



Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = power density

P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to isotropic

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

22.32	(dBm)
171	(mW)
2.5	(dBi)
1.78	(numeric)
20	(cm)
100	(%)
2400	(MHz)
1.0	(mW/cm^2)
0.0604	(mW/cm^2)
0.604	(W/m^2)
12.2	(dB)
	171 2.5 1.78 20 100 2400 1.0 0.0604 0.604