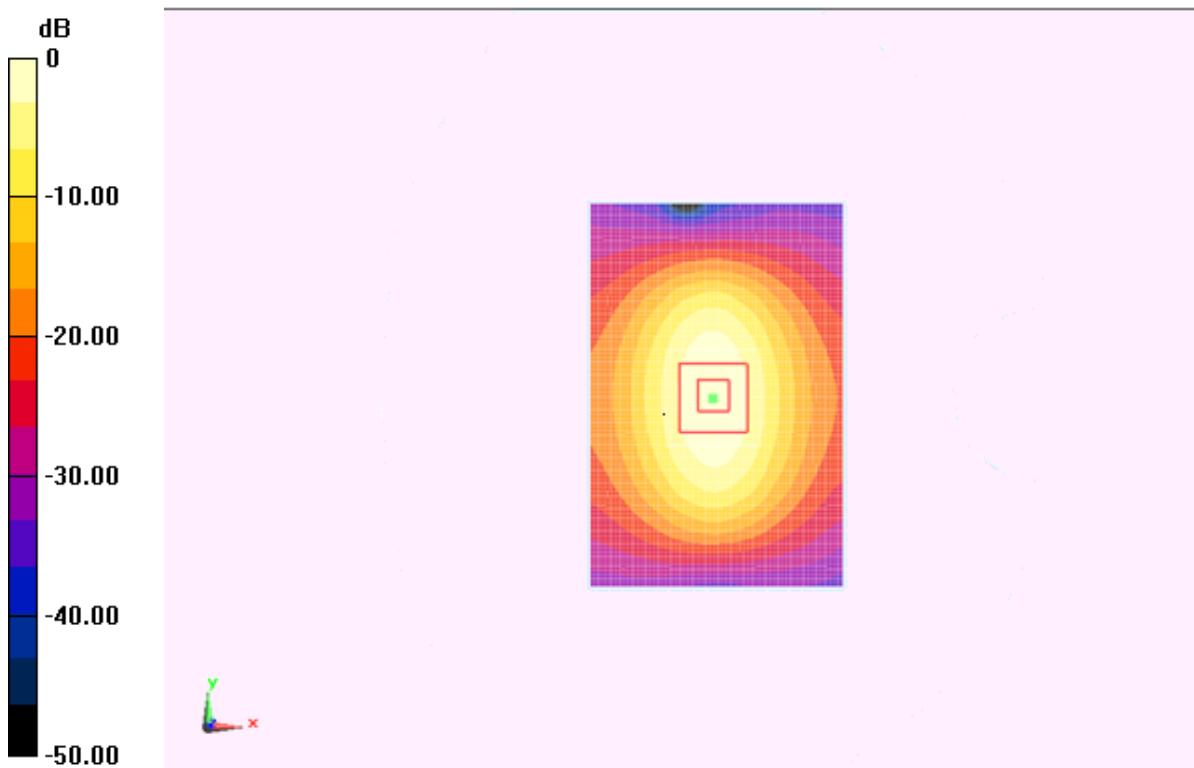
System validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 59.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 12.3 \text{ W/kg} = 10.90 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.8 validation 1900MHz 250mW

2450MHz

Date: 2016-12-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.16$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36)

System Validation /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 91.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.6 W/kg

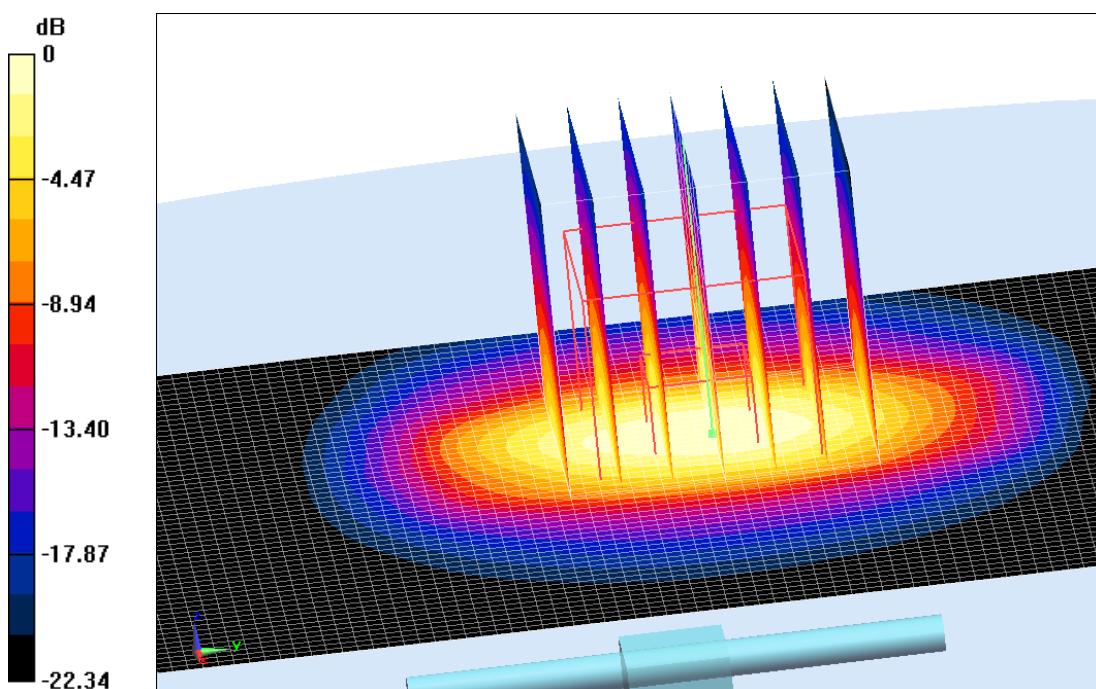
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 91.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.5 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 16.5 \text{ W/kg} = 12.17 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.9 validation 2450MHz 250mW

2450MHz

Date: 2016-12-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.956 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.96$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 90.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.3 W/kg

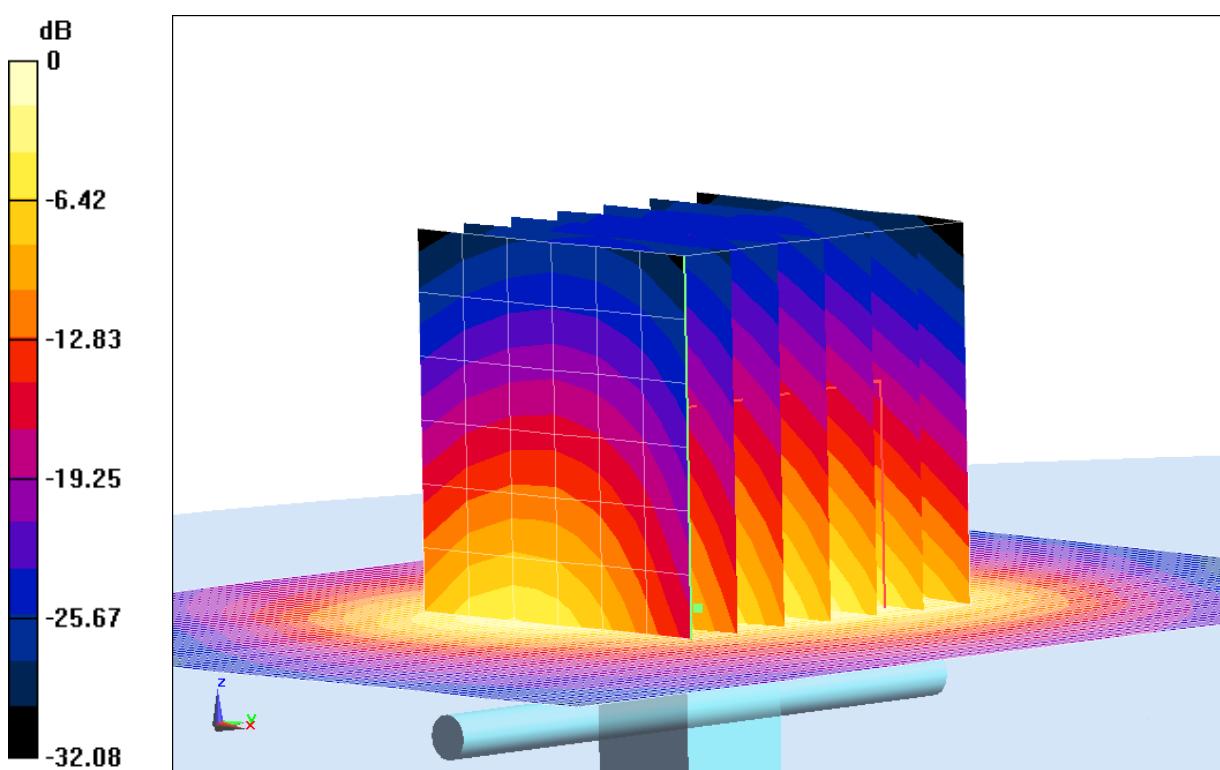
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 90.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 14.5 \text{ W/kg} = 11.61 \text{ dB W/kg}$$

Fig.B.10 validation 2450MHz 250mW

2600MHz

Date: 2016-12-10

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.924 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21)

System Validation/Area Scan(81x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 81.134 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.6 W/kg

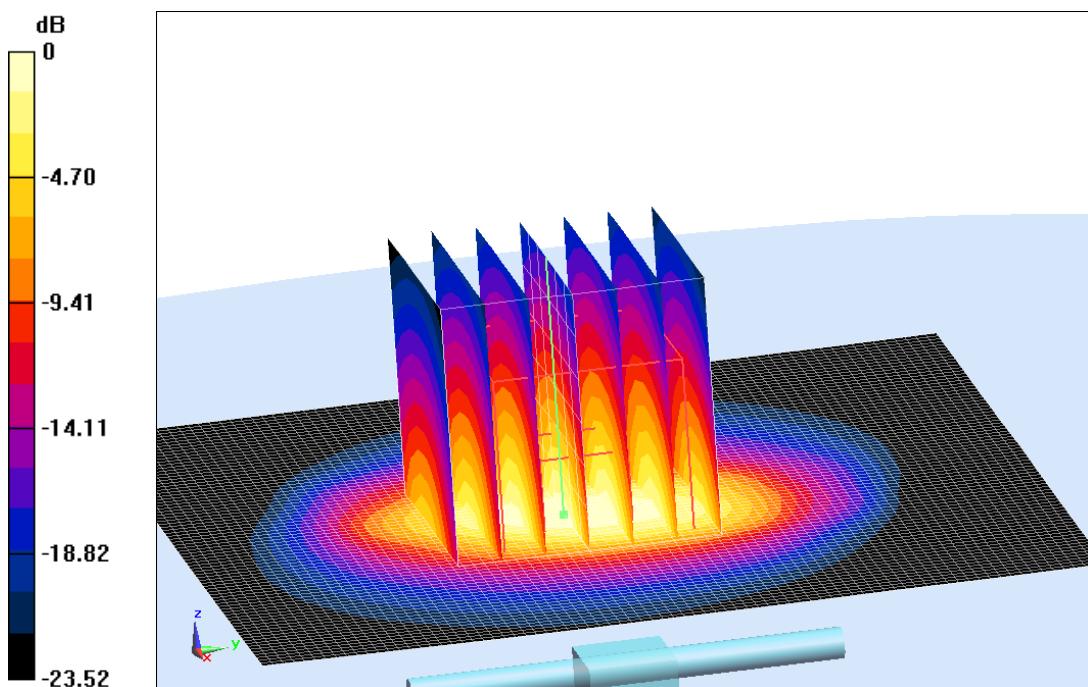
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 81.134 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.47 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.5 W/kg



0 dB = 22.5 W/kg = 13.52 dBW/kg

Fig.B.11 validation 2600MHz 250mW

2600MHz

Date: 2016-12-10

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.165 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.62$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03)

System Validation /Area Scan(81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 84.506 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.8 W/kg

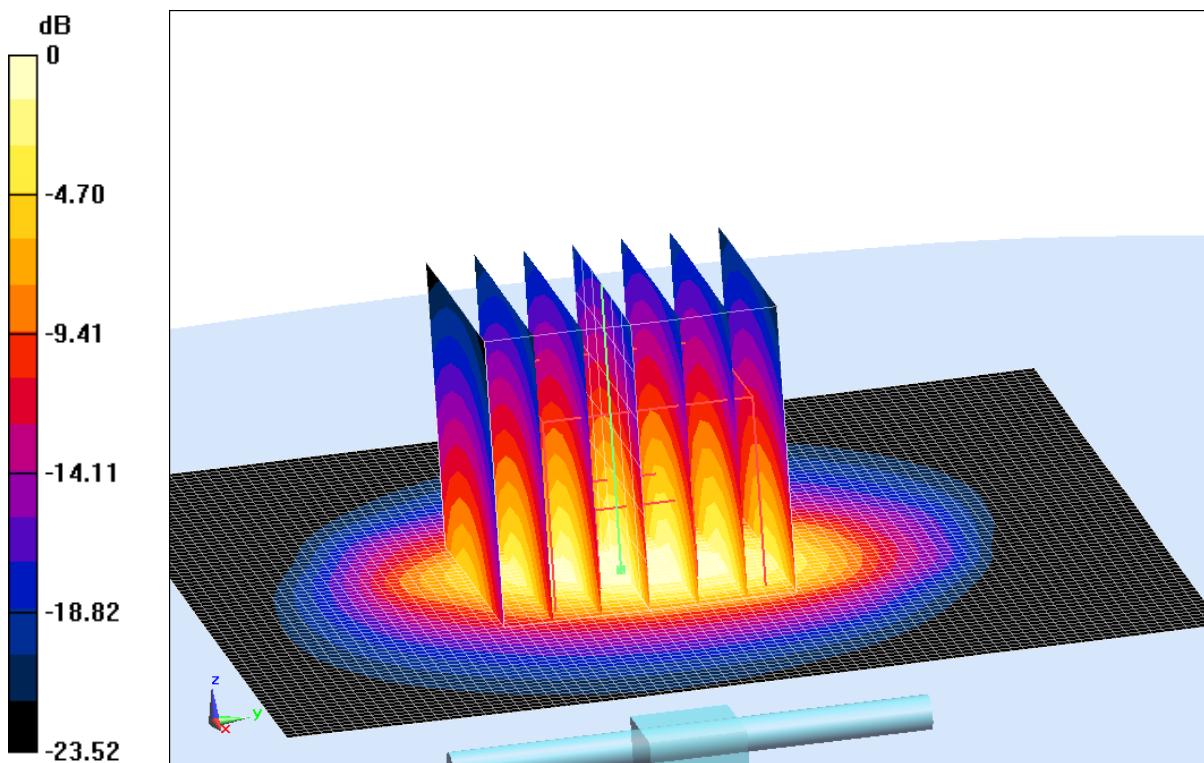
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.506 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 22.6 \text{ W/kg} = 13.54 \text{ dB W/kg}$$

Fig.B.12 validation 2600MHz 250mW

The SAR system verification must be required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR.

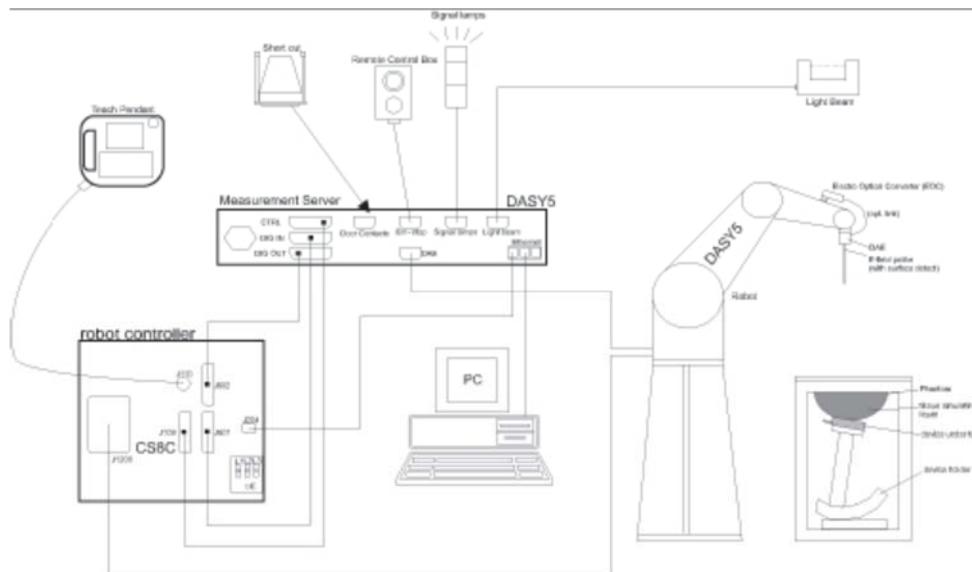
Table B.1 Comparison between area scan and zoom scan for system verification

Date	Band	Position	Area scan (1g)	Zoom scan (1g)	Drift (%)
2016-12-8	750	Head	2.16	2.12	1.89
	750	Body	2.19	2.16	1.39
2016-12-6	835	Head	2.34	2.38	-1.68
	835	Body	2.45	2.47	-0.81
2016-12-9	1750	Head	9.41	9.31	1.07
	1750	Body	9.24	9.33	-0.96
2016-12-7	1900	Head	10.7	10.5	1.90
	1900	Body	10.4	10.2	1.96
2016-12-11	2450	Head	13.4	13.3	0.75
	2450	Body	12.7	12.9	-1.55
2016-12-10	2600	Head	14.5	14.4	0.69
	2600	Body	14.2	14	1.43

ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model:	ES3DV3, EX3DV4
Frequency	10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4)
Range:	10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)
Calibration:	In head and body simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4 ± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg — 100W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip	
Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center:	1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

Picture C.3E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed



Picture C.2Near-field Probe



Picture C.3E-field Probe

in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MΩ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE

C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90XL; DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5DASY 4



Picture C.6DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (dasy4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.7 Server for DASY 4

Picture C.8 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

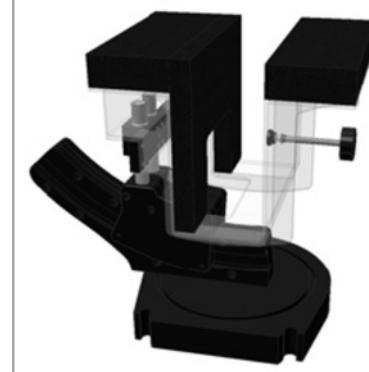
The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C.9-1: Device Holder



Picture C.9-2: Laptop Extension Kit

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: $2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Available: Special

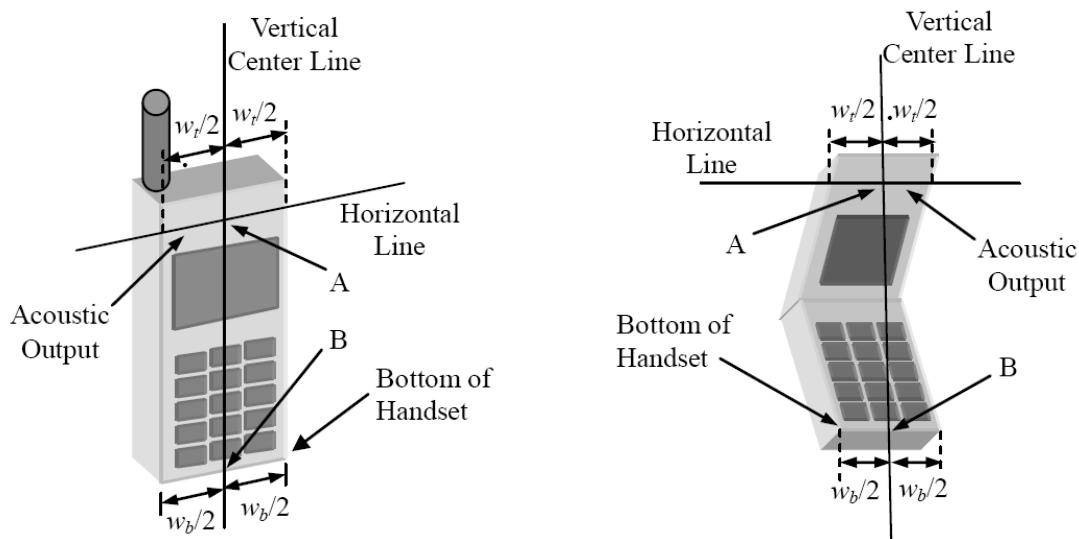


Picture C.10: SAM Twin Phantom

ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

D.1 General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the “cheek” position and the “tilt” position.



w_t

Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

w_b

Width of the bottom of the handset

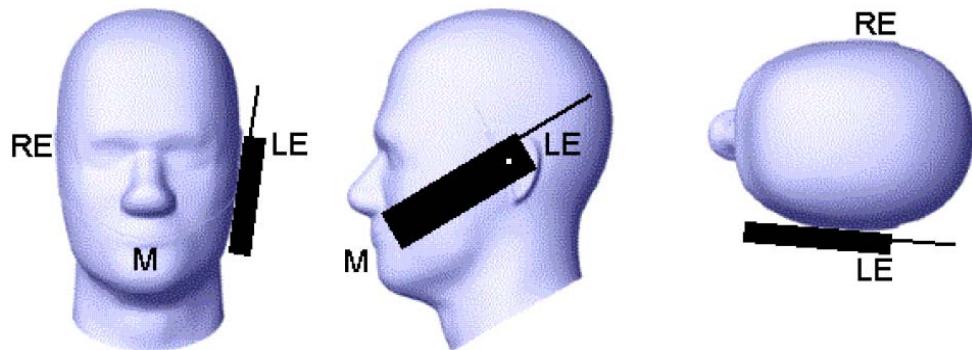
A

Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

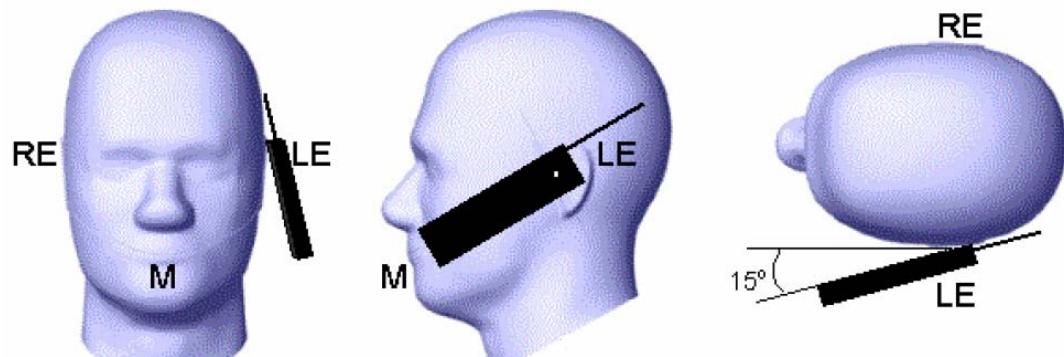
B

Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture D.1-a Typical “fixed” case handset Picture D.1-b Typical “clam-shell” case handset



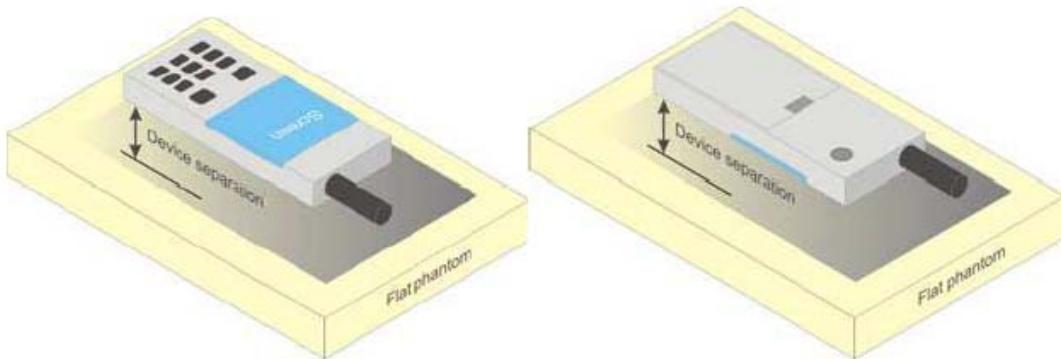
Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

D.2 Body-worn device

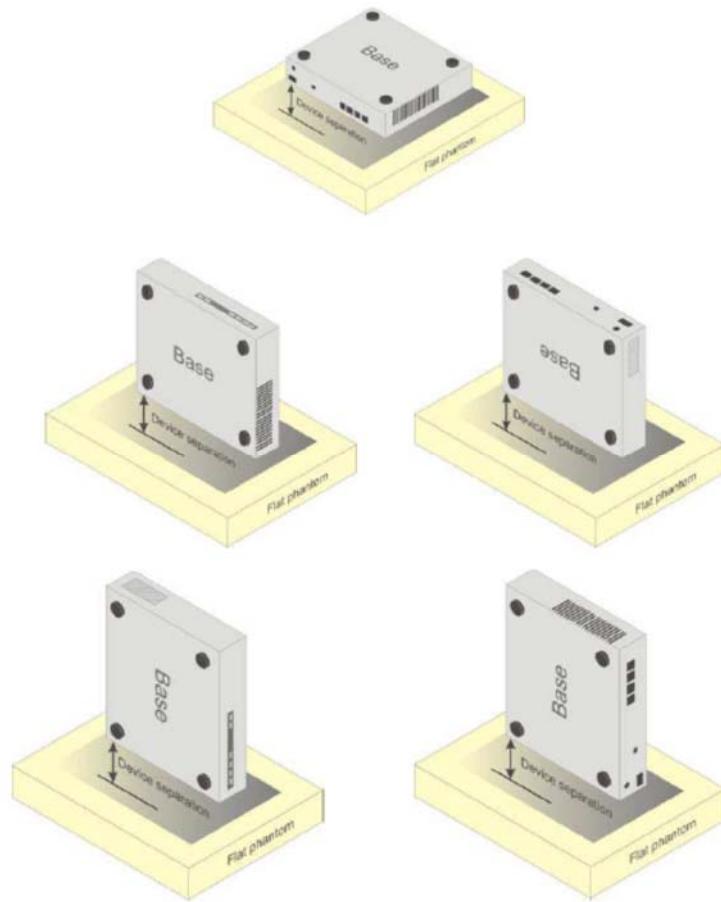
A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.

**Picture D.4 Test positions for body-worn devices**

D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.



Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

D.4 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.6

ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	835Head	835Body	1900 Head	1900 Body	2450 Head	2450 Body	5800 Head	5800 Body
Ingredients (% by weight)								
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	\	\
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\	\	\
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Glycol Monobutyl	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22	\	\
Diethylenglycol monohexylether	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Triton X-100	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	$\epsilon=41.5$ $\sigma=0.90$	$\epsilon=55.2$ $\sigma=0.97$	$\epsilon=40.0$ $\sigma=1.40$	$\epsilon=53.3$ $\sigma=1.52$	$\epsilon=39.2$ $\sigma=1.80$	$\epsilon=52.7$ $\sigma=1.95$	$\epsilon=35.3$ $\sigma=5.27$	$\epsilon=48.2$ $\sigma=6.00$

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.

ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.1: System Validation for 7307

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
7307	Head 750MHz	Mar.15,2016	750 MHz	OK
7307	Head 850MHz	Mar.15,2016	850 MHz	OK
7307	Head 900MHz	Mar.16,2016	900 MHz	OK
7307	Head 1450MHz	Mar.16,2016	1450 MHz	OK
7307	Head 1640MHz	Mar.17,2016	1640 MHz	OK
7307	Head 1750MHz	Mar.17,2016	1750 MHz	OK
7307	Head 1810MHz	Mar.18,2016	1810 MHz	OK
7307	Head 1900MHz	Mar.18,2016	1900 MHz	OK
7307	Head 2000MHz	Mar.19,2016	2000 MHz	OK
7307	Head 2100MHz	Mar.19,2016	2100 MHz	OK
7307	Head 2300MHz	Mar. 20,2016	2300 MHz	OK
7307	Head 2450MHz	Mar.20,2016	2450 MHz	OK
7307	Head 2600MHz	Mar.21,2016	2600 MHz	OK
7307	Head 3500MHz	Mar.21,2016	3500 MHz	OK
7307	Head 3700MHz	Mar.22,2016	3700 MHz	OK
7307	Head 5200MHz	Mar.22,2016	5200 MHz	OK
7307	Head 5300MHz	Mar.23,2016	5300 MHz	OK
7307	Head 5500MHz	Mar.23,2016	5500 MHz	OK
7307	Head 5600MHz	Mar.24,2016	5600 MHz	OK
7307	Head 5800MHz	Mar.24,2016	5800 MHz	OK
7307	Body 750MHz	Mar.15,2016	750 MHz	OK
7307	Body 850MHz	Mar.15,2016	850 MHz	OK
7307	Body 900MHz	Mar.16,2016	900 MHz	OK
7307	Body 1450MHz	Mar.16,2016	1450 MHz	OK
7307	Body 1640MHz	Mar.17,2016	1640 MHz	OK
7307	Body 1750MHz	Mar.17,2016	1750 MHz	OK
7307	Body 1810MHz	Mar.18,2016	1810 MHz	OK
7307	Body 1900MHz	Mar.18,2016	1900 MHz	OK
7307	Body 2000MHz	Mar.19,2016	2000 MHz	OK
7307	Body 2100MHz	Mar.19,2016	2100 MHz	OK
7307	Body 2300MHz	Mar. 20,2016	2300 MHz	OK
7307	Body 2450MHz	Mar.20,2016	2450 MHz	OK
7307	Body 2600MHz	Mar.21,2016	2600 MHz	OK
7307	Body 3500MHz	Mar.21,2016	3500 MHz	OK
7307	Body 3700MHz	Mar.22,2016	3700 MHz	OK
7307	Body 5200MHz	Mar.22,2016	5200 MHz	OK

ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

Probe 7307 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-7307_Feb16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7307

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

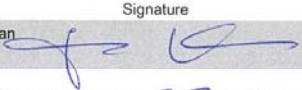
Calibration date: February 19, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 20, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.