

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

ShenZhen Kaliho Technology Development Limited

19F. Block A, Stars plaza, Huaqiang North Road, FuTian District, Shenzhen, China

FCC ID: 2ADBRW8

Report Type: **Product Type:** Original Report Feature phone **Test Engineer:** Rocky Xiao Report Number: RDG150702001-20 **Report Date:** 2015-07-15 Sula Huard Sula Huang **Reviewed By:** RF Leader **Test Laboratory:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 www.baclcorp.com.cn

Attestation of Test Results						
	Company Name	ShenZhen Kaliho Technology Development Lim	ited			
	EUT Description	Feature phone				
	FCC ID	2ADBRW8				
EUT	Tested Model:	W8				
Information						
	Multiple Model:	W8i				
	Serial Number:	150702001				
	Test Date	2015-07-11	•			
MO	DE	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit(W/Kg)			
GSM 850	1g Head SAR	0.485				
GSIVI 030	1g Body SAR	0.933				
PCS 1900	1g Head SAR	0.261				
1 C5 1700	1g Body SAR	1.036				
WCDMA 850	1g Head SAR	0.485	1.6			
WCDMA 050	1g Body SAR	1.09	1.0			
WCDMA 1900	1g Head SAR	0.648				
WCDMA 1700	1g Body SAR	1.252				
Simultaneous	1g Head SAR	0.733				
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	1.28				
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields, 100 kHz—300 GHz.					
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques					
	Measurement Techniques IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03					

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

SAR Evaluation Report 2 of 88

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	5
EUT DESCRIPTION	6
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	6
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES	7
SAR LIMITS	8
FACILITIES	9
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	
Liquid Verification	
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION	20
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	
TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON'S EAR	
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION EAR/TILT POSITION	
TEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS	
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE	28
TEST METHODOLOGY	28
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	29
Provision Applicable	
TEST PROCEDURE	
RADIO CONFIGURATION	
TEST RESULTS:	
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS	36
SAR TEST DATA	36
SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION	40
SAR PLOTS (SUMMARY OF THE HIGHEST SAR VALUES)	43
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	51
APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	53
APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	64
APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	
Liquid depth ≥ 15cm	
LEFT HEAD CHEEK	82
LEFT HEAD TILT	
RIGHT HEAD CHEEK	
RIGHT HEAD TILTBODY -WORN-BACK (15MM)	
APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS	
EUT – FRONT VIEW	
EUT – BACK VIEW	
EUT – SIDE VIEW	86

Bav	Area	Compliance	Laboratories	Corp.	Dongguan)
Duy	mea	Compilance	Laboratories	Corp.	(Dongguan)

NECLADATION LETTED	90
EUT – UNCOVER VIEW	87
EUT – Side View	86

Report No: RDG150702001-20



DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number Report Number		Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0 RDG150702001-20		Original Report	2015-07-15

Report No: RDG150702001-20

SAR Evaluation Report 5 of 88

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of ShenZhen Kaliho Technology Development Limited and their product, Model: W8 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Note: The series product, model W8, W8i are electrically identical, the difference between them is just the model name, we selected W8 for fully testing, the detail was explained in the attached declaration letter.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Feature Phone
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Portable
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data,
Operation Mode :	WCDMA R99 (Voice+Data),HSUPA Rel 6,HSDPA Rel 6, Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	Bluetooth: 2402MHz-2480MHz
	GSM 850 : 32.6 dBm
	PCS 1900: 29.6 dBm
Conducted RF Power:	WCDMA 850: 22.43 dBm
	WCDMA 1900: 21.51 dBm
	Bluetooth: 3 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	12.4 cm (L) x 5.2 cm (W) x 1.4 cm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body worn

SAR Evaluation Report 6 of 88

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Evaluation Report 7 of 88

SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

Report No: RDG150702001-20

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

SAR Evaluation Report 8 of 88

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

Report No: RDG150702001-20

SAR Evaluation Report 9 of 88

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

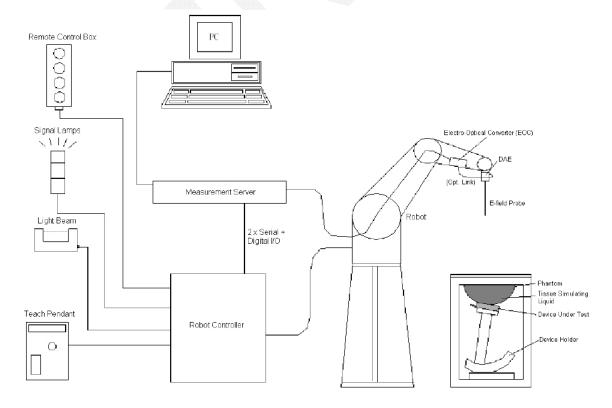
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure

hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



SAR Evaluation Report 10 of 88

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplication, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital
 communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC
 signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



Report No: RDG150702001-20

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

SAR Evaluation Report 11 of 88

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	$10 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _ Left hand
- _ Right hand
- _ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of $100 \times 50 \times 85 \text{ cm}$ (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of $100 \times 75 \times 91 \text{ cm}$ (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table. For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.



The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

SAR Evaluation Report 12 of 88

Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent _=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

SAR Evaluation Report 13 of 88

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

SAR Evaluation Report 14 of 88

EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

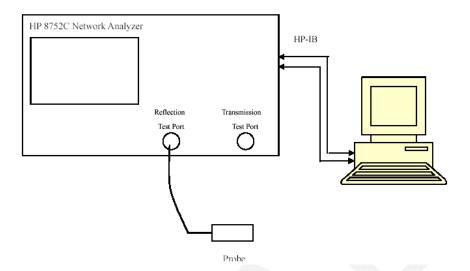
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015-01-26	2016-01-26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015-02-05	2016-02-05
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-08
Dipole,1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2013-10-09	2016-10-09
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014-11-20	2015-11-20
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015-06-03	2016-06-03
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014-10-27	2015-10-27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

Report No: RDG150702001-20

SAR Evaluation Report 15 of 88

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Liquid Par		arameter	rameter Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
	Type	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O'(S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Head	42.9	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.37	-2.22	±5
024.2	Body	55.17	0.96	55.2	0.97	-0.05	-1.03	±5
826.4	Head	42.88	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.33	-2.22	±5
820.4	Body	55.13	0.97	55.2	0.97	-0.13	0	±5
926.6	Head	42.87	0.89	41.5	0.9	3.3	-1.11	±5
836.6	Body	55.1	0.98	55.2	0.97	-0.18	1.03	±5
946.6	Head	42.82	0.9	41.5	0.9	3.18	0	±5
846.6	Body	55.02	0.98	55.2	0.97	-0.33	1.03	±5
848.8	Head	42.72	0.89	41.5	0.9	2.94	-1.11	±5
040.0	Body	55.01	0.99	55.2	0.97	-0.34	2.06	±5
1850.2	Head	39.83	1.36	40	1.4	-0.43	-2.86	±5
1830.2	Body	55.28	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.71	-2.63	±5
1852.4	Head	39.84	1.35	40	1.4	-0.4	-3.57	±5
1032.4	Body	55.21	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.58	-2.63	±5
1880	Head	39.76	1.38	40	1.4	-0.6	-1.43	±5
1000	Body	53.75	1.54	53.3	1.52	0.84	1.32	±5
1007.6	Head	39.58	1.41	40	1.4	-1.05	0.71	±5
1907.6	Body	53.58	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.53	-1.97	±5
1909.8	Head	39.59	1.41	40	1.4	-1.02	0.71	±5
1909.8	Body	53.37	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.13	-1.97	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-07-11.

SAR Evaluation Report 16 of 88

Please refer to the following tables.

	835 MHz Head	I	835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824	42.8901	19.1843	824	55.1615	21.0728
824.5	42.9581	19.1137	824.5	55.1858	20.9277
825	42.9473	19.1621	825	55.1662	21.0216
825.5	42.9366	19.198	825.5	55.1857	20.9528
826	42.9429	19.1375	826	55.0888	21.0321
826.5	42.8984	19.1541	826.5	55.1347	21.0106
827	42.9388	19.1505	827	55.0402	20.9946
827.5	42.8994	19.1547	827.5	55.1524	20.9754
828	42.977	19.2189	828	55.1509	21.0091
828.5	42.9337	19.2018	828.5	55.2056	21.0102
829	42.9607	19.2435	829	55.0999	20.9497
829.5	42.919	19.1766	829.5	55.0739	20.9136
830	42.9878	19.1776	830	55.132	20.9601
830.5	42.909	19.1925	830.5	55.0933	20.9536
831	42.9132	19.1882	831	55.0991	20.9406
831.5	42.8679	19.1792	831.5	55.1565	20.9913
832	42.9689	19.1604	832	55.1877	20.9647
832.5	42.9068	19.2323	832.5	55.0729	20.9301
833	43.0262	19.1992	833	55.1096	20.9507
833.5	42.9411	19.2162	833.5	55.1087	20.9453
834	42.9081	19.2066	834	55.1365	21.0385
834.5	42.8781	19.2121	834.5	55.0814	20.9205
835	42.9716	19.1964	835	55.0826	20.93
835.5	42.8933	19.1221	835.5	55.0742	20.9827
836	42.913	19.1411	836	55.1108	21.0354
836.5	42.8968	19.1663	836.5	55.1128	20.9619
837	42.8217	19.2009	837	55.0667	20.9662
837.5	42.8481	19.2275	837.5	55.0427	20.9413
838	42.8399	19.2329	838	55.0817	20.9896
838.5	42.907	19.1884	838.5	55.1457	21.009
839	42.9676	19.1788	839	55.0929	20.9612
839.5	42.8993	19.1798	839.5	55.0899	20.9998
840	42.8972	19.09	840	55.0335	21.0092
840.5	42.8691	19.097	840.5	55.1443	20.9575
841	42.9205	19.1538	841	55.0539	21.017
841.5	42.8654	19.1543	841.5	55.0491	20.9935
842	42.8638	19.1341	842	55.0847	20.9461
842.5	42.8064	19.1517	842.5	54.978	20.9529
843	42.783	19.0745	843	55.0354	20.9526
843.5	42.7792	19.061	843.5	55.0171	20.9211
844	42.8121	19.0713	844	55.0782	20.9065
844.5	42.8682	19.0296	844.5	55.0922	21.0118
845	42.7492	19.0374	845	55.0857	20.959
845.5	42.833	19.1006	845.5	55.0486	20.9321
846	42.8483	19.0335	846	55.0561	20.9552
846.5	42.8491	18.9991	846.5	55.0267	20.9083
847	42.7477	19.0938	847	55.0161	20.9489
847.5	42.7076	18.9972	847.5	55.073	20.9728
848	42.7933	19.0268	848	54.9914	21.0155
848.5	42.7168	19.0286	848.5	55.0067	20.938
849	42.7318	18.9719	849	55.0148	20.9075

SAR Evaluation Report 17 of 88

	1900 MHz Head	l	1900 MHz Body			
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	
1850	39.8293	13.2125	1850	55.2563	14.3765	
1851	39.8554	13.2111	1851	55.3785	14.3364	
1852	39.845	13.1436	1852	55.2372	14.3803	
1853	39.8426	13.1289	1853	55.1632	14.2605	
1854	39.9047	13.1455	1854	55.0315	14.171	
1855	39.8574	13.217	1855	55.0773	14.2401	
1856	39.8473	13.179	1856	54.9171	14.2766	
1857	39.876	13.2155	1857	54.7672	14.1675	
1858	39.8461	13.1895	1858	54.6108	14.1307	
1859	39.8031	13.2117	1859	54.61	14.0415	
1860	39.8406	13.2035	1860	54.4357	14.1561	
1861	39.8605	13.2382	1861	54.4803	14.0773	
1862	39.8975	13.2242	1862	54.3502	14.1183	
1863	39.8034	13.1735	1863	54.2065	14.1112	
1864	39.8005	13.1599	1864	54.1433	14.1604	
1865	39.8625	13.1995	1865	54.0897	14.1735	
1866	39.8157	13.2007	1866	53.9765	14.1306	
1867	39.8018	13.2078	1867	53.8924	14.1525	
1868	39.7982	13.2158	1868	53.8194	14.2413	
1869	39.8301	13.3206	1869	53.7211	14.2252	
1870	39.8418	13.2683	1870	53.6942	14.2838	
1871	39.815	13.1972	1871	53.6249	14.2838	
1872	39.7777	13.1969	1872	53.7045	14.3624	
1873	39.7939	13.1686	1873	53.6521	14.463	
1874	39.7464	13.2448	1874	53.6219	14.4382	
1875	39.7979	13.1943	1875	53.6315	14.4663	
1876	39.767	13.2292	1876	53.6292	14.5834	
1877	39.8097	13.2415	1877	53.6826	14.6062	
1878	39.7609	13.213	1878	53.6234	14.6994	
1879	39.7652	13.2221	1879	53.7039	14.6433	
1880	39.7622	13.2462	1880	53.7534	14.7794	
1881	39.7111	13.2482	1881	53.7315	14.7504	
1882	39.7679	13.2927	1882	53.7696	14.7921	
1883	39.7055	13.2573	1883	53.7982	14.8064	
1884	39.7462	13.2789	1884	53.8827	14.7991	
1885	39.7222	13.3187	1885	53.9359	14.8186	
1886	39.6706	13.3302	1886	54.1167	14.7929	
1887	39.6618	13.2745	1887	54.1588	14.7805	
1888	39.6497	13.2589	1888	54.2717	14.793	
1889	39.6595	13.3137	1889	54.2407	14.707	
1890	39.6632	13.3194	1890	54.2927	14.751	
1891	39.7074	13.3152	1891	54.3367	14.7416	
1892	39.6833	13.2694	1892	54.3973	14.7403	
1893	39.6362	13.317	1893	54.3421	14.672	
1894	39.6885	13.2985	1894	54.3451	14.6412	
1895	39.6449	13.2766	1895	54.3411	14.5938	
1896	39.6453	13.3088	1896	54.4197	14.5014	
1897	39.6564	13.3079	1897	54.4126	14.4682	
1898	39.641	13.3183	1898	54.4047	14.4146	
1899	39.6285	13.276	1899	54.2588	14.3645	
1900	39.6809	13.3514	1900	54.1948	14.3254	

SAR Evaluation Report 18 of 88

39.5861

1910

13.3168

Report No: RDG150702001-20

53.3449

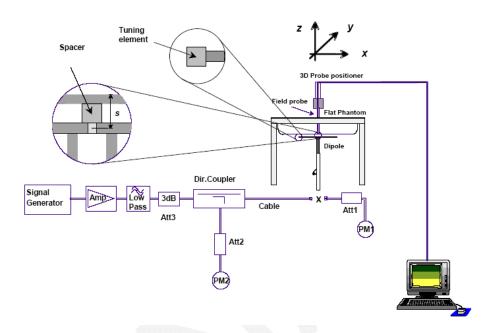
19 of 88 **SAR** Evaluation Report

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015/7/11 835	925	Head	1g	9.4	9.773	-3.82	±10
	833	Body	1g	9.29	9.736	-4.58	±10
	1900	Head	1g	38.8	39.481	-1.72	±10
		Body	1g	39	39.715	-1.80	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR Evaluation Report 20 of 88

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.96$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 W/kg

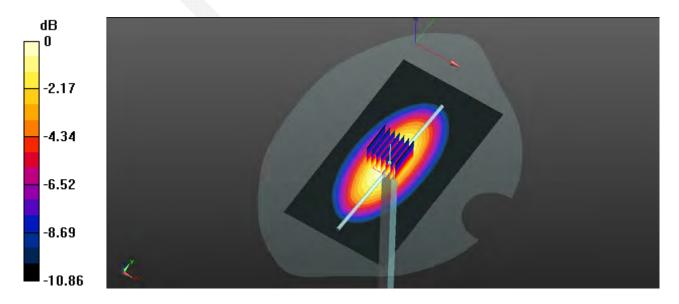
System Performance 835MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.69 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg = 10.53 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 21 of 88

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Body

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.083$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.59 W/kg

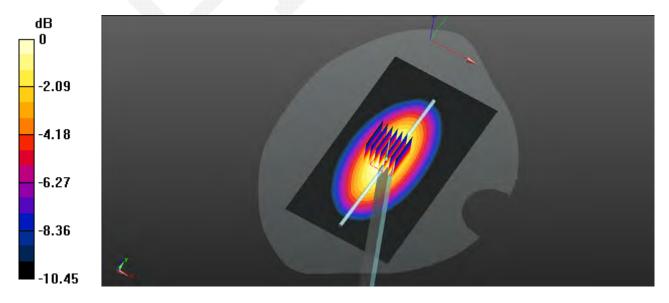
System Performance 835MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.58 W/kg



0 dB = 9.58 W/kg = 9.81 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 22 of 88

Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.411$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.681$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 45.7 W/kg

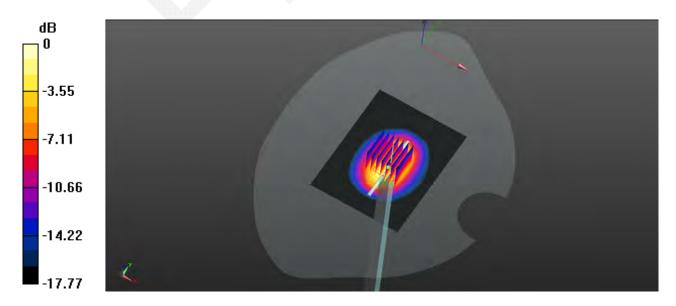
System Performance 1900MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 169.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 72.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 38.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 43.4 W/kg



0 dB = 43.4 W/kg = 16.37 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 23 of 88

Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900MHz Body

DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.518 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.202$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz Body /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 47.3 W/kg

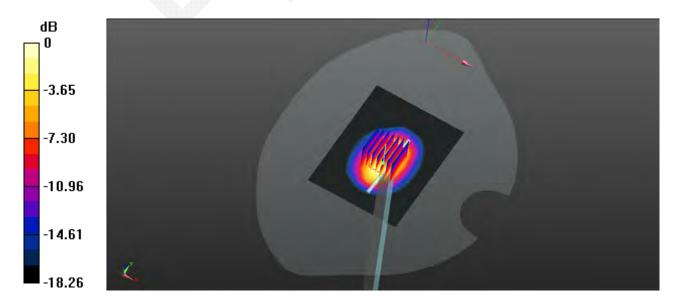
System Performance 1900MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 163.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 73.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 19.8 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 43.8 W/kg



0 dB = 43.8 W/kg = 16.41 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 24 of 88

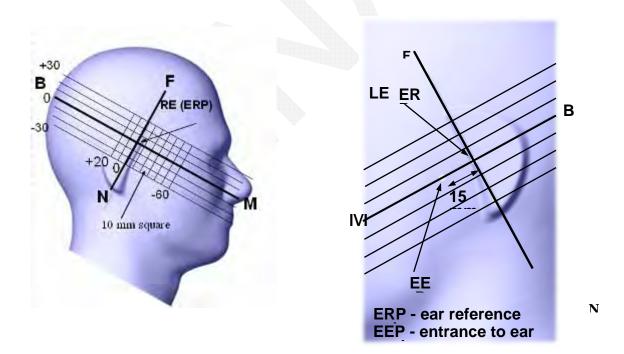
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



SAR Evaluation Report 25 of 88

Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

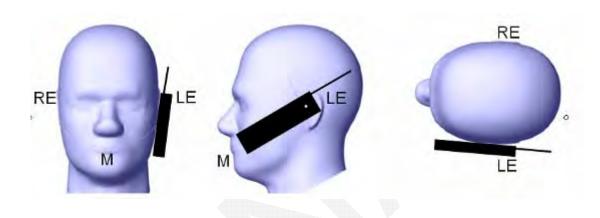
• When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

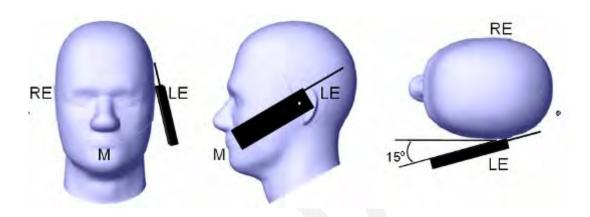
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

SAR Evaluation Report 26 of 88

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

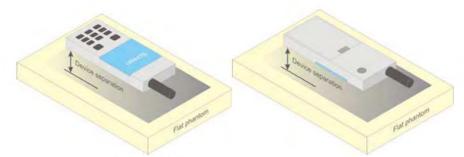


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Report 27 of 88

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

SAR Evaluation Report 28 of 88

CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

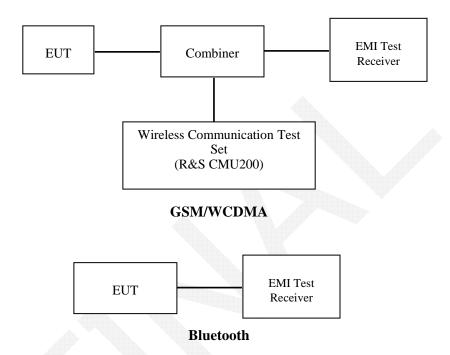
Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

Report No: RDG150702001-20



Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except the HSPA+/DC-HSDPA configured by E5515C.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + only

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for GSM 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

SAR Evaluation Report

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

Report No: RDG150702001-20

- > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma
- > 33 dBm for GPRS 850
- > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1		
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC		
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2		
	βc / βd	8/15		

SAR Evaluation Report 30 of 88

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode	
	Rel99 RMC		-	12.2kbps RM	IC
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1	
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2	2
WCDMA	βς	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
General Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
Settings	βd (SF)	64			
	βc/ βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
	DACK			8	
	DNAK			8	
HSDPA	DCQI			8	
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3	
Settings	factor				
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms	
	CQI Repetition Factor			2	
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15	7

SAR Evaluation Report 31 of 88

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5		
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC						
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1						
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback						
	Power Control			A 1 41 2				
WCDM	Algorithm			Algorithm2				
A General	βς	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15		
	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0		
Settings	βec	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15		
	βc/ βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-		
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15		
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0		
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0		
	DACK			8				
	DNAK			8				
	DCQI			8				
HSDPA	Ack-Nack repetition			2				
Specific	factor			3				
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms						
	CQI Repetition	2						
	Factor	2						
	Ahs=βhs/ βc	30/15						
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7		
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0		
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21		
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81		
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9		
	Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	462.6	203.8	300.9		
		E-TFC	T 11 E	E-TFCI	E TEC	CI 11 E		
		E-TFC		11		I PO 4		
HSUPA		E-TF		E-TFCI		CI 67		
Specific		E-TFCI		PO4		I PO 18		
Settings		E-TF		E-TFCI	E-TF			
	Reference E_FCls	E-TFC		92		I PO23		
		E-TF	CI 75	E-TFCI	E-TF	CI 75		
		E-TFC	I PO26	PO 18	E-TFC	I PO26		
		E-TF				CI 81		
		E-TFCI	PO 27		E-TFC	I PO 27		
		I		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

SAR Evaluation Report 32 of 88

Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Output Power (dBm)						
Mode/Band	Channel					
Mode/Dand	Low	Middle	High			
GSM 850	32.7	32.7	32.7			
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32.8	32.8	32.8			
GPRS 2 TX Slot	32.3	32.3	32.3			
GPRS 3 TX Slot	31.3	31.3	31.3			
GPRS 4 TX Slot	30.1	30.1	30.1			
GSM 1900	29.7	29.7	29.7			
GPRS 1 TX Slot	29.3	29.3	29.3			
GPRS 2 TX Slot	28.5	28.5	28.5			
GPRS 3 TX Slot	27.8	27.8	27.8			
GPRS 4 TX Slot	26.7	26.7	26.7			
WCDMA850	22.5	22.5	22.5			
HSDPA	22.5	22.5	22.5			
HSUPA	22.5	22.5	22.5			
WCDMA1900	22.6	22.6	22.6			
HSDPA	22.6	22.6	22.6			
HSUPA	22.6	22.6	22.6			
Bluetooth	3.1	3.1	3.1			

Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	128	824.2	32.6
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.6
	251	848.8	32.5
	512	1850.2	29.6
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.5
	810	1909.8	29.5

GPRS:

Dond	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	32.63	32.13	31.16	30.03	
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.65	32.15	31.12	30.04	
	251	848.8	32.37	32.07	31.11	29.96	
	512	1850.2	29.17	28.41	27.65	26.46	
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.14	28.34	27.71	26.59	
	810	1909.8	29.16	28.32	27.68	26.37	

SAR Evaluation Report 33 of 88

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)				
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	23.63	26.13	26.91	27.03	
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.65	26.15	26.87	27.04	
	251	848.8	23.37	26.07	26.86	26.96	
	512	1850.2	20.17	22.41	23.4	23.46	
PCS 1900	661	1880	20.14	22.34	23.46	23.59	
	810	1909.8	20.16	22.32	23.43	23.37	

Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

WCDMA:

Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	4132	826.4	22.43
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	22.38
	4233	846.6	22.35
	9262	1852.4	22.51
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	22.49
	9538	1907.6	22.37

SAR Evaluation Report 34 of 88

Results (HSDPA)

		Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)			
Band	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
	4132	826.4	22.46	22.39	22.31	22.17
WCDMA	4183	836.6	22.41	22.32	22.23	22.13
850	4233	846.6	22.41	22.38	22.39	22.26
	9262	1852.4	22.53	22.37	22.26	22.07
WCDMA	9400	1880	22.46	22.34	22.25	22.12
1900	9538	1907.6	22.34	22.23	22.11	22.03

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Results (HSUPA)

F									
		Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)						
Band	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5		
	4132	826.4	22.46	22.39	22.31	22.17	22.49		
WCDMA	4183	836.6	22.41	22.32	22.23	22.13	22.42		
850	4233	846.6	22.41	22.38	22.39	22.26	22.29		
	9262	1852.4	22.48	22.35	22.24	22.11	22.03		
WCDMA	9400	1880	22.47	22.36	22.29	22.17	22.06		
1900	9538	1907.6	22.39	22.24	22.13	22.02	21.91		

Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)		
	0	2402	2.99		
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	3.0		
	78	2480	1.26		
	0	2402	2.65		
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	2.8		
	78	2480	1.09		
	0	2402	2.83		
EDR-8DPSK	39	2441	2.95		
	78	2480	1.2		

SAR Evaluation Report 35 of 88

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22-23 ℃			
Relative Humidity:	31 %			
ATM Pressure:	996 mbar			

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao on 2015-07-11

GSM 850:

Tel III	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
EUT Position						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	-3.83	32.6	32.7	1.023	0.47	0.481	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	2.329	32.6	32.7	1.023	0.474	0.485	1#
	848.8	GSM	0.516	32.5	32.7	1.047	0.46	0.482	/
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-0.041	32.6	32.7	1.023	0.256	0.262	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	1	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-2.341	32.6	32.7	1.023	0.453	0.463	/
	848.8	GSM	//	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-1.208	32.6	32.7	1.023	0.247	0.253	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back- Headset (15mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-1.008	32.6	32.7	1.023	0.621	0.635	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	1.052	30.03	30.1	1.016	0.88	0.894	/
Body-Worn-Back (15mm)	836.6	GPRS	-2.501	30.04	30.1	1.014	0.92	0.933	2#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	2.06	29.96	30.1	1.033	0.85	0.878	/

Report No: RDG150702001-20

SAR Evaluation Report 36 of 88

PCS Band:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	-1.628	29.6	29.7	1.023	0.25	0.256	/
	1880	GSM	4.472	29.5	29.7	1.047	0.249	0.261	3#
	1909.8	GSM	1.732	29.5	29.7	1.047	0.247	0.259	/
Left Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	3.201	29.5	29.7	1.047	0.172	0.18	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	GSM	-0.421	29.5	29.7	1.047	0.243	0.254	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	1	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	GSM	-3.565	29.5	29.7	1.047	0.174	0.182	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	1	/	/
Body-Back-	1850.2	GSM	/	/	1	1	/	/	/
Headset	1880	GSM	-3.241	29.5	29.7	1.047	0.759	0.795	/
(15mm)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	-1.041	26.46	26.7	1.057	0.97	1.025	/
Body-Worn-Back (15mm)	1880	GPRS	-2.051	26.59	26.7	1.026	1.01	1.036	4#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	-3.234	26.37	26.7	1.079	0.95	1.025	/

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

SAR Evaluation Report 37 of 88

WCDMA 850 Band:

EUT	Engguener	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	WCDMA	-2.827	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.475	0.483	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	WCDMA	3.039	22.38	22.5	1.028	0.472	0.485	5#
	846.6	WCDMA	2.733	22.35	22.5	1.035	0.466	0.482	/
	826.4	WCDMA	-1.698	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.258	0.262	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	WCDMA	-0.453	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.464	0.471	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	WCDMA	-2.322	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.255	0.259	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	1	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	1	/	/
	826.4	WCDMA	1.615	22.43	22.5	1.016	1.05	1.067	/
Body-Worn-Back (15mm)	836.6	WCDMA	-0.23	22.38	22.5	1.028	1.06	1.09	6#
(10.1111)	846.6	WCDMA	3.71	22.35	22.5	1.035	1.043	1.08	/

Report No: RDG150702001-20

WCDMA 1900 Band:

	E	Tool	Power	Max.	Max.		lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	WCDMA	3.589	22.51	22.6	1.021	0.633	0.646	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	WCDMA	2.094	22.49	22.6	1.026	0.632	0.648	7#
	1907.6	WCDMA	3.65	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.612	0.645	/
Left Head Tilt	1852.4	WCDMA	3.203	22.51	22.6	1.021	0.378	0.386	/
	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	WCDMA	-1.266	22.51	22.6	1.021	0.585	0.597	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	WCDMA	2.513	22.51	22.6	1.021	0.360	0.368	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	WCDMA	-1.076	22.51	22.6	1.021	1.193	1.218	/
Body-Worn-Back (15mm)	1880	WCDMA	2.329	22.49	22.6	1.026	1.22	1.252	8#
(1011111)	1907.6	WCDMA	2.08	22.37	22.6	1.054	1.182	1.246	/

SAR Evaluation Report 38 of 88

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is≤0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR Evaluation Report 39 of 88

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

BT&GSM&3G Antennas Location:



Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultane	Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities					
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Antennas Distance (mm)				
GSM + WCDMA	×	0				
GSM + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	3				
WCDMA+Bluetooth	V	3				

SAR Evaluation Report 40 of 88

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2450	3.1	2.04	0	0.64	3	YES

Report No: RDG150702001-20

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)			Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)	
BT Head	2450	3.1	2.04	0	0.085	
BT Body	2450	3.1	2.04	15	0.028	

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)] \cdot [\(\sqrt{f(GHz)/x} \)]

W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

SAR Evaluation Report 41 of 88

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		rted SAR W/kg)	ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
(SAKITSAK2)		SAR1	SAR2	< 1.0 vv/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.485	0.085	0.57
	Left Head Tilt	0.262	0.085	0.347
GSM 850+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.463	0.085	0.548
GSW 650+B1	Right Head Tilt	0.253	0.085	0.338
	Body-Back-Headset	0.635	0.028	0.663
	Body-Back	0.933	0.028	0.961
	Left Head Cheek	0.261	0.085	0.346
	Left Head Tilt	0.18	0.085	0.265
PCS 1900+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.254	0.085	0.339
PCS 1900+B1	Right Head Tilt	0.182	0.085	0.267
	Body-Back-Headset	0.795	0.028	0.823
	Body-Back	1.036	0.028	1.064
	Left Head Cheek	0.485	0.085	0.57
	Left Head Tilt	0.262	0.085	0.347
WCDMA 850+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.471	0.085	0.556
000.21	Right Head Tilt	0.259	0.085	0.344
	Body-Back	1.09	0.028	1.118
	Left Head Cheek	0.648	0.085	0.733
	Left Head Tilt	0.386	0.085	0.471
WCDMA 1900+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.597	0.085	0.682
1,00.21	Right Head Tilt	0.368	0.085	0.453
	Body-Back	1.252	0.028	1.28

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Conclusion:

 Σ SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

SAR Evaluation Report 42 of 88

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#:GSM 850 Left-Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Feature phone; Type: W8

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.887$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.516 W/kg

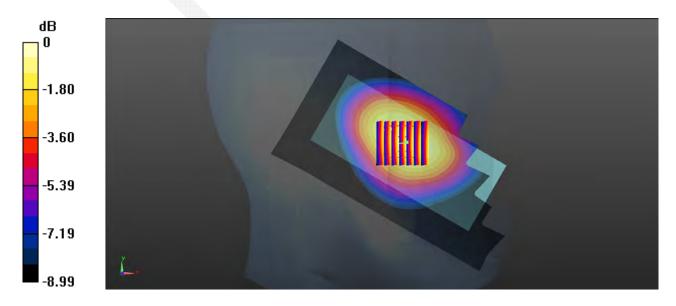
Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.609 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.474 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.505 W/kg



0 dB = 0.505 W/kg = -2.97 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 43 of 88

Test Plot 2#:GSM 850 Back Middle Channel

DUT: Feature phone; Type: W8

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 SLOT; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.975$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.113$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

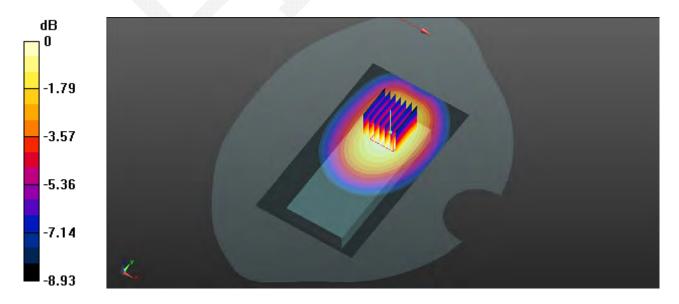
Body/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.733 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



0 dB = 1.22 W/kg = 0.86 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 44 of 88

Test Plot 3#:GSM 1900Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Feature phone; Type: W8

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.385$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/PCS 1900 Head Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 W/kg

Head/PCS 1900 Head Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.809 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.380 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.249 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.269 W/kg



0 dB = 0.269 W/kg = -5.70 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 45 of 88

Test Plot 4#:PCS 1900 Back Middle Channel

DUT: Feature phone; Type: W8

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 SLOT; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.546$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.753$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg

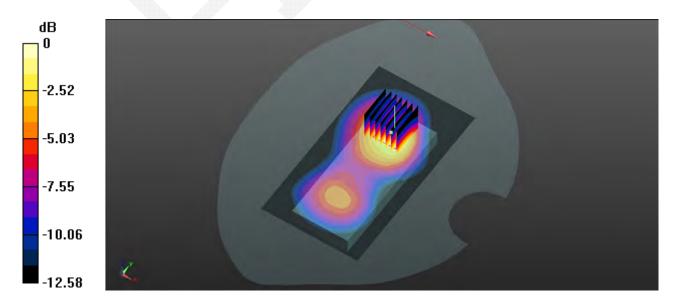
Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.594 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg



0 dB = 1.31 W/kg = 1.17 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 46 of 88

Test Plot 5#:WCDMA 850 Left-Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Feature phone; Type: W8

Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.881 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.888$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.505 W/kg

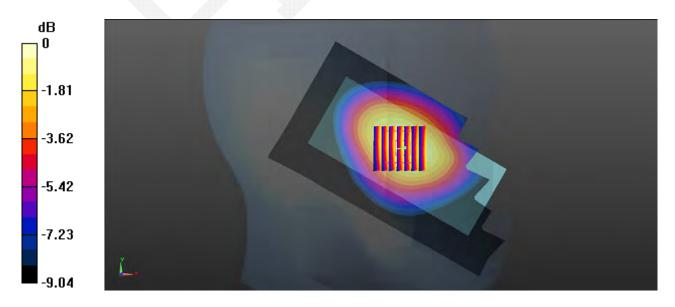
Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.911 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.607 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.472 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.340 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.501 W/kg



0 dB = 0.501 W/kg = -3.00 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 47 of 88

Test Plot 6#:WCDMA 850 Back Middle Channel

DUT: Feature phone; Type: W8

Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.966 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.135$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

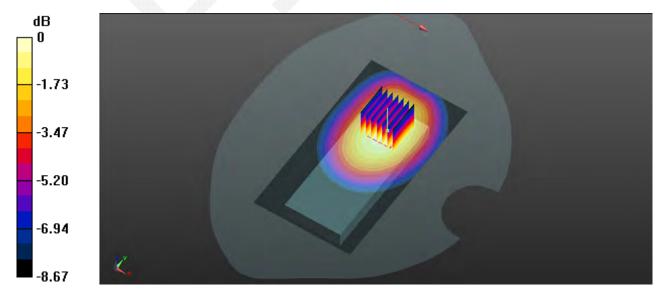
Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.775 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg



0 dB = 1.12 W/kg = 0.49 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 48 of 88

Test Plot 7#:WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Feature phone; Type: W8

Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.385 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.762$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head /WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.676 W/kg

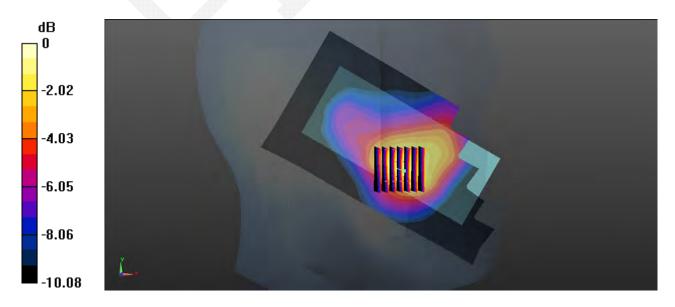
Head /WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.856 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.965 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.632 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.384 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.688 W/kg



0 dB = 0.688 W/kg = -1.62 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 49 of 88

Test Plot 8#:WCDMA 1900 Back Middle Channel

DUT: Feature phone; Type: W8

Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.546 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.753$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150702001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.82 W/kg

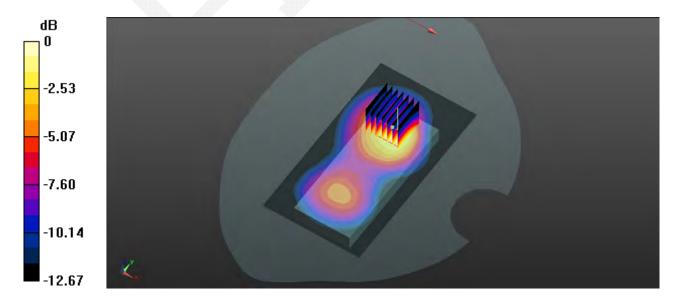
Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.715 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.75 W/kg



0 dB = 1.75 W/kg = 2.43 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 50 of 88

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
	1	Measuremer	nt system		•	•	•
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	erelated			_	_
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

SAR Evaluation Report 51 of 88

Phantom uncertainty (shape

and thickness tolerances)

Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity

and conductivity

Liquid conductivity (meas.)

Liquid permittivity (meas.)

Temp. unc. - Conductivity

Temp. unc. - Permittivity

Combined standard

uncertainty
Expanded uncertainty 95 %

confidence interval)

4.0

1.9

2.5

2.5

1.7

0.3

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions—reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	erelated	l	ı	•	
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9

SAR Evaluation Report 52 of 88

√3

1

1

1

√3

√3

1

1

0.64

0.6

0.78

0.23

1

0.84

0.43

0.49

0.71

0.26

2.3

1.1

1.6

1.5

8.0

0.0

12.2

24.5

2.3

0.9

1.1

1.2

0.7

0.0

12.1

24.2

R

Ν

Ν

Ν

R

R

RSS

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client BACL China (Vitec)

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date February 5, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the tracerability to retional standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (ZZ ± 3)°C and number < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cat Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY414980B7	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660 Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Techniciem

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

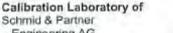
Issued: February 9, 2015

This calibration certricate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 1 of 11

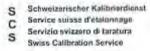
SAR Evaluation Report 53 of 88



Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o o rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., 3 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal phase termined.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NDRMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe to
 (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 2 of 11

SAR Evaluation Report 54 of 88

Report No: RDG150702001-20

EX3DV4 - SN:7329 February 5, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:7329

Manufactured: December 11, 2014 Calibrated: February 5, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15 Page 3 of 11

SAR Evaluation Report 55 of 88

Report No: RDG150702001-20

February 5, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:7329

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m)2)A	0.48	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	96.7	97.6	94.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc
			dB	dB√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	cw	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15 Page 4 of 11

SAR Evaluation Report 56 of 88

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁹ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

⁶ Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4-SN:7329

Report No: RDG150702001-20

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Page 5 of 11 Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

SAR Evaluation Report 57 of 88

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

February 5, 2015

Report No: RDG150702001-20

EX3DV4- SN:7329

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

*Alphat/Depth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

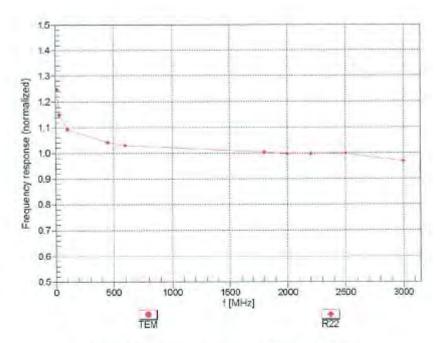
Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15 Page 6 of 11

58 of 88 SAR Evaluation Report

Report No: RDG150702001-20

EX3DV4 SN:7329 February 5, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

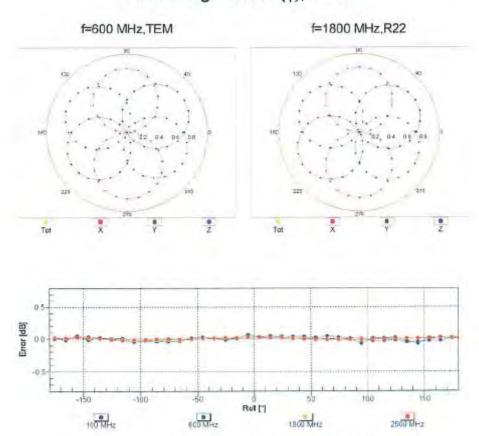
Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 7 of 11

SAR Evaluation Report 59 of 88

EX3DV4- SN:7329 February 5, 2015

Receiving Pattern (\$\phi\$), 9 = 0°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

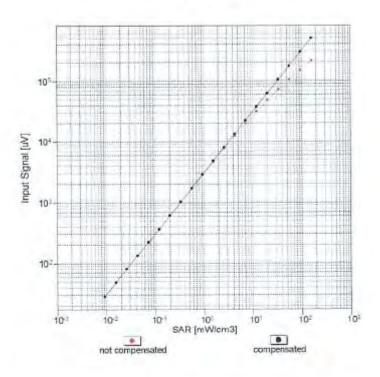
Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

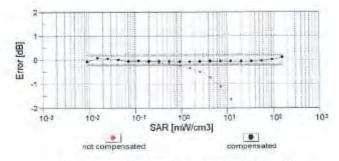
Page 8 of 11

SAR Evaluation Report 60 of 88

EX3DV4- SN:7329 February 5, 2015

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

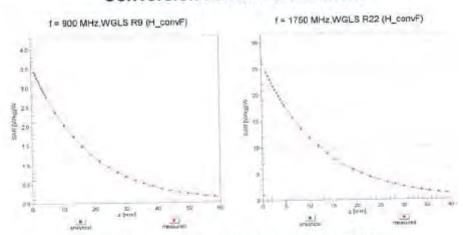
Certificate No. EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 9 of 11

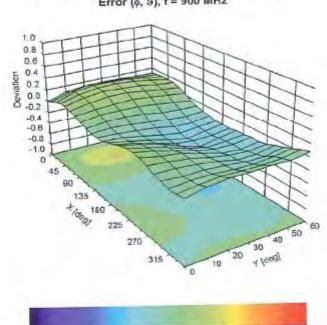
SAR Evaluation Report 61 of 88



Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (\phi, 9), f = 900 MHz



-1.0 -0.6 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.
Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-7329 Feb15

Page 10 of 11

SAR Evaluation Report 62 of 88

Report No: RDG150702001-20

EX3DV4— SN:7329 February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (*)	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15 Page 11 of 11

SAR Evaluation Report 63 of 88

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Calibration File No: DC-1599 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2 Frequency: 835 MHz Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014 Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

uite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

SAR Evaluation Report 64 of 88

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 65 of 88

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

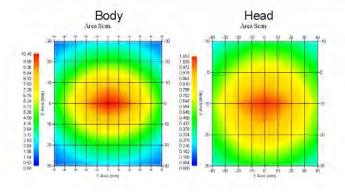
Length: 162.2 mm **Height:** 89.4 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



3

Report No: RDG150702001-20

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 66 of 88

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 67 of 88

4

Report No: RDG150702001-20

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω 🗆

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, sr	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

5

Report No: RDG150702001-20

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

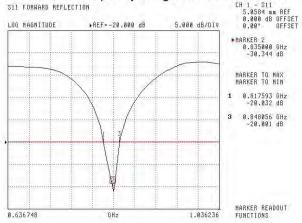
SAR Evaluation Report 68 of 88

Division of APREL Laboratories.

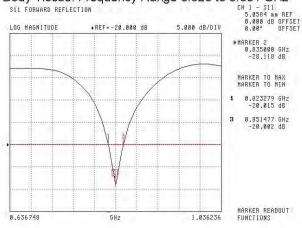
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz



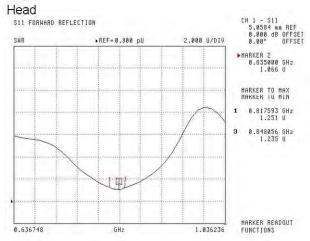
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

6

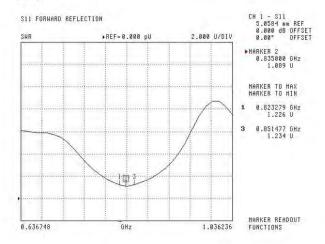
SAR Evaluation Report 69 of 88

Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR



Body



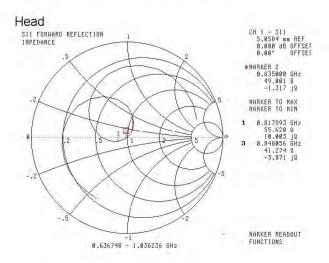
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 70 of 88

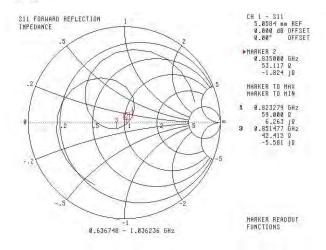
7

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



Body



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 71 of 88

8

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 72 of 88

9

Report No: RDG150702001-20

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Calibration File No: DC-1601 Project Number: BAC-dipole -cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

SAR Evaluation Report 73 of 88

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11 C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 74 of 88

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

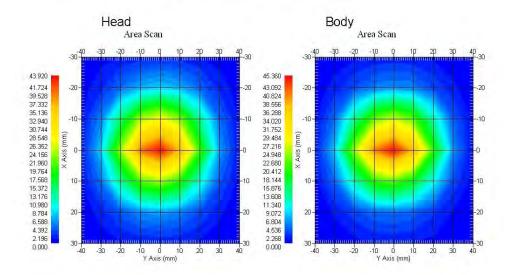
Length: 67.1 mm **Height:** 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 75 of 88

3

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 76 of 88

4

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52,247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, sr	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

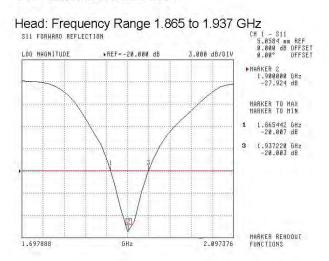
SAR Evaluation Report 77 of 88

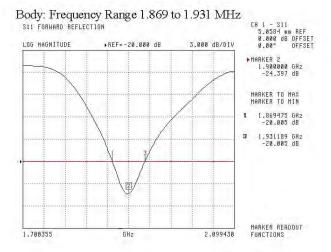
5

Division of APREL Laboratories.

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss





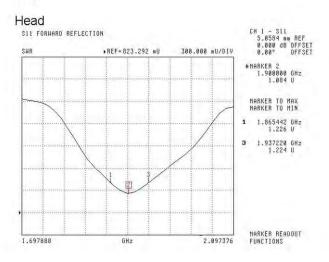
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

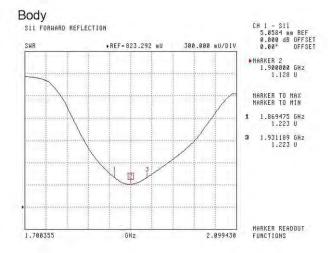
SAR Evaluation Report 78 of 88

6

Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR



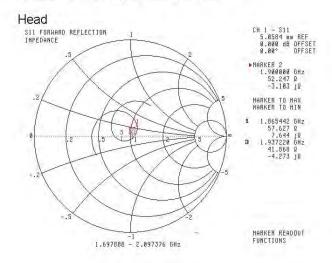


This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

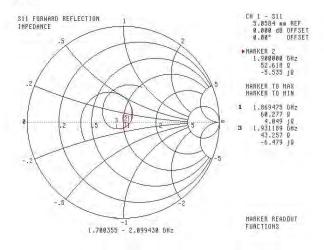
SAR Evaluation Report 79 of 88

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



Body



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 80 of 88

8

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

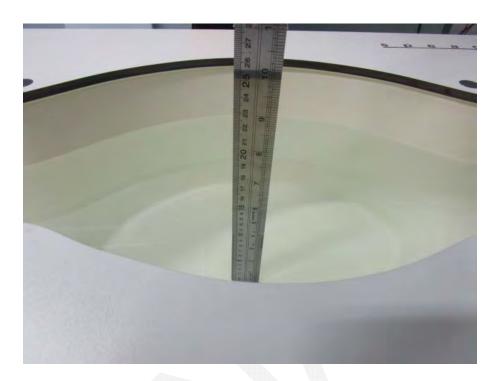
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 81 of 88

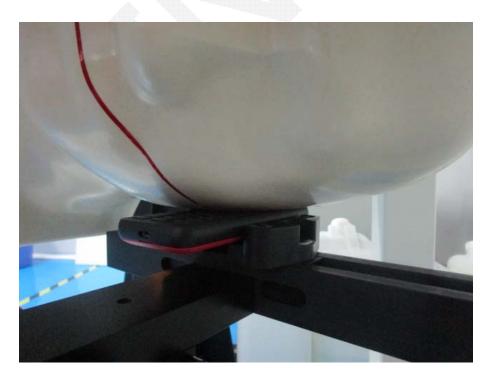
9

APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

$Liquid\ depth \geq 15cm$

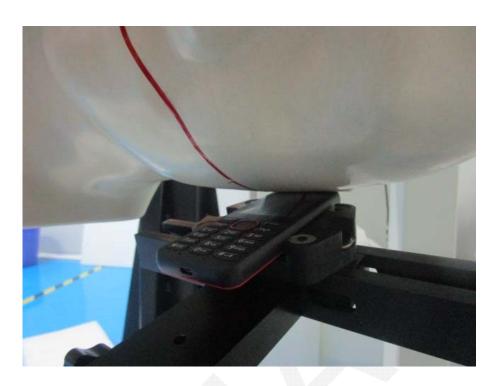


Left Head Cheek

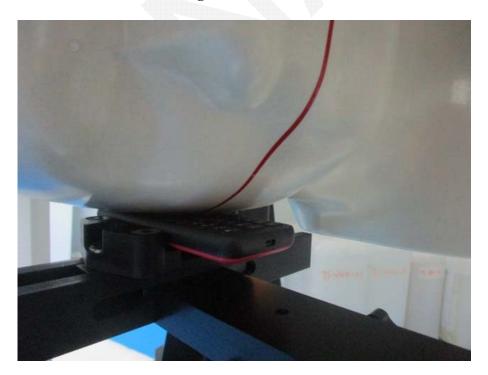


SAR Evaluation Report 82 of 88

Left Head Tilt

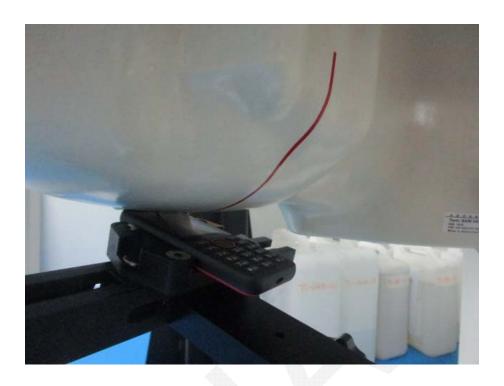


Right Head Cheek



SAR Evaluation Report 83 of 88

Right Head Tilt



Body -Worn-Back (15mm)



SAR Evaluation Report 84 of 88

APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



SAR Evaluation Report 85 of 88

EUT – Side View



EUT – Side View



SAR Evaluation Report 86 of 88

EUT – Uncover View

Report No: RDG150702001-20



SAR Evaluation Report 87 of 88

DECLARATION LETTER

Shenzhen Kaliho Technology Development Limited

19F. Block A, Stars plaza, HuaQiang North Road, FuTian District, ShenZhen, China

Product Similarity Declaration

Report No: RDG150702001-20

Date: 2015-07-07

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Shenzhen Kaliho Technology Development Limited, hereby declare that our product Feature phone, Model Number: W8, W8i are electrically identical with the same electromagnetic emissions and electromagnetic compatibility characteristics. Model Number: W8i is electrically identical withthe Model Number: W8 that was certified by BACL. Their only difference is the model name.

Franti

The rest are the same.

Please contact me if you have any question.

Signature:

Evan Li

Manager

***** END OF REPORT *****

SAR Evaluation Report 88 of 88