FCC ID: 2ACEK-HYBRID2

RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION METHOD

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SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz $\,$ - $\,$ 6 GHz and $\,$ \leq 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,where f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Maximum measured transmitter power.

WIFI:

TX 802.11b Mode							
Test Channe	Frequency	Maximum Conducted Output Power(PK)	Maximum Conducted Output Power(AV)	LIMIT			
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)			
CH01	2412	12.32	9.17	8.260			
CH06	2437	12.51	9.36	8.630			
CH11	2462	12.28	9.32	8.551			
	TX 802.11g Mode						
CH01	2412	11.14	8.25	6.683			
CH06	2437	11.65	8.30	6.761			
CH11	2462	11.36	8.36	6.855			
TX 802.11n-HT20 Mode							
CH01	2412	10.27	8.28	6.730			
CH06	2437	10.45	8.50	7.079			
CH11	2462	10.33	8.35	6.839			
TX 802.11n-HT40 Mode							
CH03	2422	9.08	6.57	4.539			
CH06	2437	9.12	6.64	4.613			
CH09	2452	9.24	6.38	4.345			

BT

1Mbps					
Test Channel	Frequency	Peak Output Power	LIMIT		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)		
CH00	2402	3.061	2.023		
CH39	2441	3.504	2.241		
CH78	2480	3.066	2.026		
2Mbps					
CH00	2402	2.357	1.721		
CH39	2441	2.927	1.962		
CH78	2480	2.573	1.808		
3Mbps					
CH00	2402	2.541	1.795		
CH39	2441	3.006	1.998		
CH78	2480	2.641	1.837		

Remark: The best case gain of the antenna is 1.0dBi.

1.0 dBi logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 1.26

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$]

WIFI:

Mode	[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)	(min. test separation distance,mm)]	[√f(GHz)]	Result	Limit		
	802.11b						
CH01	8.260	5	2.412	2.57	3		
CH06	8.630	5	2.437	2.69	3		
CH11	8.551	5	2.462	2.68	3		
802.11g							
CH01	6.683	5	2.412	2.08	3		
CH06	6.761	5	2.437	2.11	3		
CH11	6.855	5	2.462	2.15	3		
802.11n(20)							
CH01	6.730	5	2.412	2.09	3		
CH06	7.079	5	2.437	2.21	3		
CH11	6.839	5	2.462	2.15	3		
802.11n(40)							
CH03	4.539	5	2.422	1.41	3		
CH06	4.613	5	2.437	1.44	3		
CH09	4.345	5	2.452	1.36	3		

ВТ

Mode	[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)	(min. test separation distance,mm)]	[√f(GHz)]	Result	Limit	
1Mbps						
CH00	2.023	5	2.402	0.627	3	
CH39	2.241	5	2.441	0.700	3	
CH78	2.026	5	2.480	0.638	3	
2Mbps						
CH00	1.721	5	2.402	0.533	3	
CH39	1.962	5	2.441	0.613	3	
CH78	1.808	5	2.480	0.570	3	
3Mbps						
CH00	1.795	5	2.402	0.556	3	
CH39	1.998	5	2.441	0.624	3	
CH78	1.837	5	2.480	0.579	3	

The test Result is less than 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR.

Conclusion: No SAR is required.