









# **TEST REPORT**

Test report no.: 1-5650/17-01-03

Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-Pt-12076-01-03

BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

#### **Testing laboratory**

#### **CTC advanced GmbH**

Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10
66117 Saarbruecken / Germany
Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0
Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075
Internet: http://www.ctcadvanced.com
e-mail: mail@ctcadvanced.com

#### **Accredited Testing Laboratory:**

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with

the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-03

#### **Applicant**

#### **SIGFOX**

425, rue Jean Rostand 31670 Labège / FRANCE

Phone: -/-Fax: -/-

Contact: Susana Barreiro

e-mail: susana.barreiro@sigfox.com

Phone: +33 5 82 08 07 46

#### Manufacturer

#### **SIGFOX**

425, rue Jean Rostand 31670 Labège / FRANCE

#### Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 15 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2 Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence -

Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS - Gen Issue 4 Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General

Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

#### **Test Item**

Kind of test item: Goodie – Transceiver

 Model name:
 Sens'it 3.2

 FCC ID:
 2ACK7SENSIT3

 IC:
 1220A-SENSIT3

Frequency band: ISM band 902 MHz – 928 MHz

Technology tested: Proprietary FHSS
Antenna: Integrated antenna
Power supply: 3.7 V DC by Li-Po battery

Temperature: +22°C



This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:	Test performed:
Andreas Luckenbill	Tobias Wittenmeier

Lab Manager
Radio Communications & EMC

Tobias Wittenmeier
Testing Manager
Radio Communications & EMC



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#### 2 General information

#### 2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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#### 2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order: 2018-01-08
Date of receipt of test item: 2018-01-31
Start of test: 2018-01-31
End of test: 2018-02-02

Person(s) present during the test: -/-

#### 2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

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# 3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15		Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE- LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 4	November 2014	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus
Guidance	Version	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014 ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio- noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

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### 4 Test environment

		$T_{nom}$	+22 °C during room temperature tests
Temperature	:	$T_{max}$	No tests under extreme conditions required.
		$T_{min}$	No tests under extreme conditions required.
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
		$V_{nom}$	3.7 V DC by Li-Po battery
Power supply	:	$V_{\text{max}}$	No tests under extreme conditions required.
		$V_{\text{min}}$	No tests under extreme conditions required.

### 5 Test item

## 5.1 General description

Kind of test item :	Goodie – Transceiver
Type identification :	Sens'it 3.2
HMN :	-/-
PMN :	Sens'it 3
HVIN :	Sens'it 3.2
FVIN :	-/-
S/N serial number :	No information available
HW hardware status :	V3.6
SW software status :	No information available
Frequency band :	ISM band 902 MHz – 928 MHz
Type of radio transmission: Use of frequency spectrum:	FHSS
Type of modulation :	TX: DBPSK RX: GFSK
Number of channels :	54
Antenna :	Integrated antenna
Power supply :	3.7 V DC by Li-Po battery
Temperature :	22°C

### 5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report: 1-5650/17-01-01\_AnnexA

1-5650/17-01-01\_AnnexB 1-5650/17-01-01\_AnnexD

## 6 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

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# 7 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

#### Agenda: Kind of Calibration

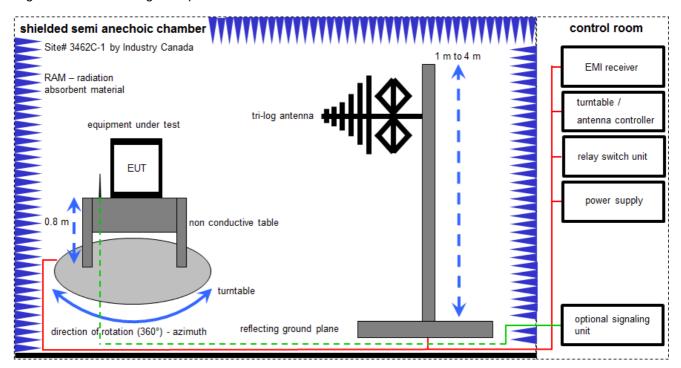
k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	ZW	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical
			maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlkl!	Attention: extended calibration interval	-	•
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

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#### 7.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

FS = UR + CL + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

#### Example calculation:

FS  $[dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] (35.69 \mu V/m)$ 

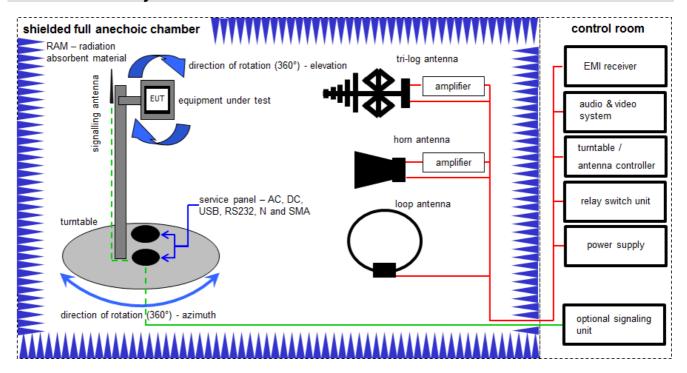
#### **Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	Α	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	Α	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023		300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	Α	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	15.12.2017	14.12.2018
4	А	Analyzer-Reference- System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	vIKI!	15.01.2018	14.01.2020
5	Α	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
6	А	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
7	А	Turntable Interface- Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
8	А	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	295	300003787	k	25.04.2016	25.04.2018

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## 7.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

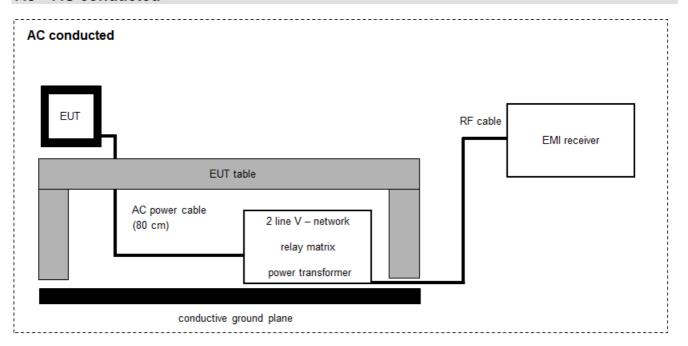
### **Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	Α	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	k	07.07.2017	06.07.2019
2	A,B,C	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
3	С	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3697	300001605	vlKI!	14.02.2017	13.02.2019
4	A,B,C	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
5	С	Highpass Filter	WHKX2.9/18G- 12SS	Wainwright	1	300003492	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A,B,C	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	20.12.2017	19.12.2018
7	С	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	3	300003255	ev	-/-	-/-
8	С	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
9	A,B,C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
10	A,B,C	NEXIO EMV- Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
11	A,B,C	PC	ExOne	F+W		300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
12	B.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess Elektronik	01029	300005379	k	07.04.2017	06.04.2020

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## 7.3 AC conducted



FS = UR + CF + VC

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

#### Example calculation:

 $FS [dB\mu V/m] = 37.62 [dB\mu V/m] + 9.90 [dB] + 0.23 [dB] = 47.75 [dB\mu V/m] (244.06 \( \mu V/m \))$ 

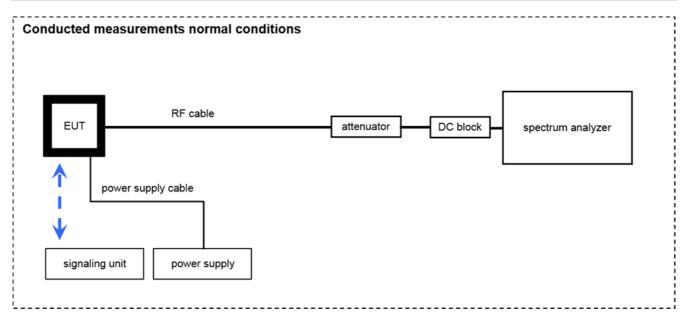
### **Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	А	Two-line V-Network (LISN) 9 kHz to 30 MHz	ESH3-Z5	R&S	893045/004	300000584	k	13.12.2017	12.12.2018
2	Α	RF-Filter-section	85420E	HP	3427A00162	300002214	k	27.11.2006	-/-
3	Α	AC- Spannungsquelle variabel	MV2616-V	EM-Test	0397-12	300003259	k	11.12.2018	11.12.2019
4	A.	Analyzer-Reference- System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	vIKI!	15.01.2018	14.01.2020
5	Α	Hochpass 150 kHz	EZ-25	R&S	100010	300003798	ev	08.04.2008	-/-
6	А	MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz to 26,5 GHz	N9038A	Agilent Technologies	MY51210197	300004405	k	18.12.2017	17.12.2018

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# 7.4 Conducted measurements



OP = AV + CA

(OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

### **Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Signal- and Spectrum Analyzer	FSW26	R&S	101455	300004528	k	20.12.2017	19.12.2018
2	n.a.	Coaxial Attenuator	WA23-20-34	Weinschel Ass	B4661	400001130	ev	-/-	-/-
3	L021- C01	RF-Cable SRD021 No. 1	Enviroflex 316 D	Huber & Suhner		400001311	ev	01.02.2018	31.01.2019

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### 8 Sequence of testing

### 8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### Premeasurement\*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### **Final measurement**

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT.
   (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

\*)Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

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#### 8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### **Final measurement**

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ± 45° and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

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### 8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes
  the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table
  positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

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# 9 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty							
Test case	Uncertainty						
Antenna gain	± 3 dB						
Carrier frequency separation	± 21.5 kHz						
Number of hopping channels	-/-						
Spectrum bandwidth	± 21.5 kHz absolute; ± 15.0 kHz relative						
Maximum output power	± 1 dB						
Detailed conducted spurious emissions @ the band edge	± 1 dB						
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB						
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB						
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB						
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB						
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB						
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB						

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# 10 Summary of measurement results

$\boxtimes$	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 2	Passed	2018-02-19	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	С	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (b)	Antenna gain	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	X				-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (b)	Carrier frequency separation	Nominal	Nominal	TX hopping	×				-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Number of hopping channels	Nominal	Nominal	TX hopping	×				-/-
§15.247(a)(1) (iii) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Time of occupancy (dwell time)	Nominal	Nominal	TX hopping	×				-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (a)	Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	×				-/-
§15.247(b)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (b)	Maximum output power	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	×				-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	Nominal	Nominal	TX hopping	×				-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	Nominal	Nominal	-/-					No restricted band nearby
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Spurious emissions conducted	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	×				-/-
§15.209(a) RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	$\boxtimes$				-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated / RX mode	×				-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated / RX mode	×				-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	$\boxtimes$				-/-

 $\underline{\text{Note:}}\ C = \text{Compliant};\ NC = \text{Not compliant};\ NA = \text{Not applicable};\ NP = \text{Not performed}$ 

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## 10.1 Additional comments

Reference documents: None

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: The EUT uses 9 macro channels. Every macro channel is divided into 6 micro

channels. In summary, the EUT uses 54 single channels.

Test mode: Special software is used.

EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

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#### 11 Measurement results

### 11.1 Antenna gain

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Measurement parameters				
Detector	Peak			
Sweep time	Auto			
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz			
Video bandwidth	3 MHz			
Span	5 MHz			
Trace mode	Max hold			
Test setup	See sub clause 7.2 B (radiated) See sub clause 7.3 A (conducted)			
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8			

#### Limits:

FCC	IC	
Antenna gain		

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### Results:

	Low channel 902.1375 MHz	Middle channel 903.3000 MHz	High channel 904.6625 MHz
Conducted power [dBm]	23.3	23.3	23.2
Radiated power [dBm]	23.3	23.4	23.1
Gain [dBi] Calculated	0.0	+0.1	-0.1

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# 11.2 Carrier Frequency Separation

### **Description:**

Measurement of the carrier frequency separation of a hopping system. The carrier frequency separation is constant for all modulation-modes. We use DBPSK-modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters			
Detector	Peak		
Sweep time	Auto		
Resolution bandwidth	See plots		
Video bandwidth	See plots		
Span	See plots		
Trace mode	Max hold		
Test setup	See sub clause 7.3 A		
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8		

#### Limits:

FCC	IC		
Carrier frequency separation			
Minimum 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping system whichever is greater. The two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth for IC is only valid for the ISM band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz.			

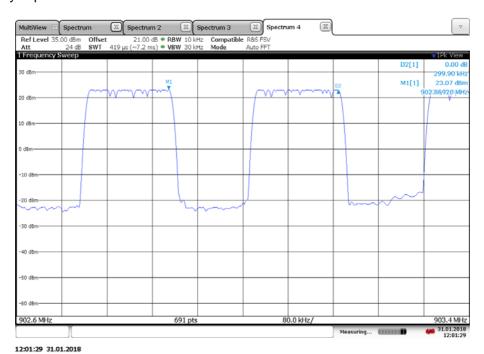
Result: The channel separation is 299.9 kHz for the macro channels and 25.01 kHz for the micro channels.

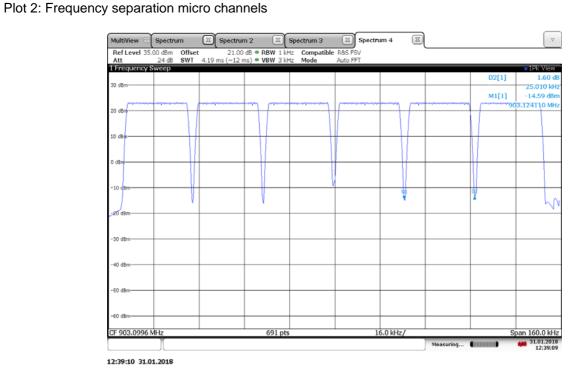
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### Plots:

Plot 1: Frequency separation macro channels





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# 11.3 Number of Hopping Channels

## **Description:**

Measurement of the total number of used hopping channels.

Measurement parameters			
Detector	Peak		
Sweep time	Auto		
Resolution bandwidth	See plots		
Video bandwidth	See plots		
Span	See plots		
Trace mode	Max hold		
Test setup	See sub clause 7.3 A		
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8		

#### Limits:

FCC	IC	
Number of hopping channels		
At least 15 non overlapping hopping channels. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels.		

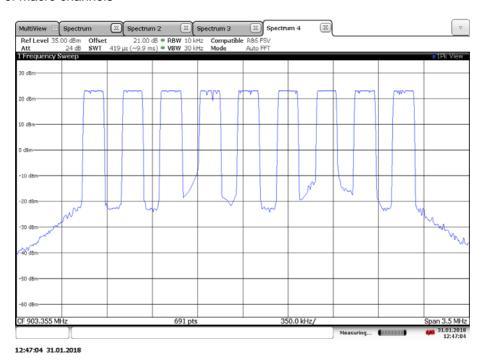
Result: The number of macro hopping channels is 9. Each macro channel is divided into 6 micro channels. So in summary the EUT uses 9\*6 = 54 channels.

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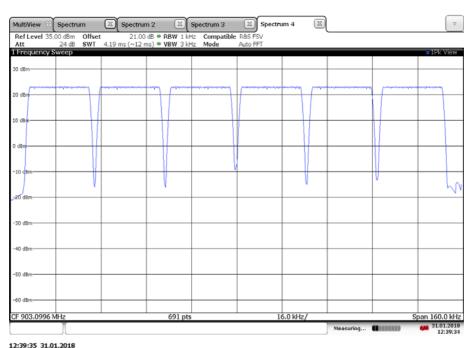


### Plots:

#### Plot 1: Number of macro channels



Plot 2: Number of micro channels in one single macro channel zoomed



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# 11.4 Average Time of Occupancy (dwell time)

#### **Measurement:**

The measurement is performed in zero span mode to show that none of the 25 used channels is allocated more than 0.4 seconds within a 10 seconds interval.

#### Limits:

FCC	IC		
Average time of occupancy			

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 10 second period.

Result: The time slot length is = 349 ms
Number of hops / channel @ 20s = 1

Within 20 s period, the average time of occupancy in 20 s: 1 \* 349 ms

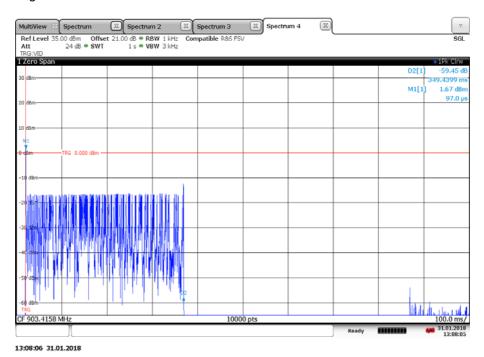
 $\rightarrow$  The average time of occupancy = 349 ms

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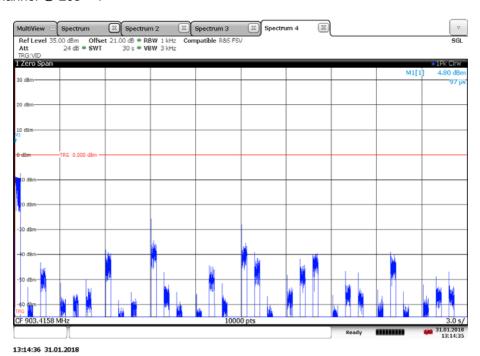


### Plots:

Plot 1: Time slot length = 349 ms



Plot 2: hops / channel @ 20s = 1



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# 11.5 Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system

## **Description:**

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth and 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal. The measurement is performed according to the "Measurement Guidelines" (DA 00-705, March 30, 2000). EUT in single channel mode.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters			
Detector	Peak		
Sweep time	Auto		
Resolution bandwidth	300 Hz		
Video bandwidth	1 kHz		
Span	See plots		
Trace mode	Max hold		
Test setup	See sub clause 7.3 A		
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8		

#### Limits:

FCC	IC		
Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system			
DBPSK < 1500 kHz			

### Result:

Test Conditions		20dB BANDWIDTH [kHz]		
rest Conditions		Low channel 902.200 MHz	Middle channel 903.300 MHz	High channel 904.700 MHz
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	21.69	21.63	21.67

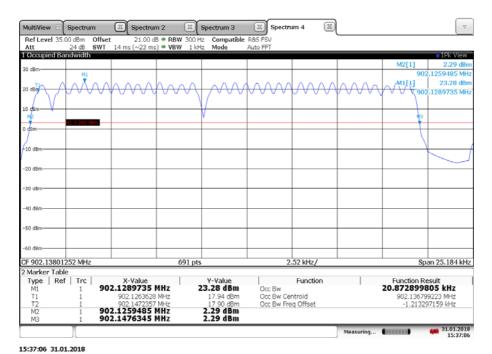
Test Conditions		99% BANDWIDTH [kHz]		
		Low channel 902.200 MHz	Middle channel 903.300 MHz	High channel 904.700 MHz
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	20.87	20.89	20.86

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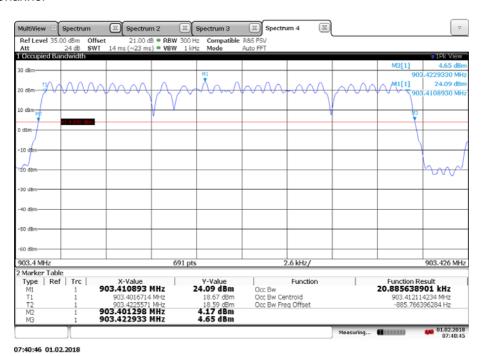


#### Plots:

Plot 1: Low Channel



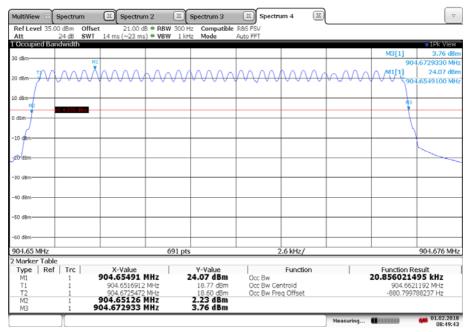
Plot 2: Middle Channel



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#### Plot 3: High Channel



08:49:44 01.02.2018

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# 11.6 Maximum Output Power

### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameter		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz	
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz	
Span:	5 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	
Used equipment:	See chapter 7.3 A	
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8	

### Limits:

FCC	IC	
Maximum Output Power Conducted		

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902–928 MHz band: 1 watt (30 dBm) for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts (24 dBm) for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

#### Result:

Test Conditions		Maximum Output Power Conducted [dBm]		
		Low channel 902.200 MHz	Middle channel 903.300 MHz	High channel 904.700 MHz
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	23.3	23.3	23.2

Test Conditions		ERP [dBm]		
		Low channel 902.200 MHz	Middle channel 903.300 MHz	High channel 904.700 MHz
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	23.3	23.4	23.1

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### Plots:

### Plot 1: Low Channel



Plot 2: Middle Channel



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### Plot 3: High Channel



11:25:13 31.01.2018

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# 11.7 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted and radiated

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in single channel and hopping mode. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

Measurement parameters			
Detector	Peak		
Sweep time	Auto		
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz		
Video bandwidth	300 kHz		
Span	Lower Band Edge: 902 MHz Upper Band Edge: 928 MHz		
Trace mode	Max hold		
Test setup	See sub clause 7.3 A		
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8		

#### **Limits:**

|--|

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

#### **Results conducted:**

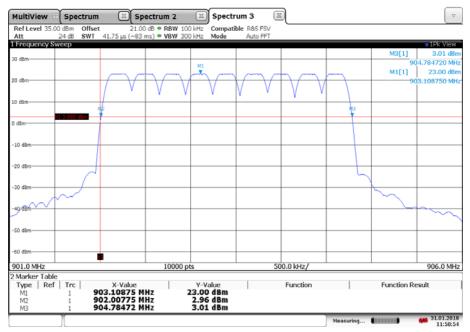
Scenario	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]		
Modulation	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
Lower band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB
Upper band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB

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### Plots:

#### Plot 1: 20 dB - hopping on



11:50:55 31.01.2018

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### **Results radiated:**

No restricted band in the range  $\pm$  2 channel bandwidths of the Band-edges of the specified emission band! (608 MHz - 614 MHz and 960 MHz - 1240 MHz).

Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
10.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			3.5

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## 11.8 Spurious Emissions Conducted

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode. The measurement is repeated for low, mid and high channel.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameter				
Detector:	Peak			
Sweep time:	Auto			
Video bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 1 MHz F > 1 GHz: 1 MHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 100 kHz F > 1 GHz: 100 kHz			
Span:	9 kHz to 12.75 GHz			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			
Used equipment:	See chapter 7.3A			
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8			

#### **Limits:**

FCC	IC		
TX spurious emissions conducted			

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required

#### Result:

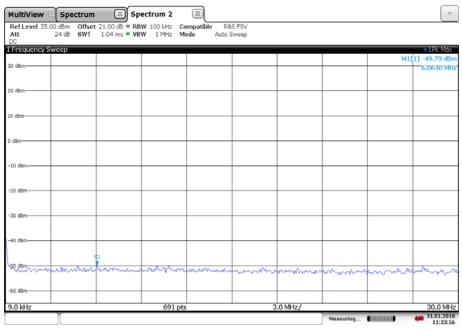
Emission Limitation					
Frequency		Amplitude of	Limit max.	actual attenuation	Results
[MHz]		emission	allowed emission	below frequency of	
		[dBm]	power	operation [dB]	
904		23.18	24 dBm		Operating frequency
	See plot		-20 dBc	See plot	
904		23.13	24 dBm		Operating frequency
	See plot		-20 dBc	See plot	
904		23.20	24 dBm		Operating frequency
	See plot		-20 dBc	See plot	

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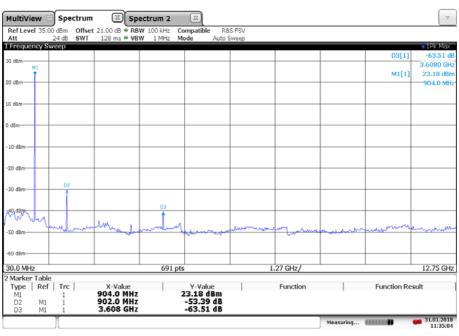
### Plots:

Plot 1: Low channel, 9 kHz - 30 MHz



11:33:57 31.01.2018

Plot 2: Low channel, 30 MHz - 12.75 GHz

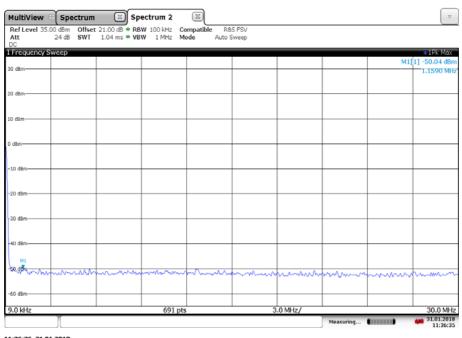


11:35:05 31.01.2018

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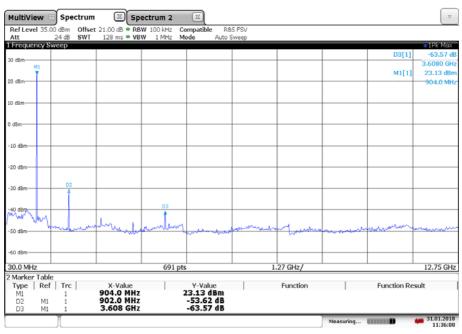


Plot 3: Middle channel, 9 kHz - 30 MHz



11:36:36 31.01.2018

Plot 4: Middle channel, 30 MHz - 12.75 GHz

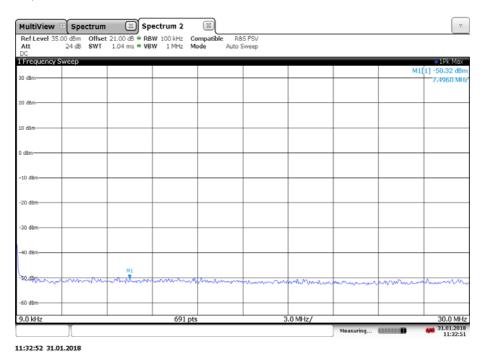


11:36:01 31.01.2018

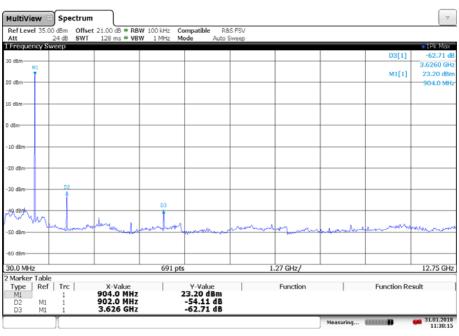
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Plot 5: High channel, 9 kHz - 30 MHz



Plot 6: High channel, 30 MHz - 12.75 GHz



11:30:15 31.01.2018

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## 11.9 Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channels are 00; 39 and 78. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m according the ANSI C63.10.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameter								
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak							
Sweep time:	Auto							
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz							
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz							
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz							
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold							
Used equipment:	See chapter 7.2 A							
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8							

#### Limits:

FCC		IC				
TX spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz						
Frequency (MHz)	Field streng	th (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance			
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F	F(kHz)	300			
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)		24000/F(kHz)		30	
1.705 – 30.0	3	0	30			

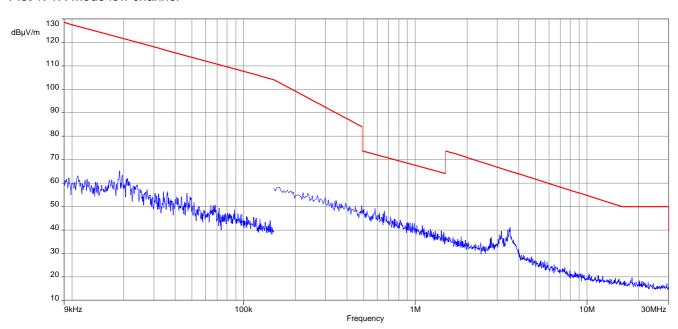
#### Result:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS LEVEL [dBμV/m]									
L	owest chann	nel	M	iddle channe	el	Highest channel			
Frequency [MHz]	Frequency Detector Level Frequency Detector Level Frequency Detector Level								
All emissions were more than 10 dB below the limit.									

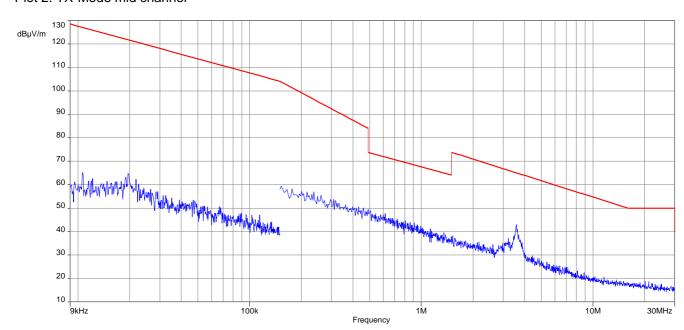
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Plot 1: TX-Mode low channel



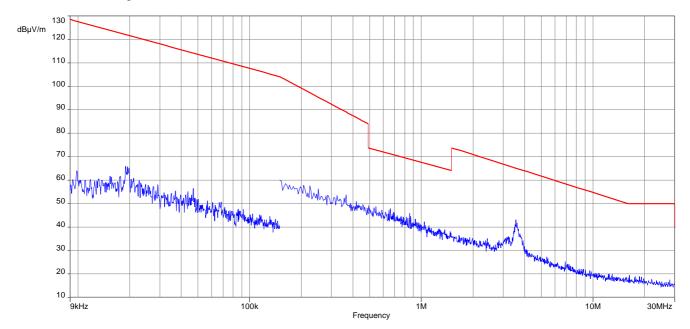
Plot 2: TX-Mode mid channel



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Plot 3: TX-Mode high channel



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## 11.10 Spurious Emissions Radiated > 30 MHz

### 11.10.1 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed at channel low, mid and high.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters						
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak					
Sweep time	Auto					
Resolution bandwidth	3 x VBW					
Video bandwidth	120 kHz					
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz					
Trace mode	Max hold					
Measured modulation	DBPSK					
Test setup	See sub clause 7.1 A					
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8					

#### **Limits:**

FCC	IC

Band-edge Compliance of conducted and radiated emissions

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3

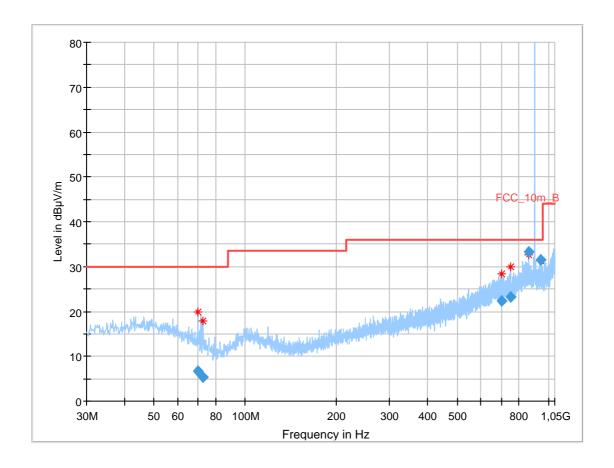
#### Result:

See result table below the plots.

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Plot 1: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (lowest channel)



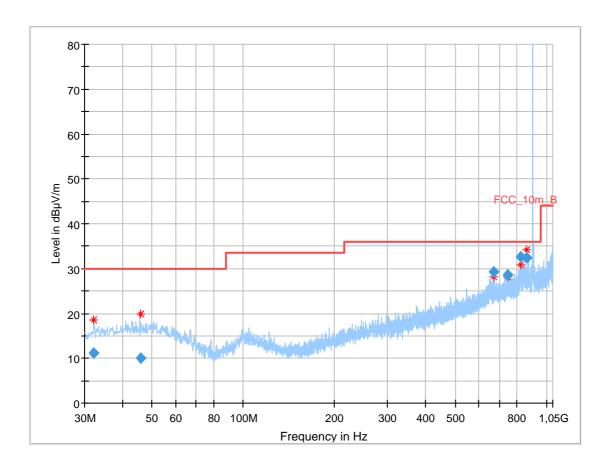
## Final\_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
69.966	6.69	30.0	23.31	1000	120	101.0	٧	90.0	9.7
72.392	5.38	30.0	24.62	1000	120	101.0	Н	90.0	9.3
703.583	22.38	36.0	13.62	1000	120	98.0	Н	270.0	21.6
749.248	23.13	36.0	12.87	1000	120	170.0	Н	270.0	22.7
862.128	33.34	36.0	2.66	1000	120	170.0	٧	0.0	23.7
942.158	31.59	36.0	4.41	1000	120	170.0	٧	90.0	24.3

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Plot 2: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (middle channel)



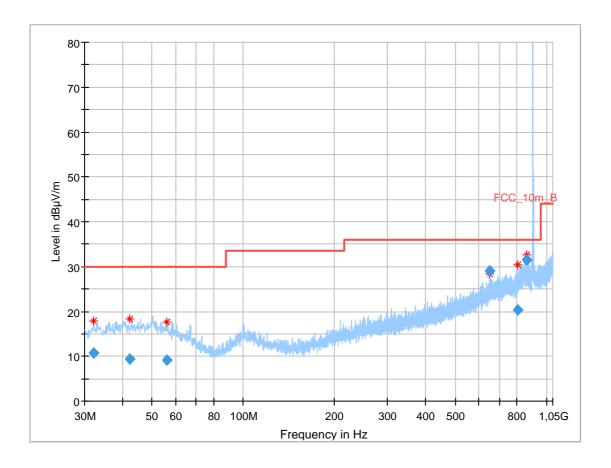
## Final\_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
32.203	11.23	30.0	18.77	1000	120	101.0	٧	180.0	12.2
46.003	10.16	30.0	19.84	1000	120	101.0	٧	90.0	13.7
670.604	29.35	36.0	6.65	1000	120	170.0	٧	0.0	21.3
743.754	28.51	36.0	7.49	1000	120	170.0	٧	90.0	22.6
823.389	32.65	36.0	3.35	1000	120	170.0	٧	90.0	23.1
863.390	32.30	36.0	3.70	1000	120	170.0	٧	0.0	23.7

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Plot 3: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)



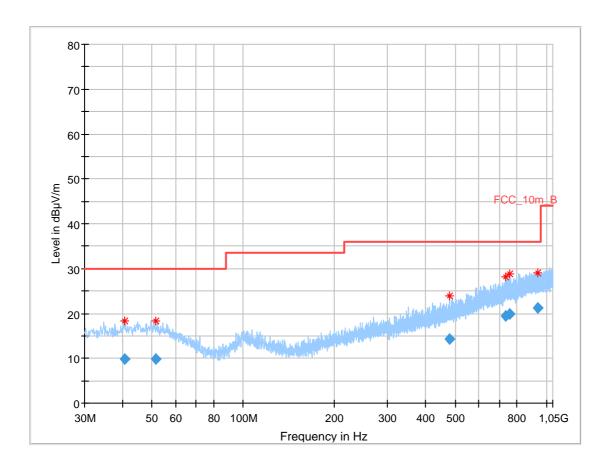
## Final\_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
32.243	10.74	30.0	19.26	1000	120	170.0	٧	90.0	12.2
42.293	9.46	30.0	20.54	1000	120	101.0	Н	180.0	13.4
56.035	9.13	30.0	20.87	1000	120	101.0	٧	180.0	12.8
649.648	29.10	36.0	6.90	1000	120	98.0	٧	90.0	21.1
802.142	20.44	36.0	15.56	1000	120	101.0	٧	180.0	22.8
864.642	31.55	36.0	4.45	1000	120	170.0	٧	180.0	23.7

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Plot 4: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (RX-Mode)



## Final\_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.753	9.89	30.0	20.11	1000	120	100.0	Н	90.0	13.3
51.698	9.86	30.0	20.14	1000	120	170.0	Н	180.0	13.5
479.813	14.33	36.0	21.67	1000	120	170.0	Н	270.0	18.3
734.989	19.54	36.0	16.46	1000	120	170.0	Н	270.0	22.4
758.757	19.86	36.0	16.14	1000	120	170.0	Н	90.0	22.7
933.918	21.24	36.0	14.76	1000	120	100.0	Н	180.0	24.3

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## 11.10.2 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters						
Detector	Peak / RMS					
Sweep time	Auto					
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz					
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW					
Span	1 GHz to 12.75 GHz					
Trace mode	Max hold					
Measured modulation	DBPSK					
Test setup	See sub clause 7.2 C (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz)					
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8					

The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

#### Limits:

#### **ANSI C63.10**

The average emission shall be determined by using RMS detector. If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the RMS reading may be adjusted by a factor:  $F = 20\log$  (dwell time/100 ms)

FCC			IC						
	TX spurious emissions radiated								
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).									
	§15	209							
Frequency (MHz)	quency (MHz) Field strength (dBµV/m) Measurement distance								
Above 960	54.0 (a 74.0 (		3						

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#### Result:

For radiated spurious emission the limits of 15.209 applies for all frequencies mentioned in 15.205. According to FCC Public Notice (ANSI C63.4) the average emission shall be determined by using RMS detector. If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the RMS reading may be adjusted by a factor:

## F = 20\*log (dwell time/100 ms)

One pulse train is higher than 100 ms, so the correction factor is 0 (see plots in chapter 12.4)

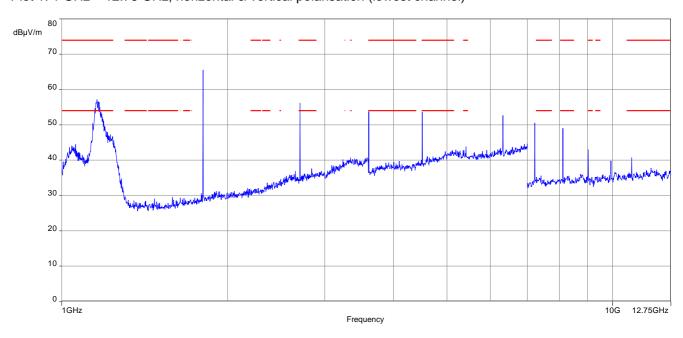
TX spurious emissions radiated [dBµV/m]								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
1158*	Peak	61.5	1006	Peak	72.9	4000	Peak	72.9
1156	AVG	49.8	1806	AVG	-/-	1809	AVG	-/-
4004	Peak	68.9	2710	Peak	57.1	2714	Peak	56.7
1804	AVG	-/-		AVG	52.7		AVG	48.2
0700	Peak	57.2	0044	Peak	55.2	3618	Peak	57.8
2706	AVG	51.8 3614	3614	AVG	49.3		AVG	52.3
0000	Peak	58.1	4547	Peak	58.7	4500	Peak	56.4
3609	AVG	52.9	4517	AVG	53.1	4526	AVG	49.5
4511	Peak	54.9	0420	Peak	55.2	7237	Peak	52.1
4011	AVG	49.8	8130	AVG	49.8	1231	AVG	43.7
8119	Peak	53.2		Peak			Peak	
	AVG	45.2		AVG			AVG	

<sup>\*</sup>This emission was detected on every TX channel so we re-measured only once.

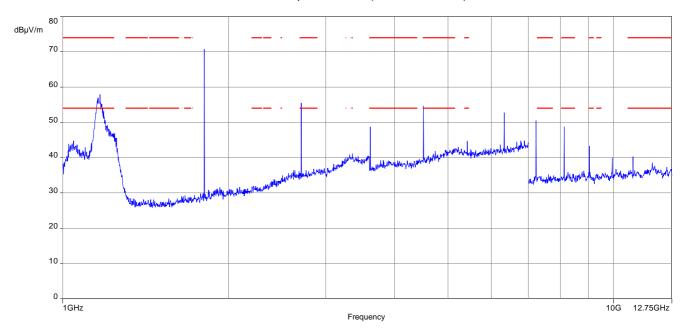
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Plot 1: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (lowest channel)



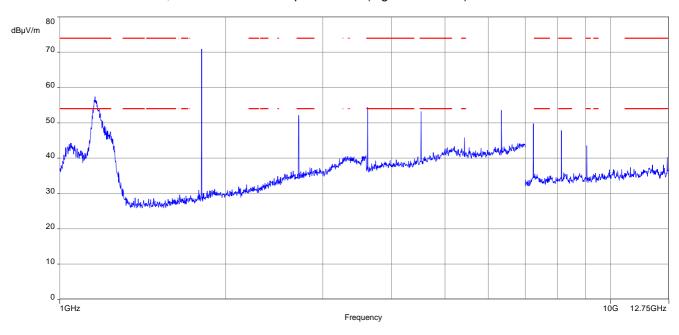
Plot 2: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (middle channel)



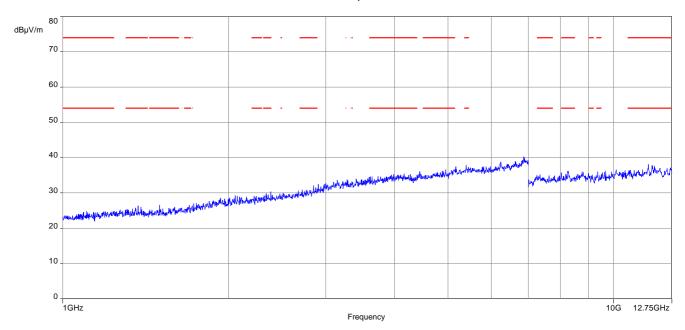
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Plot 3: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)



Plot 4: 1GHz - 12.75 GHz, RX-Mode, horizontal & vertical polarisation



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# 11.11 Spurious emissions conducted < 30 MHz

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to middle channel. If critical peaks are found the lowest channel and the highest channel will be measured too. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameter				
Detector:	Peak - Quasi Peak / Average			
Sweep time:	Auto			
Video bandwidth:	9 kHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz			
Span:	150 kHz to 30 MHz			
Trace mode:	Max Hold			
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.3 – A			
Measurement uncertainty:	See sub clause 8			

#### Limits:

Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz					
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV/m)	Average (dBμV/m)			
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*			
0.5 – 5	56	46			
5 – 30.0	60	50			

<sup>\*</sup>Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

#### **Results:**

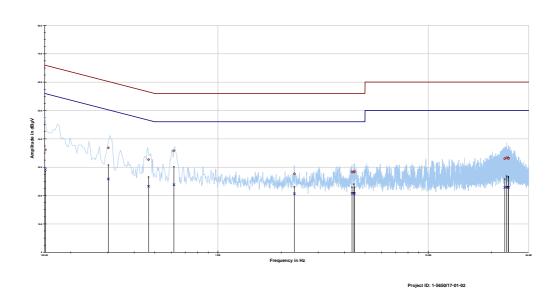
Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz [dBμV/m]						
F [MHz] Detector Level [dBµV/m]						
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.						

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Plot 1: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line





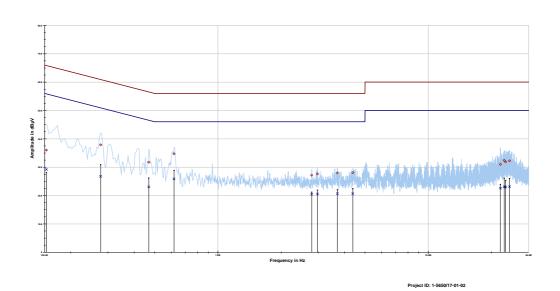
Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV
0.151362	36.11	29.81	65.925	29.23	26.73	55.961
0.301390	36.82	23.38	60.204	25.82	25.86	51.675
0.468069	32.69	23.86	56.548	23.27	23.64	46.912
0.617777	35.81	20.19	56.000	23.82	22.18	46.000
2.308543	27.69	28.31	56.000	20.66	25.34	46.000
4.339344	28.33	27.67	56.000	20.79	25.21	46.000
4.430332	28.27	27.73	56.000	20.79	25.21	46.000
4.452386	28.58	27.42	56.000	20.81	25.19	46.000
23.086464	33.00	27.00	60.000	22.87	27.13	50.000
23.582981	33.32	26.68	60.000	22.97	27.03	50.000
24.007021	33.27	26.73	60.000	22.98	27.02	50.000
24.021965	33.05	26.95	60.000	22.88	27.12	50.000

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Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line





Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV
0.153007	36.05	29.79	65.835	29.19	26.73	55.914
0.277053	37.88	23.02	60.904	26.76	25.61	52.370
0.469118	31.76	24.77	56.530	23.06	23.83	46.882
0.618865	34.72	21.28	56.000	25.87	20.13	46.000
2.791307	27.19	28.81	56.000	20.43	25.57	46.000
2.973190	27.62	28.38	56.000	20.57	25.43	46.000
3.699503	28.01	27.99	56.000	20.68	25.32	46.000
4.374342	28.08	27.92	56.000	20.69	25.31	46.000
22.003483	31.01	28.99	60.000	22.59	27.41	50.000
22.939225	32.38	27.62	60.000	23.08	26.92	50.000
23.312889	31.88	28.12	60.000	22.99	27.01	50.000
24.320675	32.24	27.76	60.000	23.14	26.86	50.000

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## 12 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

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# Annex A Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test				
DUT	Device under test				
UUT	Unit under test				
GUE					
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute				
EN	European Standard				
FCC	Federal Communications Commission				
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC				
IC	Industry Canada				
PMN	Product marketing name				
HMN	Host marketing name				
HVIN	Hardware version identification number				
FVIN	Firmware version identification number				
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility				
HW	Hardware				
SW	Software				
Inv. No.	Inventory number				
S/N or SN	Serial number				
С	Compliant				
NC	Not compliant				
NA	Not applicable				
NP	Not performed				
PP	Positive peak				
QP	Quasi peak				
AVG	Average				
ОС	Operating channel				
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth				
OBW	Occupied bandwidth				
ООВ	Out of band				
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection				
CAC	Channel availability check				
OP	Occupancy period				
NOP	Non occupancy period				
DC	Duty cycle				
PER	Packet error rate				
CW	Clean wave				
MC	Modulated carrier				
WLAN	Wireless local area network				
RLAN	Radio local area network				
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum				
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing				
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum				
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System				
C/N <sub>0</sub>	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz				

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## Annex B Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2018-02-17

## Annex C Accreditation Certificate

first page	last page
Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH  Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition  Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory  CTC advanced GmbH  Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken  is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields:  Telecommunication	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH  Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin G0327 Frankfurt am Main Gffice Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by
The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 03.06.2017 with the accreditation number 0-Pt-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 43 pages.  Registration number of the certificate: D-Pt-12076-01-03  Frankfurt, 02.06.2017  Diplying 1970 has been seen of Division and Displacement.	Deutsche Akkrediterungsstelle GmbH (DAKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf.  No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAMS.  The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gastetle Jr. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European International Laboration CSQs. p. 30). DAMS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA). International Accreditation Formul (RA) and International Laboration Accreditation Cooperation (ILA). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditation.  The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites:  CA: www.uncopean-accreditation.org ILAC: www.lac.org ILAC: www.lac.org

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the website (link see below) of the Accreditation Body DAkkS or may be received by CTC advanced GmbH on request

http://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-03.pdf

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