

802.11b/g/n wireless ADSL Router Model No.:DWA-N150USeries



Ver.: 1.0.0

FCC STATEMENT



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: This device include it's antenna must be more than 20 cm away from human body when using.

2G/3G USB Modem (Data Card) or Dongle $\,$ are not in the package of this device, and will be sold separately. \Box

CE Mark Warning



This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Contents

1	Intro	duction		1
2	Safe	ty Precau	tions	2
	2.1	Featur	res	5
3	Hard	lware Con	nnection	7
	3.1	ADSL	Connection	7
	3.2	Broadl	band Connection	8
	3.3	3G WA	AN Connection	9
4	Rout	er Config	uration	10
	4.1	TCP/IF	P Network Configuration	10
	4.2	Installa	ation Guide	11
	4.4	Status	3	13
		4.4.1	Device Information	13
		4.4.2	ADSL Info.	15
		4.4.3	Statistics	16
	4.5	Quick	Start	17
	4.6	Netwo	ork Setup	20
		4.6.1	WAN	20
		4.6.2	LAN	29
		4.6.3	Wireless	38
	4.7	Advan	nced Setting	50
		4.7.1	Routing	50
		4.7.2	NAT	53
		4.7.3	QoS	59
		4.7.4	TR-069	60
		4.7.5	Virtual Port Group	62
		4.7.6	Management	63
	4.8	Acces	s Management	64
		4.8.1	IGMP	64
		4.8.2	UPnP	65
		4.8.3	SNMP	66
		4.8.4	DNS	67
		4.8.5	DynDNS	68
		4.8.6	FTP Server	70
		107	LICE Storage	70

4.9	Security	Settings	71
	4.9.1	MAC Filter	71
	4.9.2	IP/Port Filter	72
	4.9.3	URL Filter	74
	4.9.4	ACL	75
	4.9.5	DoS	79
4.10	Maint	enance	80
7.10	4.10.1	Update	
	4.10.2	Password	
	4.10.3	Restart	
	4.10.4	Time	
	4.10.5	System Log	
	4.10.6	Diagnostics Tools	84
Appendix A	A: Specificati	ions	89
Appendix	B: Contac	t Details	95

1 Introduction

802.11b/g/n wireless ADSL Router DWA-N150USeries is a router for high performance.

MIMO Technology-Enhanced Wireless transmission up to 300Mbps Complies with IEEE 802.11 b/g/n wireless standards

Triple WAN Router

- ADSL Internet (xDSL): 1 10/100M (RJ11) WAN port
- Broaband Internet (Cable / DSL): 1 10/100M (RJ45) WAN Port

Auto-Failover & Failback connection

ADSL

Wireless On/Off: Allows users to turn off the wireless function not in use.

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup): Automatically establishing WPA2 secure wireless connection LEDs and Interfaces

IPv6 Ready

USB Storage

DLNA (Media Server)

5dBi x 2 Omni Directional Antennas

Package List

The following contents should be found in the product packaging:

- 300M Wireless-N ADSL2
- 2 x 5dBi Antenna (Fixed),
- Power Adapter
- Cd & Quick Installation Guide
- RJ45 Patch Cord
- ADSL Splitter & RJ11 Patch cord

Note:

Make sure that the package contains the above items. If any of the listed items are damaged or missing, please contact with your nearest dealer

2 Safety Precautions

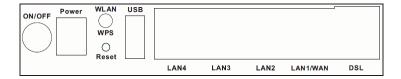
Follow the following instructions to prevent the device from risks and damage caused by fire or electric power:

- Use the power adapter in the package.
- Proper space should be left to avoid damage caused by overheating to the device. Do not cover the holes on the device which are designed for heat dissipation.
- Do not put this device close to heat sources or high temperature place.
- Do not expose the device to direct sunshine.
- Do not put this device close to an over damp place.

LED

LEDs	Color	Status	Description	
Power	Red	On	The device is initializing.	
		On	The DSL line is established.	
DSL	Green	Blinking	The DSL Line is training.	
		Off	No DSL signal.	
	Green	On	The Internet connection is normal in the routing mode (for example: PPP dial-up is successful), and no Internet data is being transmitted.	
Internet		Blinking	Internet data is being transmitted in the routing mode.	
		Off	The device is in the bridge mode.	
	Red	On	The device is initializing.	
1.4014/0/0	Green	On	The connection is normal and activated.	
LAN4/3/2, LAN1/WAN		Blinking	Data is being transmitted in the Broadband WAN.	
		Off	The interface is not connected.	
	Blue	On	Wireless connection has been activated.	
Wireless		Blinking	Wireless data is being transmitted.	
		Off	The Wireless connection is not activated.	
	Green	On	Connection succeeds under Wi-Fi Protected Setup.	
WPS		Blinking	WPS is enabled and the device is waiting for client to negotiate.	
		Off	WPS is disabled.	
USB	Blue	On	The 3G or USB flash disk has been connected.	
USB		Blinking	Data is being transmitted.	
		Off	USB connection is not established.	

Rear Panel



The following table describes the interfaces and buttons of the device:

Interface	Description		
ON/OFF	Power switch, power on or power off the device.		
Power Power interface, for connecting to the power adapter.			
Wireless / WPS	 Press the button and hold it for 1 second to 5 seconds, to enable Wireless. Press the button and hold it for more than 5 seconds, to enable WPS function. 		
Reset	Reset to the factory default configuration. Keep the device powered on, and insert a needle into the hole for 3 seconds, then release it. The device is reset to the factory default configuration.		
USB	USB port, for connecting the 3G network card or other USB storage devices.		
LAN4/3/2 RJ-45 interface, for connecting to the Ethernet interface PC or the Ethernet device through Ethernet cable.			
LAN1/WAN	 This Ethernet RJ-45 interface has two functions. Worked as a WAN interface that connects to the WAN for Broadband connection. Worked as a LAN interface that connects to the LAN port of the computer. 		
DSL	RJ-11 interface, for connecting to the DSL interface or a splitter through a telephone cable for connection.		

2.1 Features

- Complies with IEE802.3 & IEEE802.3u standards
- Complies with IEEE 802.11b/g/n standards
- 3-in-1:, 4-10/100M Auto-Negotiation (RJ45) Ethernet ports & 1-RJ11 (Internet) LINE port supporting Auto MDI/MDIX and Wireless-N Access Point
- Latest standards with downstream data rates up to 24Mbps, upstream data rates up to 3.5Mbps (With Annex M enabled).
- Provides WPA/WPA2, WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK authentication, TKIP/AES encryption security
- 2G/3G Internet: USB Slot for 2G/3G (GSM/CDMA) compatible data card
- Multi-SSID Security
- AP Isolation and wireless schedule
- IPv6 Ready
- Wi-Fi Button Allows users to turn off the
- Wireless MAC filtering & DHCP Server
- Built-in firewall, supporting IP/MAC filter, Application filter and URL filter.
- Virtual Server, DMZ host and IP Address Mapping.
- Dynamic DNS, UPnP and Static Routing.
- DLNA Compatible : Access video, images & othe data to your Android compatible

mobile / tablet device

- USB Storage : Access storage within your network
- With SNMP & DHCP server.
- 5-dBi x 2 Omni-Directional Antenna type.

Reset Factory Default:

There are two ways to reset to the Router's factory defaults:

- Use the Factory Defaults function on "System Tools → Factory Defaults" page in the Router's Web-based Utility.
- 2) With the Router powered on, hold the WPS/Reset button (more than 3-5 seconds) And then release the button, All LED will restart and wait the Router to restart to its factory default settings.

The Router's LEDs and the WPS button are located on the front panel (View from left to right).

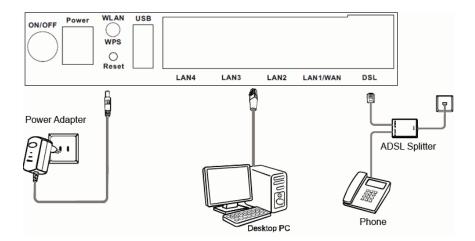
3 Hardware Connection

3.1 ADSL Connection

Method-I: Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the LINE port on the rear panel of iB-WRA300N3GT, and insert the other end into the wall socket.

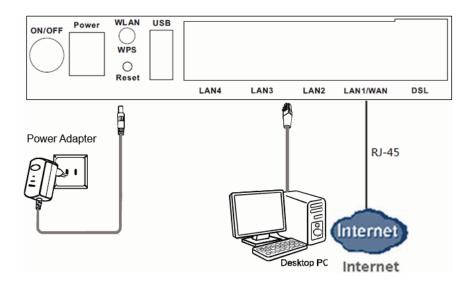
Method-II: You can use a ADSL splitter. External splitter can divide the data and voice, and then you can access the Internet and make calls at the same time. The external splitter has three ports:

- 1) Connect the Ethernet cable. Attach one end of a network cable to your computer's LAN port or a regular hub/switch port, and the other end to the LAN port on the iB-WRA300N3GT. (If you have the wireless NIC and want to use wireless connector, you can skip the connection of LAN port.)
- 2) Power on the computers and LAN devices.
- 3) Configure the ADSL connection in the router as per your ISP settings available from your ISP.



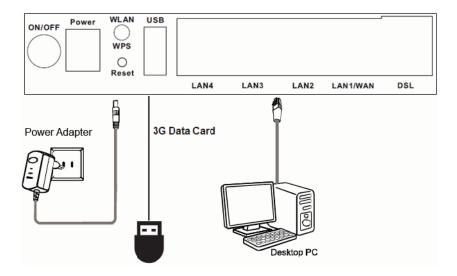
3.2 Broadband Connection

- 1) Connect the LAN Port of the Router to your PC with RJ45 Ethernet cable.
- 2) Connect the ISP RJ45 LAN Cable (Internet Link) to **LAN1/WAN** Port of the Router
- 3) Connect the power adapter to **Power** interface of the device.



3.3 3G WAN Connection

- 1) Plug the 2G/3G USB Modem (Data Card) into the router USB slot
- 2) Configure the 3G connection in the router as per your ISP settings connection available.



Note: SIM card is properly inserted & ISP Service is activated before inserting USB mobem into the router

4 Router Configuration

This chapter describes how to configure the router by using the Web-based configuration utility.

4.1 TCP/IP Network Configuration

Take Windows 7 as an example.

- Step 1 Choose Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center.
- Step 2 Choose Change Adapter Settings > Local Area Connection. Right-click Local Area Connection, and choose Properties.
- Step 3 Double-click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).
- Step 4 Select Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically, and then click OK. If you select Use the following IP address, set IP address of the PC as 192.168.1.X (2~254), subnet mask as 255. 255.255.0, and enter DNS server provided by your ISP.

4.2 Installation Guide

You can configure the router either with Web GUI menu or Easy Setup Wizard Utility

<u>Method – I</u>

Configuring the Router via Easy Setup Wizard (Resource CD)

Step 1.Insert the Resource CD into your CD-ROM device.

The **Easy Setup Wizard** will automatically pop up on the computer's screen.



Click on **Start** to start the Easy Setup Wizard.



Select Internet connection type **ADSL / Broadband / 3G** as your ISP, Provide proper user name and passwd for connection configuring.



4.3 Method-II

Web Based GUI Configuring

The following is the detailed description of accessing the router for the first time.

Step 1 Open the Internet Explorer (IE) browser and enter http://192.168.1.1

Step 2 In the **Login** page that is displayed, enter the username and password.

 Default username and password of the super user are admin and admin.



4.4 Status

4.4.1 Device Information

If you log in as a super user, the **ADSL Router Status** page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can view the following information: system, ADSL Status, TR-069 status, LAN configuration, DNS status, ADSL WAN Interfaces, ADSL WAN IPv6 configuration, Broadband WAN Interfaces, and Broadband WAN IPv6 Status.

In this page, click **connect button** to connect to Internet. If there is no preset WAN interface, refer **4.5.1 WAN** to do corresponding configuration.



Figure 1 Status - 1



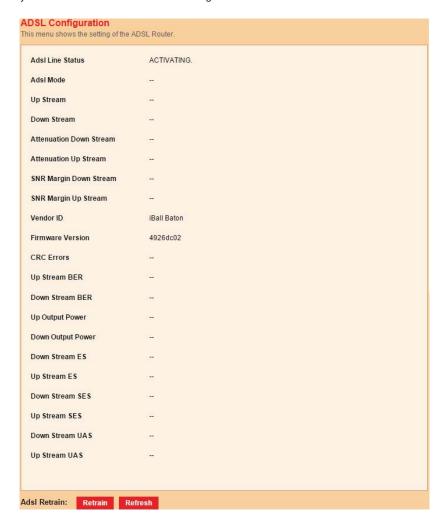
Figure 2 Status - 2



Figure 3 Status – 3 14

4.4.2 ADSL Info.

Choose **Status > Status info > ADSL Info** and the following page appears. In this page, you can view information of ADSL configuration.



4.4.3 Statistics

Choose **Status** > **Statistics** > **Statistics** and the following page appears. In this page, you can view statistics information.

tistics:						
nterface	Rx pkt	Rx err	Rx drop	Tx pkt	Tx err	Tx drop
lan1	0	0	0	0	0	0
lan2	0	0	0	0	0	0
lan3	6967	0	0	3001	0	0
lan4	0	0	0	0	0	0
pppoe1	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAN1	0	0	0	0	0	0
w1	151132	0	0	1872	0	23868
w2	0	0	0	0	0	0
w3	0	0	0	0	0	0
w4	0	0	0	0	0	0
w5	0	0	0	0	0	0
w6	0	0	0	0	0	0
w7	0	0	0	0	0	0
w8	0	0	0	0	0	0
w9	0	0	0	0	0	0
w10	0	0	0	0	0	0
w11	0	0	0	0	0	0
w12	0	0	0	0	0	0
w13	0	0	0	0	0	0

Figure 4

4.5 Quick Start

The **Quick start** page guides fast and accurate configuration of the Internet connection and other important parameters. In the navigation bar, click **Quick Start**. The page as shown in the following figure appears.

Step 1 WAN connection setting

In following page, enter VPI and VCI provided by your Internet service provider (ISP). In this example, select **PPPoE** as connection mode. And then enter PPP username and password provided by your Internet service provider (ISP).

Wireless Settings Save Setting	
tep 1: WAN Settings:	Please select the wan connection mode
PI/VCI:	VPI: 0 (0-255) VCI: 35 (32-65535)
ncapsulation:	● LLC/SNAP ○ VC-Mux
	O Bridge
	● PPPoE
onnection Mode:	○ IPoE
	O PPPoA
	○ 1483 Routed
Protocol:	IPv4/IPv6 ▼
LAN (802.1q)	○ Enable ® Disable
LAN ID(1-4095):	
PP Settings:	Username: Password:
efault Route:	Enable Disable
NS Settings:	Set DNS Automatically
	Set DNS Manually :

The following table describes the parameters in this page:

Field	Description
	Virtual path identifier (VPI) is the virtual path between two points in
VPI	an ATM network. Its valid value is in the range of 0 to 255. Enter
	the correct VPI provided by your ISP.
	Virtual channel identifier (VCI) is the virtual channel between two
VCI	points in an ATM network. Its valid value is in the range of 32 to
***	65535. (0 to 31 is reserved for local management of ATM traffic)
	Enter the correct VCI provided by your ISP.
Encapsulation	You can select LLC/SNAP or VC-Mux . In this example, the
Liteapsulation	encapsulation mode is set to LLC/SNAP.
	There are five WAN connection types: PPPoA, PPPoE, IPoE,
	1483 Routed, and Bridge.
Connection	PPPoE/PPPoA: Need to enter PPP username and password
Mode	provided by your ISP.
Mode	IPoE/1483 Routed: You can select Attain IP Automatically or
	IP Manually.
	Bridge: You need to dial-up on PC to connect to the Internet.
	You can select it from drop-down list:
	Ipv4 ▼
IP Protocol	Ipv4/lpv6
	Ipv4
	lpv6
Default Route	Enable or disable it.
	You can select Set DNS Automatically or Set DNS Manually. If
DNS Settings	you select Set DNS Manually , enter DNS server provided by your
	ISP.

For other entries which are not mentioned above, you can keep them as defaults.

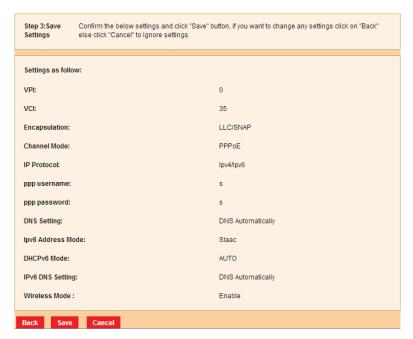
Step 2 Wireless Quick settings

In following page, you can select wireless band, set SSID and encryption. For wireless security, it is recommended to set the encryption mode to WPA2, and then enter a password.



Step 3 Save settings

If you want to finish setting, click Save. Otherwise click Cancel.



4.6 Network Setup

4.6.1 WAN

Choose Network Setup > WAN. The WAN page that is displays ADSL & Broadband connection.

Default : ADSL is the default connection type setting.

3G - You have separate menu to configure 3G setting

WAN

Choose **Network Setup > WAN > WAN**, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can add or configure WAN interface of your router.



The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description		
WAN Physical Type	You can select ADSL WAN or Ethernet WAN .		
Default Route Selection	You can select Auto or Specified .		
VPI	The virtual path between two points in an ATM network, ranging from 0 to 255.		
VCI	The virtual channel between two points in an ATM network, ranging from 32 to 65535 (1 to 31 are reserved for known protocols)		
Encapsulation	You can choose LLC and VC-Mux .		
Channel Mode	You can choose 1483 Bridged, 1483 MER, PPPoE, PPPoA, 1483 Routed or IPoA.		
Enable NAPT	Select it to enable Network Address Port Translation (NAPT) function. When it is unselected, to access the Internet normally, you must add a route on the uplink equipment. Otherwise, the access to the Internet will fail. Usually it is enabled.		
Enable IGMP	You can enable or disable Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) function.		
PPP Settings			
User Name	For PPP dial-up, enter the user name provided by your ISP.		
Password	For PPP dial-up, enter the password provided by your ISP.		
Туре	You can choose Continuous , Connect on Demand , or Manual .		
Idle Time (min)	If Connect on Demand is set, you need to enter the idle timeout time. Within the preset minutes, if the router does not detect the flow of the user continuously, it will automatically disconnect the PPPoE connection.		
WAN IP Settings			
Туре	You can choose Fixed IP or DHCP .		

Field	Description
	 When Fixed IP is selected, you should enter the local IP address, remote IP address and subnet mask. When DHCP is selected, the router is a DHCP client and the WAN IP address is assigned by the remote DHCP server.
Local IP Address	Enter the IP address of WAN interface provided by your ISP.
Netmask	Enter the subnet mask of the local IP address.
Unnumbered	Select this checkbox to enable IP unnumbered function.
Add	After configuring the parameters of this page, click it to add a new PVC into the Current ATM VC Table .
Modify	Select a PVC from the Current ATM VC Table, then modify the parameters of this PVC. After setting, click it to apply the settings of this PVC.
₽	Click it, the PPP Interface-Modify appears. You can modify the PVCs' parameters.

Click in the **PPPoE** mode, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure parameters of this PPPoE PVC.

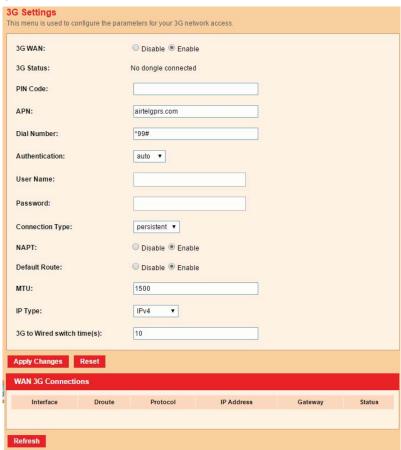


The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description		
Protocol	It displays the protocol type used for this WAN connection.		
ATM VCC	The ATM virtual circuit connection assigned for this PPP interface (VPI/VCI).		

Field	Description
Login Name	The user name provided by your ISP.
Password	The password provided by your ISP.
Authentication	You can choose AUTO, CHAP, or PAP.
Method	
Connection	You can choose Continuous, Connect on Demand, or
Туре	Manual.
Idle Time (s)	If choose Connect on Demand, you need to enter the
	idle timeout time. Within the preset minutes, if the router
	does not detect the flow of the user continuously, the
	router automatically disconnects the PPPoE connection.
Bridge	You can select Bridged Ethernet, Bridged PPPoE, or
	Disable Bridge.
AC-Name	The accessed equipment type.
Service-Name	The service name.
VLAN	You can select Disable or Enable . After enable it, you
	need to enter the VLAN ID. The value ranges from 1 to
	4095.
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. Sometimes you must
	modify this function to access network successfully.
Static	If this function is disabled, the modem obtains an IP
	address assigned by an uplink equipment such as BAS,
	through PPPoE dial-up. If this function is enabled, the
	modem uses this IP address as the WAN IP address.
Source Mac	The MAC address you want to clone.
address	
MACCLONE	Click it to enable the MAC Clone function with the MAC
	address that is configured.

3G



In this page, you are allowed to configure the settings of the 3G USB modem.

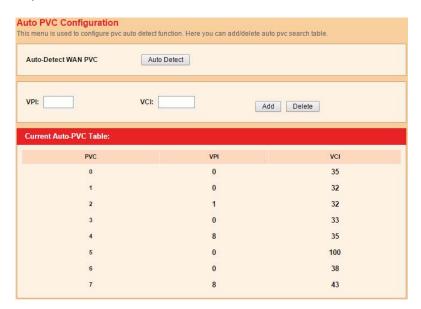
- 3G WAN: If you want to access the Internet through the 3G network card, you must enable it.
- PIN Code: If the SIM card has PIN code, enter it.
- APN: APN (Access Point Name) is used to identify the service type. Enter the APN provided by your 3G ISP.

- Dial Number: The number to be dialed to connect to 3G network. Enter dial number provided by your 3G ISP.
- Authentication Method: Select a proper authentication method in the drop-down list
- User Name: If your 3G ISP provideds to you, enter it.
- Password: If your 3G ISP provideds to you, enter it.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply Changes** button to save the settings.

Auto PVC

Choose **Network Setup > WAN > Auto PVC**, the page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to configure PVC auto detect function, you can add or delete auto-pvc.



ATM Settings

Choose **Network Setup > WAN > ATM**, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure the parameters of the ATM, including QoS, PCR, CDVT, SCR, and MBS.

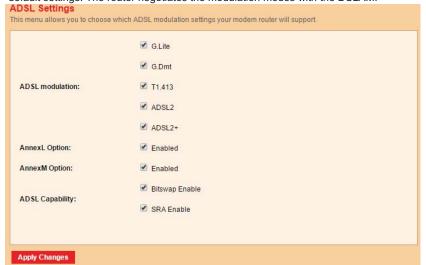


The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
VPI	The virtual path identifier of the ATM PVC.
VCI	The virtual channel identifier of the ATM PVC.
QoS	The QoS category of the PVC. You can choose
	UBR, CBR, rt-VBR, or nrt-VBR.
PCR	Peak cell rate (PCR) is the maximum rate at
	which cells can be transmitted along a connection
	in the ATM network. Its value ranges from 1 to
	65535.
CDVT	Cell delay variation tolerance (CDVT) is the
	amount of delay permitted between ATM cells (in
	microseconds). Its value ranges from 0 to
	4294967295.
SCR	Sustain cell rate (SCR) is the maximum rate that
	traffic can pass over a PVC without the risk of cell
	loss. Its value ranges from 0 to 65535.
MBS	Maximum burst size (MBS) is the maximum
	number of cells that can be transmitted at the
	PCR. Its value ranges from 0 to 65535.

ADSL Settings

Choose **Network Setup > WAN > ADSL**, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can select the DSL modulation. Mostly, you need to remain this factory default settings. The router negotiates the modulation modes with the DSLAM.



4.6.2 LAN

Choose Network Setup > LAN. The LAN page that is displayed contains LAN, DHCP, DHCP Static, and LAN IPv6.

LAN IP Address

Choose **Network Setup > LAN > LAN**, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can change IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.1.1, which is the private IP address of the router.



The $\underline{\text{following table describes}}$ the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
IP Address	Enter the IP address of LAN interface. It is recommended to enter an address ranged from 192.168.1.1 - 192.168.255.254.
Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of LAN interface. The range of subnet mask is from 255.255.0.0-255.255.255.254.
Secondary IP	Select it to enable the secondary LAN IP address. The two LAN IP addresses must be in the different network segment.
IGMP Snooping	IGMP snooping enables the router to forward multicast traffic intelligently, instead of flooding all ports in the VLAN. With IGMP snooping, the router listens to IGMP membership reports, queries and leave messages to identify the switch ports that are members of multicast groups. Only identified Multicast traffic will be forwarded to ports.
MAC Address Control	It is the access control based on MAC address. The designated LAN port, only for the Current Allowed MAC Address to access.
New MAC Address	Enter MAC address, and then click Add to add a new MAC address.

DHCP

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) allows the individual PC to obtain the TCP/IP configuration from the centralized DHCP server. You can configure this router as a DHCP server or disable it. The DHCP server can assign IP address, IP default gateway, and DNS server to DHCP clients. This router can also act as a surrogate DHCP server-DHCP Relay where it relays IP address assignment from an actual real DHCP server to clients. You can enable or disable DHCP server.

Choose **Network Setup > LAN > DHCP**, the page shown in the following figure appears. **DHCP Mode** This menu can be used to config the DHCP mode:None,DHCP Relay or DHCP Server.

(1)Enable the DHCP Server if you are using this device as a DHCP server. This page lists the IP address pools available to host on your LAN. The device distributes numbers in the pool to host on your network as they request Internet access.
(2)Enable the DHCP Relay if you are using the other DHCP server to assign IP address to your host on the LAN. You can set the (3)If you choose "None", then the modem will do nothing when the host request a IP address. LAN IP Address: 192.168.1.1 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 DHCP Mode: DHCP Server ▼ ✓ LAN1 ✓ LAN2 ✓ LAN3 ✓ LAN4 ✓ WLAN ✓ VAP0 ✓ VAP1 ✓ Interface: VAP2 IP Pool Range: 192.168.1. 100 **- 192.168.1.** 200 Show Client Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1 Max Lease Time: Domain Name: iballbaton.co.in DNS Servers: 192.168.1.1 Apply Changes Undo

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
DHCP Mode	If set to DHCP Server , the router can assign IP
	addresses, IP default gateway and DNS Servers to
	the host in Windows95, Windows NT and other
	operation systems that support the DHCP client.
	It specifies the first and the last IP address in the IP
IP Pool Range	address pool. The router assigns the IP address in
	the IP pool range to the host.
Show Client	Click it, the Active DHCP Client Table appears. It
Show Client	shows IP addresses assigned to clients.
Default Gateway	Enter the default gateway of the IP address pool.
	The lease time determines the period that the host
Max Lease Time	retains the assigned IP addresses before the IP
	addresses change.
	Enter the domain name if you know. If you leave this
	blank, the domain name obtained by DHCP from the
Domain Name	ISP is used. You must enter host name (system
Domain Name	name) on each individual PC. The domain name can
	be assigned from the router through the DHCP
	server.
DNC Camana	You can configure the DNS server IP addresses for
DNS Servers	DNS Relay.
Cat VandarOlass	Click it, the Device IP Range Table page appears.
Set VendorClass IP Range	You can configure the IP address range based on the
	device type.

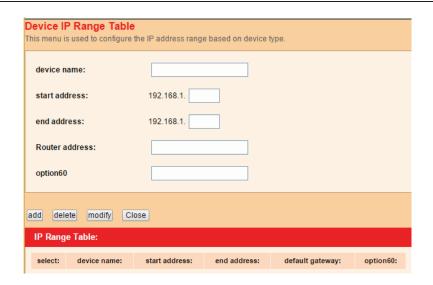
Click **Show Client** in the **DHCP Mode** page, the page shown in the following figure appears. You can view the IP address assigned to each DHCP client.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons in this page:

Field	Description
IP Address	It displays the IP address assigned to the DHCP
II Addices	client from the router.
	It displays the MAC address of the DHCP client.
	Each Ethernet device has a unique MAC address.
MAC Address	The MAC address is assigned at the factory and it
	consists of six pairs of hexadecimal character, for
	example, 00-A0-C5-00-02-12.
	It displays the lease time. The lease time determines
Expired (s)	the period that the host retains the assigned IP
	addresses before the IP addresses change.
Refresh	Click it to refresh this page.
Close	Click it to close this page.

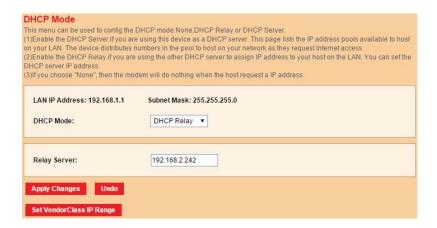
Click **Set VendorClass IP Range** in the **DHCP Mode** page, the page as shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure the IP address range based on the device type.



In the **DHCP Mode** field, choose **None**. The page shown in the following figure appears.



In the $\mbox{\bf DHCP}$ $\mbox{\bf Mode}$ field, choose $\mbox{\bf DHCP}$ $\mbox{\bf Relay}.$ The page shown in the following figure appears.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
	If set to DHCP Relay, the router acts a surrogate
DHCP Mode	DHCP Server and relays the DHCP requests and
	responses between the remote server and the client.
Relay Server	Enter the DHCP server address provided by your ISP.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.

DHCP Static

Choose **Network Setup > LAN > DHCP Static IP**, the page shown in the following figure appears. You can assign the IP addresses on the LAN to the specific individual PCs based on their MAC address.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
IP Address	Enter the specified IP address in the IP pool range, which is assigned to the host.
Mac Address	Enter the MAC address of a host on the LAN.
Add	After entering the IP address and MAC address, click it. A row will be added in the DHCP Static IP Table .
Delete Selected	Select a row in the DHCP Static IP Table , then click it, this row is deleted.

LAN IPv6

Choose Network Setup > LAN > LAN IPv6, the page shown in the following figure appears.

LAN IPv6 Setting This menu is used to configurate ipv6 lan setting. User can set lan RA server work mode and lan DHCPv6 server work mode.	
Lan Global Address Setting	
Global Address:	
Apply Changes	
RA Setting	
Enable:	€
M Flag:	0
O Flag:	
Max Interval:	600 Secs
Min Interval:	200 Secs
Prefix Mode:	Auto •
ULA Enable:	
RA DNS Enable:	
Apply Changes	
DHCPv6 Setting	
DHCPv6 Mode:	Auto Mode ▼
IPv6 Address Suffix Pool:	::1 (ex.:1:1:1:1 or ::1)
IPv6 DNS Mode:	Auto ▼
Annly Changes	

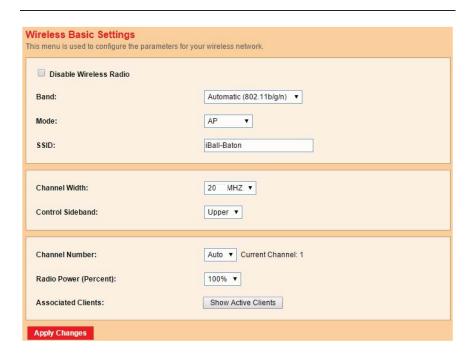
The following table describes the parameters of this page.

Field	Description
Global Address	Specify the LAN global ipv6 address. It can be assigned by ISP.
Enable	Enable or disable the Router Advertisement feature.
M Flag	Enable or disable the "Managed address configuration" flag in RA packet.
O Flag	Enable or disable the "Other configuration" flag in RA packet.
Prefix Mode	Specify the RA feature prefix mode: "Auto": the RA prefix will use WAN dhcp-pd prefix; "Manual": user will specify the prefix address, length, preferred time and valid time.
DHCPv6 Mode	Specify the dhcpv6 server mode: "None": close dhcpv6 server; "Manual": dhcpv6 server is opened and user specifies the dhcpv6 server address pool and other parameters. "Auto": dhcpv6 server is opened and it use WAN dhcp-pd prefix to generate address pool.

4.6.3 Wireless

Wireless Basic Settings

Choose **Network Setup > Wireless > Basic Settings**, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure the parameters for wireless LAN clients that may connect to the modem.



The following table describes the parameters of this page:

ine ione ining table dece.	ibes the parameters of this page.
Field	Description
	Choose the adapted band of the modem from the
	drop-down list.
	Automatic (802.11b/g/n) ▼
Band	11Mbps (802.11b) 54Mbps (802.11g) Mixed Mode (802.11b/g) 300Mbps (802.11n) 300Mbps (802.11n/g) Automatic (802.11b/g/n)
	Set the working mode of the device. The mode
Mode	may vary from software to software. By default,
	the network mode of the modem is AP.
CCID	Set a name for the wireless network of your
SSID	device. Wireless stations associating to the

Field	Description
	modem must have the same SSID.
Channel Width	You can select 20MHZ.
	Only when choose 20MHZ for Channel Width, you
Control Sideband	can set this parameter. You can choose Upper or
	Lower from the drop-down list.
	A channel is the radio frequency used by
	802.11b/g/n wireless devices. You may have a
	choice of channels (for your region) and you
Channel Number	should use a different channel from an adjacent
Charmer Number	AP to reduce the interference. Interference and
	degrading performance occurs when radio signal
	from different APs overlap.
	Choose a channel from the drop-down list box.
	Choose the transmission power of the radio
Radio Power	signal. It is recommended to leave the default
	setting. The default setting is 100%.
Show Active Clients	Click it to view the information of the wireless
Show Active Cheffts	clients that are connected to the modem.
	Click it to apply the settings temporarily. If you
Apply Changes	want to save the settings of this page
	permanently, click Save in the lower left corner.

Wireless Security

Choose **Network Setup > Wireless>** Wireless **Security** and the following page appears.



The following table describes the parameters of this page:

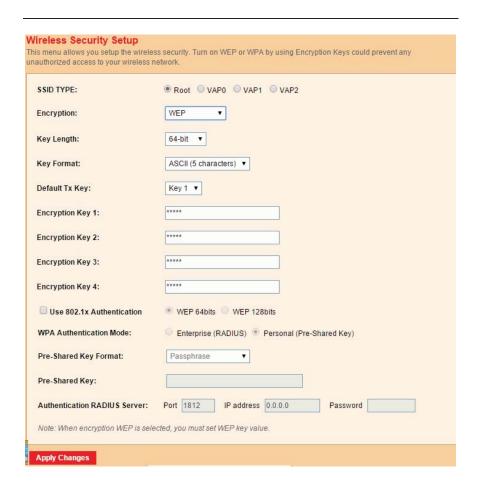
Field	Description
Encryption	Configure the wireless encryption mode. You can choose None, WEP, WPA (TKIP), WPA (AES), WPA2 (AES), WPA2 (AES), WPA2 (TKIP), or WPA2 Mixed. • Wired equivalent privacy (WEP) encrypts data frames before transmitting over the wireless network. • Wi-Fi protected access (WPA) is a subset of the IEEE802.11i security specification draft. • WPA2 Mixed is the collection of WPA and WPA2 encryption modes. The wireless client establishes the connection between the modem through WPA or WPA2. Key differences between WPA and WEP are user authentication and improved data encryption.
WPA Authentication	Select Personal (Pre-Shared Key), enter the
Mode	pre-shared key in the Pre-Shared Key field.

Field	Description
	Select Enterprise (RADIUS), enter the port, IP
	address, and password of the Radius server.
	You need to enter the username and password
	provided by the Radius server when the
	wireless client connects the modem.
	If the encryption is set to WEP, the modem uses
	802.1 X authentication, which is Radius
	authentication.
	Click it to apply the settings temporarily. If you want
Apply Changes	to save the settings of this page permanently, click
	Save in the lower left corner.

Set the **Encryption** to be **WEP**, then click **Set WEP Key**, and the following page appears.



If the encryption is set to be **WEP**, the WPS function will be disabled.



The following describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
Key Length	Choose the WEP key length. You can Choose
	64-bit or 128-bit.
Key Format	If you choose 64-bit, you can choose ASCII (5)
	characters) or Hex (10 characters).
	● If you choose 128-bit, you can choose ASCII

Field	Description
	(13 characters) or Hex (26 characters).
Default Tx Key	Choose the index of WEP Key. You can choose Key
Delault 1x Ney	1, Key 2, Key 3, or Key 4.
Encryption Key 1 to 4	The Encryption keys are used to encrypt the data. Both the modem and wireless stations must use the same encryption key for data transmission. If you choose 64-bit and ASCII (5 characters), enter any 5 ASCII characters. If you choose 64-bit and Hex (10 characters), enter any 10 hexadecimal characters. If you choose 128-bit and ASCII (13 characters), enter any 13 ASCII characters. If you choose 128-bit and Hex (26 characters), enter any 26 hexadecimal characters.

MBSSID

Choose **Network Setup > Wireless > Multi SSID** and the following page appears. This page allows you to set virtual access points (VAP). Here you can enable/disable virtual AP, and set its SSID and authentication type. click **Apply Changes** to take it effect.



MAC Filtering

Choose **Network Setup > Wireless > MAC Filtering** and the following page appears. If you choose **Allow Listed**, only those clients whose wireless MAC addresses are in the

access control list will be able to connect to your Access Point. When **Deny Listed** is selected, these wireless clients on the list will not be able to connect the Access Point.



Advanced

Choose **Network Setup > Wireless > Advanced** and the following page appears. In this page, you can configure the wireless advanced parameters. It is recommended to use the default parameters.

The following table describes parameters in this page:

Field	Description
Fragmentation	Set the threshold of fragmentation length. If the length of a
Threshold	packet is greater than the value, the packet is automatically
(256-2346)	fragmented into several packets. Because too many packets
	lead to low performance of the wireless network, the value of
	Fragmentation Length cannot be too small. The default
	value is 2346.
RTS Threshold	Set the CTS/RTS threshold. If the length of a packet is
	greater than the value, the router sends an RTS frame to the
	destination station to negotiate. After receiving the RTS
	frame, the wireless station responds with a Clear to Send
	(CTS) frame to the router, indicating that they can
	communicate with each other. The default value is 2346.
Data Rate	Choose the transmission rate of the wireless data from the

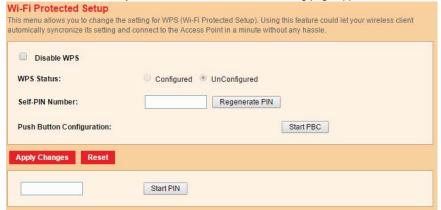
Field	Description
	dropdown list.
PreambleType	Long Preamble: It means this card always use long
	preamble.
	Short Preamble: It means this card can support short
	preamble capability.
	Select whether the modem broadcasts SSID or not. You can
	select Enable or Disable.
Broadcast SSID	Select Enable, the SSID can be detected.
broaucast 331D	Select Disable to hide SSID, the wireless clients cannot
	find the SSID. You need to enter the SSID and password
	of the wireless network manually.
Polov Plocking	Wireless isolation. Select Enable , the wireless clients that
Relay Blocking	are connected to the modem cannot intercommunication.
Ethernet to Wireless	Whether the wireless network can communicate with the
Blocking	Ethernet network or not.
Wifi Multicast to	Enable or disable it. Multicast to unicast conversion to
Unicast	provide reliable transmission and reduce the loss and delay,
Unicast	which is necessary for multimedia applications.
	Enable or disable it. Aggregation is a feature of the 802.11n
Aggregation	wireless LAN standards that increases throughput by
	sending two or more data framesin a single transmission.
	Enable or disable it. GI is guard interval that is used to
	ensure that distinct transmissions do not interfere with one
	another. Short GI is 0.4 µs guard interval. The short guard
Short GI	interval results in a higher packet error rate when the delay
	spread of the channel exceed the guard interval and/or if
	timing synchronization between the transmitter and receiver
	is not precise.
	Enable or disable it. WMM is a Wi-Fi Alliance interoperability
	certification, based on the IEEE802.11e standard. It
WMM	provides basic Quality of service (QoS) features to IEEE
VVIVIIVI	802.11 networks. WMM prioritizes traffic according to four
	Access Categories (AC) - voice, video, best effort, and
	background. However, it does not provide guaranteed

Field	Description
	throughput. It is suitable for well defined applications that
	require QoS, such as Voice over IP (VoIP) on Wi-Fi phones.

After setting, click Apply Changes to save the settings.

WPS

Choose Network Setup > Wireless > WPS and the following page appears.



There are two ways for the wireless client to establish the connection with the device through WPS.

The Device Generates PIN: Click **Regenerate PIN** to generate a new PIN, and then click **Start PBC**. In the wireless client tool, enter the PIN generated by the modem, and then start connection. The client will automatically establish the connection with the modem through the encryption mode, and you need not to enter the key.

The Wireless Client Generates PIN: Enter a PIN of the wireless client in the field, and then click **Start PIN** to establish the connection.

Note:

The wireless client is not able to establish the connection with iB-WRA300N3GT through WPS negotiation unless it supports WPS.

WDS

Wireless distribution system (WDS) enables interconnection between APs in an IEEE 802.11 wireless network. It extends the wireless network through several APs, without connection of wired backbone network. This function is also called wireless repeating or bridging.

Choose **Network Setup > Wireless > WDS** and the following page appears. In this page, you can enable WDS function and set ralative parameters.



Universal Repeater

Choose **Network Setup > Wireless >** Universal **Repeater** and the following page appears. In this page, you can set parameters for wireless repeater.



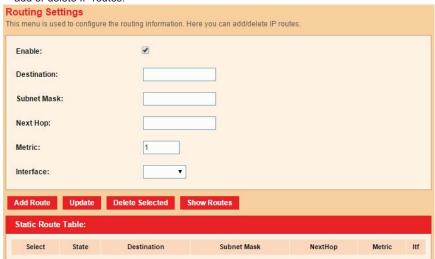
4.7 Advanced Setting

In the navigation bar, click **Advanced**. The **Advanced Settings** page that is displayed contains **Route**, **NAT**, **QoS**, **TR-069**, **Virtual Port Group**, and **Management**.

4.7.1 Routing

Static Route

Choose Advanced Settings > Routing > Static Route, and the page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to configure the routing information. You can add or delete IP routes.

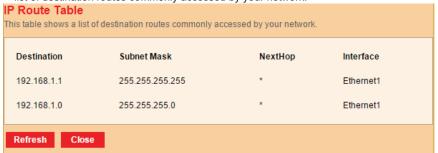


The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Enable	Select it to use static IP routes.
Destination	Enter the IP address of the destination device.
Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of the destination device.
Next Hop	Enter the IP address of the next hop in the IP route to the
	destination device.
Metric	The metric cost for the destination.

Field	Description
Interface	The interface for the specified route.
Add Route	Click it to add the new static route to the Static Route Table .
Update	Select a row in the Static Route Table and modify the
	parameters. Then click it to save the settings temporarily.
Delete	Select a row in the Static Route Table and click it to delete the
Selected	row.
Show Routes	Click it, the IP Route Table appears. You can view a list of
	destination routes commonly accessed by your network.
Static Route	A list of the previously configured static IP routes.
Table	

Click **Show Routes**, the page shown in the following figure appears. The table shows a list of destination routes commonly accessed by your network.



IPv6 Static Route

Choose Advanced Settings > Routing > IPv6 Static Route, and the page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to configure the routing information. You can add or delete IP routes.



RIP

Choose Advanced Settings > Routing > RIP, the page shown in the following figure appears. If you are using this device as a RIP-enabled router to communicate with others using Routing Information Protocol (RIP), enable RIP. This page is used to select the interfaces on your devices that use RIP, and the version of the protocol used.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
RIP	Select Enable, the router communicates with other
	RIP-enabled devices.
Apply	Click it to save the settings of this page.
Interface	Choose the router interface that uses RIP.
Recv Version	Choose the interface version that receives RIP messages. You
	can choose RIP1, RIP2, or Both.
	Choose RIP1 indicates the router receives RIP v1
	messages.
	Choose RIP2 indicates the router receives RIP v2
	messages.
	Choose Both indicates the router receives RIP v1 and
	RIP v2 messages.
Send Version	The working mode for sending RIP messages. You can
	choose RIP1 or RIP2.
	Choose RIP1 indicates the router broadcasts RIP1
	messages only.
	Choose RIP2 indicates the router multicasts RIP2
	messages only.
Add	Click it to add the RIP interface to the Rip Config List.
Delete	Select a row in the Rip Config List and click it to delete the
	row.

4.7.2 NAT

DMZ

Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network. Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

Choose Advanced Settings > NAT > DMZ, the page shown in the following figure appears.

The following describes how to configure manual DMZ.

Step 1 Select WAN interface.

Step 2 Enter an IP address of the DMZ host.

Step 3 Click Apply Changes to save the settings of this page temporarily.



Virtual Server

Choose Advanced Settings > **NAT** > **Virtual Service**, and the page shown in the following figure appears.



The following table describes the parameters of this page.

Field	Description
	You can select the common service type, for example,
	AUTH, DNS or FTP. You can also define a service name.
Contino Tuno	If you select Usual Service Name , the corresponding
Service Type	parameter has the default settings.
	If you select User-defined Service Name , you need to
	enter the corresponding parameters.
Protocol	Choose the transport layer protocol that the service type
	uses. You can choose TCP or UDP.
WAN Setting	You can choose Interface or IP Address.
WAN Interface	Choose the WAN interface that will apply virtual server.

Field	Description
WAN Port	Choose the access port on the WAN.
LAN Port	Enter the port number of the specified service type.
LAN IP Address	Enter the IP address of the virtual server. It is in the same
	network segment with LAN IP address of the router.

ALG

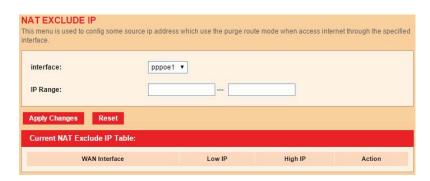
Choose Advanced Settings > NAT > ALG, and the page shown in the following figure appears. Choose the NAT ALG and Pass-Through options, and then click Apply Changes.



NAT Exclude IP

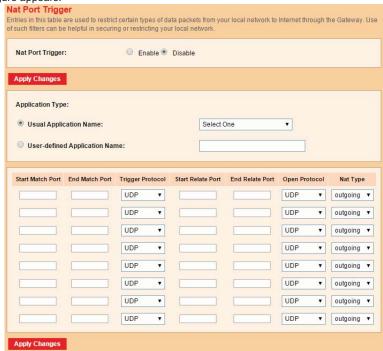
Choose Advanced Settings> NAT > NAT Exclude IP, and the page shown in the following figure appears.

In the page, you can configure some source IP addresses which use the purge route mode when accessing internet through the specified interface.



Port Trigger

Choose Advanced Settings > NAT > Port Trigger and the page shown in the following figure appears.

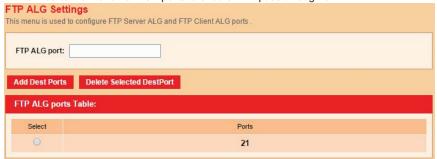


Click the **Usual Application Name** drop-down menu to choose the application you want to Setup for port triggering. When you have chosen an application the default Trigger settings will populate the table below.

If the application you want to Setup isn't listed, click the **User-defined Application Name** radio button and type in a name for the trigger in the Custom application field. Configure the **Start Match Port**, **End Match Port**, **Trigger Protocol**, **Start Relate Port**, **End Relate Port**, **Open Protocol** and **Nat type** settings for the port trigger you want to configure. When you have finished, click the **Apply changes** button.

FTP ALG Port

Choose Advanced **Settings** > **NAT** > **FTP ALG Port**, the page shown in the following figure appears. The common port for FTP connection is port 21, and a common ALG monitors the TCP port 21 to ensure NAT pass-through of FTP. By enabling this function, when the FTP server connection port is not a port 21, the FTP ALG module will be informed to monitor other TCP ports to ensure NAT pass-through of FTP.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Fie	eld	Description
FTP ALG p	ort	Set an FTP ALG port.
Add Dest F	orts	Add a port configuration.
Delete	Selected	Delete a selected port configuration from the list.
DestPort		

Nat IP Mapping

NAT is short for Network Address Translation. The Network Address Translation Settings window allows you to share one WAN IP address for multiple computers on your LAN.

Choose Advanced Settings > NAT > Nat IP Mapping, the page shown in the following figure appears

Entries in this table allow you to configure one IP pool for specified source IP address from LAN, so one packet whose source IP is in range of the specified address will select one IP address from the pool for NAT.



4.7.3 QoS

Choose Advanced Settings > QoS to display the submenus. You can select QoS or Traffic Shaping to do relevant settings.



4.7.4 TR-069

Choose Advanced Settings > TR-069, and the page shown in the following page appears. In this page, you can configure the TR-069 CPE.



The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
ACS	
URL	The URL of the auto-configuration server to connect to.
User Name	The user name for logging in to the ACS.
Password	The password for logging in to the ACS.
Periodic Inform Enable	Select Enable to periodically connect to the ACS to check whether the configuration updates.
Periodic Inform Interval	Specify the amount of time between connections to ACS.
Connection Reque	est
User Name	The connection username provided by TR-069 service.
Password	The connection password provided by TR-069 service.
Debug	
Show Message	Select Enable to display ACS SOAP messages on the serial console.
CPE sends GetRPC	Select Enable , the router contacts the ACS to obtain configuration updates.
Skip MReboot	Specify whether to send an MReboot event code in the inform message.
Delay	Specify whether to start the TR-069 program after a short delay.
Auto-Execution	Specify whether to automatically start the TR-069 after the router is powered on.

4.7.5 Virtual Port Group

Choose Advanced Settings > Virtual Port Group, and the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can bind the WAN and the LAN interface to the same group.

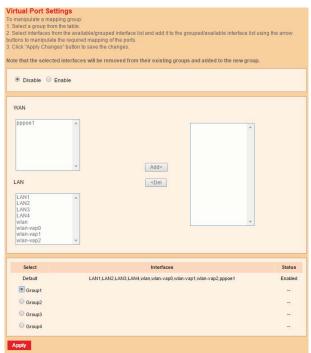


Figure 5

The procedure for manipulating a mapping group is as follows:

- **Step 1** Select **Enable** to enable this function.
- Step 2 Select a group from the table.
- **Step 3** Select interfaces from the WAN and LAN interface list and add them to the grouped interface list using the arrow buttons to manipulate the required mapping of the ports.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

4.7.6 Management

Choose Advanced Settings > Management to display the submenus. You can select Bridge Setting, Client Limit, Tunnel, or Half Bridge to set relevant parameters.



4.8 Access Management

4.8.1 IGMP

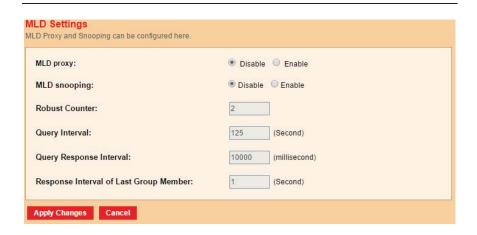
IGMP Proxy

Choose Access Management > IGMP > IGMP Proxy, and the page shown in the following figure appears. IGMP proxy enables the system to issue IGMP host messages on behalf of hosts that the system discovered through standard IGMP interfaces. The system acts as a proxy for its hosts after you enable it.



MLD

Choose Access Management > IGMP > IGMP Proxy, and the page shown in the following figure appears.



4.8.2 UPnP

UPnP

Choose **Access Management** > **UPnP** > **UPnP**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to configure UPnP. The system acts as a daemon after you enable it.



DLNA

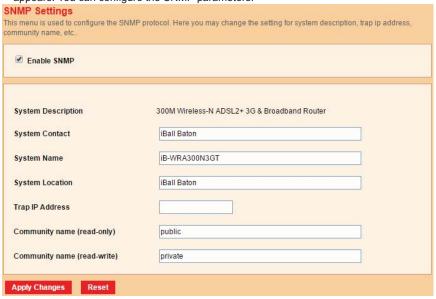
Choose **Access Management** > **UPnP** > **DLNA**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can enable DMS.



Figure 6

4.8.3 SNMP

Choose **Access Management > SNMP**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. You can configure the SNMP parameters.



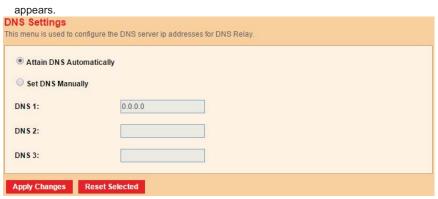
The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
Enable SNMP	Select it to enable SNMP function. You need to enable SNMP, then you can configure the parameters of this page.
Trap IP Address	Enter the trap IP address. The trap information is sent to the corresponding host.
Community name (Read-only)	The network administrators must use this password to read the information of this router.
Community name (Read-Write)	The network administrators must use this password to configure the information of the router.

4.8.4 DNS

DNS

Choose **Access Management > DNS > DNS**, and the page shown in the following figure appears.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Set DNS Automatically	Select it, the router accepts the first received DNS assignment from one of the PPPoA, PPPoE or MER enabled PVC(s) during the connection establishment.

Field	Description
Set DNS	Select it, enter the IP addresses of the primary and secondary
Manually	DNS server.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.
Reset Selected	Click it to start configuring the parameters in this page.

IPv6 DNS

Choose Access Management > DNS > IPv6 DNS, and the page shown in the following figure appears.



Figure 7

4.8.5 DynDNS

Choose **Access Management > DynDNS**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to configure the dynamic DNS address. You can add or remove to configure dynamic DNS.



The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
DDNS provider	Choose the DDNS provider name.
Host Name	The DDNS identifier.
Interface	The WAN interface of the router.
Enable	Enable or disable DDNS function.
Username	The name provided by DDNS provider.
Password	The password provided by DDNS provider.
Email	The email provided by DDNS provider.
Key	The key provided by DDNS provider.

4.8.6 FTP Server

Choose **Access Management > FTP Server**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can start FTP server.



Figure 8

4.8.7 USB Storage

Choose **Access Management > USB Storage**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can enable USB storage.



Figure 9

4.9 Security Settings

4.9.1 MAC Filter

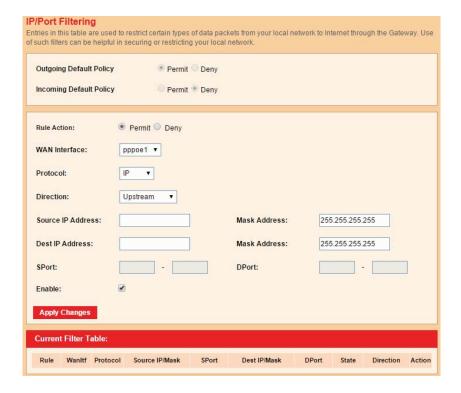
Choose **Security Settings** > **MAC Filter**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. Entries in the table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the gateway. These filters are helpful in securing or restricting your local network.



4.9.2 IP/Port Filter

IP/Port Filter

Choose Security Settings > IP/Port Filter > IP/Port Filter, and the page shown in the following figure appears. Entries in the table are used to restrict certain types of data packets through the gateway. These filters are helpful in securing or restricting your local network.



IPv6/ Port Filter

Choose **Security Settings** > **IP/Port Filter** > **IPv6/Port Filter**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. Entries in the table are used to restrict certain types of data packets through the gateway. These filters are helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

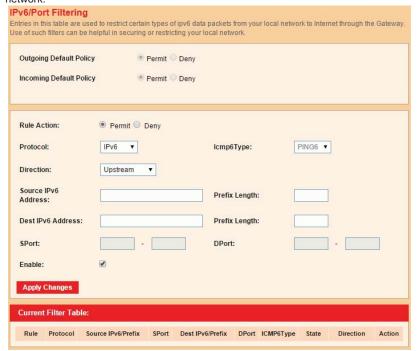


Figure 10

4.9.3 URL Filter

Choose **Security Settings > URL Filter**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to block a fully qualified domain name, such as tw.yahoo.com and filtered keyword. You can add or delete FQDN and filtered keyword.

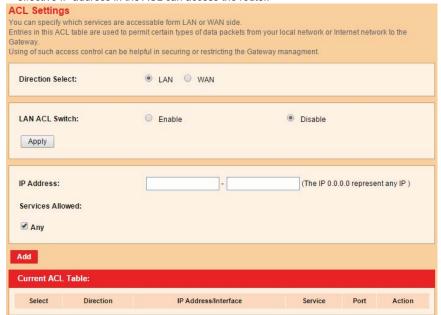


The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
URL Blocking	You can choose Disable or Enable .
Capability	Select Disable to disable URL blocking function and
	keyword filtering function.
	Select Enable to block access to the URLs and keywords
	specified in the URL Blocking Table.
Keyword	Enter the keyword to block.
AddKeyword	Click it to add a URL/keyword to the URL/KEYWORD
	Blocking Table.
URL Blocking	A list of the URL (s) to which access is blocked.
Table	

4.9.4 ACL

Choose **Security Settings** > **ACL**, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can permit the data packets from LAN or WAN to access the router. You can configure the IP address for Access Control List (ACL). If ACL is enabled, only the effective IP address in the ACL can access the router.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Direction Select	Select the router interface. You can select LAN or WAN. In
	this example, LAN is selected.
LAN ACL Switch	Select it to enable or disable ACL function.
	Enter the IP address of the specified interface. Only the IP
IP Address	address that is in the same network segment with the IP
	address of the specified interface can access the router.
Services Allowed	You can choose the following services from LAN: Web,
	Telnet, SSH, FTP, TFTP, SNMP, or PING. You can also

Field	Description
	choose all the services.
Add	After setting the parameters, click it to add an entry to the Current ACL Table.

Set direction of the data packets to **WAN**, the page shown in the following figure appears.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Discretion Onland	Select the router interface. You can select LAN or WAN. In
Direction Select	this example, WAN is selected.
WAN Setting	You can choose Interface or IP Address.
WAN Interface	Choose the interface that permits data packets from WAN
WAN interface	to access the router.
	You can choose the following services from WAN: web,
Services Allowed	telnet, ssh, ftp, tftp, snmp or ping. You can also choose
	all the services.
Add	After setting the parameters, click it to add an entry to the
	Current ACL Table.

4.9.4.1 IPv6 ACL

Choose **Security Settings** > **ACL** > **IPv6 ACL**, the page shown in the following figure appears.

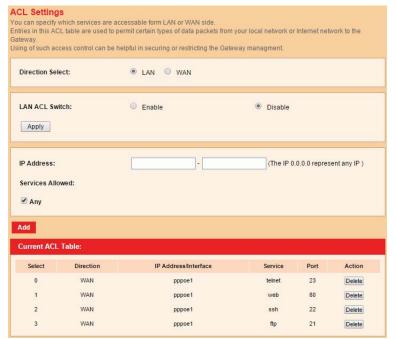


Figure 11

4.9.5 DoS

Denial-of-Service Attack (DoS attack) is a type of attack on a network that is designed to bring the network to its knees by flooding it with useless traffic.

Choose **Security Settings** > **DoS**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can prevent DoS attacks.

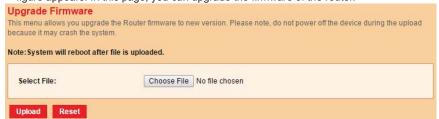


4.10 Maintenance

4.10.1 Update

Firmware Update

Choose **Maintenance** > **Update** > **Firmware Update**, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can upgrade the firmware of the router.

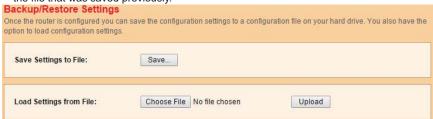


The following table describes the parameters and button of this page:

Field	Description
Select File	Click Browse to select the firmware file.
Upload	After selecting the firmware file, click Upload to starting upgrading the firmware file.
Reset	Click it to starting selecting the firmware file.

Backup/Restore

Choose **Maintenance** > **Update** > **Backup/Restore**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. You can back up the current settings to a file and restore the settings from the file that was saved previously.

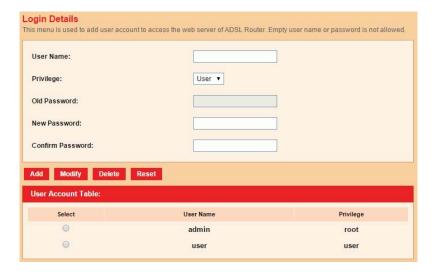


The following table describes the parameters and button of this page:

Field	Description
Save Settings to File	Click it, and select the path. Then you can save the configuration file of the router.
Load Settings from File	Click Browse to select the configuration file.
Upload	After selecting the configuration file of the router, click Upload to start uploading the configuration file of the router.

4.10.2 Password

Choose **Maintenance** > **Password**, the page shown in the following figure appears. By default, the user name and password are **admin** and **admin** respectively. The common user name and password are **user** and **user** respectively.



The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
User Name	For adding a user, you can enter a user name.
	For changing the privilege and password of an
	exist user, you can select one to be modified from
	User Account Table.
Privilege	Choose the privilege for the account.
Old Password	Enter the old password
New Password	Enter the password to which you want to change
	the old password.
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again.

4.10.3 Restart

Choose Maintenance > Restart, the page shown in the following figure appears.

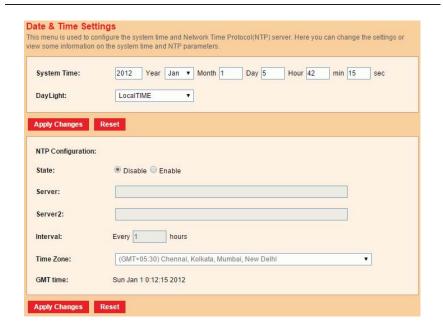


The following table describes the parameters and button of this page:

Field	Description
Restart	Click it to restart the router.
Restore to Default	Click it to restore to factory default settings.
Setting	

4.10.4 Time

Choose **Maintenance** > **Time**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. You can configure the system time manually or get the system time from the time server.



The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
System Time	Set the system time manually.
NTP Configuration	
	Select enable or disable NTP function. You need to
State	enable NTP if you want to configure the parameters of
	NTP.
Server	Set the primary NTP server manually.
Server2	Set the secondary NTP server manually.
Time Zone	Choose the time zone in which area you are from the
Time Zone	drop down list.

4.10.5 System Log

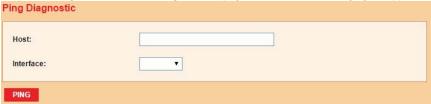
Choose **Maintenance** > **Log**, and the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can enable or disable system log function and view the system log.



4.10.6 Diagnostics Tools

4.10.6.1 Ping

Choose **Diagnostics Tools** > **Ping**, and the page shown in the following figure appears.



The following table describes the parameter and button of this page:

Field	Description
Host	Enter the valid IP address or domain name.
Interface	Select interface from drop-down list.
Ping	Click it to start to Ping the IP address.

4.10.6.2 Ping6

Choose **Diagnostics Tools > Ping6**, and the page shown in the following figure appears.

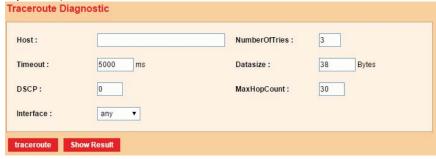


The following table describes the parameter and button of this page:

Field	Description
Host	Enter the valid IP address or domain name.
Interface	Select interface from drop-down list.
Ping	Click it to start to Ping the IP address.

4.10.6.3 Traceroute

Choose **Diagnostics Tools** > **Traceroute**, and the following page appears. By Traceroute Diagnostic, you can track the route path through the information which is from your computer to the Internet other side host.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page.

Field	Description
Host	Enter the destination host address for diagnosis.
NumberOfTries	Number of repetitions.
Timeout	Put in the timeout value.
Datasize	Packet size.
DSCP	Differentiated Services Code Point, You should set a
	value between 0-63.
MaxHopCount	Maximum number of routes.
Interface	Select the interface.
traceroute	Click it to start traceroute.

4.10.6.4 Traceroute6

Choose **Diagnostics Tools** > **Traceroute6**, and the following page appears. By Traceroute Diagnostic, you can track the route path through the information which is from your computer to the Internet other side host.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page.

Field	Description
Host	Enter the destination host address for diagnosis.
NumberOfTries	Number of repetitions.
Timeout	Put in the timeout value.
Datasize	Packet size.
MaxHopCount	Maximum number of routes.
Interface	Select the interface.
traceroute	Click it to start traceroute.

4.10.6.5 OAM Loopback

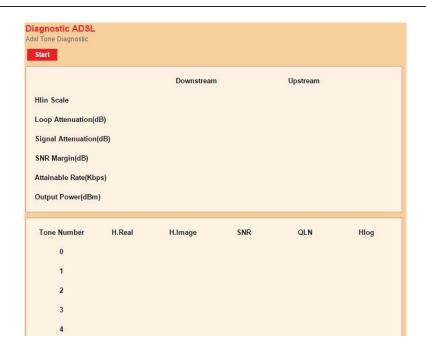
Choose **Diagnostics Tools** > **OAM Loopback**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can use VCC loopback function to check the connectivity of the VCC. The ATM loopback test is useful for troubleshooting problems with the DSLAM and ATM network.



Click Go! to start testing.

4.10.6.6 ADSL Diagnostic

Choose **Diagnostics Tools > ADSL Diagnostic**. The page shown in the following figure appears. It is used for ADSL tone diagnostics.



Click **Start** to start ADSL tone diagnostics.

4.10.6.7 Diag-Test

Choose **Diagnostics** > **Diag-Test**, the page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can test the DSL connection. You can also view the LAN status connection and ADSL connection.



Click Run Diagnostic Test to start testing

Appendix A: Specifications

General		
Standards	Complies with IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n & IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u standards	
Protocols	ANSI T1.413, ITU G.992.1, ITU G.992.2, ITU G.992.3, ITU G.992.5,	
Protocols	TCP/IP, PPPoA, PPPoE, SNTP, HTTP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT	
Ports	4- 10/100M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 LAN Ports (Auto MDI/MDIX) , 1- RJ11 (WAN) Port , USB 2.0 x 1	
LEDs	PWR, ADSL, Internet, WLAN, LAN, USB ports	
Network Medium	10Base-T: UTP category 3, 4, 5 cable 100Base-TX: UTP category-5 Max line length: 6.5Km	
Data Rates	Downstream: Up to 24Mbps Upstream: Up to 3.5Mbps (With Annex M enabled)	
WPS	WPS button	
WiFi	Wi-Fi ON/OFF button	
Reset button	Factory default	
Safety & Emission	FCC, CE	
Power	12V DC, 1A	
System Requirement	Internet Explorer 5.20 or later, Netscape Navigator 6.0 or later Win 9x/ ME/ 2000/ XP/ Vista/Windows 7	

Wireless				
Frequency Band	2.412~2.462GHz			
	11n: up to 300Mbps (Automatic)			
Radio Data Rate	11g:	54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6Mbps (Automatic)		
	11b:	11/5.5/2/1Mbps (Automatic)		
Frequency Expansion	DSSS(Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum)			
Modulation	DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, OFDM, 16-QAM, 64-QAM			
Antenna	5dBi x 2 Omni Directional			
Sensitivity @PER	300M: -68dBm@10% PER 130M: -68dBm@10% PER 108M: -68dBm@10% PER; 54M: -68dBm@10% PER 11M: -85dBm@8% PER; 6M: -88dBm@10% PER 1M: -90dBm@8% PER			
Physical and Environment				
Working Temperature		$0\% \sim 40\%$		
Working Humidity		10% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)		
Storage Temperature		-40% ~ 70%		
Storage Humidity		5% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)		