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Report No.: 1708TW0101-U7 Report Version: Issue Date: 11-26-2017

# **RF Exposure Evaluation Declaration**

FCC ID: 2AD8UFZCWI2B1

APPLICANT: Nokia Solutions and Networks, OY

**Application Type:** Certification

**Product:** AC220i Wi-Fi AP ID omni antenna US

Model No.: WI2B-AC220i

**NOKIA Trademark:** 

FCC Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)

Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)

**Test Procedure(s):** KDB 447498 D01v06

Reviewed By : Paddy Chen (Paddy Chen)

Approved By : Change Reviewed By



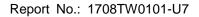


The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standards through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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# **Revision History**

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
1708TW0101-U7	Rev. 01	Initial Report	11-26-2017	Valid



## 1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

## 1.1. Equipment Description

AC220i Wi-Fi AP ID omni antenna US
WI2B-AC220i
NOKIA
2.4GHz:
For 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz
For 802.11n-HT40: 2422 ~ 2452 MHz
5GHz:
For 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20:5180~5320MHz, 5500~5720MHz,
5745~5825MHz
For 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40:5190~5310MHz, 5510~5710MHz,
5755~5795MHz
For 802.11ac-VHT80:5210MHz, 5290MHz, 5530MHz, 5610MHz,
5690MHz, 5775MHz
802.11b: DSSS
802.11a/n/ac: OFDM
CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS
16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM



### 1.2. Antenna Description

Antenna	Frequency	TX	Per Cha	ain Max	Beam Forming	CDD Dir	rectional
Туре	Band	Paths	Antenna Gain (dBi)		Antenna Gain (dBi) Directional Ga		(dBi)
	(MHz)		Ant 1	Ant 2	Gain (dBi)	For Power	For PSD
	2412 ~ 2462	2	3.5	4.0	6.76	4.00	6.76
O	5150 ~ 5250	2	3.8	3.6	6.71	3.80	6.71
Omni	5250 ~ 5350	2	4.0	3.6	6.81	4.00	6.81
Antenna	5470 ~ 5725	2	5.1	3.9	7.53	5.10	7.53
	5725 ~ 5850	2	5.2	4.3	7.77	5.20	7.77

#### Note:

- 1. The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode, and CDD signals are correlated. For CDD transmissions, directional gain is calculated as follows,  $N_{ANT} = 2$ ,  $N_{SS} = 1$ .
  - 1) If all antennas have the same gain,  $G_{ANT}$ , Directional gain =  $G_{ANT}$  + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.
  - For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,
     Array Gain = 10 log(N<sub>ANT</sub>/ N<sub>SS</sub>) dB = 3.01;
  - For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,
     Array Gain = 0 dB for N<sub>ANT</sub> ≤ 4;
  - 2) If antenna gains are not equal, the user may use either of the following methods to calculate directional gain, provided that each transmit antenna is driven by only one spatial stream:
  - Directional gain may be calculated by using the formulas applicable to equal gain antennas with G<sub>ANT</sub> set equal to the gain of the antenna having the highest gain;

• Directional Gain = 
$$10 \cdot \log \left[ \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{SS}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^{2}}{N_{ANT}} \right]$$

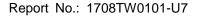
 $g_{i,k} = 10^{G_k/20}$  if the kth antenna is being fed by spatial stream j, or zero if it is not;

 $G_{k}$  is the gain in dBi of the kth antenna.

The EUT also supports Beam Forming mode, and the Beam Forming support 802.11n, not include 802.11a/ac.

Correlated signals include, but are not limited to, signals transmitted in any of the following modes:

· Any transmit Beam Forming mode, whether fixed or adaptive (e.g., phased array modes,





closed loop MIMO modes, Transmitter Adaptive Antenna modes, Maximum Ratio Transmission (MRT) modes, and Statistical Eigen Beam Forming (EBF) modes). Unequal antenna gains, with equal transmit powers. For antenna gains given by  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ , ...,  $G_N dBi$ .

- transmit signals are correlated, then
- Directional gain =  $10*log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + ... + 10^{GN/20})^2/N_{ANT}]dBi$  [Note the "20"s in the denominator of each exponent and the square of the sum of terms; the object is to combine the signal levels coherently.]



## 2. RF Exposure Evaluation

#### 2.1. Limits

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

#### LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Average Time (Minutes)		
	(A) Limits for Occupational/ Control Exposures					
300-1500			f/300	6		
1500-100,000			5	6		
	(B) Limits for General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposures					
300-1500			f/1500	6		
1500-100,000			1	30		

f= Frequency in MHz

Calculation Formula: Pd = (Pout\*G)/(4\*pi\*r2)

Where

Pd = power density in mW/cm2

Pout = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi = 3.1416

r = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

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## 2.2. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

Product	AC220i Wi-Fi AP ID omni antenna US
Test Item	RF Exposure Evaluation (For General Population)

Test Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Maximum EIRP (dBm)	Safety Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
802.11b/g/n-HT20/ n-HT40	2412 ~ 2462	31.24	20	0.2647	1
802.11a/n-HT20/ n-H40/ac-VHT20 ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80	5250 ~ 5350, 5470 ~ 5725	29.77	20	0.1887	1

Note: Directional Gain for Beam-Forming Mode Calculation as below:

2412 ~ 2462MHz Directional Gain =  $10*log[(10^{3.5/20} + 10^{4.0/20})^2/2] = 6.76dBi$ 

 $5250 \sim 5350 \text{MHz}$  Directional Gain =  $10 \log[(10^{4.0/20} + 10^{3.6/20})^2/2] = 6.81 \text{dBi}$ 

 $5470 \sim 5725$ MHz Directional Gain =  $10*log[(10^{5.1/20} + 10^{3.9/20})^2/2] = 7.53$ dBi

Product	AC220i Wi-Fi AP ID omni antenna US
Test Item	RF Exposure Evaluation (For Occupational)

Test Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Maximum EIRP (dBm)	Safety Distance	Power Density	Limit of Power Density
	Barra (Wir 12)	Entr (dBin)	(cm)	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
802.11b/g/n-HT20/ n-HT40	2412 ~ 2462	31.24	20	0.2647	1
802.11a/n-HT20/ n-H40/ac-VHT20 ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80	5250 ~ 5350, 5470 ~ 5725	29.77	20	0.1887	5

Note: Directional Gain for Beam-Forming Mode Calculation as below:

2412 ~ 2462MHz Directional Gain =  $10*log[(10^{3.5/20} + 10^{4.0/20})^2/2] = 6.76dBi$ 

 $5250 \sim 5350$ MHz Directional Gain =  $10*log[(10^{4.0/20} + 10^{3.6/20})^2/2] = 6.81$ dBi

 $5470 \sim 5725$ MHz Directional Gain =  $10*log[(10^{5.1/20} + 10^{3.9/20})^2/2] = 7.53$ dBi

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## 2.3. Summary of Test Result

The maximum calculations of above situations

Model	Configuration	The formula of	Calculation	Limit	Result
		calculated the MPE	Power Density		
		(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )		
General Population	2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.2647 + 0.1887	0.4534	1	Pass
Occupational	2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.2647 + 0.1887	0.4534	5	Pass

The wireless device described within this report has been shown to be capable of compliance with basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields for both General public and Occupational. The calculations shown in this report were made in accordance the procedures specified in the applied test specifications

Configuration	Required Compliance Boundary (cm)		
Configuration	General Population	Occupational	
2.4GHz + 5GHz	20	20	

————— The End