

SAR TEST REPORT

No. I17Z40067-SEM01

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

GSM Quad-band/HSPA-UMTS Six-band/LTE 13 band mobile phone

Modelname: BBB100-2

With

Hardware Version: 05

Software Version: AAJ048

FCC ID: 2ACCJN018

Issued Date: 2017-3-15



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I17Z40067-SEM01	Rev.0	2017-3-15	Initial creation of test report



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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	February 24, 2017
Testing End Date:	February 24, 2017

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)



2 Statement of Compliance

This EUT is a variant product and the report of original sample is No.I16Z42454-SEM01. According to the client request, we share the test results of original sample directly. Remove the all information of LTE band12/30/41. Add the measurement of LTE band17/38.

The maximum results of SAR found during testing for TCL Communication Ltd. GSM Quad-band/HSPA-UMTS Six-band/LTE 13 band mobile phone BBB100-2 are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

Table 2.1: nignest Reported SAR (19)				
Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR	Equipment	
Exposure Corniguration	reofficiogy Baria	1g(W/kg)	Class	
	GSM 850 antenna1	0.47		
	GSM 850 antenna2	0.40		
	PCS 1900	0.24		
	UMTS FDD 5 antenna1	0.37		
	UMTS FDD 5 antenna2	0.36		
	UMTS FDD 4	0.52		
	UMTS FDD 2	0.28		
	LTE Band 2	0.22		
Hand	LTE Band 4	0.35	PCE	
Head (Congretion Distance Omm)	LTE Band 5 antenna1	0.24		
(Separation Distance 0mm)	LTE Band 5 antenna2	0.22		
	LTE Band 7	0.18		
	LTE Band 17 antenna1	0.17		
	LTE Band 17 antenna2	0.17		
	LTE Band 13 antenna1	0.24		
	LTE Band 13 antenna2	0.23		
	LTE Band 38	0.12		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.29	DTS	
	WLAN 5 GHz	0.05	UNII	
	GSM 850 antenna1	0.58		
	GSM 850 antenna2	0.54		
	PCS 1900	1.21		
	UMTS FDD 5 antenna1	0.44		
	UMTS FDD 5 antenna2	0.34		
	UMTS FDD 4	1.07		
Hotspot	UMTS FDD 2	1.27	PCE	
(Separation Distance 10mm)	LTE Band 2	1.31	PCE	
	LTE Band 4	1.14		
	LTE Band 5 antenna1	0.30		
	LTE Band 5 antenna2	0.32		
	LTE Band 7	1.12		
	LTE Band 17 antenna1	0.20		
	LTE Band 17 antenna2	0.27		



LTE Band 13 antenna1	0.43	
LTE Band 13 antenna2	0.29	
LTE Band 38	1.23	
WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.56	DTS
WLAN 5 GHz	0.59	UNII

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of (Table 2.1), and the values are: 1.31 W/kg(1g).

Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum
Highest reported	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.47	0.29	0.76
SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.52	0.11	0.63
Highest reported	Rear	0.88	0.59	1.47
SAR value for Body	Bottom	1.31	/	1.31

Note1: we have evaluated and chose the highest value of both main antennae in the above table Note2: we have evaluated and chose the highest value of WiFi 2.4G and 5G in the above table

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and BT

	Position	Main antenna	ВТ	Sum
Maximum reported	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.52	0.33 ^[1]	0.85
SAR value for Head	Right Hand, Todon Cheek	0.32	0.55	0.03
Maximum reported	Rear	0.88	0.17 ^[1]	1.05
SAR value for Body	Bottom	1.31	/	1.31

[1] - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.47 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.



According to the KDB648474 D04, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB Publication 865664 D01 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg

Table 2.4: 0mm Reported SAR for phablet (10g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 10g(W/kg)	Limit 10g (W/kg)
	PCS 1900	2.44	
Hotspot	UMTS FDD 2	2.12	4.0
(Separation Distance 0mm)	LTE Band 2	2.29	4.0
	LTE Band 38	1.99	

3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address/Post:	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,
	Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
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3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
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Address/Post.	Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
Country:	China
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com
Telephone:	0086-21-31363544
Fax:	0086-21-61460602



4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	GSM Quad-band/HSPA-UMTS Six-band/LTE 13 band mobile phone
Model name:	BBB100-2
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, UMTS FDD 1/2/4/5/6/8, BT, Wi-Fi
	LTE Band 1/2/3/4/5/7/8/13/17/20/28/38/40
	825 – 848.8 MHz (GSM 850)
	1850.2 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
	826.4-846.6 MHz (WCDMA 850 Band V)
	1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz (WCDMA 1700 Band IV)
	1852.4-1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
	1860 – 1900 MHz (LTE Band 2)
Tested Tx Frequency:	1720 – 1745 MHz (LTE Band 4)
resied 1x r requericy.	824.7 – 848.3 MHz (LTE Band 5)
	2502.5 – 2567.5 MHz (LTE Band 7)
	706.5 – 713.5MHz(LTE Band 17)
	779.5 –784.5 MHz (LTE Band 13)
	2570 – 2620 MHz (LTE Band 38)
	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
	5150-5825 MHz (Wi-Fi 5G)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	33
GPRS capability Class:	A
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	Headset
Hotspot mode:	Support
VoIP:	Support
Product Dimension:	L: 149.3mm W: 72.5mm overall diagonal: 166mm

4.2Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

7.ZIIICIIIa	i identification of Lot used do	ining the test	
EUT ID*	IMEI	HW	SW Version
EUT1	004402243182437	05	AAJ048
EUT2	004402243183906	05	AAJ048
EUT3	004402243183039	05	AAJ048
EUT4	004402243191990	05	AAJ048
EUT5	004402243191883	05	AAJ048
EUT6	004402243180936	05	AAJ048
EUT7	004402243195470	05	AAJ048
EUT8	004402243195496	05	AAJ048
EUT9		05	AAJ048

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1&2&3&4&5&7&8 and conducted power with the EUT6&9.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	BAT-63108-003	CAC3440001C3	ATL
AE2	Battery	TLp034E1	CAC3440003C1	BYD
AE3	Headset	WH60	CCB0045L17C3	Lianchuang



5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992:IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

KDB865664 D01SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB865664 D02RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ) . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	± 5% Range	Permittivity(ε)	± 5% Range
750	Head	0.89	0.85~0.93	41.94	39.8~44.0
750	Body	0.96	0.91~1.01	55.5	52.7~58.3
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1750	Head	1.37	1.30~1.44	40.08	38.1~42.1
1750	Body	1.49	1.42~1.56	53.4	50.7~56.1
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2300	Head	1.67	1.59~1.75	39.47	37.5~41.4
2300	Body	1.85	1.76~1.94	52.8	50.2~55.4
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39.01	37.1~41.0
2600	Body	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.5	49.9~55.1
5250	Head	4.71	4.47~4.95	35.93	34.1~37.7
5250	Body	5.36	5.09~5.63	48.9	46.5~51.3
5600	Head	5.07	4.82~5.32	35.53	33.8~37.3
5600	Body	5.77	5.48~6.06	48.5	46.1~50.9
5750	Head	5.22	4.96~5.48	35.36	33.6~37.1
5750	Body	5.94	5.64~6.24	48.3	45.9~50.7



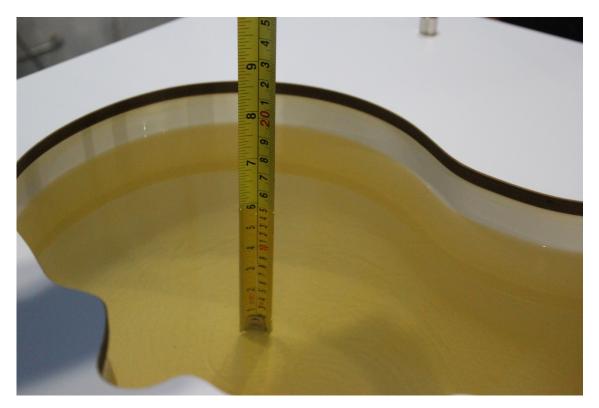
7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date	Туре	Frequency	Permittivity	Drift	Conductivity	Drift
(yyyy-mm-dd)	Type	Frequency	3	(%)	σ (S/m)	(%)
2017-1-12	Head	750 MHz	42.21	0.64	0.891	0.11
2017-1-12	Body	750 MHz	56.52	1.84	0.954	-0.63
2017-1-13	Head	835 MHz	41.56	0.14	0.913	1.44
2017-1-13	Body	835 MHz	56.11	1.65	0.971	0.10
2017 1 14	Head	1750 MHz	40.31	0.57	1.351	-1.39
2017-1-14	Body	1750 MHz	53.42	0.04	1.511	1.41
2047.4.45	Head	1900 MHz	40.81	2.03	1.421	1.50
2017-1-15	Body	1900 MHz	52.21	-2.05	1.517	-0.20
2047.4.40	Head	2300 MHz	39.01	-1.17	1.628	-2.51
2017-1-18	Body	2300 MHz	52.37	-0.81	1.803	-2.54
2017 1 16	Head	2450 MHz	38.41	-2.02	1.816	0.89
2017-1-16	Body	2450 MHz	51.89	-1.54	1.977	1.38
2017 1 17	Head	2600 MHz	37.99	-2.61	1.959	-0.05
2017-1-17	Body	2600 MHz	52.31	-0.36	2.151	-0.42
	Head	5250 MHz	36.28	0.97	4.726	0.34
	Body	5250 MHz	47.44	-2.99	5.259	-1.88
2047.0.42	Head	5600 MHz	35.73	0.56	5.199	2.54
2017-2-13	Body	5600 MHz	46.98	-3.13	5.708	-1.07
	Head	5825 MHz	35.38	0.06	5.414	3.72
	Body	5825 MHz	46.78	-3.15	5.992	0.88
2047.2.24	Head	750 MHz	43.8	4.43	0.854	-4.04
2017-2-24	Body	750 MHz	57.44	3.50	0.937	-2.40
2047.2.24	Head	2600 MHz	37.51	-3.85	1.999	1.99
2017-2-24	Body	2600 MHz	53.06	1.07	2.119	-1.90

Note: The liquid temperature is $22.0^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$



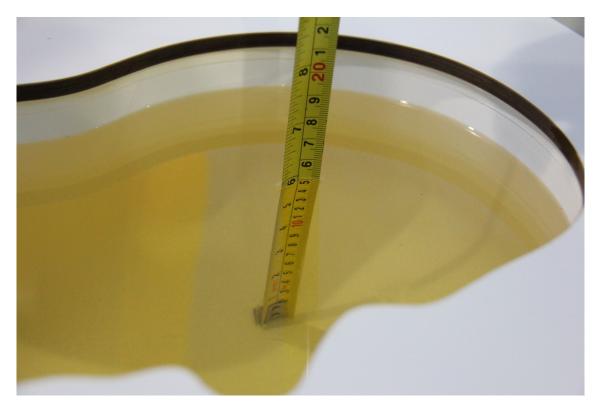


Picture 7-1 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (750MHz)



Picture 7-2 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (750MHz)





Picture 7-3 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)

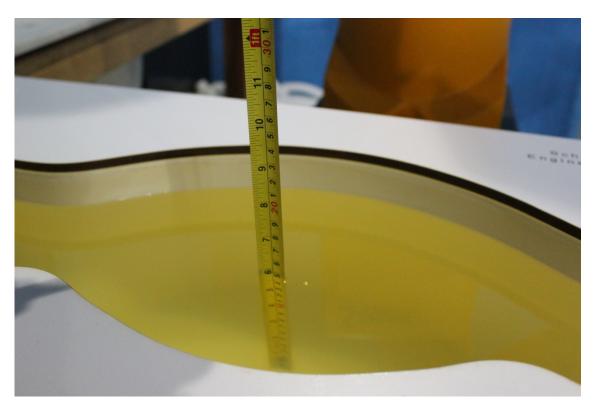


Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)



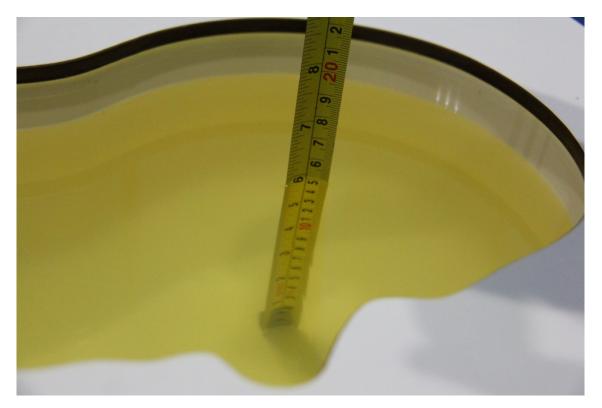


Picture 7-5 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1750 MHz)

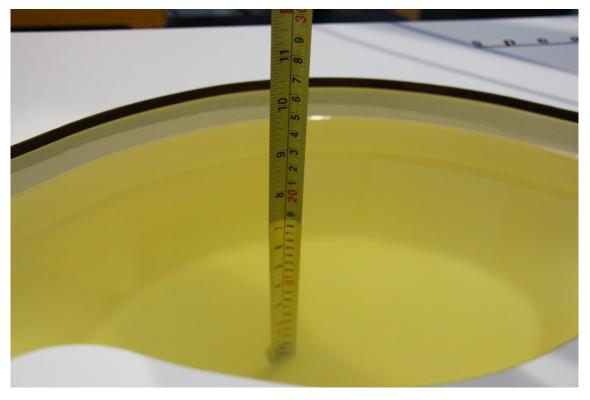


Picture 7-6 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1750MHz)



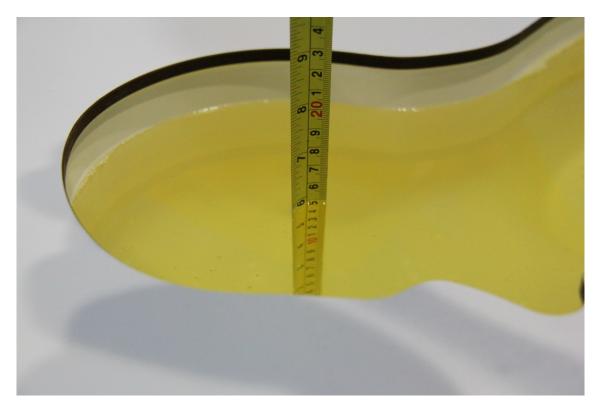


Picture 7-7 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)

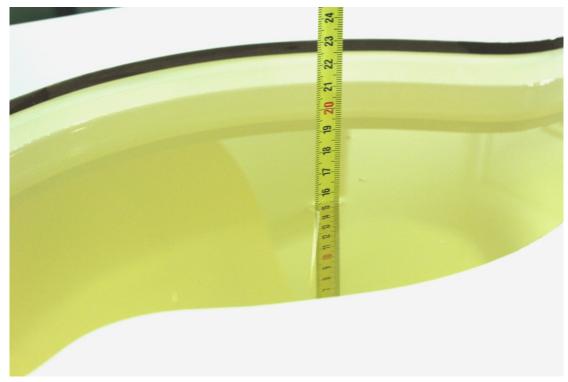


Picture 7-8 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)





Picture 7-9 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)



Picture 7-10 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)





Picture 7-11 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2600 MHz Head)

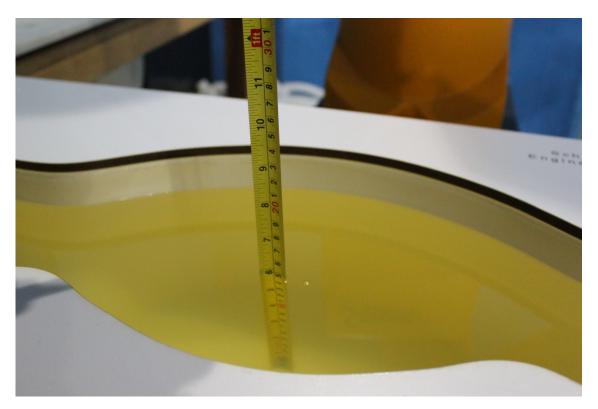


Picture 7-12 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2600MHz)





Picture 7-13 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2300 MHz)



Picture 7-14 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2300MHz)





Picture 7-15 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (5GHz)



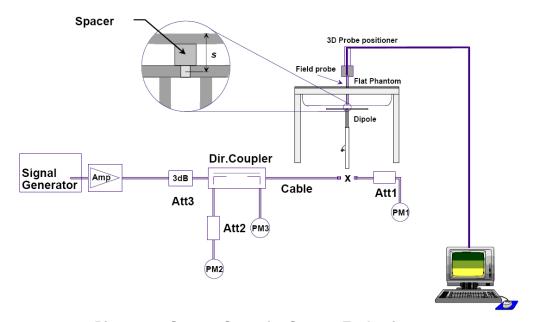
Picture 7-16 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (5GHz)



8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup



8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

	Measurement Target value (W/kg) Measured value(W/kg) Deviation									
Measurement		Target value (W/kg) Measured value(W/kg) Deviation		ation						
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g			
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average			
2017-1-12	750 MHz	5.46	8.33	5.24	8.12	-4.03%	-2.52%			
2017-1-13	835 MHz	6.18	9.44	6.04	9.24	-2.27%	-2.12%			
2017-1-14	1750 MHz	19.5	36.8	19.1	36.2	-1.95%	-1.63%			
2017-1-15	1900 MHz	21.2	40.7	20.7	40.1	-2.26%	-1.52%			
2017-1-18	2300 MHz	23.8	49.8	23.6	48.8	-0.67%	-2.01%			
2017-1-16	2450 MHz	24.6	52.8	25.5	54.0	3.58%	2.35%			
2017-1-17	2600 MHz	25.2	56.7	26.0	58.1	3.02%	2.43%			
	5250 MHz	22.5	78.6	22.0	77.7	-2.22%	-1.15%			
2017-2-13	5600 MHz	23.4	81.8	23.1	82.0	-1.28%	0.24%			
	5750 MHz	22.7	79.8	22.7	81.2	0.00%	1.75%			
2017-2-24	750 MHz	5.46	8.33	5.56	8.28	1.83%	-0.60%			
2017-2-24	2600 MHz	25.2	56.7	26.2	58.4	3.97%	3.00%			

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured	value (W/kg)	Devi	ation
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
2017-1-12	750 MHz	5.76	8.78	5.56	8.48	-3.47%	-3.42%
2017-1-13	835 MHz	6.36	9.69	6.20	9.44	-2.52%	-2.58%
2017-1-14	1750 MHz	19.6	37.0	19.84	37.72	1.22%	1.95%
2017-1-15	1900 MHz	21.3	40.1	21.68	41.28	1.78%	2.94%
2017-1-18	2300 MHz	23.3	48.1	23.44	48.80	0.60%	1.46%
2017-1-16	2450 MHz	24.1	51.2	24.96	52.88	3.57%	3.28%
2017-1-17	2600 MHz	24.8	55.3	25.68	57.64	3.55%	4.23%
	5250 MHz	21.2	75.6	21.30	75.40	0.47%	-0.26%
2017-2-13	5600 MHz	22.1	79.1	22.50	79.30	1.81%	0.25%
	5750 MHz	20.8	74.5	20.90	74.20	0.48%	-0.40%
2017-2-24	750 MHz	5.76	8.78	5.64	8.56	-2.08%	-2.51%
2017-2-24	2600 MHz	24.8	55.3	25.52	57.20	2.90%	3.44%



9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

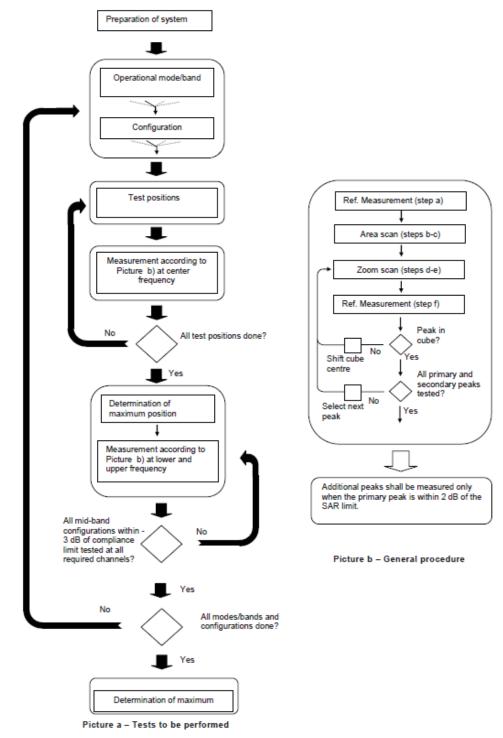
- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1,perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





Picture 9.1Block diagram of the tests to be performed

9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the



higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz				
Maximum distance from (geometric center of prob		•	5 ± 1 mm	½-5-ln(2) ± 0.5 mm				
Maximum probe angle fr normal at the measureme		xis to phantom surface	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°				
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm				
Maximum area scan spat	ial resolutio	n: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.					
Maximum zoom scan spa	atial resolut	ion: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 3 - 4 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^{\bullet}$ 4 - 6 GHz: $\leq 4 \text{ mm}^{\bullet}$					
	uniform g	rid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm				
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	and d	graded	graded	l t	and the second second	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
grid ∆z _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)				
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm				

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$	$oldsymbol{eta}_d$	β_d (SF)	$oldsymbol{eta_c}/oldsymbol{eta_d}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1. 0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1. 5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$	$oldsymbol{eta_d}$	eta_d	eta_c / eta_d	$oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{ec}}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}$	eta_{ed}	$oldsymbol{eta_{ed}}$ (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.5	1.5	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	eta_{ed1} :47/15 eta_{ed2} :47/15	4	2	1.5	1.5	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	1.5	1.5	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	21	81

Rel.8 DC-HSDPA (Cat 24)

SAR test exclusion for Rel.8 DC-HSDPA must satisfy the SAR test exclusion requirements of Rel.5 HSDPA. SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion.



9.4 SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Rohde & Rchwarz CMW500. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the CMW 500.

It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band.

- 1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation
 - Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.
- 2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

TDD test:

TDD testing is performed using guidance from FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05 and the SAR test guidance provided in April 2013 TCB works hop notes. TDD is tested at the highest duty factor using UL-DL configuration 0 with special subframe configuration 6 and applying the FDD LTE procedures in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05. SAR testing is performed using the extended cyclic prefix listed in 3GPP TS 36.211.

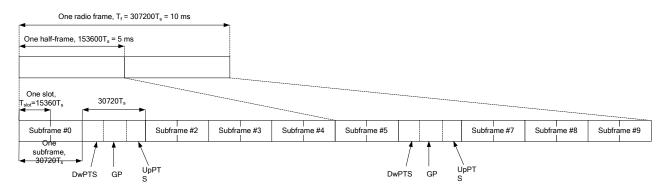


Figure 9.2: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity)



Table 9.1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

	Norma	al cyclic prefix in	downlink	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
Special subframe	DwPTS	Upi	PTS	DwPTS	Up	PTS
configuration		Normal	Extended		Normal avalia	Evtonded evelie
Comiguration		cyclic prefix	cyclic prefix		Normal cyclic	Extended cyclic
		in uplink	in uplink		prefix in uplink	prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
1	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	2560 · T _s
2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ 25	$2560 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		2300·1 _s
3	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$25600 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
5	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$
6	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	4364·1 _s	$3120 \cdot I_{\rm S}$
7	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$12800 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			-	-	-

Table 9.2: Uplink-downlink configurations

	•			<u> </u>							
Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink				Sub	frame	e num	ber			
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Duty factor is calculated by:

Duty factor = uplink frame*6+UpPTS*2/one frame length

= $(30720.T_s * 6+5120. T_s*2)/307200.T_s$

= 0.633

According to the KDB 447498 D01, SAR should be evaluated at more than 3 frequencies for devices supporting transmit bands wider than 100MHz. Oct.2014 FCC-TCB conference notes (Dec. 2014 rev.) specifies the 5 test channels to use for 3GPP band 41 SAR evaluation.



9.5 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.6 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in section14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.



10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-gSAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz)and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm mare 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



11 Conducted Output Power

There are two sets of tune-up power, Normal power and Low power, used for different use cases for GSM1900, W1700/1900 and LTE Band2/4/7/30. Normal power status is applied for head test of above bands. Low power status is applied for body/hotspot test of above bands. For other bands, Normal power status is applied for both head and body test.

For DTM multi-slot class mode, the device was linked with base station simulator (CMW500) and transmit maximum power on maximum number of TX slots, i.e. one CS timeslot, and additional PS timeslots (2 for DTM class 11) in one TDMA frame. CMW500 was used to setup the device operated under DTM mode for power measurement and SAR testing. For conducted power, the power of the burst for voice and the power of the bursts for data was reported separately in the table above, and the frame-average power is derived below to determine SAR testing.

DTM frame average power (dBm) = $10*log[\Sigma (power of each slot, in mW)/8]$

Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM, GPRS EDGE and DTM modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS for GSM850/1900.

The device supports downlink Release 10 LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) only. It supports a maximum of 2 carriers in the downlink. Other Release 10 features are not supported, including Uplink Carrier Aggregation, Enhanced SC-FDMA and Uplink MIMO or other antenna diversity configurations etc. All uplink communications are identical to the Release 8 Specifications. According to KDB 941225 D05A, the downlink LTE CA SAR test is not required and PAG requirements can be excluded.



11.1 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Normal Power

Table 11.1-1: The conducted power measurement results for GSM, GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)	Tune up	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
Speech (GMSK)	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	31.54	31.51	31.50	33	-9.03	22.51	22.48	22.47
GSM 850	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	31.49	31.46	31.38	33	-9.03	22.46	22.43	22.35
2 Txslots	30.33	30.34	30.30	31.5	-6.02	24.31	24.32	24.28
3Txslots	28.98	28.99	28.97	30	-4.26	24.72	24.73	24.71
4 Txslots	27.66	27.69	27.64	29	-3.01	24.65	24.68	24.63
GSM 850	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	31.56	31.54	31.48	33	-9.03	22.53	22.51	22.45
2 Txslots	30.37	30.37	30.27	31.5	-6.02	24.35	24.35	24.25
3Txslots	29.00	28.99	28.99	30	-4.26	24.74	24.73	24.73
4 Txslots	27.70	27.73	27.72	29	-3.01	24.69	24.72	24.71
GSM 850	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (8PSK)	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	26.81	26.88	26.91	27.5	-9.03	17.78	17.85	17.88
2 Txslots	25.62	25.68	25.73	26.5	-6.02	19.60	19.66	19.71
3Txslots	23.89	23.98	24.00	25	-4.26	19.63	19.72	19.74
4 Txslots	22.27	22.36	22.40	23	-3.01	19.26	19.35	19.39
GSM 850	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
DTM11 (3Txslots)	251	190	128			251	190	128
GSM(GMSK, 1Txslot)	28.50	28.45	28.33	29		24.00	24.02	23.92
GPRS(GMSK, 2Txslots)	28.28	28.20	28.11	29		24.09	24.03	23.92
GSM 850	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
DTM11 (3Txslots)	251	190	128			251	190	128
GSM(GMSK, 1Txslot)	28.80	28.70	28.56	29		21.51	21.43	21.32
GPRS(8PSK, 2Txslots)	22.71	22.68	22.64	23		21.01	21.43	21.32



PCS1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)	Tune up	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
Speech (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.32	29.32	29.39	30.5	-9.03	20.29	20.29	20.36
PCS1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.29	29.30	29.35	30.5	-9.03	20.26	20.27	20.32
2 Txslots	28.38	28.25	28.02	29	-6.02	22.36	22.23	22.00
3Txslots	26.56	26.47	26.25	27	-4.26	22.30	22.21	21.99
4 Txslots	25.32	25.18	24.93	26	-3.01	22.31	22.17	21.92
PCS1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.23	29.27	29.30	30.5	-9.03	20.20	20.24	20.27
2 Txslots	28.27	28.17	28.02	29	-6.02	22.25	22.15	22.00
3Txslots	26.48	26.36	26.19	27	-4.26	22.22	22.10	21.93
4 Txslots	25.22	25.11	24.98	26	-3.01	22.21	22.10	21.97
PCS1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (8PSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	25.81	25.68	25.66	26.5	-9.03	16.78	16.65	16.63
2 Txslots	24.62	24.54	24.50	25.5	-6.02	18.60	18.52	18.48
3Txslots	22.98	22.86	22.78	24	-4.26	18.72	18.60	18.52
4 Txslots	21.27	21.16	21.08	22.5	-3.01	18.26	18.15	18.07
PCS 1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
DTM11 (3Txslots)	810	661	512			810	661	512
GSM(GMSK, 1Txslot)	25.65	25.30	25.05	26		04.00	24.00	20.60
GPRS(GMSK, 2Txslots)	25.40	25.27	24.90	26		21.23	21.02	20.69
PCS 1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
DTM11 (3Txslots)	810	661	512			810	661	512
GSM(GMSK, 1Txslot)	25.61	25.33	25.03	26		40.05	40.00	40.50
GPRS(8PSK, 2Txslots)	21.45	21.31	21.11	22		19.05	18.83	18.58

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 3Txslots for GSM850.



Low Power

Table 11.1-2: The conducted power measurement results for GSM, GPRS and EGPRS

PCS1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)	Tune up	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
Speech (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.45	29.44	29.47	30.5	-9.03	20.42	20.41	20.44
PCS1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.14	29.09	28.86	30.5	-9.03	20.11	20.06	19.83
2 Txslots	25.97	25.86	25.63	26	-6.02	19.95	19.84	19.61
3Txslots	24.20	24.03	23.91	25	-4.26	19.94	19.77	19.65
4 Txslots	22.73	22.62	22.49	23	-3.01	19.72	19.61	19.48
PCS1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.42	29.38	29.06	30.5	-9.03	20.39	20.35	20.03
2 Txslots	26.00	25.95	25.77	26	-6.02	19.98	19.93	19.75
3Txslots	24.32	24.19	24.06	25	-4.26	20.06	19.93	19.80
4 Txslots	22.98	22.84	22.62	23	-3.01	19.97	19.83	19.61
PCS1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (8PSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	26.45	26.32	26.24	27	-9.03	17.42	17.29	17.21
2 Txslots	25.26	25.14	25.06	26	-6.02	19.24	19.12	19.04
3Txslots	23.59	23.54	23.41	24	-4.26	19.33	19.28	19.15
4 Txslots	21.99	21.92	21.70	22	-3.01	18.98	18.91	18.69
PCS 1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
DTM11 (3Txslots)	810	661	512			810	661	512
GSM(GMSK, 1Txslot)	24.38	24.30	24.11	25		20.09	19.92	19.81
GPRS(GMSK, 2Txslots)	24.33	24.12	24.05	25		20.09	13.32	13.01
PCS 1900	Meas	ured Power	(dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
DTM11 (3Txslots)	810	661	512			810	661	512
GSM(GMSK, 1Txslot)	24.47	24.42	24.16	25		19.00	17.02	17.67
GPRS(8PSK, 2Txslots)	20.51	20.41	20.16	21		18.00	17.93	17.07

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 1Txslots for PCS1900.



11.2 WCDMA Measurement result

Normal power

Table 11.2-1: The conducted Power for WCDMA

	band			/ result	
Item	ARFCN	4132 (826.4MHz)	4182 (836.4MHz)	4233 (846.6MHz)	Tune up
WCDMA	1	23.35	23.23	23.50	24
	1	21.83	21.98	22.15	23
	2	19.81	20.00	20.12	21
HSUPA	3	20.80	21.01	21.13	22
	4	19.80	20.01	20.12	21
	5	21.78	22.03	22.13	23
	1	21.94	21.89	22.00	22
DO 110DDA	2	21.96	21.86	22.00	22
DC-HSDPA	3	21.92	21.87	21.98	22
	4	21.94	21.87	22.00	22
	band		FDDIV result		
Item	ARFCN	1312 (1712.4MHz)	1412 (1732.4MHz)	1513 (1752.6MHz)	
WCDMA	\	23.22	23.22	23.14	24
	1	22.22	22.39	22.25	23
	2	20.20	20.37	20.23	21
HSUPA	3	21.18	21.37	21.23	22
	4	20.17	20.38	20.24	21
	5	22.22	22.39	22.23	23
	1	21.85	21.82	21.85	22
DO 110DDA	2	21.83	21.77	21.81	22
DC-HSDPA	3	21.81	21.79	21.82	22
	4	21.86	21.81	21.83	22
	band		FDDII result		
Item	ARFCN	9262 (1852.4MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9538 (1907.6MHz)	
WCDMA	1	23.76	23.72	23.93	24
	1	22.52	22.51	22.48	23
	2	20.52	20.53	20.47	21
HSUPA	3	21.52	21.50	21.48	22
	4	20.51	20.49	20.46	21
	5	22.50	22.51	22.47	23
	1	22.53	22.50	22.61	23
DO HODDA	2	22.54	22.51	22.58	23
DC-HSDPA	3	22.51	22.45	22.61	23
	4	22.52	22.44	22.60	23



Low power

Table 11.2-2: The conducted Power for WCDMA

	band		FDDIV result		
Item	ARFCN	1312 (1712.4MHz)	1412 (1732.4MHz)	1513 (1752.6MHz)	
WCDMA	\	20.95	21.00	20.91	21
	1	19.86	20.00	19.95	20
	2	17.87	18.00	17.95	18
HSUPA	3	18.86	18.99	18.95	19
	4	17.86	17.98	17.96	18
	5	19.85	19.97	19.95	20
	1	19.57	19.68	19.65	20
DC-HSDPA	2	19.58	19.66	19.61	20
DC-HSDPA	3	19.48	19.66	19.66	20
	4	19.51	19.64	19.64	20
	band		FDDII result		
Item	ARFCN	9262 (1852.4MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9538 (1907.6MHz)	
WCDMA	\	19.59	19.42	19.61	20
	1	19.68	19.51	19.65	20
	2	17.56	17.50	17.65	18
HSUPA	3	18.59	18.50	18.66	19
	4	17.60	17.49	17.66	18
	5	19.60	19.50	19.67	20
	1	19.35	19.20	19.42	20
DC-HSDPA	2	19.31	19.18	19.37	20
DC-HODEA	3	19.29	19.15	19.39	20
	4	19.32	19.17	19.41	20



11.3 LTE Measurement result

Normal power

Table 11.3-1: The conducted Power for LTE

			Band 2				
	RB allocation		Max.	QPSk	(16QAI	М
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB offset (Start RB)	Frequency (MHz)	Target Power (dBm)	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
	400	1909.3	25	23.91	0	23.11	1
	1RB High (5)	1880	25	23.80	0	22.96	1
	Tilgit (3)	1850.7	25	24.01	0	23.04	1
	1RB	1909.3	25	23.98	0	23.17	1
	Middle	1880	25	23.93	0	23.07	1
	(3)	1850.7	25	24.04	0	23.24	1
	400	1909.3	25	23.93	0	23.11	1
	1RB	1880	25	23.93	0	23.06	1
	Low (0)	1850.7	25	24.04	0	23.06	1
	app	1909.3	25	23.93	0	23.14	1
1.4 MHz	3RB High (3)	1880	25	23.98	0	23.13	1
	riigir (5)	1850.7	25	23.91	0	23.16	1
	3RB	1909.3	25	23.95	0	23.17	1
	Middle	1880	25	23.98	0	23.20	1
	(1)	1850.7	25	24.06	0	23.11	1
	app	1909.3	25	23.92	0	23.10	1
	3RB Low (0)	1880	25	23.98	0	23.17	1
	LOW (0)	1850.7	25	23.96	0	23.25	1
	CDD	1909.3	25	22.95	1	21.94	2
	6RB (0)	1880	25	22.96	1	21.95	2
	(0)	1850.7	25	23.02	1	21.94	2
	1RB	1908.5	25	23.99	0	23.08	1
	High (14)	1880	25	23.76	0	22.99	1
	riigir (14)	1851.5	25	24.02	0	23.21	1
	1RB	1908.5	25	23.95	0	23.16	1
	Middle	1880	25	23.97	0	23.18	1
	(7)	1851.5	25	24.08	0	23.28	1
	1RB	1908.5	25	24.01	0	23.18	1
	Low (0)	1880	25	24.00	0	23.15	1
3 MHz	LOW (0)	1851.5	25	24.07	0	23.27	1
J IVII IZ	8RB	1908.5	25	22.95	1	22.09	2
		1880	25	22.87	1	22.00	2
	High (7) 8RB Middle	1851.5	25	23.09	1	22.12	2
		1908.5	25	22.98	1	22.15	2
		1880	25	22.94	1	22.07	2
	(4)	1851.5	25	23.08	1	22.14	2
	ODD	1908.5	25	23.05	1	22.12	2
	8RB Low (0)	1880	25	22.95	1	22.07	2
	(U)	1851.5	25	23.09	1	22.14	2



		ı		1			
	15RB	1908.5	25	22.97	1	22.04	2
	(0)	1880	25	22.94	1	22.02	2
	(5)	1851.5	25	23.05	1	22.12	2
	1RB	1907.5	25	24.06	0	23.28	1
	High (24)	1880	25	23.84	0	23.23	1
	riigir (Z+)	1852.5	25	24.07	0	23.30	1
	1RB	1907.5	25	24.07	0	23.33	1
	Middle	1880	25	24.01	0	23.34	1
	(12)	1852.5	25	24.09	0	23.34	1
	1RB	1907.5	25	24.24	0	23.52	1
	Low (0)	1880	25	24.02	0	23.25	1
	LOW (0)	1852.5	25	24.24	0	23.40	1
	4000	1907.5	25	22.99	1	22.18	2
5 MHz	12RB High (13)	1880	25	22.89	1	22.08	2
	Tilgit (13)	1852.5	25	23.05	1	22.15	2
	12RB	1907.5	25	23.01	1	22.17	2
	Middle	1880	25	22.99	1	22.12	2
	(6)	1852.5	25	23.03	1	22.22	2
		1907.5	25	23.07	1	22.20	2
	12RB	1880	25	22.99	1	22.14	2
	Low (0)	1852.5	25	23.13	1	22.31	2
		1907.5	25	23.05	1	22.13	2
	25RB	1880	25	22.95	1	22.03	2
	(0)	1852.5	25	23.12	1	22.15	2
		1905	25	24.06	0	23.26	1
	1RB	1880	25	24.01	0	23.19	1
	High (49)	1855	25	24.18	0	23.35	1
	1RB	1905	25	24.06	0	23.22	1
	Middle	1880	25	23.89	0	23.10	1
	(24)	1855	25	24.01	0	23.08	1
		1905	25	24.10	0	23.25	1
	1RB	1880	25	24.03	0	23.18	1
	Low (0)	1855	25	24.15	0	23.32	1
		1905	25	23.01	1	22.09	2
10 MHz	25RB	1880	25	22.83	1	21.91	2
TO IVII IZ	High (25)	1855	25	22.96	1	21.99	2
	25RB	1905	25	23.00	1	22.05	2
	Middle	1880	25	22.94	1	22.01	2
	(12)	1855	25	22.89	1	21.91	2
		1905	25	22.97	1	21.98	2
	25RB	1880	25	22.84	1	21.91	2
	Low (0)	1855	25	22.93	1	21.92	2
		1905	25	23.07	1	22.10	2
	50RB	1880	25	22.96	1	22.03	2
	(0)				-		1
	1	1855	25	23.00	1	21.94	2
. =	1RB	1902.5	25	24.25	0	23.47	1
15 MHz	High (74)	1880	25	24.05	0	23.29	1
		1857.5	25	24.14	0	23.33	1



	400	1902.5	25	23.92	0	23.13	1
	1RB Middle	1880	25	23.84	0	23.13	1
	(37)	1857.5	25	23.81	0	22.95	1
	(0.)	1902.5	25	24.24	0	23.40	1
	1RB	1880	25	24.24	0		-
	Low (0)					23.25	1
		1857.5	25	24.18	0	23.41	1
	36RB	1902.5	25	22.98	1	22.06	2
	High (38)	1880	25	22.83	1	21.89	2
		1857.5	25	22.99	1	22.01	2
	36RB	1902.5	25	23.04	1	22.11	2
	Middle	1880	25	22.85	1	21.93	2
	(19)	1857.5	25	23.00	1	22.07	2
	36RB	1902.5	25	23.00	1	22.07	2
	Low (0)	1880	25	22.82	1	21.93	2
	(0)	1857.5	25	22.91	1	22.03	2
	75RB	1902.5	25	23.06	1	22.15	2
	(0)	1880	25	22.87	1	21.92	2
	(0)	1857.5	25	23.01	1	21.96	2
	400	1900	25	23.98	0	23.06	1
	1RB High (99)	1880	25	23.89	0	23.06	1
	Triigir (99)	1860	25	23.77	0	22.88	1
	1RB	1900	25	24.07	0	23.28	1
	Middle	1880	25	23.91	0	22.98	1
	(50)	1860	25	23.91	0	23.11	1
		1900	25	24.12	0	23.30	1
	1RB	1880	25	24.02	0	23.22	1
	Low (0)	1860	25	24.08	0	23.20	1
		1900	25	23.01	1	22.08	2
20 MHz	50RB	1880	25	22.85	1	21.85	2
	High (50)	1860	25	22.80	1	21.83	2
	50RB	1900	25	23.10	1	22.21	2
	Middle	1880	25	22.97	1	21.97	2
	(25)	1860	25	22.89	1	21.90	2
	, ,	1900	25	23.05	1	22.08	2
	50RB	1880	25	22.82	1	21.87	2
	Low (0)	1860	25	22.91	1	21.91	2
		1900	25	23.12	1	22.08	2
	100RB	1880	25	22.86	1	21.90	2
	(0)	1860	25	22.86	1	21.83	2
		1000	Band 4	22.00	ı	21.03	
			Dana 4				
	RB		Max	QPSK		16QA	M
Bandwidth	allocation	Frequency	Max. Target				•
(MHz)	RB offset	(MHz)	Power	Actual		Actual	
(1411 12)	(Start	(IVII 12)	(dBm)	output	MPR	output	MPR
	RB)		(32)	power		power	
	<u>, </u>	17512	24	(dBm)		(dBm)	1
4 4 1 1 1 1 -	1RB	1754.3		23.54	0	22.67	1
1.4 MHz	High (5)	1732.5	24	23.55	0	22.69	1
	- , ,	1710.7	24	23.49	0	22.67	1



	1RB	1754.3	24	23.58	0	22.75	1
	Middle	1732.5	24	23.55	0	22.73	1
	(3)	1710.7	24	23.62	0	22.73	1
		1754.3	24	23.52	0	22.76	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.48	0	22.70	1
	Low (0)	1710.7	24	23.63	0	22.66	1
		1754.3	24	23.46	0	22.66	1
	3RB	1732.5	24	23.49	0	22.58	1
	High (3)	1710.7	24	23.43	0	22.69	1
	3RB	1754.3	24	23.48	0	22.69	1
	Middle	1732.5	24	23.53	0	22.73	1
	(1)	1710.7	24	23.54	0	22.67	1
		1754.3	24	23.49	0	22.64	1
	3RB	1732.5	24	23.48	0	22.70	1
	Low (0)	1710.7	24	23.44	0	22.77	1
		1754.3	24	22.46	1	21.49	2
	6RB	1732.5	24	22.48	1	21.50	2
	(0)	1710.7	24	22.56	1	21.45	2
		1753.5	24	23.56	0	22.63	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.53	0	22.60	1
	High (14)	1711.5	24	23.67	0	22.70	1
	1RB	1753.5	24	23.56	0	22.64	1
	Middle	1732.5	24	23.59	0	22.68	1
	(7)	1711.5	24	23.64	0	22.78	1
		1753.5	24	23.58	0	22.68	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.62	0	22.72	1
	Low (0)	1711.5	24	23.68	0	22.76	1
		1753.5	24	22.61	1	21.59	2
3 MHz	8RB	1732.5	24	22.56	1	21.52	2
J	High (7)	1711.5	24	22.69	1	21.63	2
	8RB	1753.5	24	22.66	1	21.65	2
	Middle	1732.5	24	22.64	1	21.57	2
	(4)	1711.5	24	22.78	1	21.69	2
		1753.5	24	22.65	1	21.65	2
	8RB	1732.5	24	22.62	1	21.57	2
	Low (0)	1711.5	24	22.71	1	21.69	2
		1753.5	24	22.53	1	21.54	2
	15RB	1732.5	24	22.52	1	21.51	2
	(0)	1711.5	24	22.59	1	21.62	2
		1752.5	24	23.55	0	22.80	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.48	0	22.73	1
	High (24)	1712.5	24	23.59	0	22.83	1
	1RB	1752.5	24	23.61	0	22.83	1
5 MHz	Middle	1732.5	24	23.58	0	22.82	1
J 1711 12	(12)	1712.5	24	23.59	0	22.84	1
	1	1752.5	24	23.68	0	22.88	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.61	0	22.75	1
	Low (0)						
	2011 (0)	1712.5	24	23.66	0	22.85	1



	4000	1752.5	24	22.54	1	21.60	2
	12RB	1732.5	24	22.52	1	21.58	2
	High (13)	1712.5	24	22.58	1	21.63	2
	12RB	1752.5	24	22.59	1	21.62	2
	Middle	1732.5	24	22.55	1	21.58	2
	(6)	1712.5	24	22.61	1	21.68	2
		1752.5	24	22.66	1	21.70	2
	12RB	1732.5	24	22.57	1	21.62	2
	Low (0)	1712.5	24	22.72	1	21.81	2
		1752.5	24	22.69	1	21.65	2
	25RB	1732.5	24	22.57	1	21.57	2
	(0)	1712.5	24	22.71	1	21.69	2
		1750	24	23.58	0	22.77	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.53	0	22.69	1
	High (49)	1715	24	23.66	0	22.73	1
	1RB	1750	24	23.59	0	22.68	1
	Middle	1732.5	24	23.49	0	22.60	1
	(24)	1715	24	23.55	0	22.59	1
	1RB Low (0)	1750	24	23.63	0	22.73	1
		1732.5	24	23.58	0	22.66	1
		1715	24	23.71	0	22.81	1
		1750	24	22.62	1	21.51	2
10 MHz		1732.5	24	22.54	1	21.49	2
		1715	24	22.69	1	21.55	2
	25RB	1750	24	22.61	1	21.63	2
	Middle	1732.5	24	22.48	1	21.52	2
	(12)	1715	24	22.56	1	21.59	2
		1750	24	22.52	1	21.49	2
	25RB	1732.5	24	22.47	1	21.47	2
	Low (0)	1715	24	22.51	1	21.48	2
		1750	24	22.59	1	21.62	2
	50RB	1732.5	24	22.46	1	21.55	2
	(0)	1715	24	22.52	1	21.48	2
		1747.5	24	23.79	0	22.95	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.62	0	22.76	1
	High (74)	1717.5	24	23.68	0	22.81	1
	1RB	1747.5	24	23.51	0	22.61	1
	Middle	1732.5	24	23.44	0	22.54	1
	(37)	1717.5	24	23.48	0	22.45	1
		1747.5	24	23.75	0	22.90	1
15 MHz	1RB	1732.5	24	23.61	0	22.75	1
	Low (0)	1717.5	24	23.71	0	22.91	1
		1747.5	24	22.53	1	21.58	2
	36RB	1732.5	24	22.45	1	21.49	2
i	High (38)	1717.5	24	22.49	1	21.55	2
					i		
	36RB	1747.5	24	22.54	1	21.61	2
	36RB Middle	+	24 24	22.54 22.42	1	21.61 21.51	2



Bandwidth	DD . "	Frequency	Target	Actual		Actual	
	RB allocation		Max.	QPSk	(16QAI	Л
			Band 5				
		1720	24	22.36	1	21.62	2
	(0)	1732.5	24	22.36	1	21.57	2
	100RB	1745	24	22.62	1	21.66	2
	2017 (0)	1720	24	22.41	1	21.56	2
	Low (0)	1732.5	24	22.32	1	21.51	2
	50RB	1745	24	22.55	1	21.62	2
	(25)	1720	24	22.44	1	21.55	2
	Middle	1732.5	24	22.49	1	21.58	2
	50RB	1745	24	22.60	1	21.71	2
	High (50)	1720	24	22.46	1	21.33	2
20 MHz	50RB	1732.5	24	22.49	1	21.35	2
		1745	24	22.61	1	21.58	2
	Low (0)	1720	24	23.58	0	22.77	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.55	0	22.81	1
		1745	24	23.62	0	22.89	1
	(50)	1720	24	23.47	0	22.61	1
	Middle	1732.5	24	23.49	0	22.53	1
	1RB	1745	24	23.61	0	22.78	1
	High (99)	1720	24	23.43	0	22.39	1
	1RB	1732.5	24	23.46	0	22.52	1
		1745	24	23.56	0	22.56	1
	(0)	1717.5	24	22.51	1	21.47	2
	75RB	1732.5	24	22.41	1	21.42	2
		1747.5	24	22.56	1	21.65	2
	Low (0)	1717.5	24	22.46	1	21.58	2
	36RB	1732.5	24	22.53 22.44	1	21.62 21.43	2

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB allocation	Frequency (MHz)	Max. Target Power (dBm)	QPSK		16QAM	
	RB offset (Start RB)			Actual output power (dBm)	MPR	Actual output power (dBm)	MPR
	1RB High (5)	848.3	24	23.42	0	22.63	1
		836.5	24	23.25	0	22.28	1
		824.7	24	23.14	0	22.33	1
	1RB Middle (3)	848.3	24	23.40	0	22.78	1
		836.5	24	23.34	0	22.55	1
		824.7	24	23.28	0	22.26	1
	1RB Low (0)	848.3	24	23.47	0	22.62	1
1.4 MHz		836.5	24	23.17	0	22.33	1
		824.7	24	23.23	0	22.29	1
	000	848.3	24	23.37	0	22.60	1
	3RB	836.5	24	23.48	0	22.75	1
	High (3)	824.7	24	23.42	0	22.51	1
	3RB	848.3	24	23.44	0	22.61	1
	Middle (1)	836.5	24	23.52	0	22.68	1
		824.7	24	23.40	0	22.70	1



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	3RB	848.3	24	23.43	0	22.62	1
	6RB (0)	836.5	24	23.40	0	22.68	1
		824.7	24	23.48	0	22.78	1
		848.3	24	22.48	1	21.34	2
		836.5	24	22.57	1	21.80	2
	(-)	824.7	24	22.56	1	21.73	2
	1RB	847.5	24	23.49	0	22.59	1
	High (14)	836.5	24	23.30	0	22.31	1
	1.19.1 (1.1)	825.5	24	23.29	0	22.60	1
	1RB	847.5	24	23.53	0	22.68	1
	Middle	836.5	24	23.36	0	22.29	1
	(7)	825.5	24	23.40	0	22.42	1
	1RB	847.5	24	23.49	0	22.79	1
	Low (0)	836.5	24	23.22	0	22.55	1
	Low (0)	825.5	24	23.34	0	22.54	1
	ODD	847.5	24	22.53	1	21.59	2
3 MHz	8RB - High (7) -	836.5	24	22.41	1	21.43	2
		825.5	24	22.37	1	21.36	2
	8RB	847.5	24	22.51	1	21.63	2
	Middle	836.5	24	22.34	1	21.42	2
	(4)	825.5	24	22.31	1	21.31	2
	255	847.5	24	22.49	1	21.57	2
	8RB	836.5	24	22.32	1	21.39	2
	Low (0)	825.5	24	22.36	1	21.40	2
		847.5	24	22.57	1	21.60	2
	15RB	836.5	24	22.35	1	21.27	2
	(0)	825.5	24	22.33	1	21.25	2
		846.5	24	23.45	0	22.62	1
	1RB	836.5	24	23.28	0	22.47	1
	High (24)	826.5	24	23.52	0	22.61	1
	1RB	846.5	24	23.48	0	22.76	1
	Middle	836.5	24	23.39	0	22.65	1
5 MHz	(12)	826.5	24	23.34	0	22.49	1
	1RB Low (0)	846.5	24	23.56	0	22.78	1
		836.5	24	23.38	0	22.35	1
		826.5	24	23.32	0	22.38	1
	12RB	846.5	24	22.49	1	21.61	2
		836.5	24	22.41	1	21.43	2
	High (13)	826.5	24	22.46	1	21.43	2
	12RB	846.5	24	22.52	1	21.63	2
	Middle	836.5	24	22.47	1	21.53	2
	(6)	826.5	24	22.42	1	21.44	2
	12RB	846.5	24	22.52	1	21.66	2
		836.5	24	22.37	1	21.47	2
	Low (0)	826.5	24	22.45	1	21.42	2
		846.5	24	22.45	1	21.52	2
	25RB	836.5	24	22.43	1	21.36	2
	(0)						
		826.5	24	22.37	1	21.27	2



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	1RB High (49)	844.0	24	23.66	0	22.90	1
		836.5	24	23.44	0	22.63	1
		829.0	24	23.70	0	22.87	1
	1RB	844.0	24	23.50	0	22.71	1
	Middle	836.5	24	23.30	0	22.49	1
	(24)	829.0	24	23.42	0	22.69	1
	1RB	844.0	24	23.62	0	22.80	1
	Low (0)	836.5	24	23.50	0	22.81	1
		829.0	24	23.53	0	22.75	1
	25RB	844.0	24	22.62	1	21.58	2
10 MHz	High (25)	836.5	24	22.44	1	21.52	2
	3 (- /	829.0	24	22.50	1	21.56	2
	25RB	844.0	24	22.58	1	21.53	2
	Middle	836.5	24	22.44	1	21.45	2
	(12)	829.0	24	22.45	1	21.44	2
	25RB	844.0	24	22.39	1	21.43	2
	Low (0)	836.5	24	22.41	1	21.49	2
	2011 (0)	829.0	24	22.43	1	21.36	2
	50RB (0)	844.0	24	22.53	1	21.46	2
		836.5	24	22.44	1	21.48	2
	(0)	829.0	24	22.52	1	21.52	2
			Band 7				
	RB			ODCI	,	1000	
	allocation	Frequency	Max.	QPSK		16QAM	
Bandwidth	RB offset		Target	Actual		Actual	
(MHz)	(Start	(MHz)	Power	output	MPR	output	MPR
	RB)		(dBm)	power (dBm)		power (dBm)	
		2567.5	24	22.39	0	21.85	1
	1RB	2535	24	22.83	0	21.98	1
	High (24)	2502.5	24	22.92	0	22.25	1
	1RB	2567.5	24	22.40	0	21.84	1
	Middle	2535	24	22.70	0	21.95	1
	(12)	2502.5	24	23.00	0	22.04	1
	1RB Low (0)	2567.5	24	22.54	0	21.65	1
		2535	24	22.90	0	22.01	1
		2502.5	24	22.89	0	22.12	1
	12RB High (13)	2567.5	24	21.45	1	20.52	2
5 MHz		2535	24	21.66	1	20.71	2
		2502.5	24	21.75	1	20.84	2
		2567.5	24	21.40	1	20.50	2
	Middle	2535	24	21.53	1	20.68	2
	(6) 12RB Low (0)	2502.5	24	21.65	1	20.75	2
		2567.5	24	21.40	1	20.75	2
		2535	24	21.40	1	20.53	2
		2502.5	24	21.73	1	20.83	2
		2567.5	24	21.73	1	20.39	2
	25RB	2535	24	21.61		20.39	2
	(0)	2502.5	24	21.68	1	20.62	2
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	1RB	2565	24	22.78	0	21.74	1
	High (49)	2535	24	23.16	0	22.24	1
	3 ()	2505	24	23.13	0	22.35	1
	1RB	2565	24	22.59	0	21.74	1
	Middle	2535	24	22.96	0	21.99	1
	(24)	2505	24	23.11	0	22.07	1
	1RB	2565	24	22.94	0	22.13	1
	Low (0)	2535	24	23.19	0	22.34	1
	2011 (0)	2505	24	23.27	0	22.47	1
	25RB	2565	24	21.60	1	20.69	2
10 MHz	High (25)	2535	24	22.03	1	21.06	2
	111911 (20)	2505	24	21.93	1	20.96	2
	25RB	2565	24	21.71	1	20.74	2
	Middle	2535	24	22.02	1	21.07	2
	(12)	2505	24	22.01	1	21.11	2
	OEDD	2565	24	21.58	1	20.60	2
	25RB Low (0)	2535	24	21.88	1	20.90	2
	LOW (0)	2505	24	22.00	1	21.12	2
	5000	2565	24	21.70	1	20.72	2
	50RB	2535	24	21.93	1	20.95	2
	(0)	2505	24	21.99	1	21.00	2
	455	2562.5	24	22.53	0	22.05	1
	1RB	2535	24	22.79	0	22.37	1
	High (74)	2507.5	24	22.88	0	22.01	1
	1RB	2562.5	24	22.40	0	21.88	1
	Middle	2535	24	22.67	0	22.36	1
	(37)	2507.5	24	22.72	0	21.97	1
		2562.5	24	22.70	0	22.09	1
	1RB	2535	24	23.11	0	22.42	1
	Low (0)	2507.5	24	23.05	0	22.17	1
	36RB High (38)	2562.5	24	21.45	1	20.53	2
15 MHz		2535	24	21.75	1	20.87	2
		2507.5	24	21.82	1	20.90	2
	36RB	2562.5	24	21.55	1	20.63	2
	Middle	2535	24	21.85	1	20.92	2
	(19)	2507.5	24	21.87	1	20.93	2
	36RB	2562.5	24	21.55	1	20.60	2
		2535	24	21.79	1	20.90	2
	Low (0)	2507.5	24	21.88	1	20.98	2
	75RB (0)	2562.5	24	21.56	1	20.57	2
		2535	24	21.80	1	20.83	2
		2507.5	24	21.90	1	20.85	2
	1RB High (99)	2560	24	22.68	0	21.90	1
		2535	24	23.00	0	22.14	1
20 MHz		2510	24	23.02	0	22.19	1
	1RB Middle (50)	2560	24	22.62	0	21.88	1
		2535	24	22.75	0	21.91	1
		2510	24	22.89	0	22.16	1
		2310	44	22.09	0	22.10	'