

Fig. 18-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band4)

LTE Band5 Left Cheek High with QPSK_10M_25RB_High – antenna1

Date: 2017-1-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 844$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.923$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.431$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band5 Frequency: 844 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7307 ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.244 W/kg

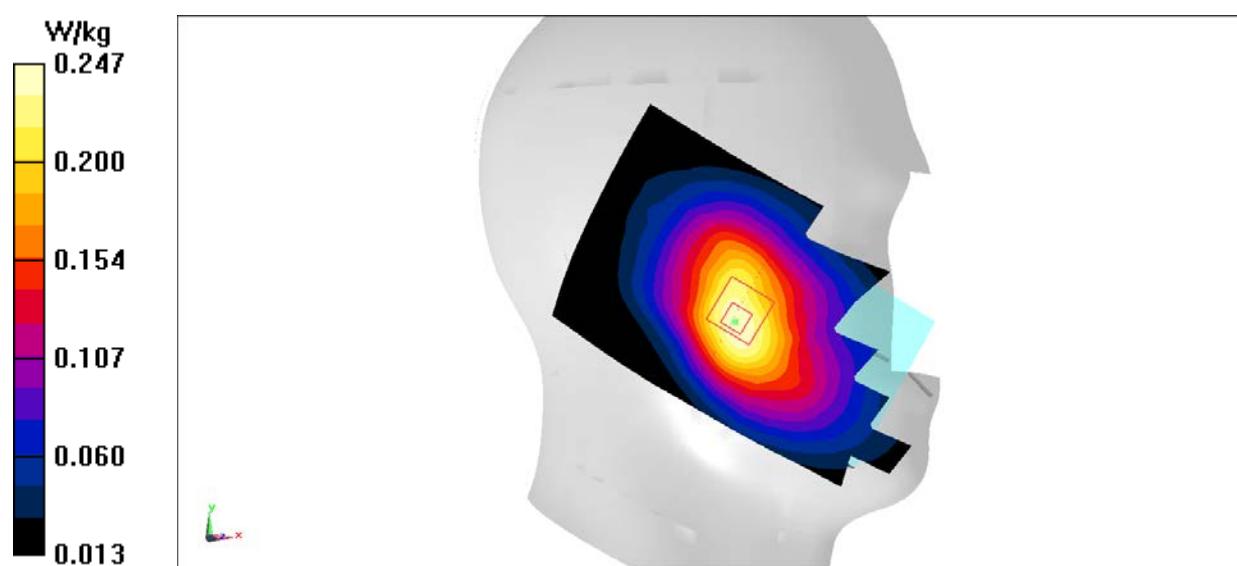
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.130 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.296 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.247 W/kg

**Fig.19 LTE Band5**

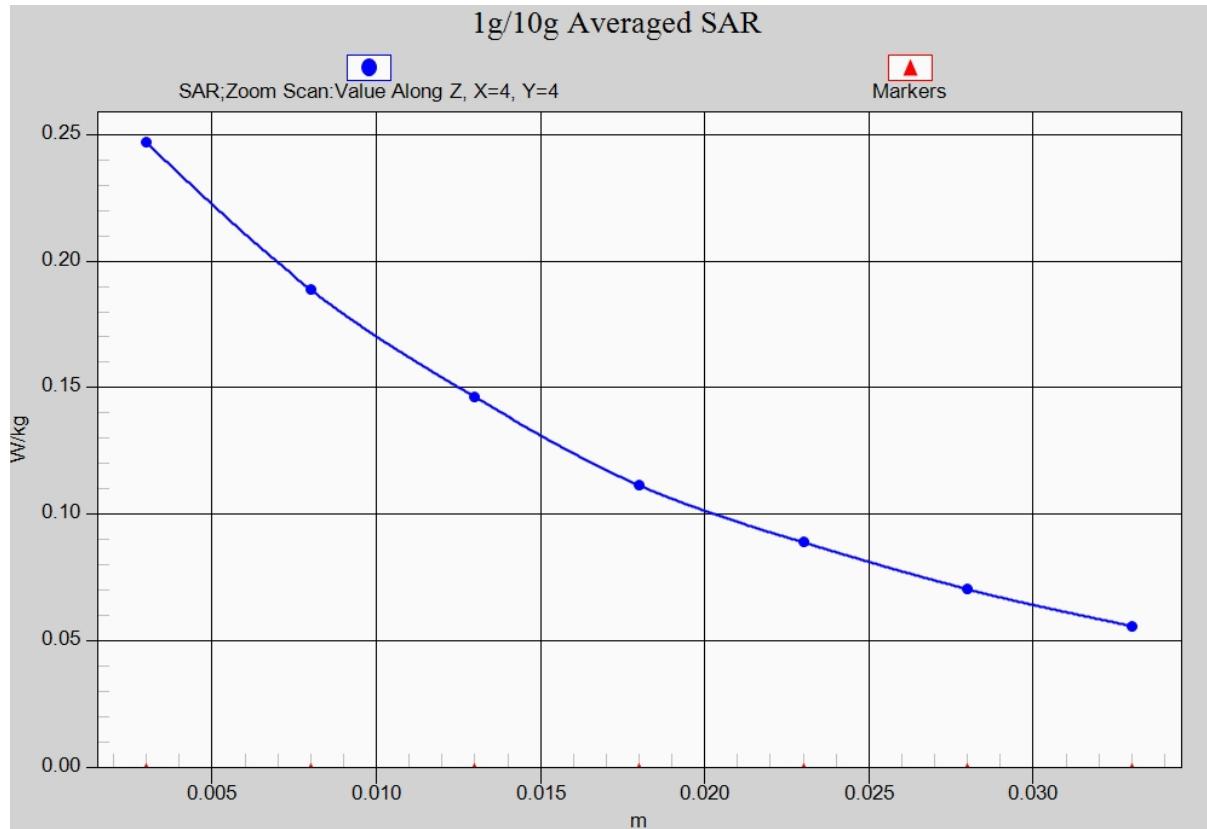


Fig. 19-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band5)

LTE Band5 Body Left High with QPSK_10M_25RB_High – antenna1

Date: 2017-1-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 844$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.028$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.734$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band5 Frequency: 844 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7307 ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83)

Area Scan (131x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.309 W/kg

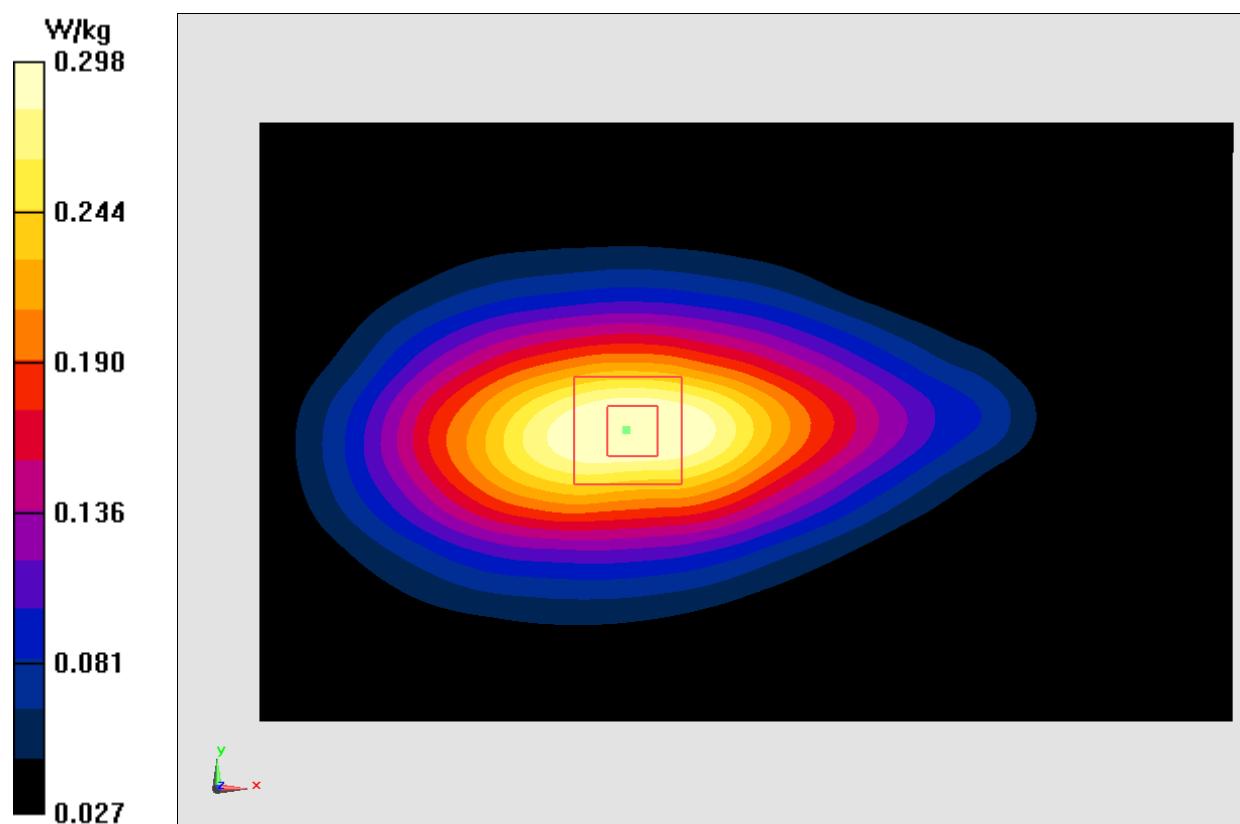
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.401 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.298 W/kg

**Fig.20 LTE Band5**

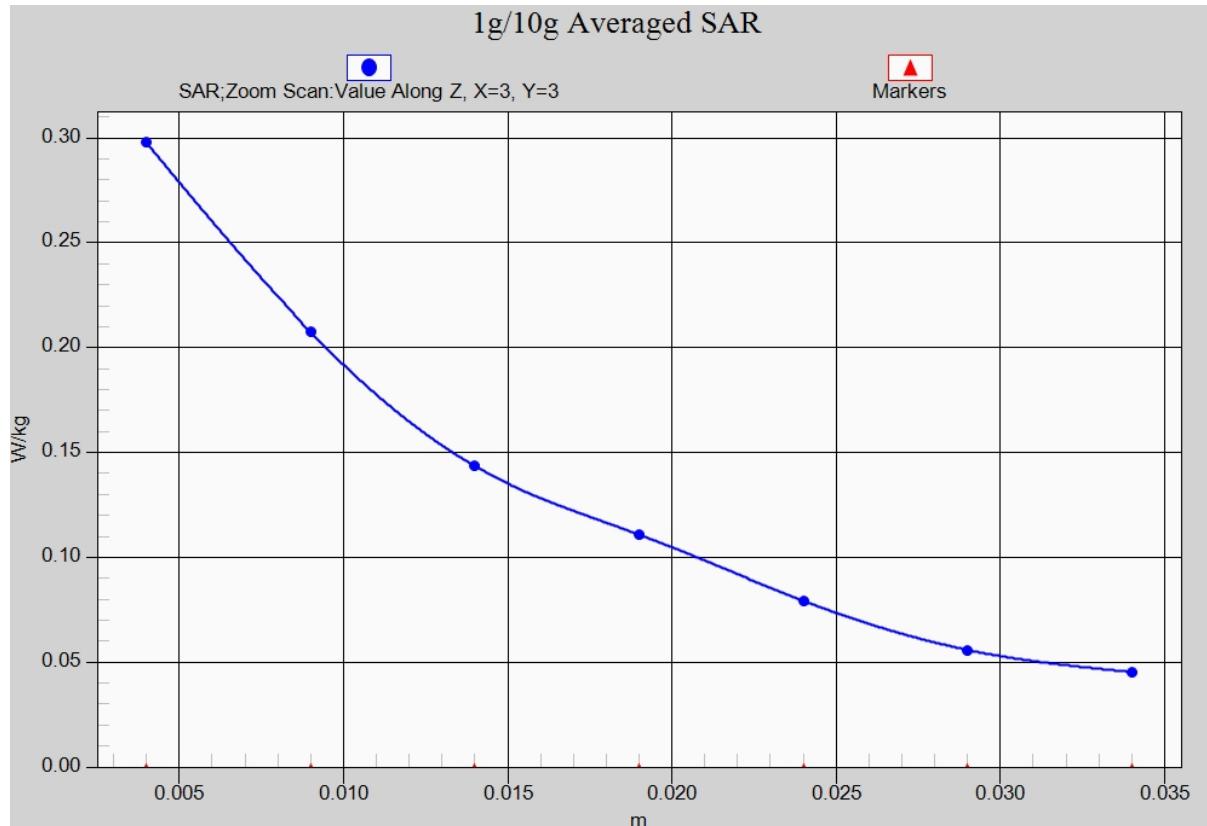


Fig. 20-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band5)

LTE Band5 Left Cheek Low with QPSK_10M_1RB_High – antenna2

Date: 2017-1-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.651$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band5 Frequency: 829 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7307 ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.222 W/kg

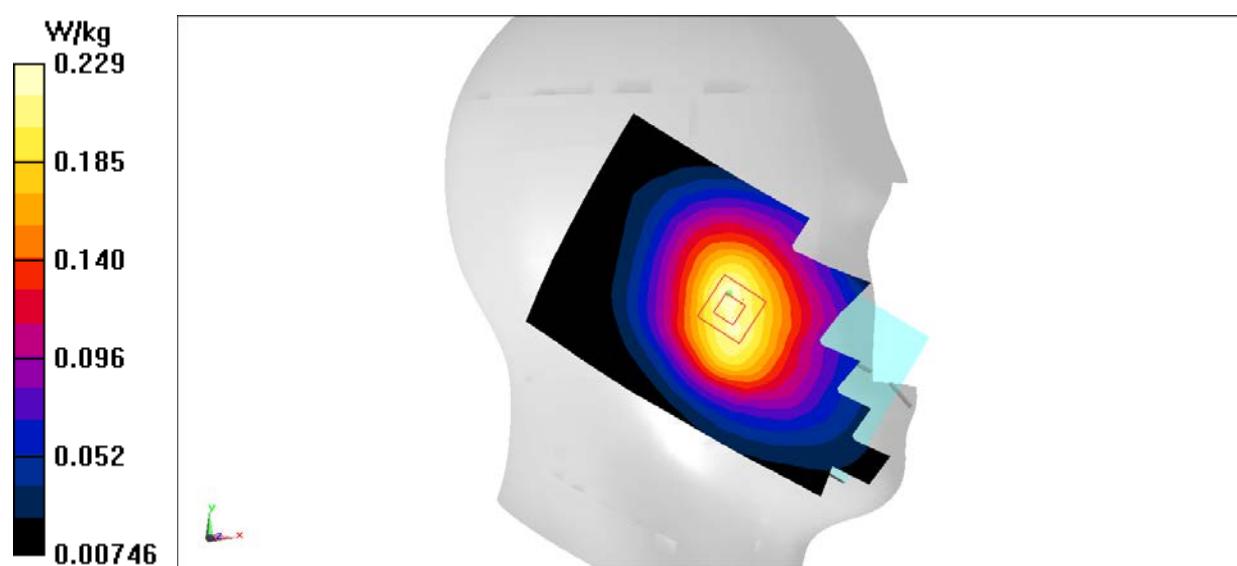
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.327 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.272 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.209 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 W/kg

**Fig.21 LTE Band5**

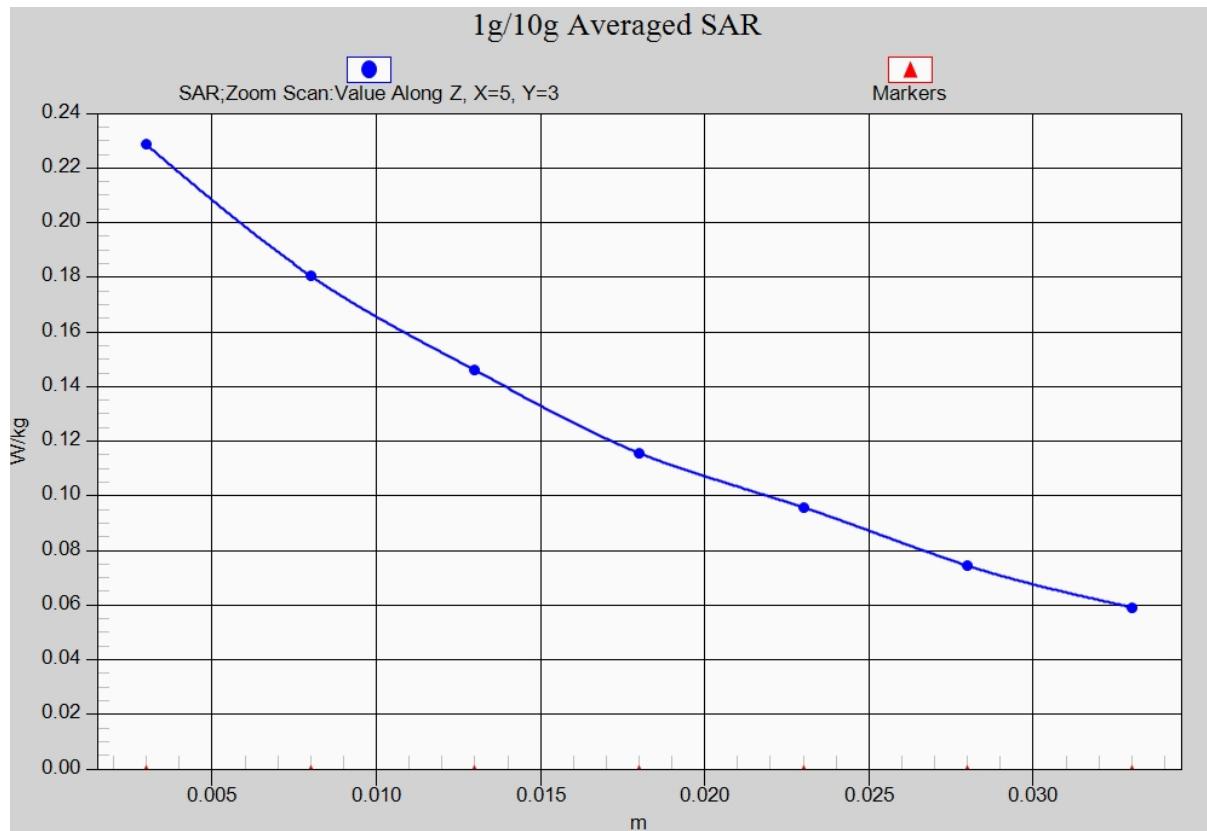


Fig. 21-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band5)

LTE Band5 Body Bottom Low with QPSK_10M_1RB_High – antenna2

Date: 2017-1-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.894$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band5 Frequency: 829 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7307 ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.388 W/kg

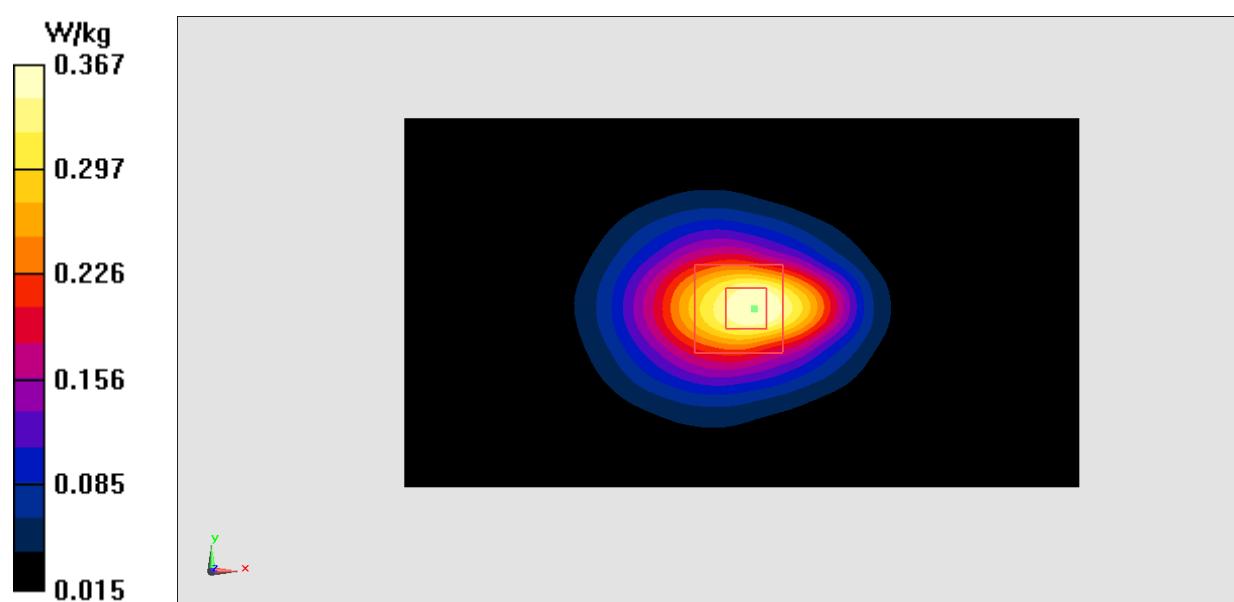
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.507 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.297 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 W/kg

**Fig.22 LTE Band5**

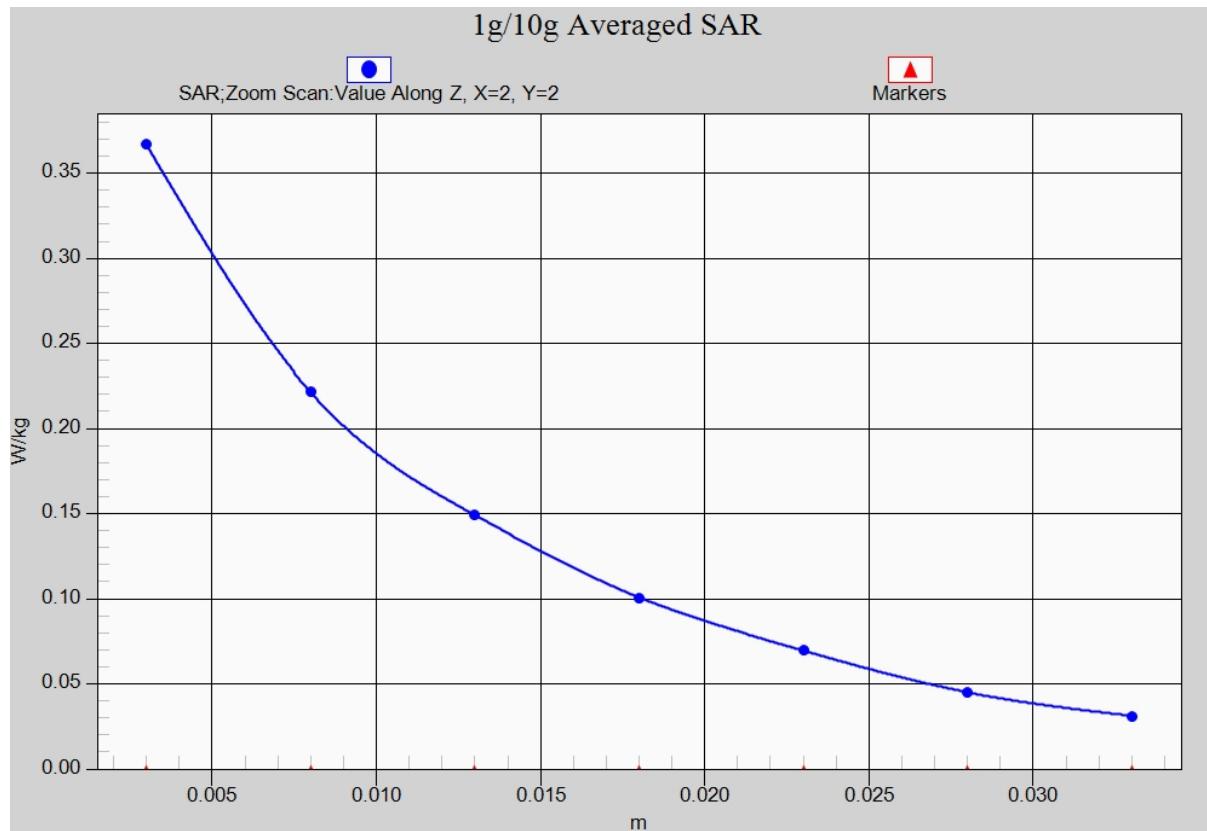


Fig. 22-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band5)

LTE Band7 Right Cheek Middle with QPSK_20M_1RB_Low

Date: 2017-1-17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.956$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band7 Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4- SN7307 ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.185 W/kg

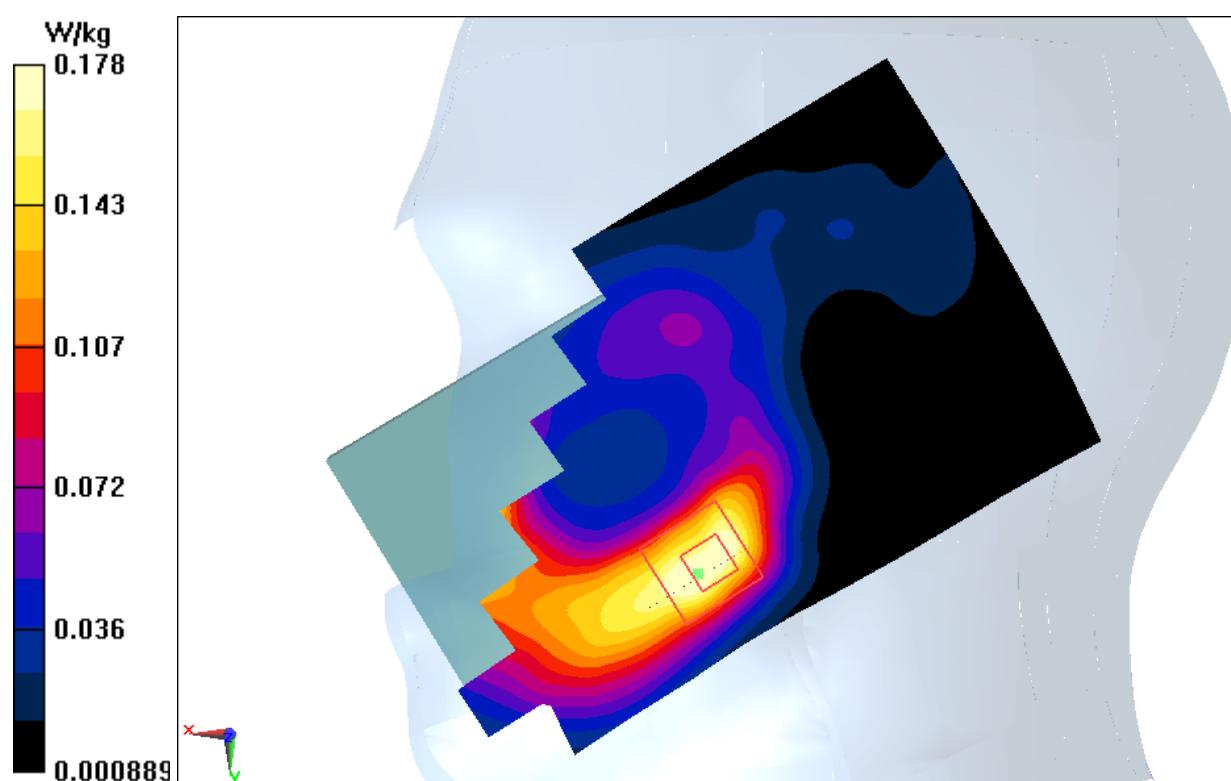
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.368 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.264 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.146 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg

**Fig.23 LTE Band7**

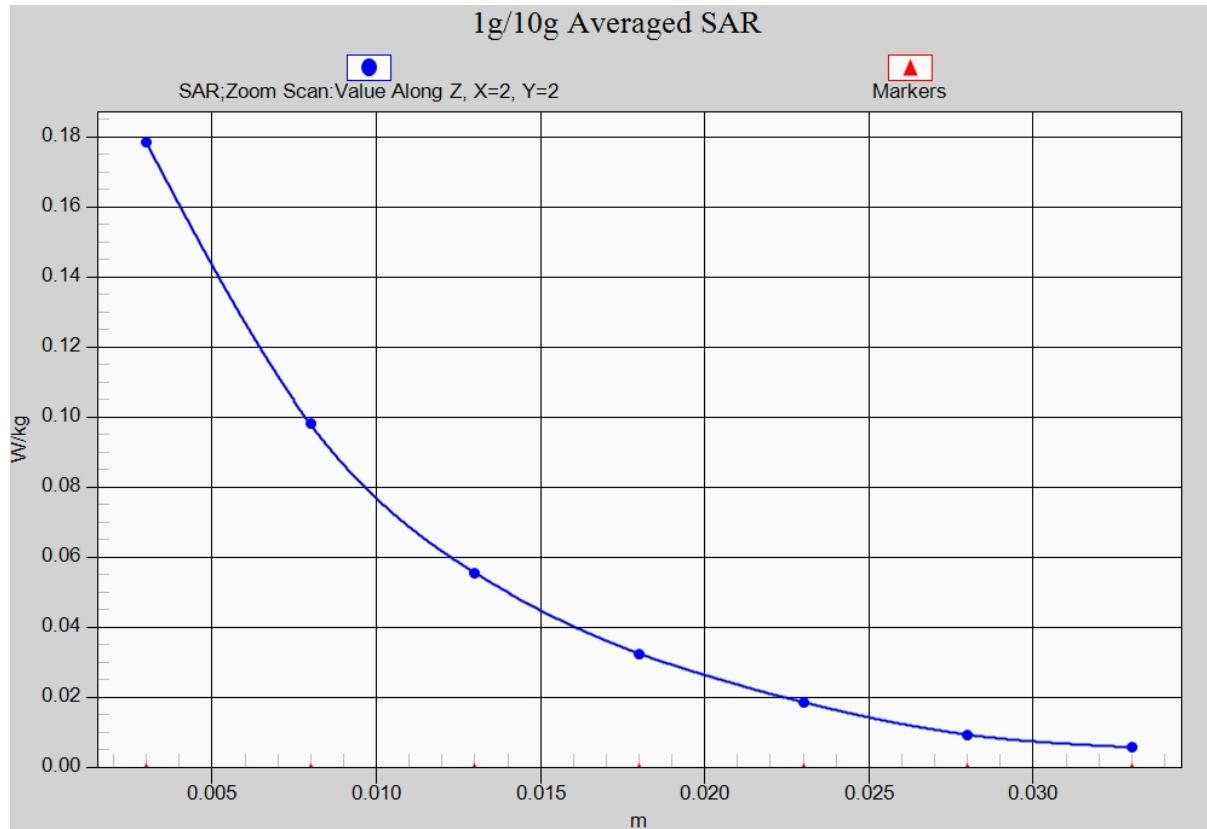


Fig. 23-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band7)

LTE Band7 Body Bottom Middle with QPSK_20M_1RB_Low

Date: 2017-1-17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.129$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.31$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band7 Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.34 W/kg

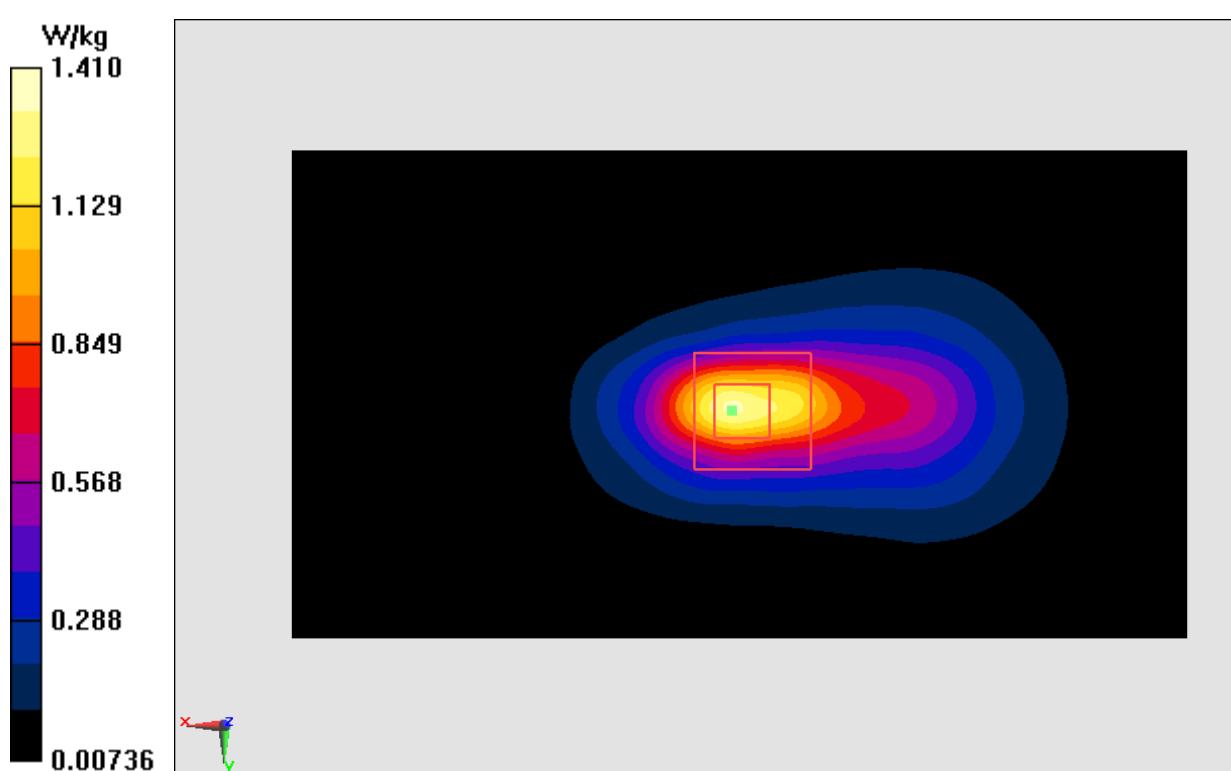
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.502 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg

**Fig.24 LTE Band7**

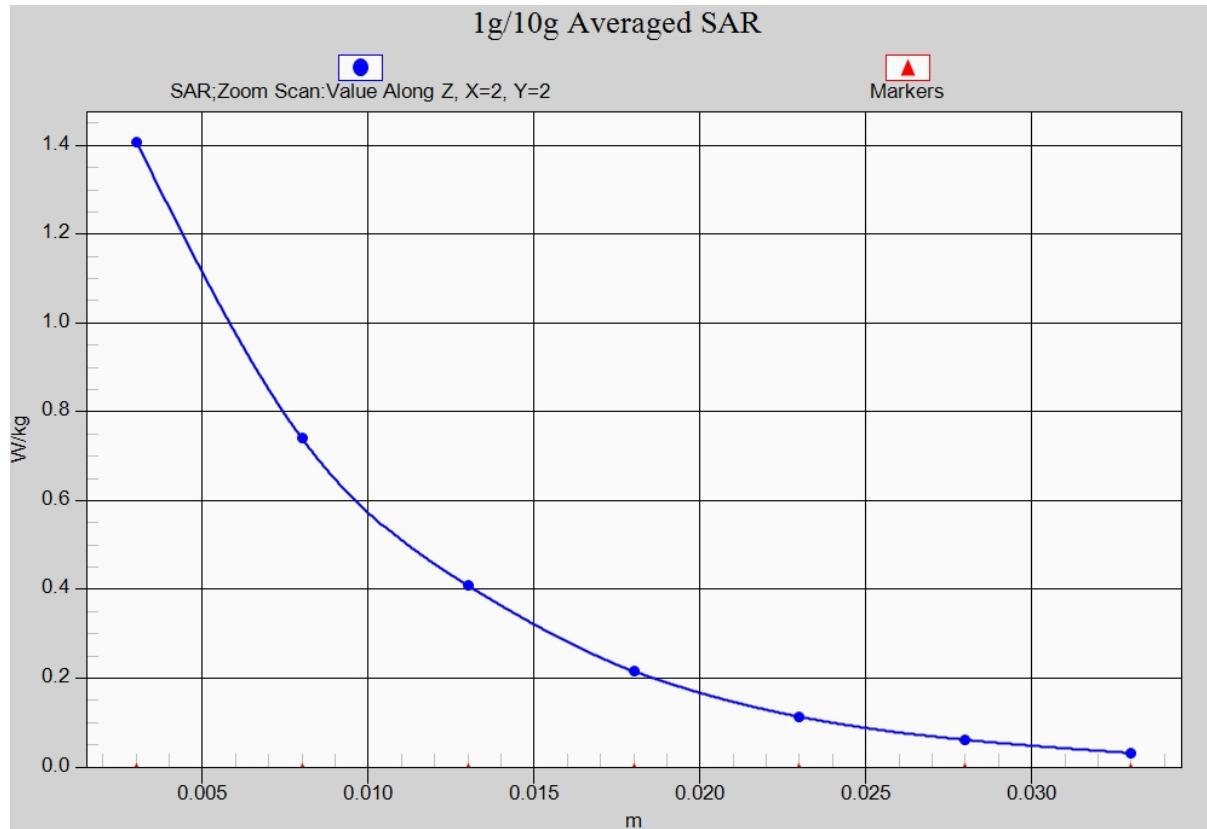


Fig. 24-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band7)

LTE Band12 Left Cheek Middle with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle – antenna1

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.866$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.15$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band12 Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(10.47,10.47, 10.47)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 W/kg

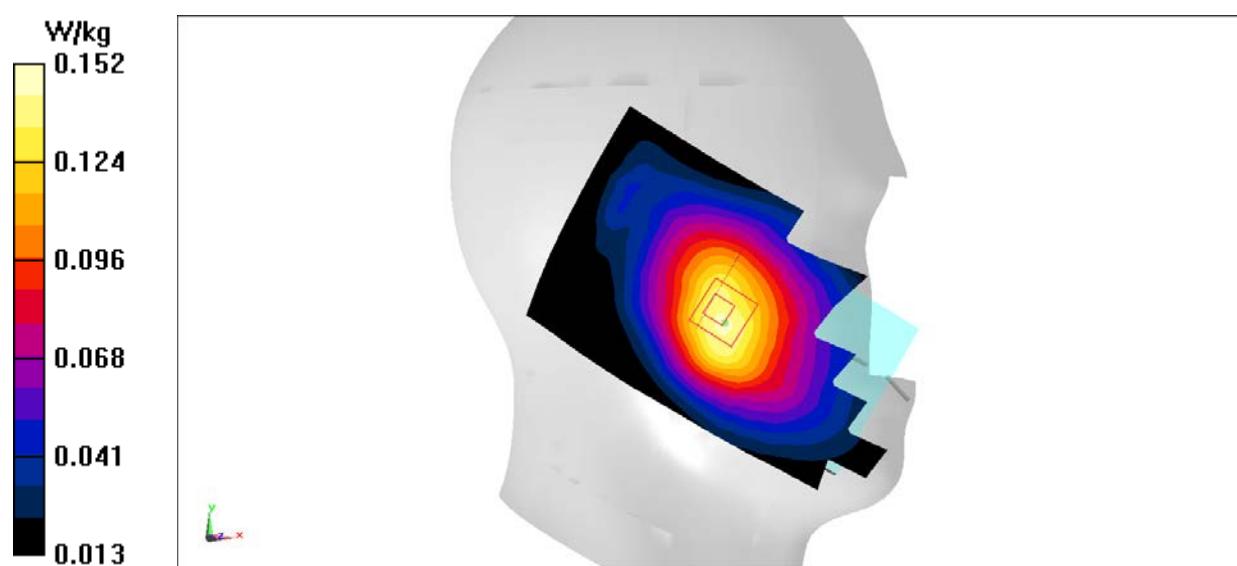
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.959 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.175 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.139 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.152 W/kg

**Fig.25 LTE Band12**

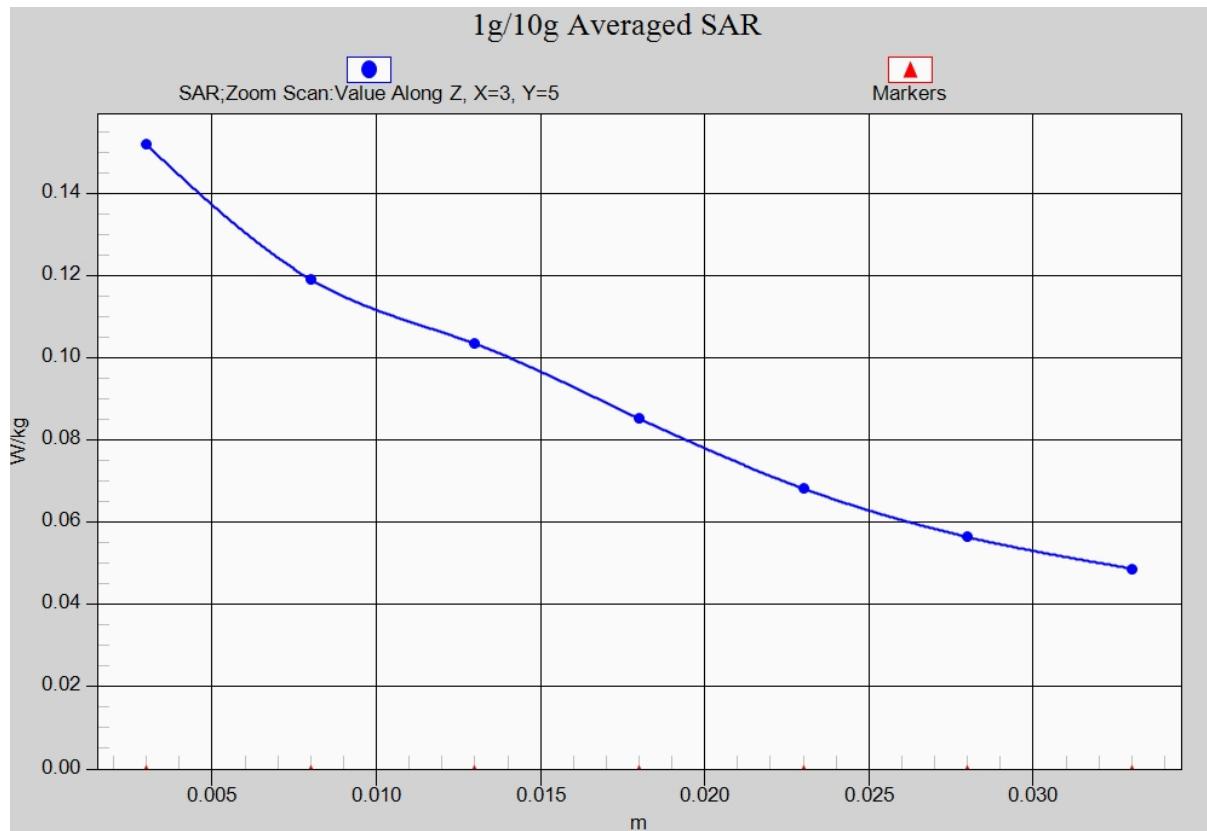


Fig. 25-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band12)

LTE Band12 Body Left Middle with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle – antenna1

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.942$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band12Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93)

Area Scan (131x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.298 W/kg

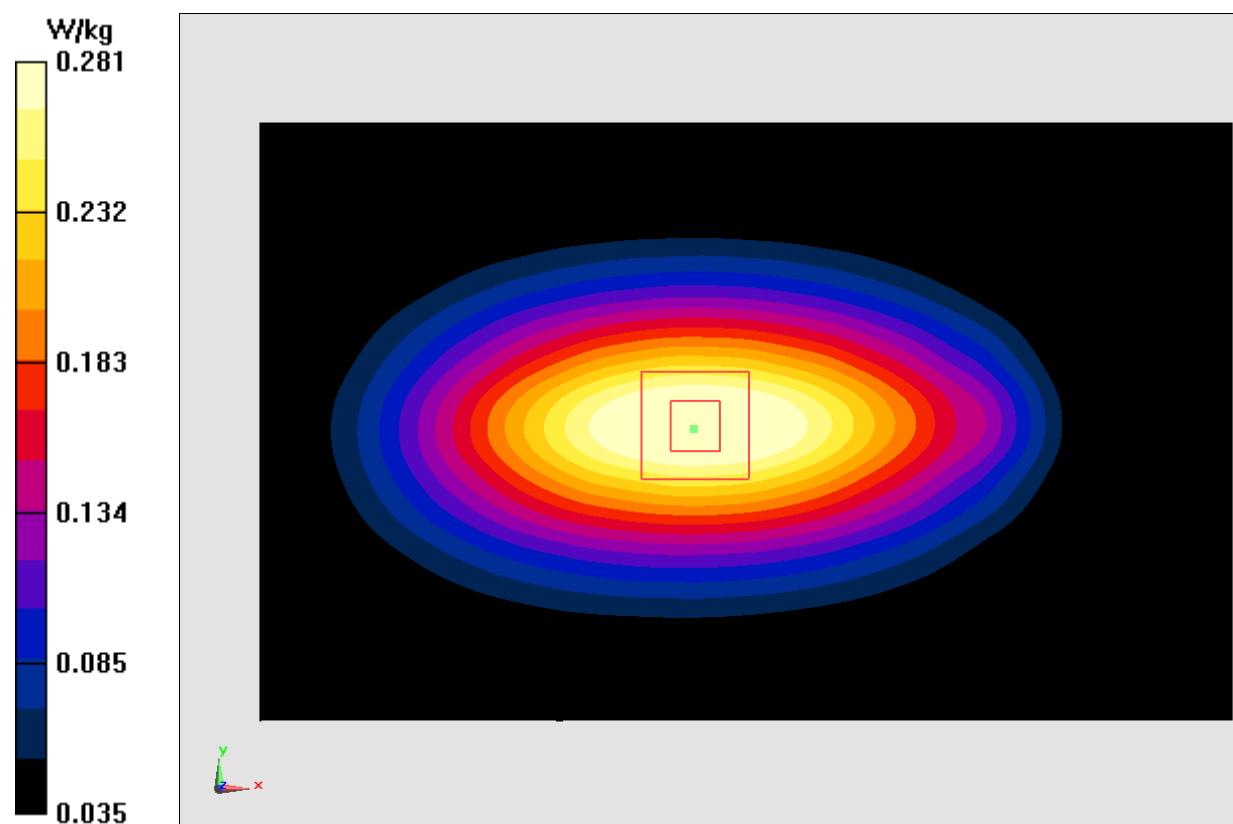
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.359 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.263 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.281 W/kg

**Fig.26 LTE Band12**

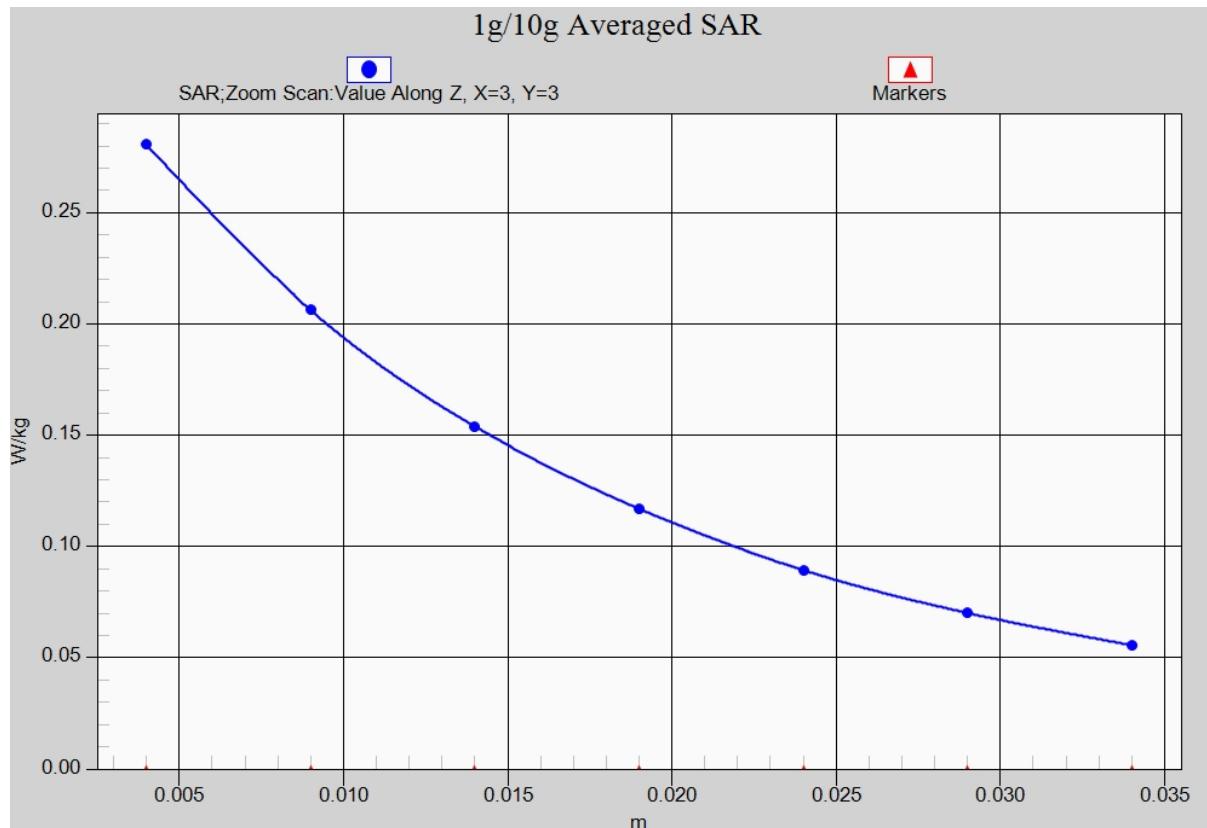


Fig. 26-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band12)

LTE Band12 Left Cheek Middle with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle – antenna2

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.866$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.15$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band12 Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(10.47,10.47, 10.47)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.182 W/kg

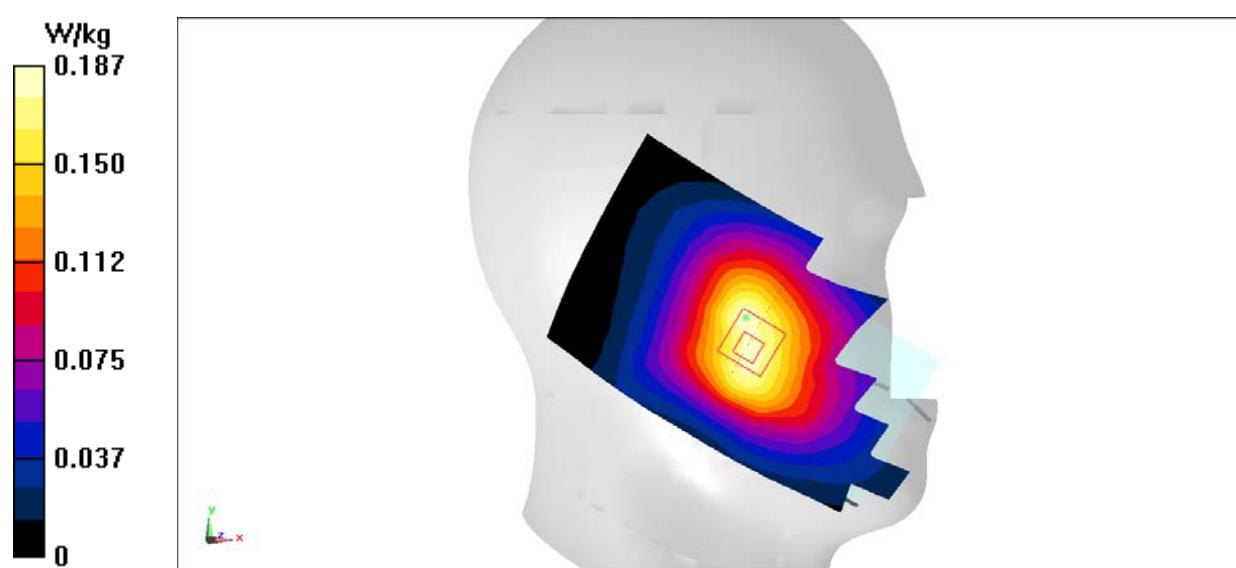
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.320 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.209 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.174 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.187 W/kg

**Fig.27 LTE Band12**

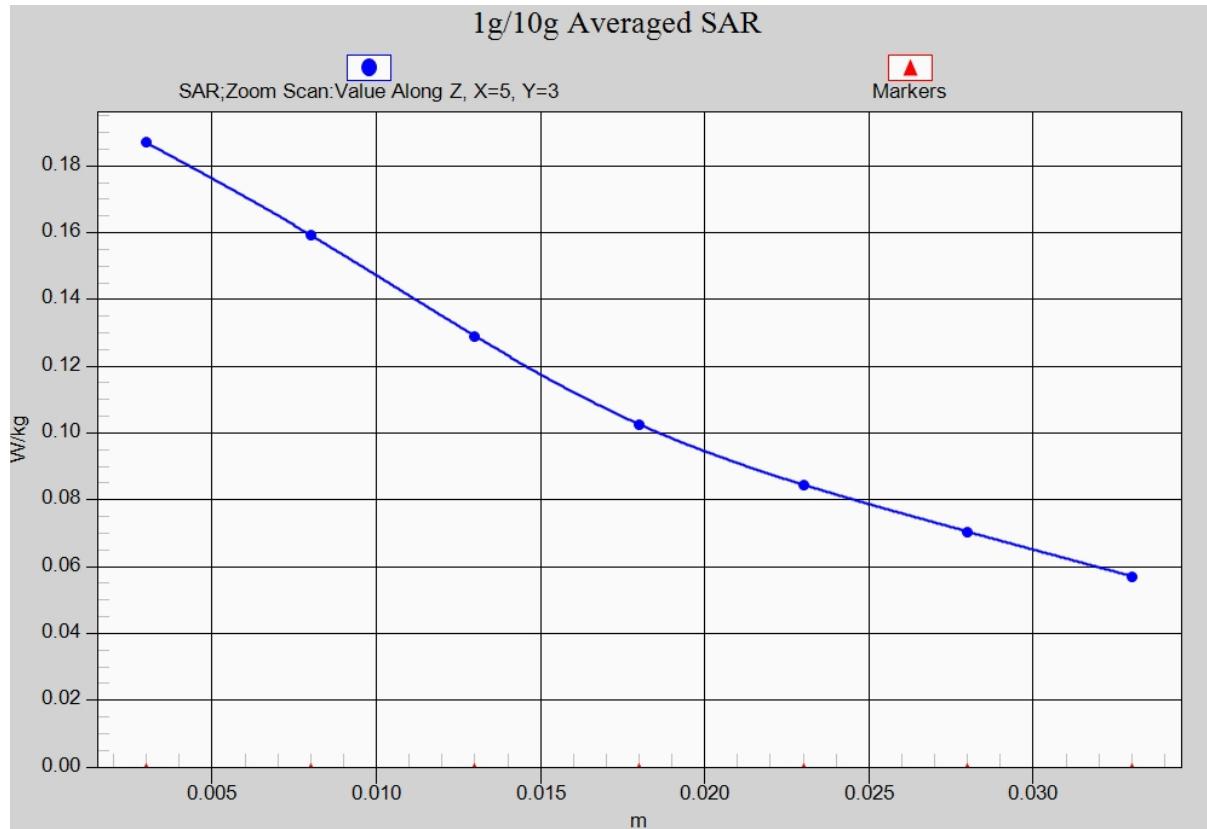


Fig. 27-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band12)

LTE Band12 Body Right Middle with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle – antenna2

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.942$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band12Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.297 W/kg

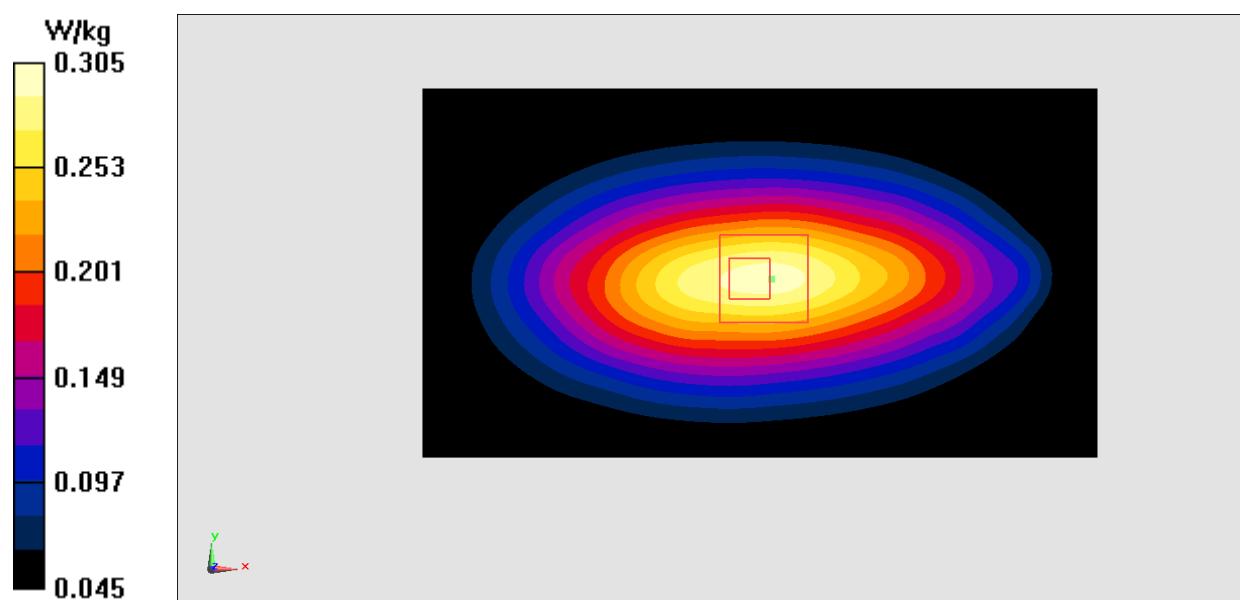
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.377 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.266 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 W/kg

**Fig.28 LTE Band12**

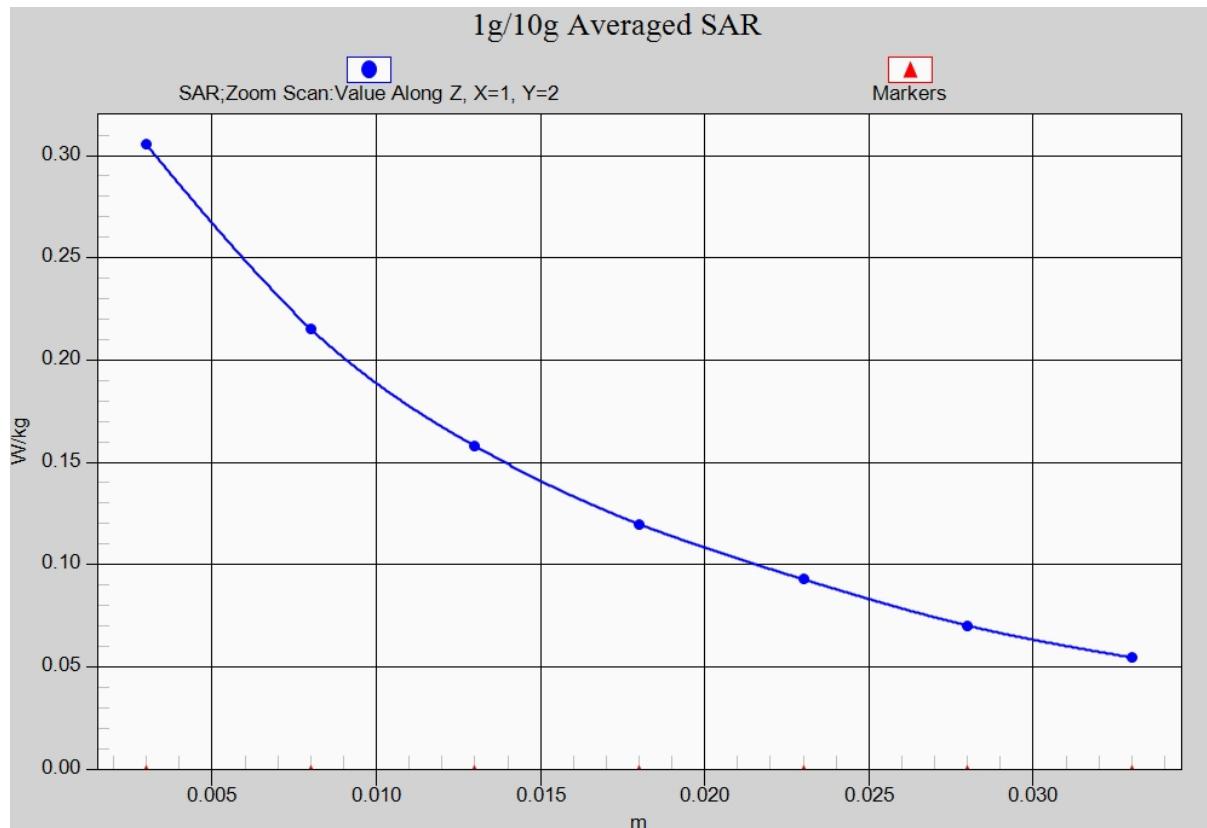


Fig. 28-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band12)

LTE Band13 Left Cheek with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle – antenna1

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 782$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.18$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band13 Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.225 W/kg

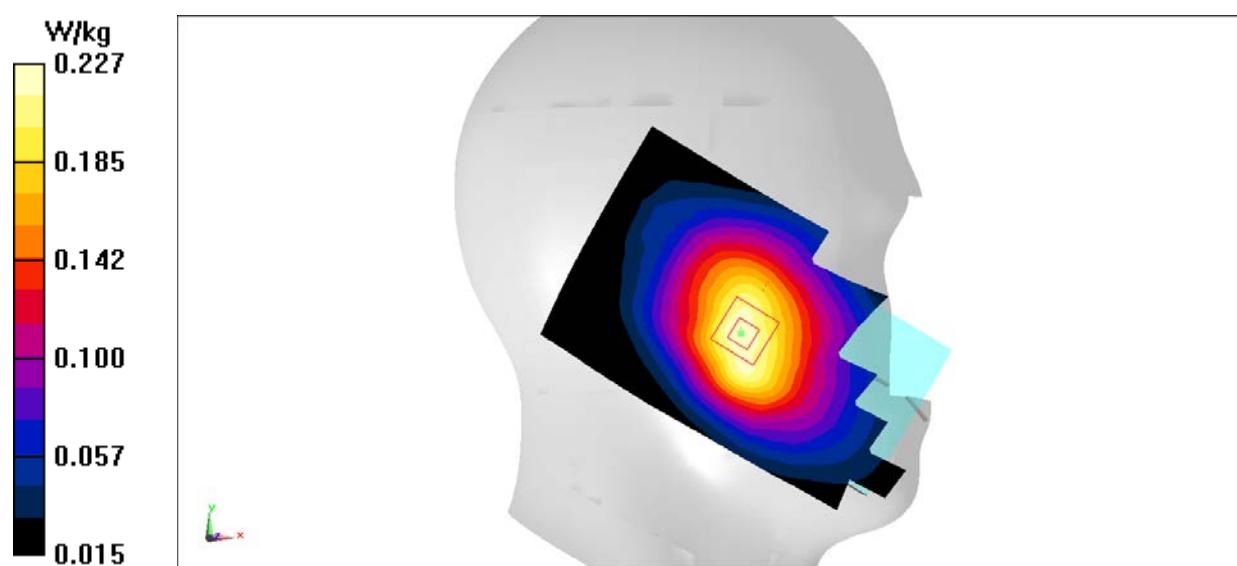
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.178 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.266 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.210 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227 W/kg

**Fig.29 LTE Band13**

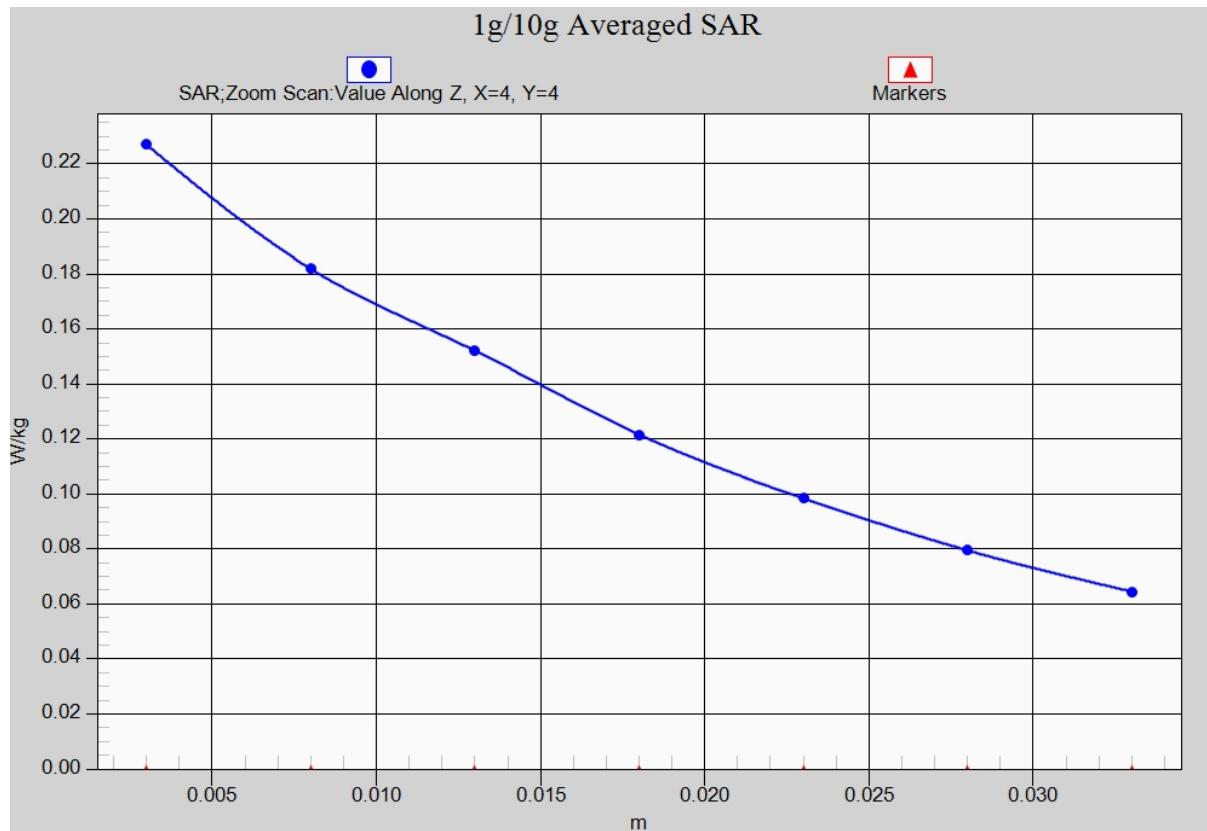


Fig. 29-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band13)

LTE Band13 Body Left with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle – antenna1

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 782$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.46$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band13 Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93)

Area Scan (121x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.421 W/kg

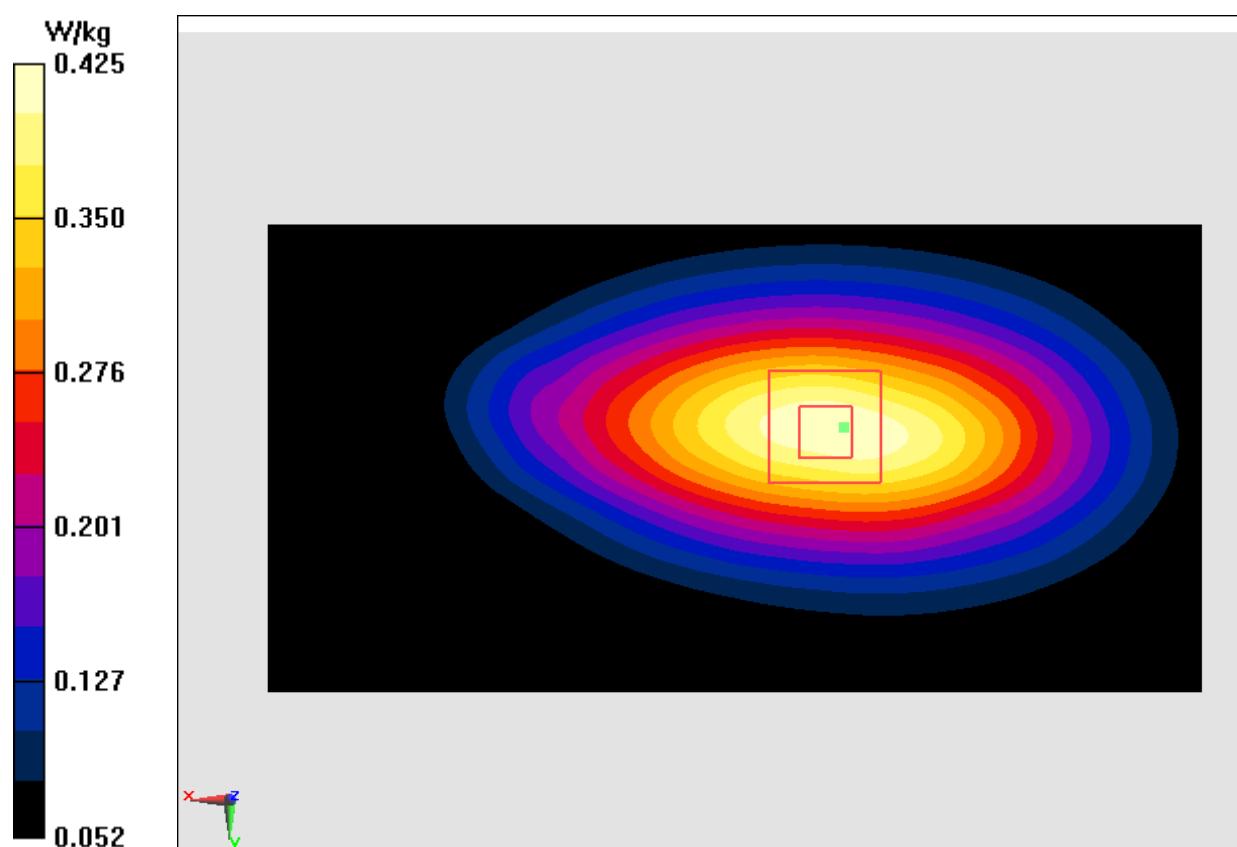
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.516 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.372 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.425 W/kg

**Fig.30 LTE Band13**

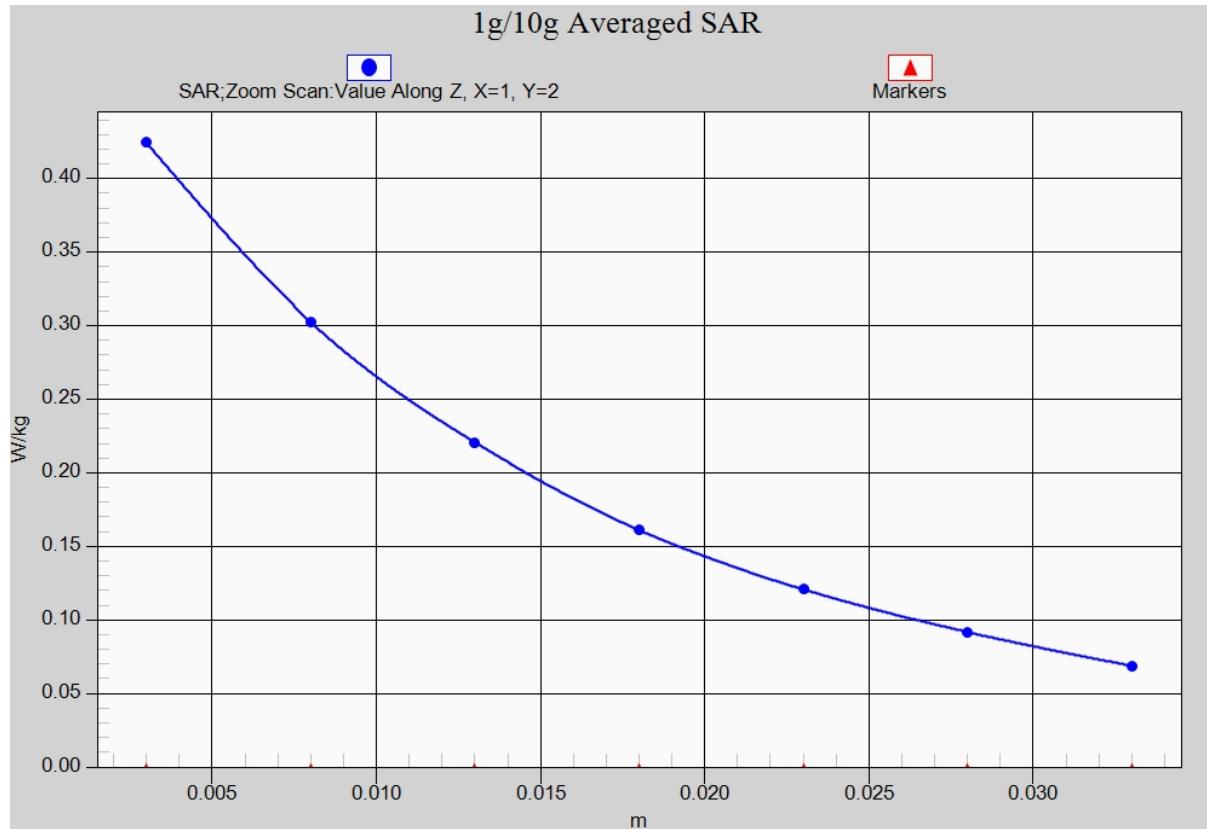


Fig. 30-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band13)

LTE Band13 Left Cheek with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle – antenna2

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 782$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.18$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band13 Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.228 W/kg

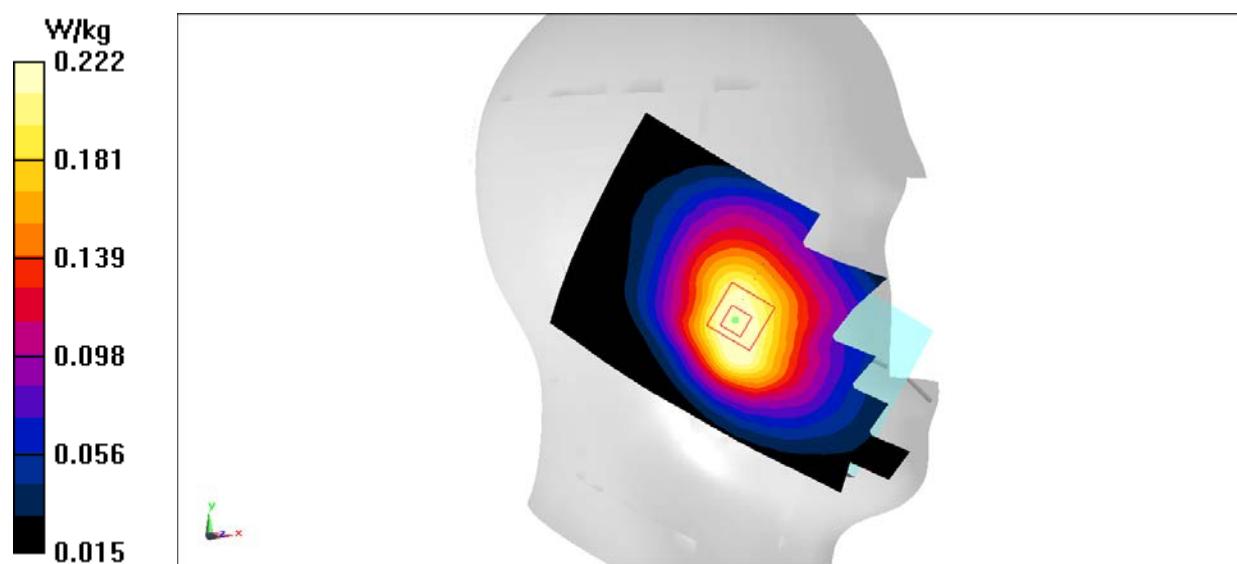
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.910 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.262 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.204 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.222 W/kg

**Fig.31 LTE Band13**

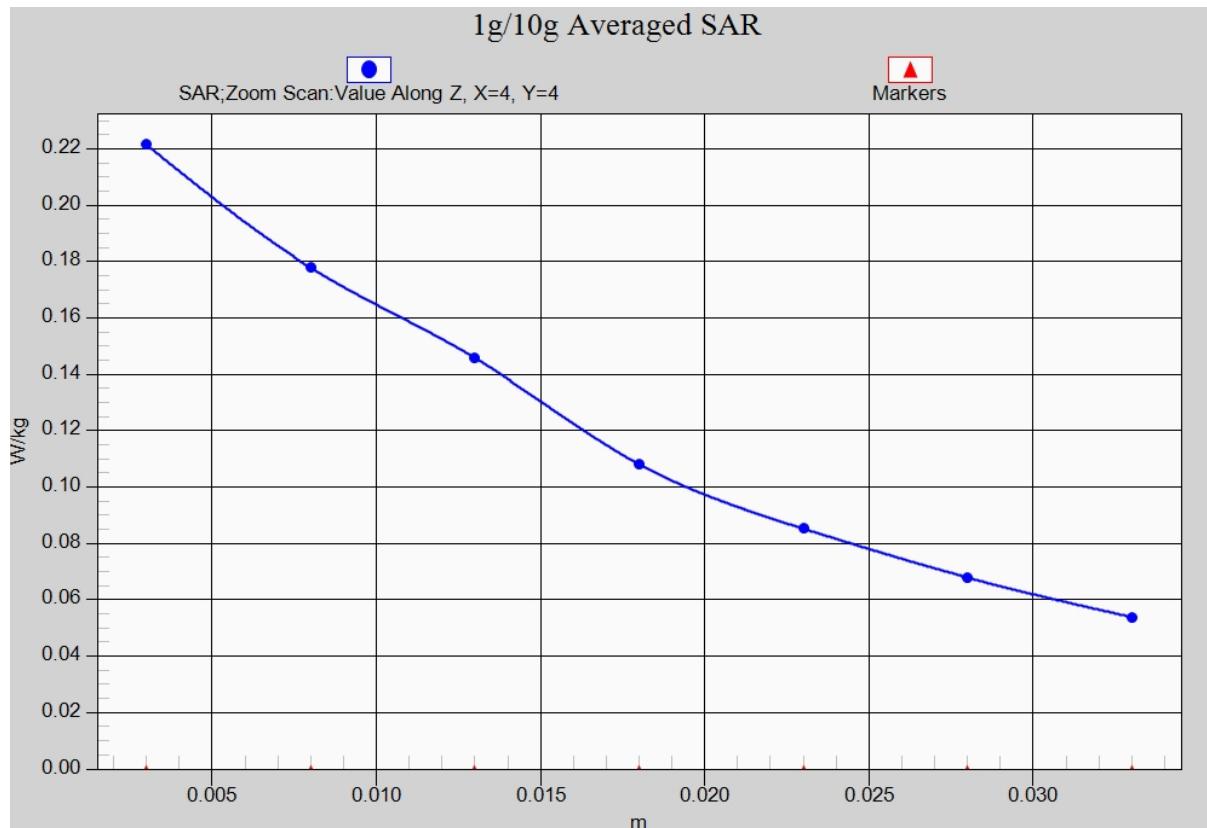


Fig. 31-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band13)

LTE Band13 Body Right with QPSK_10M_1RB_Middle – antenna2

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 782$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.46$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band13 Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.270 W/kg

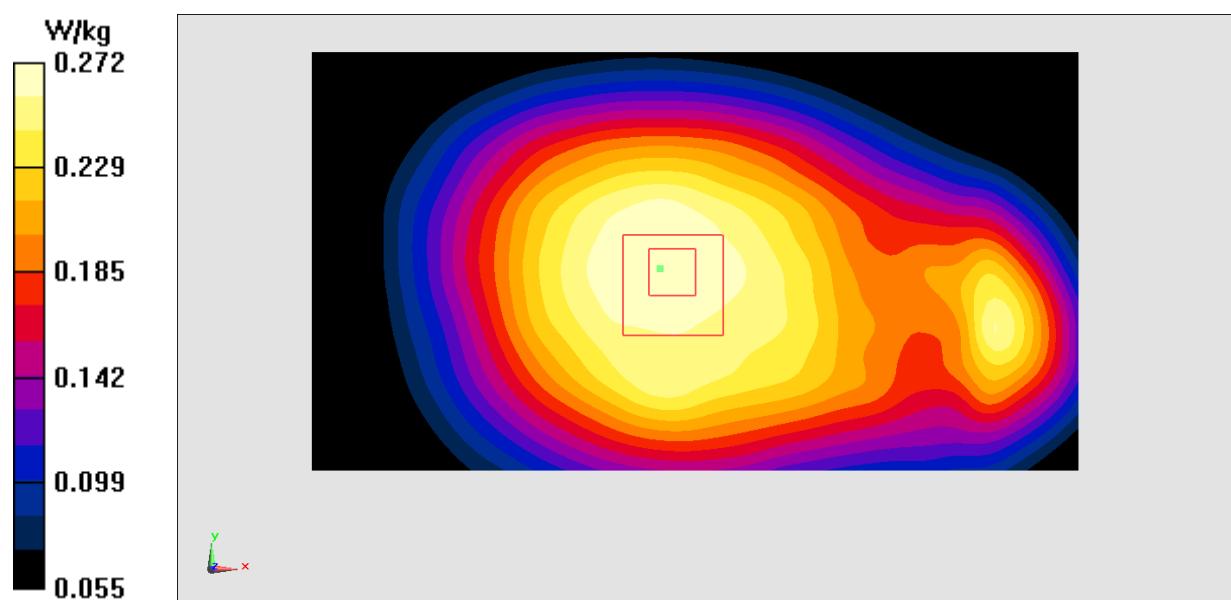
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.303 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.250 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.272 W/kg

**Fig.32 LTE Band13**

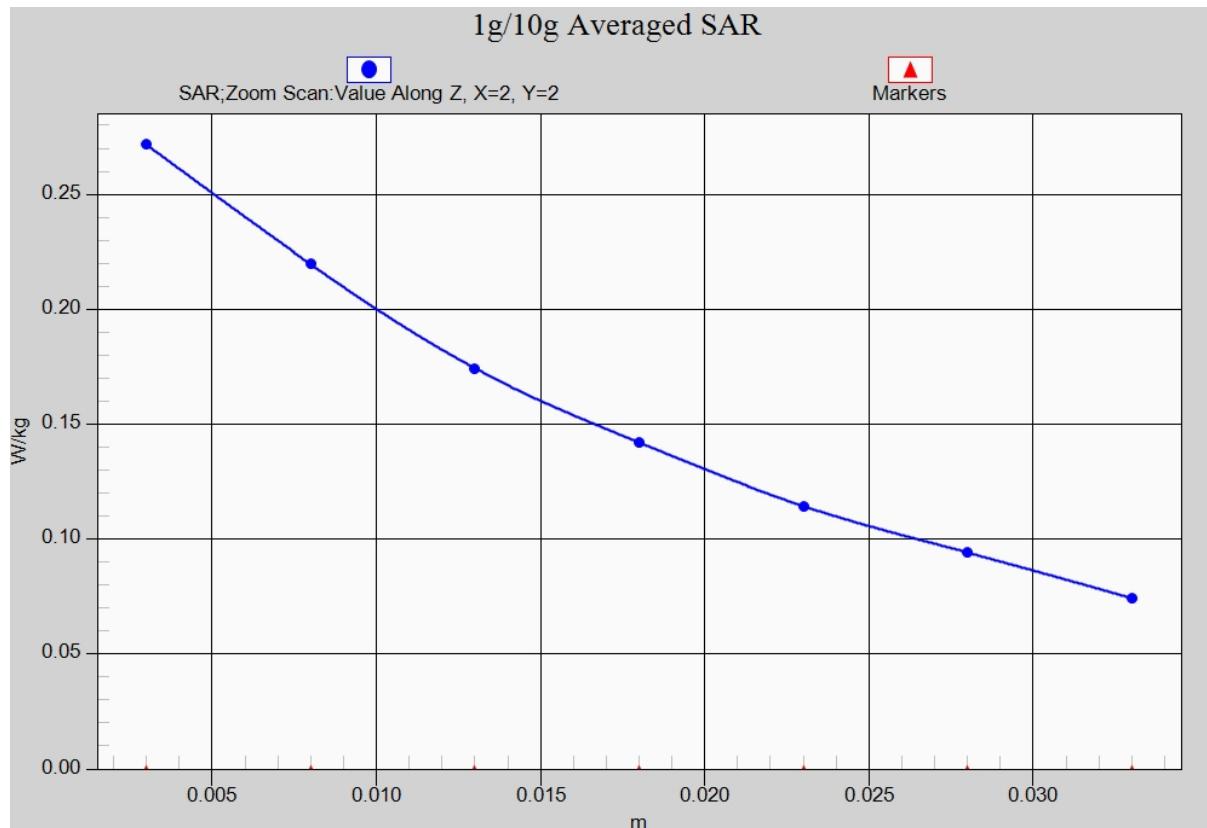


Fig. 32-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band13)

LTE Band30 Right Cheek with QPSK_10M_1RB_High

Date: 2017-1-18

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2310 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.64 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.994$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band30 Frequency: 2310 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4- SN7307 ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.159 W/kg

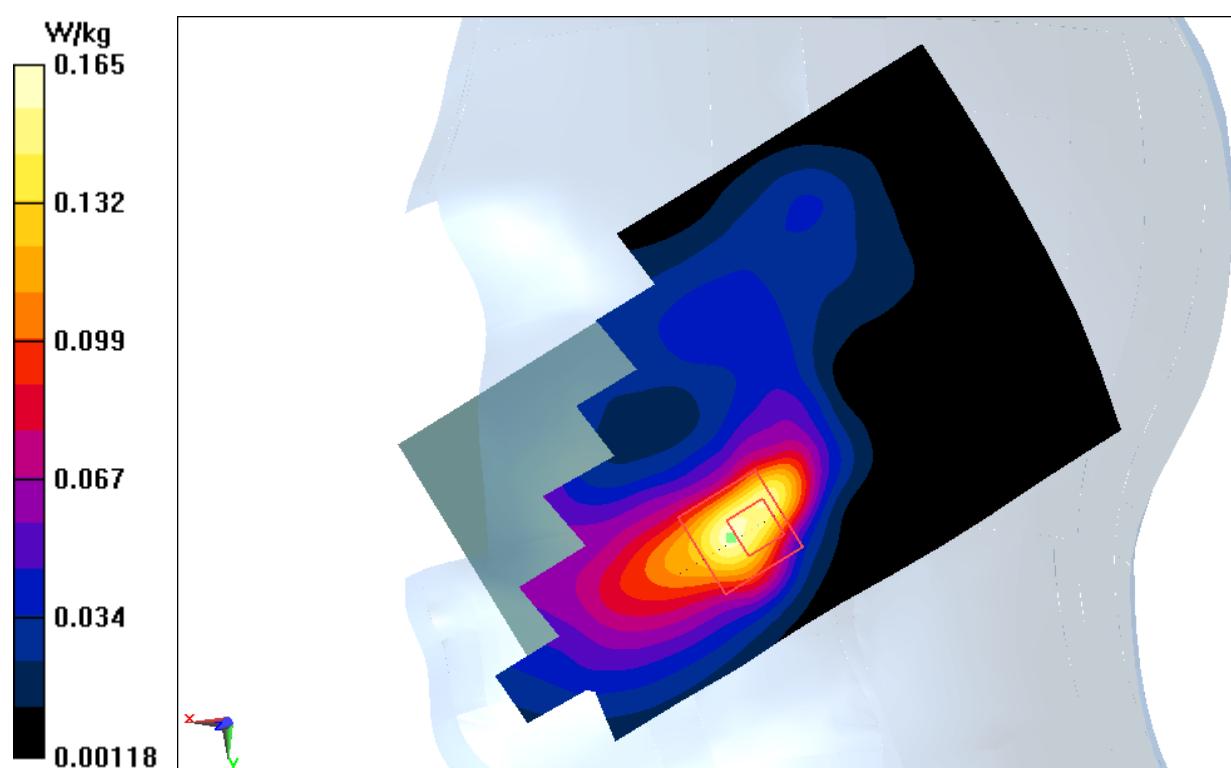
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.548 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.228 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.131 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.165 W/kg

**Fig.33 LTE Band30**

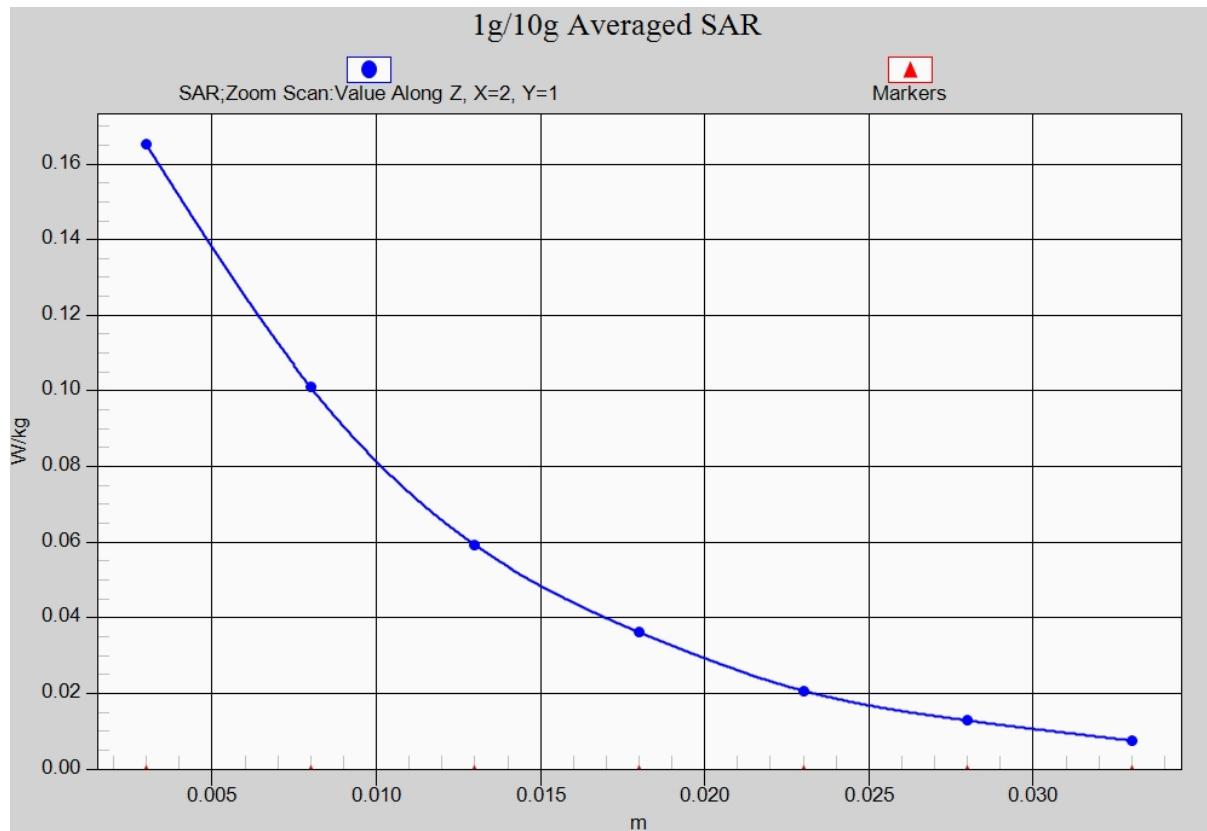


Fig. 33-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band30)

LTE Band30 Body Bottom with QPSK_10M_1RB_Low

Date: 2017-1-18

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2310$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.807$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band30 Frequency: 2310 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

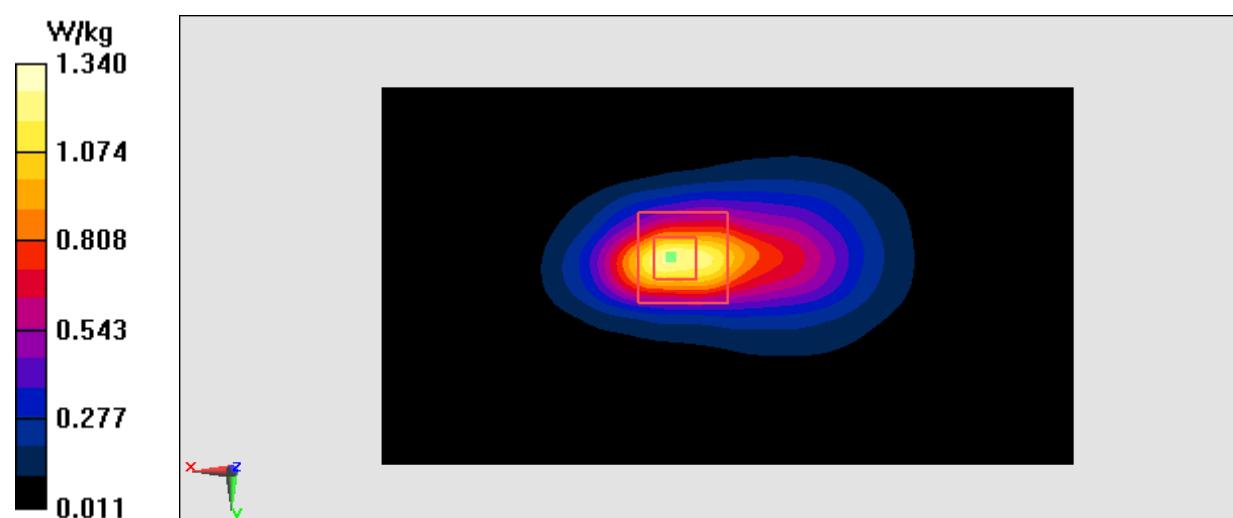
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.508 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg

**Fig.34 LTE Band30**

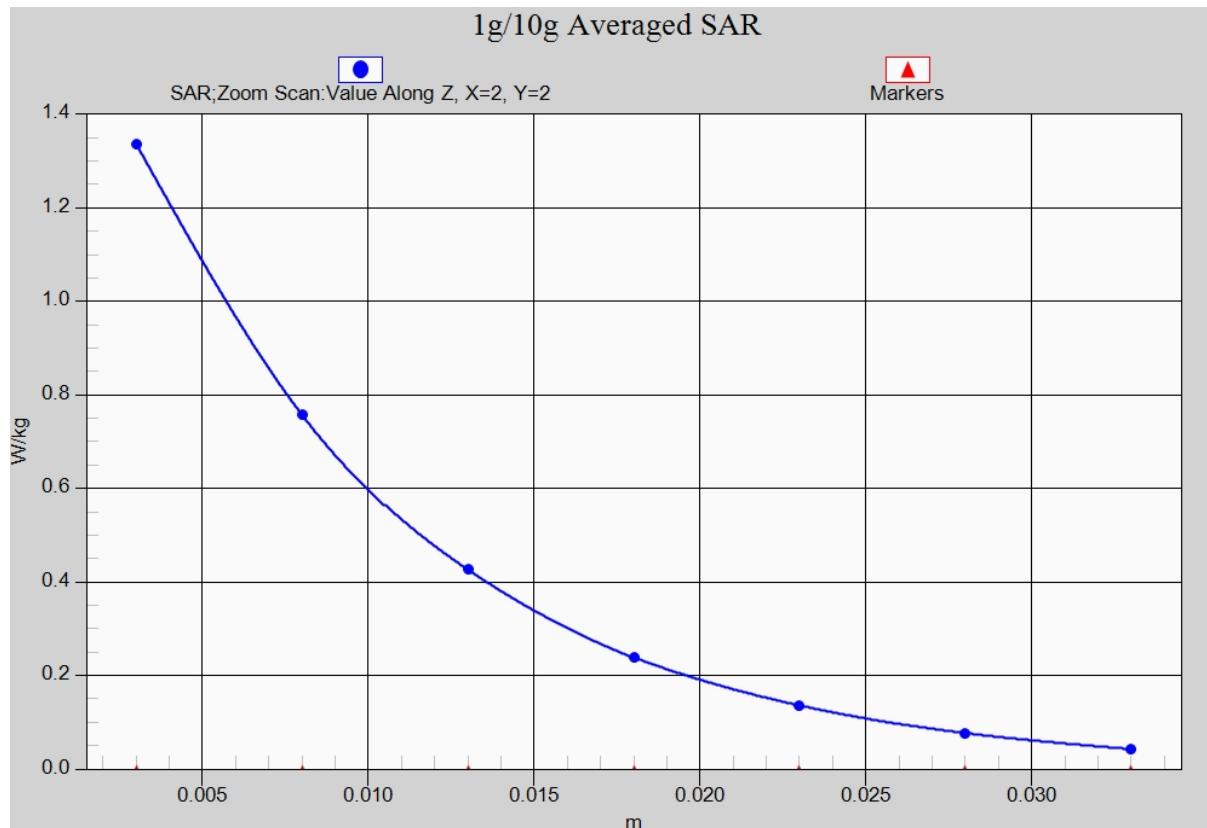


Fig. 34-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band30)

LTE Band 41 Right Cheek Low with QPSK_20M_1RB_Middle

Date: 2017-1-17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2506$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.865$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band41 Frequency: 2506 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7307 ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0920 W/kg

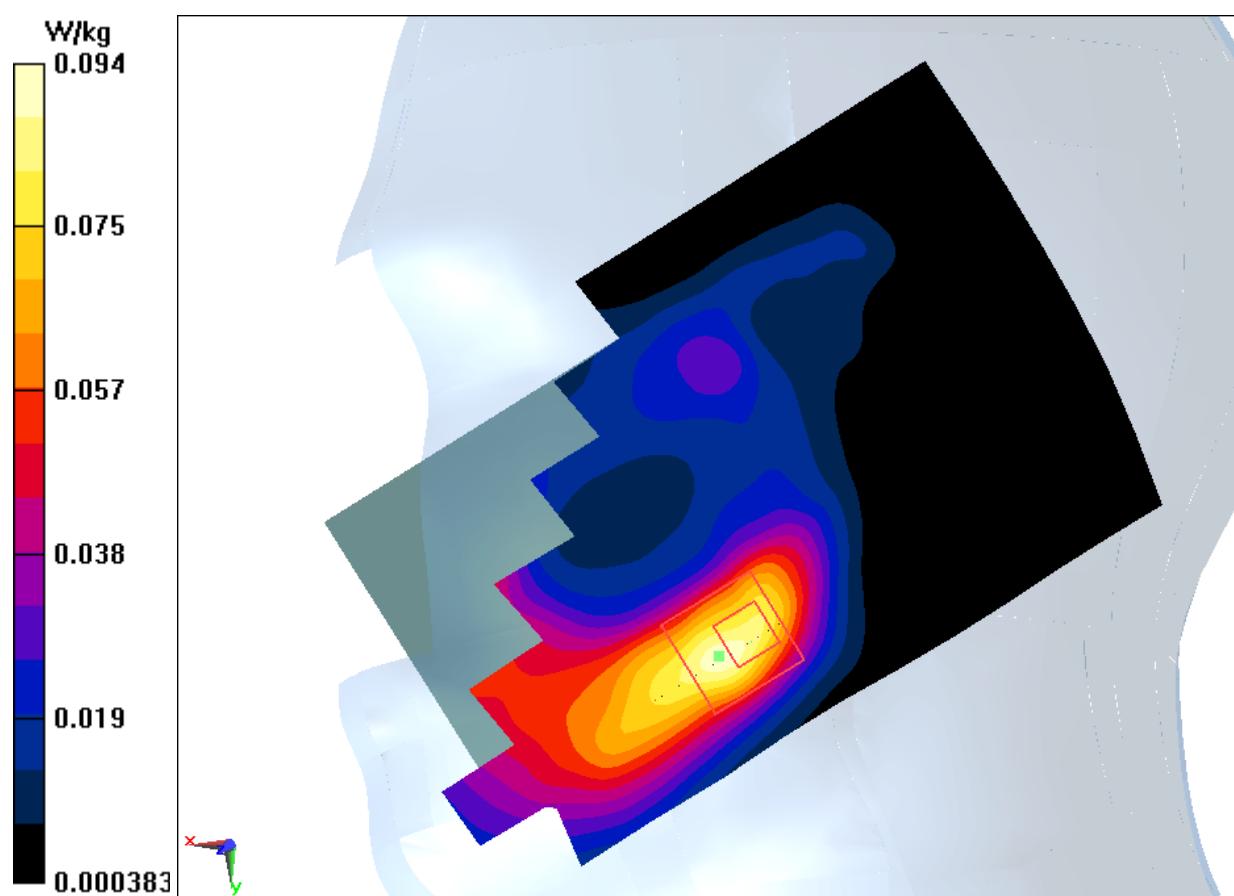
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.101 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.140 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.074 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0940 W/kg

**Fig.35 LTE Band 41**

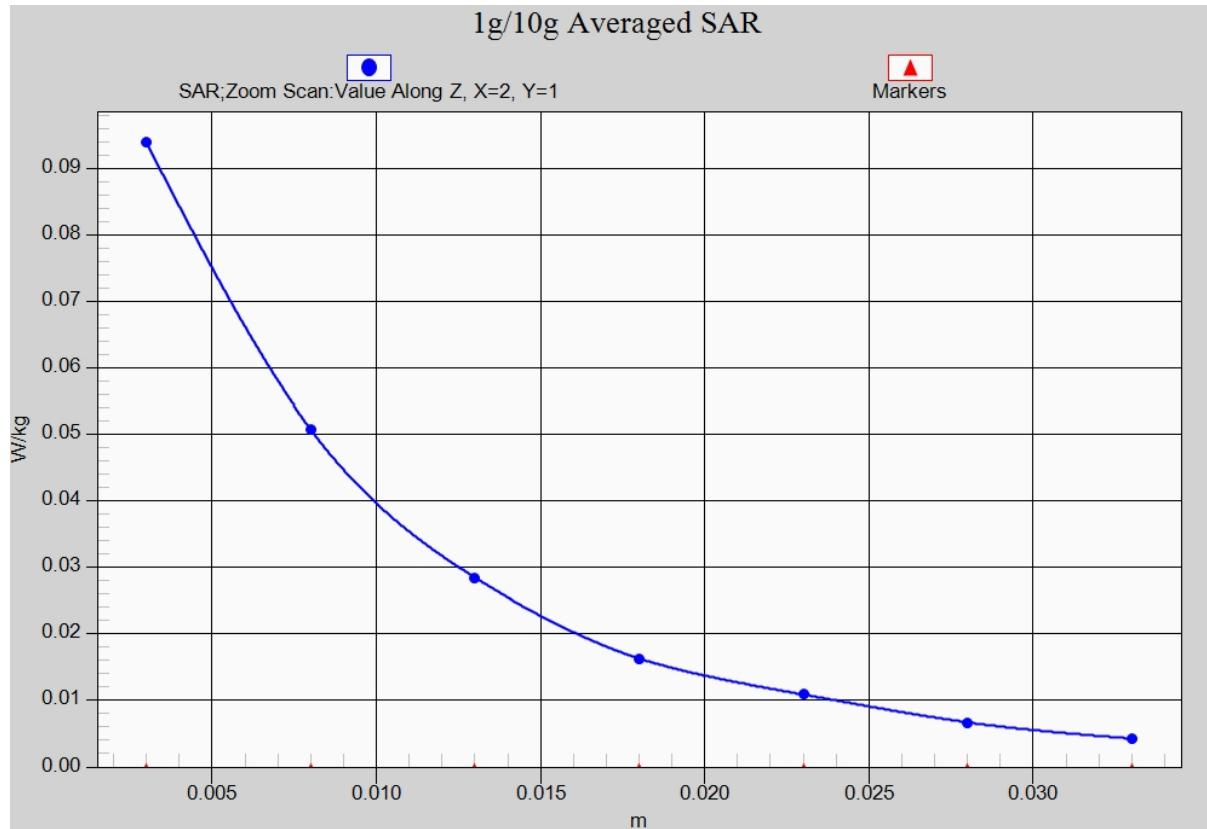


Fig. 35-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band 41)

LTE Band 41 Body Bottom Low with QPSK_20M_1RB_Middle

Date: 2017-1-17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters use (interpolated): $f = 2506$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.024$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.639$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band41 Frequency: 2506 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7307 ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03)

Area Scan (111x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 W/kg

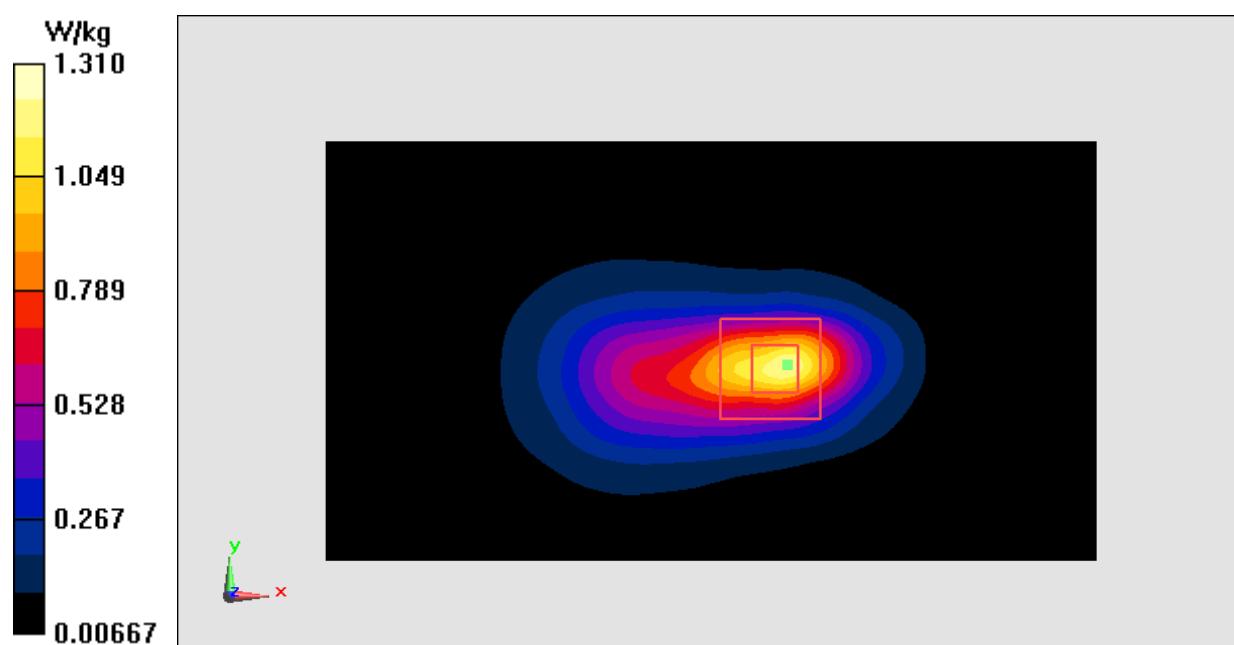
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg

**Fig.36 LTE Band 41**

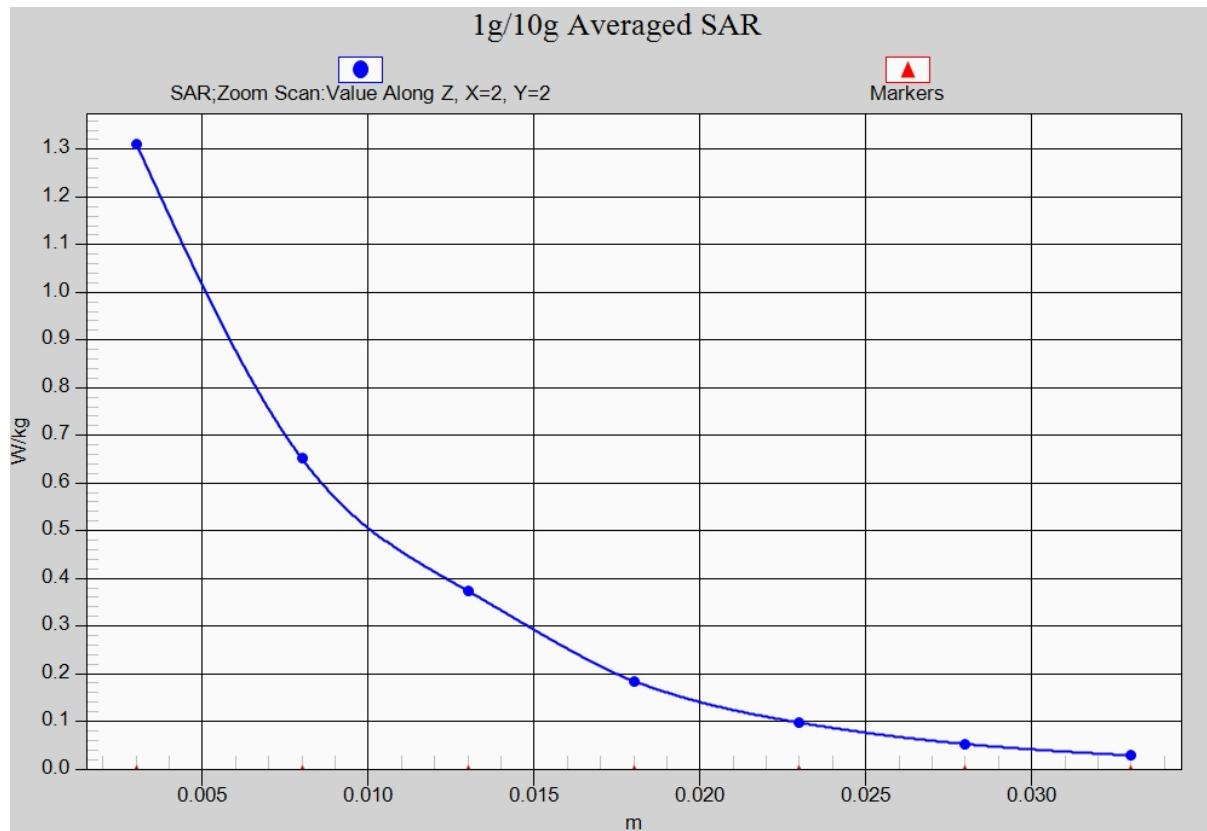


Fig. 36-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band 41)

Wifi 802.11b Left Cheek Channel 6

Date: 2017-1-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.804$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.47$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WLan 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7307 ConvF(7.36, 7.36, 7.36)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.320 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.528 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.550 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.285 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 W/kg

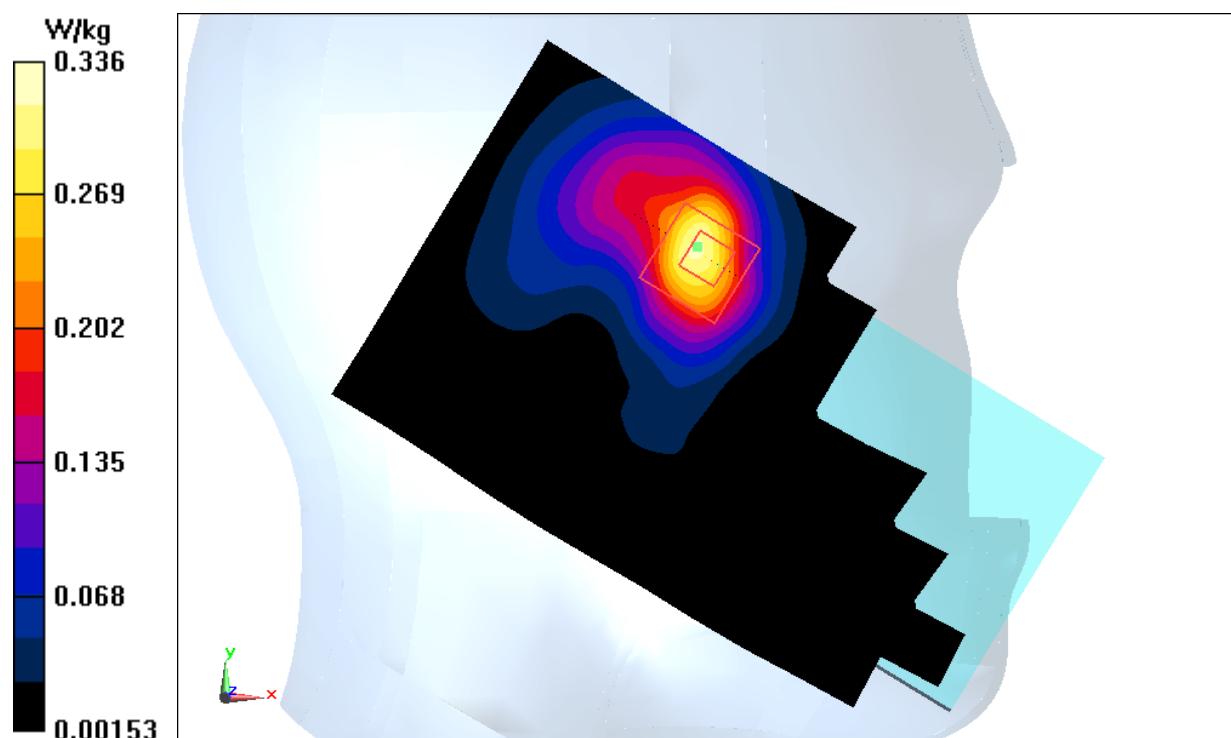


Fig.37 2450 MHz

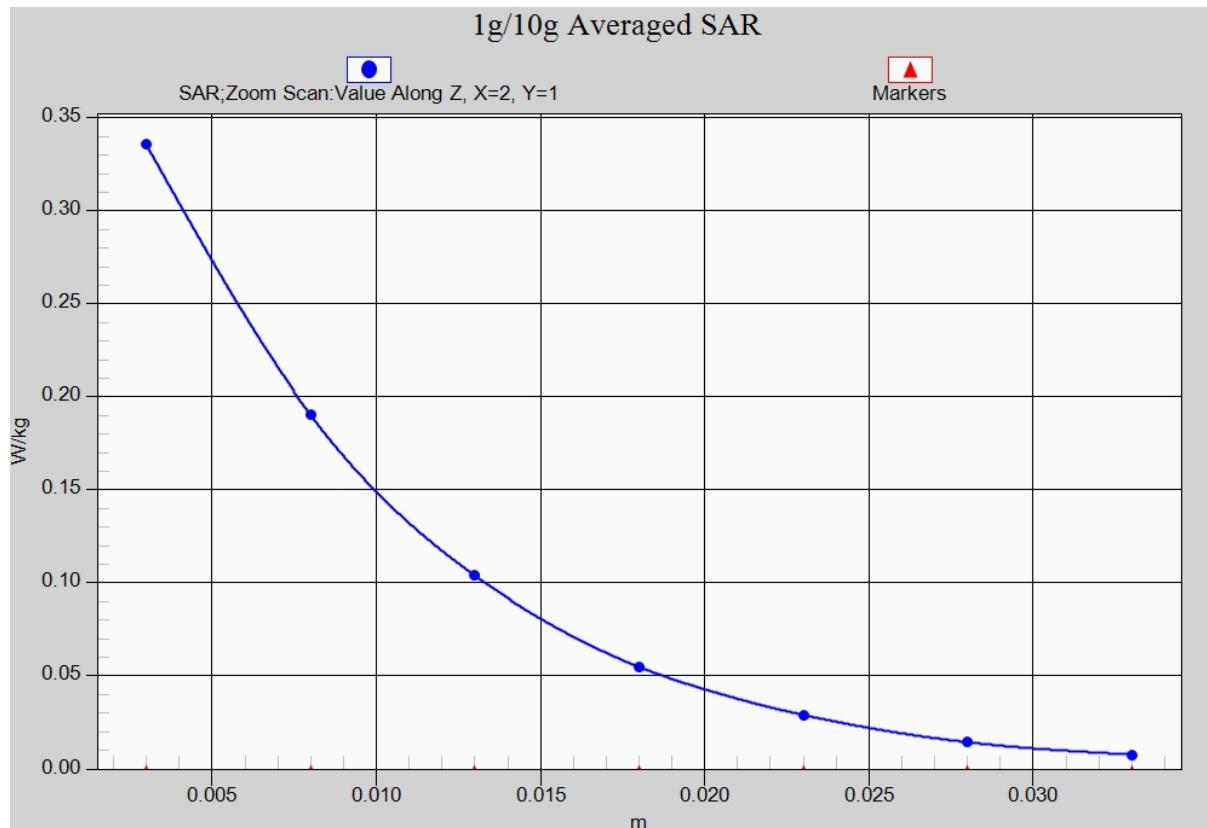


Fig. 37-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (2450 MHz)

Wifi 802.11b Body Rear Channel 6

Date: 2017-1-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.961$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WLan 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22)

Area Scan (111x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.579 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.834 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.548 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.677 W/kg

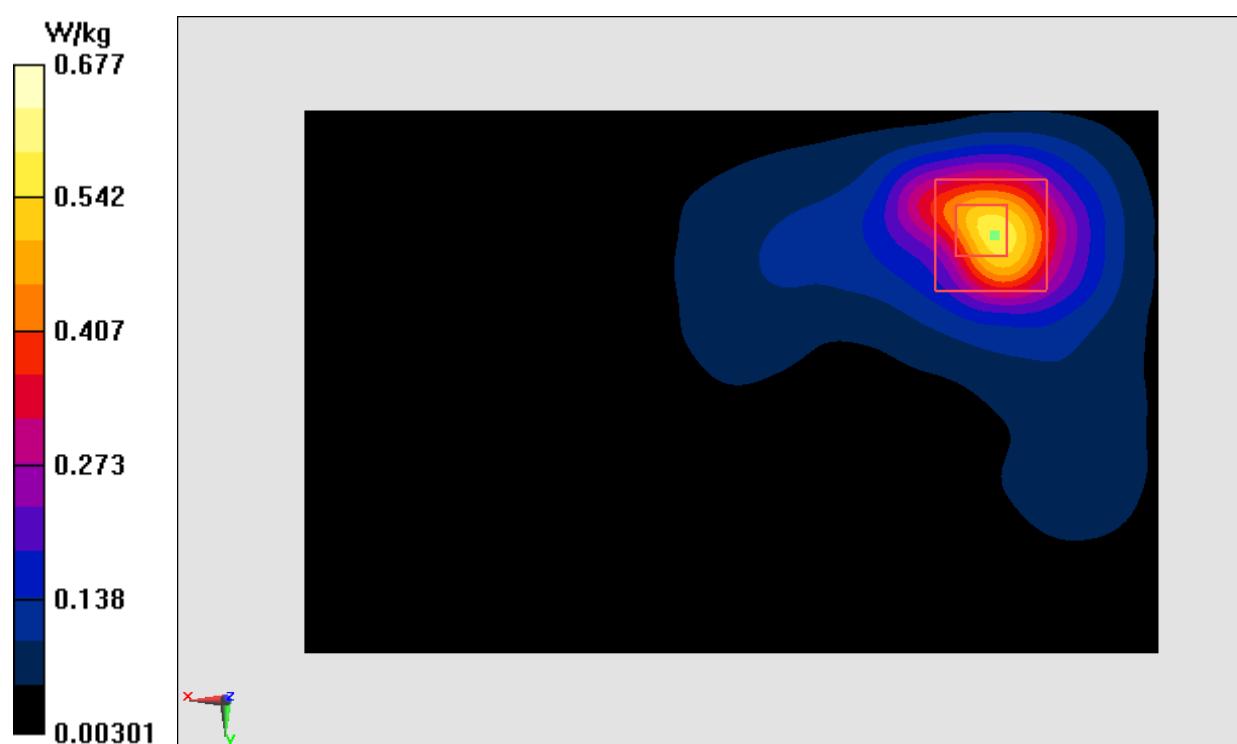


Fig.38 2450 MHz

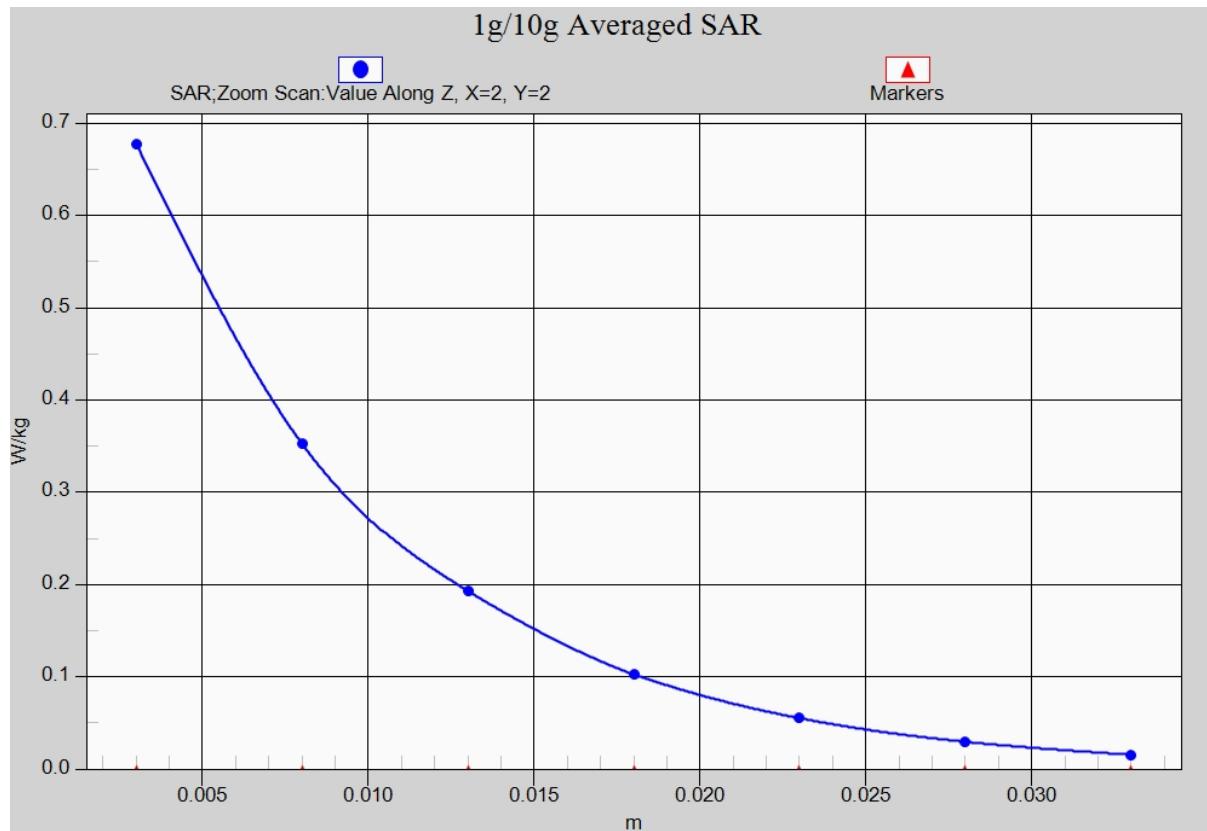


Fig. 38-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (2450 MHz)

Wifi 802.11a Left Cheek Channel 157

Date: 2017-2-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5785$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.426$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.168$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WLan 5G Frequency: 5785 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45)

Area Scan (121x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0548 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.160 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0979 W/kg

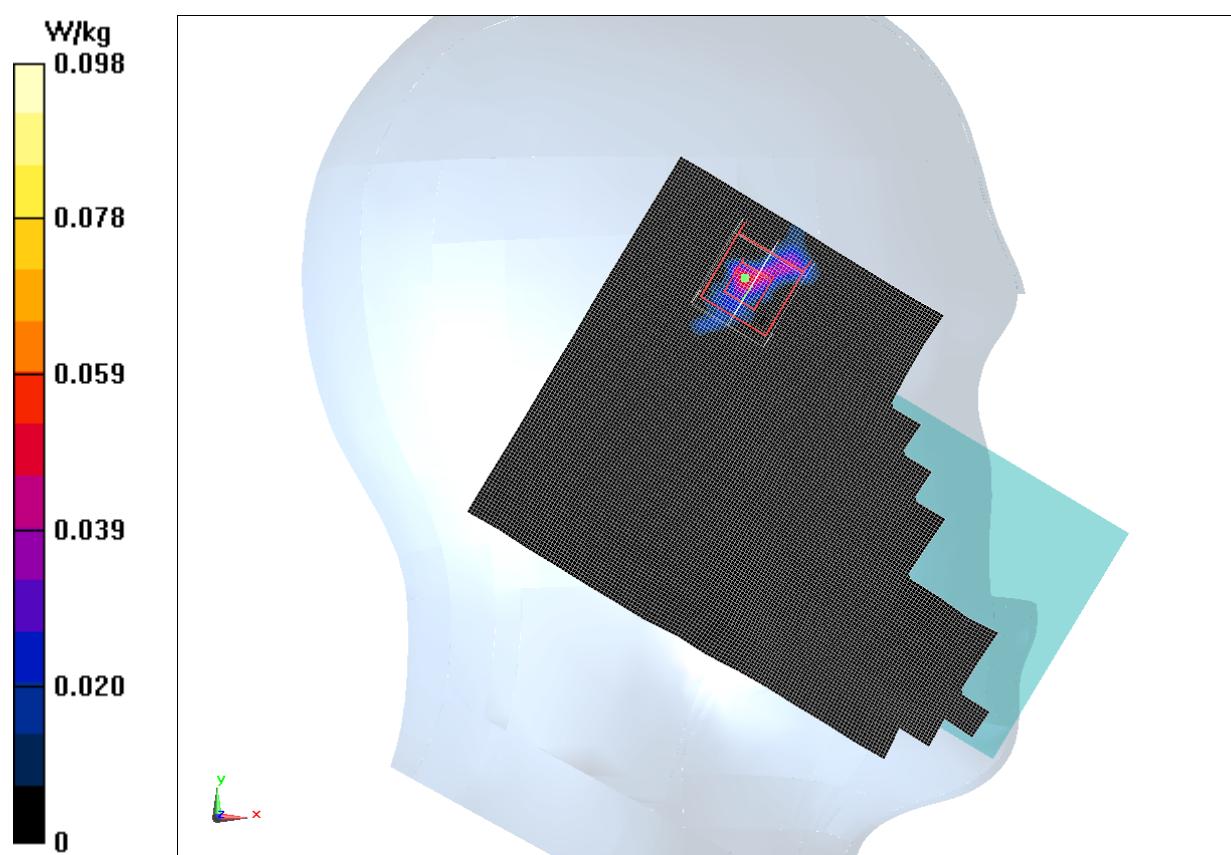


Fig.39 5GHz

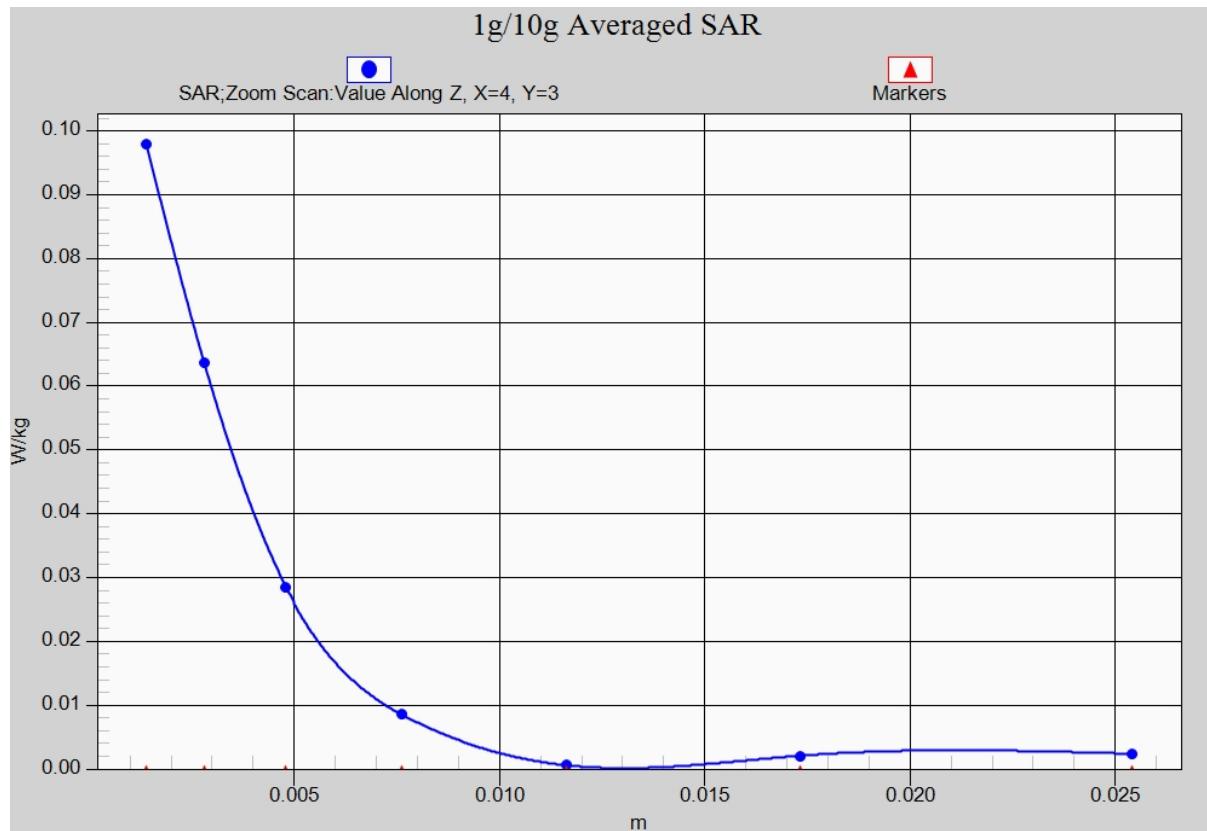


Fig. 39-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (5GHz)

Wifi 802.11a Rear Channel 64

Date: 2017-2-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.356$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.608$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WLAN 5G Frequency: 5320 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29)

Area Scan (201x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.673 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.860 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.489 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

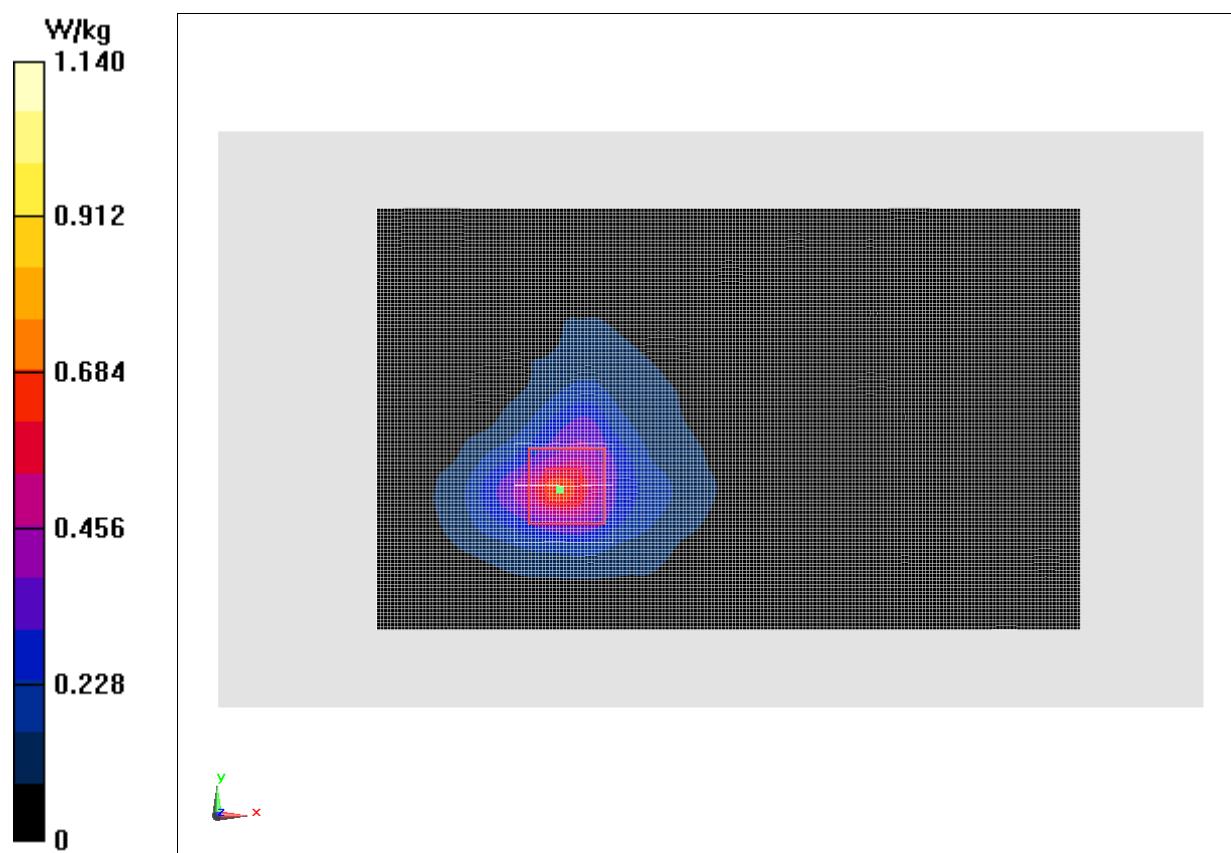


Fig.40 5GHz

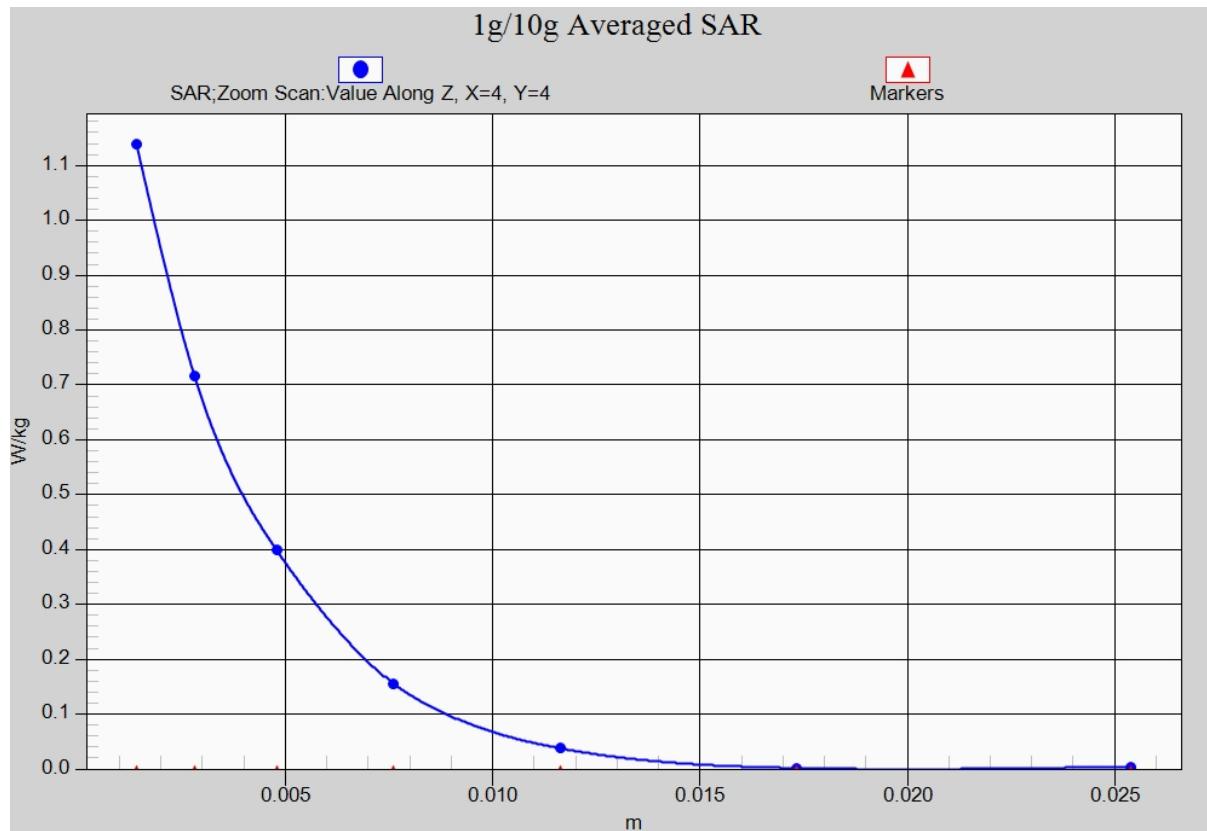


Fig. 40-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (5GHz)

ANNEX B System Verification Results

750MHz

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.891 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.21$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 48.922 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 2.09 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 1.33 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.17 W/kg

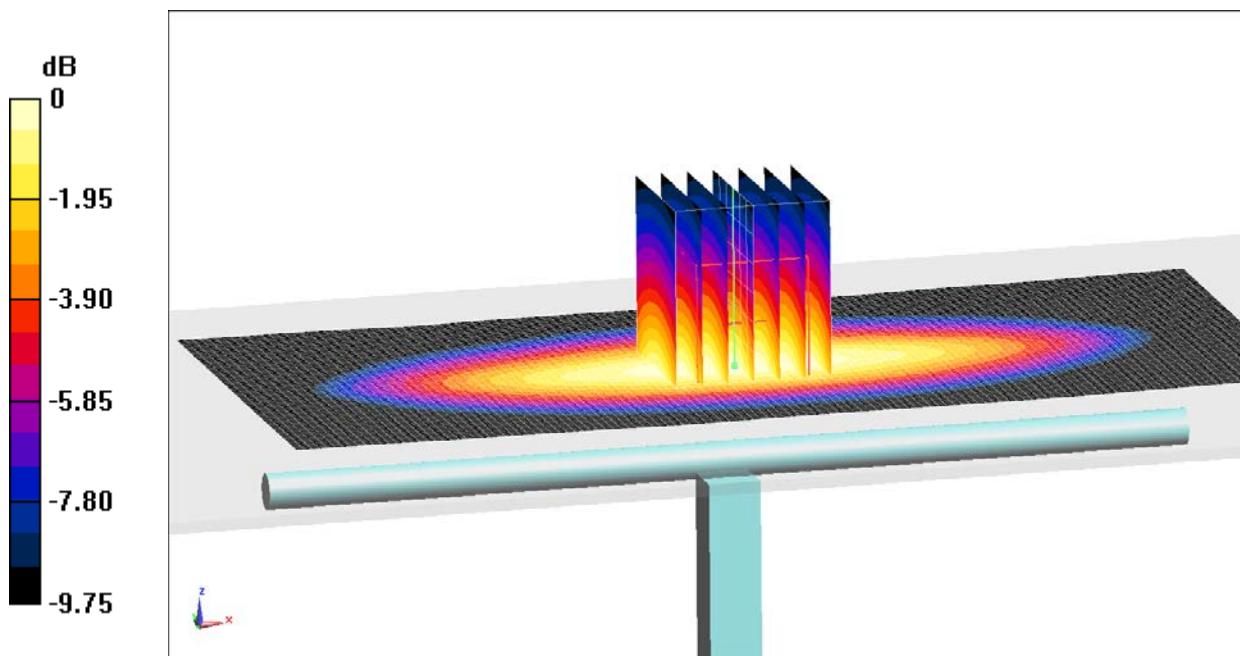
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 48.922 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.15 W/kg



0 dB = 2.15W/kg = 3.32 dB W/kg

Fig.B.1 validation 750MHz 250mW

750MHz

Date: 2017-1-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.954 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 50.975 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 2.15 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 1.42 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.32 W/kg

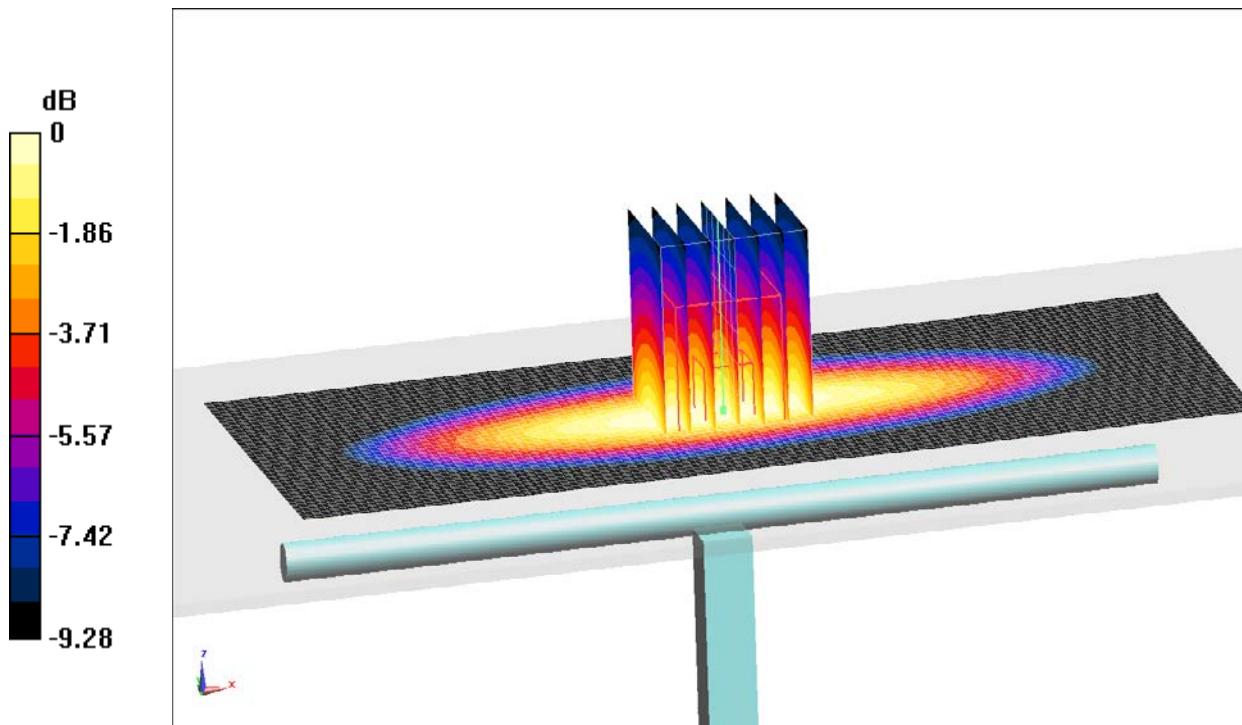
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 50.975 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.99 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 W/kg



0 dB = 2.35W/kg = 3.71 dB W/kg

Fig.B.2 validation 750MHz 250mW

835MHz

Date: 2017-1-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.913 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.56$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01)

System Validation/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 54.181 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 2.37 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 1.52 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.56 W/kg

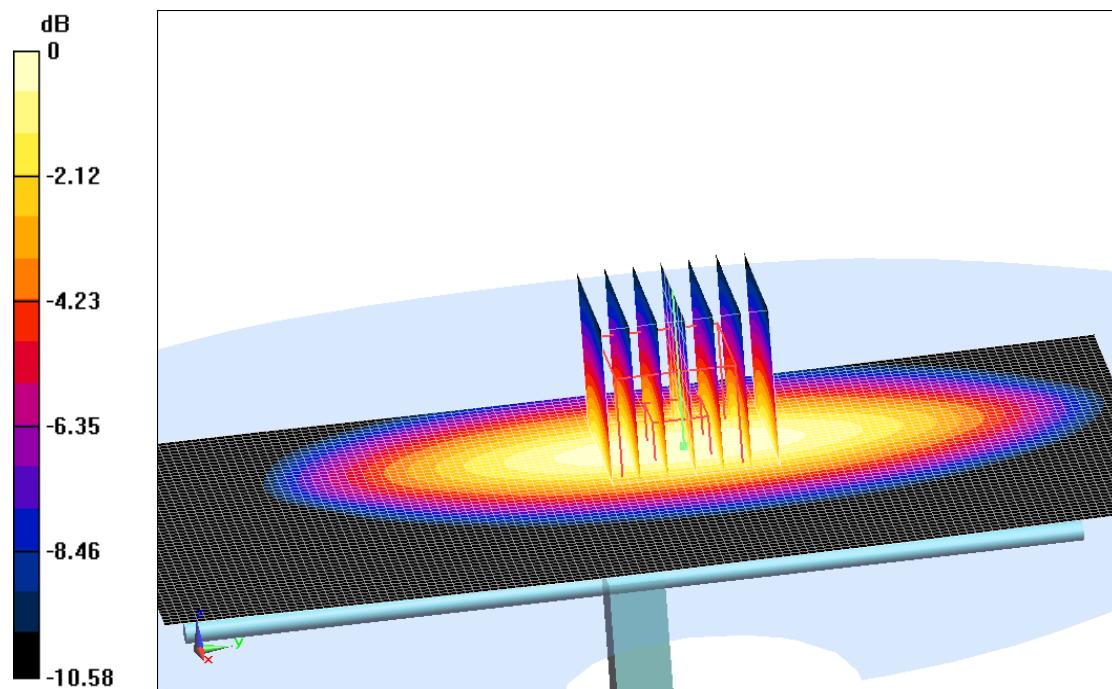
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.181 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.51 W/kg



$0 \text{ dB} = 2.51 \text{ W/kg} = 4.00 \text{ dBW/kg}$

Fig.B.3 validation 835MHz 250mW

835MHz

Date: 2017-1-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.971 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.11$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83)

System Validation /Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 52.199 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 2.39 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 1.59 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.60 W/kg

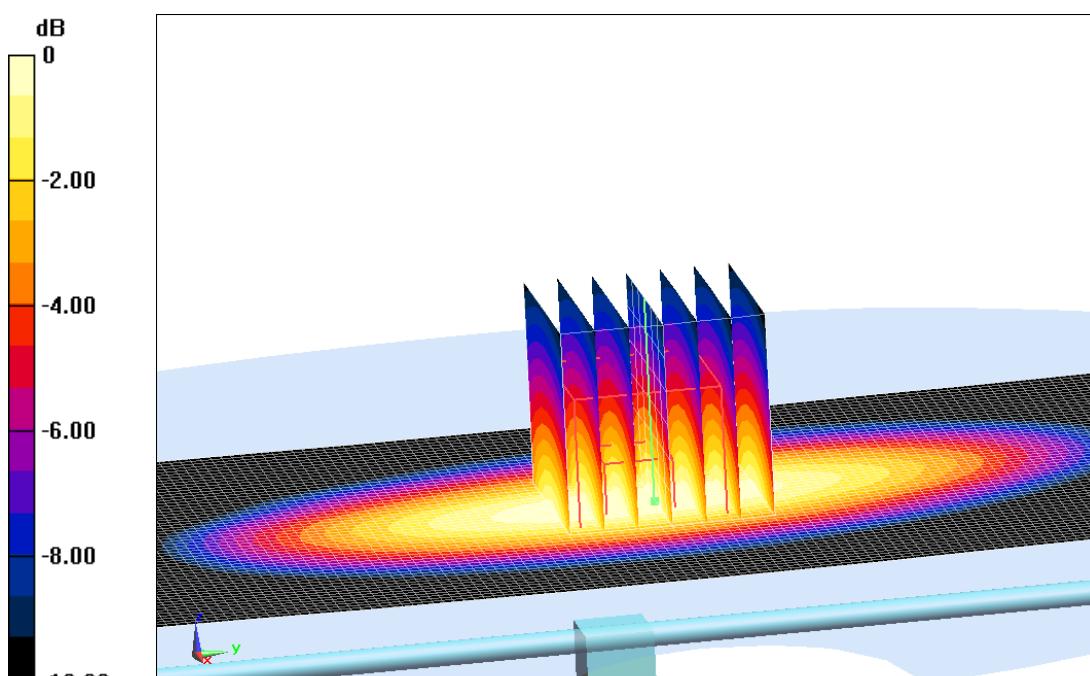
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.199 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 2.69 \text{ W/kg} = 4.30 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.4 validation 835MHz 250mW

1750MHz

Date: 2017-1-14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f=1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.31$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 88.275 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.75 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.86 W/kg

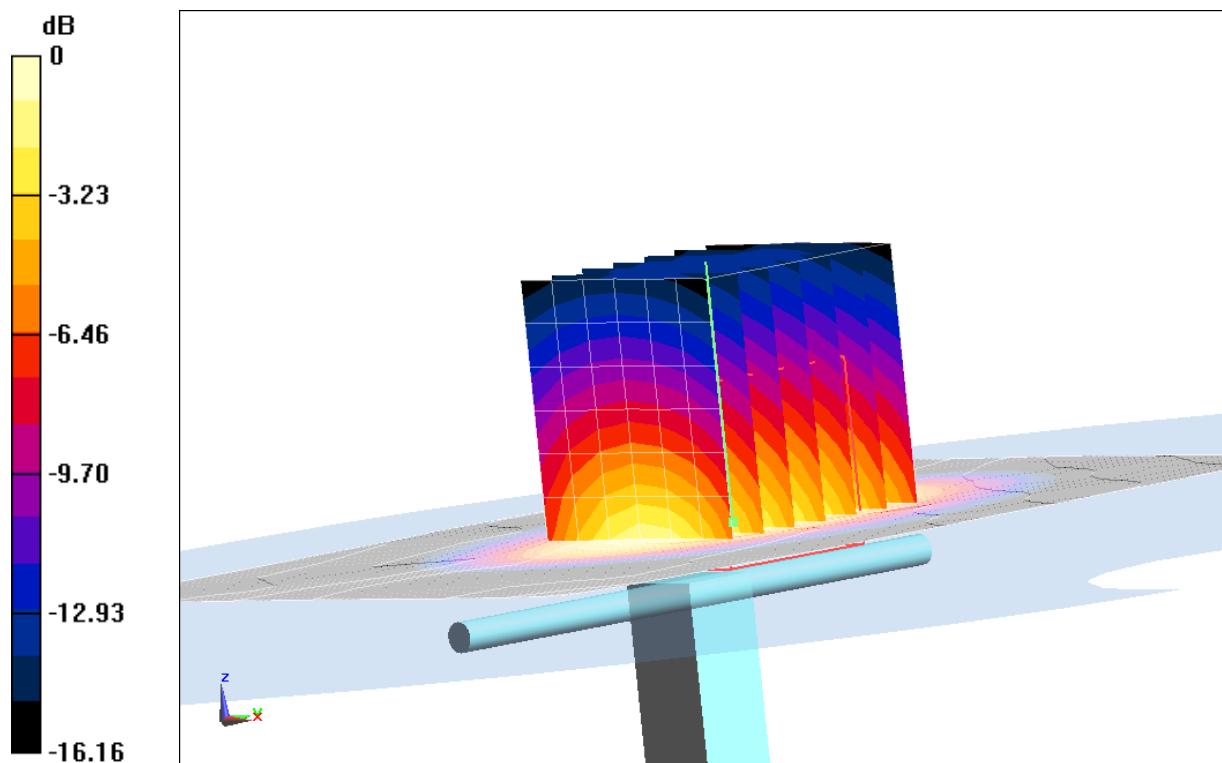
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.275 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.78 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.96 W/kg



0 dB = 9.96 W/kg = 9.98 dB W/kg

Fig.B.5 validation 1750MHz 250mW

1750MHz

Date: 2017-1-14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f=1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.42$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307ConvF(8.18, 8.18, 8.18)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 94.792 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.4 W/kg

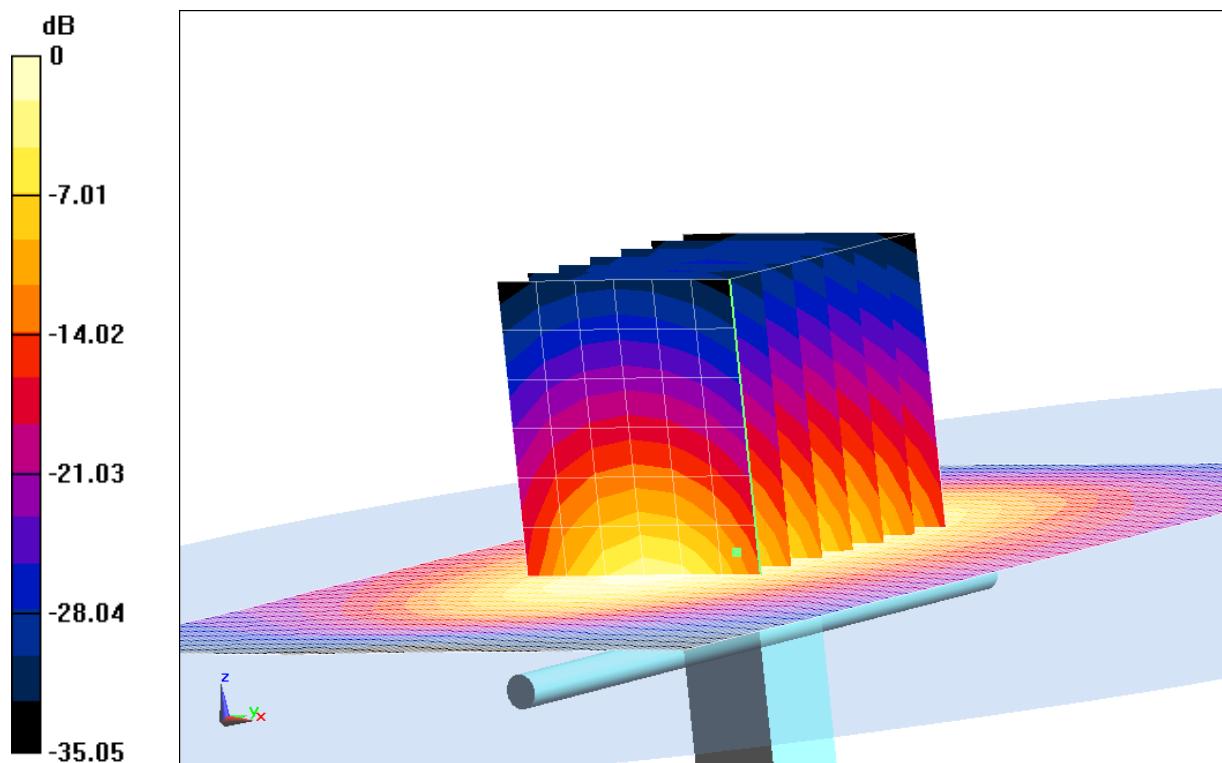
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.792 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.25 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 10.25 \text{ W/kg} = 10.11 \text{ dB W/kg}$$

Fig.B.6 validation 1750MHz 250mW

1900MHz

Date: 2017-1-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.421 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.81$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(8.10, 8.10, 8.10)

System Validation /Area Scan(61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 90.376 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

SAR(1 g) = 10.11W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.5 W/kg

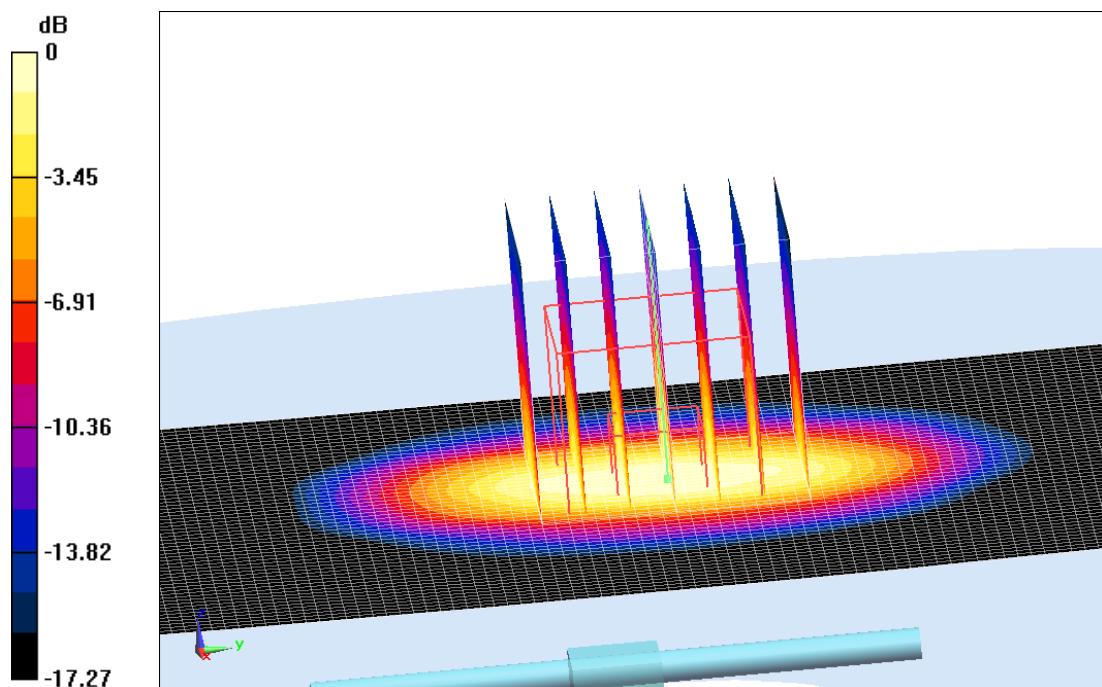
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 90.376 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.26 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 12.26 \text{ W/kg} = 10.88 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.7 validation 1900MHz 250mW

1900MHz

Date: 2017-1-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.517 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.21$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 93.072 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 10.39 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 5.49 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.3 W/kg

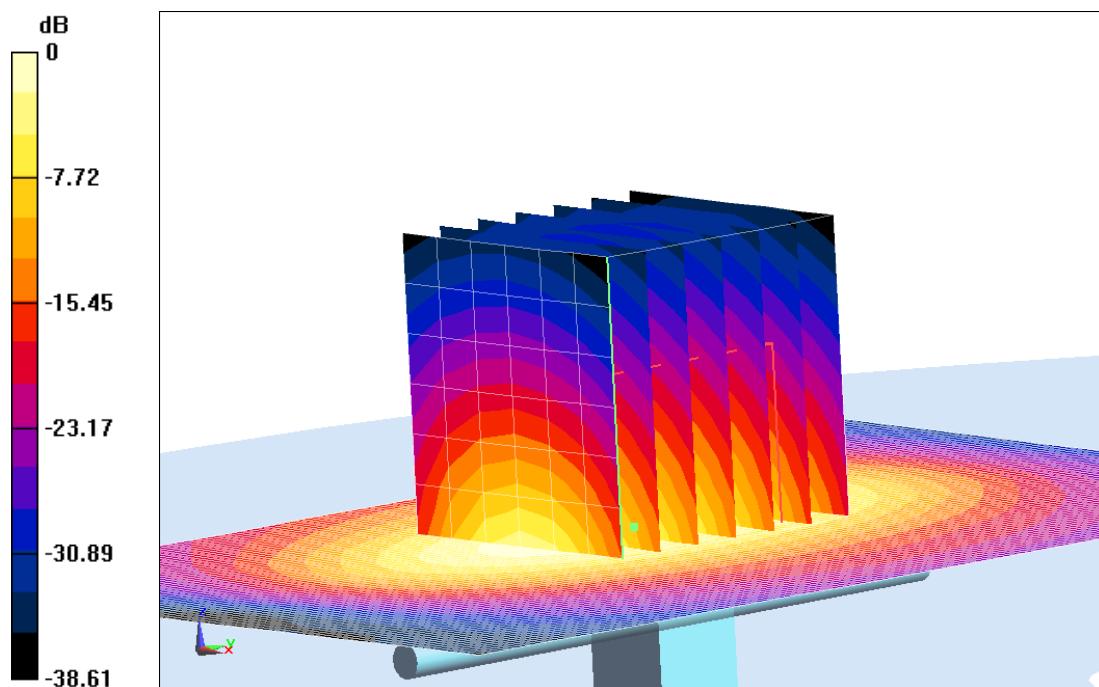
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 93.072 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.25 W/kg



0 dB = 12.25W/kg = 10.88 dB W/kg

Fig.B.8 validation 1900MHz 250mW

2300MHz

Date: 2017-1-18

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.628 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.01$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2300 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65)

System Validation /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 102.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

SAR(1 g) = 12.0 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.75 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.3 W/kg

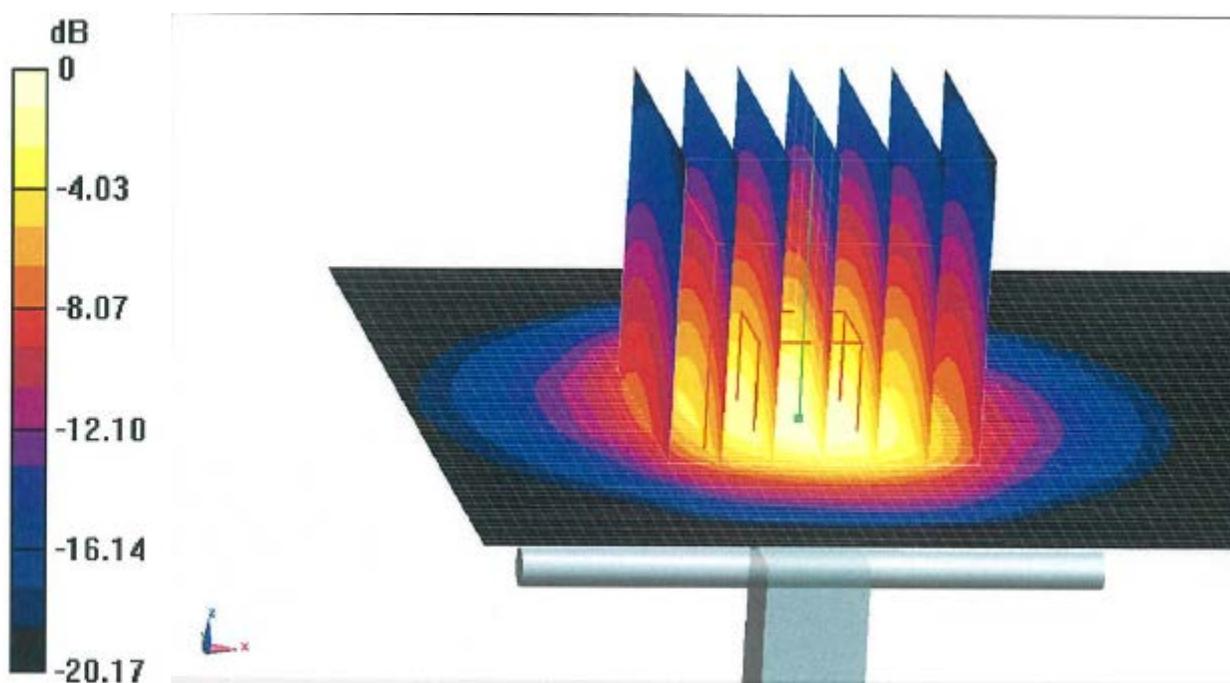
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 102.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.91 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 19.5 \text{ W/kg} = 12.90 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.9 validation 2300MHz 250mW

2300MHz

Date: 2017-1-18

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.803 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.37$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2300 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41)

System Validation /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 101.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

SAR(1 g) = 12.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.77 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.4 W/kg

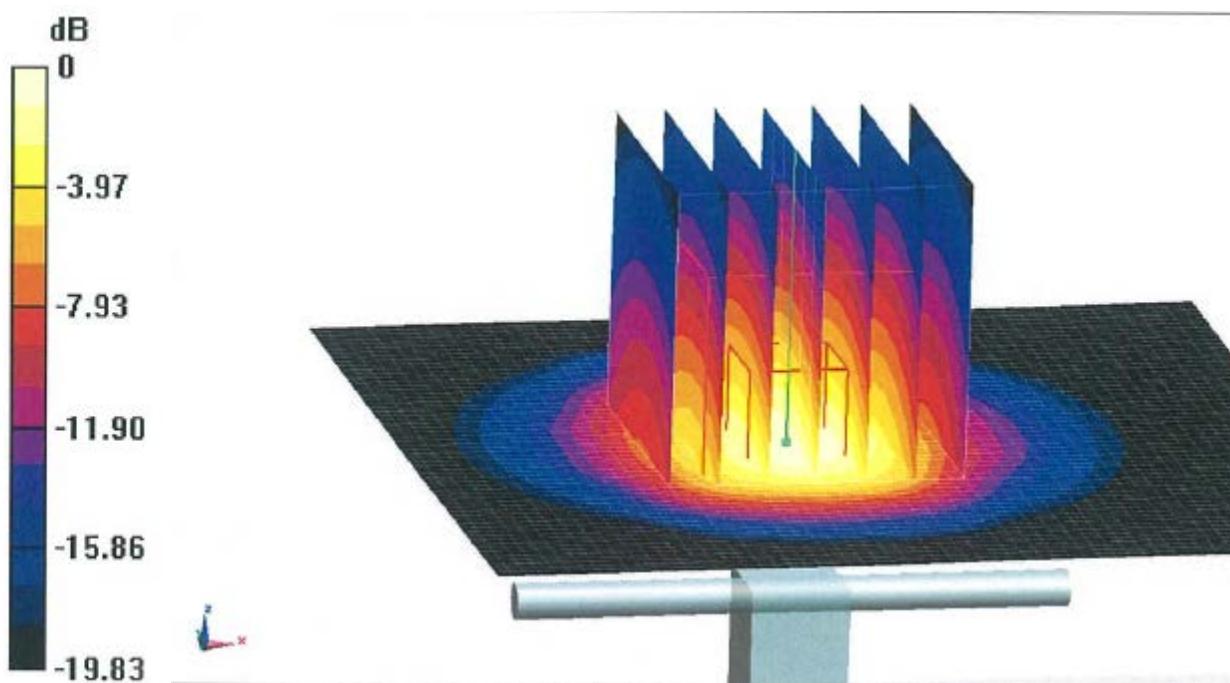
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 101.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.86 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 19.7 \text{ W/kg} = 12.94 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.10 validation 2300MHz 250mW

2450MHz

Date: 2017-1-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.816 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.36, 7.36, 7.36)

System Validation /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 92.413 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

SAR(1 g) = 13.61W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.1 W/kg

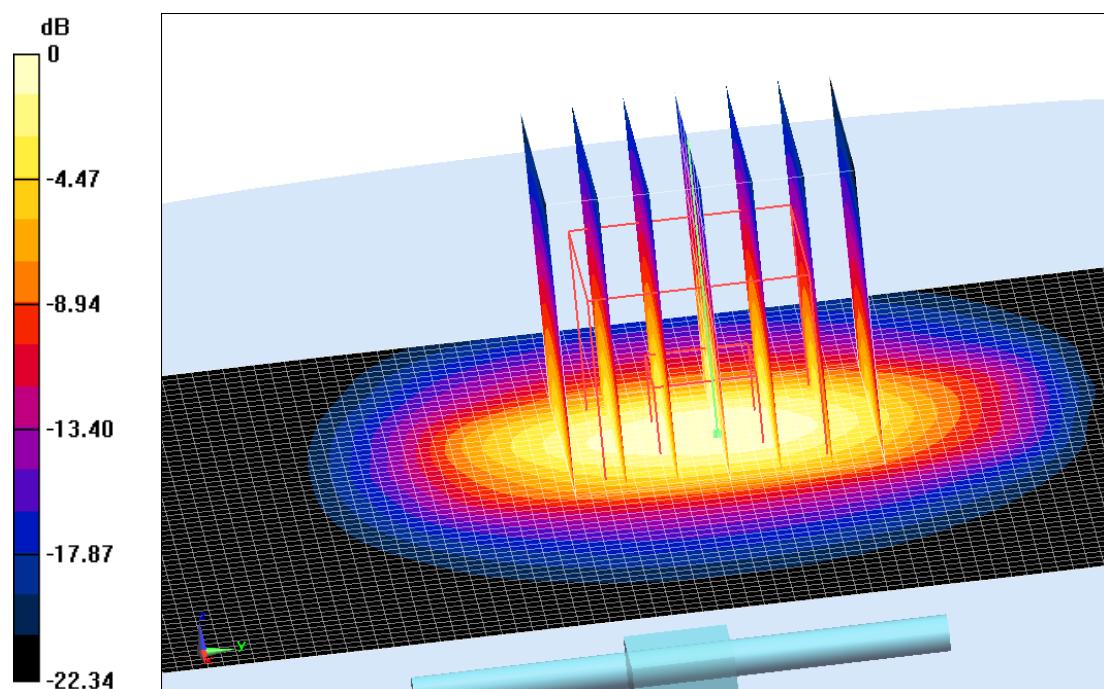
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 92.413 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.65 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 16.65 \text{ W/kg} = 12.21 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.11 validation 2450MHz 250mW

2450MHz

Date: 2017-1-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.977 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22)

System Validation/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 92.138 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

SAR(1 g) = 13.17W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.52 W/kg

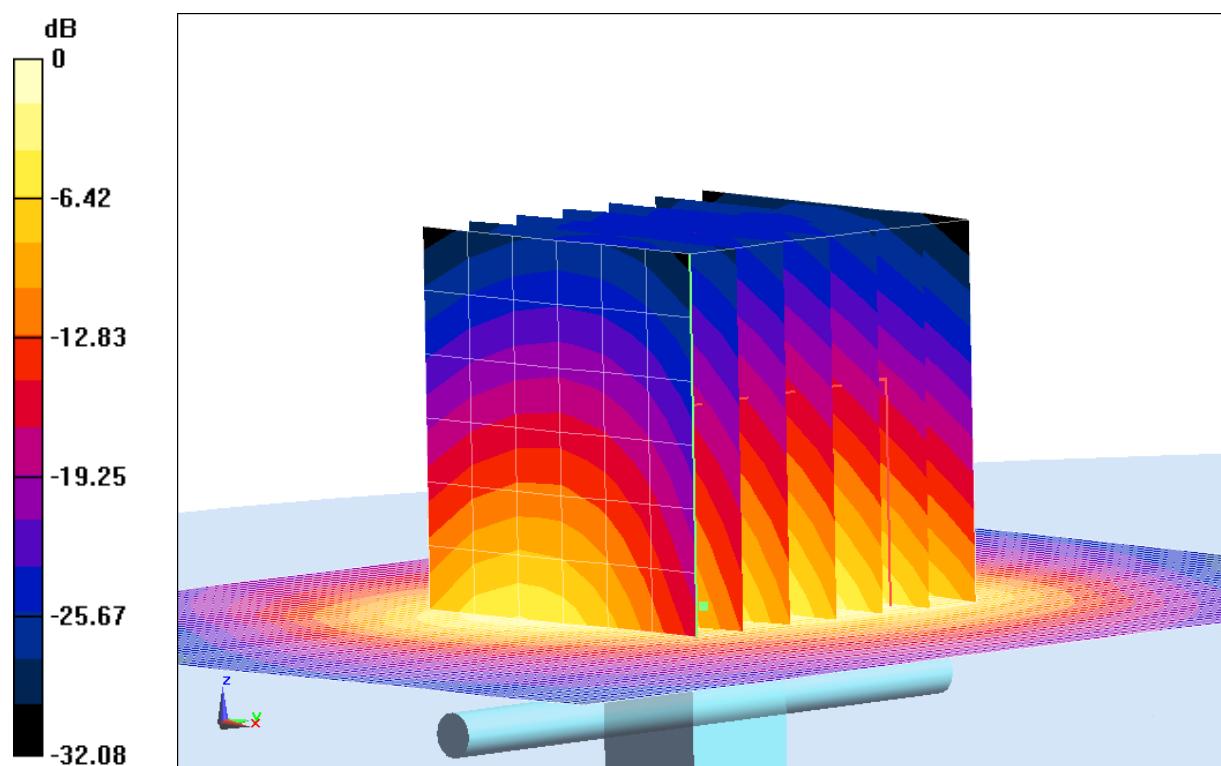
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 92.138 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.75 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 14.75 \text{ W/kg} = 11.69 \text{ dB W/kg}$$

Fig.B.12 validation 2450MHz 250mW

2600MHz

Date: 2017-1-17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.959 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.99$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21)

System Validation/Area Scan(81x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 80.404 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

SAR(1 g) = 14.58W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.6 W/kg

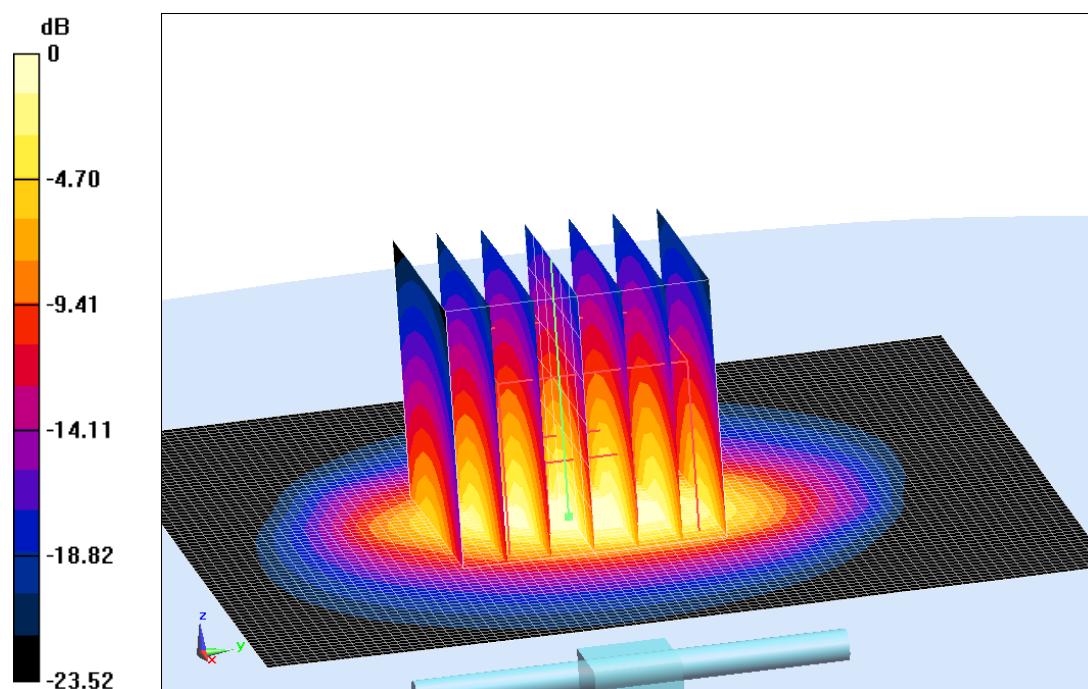
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 80.404 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.49 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 22.1 \text{ W/kg} = 13.44 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Fig.B.13 validation 2600MHz 250mW

2600MHz

Date: 2017-1-17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.151 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.31$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03)

System Validation /Area Scan(81x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 83.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Fast SAR: $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 14.49 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 6.51 \text{ W/kg}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.5W/kg

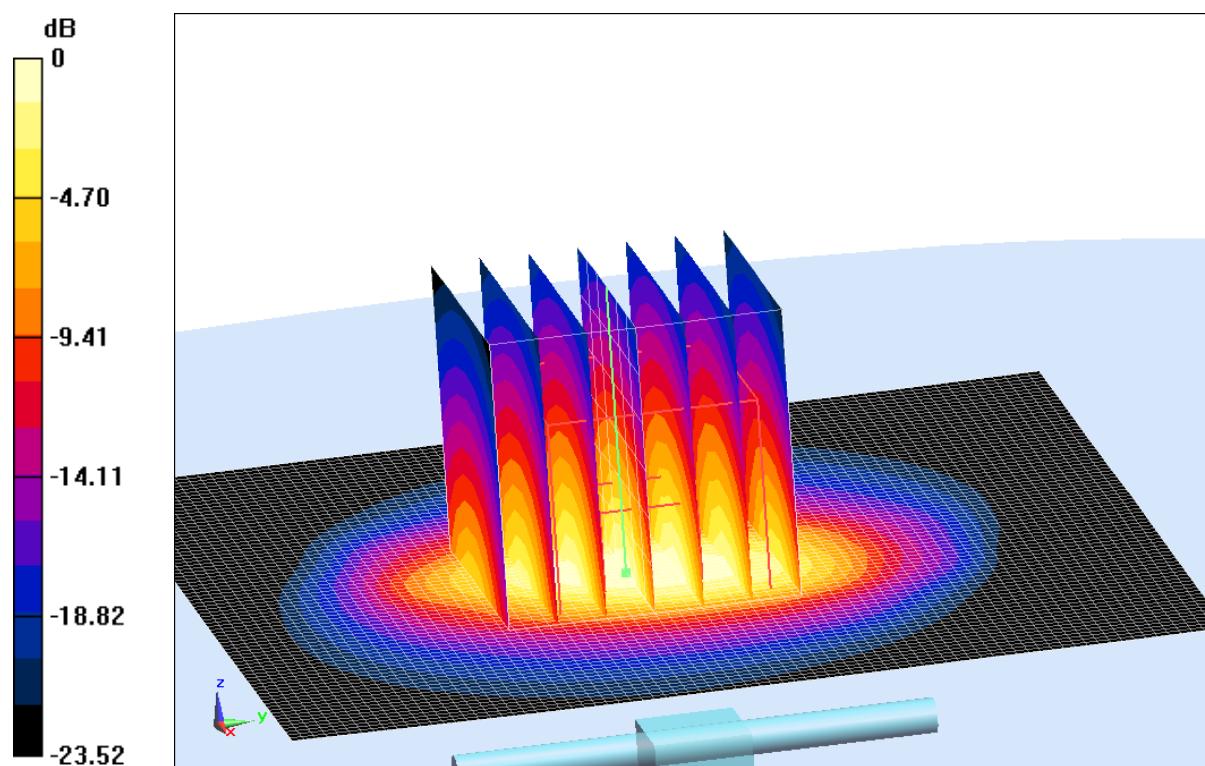
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 83.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.29W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.41W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.42W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.5W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 22.5 \text{ W/kg} = 13.52 \text{ dB W/kg}$$

Fig.B.14 validation 2600MHz 250mW

5250MHz

Date: 2017-2-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.726 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.28$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(5.32, 5.32, 5.32)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 70.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

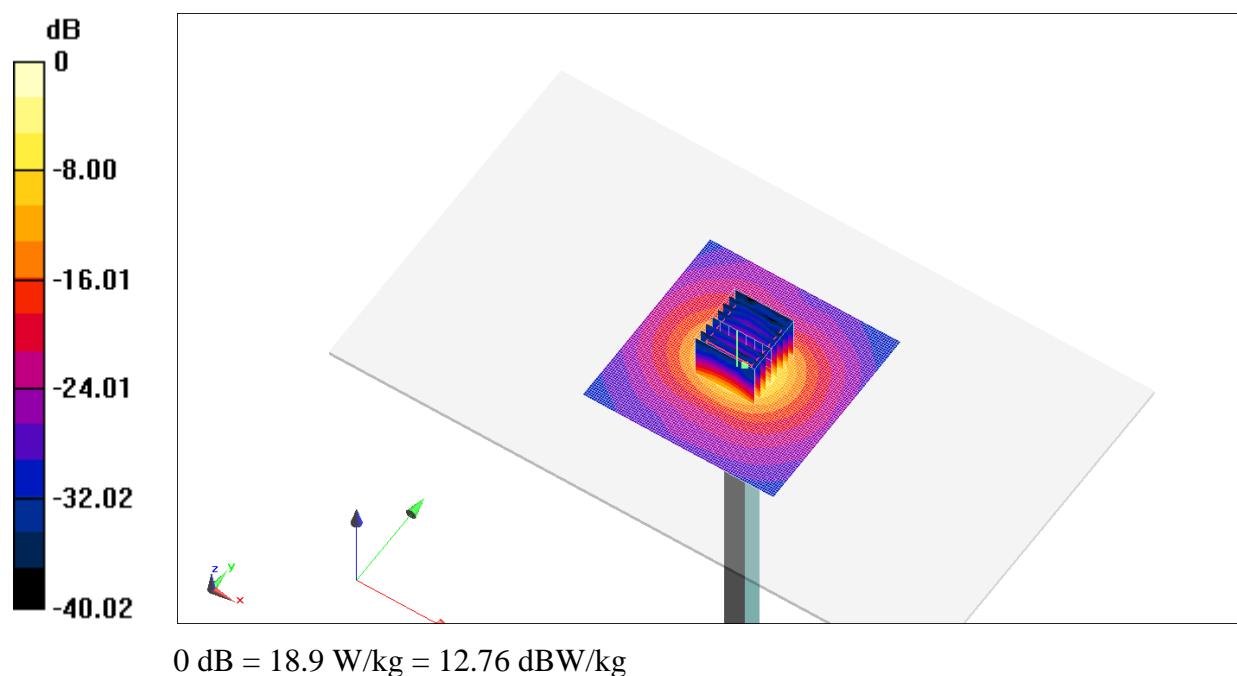


Fig.B.15 validation 5250MHz 100mW

5250MHz

Date: 2017-2-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.259 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.44$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.5 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 62.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg

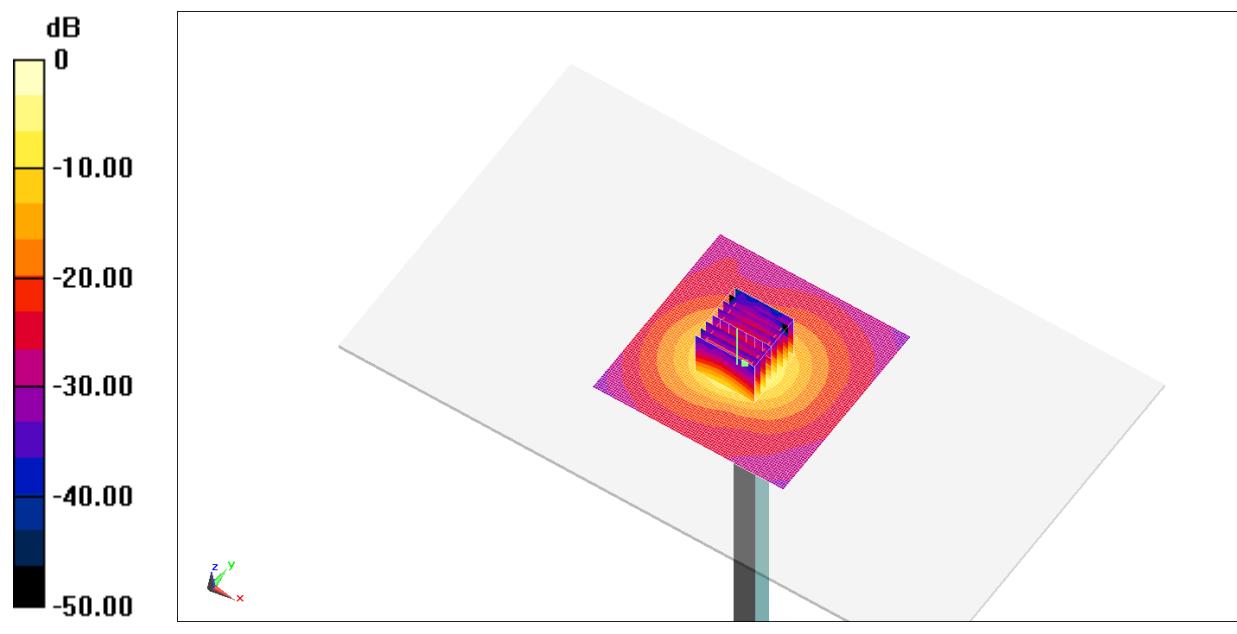


Fig.B.16 validation 5250MHz 100mW

5600MHz

Date: 2017-2-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.199$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.73$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.7 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg

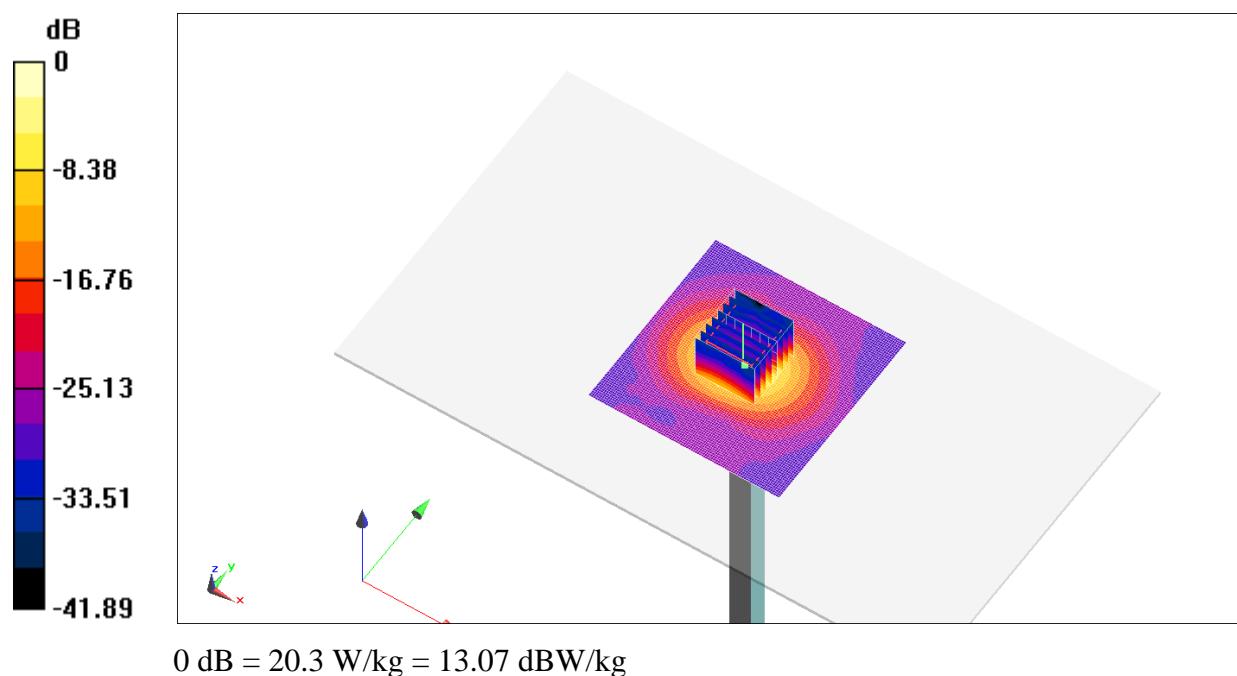


Fig.B.17 validation 5600MHz 100mW

5600MHz

Date: 2017-2-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.708$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.98$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(3.72, 3.72, 3.72)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.9 W/kg

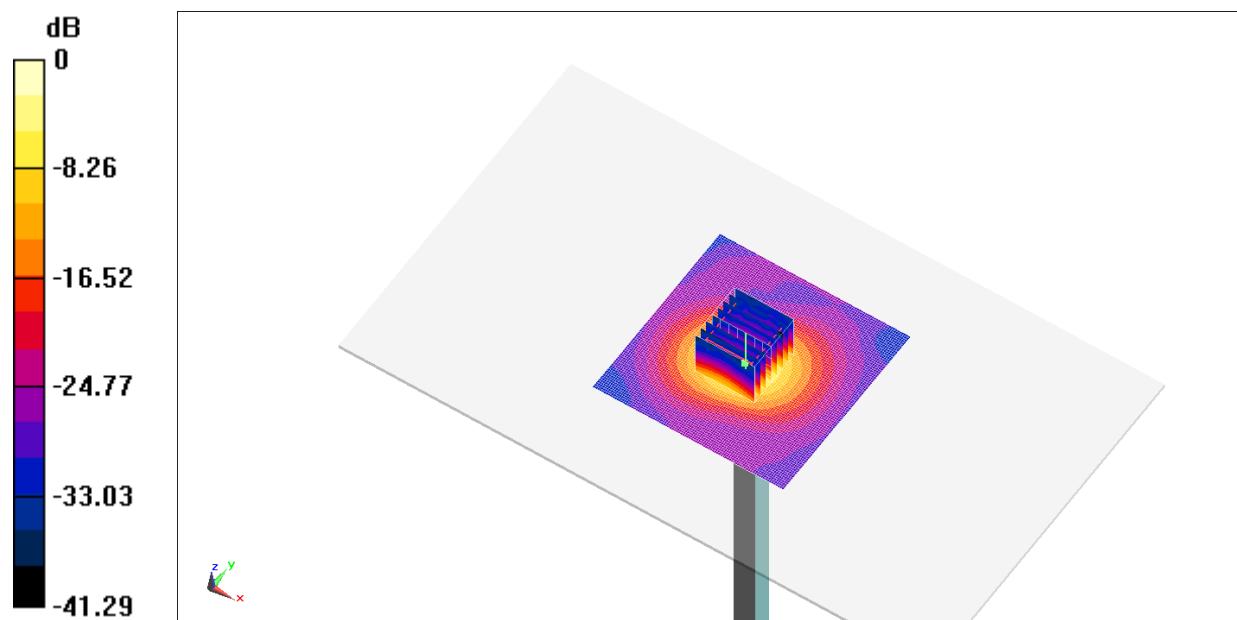
System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.5 W/kg = 12.67 dBW/kg

Fig.B.18 validation 5600MHz 100mW

5750MHz

Date: 2017-2-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.414$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.9 W/kg

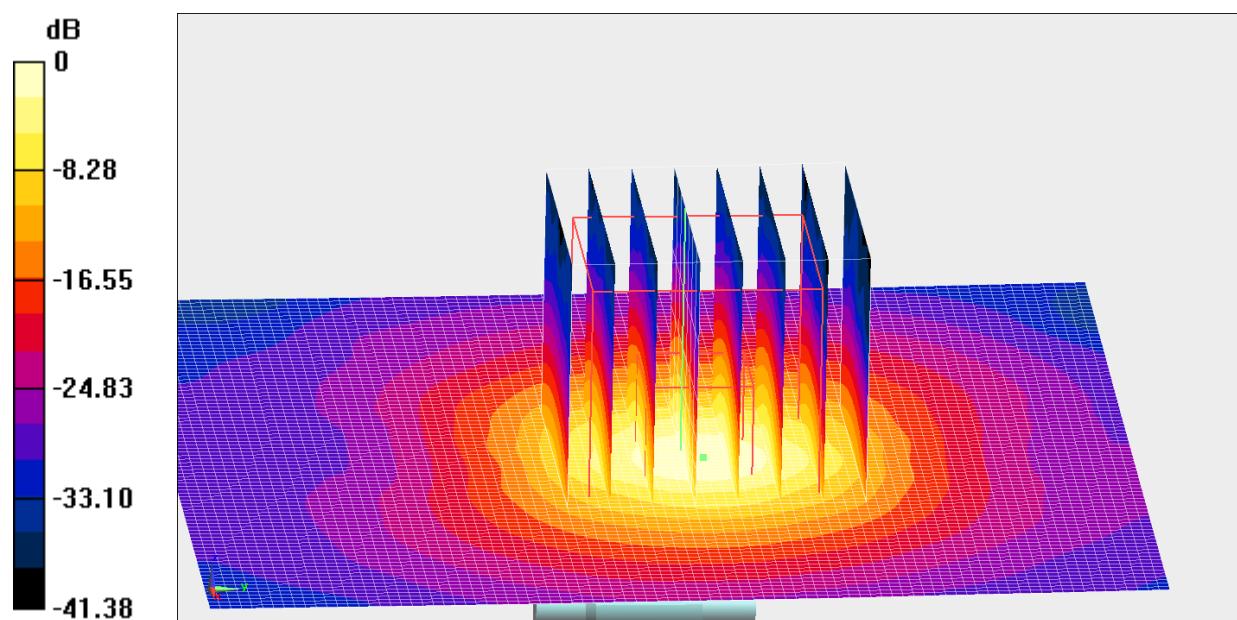
System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



0 dB = 20.5 W/kg = 13.12 dBW/kg

Fig.B.19 validation 5750MHz 100mW

5750MHz

Date: 2017-2-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.992 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.78$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7307 ConvF(3.91, 3.91, 3.91)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.8 W/kg

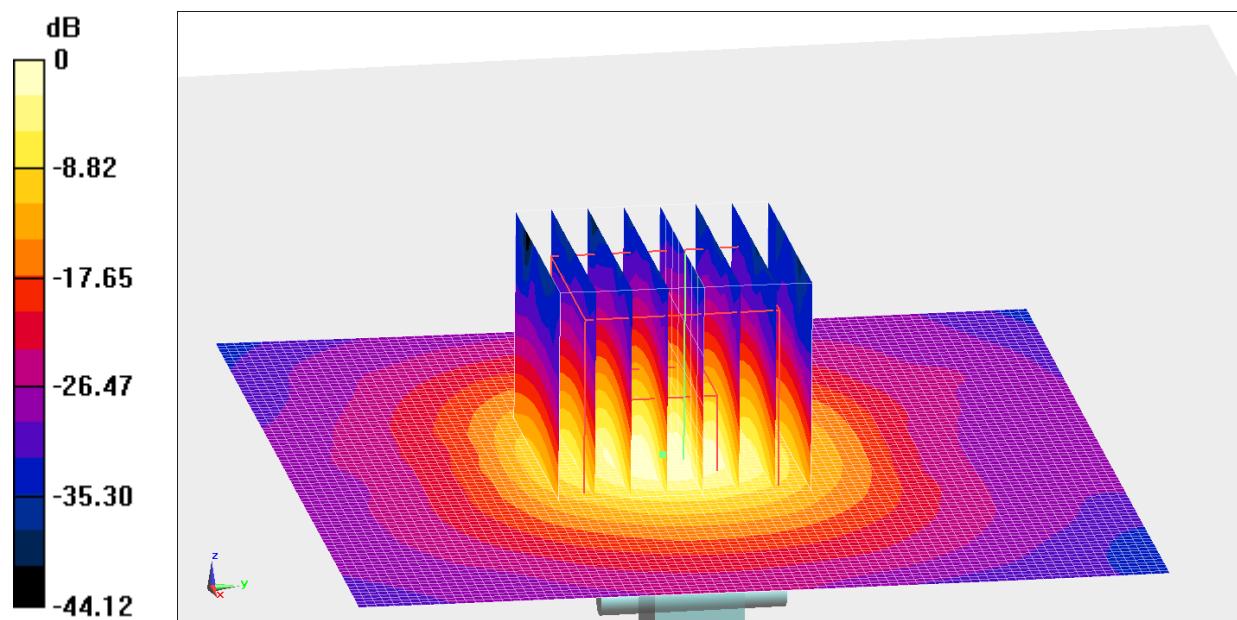
System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 64.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg

Fig.B.20 validation 5750MHz 100mW

The SAR system verification must be required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR.

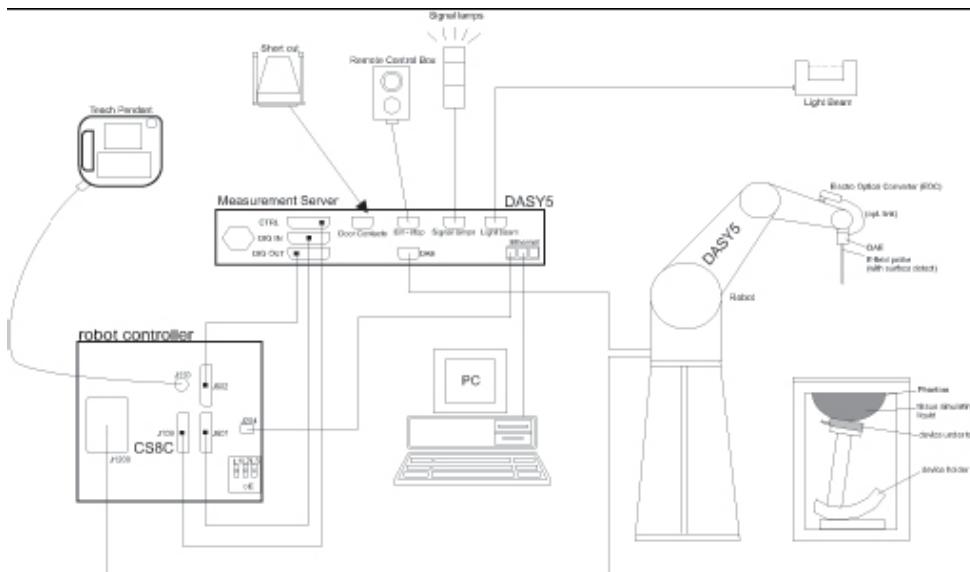
Table B.1 Comparison between area scan and zoom scan for system verification

Date	Band	Position	Area scan (1g)	Zoom scan (1g)	Drift (%)
2017-1-12	750	Head	2.09	2.03	2.96
	750	Body	2.15	2.12	1.42
2017-1-13	835	Head	2.37	2.31	2.60
	835	Body	2.39	2.36	1.27
2017-1-14	1750	Head	9.11	9.05	0.66
	1750	Body	9.43	9.38	0.53
2017-1-15	1900	Head	10.09	10.02	0.70
	1900	Body	10.39	10.32	0.68
2017-1-18	2300	Head	12.0	12.2	-1.64
	2300	Body	12.1	12.2	-0.82
2017-1-16	2450	Head	13.42	13.51	-0.67
	2450	Body	13.17	13.22	-0.38
2017-1-17	2600	Head	14.58	14.52	0.41
	2600	Body	14.49	14.41	0.56

ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model:	ES3DV3, EX3DV4
Frequency	10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4)
Range:	10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)
Calibration:	In head and body simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4 ± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg — 100W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip	
Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center:	1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

Picture C.2Near-field Probe



Picture C.2Near-field Probe



Picture C.3E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed

in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MΩ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE