Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

TEST REPORT

1. Applicant		
Name	:	GB solutions Inc.
Brand Name	:	N/A
Address	:	A-203#, 29, Gonghang-daero 61-gil, Gangseo-gu, Seoul, Korea
FCC ID	:	2ACZ4BTLC-200
2. Products		
Name	:	SMART LED CONTROLLER
Model No.	:	BTLC-200
Variant Model No.	:	N/A
Manufacturer		GB solutions Inc.
Address		A-203#, 29, Gonghang-daero 61-gil, Gangseo-gu, Seoul, Korea
3. Test Standard	:	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C
4. Test Method	:	ANSI C63.10-2009
5. Test Result	:	PASS
6. Dates of Test	:	September 03, 2014 to September 05, 2014
7. Date of Issue	:	September 15, 2014
8. Test Laboratory	:	Standard Engineering Co. Ltd.
		FCC Designation Number : 624439

Tested by	Approved by
SoonHo, Kim / Test Engineer	SeongSeok, Seo / Compliance Engineer

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Standard Engineering Co. Ltd.

145, Hwanggeumteo-gil, Eumam-myeon, Seosan-si, Chungcheongnam-do 356-844, Republic of Korea Tel.: +82-41-663-9436, Fax :+82-41-663-9434 www.stdeng.com

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1. Test Summary

Test	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.1	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separated	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.2	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.3	PASS
Dwell Time	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.4	PASS
Pseudorandom frequency-hopping sequence	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.5	PASS
Maximum Peak Output Power	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(b)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.10.1	PASS
Conducted Spurious Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.7	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6	PASS
Band Edges Measurement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (d) &15.205	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.1	PASS
Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	FCC PART 15 C section 15.207	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.2	PASS
Radio Frequency Exposure Procedures	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (i) &1.1307(b)	-	PASS

Remark:

N/A: not applicable. Refer to the relative section for the details.

EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.

Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter.

Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver.

RF: In this whole report RF means Radio Frequency.

ANSI C63.10: the detail version is ANSI C63.10:2009 in the whole report.

DA 00-705 was used as a guideline in preparing this Test Report.

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3. General Information

3.1. Client Information

Applicant : GB solutions Inc.

Address of Applicant: A-203#, 29, Gonghang-daero 61-gil, Gangseo-gu, Seoul,

Korea

3.2. General Description of E.U.T.

Product Name : SMART LED CONTROLLER

Model No. : BTLC-200

3.3. Details of E.U.T.

Operating Frequency : 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz

Type of Modulation : GFSK

Number of Channels : 79 Channels

Channel Separation : 1 MHz

Antenna Type : Integral

Antenna gain : 1.99 dBi

Speciality : Bluetooth specification version 2.1 + EDR

Power Supply : Input / Output voltage: DC 12 ~ 40V

Normal Test Voltage : DC 12.0V

Remark:

- The device meets the requirements stated within Parts 15.247(g) & (h) in that they were developed under the Bluetooth protocol and operate as a true frequency hopping system. The device does not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.
- This product does not use the EDR.



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3.4. Modulation configure

Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
GFSK	DH1	4	24
	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339

Remark:

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the Modulation of GFSK

3.5. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested with corresponding accessories as below: Supplied by Standard Engineering Laboratory.:

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
NoteBook	COMPAQ	PP2140	1V2CKSBZ52C0
USB To SPI Jig	CSR	CSR86XX	-

3.6. Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

3.7. Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.

3.8. Test Location

145, Hwanggeumteo-gil, Eumam-myeon, Seosan-si, Chungcheongnam-do, Republic of korea. (FCC Designation Number: 624439)

This test site is in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 for general requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

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4. Equipment Used during Test

No.	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Next Cal. Data	Used equipment
1	EMI Test Receiver	LIG	LSA-265	L07098033	20/12/2013	12/20/2014	•
2	EMI Test Receiver	Rhode & Schwarz	ESIB7	3311	02/11/2014	02/11/2015	
2	Bi-log Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	164	09/15/2014	09/15/2016	
5	Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	9206-2769	02/13/2014	02/13/2016	
6	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	US45303130	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
8	Frequency Counter	HP	5347A	3009A02742	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
13	Attenuator	Agilent	8495B	3308A22485	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
15	Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	MY405111655	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
16	Power Sensor	HP	8485A	2347A02746	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
18	RF Cable	Gigalane	SMS102-MF1 41-SMS102-1.0 M	PB1252301285	N/A	N/A	•
20	Signal Generator	HP	83630A	3420A00728	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
21	Oscilloscope	HP	54815A	US38380122	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
23	Pre Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02105	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
25	Signal Generator	Rhode & Schwarz	SML03	102330	01/23/2014	01/23/2015	
26	POWER DIVIDER	Agilent	11636B	50309	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
27	Power Sensor	Agilent	8482B	3318A05111	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
29	DC Power Supply	HP	6032A	US35420383	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
30	Slidacs	Sunchang Electrics	5KV	N/A	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
32	Bandreject Filter	K&L Microwave	50140	555	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
33	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120A	346	01/27/2013	01/27/2015	
34	Horn Antenna	A.H. SYSTEMS	SAS-572	269	09/07/2013	09/07/2015	
35	DC Power Supply	Provice	PWS-5005D	205050	02/04/2014	02/04/2015	
36	Artificial Mains	Rhode & Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	100064	01/27/2014	01/27/2015	
38	Pulse Limiter	Rhode & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100137	11/15/2013	11/15/2014	

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5. Test Results

5.1. E.U.T. test conditions

Test Voltage:	DC 12.0V
Temperature:	20.0 -25.0 °C
Humidity:	38-50 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1000 -1010 mbar
Test frequencies and frequency range:	According to the 15.31(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table: According to the 15.33 (a) For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in the following table:

Number of fundamental frequencies to be tested in EUT transmit band

Frequency range in which device operates	Number of frequencies	Location in frequency range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

Frequency range of radiated emission measurements

Lowest frequency generated in the device	Upper frequency range of measurement
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 10 GHz to below 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz, whichever is lower, unless otherwise specified

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EUT channels and frequencies list:

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)
0	2402	27	2429	54	2456
1	2403	28	2430	55	2457
2	2404	29	2431	56	2458
3	2405	30	2432	57	2459
4	2406	31	2433	58	2460
5	2407	32	2434	59	2461
6	2408	33	2435	60	2462
7	2409	34	2436	61	2463
8	2410	35	2437	62	2464
9	2411	36	2438	63	2465
10	2412	37	2439	64	2466
11	2413	38	2440	65	2467
12	2414	39	2441	66	2468
13	2415	40	2442	67	2469
14	2416	41	2443	68	2470
15	2417	42	2444	69	2471
16	2418	43	2445	70	2472
17	2419	44	2446	71	2473
18	2420	45	2447	72	2474
19	2421	46	2448	73	2475
20	2422	47	2449	74	2476
21	2423	48	2450	75	2477
22	2424	49	2451	76	2478
23	2425	50	2452	77	2479
24	2426	51	2453	78	2480
25	2427	52	2454	/	/
26	2428	53	2455	/	/

Remark:

Test frequencies are the lowest channel: 0 channel(2402 MHz), middle channel: 39 channel(2441 MHz) and highest channel: 78 channel(2480 MHz)



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5.2. E.U.T. test conditions

Standard requirement

15.203 requirement::

For intentional device. According to 15.203. an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

EUT Antenna PASS

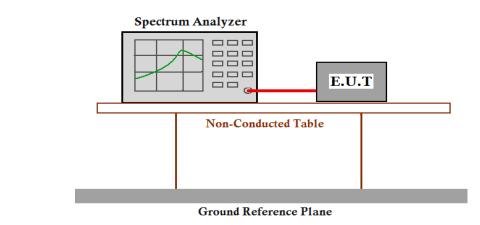
The transmitter has an Integrated Pattern antenna. The directional gain of the antenna is 1.99 dBi. please refer to the EUT internal photos.

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5.3. Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247
	(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier
	frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB
	bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively,
	frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band
	may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by
	25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel,
	whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output
	power no greater than 125 mW.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.1
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402
	MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with
	different data package. Compliance test in normal mode (DH5) as the
	worst case was found.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer: Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth, centring on a hopping channel;
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW >= 1% of the 20dB bandwidth VBW >= RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max Hold.
- 4. Mark the peak frequency and -20 dB points bandwidth.



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Test result:

Normal mode:

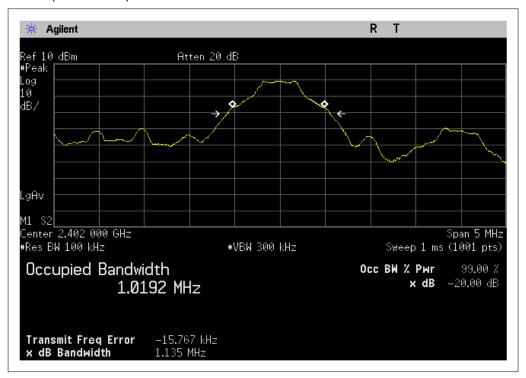
Test Channel	Bandwidth(MHz)	2/3 bandwidth(MHz)
Lowest	1.135	0.756
Middle	1.134	0.756
Highest	1.134	0.756

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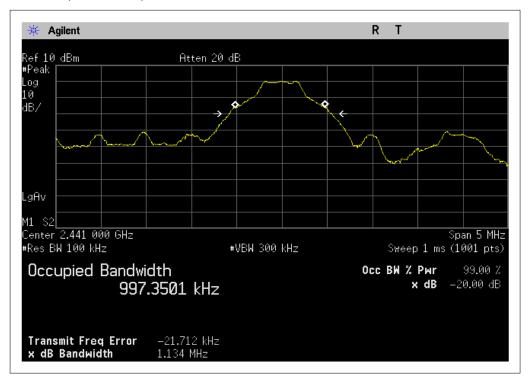
Result plot as follows:

Normal mode (DH5):

Lowest Channel(2.402 GHz):



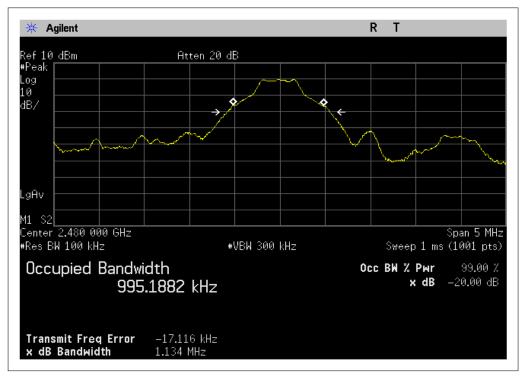
Middle Channel(2.441 GHz):





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Highest Channel(2.480 GHz):

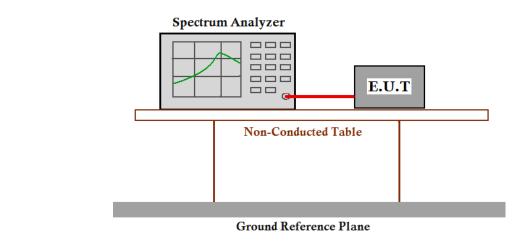


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5.4. Carrier Frequencies Separated

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247		
	(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier		
	frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB		
	bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively,		
	frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band		
	may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by		
	25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel,		
	whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output		
	power no greater than 125 mW.		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.2		
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402		
	MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with		
	different data package. Compliance test in normal mode (DH5) as the		
	worst case was found.		

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW >= 1% of the span, VBW >= RBW,. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max, hold.
- 3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.



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Test result:

Test Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separated	Pass/Fail	
Lower Channels	1.05 MHz	Pass	
(channel 0 and channel 1)	1.03 1011 12	Γ α55	
Middle Channels	1 O1 MUL	Docc	
(channel 39 and channel 40)	1.01 MHz	Pass	
Upper Channels	1 O1 MUL	Pass	
(channel 77 and channel 78)	1.01 MHz		

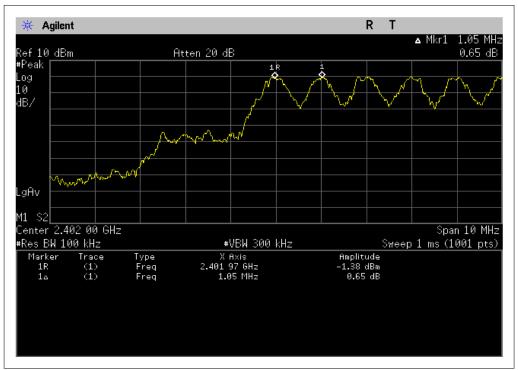
Remark:

The limit is maximum two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth: 756 KHz.

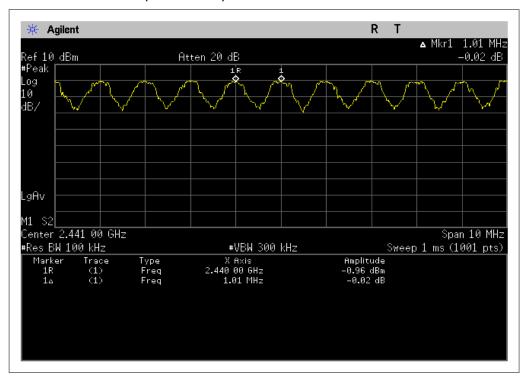
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Result plot as follows:

Lowest Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated

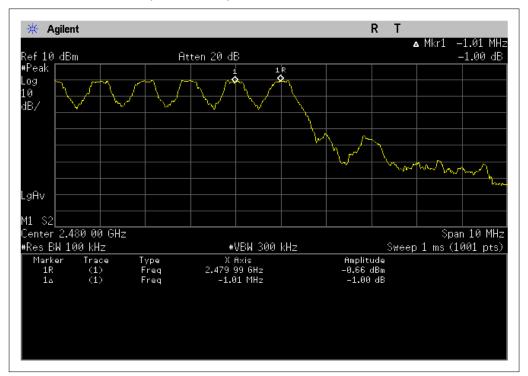


Middle Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated



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Highest Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated



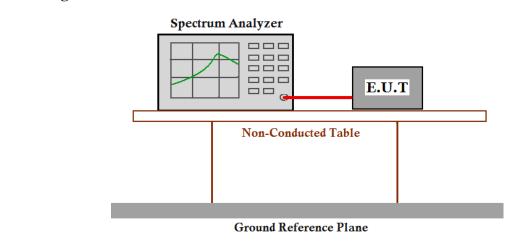


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5.5. Hopping Channel Number

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C section 15.247	
	(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band	
	shall use at least 15 channels.	
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.3	
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in hopping mode with different data packet.	
	Compliance test in hopping with Normal mode (DH5) as the worst	
	case was found.	

Test Configuration:



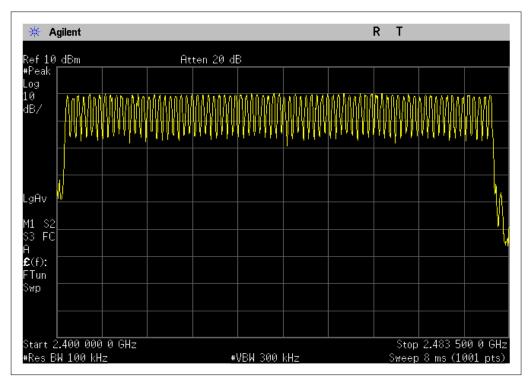
Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW = 100 kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
- 3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer: start frequency = 2400 MHz. stop frequency = 2483.5 MHz. Submit the test result graph.



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Test result: Total channels are 79 channels.



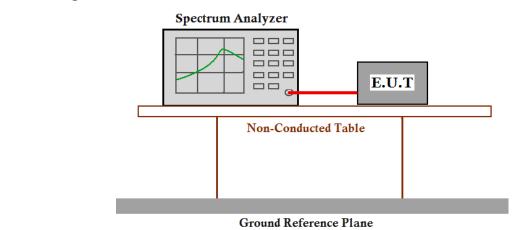


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5.6. Dwell Time

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C section 15.247		
	(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band		
	shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on a		
	channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4		
	seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.		
	Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on		
	a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15		
	channels are used.		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.4		
Test Status:	Test the EUT in hopping mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), middle		
	(2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data		
	packet. Compliance test in hopping mode with BDR mode (DH1, DH3		
	and DH5) as the worst case was found.		
I			

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. centered on a hopping channel;
- 3. Set RBW = 1 MHz and VBW = 1 MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold;
- 4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.). Repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s). An oscilloscope may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer.

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Test Result:

The test period: T= 0.4 Second/Channel x 79 Channel = 31.6 s

1. Channel 0: 2.402GHz

DH1 time slot = 0.368 (ms) * 32 * (31.6/3.16) = 117.76 ms

DH3 time slot = 1.647 (ms) * 16 * (31.6/3.16) = 263.52 ms

DH5 time slot = 2.894 (ms) * 11 * (31.6/3.16) = 318.34 ms

2. Channel 39: 2.441GHz

DH1 time slot = 0.371 (ms) * 32 * (31.6/3.16) = 118.72 ms

DH3 time slot = 1.652 (ms) * 16 * (31.6/3.16) = 264.32 ms

DH5 time slot = 2.894 (ms) * 11 * (31.6/3.16) = 318.34 ms

3. Channel 78: 2.480GHz

DH1 time slot = 0.368 (ms) * 32 * (31.6/3.16) = 117.76 ms

DH3 time slot = 1.652 (ms) * 16 * (31.6/3.16) = 263.32 ms

DH5 time slot = 2.894 (ms) * 11 * (31.6/3.16) = 318.34ms

The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period is equal to pulse width*

(# of pulse in observation period)*(test period / observation period)

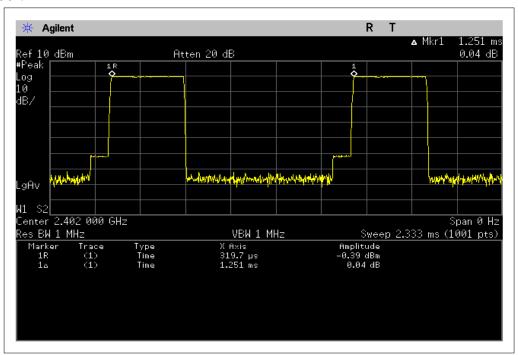
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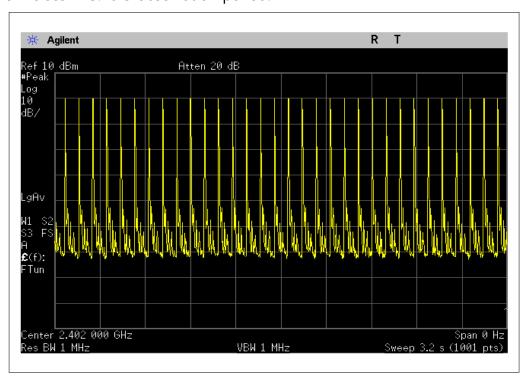
Result plot as follows:

1. Lowest channel (2402 MHz):

(1). DH1

Pulse Width:

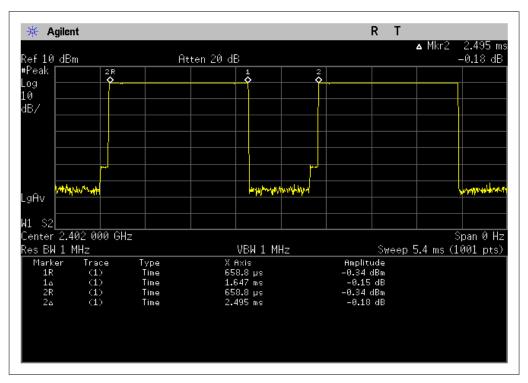


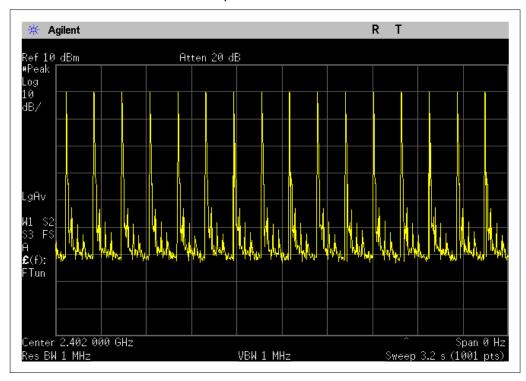


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(2) DH3

Pulse Width:

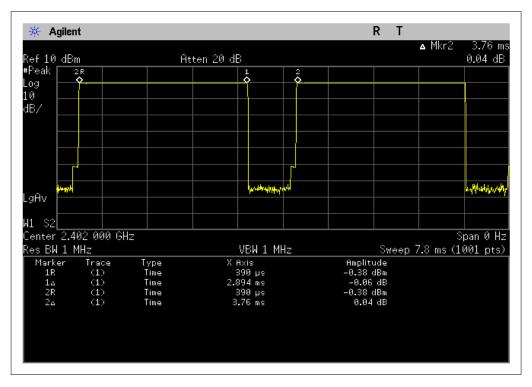


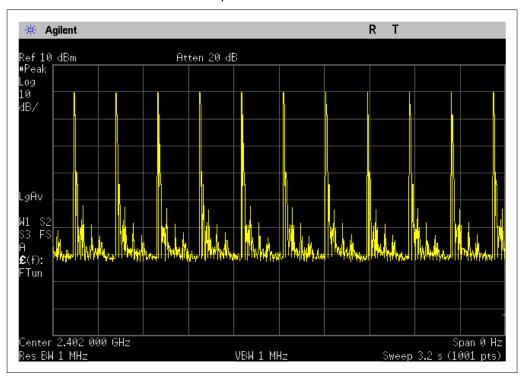


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(3) DH5

Pulse Width:



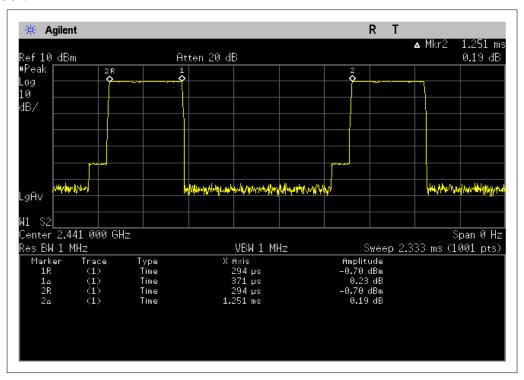


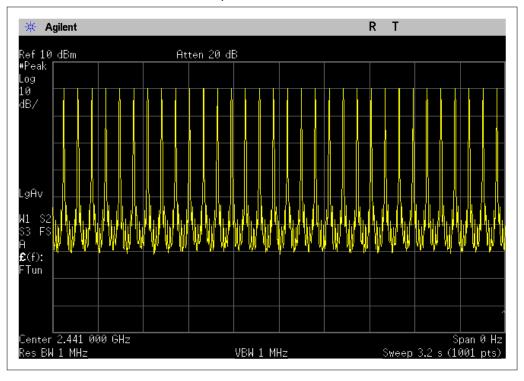
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2. Middle Channel (2441 MHz)

(1) DH1

Pulse Width:

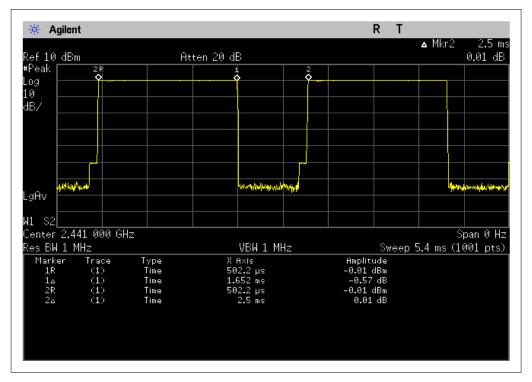


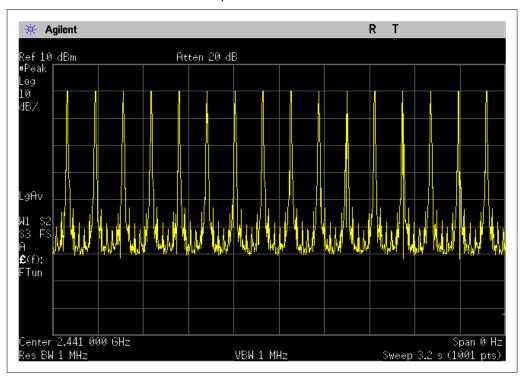


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(2) DH3

Pulse Width:

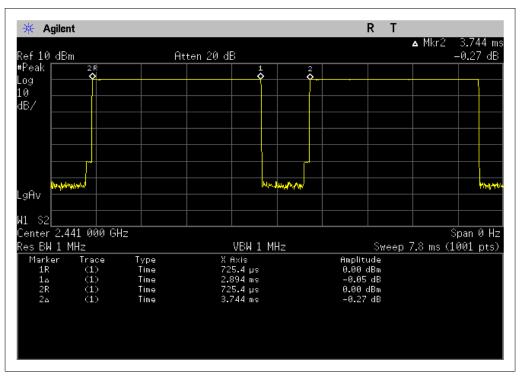


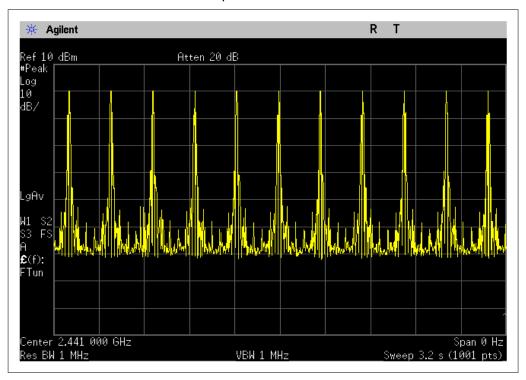


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(3) DH5

Pulse Width:



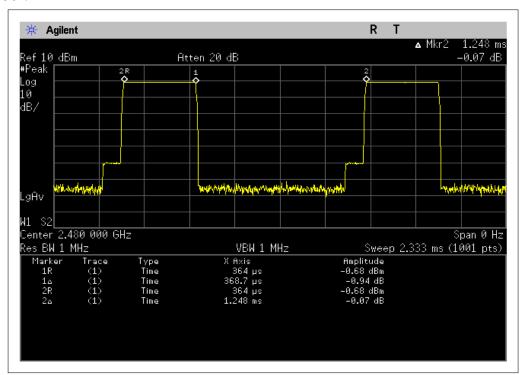


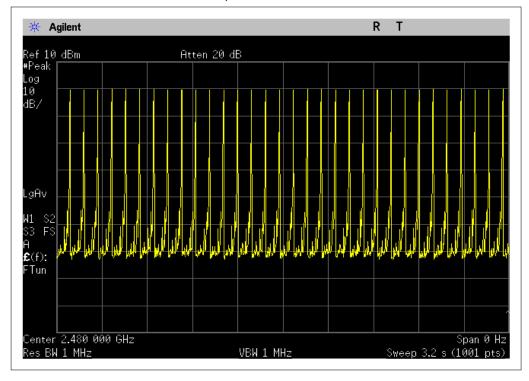
Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

3. Highest Channel (2480 MHz)

(1) DH1

Pulse Width:

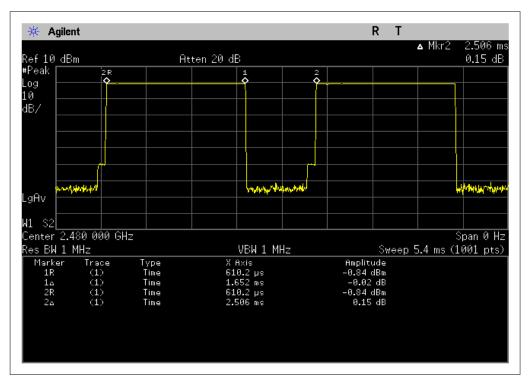


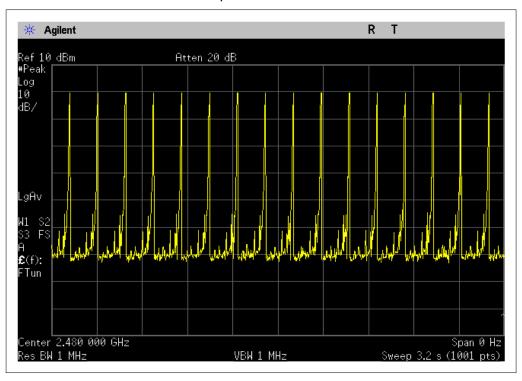


Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

(2) DH3

Pulse Width:

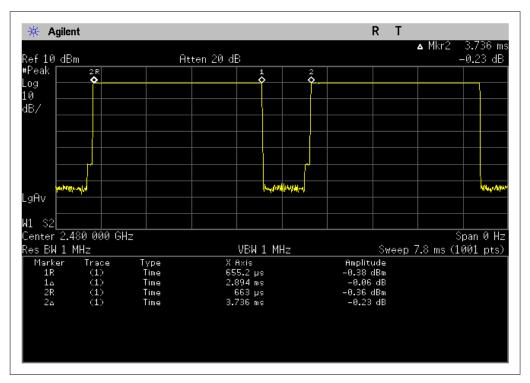


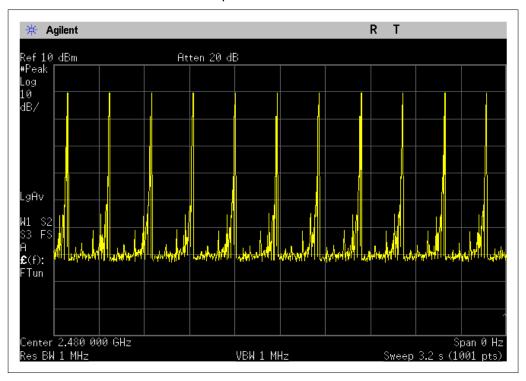


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(3) DH5

Pulse Width:







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5.7. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

5.7.1. Standard requirement

15.247(a)(1) requirement:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies.

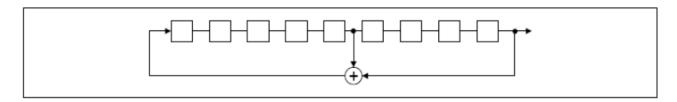
Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

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5.7.2. EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

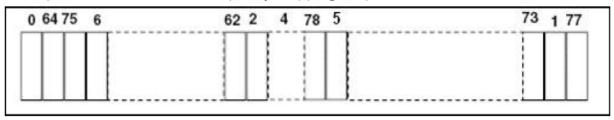
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



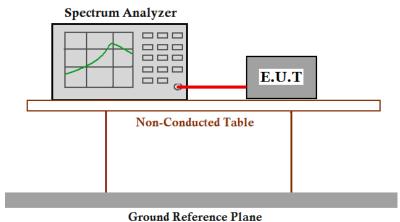
Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

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5.8. Maximum Peak Output Power

Test Configuration:	Spectrum Analyzer		
	mode with normal (DH5) as the worst case was found.		
	different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting		
	MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with		
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.10.1		
	number" of this document. The 1 watt (30.0 dBm) limit applies.		
	MHz band: 0.125 watts. Refer to the result "opping channel		
	watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5		
	and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1		
	MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels,		
	(b)(1)For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5		
Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247		



Test Procedure:

- 1 . Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2 . Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 2 MHz. VBW = 2 MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
- 3 . Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.



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Test result:

Normal mode:

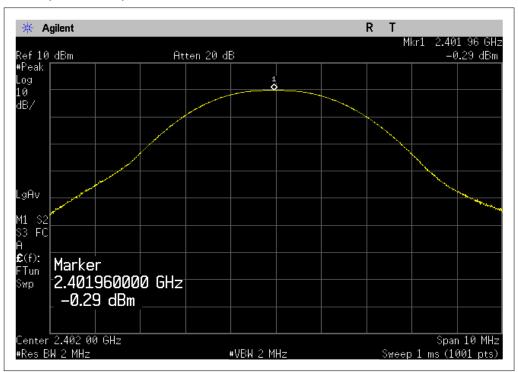
Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2402	-0.29	30.0	Pass
Middle	2441	0.09	30.0	Pass
Highest	2480	-0.31	30.0	Pass

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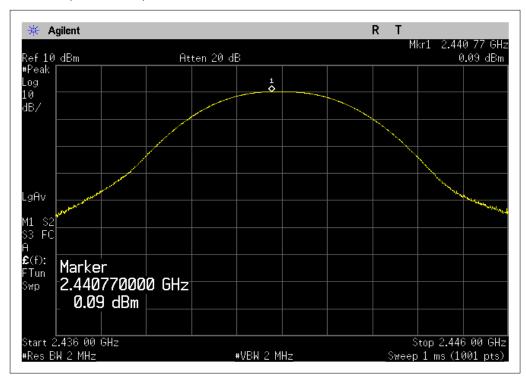
Result plot as follows:

Normal mode:

Lowest Channel(2.402 GHz):



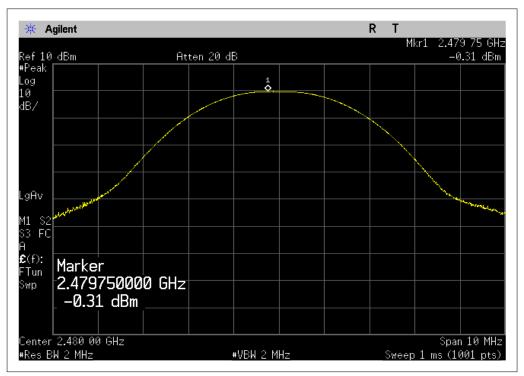
Middle Channel(2.441 GHz):





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Highest Channel(2.480 GHz):

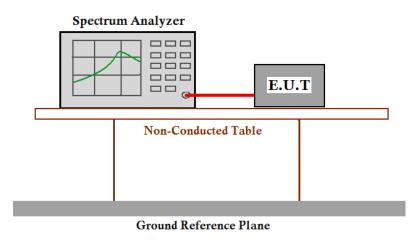


Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

5.9. Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C section 15.247
	(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the
	spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is
	operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the
	intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz
	bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the
	desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated
	measurement. Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance
	with the peak conducted power limits.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.7
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402
	MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with
	different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting
	mode with BDR mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

Test Configuration:



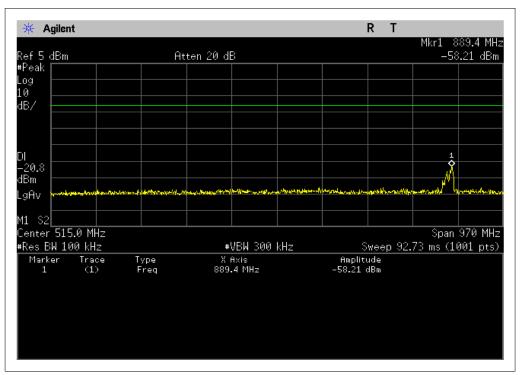
Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW >= RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak (Max. hold).

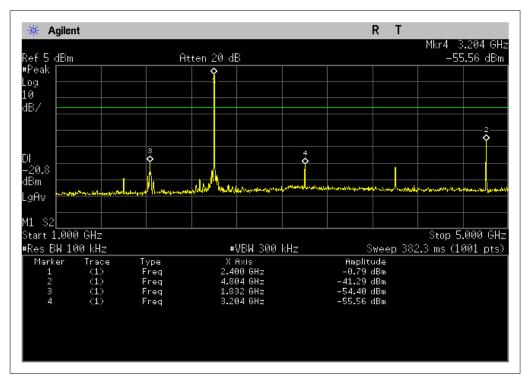
Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

Result plot as follows:

Lowest Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz

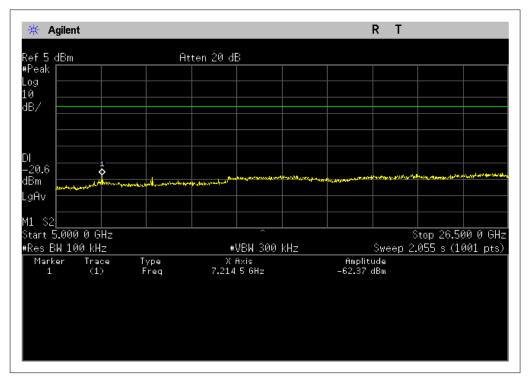


Lowest Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz

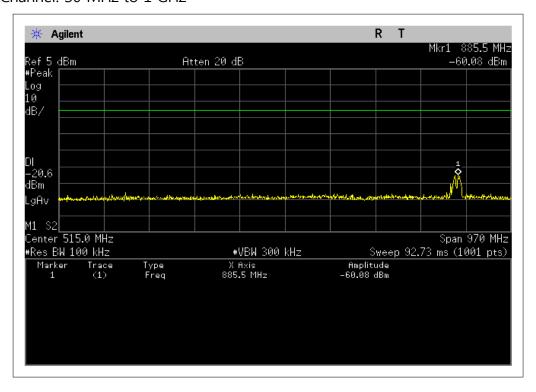


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Lowest Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz

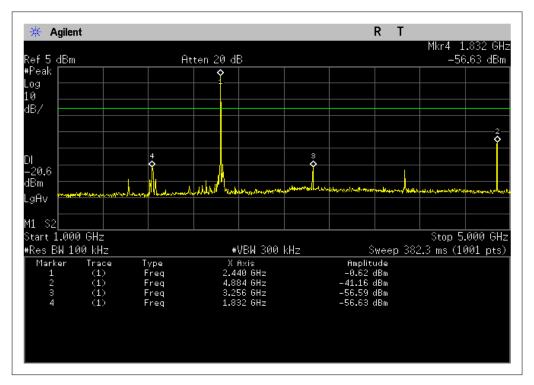


Middle Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz

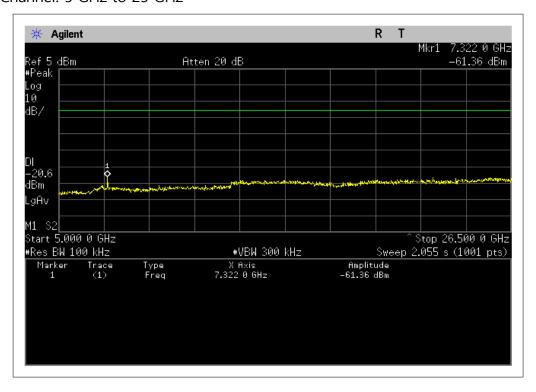


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Middle Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz

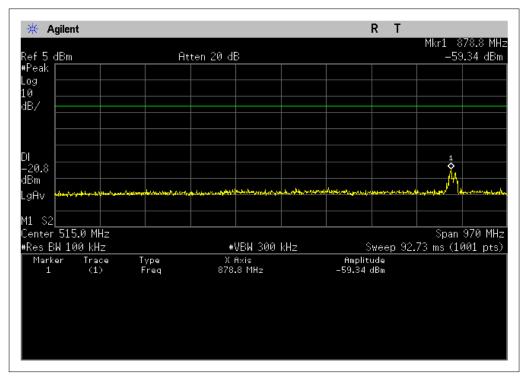


Middle Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz

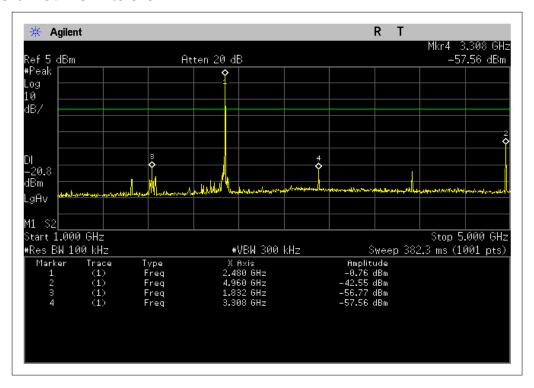


Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

Highes Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz



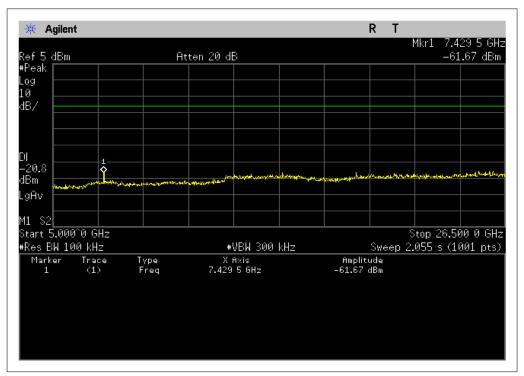
Highes Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz





Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

Highes Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz





Report Number : STD-FCC-14042

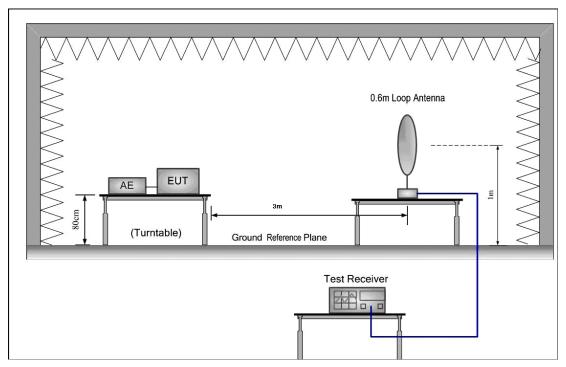
5.10. Radiated Spurious Emissions

T . D .	ECC D (4E C)
Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C section 15.247
	(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the
	spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is
	operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the
	intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz
	bandwidth within the band that Contains the highest level of the
	desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated
	measurement, and provided the transmitter demonstrates
T . NA .II .I	compliance with the peak conducted power limits.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402
	MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with
	different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting
	mode with normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.
Detector:	For PK value:
	RBW = 1 MHz for f ³ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz
	VBW ³ RBW
	Sweep = auto
	Detector function = peak
	Trace = max hold
	For AV value:
	RBW = 1 MHz for f 3 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f $<$ 1 GHz
	VBW =10 Hz
	Sweep = auto
	Detector function = peak
	Trace = max hold
15.209 Limit:	40.0 dBμV/m between 30MHz & 88MHz
	43.5 dBµV/m between 88MHz & 216MHz
	46.0 dBµV/m between 216MHz & 960MHz
	54.0 dBµV/m above 960MHz

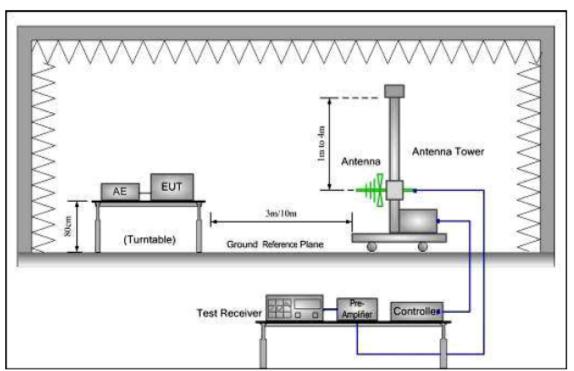
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Test Configuration:

1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz emissions:



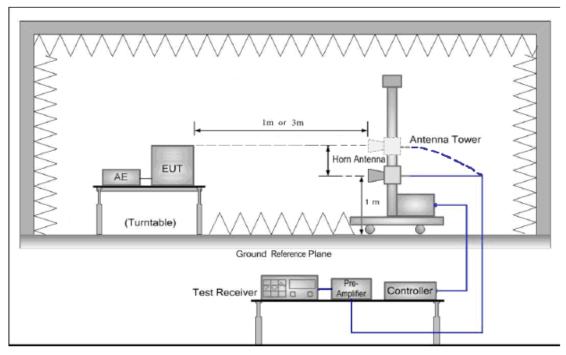
2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:





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3) 1 GHz to 25 GHz emissions:



Test Procedure:

Test site with RF absorbing material covering the ground plane that met the site validation criterion called out in CISPR 16-1-4:2007 was used to perform radiated emission test above 1 GHz. The receiver scanned from the lowest frequency generated within the EUT to 25GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported. For hand-held or body-worn devices rotated through three orthogonal axes(X,Y,Z) to determine which attitude (orientation) and equipment arrangement produces the highest emission relative to the limit; the attitude and equipment arrangement that produces the highest emission relative to the limit was used in making final radiated emission measurements. Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument

settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from 20log(dwell time/100 ms), in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

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5.10.1. Harmonic and other spurious emissions

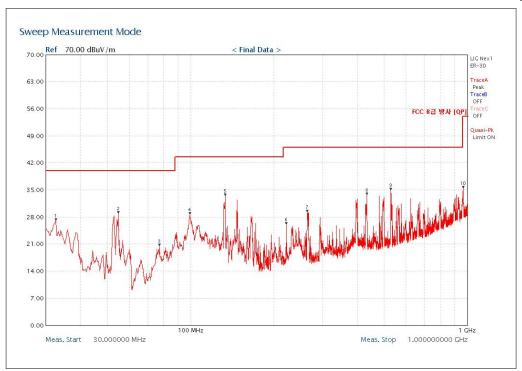
5.10.1.1. Test at low Channel in transmitting status

9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

Vertical:

Level (dBµV/m)



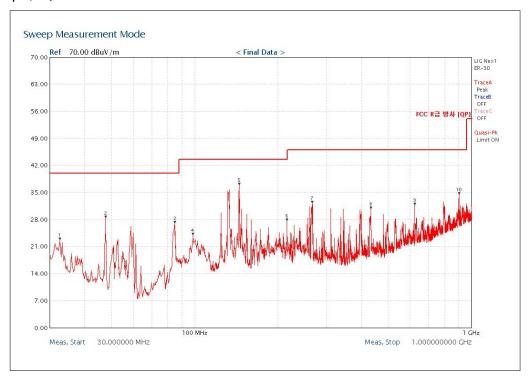
Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
54.86	QP	V	28.86	8.24	20.62	40.0
133.26	QP	V	33.44	13.04	20.4	43.5
432.28	QP	V	33.70	19.06	14.64	46.0
528.55	QP	V	34.85	20.99	13.86	46.0

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Horizontal:

Level (dBµV/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
47.64	QP	Н	28.38	10.73	17.65	40.0
84.94	QP	Н	26.96	8.84	18.12	40.0
145.10	QP	Н	36.87	12.87	24.00	43.5
266.25	QP	Н	32.15	14.86	17.29	46.0

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1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
4803.92	V	56.08	40.12	49.81	46.39	74
4804.15	Н	52.37	40.12	49.81	42.68	74

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
4803.92	V	49.21	40.46	49.81	39.86	54
4804.10	Н	47.25	40.12	49.81	37.56	54

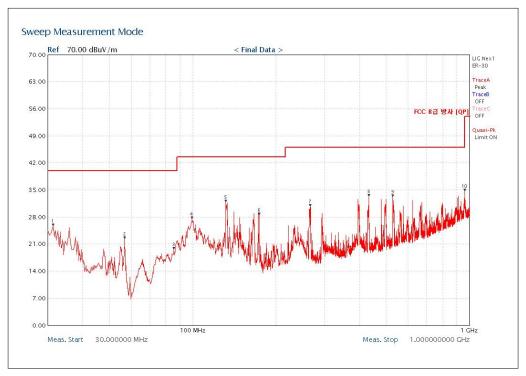
Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

5.10.1.2. Test at middle Channel in transmitting status

9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

Vertical: Level (dBµV/m)

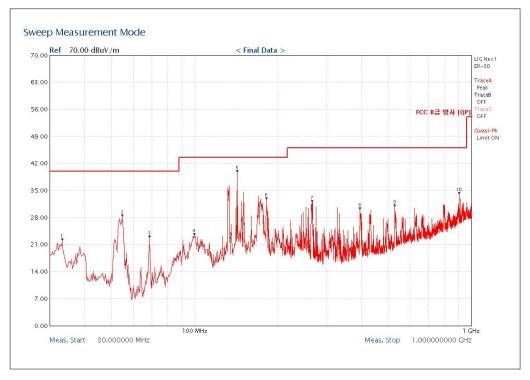


Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
131.96	QP	V	31.78	13.03	18.75	43.5
266.25	QP	V	30.66	14.86	15.80	46.0
432.28	QP	V	33.27	19.06	14.21	46.0
528.55	QP	V	33.11	20.99	12.12	46.0

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Horizontal: Level (dBµV/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
54.86	QP	Н	28.05	8.24	19.81	40.0
142.38	QP	Н	39.62	12.99	26.63	43.5
181.69	QP	Н	32.53	10.53	22.00	43.5
266.25	QP	Н	31.76	14.86	16.90	46.0

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1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
4881.92	V	58.21	40.46	49.81	48.86	74
4881.68	Н	55.55	40.46	49.81	46.20	74

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
4881.92	V	52.13	40.46	49.81	42.78	54
4881.88	Н	47.04	40.46	49.81	37.69	54

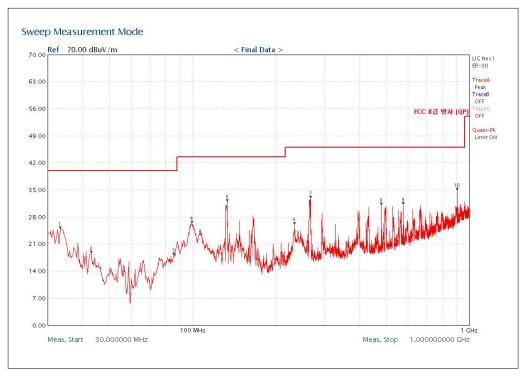
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5.10.1.3. Test at high Channel in transmitting status

9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

Vertical: Level (dBµV/m)

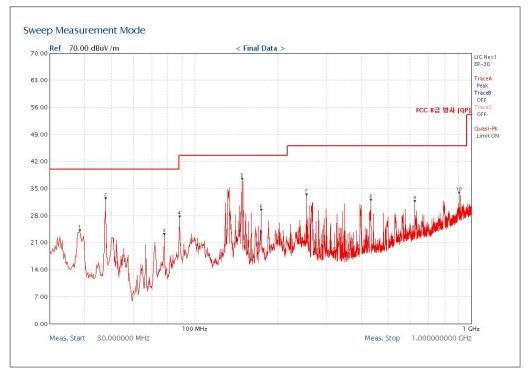


Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
133.26	QP	V	31.90	13.04	18.86	43.5
266.84	QP	V	32.80	14.87	17.93	46.0
576.16	QP	V	31.20	21.97	9.23	46.0
900.52	QP	V	34.83	26.95	7.88	46.0

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Horizontal: Level (dBµV/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
47.64	QP	Н	32.02	10.73	21.29	40.0
148.30	QP	Н	37.16	12.73	24.43	40.0
253.22	QP	Н	33.06	14.60	18.46	46.0
432.28	QP	Н	31.72	19.06	12.66	46.0

Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
4959.64	V	60.97	40.81	49.81	51.97	74
4960.32	Н	57.29	40.81	49.81	48.29	74

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dBµV)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
4960.04	V	55.85	40.81	49.81	46.85	54
4960.08	Н	50.35	40.81	49.81	41.35	54

Remark:

1). The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor. Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Final Test Level = Measured Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain.

- 2). As shown in Section, for frequencies above 1000 MHz. the above field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.
- 3). The test only perform the EUT in transmitting status since the test frequencies were over 1GHz only required transmitting status.



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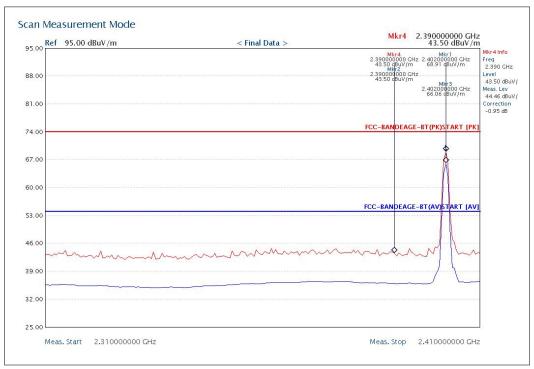
5.10.2. Radiated Emissions which fall in the restricted bands

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247			
	(d) In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands. as			
	defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated			
	emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).			
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6			
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402			
	MHz), and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data packet.			
	Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal mode			
	(DH5) as the worst case was found.			
Measurement	3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)			
Limit:	Section 15.209(a)			
	40.0 dBμV/m between 30MHz & 88MHz;			
	43.5 dBµV/m between 88MHz & 216MHz;			
	46.0 dBµV/m between 216MHz & 960MHz;			
	54.0 dBµV/m above 960MHz.			
Detector:	For PK value:			
	RBW = 1 MHz for f ³ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz			
	VBW ³ RBW			
	Sweep = auto			
	Detector function = peak			
	Trace = max hold			
	For AV value:			
	RBW = 1 MHz for f 3 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f $<$ 1 GHz			
	VBW =10 Hz			
	Sweep = auto			
	Detector function = peak			
	Trace = max hold			

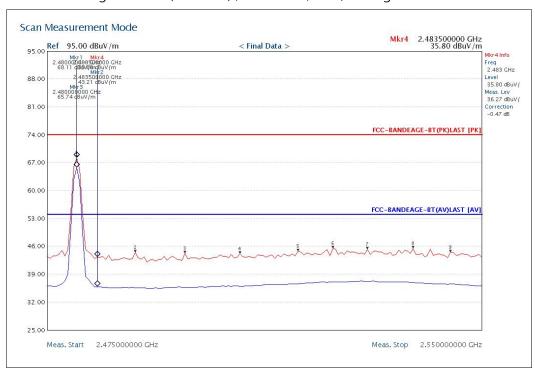
Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

Measurement Result:

Low Channel (2402 MHz), Horizontal, Peak/ Average Detector

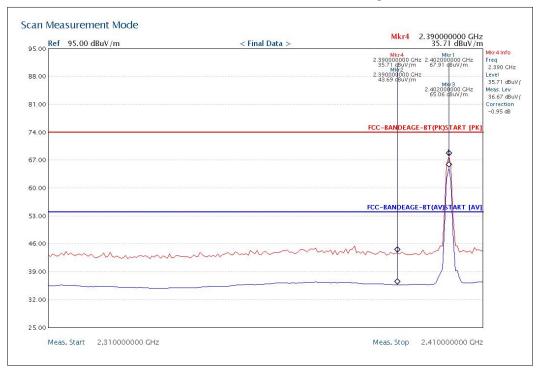


High Channel (2480MHz), Horizontal, Peak/ Average Detector

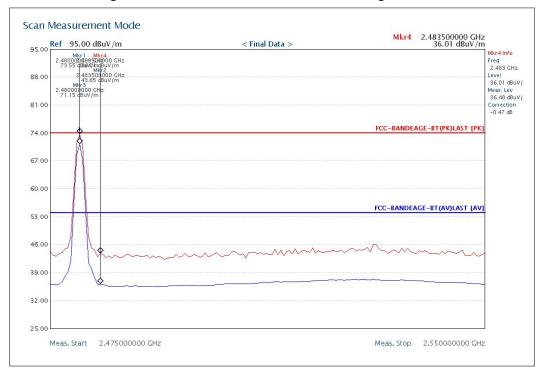


Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

Low Channel (2402 MHz), Vertical, Peak/ Average Detector



High Channel (2480MHz), Vertical, Peak/ Average Detector





Report Number: STD-FCC-14042

Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section. only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	
13.36 - 13.41			

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5.11. Band Edges Requirement

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Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C section 15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).		
Frequency Band:	2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.2		
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), and highest (2480 MHz) channel and hopping mode with different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal (DH5) as the worst case was found.		
Test Configuration:	Spectrum Analyzer E.U.T Non-Conducted Table Ground Reference Plane		
Test Procedure:	Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with suitable frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.		

The band edges was measured and recorded Result:

The Lower Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

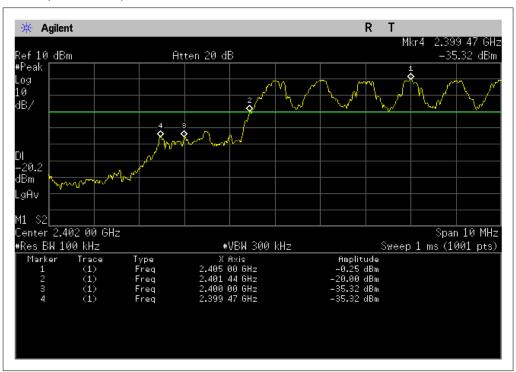
The Upper Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

The graph as below. Represents the emissions take for this device.

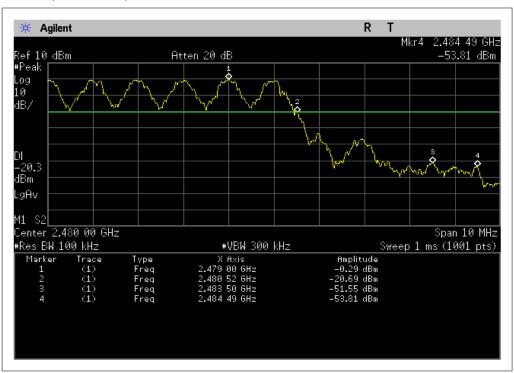
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Result plot as follows: Normal mode: DH5

Lowest Channel (2.402 GHz):



Highest Channel(2.480 GHz):





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5.12. Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.207
Test Method: ANSI C63.10:	Clause 6.2
Frequency Range:	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Detector:	Peak for pre-scan (9 kHz Resolution Bandwidth)

Test Limit

Limits for conducted disturbance at the mains ports of class B

Frequency Range	Class B Limit dB(μV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.50 to 5	56	46	
5 to 30	60	50	

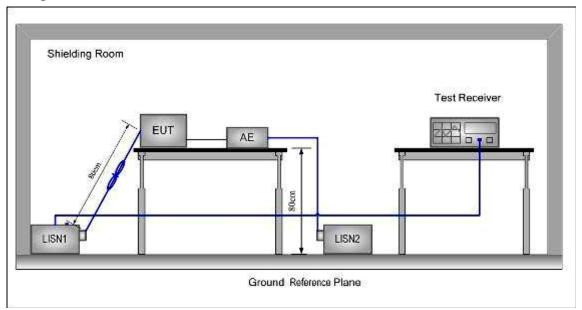
NOTE 1 The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0,15 MHz to 0,50 MHz.

EUT Operation:	Test in normal operating mode. For intentional radiators,
	measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated
	signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the
	emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply
	voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply
	voltage. Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case
	mode from all possible combinations between available
	modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna
	diversity architecture).



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Test Configuration:



Test procedure:

- 1. The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.
- 2. The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a $50/50\mu\text{H} + 5\text{linear}$ impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.
- 3. The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane, but separated from metallic contact with the ground reference plane by 0.1m of insulation.
- 4. The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane.

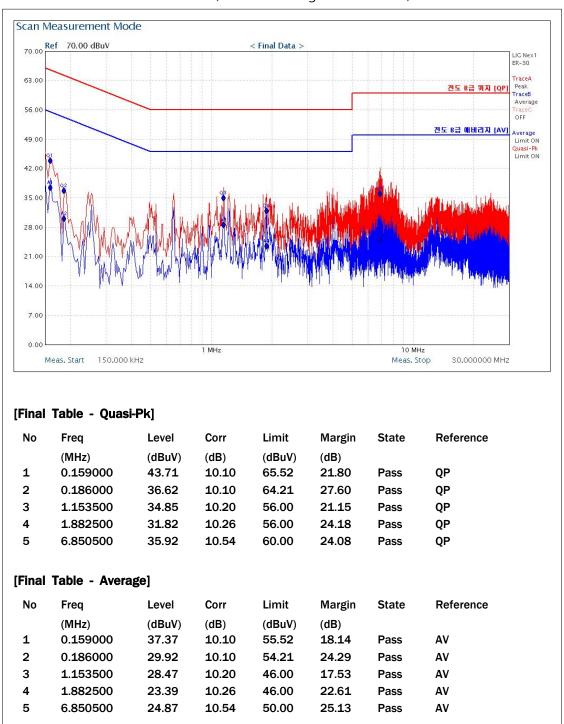
This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

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5.12.1. Measurement Data

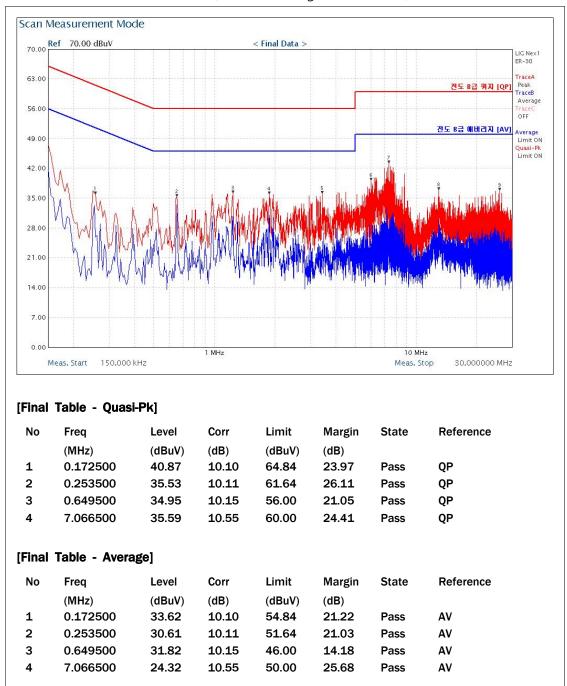
Pre-scan was performed with peak detected on all ports, Quasi-peak & average measurements were performed at the frequencies at which maximum peak emission level were detected. Please see the attached Quasi-peak and Average test results.

Neutral-PE(Peak and Average detector used)



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Line – PE(Peak and Average detector used)



Measurement data:

- * Detector function was set into Quasi-peak & Average mode.
- * Corr = LISN Factor + Cable loss + Pulse Limiter

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5.13. Radio Frequency Exposure Procedures

Regulation

According to §15.247(i) and § 1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

KDB 447498 D01: Approximate SAR test exclusion power thresholds at selected frequencies and test separation distances are illustrated in the following table:

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold
1500	12	24	37	49	61	
1900	11	22	33	44	54	
2450	10	19	29	38	48	(mW)
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



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Maximum Measured Transmitter Power.

Channel Frequency		ak Conducted Power	Max Antenna Gain	Numeric antenna gain	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	(dBi)	(mW)	
2441	0.09	1.020	1.99	1.581	

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]

 $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] = 1.020/25*\sqrt{2.441} = 0.0637 \le 3.0$

Threshold at which no SAR required is 48mW and \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR, Separation distance is 25mm.

Conclusion: The SAR measurement is exempt.



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APPENDIX

1. EUT photo



