

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd.

Report No: CCISE161003101

FCC SAR REPORT

Applicant: SUN CUPID TECHNOLOGY (HK) LIMITED

Address of Applicant: 16/F, CEO Tower, 77 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan,

Hong Kong

Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name: LTE mobile phone

Model No.: A3L

Trade mark NUU

FCC ID: 2ADINNUUA3L

Applicable standards: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

Date of Test: 07 Nov., 2016 ~ 19 Nov., 2016

Test Result: Maximum Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)

Head: 1.197 Body: 0.448 Hotspot: 0.691

Authorized Signature:



Bruce Zhang Laboratory Manager

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2 **Version**

Version No.	Date	Description
00	28 Nov., 2016	Original
01	07 Dec., 2016	 Separated LTE Band 5/12 from LTE 20MHz QPSK form on page 55/56/58/59/60/61. Updated average power of Band 2/RB#0 on page 60. Removed photo of bottom side on page 79. Updated information of battery on page 7. Updated average power of Band 5 on page 8/45/55, updated SAR Value of Band 5 on page 1/5/55/58/61.
02	08 Dec., 2016	Updated simultaneous SAR summary on page 5.

Sera Xiang Report Clerk Prepared by: Date: 08 Dec., 2016

Reviewed by: 08 Dec., 2016

Project Engineer



3 Contents 1 VERSION......2 2 3 SAR RESULTS SUMMARY......5 4 5 1 Test Location9 Introduction 10 6 1 SAR Definition 10 62 7.3 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM.......12 8.1 8.2 8.3 **Т** 8.4 MEASUREMENT SERVER 14 8.5 8.6 87 88 TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS20 SAR SYSTEM VERIFICATION......23 11 11 1 11 2 113 11 4 11.5 11.6 12 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES29 12 1 122 123 12.4 12.5 12.6 CONDUCTED RF OUTPUT POWER......32 13 13.1 13 2 13.3 13.4 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power51 13.5 EXPOSURE POSITIONS CONSIDERATION53 14 1 14.2





15 SAR	R TEST RESULTS SUMMARY	
15.1	STANDALONE HEAD SAR DATA	54
15.2	STANDALONE BODY SAR	58
15.3	BODY SAR IN HOTSPOT MODE	60
15.4	REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT	62
15.5	Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations	63
15.6	SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION ANALYSIS	64
15.7	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	7
15.8	MEASUREMENT CONCLUSION	73
16 REF	ERENCE	74
APPENDI	IX A: EUT PHOTOS	75
APPENDI	IX B: TEST SETUP PHOTOS	77
APPENDI	IX C: PLOTS OF SAR SYSTEM CHECK	80
APPEND	IX D: PLOTS OF SAR TEST DATA	94
APPENDI	IX E: SYSTEM CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	133



SAR Results Summary 4

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>								
Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)				
	GSM 850	0.759						
	GSM 1900	0.967						
	WCDMA Band V	0.954						
	WCDMA Band IV	1.133						
	WCDMA Band II	1.125	PCE					
Head	LTE Band 2	0.781	IOL	1.197				
	LTE Band 4	1.004						
	LTE Band 5	1.197						
	LTE Band 7	0.990						
	LTE Band 12	0.669						
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.456	DTS					
	GSM 850	0.401						
	GSM 1900	0.179		0.448				
	WCDMA Band V	0.379						
	WCDMA Band IV	0.284						
	WCDMA Band II	0.272	PCE					
Body (10 mm Gap)	LTE Band 2	0.373						
(10 mm Gap)	LTE Band 4	0.419						
	LTE Band 5	0.448						
	LTE Band 7	0.162						
	LTE Band 12	0.299						
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.146	DTS					
	GSM 850	0.691						
	GSM 1900	0.305						
	WCDMA Band V	0.379						
	WCDMA Band IV	0.284						
	WCDMA Band II	0.272	DOE					
Hotspot	LTE Band 2	0.373	PCE	0.691				
(10 mm Gap)	LTE Band 4	0.419						
	LTE Band 5	0.448						
	LTE Band 7	0.162						
	LTE Band 12	0.299						
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.146	DTS					

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

····g···								
Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1-g SAR (W/kg)				
Dight Chook	LTE Band 5	1.197	PCE	1.427				
Right Cheek	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.230	DTS	1.427				

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Note:

Report No: CCISE161003101

- The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
- This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.





General Information 5

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	SUN CUPID TECHNOLOGY (HK) LIMITED
Address of Applicant:	16/F, CEO Tower, 77 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Hong Kong
Manufacturer:	Sun cupid (Shen Zhen) Electronic Ltd
Address of Manufacturer:	Baolong Industrial City, Longgang District, Shenzhen Hi-Tech Road, Building 1, A 7

5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	LTE mobile phone			
Model No.:	A3L			
Category of device	Portable device			
Operation Frequency:	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS 1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz FDD LTE Band 2:1850MHz~1910MHz FDD LTE Band 4:1710MHz~1755MHz FDD LTE Band 5:824MHz~849MHz FDD LTE Band 7: 2500MHz~2570MHz FDD LTE Band 12: 698MHz~716MHz FDD LTE Band 17: 704MHz~716MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz Wi-Fi: 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412MHz ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n-HT40:2422MHz~2452MHz			
Modulation technology:	GSM/GPRS:GMSK, EGPRS: 8PSK WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA: BPSK, LTE:QPSK/16QAM Bluetooth: GFSK/π/4DQPSK/8DPSK Wi-Fi: 802.11b: DSSS, 802.11g/n: OFDM			
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna			
Antenna Gain:	GSM 850: -0.33 dBi, PCS 1900: 0.56 dBi WCDMA Band V: 0.29 dBi, WCDMA Band II: 0.55 dBi WCDMA Band IV: 0.41dBi, LTE Band 2: 0.52dBi LTE Band 4: 0.58dBi, LTE Band 5: 0.33dBi LTE Band 7: 0.30dBi, LTE Band 12: -0.38dBi LTE Band 17: -0.36dBi WIFI/BT: 0.09dBi			
Release Version:	R99 for GSM, R6 for WCDMA, R8 for I	LTE		
(E)GPRS Class:	(E)GPRS Class: 12			
Dimensions (L*W*H):	143 mm (L)× 72 mm (W)× 10 mm (H)			
Accessories information:	Adapter: Battery: Li-ion Battery 3.8V/2000mAh			

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Input: AC100-240V 50/60Hz 0.2A	Headset:
Output: DC 5.0V, 1A	Support headset

5.3 Maximum RF Output Power

Mode	Average Power (dBm)			
Wode	GSM 850	GSM 1900		
GSM (Voice)	32.47	29.54		
GPRS (1 TX Slot)	32.44	29.53		
GPRS (2 TX Slots)	31.69	28.75		
GPRS (3 TX Slots)	29.84	27.01		
GPRS (4 TX Slots)	28.72	25.87		
EGPRS (1 TX Slot)	26.59	25.97		
EGPRS (2 TX Slots)	25.10	24.92		
EGPRS (3 TX Slots)	23.84	22.89		
EGPRS (4 TX Slots)	22.14	21.84		

Mode	Average Power (dBm)				
Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II		
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.19	21.86	21.78		
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.22	21.91	21.79		
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.20	20.87	20.69		
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.82	20.54	20.57		
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.32	19.64	19.78		
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.58	19.90	19.58		
HSUPA Sub-test 1	22.17	20.82	20.59		
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.18	20.83	20.68		
HSUPA Sub-test 3	20.20	19.85	19.58		
HSUPA Sub-test 4	22.22	20.89	20.67		
HSUPA Sub-test 5	21.28	19.83	19.93		

	Average Power (dBm)					
Mode	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 5	LTE Band 7	LTE Band 12	LTE Band 17
BW/1.4 MHz	23.05	23.82	23.49	/	23.27	/
BW/3.0 MHz	22.98	23.75	23.17	/	23.12	/
BW/5.0 MHz	23.00	23.77	23.21	22.39	23.08	23.10
BW/10 MHz	22.75	23.81	23.29	22.34	23.16	23.23
BW/15 MHz	22.77	23.83	/	22.48	/	/
BW/20 MHz	23.30	23.79	/	22.50	/	/

WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)					
Mode/Band b g n (HT-20) n (HT-40)					
WLAN 2.4GHz 16.42 15.45 15.61 12.94					

Bluetooth Average Power (dBm)					
Mode/Band 1 Mbps(GFSK) 2 Mbps(π/4DQPSK) 3 Mbps (8DPSK) LE (BT 4.0)					
Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	4.93	4.26	4.51	-1.09	

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5.4 Environment of Test Site

Temperature:	18°C ~25 °C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.5 Test Location

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd.

Address: No. B-C, 1/F., Building 2, Laodong No.2 Industrial Park, Xixiang Road,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

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6 Introduction

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

7.3 RF Exposure Limits

SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUM.	AN EXPOSURE LIMITS	•
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT
	General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

Note:

- 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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8 SAR Measurement System



Fig. 8.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- > Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in the following sub-sections.

Page 12 of 200



E-Field Probe 8.1

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

E-Field Probe Specification <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in	1888888
	shielding against static charges PEEK	The Age
	enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	- nanana
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	TO ORRESPO
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)	TARRESTA
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to	*********
	probe axis)	**********
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
	(noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole	经算用
	centers: 1 mm	311111111
		Fig. 0.2 Dhot
		Fig. 8.2 Photo



to of E-Field Probe

E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix E of this report.

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The Data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gainswitching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

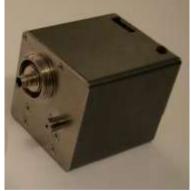


Fig. 8.3 Photo of DAE



8.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Fig. 8.4 Photo of Robot

8.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY 5: 400MHz, Intel Celeron), chip-disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig. 8.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

8.5 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 8.6 Photo of Light Beam

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8.6 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

SAM I WIII FIIAIILO	111/	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm;	
	Height: adjustable feet	the state of the s
Measurement	Left Head, Right Head, Flat phantom	
Areas		



Fig. 8.7 Photo of SAM Twin Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom >

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Water-sugar based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid if the system is not in use; otherwise the parameters will change due to water evaporation.
- DGBE based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the phantom resistiveness.



Fig.8.8 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

Page 15 of 200



8.7 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-low POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 8.9 Photo of Device Holder

8.8 Data storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verifications of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe Parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{- Conversion} & \text{ConvF}_i \\ \text{- Diode compression point} & \text{dcp}_i \end{array}$

Device Parameters: - Frequency f - Crest cf

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpⁱ = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E- Field Probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{v_i}{Norm \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-Field Probes:
$$H_i$$
 = $\sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$

With

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = senor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency (GHz)

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in (mho/m) or (Siemens/m)

 ρ = equipment tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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8.9 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Favrings and Description	Model	C/N	Cal. Information		
Manufacturer			S/N	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1118	06.10.2014	06.09.2017	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d154	06.16.2016	06.15.2019	
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1021	07.01.2016	06.30.2019	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d175	06.15.2016	06.14.2019	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	06.15.2016	06.14.2019	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1114	09.21.2015	09.20.2018	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1373	02.11.2016	02.10.2017	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3924	06.22.2016	06.21.2017	
SPEAG	Phantom	Twin Phantom	1765	N.C	C.R	
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI V5.0	1208	N.C	C.R	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	N.C	C.R	
Stäubli	Robot	TX60L	F13/5P6VB1/A/01	N.C.R		
Anritsu	Universal Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201060814	03.24.2016	03.24.2017	
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	116766	03.24.2016	03.24.2017	
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	117042	03.31.2016	03.31.2017	
HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A06291	03.24.2016	03.24.2017	
Agilent	EPM Series Power Meter	E4418B	GB39512692	03.24.2016	03.24.2017	
Agilent	Power Sensor	8481A	MY41090341	03.24.2016	03.24.2017	
Agilent	MAX Signal Analyzer	N9020A	MY50510123	03.24.2016	03.24.2017	
R&S	Signal Generator	SMX	835457/016	03.24.2016	03.24.2017	
R&S	Signal Generator	SMR20	10080050	03.24.2016	03.24.2017	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	12341	See N	Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	17268	See N	Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	2080	See N	Note 3	
Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	BL5513	See N	Note 3	
Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	100217491	See Note 3		
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment Kit	3.5 Probe	1119	See N	Note 4	
Mini-circuits	Power amplifier	ZHL-42W	SC609401309	See N	Note 5	

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.
- 5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power according to the ratio of 1 W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
- 6. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- 7. N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

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9 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.2.

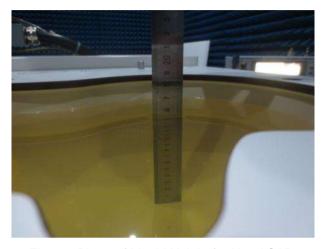


Fig. 9.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (700MHz~1000MHz) (depth>15cm)

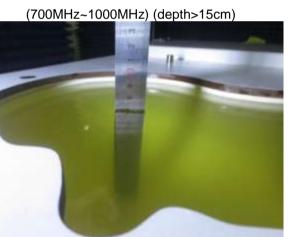


Fig. 9.3 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (1700MHz~1900MHz) (depth>15cm)

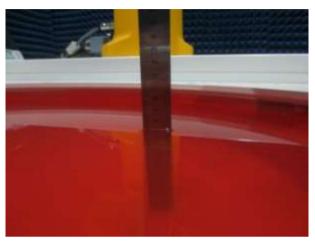


Fig. 9.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of (700MHz~1000MHz) (depth>15cm)

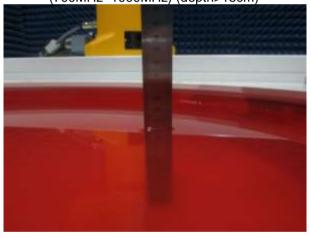


Fig. 9.4 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of ELI V5.0 (1700MHz~1900MHz) (depth>15cm)





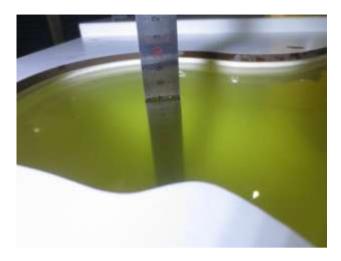


Fig. 9.5 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

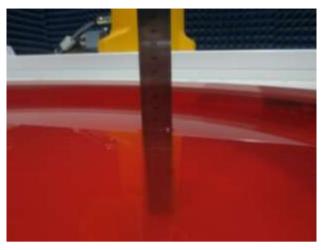


Fig. 9.6 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of Twin Phantom (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within ±5% of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency	•	lead	Во	ody
(MHz)	εr	σ(S/m)	εr	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

($\varepsilon r = relative permittivity, \sigma = conductivity and \rho = 1000 kg/m³)$

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The dielectric parameters of liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a Speag Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Conductivity Target(σ)	Permittivity Target(εr)	Delta (σ)%	Delta (εr)%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
750	Head	21.6	0.87	41.97	0.89	41.9	-2.25	0.17	±5	11.07.2016
835	Head	21.5	0.92	41.15	0.9	41.5	2.22	-0.84	±5	11.07.2016
1750	Head	21.4	1.40	40.55	1.37	40.1	2.19	1.12	±5	11.19.2016
1900	Head	21.3	1.38	40.07	1.4	40.0	-1.43	0.18	±5	11.11.2016
1900	Head	21.3	1.42	39.67	1.4	40.0	1.43	-0.82	±5	11.19.2016
2450	Head	21.6	1.83	38.42	1.8	39.2	1.67	-1.99	±5	11.14.2016
2600	Head	21.0	1.98	38.11	1.96	39.0	1.02	-2.28	±5	11.15.2016
750	Body	21.5	0.93	54.50	0.96	55.5	-3.12	-1.80	±5	11.08.2016
835	Body	21.6	1.00	54.12	0.97	55.2	3.09	-1.96	±5	11.08.2016
1750	Body	21.7	1.49	52.32	1.49	53.4	0.00	-2.02	±5	11.10.2016
1900	Body	21.8	1.55	54.96	1.52	53.3	1.97	3.11	±5	11.09.2016
2450	Body	21.7	1.96	52.76	1.95	52.7	0.51	0.11	±5	11.16.2016
2600	Body	21.03	2.15	53.42	2.16	52.5	-0.46	1.75	±5	11.15.2016



10 SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

> Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

> System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Fig.10.1 System Verification Setup Diagram



Fig.10.2 Photo of Dipole setup

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> System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix C of this report.

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 250 mW 1g SAR (W/kg)	250 mW Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
11.07.2016	750	Head	80	0.679	2.12	2.09	1.44
11.07.2016	835	Head	80	0.744	2.33	2.30	1.30
11.19.2016	1750	Head	40	1.43	8.94	9.17	-2.51
11.11.2016	1900	Head	40	1.66	10.38	9.99	3.90
11.19.2016	1900	Head	40	1.61	10.06	9.99	0.70
11.14.2016	2450	Head	40	2.11	13.19	13.0	1.46
11.15.2016	2600	Head	40	2.31	14.44	14.5	-0.41
11.08.2016	750	Body	80	0.706	2.21	2.19	0.91
11.08.2016	835	Body	80	0.802	2.51	2.43	3.29
11.10.2016	1750	Body	40	1.48	9.25	9.25	0.00
11.09.2016	1900	Body	40	1.62	10.13	10.1	0.30
11.16.2016	2450	Body	40	2.15	13.44	13.0	3.38
11.15.2016	2600	Body	40	2.26	14.13	13.7	3.14



11 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/Right Side/Top Side/Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

11.1 Handset Reference Points

- ➤ The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- > The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig.11.1 Illustration for Front, Back and Side of SAM Phantom



Fig. 11.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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11.2 Positioning for Cheek / Touch

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)

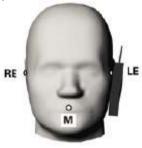






Fig. 11.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

11.3 Positioning for Ear / 15º Tilt

- To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).





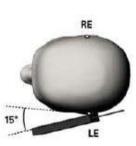


Fig.11.4 Illustration for Tilted Position



11.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

11.5 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- > To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- > To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 15 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

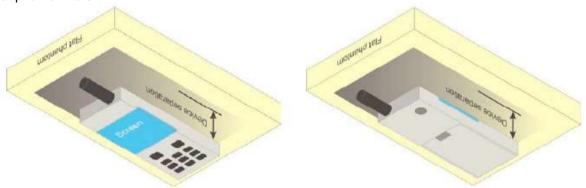


Fig.11.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position



11.6 Wireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq

9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

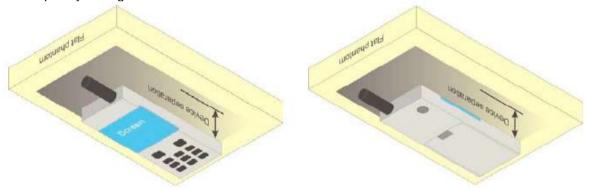


Fig.11.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position



12 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as bellows:

<Conducted power measurement>

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No: CCISE161003101

- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<Conducted power measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- > Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- > Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

12.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.



12.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

12.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 guoted below.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	%-6-ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan sp	atial resol	ation: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\rm does}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid $\Delta z_{2,\mathrm{con}}(n>1);$ between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 nm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



12.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

12.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

12.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



13 Conducted RF Output Power

13.1 GSM Conducted Power

Band: GSM 850	Burst /	Average Power	(dBm)	Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	32.47	32.46	32.41	23.44	23.43	23.38
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	32.42	32.44	32.39	23.39	23.41	23.36
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	31.69	31.69	31.64	25.67	25.67	25.62
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	29.84	29.83	29.82	25.58	25.57	25.56
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	28.72	28.71	28.72	25.71	25.70	25.71
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	26.59	26.48	26.46	17.56	17.45	17.43
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	25.10	25.04	24.96	19.08	19.02	18.94
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	23.84	23.63	23.55	19.58	19.37	19.29
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	22.14	22.09	22.93	19.13	19.08	19.92

Remark:

1. The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + $10 \log (x)$

So.

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) - 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) – 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) - 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01

CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- 3. For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- 4. Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction
- 5. The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

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Band: GSM 1900	Burst /	Average Power	(dBm)	Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	29.09	29.38	29.54	20.06	20.35	20.51
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	29.07	29.36	29.53	20.04	20.33	20.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	28.30	28.58	28.75	22.28	22.56	22.73
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	26.45	26.78	27.01	22.19	22.52	22.75
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	25.31	25.63	25.87	22.30	22.62	22.86
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	25.04	25.53	25.97	16.01	16.50	16.94
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	24.16	24.41	24.92	18.14	18.39	18.90
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	22.96	22.39	22.89	18.70	18.13	18.63
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	21.84	21.14	21.72	18.83	18.13	18.71

Remark:

1. The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 1og (x)

So,

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) – 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) - 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) - 3.01

CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 1900 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice 1900 mode.
- 3. For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- 4. Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 5. The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

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13.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 1

Sub-test	βε	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(l)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

HSDPA Sub-test setup configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_0 and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No: CCISE161003101

- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 2

Sub- test	βε	β_{d}	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}{}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} : 47/15 β _{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{COI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$.
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSUPA Sub-test setup configuration

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WCDMA Conducted Power:

WCDMA Average power (dBm)												
Band	W	CDMA Ban	id V	W	DMA Ban	d IV	WCDMA Band II					
Channel	4132	4183	4233	1312	1413	1513	9262	9400	9538			
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6			
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.88	23.10	23.19	21.55	21.86	21.86	21.78	21.32	21.30			
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.95	23.04	23.22	21.56	21.87	21.91	21.79	21.37	21.32			
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.98	22.10	22.20	20.57	20.87	20.82	20.69	20.31	20.68			
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.48	21.64	21.82	20.54	20.41	20.43	20.36	20.54	20.57			
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.17	20.16	20.32	19.64	19.61	18.75	19.78	19.57	19.24			
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.58	20.26	20.37	19.53	19.90	19.89	19.58	19.40	19.22			
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.90	22.00	22.17	20.50	20.82	20.60	20.59	20.46	20.48			
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.94	22.10	22.18	20.54	20.83	20.75	20.68	20.26	20.17			
HSUPA Sub-test 3	20.00	20.12	20.20	19.70	19.01	19.85	19.58	19.47	19.33			
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.95	21.35	22.22	20.57	20.89	20.81	20.67	20.33	20.16			
HSUPA Sub-test 5	20.95	21.22	21.28	19.59	19.83	19.82	19.93	19.41	19.22			

Note:

- 1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps mode is used to evaluate SAR due the highest output power. If AMR 12.2 kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2 kbps can be excluded.
- 3. AMR, HSDPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.



13.3 LTE Conducted Power

13.3.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

Report No: CCISE161003101

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

13.3.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

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LTE Band 2 part

•	Dogodyni dilb				Aver	age Power (dE	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18607	18900	19193
	(1011 12)				1850.7MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.3MHz
			1	0	22.25	22.93	22.90
			1	2	22.27	22.88	22.86
			1	5	22.22	22.99	22.91
		QPSK	3	0	22.37	23.05	22.94
			3	1	22.33	23.00	22.84
			3	2	22.36	22.99	22.96
Band 2	1.4		6	0	21.37	22.07	22.01
Danu Z	1.4		1	0	21.44	21.98	21.88
			1	2	21.68	21.96	21.87
			1	5	21.36	22.01	21.74
		16QAM	3	0	21.45	22.09	21.93
			3	1	21.34	22.03	21.83
			3	2	21.35	21.99	21.84
			6	0	20.43	21.09	20.91

	Do o du della				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18615	18900	19185
	(1011 12)				1851.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1908.5MHz
			1	0	22.27	22.90	22.90
			1	7	22.28	22.98	22.78
			1	14	22.26	22.94	22.71
		QPSK	8	0	21.39	22.11	21.97
			8	4	21.44	22.07	21.95
			8	7	21.38	22.03	21.98
Band 2	3		15	0	21.39	22.06	21.97
Danu Z	3		1	0	21.36	21.91	21.89
			1	7	21.27	21.96	21.86
			1	14	21.14	21.93	21.81
		16QAM	8	0	20.61	21.07	21.08
			8	4	20.62	21.05	20.99
			8	7	20.49	21.03	20.90
			15	0	20.39	20.91	20.89





	Do o du della				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18625	18900	19175
	(1011-12)				1852.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.5MHz
			1	0	22.31	23.00	22.87
			1	12	22.29	22.82	22.42
			1	24	22.36	22.86	22.44
		QPSK	12	0	21.31	22.09	21.75
			12	6	21.28	21.99	21.56
			12	11	21.47	22.01	21.51
Band 2	5		25	0	21.31	22.04	21.56
Danu 2	5	16QAM	1	0	21.49	22.36	21.97
			1	12	21.42	22.65	21.49
			1	24	21.48	22.27	21.59
			12	0	20.39	21.03	21.03
			12	6	20.36	21.02	20.59
			12	11	20.50	21.08	20.54
			25	0	20.37	21.00	20.56

	Donduidth				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18650	18900	19150
	(1011 12)				1855.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1905.0MHz
			1	0	22.02	22.64	22.75
			1	24	22.15	22.56	22.37
			1	49	22.25	22.40	22.13
		QPSK	25	0	21.13	21.81	21.65
			25	12	21.21	21.76	21.46
			25	24	21.30	21.71	21.30
Dond 2	10		50	0	21.21	21.77	21.46
Band 2	10		1	0	21.13	21.56	21.78
			1	24	21.60	21.77	21.35
			1	49	21.07	21.62	21.22
		16QAM	25	0	20.36	20.58	20.72
			25	12	20.45	20.83	20.65
			25	24	20.31	20.72	20.66
			50	0	20.35	20.77	20.45





	Down dividable				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18675	18900	19125
	(1011-12)				1857.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1902.5MHz
			1	0	22.03	22.68	22.77
			1	37	22.17	22.48	22.38
			1	74	22.38	22.69	21.95
		QPSK	36	0	21.03	21.70	21.65
			36	16	21.22	21.63	21.47
			36	35	21.37	21.69	21.28
Band 2	15		75	0	21.22	21.65	21.47
Danu Z	15		1	0	21.10	21.85	21.55
			1	37	21.53	21.85	21.28
			1	74	21.76	21.66	21.15
		16QAM	36	0	20.35	21.36	21.36
			36	16	20.36	21.26	21.05
			36	35	20.53	21.35	20.36
			75	0	20.31	20.69	20.50

	Donduidth				Aver	age Power (dE	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18700	18900	19100
	(1011 12)				1860.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1900.0MHz
			1	0	21.92	23.30	23.26
			1	49	22.15	23.03	23.02
			1	99	22.39	23.10	23.00
		QPSK	50	0	21.36	22.25	22.20
			50	24	21.22	22.26	22.26
			50	49	21.37	22.13	22.04
Band 2	20		100	0	21.40	22.28	22.14
Danu 2	20		1	0	21.36	22.14	22.11
			1	49	21.75	22.18	21.82
			1	99	21.89	22.35	22.00
		16QAM	50	0	20.66	21.20	21.18
			50	24	20.68	21.08	21.08
			50	49	20.45	21.19	21.98
			100	0	20.65	21.06	21.14





LTE Band 4 part

•	Donada di dida				Aver	age Power (dE	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19957	20175	20393
	(1011 12)				1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
			1	0	23.03	23.65	23.21
			1	2	23.00	23.67	23.20
			1	5	23.09	23.68	23.26
		QPSK	3	0	23.15	23.82	23.40
			3	1	23.13	23.75	23.27
			3	2	23.12	23.78	23.37
Band 4	1.4		6	0	22.15	22.87	22.42
Danu 4	1.4		1	0	22.41	23.11	22.18
			1	2	22.23	22.63	22.70
			1	5	22.55	22.78	22.67
		16QAM	3	0	22.25	22.67	22.31
		_	3	1	22.15	22.70	22.34
			3	2	22.35	22.80	22.42
			6	0	21.09	21.84	21.41

	Do o du della				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19965	20175	20385
	(1011 12)				1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
			1	0	23.02	23.75	23.34
			1	7	23.09	23.75	23.26
			1	14	23.12	23.63	23.30
		QPSK	8	0	22.18	22.82	22.43
			8	4	22.17	22.86	22.45
			8	7	22.21	22.87	22.42
Band 4	3		15	0	22.14	22.78	22.45
Danu 4	3		1	0	22.20	22.70	22.30
			1	7	22.63	22.67	22.34
			1	14	22.17	22.72	22.33
		16QAM	8	0	21.21	21.91	21.49
			8	4	21.32	21.82	21.40
			8	7	21.25	21.87	21.46
			15	0	21.15	21.77	21.49

Page 41 of 200





	Do o do dela				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19975	20175	20375
	(1011-12)				1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
			1	0	23.10	23.63	23.48
			1	12	23.17	23.77	23.40
			1	24	23.16	23.57	23.24
		QPSK	12	0	22.28	22.84	22.54
			12	6	22.25	22.81	22.52
			12	11	22.28	22.85	22.47
Band 4	5		25	0	22.24	22.85	22.44
Dallu 4	5	16QAM	1	0	22.27	22.65	22.93
			1	12	22.09	22.83	22.57
			1	24	22.64	22.69	22.38
			12	0	21.26	21.87	21.43
			12	6	21.37	21.86	21.49
			12	11	21.30	21.89	21.50
			25	0	21.22	21.78	21.44

	Donduidth				Aver	age Power (di	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20000	20175	20350
	(1011 12)				1715.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1750.0MHz
			1	0	23.19	23.73	23.72
			1	24	23.20	23.81	23.39
			1	49	23.37	23.66	23.30
		QPSK	25	0	22.25	22.81	22.64
			25	12	22.32	22.86	22.53
			25	24	22.35	22.75	22.47
Dond 4	10		50	0	22.33	22.79	22.63
Band 4	10		1	0	22.29	22.84	22.77
			1	24	22.28	22.74	22.48
			1	49	22.48	22.81	22.40
		16QAM	25	0	21.31	21.86	21.70
			25	12	21.31	21.76	21.56
			25	24	21.41	21.77	21.53
			50	0	21.37	21.79	21.52





	Do o du della				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20025	20175	20325
	(1011-12)				1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
			1	0	23.19	23.75	23.83
			1	37	23.32	23.78	23.52
			1	74	23.58	23.65	23.36
		QPSK	36	0	22.41	22.84	22.77
			36	16	22.45	22.94	22.67
			36	35	22.51	22.89	22.53
Band 4	15		75	0	22.45	22.85	22.68
Dallu 4	15	16QAM	1	0	22.40	22.99	23.44
			1	37	22.70	22.96	22.90
			1	74	22.29	22.61	22.98
			36	0	21.40	21.86	21.78
			36	16	21.46	21.85	21.68
			36	35	21.51	21.74	21.53
			75	0	21.39	21.80	21.65

	Donduidth				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20050	20175	20300
	(1011 12)				1720.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1745.0MHz
			1	0	23.34	23.67	23.56
			1	49	23.39	23.79	23.58
			1	99	23.61	23.67	23.24
		QPSK	50	0	22.46	22.81	22.86
			50	24	22.52	22.90	22.82
			50	49	22.67	22.96	22.61
Dond 4	20		100	0	22.51	22.82	22.72
Band 4	20		1	0	22.25	22.67	22.82
			1	49	22.74	22.60	22.75
			1	99	22.93	22.97	22.48
		16QAM	50	0	21.40	21.81	21.82
			50	24	21.47	21.81	21.71
			50	49	21.59	21.80	21.53
			100	0	21.49	21.84	21.73

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 23118282 Fax: +86 (0) 755 23116366 Page 43 of 200





LTE Band 5 part:

	Događa vijelila				Aver	age Power (dE	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20407	20525	20643
	(IVITIZ)				824.7MHz	836.5MHz	848.3MHz
			1	0	23.34	23.12	22.67
			1	2	23.30	23.14	22.82
			1	5	23.41	23.13	22.84
		QPSK	3	0	23.49	23.23	22.98
			3	1	23.38	23.21	22.92
			3	2	23.42	23.23	22.91
Band 5	1.4		6	0	22.02	22.28	21.95
Danu 5	1.4		1	0	21.98	22.57	21.96
			1	2	22.04	22.24	22.24
			1	5	22.02	22.24	21.74
		16QAM	3	0	21.91	22.31	22.02
			3	1	21.98	22.22	21.96
			3	2	22.05	22.44	21.92
			6	0	20.97	21.26	20.92

	Do o du della				Aver	age Power (di	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20415	20525	20635
	(1011 12)				825.5MHz	836.5MHz	847.5MHz
			1	0	22.95	23.06	22.90
			1	7	22.87	23.17	22.91
			1	14	22.76	23.02	22.86
		QPSK	8	0	22.00	22.25	21.99
			8	4	21.99	22.27	21.97
			8	7	22.01	22.21	21.93
Band 5	3		15	0	22.00	22.23	22.00
Danu 5	3		1	0	21.98	22.18	22.00
			1	7	22.03	22.09	21.96
			1	14	21.95	22.12	21.89
		16QAM	8	0	20.99	21.24	21.07
			8	4	21.17	21.23	21.06
			8	7	20.98	21.31	20.96
			15	0	20.83	21.21	20.93





	Dondwidth				Aver	age Power (di	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20425	20525	20625
	(1011-12)				826.5MHz	836.5MHz	846.5MHz
			1	0	22.89	23.11	23.07
			1	12	22.91	23.21	22.96
			1	24	22.92	21.12	22.86
		QPSK	12	0	22.05	22.25	22.06
			12	6	22.07	22.23	22.03
			12	11	22.05	22.19	22.01
Band 5	5		25	0	22.01	22.21	22.02
Danu 5	5	16QAM	1	0	21.99	22.23	22.13
			1	12	22.03	22.24	21.88
			1	24	21.98	21.93	21.92
			12	0	20.96	21.30	21.08
			12	6	21.03	21.30	21.10
			12	11	21.15	21.28	20.99
			25	0	21.00	21.31	21.00

	Danielo dalde				Avei	age Power (dE	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20450	20525	20600
(1011)	(1011 12)				829MHz	836.5MHz	844MHz
			1	0	23.22	23.21	23.29
			1	24	23.10	23.08	23.06
			1	49	23.04	23.11	23.04
		QPSK	25	0	22.04	22.18	22.18
			25	12	22.05	22.20	22.07
			25	24	22.08	22.18	21.98
Band 5	10		50	0	22.13	22.19	22.21
Danu 5	10		1	0	22.07	22.19	22.08
			1	24	21.82	22.01	22.10
			1	49	22.16	22.47	22.00
		16QAM	25	0	21.07	21.15	21.19
			25	12	21.10	21.23	21.09
			25	24	21.14	21.26	21.05
			50	0	21.12	21.23	21.17

Page 45 of 200





LTE Band 7 part:

•	Donduidth				Aver	age Power (dE	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20775	21100	21425
	(1011 12)				2502.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2567.5MHz
			1	0	22.11	22.36	22.39
			1	12	22.22	22.32	22.26
			1	24	22.03	22.38	22.36
		QPSK	12	0	21.51	21.51	21.46
			12	6	21.24	21.47	21.39
			12	11	21.22	21.46	21.41
Band 7	5		25	0	21.31	21.44	21.47
Dallu 7	3		1	0	21.20	21.42	21.27
			1	12	21.45	21.37	21.11
			1	24	20.89	21.66	21.48
		16QAM	12	0	20.36	21.23	20.39
			12	6	21.12	21.32	20.59
		 	12	11	21.03	21.01	20.74
			25	0	20.65	20.45	20.45

	Donduidth				Avei	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20800	21100	21400
(IVII 12	(1011 12)				2505.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2565.0MHz
			1	0	22.14	22.41	22.28
			1	24	22.06	22.15	22.26
			1	49	22.28	22.33	22.34
		QPSK	25	0	21.46	22.12	21.42
			25	12	21.43	22.31	21.42
			25	24	21.36	22.14	21.52
Band 7	10		50	0	21.29	21.49	21.48
banu /	10		1	0	21.46	21.42	21.10
			1	24	21.05	21.36	21.21
			1	49	21.50	21.38	21.15
		16QAM	25	0	20.46	21.25	21.36
			25	12	20.86	21.34	21.05
			25	24	20.59	20.89	20.68
			50	0	20.36	20.40	20.37





	Do o du della				Avei	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20825	21100	21375
	(1011-12)				2507.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2562.5MHz
			1	0	22.32	22.48	22.36
			1	37	22.20	22.39	22.31
			1	74	22.33	22.45	22.16
		QPSK	36	0	21.44	21.52	21.43
			36	16	21.38	21.50	21.40
			36	35	21.43	21.50	21.45
Band 7	15		75	0	21.31	21.54	21.49
Dallu /	15	16QAM	1	0	21.23	21.18	21.45
			1	37	21.31	21.25	21.06
			1	74	21.53	21.56	21.22
			36	0	21.31	21.31	21.06
			36	16	21.03	21.04	21.04
			36	35	21.42	21.03	20.48
			75	0	20.39	20.45	20.37

	Donduidth				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20850	21100	21350
(1711 12)				2510.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2560.0MHz	
			1	0	22.41	22.50	22.37
			1	49	22.23	22.31	22.13
			1	99	22.38	22.60	22.44
		QPSK	50	0	21.50	21.60	21.53
			50	24	21.44	21.53	21.52
			50	49	21.53	21.61	21.48
Dond 7	20		100	0	21.48	21.58	21.44
Band 7	20		1	0	21.47	22.02	21.28
			1	49	21.38	21.48	21.98
			1	99	21.89	21.90	21.11
		16QAM	50	0	21.34	20.51	20.45
			50	24	21.04	20.50	20.37
			50	49	21.06	20.54	20.34
			100	0	20.39	20.48	20.38





LTE Band 12 part:

	Dondwidth				Aver	age Power (di	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23017	23095	23175
	(1011-12)				699.7MHz	707.5MHz	715.3MHz
			1	0	23.43	22.80	22.75
			1	2	23.17	22.75	22.76
			1	5	23.12	22.86	22.83
		QPSK	3	0	23.27	22.88	22.85
			3	1	23.17	22.79	22.81
			3	2	23.16	22.84	22.85
Band 12	1.4		6	0	22.25	21.91	21.87
Danu 12	1.4		1	0	22.79	21.72	21.62
			1	2	22.31	21.93	21.92
			1	5	22.28	22.40	21.98
		16QAM	3	0	22.41	21.87	21.96
			3	1	22.23	21.90	21.92
			3	2	22.25	22.03	21.93
			6	0	21.30	20.88	20.85

	Do o du della				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23025	23095	23165
	(1011 12)				700.5MHz	707.5MHz	714.5MHz
			1	0	23.09	22.69	22.74
			1	7	23.12	22.77	22.74
			1	14	23.02	22.93	22.73
		QPSK	8	0	22.27	22.90	21.85
			8	4	22.22	21.92	21.84
			8	7	22.18	21.99	21.82
Band 12	3.0		15	0	22.22	21.95	21.90
Dallu 12	3.0		1	0	22.41	22.00	21.80
			1	7	22.33	21.96	21.94
			1	14	22.06	22.14	21.90
		16QAM	8	0	21.30	20.90	21.11
			8	4	21.24	20.98	20.87
			8	7	21.26	20.99	20.89
			15	0	21.23	20.90	20.83





	Do o du della				Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23035	23095	23155
	(1011-12)				701.5MHz	707.5MHz	713.5MHz
			1	0	23.08	22.74	22.94
			1	12	23.04	22.79	22.74
			1	24	22.84	22.94	22.67
		QPSK	12	0	22.15	21.88	21.93
			12	6	22.16	21.90	21.91
			12	11	22.11	21.92	21.87
Band 12	5		25	0	22.16	21.96	21.90
Dallu 12	5	16QAM	1	0	22.29	21.90	22.48
			1	12	22.01	22.03	22.01
			1	24	22.11	22.10	22.18
			12	0	21.13	20.95	20.99
			12	6	21.19	20.90	20.91
			12	11	21.01	20.91	20.95
			25	0	21.14	21.05	20.94

	Donduidth				Avei	age Power (dE	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23060	23095	23130
	(1011 12)				704MHz	707.5MHz	711MHz
			1	0	23.16	22.93	22.75
			1	24	22.85	22.79	23.05
			1	49	23.01	23.09	22.80
		QPSK	25	0	22.07	21.92	22.10
			25	12	21.98	21.98	22.12
			25	24	21.95	22.19	21.98
Bond 10	10		50	0	22.05	22.03	22.05
Band 12	10		1	0	22.47	21.81	21.96
			1	24	22.36	21.99	22.66
			1	49	22.24	22.66	21.72
		16QAM	25	0	21.17	21.00	21.10
			25	12	21.08	21.02	21.18
			25	24	20.98	21.22	21.03
			50	0	21.10	21.12	21.01





LTE Band 17 part:

LIE Ballu II					Aver	age Power (de	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23755	23790	23825
	(1011-12)				706.5MHz	710.0MHz	713.5MHz
		QPSK	1	0	23.16	22.93	22.75
	5		1	12	22.85	22.79	23.05
			1	24	23.01	23.09	22.80
			12	0	22.07	21.92	22.10
			12	6	21.98	21.98	22.12
			12	11	21.95	22.19	21.98
Band 17			25	0	22.05	22.03	22.05
Ballu 17			1	0	22.47	21.81	21.96
			1	12	22.36	21.99	22.66
			1	24	22.24	22.66	21.72
		16QAM	12	0	21.17	21.00	21.10
		-	12	6	21.08	21.02	21.18
			12	11	20.98	21.22	21.03
			25	0	21.10	21.12	21.01

	Donduidth				Aver	age Power (di	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23780	23790	23800
	(1011 12)				709.0MHz	710.0MHz	711.0MHz
			1	0	22.81	22.80	22.76
			1	24	23.06	23.23	23.14
			1	49	22.94	22.84	22.82
		QPSK	25	0	21.96	22.00	22.11
	10		25	12	22.11	22.21	22.20
			25	24	22.25	22.13	22.05
Bond 17			50	0	22.15	22.11	22.10
Band 17			1	0	21.86	21.79	21.96
			1	24	22.40	22.84	22.49
			1	49	22.19	22.03	21.70
		16QAM	25	0	21.05	21.12	21.17
		-	25	12	21.18	21.29	21.23
			25	24	21.32	21.19	21.13
			50	0	21.14	21.16	21.10



13.4 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)									
Channel Frequency (MHz) 802.11 b 802.11 g 802.11n (HT20									
CH 01	2412	16.42	13.27	13.68					
CH 06	2437	16.13	15.45	15.30					
CH 11	2462	16.39	15.37	15.61					

Average Power (dBm) Channel Frequency (MHz) 802.11n (HT40)								
Channel	802.11n (HT40)							
CH 03	2422	12.76						
CH 06	2437	12.94						
CH 09	2452	12.73						

Note:

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

	Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR	
Ī	b/CH 01	2.412	16.5	44.67	5	13.85	3.0	
ſ	N20/CH 11	2.462	16.0	39.81	5	12.5	3.0	

- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 b mode is required.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 5. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 98.9%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.01.

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13.5 Bluetooth Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm) (Bluetooth)									
Channel Frequency (MHz) GFSK π/4-DQPSK 8DPSK									
CH 01	2402	4.93	4.26	4.48					
CH 39	2441	4.87	4.17	4.29					
CH 78	2480	4.58	3.71	4.51					

Average Power (dBm)							
Channel	BLE						
CH 00	2402	-1.09					
CH 20	2442	-1.17					
CH 39	2480	-1.77					

Note:

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

· The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR	
CH 01	2.402	5	3.16	5	0.98	3.0	l

- The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
- 3. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
- 4. When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 23118282 Fax: +86 (0) 755 23116366 Page 52 of 200



14 Exposure Positions Consideration

14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

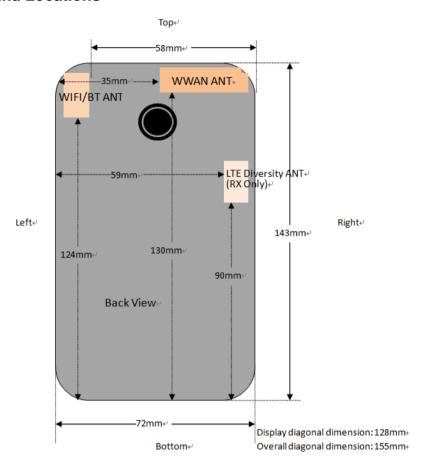


Fig.14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

14.2 Test Positions Consideration

Distance of Antennas to EUT edge/surface									
Test distance: 10mm									
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side			
WWAN	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	130mm	<25mm	35mm			
WLAN & Bluetooth	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	124mm	58mm	<25mm			

Test Positions Test distance: 10mm								
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side		
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No		
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes		

Note:

- 1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- Referring to KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm * 5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for bodyworn SAR.

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15 SAR Test Results Summary

15.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

GSM Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
1	GSM850/Voice	Right Cheek	128	824.2	32.47	-0.00	32.5	0.754	1.007	0.759
	GSM850/Voice	Right Tilted	128	824.2	32.47	0.10	32.5	0.646	1.007	0.651
	GSM850/Voice	Left Cheek	128	824.2	32.47	0.13	32.5	0.546	1.007	0.550
	GSM850/Voice	Left Tilted	128	824.2	32.47	-0.01	32.5	0.488	1.007	0.491
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	29.54	0.04	30.0	0.635	1.112	0.706
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	29.54	0.17	30.0	0.845	1.112	0.940
2	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	29.54	-0.05	30.0	0.870	1.112	0.967
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	29.09	0.05	30.0	0.714	1.233	0.880
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	661	1880.0	29.38	0.01	30.0	0.729	1.153	0.841
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	29.54	0.17	30.0	0.285	1.112	0.317
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	29.54	0.24	30.0	0.355	1.112	0.395
Uı	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						1.6 W/kg Averaged	ı (mW/g) d over 1g		

WCDMA Head SAR

Plot	Band/Mode	Toot Donition	CH.	Freq.	Ave. Power	Power Drift	Tune-Up	Meas.	Scaling	Reported
No.	band/Mode	Test Position	Сп.	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.22	0.08	23.5	0.700	1.067	0.747
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.22	-0.07	23.5	0.822	1.067	0.877
3	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.22	0.05	23.5	0.894	1.067	0.954
_	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4132	826.4	22.95	-0.31	23.5	0.799	1.135	0.907
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4183	836.6	23.04	0.02	23.5	0.802	1.112	0.892
	Band V/RMC	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.22	0.02	23.5	0.606	1.067	0.647
	Band V/RMC	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.22	0.01	23.5	0.603	1.067	0.643
	Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1512	1752.6	21.91	0.06	22.0	0.998	1.021	1.019
	Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	21.56	-0.09	22.0	1.01	1.107	1.118
4	Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1412	1732.6	21.87	0.11	22.0	1.10	1.03	1.133
	Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1412	1732.6	21.87	0.06	22.0	1.06	1.03	1.092
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1512	1752.6	21.91	-0.02	22.0	1.080	1.021	1.103
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1312	1712.4	21.56	0.08	22.0	0.875	1.107	0.969
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1412	1732.6	21.87	0.29	22.0	1.10	1.03	1.133
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1412	1732.6	21.87	0.10	22.0	1.02	1.03	1.051
	Band IV/RMC	Left Cheek	1512	1752.6	21.91	0.08	22.0	0.530	1.021	0.541
	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1512	1752.6	21.91	0.19	22.0	0.693	1.021	0.708
	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.19	22.0	0.887	1.05	0.931
	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.10	22.0	0.863	1.05	0.906
	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9400	1880.0	21.37	-0.14	22.0	0.799	1.156	0.924
	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	21.32	-0.11	22.0	0.805	1.169	0.941
5	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.02	22.0	1.05	1.05	1.103
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	21.79	-0.05	22.0	0.997	1.05	1.047
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9400	1880.0	21.37	-0.03	22.0	0.951	1.156	1.099
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	21.32	0.02	22.0	0.962	1.169	1.125
	Band II/RMC	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.10	22.0	0.621	1.05	0.652
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.10	22.0	0.522	1.05	0.548
	ANGL/JEEF COF 4 CAFETY LIMIT									

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

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➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
6	Band2/RB#0	Right Cheek	18900	1880.0	23.30	0.13	23.5	0.746	1.047	0.781
	Band2/RB#0	Right Tilted	18900	1880.0	23.30	0.03	23.5	0.700	1.047	0.733
	Band2/RB#0	Left Cheek	18900	1880.0	23.30	-0.11	23.5	0.572	1.047	0.599
	Band2/RB#0	Left Tilted	18900	1880.0	23.30	-0.14	23.5	0.655	1.047	0.686
7	Band4/RB#49	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.79	0.35	24.0	0.956	1.05	1.004
	Band4/RB#49	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.79	0.11	24.0	0.913	1.05	0.959
	Band4/RB#49	Right Cheek	20050	1720.0	23.39	0.05	24.0	0.831	1.151	0.956
	Band4/RB#49	Right Cheek	20300	1745.0	23.58	-0.10	24.0	0.783	1.102	0.863
	Band4/RB#49	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.79	-0.02	24.0	0.431	1.05	0.453
	Band4/RB#49	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.79	0.07	24.0	0.382	1.05	0.401
	Band4/RB#49	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.79	0.16	24.0	0.386	1.05	0.405
	Band7/RB#99	Right Cheek	21100	2535.0	22.60	0.26	23.0	0.780	1.096	0.855
8	Band7/RB#99	Right Cheek	20850	2510.0	22.38	-0.29	22.5	0.852	1.028	0.876
	Band7/RB#99	Right Cheek	20850	2510.0	22.38	0.17	22.5	0.812	1.028	0.835
	Band7/RB#99	Right Cheek	21350	2560.0	22.44	-0.19	22.5	0.810	1.014	0.821
	Band7/RB#99	Right Tilted	21100	2535.0	22.60	-0.12	23.0	0.551	1.096	0.604
	Band7/RB#99	Left Cheek	21100	2535.0	22.60	-0.09	23.0	0.155	1.096	0.170
	Band7/RB#99	Left Tilted	21100	2535.0	22.60	0.07	23.0	0.083	1.096	0.091
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT							1.6 W/kg	g (mW/g)		

Spatial Peak **Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**

Averaged over 1g

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20600	844.0	23.29	-0.31	23.5	1.13	1.05	1.187
Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20600	844.0	23.29	-0.24	23.5	0.974	1.05	1.023
Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20450	829.0	23.22	-0.35	23.5	1.11	1.067	1.184
Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	23.21	0.06	23.5	1.12	1.069	1.197
Band5/RB#0	Right Tilted	20600	844.0	23.29	0.05	23.5	1.04	1.05	1.092
Band5/RB#0	Right Tilted	20600	844.0	23.29	-0.06	23.5	0.948	1.05	0.995
Band5/RB#0	Right Tilted	20450	829.0	23.22	0.13	23.5	0.895	1.067	0.955
Band5/RB#0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	23.21	0.11	23.5	0.982	1.069	1.050
Band5/RB#0	Left Cheek	20600	844.0	23.29	0.04	23.5	0.861	1.05	0.904
Band5/RB#0	Left Cheek	20600	844.0	23.29	0.10	23.5	0.803	1.05	0.843
Band5/RB#0	Left Cheek	20450	829.0	23.22	-0.05	23.5	0.701	1.067	0.748
Band5/RB#0	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	23.21	-0.20	23.5	0.810	1.069	0.866
Band5/RB#0	Left Tilted	20600	844.0	23.29	-0.08	23.5	0.682	1.05	0.716
Band12/RB#0	Right Cheek	23060	704.0	23.16	0.00	23.5	0.503	1.081	0.544
Band12/RB#0	Right Tilted	23060	704.0	23.16	-0.32	23.5	0.506	1.081	0.547
Band12/RB#0	Left Cheek	23060	704.0	23.16	0.02	23.5	0.363	1.081	0.392
Band12/RB#0	Left Tilted	23060	704.0	23.16	0.03	23.5	0.327	1.081	0.353
	Band5/RB#0 Band12/RB#0 Band12/RB#0 Band12/RB#0 Band12/RB#0	Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek Band12/RB#0 Right Tilted Band12/RB#0 Right Tilted Band12/RB#0 Right Tilted	Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20450 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 Band5/RB#0 Left Tilted 20600 Band12/RB#0 Right Tilted 23060 Band12/RB#0 Right Tilted 23060 Band12/RB#0 Left Cheek </td <td>Band/Mode Test Position CH. (MHz) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 836.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20450 829.0 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20450 829.0 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 836.5 Band5/RB#0 Left Tilted 20600 <</td> <td>Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 23.21 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 23.21 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21</td> <td>Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Drift (dB) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.31 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.24 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 -0.35 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 0.06 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 0.13 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 23.21 0.11 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 0.04 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 0.05 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 -0.05</td> <td>Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Drift (dBm) Limit (dBm) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.31 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.24 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 -0.35 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 0.06 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 0.13 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 23.21 0.11 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 0.04 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 <</td> <td>Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Drift (dB) Limit (dBm) SAR_{1g} (W/kg) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.31 23.5 1.13 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.24 23.5 0.974 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 -0.35 23.5 1.11 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 0.06 23.5 1.04 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 1.04 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 0.895 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 0.13 23.5 0.895 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 0.04 23.5 0.861 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 <td< td=""><td>Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Drift (dB) Limit (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) Scaling Factor Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.31 23.5 1.13 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.24 23.5 0.974 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 -0.35 23.5 1.11 1.067 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 0.06 23.5 1.12 1.069 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 0.05 23.5 1.04 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 0.948 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 0.13 23.5 0.895 1.067 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23</td></td<></td>	Band/Mode Test Position CH. (MHz) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 836.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20450 829.0 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20450 829.0 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 836.5 Band5/RB#0 Left Tilted 20600 <	Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 23.21 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 23.21 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21	Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. 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(MHz) Power (dBm) Drift (dBm) Limit (dBm) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.31 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.24 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 -0.35 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 0.06 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 0.13 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20525 836.5 23.21 0.11 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 0.04 23.5 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 <	Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Drift (dB) Limit (dBm) SAR _{1g} (W/kg) Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.31 23.5 1.13 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.24 23.5 0.974 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 -0.35 23.5 1.11 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 0.06 23.5 1.04 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 1.04 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 0.895 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 0.13 23.5 0.895 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 0.04 23.5 0.861 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 <td< td=""><td>Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Drift (dB) Limit (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) Scaling Factor Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.31 23.5 1.13 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.24 23.5 0.974 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 -0.35 23.5 1.11 1.067 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 0.06 23.5 1.12 1.069 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 0.05 23.5 1.04 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 0.948 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 0.13 23.5 0.895 1.067 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23</td></td<>	Band/Mode Test Position CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Drift (dB) Limit (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) Scaling Factor Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.31 23.5 1.13 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.24 23.5 0.974 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20450 829.0 23.22 -0.35 23.5 1.11 1.067 Band5/RB#0 Right Cheek 20525 836.5 23.21 0.06 23.5 1.12 1.069 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 0.05 23.5 1.04 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20600 844.0 23.29 -0.06 23.5 0.948 1.05 Band5/RB#0 Right Tilted 20450 829.0 23.22 0.13 23.5 0.895 1.067 Band5/RB#0 Left Cheek 20600 844.0 23

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 - SAFETY LIMIT **Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

LTF 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

	LIL ZOMINZ QI O	1 30 701 LD TICA	u O/IIX							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
11	Band2/RB#24	Right Cheek	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.09	22.5	0.569	1.057	0.601
	Band2/RB#24	Right Tilted	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.07	22.5	0.561	1.057	0.593
	Band2/RB#24	Left Cheek	18900	1880.0	22.26	-0.06	22.5	0.327	1.057	0.346
	Band2/RB#24	Left Tilted	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.14	22.5	0.300	1.057	0.317
12	Band4/RB#49	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.96	0.06	23.0	0.757	1.009	0.764
	Band4/RB#49	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.96	-0.03	23.0	0.609	1.009	0.614

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	Band4/RB#49	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.96	0.09	23.0	0.318	1.009	0.321
	Band4/RB#49	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.96	0.07	23.0	0.335	1.009	0.338
	Band7/RB#49	Right Cheek	21100	2535.0	21.61	-0.33	22.0	0.548	1.094	0.600
13	Band7/RB#49	Right Tilted	21100	2535.0	21.61	-0.40	22.0	0.569	1.094	0.622
	Band7/RB#49	Left Cheek	21100	2535.0	21.61	0.01	22.0	0.552	1.094	0.604
	Band7/RB#49	Left Tilted	21100	2535.0	21.61	-0.10	22.0	0.268	1.094	0.293

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 - SAFETY LIMIT **Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#12	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.20	-0.23	22.5	0.666	1.072	0.714
14	Band5/RB#12	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.20	-0.01	22.5	0.758	1.072	0.813
	Band5/RB#12	Right Tilted	20450	829.0	22.05	0.25	22.5	0.691	1.109	0.766
	Band5/RB#12	Right Tilted	20600	844.0	22.07	0.19	22.5	0.739	1.104	0.816
	Band5/RB#12	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.20	0.13	22.5	0.517	1.072	0.554
	Band5/RB#12	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.20	-0.18	22.5	0.438	1.072	0.470
15	Band12/RB#24	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	22.19	-0.01	22.5	0.623	1.074	0.669
	Band12/RB#24	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	22.19	0.06	22.5	0.537	1.074	0.577
	Band12/RB#24	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	22.19	-0.06	22.5	0.332	1.074	0.357
	Band12/RB#24	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	22.19	0.07	22.5	0.248	1.074	0.266
U	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa ncontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion			1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g	l	_

LTE 20MHz QPSK 100%RB Head SAR

	LIL ZOWINZ QI	<u> </u>	G.G. G							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power	Power Drift	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. SAR _{1g}	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g}
				, ,	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)
16	Band4/RB#0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.82	0.16	23.0	0.705	1.042	0.735
	Band7/RB#0	Right Cheek	21100	2535.0	21.58	-0.32	22.0	0.898	1.102	0.990
	Band7/RB#0	Right Cheek	20850	2510.0	21.48	-0.14	21.5	0.779	1.005	0.783
17	Band7/RB#0	Right Cheek	21350	2560.0	21.44	-0.01	21.5	0.915	1.014	0.928
	Band7/RB#0	Right Cheek	21350	2560.0	21.44	0.23	21.5	0.912	1.014	0.925
U		C95.1 – SAFET patial Peak posure/Genera		ition			1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g	l	

LTE 10MHz QPSK 100%RB Head SAR

	<u> </u>	OIX 100701XB 110	uu 0,							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
18	Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20600	844.0	22.21	0.16	22.5	0.922	1.069	0.986
	Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20600	844.0	22.21	-0.03	22.5	0.868	1.069	0.928
	Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20450	829.0	22.13	-0.35	22.5	0.768	1.089	0.836
	Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.19	0.12	22.5	0.798	1.074	0.857
	Band5/RB#0	Right Tilted	20600	844.0	22.21	0.11	22.5	0.729	1.069	0.779
	Band5/RB#0	Left Cheek	20600	844.0	22.21	0.23	22.5	0.618	1.069	0.661
		C95.1 - SAFET	Y LIMIT				1.6 W/kg	g (mW/g)		

Spatial Peak Averaged over 1g **Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**

WLAN 2.4 GHz Head SAR

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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	01	2412	16.42	-0.03	16.5	0.223	1.019	1.01	0.230
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilted	01	2412	16.42	0.13	16.5	0.182	1.019	1.01	0.187
20	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	01	2412	16.42	0.09	16.5	0.443	1.019	1.01	0.456

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2.4GHz/802.11b Left 7	Tilted 01	2412	16.42	-0.21	16.5	0.392	1.019	1.01	0.403
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 - S	AFETY LIMIT	Γ			161	N/kg (mV	//a\		
Spatial Pea	ak					• .	•		
Uncontrolled Exposure/Ge	eneral Popula	ation			Aver	aged ove	erig		

Note

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS , when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
- 5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. Cuz the maximum output power specified for OFDM and DSSS are 36.39mW(15.61dBm) and 43.85mW(16.42dBm), the scaled SAR would be 0.456x(36.39/43.85)=0.378W/Kg, therefore, SAR is not required for OFDM.
- 6. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.



15.2 Standalone Body SAR

➢ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Front	128	824.2	32.47	0.02	32.5	0.371	1.007	0.374
21	GSM850/Voice	Back	128	824.2	32.47	0.31	32.5	0.398	1.007	0.401
	GSM1900/Voice	Front	810	1909.8	29.54	0.16	30.0	0.102	1.112	0.113
22	GSM1900/Voice	Back	810	1909.8	29.54	0.06	30.0	0.161	1.112	0.179
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg	(mW/g)		

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Averaged over 1g

WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	23.22	-0.24	23.5	0.311	1.067	0.332
23	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	23.22	0.05	23.5	0.355	1.067	0.379
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1512	1752.6	21.91	0.14	22.0	0.191	1.021	0.195
24	Band IV/RMC	Back	1512	1752.6	21.91	0.08	22.0	0.278	1.021	0.284
	Band II/RMC	Front	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.18	22.0	0.156	1.05	0.164
25	Band II/RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.14	22.0	0.259	1.05	0.272
	ANOL/JEEE OOF	4 04 5 5 7	/							

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT **Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18900	1880.0	23.30	-0.30	23.5	0.227	1.047	0.238
26	Band2/RB#0	Back	18900	1880.0	23.30	-0.34	23.5	0.356	1.047	0.373
	Band4/RB#49	Front	20175	1732.5	23.79	-0.38	24.0	0.271	1.05	0.285
27	Band4/RB#49	Back	20175	1732.5	23.79	-0.39	24.0	0.399	1.05	0.419
28	Band7/RB#99	Front	21100	2535.0	22.60	0.16	23.0	0.148	1.096	0.162
	Band7/RB#99	Back	21100	2535.0	22.60	0.22	23.0	0.141	1.096	0.155
	ANSI / IEEE CS	95.1 - SAFET	Y LIMIT	•		•	4 0 14/7			

Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#0	Front	20600	844.0	23.29	-0.02	23.5	0.396	1.05	0.416
29	Band5/RB#0	Back	20600	844.0	23.29	0.02	23.5	0.427	1.05	0.448
	Band12/RB#0	Front	23060	704.0	23.16	-0.00	23.5	0.246	1.081	0.266
30	Band12/RB#0	Back	23060	704.0	23.16	0.07	23.5	0.277	1.081	0.299

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 - SAFETY LIMIT **Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#24	Front	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.11	22.5	0.157	1.057	0.166
31	Band2/RB#24	Back	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.01	22.5	0.225	1.057	0.238
	Band4/RB#49	Front	20175	1732.5	22.96	-0.27	23.0	0.263	1.009	0.265
32	Band4/RB#49	Back	20175	1732.5	22.96	-0.12	23.0	0.331	1.009	0.334

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33	Band7/RB#49	Front	21100	2535.0	21.61	0.15	22.0	0.094	1.094	0.103
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21100	2535.0	21.61	0.21	22.0	0.084	1.094	0.092
U	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa ncontrolled Expo	atial Peak		ition			1.6 W/kg Average	g (mW/g) d over 1g	I	

LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#12	Front	20525	836.5	22.20	0.04	22.5	0.330	1.072	0.354
34	Band5/RB#12	Back	20525	836.5	22.20	0.27	22.5	0.330	1.072	0.354
	Band12/RB#24	Front	23095	707.5	22.19	-0.03	22.5	0.231	1.074	0.248
35	Band12/RB#24	Back	23095	707.5	22.19	0.03	22.5	0.276	1.074	0.296
U	ANSI / IEEE CS Spa ncontrolled Expo	tion			1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g				

WLAN 2.4 GHz Body SAR

	WLAN 2.4 GHZ B	ouy SAN									
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	01	2412	16.42	0.26	16.5	0.102	1.019	1.01	0.105
36	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	01	2412	16.42	-0.14	16.5	0.142	1.019	1.01	0.146

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 - SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

Note:

- Body-worn SAR testing was performed at 10mm separation, and this distance is determined by the handset manufacturer that there will be body-worn accessories that users may acquire at the time of equipment certification, to enable users to purchase aftermarket body-worn accessories with the required minimum separation.
- Per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories.
- 3. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call is selected to be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the *Reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. The WLAN SAR perform the front and back position, due considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 7. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 9. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

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15.3 Body SAR in Hotspot Mode

GSM Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	СН.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GPRS850/4 slots	Front	128	824.2	28.72	-0.18	29.0	0.593	1.067	0.633
37	GPRS850/4 slots	Back	128	824.2	28.72	0.02	29.0	0.648	1.067	0.691
	GPRS850/4 slots	Right	128	824.2	28.72	0.02	29.0	0.256	1.067	0.273
	GPRS850/4 slots	Тор	128	824.2	28.72	0.04	29.0	0.306	1.067	0.327
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Front	810	1909.8	25.87	0.04	26.0	0.110	1.03	0.113
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Back	810	1909.8	25.87	-0.09	26.0	0.166	1.03	0.171
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Right	810	1909.8	25.87	0.21	26.0	0.102	1.03	0.105
38	GPRS1900/4 slots	Тор	810	1909.8	25.87	-0.35	26.0	0.296	1.03	0.305
	ANSI / IEEE C95.	1 - SAFETY				1 6 \\/\/\/\	(m\\//a\			

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

> WCDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	23.22	-0.24	23.5	0.311	1.067	0.332
23	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	23.22	0.05	23.5	0.355	1.067	0.379
	Band V/RMC	Right	4233	846.6	23.22	-0.05	23.5	0.205	1.067	0.219
	Band V/RMC	Top	4233	846.6	23.22	0.07	23.5	0.254	1.067	0.271
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1512	1752.6	21.91	0.14	22.0	0.191	1.021	0.195
24	Band IV/RMC	Back	1512	1752.6	21.91	0.08	22.0	0.278	1.021	0.284
	Band IV/RMC	Right	1512	1752.6	21.91	-0.26	22.0	0.021	1.021	0.021
	Band IV/RMC	Тор	1512	1752.6	21.91	-0.31	22.0	0.178	1.021	0.182
	Band II/RMC	Front	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.18	22.0	0.156	1.05	0.164
25	Band II/RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.14	22.0	0.259	1.05	0.272
	Band II/RMC	Right	9262	1852.4	21.79	-0.14	22.0	0.031	1.05	0.033
	Band II/RMC	Top	9262	1852.4	21.79	0.19	22.0	0.185	1.05	0.194
	ANSI / IEEE C95	.1 - SAFET	/ LIMIT				1 C W/ka	· /m\\//m\		

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18900	1880.0	23.30	-0.30	23.5	0.227	1.047	0.238
26	Band2/RB#0	Back	18900	1880.0	23.30	-0.34	23.5	0.356	1.047	0.373
	Band2/RB#0	Right	18900	1880.0	23.30	-0.13	23.5	0.032	1.047	0.034
	Band2/RB#0	Тор	18900	1880.0	23.30	0.20	23.5	0.228	1.047	0.239
	Band4/RB#49	Front	20175	1732.5	23.79	-0.38	24.0	0.271	1.05	0.285
27	Band4/RB#49	Back	20175	1732.5	23.79	-0.39	24.0	0.399	1.05	0.419
	Band4/RB#49	Right	20175	1732.5	23.79	0.12	24.0	0.048	1.05	0.050
	Band4/RB#49	Тор	20175	1732.5	23.79	0.09	24.0	0.304	1.05	0.319
28	Band7/RB#99	Front	21100	2535.0	22.60	0.16	23.0	0.148	1.096	0.162
	Band7/RB#99	Back	21100	2535.0	22.60	0.22	23.0	0.141	1.096	0.155
	Band7/RB#99	Right	21100	2535.0	22.60	-0.06	23.0	0.002	1.096	0.002
	Band7/RB#99	Тор	21100	2535.0	22.60	-0.24	23.0	0.146	1.096	0.160

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot	Band/Mode	Test	ر ت	Freq.	Ave.	Power	Tune-Up	Meas.	Scaling	Reported
No.	Dariu/Mode	Position	Сп.	(MHz)	Power	Drift	Limit	SAR _{1g}	Factor	SAR _{1g}

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					(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)
	Band5/RB#0	Front	20600	844.0	23.29	-0.02	23.5	0.396	1.05	0.416
29	Band5/RB#0	Back	20600	844.0	23.29	0.02	23.5	0.427	1.05	0.448
	Band5/RB#0	Right	20600	844.0	23.29	-0.01	23.5	0.281	1.05	0.295
	Band5/RB#0	Тор	20600	844.0	23.29	-0.00	23.5	0.329	1.05	0.345
	Band12/RB#0	Front	23060	704.0	23.16	-0.00	23.5	0.246	1.081	0.266
30	Band12/RB#0	Back	23060	704.0	23.16	0.07	23.5	0.277	1.081	0.299
	Band12/RB#0	Right	23060	704.0	23.16	0.24	23.5	0.108	1.081	0.117
	Band12/RB#0	Тор	23060	704.0	23.16	0.16	23.5	0.106	1.081	0.115
	ANSI / IEEE CS				4 0 14//	()) ()				

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#24	Front	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.11	22.5	0.157	1.057	0.166
31	Band2/RB#24	Back	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.01	22.5	0.225	1.057	0.238
	Band2/RB#24	Right	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.06	22.5	0.024	1.057	0.025
	Band2/RB#24	Тор	18900	1880.0	22.26	0.22	22.5	0.159	1.057	0.168
	Band4/RB#49	Front	20175	1732.5	22.96	-0.27	23.0	0.263	1.009	0.265
32	Band4/RB#49	Back	20175	1732.5	22.96	-0.12	23.0	0.331	1.009	0.334
	Band4/RB#49	Right	20175	1732.5	22.96	0.14	23.0	0.039	1.009	0.039
	Band4/RB#49	Тор	20175	1732.5	22.96	-0.00	23.0	0.308	1.009	0.311
	Band7/RB#49	Front	21100	2535.0	21.61	0.15	22.0	0.094	1.094	0.103
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21100	2535.0	21.61	0.21	22.0	0.084	1.094	0.092
	Band7/RB#49	Right	21100	2535.0	21.61	0.32	22.0	0.029	1.094	0.032
39	Band7/RB#49	Тор	21100	2535.0	21.61	-0.29	22.0	0.112	1.094	0.123
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT							1 6 W/kr	n (mW/a)	•	

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 - SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#12	Front	20525	836.5	22.20	0.04	22.5	0.330	1.072	0.354
34	Band5/RB#12	Back	20525	836.5	22.20	0.27	22.5	0.330	1.072	0.354
	Band5/RB#12	Right	20525	836.5	22.20	-0.27	22.5	0.234	1.072	0.251
	Band5/RB#12	Тор	20525	836.5	22.20	-0.16	22.5	0.273	1.072	0.293
	Band12/RB#24	Front	23095	707.5	22.19	-0.03	22.5	0.231	1.074	0.248
35	Band12/RB#24	Back	23095	707.5	22.19	0.03	22.5	0.276	1.074	0.296
	Band12/RB#24	Right	23095	707.5	22.19	0.01	22.5	0.084	1.074	0.09
	Band12/RB#24	Тор	23095	707.5	22.19	0.11	22.5	0.086	1.074	0.092
	ANSI / IEEE CS				1 6 W/ka	n (mW/a)				

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

WLAN 2.4GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

	7 TENTE Body ONT IN HOLOPOT MOGO										
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune- Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	01	2412	16.42	0.26	16.5	0.102	1.019	1.01	0.105
36	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	01	2412	16.42	-0.14	16.5	0.142	1.019	1.01	0.146
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left	01	2412	16.42	0.28	16.5	0.015	1.019	1.01	0.015
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Top	01	2412	16.42	0.01	16.5	0.115	1.019	1.01	0.118

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

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Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 2. Additional WLAN SAR testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.
- 3. For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, for EUT dimension ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.

Report No: CCISE161003101

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA output power is < 0.25dB
 higher than RMC 12.2kbps, or Reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be
 excluded.
- 5. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 6. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the Reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel.
- 8. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.4 Repeated SAR measurement

•	_ Measured SAR (W/kg)							
Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq.	•	1 st Repeated		2 nd Repeated	
			(MHz)	Original	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	0.845	0.870	0.97	/	/
Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	0.822	0.894	0.92	/	/
Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1412	1732.6	1.10	1.06	1.04	/	/
Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1412	1732.6	1.10	1.02	1.08	/	/
Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	0.887	0.863	1.03	/	/
Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	1.05	0.997	1.05	/	/
Band4 1RB/RB#49	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	0.956	0.913	1.05	/	/
Band5 1RB/RB#0	Right Cheek	20600	844.0	1.13	0.974	1.16	/	/
Band5 1RB/RB#0	Right Tilted	20600	844.0	1.04	0.948	1.10	/	/
Band5 1RB/RB#0	Left Cheek	20600	844.0	0.861	0.803	1.07	/	/
Band7 1RB/RB#99	Right Cheek	20850	2510.0	0.852	0.812	1.05	/	/
Band5 100%RB/RB#0	Right Cheek	20600	844.0	0.922	0.868	1.06	/	/
Band7 100%RB/RB#0	Right Cheek	21350	2560.0	0.915	0.912	1.00	/	/
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT				1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Spatial Peak								
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Ave	raged ov	ei ig	

Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8 W/kg
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of original and repeated is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45 W/kg, only one
 repeated measurement is required.



15.5 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

> Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is \leq 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR =
$$\frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up	Exposure Position	Head	Body	Hotspot
Mode	Power (dBm)	Test Distance (mm)	0	10	10
Bluetooth	5	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.131	0.065	0.065

Note:

 When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.

Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration

	Position	Applicable Combination
	Head	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
Simultaneous	Пеац	WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
Transmission	Body	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
Consideration	Воду	WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Hotspot	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
	Поізроі	WWAN (Data) + Bluetooth

Note:

- 1. WLAN 2.4GHz Band and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. GSM/WCDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i. Scalar SAR summation < 1.6 W/kg.
 - ii. SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm)$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - iii. Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR < 1.6 W/kg

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15.6 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Head Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
	Right Cheek	0.759	0.230	0.989			
GSM850	Right Tilted	0.651	0.187	0.838			
GSIVIOSU	Left Cheek	0.550	0.456	1.006			
	Left Tilted	0.491	0.403	0.894			

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.759	0.131	0.890
GSM850	Right Tilted	0.651	0.131	0.782
GSIVIOSU	Left Cheek	0.550	0.131	0.681
	Left Tilted	0.491	0.131	0.622

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.706	0.230	0.936
GSM	Right Tilted	0.967	0.187	1.154
1900	Left Cheek	0.317	0.456	0.773
	Left Tilted	0.395	0.403	0.798

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.706	0.131	0.837
GSM	Right Tilted	0.967	0.131	1.098
1900	Left Cheek	0.317	0.131	0.448
	Left Tilted	0.395	0.131	0.526

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.747	0.230	0.977
WCDMA	Right Tilted	0.954	0.187	1.141
Band V	Left Cheek	0.647	0.456	1.103
	Left Tilted	0.643	0.403	1.046

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.747	0.131	0.878
WCDMA	Right Tilted	0.954	0.131	1.085
Band V	Left Cheek	0.647	0.131	0.778
	Left Tilted	0.643	0.131	0.774

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	1.133	0.230	1.363
WCDMA	Right Tilted	1.133	0.187	1.320
Band IV	Left Cheek	0.541	0.456	0.997
	Left Tilted	0.708	0.403	1.111

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	1.133	0.131	1.264
WCDMA	Right Tilted	1.133	0.131	1.264
Band IV	Left Cheek	0.541	0.131	0.672
	Left Tilted	0.708	0.131	0.839

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.941	0.230	1.171
WCDMA	Right Tilted	1.125	0.187	1.312
Band II	Left Cheek	0.652	0.456	1.108
	Left Tilted	0.548	0.403	0.951

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.941	0.131	1.072
WCDMA	Right Tilted	1.125	0.131	1.256
Band II	Left Cheek	0.652	0.131	0.783
	Left Tilted	0.548	0.131	0.679



Bluetooth Estimated

SAR_{1g}

(W/kg) 0.131

0.131

0.131

0.131

Bluetooth Estimated

SAR_{1g}

(W/kg) 0.131

0.131

0.131

0.131

ΣSAR

(W/kg)

0.912

0.864

0.730

0.817

ΣSAR

(W/kg)

1.135

0.745

0.532

0.536



WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
	Right Cheek	0.781	0.230	1.011			Right Cheek	0.781	
LTE	Right Tilted	0.733	0.187	0.920		LTE	Right Tilted	0.733	
Band 2	Left Cheek	0.599	0.456	1.055		Band 2	Left Cheek	0.599	
	Left Tilted	0.686	0.403	1.089			Left Tilted	0.686	
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
	Right Cheek	1.004	0.230	1.234			Right Cheek	1.004	
LTE	Right Tilted	0.614	0.187	0.801		LTE	Right Tilted	0.614	
Band 4	Left Cheek	0.401	0.456	0.857		Band 4	Left Cheek	0.401	
	Left Tilted	0.405	0.403	0.808			Left Tilted	0.405	
				1	1				
WWAN	Docition	WWAN	WLAN	ΣSAR		WWAN	Docition	WWAN	

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	,
	Right Cheek	1.197	0.230	1.427	
LTE	Right Tilted	1.092	0.187	1.279	
Band 5	Left Cheek	0.904	0.456	1.360	
	Left Tilted	0.716	0.403	1.119	

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	1.197	0.131	1.328
LTE	Right Tilted	1.092	0.131	1.223
Band 5	Left Cheek	0.904	0.131	1.035
	Left Tilted	0.716	0.131	0.847

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.990	0.230	1.220
LTE	Right Tilted	0.622	0.187	0.809
Band 7	Left Cheek	0.604	0.456	1.060
	Left Tilted	0.293	0.403	0.696

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.990	0.131	1.121
LTE	Right Tilted	0.622	0.131	0.753
Band 7	Left Cheek	0.604	0.131	0.735
	Left Tilted	0.293	0.131	0.424

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.669	0.230	0.899
LTE	Right Tilted	0.577	0.187	0.764
Band 12	Left Cheek	0.392	0.456	0.848
	Left Tilted	0.353	0.403	0.756

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.669	0.131	0.800
LTE	Right Tilted	0.577	0.131	0.708
Band 12	Left Cheek	0.392	0.131	0.523
	Left Tilted	0.353	0.131	0.484





> Body	worn Simul	aneous T	ransmiss	sion					
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.374	0.105	0.479	GSM850	Front	0.374	0.065	0.439
GSIVIOSO	Back	0.401	0.146	0.547	G31V1630	Back	0.401	0.065	0.466
								1	
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM	Front	0.113	0.105	0.218	GSM	Front	0.113	0.065	0.178
1900	Back	0.179	0.146	0.325	1900	Back	0.179	0.065	0.244
								1	
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA	Front	0.332	0.105	0.332	WCDMA	Front	0.332	0.065	0.397
Band V	Back	0.379	0.146	0.525	Band V	Back	0.379	0.065	0.444
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA	Front	0.195	0.105	0.300	WCDMA	Front	0.195	0.065	0.260
Band IV	Back	0.284	0.146	0.430	Band IV	Back	0.284	0.065	0.349
		•					1		
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA	Front	0.164	0.105	0.269	WCDMA	Front	0.164	0.065	0.229
Band II	Back	0.272	0.146	0.418	Band II	Back	0.272	0.065	0.337
					<u> </u>		· I	l	
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.238	0.105	0.343	LTE	Front	0.238	0.065	0.303
Band 2	Back	0.373	0.146	0.519	Band 2	Back	0.373	0.065	0.438
		J.					1		I.
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.285	0.105	0.390	LTE	Front	0.285	0.065	0.350
Band 4	Back	0.419	0.146	0.565	Band 4	Back	0.419	0.065	0.484
								•	
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.416	0.105	0.521	LTE	Front	0.416	0.065	0.481
Band 5					Band 5				

Back

Band 5

0.448

0.146

0.594

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Band 5

Back

0.065

Project No.: CCISE1610031

0.513

0.448





WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.162	0.105	0.267
Band 7	Back	0.155	0.146	0.301

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.266	0.105	0.371
Band 12	Back	0.299	0.146	0.445

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.162	0.065	0.227
Band 7	Back	0.155	0.065	0.220

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.266	0.065	0.331
Band 12	Back	0.299	0.065	0.364





Body worn in hotspot Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.633	0.105	0.738
	Back	0.691	0.146	0.837
GSM850	Left	/	0.015	0.015
GSIVIOSO	Right	0.273	/	0.273
	Тор	0.327	0.118	0.445
	Bottom	/	/	/

<u> </u>				
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.633	0.065	0.698
	Back	0.691	0.065	0.756
GSM850	Left	/	0.065	0.065
GSIVIOSO	Right	0.273	/	0.273
	Тор	0.327	0.065	0.392
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.113	0.105	0.218
	Back	0.171	0.146	0.317
GSM	Left	/	0.015	0.015
1900	Right	0.105	/	0.105
	Тор	0.305	0.118	0.423
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.113	0.065	0.178
	ack	0.177	0.065	0.242
GSM	Left	/	0.065	0.065
1900	Right	0.105	/	0.105
	Тор	0.305	0.065	0.370
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.332	0.105	0.437
	Back	0.379	0.146	0.525
WCDMA	Left	/	0.015	0.0159
Band V	Right	0.219	/	0.219
	Тор	0.271	0.118	0.389
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.332	0.065	0.397
	Back	0.379	0.065	0.444
WCDMA	Left	/	0.065	0.065
Band V	Right	0.219	/	0.219
	Тор	0.271	0.065	0.336
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.195	0.105	0.300
	Back	0.284	0.146	0.430
WCDMA	Left	/	0.015	0.015
Band IV	Right	0.021	/	0.021
	Тор	0.182	0.118	0.300
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.195	0.065	0.260
	Back	0.284	0.065	0.349
WCDMA	Left	/	0.065	0.065
Band IV	Right	0.021	/	0.021
	Тор	0.182	0.065	0.247
	Bottom	/	/	/

0.269
0.418
0.015
0.033
C

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.164	0.065	0.229
	Back	0.272	0.065	0.337
	Left	/	0.065	0.065
	Right	0.033	/	0.033

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Тор	0.194	0.118	0.312	Тор	0.194	0.065	0.259
Bottom	/	/	/	Bottom	/	/	/

	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.238	0.105	0.343
		Back	0.373	0.146	0.519
		Left	/	0.015	0.015
		Right	0.034	/	0.034
		Тор	0.239	0.118	0.357
		Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.238	0.065	0.303
	Back	0.373	0.065	0.438
LTE	Left	/	0.065	0.065
Band 2	Right	0.034	/	0.034
	Тор	0.239	0.065	0.304
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.285	0.105	0.390
	Back	0.419	0.146	0.565
LTE	Left	/	0.015	0.015
Band 4	Right	0.050	/	0.050
	Тор	0.319	0.118	0.437
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.285	0.065	0.350
	Back	0.419	0.065	0.484
LTE	Left	/	0.065	0.065
Band 4	Right	0.050	/	0.050
	Тор	0.319	0.065	0.384
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.416	0.105	0.521
	Back	0.448	0.146	0.594
LTE	Left	/	0.015	0.015
Band 5	Right	0.295	/	0.295
	Тор	0.345	0.118	0.463
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.416	0.065	0.481
	Back	0.448	0.065	0.513
LTE	Left	/	0.065	0.065
Band 5	Right	0.295	/	0.295
	Тор	0.345	0.065	0.410
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.162	0.105	0.267
	Back	0.155	0.146	0.301
LTE	Left	/	0.015	0.015
Band 7	Right	0.032	/	0.032
	Тор	0.160	0.118	0.278
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.162	0.065	0.227
	Back	0.155	0.065	0.220
LTE	Left	/	0.065	0.065
Band 7	Right	0.032	/	0.032
	Тор	0.160	0.065	0.225
	Bottom	/	/	/





WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	WLAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.266	0.105	0.371
	Back	0.299	0.146	0.445
LTE	Left	/	0.015	0.015
Band 12	Right	0.117	/	0.117
	Тор	0.115	0.118	0.233
	Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR1g (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.266	0.065	0.331
	Back	0.299	0.065	0.364
LTE	Left	/	0.065	0.065
Band 12	Right	0.117	/	0.117
	Тор	0.115	0.065	0.180
	Bottom	/	/	/

> Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

15.7 Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A Type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in below Table.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor	1/k(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.



Uncertainty Component	Section	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(C _i)	(C _i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	±0.5%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±0.20%	±0.20%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	±2.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.05%	±1.05%	∞
Boundary Effects	E.2.3	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	±0.6%	R	√3	1	1	±0.35%	±0.35%	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	±0.25%	R	√3	1	1	±0.14%	±0.14%	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	±0.3%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.46%	±0.46%	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerances	E.6.2	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.23%	±0.23%	8
Probe positioning tolerance with respect to the phantom shell surface	E.6.3	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.67%	±1.67%	8
Interpolation, extrapolation, and integration algorithm For max. SAR Evaluation.	E.5	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	E.4.2	±4.6%	N	1	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	M-1
Device Holder	E.4.1	±5.2%	N	1	1	1	±5.2%	±5.2%	M-1
Power Drift	6.6.2	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.89%	±2.89%	∞
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.31%	±2.31%	∞
Liquid Conductivity(Target)	E.3.2	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.85%	±1.24%	∞
Liquid Conductivity(Meas.)	E.3.3	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	±1.64%	±1.08%	М
Liquid Permittivity(Target)	E.3.2	±5.0%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.73%	±1.41%	8
Liquid Permittivity(Meas.)	E.3.3	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.23%	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty (RSS)							±11.07%	±10.84%	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Level, k = 2)							±22.2%	±21.7%	

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz according to IEEE1528-2013

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15.8 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



16 Reference

- [1]. FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2]. ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992

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- [3]. IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", September2013
- [4]. SPEAG DASY52 System Handbook
- [5]. FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS", October 2015
- [6]. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "RF EXPOSURE PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZATION POLICIES FOR MOBILE AND PORTABLE DEVICES", October 2015
- [7]. FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR WIRELESS HANDSETS", October 2015
- [8]. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", October 2015
- [9]. FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES", Dec 2015
- [10]. FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
- [11]. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, " SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES", October 2015
- [12]. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 100 MHz TO 6 GHz", August 2015





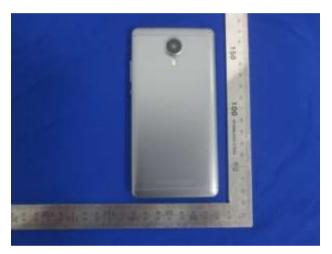
Appendix A: EUT Photos













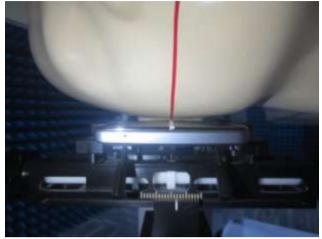




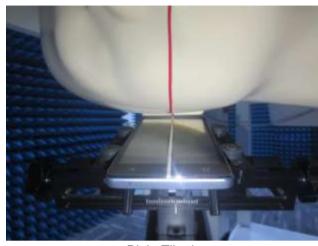
Appendix B: Test Setup Photos



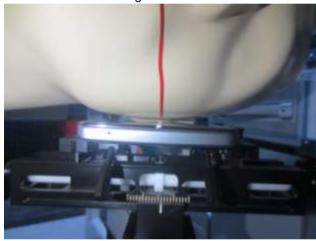
Head



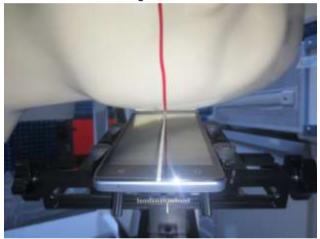
Right Cheek



Right Tilted

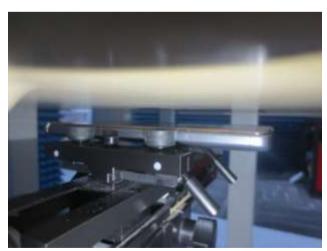


Left Cheek

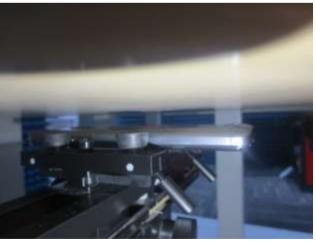


Left Tilted

Body



Front side (10mm)



Back side(10mm)

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Top side(10mm)



Left side(10mm)



Right side(10mm)





Appendix C: Plots of SAR System Check





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.07.2016 19:23:19

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: SN:1118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.868 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.973$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.99, 9.99, 9.99); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.989 W/kg

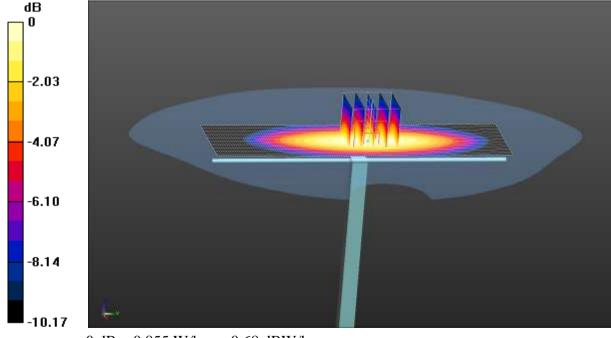
SAR(1 g) = 0.679 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.842 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.855 W/kg



0 dB = 0.855 W/kg = -0.68 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.07.2016 19:43:51

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN:4d154

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.920$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.151$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.940 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

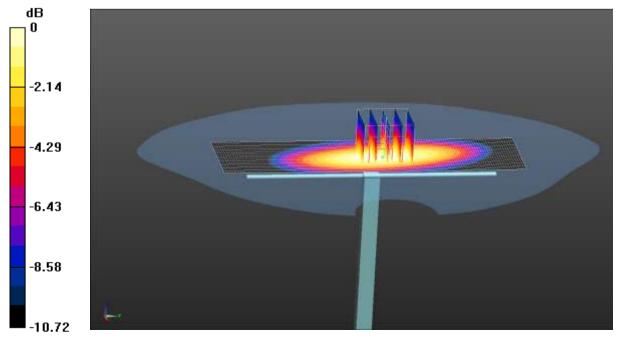
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.744W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.485 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.931 W/kg



0 dB = 0.931 W/kg = -0.31 dBW/kg



Date/Time: 11.19.2016 08:07:46

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1062

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.395 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.552$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

Test Laboratory: CCIS

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.47, 8.47, 8.47); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1750MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.899 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.73 W/kg

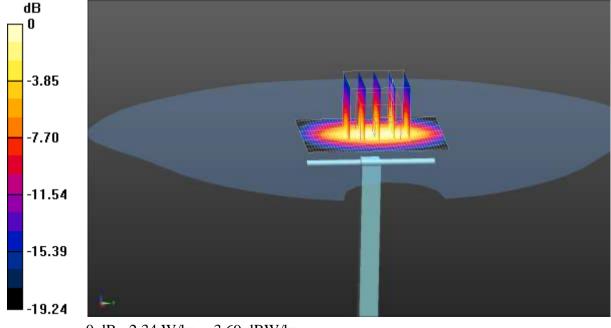
SAR(1 g) = 1.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.668 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.23 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1750MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=10 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.34 W/kg



0 dB = 2.34 W/kg = 3.69 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.11.2016 14:04:58

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d175

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.382 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.074$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

• Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.49 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

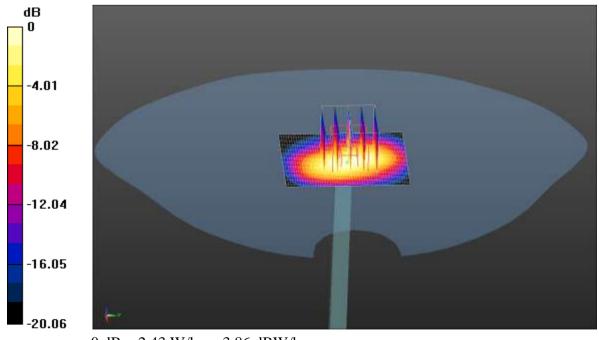
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 40.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.803 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.43 W/kg



0 dB = 2.43 W/kg = 3.86 dBW/kg

No. B-C, 1/F., Building 2, Laodong No.2 Industrial Park, Xixiang Road,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.19.2016 08:36:29

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d175

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.419 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.672$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

• Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.47 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

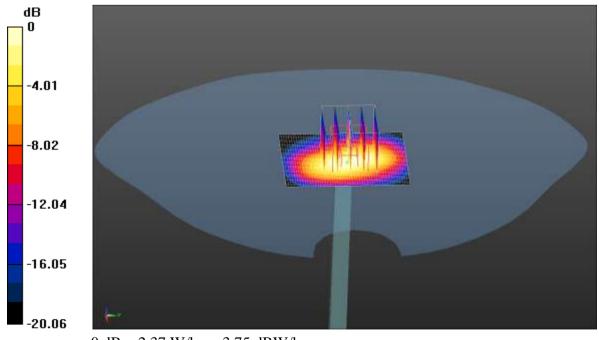
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 40.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.800 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.37 W/kg



0 dB = 2.37 W/kg = 3.75 dBW/kg

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.14.2016 20:07:33

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN:910

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.831 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.415$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.56 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

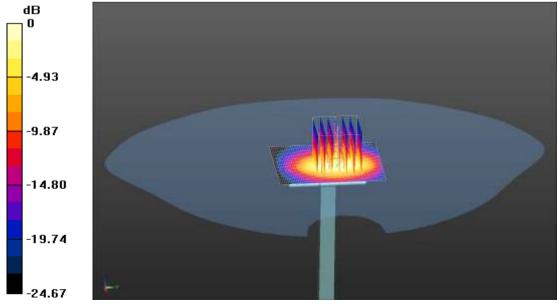
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.972 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.36 W/kg



0 dB = 3.36 W/kg = 5.26 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.15.2016 07:56:31

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: SN:1114

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.983 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.106$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan(7X7X7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 42.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.02 W/kg

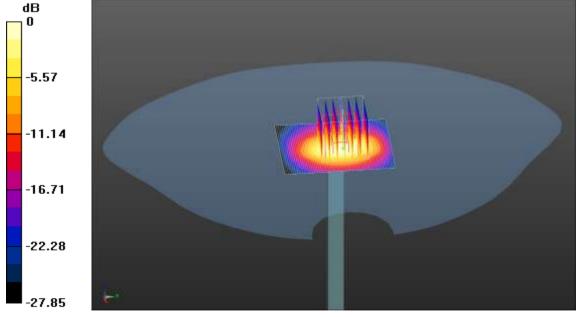
SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.993 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.71 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.86W/kg



0 dB = 3.86 W/kg = 5.87 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.08.2016 16:10:30

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: SN:1118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.504$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.98, 9.98, 9.98); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

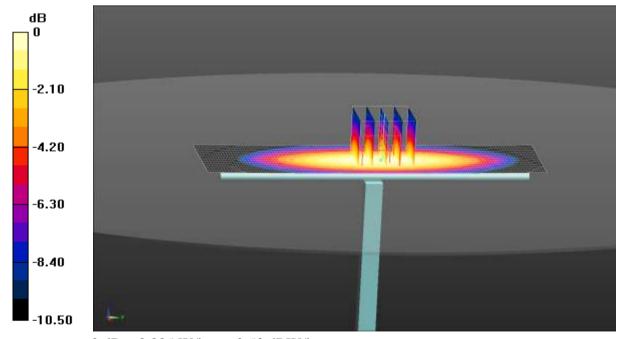
SAR(1 g) = 0.706 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.463 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.831 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.885 W/kg



0 dB = 0.885 W/kg = -0.53 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.08.2016 16:36:08

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN:4d154

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.004$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.121$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

• Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.899 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

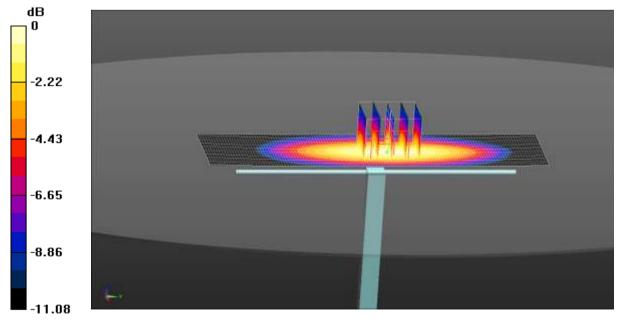
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.802 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.481 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.905 W/kg



0 dB = 0.905W/kg = -0.43 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.10.2016 07:54:03

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1062

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.488 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.318$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1750MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.06 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1750MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

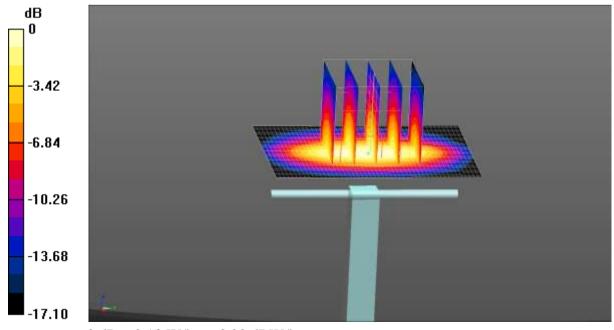
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.802 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.13 W/kg



0 dB = 2.13 W/kg = 3.28 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.09.2016 09:41:07

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d175

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.546 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.958$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.59 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

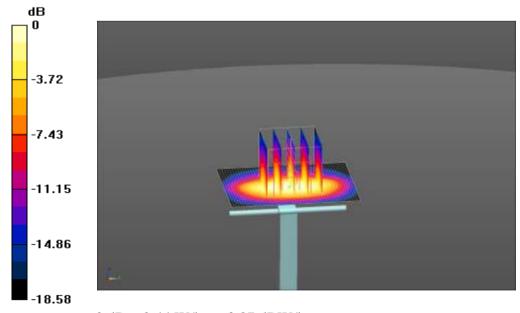
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 36.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.799 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.44 W/kg



0 dB = 2.44 W/kg = 3.87 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.16.2016 08:15:13

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN:910

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.956 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.763$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3,7.3); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.20 W/kg

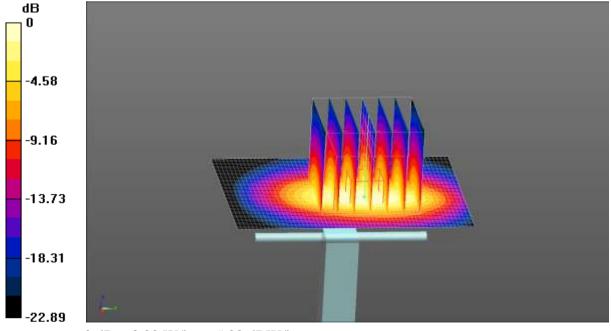
SAR(1 g) = 2.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.16 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.22 W/kg



0 dB = 3.22 W/kg = 5.08 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.15.2016 12:19:45

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: SN:1114

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.154 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.416$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.13, 7.13,7.13); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40mW, dist=2.0mm(EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.69 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40mW, dist=2.0mm(EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan(7X7X7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

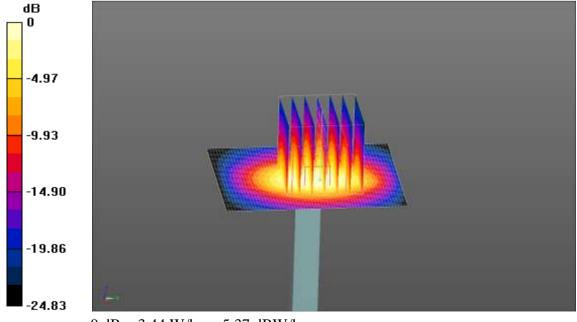
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.983 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.44 W/kg



0 dB = 3.44 W/kg = 5.37 dBW/kg

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Appendix D: Plots of SAR Test Data



Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.07.2016 23:04:36

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.221$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

GSM 850 Right Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg

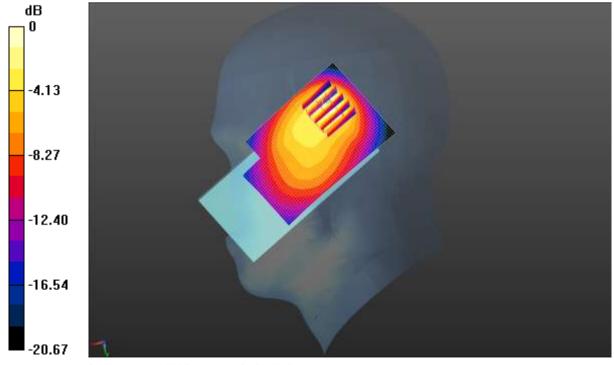
SAR(1 g) = 0.754 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg

GSM 850 Right Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.55 W/kg



0 dB = 1.55 W/kg = 1.90 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.11.2016 20:29:02

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.421 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.304$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

GSM 1900 Right Tilted Repeat/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.59 W/kg

GSM 1900 Right Tilted Repeat/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

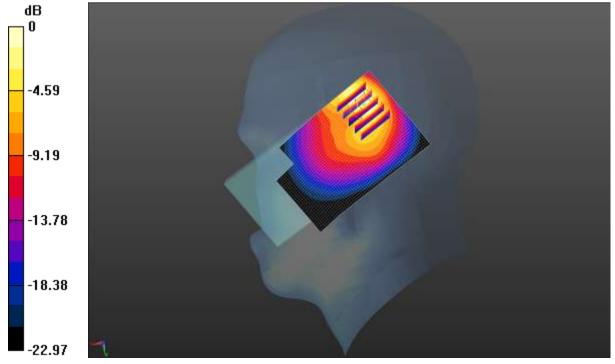
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.870 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



0 dB = 1.41 W/kg = 1.49 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.07.2016 22:25:44

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 846.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

• Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

WCDMA 850 Right Tilted Repeat/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

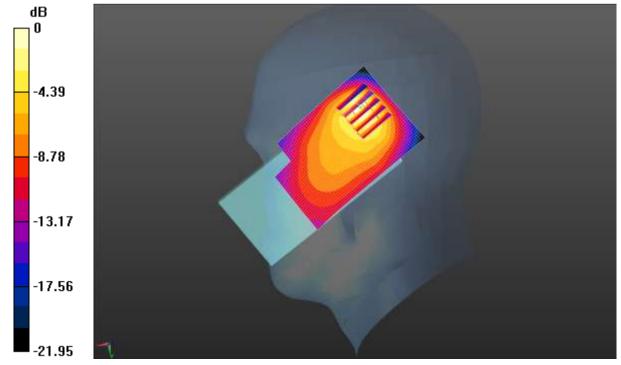
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.90 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.894 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.452 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.81 W/kg

WCDMA 850 Right Tilted Repeat/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.45 W/kg



0 dB = 1.45 W/kg = 1.61 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.19.2016 09:52:58

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.898$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.47, 8.47, 8.47); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

WCDMA 1700 Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.46 W/kg

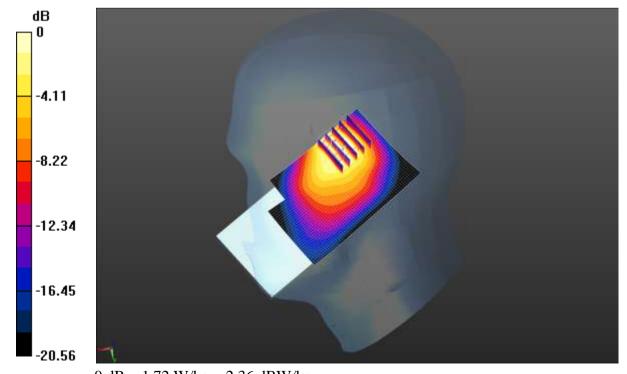
SAR(1 g) = 1.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.541 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.79 W/kg

WCDMA 1700 Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.72 W/kg



0 dB = 1.72 W/kg = 2.36 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.11.2016 16:17:48

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.369$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.725$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

WCDMA 1900 Right Tilted/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.99 W/kg

WCDMA 1900 Right Tilted/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

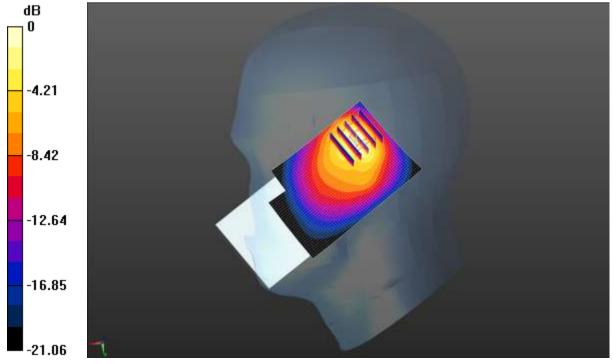
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.72 W/kg



0 dB = 1.72 W/kg = 2.36 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.19.2016 13:38:52

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.408$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.065$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 2 1RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

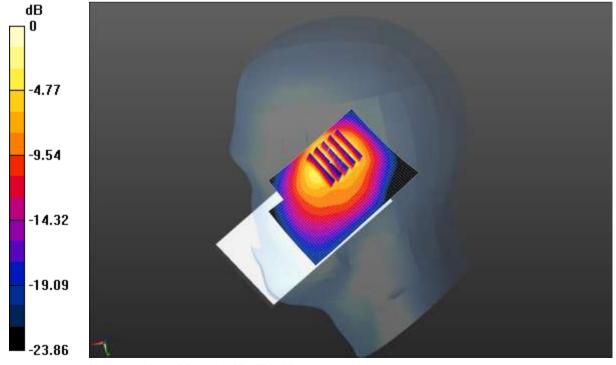
LTE Band 2 1RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.746 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



0 dB = 1.26 W/kg = 1.00 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.19.2016 11:07:28

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.819$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.47, 8.47, 8.47); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

• Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 4 1RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.890 W/kg

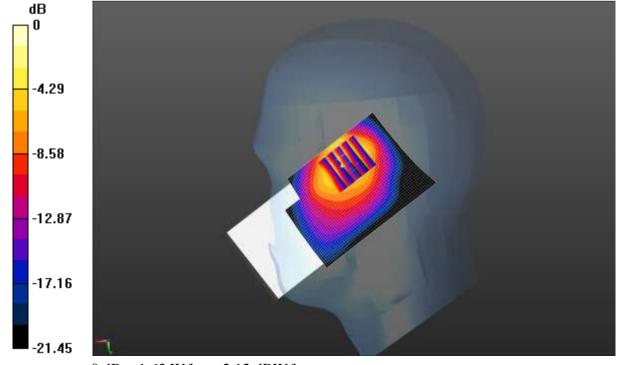
LTE Band 4 1RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.35 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.956 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.438 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg



0 dB = 1.63 W/kg = 2.12 dBW/kg

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P U Report No: CCISE161003101

Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.15.2016 10:07:37

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.321$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.520 V/m; Power Drift = -0.29 dB

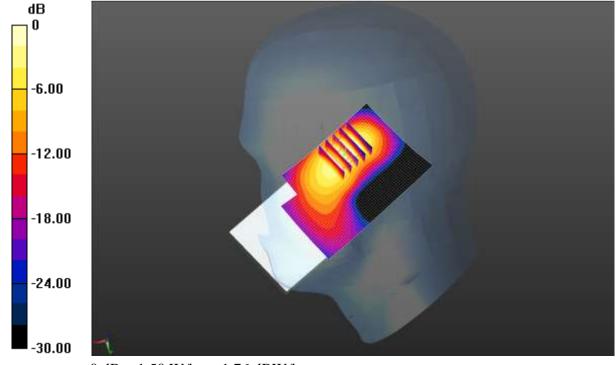
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.852 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.385 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (massured) = 1.47 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg



0 dB = 1.50 W/kg = 1.76 dBW/kg



Date/Time: 11.07.2016 21:22:17 Test Laboratory: CCIS

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB OPSK (0); Frequency: 844 MHz Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 844 MHz; $\sigma = 0.928$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.05$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: OD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 5 1RB (10MHz) Right Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.31 dB

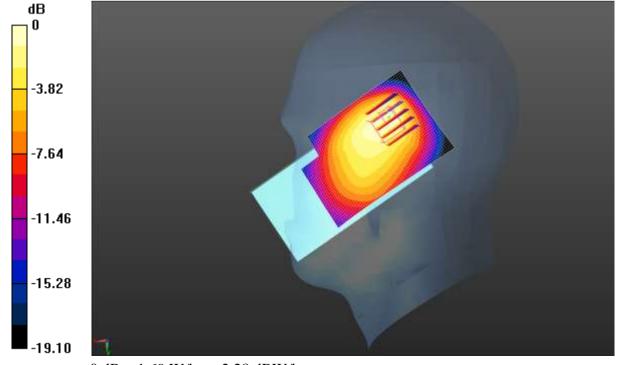
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.681 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.09 W/kg

LTE Band 5 1RB (10MHz) Right Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.69 W/kg



0 dB = 1.69 W/kg = 2.28 dBW/kg

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P U Report No: CCISE161003101

Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.08.2016 09:00:04

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 704 MHz Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.839$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.333$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.99, 9.99, 9.99); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 12 1RB (10MHz) Right Tilted/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.32 dB

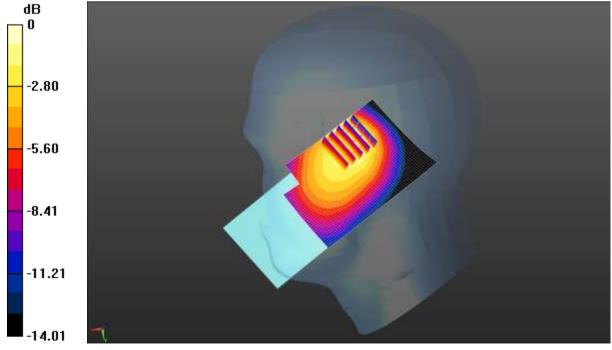
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.506 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.2823 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.949 W/kg

LTE Band 12 1RB (10MHz) Right Tilted/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.592 W/kg



0 dB = 0.592 W/kg = -2.28 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.19.2016 14:15:54

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency:

1880 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.398 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.127$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373: Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 2 50%RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.820 W/kg

LTE Band 2 50% RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

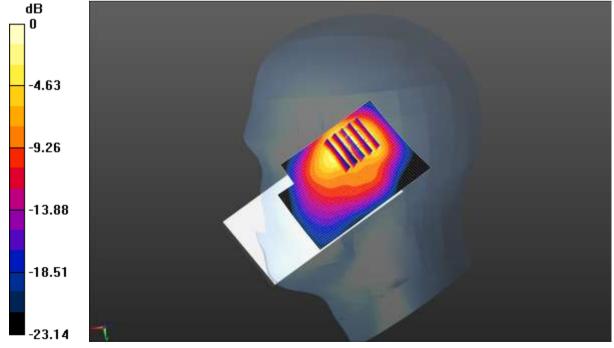
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.569 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.912 W/kg



0 dB = 0.912 W/kg = -0.40 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.19.2016 12:48:07

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency:

1732.5 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=1732.5 MHz; $\sigma=1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=40.819$; $\rho=1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=40.819$

 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.47, 8.47, 8.47); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 4 50% RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

LTE Band 4 50% RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

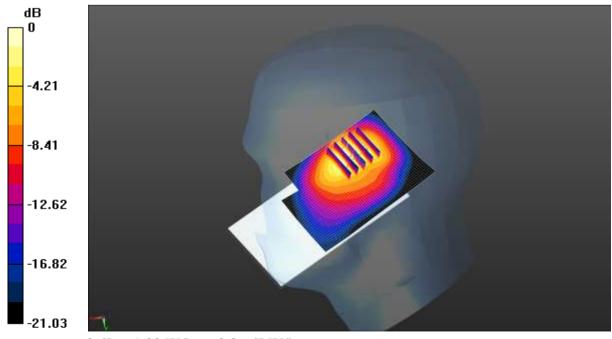
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.757 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.358 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



0 dB = 1.22 W/kg = 0.86 dBW/kg

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.15.2016 09:31:31

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency:

2535 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.931$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.217$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 7 50% RB(20MHz) Right Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.201 V/m; Power Drift = -0.40 dB

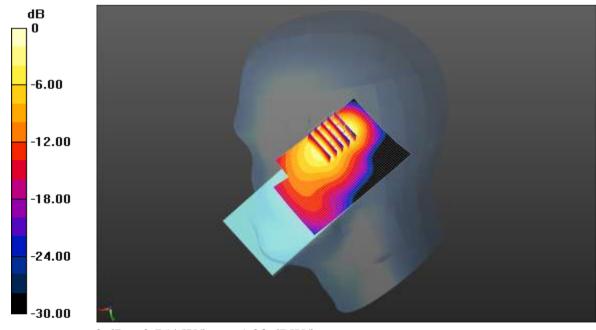
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.569 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg

LTE Band 7 50% RB(20MHz) Right Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.754 W/kg



0 dB = 0.754 W/kg = -1.23 dBW/kg



Date/Time: 11.07.2016 20:16:03 Test Laboratory: CCIS

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB OPSK (0); Frequency:

836.5 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.921$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.15$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016

Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 5 50%RB (10MHz) Right Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.24 W/kg

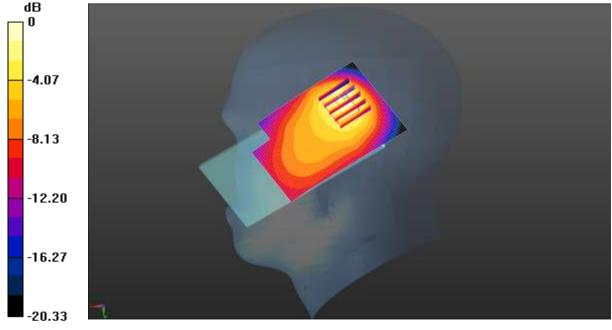
SAR(1 g) = 0.758 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.50 W/kg

LTE Band 5 50%RB (10MHz) Right Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg



0 dB = 1.05 W/kg = 0.21 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.08.2016 09:33:52

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.859$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.30$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373: Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 12 50%RB (10MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

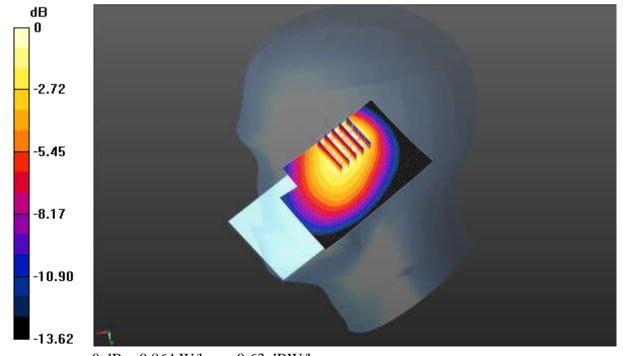
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.623 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.413 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg

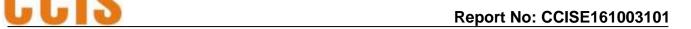
LTE Band 12 50%RB (10MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.864 W/kg



0 dB = 0.864 W/kg = -0.63 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 11.19.2016 13:26:55

DUT: LTE mobile phone; Type: A3L; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency:

1732.5 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=1732.5 MHz; $\sigma=1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=40.819$; $\rho=1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=40.819$; $\epsilon_r=40.819$;

 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.47, 8.47, 8.47); Calibrated: 06.22.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 02.11.2016
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

LTE Band 4 100% RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

LTE Band 4 100% RB (20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

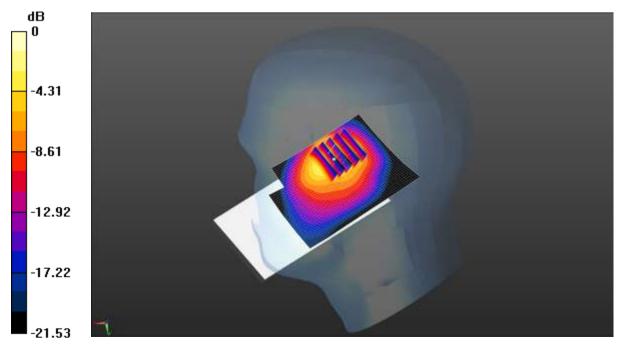
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.705 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.339 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



0 dB = 1.26 W/kg = 1 dBW/kg

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