

Page : 1 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01

Issued date Revised date

: December 14, 2015 : December 17, 2015

# **SAR TEST REPORT**

**Test Report No.: 10987173H-A-R1** 

**Applicant** 

: RICOH IMAGING COMPANY, LTD.

**Type of Equipment** 

: Wireless LAN Module

Model No.

: P-W092

**FCC ID** 

2ACZS-WG30W01

Test regulation

FCC47CFR 2.1093

**Class II Permissive Change** 

**Test Result** 

: Complied

Reported SAR(1g) Value

The highest reported SAR(1g)

Body : 0.123 W/kg

- 1. This test report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of UL Japan, Inc.
- 2. The results in this report apply only to the sample tested.
- 3. This sample tested is in compliance with the limits of the above regulation.
- 4. The test results in this report are traceable to the national or international standards.
- 5. This test report must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.
- 6. This test report covers SAR technical requirements. It does not cover administrative issues such as Manual or non-SAR test related Requirements. (if applicable)
- 7. This report is a revised version of 10987173H-A. 10987173H-A is replaced with this report.

Date of test:

November 20, 2015

Representative test engineer:

Hisayoshi Sato

Engineer

Consumer Technology Division

Approved by:

Takahiro Hatakeda

Leader

Consumer Technology Division

NVLAP

This laboratory is accredited by the NVLAP LAB CODE 200572-0, U.S.A. The tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with its terms of accreditation. \*As for the range of Accreditation in NVLAP, you may refer to the WEB address,

http://japan.ul.com/resources/emc\_accredited/

UL Japan, Inc. Ise EMC Lab.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

NVLAP LAB CODE: 200572-0

Page : 2 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **REVISION HISTORY**

# Original Test Report No.: 10987173H-A

Revision	Test report No.	Date	Page revised	Contents
- (Original)	10987173H-A	December 14, 2015	-	-
1	10987173H-A-R1	December 17, 2015	P.4	Correction of Customer information

Page : 3 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### **CONTENTS PAGE** SECTION 2: Equipment under test (E.U.T.) 4 Identification of E.U.T. ......4 2.1 2.2 Product description 5 3.1 Test Specification 6 3 2 Procedure 6 33 Exposure limit 7 3.4 **SECTION 4:** Test result \_\_\_\_\_\_8 Stand-alone SAR result ......8 4.1 SECTION 5: Description of the operating mode......9 5.1 5 2 Output power measurement results \_\_\_\_\_\_\_10 5.3 5 4 Confirmation after SAR testing 12 SECTION 6 SAR test exclusion considerations \_\_\_\_\_\_\_13 6.1 8.1 APPENDIX 1: 1 2. Measurement data 21 **APPENDIX2:** System check result Body 2450MHz .......25 1. System Check Dipole (D2450V2,S/N:713) SAR Calibration Certificate - Dipole 3. **APPENDIX 3:** System specifications ......39 1. 2. Photographs of test setup .......63 **APPENDIX 4:** Photographs of EUT......63

Telephone: +81 596 24 8999 Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

1. 2.

3.

4.

Page : 4 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 1: Customer information**

Company Name : RICOH IMAGING COMPANY, LTD.

Address : 2-35-7, Maeno-cho, Itabashi-ku, Tokyo Japan 174-8639

Telephone Number : +81-3-3960-5169 Facsimile Number : +81-3-5392-2033 Contact Person : Kiyoshi Yamamoto

# **SECTION 2:** Equipment under test (E.U.T.)

#### 2.1 Identification of E.U.T.

#### <Information of the EUT>

Type of Equipment : Wireless LAN Module

 Model No.
 : P-W092

 Serial No.
 : 6B1591420080

 Rating
 : DC 3.3V

Receipt Date of Sample : November 10, 2015

Country of Mass-production : Philippines

Condition of EUT : Production prototype

(Not for Sale: This sample is equivalent to mass-produced items.)

Modification of EUT : No Modification by the test lab

<Information of the Host device>

Type of Equipment : Digital Camera Model No. : RICOH WG-M2

Serial No. : 1063

Rating : Li-ion Battery (M/N: D-LI68)

DC 3.6V, 1000mAh

\* The test was performed with the EUT operated by battery.

Size of EUT : W: 34.65 mm, D: 79.96 mm, H: 57.41 mm

Receipt Date of Sample : November 10, 2015

Page : 5 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# 2.2 Product description

**General Specification** 

Clock frequency(ies) in the system : 26MHz

**Radio Specification** 

Radio Type : Transceiver Power Supply (inner) : DC3.3V

Specification of Wireless LAN (IEEE802.11b/g/n-20)

Type of radio	IEEE802.11b	IEEE802.11g	IEEE802.11n
			(20 M band)
Frequency	2412-2462MHz		
of operation			
Type of modulation	DSSS	OFDM-CCK	OFDM
	(CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK)	(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,	(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,
		BPSK)	BPSK)
Channel spacing	5MHz		
Antenna type	Pattern antenna		
Antenna Gain	Max 0.41dBi		
Antenna Connector	N/A		
type			

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 6 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 3:** Test standard information

# 3.1 Test Specification

Title : FCC47CFR 2.1093

Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.

**IEEE Std 1528-2013:** 

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

Ø	KDB447498D01(v06)	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
	KDB447498D02(v02r01)	SAR Measurement Procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters
	KDB648474D04(v01r03) KDB941225D01(v03r01)	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets 3G SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES
	KDB941225D05(v02r04)	SAR for LTE Devices
	KDB941225D06(v02r01)	SAR test procedures for devices incorporating SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities (Hot Spot SAR)
	KDB941225D07(v01r02)	SAR Evaluation Procedures for UMPC Mini-Tablet Devices
	KDB616217D04(v01r02)	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers
	KDB865664D01(v01r04)	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100MHz to 6 GHz
	KDB248227D01(v02r02)	SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11(Wi-Fi) Transmitters
*1	Since host devise was Digital C	Camera, KDB941225D07 was applied to this test report.

#### Reference

[1]SPEAG uncertainty document (AN 15-7/AN19-17) for DASY 5 System from SPEAG (Schmid & Partner Engineering AG).

# 3.2 Procedure

Transmitter	WLAN
Test Procedure	Published RF exposure KDB procedures
Category	FCC47CFR 2.1093
Note: UL Japan, Inc. 's SAR	Work Procedures 13-EM-W0429 and 13-EM-W0430

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 7 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### 3.3 Exposure limit

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1g of tissue)	Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B) Limits for General population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body	Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1g of tissue)	Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)
0.08	1.6	4.0

**Occupational/Controlled Environments:** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

**General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

# NOTE:GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE SPATIAL PEAK(averaged over any 1g of tissue) LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

#### 3.4 Test Location

\*Shielded room for SAR testings

UL Japan, Inc. Ise EMC Lab. \*NVLAP Lab. code: 200572-0 4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8999 Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 8 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 4:** Test result

# 4.1 Stand-alone SAR result

#### Reported SAR

Measured SAR is scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit by the following formulas.

Reported SAR= Measured SAR [W/kg] · Scaled factor \*1

Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is by the specification from a customer.

#### **Body SAR**

Mode	Frequency		power [mW]		up tolerance	Measured SAR [W/kg]	factor	Reported SAR [W/kg]
WLAN11b	2462MHz	10.70	11.75	11.04	12.71	0.114	1.081	0.123

#### Note

# WLAN Maximum tune-up tolerance limit

Mode	Maximum tune-up tolerance limit [dBm]	Maximum tune-up tolerance limit [mW]
WLAN 11b	11.04	12.71
WLAN 11g	10.22	10.52
WLAN 11n (2.4G)	8.17	6.56

<sup>\*1</sup> Scaled factor = Maximum tune-up tolerance limit [mW] / Measured power [mW]

<sup>\*2</sup> The sample used by the SAR test is not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. That is, measured power is included the tune-up tolerance range.

<sup>\*3</sup> Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is defined as maximum timed-average value. (Considering to maximum duty cycle of WLAN.)

Page : 9 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 5:** Description of the operating mode

# 5.1 Output power operating modes

Mode	Frequency Band	Test Frequency	Modulation
WLAN	2412-2462MHz	2412MHz (1 ch) 2437MHz (6 ch) 2462MHz (11 ch)	DSSS(11b), OFDM(11g,11n-20)

<sup>\*</sup>The power value of the EUT was set for testing as follows (setting value might be different from product specification value):

Power settings: 11b:28

Software: C5961 wireless test firmware v1.0

\*This setting of software is the worst case.

Any conditions under the normal use do not exceed the condition of setting.

In addition, end users cannot change the settings of the output power of the product.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 10 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# 5.2 Output power measurement results

Output power measurement for WLAN

Band	Mode *1	Antenna	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up power upper limit (dBm)	Measured Power (dBm)	Measured Power (mW)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (mW)
	WLAN 11b		1	2412	11.04	10.66	11.65	0.41	11.07	12.80
2400MHz	1Mbps	WLAN	6	2437	11.04	10.59	11.46	0.41	11.00	12.60
	TWDPS		11	2462	11.04	10.70	11.75	0.41	11.11	12.92

<sup>\*1</sup> If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.

# Correlation of output power with original test report (Test report No.: 10447653H-B-R1)

(Output power(time average) of original test report)

Band	Mode*1	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Power (dBm)
2400MHz	WLAN 11b 2Mbps	1	2412	11.02

#### (This time)

(Imp time)									
Band	Mode*1	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Power (dBm)	Deviation (dBm)				
2400MHz	WLAN 11b 2Mbps	1	2412	10.87	-0.15				

Page : 11 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### 5.3 SAR testing operating modes

The operating mode for SAR testing was decided by the output power

Mode	Frequency Band	<b>Test Frequency</b>	Modulation
WLAN	2412-2462MHz	2462MHz (11 ch) *1	DSSS(11b) *2

\*The power value of the EUT was set for testing as follows (setting value might be different from product specification value);

Power settings: 11b:28

Software: C5961 wireless test firmware v1.0

\*This setting of software is the worst case.

Any conditions under the normal use do not exceed the condition of setting.

In addition, end users cannot change the settings of the output power of the product.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

<sup>\*1</sup> Highest measured output power channel was tested initially according to KDB248227D01. The other channel was not required since SAR value of highest measured output power channel was less than 0.8W/kg.

<sup>\*2</sup> SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions according to KDB248227D01. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg.

Page : 12 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### 5.4 Confirmation after SAR testing

It was checked that the power drift [W] is within +/-5%. The verification of power drift during the SAR test is that DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the e-filed at the same location at beginning and the end of the scan measurement for each test position.

DASY5 system calculation Power drift value[dB] =20log(Ea)/(Eb)

Before SAR testing : Eb[V/m]

After SAR testing : Ea[V/m]

Limit of power drift[W] =  $\pm -5\%$ 

X[dB] = 10log[P] = 10log(1.05/1) = 10log(1.05) - 10log(1) = 0.212dB

from E-filed relations with power.

 $p=E^2/\eta=E^2/\eta$ 

Therefore, The correlation of power and the E-filed

 $XdB=10log(P)=10log(E)^2=20log(E)$ 

Therefore.

The calculated power drift of DASY5 System must be the less than +/-0.212dB.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 13 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 6 SAR test exclusion considerations**

#### 6.1 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

The following is based on KDB447498D01.

1) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

#### WLAN 2.4GHz

Band	Standalone SAR tested	Positiom	Mode	Upper frequency of band *1	Maximum tune-up tolerance limit *4	Min distance *2	Calculation of exclusion *3
WLAN	Ø	Front	11b	2462 [MHz] (11ch)	11.04 [dBm] 12.71 [mW] 13 [mW]*5	5 [mm]	4.1
WLAN	Ø	Rear	11b	2462 [MHz] (11ch)	11.04 [dBm] 12.71 [mW] 13 [mW]*5	5 [mm]	4.1
WLAN	Ø	Left	11b	2462 [MHz] (11ch)	11.04 [dBm] 12.71 [mW] 13 [mW]*5	5 [mm]	4.1
WLAN	Ø	Right	11b	2462 [MHz] (11ch)	11.04 [dBm] 12.71 [mW] 13 [mW]*5	5 [mm]	4.1
WLAN	Ø	Тор	11b	2462 [MHz] (11ch)	11.04 [dBm] 12.71 [mW] 13 [mW]*5	5 [mm]	4.1
WLAN	Ø	Bottom	11b	2462 [MHz] (11ch)	11.04 [dBm] 12.71 [mW] 13 [mW]*5	5 [mm]	4.1

<sup>\*1</sup> The upper frequency of the frequency band was used in order to calculate standalone SAR test exclusion considerations.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

<sup>\*2</sup> When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. Refer to Appendix 4.

<sup>\*3 [(</sup>max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  If it is Calculation of exclusion  $\le 3.0$  standalone SAR test is excluded.

<sup>\*4</sup> Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is by the specification from a customer.

<sup>\*5</sup> Maximum tune-up tolerance limit(mW) is rounded to one decimal place.

Page : 14 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### WLAN2.4GHz

Based on KDB941225D07, UMPC mini-tablet devices must be tested for 1-g SAR on all surfaces and side edges with a transmitting antenna located at  $\leq$  25 mm from that surface or edge, at 5 mm separation from a flat phantom, for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supported by the device to determine SAR compliance.

No.	Position	WLAN		
		Testreq uired	Antenna	Separation of antenna to EUT's surfaces and edges [mm]
1	Front	$\square$	Internal	12.06
2	Rear		Internal	42.79
3	Left	$\square$	Internal	4.02
4	Right	$\square$	Internal	20.60
5	Тор	$\square$	Internal	4.05
6	Bottom		Internal	43.95

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 15 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 7:** Description of the Body setup

### 7.1 Test position for Body setup

# i) Procedure for SAR testing

-The tested procedure was performed according to the KDB 941225 D07 (SAR Evaluation Procedures for UMPC Mini-Tablet Devices).

#### ii) Test mode

WLAN 2.4 GHz	Data transmission mode (11b)
--------------	------------------------------

iii) Test position

No.	Position	Test	WLAN
		distan	Tested
		ce	
1	Front	0mm	$\square$
2	Rear	0mm	
3	Left	0mm	
4	Right	0mm	
5	Тор	0mm	
6	Bottom	0mm	

<sup>\*</sup>The test was conservatively performed with test distance 0mm.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 16 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 8:** Test surrounding

#### 8.1 Measurement uncertainty

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE Std 1528(2013) and IEC62209-2:2010, and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY5 Uncertainty Budget). Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01 Section 2.8.1., when the highest measured SAR(1g) within a frequency band is < 1.5W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std.1528 (2013) is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

<0.3 – 3GHz range Body>

	U	ncertai	Probability		(ci)	St	andard	vi
Error Description	V	alue ±	distribution	divisor	1g	(1,	g)	or
								veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	±	6.00	Normal	1	1	土	6.00	$\infty$
Axial isotropy of the probe	±	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	±	1.9	$\infty$
Spherical isotropy of the probe	±	9.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	±	3.9	$\infty$
Boundary effects	±	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	土	0.6	$\infty$
Probe linearity	±	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	2.7	$\infty$
Detection limit	±	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	±	0.6	$\infty$
Modulation response	±	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	1.4	$\infty$
Readout electronics	±	0.3	Normal	1	1	±	0.3	$\infty$
Response time	±	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	0.5	$\infty$
Integration time	±	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	1.5	$\infty$
RF ambient Noise	±	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	1.7	$\infty$
RF ambient Reflections	±	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	1.7	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	±	0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	0.2	$\infty$
Probe positioning	±	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	±	1.7	$\infty$
Max.SAR Eval.	±	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	1.2	$\infty$
Test Sample Related		-	-			·		
Device positioning	±	2.9	Normal	1	1	±	2.9	3
Device holder uncertainty	±	3.6	Normal	1	1	±	3.6	3
Power drift	±	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	2.9	$\infty$
Power Scaling	+	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±	0.0	$\infty$
Phantom and Setup							•	
Phantom uncertainty	±	6.1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	土	3.5	$\infty$
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	±	1.9	Normal	1	1	±	1.9	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	-	1.4	Rectangular	1	0.78	+	1.1	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	-	3.7	Rectangular	1	0.23	-	0.9	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity		5.2	Rectangular	√3	0.78	_	2.3	oc
- temp.unc (below 2deg.C.)		3.2	Rectangular	13	0.78		2.3	ω
Liquid permittivity	L	0.8	Dootongular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23		0.1	00
- temp.unc (below 2deg.C.)	*	0.0	Rectangular	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	0.23		U. I	ω
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±	11.346	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						±	22.7	

<sup>\*.</sup> Table of uncertainties are listed for ISO/IEC 17025.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 17 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 9:** Measurement results

#### 9.1 Body SAR

#### (1)Method of measurement

Step.1 The searching for the worst position. \*1\*2\*3

#### Note:

\*1 Highest measured output power channel was tested initially according to KDB248227D01.

The other channel was not required since SAR value of highest measured output power channel was less than 0.8W/kg.

\*2 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions according to KDB248227D01.

When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg. Refer to (4) OFDM mode exclusion considerations.

\*3 Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg in accordance to KDB865664 D1.

#### (2) Simulated Tissue Liquid Parameter confirmation

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the DAKS dielectric probe kit.

The dielectric parameters measurement is reported in each correspondent section.

	DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark		
					2450	er	52.7	-	-	-	*1		
_	-	-		1	2430	σ [mho/m]	1.95	-	-	-	. 1		
20-Nov	24.0	57	MSL	23.5	2462	εr	52.7	50.7	-3.7	+/-5	*2		
20-NOV	24.0	37	2450	23.3	2462	σ [mho/m]	1.97	1.94	-1.4	+/-5	*2		
					2500	εr	52.6	-	-	-	*1		
-	-	-	-	-	2300	σ [mho/m]	2.02	_	-	-	. 1		

 $<sup>\</sup>epsilon$ r: Relative Permittivity /  $\sigma$ : Coductivity

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

<sup>\*1</sup> The Target value is a parameter defined in KDB 865664D01.

<sup>\*2</sup> The dielectric parameters should be linearly interpolated between the closest pair of target frequencies to determine the applicable dielectric parameters corresponding to the device test frequency.

Page : 18 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01
Issue date : December 14, 2015
Revised date : December 17, 2015

# (3)Result of Body SAR

Fre	equency	Measured power limit					JT Set-up Condi	Measured SAR(1g) [W/kg]	Scaled factor *1	Reported SAR(1g) [W/kg] *2			
Channel		for the wors		[mW]	[dBm]	[mW]		Antenna		Separation [mm]			
11			Γ .	ı	11.04	12.71	Flat	Fixed	Front	0	0.036	1.081	0.039
		1											
11	2462	11b 1Mbps	10.70	11.75	11.04	12.71	Flat	Fixed	Left	0	0.114	1.081	0.123
11	2462	11b 1Mbps	10.70	11.75	11.04	12.71	Flat	Fixed	Right	0	0.085	1.081	0.092
11	2462	11b 1Mbps	10.70	11.75	11.04	12.71	Flat	Fixed	Тор	0	0.098	1.081	0.106

<sup>\*1</sup> Scaled factor = Maximum tune-up tolerance limit [mW] / Measured power [mW]

# (4)OFDM mode exclusion considerations

OFDM was excluded from the following table according to KDB248227D01.

OI DIVI Was exclud		terre wing the	re according					
Hightest SAR of DSSS Reported SAR(1g)		ne-up tolerance mit	Maximum tune-up tolerance limit		OFDM scaled factor *3	Estimated SAR of OFDM Reported SAR(1g) [W/kg] *4		Standalone SAR tested
[W/kg]	DSSS		OFDN	OFDM(11g)				
[W/Kg]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dBm] [mW]				
0.123	11.04	12.71	10.22	10.52	0.828	0.102	< 1.2	

	Hightest SAR of DSSS Reported SAR(1g)		e-up tolerance nit	limit		Scaled factor *3	Estimated SAR of OFDM Reported SAR(1g) [W/kg] *4		Standalone SAR tested
	[W/kg]	DSSS		OFDM(11n-20)					
	. 6,	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[mW]				
0	0.123	11.04	12.71	8.17	6.56	0.516	0.064	< 1.2	

<sup>\*3</sup> OFDM scaled factor = Maximum tune-up tolerance limit of OFDM [mW] / Maximum tune-up tolerance limit of DSSS [mW]

<sup>\*2</sup> Reported SAR= Measured SAR [W/kg] · Scaled factor

<sup>\*4</sup> Estimated SAR of OFDM= Reported SAR of DSSS[W/kg] · OFDM scaled factor

Page : 19 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **SECTION 10** Test instruments

Control No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Test Item	Calibration Date * Interval(month)
MNA-03	Vector Reflectometer	Copper Mountain Technologies	PLANAR R140	0030913	SAR	2015/10/30 * 12
MDPK-03	Dielectric assessment kit	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAK-3.5	0008	SAR	2015/03/10 * 12
MOS-37	Digital thermometer	LKM electronic	DTM3000	-	SAR	2015/07/07 * 12
COTS-MSAR- 04	Dielectric assessment software	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAK		SAR	-
MDAE-02	Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAE4	1369	SAR	2015/05/22 * 12
MPB-08	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	EX3DV4	3917	SAR	2015/05/29 * 12
MPF-03	2mm Oval Flat Phantom	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	QDOVA001BB	1203	SAR	2015/05/11 * 12
MDH-04	Device holder	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Mounting device for transmitter	-	SAR	Pre Check
MOS-35	Digital thermometer	HANNA	Checktemp 4	-	SAR	2015/07/07 * 12
COTS-MSAR- 03	Dasy5	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DASY5	-	SAR	-
MRBT-03	SAR robot	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	TX60 Lspeag	F13/5PP1D1/A/ 01	SAR	2015/06/23 * 12
MPM-11	Dual Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45102060	SAR	2015/08/04 * 12
MPSE-15	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41498311	SAR	2015/08/04 * 12
MPSE-16	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41498313	SAR	2015/08/04 * 12
MRFA-24	Pre Amplifier	R&K	R&K CGA020M602- 2633R	B30550	SAR	2015/06/15 * 12
MSG-13	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMA 100A	103764	SAR	2015/06/15 * 12
MAT-78	Attenuator	Telegrartner	J01156A0011	0042294119	SAR	Pre Check
MPSE-25	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA24106A	1031504	SAR	2015/08/17 * 12
MAT-81	Attenuator	Weinschel Associates	WA1-20-33	100131	SAR	2015/05/04 * 12
COTS-MPSE	Software for MA24106A	Anritsu	Anritsu Power meter software	-	SAR	-
MHDC-12	Dual Directional Coupler	Hewlett Packard	772D	2839A0016	SAR(2- 18GHz)	Pre Check
MDA-07	Engineering AG		D2450V2	713	SAR(D2450)	
MMSL2450			MSL2450V2	SL AA 245 BA	SAR*Daily Check Target Value ±5%	Pre Check
SAR Room					Daily check	se<0.012W/kg

The expiration date of the calibration is the end of the expired month.

All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or international standards.

As for some calibrations performed after the tested dates, those test equipment have been controlled by means of an unbroken chains of calibrations.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 20 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **APPENDIX 1: SAR Measurement data**

### 1. Evaluation procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

**Step 1:** Measurement of the E-field at a fixed location above the ear point or central position of flat phantom was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

**Step 2:** The SAR distribution at the exposed side of head or body position was measured at a distance of each device from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the antenna of EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, 12 mm x 12 mm or 10mm x 10mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

**Step 3:** Around this point found in the Step 2 (area scan), a volume of 30mm x 30mm x 30mm or more was assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 7 points at least for below 3GHz and a volume of 28 mm x 28mm x 22.5mm or more was assessed by measuring 8 x 8 x 6(ratio step method (\*1)) points at least for 5GHz band.

And for any secondary peaks found in the Step2 which are within 2dB of maximum peak and not with this Step3 (Zoom scan) is repeated. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- (1). The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1mm(EX3DV4) away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [4]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (2). The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions) [4], [5]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
- (3). All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

**Step 4**: Re-measurement of the E-field at the same location as in Step 1.

\*1. Ratio step method parameters used;

The first measurement point: 2mm from the phantom surface, the initial grid separation: 2mm, subsequent graded grid ratio: 1.5 These parameters comply with the requirement of the KDB 865664D01.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 21 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### 2. Measurement data

#### WLAN 11b 1Mbps 2462MHz Front

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 11a/b/g/n (0); Communication System Band: 11b/g/n (2.4G); Frequency: 2462

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.942 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 50.733$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

**DASY5** Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3917 (add ConvF); ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2015/08/13;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1369; Calibrated: 2015/05/22

Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1203 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration 3/Front/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

#### Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0695 W/kg

Configuration 3/Front/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.722 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0750 W/kg

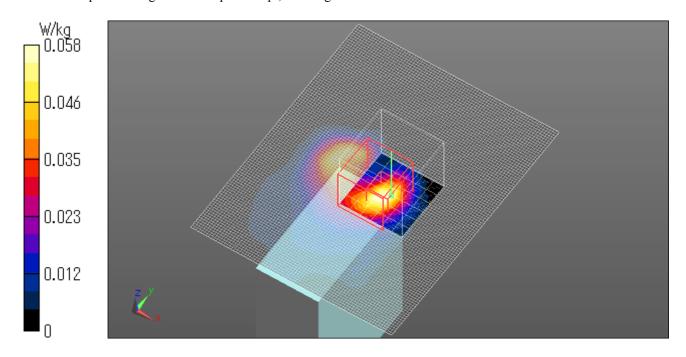
SAR(1 g) = 0.036 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0581 W/kg

Date: 2015/11/20

Ambient Temp.: 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 22 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### WLAN 11b 1Mbps 2462MHz Left

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 11a/b/g/n (0); Communication System Band: 11b/g/n (2.4G); Frequency: 2462

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.942$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.733$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

**DASY5** Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3917 (add ConvF); ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2015/08/13;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1369; Calibrated: 2015/05/22

Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1203 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration 2/Left/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

#### Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.218 W/kg

Configuration 2/Left/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.239 W/kg

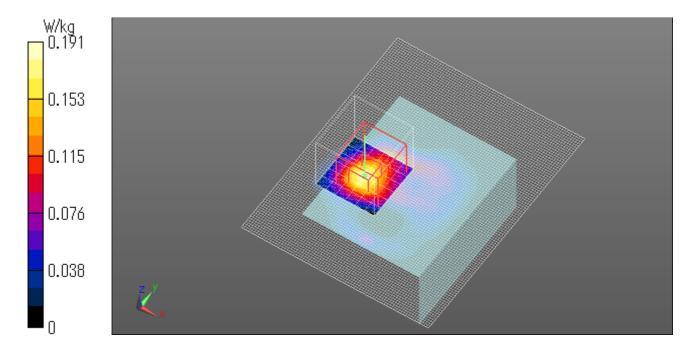
SAR(1 g) = 0.114 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 W/kg

#### Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg

Date: 2015/11/20

Ambient Temp.: 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 23 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### WLAN 11b 1Mbps 2462MHz Right

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 11a/b/g/n (0); Communication System Band: 11b/g/n (2.4G); Frequency: 2462

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.942$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 50.733$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

**DASY5** Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3917 (add ConvF); ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2015/08/13;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm

(Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1369; Calibrated: 2015/05/22

Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1203 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration 2/Left/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.168 W/kg

Configuration 2/Left/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.334 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200 W/kg

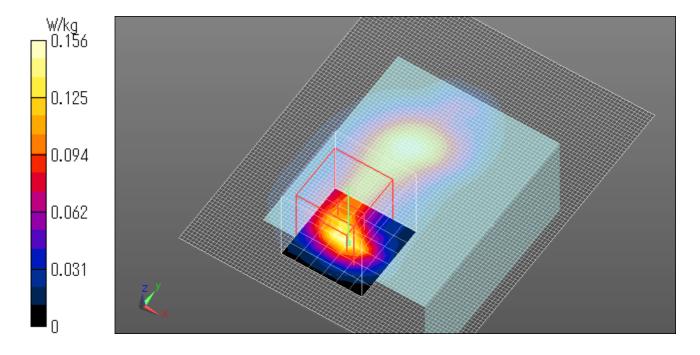
SAR(1 g) = 0.085 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 W/kg

Date: 2015/11/20

Ambient Temp.: 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 24 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### WLAN 11b 1Mbps 2462MHz Top

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 11a/b/g/n (0); Communication System Band: 11b/g/n (2.4G); Frequency: 2462

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.942$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.733$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

**DASY5** Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3917 (add ConvF); ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2015/08/13;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1369; Calibrated: 2015/05/22

Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1203 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Top/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

#### Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.171 W/kg

Configuration/Top/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.633 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.211 W/kg

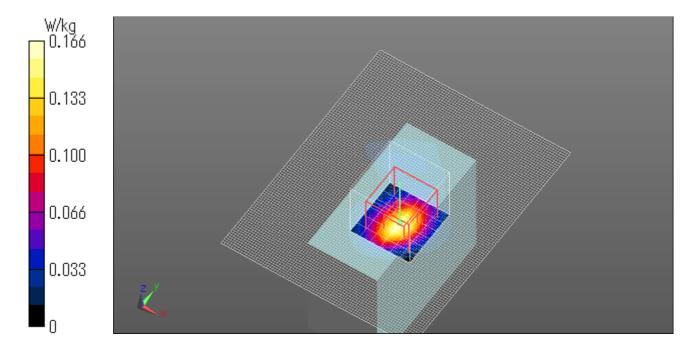
SAR(1 g) = 0.098 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 W/kg

#### Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.166 W/kg

Date: 2015/11/20

Ambient Temp.: 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



Page : 25 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# **APPENDIX2:** System Check

# 1. System check result Body 2450MHz

(1) Simulated Tissue Liquid Parameter confirmation

, ,	DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark		
20-Nov	24.0	56	MSL	23.5	2450	er	52.7	50.8	-3.6	+/-5	*1		
20-1NOV	24.0	30	2450	23.3	2430	σ [mho/m]	1.95	1.93	-1.2	+/-5	. 1		

 $<sup>\</sup>epsilon$ r: Relative Permittivity /  $\sigma$ : Coductivity

<sup>\*1</sup> The Target value is a parameter defined in KDB 865664D01.

			DIELEC	CTRIC P	ARAMET	TERS MEA	SUREME	NT RESU	LTS		
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
20-Nov	24.0	56	MSL	23.5	2450	εr	52.2	50.8	-2.7	+/-6	*2 *3
20-NOV	24.0	50	2450	23.3	2430	σ [mho/m]	2.00	1.93	-3.6	+/-6	. 2 . 3

εr: Relative Permittivity / σ : Coductivity

(2) System check result (for calibration by manufacture)

	SYSTEM CHECK						
	Frequency		SAR 1g [W/kg]				
Date	[MHz]	Forward Power	Conversion 1W	Target Value(1W)	Deviation	Limit	Remark
	[MIIIZ]	Measured	Calculation	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[%]	[%]	
20-Nov	2450.00	12.20	48.80	50.40	-3.2	+/-10	*4

<sup>\*4</sup> The taget value is the parameter defined in SAR measured x4( 12.6 x 4 = 50.4) in manufacturer calibrated dipole (D2450V2 SN:713) Please refer to "SAR result with Body TSL of Appendix 2 2. System Check Dipole (D2450V2 SN:713)".

<sup>\*2</sup> The target value is the calibrated dipole Body TSL parameters. (D2450V2 SN:713, Measured Body TSL parameters)

<sup>\*3</sup> The limit is for deviation provided by manufacture.

Page : 26 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.927 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 50.778$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5** Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3917 (add ConvF); ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2015/08/13;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1369; Calibrated: 2015/05/22

Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1203 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/CW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.4 W/kg

# System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/CW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

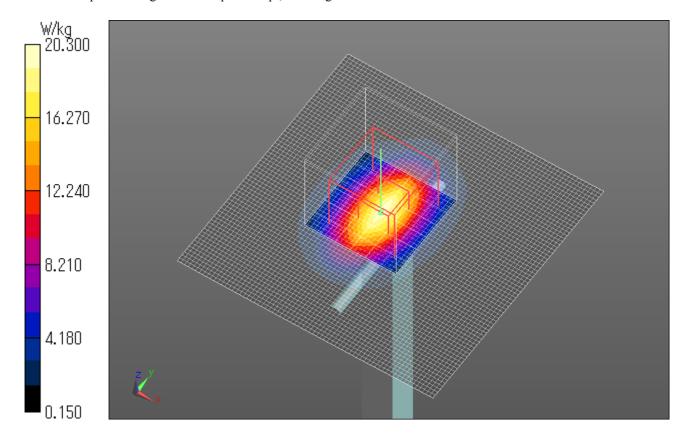
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.9 W/kg

# SAR(1 g) = 12.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.74 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg

Date: 2015/11/20

Ambient Temp.: 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 27 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.927 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 50.778$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5** Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3917 (add ConvF); ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2015/08/13;

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1369; Calibrated: 2015/05/22

Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1203 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

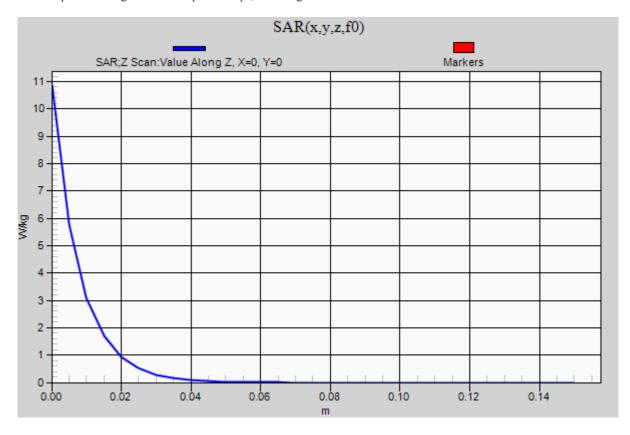
# System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/CW/Z Scan (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm,

dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 W/kg

Date: 2015/11/20

Ambient Temp.: 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 28 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# System Check Dipole (D2450V2,S/N:713) SAR Calibration Certificate - Dipole 2450MHz

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

lient UL Japan (PTT)		Certificate N	o: D2450V2-713_Sep13
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 7	13	
	01.011.05.0		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9	dure for dipole validation kits ab	01/0 700 MHz
	Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHZ
Calibration date:	September 10, 20	013	
		onal standards, which realize the physical ur	
All calibrations have been conduc	ted in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)	°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	E critical for calibration)		
outstation Equipment used (mail	E critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	
Network Analyzer HP 8753E		10-Oct-01 (III flouse clieck Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	Name	Function	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E  Calibrated by:	Name Israe El-Naouq		Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Function Laboratory Technician	
	1 1001110	Function	Signature

Certificate No: D2450V2-713\_Sep13

Page 1 of 8

Page : 29 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- EC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-713\_Sep13 Page 2 of 8

UL Japan, Inc. Ise EMC Lab.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 30 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.83 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

# **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	****

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	49.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-713\_Sep13 Page 3 of 8

Page : 31 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.8 Ω + 0.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 34.4 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω + 2.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.0 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.162 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002

Certificate No: D2450V2-713\_Sep13

Page : 32 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 10.09.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 713

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013

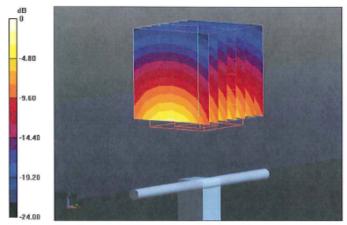
Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.095 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg



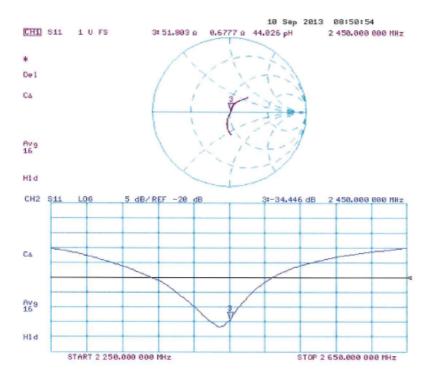
0 dB = 17.0 W/kg = 12.30 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-713\_Sep13 Page 5 of 8

Page : 33 of 68

: 2ACZS-WG30W01 FCC ID Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-713\_Sep13

Page : 34 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.09.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 713

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013

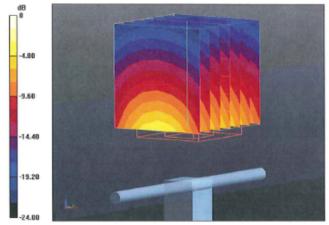
Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.095 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

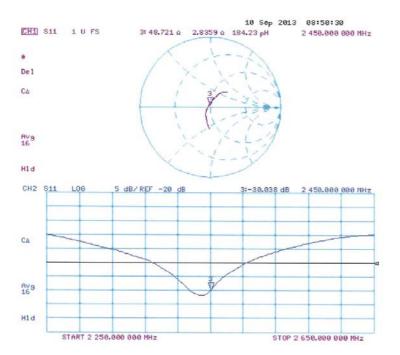
Certificate No: D2450V2-713\_Sep13 Page 7 of 8

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 35 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01
Issue date : December 14, 2015
Revised date : December 17, 2015

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-713\_Sep13

Page 8 of 8

Page : 36 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

D2450V2 Calibration for Impedance and Return-loss

Equipment	Dipole Antenna	Model	D2450V2
Manufacture	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Serial	713
Tested by	Tomohisa Nakagawa		

# 1. Test environment

Date	July 21, 2015		
Ambient Temperature	24.0 deg.C	Relative humidity	50%RH

2. Equipment used

Control No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Test Item	Calibration Date *
Control ivo.	Thisti difficilit	TVI CITAL CONTROL CONT	1110401110	Scriarivo	Test Item	Interval(month)
EST-54	Network Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8753ES	US39171615	SAR	2015/05/05 * 12
EST-08	Calibration Kit	Agilent	85032B	3217A12903	SAR	2015/05/04 * 12
MPF-04	2mm Oval Flat	Schmid&Partner	QDOVA001BB	1207	SAR	2015/05/11 * 12
	Phantom	Engineering AG				
MPSAM-04	SAM Phantom	Schmid&Partner	QD000P40CD	1762	SAR	2015/05/11 * 12
		Engineering AG				
MOS-38	Digital thermometer	HANNA	Checktemp 4	-	SAR	2015/04/28 * 12
MOS-31	Thermo-Hygrometer	Custom	CTH-201	3101	SAR	2015/07/07 * 12
HSL2450						Daily check
MSL2450						Daily check
SAR room1						Daily check

#### 3. Test Result

Impeadance, Transformed to feed point	Head	Deviation	Tolerance	Result
Calibration (SPEAG) 2013/09/10	51.8 Ω+0.7jΩ	-	-	-
Calibration(ULJ)2015/7/21	50.94Ω + 0.86jΩ	$-0.9\Omega+0.2j\Omega$	$+/-5\Omega+/-5i\Omega$	Complied

Return loss	Head	Deviation	Tolerance	Result
Calibration (SPEAG) 2013/09/10	-34.4dB	-	-	-
Calibration(ULJ)2015/7/21	-37.97dB	-3.5dB	-34.4 *+/-20%	Complied
Impeadance, Transformed to feed point	Body	Deviation	Tolerance	Result
Calibration (SPEAG) 2013/09/10	48.7Ω+2.8jΩ	-	-	-
Calibration(ULJ)2015/7/21	50.53Ω + 2.48iΩ	$+1.8\Omega + /-0.3j\Omega$	$+/-5\Omega+/-5i\Omega$	Complied

Return loss	Body	Deviation	Tolerance	Result
Calibration (SPEAG) 2013/09/10	-30.0dB	-	-	-
Calibration(ULJ)2015/7/21	-31.95dB	-1.95dB	-30.0 *+/-20%	Complied

<sup>\*</sup>Tolerance : According to the KDB450824D02

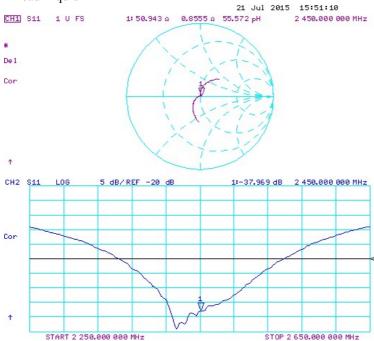
4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 37 of 68

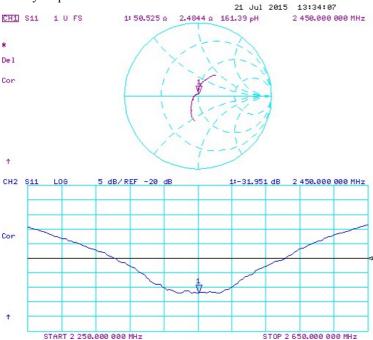
FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

## Measurement Plots

## <Head Liquid>



## <Body Liquid>



4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 38 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

## 3. System check uncertainty

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the DASY5 measurement system according to the SPEAG documents and is given in the following Table.

## Repeatability Budget for System Check

<0.3 – 3GHz range Body>

	Uncertainty	Probability		(ci)	Standard	vi
Error Description	value ± %	distribution	divisor	1g	(1g)	or
						veff
Measurement Systen						
Probe calibration	± 1.8	Normal	1	1	± 1.8	$\infty$
Axial isotropy of	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	oo.
the probe	= 0.0	Rectangular	13	1	= 0.0	-
Spherical isotropy of	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	± 0.0	$\infty$
the probe Boundary effects	± 0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0	∞
Probe linearity	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞ ∞
Detection limit	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞ ∞
Modulation response	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞ ∞
Readout electronics	± 0.0	Normal	1	1	± 0.0	<u>∞</u>
Response time	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	$\infty$
•	± 0.0 ± 0.0		$\sqrt{3}$	1	_	$\infty$
Integration time RF ambient Noise	± 0.0 ± 0.0	Rectangular Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	$\infty$
			$\sqrt{3}$	_	± 0.0	+
RF ambient	± 0.0	Rectangular		1	± 0.0	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.2	$\infty$
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	$\infty$
Max.SAR Eval.	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	$\infty$
Test Sample Related			1 /			
Deviation of	± 0.0	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	$\infty$
Dipole Axis to	± 2.0	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.2	$\infty$
Liquid Distance				+		+
Input power and	± 3.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.0	$\infty$
SAR drift meas.						
Phantom and Setup	1 + 4.0	In , 1	1/2	1	1 . 2 2	
Phantom uncertainty Algorithm for	± 4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	$\infty$
correcting SAR						
for deviations	± 1.9	Normal	1	1	± 1.9	$\infty$
in permittivity	_ 1.5	T VOTITION	1	1	1.7	30
and conductivity						
Liquid conductivity						
(meas.)	± 5.0	Rectangular	1	0.78	+ 3.9	$\infty$
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Liquid permittivity	± 5.0	Rectangular	1	0.26	- 1.3	$\infty$
(meas.)	= 3.0	- County unui	1	10.20	1.5	ļ <u> </u>
Liquid conductivity			10			
- temp.unc	± 1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	± 0.8	$\infty$
(below 2deg.C.)	1			-	+	<u> </u>
Liquid permittivity		<b>1</b>	10	0.22		
- temp.unc	± 0.3	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	± 0.0	$\infty$
(below 2deg.C.)	1	I				1
<u> </u>	** / * :	1			1	<del>                                     </del>
Combined Standard					± 6.144	
Expanded Uncertain	ty (k=2)	<u> </u>			± 12.3	

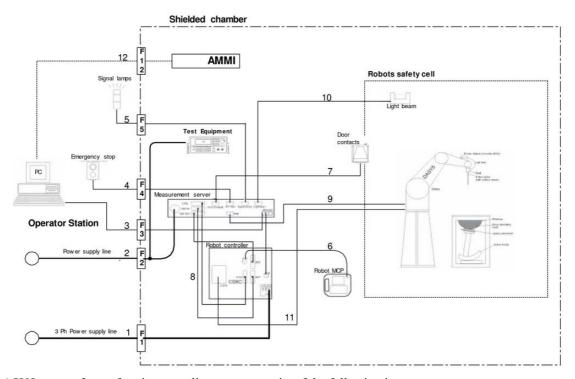
4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 39 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

## **APPENDIX 3:** System specifications

## 1. Configuration and peripherals



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- a) A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- b) An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- c) A data acquisition electronic (DAE), which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- d) The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- e) The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- f) The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- g) A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- h) Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- i) The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

UL Japan, Inc. Ise EMC Lab.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 40 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

## 2. Specifications

a)Robot TX60L

**Number of Axes** 6 **Nominal Load** 2 kg: **Maximum Load** : 5kg Reach 920mm Repeatability +/-0.03mm **Control Unit** CS8c **Programming Language** VAL3 Weight 52.2kg

Manufacture : Stäubli Robotics

b)E-Field Probe

**Application** 

 Model
 :
 EX3DV4

 Serial No.
 :
 3917

**Construction** : Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material

(resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycol ether)

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

**Directivity** : +/-0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

+/-0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal probe axis)

**Dynamic Range** : 10uW/g to > 100 mW/g;Linearity

+/-0.2 dB(noise: typically < 1 uW/g)

**Dimensions**: Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5mm (Body: 12 mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

: Highprecision dosimetric measurement in any exposure scenario

(e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance

testing for frequencies up to 6GHz with precision of better 30%.

Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG



**EX3DV4 E-field Probe** 

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 41 of 68

: 2ACZS-WG30W01 FCC ID Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

#### c)Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE4)

**Features** Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic

Serial optical link for communication with DASY5 embedded system (fully remote controlled)

Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop

**Measurement Range** -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV) :

**Input Offset voltage**  $< 5 \mu V$  (with auto zero)

**Input Resistance**  $200\;M\Omega$ **Input Bias Current** < 50 fA

**Battery Power** > 10 h of operation (with two 9.6 V NiMH accus)

**Dimension** 60 x 60 x 68 mm :

Manufacture Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## d)Electro-Optic Converter (EOC)

Version EOC 61 :

**Description** : for TX60 robot arm, including proximity sensor

Manufacture Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

#### e)DASY5 Measurement server

**Features** Intel ULV Celeron 400MHz

128MB chip disk and 128MB RAM

16 Bit A/D converter for surface detection system

Vacuum Fluorescent Display

Robot Interface

Serial link to DAE (with watchdog supervision) Door contact port (Possibility to connect a light curtain) Emergency stop port (to connect the remote control)

Signal lamps port Light beam port

Three Ethernet connection ports

Two USB 2.0 Ports Two serial links

Expansion port for future applications

Dimensions (L x W x H) 440 x 241 x 89 mm

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Manufacture

#### f) Light Beam Switches

LB5 Version : Dimensions (L x H) : 110 x 80 mm **Thickness** 12 mm Beam-length 80 mm :

Manufacture Schmid & Partner Engineering AG :

### g)Software

Item Dosimetric Assessment System DASY5 :

Type No. SD 000 401A, SD 000 402A : Software version No. DASY52, Version 52.6 (1) **Manufacture / Origin** Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## h)Robot Control Unit

Weight 70 Kg **AC Input Voltage** selectable Manufacturer Stäubli Robotics

## UL Japan, Inc.

## Ise EMC Lab.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 42 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

### i)Phantom and Device Holder

**Phantom** 

Type : SAM Twin Phantom V4.0

**Description**: The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin

(SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with

the robot.

Material : Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)

Shell Material : Fiberglass
Thickness : 2.0 +/-0.2 mm

**Dimensions**: Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet

**Volume** : Approx. 25 liters

Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

**Type** : 2mm Flat phantom ERI4.0

**Description**: Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless

devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4.5 and higher and is compatible with

all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

Material : Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)

**Shell Thickness** :  $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm (sagging: } <1\%)$ 

**Filling Volume** : approx. 30 liters

**Dimensions**: Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm

Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## **Device Holder**

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Material : POM

## **Laptio Extensions kit**

Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM, ELI4 Phantoms.

Material : POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

## Urethane

For this measurement, the urethane foam was used as device holder.

UL Japan, Inc. Ise EMC Lab.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 43 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

**j)Simulated Tissues (Liquid)**The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters

required for required for routine SAR evaluation.

Mixture (%)		Frequency (MHz)								
Wixture (78)	45	50	900		1800		1950		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.91	46.21	40.29	50.75	55.24	70.17	55.41	69.79	55.0	68.64
Sugar	56.93	51.17	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cellulose	0.25	0.18	0.24	0.00	-	-		-	-	-
Salt (NaCl)	3.79	2.34	1.38	0.94	0.31	0.39	0.08	0.2	-	-
Preventol	0.12	0.08	0.18	0.10	-				-	-
DGMBE	-	-	-	-	44.45	29.44	44.51	30.0	45.0	31.37
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Note:DGMBE(Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether)

The simulated tissue (liquid) of 1800MHz was used for the test frequency of 1700MHz to 1800MHz.

Mintuna (0/)	Frequency(MHz)					
Mixture (%)	650&750	1450				
Tissue Type	Head and Body	Head and Body				
Water	35-58%	52-75%				
Sugar	40-60%	-				
Cellulose	<0.3%	-				
Salt (NaCl)	0-6%	<1%				
Preventol	0.1-0.7%	-				
DGMBE	-	25-48%				

Minton (0/)	Frequency(MHz)				
Mixture (%)	5800				
Tissue Type	Head	Body			
Water	64.0	78.0			
Mineral Oil	18.0	11.0			
Emulsifiers	15.0	9.0			
Additives and salt	3.0	2.0			

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 44 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

## 3.Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration (EX3DV4, S/N: 3917)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerlscher Kallbrierdienst
C Service sulsee d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Celibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swise Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swise Accreditation Service is one of the algostories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL Japan (Viles)

Cartificate No: EX3-3917\_May15

## 

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3917

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

May 29, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)\*C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID .	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 860	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
	3		
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Natwork Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Jeton Kestreß

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Ketja Poliovic

Technical Manager

Jesued: June 1, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15

Page 1 of 11

Page : 45 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013.
- Techniques", June 2013
  b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no
  uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15

Page 2 of 11

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 46 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

EX3DV4 – SN:3917 May 29, 2015

## Probe EX3DV4

SN:3917

Manufactured: December 18, 2012 Calibrated: May 29, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15 Page 3 of 11

Page : 47 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

May 29, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:3917

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

## **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.53	0.44	0.45	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	106.0	102.0	95.0	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>l:</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	106.1	±3.0 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		108.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		109.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15

Page 4 of 11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
<sup>C</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Page : 48 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

May 29, 2015 EX3DV4- SN:3917

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
300	45.3	0.87	11.73	11.73	11.73	0.10	1.20	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	10.49	10.49	10.49	0.15	1.20	± 13.3 %
650	42.5	0.89	10.41	10.41	10.41	0.09	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	10.03	10.03	10.03	0.31	1.03	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.60	9.60	9.60	0.20	1.51	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.36	0.96	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.76	8.76	8.76	0.45	0.90	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.26	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.33	8.33	8.33	0.30	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.27	0.80	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

\*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

\*Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15

Page : 49 of 68

: 2ACZS-WG30W01 FCC ID Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

May 29, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:3917

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
300	58.2	0.92	11.06	11.06	11.06	0.06	1.15	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	11.16	11.16	11.16	0.09	1.15	± 13.3 %
650	55.9	0.96	10.12	10.12	10.12	0.09	1.15	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	9.81	9.81	9.81	0.26	1.21	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.79	9.79	9.79	0.24	1.28	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.50	9.50	9.50	0.33	1.04	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.16	1.76	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.32	0.98	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.27	1.03	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.35	0.93	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.33	0.91	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

\*\*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

\*\*Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15 Page 6 of 11

Page : 50 of 68

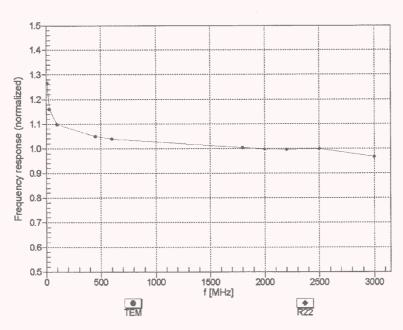
FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

EX3DV4-- SN:3917

May 29, 2015

## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15

Page 7 of 11

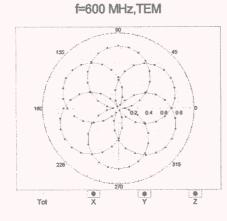
Page : 51 of 68

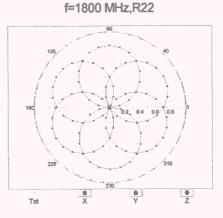
FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

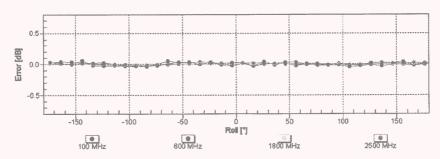
EX3DV4- SN:3917 May 29, 2015

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

## (1)/







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

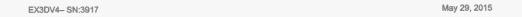
Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15

Page 8 of 11

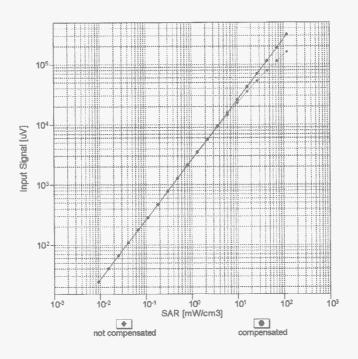
4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

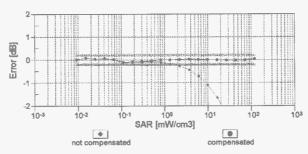
Page : 52 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015



## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

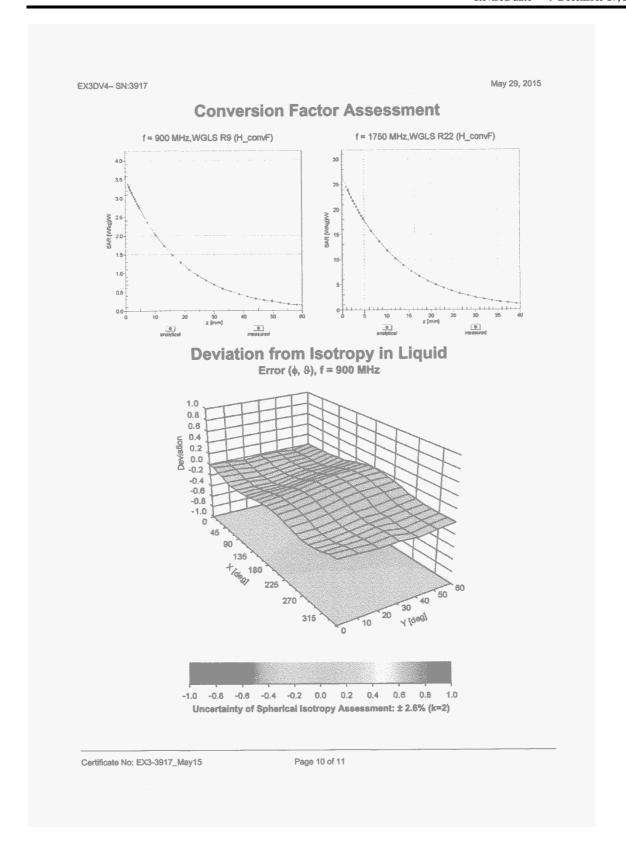
Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15

Page 9 of 11

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 53 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015



4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 54 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

EX3DV4- SN:3917 May 29, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	66.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_May15 Page 11 of 11

Page : 55 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client UL Japan (Vitec)

Certificate No: EX3-3917 Aug 15

## GALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3917

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.V9, QA CAL-14.V4, QA CAL-23.V5, QA CAL-25.V6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

August 13, 2015 (Additional Conversion Factors)

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Efth
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Kelly
			Issued: August 13, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full willout written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_Aug15

Page 1 of 8

\*2450MHz and 3500MHz of EX3DV4-SN3917 E-field probe were calibrated additionally on August 13. So May 29 with the early calibration cycle was input to table of equipment list in this report "SECTION 10 Test instruments". It's expected also to calibration 2450MHz and 3500MHz in May next year.

UL Japan, Inc. Ise EMC Lab.

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

: 56 of 68 Page

: 2ACZS-WG30W01 FCC ID Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

**Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** usstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossarv:

tissue simulating liquid TSL NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters CF A. B. C. D

Polarization o φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
  b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010 d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Page 2 of 8 Certificate No: EX3-3917 Aug15

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Page : 57 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

EX3DV4 - SN:3917 August 13, 2015

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3917

## **Additional Conversion Factors**

Manufactured: December 18, 2012 Calibrated: August 13, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_Aug15

Page 3 of 8

Page : 58 of 68

: 2ACZS-WG30W01 FCC ID Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

EX3DV4-SN:3917 August 13, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k≃2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.53	0.44	0.45	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	106.0	102.0	95.0	

## **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>⊨</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.7	±3.3 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		128.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field unknew.

Page : 59 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

EX3DV4-SN:3917 August 13, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz	Relative ) <sup>c</sup> Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
2450	39.2	1.80	7.03	7.03	7.03	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.89	6.89	6.89	0.33	1.10	± 13.1 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

\*\*A frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

\*\*Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_Aug15 Page 5 of 8

Page : 60 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

August 13, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:3917

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4- SN:3917

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

					_			
f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
2450	52.7	1.95	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.32	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.41	1.07	± 13.1 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz or or or only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

\*\*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

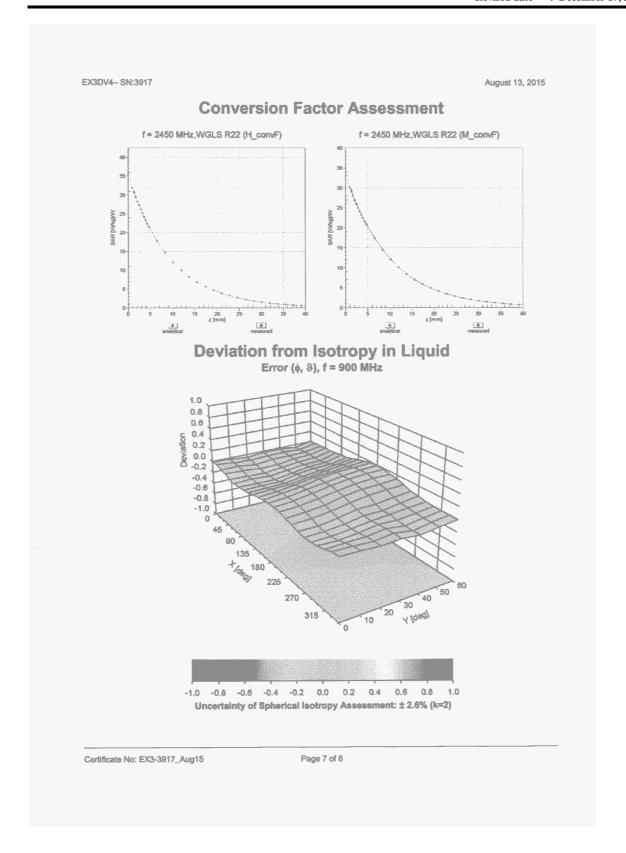
\*\*Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-8 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_Aug15

Page 6 of 8

Page : 61 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015



Page : 62 of 68

FCC ID : 2ACZS-WG30W01 Issue date : December 14, 2015 Revised date : December 17, 2015

EX3DV4\_ SN:3917 August 13, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

## **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	66.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3917\_Aug15 Page 8 of 8