



FCC PART 15C TESTREPORT

No. I15Z41315-SRD01

for

TCL Communication Ltd.

HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Quad-band/GSM Quad-band mobile phone

MODEL NAME: 5016A

with

FCC ID: 2ACCJH025

Hardware Version: PIO

Software Version: v1A1D

Issued Date: 2015-07-03



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I15Z41315-SRD01	Rev.0	1st edition	2015-07-03

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1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Testing Location

Location 1:CTTL(Huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,
P. R. China100191

Location 2:CTTL(Shouxiang)

Address: No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road,
Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature: 15-35°C

Extreme Temperature: -20/+55°C

Relative Humidity: 20-75%

1.3. Project data

Testing Start Date: 2015-06-11

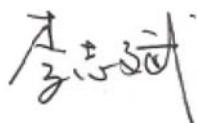
Testing End Date: 2015-06-29

1.4. Signature



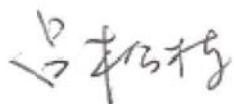
Xu Zhongfei

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2. Client Information

2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: TCL Communication Ltd.
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Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City: Shanghai
Postal Code: 201203
Country: China
Telephone: 0086-21-51798260
Fax: 0086-21-61460602

2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: TCL Communication Ltd.
Address: 5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,
Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City: Shanghai
Postal Code: 201203
Country: China
Telephone: 0086-21-51798260
Fax: 0086-21-61460602

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1. About EUT

Description	HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Quad-band/GSM Quad-band mobile phone
Model name	5016A
FCC ID	2ACCJH025
IC ID	/
With WLAN Function	Yes
Frequency Range	ISM 2400MHz~2483.5MHz
Type of Modulation	DSSS/CCK/OFDM
Number of Channels	11
Antenna	Integral Antenna
Power Supply	3.8V DC by Battery

3.2. Internal Identification of EUT

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
UT01a	/	PIO	v1A1D
UT02a	/	PIO	v1A1D

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3. Internal Identification of AE

AE ID*	Description	SN
AE1	Battery	---
AE2	Battery	---

AE1

Commercial name	Battery
Type	CAB1800011C1
Manufacturer	BYD
Length of cable	/

AE2

Commercial name	Battery
Type	CAB1800011C2
Manufacturer	SCUD
Length of cable	/

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4. General Description

The Equipment under Test (EUT) is a model of HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Quad-band/GSM Quad-band Mobile Phone with integrated antenna and inbuilt battery.

It has Bluetooth (EDR) function.

It consists of normal options: travel charger, USB cable and Phone.

Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfil the test.

Samples undergoing test were selected by the client.

3.5. Interpretation of the Test Environment

For the test methods, the test environment uncertainty figures correspond to an expansion factor k=2.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Uncertainty
temperature	0.48°C
humidity	2 %
DC voltages	0.003V

4. Reference Documents

4.1. Documents supplied by applicant

EUT feature information is supplied by the applicant or manufacturer, which is the basis of testing.

4.2. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
FCC Part15	FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C: 15.205 Restricted bands of operation; 15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements; 15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz. Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247	2014-10-1
ANSI C63.10		2009
KDB558074 v03r01		2013

5. Test Results

5.1. Summary of Test Results

SUMMARY OF MEASUREMENT RESULTS	Sub-clause of Part15C	Sub-clause of IC	Verdict
Maximum Peak Output Power	15.247 (b)	/	P
Peak Power Spectral Density	15.247 (e)	/	P
Occupied 6dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)	/	P
Band Edges Compliance	15.247 (d)	/	P
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted	15.247 (d)	/	P
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	/	P
AC Powerline Conducted Emission	15.107, 15.207	/	P

Please refer to **ANNEX A** for detail.

Terms used in Verdict column

P	Pass, The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.
NP	Not Perform, The test was not performed by CTTL
NA	Not Applicable, The test was not applicable
F	Fail, The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard
F	Fail, The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard

5.2. Statements

The test cases as listed in section 5.1 of this report for the EUT specified in section 3 was performed by CTTL and according to the standards or reference documents listed in section 4.2. The EUT met all requirements of the standards or reference documents, and only the WLAN function was tested in this report.

This model is a variant product which market name is 5015A; all the test results have been derived from test report of 5015A.

5.3. Test Conditions

T nom	Normal Temperature
T min	Low Temperature
T max	High Temperature
V nom	Normal Voltage

For this report, if the test cases listed above are tested under normal temperature and normal voltage, and also under norm humidity, the specific condition is shown as follows:

Temperature	T nom	26°C
Voltage	V nom	3.8V(By battery)
Humidity	H nom	44%

6. Test Facilities Utilized

Conducted test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration date	Calibration Due date
1	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSQ40	200089	Rohde & Schwarz	2014-07-08	2015-07-07
2	Test Receiver	ESCI	100344	Rohde & Schwarz	2015-03-04	2016-03-03
3	LISN	ENV216	101200	Rohde & Schwarz	2014-07-08	2015-07-07
4	Shielding Room	S81	/	ETS-Lindgren	/	/

Radiated emission test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration date	Calibration Due date
1	Test Receiver	ESCI 7	100948	Rohde & Schwarz	2014-07-17	2015-07-16
2	Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	829324/007	Rohde & Schwarz	2014-12-17	2017-12-16
3	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	234	Schwarzbeck	2013-09-16	2016-09-15
4	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3115	6914	EMCO	2014-12-16	2017-12-15
5	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3116	2661	ETS-Lindgren	2014-06-18	2017-06-17
6	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSV	101047	Rohde & Schwarz	2014-07-04	2015-07-03
7	Semi-anechoic chamber	/	CT000332-1074	Frankonia German	/	/

ANNEX A: Detailed Test Results

A.1. Measurement Method

A.1.1. Conducted Measurements

Connect the EUT to the test system as Fig.A.1.1.1 shows.

Set the EUT to the required work mode.

Set the EUT to the required channel.

Set the Vector Signal Analyzer and start measurement.

Record the values. Vector Signal Analyzer

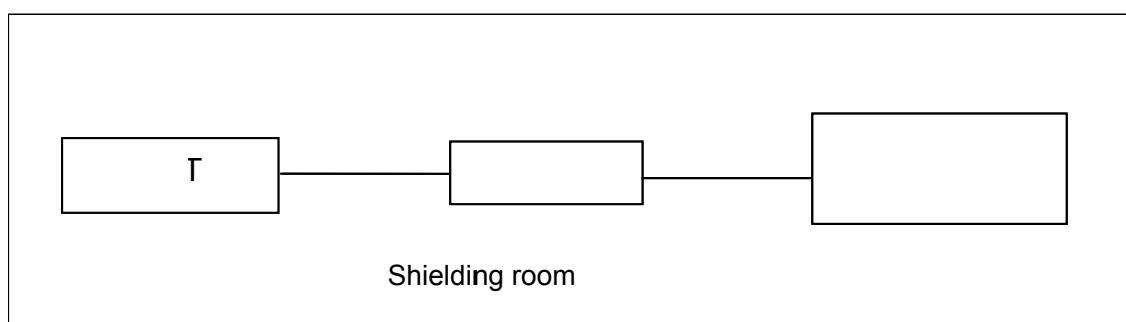


Fig.A.1.1.1: Test Setup Diagram for Conducted Measurements

A.1.2. Radiated Emission Measurements

In the case of radiated emission, the used settings are as follows,

Sweep frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz, RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz;

Sweep frequency from 1 GHz to 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz;

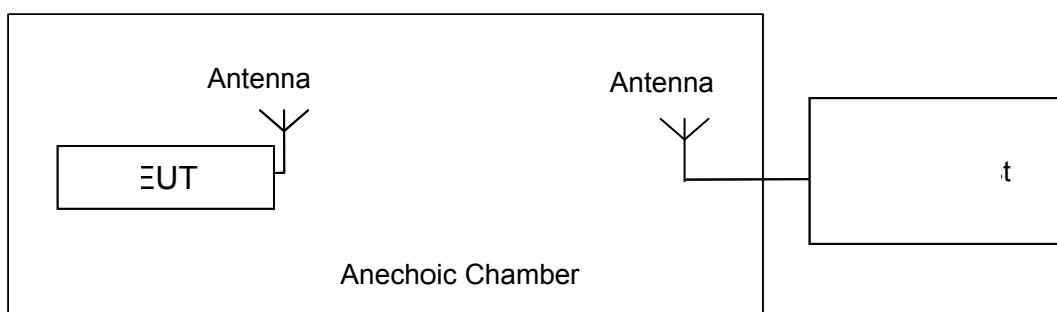


Fig.A.1.2.1: Test Setup Diagram for Radiated Measurements

A.2. Maximum Output Power

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2009-clause 6.10.2.1

- a) Set the RBW ≥ 6 dB bandwidth of the emission, or use a peak power meter. A peak power meter is required if the 6 dB bandwidth is greater than the capability of the spectrum analyzer (typically 3 MHz RBW).
- b) Channel integration method. For peak output power measurements when the analyzer RBW is not large enough, the analyzer band power function can be used. For U-NII output power measurements where power averaging is allowed, see 6.10.3. For the channel integration method, maximum peak power shall be measured over any interval of continuous transmission.
 - 1) Set the RBW and VBW to the maximum available
 - 2) Set the band limits as appropriate for the power measurement; e.g., 6 dB, 20 dB, or 26 dB bandwidth. Expand the band limits by about $0.5 \times \text{RBW}$ on each end
 - 3) Turn averaging off
 - 4) Set sweep to automatic
 - 5) Set the span just large enough to capture the emission
 - 6) Use a peak detector on max hold
 - 7) The analyzer should be in linear (rather than log) display mode
 - 8) Let the emission stabilize before making a final reading
- c) Bandwidth correction method. Using largest available analyzer RBW, the BW correction factor is $10 \log [(6 \text{ dB BW of emission}) / (\text{analyzer RBW})]$.
- d) Record the measured power.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (dBm)
FCC CRF Part 15.247(b)	< 30

EUT ID: EUT2

A.2.1. Peak Output Power-conducted

Measurement Results:

802.11b/g mode

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Test Result (dBm)		
		2412MHz (Ch1)	2437MHz (Ch6)	2462 MHz (Ch11)
802.11b	1	18.45	/	/
	2	18.68	/	/
	5.5	20.25	/	/
	11	21.75	21.29	21.72
802.11g	6	22.10	/	/
	9	22.11	/	/
	12	22.02	/	/
	18	21.93	/	/
	24	22.46	/	/

	36	22.39	/	/
	48	22.55	/	/
	54	22.59	22.83	23.08

The data rate 11Mbps and 54Mbps are selected as worse condition, and the following cases are performed with this condition.

802.11n-HT20 mode

Mode	Data Rate (Index)	Test Result (dBm)		
		2412MHz (Ch1)	2437MHz (Ch6)	2462 MHz (Ch11)
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS0	21.26	/	/
	MCS1	21.03	/	/
	MCS2	21.05	/	/
	MCS3	21.51	/	/
	MCS4	21.28	/	/
	MCS5	21.59	/	/
	MCS6	21.65	/	/
	MCS7	21.67	21.60	21.28

The data rate MCS7 is selected as worse condition, and the following cases are performed with this condition.

802.11n-HT40 mode

Mode	Data Rate (Index)	Test Result (dBm)		
		2422MHz (Ch3)	2437MHz (Ch6)	2452 MHz (Ch9)
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS0	18.34	/	/
	MCS1	17.96	/	/
	MCS2	18.01	/	/
	MCS3	18.18	/	/
	MCS4	18.31	/	/
	MCS5	18.49	/	/
	MCS6	18.65	18.65	18.40
	MCS7	18.38	/	/

The data rate MCS6 is selected as worse condition, and the following cases are performed with this condition.

Conclusion: Pass

A.2.2. Average Output Power-conducted

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2009-clause 6.10.3.1

- a) Set span to encompass the entire EBW of the signal.
- b) Set RBW = 1 MHz
- c) Set VBW =3 MHz

- d) Use sample detector mode if bin width (i.e., span/number of points in spectrum display) < 0.5 RBW. Otherwise, use peak detector mode
- e) Use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Unlicensed wireless device must operate at full control power for entire sweep of every sweep. If the device transmits continuously, with no off intervals or reduced power intervals, the trigger may be set to “free run.” Power-gated sweeping may be used to ensure the analyzer sweeps only while the device is transmitting.
- f) Trace average across 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- g) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the 26 dB EBW of the signal. The integration can be performed using the spectrum analyzer band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW band edges or by summing power levels in each 1 MHz band in linear power terms. The 1 MHz band power levels to be summed can be obtained by averaging, in linear power terms, power levels in each frequency bin across the 1 MHz.

802.11b/g mode

Mode	Test Result (dBm)		
	2412MHz (Ch1)	2437MHz (Ch6)	2462 MHz (Ch11)
802.11b	14.63	14.04	14.30
802.11g	14.00	13.47	13.55

802.11n-HT20 mode

Mode	Test Result (dBm)		
	2412MHz (Ch1)	2437MHz (Ch6)	2462 MHz (Ch11)
802.11n (20MHz)	12.78	12.56	12.29

802.11n-HT40 mode

Mode	Test Result (dBm)		
	2422MHz (Ch3)	2437MHz (Ch6)	2452 MHz (Ch9)
802.11n(40MHz)	9.60	8.64	8.80

Conclusion: Pass

A.3. Peak Power Spectral Density

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2009-clause 6.11.2.4

The measurement procedure shall be as follows:

Connect the antenna port to be measured through the 20 dB pad to the spectrum analyzer input. Configure the spectrum analyzer as described below (all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer, such as attenuator value, cable losses and other offsets shall be recorded). Locate and zoom in on emission peak(s) within the passband.

- a) Set RBW = 3 kHz
 - b) Set VBW \geq 9 kHz
 - c) Set Sweep time to Automatic
 - d) Use a peak detector. A sample detector mode can be used only if the following conditions can be achieved with automatic sweep time and adjusting the bin width.
 - 1) Bin width (i.e., span/number of points in spectrum display) < 0.5 RBW.
 - 2) The transmission pulse or sequence of pulses remains at maximum transmit power throughout each of the 100 sweeps of averaging and that the interval between pulses is not included in any of the sweeps.
- NOTE—If condition 2) cannot be achieved, then PSD Option 1 (method of 6.11.2.3) shall be used and trace averaging cannot be used.
- e) Use a video trigger (or RF gating) with the trigger level set to enable the sweep only during full power pulses. Transmitter shall operate at full control power for entire sweep of every sweep. If the device transmits continuously, with no off intervals or reduced power intervals, the trigger may be set to “free run.”
 - f) Trace average 100 traces in power averaging mode. Do not use video averaging mode.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC CRF Part 15.247(e)	< 8 dBm/3 kHz

Measurement Results:

802.11b/g mode

Mode	Channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3 kHz)		Conclusion
802.11b	1	Fig.A.3.1	-9.16	P
	6	Fig.A.3.2	-9.58	P
	11	Fig.A.3.3	-7.57	P
802.11g	1	Fig.A.3.4	-11.99	P
	6	Fig.A.3.5	-12.21	P
	11	Fig.A.3.6	-11.98	P

802.11n-HT20 mode

Mode	Channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3 kHz)		Conclusion
802.11n (HT20)	1	Fig.A.3.7	-13.30	P
	6	Fig.A.3.8	-14.17	P
	11	Fig.A.3.9	-13.78	P

802.11n-HT40 mode

Mode	Channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3 kHz)	Conclusion
802.11n (HT40)	3	Fig.A.3.10	-19.67
	6	Fig.A.3.11	-18.54
	9	Fig.A.3.12	-19.17

Conclusion: Pass

Test graphs as below:

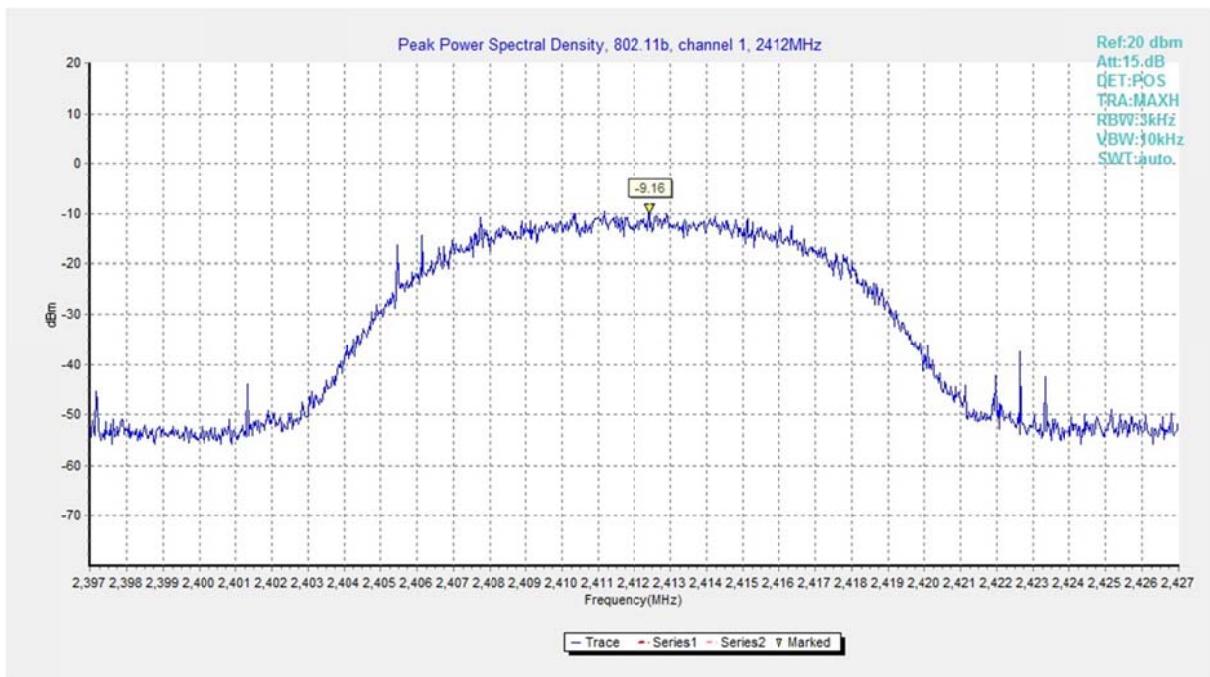


Fig.A.3.1 Power Spectral Density(802.11b,Ch1)

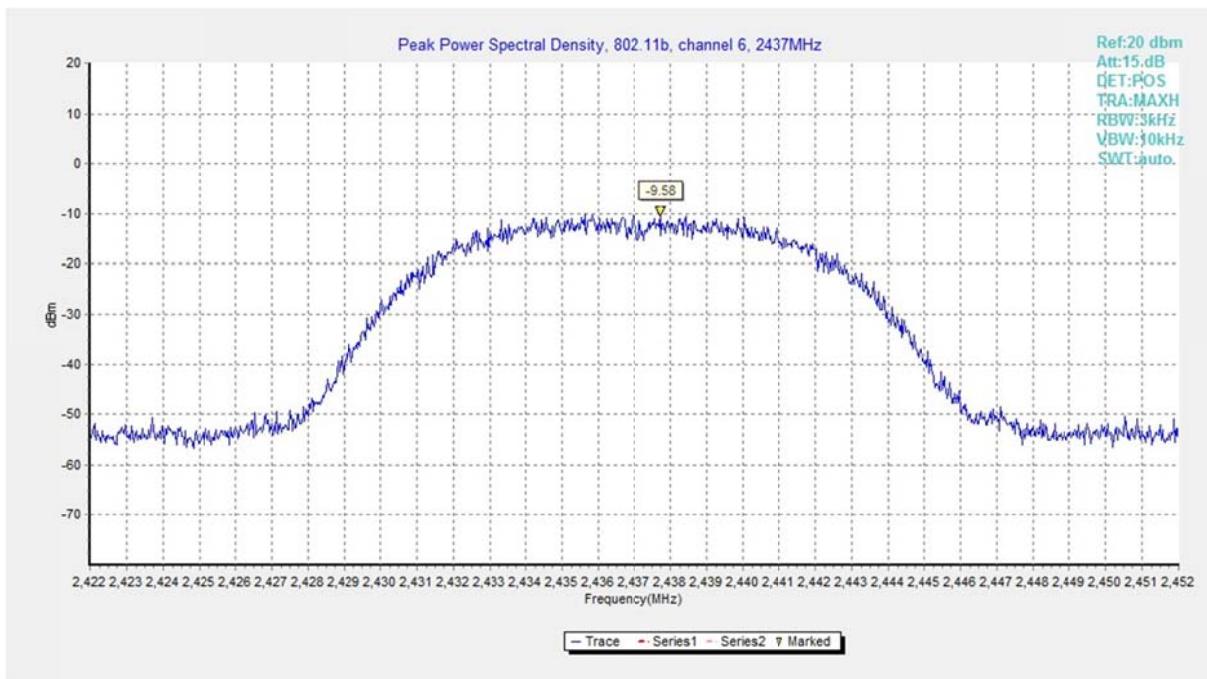


Fig.A.3.2 Power Spectral Density (802.11b, Ch 6)

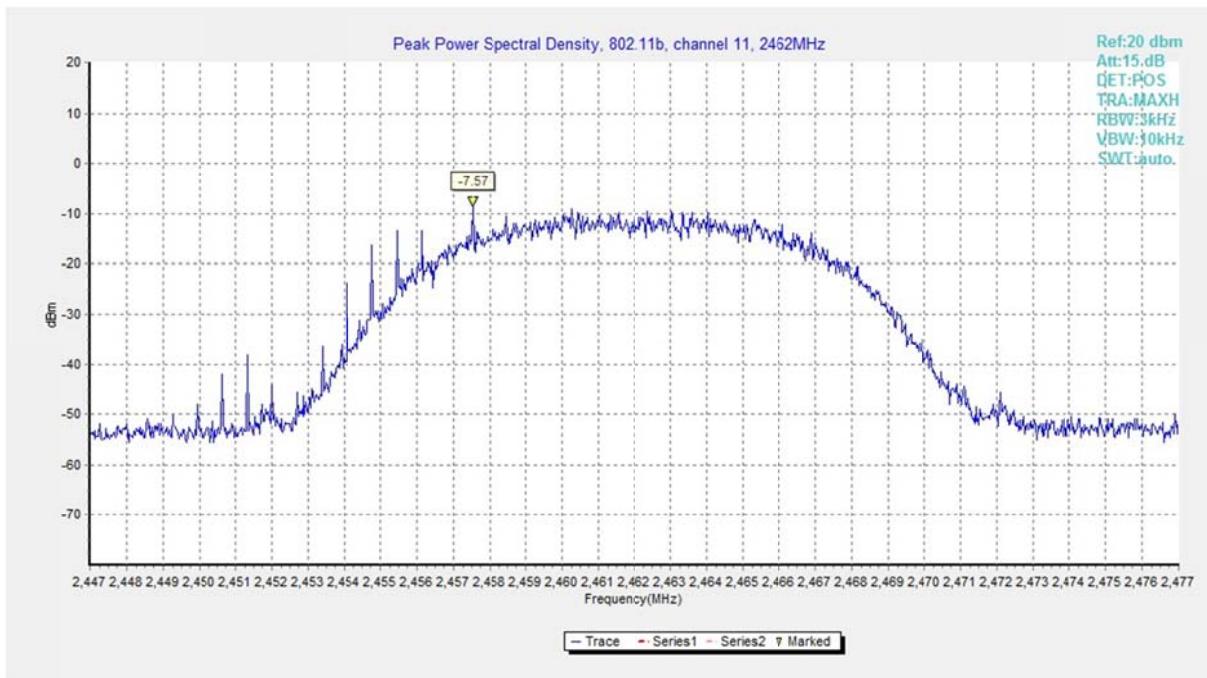


Fig.A.3.3 Power Spectral Density (802.11b, Ch 11)

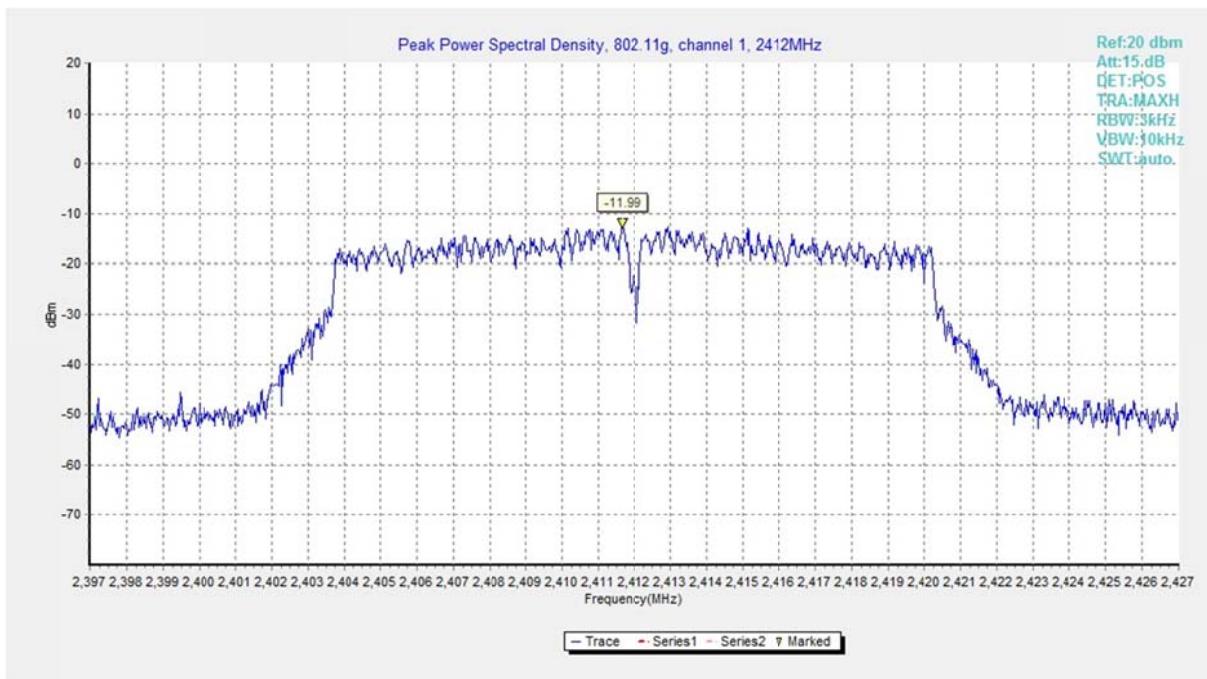


Fig.A.3.4 Power Spectral Density (802.11g, Ch 1)

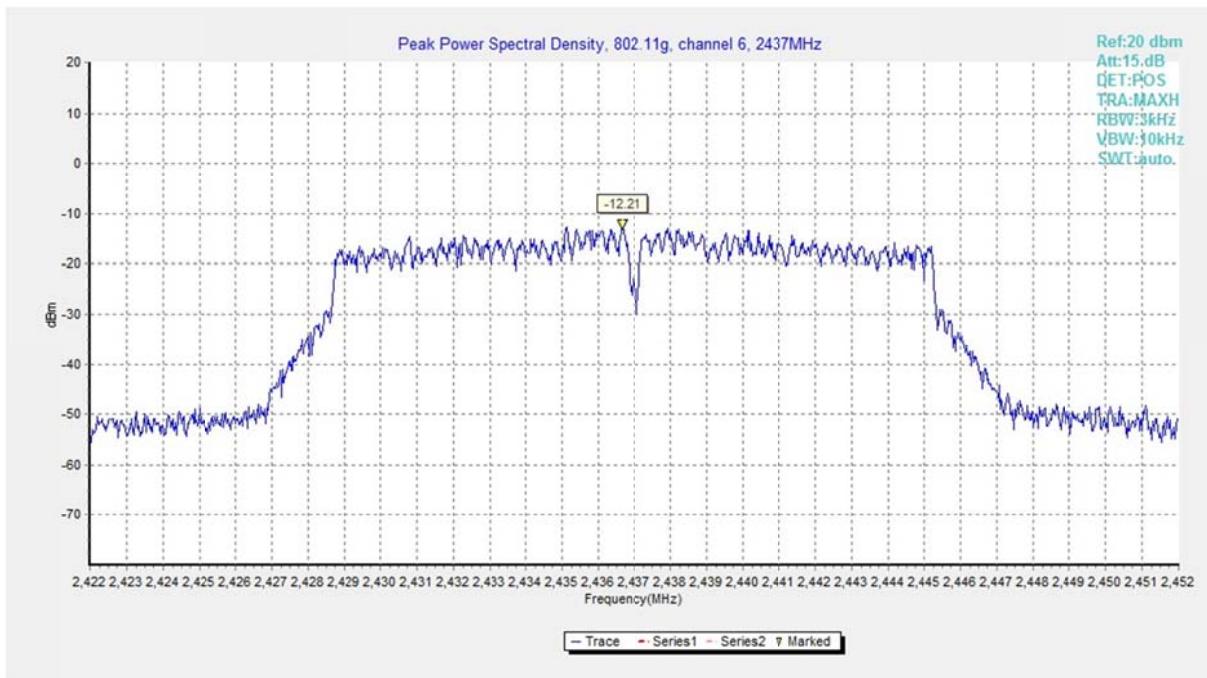


Fig.A.3.5 Power Spectral Density (802.11g, Ch 6)

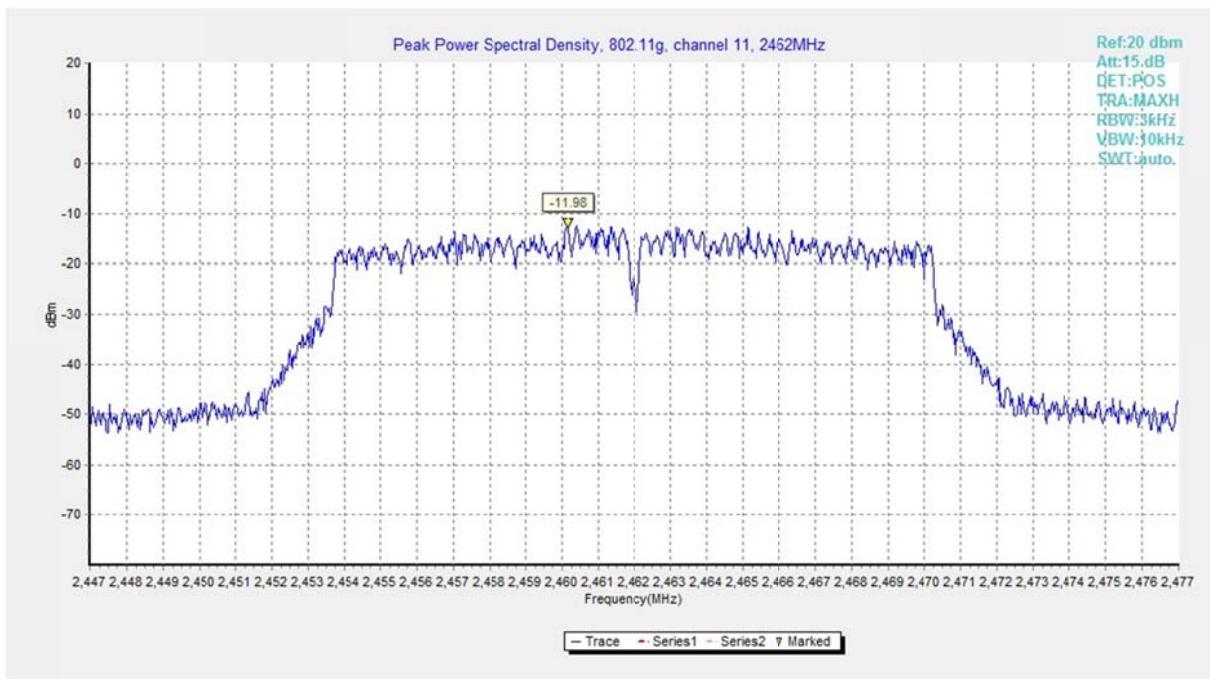


Fig.A.3.6 Power Spectral Density (802.11g, Ch 11)

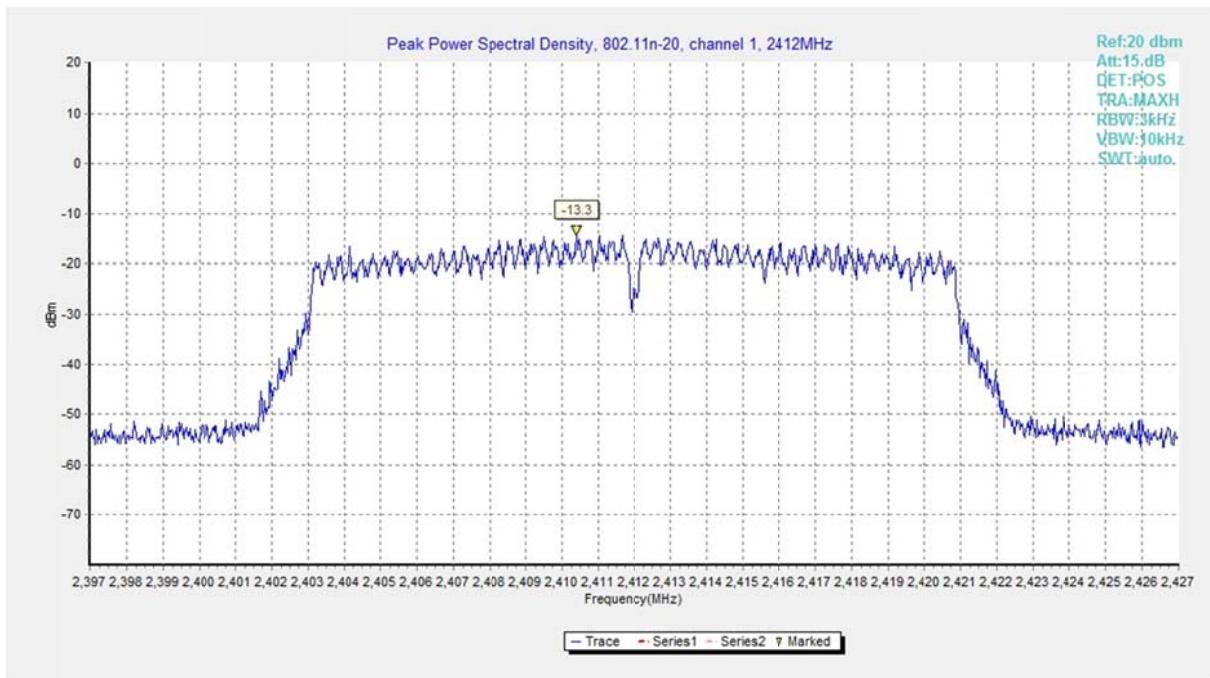


Fig.A.3.7 Power Spectral Density (802.11n-HT20, Ch 1)

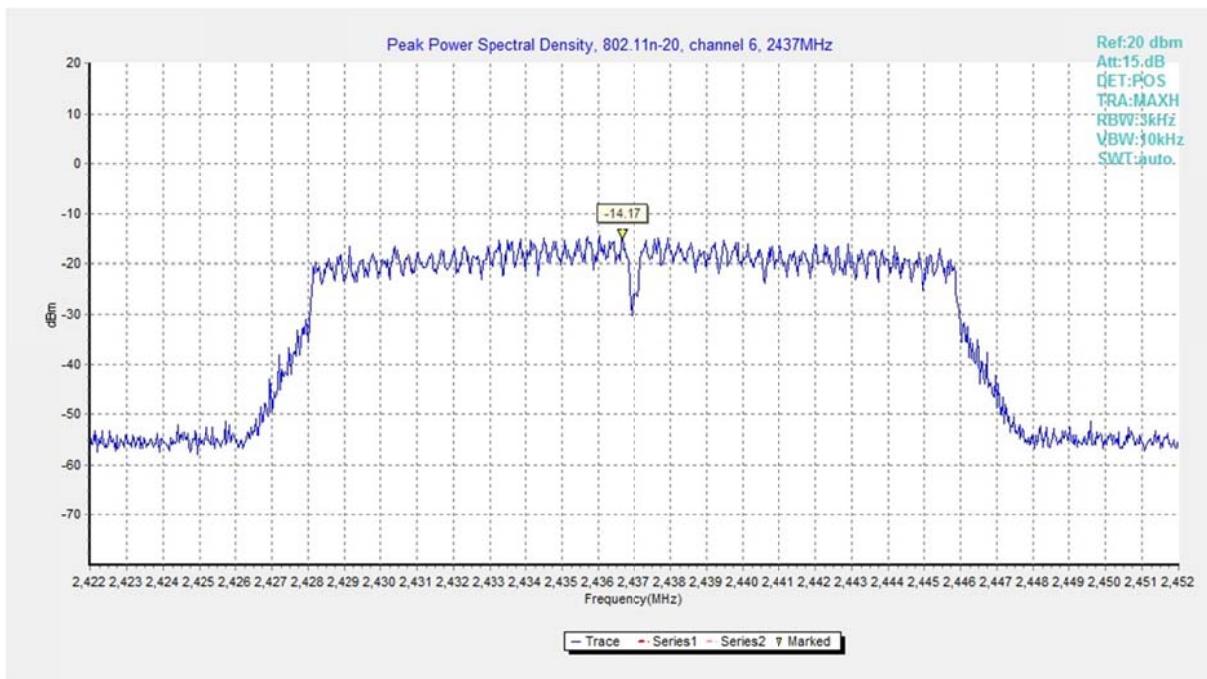


Fig.A.3.8 Power Spectral Density (802.11n-HT20, Ch 6)

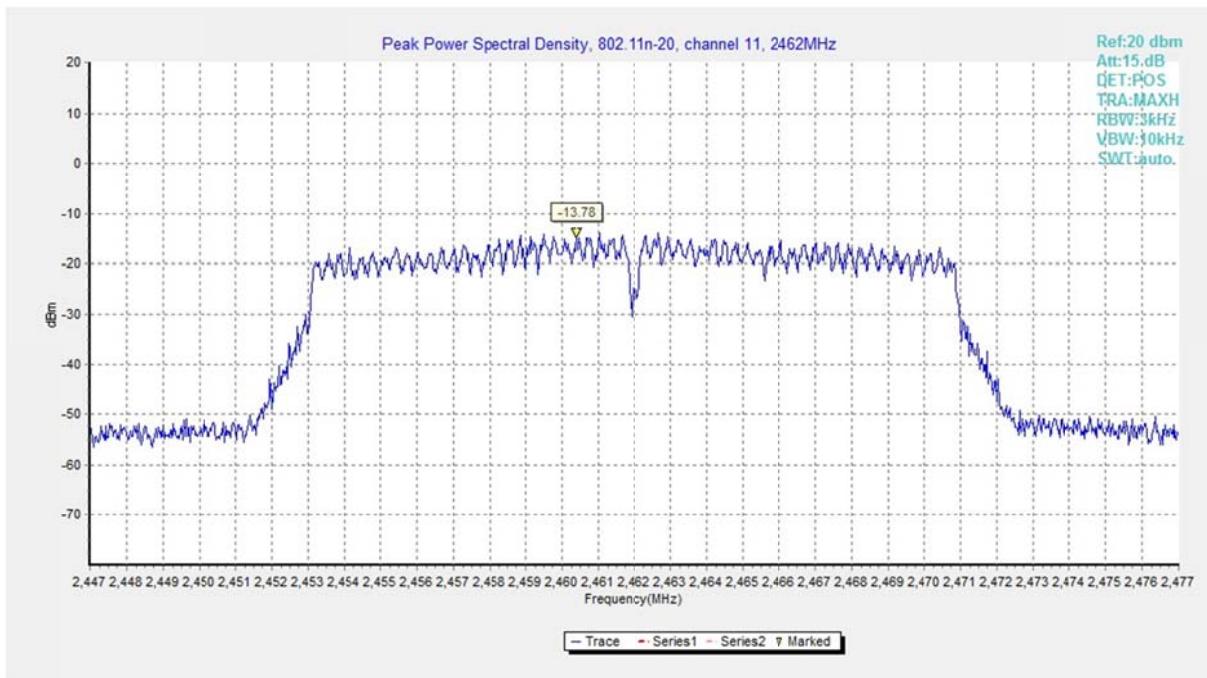


Fig.A.3.9 Power Spectral Density (802.11n-HT20, Ch 11)

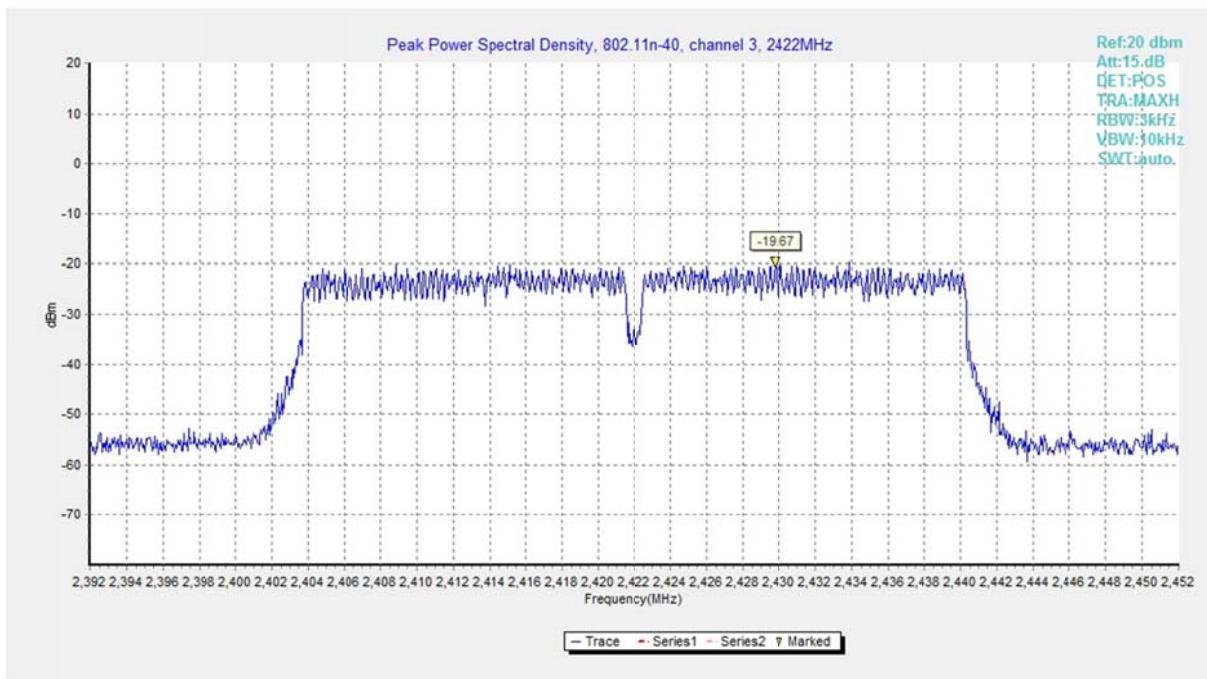


Fig.A.3.10 Power Spectral Density (802.11n-HT40, Ch 3)

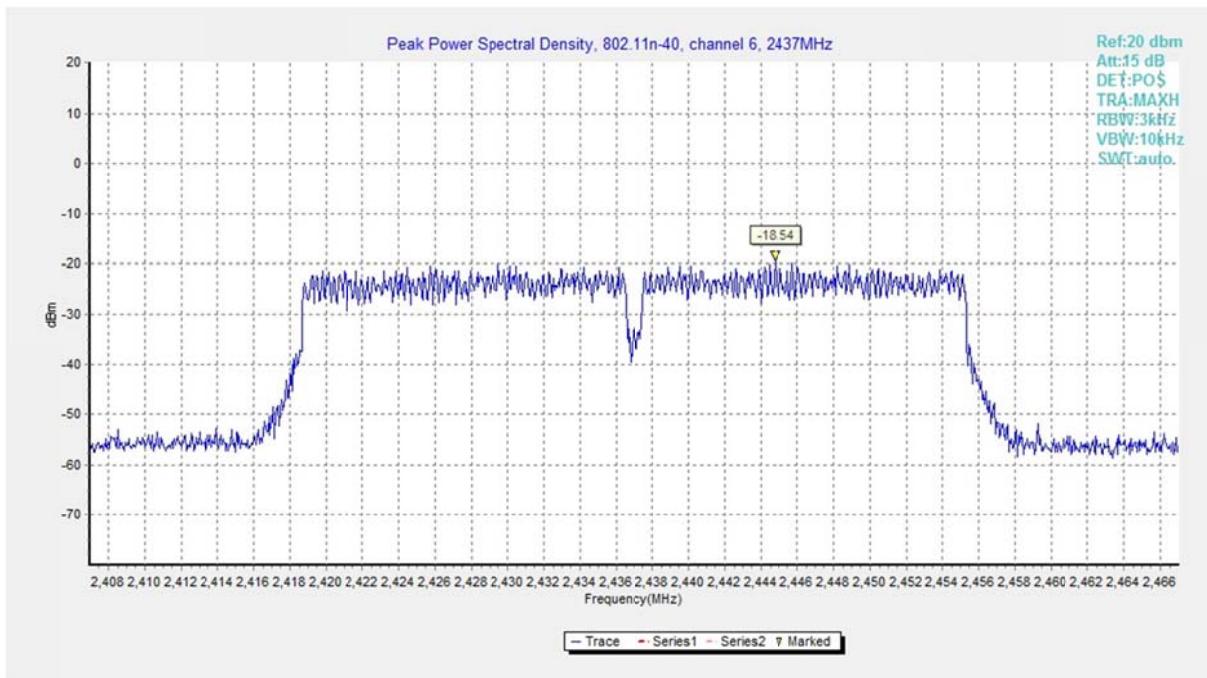


Fig.A.3.11 Power Spectral Density (802.11n-HT40, Ch 6)

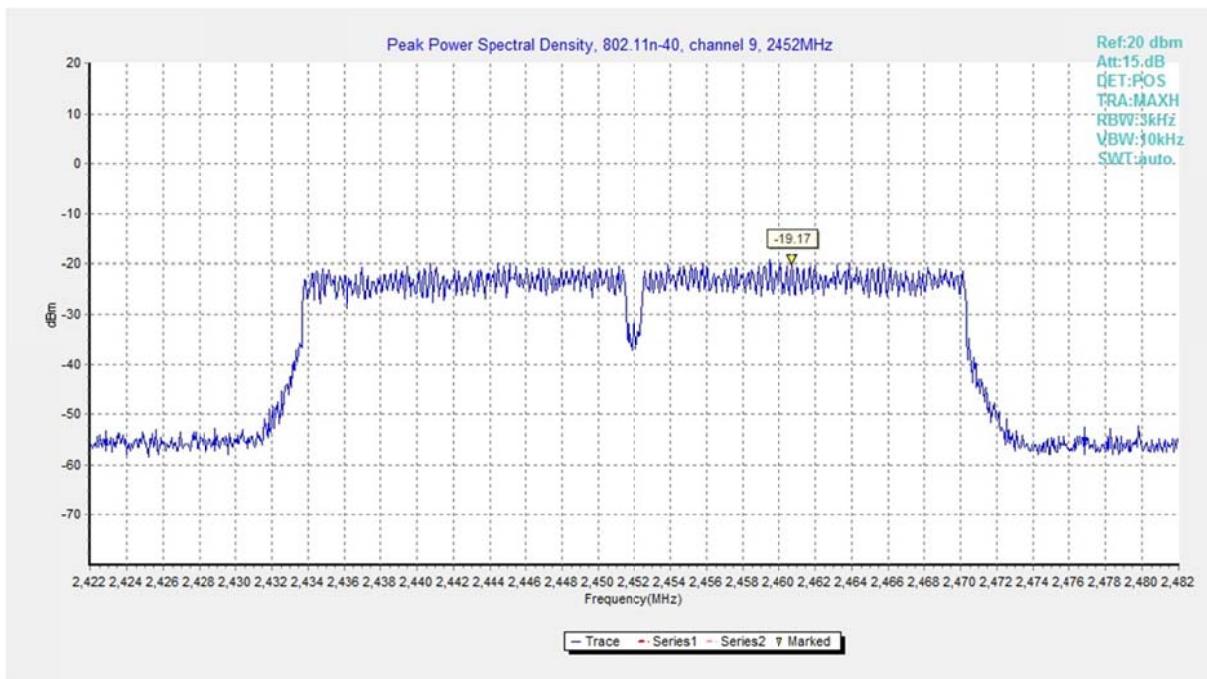


Fig.A.3.12 Power Spectral Density (802.11n-HT40, Ch 9)

A.4. DTS 6-dB Signal Bandwidth

Method of Measurement: See KDB558074 section 8.1 (Option 1).

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) = 300 kHz.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (kHz)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (a)	≥ 500

EUT ID: EUT2

Measurement Result:

802.11b/g mode

Mode	Channel	Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
802.11b	1	Fig.A.4.1	9350	P
	6	Fig.A.4.2	9500	P
	11	Fig.A.4.3	8950	P
802.11g	1	Fig.A.4.4	16350	P
	6	Fig.A.4.5	15950	P
	11	Fig.A.4.6	16100	P

802.11n-HT20 mode

Mode	Channel	Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
802.11n (HT20)	1	Fig.A.4.7	17150	P
	6	Fig.A.4.8	17600	P
	11	Fig.A.4.9	16850	P

802.11n-HT40 mode

Mode	Channel	Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
802.11n (HT40)	3	Fig.A.4.10	36320	P
	6	Fig.A.4.11	36320	P
	9	Fig.A.4.12	36400	P

Conclusion: Pass

Test graphs as below:

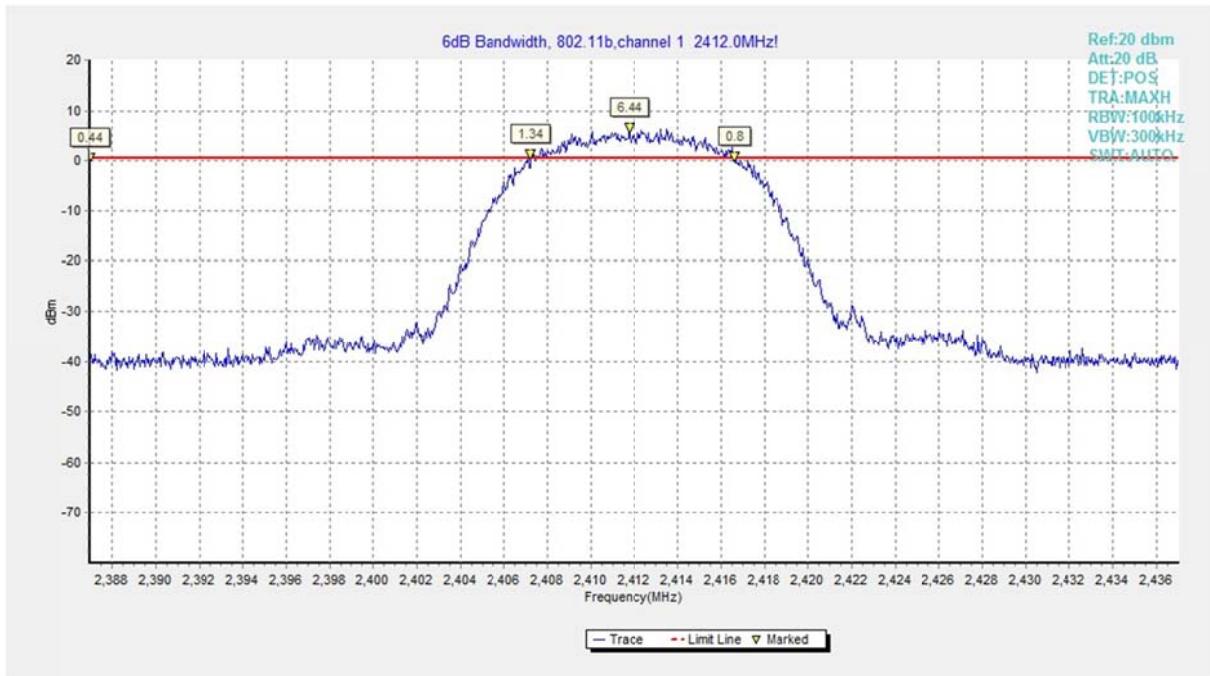


Fig.A.4.1 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth(802.11b,Ch 1)

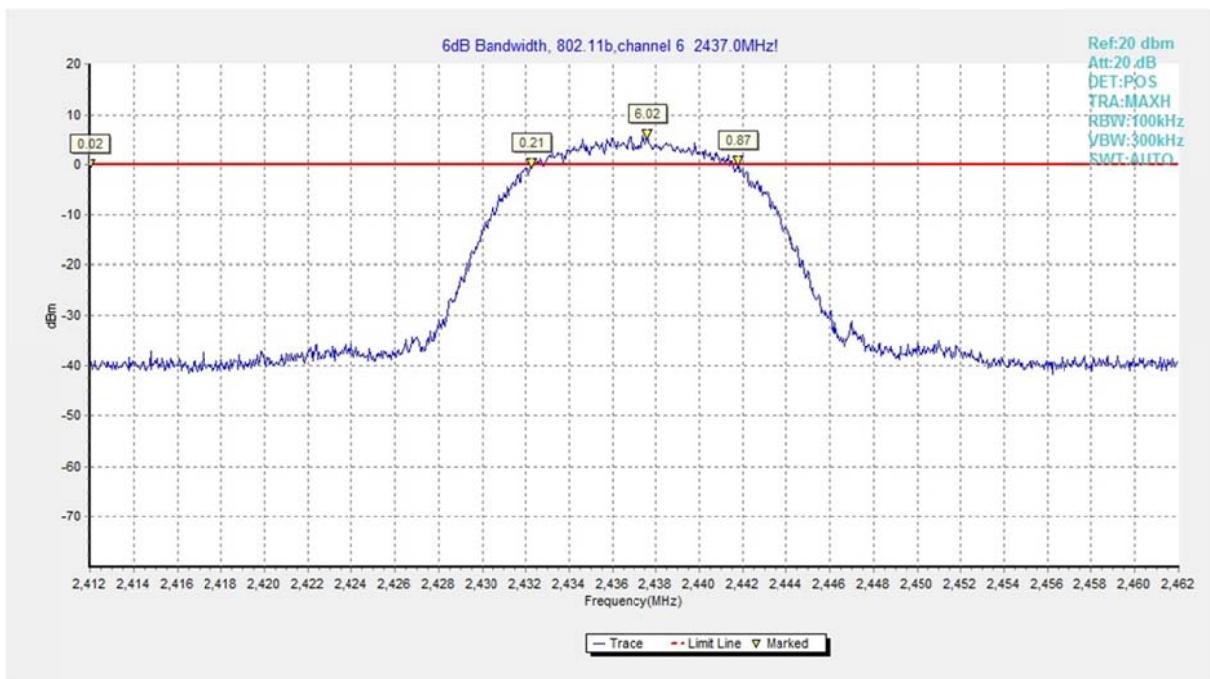


Fig.A.4.2 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11b, Ch 6)

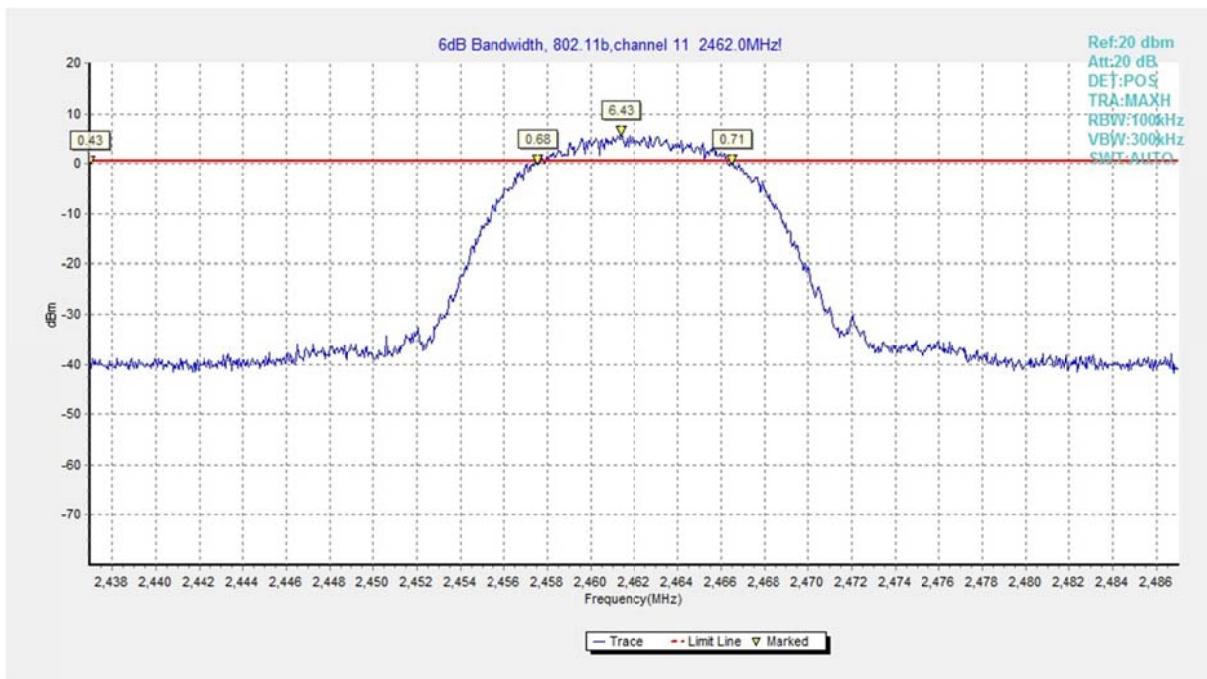


Fig.A.4.3 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11b, Ch 11)

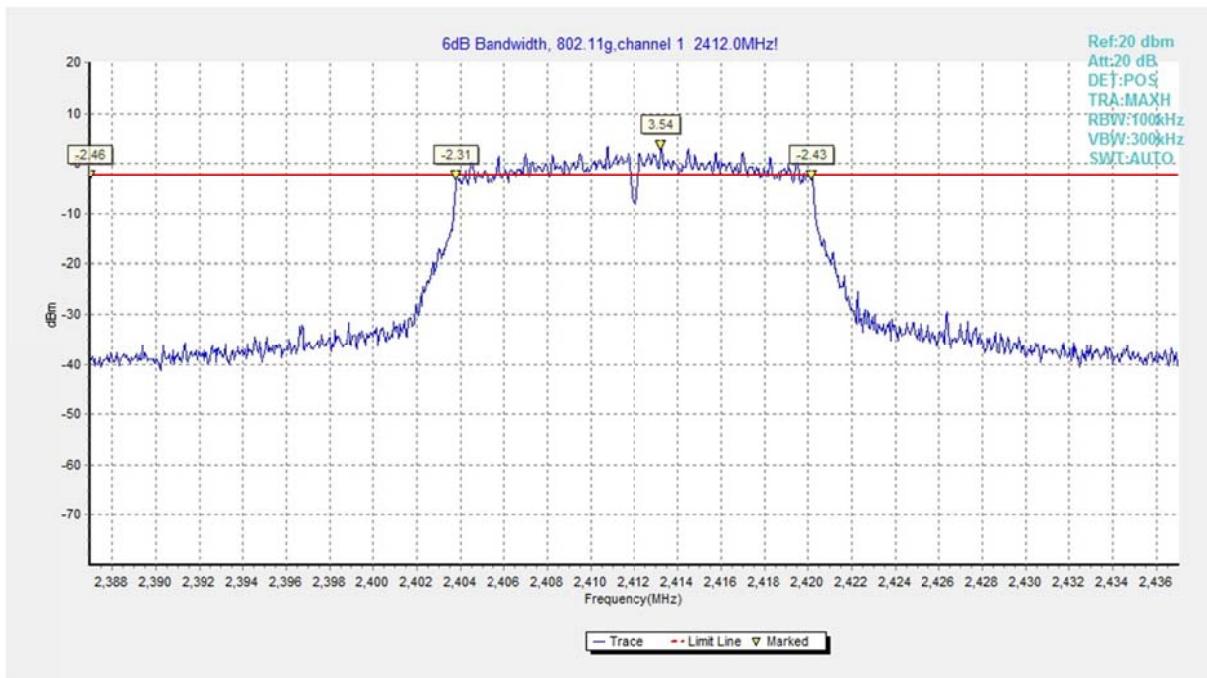


Fig.A.4.4 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11g, Ch 1)

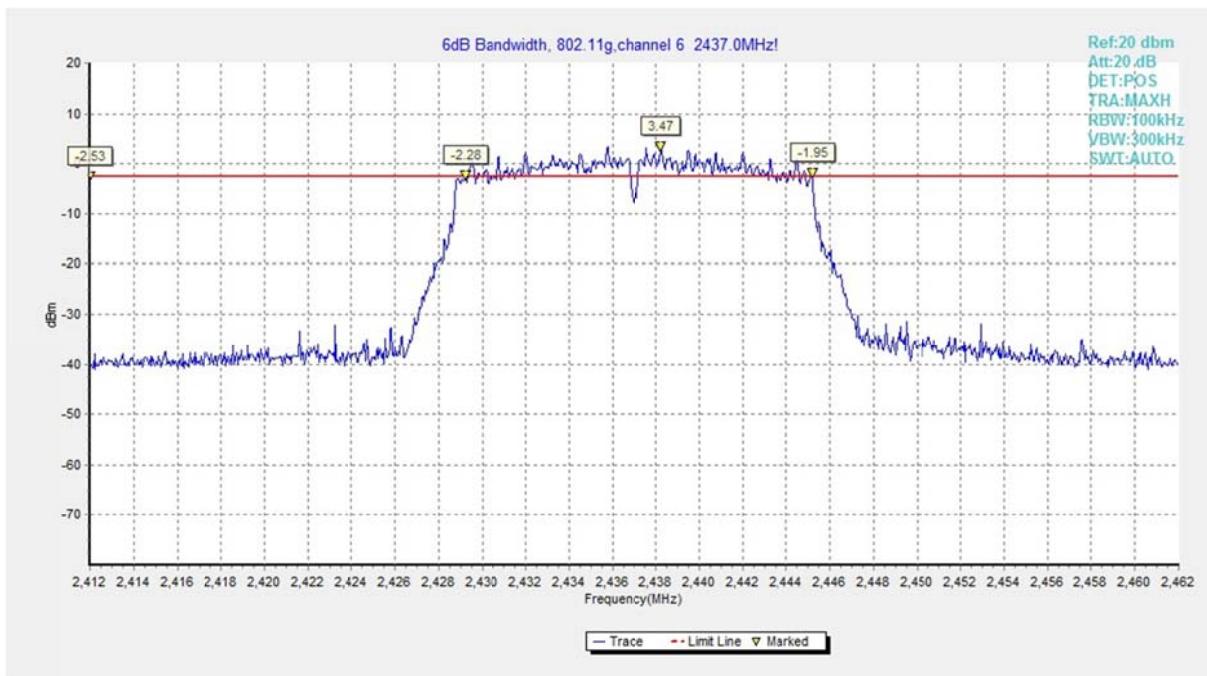


Fig.A.4.5 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11g, Ch 6)

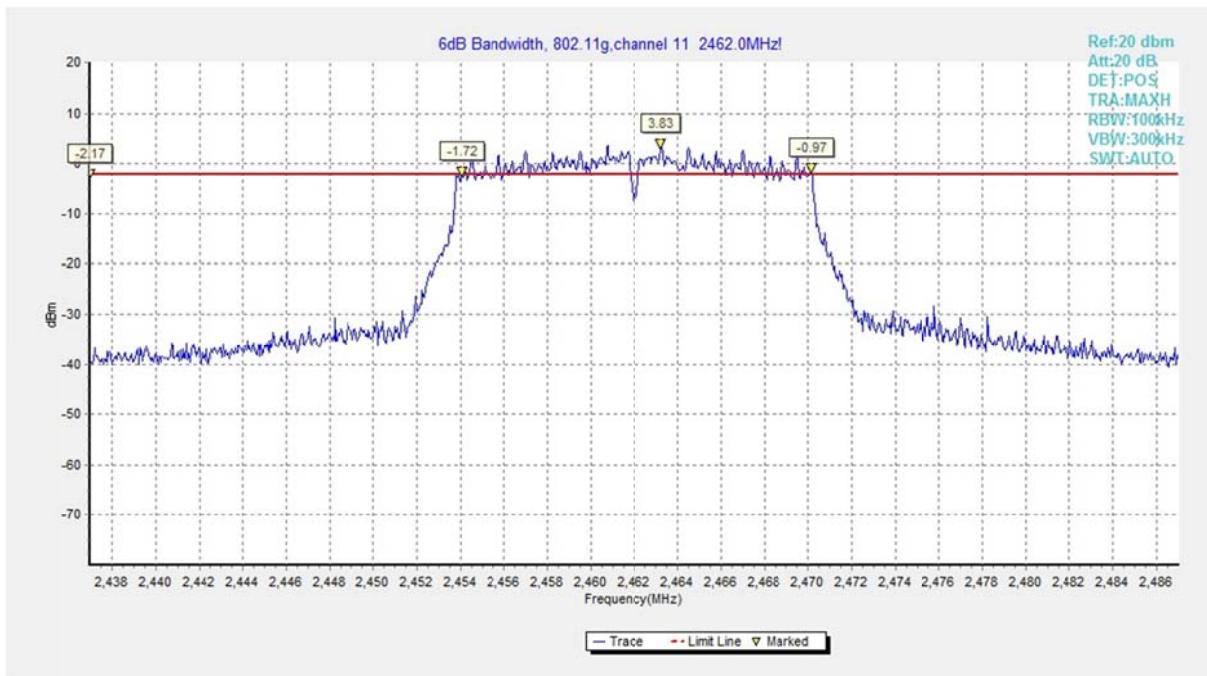


Fig.A.4.6 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11g, Ch 11)

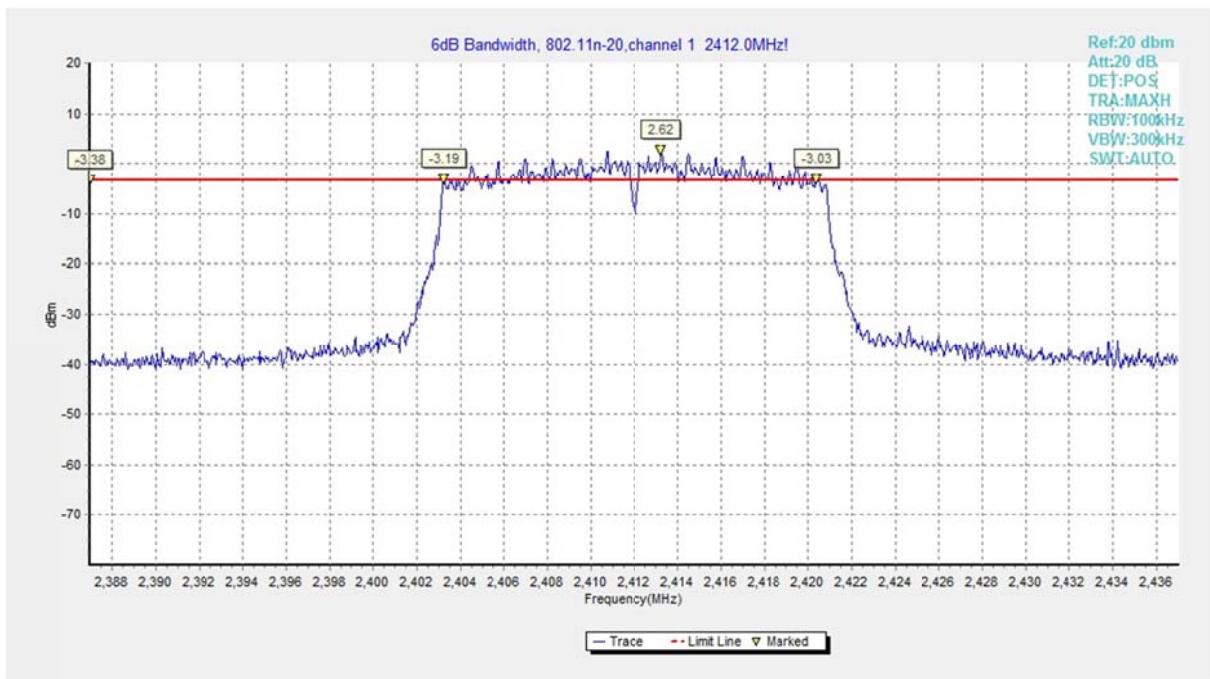


Fig.A.4.7 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11n-20MHz, Ch 1)

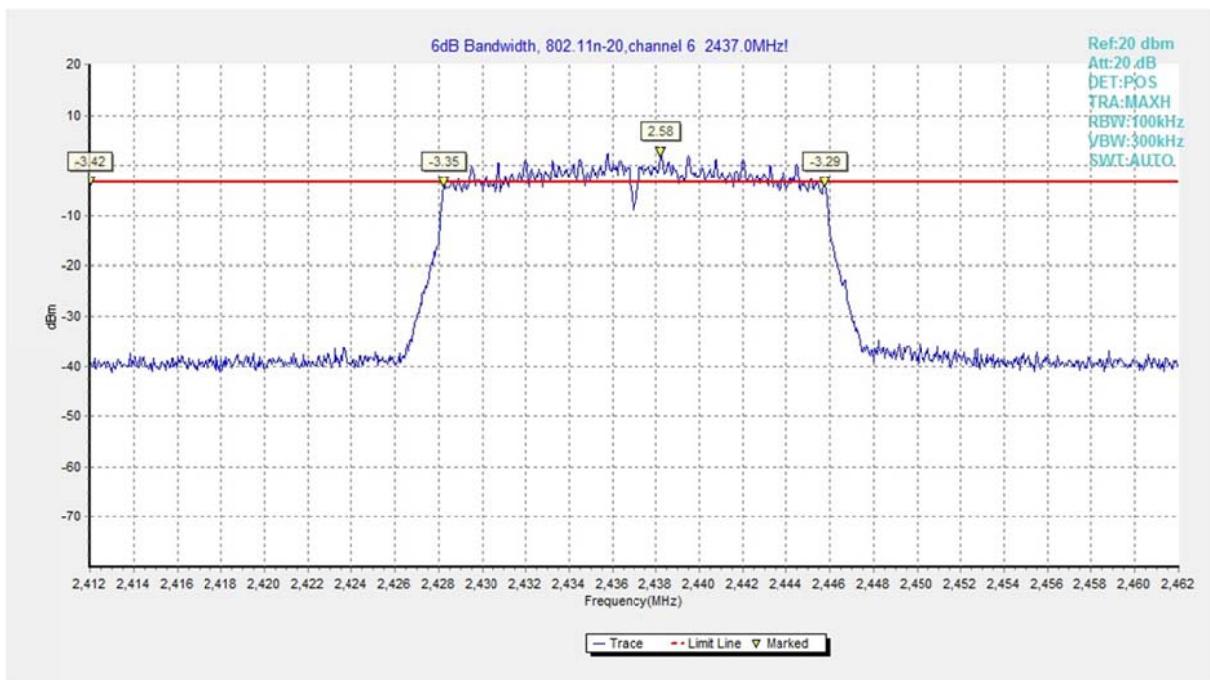


Fig.A.4.8 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11n-HT20, Ch 6)

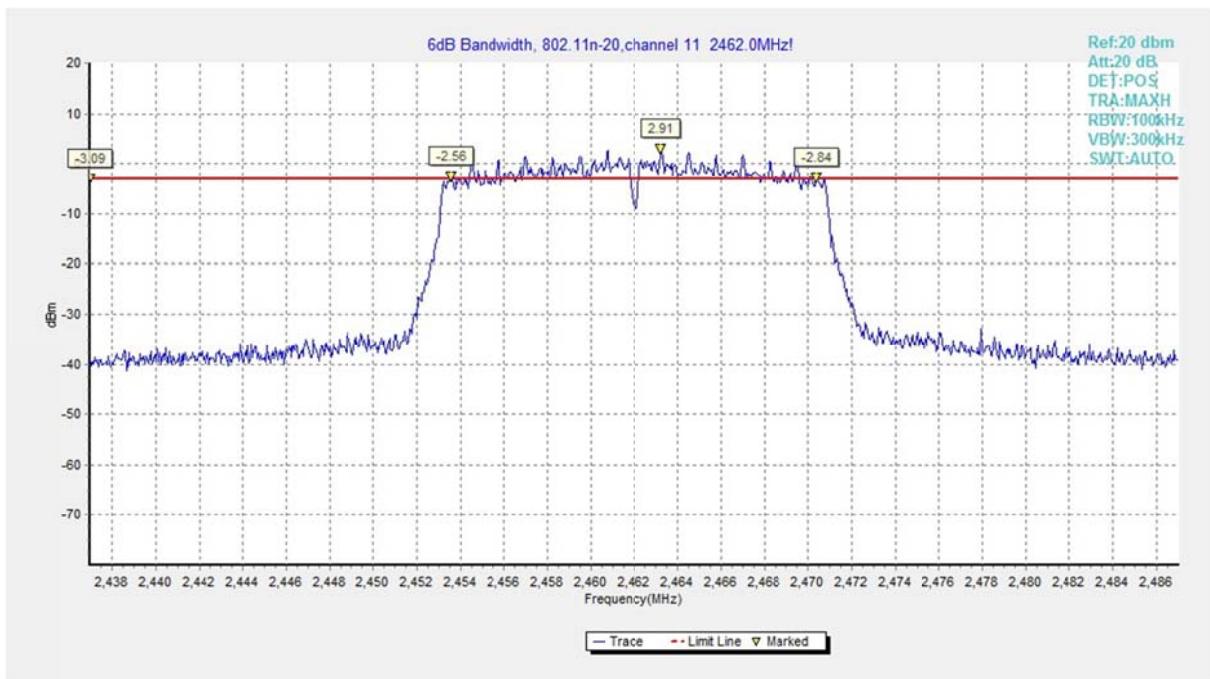


Fig.A.4.9 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11n-HT20, Ch 11)

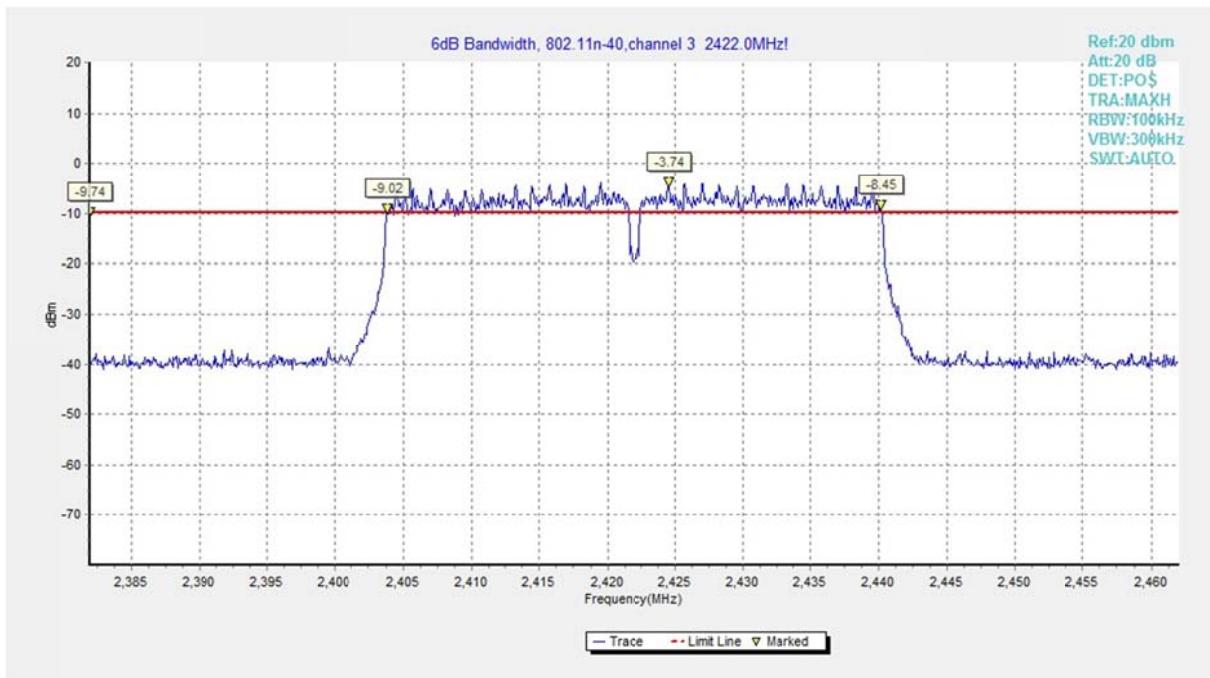


Fig.A.4.10 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11n-40MHz, Ch 3)

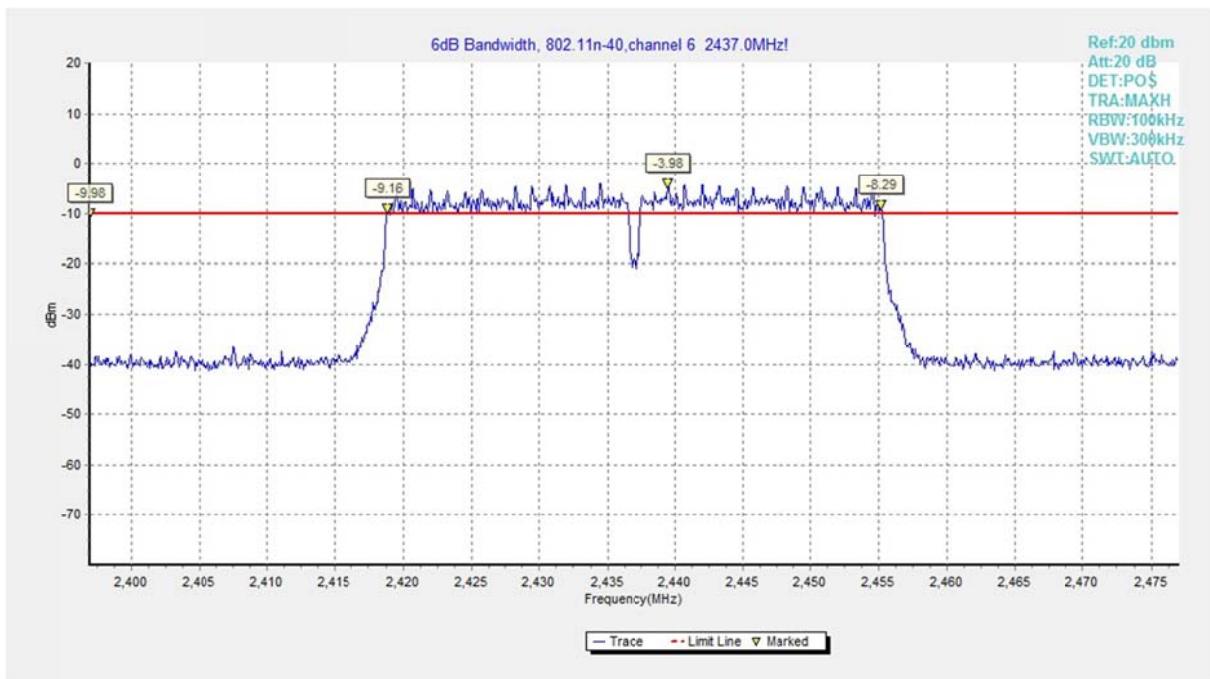


Fig.A.4.11 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11n-HT40, Ch 6)

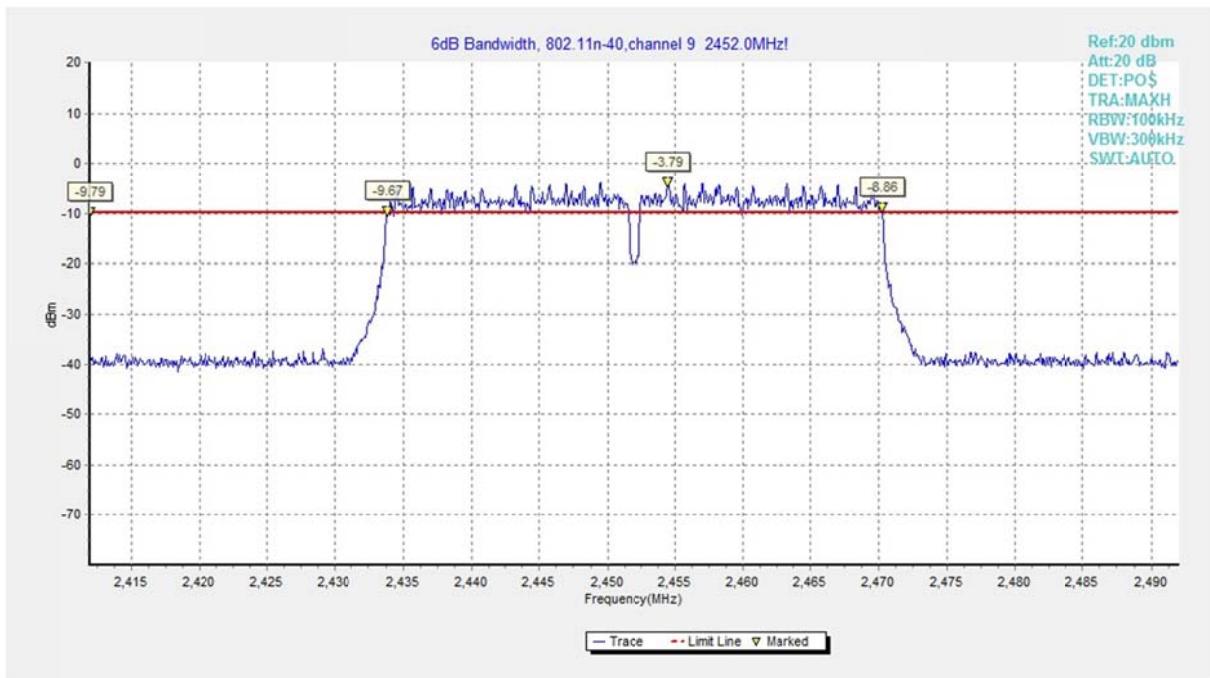


Fig.A.4.12 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11n-HT40, Ch 9)

A.5. Band Edges Compliance

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2009-clause 6.9.2

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described below (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).

- Span: Set Span for minimum 50 MHz
- Reference Level: 110 dB μ V (corrected for gains and losses of test antenna factor, preamp gain and cable loss)
- Attenuation: 10 dB
- Sweep Time: Coupled
- Resolution Bandwidth: Up to and including 1 GHz = ≥ 100 kHz
- Resolution Bandwidth: Above 1 GHz = 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth: Below 1 GHz = 300 kHz
- Video Bandwidth: Up to and including 1 GHz = ≥ 3 MHz for peak and 10 Hz for average
- Detector: Peak

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands. Save the spectrum analyzer plot. Repeat for each power and modulation for lowest and highest channel.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (dBc)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	> 20

EUT ID: EUT2

Measurement Result:

802.11b/g mode

Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11b	1	Fig.A.5.1	P
	11	Fig.A.5.2	P
802.11g	1	Fig.A.5.3	P
	11	Fig.A.5.4	P

802.11n-HT20 mode

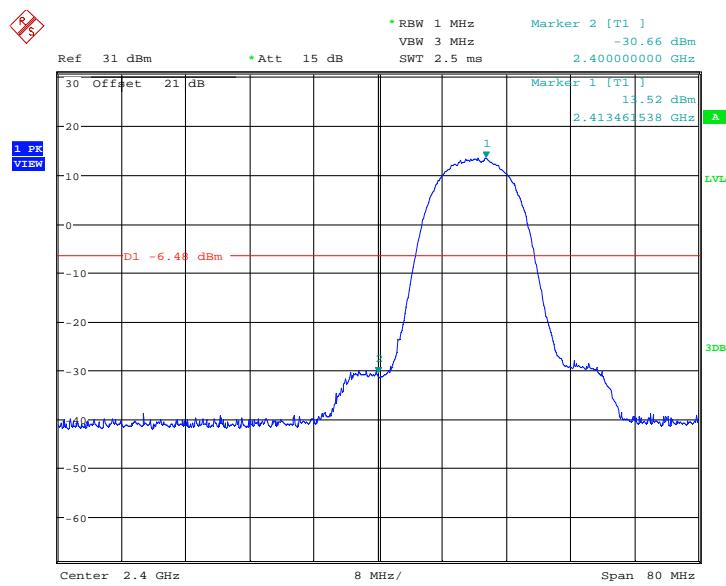
Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11n (HT20)	1	Fig.A.5.5	P
	11	Fig.A.5.6	P

802.11n-HT40 mode

Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11n (HT40)	3	Fig.A.5.7	P
	9	Fig.A.5.8	P

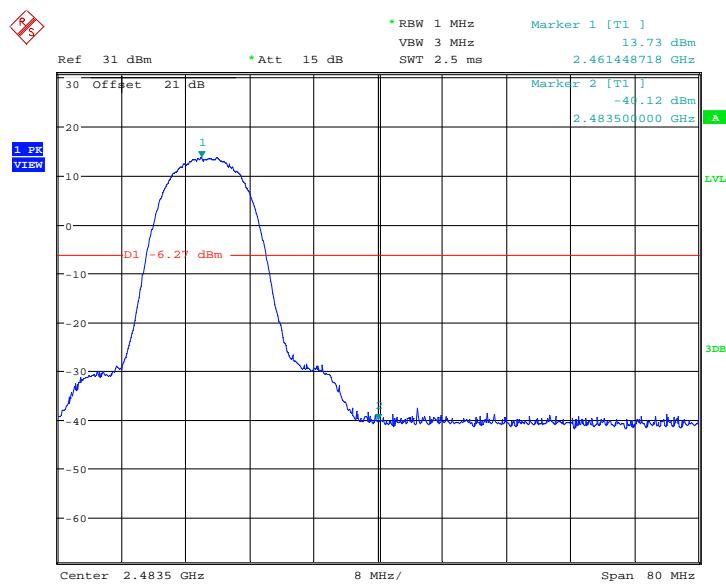
Conclusion: Pass

Test graphs as below:



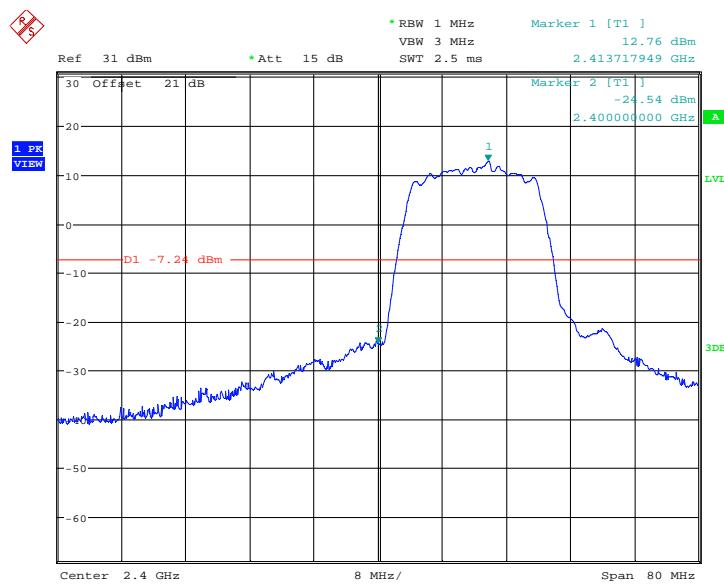
Date: 16.JUN.2015 16:02:23

Fig.A.5.1 Band Edges (802.11b, Ch 1)



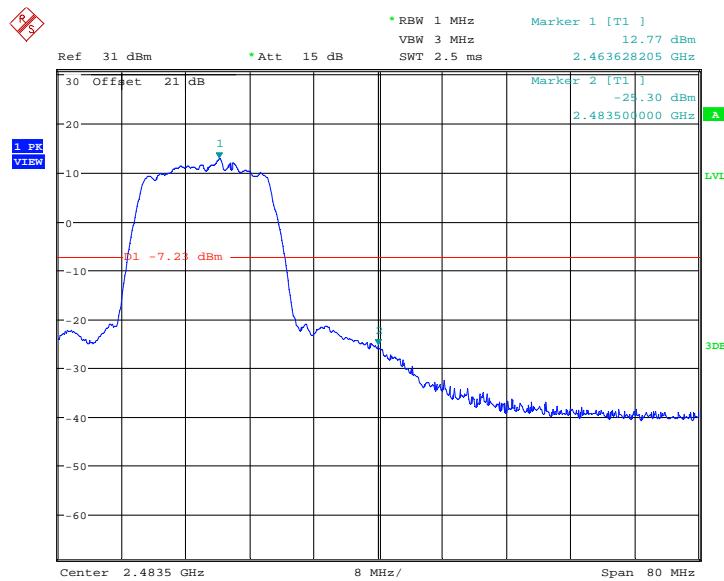
Date: 16.JUN.2015 16:09:18

Fig.A.5.2 Band Edges (802.11b, Ch 11)



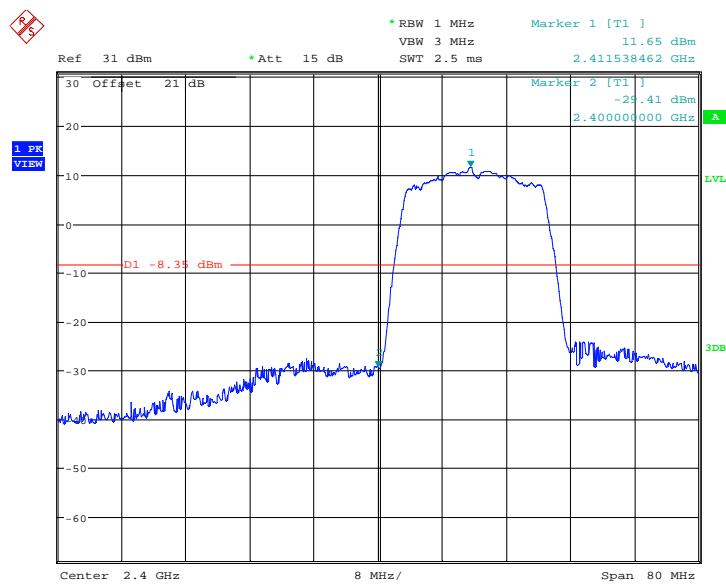
Date: 16.JUN.2015 16:03:44

Fig.A.5.3 Band Edges (802.11g, Ch 1)



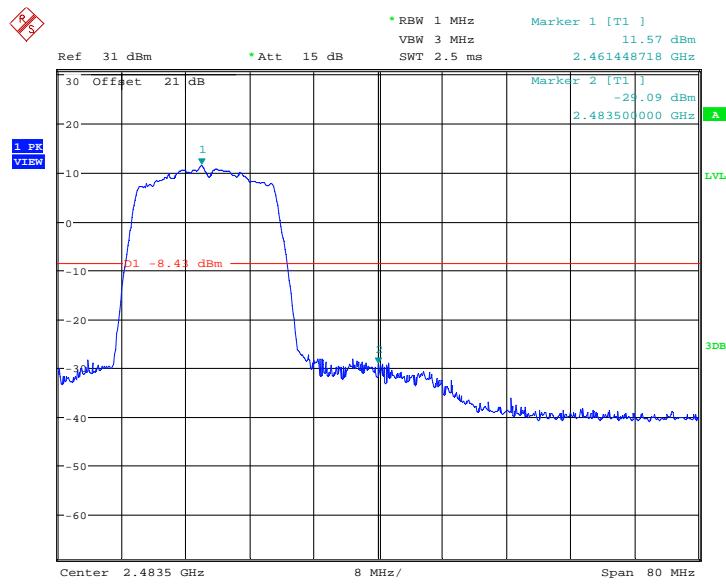
Date: 16.JUN.2015 16:10:18

Fig.A.5.4 Band Edges (802.11g, Ch 11)



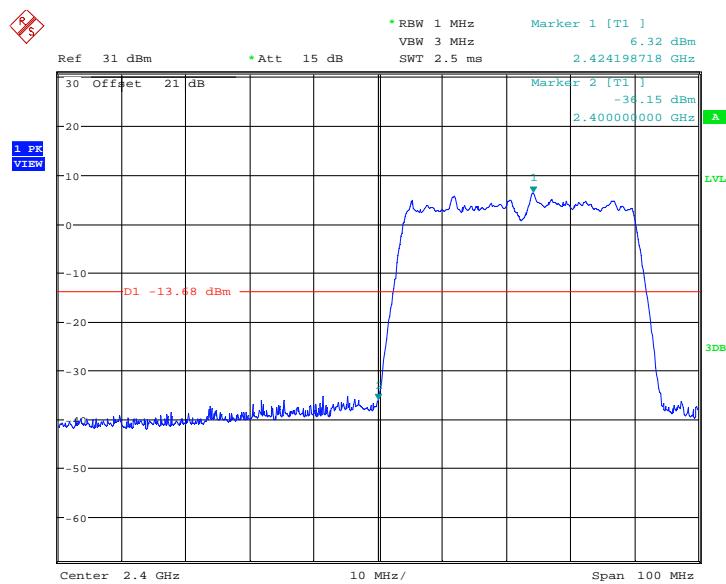
Date: 16.JUN.2015 16:04:45

Fig.A.5.5 Band Edges (802.11n-HT20, Ch 1)



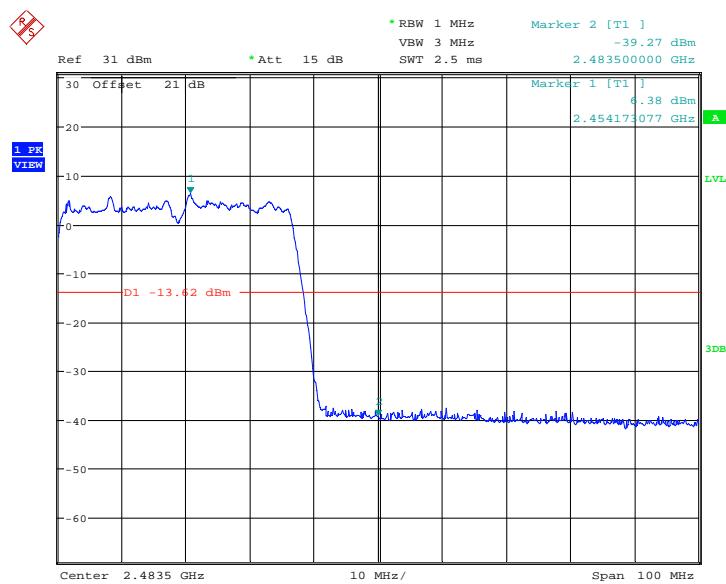
Date: 16.JUN.2015 16:11:13

Fig.A.5.6 Band Edges (802.11n-HT20, Ch 11)



Date: 16.JUN.2015 16:06:17

Fig.A.5.7 Band Edges (802.11n-HT40, Ch 3)



Date: 16.JUN.2015 16:08:02

Fig.A.5.8 Band Edges (802.11n-HT40, Ch 9)

A.6. Transmitter Spurious Emission

A.6.1 Transmitter Spurious Emission – Conducted

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2009-clause 6.5&6.6

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- b) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth
- c) Set the RBW= 100 kHz
- d) Set the VBW= 300 kHz
- e) Detector = Peak
- f) Sweep time = auto couple
- g) Trace mode = max hold
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW = 300 kHz.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	20dB below peak output power in 100 kHz bandwidth

EUT ID: EUT2

Measurement Results:

802.11b mode

MODE	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11b	1	2.412 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.1	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.2	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.3	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.4	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.5	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.6	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.7	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.8	P
	6	2.437 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.9	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.10	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.11	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.12	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.13	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.14	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.15	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.16	P
	11	2.462 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.17	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.18	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.19	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.20	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.21	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.22	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.23	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.24	P

802.11g mode

MODE	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11g	1	2.412 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.25	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.26	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.27	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.28	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.29	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.30	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.31	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.32	P
	6	2.437 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.33	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.34	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.35	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.36	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.37	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.38	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.39	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.40	P
	11	2.462 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.41	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.42	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.43	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.44	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.45	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.46	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.47	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.48	P

802.11n-HT20 mode

MODE	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11n (HT20)	1	2.412 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.49	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.50	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.51	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.52	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.53	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.54	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.55	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.56	P
	6	2.437 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.57	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.58	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.59	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.60	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.61	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.62	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.63	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.64	P
	11	2.462 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.65	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.66	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.67	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.68	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.69	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.70	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.71	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.72	P

802.11n-HT40 mode

MODE	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11n (HT40)	3	2.422 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.73	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.74	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.75	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.76	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.77	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.78	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.79	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.80	P
	6	2.437 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.81	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.82	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.83	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.84	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.85	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.86	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.87	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.88	P
	9	2.452 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.89	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.90	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.91	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.92	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.93	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.94	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.95	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.96	P

Conclusion: Pass
Test graphs as below:

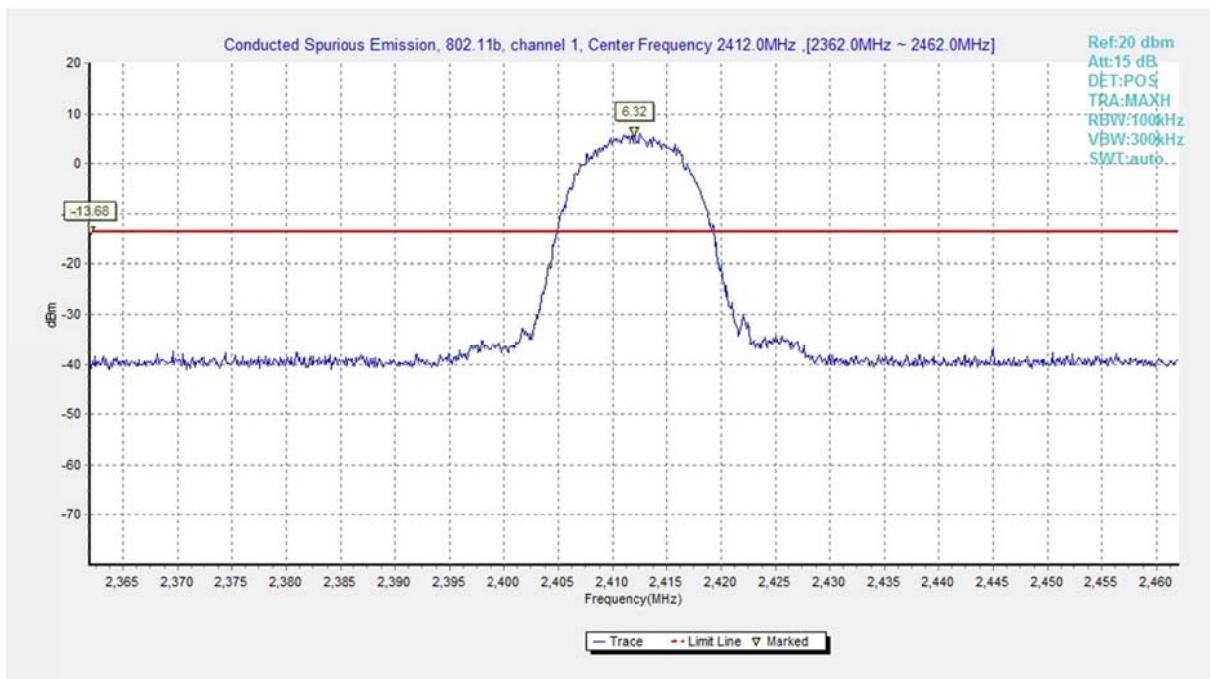


Fig.A.6.1.1 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch1, Center Frequency)

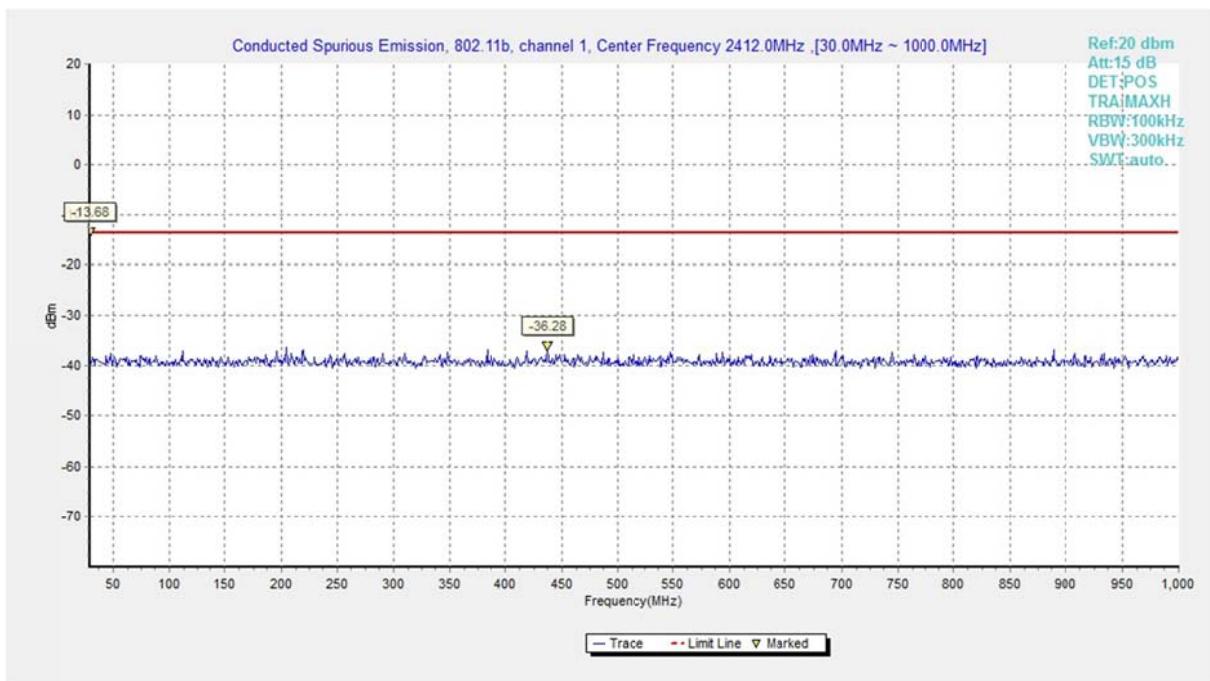


Fig.A.6.1.2 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch1, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

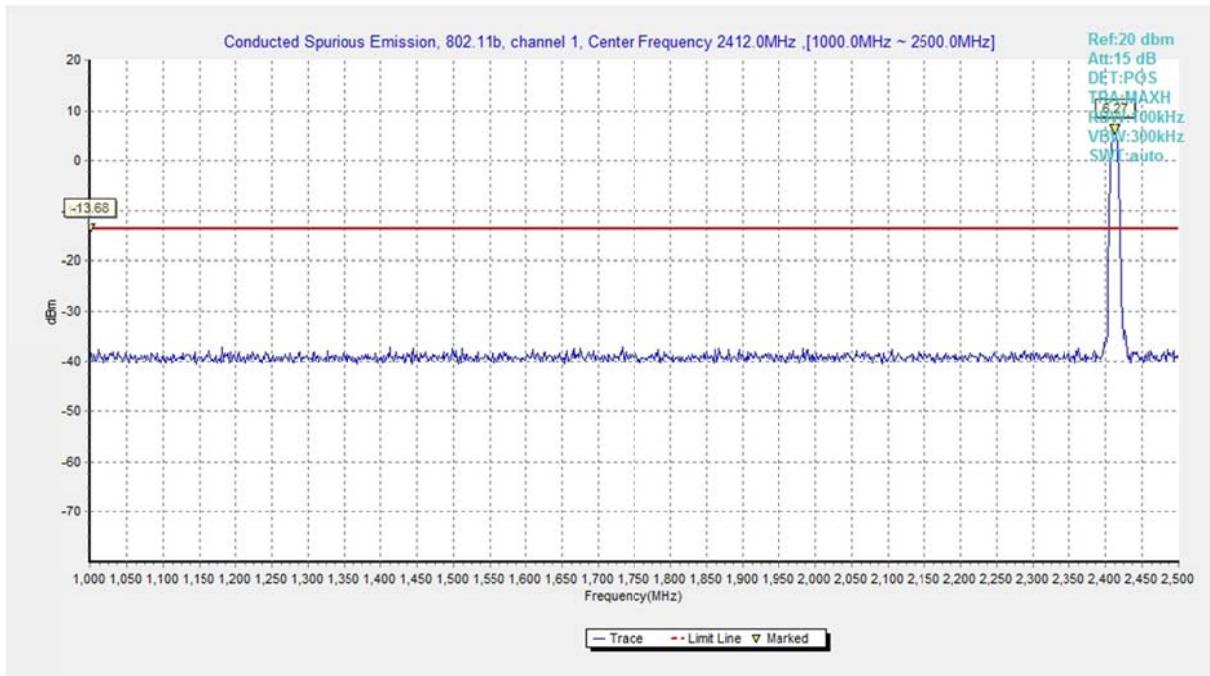


Fig.A.6.1.3 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch1, 1 GHz-2.5 GHz)

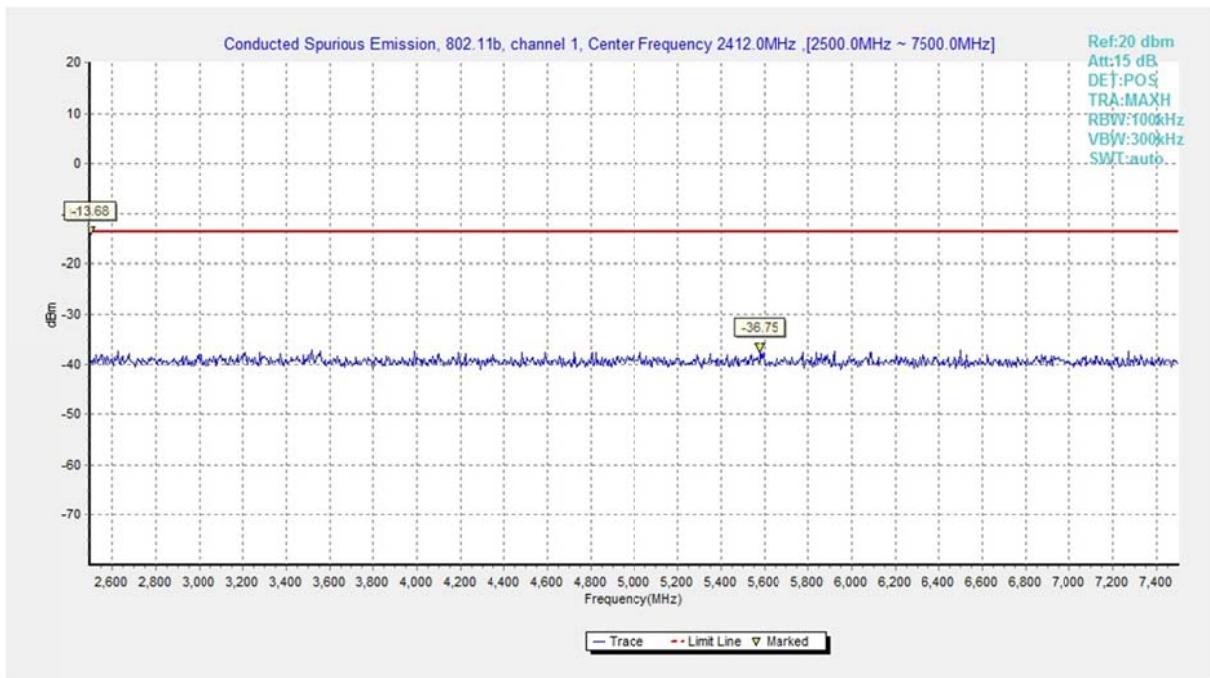


Fig.A.6.1.4 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch1, 2.5 GHz-7.5 GHz)

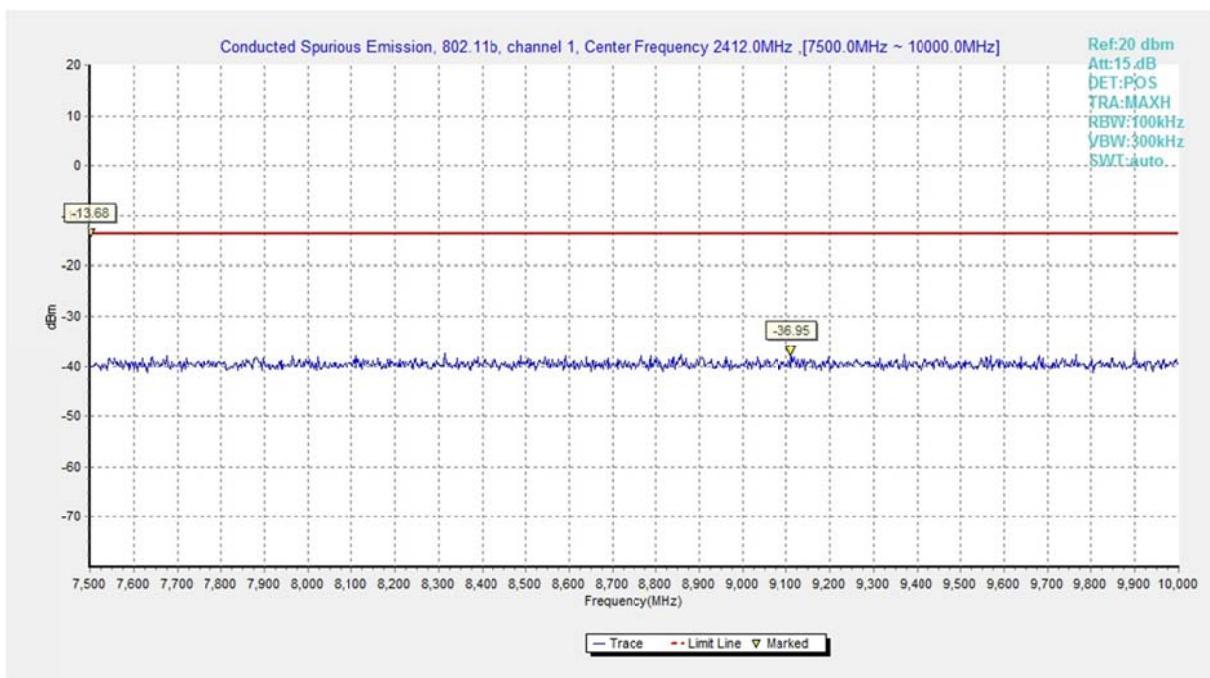


Fig.A.6.1.5 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch1, 7.5 GHz-10 GHz)

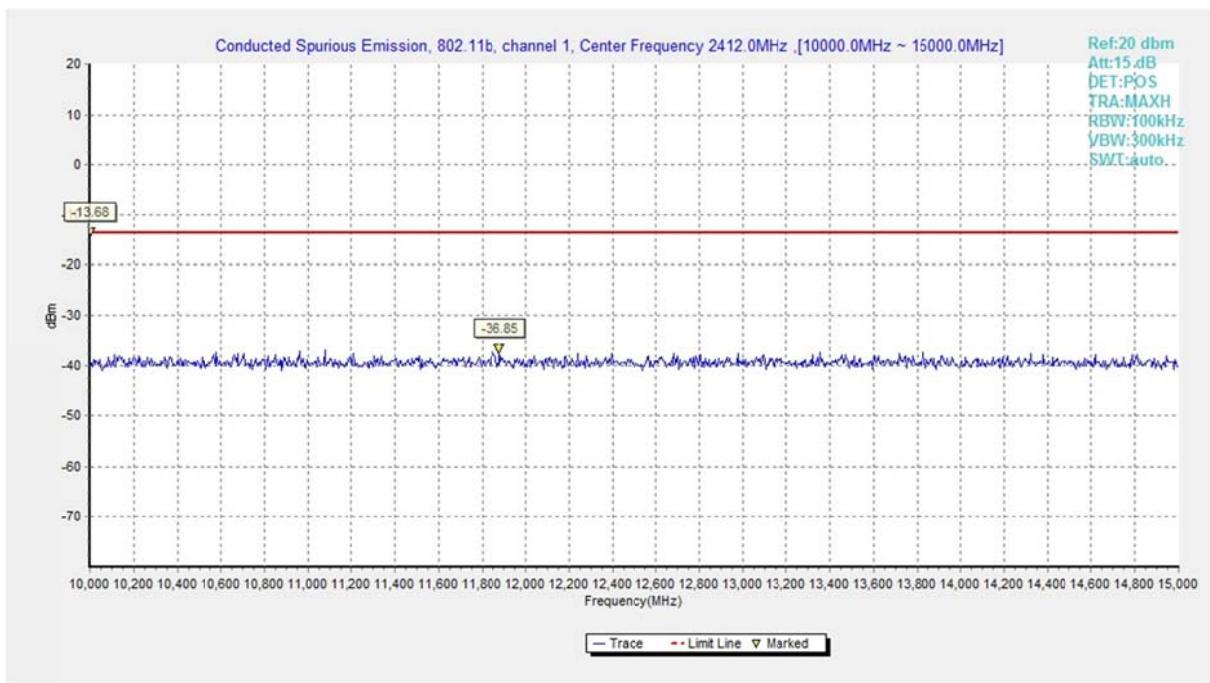


Fig.A.6.1.6 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch1, 10 GHz-15 GHz)

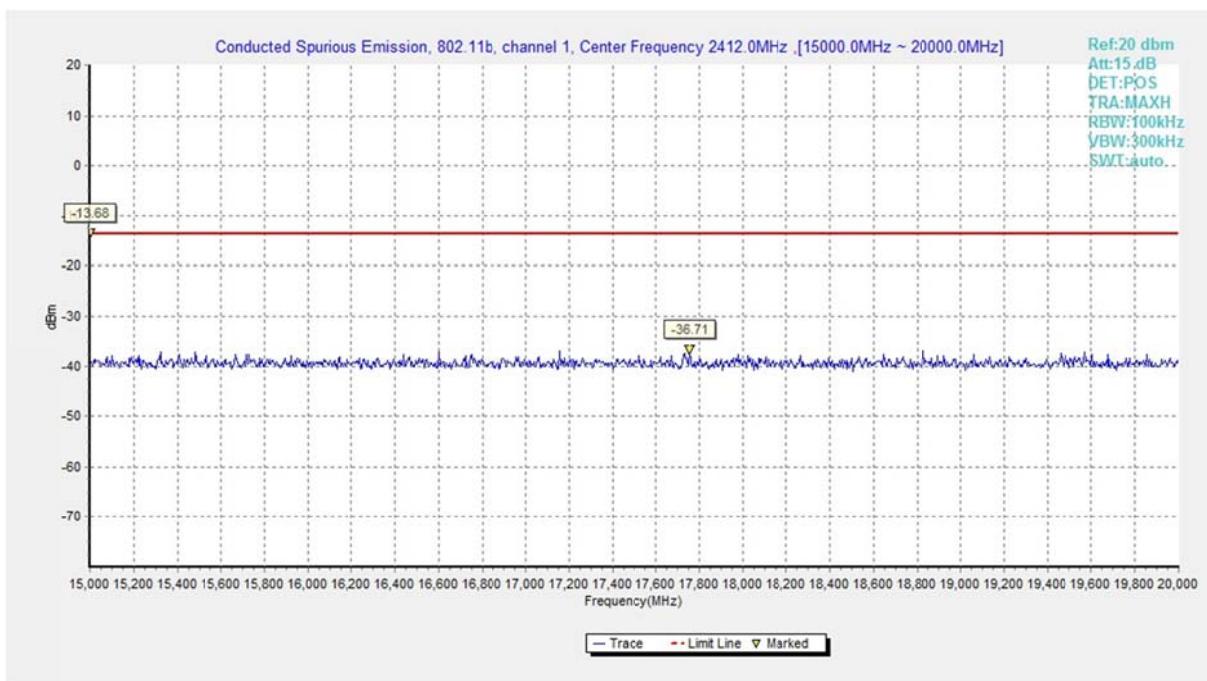


Fig.A.6.1.7 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch1, 15 GHz-20 GHz)

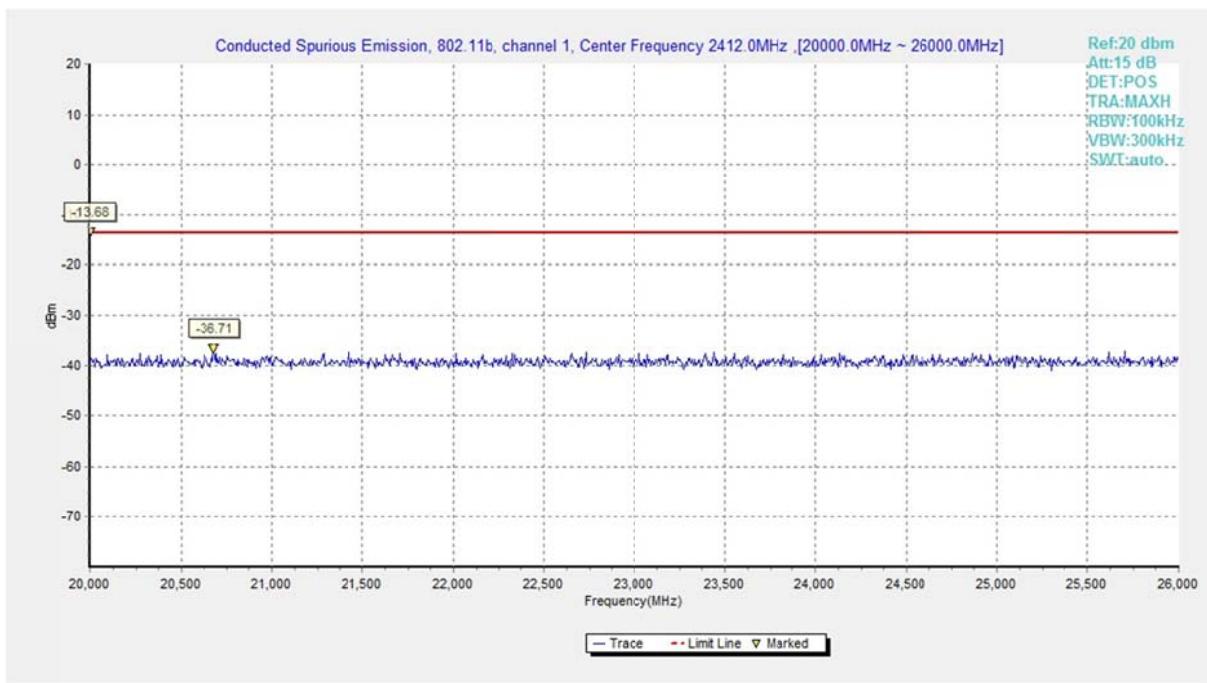


Fig.A.6.1.8 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch1, 20 GHz-26 GHz)

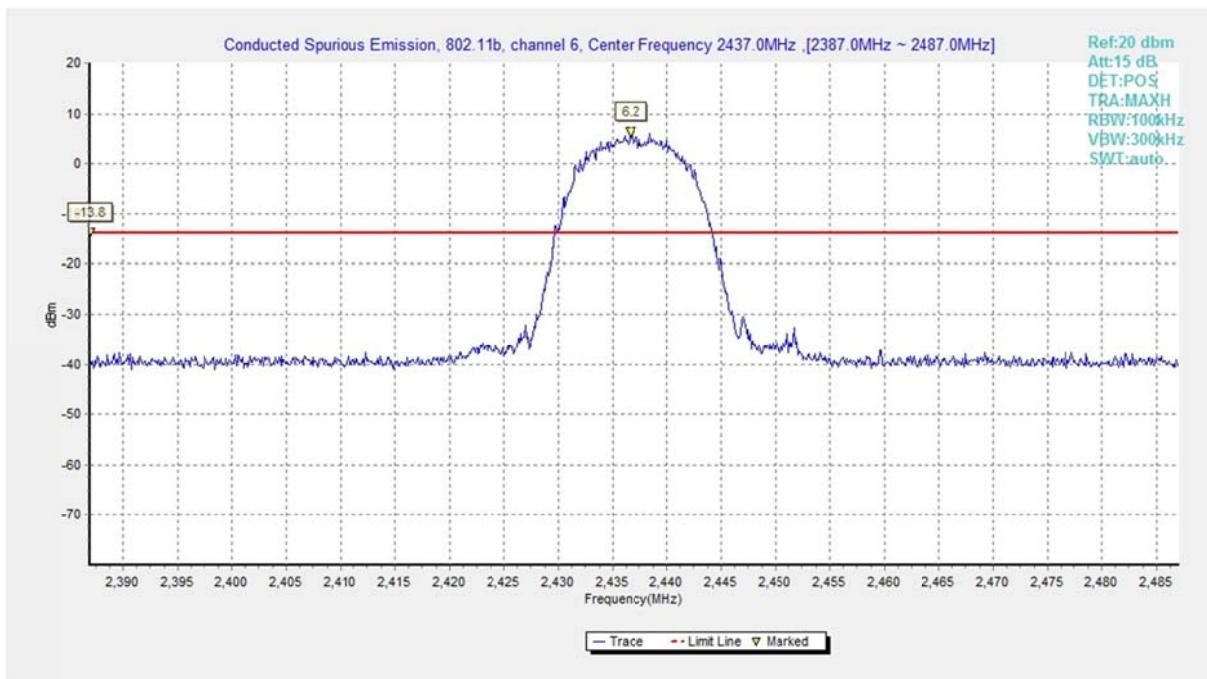


Fig.A.6.1.9 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch6, Center Frequency)

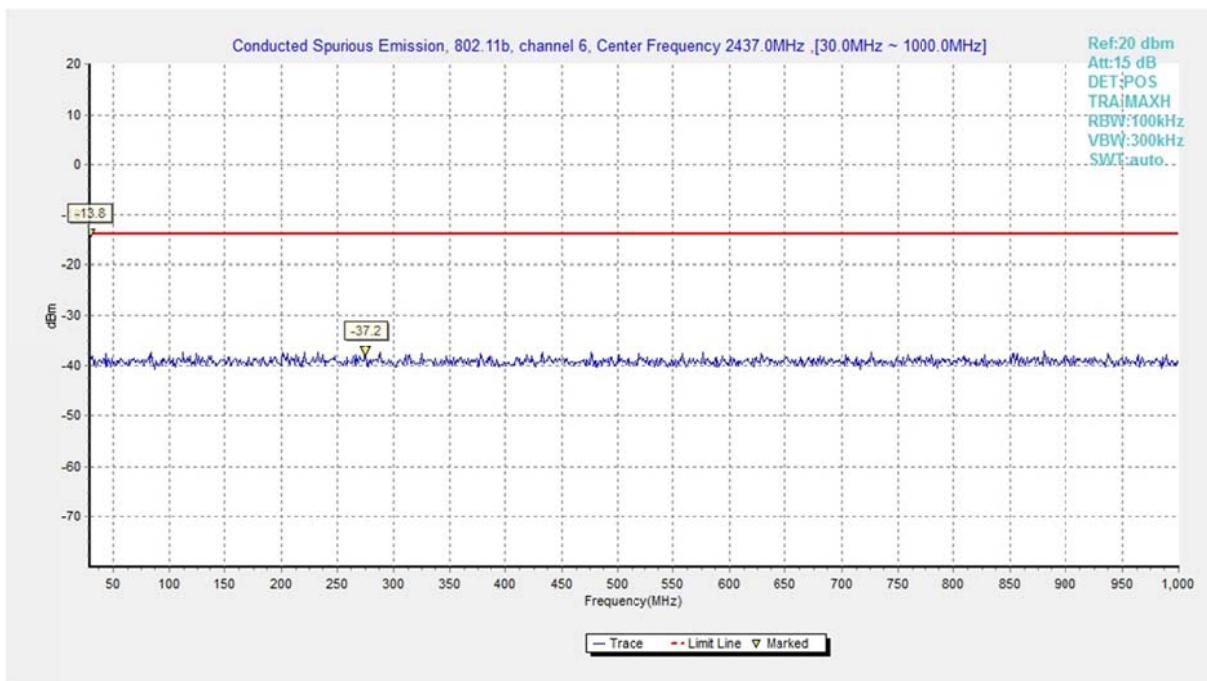


Fig.A.6.1.10 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch6, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

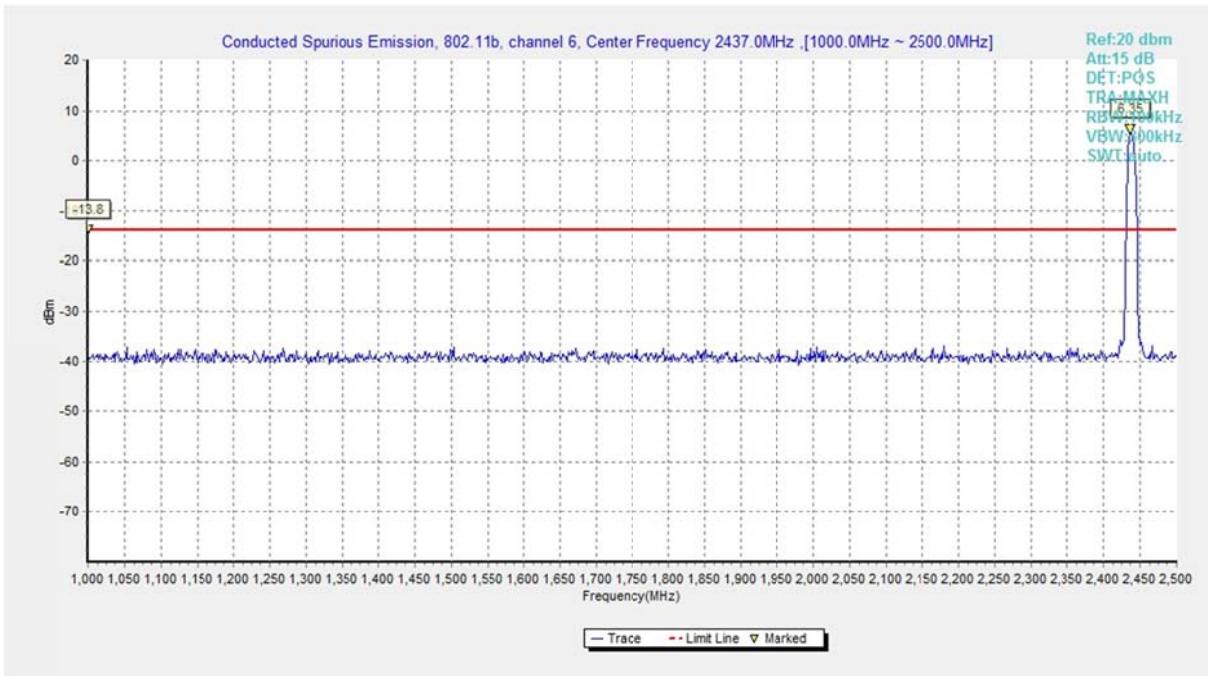


Fig.A.6.1.11 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch6, 1 GHz-2.5 GHz)

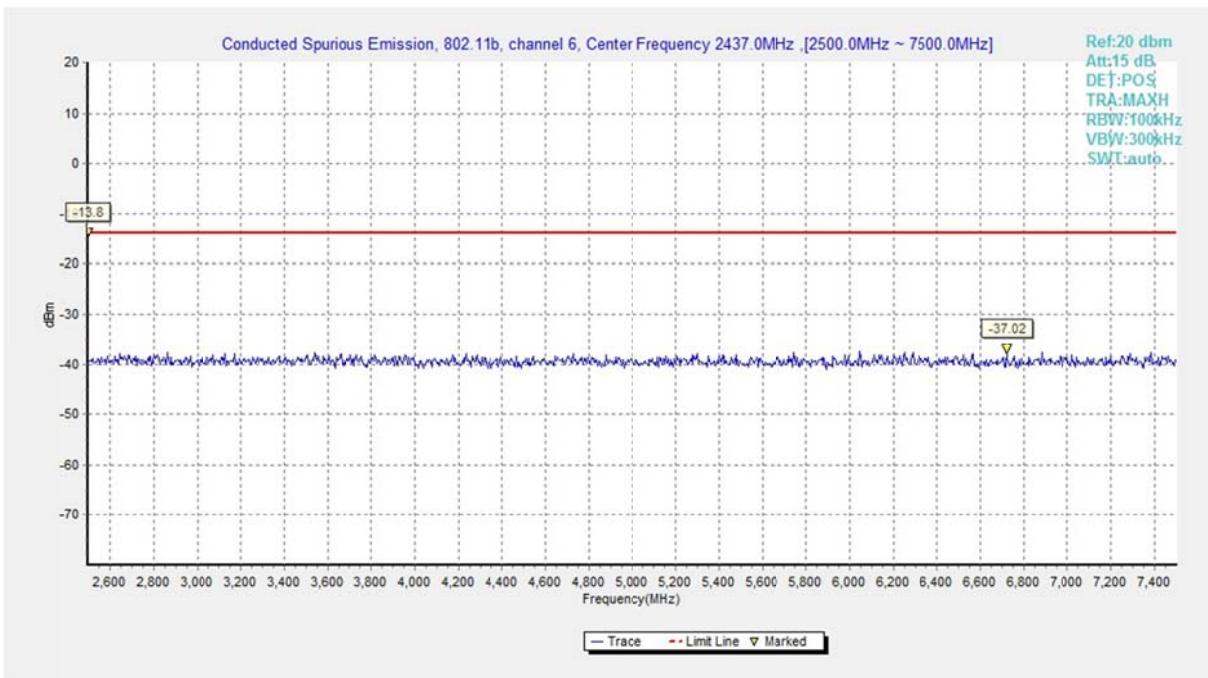


Fig.A.6.1.12 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch6, 2.5 GHz-7.5 GHz)

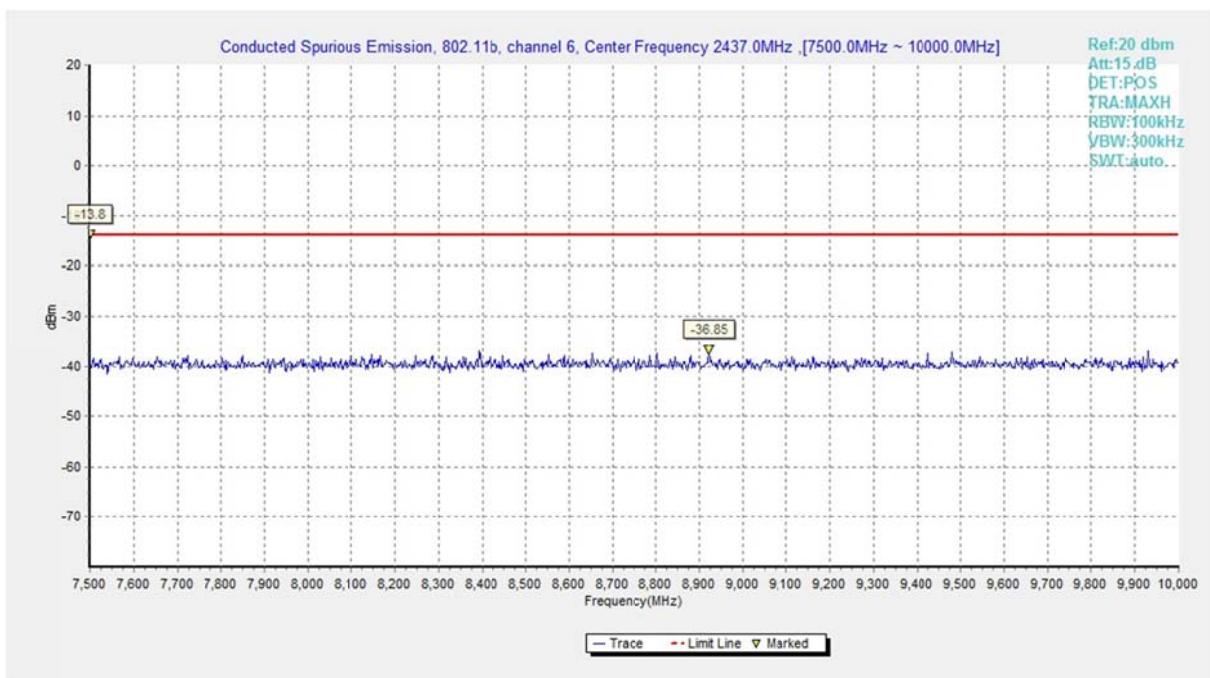


Fig.A.6.1.13 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch6, 7.5 GHz-10 GHz)

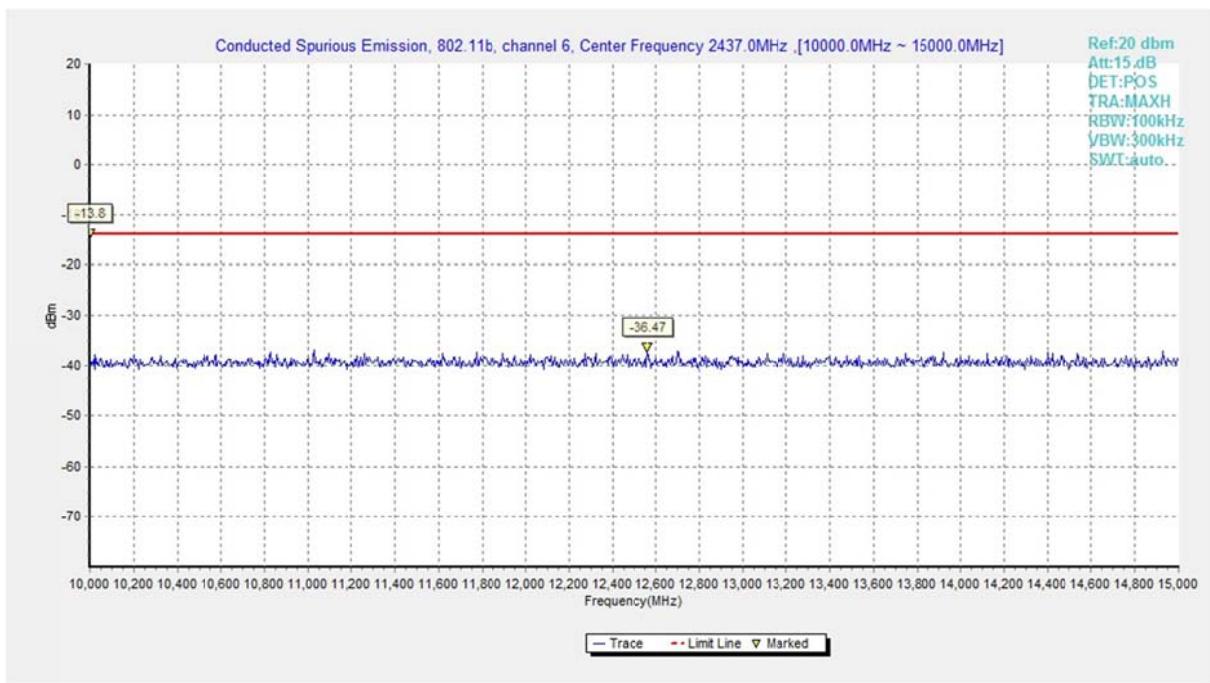


Fig.A.6.1.14 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch6, 10 GHz-15 GHz)

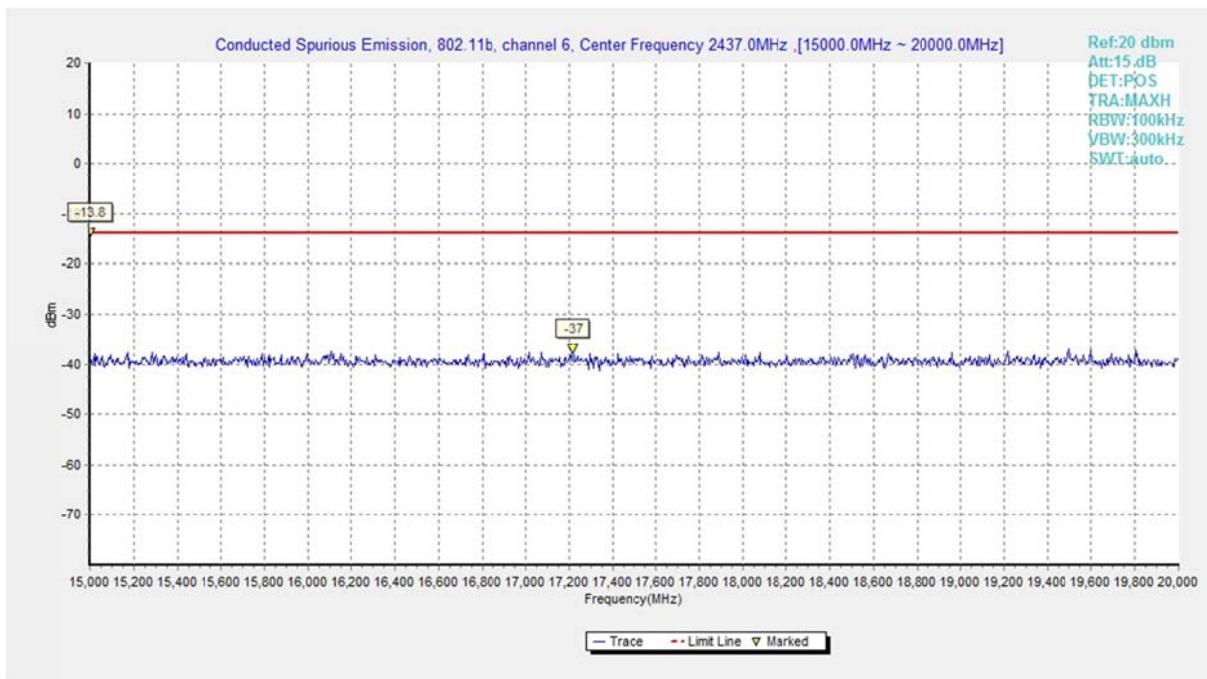


Fig.A.6.1.15 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch6, 15 GHz-20 GHz)

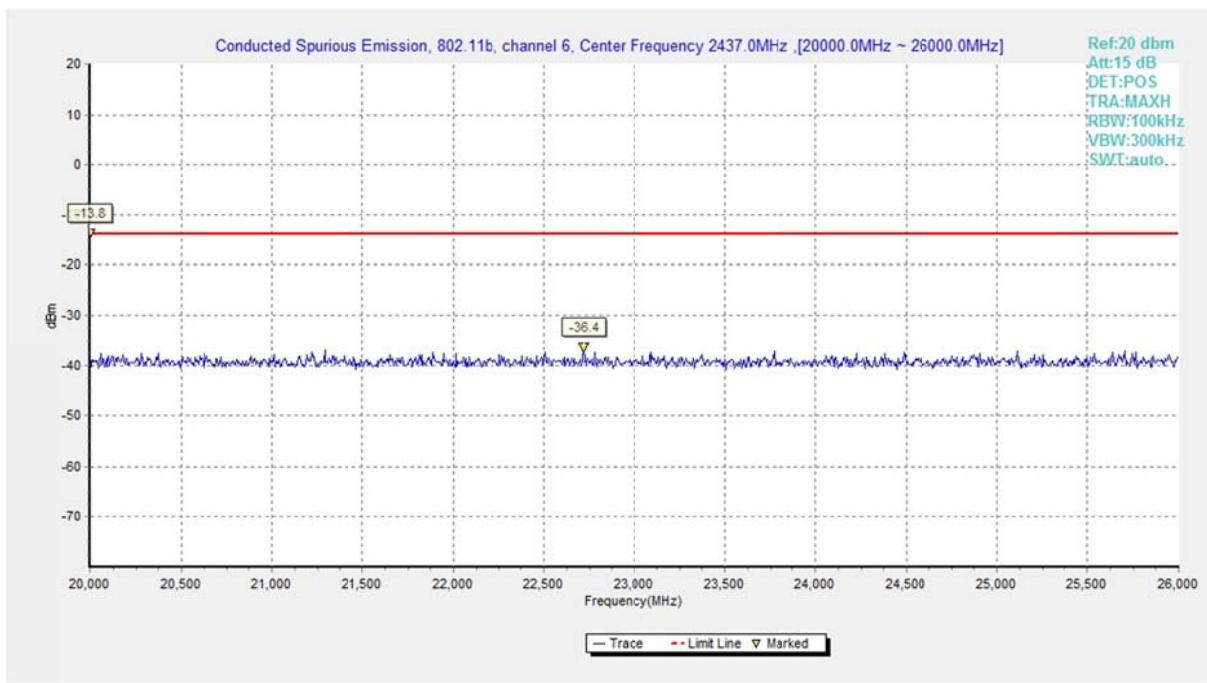


Fig.A.6.1.16 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch6, 20 GHz-26 GHz)

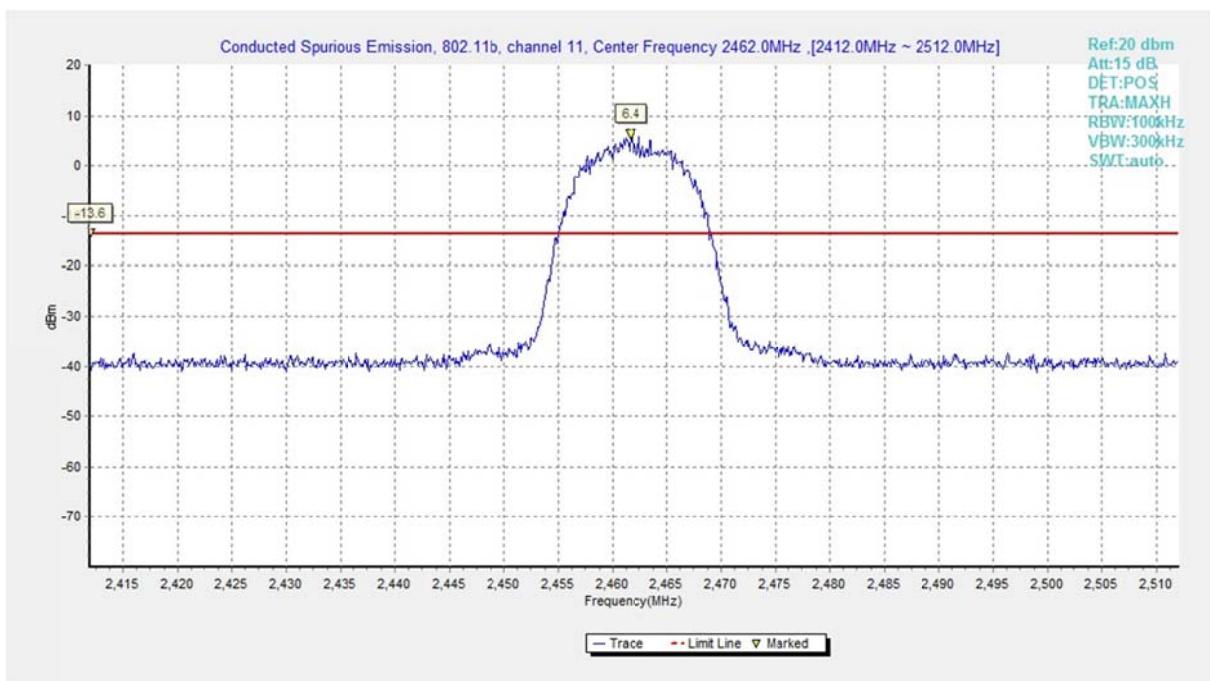


Fig.A.6.1.17 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch11, Center Frequency)

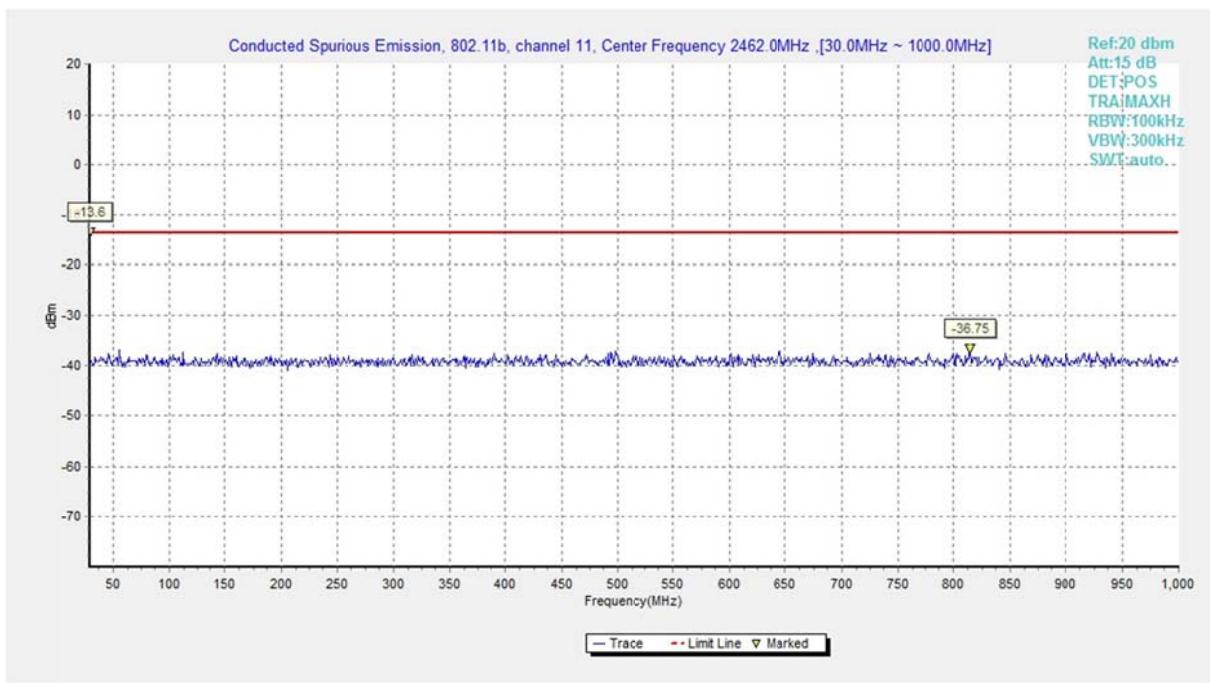


Fig.A.6.1.18 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch11, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

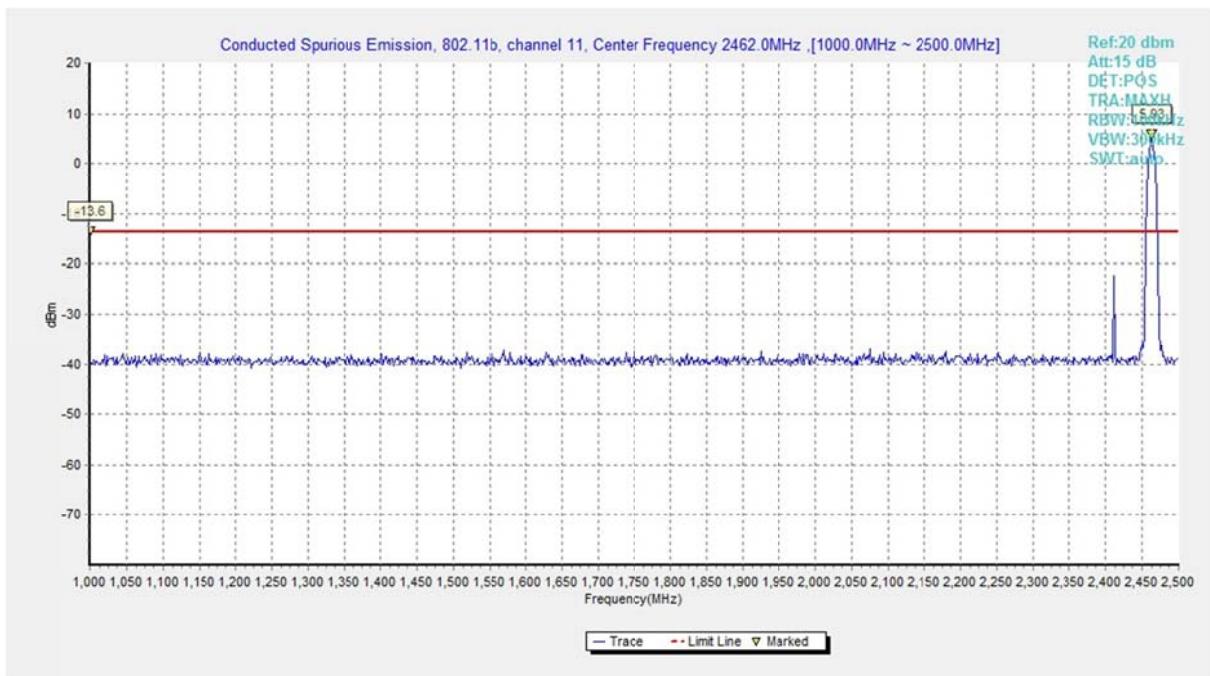


Fig.A.6.1.19 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch11, 1 GHz-2.5 GHz)

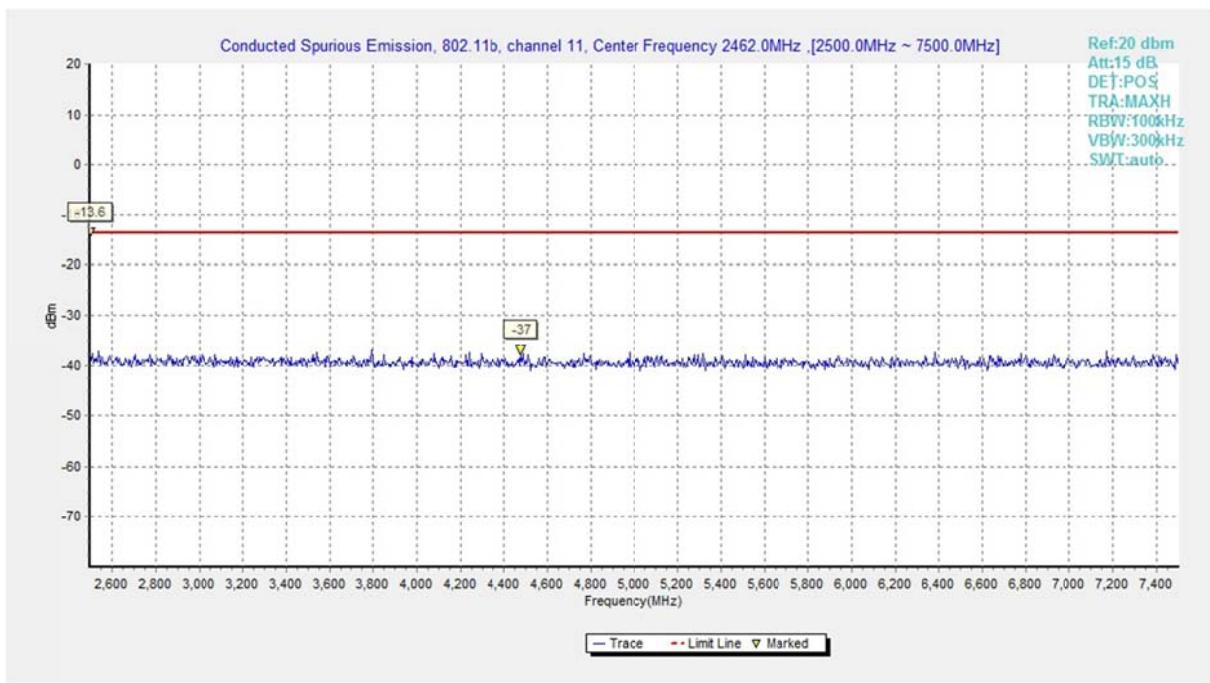


Fig.A.6.1.20 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch11, 2.5 GHz-7.5 GHz)

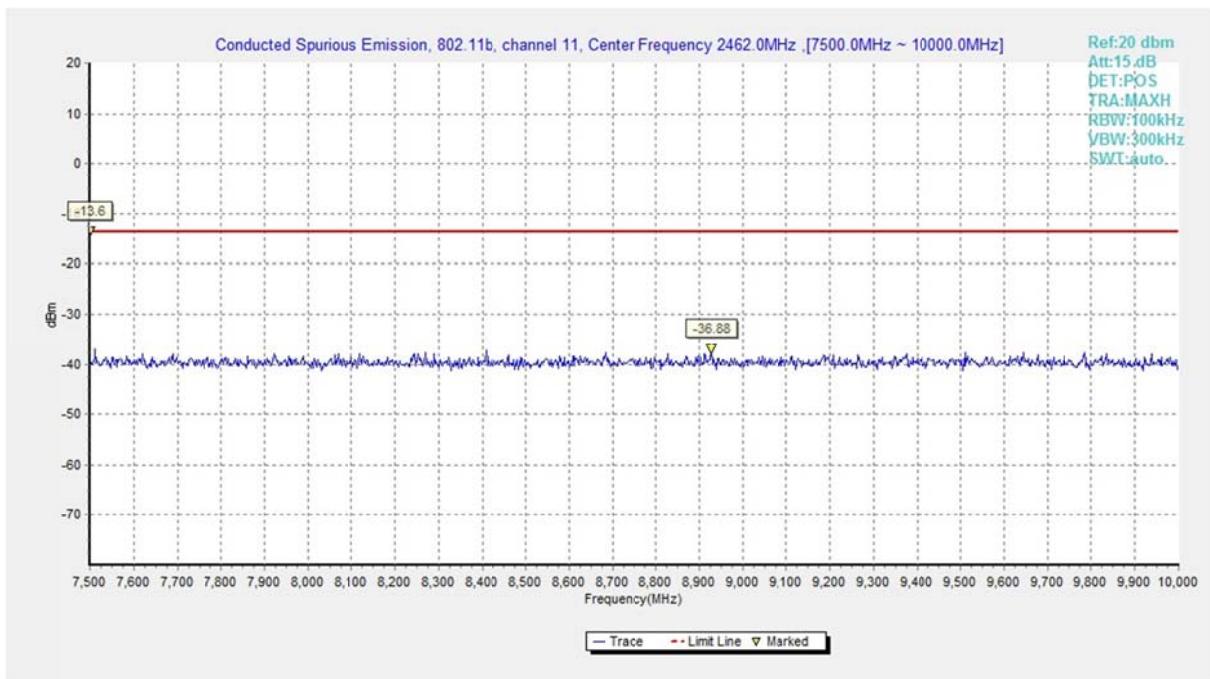


Fig.A.6.1.21 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch11, 7.5 GHz-10 GHz)

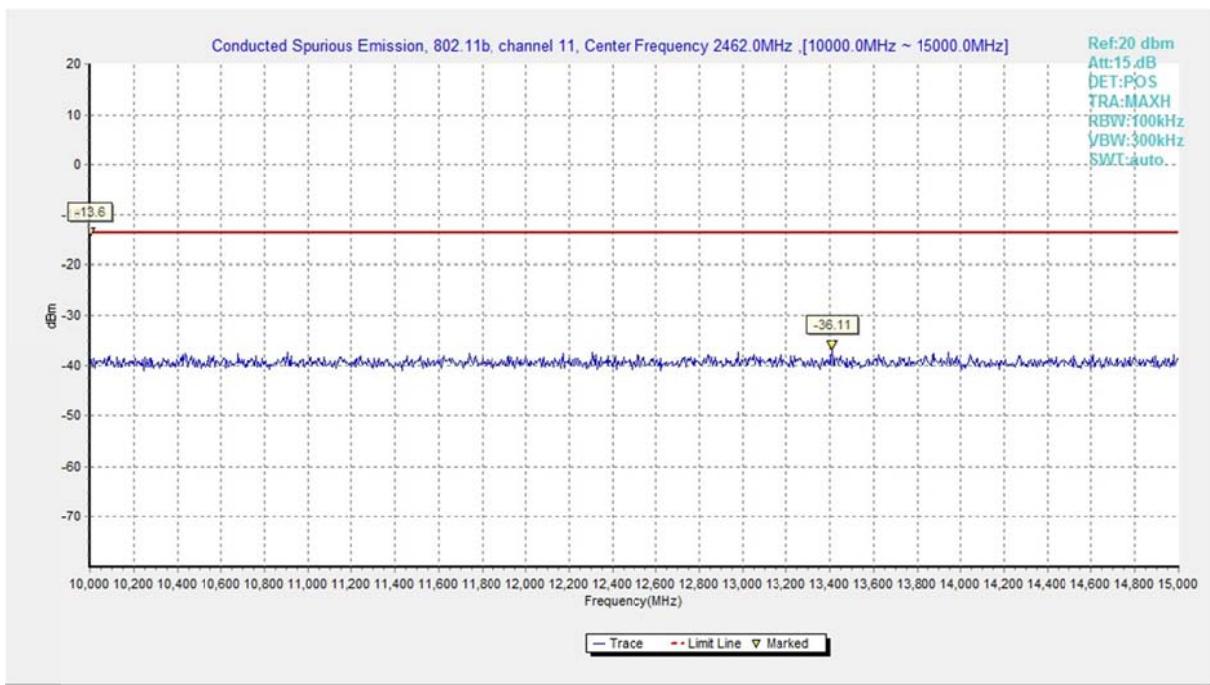


Fig.A.6.1.22 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch11, 10 GHz-15 GHz)

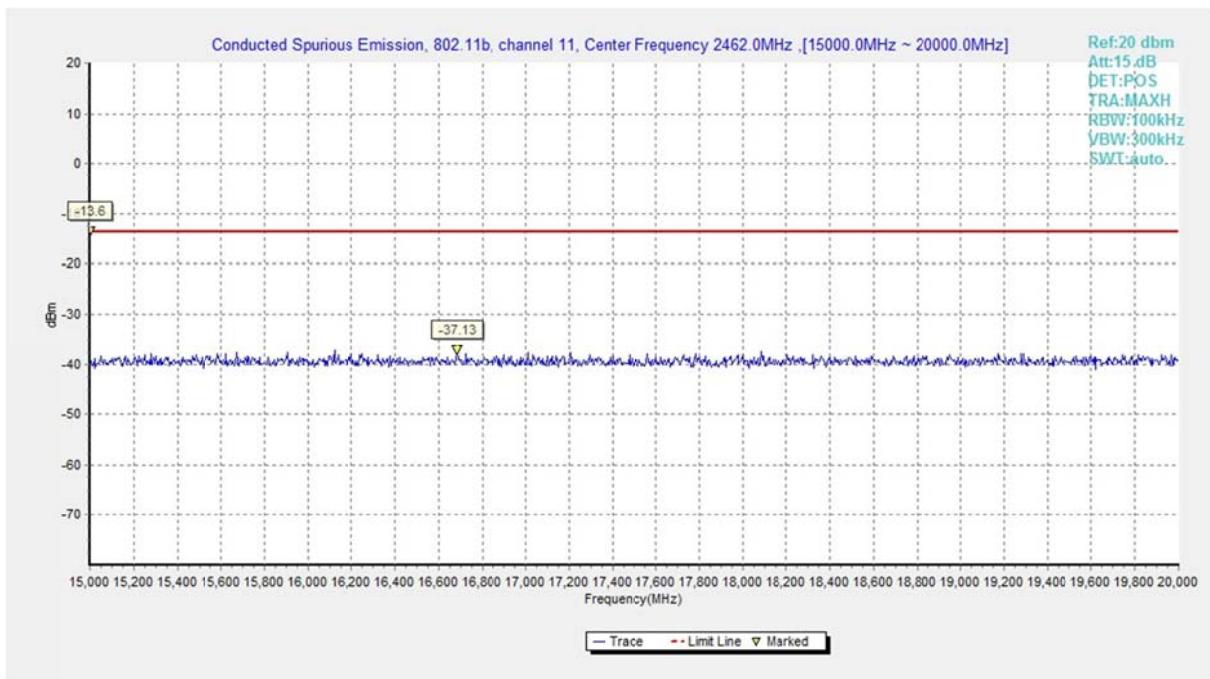


Fig.A.6.1.23 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch11, 15 GHz-20 GHz)

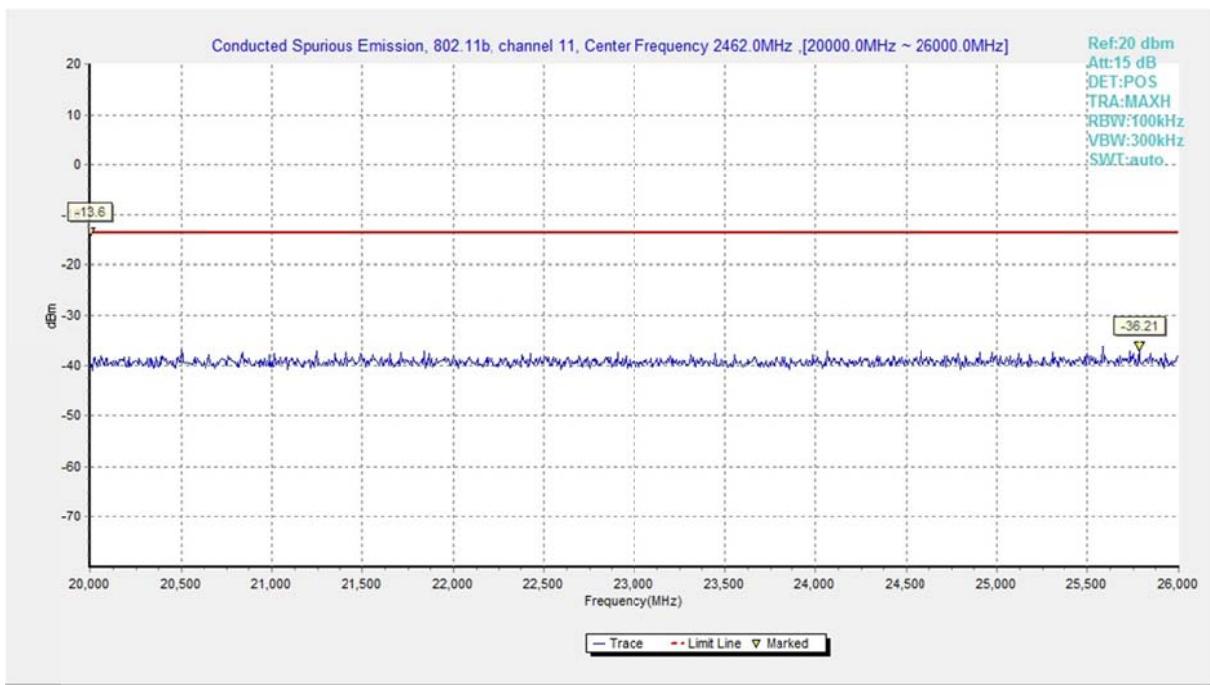


Fig.A.6.1.24 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11b, Ch11, 20 GHz-26 GHz)

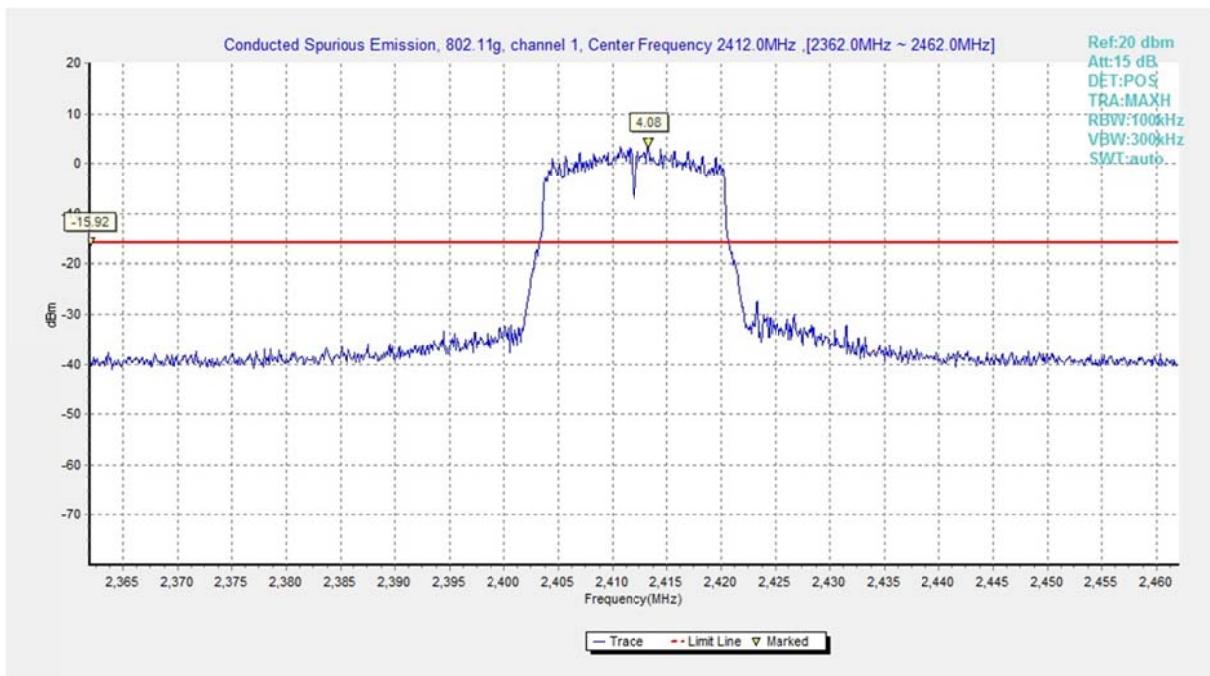


Fig.A.6.1.25 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch1, Center Frequency)

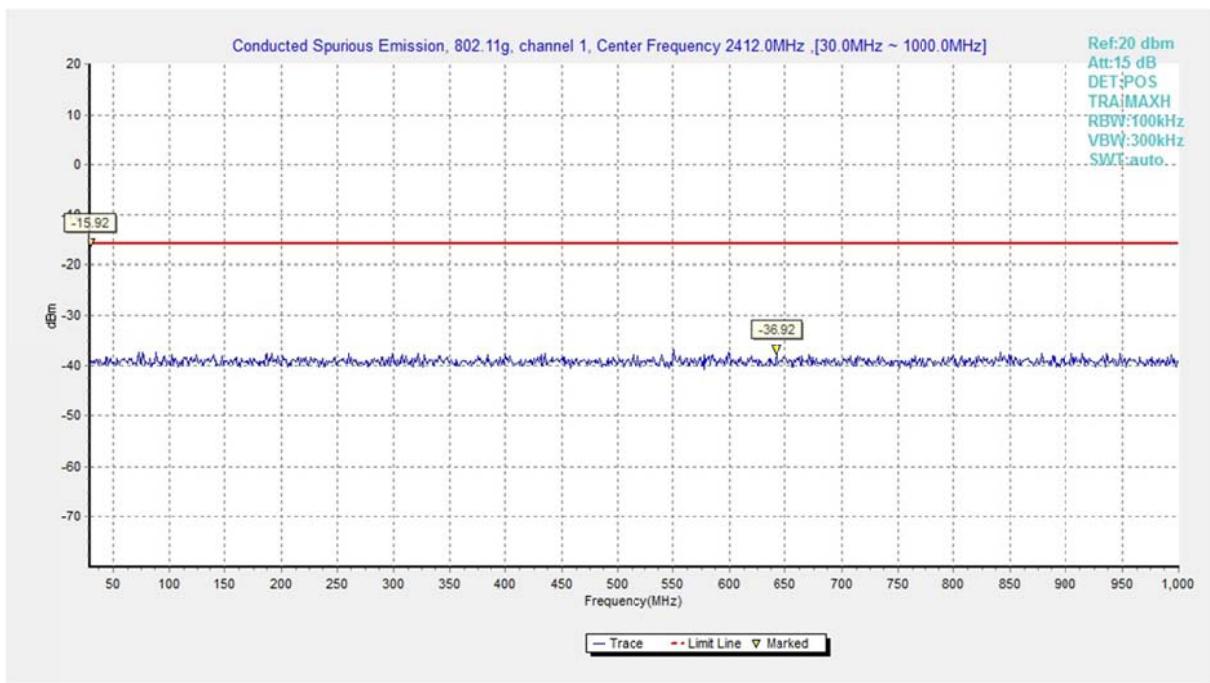


Fig.A.6.1.26 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch1, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

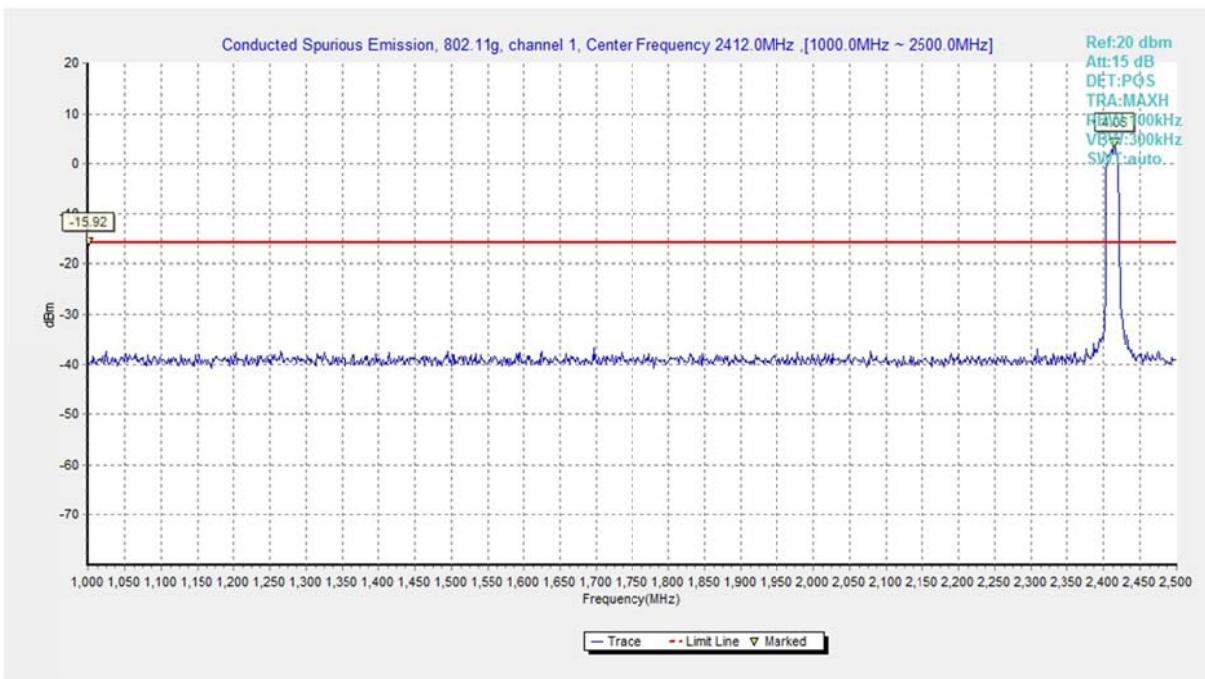


Fig.A.6.1.27 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch1, 1 GHz-2.5 GHz)

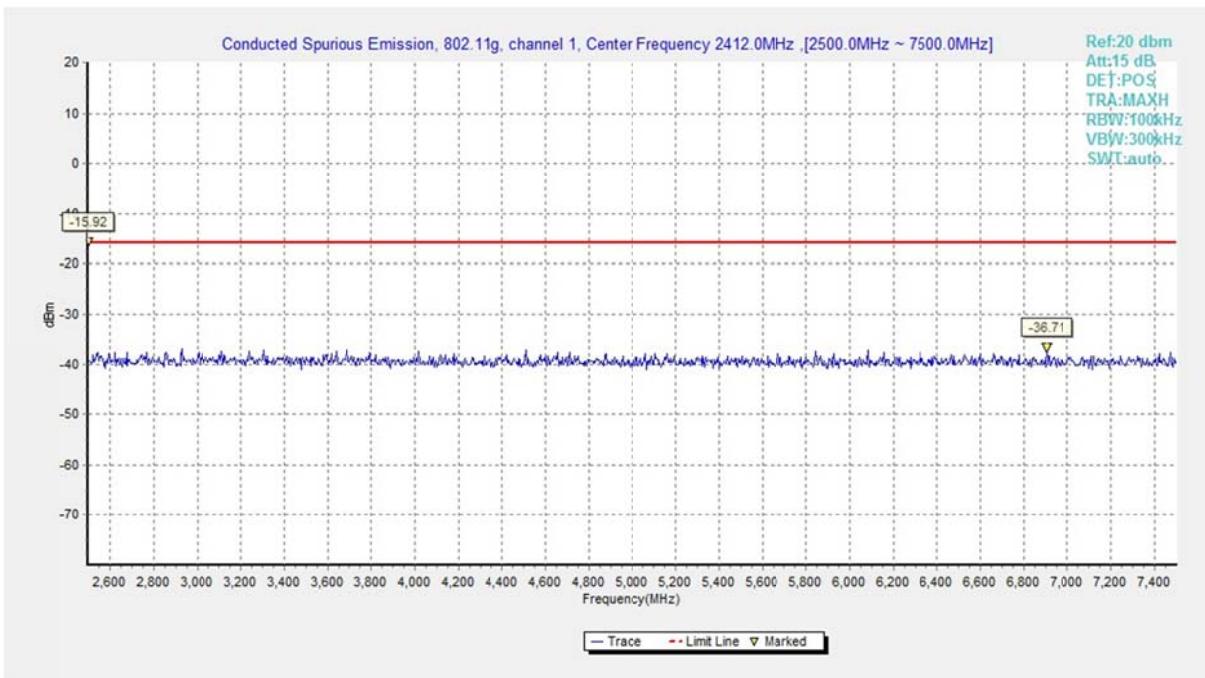


Fig.A.6.1.28 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch1, 2.5 GHz-7.5 GHz)

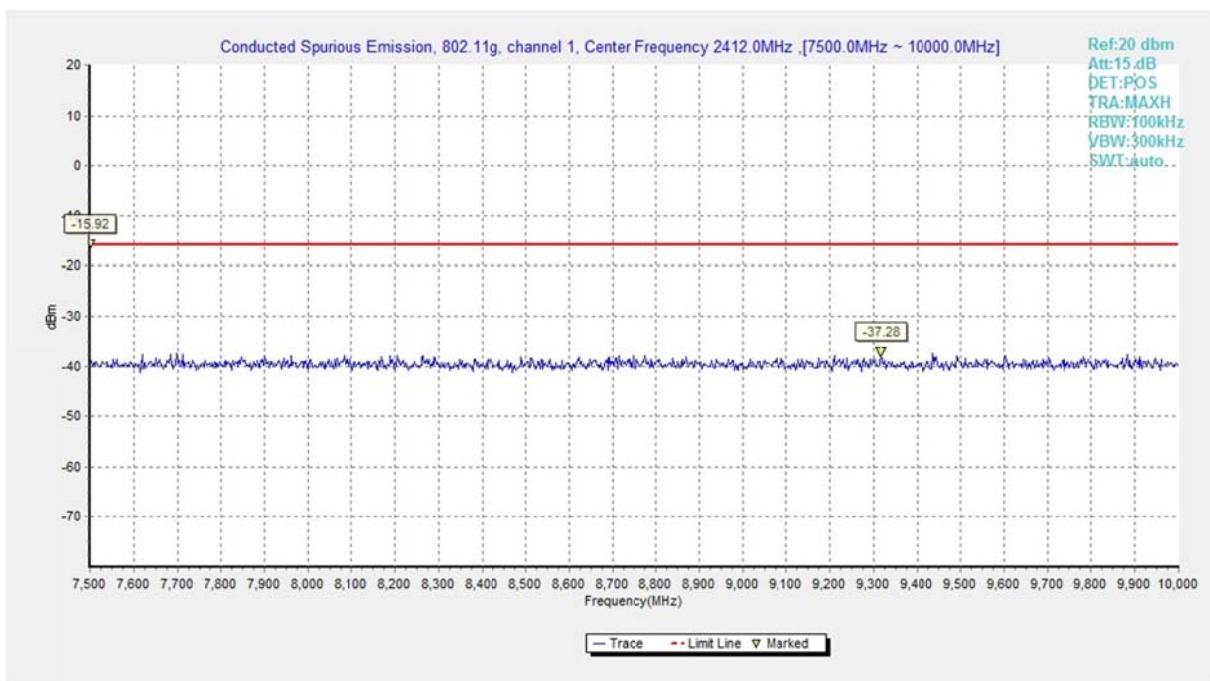


Fig.A.6.1.29 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch1, 7.5 GHz-10 GHz)

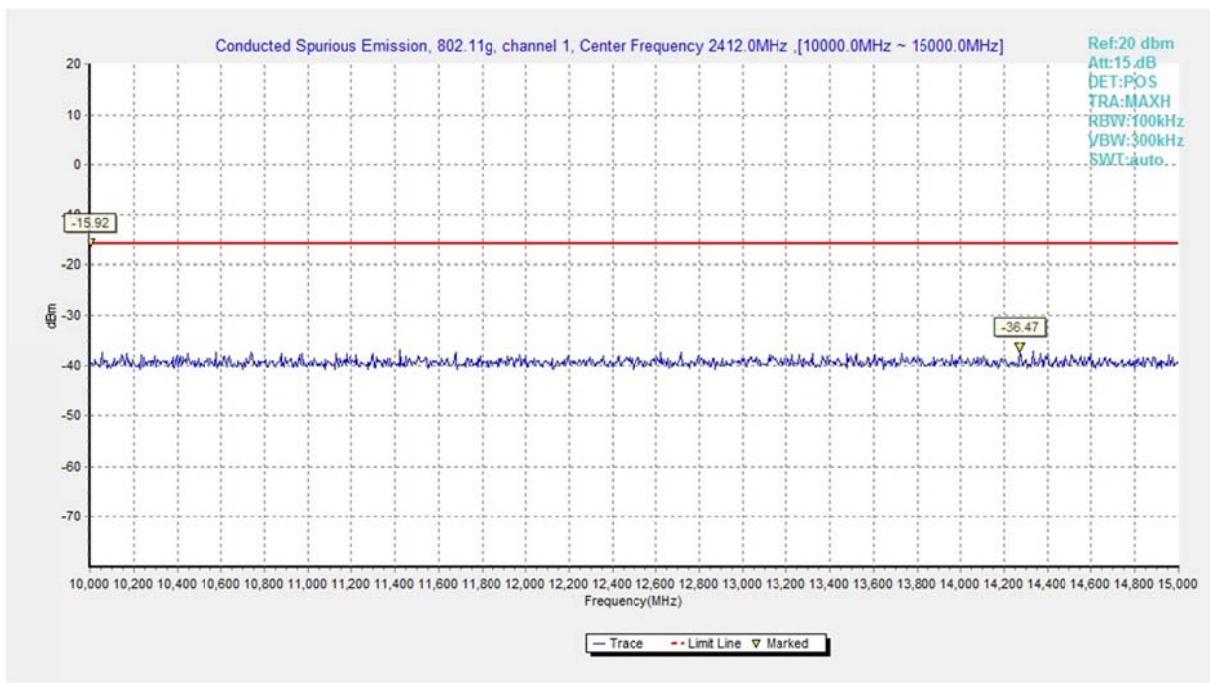


Fig.A.6.1.30 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch1, 10 GHz-15 GHz)

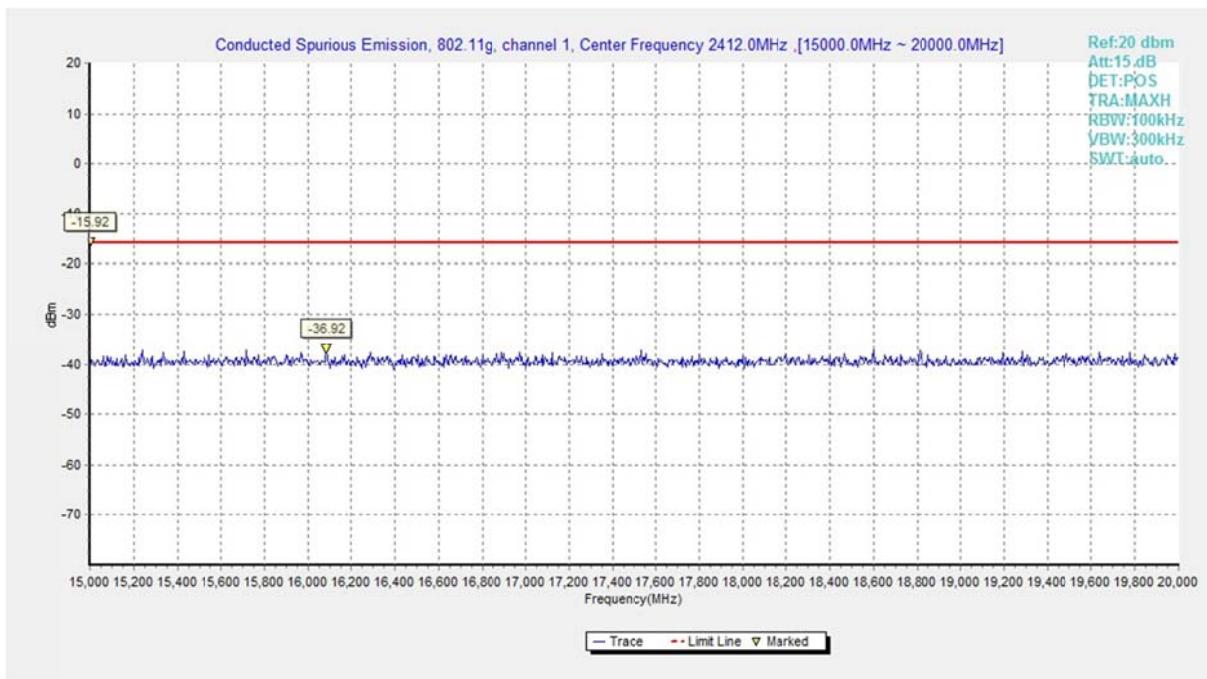


Fig.A.6.1.31 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch1, 15 GHz-20 GHz)

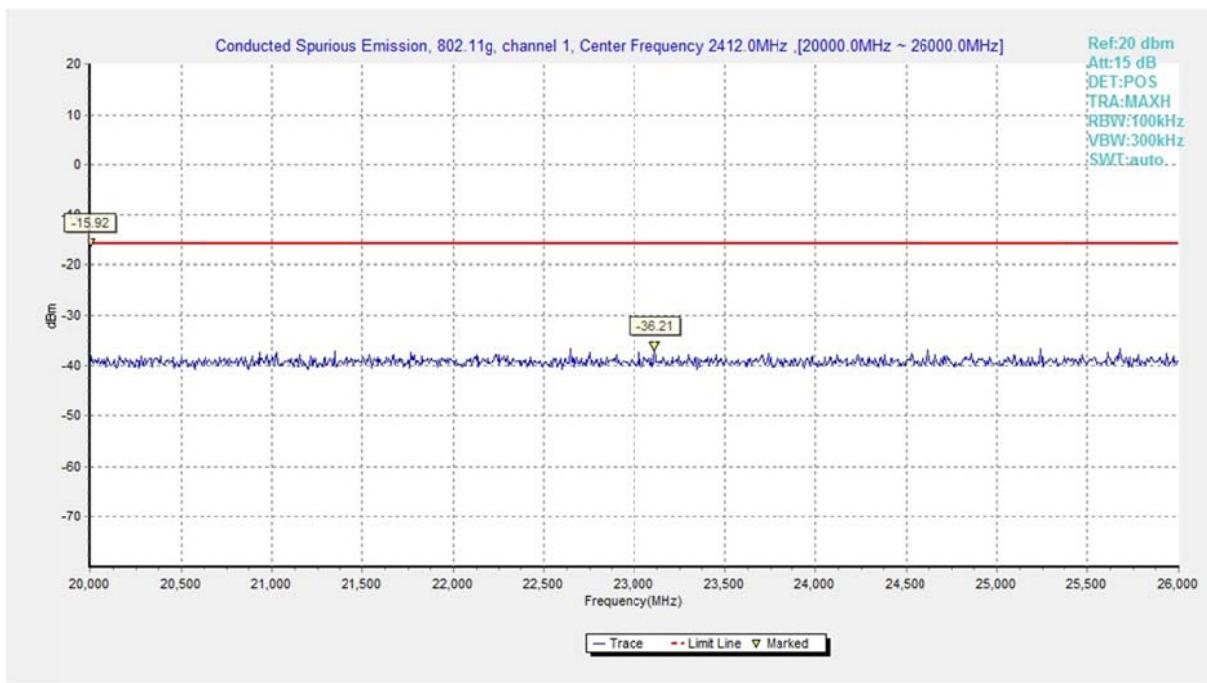


Fig.A.6.1.32 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch1, 20 GHz-26 GHz)

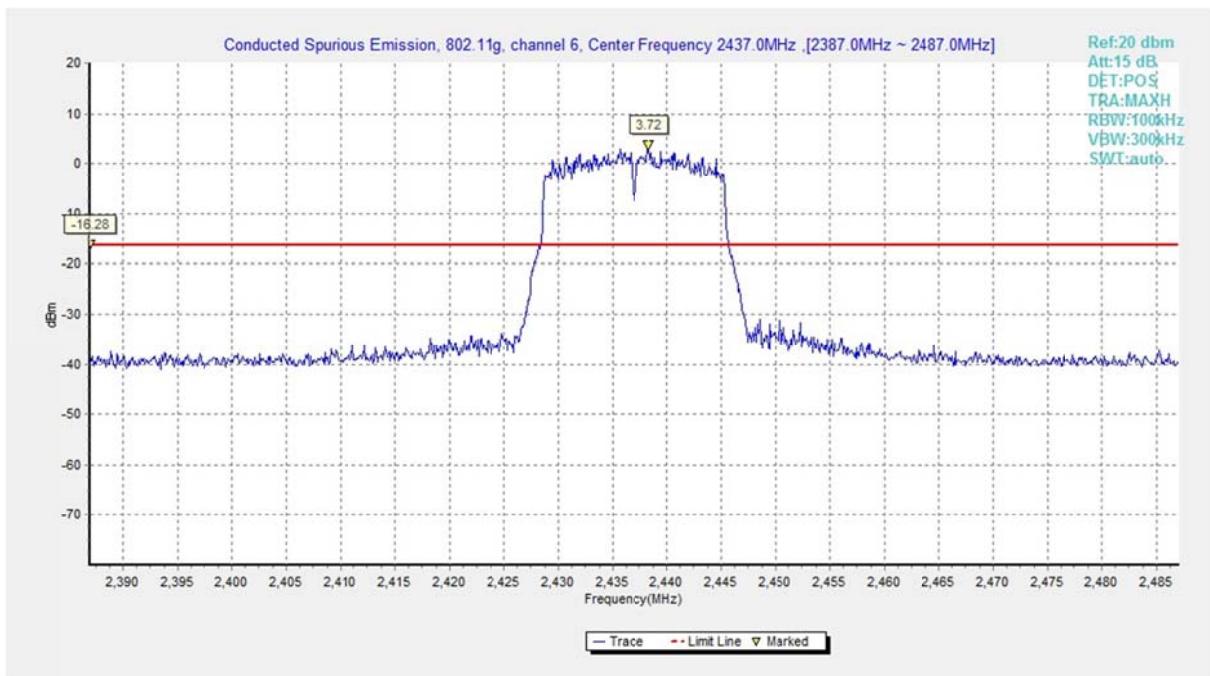


Fig.A.6.1.33 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch6, Center Frequency)

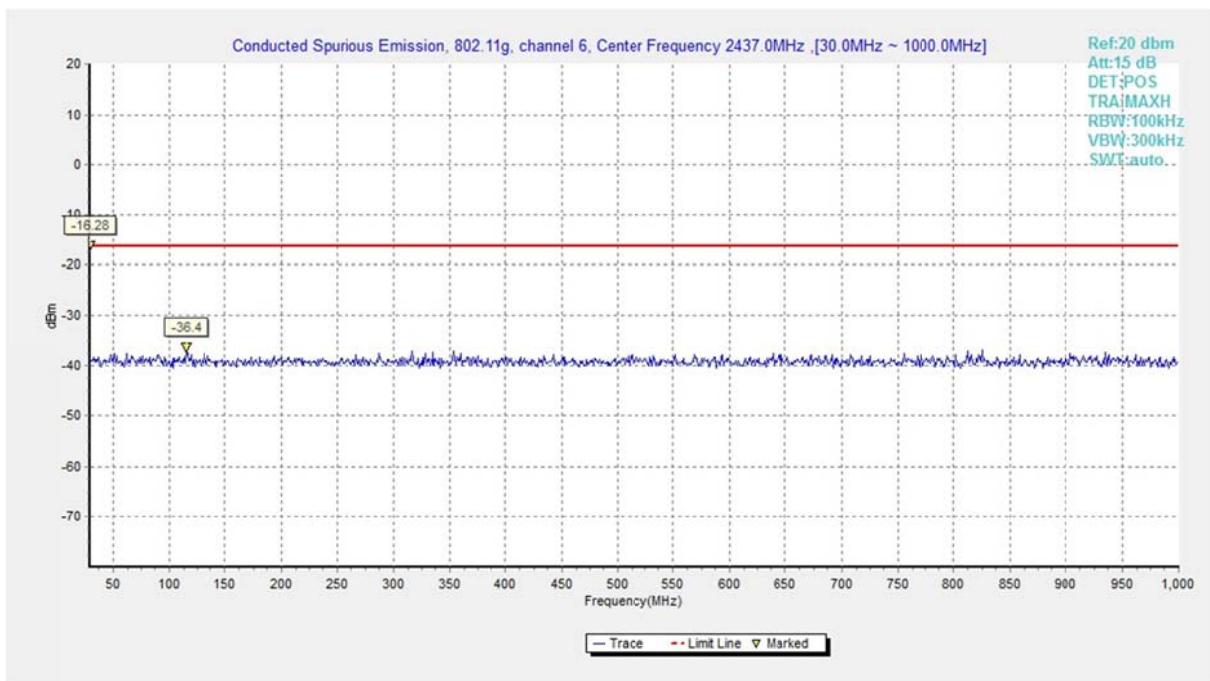


Fig.A.6.1.34 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch6, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

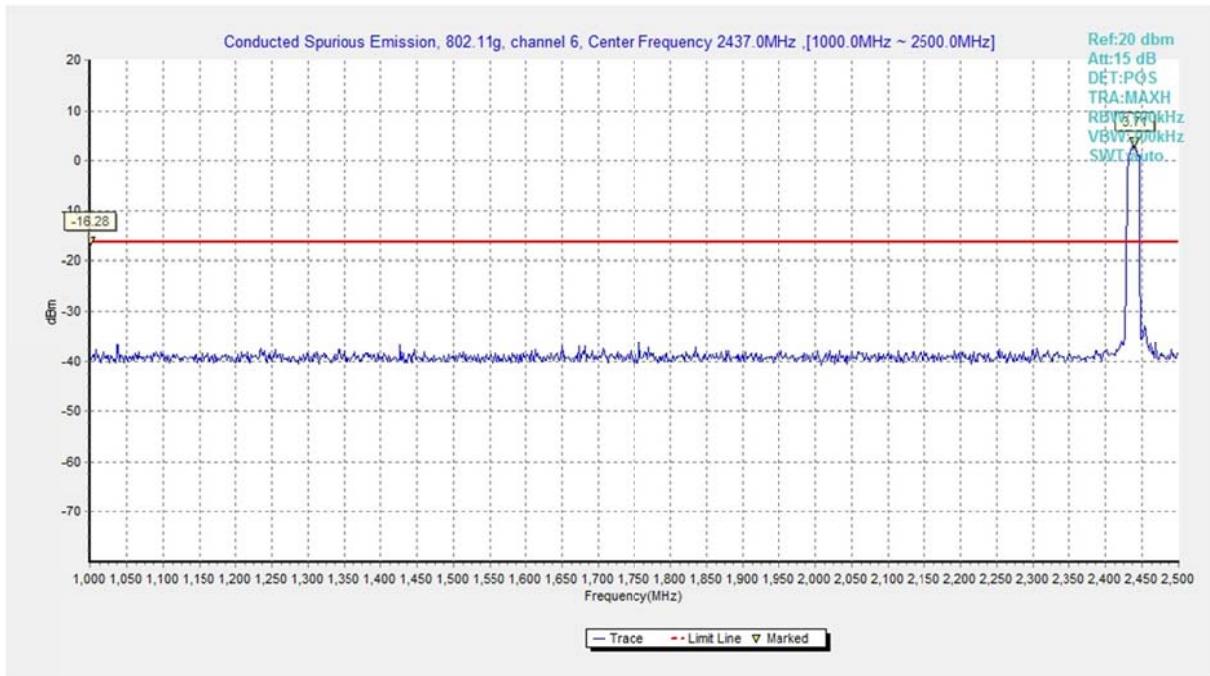


Fig.A.6.1.35 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch6, 1 GHz-2.5 GHz)

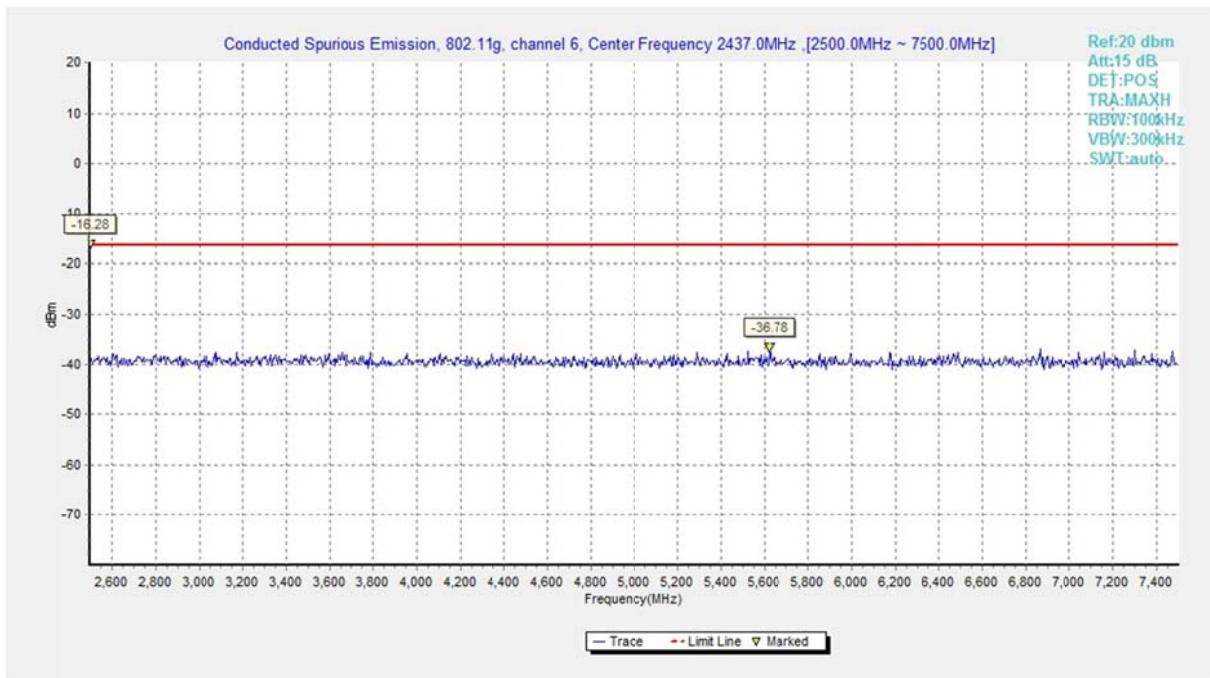


Fig.A.6.1.36 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch6, 2.5 GHz-7.5 GHz)

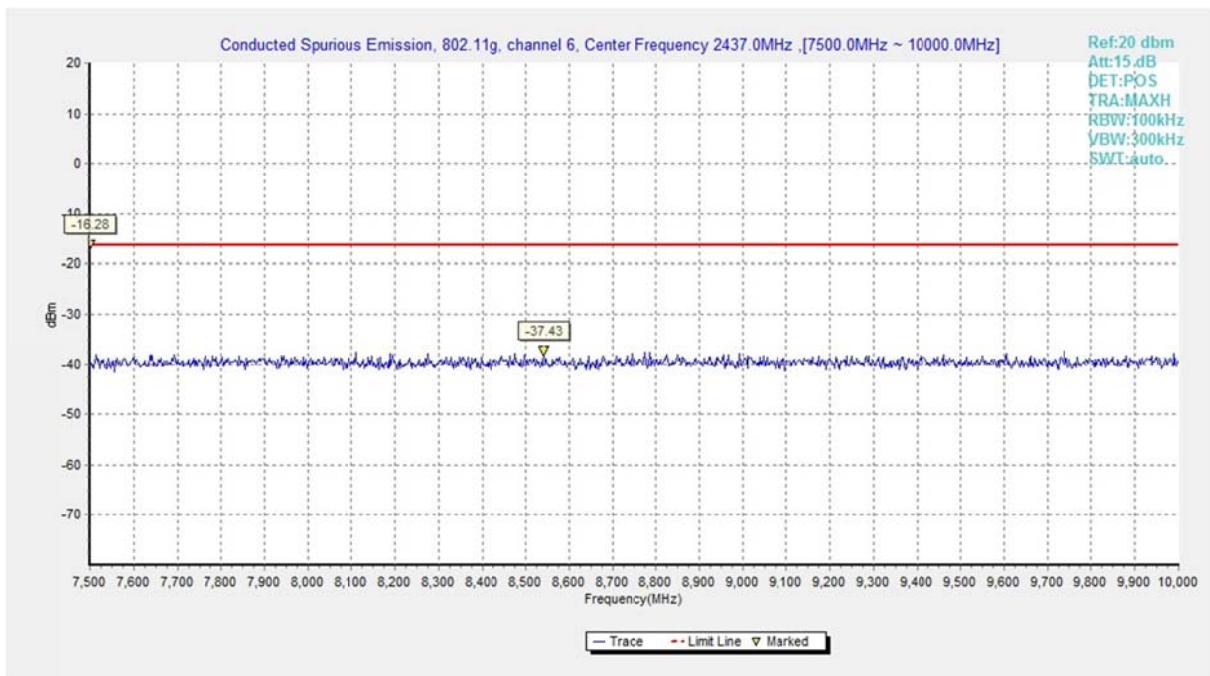


Fig.A.6.1.37 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch6, 7.5 GHz-10 GHz)

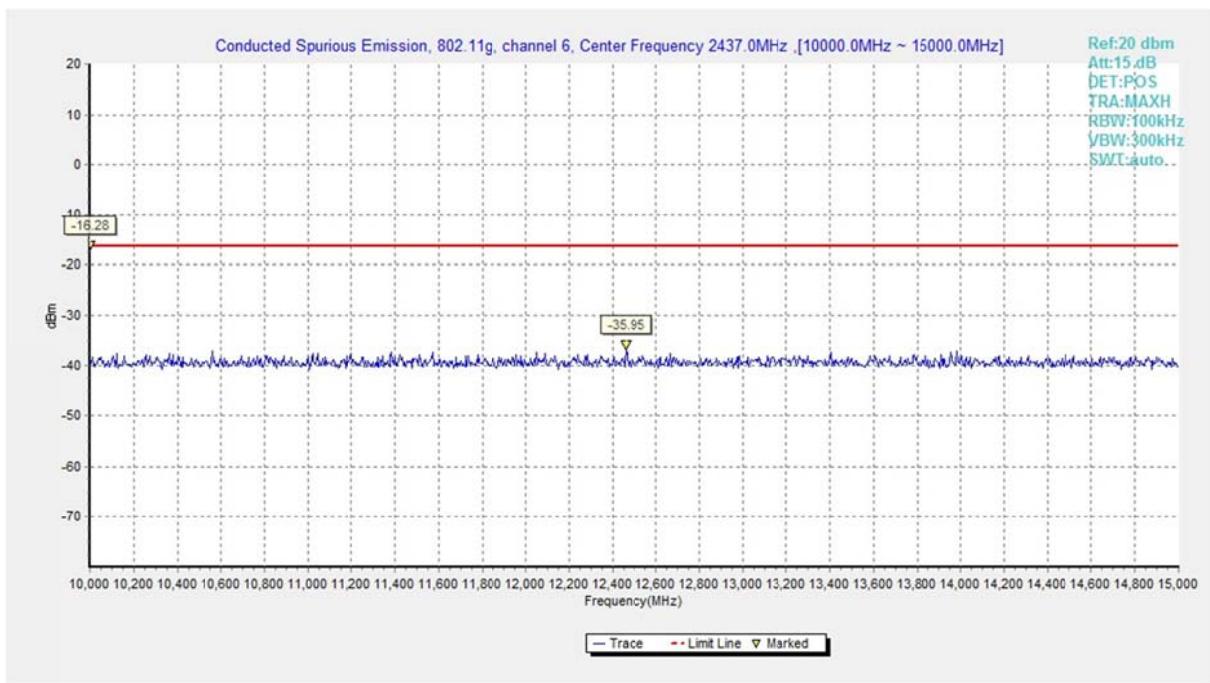


Fig.A.6.1.38 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch6, 10 GHz-15 GHz)

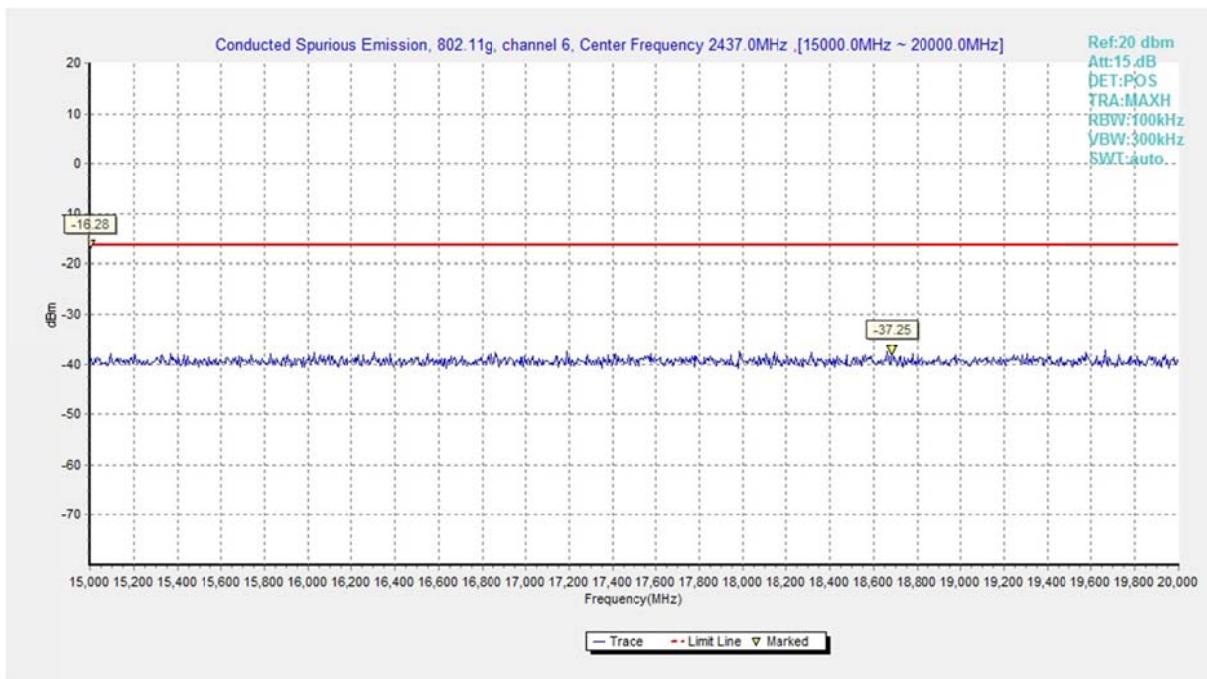


Fig.A.6.1.39 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch6, 15 GHz-20 GHz)

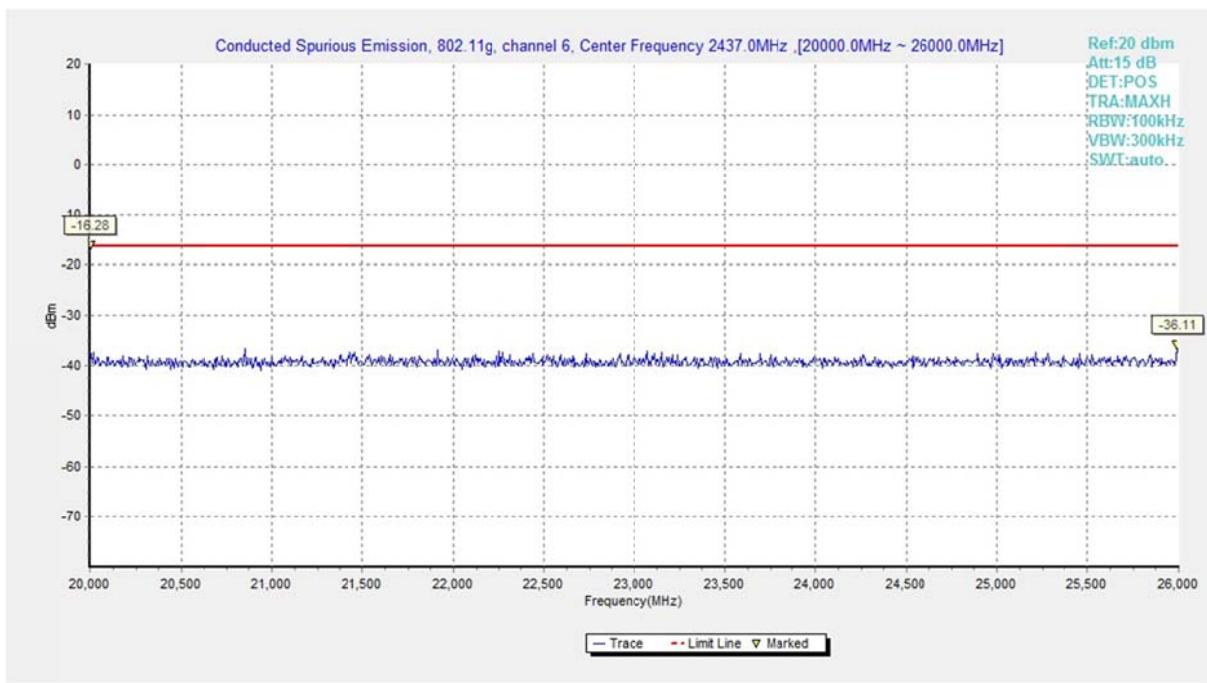


Fig.A.6.1.40 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch6, 20 GHz-26 GHz)

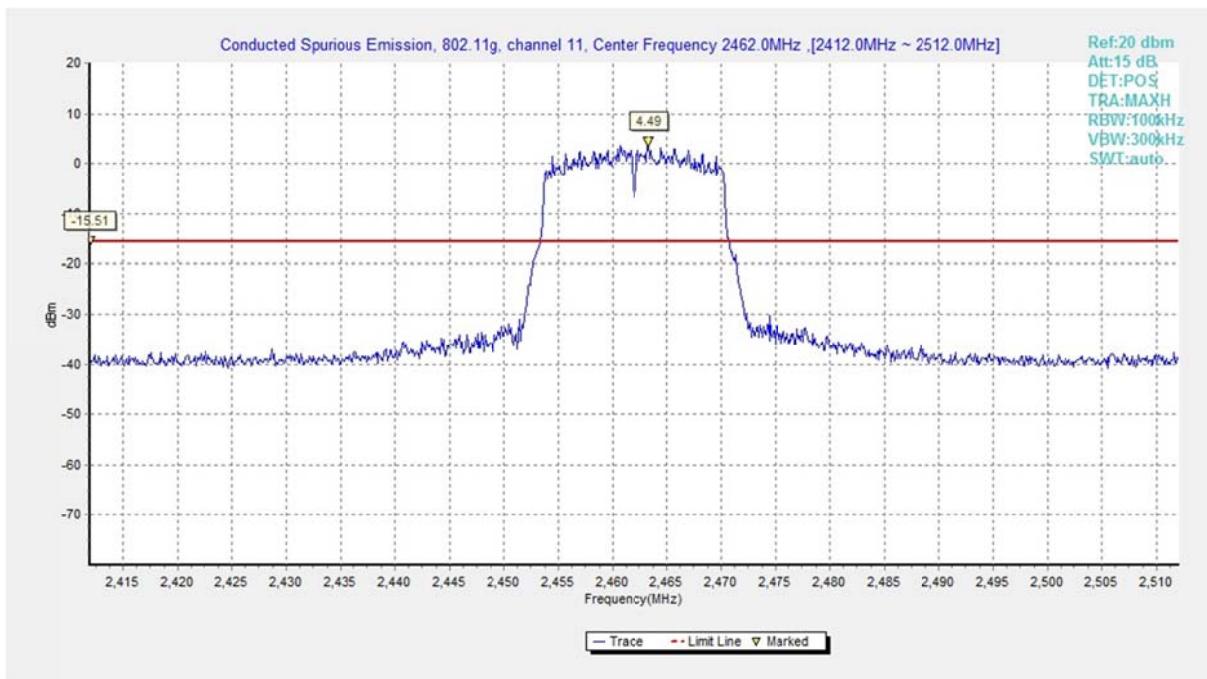


Fig.A.6.1.41 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch11, Center Frequency)

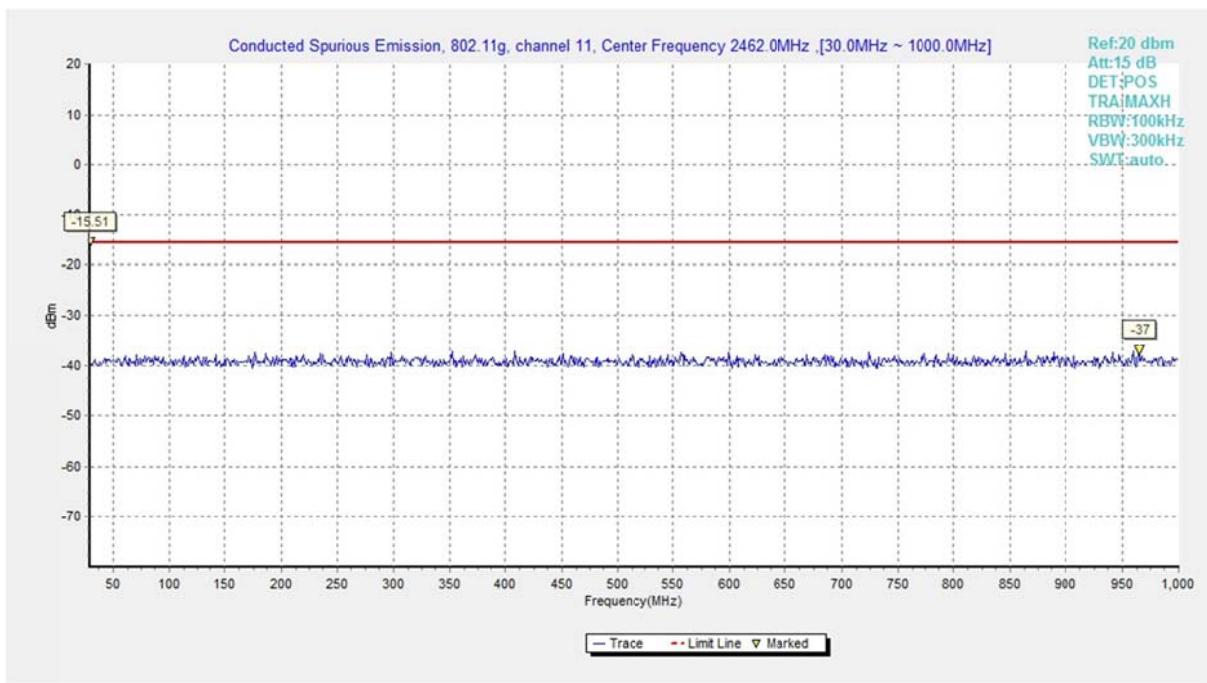


Fig.A.6.1.42 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch11, 30 MHz-1 GHz)

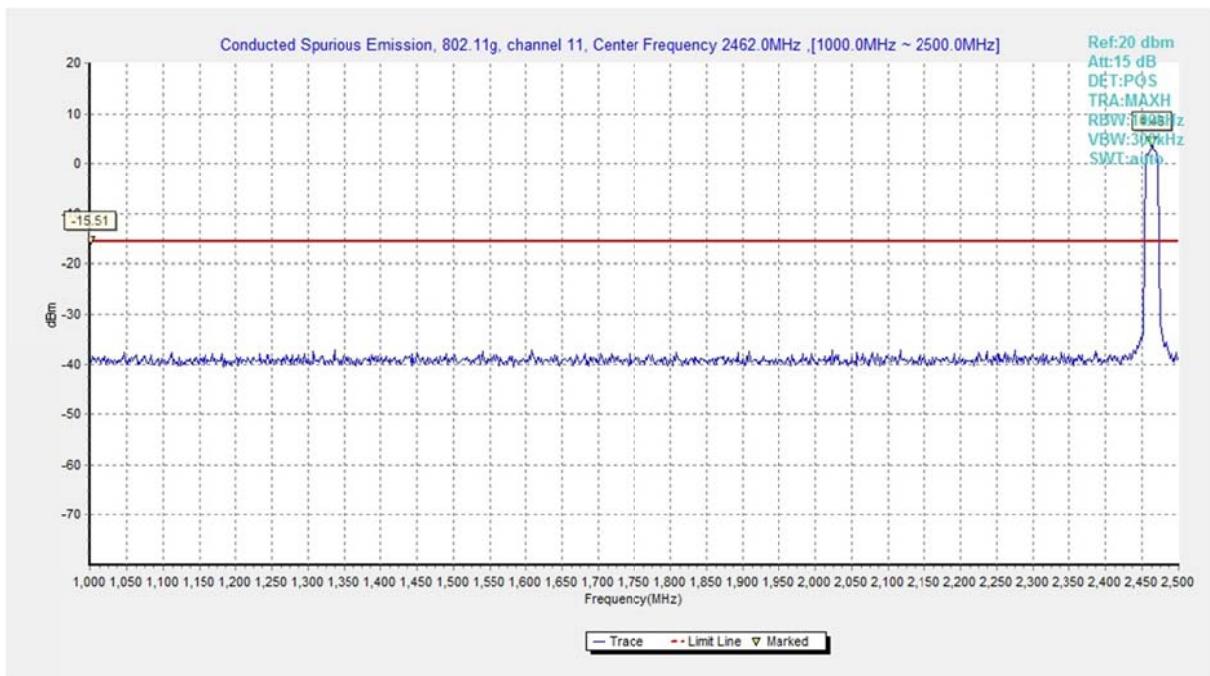


Fig.A.6.1.43 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch11, 1 GHz-2.5 GHz)

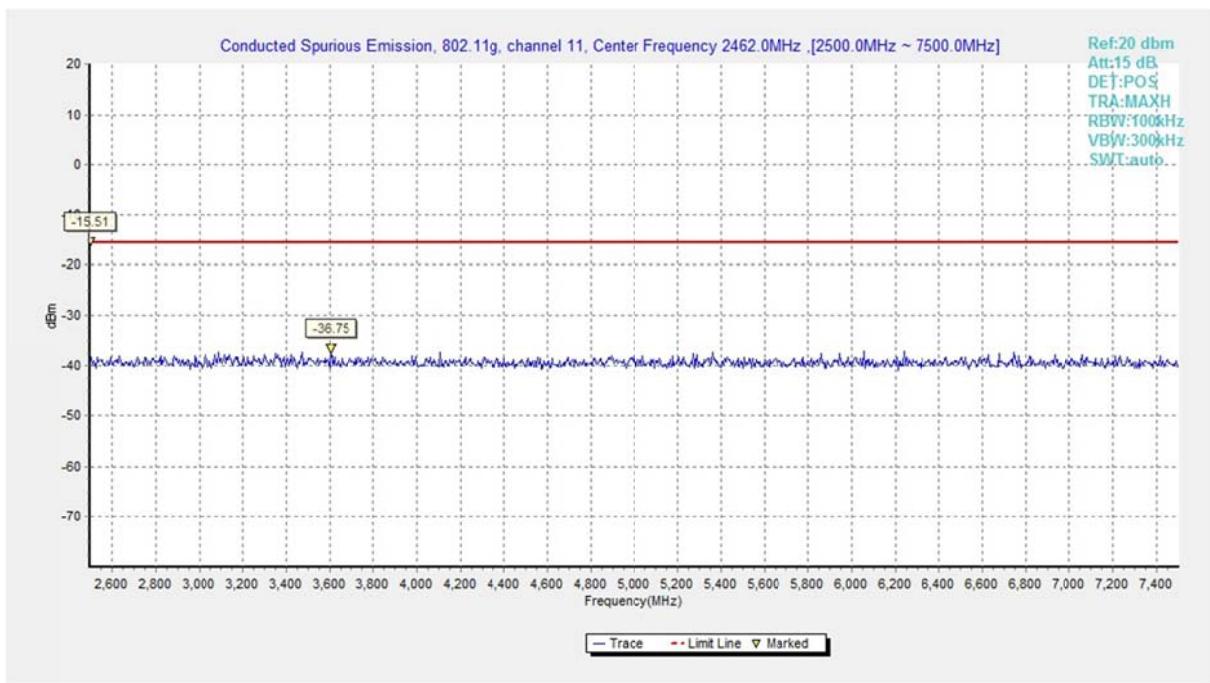


Fig.A.6.1.44 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch11, 2.5 GHz-7.5 GHz)

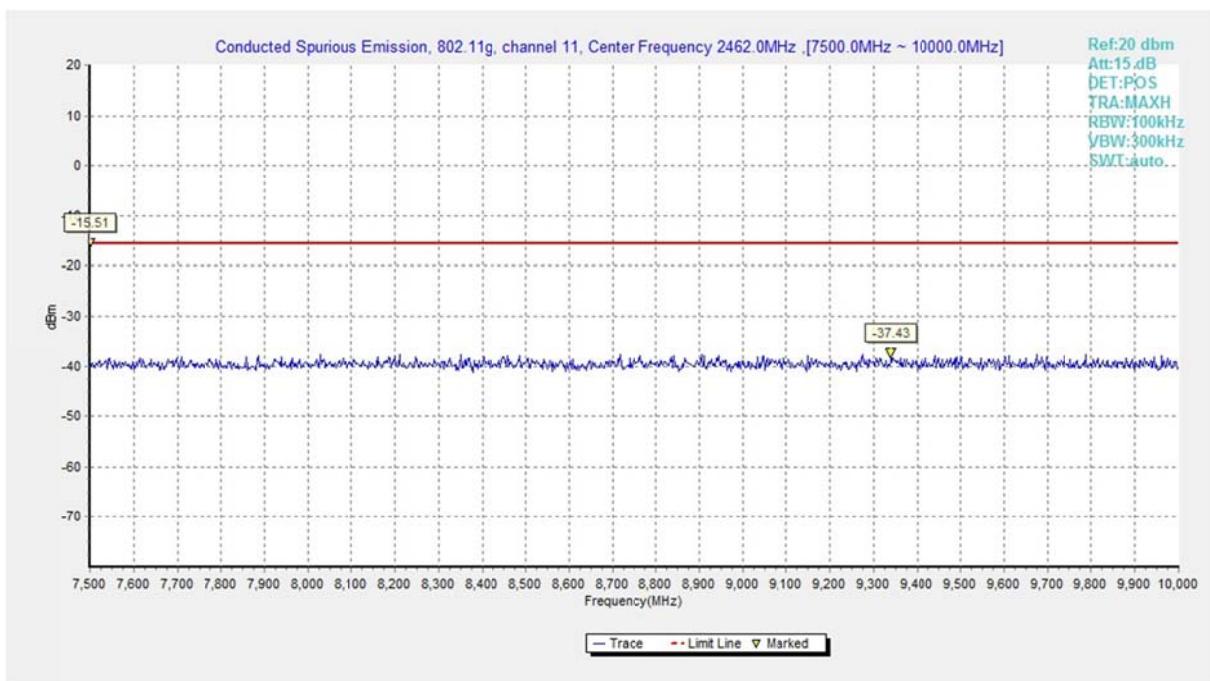


Fig.A.6.1.45 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch11, 7.5 GHz-10 GHz)

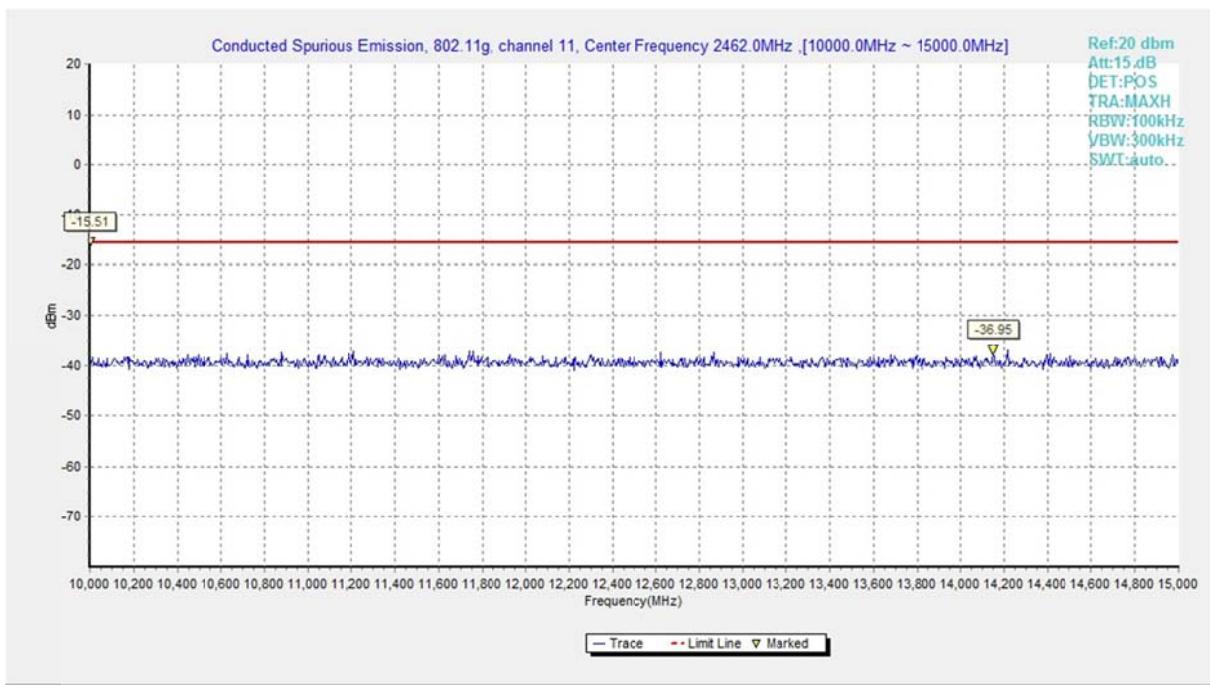


Fig.A.6.1.46 Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted (802.11g, Ch11, 10 GHz-15 GHz)