According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] *-[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0

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The tune-up power is -10 dBm +/- 2dB, therefore the highest tune-up power is -8.0 dBm (0.16 mW) @ 2402 MHz

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So,

(0.16mW / 5mm) * (2.402GHz $^0.5$)= 0.050 [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * [\sqrt{f} (GHz)] = 0.050 < 3.0

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.