

FCC Part 15 Subpart B&C §15.247

RSS-210 ISSUE No. :8

Test Report

Equipment Under Test	Wireless Speaker System
Model Name	XW-LF3-K
Variant model name	XW-LF3-T, XW-LF1-W, XW-LF1-L
Applicant	Pioneer Home Electronics Corporation
FCC ID	2ACDWT002
IC	775F-T002
Manufacturer	Inkel Corporation.
Date of Test(s)	2014. 04. 21 ~ 2013. 05. 13
Date of Issue	2014. 05. 14

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Issue to	Issue by
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Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Description	Revised by
--	May 14, 2014	Initial	--

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1. Attestation of test results

1.1. Details of applicant

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 212-0031, Japan
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Fax : +81-44-580-4016

1.2. Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer : Inkel Corporation
Address : 93, Cheongjung-ro, Bupyeong-Gu, Incheon, 403-853, Korea
Telephone : + 82-32-650-6141
Fax : + 82-32-650-6466

1.3. Factory Information

Factory 1 : Dongguan Inkel Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address : Shang qiao Industrial Road No.36, Dongcheng District, Dongguan City,
 Guangdong Province, 523111, People's Republic of China.

Factory2 : Inkel Viet Nam Co.,Ltd.
Address : Block 26, Quang Minh Industrial Zone, Quang Minh Town, Me Linh District,
 Hanoi City, 100000, Vietnam.

1.3. Summary of test results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications;

Section in FCC part 15	Section in RSS-Gen, RSS-210	Description	Result
§15.205(a) §15.209 §15.247(d)	A8.5	Transmitter radiated spurious emissions, Conducted spurious emission	C
§15.109(a)	RSS-Gen 6	Receiver radiated spurious emission	C
§15.247(a)(1)	A8.1(1)	20 dB bandwidth and 99 % bandwidth	C
§15.247(b)(1)	A8.4(2)	Maximum peak output power	C
§15.247(a)(1)	A8.1(2)	Frequency separation	C
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	A8.1(4)	Number of hopping frequency	C
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	A8.1(4)	Time of occupancy(Dwell time)	C
§15.247(i) §1.1307(b)(1)	RSS-Gen 5.5 RSS-102	RF exposure evaluation	C

The sample was tested according to the following specification:

FCC Parts 15.247; ANSI C-63.4-2009

FCC Public Notice DA 00-705

RSS-210 and ISSUE No.: 8 Date: 2010

TEST SITE REGISTRATION NUMBER:

FCC(670686) , IC(6432B-1)

* Abbreviation

- C Complied
- N/A Not applicable
- F Fail

Approval Signatories

Test and Report Completed by :	Report Approval by :
Jungmoo Her Test Engineer MOVON CORPORATION	Issac Jin Technical Manager MOVON CORPORATION

2. EUT Description

Kind of product	Wireless Speaker System
Model Name	XW-LF3-K
Variant model name	XW-LF3-T, XW-LF1-K, XW-LF1-W, XW-LF1-L
Power supply	DC 5.2 V
Frequency range	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
Modulation technique	GFSK
Number of channels	79
Antenna gain	3.8 dB i (Max.)
TEST SITE REGISTRATION NUMBER	FCC(670686) , IC(6432B-1)

2.1. Declarations by the manufacturer

None

2.2. Details of modification

None

3. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

3.1. Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

3.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The nominal hop rate is 1 600 hops/s.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:
40,21,44,23,42,53,46,55,48,33,52,35,50,65,54...

Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



4. Measurement equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial number	Calibration Interval	Calibration due.
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB26	100196/026	1 year	2014-12-14
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR27	100089	1 year	2014-12-13
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV-40	100832	1 year	2014-10-04
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41290645	1 year	2014-10-04
Power Sensor	Agilent	9327A	US40441490	1 year	2014-10-04
Double Redge Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100236	2 year	2015-02-28
HORN ANTENNA	A.H.SYSTEMS	SAS-572	269	2 year	2015.09.06
HORN ANTENNA	A.H.SYSTEMS	SAS-572	270	2 year	2015.09.06
Ultra Broadband Antenna	R&S	HL562	100170	1 year	2014-12-13
Power Amplifier	MITEQ	AM-1431	1497315	1 year	2014-10-04
Power Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS43-01002600	1374382	1 year	2014-10-04
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK3.0/18G-10SS	508	1 year	2014-10-04
DC Power Supply	HP	6674A	3637A01351	1 year	2014-10-04
Controller	INNCO	CO2000	co200/064/6961003/L	N/A	N/A
Antenna Master	INNCO	MA4000	MA4000/038/6961003/L	N/A	N/A
Loop Antenna	ETS LINDGREN	6502	00118166	2 year	2015-09-27

* Remark;
Support equipment

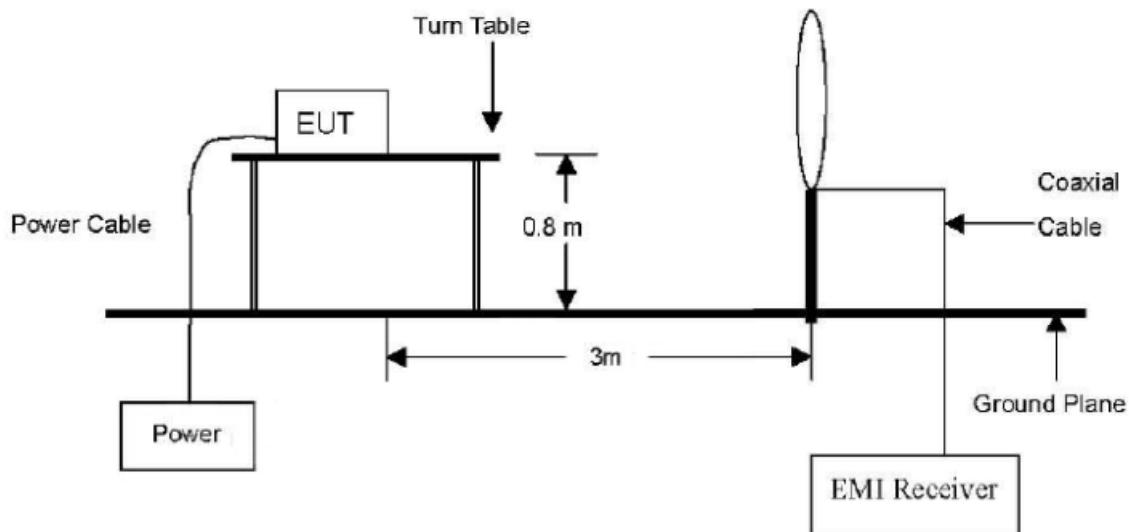
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial number
Notebook computer	DELL	Latitude D510	-

5. Transmitter radiated spurious emissions and conducted spurious emissions

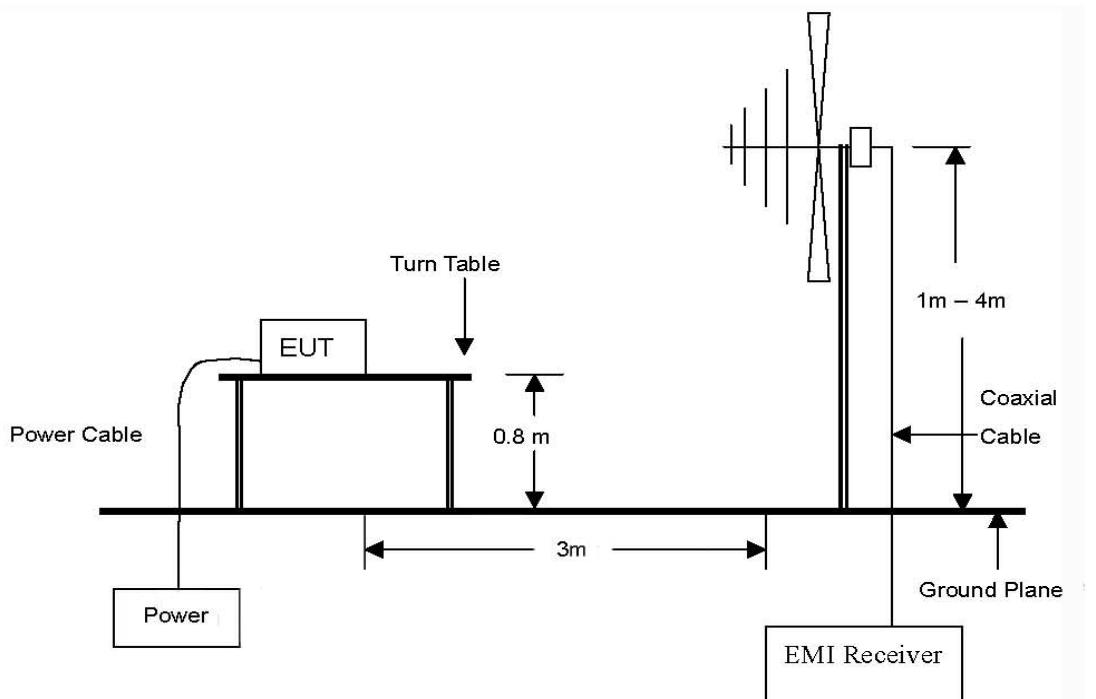
5.1. Test setup

5.1.1. Transmitter radiated spurious emissions

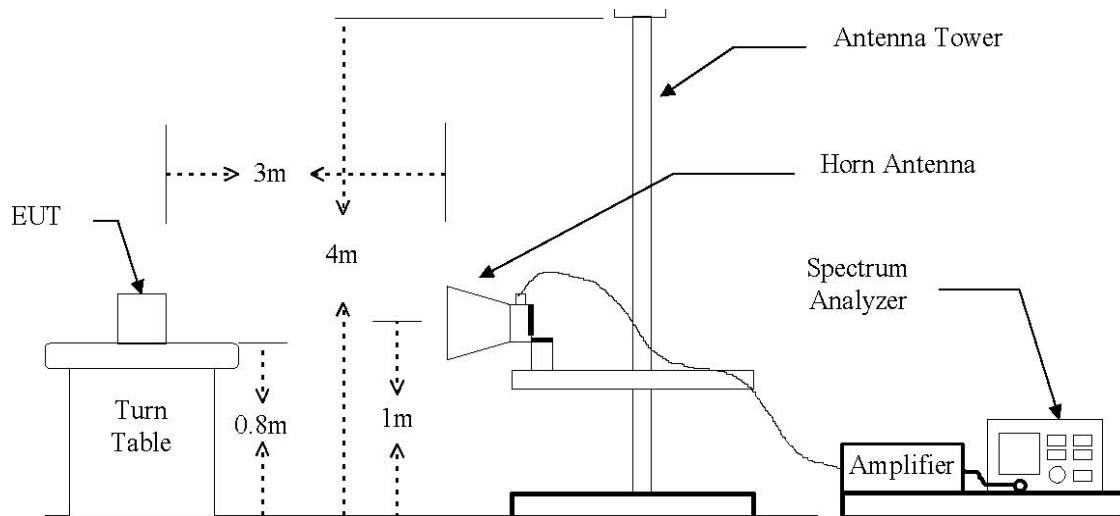
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9kHz to 30MHz Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to 24 GHz emissions.



5.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement , provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval , as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section , the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.109(a), for an intentional radiator devices, the general required of field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values :

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated at 3M (dB μ V/m)	Radiated (μ V/m)
0.009–0.490	300	See the remark	2400/F(kHz)
0.490–1.705	30		24000/F(kHz)
1.705–30.0	30		30
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 – 216	3	43.5	150
216 – 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

*Remark

1. Emission level in dB uV/m = 20 log (uV/m)
2. Measurement was performed at an antenna to the closed point of EUT distance of meters.
3. Distance extrapolation factor = 40log(Specific distance/ test distance) (dB)
Limit line=Specific limits(dB uV) + distance extrapolation factor.

5.3. Test procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.4:2003
In case of the air temperature of the test site is out of the range is 10 to 40°C before the testing
proceeds the warm-up time of EUT maintain adequately

5.3.1. Test procedures for radiated spurious emissions

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

*** Remark;**

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 10 kHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency below 30 MHz
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) or Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
4. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.

5.3.2. Test procedures for conducted spurious emissions

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 100 kHz.

5.4. Test result

Ambient temperature: 24 °C

Relative humidity: 41 % R.H.

5.4.1. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum from 9 kHz to 30 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB. All reading values are peak values.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

Operation mode: GFSK (Adapter mode)

A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

B. Middle channel (2 441 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

* Remark

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$ (dB)
3. Limit line = specific Limits (dB μ V) + Distance extrapolation factor
4. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

Operation mode: GFSK (Battery mode)
A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

B. Middle channel (2 441 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

*** Remark**

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$ (dB)
3. Limit line = specific Limits (dB μ V) + Distance extrapolation factor
4. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

5.4.2. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB. All reading values are peak values.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

Operation mode: GFSK (Adapter mode)

A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
31.92	18.39	Peak	V	17.17	0.54	36.10	40.00	3.90
105.80	13.01	Peak	V	12.78	0.80	26.59	43.50	16.91
131.00	5.87	Peak	V	17.33	0.87	24.07	43.50	19.43
154.40	-1.65	Peak	H	18.08	0.94	17.37	43.50	26.13
168.00	5.94	Peak	V	15.88	0.98	22.80	43.50	20.70
Above 300.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Remark

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)

2. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

B. Middle channel (2 441 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
31.92	18.54	Peak	V	17.17	0.54	36.25	40.00	3.75
105.80	12.77	Peak	V	12.78	0.80	26.35	43.50	17.15
131.00	6.65	Peak	V	17.33	0.87	24.85	43.50	18.65
154.40	0.22	Peak	H	18.08	0.94	19.24	43.50	24.26
168.00	7.09	Peak	V	15.88	0.98	23.95	43.50	19.55
230.00	5.24	Peak	V	13.60	1.12	19.96	46.00	26.04
Above 300.00	Not detected							

C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
31.92	14.33	Peak	V	17.17	0.54	32.04	40.00	7.96
105.80	12.10	Peak	V	12.78	0.80	25.68	43.50	17.82
131.00	4.08	Peak	V	17.33	0.87	22.28	43.50	21.22
154.40	1.15	Peak	H	18.08	0.94	20.17	43.50	23.33
168.00	6.78	Peak	V	15.88	0.98	23.64	43.50	19.86
230.00	8.30	Peak	V	13.60	1.12	23.02	46.00	22.98
Above 300.00	Not detected							

※ Remark

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

Operation mode: GFSK (Battery mode)
A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
51.32	10.55	Peak	V	7.71	0.62	18.88	40.00	21.12
59.12	6.36	Peak	V	5.46	0.64	12.46	40.00	27.54
92.20	6.75	Peak	V	10.00	0.77	17.52	43.50	25.98
142.72	1.81	Peak	V	18.54	0.93	21.28	43.50	22.22
164.00	2.83	Peak	V	16.87	0.97	20.67	43.50	22.83
180.00	1.55	Peak	V	12.92	1.01	15.48	43.50	28.02
Above 200.00								

B. Middle channel (2 441 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
51.32	9.69	Peak	V	7.71	0.62	18.02	40.00	21.98
59.12	6.17	Peak	V	5.46	0.64	12.27	40.00	27.73
92.20	5.84	Peak	V	10.00	0.77	16.61	43.50	26.89
142.72	1.20	Peak	V	18.54	0.93	20.67	43.50	22.83
164.00	3.35	Peak	V	16.87	0.97	21.19	43.50	22.31
180.00	4.83	Peak	V	12.92	1.01	18.76	43.50	24.74
Above 200.00								

*** Remark**

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)

2. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
51.32	12.66	Peak	V	7.71	0.62	20.99	40.00	19.01
59.12	7.11	Peak	V	5.46	0.64	13.21	40.00	26.79
92.20	5.95	Peak	V	10.00	0.77	16.72	43.50	26.78
142.72	2.24	Peak	V	18.54	0.93	21.71	43.50	21.79
164.00	2.06	Peak	V	16.87	0.97	19.90	43.50	23.60
180.00	1.61	Peak	V	12.92	1.01	15.54	43.50	27.96
Above 200.00								

*** Remark**

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL(Cable loss)

2. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

5.4.3. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

Operation mode: GFSK (Adapter mode)

A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
1.850.00	59.66	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	40.58	74.00	33.42
1.850.00	48.43	Average	H	24.57	43.65	29.35	54.00	24.65
1.850.00	59.72	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	40.64	74.00	33.36
1.850.00	49.45	Average	H	24.57	43.65	30.37	54.00	23.63
4 804.00	52.55	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	41.71	74.00	32.29
4 804.00	46.34	Average	H	33.26	44.10	35.50	54.00	18.50
4 804.00	58.20	Peak	V	33.26	44.10	47.36	74.00	26.64
4 804.00	50.60	Average	V	33.26	44.10	39.76	54.00	14.24
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle channel (2 441 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
1 843.00	59.27	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	40.19	74.00	33.81
1 843.00	48.05	Average	H	24.57	43.65	28.97	54.00	25.03
1 843.00	58.56	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	39.48	74.00	34.52
1 843.00	49.11	Average	H	24.57	43.65	30.03	54.00	23.97
4 882.00	50.23	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	39.39	74.00	34.61
4 882.00	45.45	Average	H	33.26	44.10	34.61	54.00	19.39
4 882.00	56.55	Peak	V	7.00	44.10	19.45	74.00	54.55
4 882.00	48.91	Average	V	33.26	44.10	38.07	54.00	15.93
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
1 835.00	54.51	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	35.43	74.00	38.57
1 835.00	45.06	Average	H	24.57	43.65	25.98	54.00	28.02
1 835.00	56.11	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	37.03	74.00	36.97
1 835.00	45.95	Average	H	24.57	43.65	26.87	54.00	27.13
4 960.00	50.33	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	39.49	74.00	34.51
4 960.00	45.77	Average	H	33.26	44.10	34.93	54.00	19.07
4 960.00	55.59	Peak	V	33.26	44.10	44.75	74.00	29.25
4 960.00	46.89	Average	V	33.26	44.10	36.05	54.00	17.95
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*** Remark**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental Frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. 15.31 Measurement standards.

THE AMPLITUDE OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS FROM INTENTIONAL RADIATORS AND EMISSIONS FROM UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS WHICH ARE ATTENUATED MORE THAN 20 DB BELOW THE PERMISSIBLE VALUE NEED NOT BE REPORTED UNLESS SPECIFICALLY REQUIRED ELSEWHERE IN THIS PART.

Operation mode: GFSK (Battery mode)
A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
1.849.00	50.56	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	31.48	74.00	42.52
1.849.00	44.33	Average	H	24.57	43.65	25.25	54.00	28.75
1.849.00	57.71	Peak	V	24.57	43.65	38.63	74.00	35.37
1.849.00	48.34	Average	V	24.57	43.65	29.26	54.00	24.74
4 804.00	55.69	Peak	V	33.26	44.10	44.85	74.00	29.15
4 804.00	46.48	Average	V	33.26	44.10	35.64	54.00	18.36
4 804.00	59.22	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	48.38	74.00	25.62
4 804.00	48.05	Average	H	33.26	44.10	37.21	54.00	16.79
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle channel (2 441 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
1 844.00	51.24	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	32.16	74.00	41.84
1 844.00	44.88	Average	H	24.57	43.65	25.80	54.00	28.20
1 844.00	56.59	Peak	V	24.57	43.65	37.51	74.00	36.49
1 844.00	47.20	Average	V	24.57	43.65	28.12	54.00	25.88
4 881.00	54.53	Peak	V	33.26	44.10	43.69	74.00	30.31
4 881.00	45.01	Average	V	33.26	44.10	34.17	54.00	19.83
4 881.00	56.51	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	45.67	74.00	28.33
4 881.00	47.43	Average	H	33.26	44.10	36.59	54.00	17.41
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
1 835.00	52.21	Peak	H	24.57	43.65	33.13	74.00	40.87
1 835.00	45.85	Average	H	24.57	43.65	26.77	54.00	27.23
1 835.00	56.28	Peak	V	24.57	43.65	37.20	74.00	36.80
1 835.00	48.00	Average	V	24.57	43.65	28.92	54.00	25.08
4 959.00	54.34	Peak	V	33.26	44.10	43.50	74.00	30.50
4 959.00	45.95	Average	V	33.26	44.10	35.11	54.00	18.89
4 959.00	57.70	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	46.86	74.00	27.14
4 959.00	48.06	Average	H	33.26	44.10	37.22	54.00	16.78
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*** Remark**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental Frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. 15.31 Measurement standards.

THE AMPLITUDE OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS FROM INTENTIONAL RADIATORS AND EMISSIONS FROM UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS WHICH ARE ATTENUATED MORE THAN 20 DB BELOW THE PERMISSIBLE VALUE NEED NOT BE REPORTED UNLESS SPECIFICALLY REQUIRED ELSEWHERE IN THIS PART.

5.4.4. Band Edge

Operation mode: GFSK (Adapter mode)

A. 2 310 - 2 390 MHz measurement

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 389.00	46.66	Peak	H	28.86	43.65	31.87	74.00	42.13
2 389.00	40.23	Average	H	28.86	43.65	25.44	54.00	28.56
2 389.00	50.77	Peak	V	28.86	43.65	35.98	74.00	38.02
2 389.00	43.52	Average	V	28.86	43.65	28.73	54.00	25.27

B. 2 483.5 – 2 500 MHz measurement

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 483.50	53.54	Peak	H	28.86	43.65	38.75	74.00	35.25
2 483.50	42.22	Average	H	28.86	43.65	27.43	54.00	26.57
2 483.50	52.98	Peak	V	28.86	43.65	38.19	74.00	35.81
2 483.50	43.06	Average	V	28.86	43.65	28.27	54.00	25.73

Operation mode: GFSK (Battery mode)
A. 2 310 - 2 390 MHz measurement

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 389.00	45.22	Peak	H	28.86	43.65	30.43	74.00	43.57
2 389.00	40.02	Average	H	28.86	43.65	25.23	54.00	28.77
2 389.00	51.54	Peak	V	28.86	43.65	36.75	74.00	37.25
2 389.00	43.41	Average	V	28.86	43.65	28.62	54.00	25.38

B. 2 483.5 – 2 500 MHz measurement

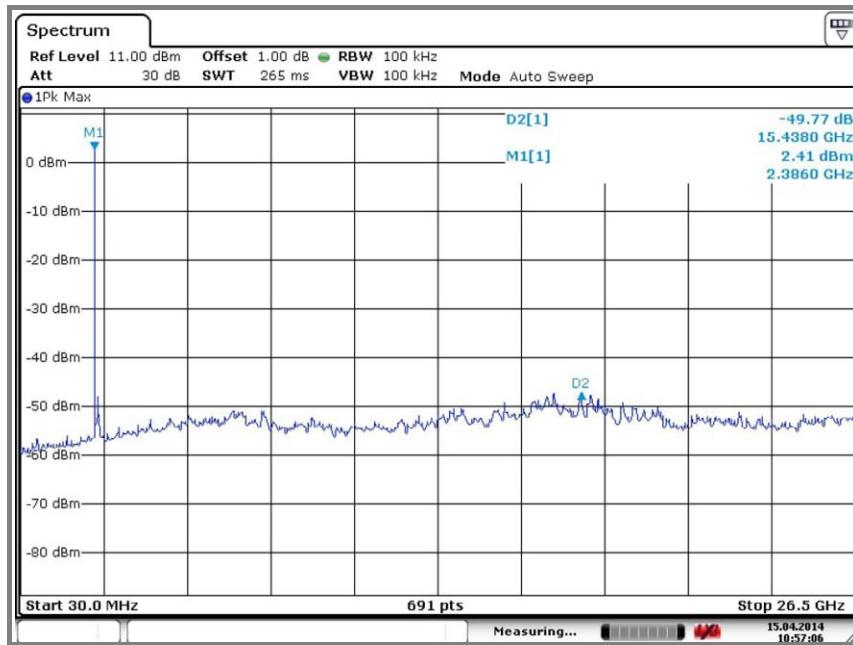
Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 483.50	50.66	Peak	H	28.86	43.65	35.87	74.00	38.13
2 483.50	41.48	Average	H	28.86	43.65	26.69	54.00	27.31
2 483.50	51.72	Peak	V	28.86	43.65	36.93	74.00	37.07
2 483.50	42.61	Average	V	28.86	43.65	27.82	54.00	26.18

5.4.5. Spurious RF conducted emissions: Plot of spurious RF conducted emission

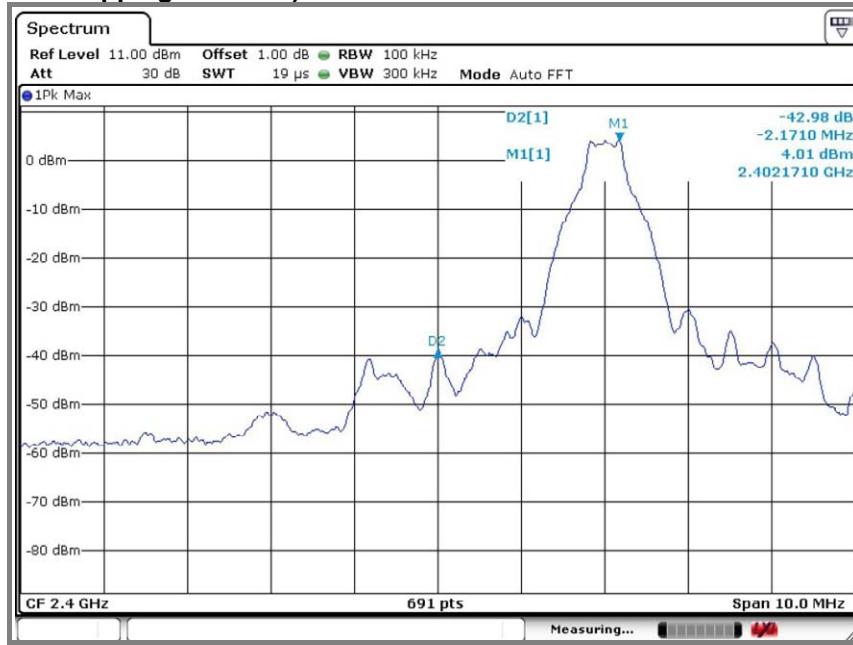
Operation mode: GFSK (Adapter mode)

A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

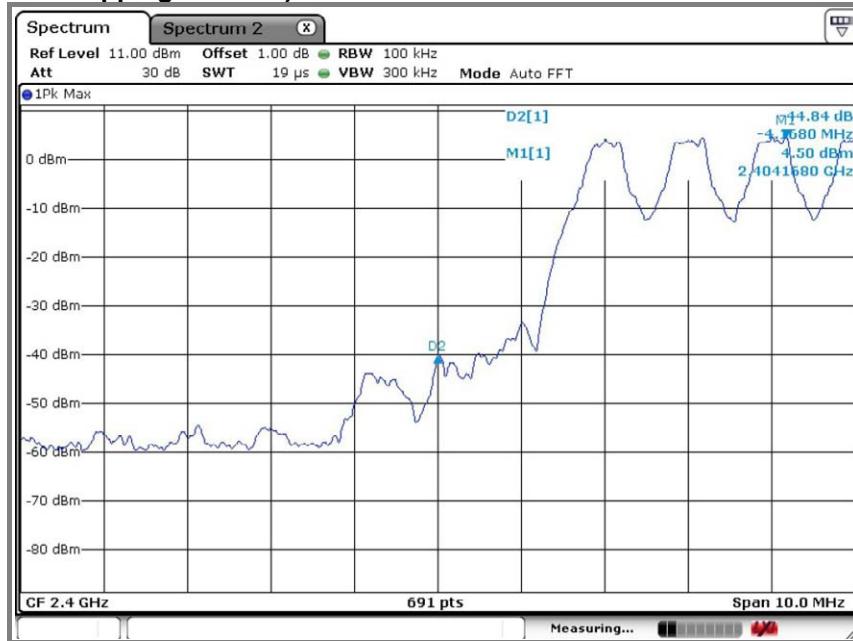
Unwanted Emission data



Band-edge data (With Hopping Disabled)

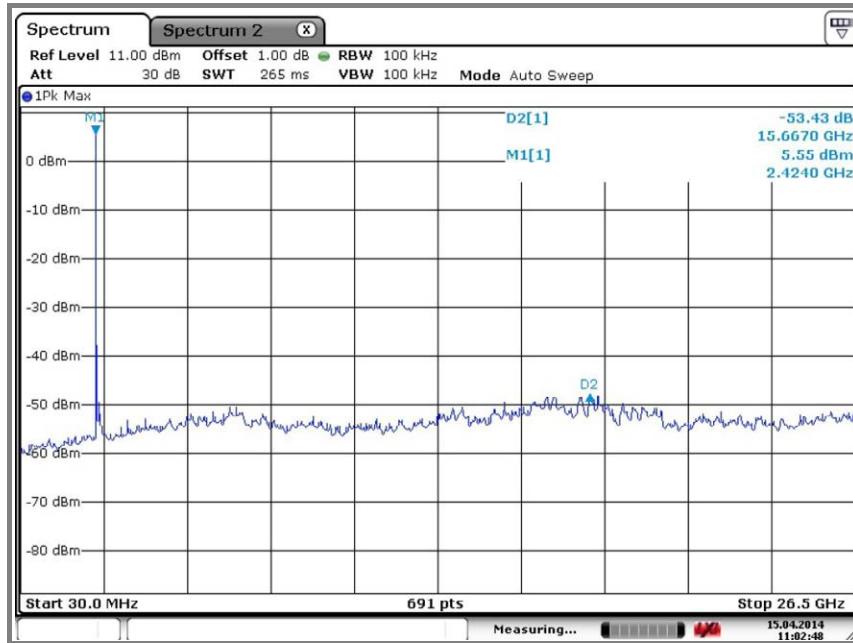


Band-edge data (With Hopping Enabled)



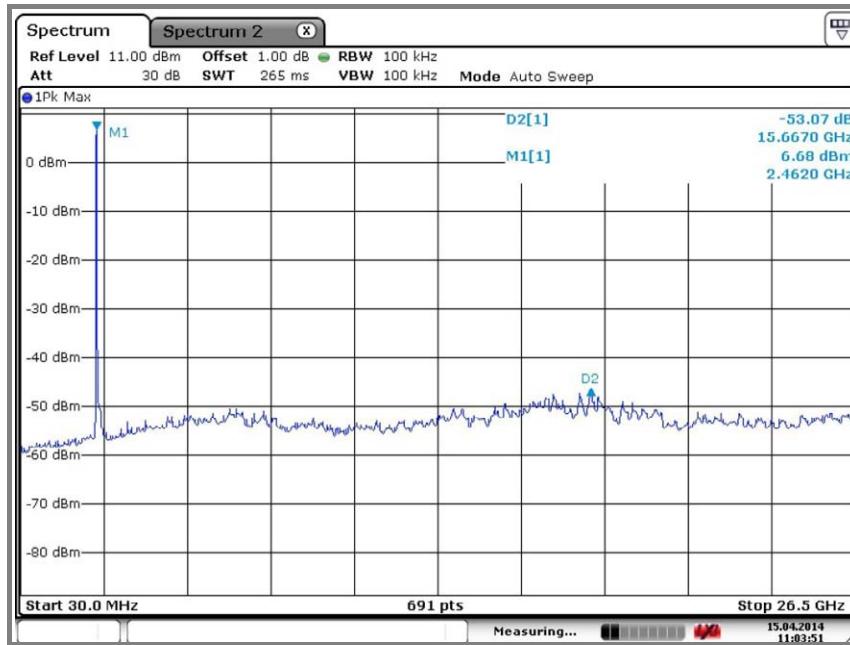
B. Middle channel (2 441 MHz)

Unwanted Emission data

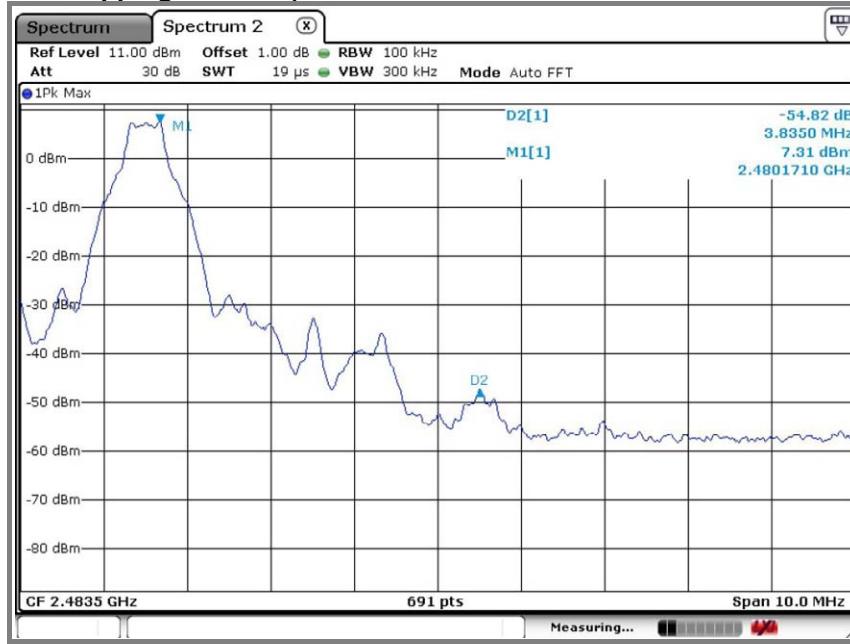


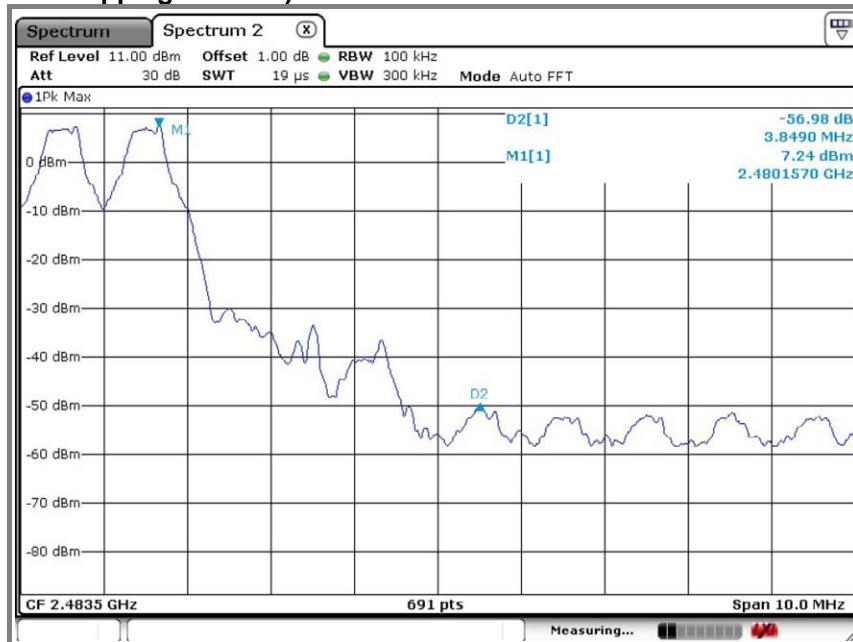
C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Unwanted Emission data



Band-edge data (With Hopping Disabled)

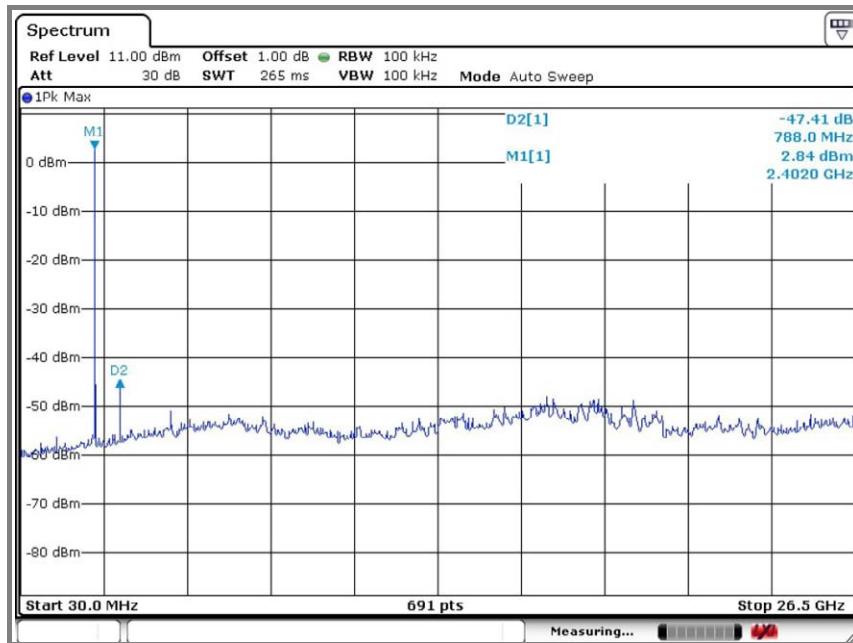


Band-edge data (With Hopping Enabled)

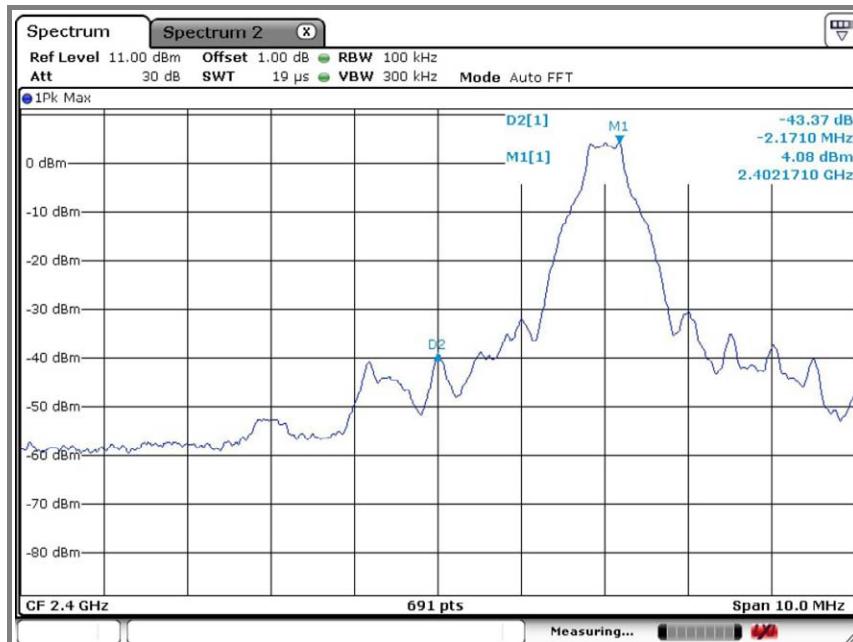
Operation mode: GFSK (Battery mode)

A. Low channel (2.402 MHz)

Unwanted Emission data



Band-edge data (With Hopping Disabled)

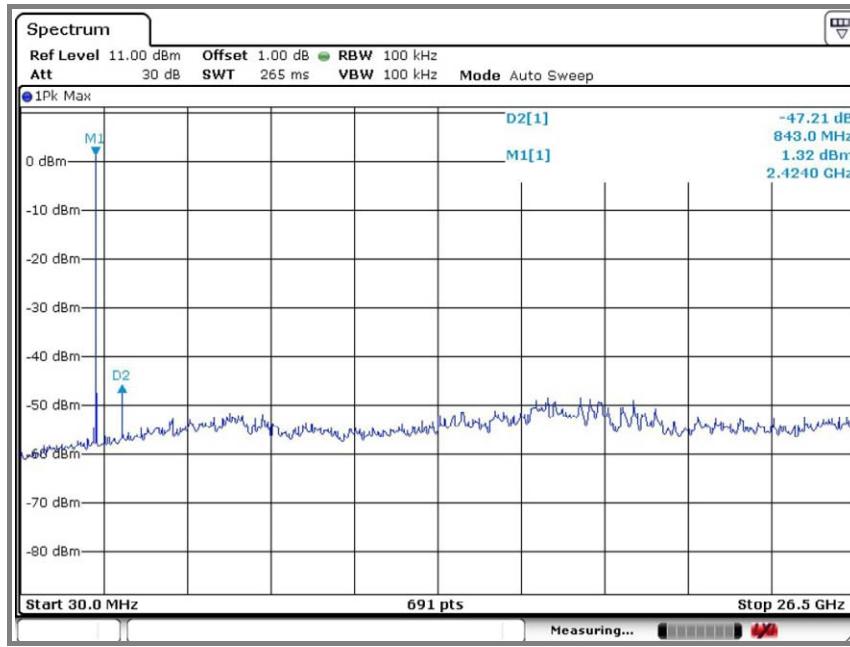


Band-edge data (With Hopping Enabled)



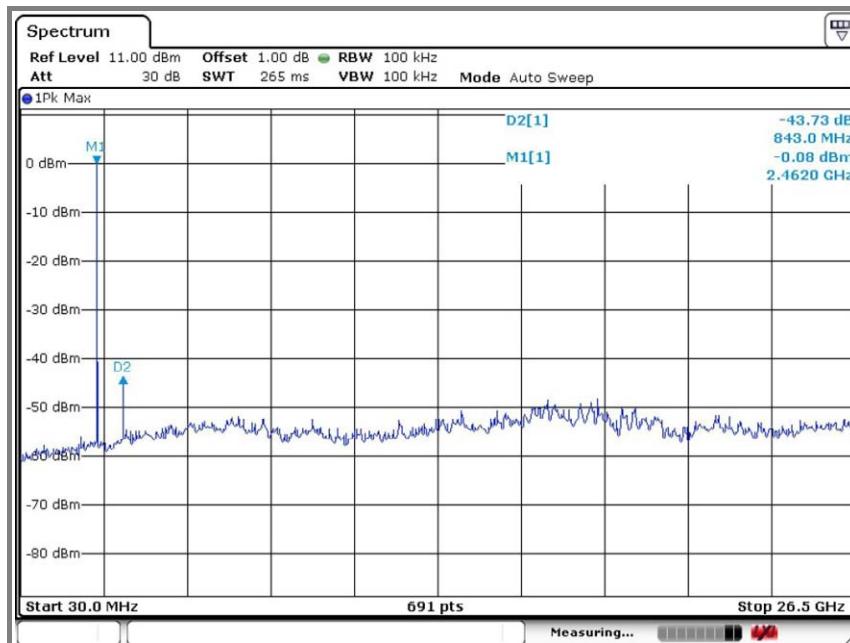
B. Middle channel (2.441 MHz)

Unwanted Emission data

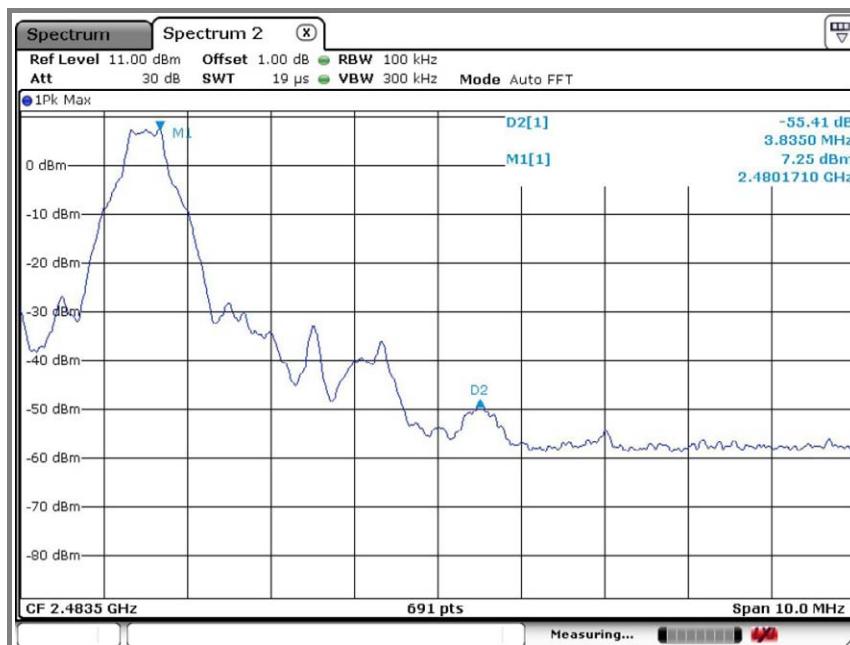


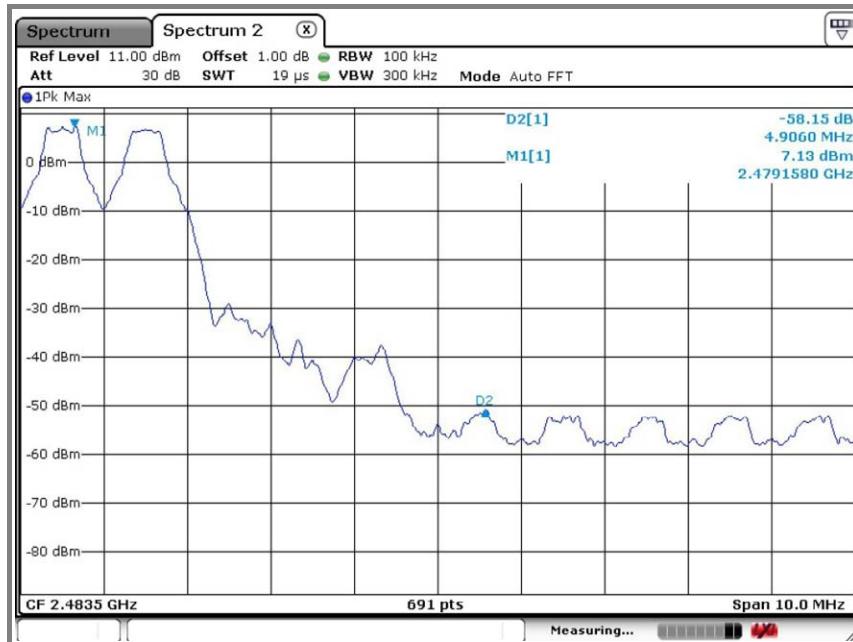
C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Unwanted Emission data



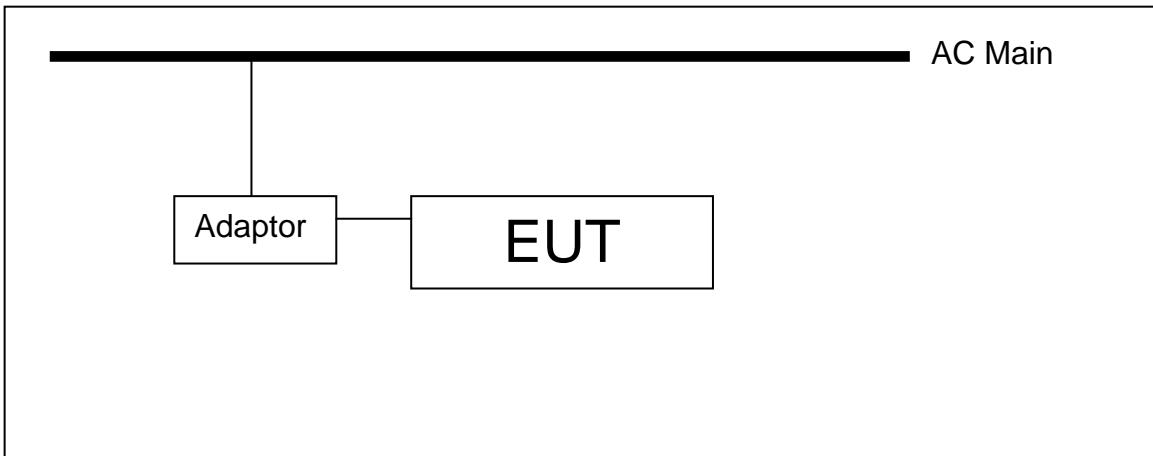
Band-edge data (With Hopping Disabled)



Unwanted Emission data (With Hopping Enabled)

6. Conducted power line test

6.1. Test setup



6.2. Limit

According to §15.107(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/ 50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall be on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

* Remark

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

6.3. Test procedures

The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m x 3.6 m x 3.6 m (L x W x H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m(W) x 1.5 m(L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.

The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

6.4. Test results

Ambient temperature: 24 °C

Relative humidity: 45 % R.H.

Frequency range: 0.15 MHz ~ 30 MHz

Measured bandwidth: 9 kHz

Freq. (MHz)	Line	Q-Peak		
		Level(dB μ N/m)	Limit(dB μ N/m)	Margin(dB)
0.21	L	40.25	63.21	22.96
0.30	L	34.69	60.24	25.55
1.79	N	22.31	56.00	33.69
2.79	L	24.39	56.00	31.61
3.80	L	26.35	56.00	29.65
8.69	L	27.14	60.00	32.86

Freq. (MHz)	Line	Average		
		Level(dB μ N/m)	Limit(dB μ N/m)	Margin(dB)
0.21	L	22.32	53.21	30.89
0.30	L	20.17	50.24	30.07
1.79	N	18.92	46.00	27.08
2.79	L	21.88	46.00	24.12
3.80	L	24.63	46.00	21.37
8.69	L	22.78	50.00	27.22

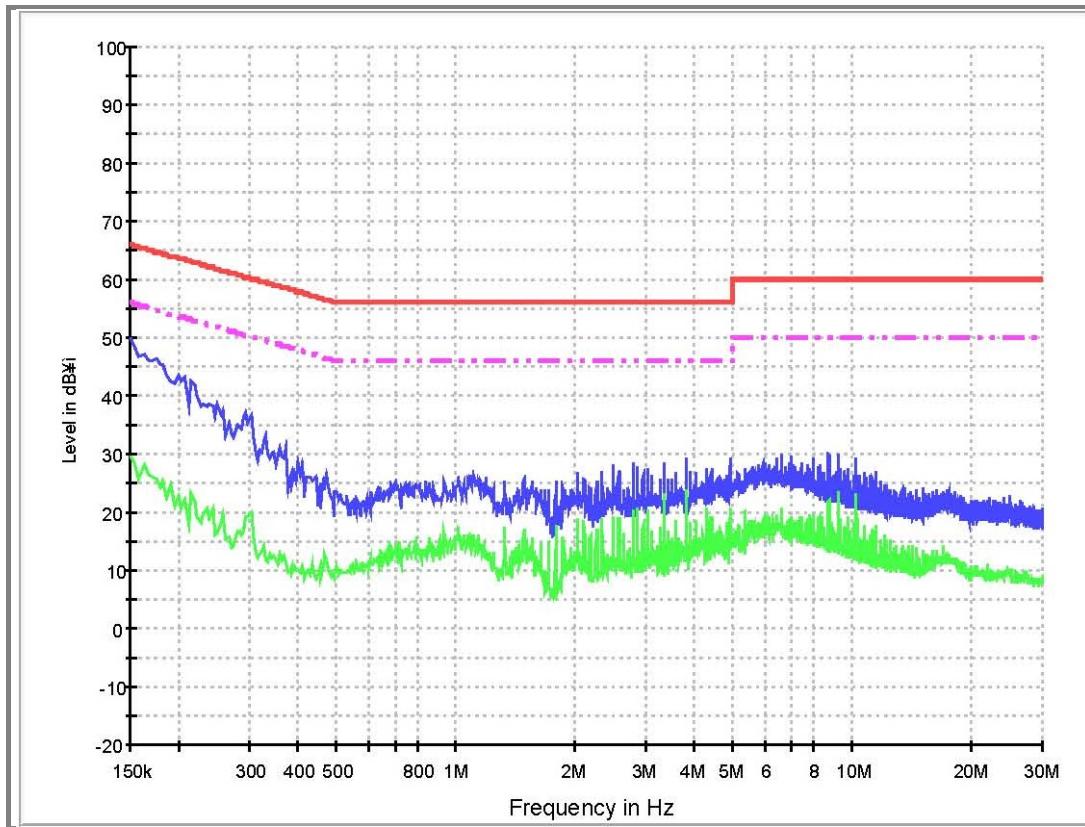
* Remark

Line(H): Hot

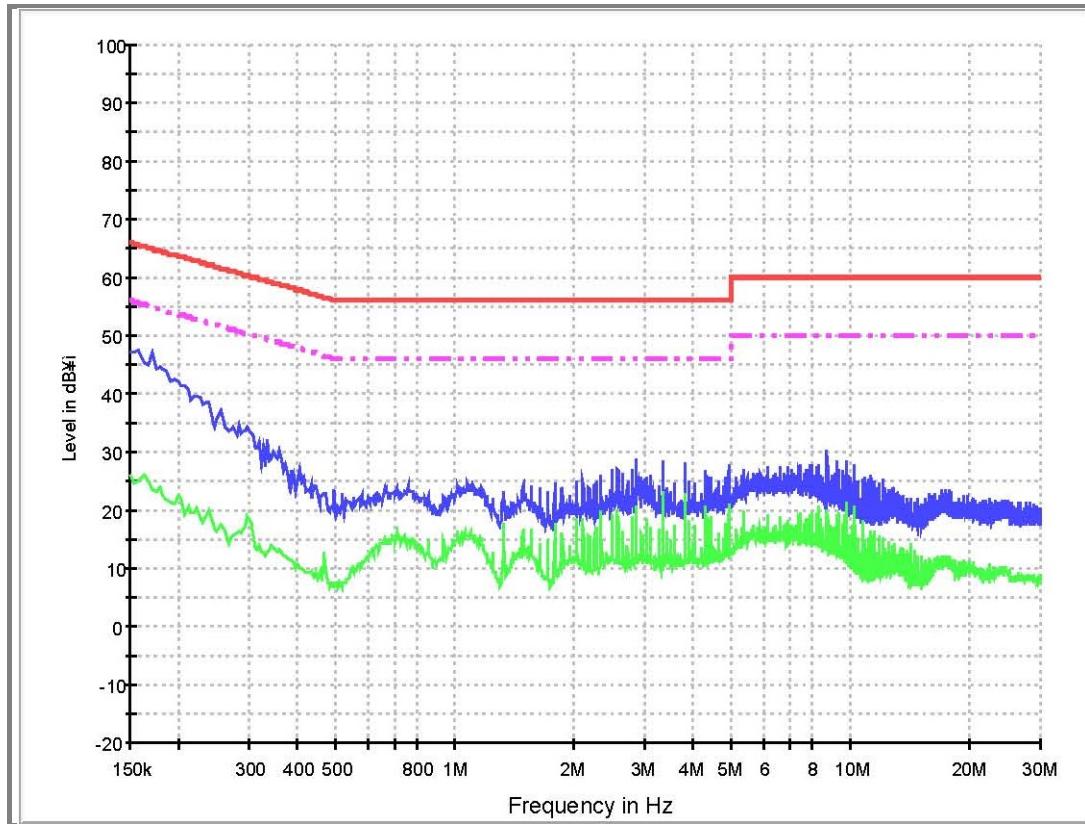
Line(N): Neutral

Plot of conducted power line

Test mode: Hot



Test mode: Neutral



7. Receiver radiated spurious emissions

7.1. Test setup

Same as clause 5.1.

7.1.1. Receiver radiated spurious emissions

Same as clause 5.1.1

7.2. Limit

According to §15.109(a), Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emission from unintentional radiator at a distance of 3 m shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dB μ N/m)	Radiated (μ V/m)
0.009–0.490	300	See the remark	2400/F(kHz)
0.490–1.705	30		24000/F(kHz)
1.705–30.0	30		30
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 – 216	3	43.5	150
216 – 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

7.3. Test procedures

Same as clause 5.3.

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.4:2003
In case of the air temperature of the test site is out of the range is 10 to 40°C before the testing
proceeds the warm-up time of EUT maintain adequately

7.3.1. Test procedures for radiated spurious emissions

Same as Clause 5.3.1.

7.4. Test results

Ambient temperature: 3 °C

Relative humidity: 45 % R.H.

7.4.1. Spurious radiated emission.

The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 30 dB. All reading values are peak values.

A. LOW channel (2 402.0 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 445.00	43.02	Peak	H	28.86	43.65	28.23	74.00	45.77
2 445.00	39.38	Average	H	28.86	43.65	24.59	54.00	29.41
2 445.00	45.55	Peak	V	28.86	43.65	30.76	74.00	43.24
2 445.00	39.96	Average	V	28.86	43.65	25.17	54.00	28.83

B. MID channel (2 441.0 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 455.00	45.41	Peak	H	28.86	43.65	30.62	74.00	43.38
2 455.00	37.83	Average	H	28.86	43.65	23.04	54.00	30.96
2 455.00	48.55	Peak	V	28.86	43.65	33.76	74.00	40.24
2 455.00	40.04	Average	V	28.86	43.65	25.25	54.00	28.75

※ Remark:

Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)

C. High channel (2 480.0 MHz)

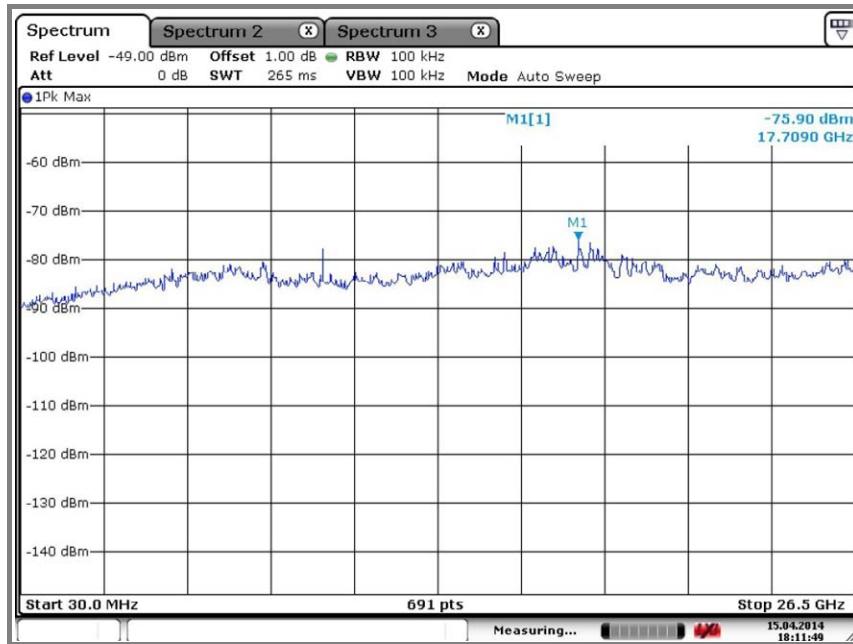
Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 467.00	46.86	Peak	H	28.86	43.65	32.07	74.00	41.93
2 467.00	39.43	Average	H	28.86	43.65	24.64	54.00	29.36
2 467.00	47.72	Peak	V	28.86	43.65	32.93	74.00	41.07
2 467.00	38.78	Average	V	28.86	43.65	23.99	54.00	30.01

*** Remark:**

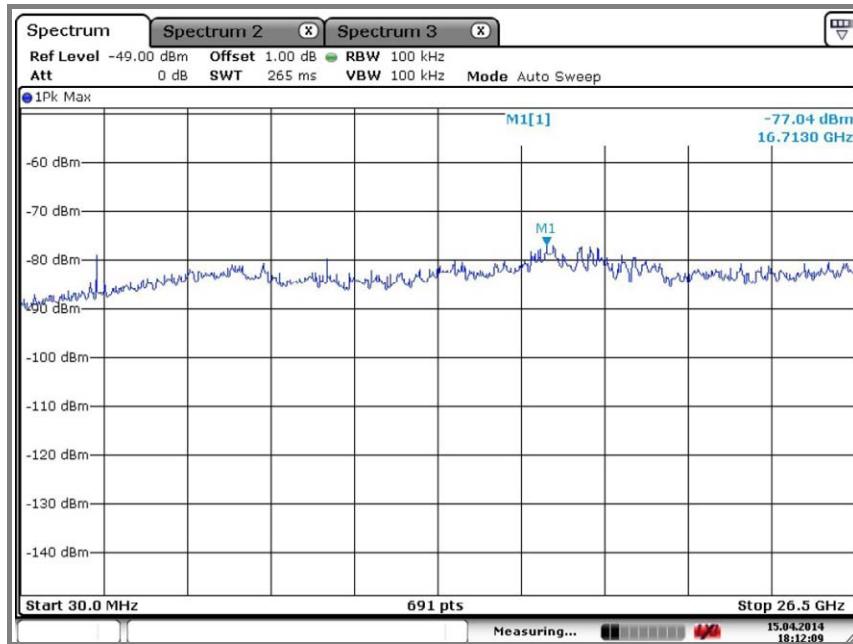
Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)

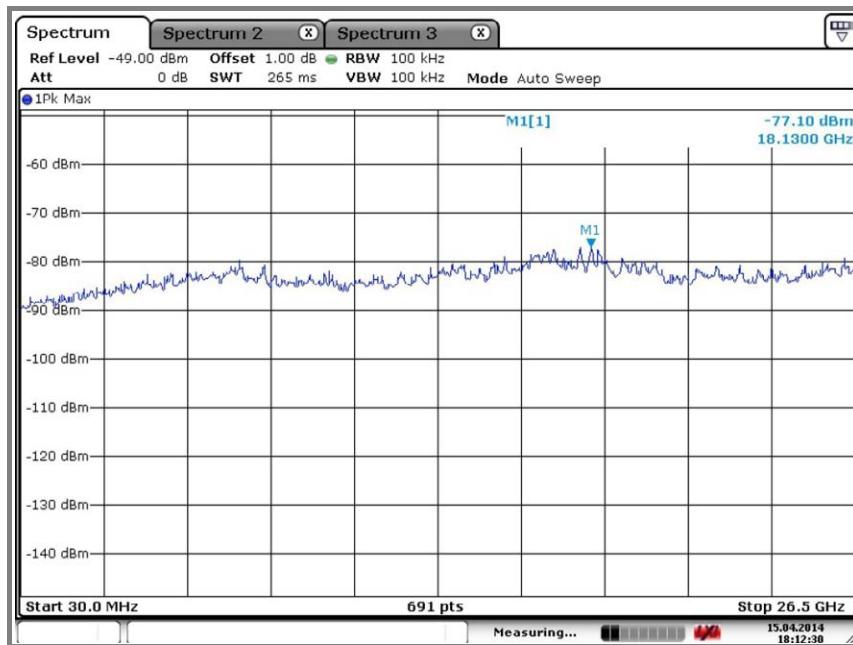
7.4.2. Spurious RF conducted emissions: Plot of spurious RF conducted emission

A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)



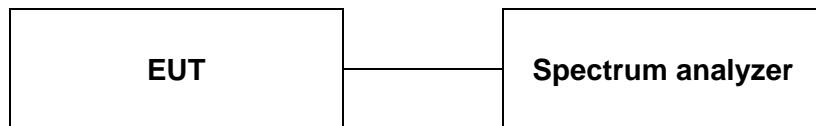
B. Middle channel (2 441 MHz)



C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

8. 20 dB bandwidth measurement & 99 % bandwidth measurement

8.1. Test setup



8.2. Limit

Not applicable

8.3. Test procedure

1. The 20 dB band width was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer. Display Line and Marker Delta functions, the 20 dB band width of the emission was determined.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using $\text{RBW} \geq 10 \text{ kHz}$, $\text{VBW} \geq 10 \text{ kHz}$, $\text{Span} = 5 \text{ MHz}$.

8.4. Test results

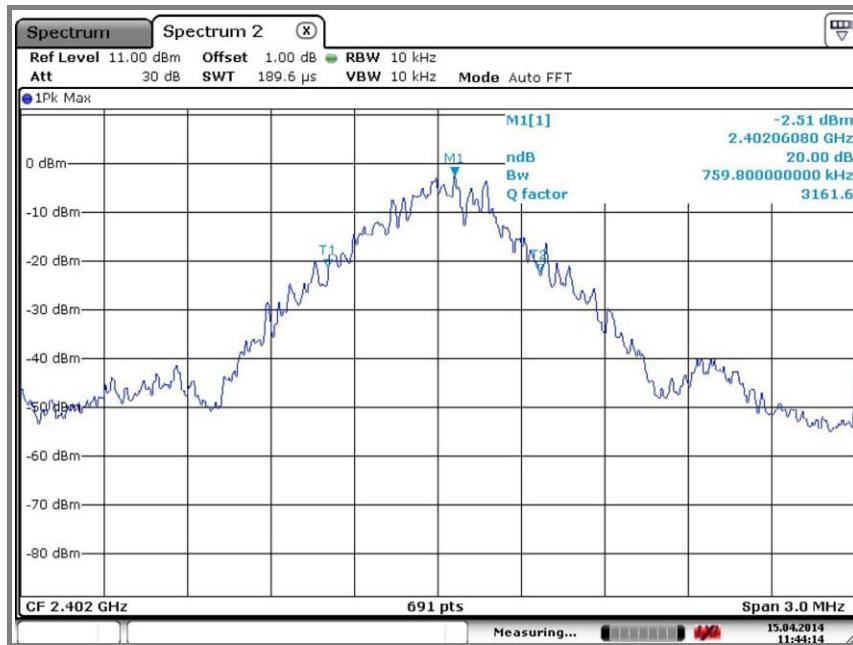
Ambient temperature: 23 °C

Relative humidity: 41 % R.H.

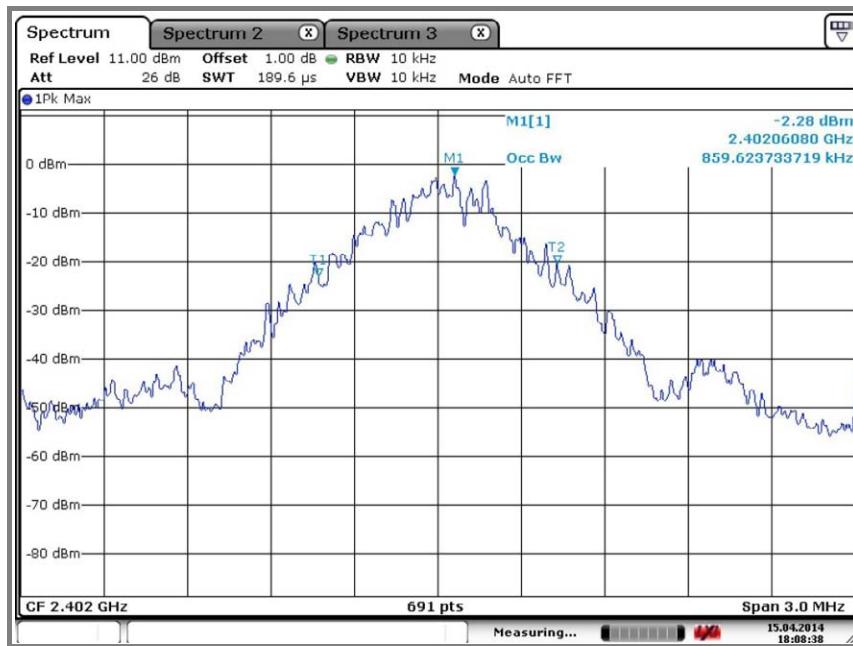
Operation mode	Frequency(MHz)	20 dB bandwidth(MHz)	99 % bandwidth(MHz)
GFSK (Adapter mode)	2 402	0.760	0.860
	2 441	0.760	0.860
	2 480	0.760	0.864
GFSK (Battery mode)	2 402	0.764	0.868
	2 441	0.764	0.873
	2 480	0.764	0.873

Operation mode: GFSK (Adapter mode)

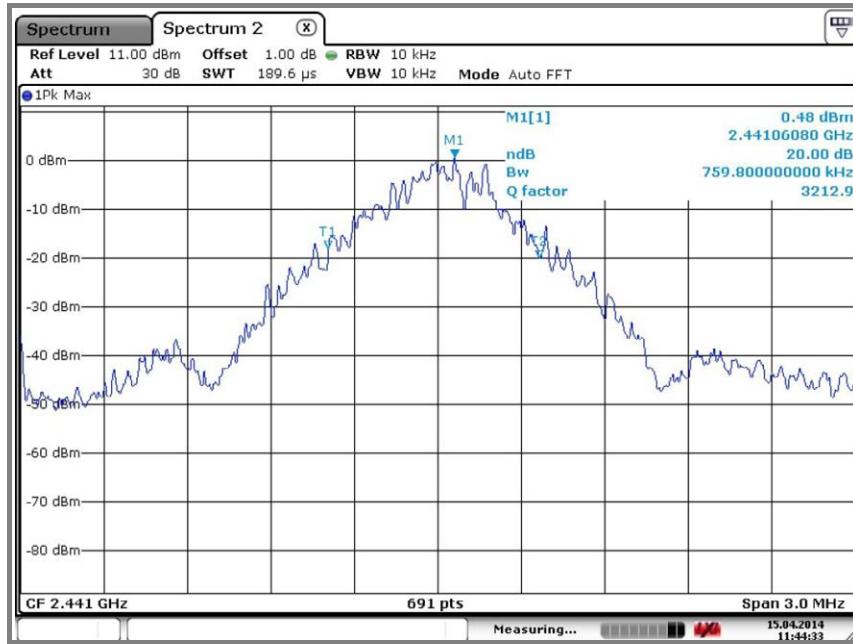
A. Low channel (2.402 MHz) – 20 dB bandwidth



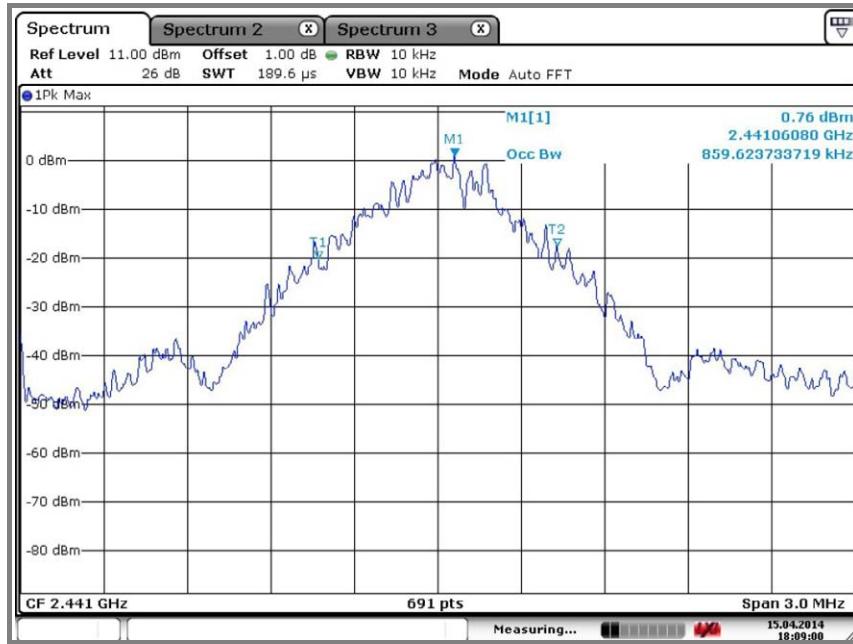
A. Low channel (2.402 MHz) – 99 % bandwidth



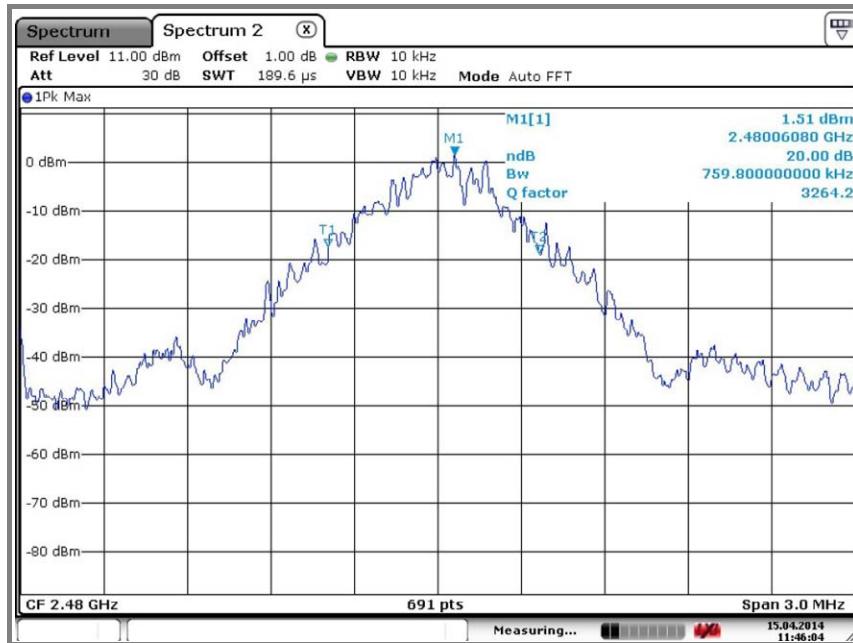
B. Middle channel (2.441 MHz) – 20 dB bandwidth



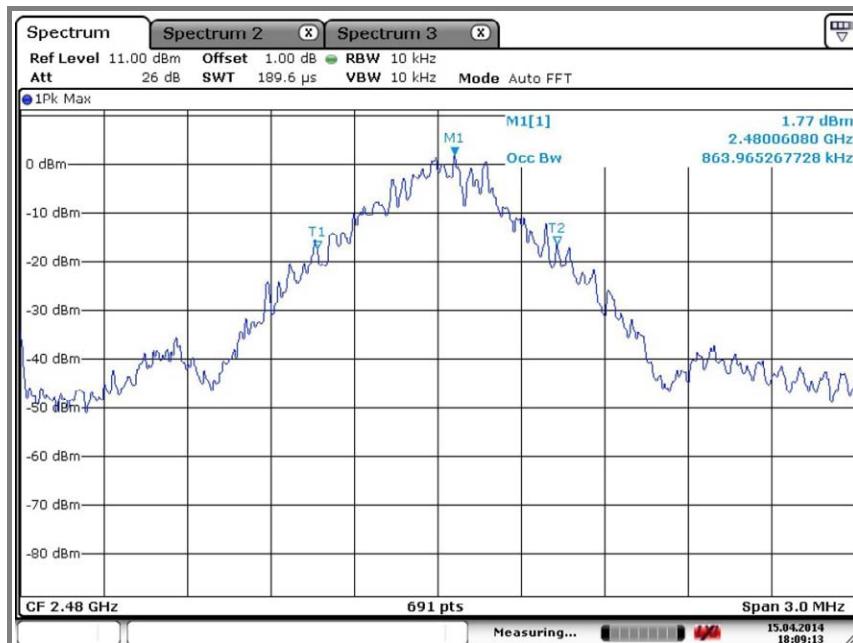
B. Middle channel (2.441 MHz) – 99 % bandwidth



C. High channel (2 480 MHz) – 20 dB bandwidth

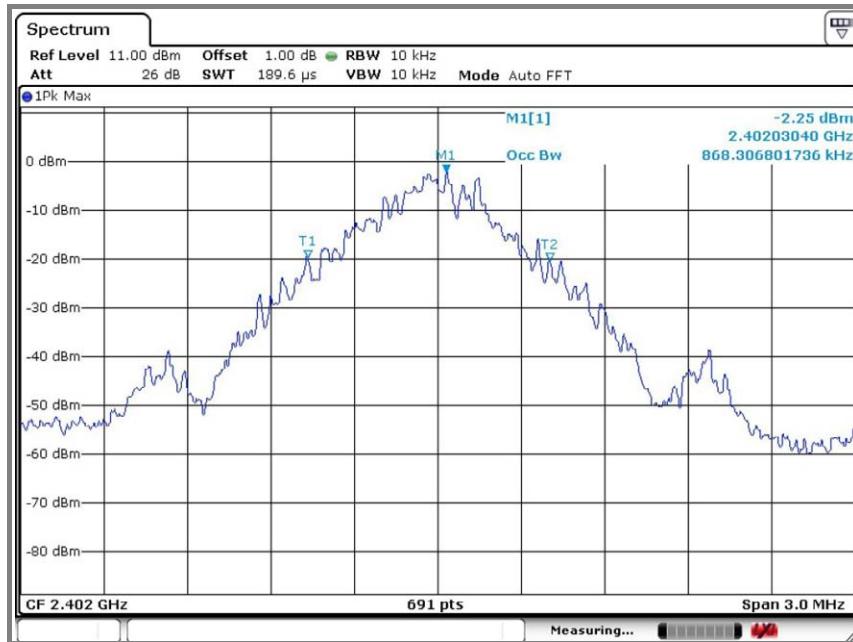
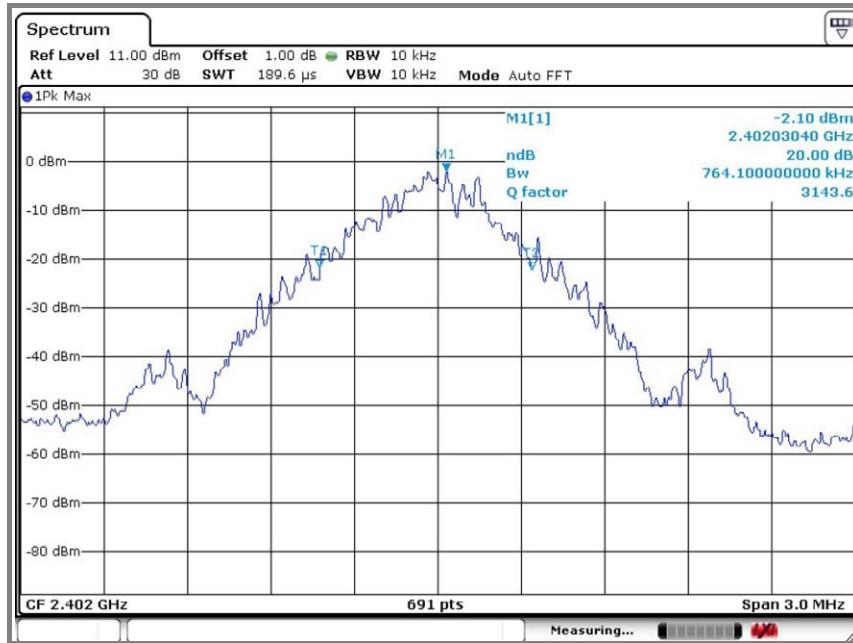


C. High channel (2 480 MHz) – 99 % bandwidth

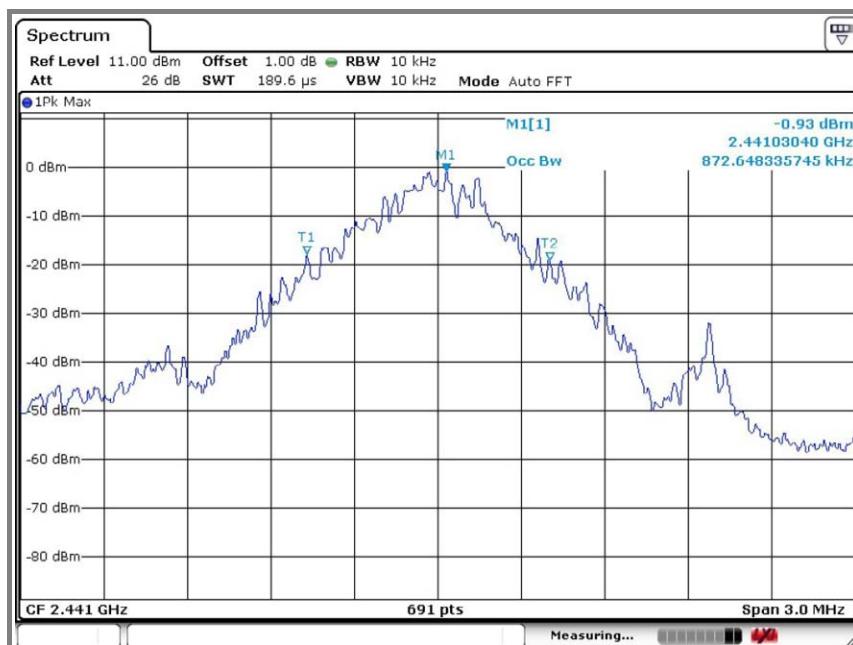
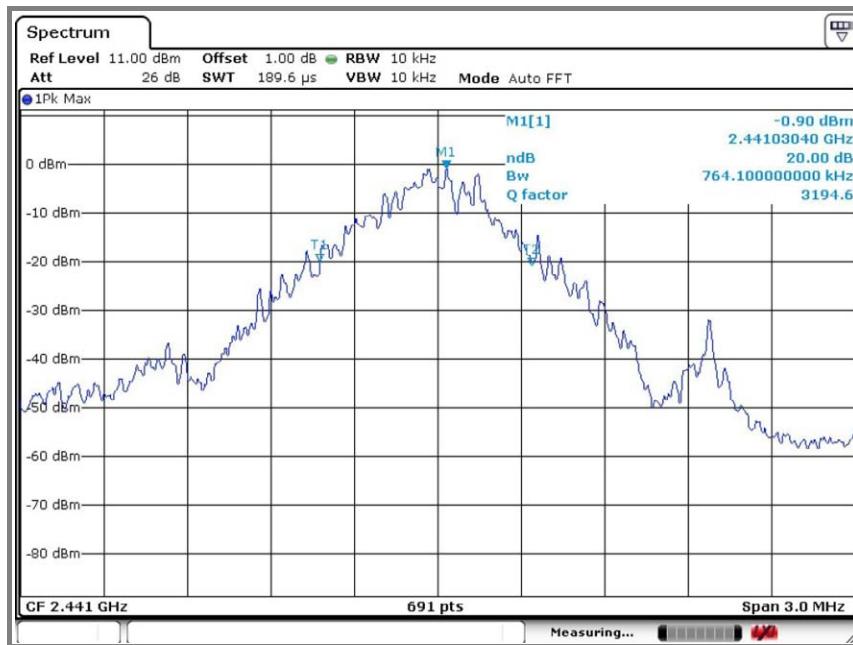


Operation mode: GFSK (Battery mode)

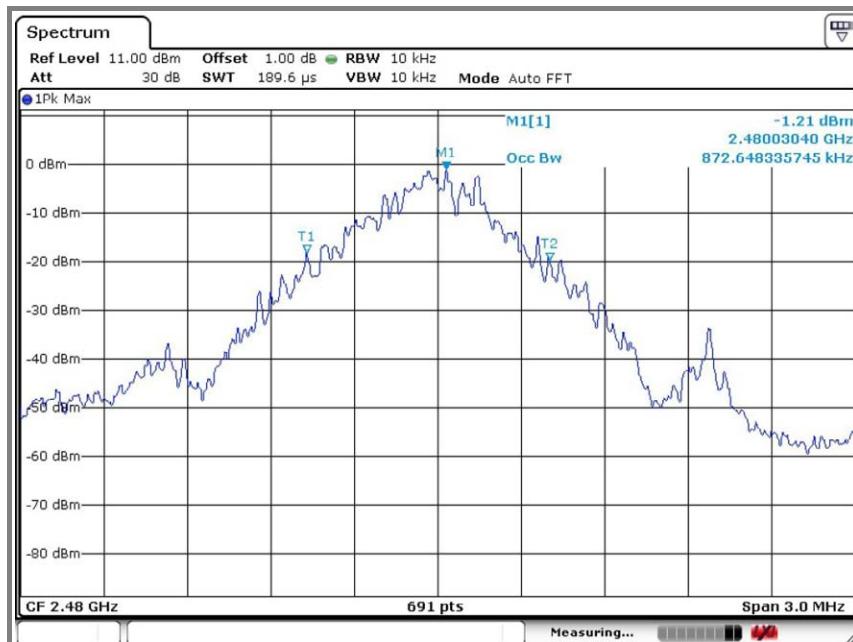
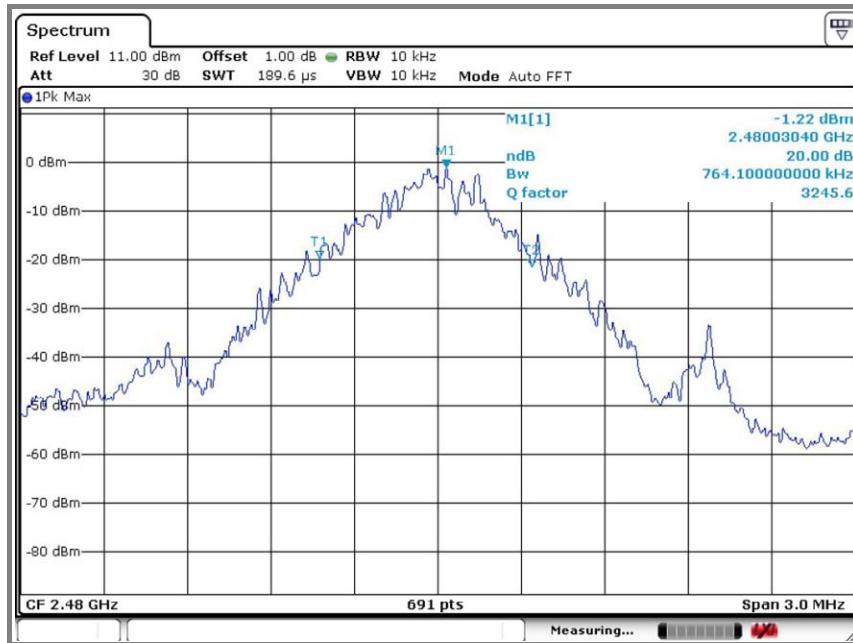
A. Low channel (2.402 MHz)– 20 dB bandwidth & 99 % bandwidth



B. Middle channel (2.441 GHz)– 20 dB bandwidth & 99 % bandwidth

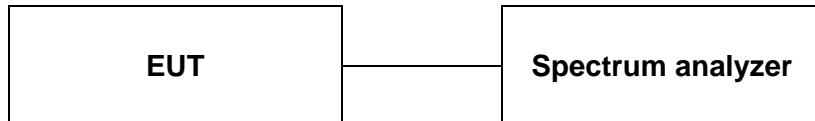


C. High channel (2.480 GHz)– 20 dB bandwidth & 99 % bandwidth



9. Maximum peak output power measurement

9.1. Test setup.



9.2. Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW
2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400 – 2 483.5 MHz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725 – 5 805 MHz band: 1 Watt.

9.3. Test procedure

1. The RF power output was measured with a Spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector(conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using;
Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
RBW ≥ 20 dB BW, VBW ≥ RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

9.4. Test results

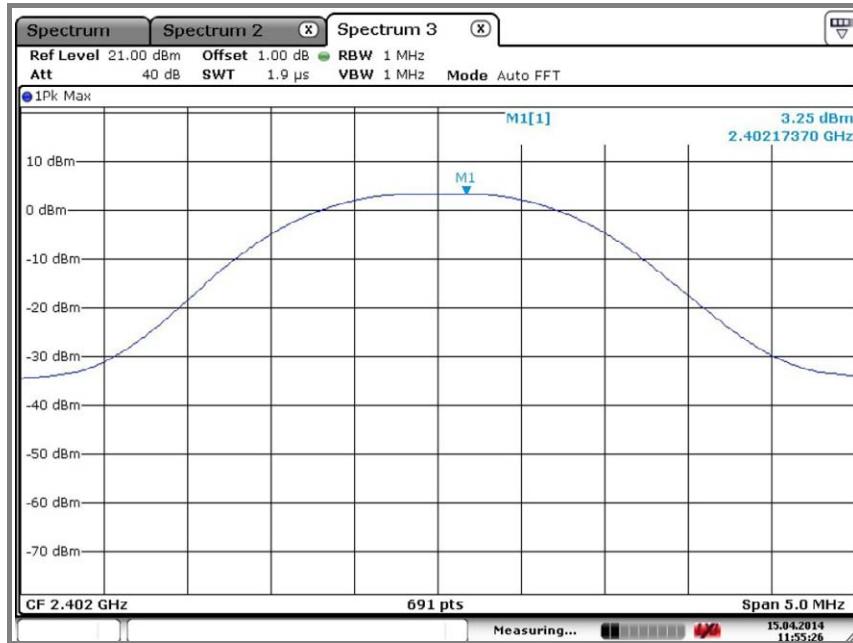
Ambient temperature: 23 °C

Relative humidity: 41 % R.H.

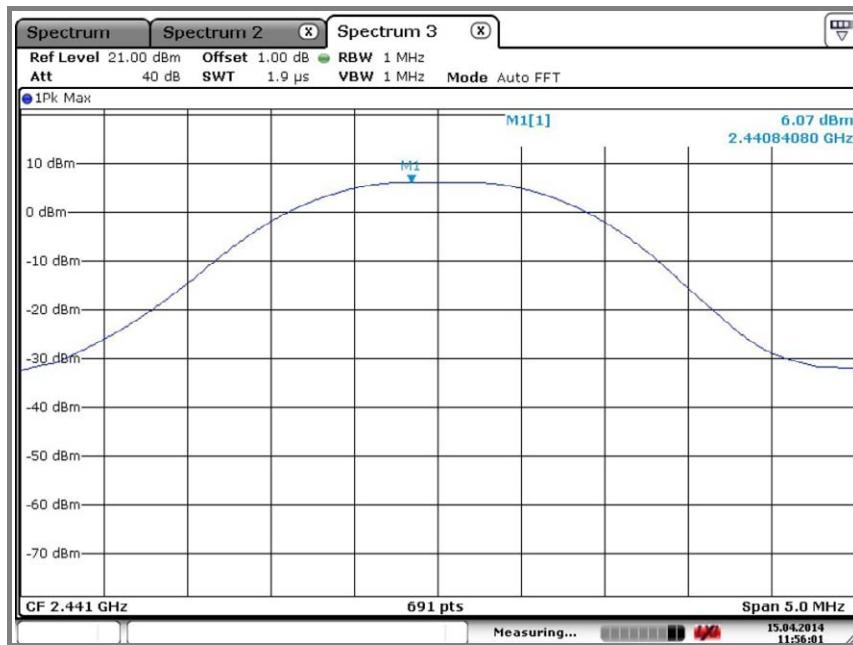
Operation mode	Frequency(MHz)	Peak output power(dBm)	Limit(dBm)
GFSK (Adapter mode)	2 402	3.25	30
	2 441	6.07	30
	2 480	6.97	30
GFSK (Battery mode)	2 402	3.32	30
	2 441	4.65	30
	2 480	4.50	30

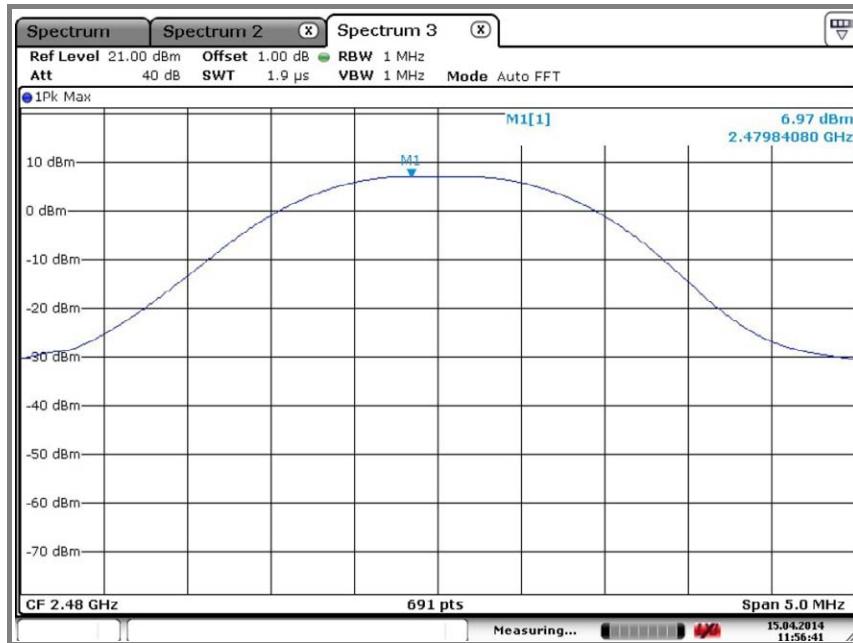
Operation mode: GFSK (Adapter mode)

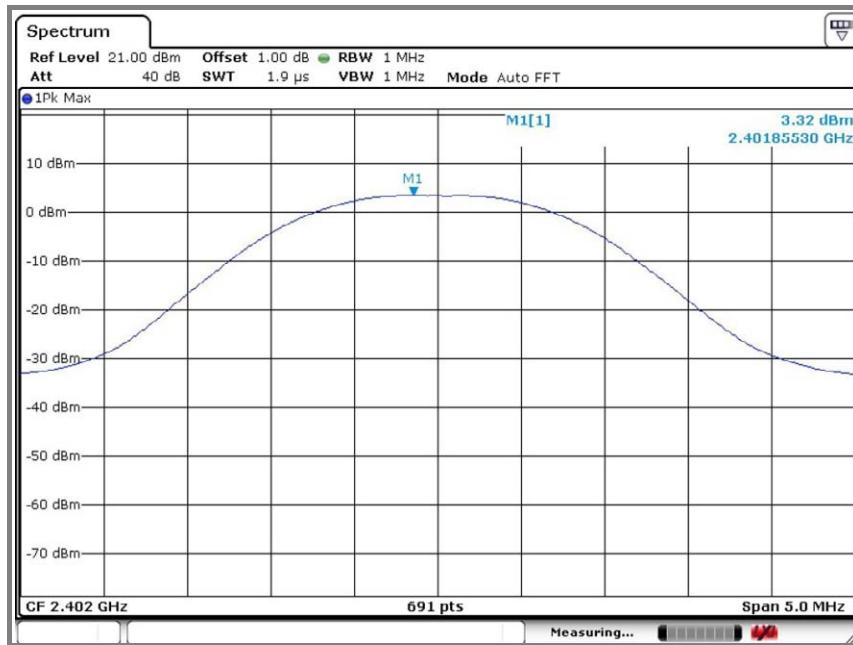
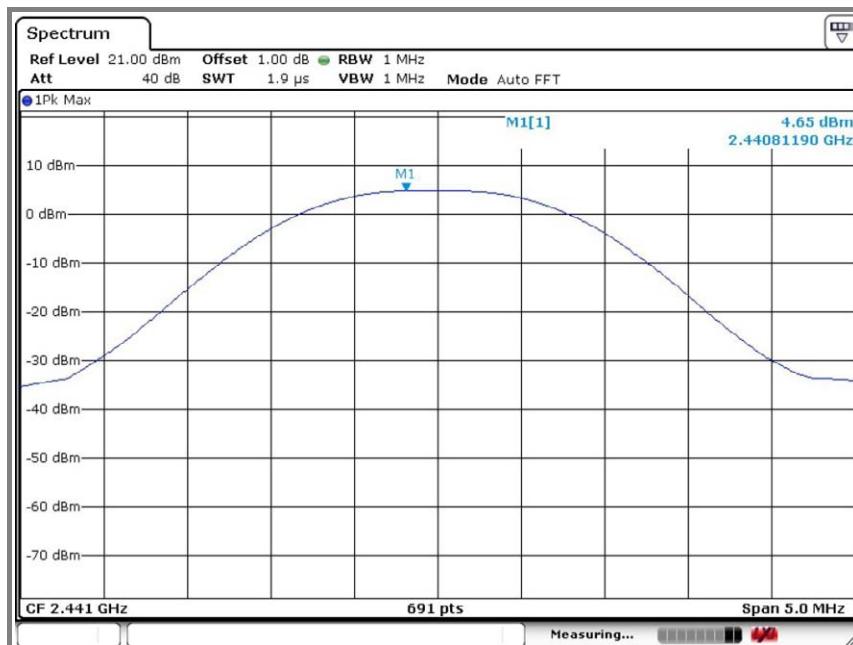
A. Low channel (2.402 MHz)

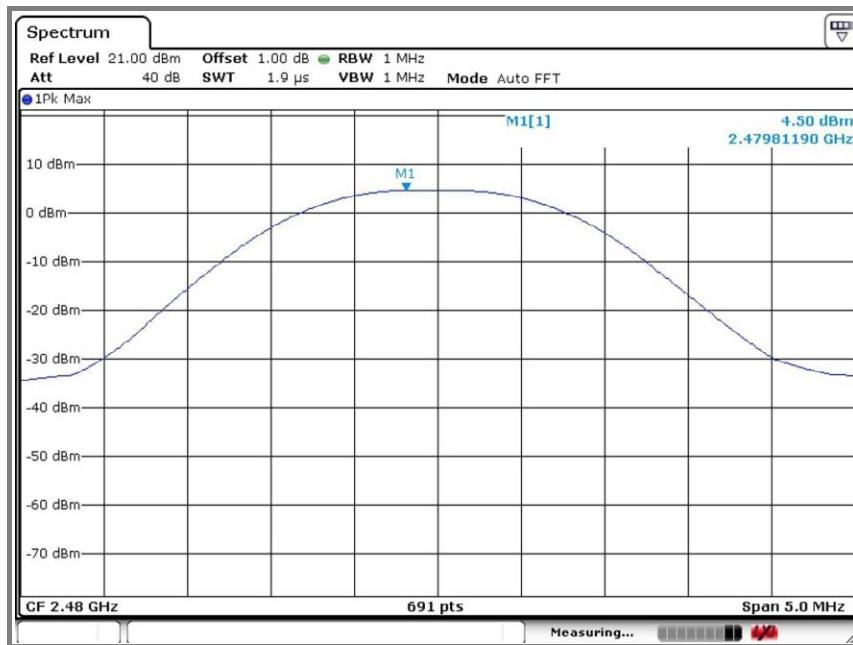


B. Middle channel (2.441 MHz)



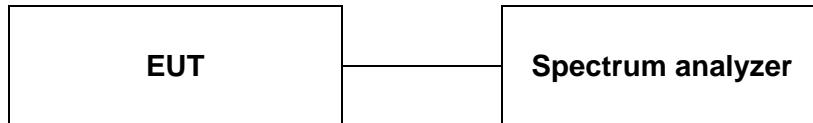
C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Operation mode: GFSK (battery mode)**A. Low channel (2.402 MHz)****B. Middle channel (2.441 MHz)**

C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

10. Hopping channel separation

10.1. Test setup



10.2. Limit

§15.247(a)(1) Frequency hopping system operating in 2 400 – 2 483.5 MHz. Band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-third of 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

10.3. Test procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
3. By using the max hold function record the separation of adjacent channels.
4. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by spectrum analyzer mark function. And then plot the result on spectrum analyzer screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.
6. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer = middle of hopping channel.
7. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 100 kHz, Span = 5 MHz and Sweep = auto.

10.4. Test results

Ambient temperature: 23 °C

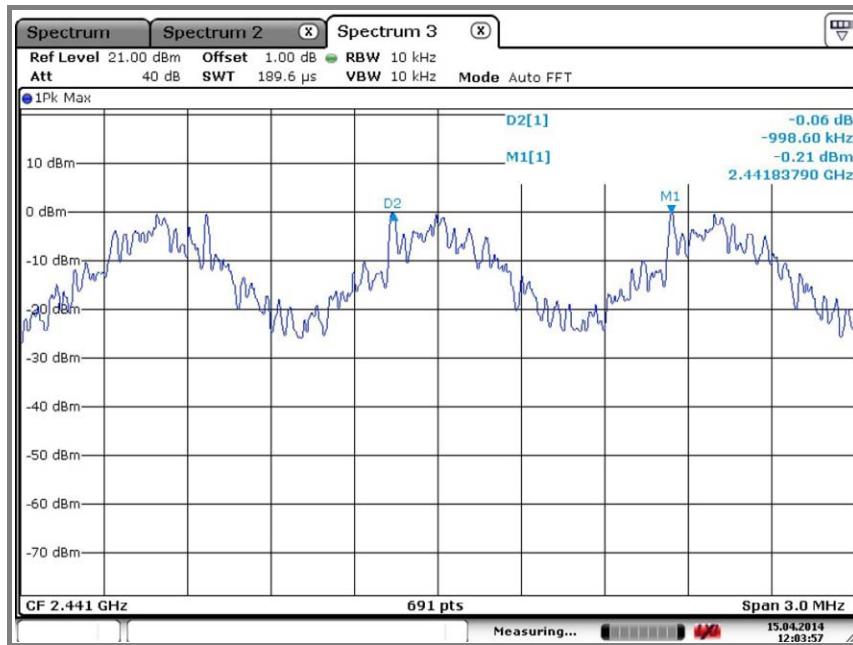
Relative humidity: 41 % R.H.

Operation mode	Frequency (MHz)	Adjacent hopping Channel separation (kHz)	Two-third of 20 dB bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum bandwidth (kHz)
GFSK (Adapter mode)	2 441	998.6	506.5	25
GFSK (Battery mode)	2 441	998.6	509.2	25

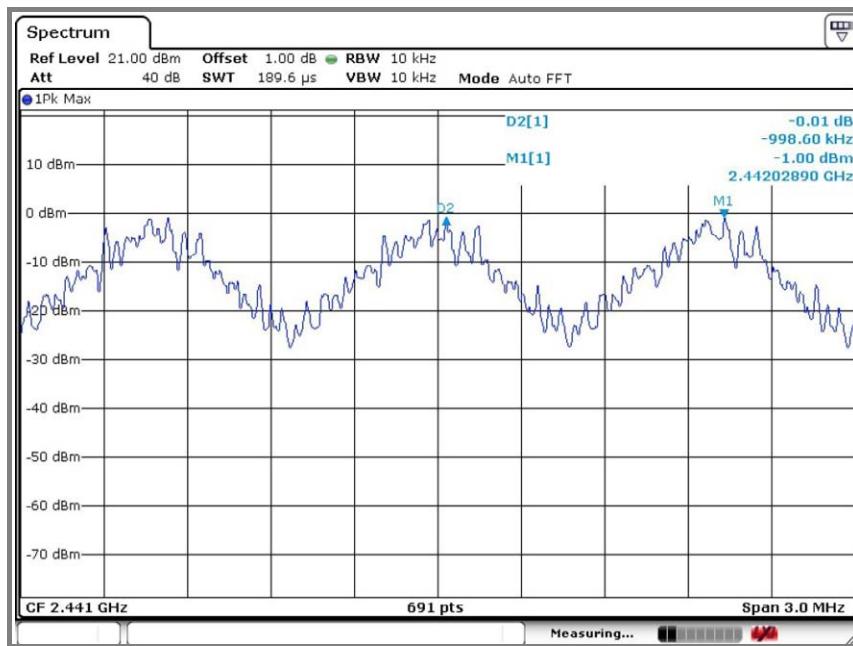
* Remark:

20 dB bandwidth measurement, the measured channel separation should be greater than two-third of 20 dB bandwidth or Minimum bandwidth.

Operation mode : GFSK (Adapter mode)

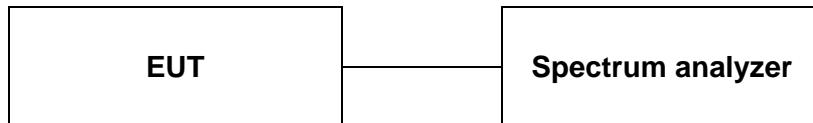


Operation mode: GFSK (Battery mode)



11. Number of hopping frequency

11.1. Test setup



11.2. Limit

§15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping system operating in the 2 400 - 2 483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

11.3. Test procedure

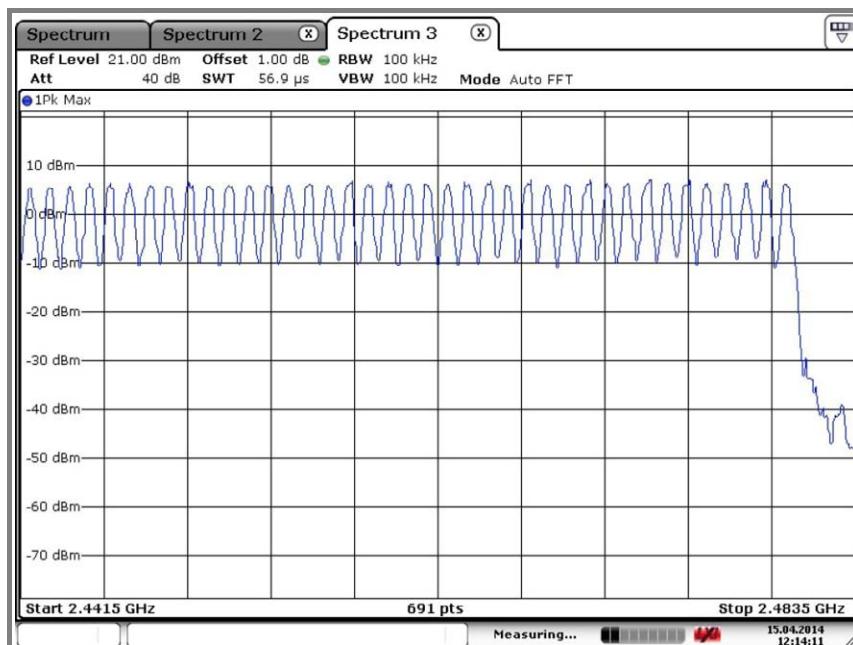
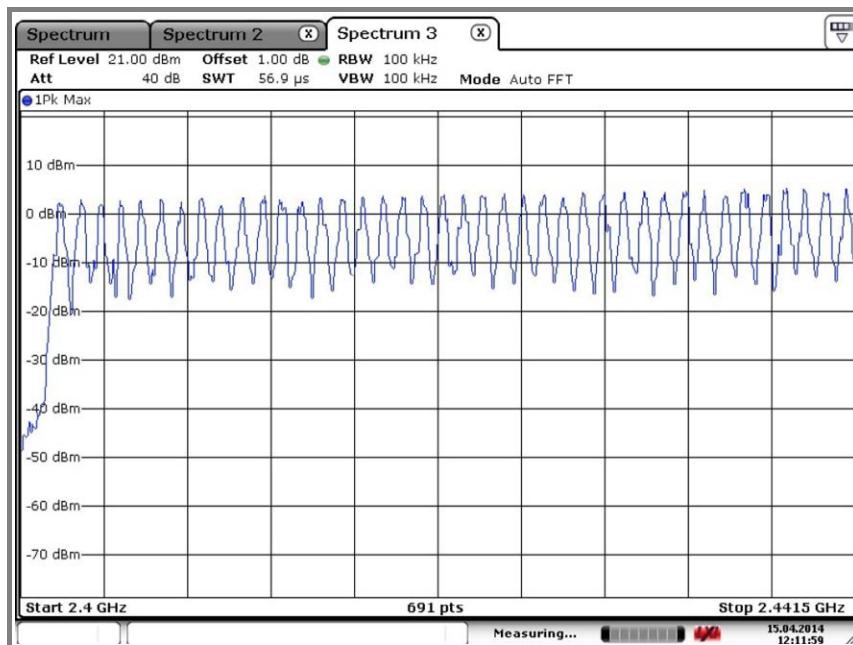
1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Spectrum analyzer
3. Set spectrum analyzer Start = 2 400 MHz, Stop = 2 441.5 MHz, Sweep = auto and Start = 2 441.5 MHz, Stop = 2 483.5 MHz, Sweep = auto.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW, VBW = 300 kHz.
5. Max hold, view and count how many channel in the band.

11.4. Test results

Ambient temperature: 23 °C

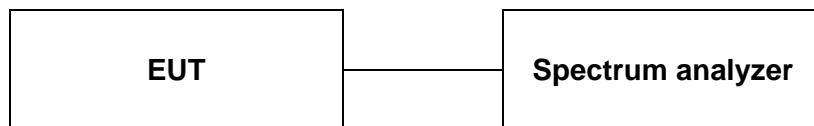
Relative humidity: 41 % R.H.

Number of Hopping Frequency	Limit
79	≥ 15



12. Time of occupancy (Dwell time)

12.1. Test setup



12.2. Limit

§15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping system operating in the 2 400 – 2 483.5 MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a 31.6 second period.

A period time = 0.4(s) * 79 = 31.6(s)

12.3. Test procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable.
3. Adjust the center frequency of spectrum analyzer on any frequency be measured and set spectrum analyzer to zero span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
4. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.
6. The Bluetooth has 6 type of payload, DH1, DH3, DH5. The hopping rate is 1 600 per second.

12.4. Test results

Ambient temperature: 23 °C

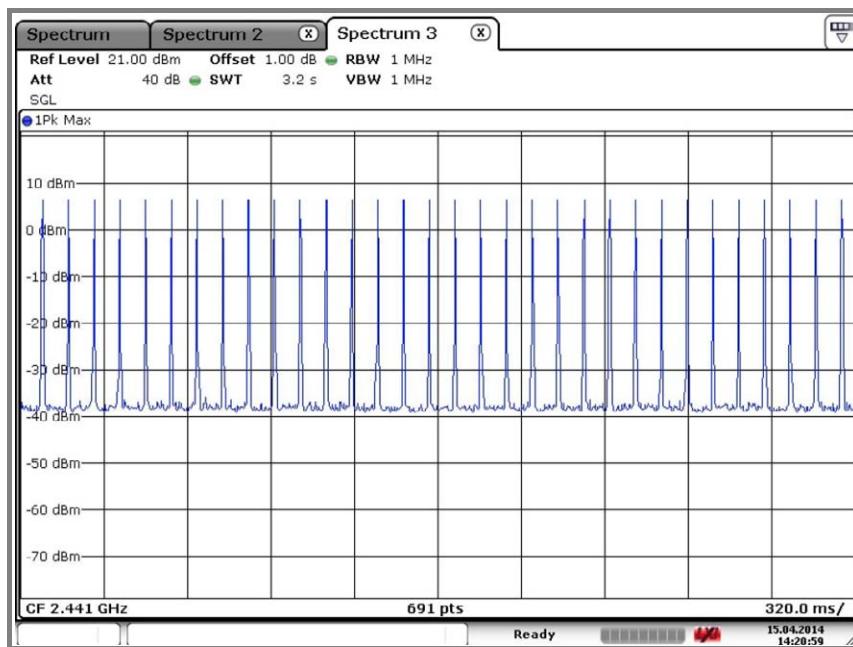
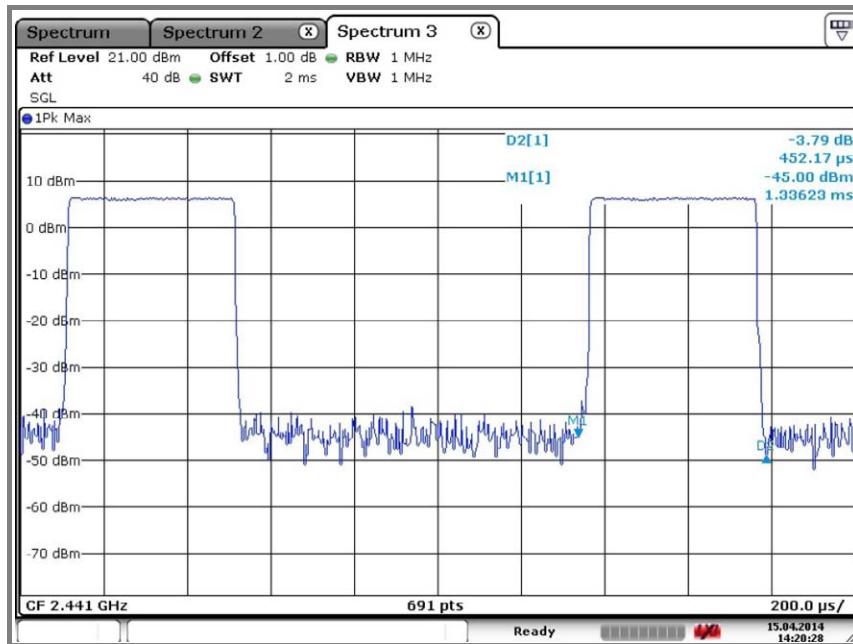
Relative humidity: 41 % R.H.

0.4 seconds within a 30 second period per any frequency

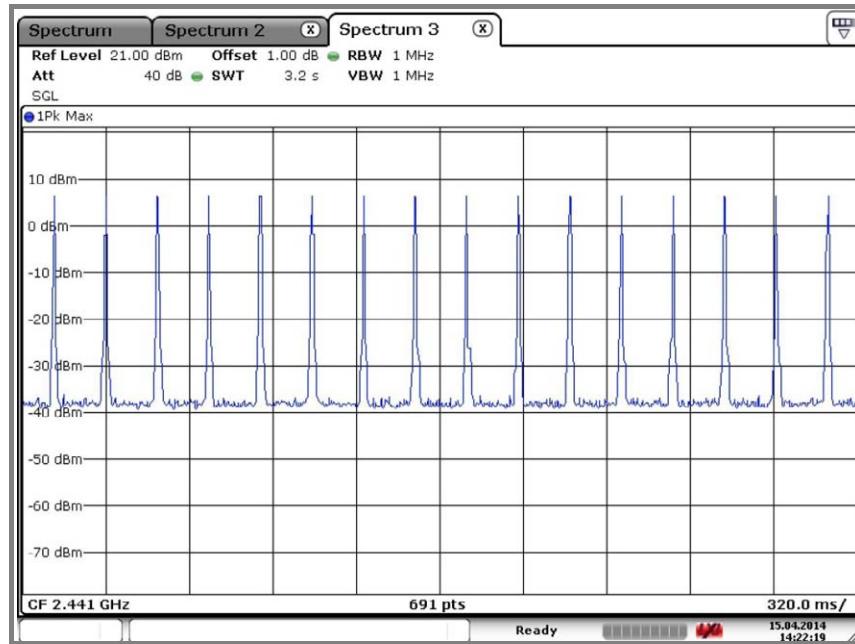
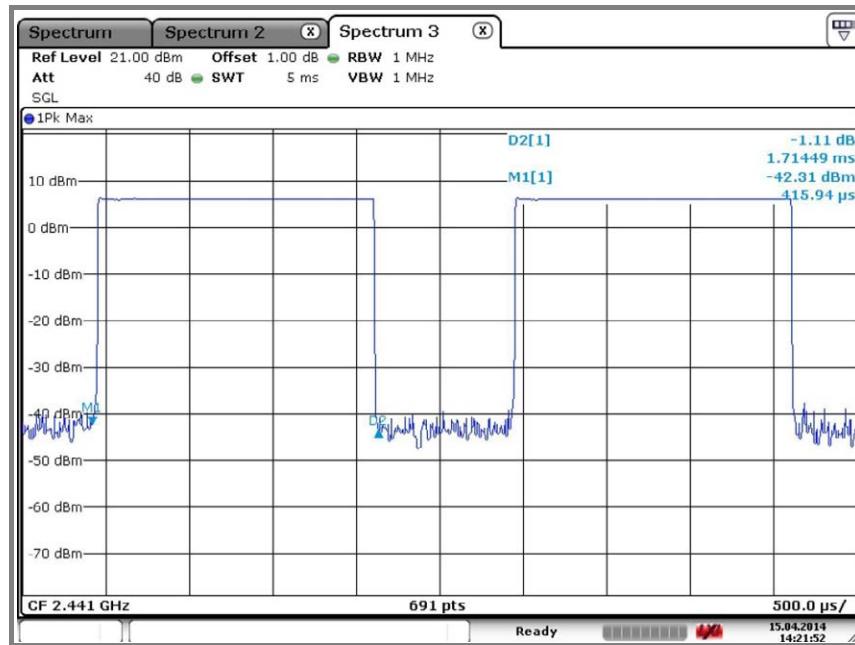
Mode	Number of transmission in a 31.6s (79Hopping*0.4)	Length of Transmission Time (msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
DH1	32(Times / 3.16sec) *10 = 320	0.452	144.64	400
DH3	16(Times / 3.16sec) *10= 160	1.714	274.24	400
DH5	11(Times / 3.16sec) *10= 110	2.964	326.04	400

*** Remark:**

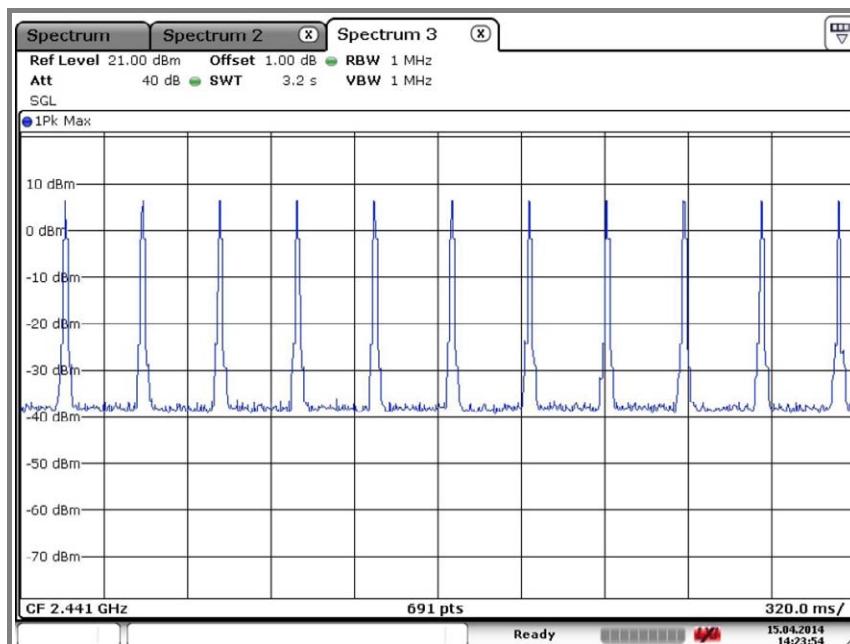
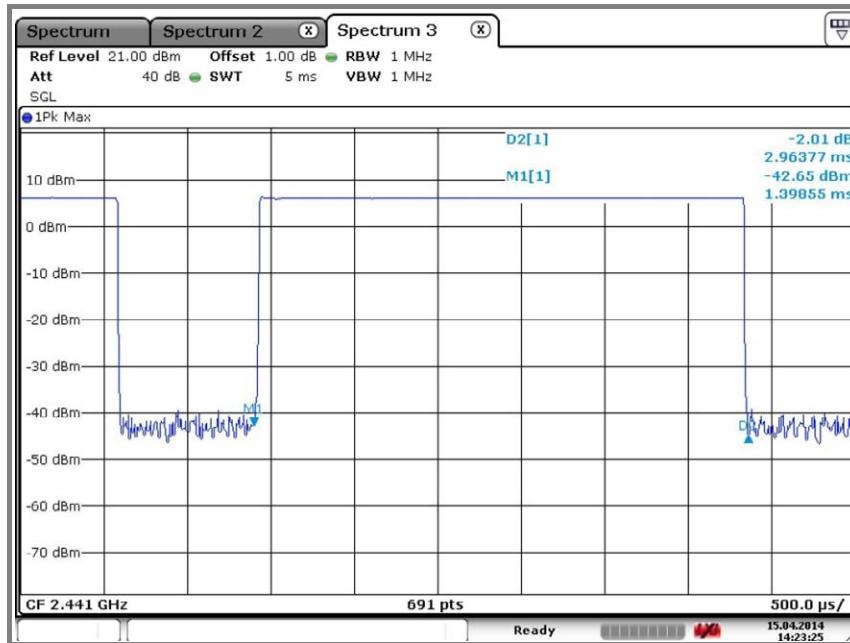
dwell time = {(number of hopping per second / number of slot) x duration time per channel} x 0.4 ms

A. DH1

B. DH3



C. DH5





13. Antenna requirement

13.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB_i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB_i.

13.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Integral type (Chip Antenna) gain of 3.8 dB_i.

14. RF exposure evaluation

14.1. Environmental evaluation and exposure limit according to FCC CFR 47 part 1, 1.1307(b), 1.1310

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines. According to KDB 447498 (2)(a)(i)

Limits for maximum permissible exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength(V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Average time
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control exposures				
300 – 1 500	--	--	F/300	6
1 500 – 100 000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures				
300 – 1 500	--	--	F/1 500	6
<u>1 500 – 100 000</u>	--	--	<u>1</u>	<u>30</u>

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

below 1.5 GHz and the maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 2.5 W;

at or above 1.5 GHz and the maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W.

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

14.2. Friis transmission formula : $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * R^2)$

Where

P_d = Power density in mW/cm^2

P_{out} =output power to antenna in mW

G = Numeric gain of the antenna relative to isotropic antenna

$\pi=3.1416$

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

P_d the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm^2 . If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance where the MPE limit is reached.

14.2. Test result of RF exposure evaluation

Test Item : RF Exposure evaluation data

Test Mode : Normal operation

14.4. Output power into antenna & RF exposure evaluation distance

Antenna gain: 3.8 dB i

GFSK (Adapter mode)

Frequency (MHz)	Output Peak power to antenna (dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (dBi) Numeric	Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm ²)	e.i.r.p. (mW)	e.i.r.p. Limits (W)	Power density Limits (mW/cm ²)
2 402	3.25	3.8	2.4	0.001 0	0.005	5	1
2 441	6.07	3.8	2.4	0.001 9	0.009		
2 480	6.97	3.8	2.4	0.002 4	0.012		

GFSK (Battery mode)

Frequency (MHz)	Output Peak power to antenna (dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (dBi) Numeric	Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm ²)	e.i.r.p. (mW)	e.i.r.p. Limits (W)	Power density Limits (mW/cm ²)
2 402	3.32	3.8	2.4	0.001 0	0.005	5	1
2 441	4.65	3.8	2.4	0.001 4	0.007		
2 480	4.50	3.8	2.4	0.001 3	0.007		

* Remark

The power density Pd (5th column) at a distance of 20 cm calculated from the friis transmission formula is far below the limit of 1 mW/cm².

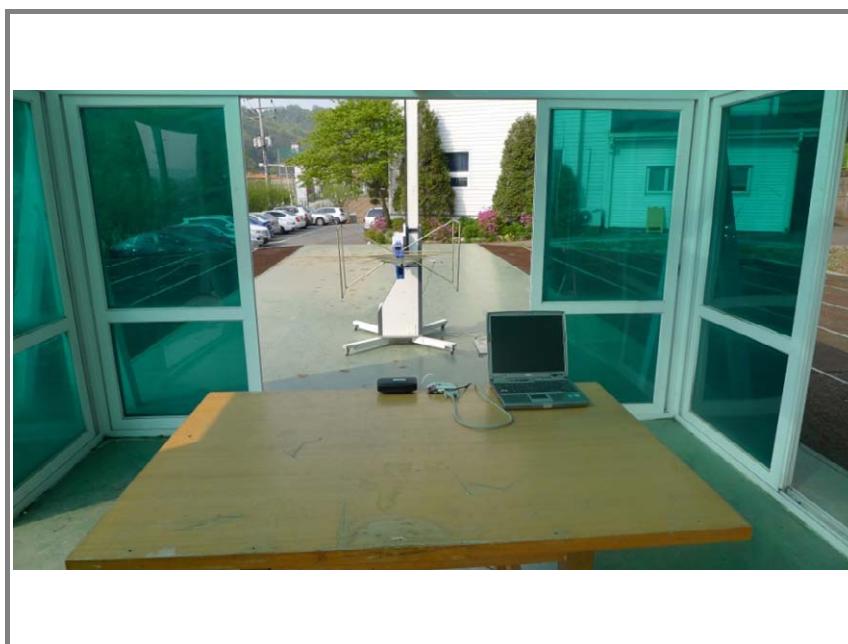
15. Test setup photo of EUT**Photo of radiated spurious emission at below 30 MHz****Photo of radiated spurious emission at 30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz**

Photo of radiated spurious emission at above 1 000 MHz

Photo of Conducted emission at below 30 MHz