

FCC RF Test Report

Product Type : Smartphone Static Pressure Meter

Applicant : Automatic Airflow Balancing LLC

Address : 2423 S. Orange Ave. Orlando, FL 32806, USA

Trade Name : AAB

Model Number : SPM-100

Test Specification : FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C: Oct., 2013

RSS-210 Issue 8 December 2010

ANSI C63.10:2009

KD558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02

Receive Date : 19January, 2015

Test Period : 20January, 2015 to 25 January, 2015

Issue Date : 26January, 2015

Issue by

A Test Lab Techno Corp.

No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade City, Taoyuan County 334, Taiwan R.O.C.

Tel: +886-3-2710188 / Fax: +886-3-2710190





Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330

Note: This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of A Test Lab Techno Corp. This document may be altered or revised by A Test Lab Techno Corp. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document. The client should not use it to claim product endorsement by TAF, or any government agencies. The test results in the report only apply to the tested sample.

Revision History

Rev.	Rev. Issue Date		Revised By
00	26 January, 2015	Initial Issue	

Verification of Compliance

Issued Date: 16 December, 2015

Product Type : Smartphone Static Pressure Meter

Applicant : Automatic Airflow Balancing LLC

Address : 2423 S. Orange Ave. Orlando, FL 32806, USA

Trade Name : AAB

Model Number : SPM-100

FCC ID : 2AD45-SPM100

EUT Rated Voltage : DC 3.0V(CR2450)

Test Voltage : DC 3V

Applicable Standard : FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C: Oct., 2013

RSS-210 Issue 8 December 2010

ANSI C63.10:2009

KD558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02

Test Result : Complied

Performing Lab. : Shenzhen Academy of Metrology and Quality Inspection

No.4 Tongfa Road, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Tel: 0086-755-86928965 / Fax: 0086-755-86009898-31396

Web: www.smq.com.cn

The EUT described above is tested by Shenzhen Academy of Metrology and Quality Inspection EMC Laboratory to determine the maximum emissions from the EUT. Shenzhen Academy of Metrology and Quality Inspection EMC Laboratory assumed full responsibility for the accuracy of the test results. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 (2003) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Approved By : Reviewed By

(Manager) (Murphy Wang) (Testing Engineer) (Fly Lu)



CONTENT

Report Number: 1501FR18

1.	General Information	5
2.	Test Summary	5
	Description of the Equipment underTest (EUT)	
	Measurement Uncertainty	
	Main TestInstruments	
	Test Conditions and Results	
	L AC Power Conducted Emission	
6.2	2 Radiated Emissions	13
6.4	Power Spectral Density	23
6.5	Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission	26
6.6	Spurious RF Conducted Emission	30
	7 6dB Bandwidth	
	R Antenna Requirement	46

1. General Information

1.1 Applied Standard

Applied Rules: FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C: Oct., 2013

Test Method: FCC 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance

1.2 Test Location

TestLocation1: Shenzhen Academy of Metrology and quality Inspection

Address: No.4 Tongfa Road, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

1.3 Test Environment Condition

AmbientTemperature: 19.5to 25°C AmbientRelativeHumidity:40 to 55 % AtmosphericPressure: Not applicable

2. Test Summary

Test Item	FCC Part No.	Requirements	Verdict
DTS (6 dB) Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	≥ 500 kHz.	PASS
Maximum Peak ConductedOutputPower	15.247(b)(3)	For directional gain:< 30dBm – (G[dBi] –6 [dB]),peak; Other wise :< 30dBm, peak.	PASS
MaximumPowerSpectralDensityLevel	15.247(e)	For directional gain :< 8dBm/3 kHz – (G[dBi] –6[dB]), peak. Other wise :< 8dBm/3 kHz, peak.	PASS
Band Edges Compliance	15.247(d)	< -20dBr/100 kHz if total peak power ≤power limit.	PASS
Unwanted Emissions into Non- Restricted Frequency Bands	15.247(d)	< -20dBr/100 kHz if total peak power ≤power limit.	PASS
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands(Conducted)	15.247(d) 15.209	< -20dBr/100 kHz if total peak power ≤power limit.	PASS
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands(Radiated)	15.247(d) 15.209	FCC Part 15.209 field strength limit;	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	15.207	FCC Part 15.207 conducted limit;	N/A

3. Description of the Equipment underTest (EUT)

3.1 General Description

3.1 General Description	
Product	Smartphone Static Pressure Meter
Trade Name	AAB
Model Number	SPM-100
Applicant	Automatic Airflow Balancing LLC
Applicant	2423 S. Orange Ave. Orlando, FL 32806, USA
Manufacturer	Automatic Airflow Balancing LLC
Manufacturer	2423 S. Orange Ave. Orlando, FL 32806, USA
FCC ID	2AD45-SPM100
Frequency Range	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Modulation Type	GFSK
Type of Antenna	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain (dBi)	-2.8 dBi

NOTE: Only Bluetooth test data included in this report.

3.2 EUT Identity

EUTID information			
BT MAC F8:67:06:B1:E4:08			
/	/		

NOTE: Unless otherwise noted in the report, the functional boards installed in the units shall be selected from the below list, but not means all the functional boards listed below shall be installed in one unit.

3.3 EUT Configurations

3.3.1 General Configurations

Configuration	Description	
	Until otherwise specified,	
Test Antenna Ports	All TXtests are performed atallTX antenna ports of theEUT, and	
	All RXtests are performedatall RX antennaports of theEUT.	
Multiple DE Courses	Other than the tested RF source of the EUT, other RF source(s) are	
Multiple RF Sources	disabled or shutdown during measurements.	

Note: The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode and the transmit duty cycle is not less than 98%.

3.4 Customized Configurations

#EUTConf.	SignalDescription	OperatingFrequency
TM1_Ch0	GFSKmodulation	ChNo. 0 /2402MHz
TM1_Ch19	GFSKmodulation	Ch No. 19/ 2440MHz
TM1_ Ch39	GFSKmodulation	Ch No. 39/ 2480MHz

3.5 Test Environments

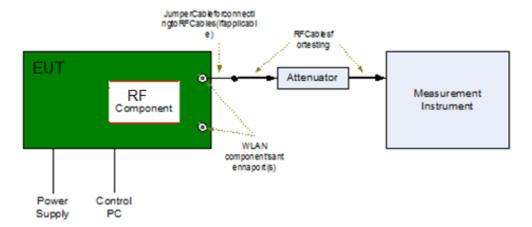
EnvironmentParameter	SelectedValuesDuring Tests			
NTNV	Temperature	Voltage	Relative Humidity	
	Ambient	EUT Rated Voltage	Ambient	

NOTE: The valuesused inthetest report maybe stringentthan the declared.

3.6 TestSetups

3.6.1 Test Setup 1

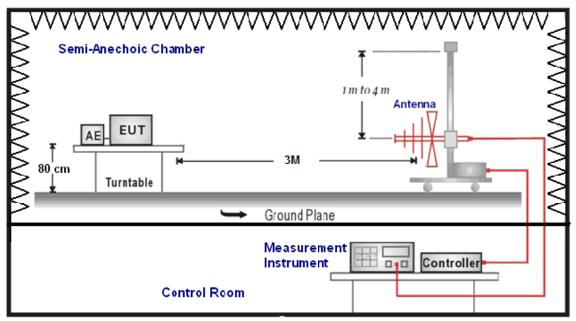
The BLE component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.



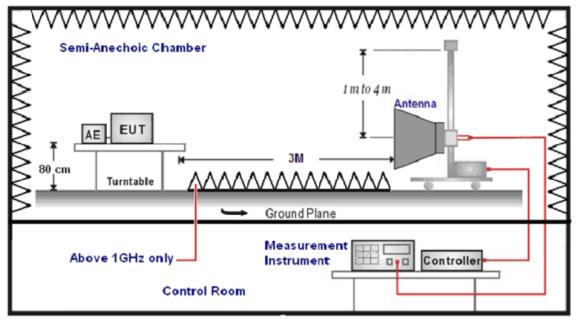
3.6.1 Test Setup 2

The test sites anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4dB according to the standards: ANSIC63.4. The test distance is 3m.The setup is according to ANSI C63.4 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarization and turn table azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1m to 4m, the azimuth range of turn table is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).



(Below1 GHz)

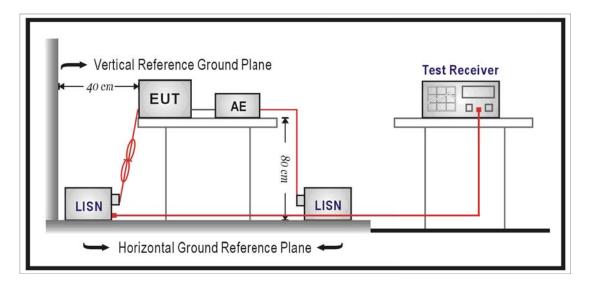


(Above 1GHz)

3.6.1 Test Setup 3

The mainscableof theEUT (maybe per AC/DC Adapter) must beconnected to LISN. TheLISN shall be placed 0.8 mfrom the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be least 0.8 m from the LISN.

Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.1 m.



3.7 Test Conditions

T-+C	Test Conditions			
TestCase	Configuration	Description		
	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074 §8.1Option1.		
	Test Environment	NTNV		
DTS (6 dB)	Test Setup	TestSetup1		
Bandwidth		TM1_ Ch00		
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch19		
	_	TM1_ Ch39		
	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074§9.1.1		
	Test Environment	NTNV		
Maximum	Test Setup	TestSetup1		
Peak Conducted Output Power		TM1_ Ch00		
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch19		
		TM1_ Ch39		
	MeasurementMethod	FCC KDB 558074 §10.2 (peak PSD).		
	Test Environment	NTNV		
Maximum Power Spectral Density	Test Setup	TestSetup1		
Level		TM1_ Ch00		
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch19		
		TM1_ Ch39		
	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074§11.2, use PeakPSD.		
	Test Environment	NTNV		
Unwanted Emissions into Non-	Test Setup	TestSetup1		
Restricted Frequency Bands		TM1_ Ch00		
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch19		
		TM1_ Ch39		
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074§12.2.4		
Frequency Bands(Conducted)	Test Environment	NTNV		
	Test Setup	TestSetup1		
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch00		
		TM1_ Ch19		
		TM1_ Ch39		
	Measurement Method	FCC KDB		
		558074§12.2.7,Radiated(cabinet/case		
		emission swith Impedance matching for		
Unwanted Emissions into		antenna-port).		
Restricted	Test Environment	NTNV		
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch00		
		TM1_ Ch19		
		TM1_ Ch39		

Note: For RadiatedEmissions, By preliminary testing and verifying three axis (X, Y and Z) position of EUT transmitted status, it was found that "Z axis" position was the worst, then the final test was executed the worst condition and test data were recorded in this report.

4. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item Frequency Range		Uncertainty (dB)	
Conducted Emission	9kHz ~ 30MHz	3.50	
Radiated Emission	9kHz ~ 30MHz	4.12	
	30MHz ~ 1000MHz	4.50	
	1000MHz ~ 18000MHz	4.60	
	18000MHz ~ 40000MHz	5.12	

5. Main TestInstruments

Radiated Emission					
Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model	SerialNumber	CalDate	Cal Period
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1516	SB3345	01/08/2015	1 year
Horn Antenna	AR	AT4560	SB3450/01	05/16/2014	1 year
Amplifier(18-40GHz)	R&S		SB3435/02	05/16/2014	1 year
Amplifier(1-18GHz)	R&S		SB3435/01	01/08/2015	1 year
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	SB8501/01	05/13/2014	1 year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	SB8501/04	01/20/2015	1 year
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESU40	SB85001/09	05/16/2014	1 year
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB26	SB3253	01/22/2015	1 year
Test Software	R&S	ESK1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	R&S	EMC32	N/A	N/A	N/A
RF cable(0.4m)	R&S		S02-1404-09- 065	2014.05.11	1 year
RF cable(3.5m)	R&S		S02-1404-09- 047	2014.05.11	1 year
RF cable(1.2m)	R&S		S02-1404-09- 052	2014.05.11	1 year

Maximum Peak Output Power / Power Spectral Density / 6dB Bandwidth / Band Edge Compliance of RF							
Emission / Spurious RF Conducted Emission							
Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model	SerialNumber	CalDate	Cal Period		
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53420615	05/12/2014	1 year		
Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY53180015	05/24/2014	1 year		
Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY53260040	05/24/2014	1 year		
Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY53360002	05/24/2014	1 year		
Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY53360006	05/24/2014	1 year		
USB Modular							
Simultaneous Data	Agilent	U2531A	TW53353509	N/A	N/A		
Acquisition							
USB Modular							
Simultaneous Data	Agilent	U2531A	TW53353511	N/A	N/A		
Acquisition							
RF cable(0.3m)	Agilent		C.10-07-01	05/24/2014	1 year		
in cable(0.5iii)	Agnent		03.M	03/24/2014	ı yeai		

6. Test Conditions and Results

6.1 AC Power Conducted Emission

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10-2009.
- 2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10-2009
- 3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10-2009
- 4. The EUT received DC5V power from the adapter, the adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
- 5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
- 6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
- 7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
- 8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

AC Power Conducted Emission Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.207(a) AC Power Conducted Emission Limits isasfollowing:

- Francisco de la compansa de la com	Maximum RF Line Voltage (dBμV)							
Frequency (MHz)	CLA	SS A	CLASS B					
(IVITIZ)	Q.P.	Ave.	Q.P.	Ave.				
0.15 - 0.50	79	66	66-56*	56-46*				
0.50 - 5.00	73	60	56	46				
5.00 - 30.0	73	60	60	50				

^{*} Decreasing linearly with the logarithmof the frequency

TEST RESULTS

Not Applicable.

EUT is only powered by battery.

6.2 Radiated Emissions

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° C to 360 $^{\circ}$ C to acquire the highest emissions from EUT
- 3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.
- 5. The EUT minimum operation frequency was 2402MHz and maximum operation frequency was 2480MHz.so radiated emission test frequency band from 9 KHz to 25GHz.

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

FS = RA + AF + CL - AG

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)		
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain		
AF = Antenna Factor			

RADIATION LIMIT

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following table. According to § 15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the EUT is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

The frequency spectrum above 1 GHz for Transmitter was investigated. All emission not reported are much lower than the prescribed limits. Set the RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for Peak Detectorwhile the RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz for Average Detector, Readings are both peak and average values.

Frequency(MHz)	Distance(Meters)	Radiated(dBµV/m)	Radiated(μV/m)
0.009-0.49	300	20log(2400/F(KHz))+80	2400/F(KHz)
0.49-1.705	30	20log(24000/F(KHz))+40	24000/F(KHz)
1.705-30	30	20log(30)+40	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

TEST RESULTS

Remark:

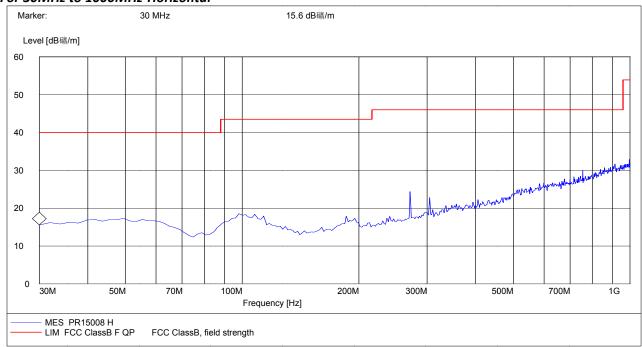
- 1. The radiated measurement are performed the each channel (low/mid/high), the datum recorded below (the middle channel) is the worst case for all test channels.
- 2.ULTRA-BROADBAND ANTENNA for the radiation emission test below 1G.
- 3. HORN ANTENNA for the radiation emission test above 1G.
- 4. "---" means not recorded as emission levels lower than limit.
- 5. For radiated emission from 18GHz to 26GHz, the limit 54dBuV/m (AV)/74dBuV/m (PK) covert into dBm was -43.26dBm (AV)/-23.26dBm (PK) in 3 meter chamber according to KDB558074 for EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

For 9 KHz to 30MHz& 18GHz to 25GHz

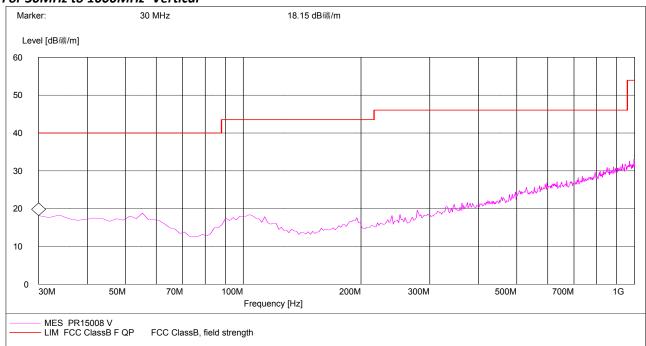
Note: No emissions can be detected from 9KHz to 30MHz&18GHz to 25GHz.

For 30MHz to 1000MHz-Horizontal



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Ant. Polar. H / V
						Peak	Н
						Peak	Н

For 30MHz to 1000MHz-Vertical

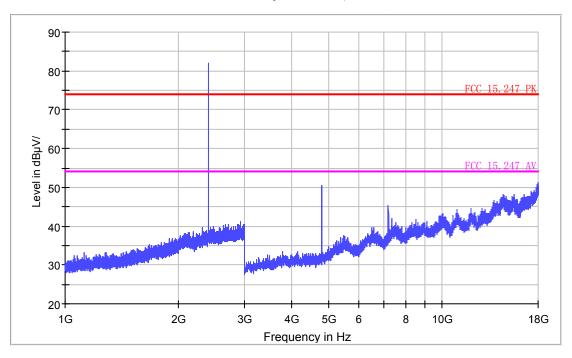


Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Ant. Polar. H / V
						Peak	V
						Peak	V

For 1GHz to 18GHz

Channel 00 @ 2402MHz-Horizontal

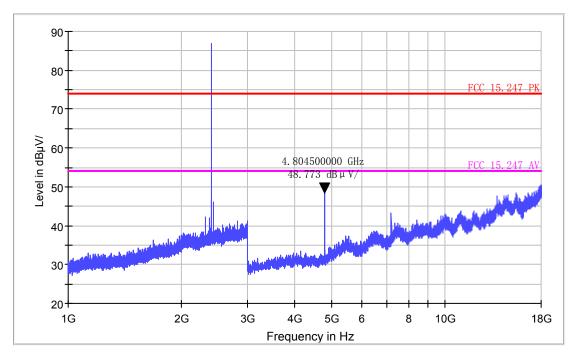
FCC Electric Field Strength 1-18GHz operate on 2.4GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Ant. Polar. H / V
4804	52.3	0.2	52.5	74	21.5	Peak	Н
4804	41.7	0.2	41.9	54	12.1	AV	Н
7206	58.7	2.6	61.3	74	12.7	Peak	Н
7206	46.9	2.6	49.5	54	4.5	AV	Н

Channel 00 @ 2402MHz-Vertical

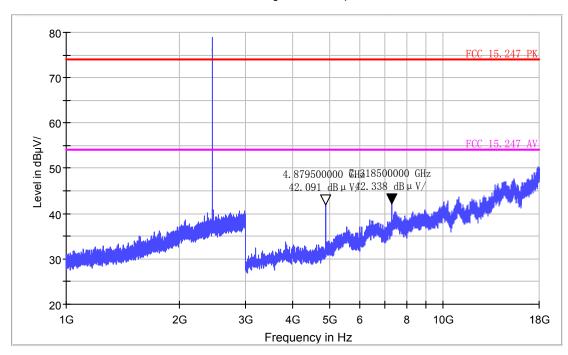
FCC Electric Field Strength 1-18GHz operate on 2.4GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Ant. Polar. H / V
4804	48.7	0.2	48.9	74	25.1	Peak	V
4804	43.2	0.2	43.4	54	10.6	AV	V
7206	44.2	2.6	46.8	74	27.2	Peak	V
7206	38.1	2.6	40.7	54	13.3	AV	V

Channel 19 @ 2440 MHz-Horizontal

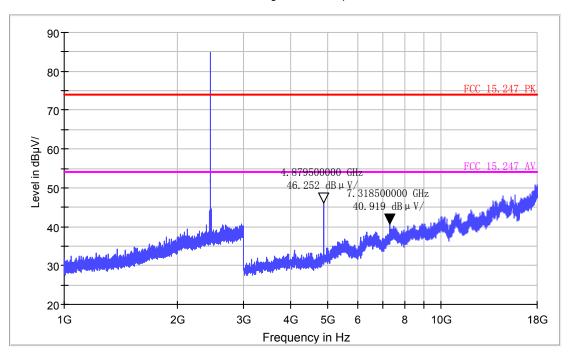
FCC Electric Field Strength 1-18GHz operate on 2.4GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Ant. Polar. H / V
4880	42.1	0.4	42.5	74	31.5	Peak	Н
4880	35.2	0.4	35.6	54	18.4	AV	Н
7320	42.5	2.4	44.9	74	29.1	Peak	Н
7320	34.4	2.4	36.8	54	17.2	AV	Н

Channel 19 @ 2440 MHz-Vertical

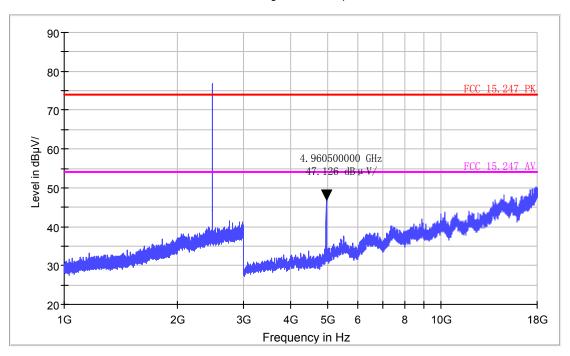
FCC Electric Field Strength 1-18GHz operate on 2.4GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Ant. Polar. H / V
4880	46.3	0.4	46.7	74	27.3	Peak	V
4880	39.1	0.4	39.5	54	14.5	AV	V
7320	40.3	2.4	42.7	74	31.3	Peak	V
7320	32.5	2.4	34.9	54	19.1	AV	V

Channel 39 @ 2480 MHz-Horizontal

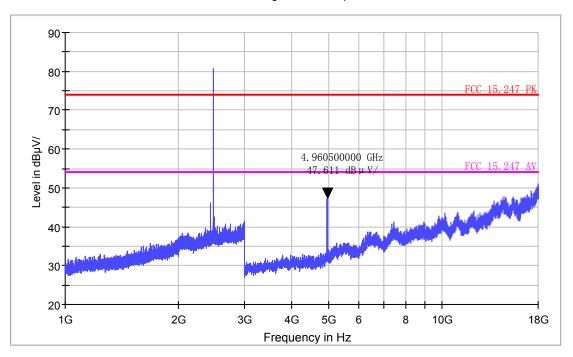
FCC Electric Field Strength 1-18GHz operate on 2.4GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Ant. Polar. H / V
4960	47.1	0.5	47.6	74	26.4	Peak	Н
4960	36.8	0.5	37.3	54	16.7	AV	Н
7440	40.5	2.9	43.4	74	30.6	Peak	Н
7440	33.4	2.9	36.3	54	17.7	AV	Н

Channel 39 @ 2480 MHz-Vertical

FCC Electric Field Strength 1-18GHz operate on 2.4GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Ant. Polar. H / V
4960	47.6	0.5	48.1	74	25.9	Peak	V
4960	38.1	0.5	38.6	54	15.4	AV	V
7440	41.2	2.9	44.1	74	29.9	Peak	V
7440	32.9	2.9	35.8	54	18.2	AV	V

Mark: No emissions can be detected from 18GHz to 25GHz.

6.3 Maximum Peak Output Power TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Mea Guidance v03r02 9.1.2PKPM1 Peak power meter method"The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector."

<u>LIMIT</u>

The MaximumPeak Output Power Measurement is 30dBm.

TEST RESULTS

A. Test Verdict

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Output Peak Power (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Verdict
00	2402	0.214	30	PASS
19	2440	0.835	30	PASS
29	2480	0.697	30	PASS

Note: 1. The test results including the cable lose.

6.4 Power Spectral Density

TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB 558074 D01 V03 Method PKPSD (peak PSD)this procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

- 1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3. Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- 4. Set the VBW \geq 3 RBW.
- 5. Detector = peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9.Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

LIMIT

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

TEST RESULTS

A. Test Verdict

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Report PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Refer to Plot	Limits (dBm/3KHz)	Verdict
00	2402	-14.937	Plot 6.4.1 A	8	PASS
19	2440	-13.738	Plot 6.4.1 B	8	PASS
39	2480	-12.080	Plot 6.4.1 C	8	PASS

Note 1. The test results including the cable lose.

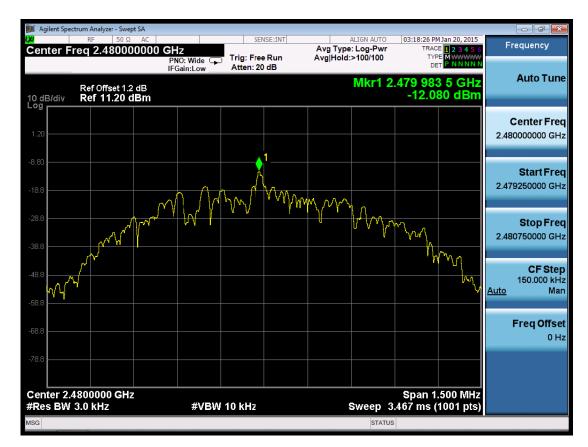
B. Test Plots



(Plot 6.4.1 A:Channel00: 2402 MHz @ GFSK)







(Plot 6.4.1 C:Channel39: 2480 MHz @ GFSK)

6.5 Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission

TEST REQUIREMENT

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB 558074 D01 V03 for Antenna-port conducted measurement. Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency spanincluding 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for peak detector and RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz for average detector.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
- 6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- 7. Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz,
 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- 9. For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- 10. Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship: E = EIRP 20log D + 104.8

Where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

11. Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be

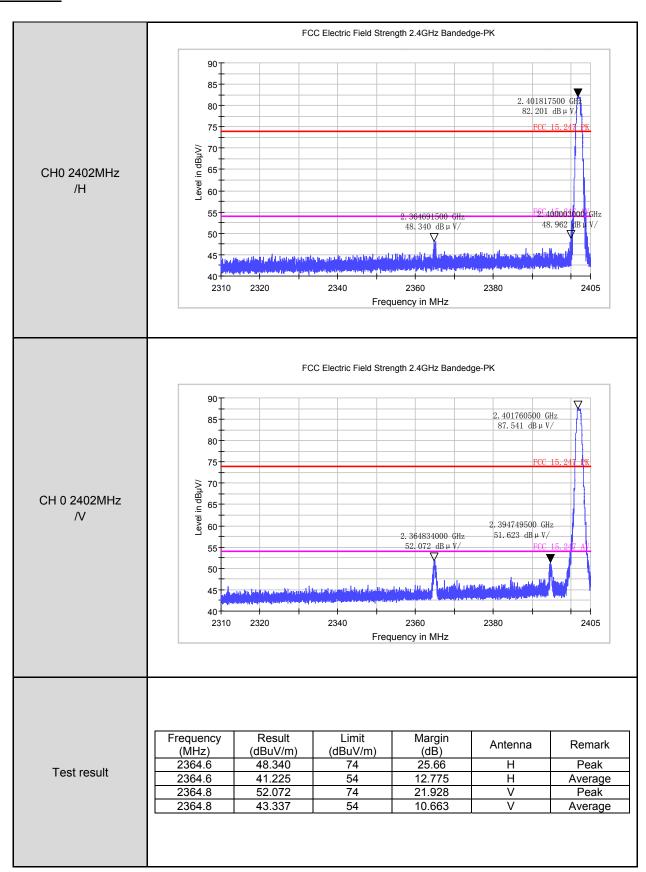
selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

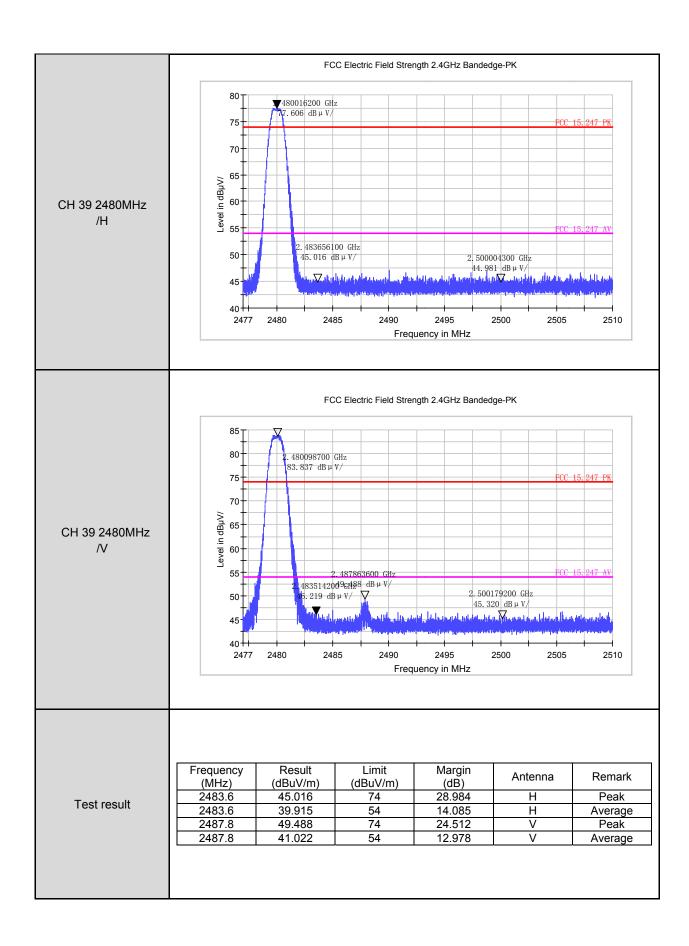
- 12. Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.
- 13. Perform radiated spurious emission testduress until all measured frequencies were complete.

LIMIT

Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band. Radiated emissionswhich fall in the restricted bands, asdefined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

TEST RESULTS





6.6 Spurious RF Conducted Emission

TEST PROCEDURE

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2009 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100 kHz and VBW=300 KHzto measure the peak field strength, and measurefrequency range from 30MHz to 26.5GHz.

LIMIT

- 1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
- 2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

TEST RESULTS

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandege measurement data.

A. Test Verdict

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Ra	nge		efer to Limit Plot (dBc)			Verdict	
00	2402	2.402 GHz		Plot	6.6.1 A1				PASS
		30MHz-1GHz		Plot	6.6.1 A3		-20		PASS
		1GHz-2.4GH	Z	Plot	6.6.1 A4		-20		PASS
		2.4835GHz-7.5	GHz	Plot	6.6.1 A5	-20			PASS
		7.5GHz-15GHz		Plot	6.6.1 A6		-20		PASS
		15GHz-20GHz		Plot	6.6.1 A7	-20			PASS
		20GHz-25GH	lz	Plot	6.6.1 A8		-20		PASS
	2440	2.440 GHz	Plot	6.6.1 B1				PASS	
		30MHz-1GHz		Plot	5.6.1 B3		-20		PASS
		1GHz-2.4GHz		Plot	6.6.1 B4		-20		PASS
19		2.4835GHz-7.5GHz		Plot	6.6.1 B5		-20		PASS
		7.5GHz-15GHz		Plot 6.6.1 B6			-20		PASS
		15GHz-20GHz		Plot 6.6.1 B7			-20		PASS
		20GHz-25GH	lz	Plot	6.6.1 B8		(dBc)20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20		PASS
		2.480 GHz		Plot	6.6.1 C1				PASS
		30MHz-1GHz		Plot 6.6.1 C3			-20		PASS
		1GHz-2.4GH	Z	Plot 6.6.1 A1 Plot 6.6.1 A3 -2 Plot 6.6.1 A4 -2 Plot 6.6.1 A5 -2 Plot 6.6.1 A6 -2 Plot 6.6.1 A7 -2 Plot 6.6.1 A8 -2 Plot 6.6.1 B1 Plot 6.6.1 B3 -2 Plot 6.6.1 B4 -2 Plot 6.6.1 B5 -2 Plot 6.6.1 B5 -2 Plot 6.6.1 B6 -2 Plot 6.6.1 B7 -2 Plot 6.6.1 B7 -2 Plot 6.6.1 C1 Plot 6.6.1 C3 -2 Plot 6.6.1 C3 -2 Plot 6.6.1 C4 -2 Plot 6.6.1 C5 -2 Plot 6.6.1 C6 -2 Plot 6.6.1 C7 -2 Plot 6.6.1 C8 -2	-20		PASS		
39	2480	2.4835GHz-7.5GHz		Plot 6.6.1 C5			-20		PASS
		7.5GHz-15GHz		Plot 6.6.1 C6			-20		PASS
		15GHz-20GHz		Plot 6.6.1 C7			-20		PASS
		20GHz-25GHz		Plot	6.6.1 C8		-20		PASS
Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to I (de		Detector				Refer to Plot		Verdict
2400.00	-39.	•		ak			Plot 6.6.1 D		PASS
2487.89	-49.	808	Pe	ak	-20	-20 Plot 6.6.1		Ε	PASS

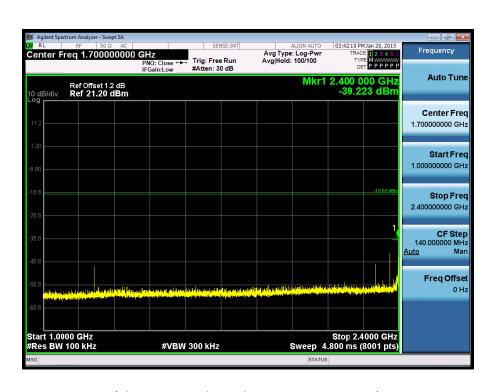
Note: 1. The test results including the cable lose.



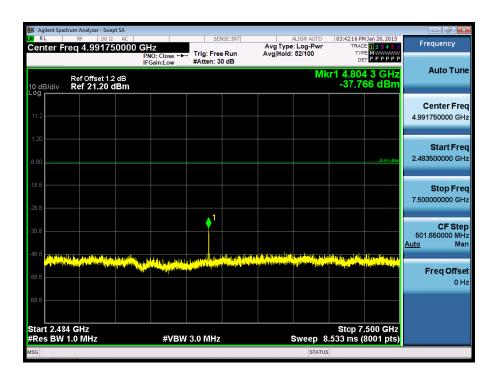
(Plot 6.6.1 A1:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



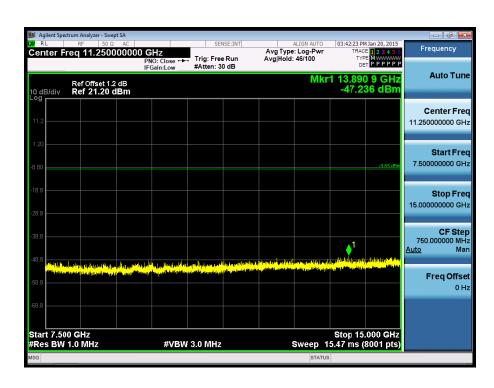
(Plot 6.6.1 A3:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



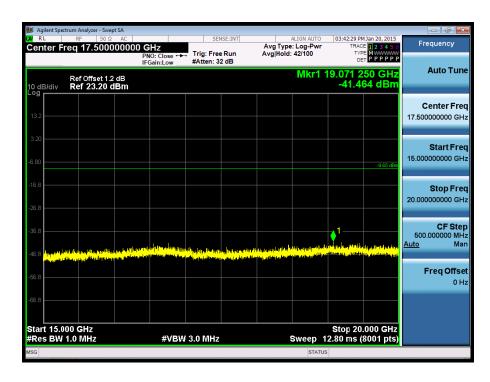
(Plot 6.6.1 A4:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



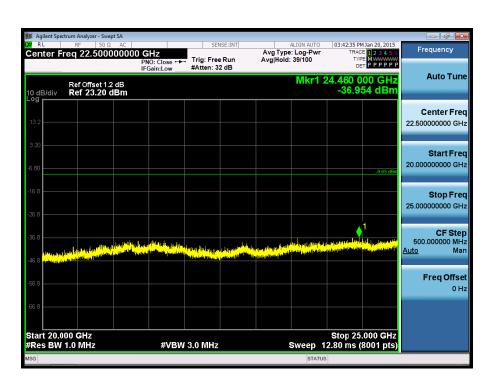
(Plot 6.6.1 A5:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.6.1 A6:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



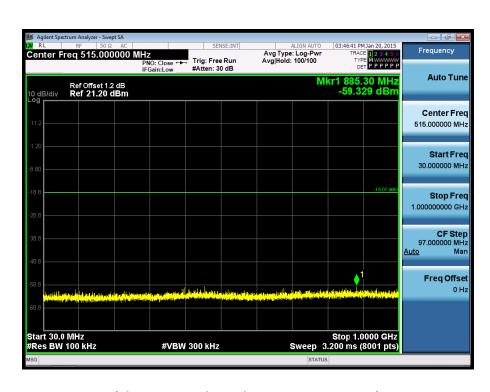
(Plot 6.6.1 A7:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



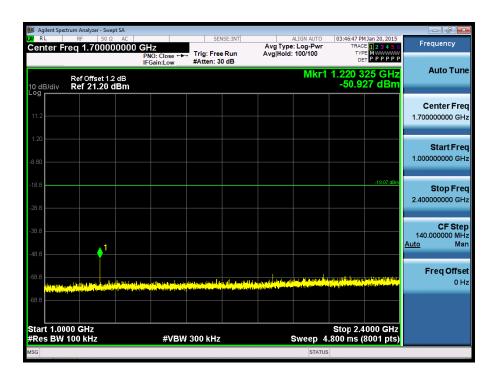
(Plot 6.6.1 A8:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



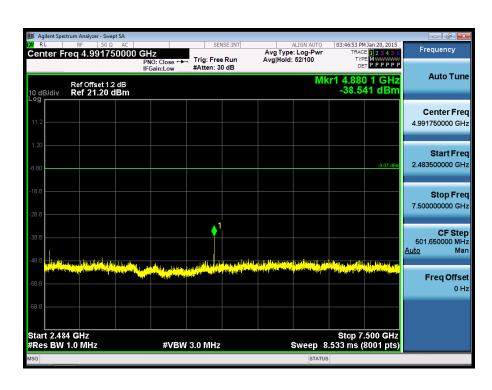
(Plot 6.6.1 B1:Channel19: 2440MHz @ GFSK)



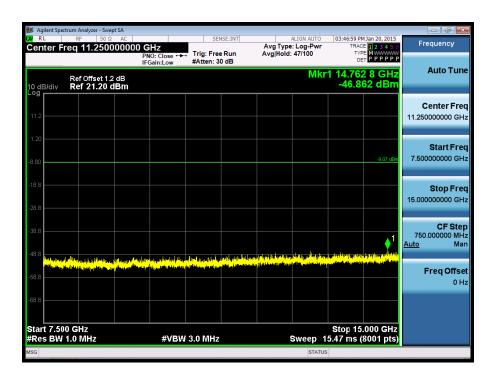
(Plot 6.6.1 B3:Channel19: 2440MHz @ GFSK)



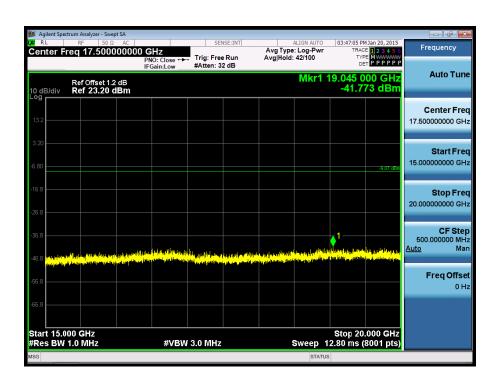
(Plot 6.6.1 B4:Channel19: 2440MHz @ GFSK)



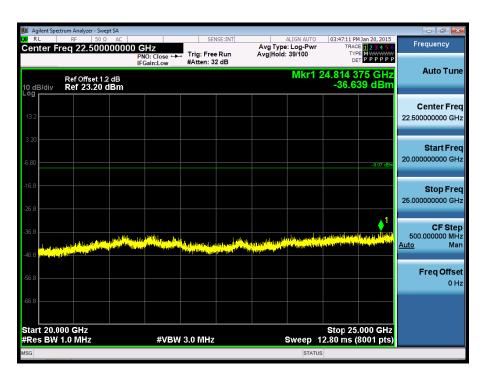
(Plot 6.6.1 B5:Channel19: 2440MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.6.1 B6:Channel19: 2440MHz @ GFSK)



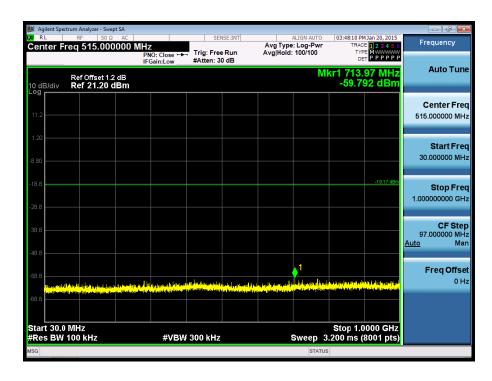
(Plot 6.6.1 B67:Channel19: 2440MHz @ GFSK)



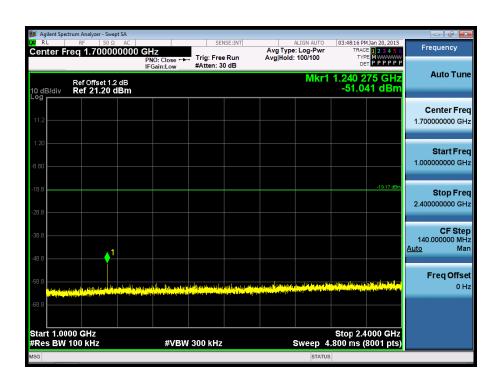
(Plot 6.6.1 B68:Channel19: 2440MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.6.1 C1:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)



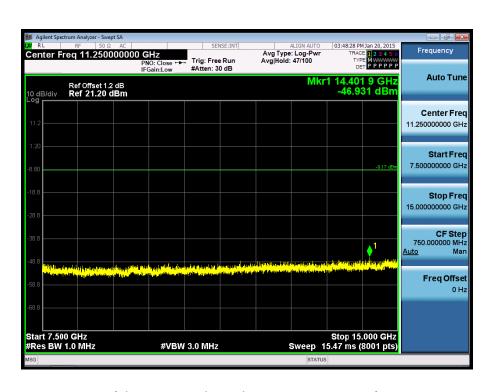
(Plot 6.6.1 C3:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)



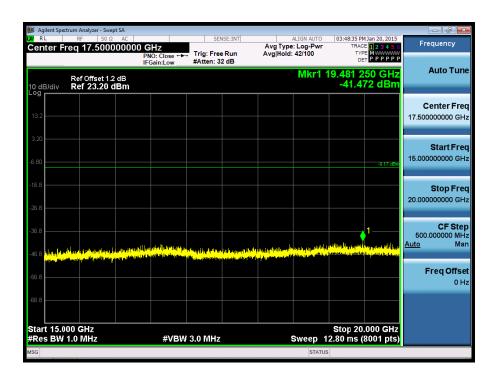
(Plot 6.6.1 C4:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)



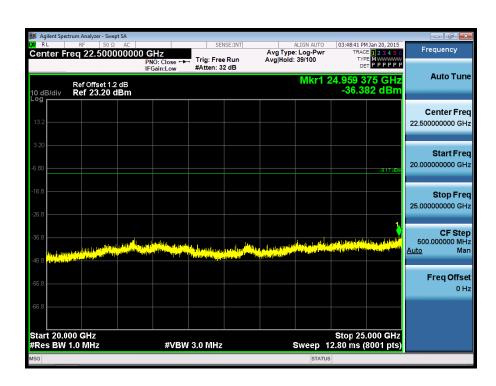
(Plot 6.6.1 C5:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.6.1 C6:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)



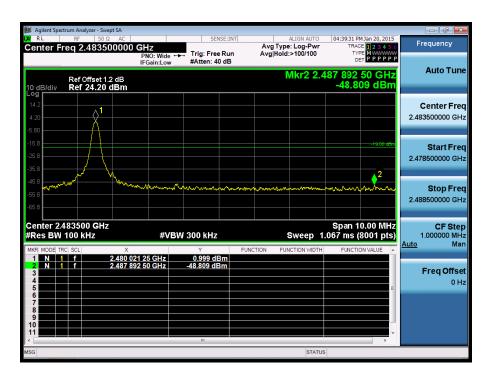
(Plot 6.6.1 C7:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.6.1 C8:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.6.1 D:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.6.1 E:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)

6.7 6dB Bandwidth

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with100 KHz RBW and 300KHz VBW. The 6dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 6dB.

According to KDB558074 D01 V03 for one of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS device signal bandwidth.

- 1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2.Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3RBW.
- 3. Detector = Peak.
- 4. Trace mode = max hold.
- 5. Sweep = auto couple.
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

LIMIT

For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

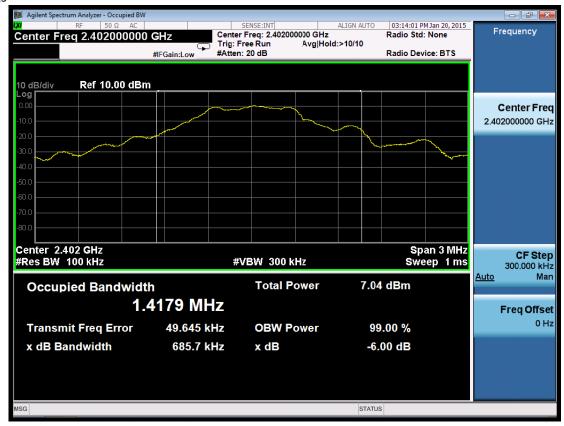
TEST RESULTS

A. Test Verdict

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (KHz)	Refer to Plot	Limits (kHz)	Verdict
00	2402	685.7	Plot 6.7.1 A	≥500	PASS
19	2440	691.1	Plot 6.7.1 B	≥500	PASS
39	2480	701.5	Plot 6.7.1 C	≥500	PASS

Note: 1.The test results including the cable lose.

Test Plots



(Plot 6.7.1 A:Channel00: 2402MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.7.1 B:Channel19: 2440MHz @ GFSK)



(Plot 6.7.1 C:Channel39: 2480MHz @ GFSK)

6.8 Antenna Requirement

Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (c), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

Refer to statement below for compliance

The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

Antenna Connected Construction

The Bluetooth antenna is an internal PCB antenna and the maximum antenna gain of BTused was -2.8dBi.

END