Report No.: T170719D02-MF

Date of Issue: December 6, 2017

FCC ID: 2ACWI-1204

According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $* \cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ 

The tune-up power is -3 dBm +/- 1dB, therefore the highest tune-up power is -2.0 dBm (0.63 mW) @ 2480 MHz

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So,

 $(1mW / 5mm) * (2.480GHz ^0.5) = 0.2$ 

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \* [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ] = 0.2 < 3.0

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.