

802.11n-HT40

Ch3

Eroguenov/MHz)	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)	
2387.518	55.2	-38.8	27.7	66.300	V
17956.500	53.7	-17.7	45.6	25.800	Н
17947.500	53.0	-17.7	45.6	25.100	V
17995.500	52.9	-17.7	45.6	25.000	Н
17964.000	52.8	-17.7	45.6	24.900	Н
17863.500	52.7	-18.5	45.6	25.600	Н

Ch6

Frequency(MHz)	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization
Frequency(MHZ)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)	
17992.500	53.5	-17.7	45.6	25.600	V
17959.500	53.2	-17.7	45.6	25.300	Н
17937.000	53.2	-17.7	45.6	25.300	V
17718.000	53.0	-18.9	45.6	26.300	Н
17998.500	52.6	-17.7	45.6	24.700	V
17901.000	52.4	-18.5	45.6	25.300	V

Ch9

Eroguanov/MUz)	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m) Loss(dB) Factor (dBuV/m		(dBuV/m)	
2487.013	53.7	-38.9	27.7	64.900	V
17965.500	53.5	-17.7	45.6	25.600	Н
17944.500	53.2	-17.7	45.6	25.300	V
17934.000	53.0	-17.7	45.6	25.100	Н
17904.000	52.9	-18.5	45.6	25.800	Н
17983.500	52.8	-17.7	45.6	24.900	V

Test graphs as below:



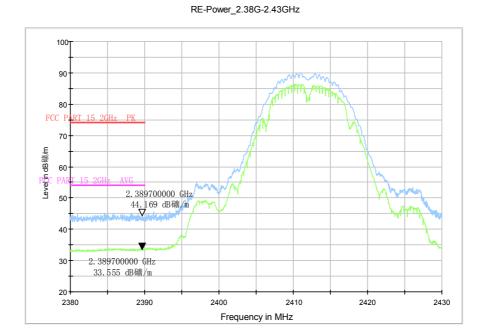


Fig.A.6.2.1 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11b, ch1, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz

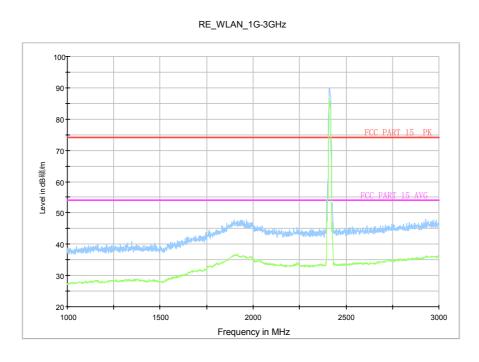


Fig.A.6.2.2 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch1, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



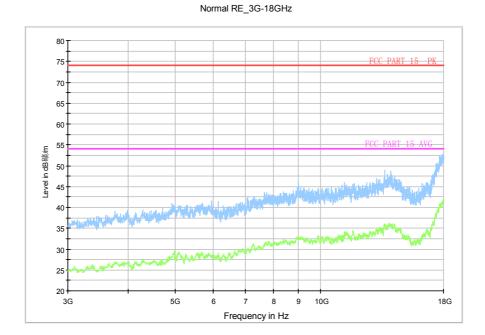


Fig.A.6.2.3 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch1, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

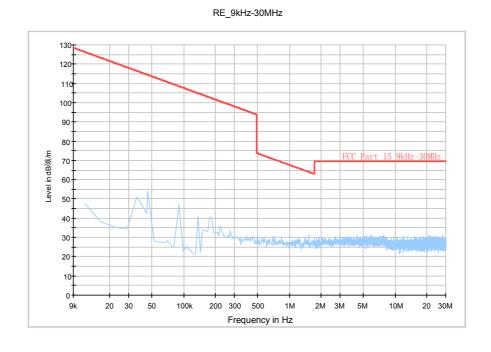


Fig.A.6.2.4 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch6, 9kHz-30 MHz)



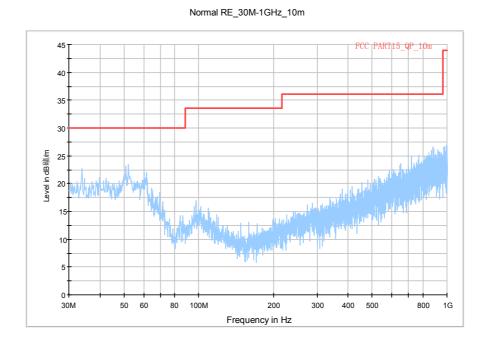


Fig.A.6.2.5 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch6, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

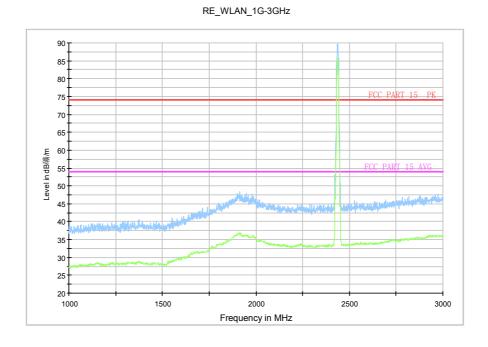


Fig.A.6.2.6 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch6, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



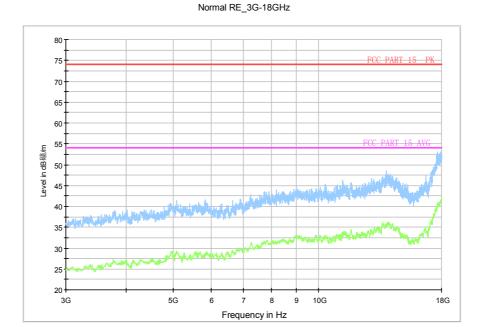


Fig.A.6.2.7 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch6, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

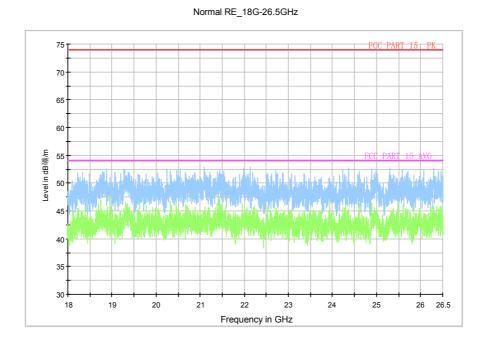


Fig.A.6.2.8 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch6, 18GHz – 26.5GHz)



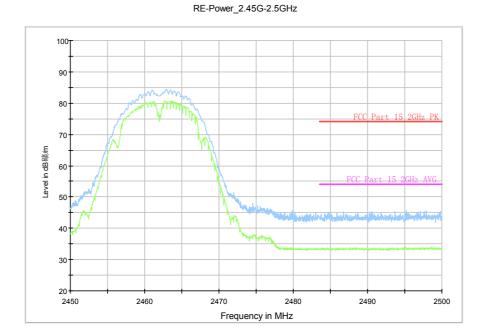


Fig.A.6.2.9 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11b, ch11, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz

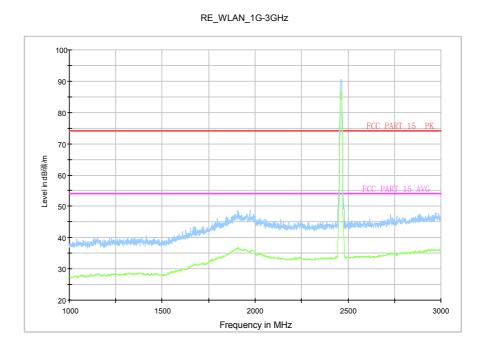


Fig.A.6.2.10 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch11, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



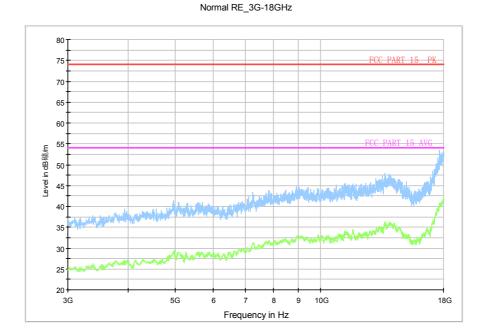


Fig.A.6.2.11 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11b, Ch11, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

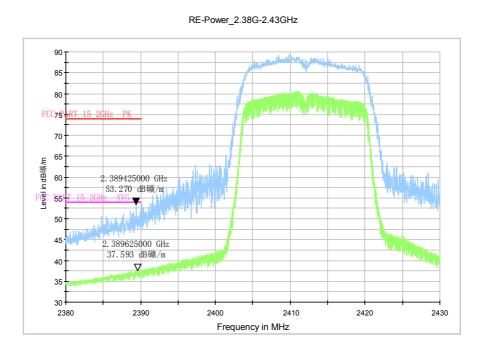


Fig.A.6.2.12 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11g, ch1, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz



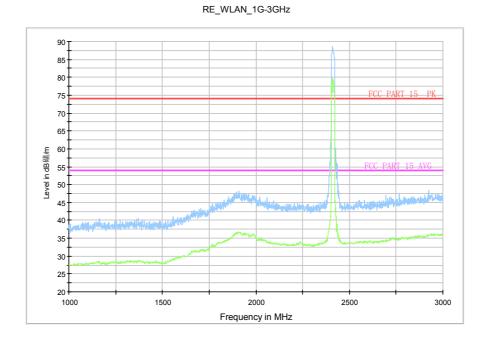


Fig.A.6.2.13 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch1, 1 GHz-3 GHz)

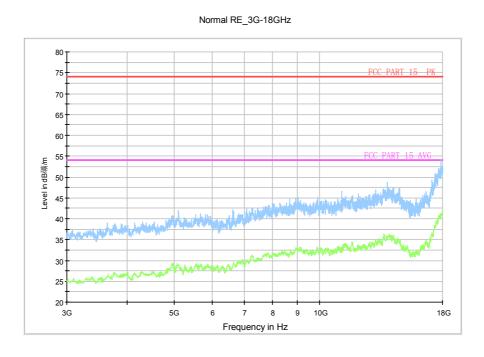


Fig.A.6.2.14 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch1, 3 GHz-18 GHz)



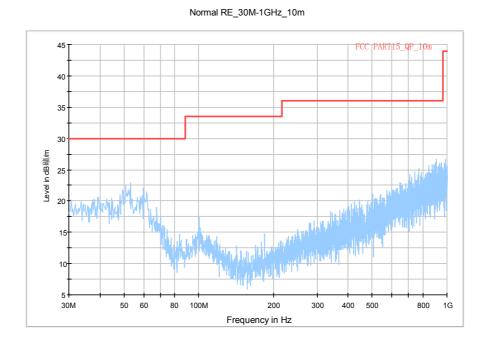


Fig.A.6.2.15 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch6, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

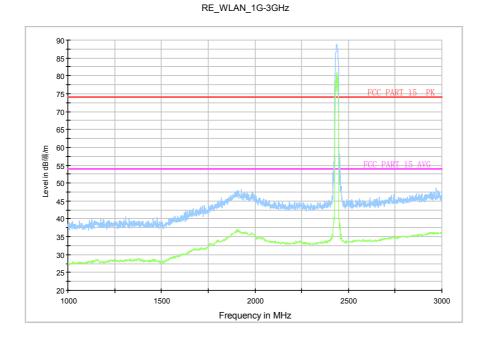


Fig.A.6.2.16 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch6, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



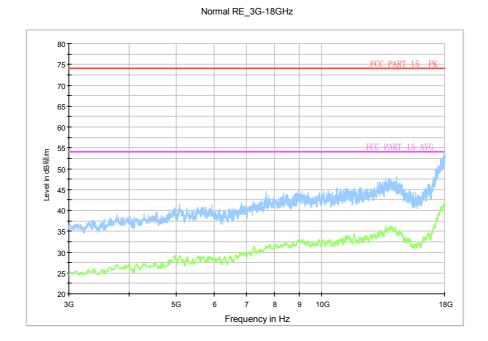


Fig.A.6.2.17 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch6, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

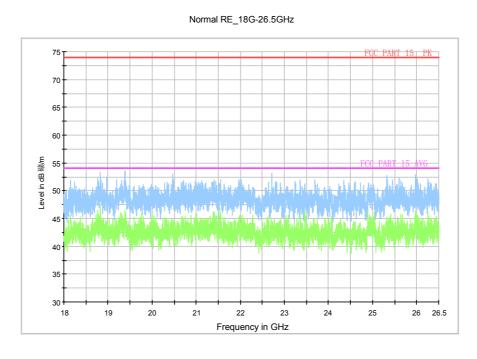


Fig.A.6.2.18 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch6, 18GHz – 26.5GHz)



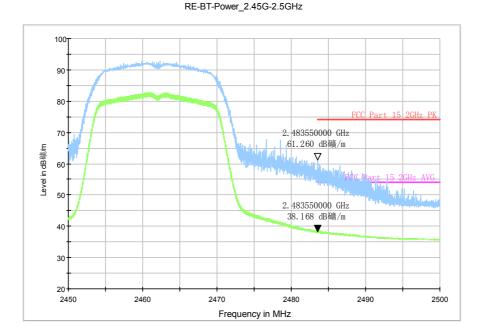


Fig.A.6.2.19 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11g, ch11, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz

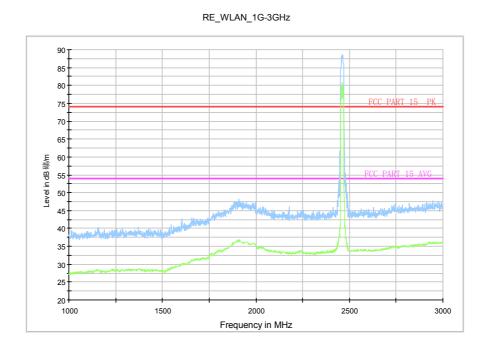


Fig.A.6.2.20 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch11, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



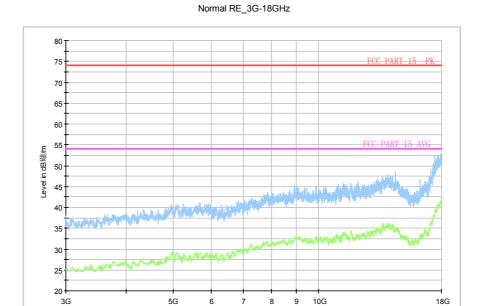


Fig.A.6.2.21 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11g, Ch11, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

Frequency in Hz

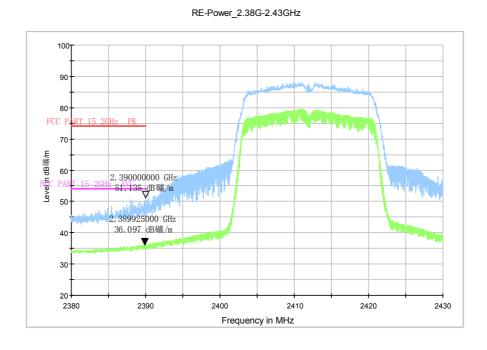


Fig.A.6.2.22 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11n-HT20, ch1, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz



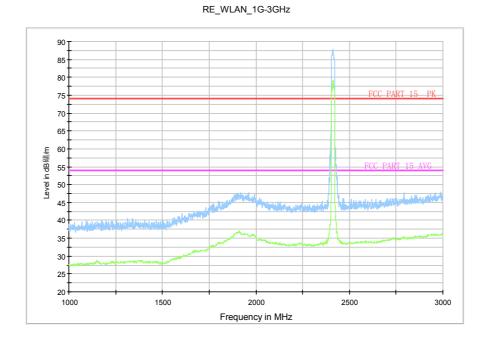


Fig.A.6.2.23 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch1, 1 GHz-3 GHz)

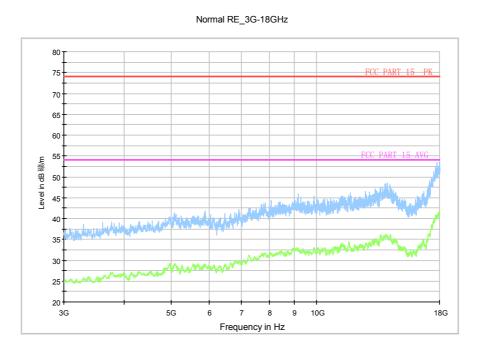


Fig.A.6.2.24 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch1, 3 GHz-18 GHz)



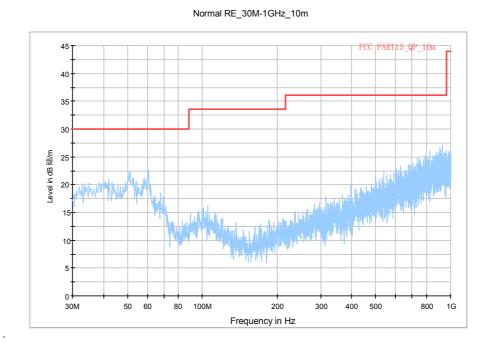


Fig.A.6.2.25 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch6, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

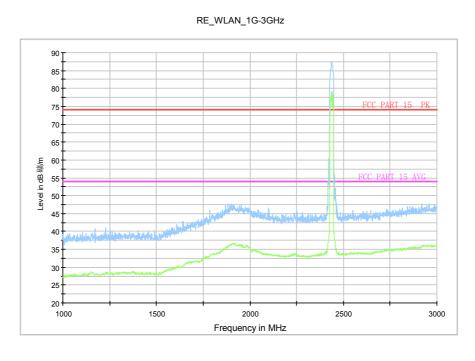


Fig.A.6.2.26 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch6, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



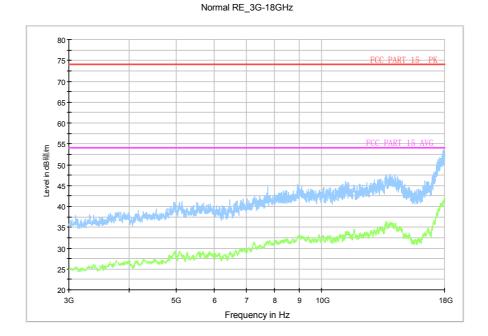


Fig.A.6.2.27 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch6, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

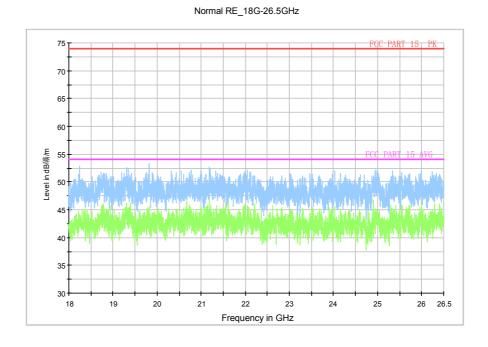


Fig.A.6.2.28 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch6, 18GHz – 26.5GHz)



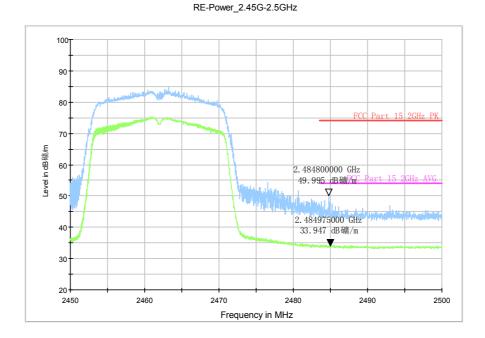


Fig.A.6.2.29 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11n-HT20, ch11, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz

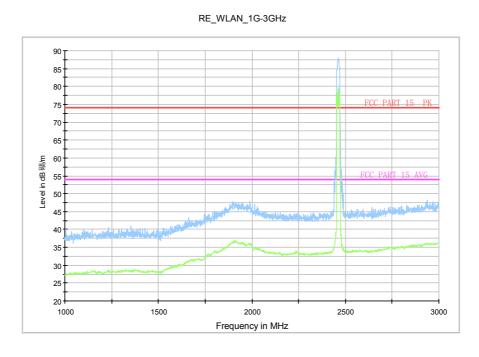


Fig.A.6.2.30 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch11, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



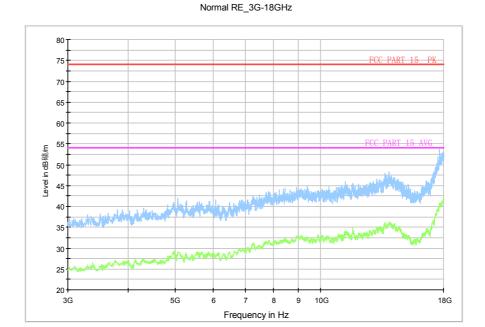


Fig.A.6.2.31 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT20, Ch11, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

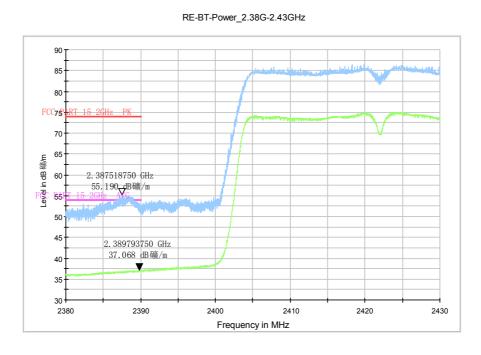


Fig.A.6.2.32 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11n-HT40, ch3, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz



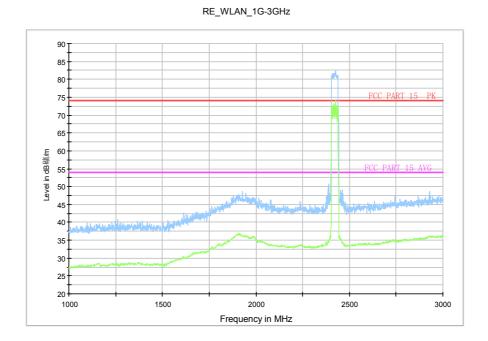


Fig.A.6.2.33 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT40, ch3, 1 GHz-3 GHz)

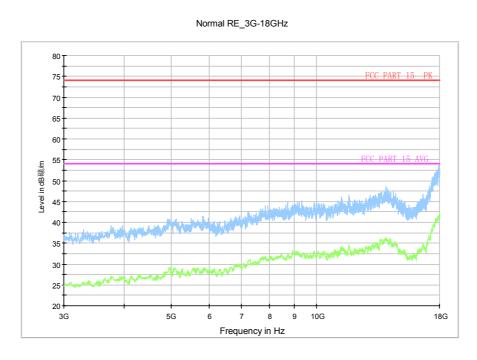


Fig.A.6.2.34 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT40, ch3, 3 GHz-18 GHz)



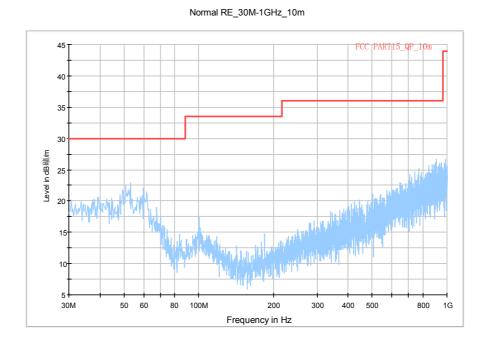


Fig.A.6.2.35 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT40, Ch6, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

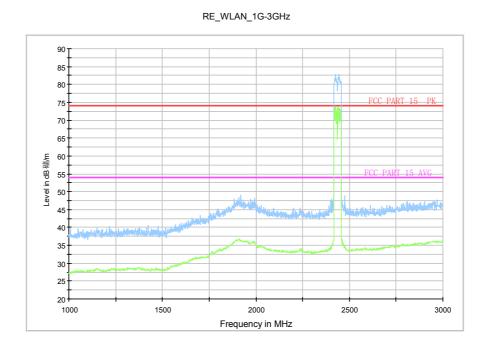


Fig.A.6.2.36 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT40, Ch6, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



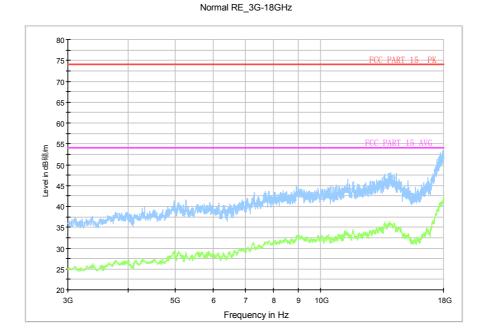


Fig.A.6.2.37 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT40, Ch6, 3 GHz-18 GHz)

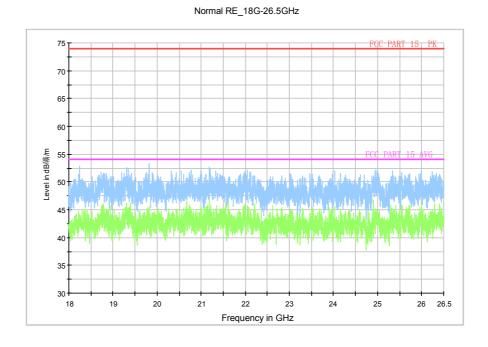


Fig.A.6.2.38 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT40, Ch6, 18GHz – 26.5GHz)



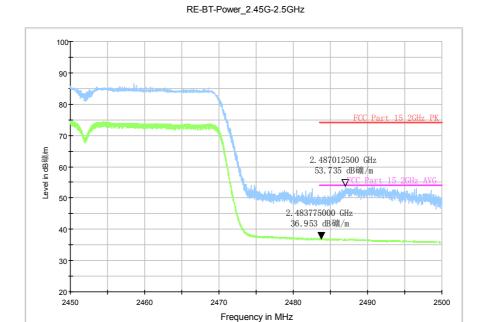


Fig.A.6.2.39 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (Power): 802.11n-HT40, ch9, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz

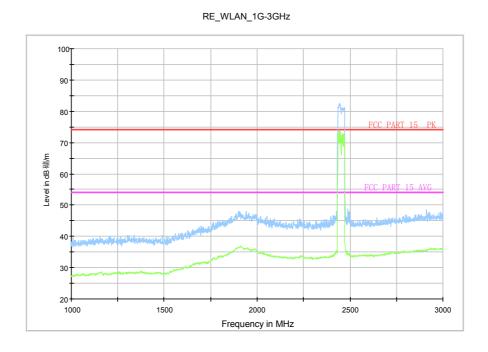


Fig.A.6.2.40 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT40, ch9, 1 GHz-3 GHz)



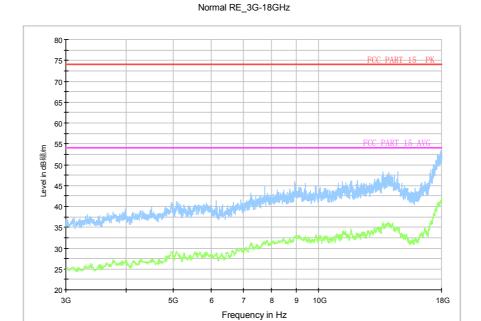


Fig.A.6.2.41 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated (802.11n-HT40, ch9, 3 GHz-18 GHz)



A.7. AC Power-line Conducted Emission

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.2

- 1 The one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT.
- 2 If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed.
- The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without further variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation.
- If the EUT is comprised of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections, e.g., floor-standing equipment with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network, each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be separately measured. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.
- If the EUT uses a detachable antenna, these measurements shall be made with a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals; otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended. When measuring the ac conducted emissions from a device that operates between 150 kHz and 30 MHz a non-detachable antenna may be replaced with a dummy load for the measurements within the fundamental emission band of the transmitter, but only for those measurements.36 Record the six highest EUT emissions relative to the limit of each of the current-carrying conductors of the power cords of the equipment that comprises the EUT over the frequency range specified by the procuring or regulatory agency. Diagram or photograph the test setup that was used. See Clause 8 for full reporting requirements.

Test Condition:

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)			
120	60			



Measurement Result and limit:

WLAN (Quasi-peak Limit)

_		Result (
Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-peak Limit (dBμV)	With charger		Conclusion	
(2)	Σιιιίτ (αΒμν)	802.11b	ldle		
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56				
0.5 to 5	56	Fig.A.7.1	Fig.A.7.2	Р	
5 to 30	60				

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range $0.15\,\mathrm{MHz}$ to $0.5\,\mathrm{MHz}$.

WLAN (Average Limit)

Frequency range	Average Limit	Result (dBμV) With charger		Conclusion	
(MHz)	(dBμV)	802.11b	ldle		
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46				
0.5 to 5	46	Fig.A.7.1	Fig.A.7.2	Р	
5 to 30	50				

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range $0.15\,\mathrm{MHz}$ to $0.5\,\mathrm{MHz}$.

Conclusion: Pass

Test graphs as below:



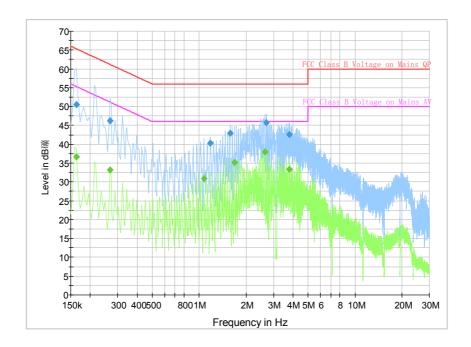


Fig.A.7.1 AC Powerline Conducted Emission-802.11b

Note: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas.	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	Time	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
		(ms)						
0.163500	50.5	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	14.7	65.3
0.267000	46.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	15.0	61.2
1.180500	40.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	15.8	56.0
1.576500	43.0	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	13.0	56.0
2.706000	45.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	10.3	56.0
3.777000	42.6	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	13.4	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency	CAverage	Meas.	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	Time	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
		(ms)						
0.163500	36.6	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	18.7	55.3
0.267000	33.1	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	18.1	51.2
1.072500	30.9	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	15.1	46.0
1.684500	35.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	10.8	46.0
2.652000	37.9	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	8.1	46.0
3.777000	33.4	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	12.6	46.0



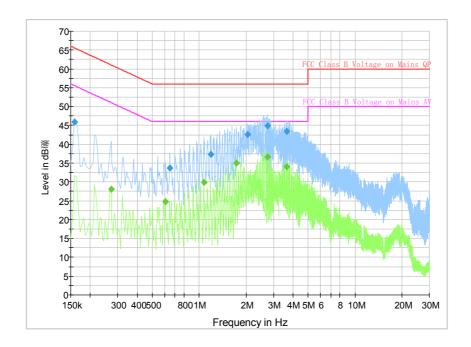


Fig.A.7.2 AC Powerline Conducted Emission-Idle

Note: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas.	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	Time	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
		(ms)						
0.159000	45.9	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	19.6	65.5
0.649500	33.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	22.3	56.0
1.189500	37.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	18.7	56.0
2.040000	42.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	13.3	56.0
2.755500	45.0	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	11.0	56.0
3.664500	43.4	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	12.6	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency	CAverage	Meas.	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	Time	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
		(ms)						
0.271500	28.1	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	23.0	51.1
0.609000	24.8	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.0	21.2	46.0
1.072500	29.8	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	16.2	46.0
1.734000	35.0	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	11.0	46.0
2.755500	36.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	9.3	46.0
3.664500	34.0	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	12.0	46.0



ANNEX B: Accreditation Certificate





China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE

(Registration No. CNAS L0570)

Telecommunication Technology Labs,

Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT

No.52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China

is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence of testing and calibration.

The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached appendices bearing the same registration number as above. The appendices form an integral part of this certificate.

Date of Issue: 2014-06-20

Date of Expiry: 2017-06-19

Date of Initial Accreditation: 1998-07-03

Date of Update: 2014-06-20

大建华

Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation schemes for conformity assessment. CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC MRA) and Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC MRA).

No.CNASAL 2

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