

# FCC PART 15C TEST REPORT

No. I15Z41327-SRD05

for

### **TCL Mobile Limited**

### HSDPA/HSUPA/UMTS quad band / GSM quad band /LTE penta band

mobile phone

**MODEL NAME: VF-795** 

with

**Hardware Version: PIO** 

**Software Version: SVN01** 

Issued Date: 2015-06-25



#### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

#### **Test Laboratory:**

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# **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I15Z41327-SRD05	Rev.0	1st edition	2015-06-25



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# 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Testing Location

Location 1:CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,

P. R. China100191

Location 2:CTTL(Shouxiang)

Address: No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road,

Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191



### 1.1. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature:  $15-35^{\circ}$ C Extreme Temperature:  $-10/+55^{\circ}$ C Relative Humidity: 20-75%

### 1.2. Project data

Testing Start Date: 2015-05-08 Testing End Date: 2015-06-23

### 1.3. Signature

Xu Zhongfei

(Prepared this test report)

Li Zhibin

(Reviewed this test report)

Lv Songdong

(Approvedthis test report)



### 2. Client Information

### 2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: TCL Mobile Limited

Address /Post: 5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,

Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China.

City: Shanghai Postal Code: 201203 Country: China

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### 2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: TCL Mobile Limited

Address /Post: 5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,

Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China.

City: Shanghai Postal Code: 201203 Country: China

Telephone: 0086-21-51798260 Fax: 0086-21-61460602



### 3. Equipment UnderTest (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

#### 3.1. About EUT

Description HSDPA/HSUPA/UMTS quad band / GSM quad band /LTE penta

band mobile phone

Model Name VF-795

FCC ID 2ACCJH019

Frequency Band ISM 2400MHz~2483.5MHz Type of Modulation GFSK/π/4 DQPSK/8DPSK

Number of Channels 79

Power Supply 3.8V DC by Battery

### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	<b>HW Version</b>	SW Version
EUT1	351689070101725	PIO	SVN01
EUT2	351689070101717	PIO	SVN01

<sup>\*</sup>EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE

AE ID*	Description	SN
AE1	Battery	
AE2	Battery	

#### AE1

Commercial name Battery

Type CAB1780004C2

Manufacturer SCUD Length of cable /

AE2

Commercial name Battery

Type CAB1780006C1

Manufacturer BYD Length of cable /

### 3.4. Normal Accessory setting

Fully charged battery should be used during the test.

### 3.5. General Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of HSDPA/HSUPA/UMTS quad band / GSM quad band /LTE penta band mobile phone with integrated antenna. It consists of normal options: lithium battery, charger. Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfil the test.

<sup>\*</sup>AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.



# 4. Reference Documents

### 4.1. Documents supplied by applicant

EUT feature information is supplied by the applicant or manufacturer, which is the basis of testing.

### 4.2. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
	FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C:	
	15.205 Restricted bands of operation;	October,
FCC Part15	15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements;	2014
	15.247 Operation within the bands 902–928MHz,	
	2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.	
ANCI 002 40	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed	Com 2000
ANSI C63.10	Wireless Devices	Sep,2009



### 5. Test Results

### 5.1. Summary of Test Results

Abbreviations used in this clause:

- **P** Pass, The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.
- **F** Fail, The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard
- **NA** Not Applicable, The test was not applicable
- NP Not Performed, The test was not performed by CTTL

SUMMARY OF MEASUREMENT RESULTS	Sub-clause	Verdict
Peak Output Power - Conducted	15.247 (b)(1)	Р
Frequency Band Edges	15.247 (d)	Р
Conducted Emission	15.247 (d)	Р
Radiated Emission	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	Р
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	15.247 (a) (1)(iii)	Р
20dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	NA
Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	Р
Number of hopping channels	15.247 (a)(b)(iii)	Р
AC Powerline Conducted Emission	15.107, 15.207	Р

Please refer to **ANNEX A** for detail.

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

#### 5.2. Statements

CTTL has evaluated the test cases requested by the applicant /manufacturer as listed in section 5.1 of this report for the EUT specified in section 3 according to the standards or reference documents listed in section 4.2

This model is a variant product which market name is 5017A; all the test results have been derived from test report of 5017A besides radiated results.



# 6. <u>Test Facilities Utilized</u>

**Conducted test system** 

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSQ26	200136	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2016-01-06
2	Bluetooth Tester	CBT32	100649	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2016-02-09
3	Shielding Room	S81	/	ETS-Lindgren	1	1
4	LISN	ENV216	101200	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2015-07-07
5	Test Receiver	ESCI	100344	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2016-03-03

Radiated emission test system

Radiated emission test system						
No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Test Receiver	ESCI 7	100948	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2015-07-16
2	Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	829324/00 7	Rohde & Schwarz	3 year	2017-12-16
3	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	234	Schwarzbeck	3 year	2016-09-15
4	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3115	6914	EMCO	3 year	2017-12-15
5	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3116	2661	ETS-Lindgren	3 year	2017-06-30
6	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSV	101047	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2015-07-03
7	Semi-anechoic chamber	1	CT000332 -1074	Frankonia German	1	1
8	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	100153	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2015-09-18



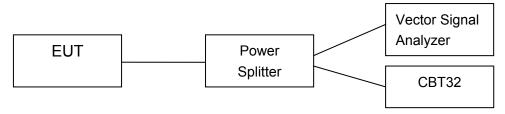
### **ANNEX A: Detailed Test Results**

#### A.1. Measurement Method

#### A.1.1. Conducted Measurements

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

- 1). Connect the EUT to the test system correctly.
- 2). Set the EUT to the required work mode (Transmitter, receiver or transmitter & receiver).
- 3). Set the EUT to the required channel.
- 4). Set the EUT hopping mode (hopping or hopping off).
- 5). Set the spectrum analyzer to start measurement.
- 6). Record the values. Vector Signal Analyzer



#### A.1.2. Radiated Emission Measurements

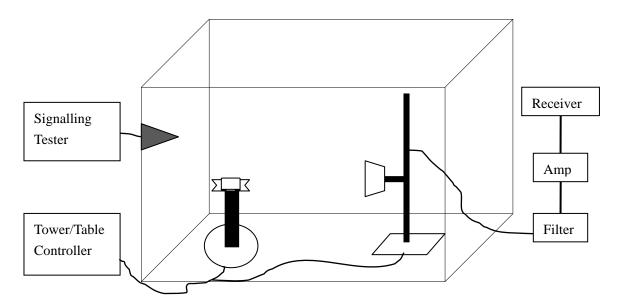
The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

The radiated emission test is performed in semi-anechoic chamber. The distance from the EUT to the reference point of measurement antenna is 3m. The test is carried out on both vertical and horizontal polarization and only maximization result of both polarizations is kept. During the test, the turntable is rotated 360° and the measurement antenna is moved from 1m to 4m to get the maximization result.

In the case of radiated emission, the used settings are as follows,

Sweep frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz, RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz;

Sweep frequency from 1 GHz to 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz;





### A.2. Peak Output Power - Conducted

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10- clause 6.10

a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: 6MHzRBW: 3MHzVBW: 3MHz

Sweep time: 2.5msDetector function: peak

• Trace: max hold

b) Allow trace to stabilize.

- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power.
- e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (dBm)
FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)	< 30

#### **Measurement Results:**

#### For GFSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	5.81	7.99	7.11	Р

#### Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted				
Output Power	4.73	6.78	5.80	Р
(dBm)				

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted				
Output Power	4.90	7.05	6.08	Р
(dBm)				

**Conclusion: PASS** 



### A.3. Frequency Band Edges - Conducted

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10- clause 6.9

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described below (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).

- Span: 10 MHz

Resolution Bandwidth: 100 kHzVideo Bandwidth: 300 kHz

Sweep Time: 5msDetector: PeakTrace: max hold

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands. Save the spectrum analyzer plot. Repeat for each power and modulation for lowest and highest channel.

Observe the stored trace and measure the amplitude delta between the peak of the fundamental and the peak of the band-edge emission. This is not an abosolute field strength measurement; it is only a relative measurement to determine the amount by which the emission drops at the band edge relative to the highest fundamental emission level.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (dBc)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	> 20

#### **Measurement Result:**

#### For GFSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power ( dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.1	-57.71	Р
0	Hopping ON	Fig.2	-54.42	Р
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.3	-66.04	Р
70	Hopping ON	Fig.4	-66.53	Р

#### Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power ( dBc)		Conclusion
Hopping OFF		Fig.5	-55.61	Р
0	Hopping ON	Fig.6	-55.43	Р
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.7	-63.01	Р
70	Hopping ON	Fig.8	-61.13	Р

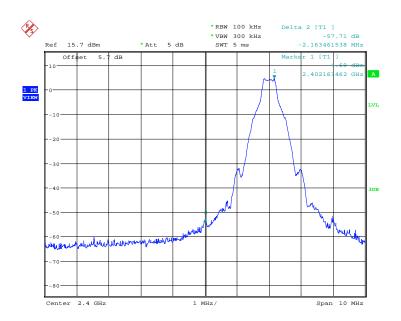
#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power ( dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.9	-56.43	Р
0	Hopping ON	Fig.10	-56.14	Р



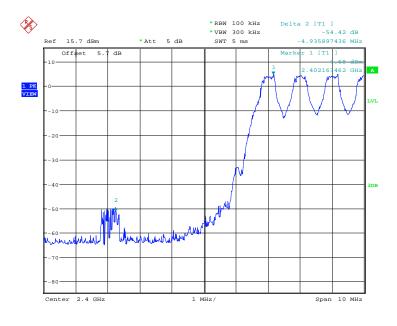
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.11	-62.50	Р
76	Hopping ON	Fig.12	-59.66	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below



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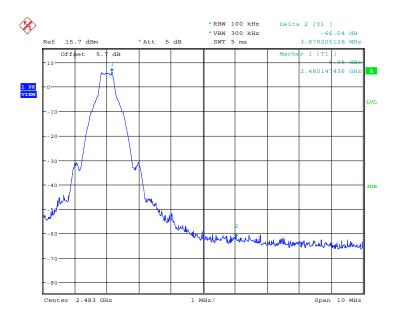
Fig.1. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off



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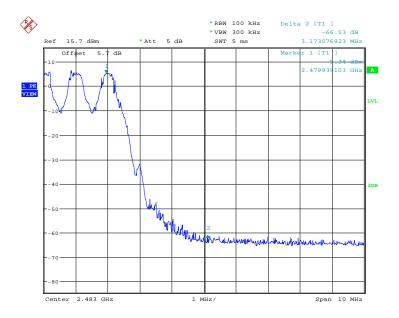
Fig.2. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





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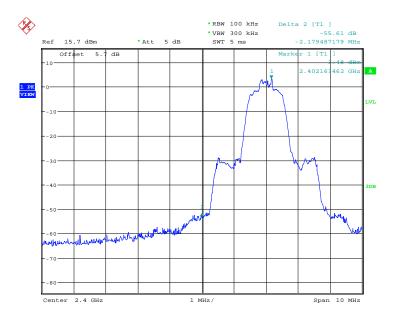
Fig.3. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off



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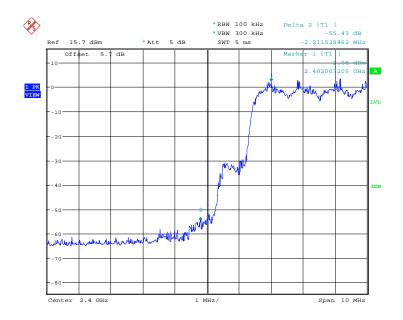
Fig.4. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping On





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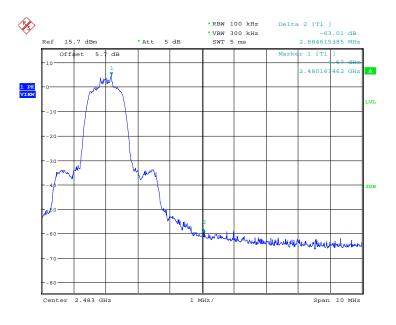
Fig.5. Frequency Band Edges:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off



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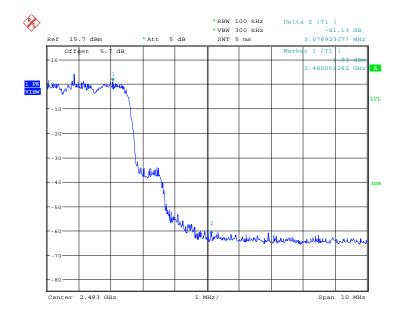
Fig.6. Frequency Band Edges:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





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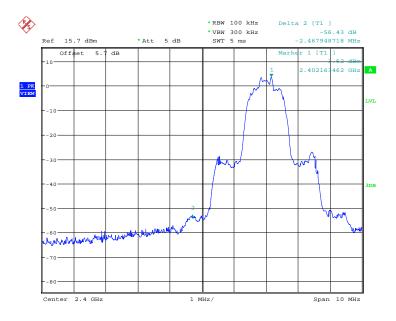
Fig.7. Frequency Band Edges: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:11:53

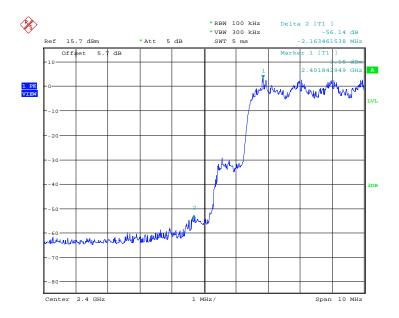
Fig.8. Frequency Band Edges:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On





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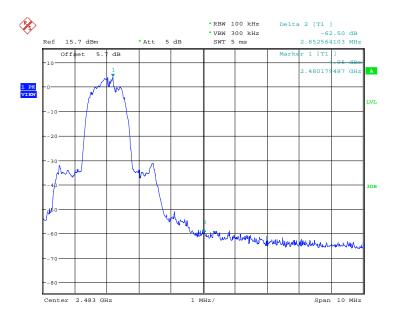
Fig.9. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off



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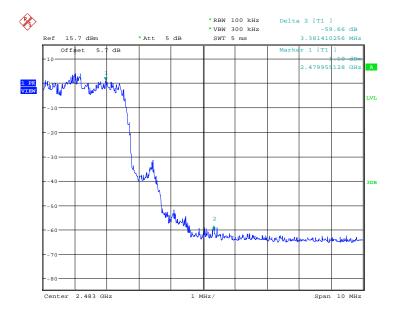
Fig.10. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





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Fig.11. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off



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Fig.12. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On



#### A.4. Conducted Emission

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10- clause 6.7

Measurement Procedure - Reference Level

- 1. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set the VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. Set the span to 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 6. Trace mode = max hold.
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW. Next, determine the power in 100 kHz band segments outside of the authorized frequency band using the following measurement:

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

- 1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified above.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	20dB below peak output power in 100 kHz

### Measurement Results:

#### For GFSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0	Center Frequency	Fig.13	Р



2402 MHz	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.14	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.15	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.16	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.17	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.18	Р
Ch 20	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.19	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.20	Р
211111112	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.21	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.22	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.23	Р
Ch 70	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.24	Р
Ch 78 2480 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.25	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.26	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.27	Р

### For π/4 DQPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
	Center Frequency	Fig.28	Р
Ch O	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.29	Р
Ch 0 2402 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.30	Р
2102 11112	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.31	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.32	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.33	Р
Oh 20	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.34	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.35	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.36	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.37	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.38	Р
Ch 70	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.39	Р
Ch 78 2480 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.40	Р
2.00 1/11/2	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.41	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.42	Р

### For 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
	Center Frequency	Fig.43	Р
Ch O	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.44	Р
Ch 0 2402 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.45	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.46	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.47	Р



	Center Frequency	Fig.48	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.49	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.50	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.51	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.52	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.53	Р
Ch 78 2480 MHz	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.54	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.55	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.56	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.57	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below

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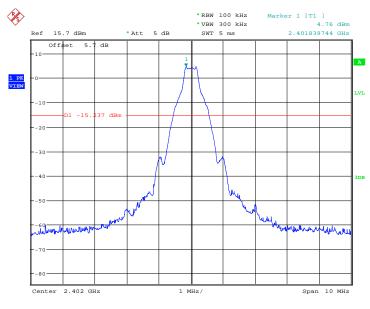
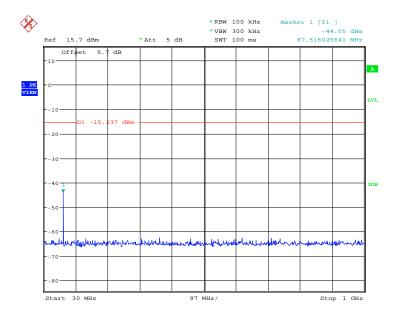


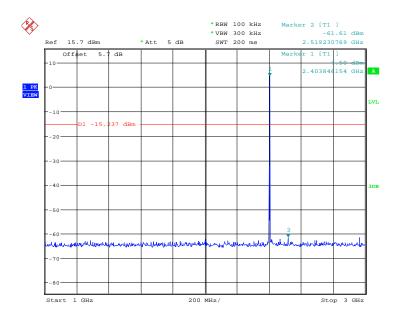
Fig.13. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,2402MHz





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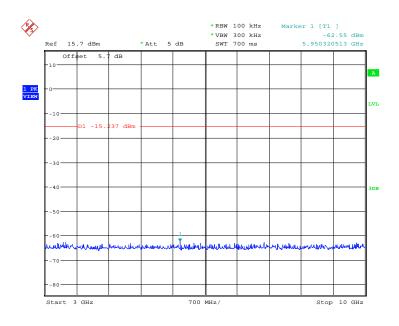
Fig.14. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz



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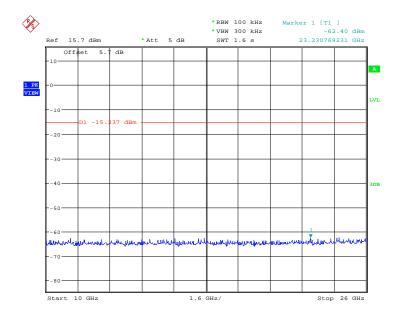
Fig.15. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz





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Fig.16. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz



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Fig.17. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz



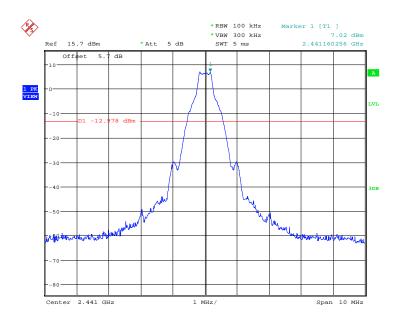


Fig.18. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz

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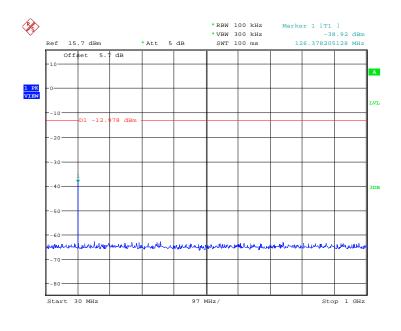
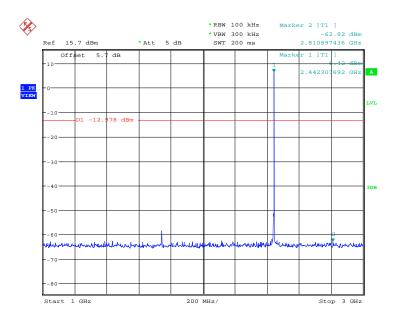


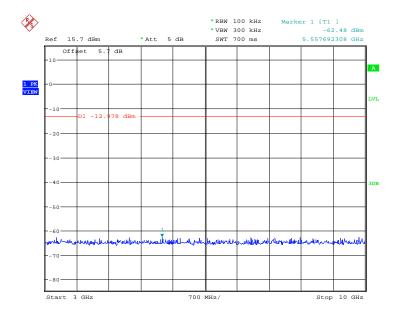
Fig.19. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz





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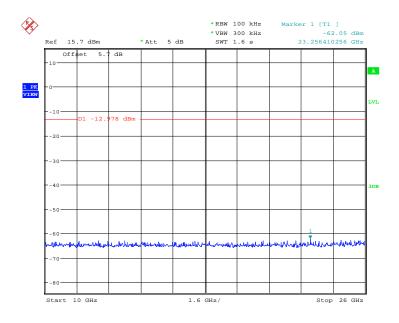
Fig.20. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 1GHz – 3GHz



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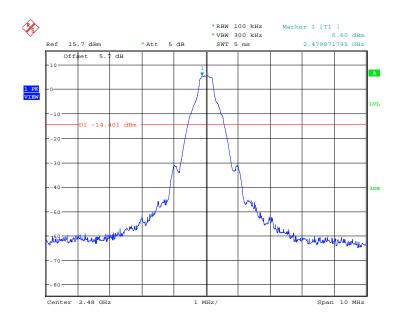
Fig.21. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 3GHz – 10GHz





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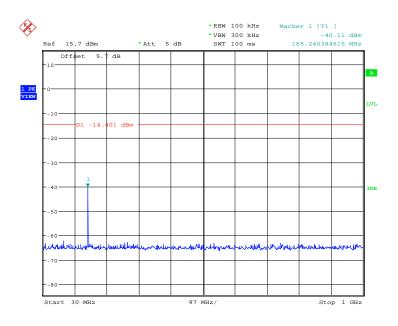
Fig.22. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz



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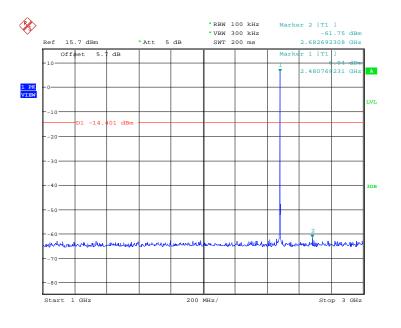
Fig.23. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz





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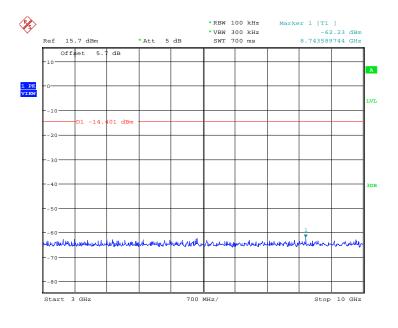
Fig.24. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:54:13

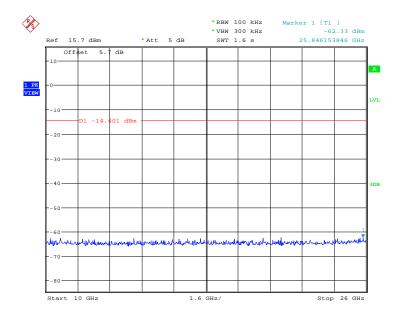
Fig.25. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:54:30

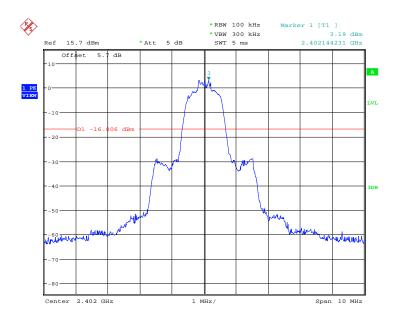
Fig.26. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:54:46

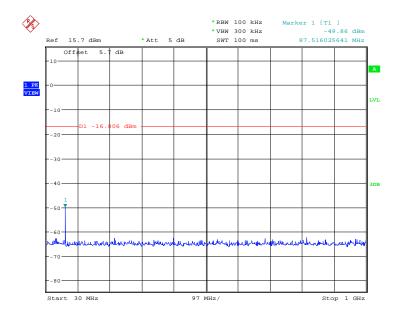
Fig.27. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:12:12

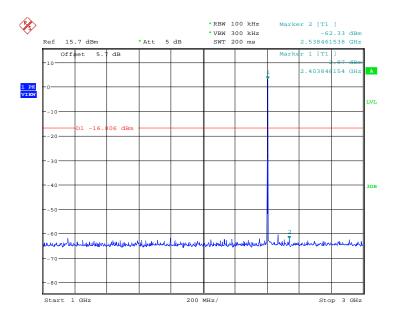
Fig.28. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0,2402MHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:12:28

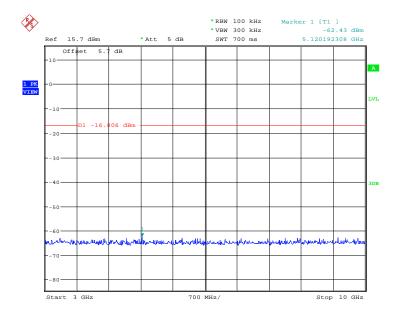
Fig.29. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:13:00

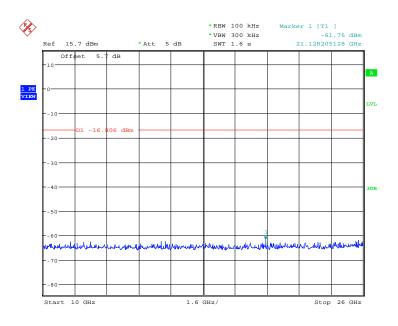
Fig.30. Conducted spurious emission: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:13:17

Fig.31. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:13:33

Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:13:50

Fig.32. Conducted spurious emission: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz

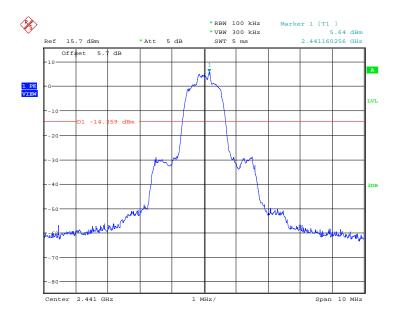
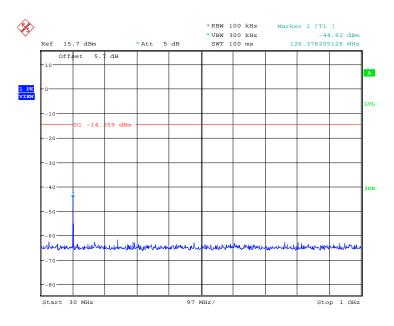


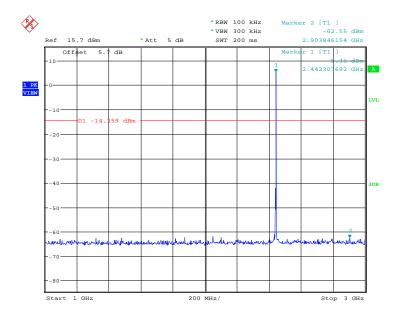
Fig.33. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:14:07

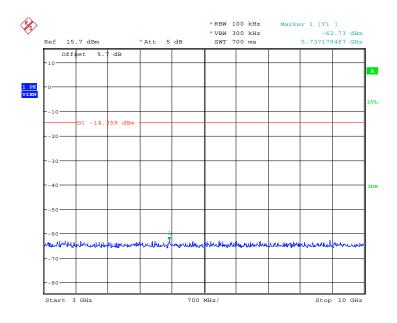
Fig.34. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:14:38

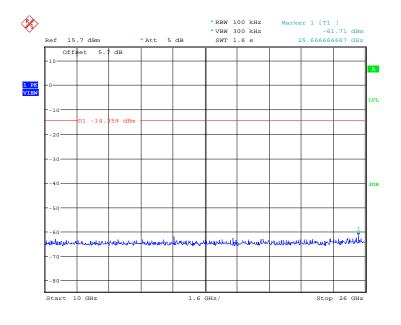
Fig.35. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:14:55

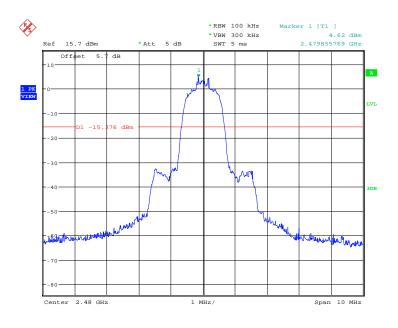
Fig.36. Conducted spurious emission: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:15:11

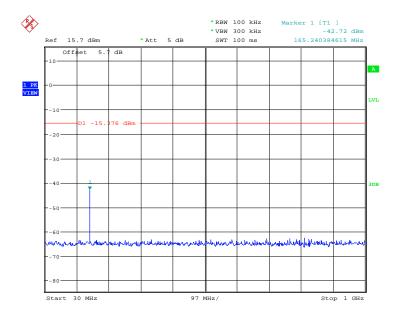
Fig.37. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz - 26GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:15:28

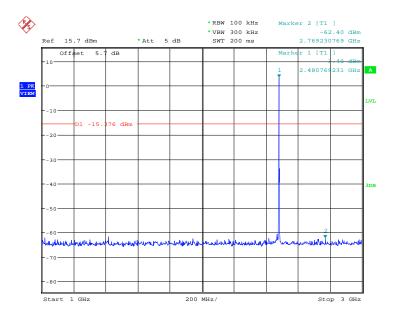
Fig.38. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:15:44

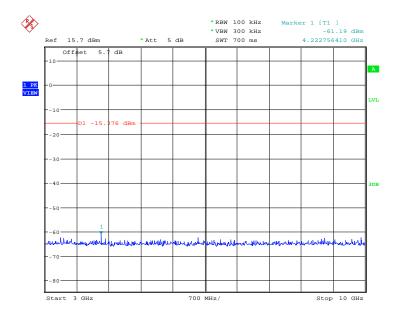
Fig.39. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:16:16

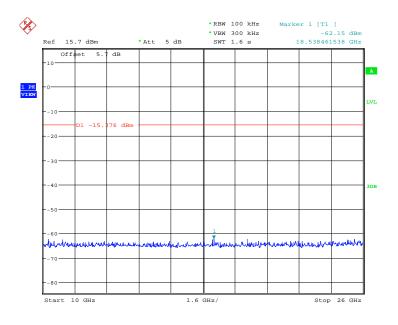
Fig.40. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:16:32

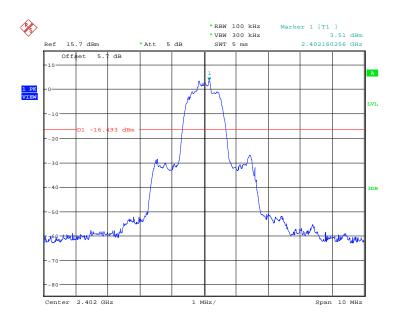
Fig.41. Conducted spurious emission: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:16:49

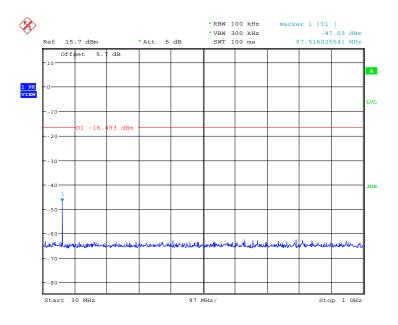
Fig.42. Fig.30 Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:34:15

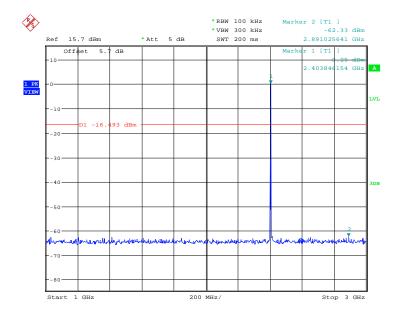
Fig.43. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0,2402MHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:34:31

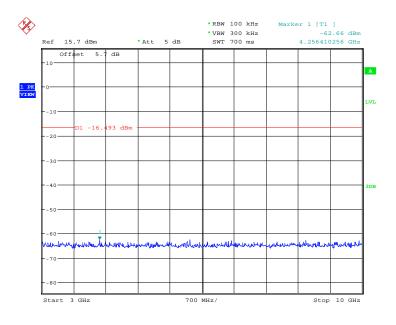
Fig.44. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:35:03

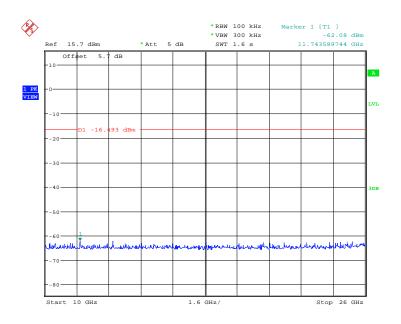
Fig.45. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:35:20

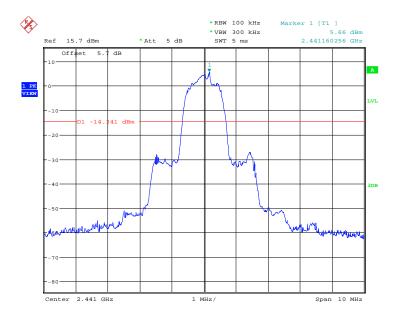
Fig.46. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:35:36

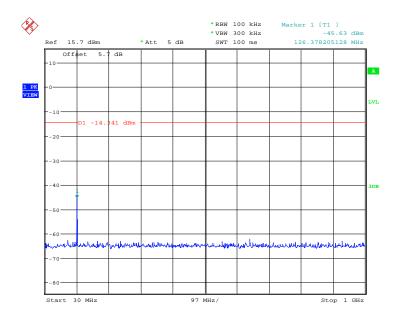
Fig.47. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:35:53

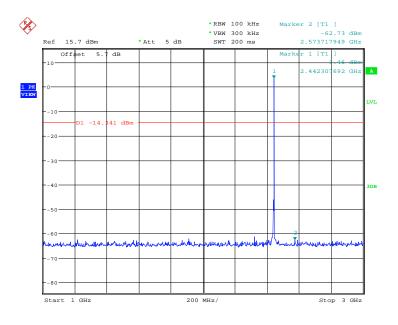
Fig.48. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:36:09

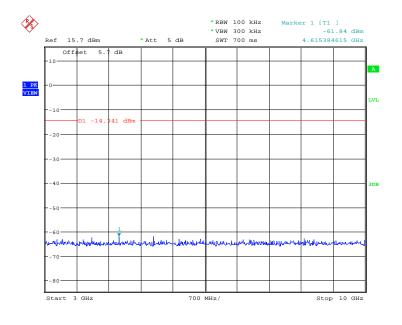
Fig.49. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:36:41

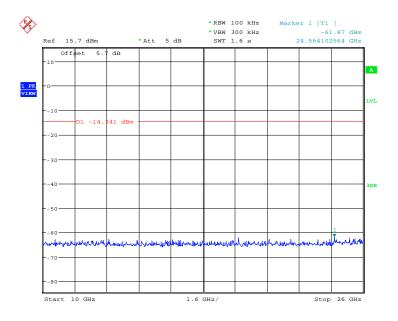
Fig.50. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:36:57

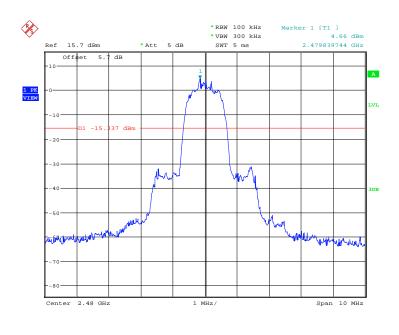
Fig.51. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:37:14

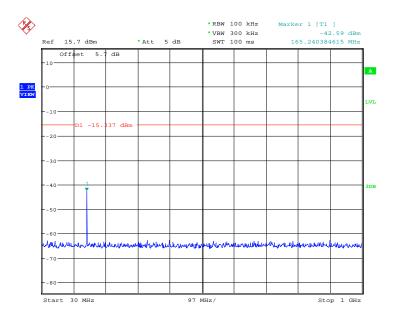
Fig.52. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:37:31

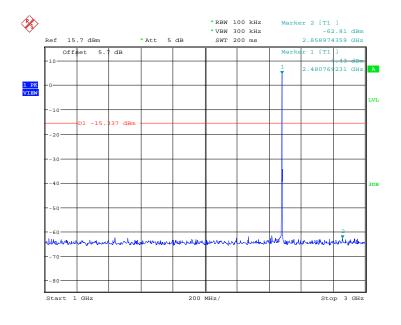
Fig.53. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:37:47

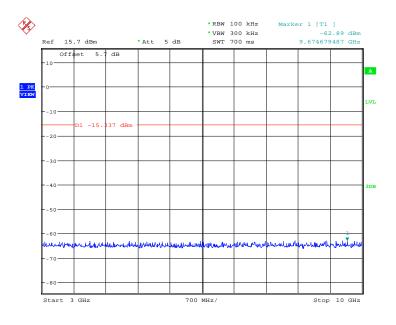
Fig.54. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:38:19

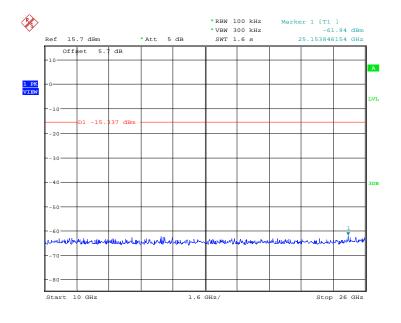
Fig.55. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:38:35

Fig.56. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:38:51

Fig.57. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz



### A.5. Radiated Emission

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

### Limit in restricted band:

Frequency of emission	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
(MHz)		
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

#### **Test Condition**

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table. The measurement antenna was placed at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. During the tests, the antenna height and the EUT azimuth were varied in order to identify the maximum level of emissions from the EUT. This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

Frequency of emission	RBW/VBW	Sweep Time(s)
(MHz)		
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5
1000-4000	1MHz/1MHz	15
4000-18000	1MHz/1MHz	40
18000-26500	1MHz/1MHz	20

### **Measurement Results:**

Result=P<sub>Mea</sub>+ARPL



## For GFSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.58	Р
2402 MHz	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.59	Р
	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Fig.60	Р
Ch 39	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.61	Р
2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.62	Р
	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.63	Р
Ch 78	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.64	Р
2480 MHz	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.65	Р
Power	2.38GHz~2.4GHzL	Fig.66	Р
Power	2.45GHz~2.5GHzH	Fig.67	Р
For all channels	18 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.68	Р

## Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.69	Р
2402 MHz	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.70	Р
Oh 20	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.71	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.72	Р
244 1 1011 12	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.73	Р
Ch 78	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.74	Р
2480 MHz	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.75	Р
Power	2.38GHz~2.4GHzL	Fig.76	Р
Power	2.45GHz~2.5GHzH	Fig.77	Р
For all channels	18 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.78	Р

# For 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.79	Р
2402 MHz	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.80	Р
Ch 20	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.81	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.82	Р
2771 101112	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.83	Р
Ch 78	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.84	Р
2480 MHz	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.85	Р
Power	2.38GHz~2.4GHzL	Fig.86	Р
Power	2.45GHz~2.5GHzH	Fig.87	Р
For all channels	18 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.88	Р



## GFSK Ch 0 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	PMea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2384.765	44.4	-11.1	55.500	Н
17966.250	47.1	27.9	19.200	Н
17990.250	46.9	27.9	19.000	V
17989.500	46.8	27.9	18.900	Н
17994.750	46.7	27.9	18.800	Н
17977.500	46.7	27.9	18.800	Н

## GFSK Ch 39 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
17993.250	47.4	27.9	19.500	Н
17989.500	47.3	27.9	19.400	Н
17968.500	47.0	27.9	19.100	V
17987.250	46.9	27.9	19.000	Н
17972.250	46.9	27.9	19.000	Н
17966.250	46.8	27.9	18.900	Н

## GFSK Ch 78 - Average

<u> </u>				
Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2483.515	49.3	-11.2	60.5	Н
17982.000	47.1	27.9	19.2	Н
17991.750	46.9	27.9	19.0	V
17967.750	46.8	27.9	18.9	Н
17974.500	46.8	27.9	18.9	Н
17935.500	46.8	27.9	18.9	Н

## $\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 0 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2381.085	44.5	-11.1	55.6	H
17997.750	47.1	27.9	19.2	H
17968.500	46.9	27.9	19.0	V
17989.500	46.9	27.9	19.0	Н
17988.750	46.8	27.9	18.9	Н
17971.500	46.7	27.9	18.8	Н

## π/4 DQPSK Ch 39 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
17982.750	47.1	27.9	19.2	Н
17985.750	47.0	27.9	19.1	Н
17966.250	47.0	27.9	19.1	V
17964.750	47.0	27.9	19.1	Н
17975.250	46.9	27.9	19.0	Н
17925.000	46.7	27.9	18.8	Н



# $\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 78 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2483.525	44.8	-11.2	56.0	Н
17992.500	46.9	27.9	19.0	Н
17987.250	46.9	27.9	19.0	V
17979.750	46.7	27.9	18.8	Н
17993.250	46.7	27.9	18.8	Н
17958.750	46.6	27.9	18.7	Н

### 8DPSK Ch 0 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2388.180	44.4	-11.1	55.5	Н
17994.750	47.2	27.9	19.3	Н
17919.750	46.9	27.9	19.0	V
17989.500	46.9	27.9	19.0	Н
17994.000	46.9	27.9	19.0	Н
17966.250	46.7	27.9	18.8	Н

# 8DPSK Ch 39 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
17983.500	47.4	27.9	19.5	I
17987.250	47.1	27.9	19.2	Н
17989.500	46.9	27.9	19.0	V
17959.500	46.8	27.9	18.9	Н
17966.250	46.8	27.9	18.9	Н
17998.500	46.7	27.9	18.8	Н

# 8DPSK Ch 78 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2483.505	47.9	-11.2	59.1	Н
17978.250	47.1	27.9	19.2	Н
17977.500	46.8	27.9	18.9	V
17996.250	46.7	27.9	18.8	Н
17921.250	46.7	27.9	18.8	Н
17976.000	46.6	27.9	18.7	Н

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:



30

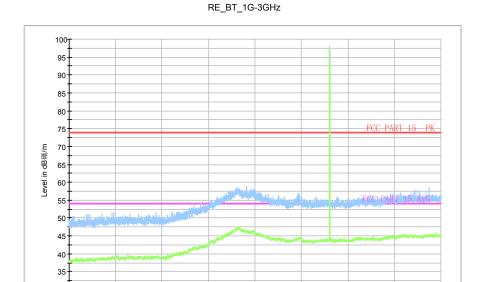


Fig.58. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

2000 Frequency in MHz

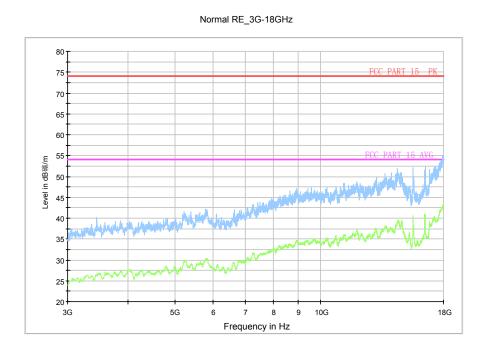


Fig.59. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 3 GHz - 18 GHz



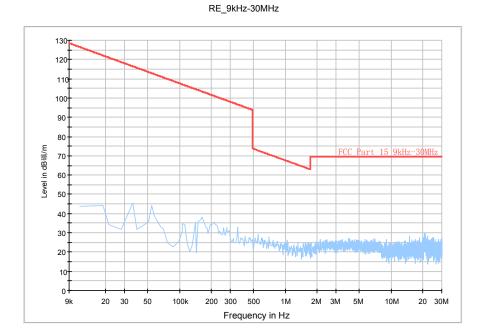


Fig.60. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 9 kHz - 30 MHz

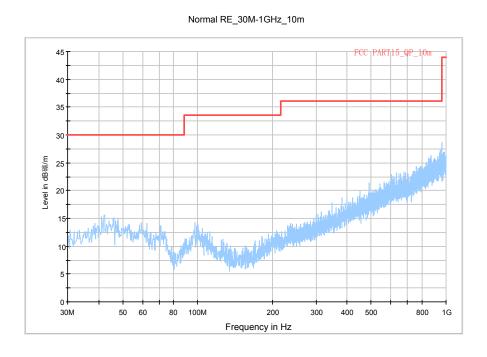


Fig.61. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



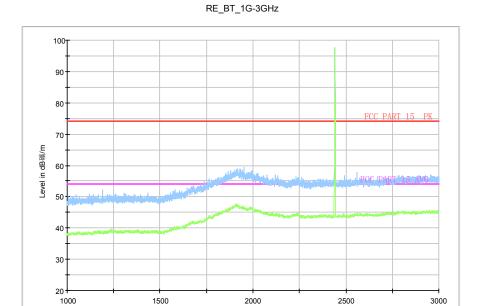


Fig.62. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

Frequency in MHz

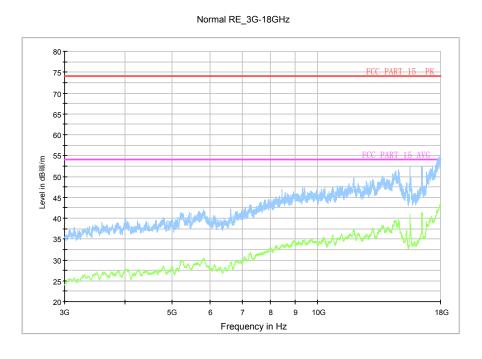


Fig.63. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 3 GHz - 18 GHz





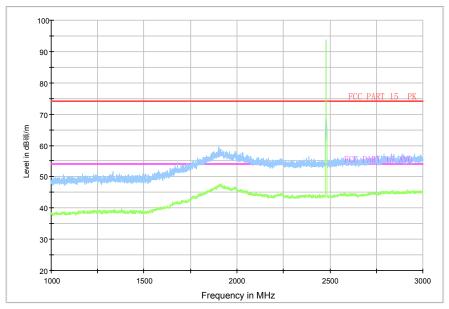


Fig.64. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 1 GHz - 3 GHz



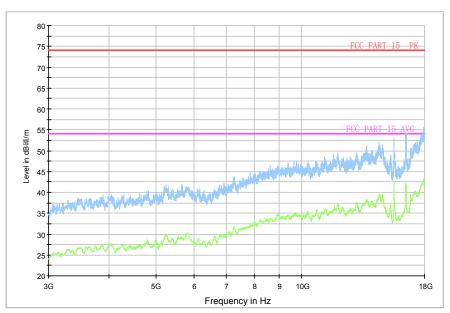


Fig.65. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 3 GHz - 18 GHz





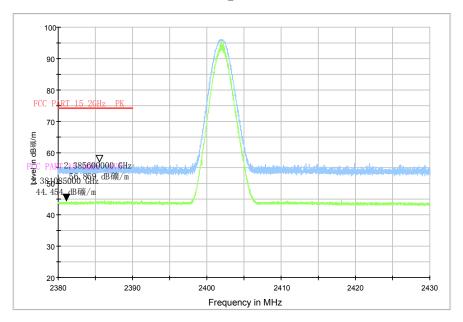
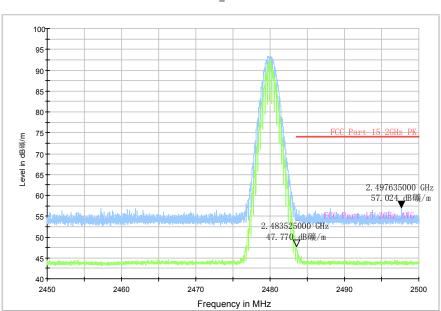


Fig.66. Radiated emission (Power): GFSK, low channel



RE-BT-Power\_2.45G-2.5GHz

Fig.67. Radiated emission (Power) GFSK, high channel





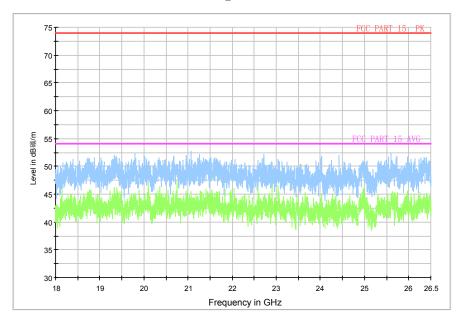


Fig.68. Radiated emission: GFSK, 18 GHz - 26 GHz

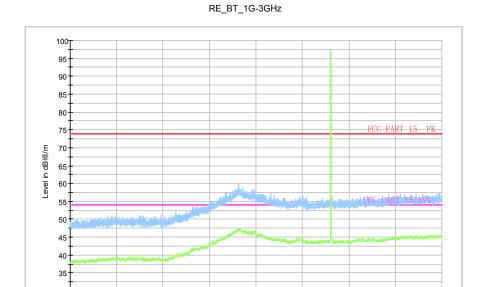


Fig.69. Radiated emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

2000

Frequency in MHz

2500

1500

1000

3000

18G



20-

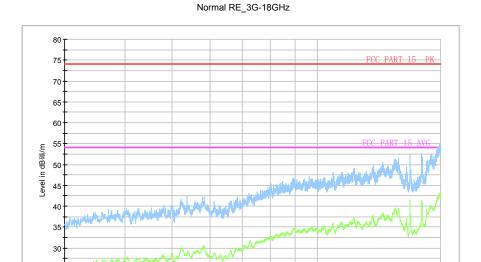


Fig.70. Radiated emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 3 GHz - 18 GHz

Frequency in Hz

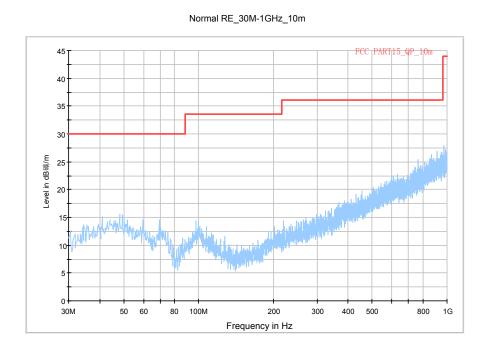


Fig.71. Radiated emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



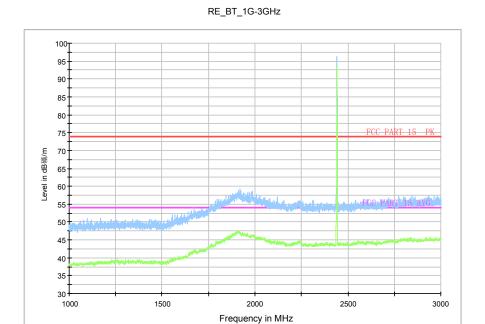


Fig.72. Radiated emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

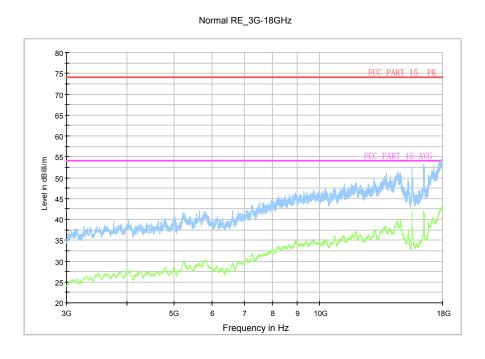


Fig.73. Radiated emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 3 GHz - 18 GHz



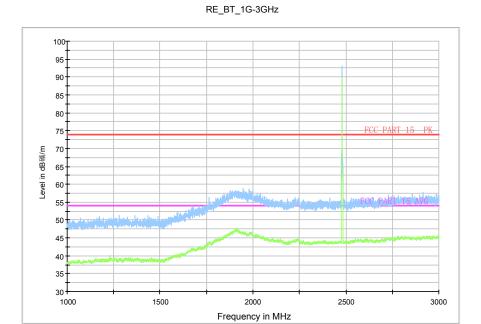


Fig.74. Radiated emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

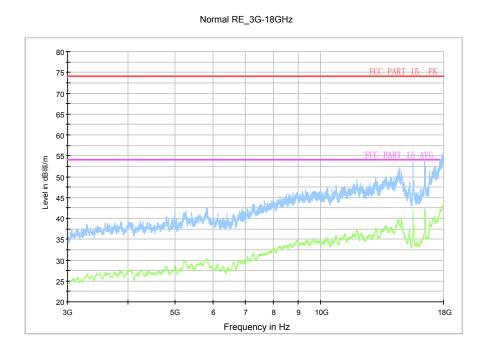
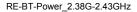


Fig.75. Radiated emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 3 GHz - 18 GHz





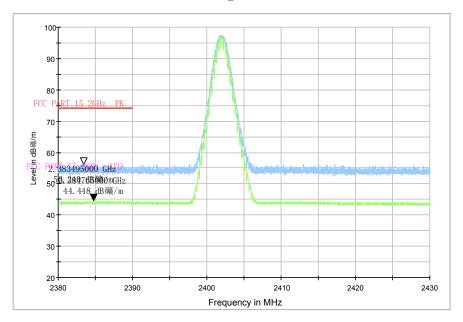
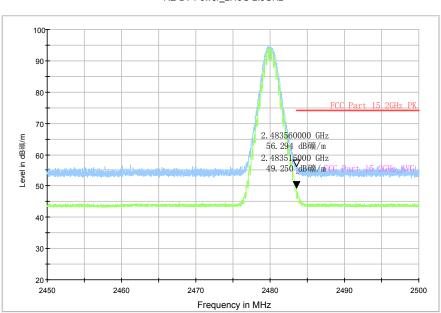


Fig.76. Radiated emission (Power):  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, low channel



RE-BT-Power\_2.45G-2.5GHz

Fig.77. Radiated emission (Power):  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, high channel





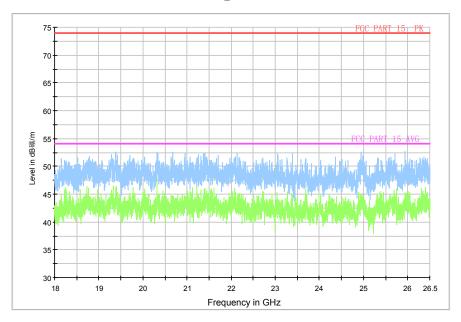


Fig.78. Radiated emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, 18 GHz - 26 GHz

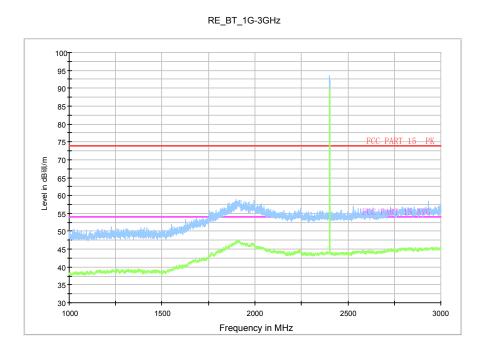


Fig.79. Radiated emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 1 GHz - 3 GHz





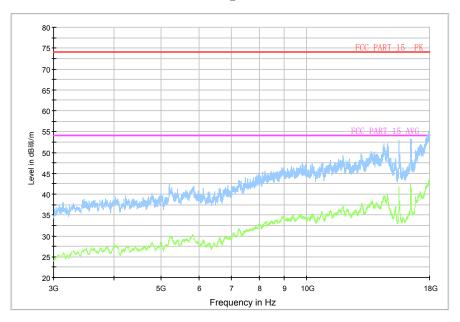


Fig.80. Radiated emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 3 GHz - 18 GHz

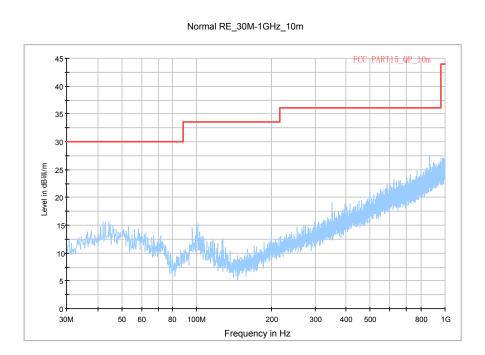


Fig.81. Radiated emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



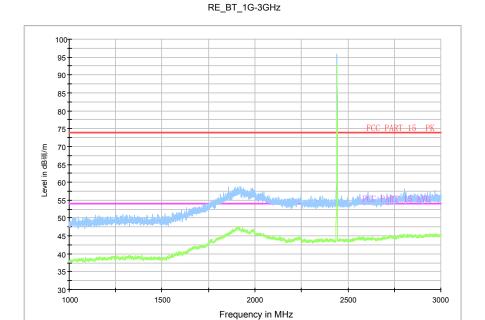


Fig.82. Radiated emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

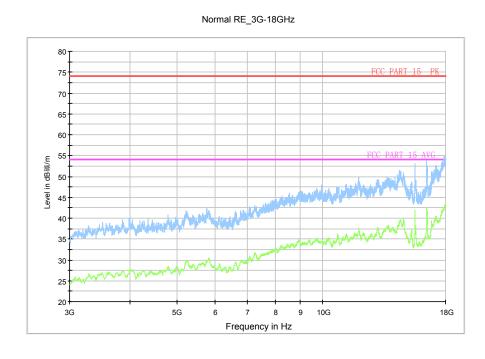


Fig.83. Radiated emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 3 GHz - 18 GHz



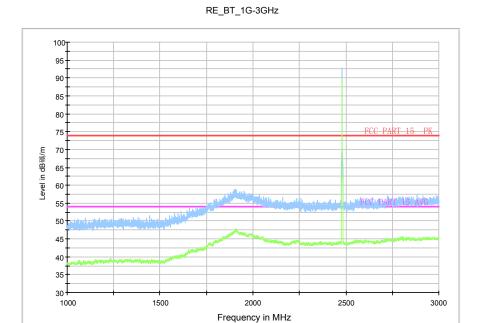


Fig.84. Radiated emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

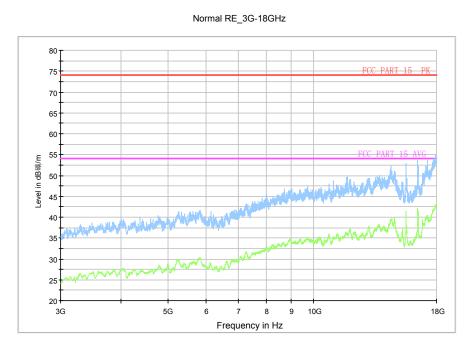


Fig.85. Radiated emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 3 GHz - 18 GHz





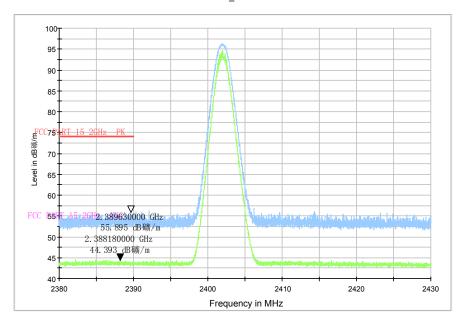
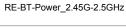


Fig.86. Radiated emission (Power): 8DPSK, low channel



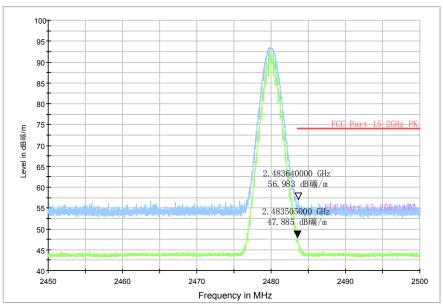


Fig.87. Radiated emission (Power): 8DPSK, high channel





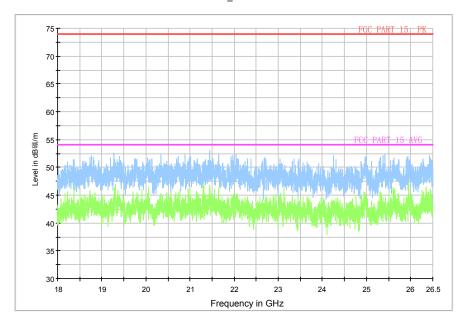


Fig.88. Radiated emission: 8DPSK, 18 GHz - 26 GHz



## A.6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10- clause 7.7.4

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ RBW
- Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold

Measure a pulse time in time domain at middle frequency and then count the hopping number in 31.6s(which equals with 0.4 multiply 79) of middle frequency ,then multiply the pulse time and hopping number and record them.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (ms)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	< 400

### **Measurement Result:**

### For GFSK

Channel	Packet	Dwell Time (ms)		Conclusion
	DH1	Fig.89	106.64	Р
		Fig.90		
39	DH3	Fig.91	181.98	Р
		Fig.92		
	DH5	Fig.93	179.35	Р
		Fig.94		

### For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Packet	Dwell Time (ms)		Conclusion
	DH1	Fig.95	108.87	Р
		Fig.96		
39	DH3	Fig.97	167.22	Р
		Fig.98		
	DH5	Fig.99	188.37	Р
		Fig.100		

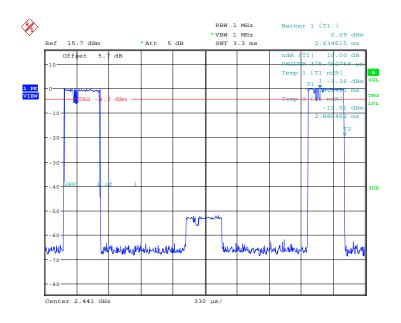
### For 8DPSK

Channel	Packet	Dwell Time (ms)		Conclusion
39	DH1	Fig.101	108.14	Р
		Fig.102		
	DH3	Fig.103	167.22	Р



		Fig.104		
	DH5	Fig.105	249.69	Р
		Fig.106		

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:



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Fig.89. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH1

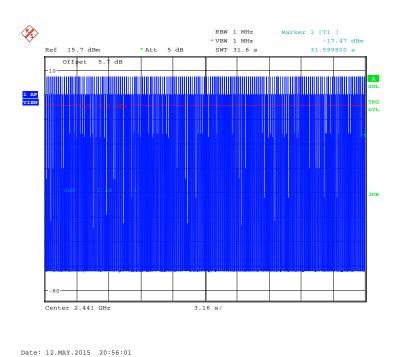
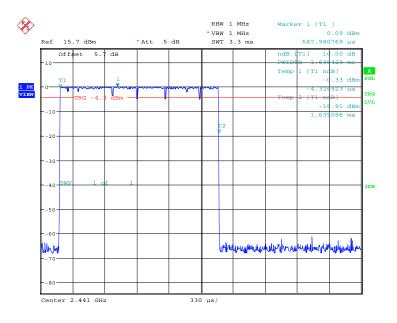


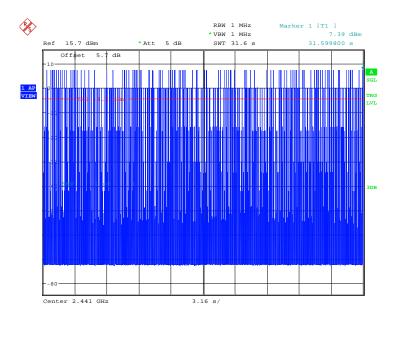
Fig.90. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH1





Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:57:32

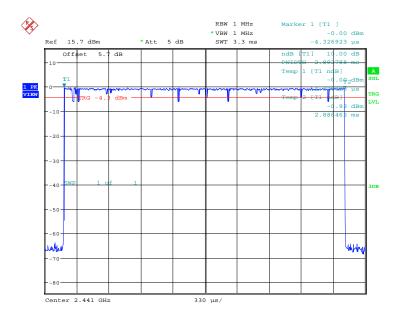
Fig.91. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH3



Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:57:20

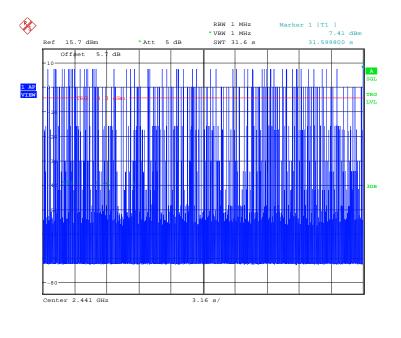
Fig.92. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH3





Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:58:46

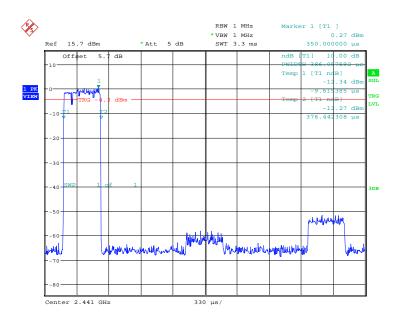
Fig.93. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH5



Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:58:34

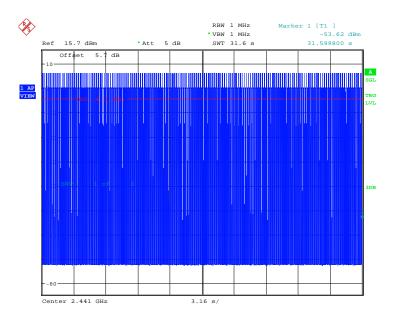
Fig.94. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH5





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:18:15

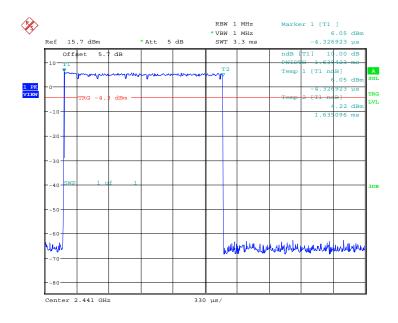
Fig.95. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:18:03

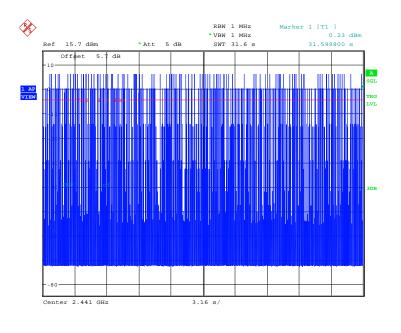
Fig.96. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:19:31

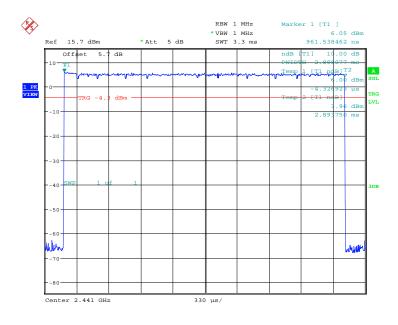
Fig.97. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:19:20

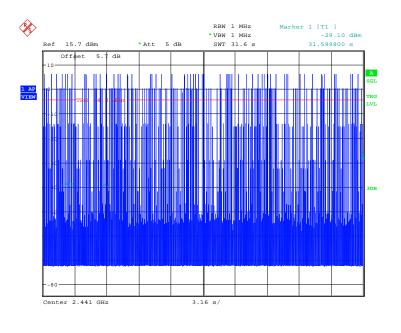
Fig.98. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:20:48

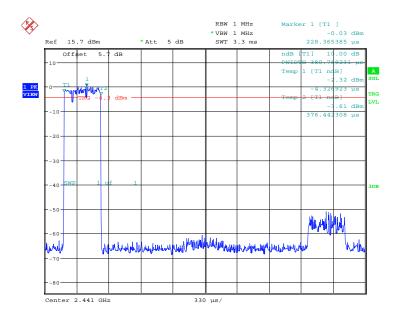
Fig.99. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:20:36

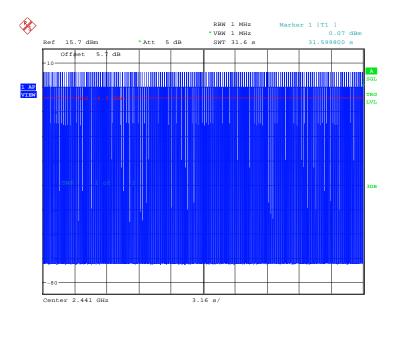
Fig.100. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:40:20

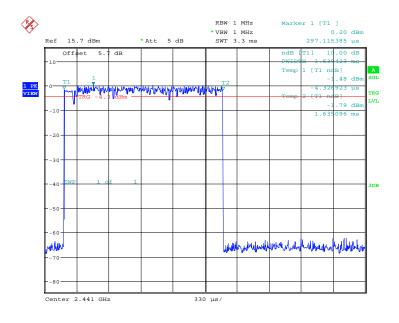
Fig.101. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:40:08

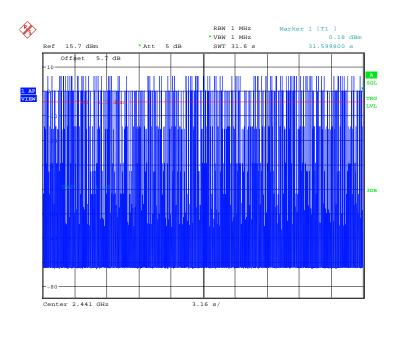
Fig.102. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:41:39

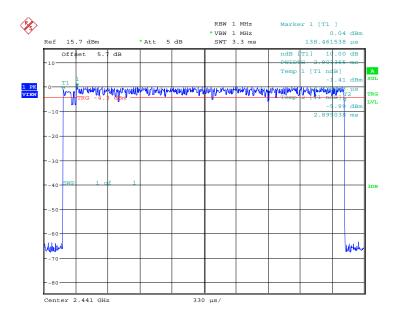
Fig.103. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:41:28

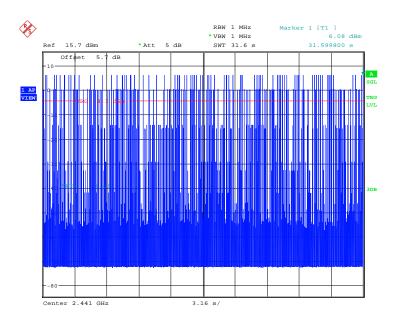
Fig.104. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3





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Fig.105. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:42:43

Fig.106. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5



## A.7. 20dB Bandwidth

## Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10- clause 6.9.1

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

- 1. Set RBW = 20kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 100 kHz.
- 3. Set span to 3MHz
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	NA *

Use NdB Down function of the SA to measure the 20dB Bandwidth

\* Comment: This test case is not required according to the latest FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247. But the test results are necessary for "carrier frequency separation" test case, in Annex A.8.

#### **Measurement Results:**

#### For GFSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.107 875.00		NA
39	Fig.108	875.00	NA
78	Fig.109	875.00	NA

#### Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.110 1254.81		NA
39	Fig.111	1274.04	NA
78	Fig.112	1259.62	NA

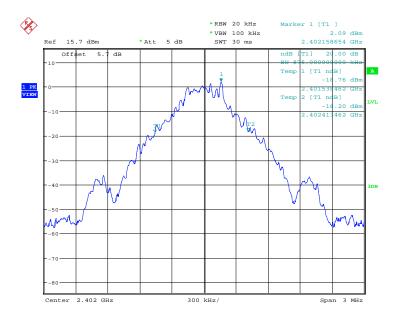
## For 8DPSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.113 1216.35		NA
39	Fig.114	1269.23	NA
78	Fig.115	1259.62	NA

**Conclusion: NA** 

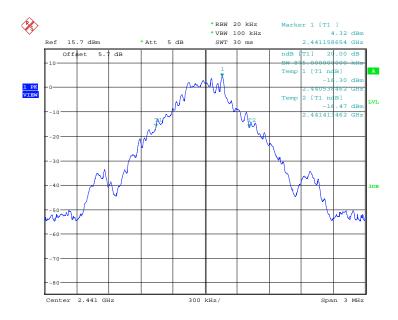
Test graphs as below:





Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:59:20

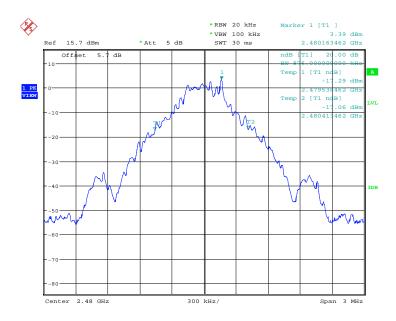
Fig.107. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 0



Date: 12.MAY.2015 20:59:52

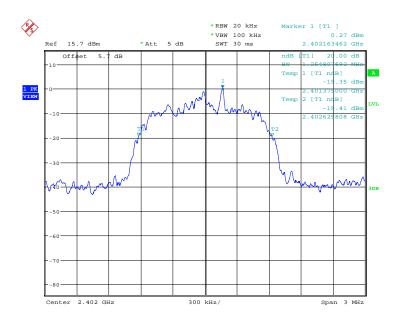
Fig.108. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 39





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:00:24

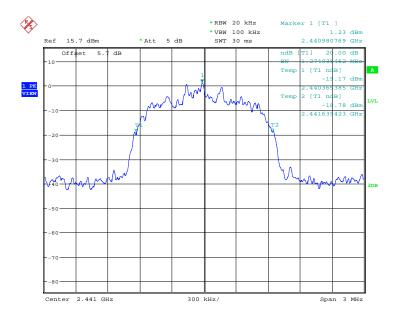
Fig.109. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 78



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:21:22

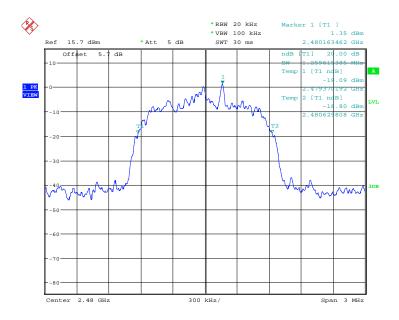
Fig.110. 20dB Bandwidth:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:21:54

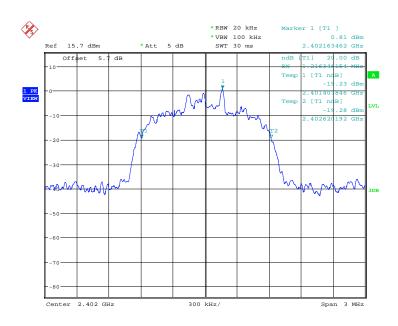
Fig.111. 20dB Bandwidth: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 39



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:22:26

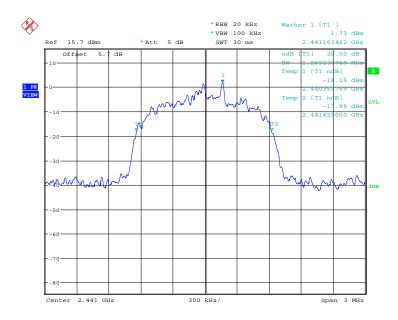
Fig.112. 20dB Bandwidth:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:43:28

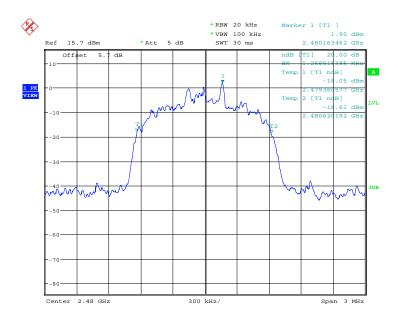
Fig.113. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 0



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Fig.114. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 39





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:44:32

Fig.115. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 78



# A.8. Carrier Frequency Separation

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.7.2

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = 3MHz
- RBW=300kHz
- VBW=1MHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

Search the peak marks of the middle frequency and adjacent channel, then record the separation between them.

\* Comment: This limit should be over 25 kHz or (2/3) \* 20dB bandwidth, whichever is greater.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit(kHz)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	over 25 kHz or (2/3) * 20dB bandwidth

#### **Measurement Result:**

## For GFSK

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.116	951.92	Р

## For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

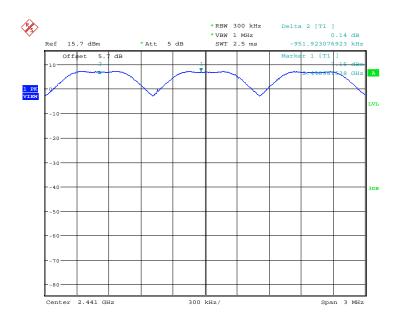
Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.117	990.38	Р

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.118	1019.23	Р

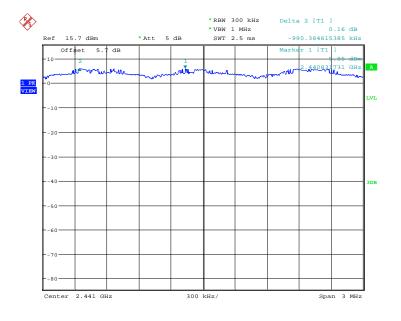
Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:02:28

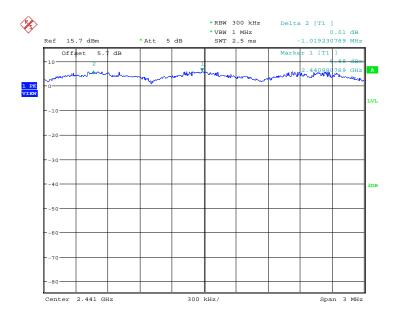
Fig.116. Carrier frequency separation measurement: GFSK, Channel 39



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:24:30

Fig.117. Carrier frequency separation measurement: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 39





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:46:36

Fig.118. Carrier frequency separation measurement: 8DPSK, Channel 39



# A.9. Number of Hopping Channels

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.7.3

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = the frequency band of operation
- RBW = 500kHz
- VBW = 500kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	At least 15 non-overlapping channels

#### **Measurement Result:**

#### For GFSK

Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.119	70	D
40~78	Fig.120	79	P

#### Forπ/4 DQPSK

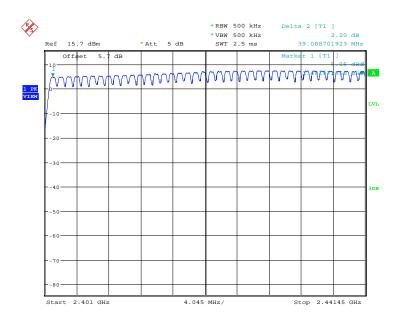
Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.121	70	D
40~78	Fig.122	19	Р

### For 8DPSK

Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.123	70	D
40~78	Fig.124	79	P

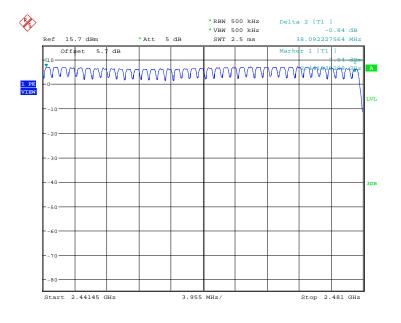
Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:04:33

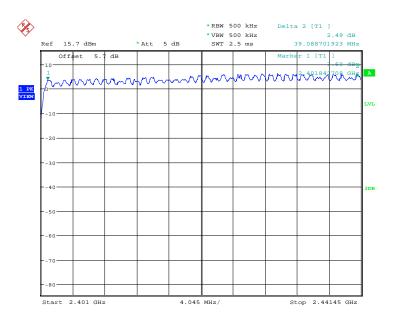
Fig.119. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 0 - 39



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:06:35

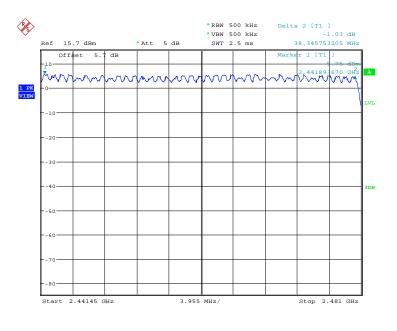
Fig.120. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 40 - 78





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:26:34

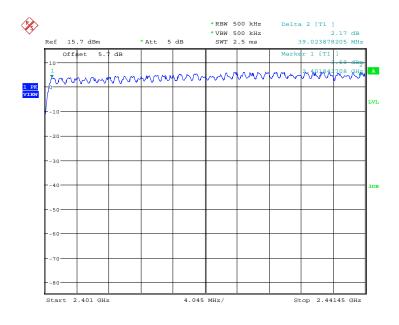
Fig.121. Number of hopping frequencies:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0 - 39



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:28:37

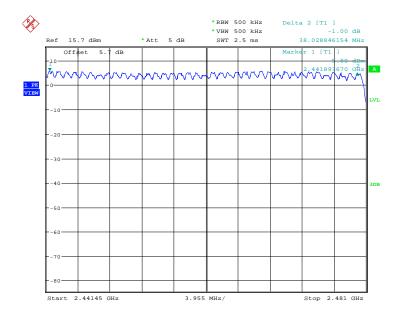
Fig.122. Number of hopping frequencies:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 40 - 78





Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:48:40

Fig.123. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 0 - 39



Date: 12.MAY.2015 21:50:42

Fig.124. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 40 - 78



# A.10. AC Powerline Conducted Emission

#### **Test Condition**

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)			
120	60			

## **Measurement Result and limit:**

## **Bluetooth (Quasi-peak Limit)**

Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-peak Limit (dBμV)	Conclusion
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56	
0.5 to 5	56	Р
5 to 30	60	

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range  $0.15\,\text{MHz}$  to  $0.5\,\text{MHz}$ .

# **Bluetooth (Average Limit)**

Frequency range (MHz)	Average Limit (dBμV)	Conclusion
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46	
0.5 to 5	46	Р
5 to 30	50	

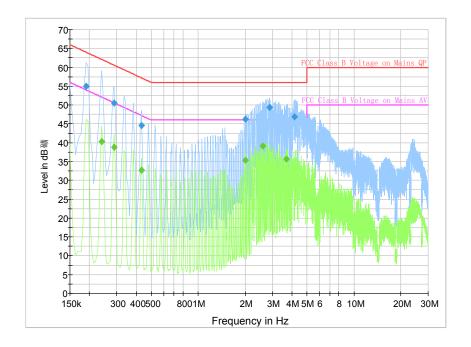
NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range  $0.15\,\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $0.5\,\mathrm{MHz}$ .

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:



## Traffic:



# **Final Result 1**

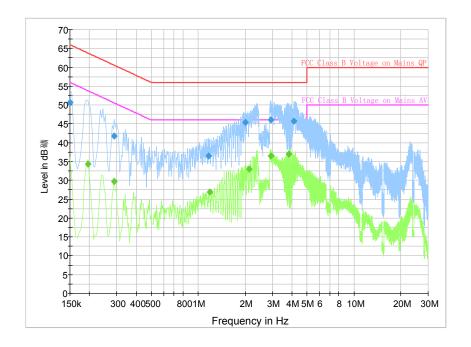
Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas.	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dB礦)	Time	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dB礦)
0.190500	54.9	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	9.1	64.0
0.289500	50.5	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	10.1	60.5
0.433500	44.5	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	12.7	57.2
2.013000	46.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	9.7	56.0
2.863500	49.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	6.7	56.0
4.155000	46.9	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	9.1	56.0

# Final Result 2

Frequency	CAverage	Meas.	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dB礦)	Time	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dB礦)
0.240000	40.4	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	11.7	52.1
0.289500	38.8	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.8	11.7	50.5
0.433500	32.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	14.5	47.2
2.013000	35.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	10.7	46.0
2.589000	39.1	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	6.9	46.0
3.687000	35.6	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	10.4	46.0



## Idle:



# Final Result 1

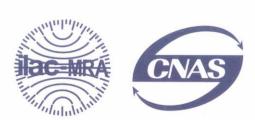
Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas.	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	Time	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.150000	50.6	2000.0	9.000	On	N	20.1	15.4	66.0
0.289500	41.8	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.8	18.7	60.5
1.167000	36.5	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	19.5	56.0
2.013000	45.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	10.7	56.0
2.931000	46.0	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	10.0	56.0
4.123500	45.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	10.3	56.0

# Final Result 2

Frequency	CAverage	Meas.	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	Time	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
		(me)						
0.195000	34.4	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.8	19.4	53.8
0.289500	29.6	2000.0	9.000	On	N	19.8	20.9	50.5
1.185000	26.9	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	19.1	46.0
2.121000	33.0	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	13.0	46.0
2.940000	36.5	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	9.5	46.0
3.831000	37.0	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	9.0	46.0



# **ANNEX B: Accreditation Certificate**



**China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment** 

# LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE

(No. CNAS L0570)

Telecommunication Technology Labs,

Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT No.52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China

No.51, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China

to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing and calibration.

The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached schedule bearing the same accreditation number as above. The schedule forms an integral part of this certificate.

Date of Issue: 2014-10-29
Date of Expiry: 2017-06-19

Date of Initial Accreditation: 1998-07-03



Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation schemes for conformity assessment. CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC MRA) and Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC MRA).

No.CNASAL2

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