

# FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

# In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

**Product Name:** notebook

Trademark: N/A

Model Name: EV-CE-141-2

Serial Model: W1640B

Report No.: SER180611004001E

FCC ID: 2ACPR-CE141-2

### **Prepared for**

SHENZHEN BMORN TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

6/F, Hengfang Verteran Industrial Park, Xingye Road, Xixiang, Bao'an,
Shenzhen, China

#### Prepared by

Shenzhen NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F, Building E, Fenda Science Park, Sanwei Community, Xixiang Street,
Bao'an District, Shenzhen 518126 P.R.China.

Tel.: +86-755-6115 6588 Fax.: +86-755-6115 6599

Website: http://www.ntek.org.cn



### TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name .....: SHENZHEN BMORN TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

Address.....Bao'an, Shenzhen, China 6/F, Hengfang Verteran Industrial Park, Xingye Road, Xixiang,

Manufacturer's Name.....: SHENZHEN BMORN TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

6/F, Hengfang Verteran Industrial Park, Xingye Road, Xixiang,

Report No.: SER180611004001E

Bao'an, Shenzhen, China

**Product description** 

Product name....: notebook

Trademark .....: N/A

Model and/or type reference .: EV-CE-141-2

Serial Model .....: W1640B

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

Standards ...... ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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#### **Date of Test**

Date (s) of performance of tests ...... Jun. 22, 2018

Test Result ..... Pass

Prepared By (Test Engineer) (Cheng Jiawen)

Approved By (Lab Manager)



# % % Revision History % %

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Jul. 06, 2018	Cheng Jiawen



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#### 1. General Information

#### 1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

#### **Occupational/Controlled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

### **General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT



1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EV-CE-141-2 are as follows.

	Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg)	
Band	1-g Body	
	(Separation distance of 0mm)	
WLAN 2.4G	0.116	

NOTE: This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population / uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & Published RF exposure KDB procedures.

### 1.3. EUT Description

Device Information						
Product Name	notebook					
Trademark	N/A					
Model Name	EV-CE-141-2					
Serial Model	W1640B					
FCC ID	2ACPR-CE141-2					
Device Phase	Identical Prototype					
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment					
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna					
Battery Information	DC 7.6V, 5000mAh					
Device Operating Configurations						
Supporting Mode(s)	WLAN 2.4G, Bluetooth					
Test Modulation	WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Blue	WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK)				
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)			
Operating Frequency Range(s)	WLAN 2.4G 2412-2462		2462			
	Bluetooth 2402-2480					
Test Channels (low-mid-high)	1-3-6-9-11(WLAN 2.4G)					



1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

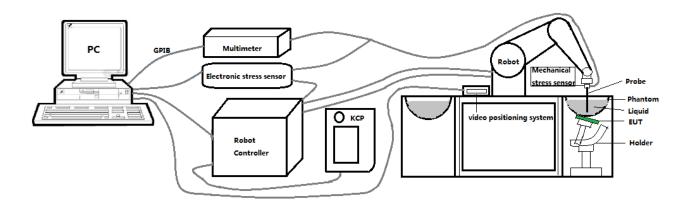
#### 1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%



### 2. SAR Measurement System

#### 2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



#### 2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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#### 2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.08 dBAxial isotropy: <0.25 dB</li>

- Hemispherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 7mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

#### 2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ±0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.



## 2.4. SAM phantoms

# Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.

#### 2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



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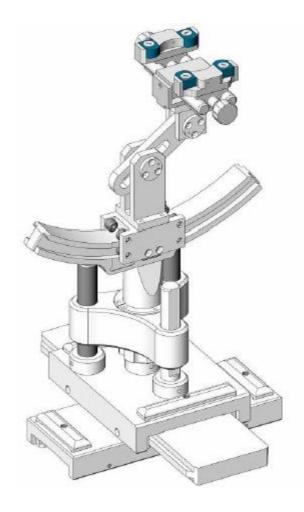
Serial Number	Left Head		Right Head		Flat Part	
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
SN 16/15 SAM119	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10  $\mu m$ .



2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent	
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005	



## 2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked  $\, \boxtimes \,$ 

MVG		Manufacturer	Name of	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
MVG         EFIELD PROBE         SSE2         SN 08/16 EPGO287         2017         2018           MVG         750 MHz Dipole         SID750         SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355         2018         2021           MVG         835 MHz Dipole         SID835         SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347         2018         2021           MVG         900 MHz Dipole         SID900         SN 03/15 DIP 0G900-348         2018         2021           MVG         1800 MHz Dipole         SID1800         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         1900 MHz Dipole         SID1900         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 16900-350         2018         2021           MVG         2000 MHz Dipole         SID2000         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021         2021         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         2450 MHz Dipole         SID2450         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021         2018         2021           MVG         26000 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021         2018         2021           MVG         26000 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2018         2021           MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33		Manufacturei	Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
MVG		MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSF2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Sep. 18,	Sep. 17,
□         MVG         750 MHz Dipole         SID750         0G750-355         2018         2021           □         MVG         835 MHz Dipole         SID835         SN 03/15 DIP         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         900 MHz Dipole         SID900         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         1800 MHz Dipole         SID1800         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 1G800-349         2018         2021           □         MVG         1900 MHz Dipole         SID1900         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 1G900-350         2018         2021           □         MVG         2000 MHz Dipole         SID2000         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2G000-351         2018         2021           □         MVG         2450 MHz Dipole         SID2450         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021         2018         2021           □         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021         2018         2021           □         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021         2018         2021           □         MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021         2018		10100	ETIELDTROBE	OOLZ	014 00/10 E1 00207	2017	2018
MVG         835 MHz Dipole         SID835         SN 03/15 DIP OGR35-347         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         900 MHz Dipole         SID900         SN 03/15 DIP OGR35-347         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         900 MHz Dipole         SID900         SN 03/15 DIP OGR900-348         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         1800 MHz Dipole         SID1800         SN 03/15 DIP OGR90-349         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         1900 MHz Dipole         SID1900         SN 03/15 DIP OGR90-350         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         2000 MHz Dipole         SID2000         SN 03/15 DIP OGR90-350         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         2450 MHz Dipole         SID2450         SN 03/15 DIP OGR90-351         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP OGR90-352         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP OGR90-356         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2018           MVG         Liquid measurement Kit         SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72         NCR         NCR           MVG         Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003         NCR NCR		MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
□         MVG         835 MHz Dipole         SID835         0G835-347         2018         2021           □         MVG         900 MHz Dipole         SID900         SN 03/15 DIP OG900-348         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         1800 MHz Dipole         SID1800         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 16800-349         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         1900 MHz Dipole         SID1900         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 1690-350         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2000 MHz Dipole         SID2000         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2450 MHz Dipole         SID2450         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG		10100	700 WII 12 Bipolo	OIDTOO	0G750-355	2018	2021
MVG         900 MHz Dipole         SID900         SN 03/15 DIP OG900-348         Apr. 19, 2021         Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         1800 MHz Dipole         SID1800         SN 03/15 DIP OG900-348         Apr. 19, 2021         Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         1800 MHz Dipole         SID1800         SN 03/15 DIP OG900-349         Apr. 19, 2021         Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         1900 MHz Dipole         SID1900         SN 03/15 DIP OG900-350         Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         2000 MHz Dipole         SID2000         SN 03/15 DIP OG900-351         Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         2450 MHz Dipole         SID2450         SN 03/15 DIP OG90-352         Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021            MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP OG90-356         Apr. 19, 2021         Apr. 19, 2021         Apr. 19, 2021         Apr. 19, 2021         Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         Liquid measurement Kit Measurement Mea	$ \Box$	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
□         MVG         900 MHz Dipole         SID900         0G900-348         2018         2021           □         MVG         1800 MHz Dipole         SID1800         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 1G800-349         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         1900 MHz Dipole         SID1900         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 1G900-350         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2000 MHz Dipole         SID2000         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 2G900-351         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2450 MHz Dipole         SID2450         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 2G450-352         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP Apr. 19, 2G600-356         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, 2018         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SCLMP         SN 21/15 OCPG 72         NCR         NCR           □         MVG         Power Amplifier         N.A         AMPLISAR_28/14_003         NCR         NCR           □         R&S         Universal radio communication         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, 2017         Aug. 07, 2018           □         R&S		10100	000 Wii 12 Bipolo	CIDOOO	0G835-347	2018	2021
MVG		MVG	900 MHz Dinole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
MVG		WIVO	300 WII IZ DIPOIC	OID300	0G900-348	2018	2021
MVG	$  \Box $	MVG	1800 MHz Dinole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
□         MVG         1900 MHz Dipole         SID1900         1G900-350         2018         2021           □         MVG         2000 MHz Dipole         SID2000         SN 03/15 DIP 2G000-351         2018         2021           □         MVG         2450 MHz Dipole         SID2450         SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2018         2021           □         MVG         Liquid measurement Kit         SCLMP         SN 21/15 OCPG 72         NCR         NCR           □         MVG         Power Amplifier         N.A         AMPLISAR_28/14_003         NCR         NCR           □         R&S         Universal radio communication tester         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, Aug. 06, 2018           □         R&S         Wideband radio communication         CMW500         103917         Oct. 26, Oct. 25, 2017		WVO	1000 WI 12 DIPOIE	1G800-349		2018	2021
MVG   2000 MHz Dipole   SID2000   SN 03/15 DIP   Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021     MVG   2450 MHz Dipole   SID2450   SN 03/15 DIP   Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021     MVG   2450 MHz Dipole   SID2450   SN 03/15 DIP   Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021     MVG   2600 MHz Dipole   SID2600   SN 03/15 DIP   Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021     MVG   5000 MHz Dipole   SWG5500   SN 13/14 WGA 33   Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2018   2021     MVG   Liquid   measurement Kit   SCLMP   SN 21/15 OCPG 72   NCR   NCR     MVG   Power Amplifier   N.A   AMPLISAR_28/14_003   NCR   NCR     KEITHLEY   Millivoltmeter   2000   4072790   NCR   NCR     R&S   Universal radio   communication   tester   CMU200   117858   Aug. 07, 2017   2018     R&S   Wideband radio   CMU200   103917   Oct. 26, 2017   2018     Oct. 26, Oct. 25, 2017   2018   CMU201   CMW500   CMW500   CMW500   CMW500   CMW500   CMU201   CMU20		MVC	1000 MHz Dipolo	SID1000	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
		WVG	1900 WILIZ DIPOLE	1G900-350		2018	2021
MVG		MVC	2000 MHz Dipolo	SIDSOOO	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
MVG         2450 MHz Dipole         SID2450         2G450-352         2018         2021           MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2021           MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2018         Apr. 19, Apr. 18, 2018           MVG         Liquid measurement Kit         SCLMP         SN 21/15 OCPG 72         NCR         NCR           MVG         Power Amplifier         N.A         AMPLISAR_28/14_003         NCR         NCR           MVG         KEITHLEY         Millivoltmeter         2000         4072790         NCR         NCR           R&S         Universal radio communication tester         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, Aug. 06, 2018         Aug. 06, 2018           R&S         Wideband radio communication communication         CMW500         103917         Oct. 26, Oct. 25, 2017         2018		WVG	2000 WII 12 DIPOIE	3102000	2G000-351	2018	2021
MVG   2600 MHz Dipole   SID2600   SN 03/15 DIP   Apr. 19, 2021     MVG   5000 MHz Dipole   SWG5500   SN 13/14 WGA 33   Apr. 19, 2018   2021     MVG   Liquid   MVG		MVC	2450 MHz Dipolo	SID3450	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
□         MVG         2600 MHz Dipole         SID2600         2G600-356         2018         2021           □         MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, 2018         2021           □         MVG         Liquid measurement Kit         SCLMP         SN 21/15 OCPG 72         NCR         NCR           □         MVG         Power Amplifier         N.A         AMPLISAR_28/14_003         NCR         NCR           □         KEITHLEY         Millivoltmeter         2000         4072790         NCR         NCR           □         R&S         Universal radio communication tester         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, Aug. 06, 2017         2018           □         R&S         Wideband radio communication         CMW500         103917         Oct. 26, Oct. 25, 2017         2018		WVG	2430 WITZ DIPOLE	3102430	2G450-352	2018	2021
□         MVG         5000 MHz Dipole         SWG5500         SN 13/14 WGA 33         Apr. 19, 2021         Apr. 18, 2021           □         MVG         Liquid measurement Kit         SCLMP         SN 21/15 OCPG 72         NCR         NCR           □         MVG         Power Amplifier         N.A         AMPLISAR_28/14_003         NCR         NCR           □         KEITHLEY         Millivoltmeter         2000         4072790         NCR         NCR           □         R&S         Universal radio communication tester         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, 2018         Aug. 06, 2017         2018           □         R&S         Wideband radio communication communication         CMW500         103917         Oct. 26, 26, 2017         2018		MVC	2600 MHz Dipolo	SIDSEOU	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
		WVG	2600 WIHZ DIPOIE	3102000	2G600-356	2018	2021
✓         MVG         Liquid measurement Kit         SCLMP         SN 21/15 OCPG 72         NCR         NCR           ✓         MVG         Power Amplifier         N.A         AMPLISAR_28/14_003         NCR         NCR           ✓         KEITHLEY         Millivoltmeter         2000         4072790         NCR         NCR           ✓         R&S         Universal radio communication tester         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, Aug. 06, 2017         Aug. 06, 2018           ✓         R&S         Wideband radio communication         CMW500         103917         Oct. 26, 2017         2018		MVC	5000 MHz Dipolo	SMCEEOO	CN 12/14 W/CA 22	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
MVG         measurement Kit         SCLMP         SN 21/15 OCPG 72         NCR         NCR           MVG         Power Amplifier         N.A         AMPLISAR_28/14_003         NCR         NCR           KEITHLEY         Millivoltmeter         2000         4072790         NCR         NCR           Universal radio communication tester         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, 2017         Aug. 06, 2017           R&S         Wideband radio communication         CMW500         103917         Oct. 26, 2017         Oct. 25, 2018		WVG	5000 WIHZ DIPOIE	3000	3N 13/14 WGA 33	2018	2021
MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR   KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR   Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 Aug. 07, 2018 Aug. 06, 2017 2018    R&S  Wideband radio communication  CMW500  103917  Oct. 26, 2017  2018		MVC	Liquid	SCI MD	01101/120000	NCD	NCD
KEITHLEY         Millivoltmeter         2000         4072790         NCR         NCR           Universal radio communication tester         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, 2018         Aug. 06, 2017         2018           R&S         Wideband radio communication         CMW500         103917         Oct. 26, 2017         2018		WVG	measurement Kit	SCLIVIP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCK	NCK
□         R&S         Universal radio communication tester         CMU200         117858         Aug. 07, 2017         Aug. 06, 2017         2018           □         R&S         Wideband radio communication         CMW500         103917         Oct. 26, 2017         Oct. 25, 2018		MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
□       R&S       communication tester       CMU200       117858       Aug. 07, 2018       Aug. 06, 2017       2018         □       R&S       Wideband radio communication       CMW500       103917       Oct. 26, 2017       Oct. 25, 2018	$\boxtimes$	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
R&S			Universal radio				
Tester   Wideband radio		R&S	communication	CMU200	117858	-	
R&S communication CMW500 103917 Oct. 26, Oct. 25, 2018			tester			2017	2018
R&S   communication   CMW500   103917   2017   2018			Wideband radio			Oct 26	Oct 25
		R&S	communication	CMW500	103917		
100101			tester			2017	2010
HP Network Analyzer 8753D 3410J01136 Aug. 07, Aug. 06,		ШD	NI-street A	07505	0440104400	Aug. 07,	Aug. 06,
HP		ПГ	Network Analyzer	8/53D	3410J01136	2017	2018
Agilent PSG Analog E8257D MY51110112 Aug. 07, Aug. 06,		Agilopt	PSG Analog	F00575	NN/54440440	Aug. 07,	Aug. 06,
Agilent   100 Arialog   E8257D   MY51110112   Adg. 07, Adg. 00, 2018		Ayıleni	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	2017	2018



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_							
	$\boxtimes$	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018
	$\boxtimes$	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018
	$\boxtimes$	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018
	$\boxtimes$	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018



#### 3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### 3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \*30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8 \* 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

UU MHZ to 6 GHZ.					
			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro-			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the m			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm $3-4$ GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm $4-6$ GHz: $\leq$ 10		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the abov the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform s	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



#### 3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

#### 3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

#### 3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.

# 4. System Verification Procedure

#### 4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24



	Certificate	11-1250.01								
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of			Body Tissue							
weight)										
Frequency Band	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
(MHz)	700	000	300	1000	1300	2000	2-100	2000	3200	0000
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

#### 4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

<b>-</b> -	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	d Tissue			
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	εr	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date	
Body	2450	52.70	1.95	52.42	1.98	21.3 °C	Jun. 22, 2018	
2450	2450	(50.07~55.33)	(1.85~2.04)	32.42	1.90	21.3 C	Juli. 22, 2010	

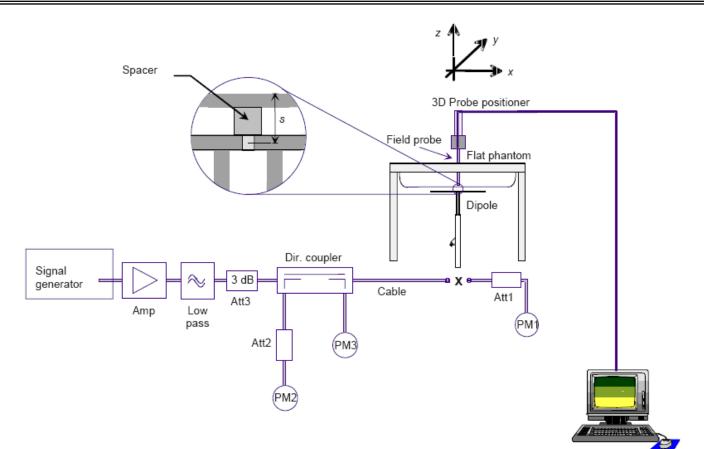
NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

#### 4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:





### 4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of ±10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System	Target SA	,	Measure (Normalize		Liquid		
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	Temp.	Test Date	
2450MHz Body	49.32 (44.39~54.25)	22.89 (20.60~25.17)	51.50	23.61	21.3 °C	Jun. 22, 2018	



### 5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

#### 5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

#### 5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

# 6. RF Exposure Positions

Refer to KDB616217 D04, The required minimum test separation distance for incorporating transmitters and antennas into laptop, notebook and netbook computer displays is determined with the display screen opened at an angle of 90 degree to the keyboard compartment. When antennas are incorporated in the keyboard section of a laptop computer, SAR is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard. Provided tablet use conditions are not supported by the laptop computer, SAR tests for bystander exposure from the edges of the keyboard and display screen of laptop computers are generally not required.



# 7. RF Output Power

# 7.1. WLAN Output Power

		_		Antenna A		Antenna B
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	14.5	13.5	14.0	13.2
802.11b	6	2437	14.5	14.1	14.0	13.6
	11	2462	14.5	14.1	14.0	13.7
	1	2412	14.5	13.5	14.0	13.6
802.11g	6	2437	14.5	13.6	14.0	12.9
	11	2462	14.5	13.8	14.0	13.0
000 44	1	2412	14.5	13.5	14.0	12.9
802.11n	6	2437	14.5	13.6	14.0	13.8
(HT20)	11	2462	14.5	13.8	14.0	13.4
802.11n	3	2422	14.5	12.9	14.0	12.6
	6	2437	14.5	13.3	14.0	12.6
(HT40)	9	2452	14.5	13.5	14.0	13.2

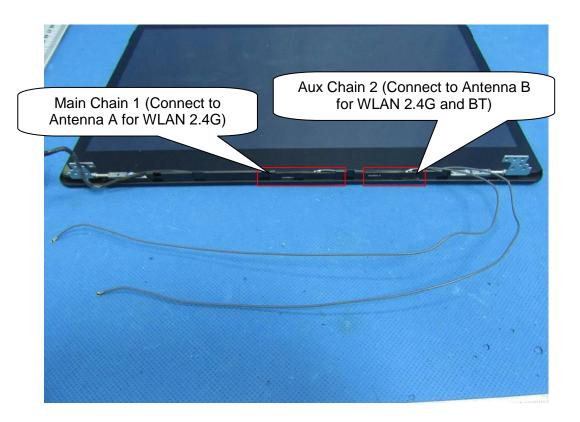
# 7.2. Bluetooth Output Power

		Output Power (dBm)						
	Data Rates	T	Channel					
DD . EDD		Tune-up	0	39	78			
BR+EDR	1M	4.50	4.12	3.80	2.84			
	2M	0.50	0.19	-0.14	-1.09			
	3M	0.50	0.32	-0.08	-0.95			

	Channel	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
51.5	0	3.00	2.66
BLE	19	3.00	2.38
	39	3.00	1.52



## 8. Antenna Location





#### 9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$ ]  $\leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f<sub>(GHZ)</sub> is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P <sub>max</sub>	P <sub>max</sub>	Distance	f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test	
ivioue	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion	
Bluetooth	4.5	2.82	5	2.480	0.89	3.0	Yes	

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}/x]$  W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P <sub>max</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>max</sub> (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	х	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Body	4.5	2.82	5	2.480	7.5	0.118

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth



## 10. SAR Results

### 10.1. SAR measurement results

### 10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Antenna A	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR 1g
Antenna A	/Freq.	1 est Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Test Position of bottom surface of the keyboard with 0mm	6/2437	802.11 b	0.106	0.051	2.64	14.10	14.50	0.116
Test Position of back surface of the display screen with Omm	6/2437	802.11 b	≤0.001	≤0.001	0.00	14.10	14.50	≤0.001
	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
Antenna B	channel	Test Mode	(W)	/kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Test Position of bottom surface of the keyboard with 0mm	11/2462	802.11 b	0.079	0.035	3.00	13.70	14.00	0.085
Test Position of back surface of the display screen with 0mm	11/2462	802.11 b	≤0.001	≤0.001	0.00	13.70	14.00	≤0.001

NOTE: Because the back surface of the display screen is metal, so the SAR value is very smaller.



Page 27 of 58 Report No.: SER180611004001E 10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities The WLAN 2.4GHz of this device is only supports SISO.

NTEK Page 28 of 58 Report No.: SER180611004001E 11. Appendix A. Photo documentation Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR



# 12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents
MEASUREMENT 1 - System Performance Check - 2450MHz



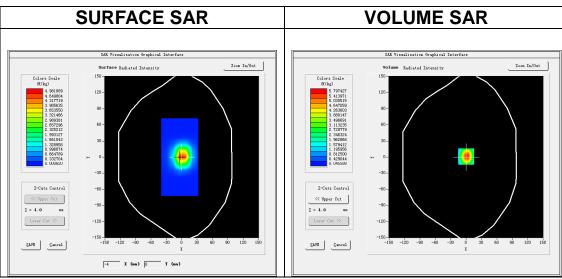
# **MEASUREMENT 1**

A. Experimental conditions.

At Experimental conditions	
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm
	dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=12mm dy=12mm,
	<u>h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<b>Device Position</b>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

# **B. SAR Measurement Results**

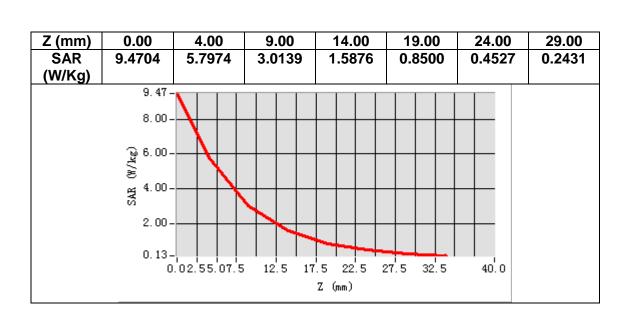
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.422600
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.524020
Conductivity (S/m)	1.980000
Variation (%)	-0.100000

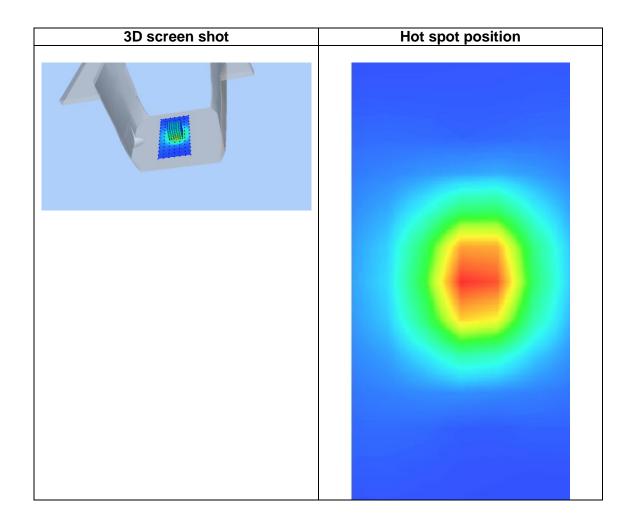


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 9.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.360897
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.150207









# 13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Table of contents	
MEASUREMENT 1 - Antenna A for WLAN 2.4G	
MEASUREMENT 2 - Antenna B for WLAN 2.4G	



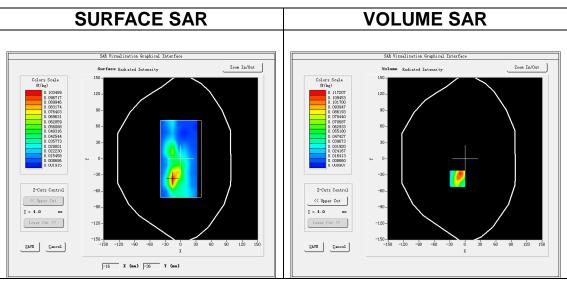
# **MEASUREMENT 1**

A. Experimental conditions.

A. Experimental conditions:	
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm
	dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=12mm dy=12mm,
	<u>h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<b>Device Position</b>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

AR Measurement Results		
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.487701	
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.476120	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.959394	
Variation (%)	2.640000	

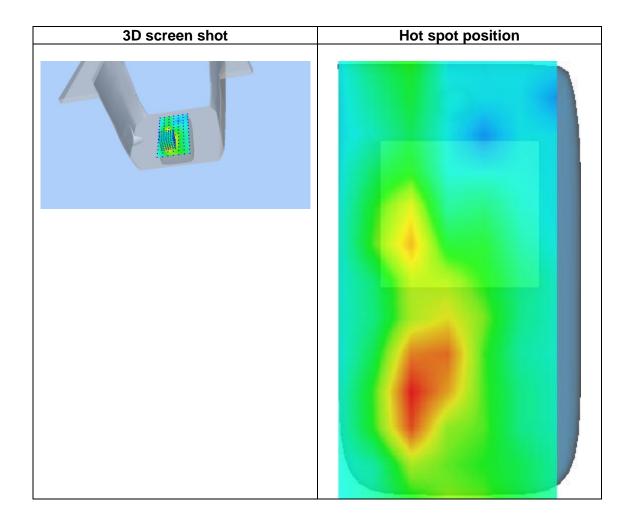


Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-37.00 SAR Peak: 0.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.050751
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.106462

Z (mm) SAR 0.00 4.00 9.00 14.00 19.00 24.00 29.00 0.1172 0.0278 0.0154 0.0103 0.0202 0.2167 0.0431 (W/Kg) 0.217-0.175 0.150 0.125 0.100 ₩ 0.075 0.050 0.008-12.5 17.5 22.5 27.5 32.5 40.0 0.02.55.07.5

Z (mm)





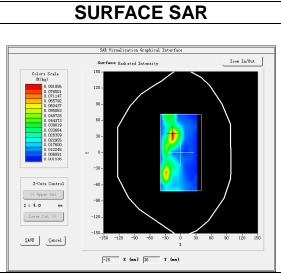
# **MEASUREMENT 2**

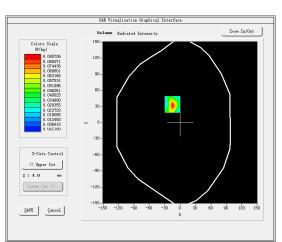
A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti =xpoiiiioiitai comaiticiioi	
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm
	dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=12mm dy=12mm,
	<u>h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<b>Device Position</b>	Body
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)

# **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.337199
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.699300
Conductivity (S/m)	1.993760
Variation (%)	3.000000



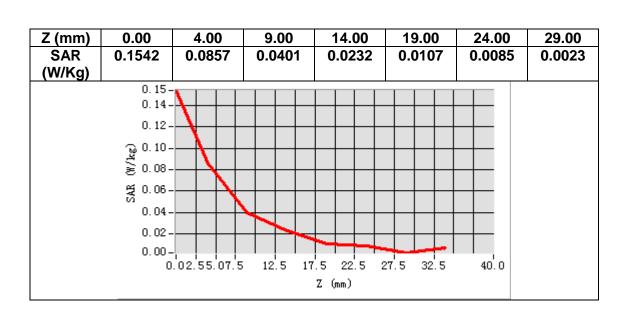


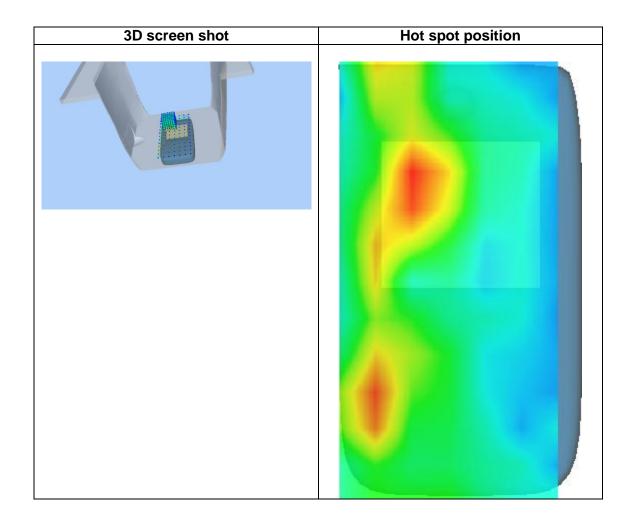
**VOLUME SAR** 

Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=34.00 SAR Peak: 0.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.034615
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.078953









14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

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E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287		
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352		





## **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

Shenzhen NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK,
SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 09/18/2017

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/18/2017	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/18/2017	Jes
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	9/18/2017	frem Pretthoughi

Customer Name
NTEK TESTING
TECHNOLOGY
CO., LTD.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	9/18/2017	Initial release







## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

#### 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SSE2			
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			
Frequency Range of Probe	0.4 GHz-6GHz			
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.208 MΩ			
	Dipole 2: R2=0.196 MΩ			
	Dipole 3: R3=0.196 MΩ			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



**Figure 1** – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

#### 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

#### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

#### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

#### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

#### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$  in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$ .

#### 3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%





#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

## 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters			
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45 %		

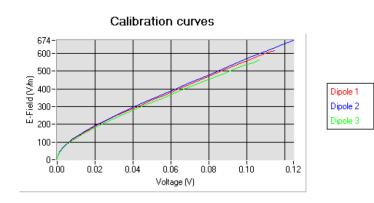
## 5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

Normx dipole		
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 \left( \mu V / (V/m)^2 \right)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.69	0.78	0.61

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
92	90	96

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{{E_1}^2 + {E_2}^2 + {E_3}^2}$$



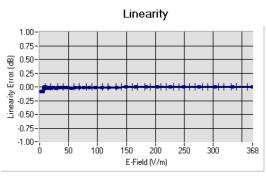
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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

#### 5.2 <u>LINEARITY</u>



Linearity:[]+/-1.86% (+/-0.08dB)

## 5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/-	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	<u>ConvF</u>
	100MHz)			
HL750	750	42.09	0.91	1.44
BL750	750	55.69	0.95	1.49
HL850	835	42.71	0.89	1.48
BL850	835	57.52	1.03	1.53
HL900	900	41.94	0.93	1.50
BL900	900	52.87	1.09	1.54
HL1800	1800	40.62	1.39	1.75
BL1800	1800	53.22	1.47	1.79
HL1900	1900	41.22	1.37	2.00
BL1900	1900	50.99	1.52	2.07
HL2000	2000	40.39	1.36	1.93
BL2000	2000	54.39	1.54	1.99
HL2450	2450	40.46	1.87	2.18
BL2450	2450	54.62	1.95	2.27
HL2600	2600	38.46	2.01	2.15
BL2600	2600	51.98	2.16	2.19
HL5200	5200	35.14	4.74	2.37
BL5200	5200	49.01	5.27	2.46
HL5400	5400	34.52	4.77	2.33
BL5400	5400	49.67	5.45	2.41
HL5600	5600	37.08	5.03	2.47
BL5600	5600	47.57	5.69	2.54
HL5800	5800	34.64	5.19	2.51
BL5800	5800	49.82	5.94	2.57

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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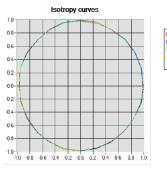
## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

## 5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

## HL900 MHz

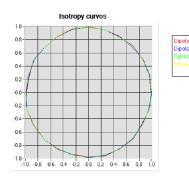
- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB



Dipole at 0' Dipole at 30' Dipole at 60' Dipole at 90'

## **HL1800 MHz**

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB



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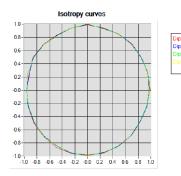


## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

## **HL5600 MHz**

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB







## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

## 6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Manufacturer / Description Model		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2016	10/2017
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2015	10/2017





## **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

# SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 04/19/2018

## Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	JES
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	4/19/2018	him Buthowski

	Customer Name
	NTEK TESTING
Distribution:	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	4/19/2018	Initial release







#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

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#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model SID2450			
Serial Number SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352			
Product Condition (new / used) Used			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

## 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1** – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

Report No.: SER180611004001E

#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

#### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss	
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB	

#### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length	
3 - 300	0.05 mm	

#### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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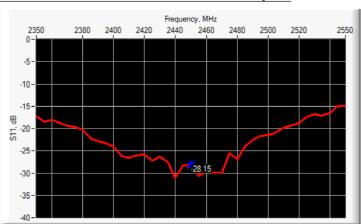
#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

10 g	20.1 %

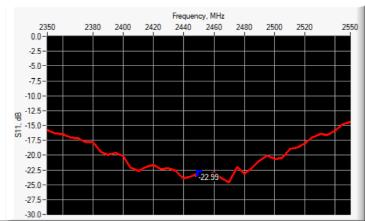
#### 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

#### 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-28.15	-20	$53.9 \Omega + 0.3 j\Omega$

#### 6.2 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-22.99	-20	57.6 Ω - 0.8 jΩ

## 6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz L mm		h mm		d mm		
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

Report No.: SER180611004001E

450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	PASS	30.4 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

#### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

## 7.1 <u>HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity $(\epsilon_{r}')$		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

Page: 7/11





#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
39.2 ±5 %	PASS	1.80 ±5 %	PASS
39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	
	40.0 ±5 % 40.0 ±5 % 40.0 ±5 % 39.8 ±5 % 39.5 ±5 % 39.2 ±5 % 39.0 ±5 %	40.0 ±5 % 40.0 ±5 % 40.0 ±5 % 39.8 ±5 % 39.5 ±5 % 39.2 ±5 % PASS 39.0 ±5 % 38.5 ±5 %	40.0 ±5 %       1.40 ±5 %         40.0 ±5 %       1.40 ±5 %         40.0 ±5 %       1.40 ±5 %         39.8 ±5 %       1.49 ±5 %         39.5 ±5 %       1.67 ±5 %         39.0 ±5 %       1.96 ±5 %         38.5 ±5 %       2.40 ±5 %

## 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 37.5 sigma: 1.80
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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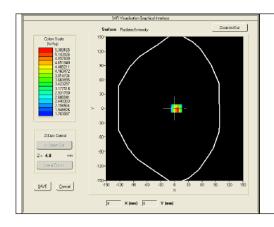


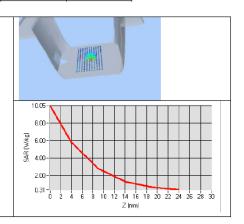


#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.76 (5.38)	24	24.12 (2.41)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	





## 7.3 <u>BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> ')	Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	

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#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

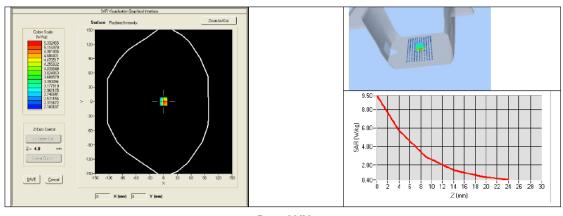
Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %		1.81 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %	PASS	1.95 ±5 %	PASS
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
3700	51.0 ±5 %		3.55 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

#### 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 53.2 sigma: 1.89
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2450	52.90 (5.29)	24.09 (2.41)



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#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.7.18.SATU.A

## 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NΔ	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019		
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020		
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2017	10/2018		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020		
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020		
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020		

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