

# ARISO M30 GPIO CONTACTLESS COUPLER



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Link to ARISO Products in TE.com





#### 1. GENERAL

# 1.1 Part Numbers (PNs)

PN 2287598-1: ARISO TXM030S012PNP2A	
PN 2287598-2: ARISO RXM030S012PNP2A	PN 2287598-1 pairs with PN 2287598-2
PN 2287598-3: ARISO TXM030S012PNP8A	1
PN 2287598-4: ARISO RXM030S012PNP8A	PN 2287598-3 pairs with PN 2287598-4 or PN 2287598-5
PN 2287598-5: ARISO RXM030S012PNP8B	•

# 1.2 Product marking and labeling

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Product's name ARISO Contactless Connectivity

TXM030S012PNP2A / RXM030S012PNP2A

Identification Numbers TXM030S012PNP8A / RXM030S012PNP8A

/ RXM030S012PNP8B

TX / RX	Power Transmitter / Receiver
M	Form Factor: M = Circular
030	Housing Diameter: 30mm
S	Product Type: $S = Standard$
012	Power Level at RX Input: 12W

PNP Internal Logic: PnP

2 or 8 Number of PNP Signal Channels

A or B Wiring Pinout Options: A or B = arbitrary names for different cases



PROXI™
This ARISO product contains PowerbyProxi™ wireless power technology

### 1.3 Design and Construction

Product shall be of the design, construction and physical dimensions specified on the applicable Customer Product Drawing (C-2287598) and Product Specification (PS 108-19484).

The following versions are available.

M30, 4 pins, 2 PNP channels:

ARISO TXM030S012PNP2A - Power Transmitter / Data Transceiver ARISO RXM030S012PNP2A - Power Receiver / Data Transceiver



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### M30, 12 pins, 8 PNP channels:

ARISO TXM030S012PNP8A - Power Transmitter / Data Transceiver

ARISO RXM030S012PNP8A - Power Receiver / Data Transceiver

Optimized for connection to distribution boxes PNs: 2273161-1 (S1 only), 2273146-1, 2273139-1 and 2273134-1.

ARISO RXM030S012PNP8B - Power Receiver / Data Transceiver

Optimized for connection to distribution box PN 2273161-1 (S2 supported at sockets 1 and 2, sockets 7 and 8 not connected).

### 1.4 Features

The product has the following features:

### **Power Input Reverse Polarity Protection**

The product switches off if the power supply connected to the TX has wrong polarity.

# **Power Output Short Circuit Protection / Data Output Short Circuit Protection**

The product switches off the power / data if the outputs are short circuited or if the load is above specification.

#### **Data Input / Output Reverse Polarity Protection**

The product is protected against reversed connections of the data inputs and data outputs.

#### **Over Temperature Protection (OTP)**

The product switches off if the temperature becomes too high.

### **Foreign Object Protection (FOP)**

The product switches off if metal is present between TX and RX.

### **Dynamic Pairing**

Any ARISO TX PN 2287598-1 can pair with any ARISO RX PN 2287598-2.

Any ARISO TX PN 2287598-3 can pair with any ARISO RX PN 2287598-4 or PN 2287598-5.

### Status OK / In Operating Range Indication

The ARISO TX has two status signals indicating either Normal Operation or Incorrect Behavior (like Over Temperature or Presence of a Foreign Object).



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### 1.5 Characteristics overview

TX Rated Input Voltage  $24V_{DC} \\$ **RX** Rated Output Voltage  $24V_{DC}$ 

Power Transfer Capability 12.0W on RX side towards its load (sensor), Ambient Temperature 55°C

Maximum distance between TX and RX: 7.0mm

Operating Ambient Temperature -20°C to +55°C

**Ingress Protection IP67** 

Dimensions TX See Product Drawing (C-2287598) See Product Drawing (C-2287598) Dimensions RX

Number of Digital GPIO Channels TX PN 2287598-1 and RX PN 2287598-2 have 2 PNP Digital GPIO Channels

TX PN 2287598-3 and RX PN 2287598-4/-5 have 8 PNP Digital GPIO Channels

Freedom of Rotation There is no performance Power or Data Degradation up to 1250 rpm

### 1.6 Mechanical Data

See Product Drawing C-2287598 for full details.

Parameter	Value	Units	Conditions
Thread Pitch	1.5	mm	-
Max. Tightening Torque	40	N⋅m	
Max. Cable Pulling Force	50	N	1 minute
Maximum TX Weight	155	gr	Cable included
Maximum RX Weight	150	gr	Cable included

### 1.7 Environmental Data

Parameter	Value	Unit	Condition
Min. Ambient Temperature	-20	°C	Operational
Max. Ambient Temperature	+55	°C	Operational
OTP Threshold	+65	°C	-
Max. Ambient Temperature	+75	°C	Powered, Non-Operational
Max. Ambient Storage Temperature	+100	°C	-
Ingress Protection	IP67	-	-
Mechanical Shock	30	g	Acc. EN/IEC 60512-6-3: 2001 Ed.1.
Mechanical Vibration	0.01	g <sup>2</sup> /Hz	Acc. EN/IEC 60512-6-4: 2001 Ed.1.
Free Fall Test	1	m	Acc. IEC 60512-5:1992 Ed. 2.0
Rapid Temperature Change	-25 to +80	°C	Acc. EN/IEC 60068-2-14: 2000.





Parameter	Value	Unit	Condition
Damp Heat, cyclic	21 cycles		Acc. IEC 60512-11-12: 2001 Ed. 1.  Lower Air Temperature: 25°C ± 3°C.  Upper Air Temperature: 55°C ± 2°C.  90-100% Relative Humidity.  Duration of cycles: 12+12 hours.
Dry heat	+80	°C	Acc. EN/IEC 60512-11-9: 2001 Ed. 1.
Flowing Mixed Gas Corrosion	-	-	Acc. EN/IEC 60512-11-7: 2003 Ed. 2.0.
Electrostatic Discharge	8 / 4	kV	Acc. EN/IEC 61000-4-2: 2009. Pass Criterion: B Air / Contact Discharge
Radiated EM Field Immunity	10	V/m	Acc. EN/IEC 61000-4-3: 2006 + Amendment 1: 2007 + Amendment 2: 2010 Ed. 3.2. Freq. Range: 80-1000 MHz
Fast Transient Immunity	±1 / ±2	kV	Acc. EN/IEC 61000-4-4: 2012 Ed. 3.0. Data / Supply Lines
Surge Immunity	<u>±2</u>	kV	Supply lines to ground. Pass Criterion B.
Immunity to Conducted Disturbances	10	$V_{RMS}$	Acc. EN/IEC 61000-4-6: 2014. Pass Criterion A.
Power Frequency Magnetic Field Immunity	30	A/m	Acc. EN/IEC 61000-4-8: 2010. Pass Criterion A

# 2. POWER LINK

# 2.1 Power Input

Parameter	Value	Unit	Condition
Input Voltage	24.0	$V_{DC}$	Tolerance: ±10%
Maximum Standby Power	1.0	W	Unmated
	4.0	W	Mated
Maximum Input Current	0.75	A	-
Maximum Inrush Current	1.4	A	-
Reverse Polarity Protection	Yes	-	-
Foreign Object Protection	Yes	-	-
Under-Voltage Lockout (UVL)	20.3	V	-
UVL Hysteresis	0.1	V	-





# 2.2 Power Output

# 2.2.1 General

Parameter	Value	Unit	Condition
Output Voltage	24.0	$V_{DC}$	Tolerance: ±5%
Continuous Output Power	12.0	W	Maximum Axial Distance TX-RX: 7.0 mm
Peak Output Power	12.5	W	No Misalignment
Max. Output Ripple & Noise	480	mV	-
Power Operational Readiness	160	ms	RX Power and Data ready at full load when TX is switched on.
Data Operational Readiness	25	ms	TX Data ready after RX Power is ready. Take the startup time of the sensor into account.
Short Circuit Protection	Yes	1	-
Can handle an Output Inrush Current up to	200	μA/s	2A during 100μs 10A during 20μs
Output Short Circuit Current	0.65	A	-
Over Temperature Protection	Yes	-	-
Maximum Axial Distance	7	mm	-
Maximum Misalignment	5	mm	-
Maximum Tilt	30	0	-
Rotational Invariance	1250*	rpm	-
Minimum Inter Coupler Distance	60	mm	-
Minimum Metal Clearance in XY Direction	15	mm	-
Minimum Metal Clearance in Z Direction	10	mm	-

<sup>\*</sup> Tested at another version





### 2.2.2 Coordinate and misalignment definitions

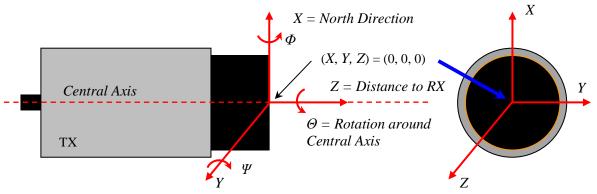


Figure 1 – Coordinate Definitions

The point (X, Y, Z) = (0, 0, 0) coincides with the front midpoint of the Power Transmitter device (TX). When TX North Direction is coincident to RX North Direction, then  $\Theta = 0$ .

The  $\Phi$ ,  $\Psi$ , and  $\Theta$  define respectively the Rotation Angle around the X-, Y-, and Z-axes.  $(\Phi, \Psi) = (0, 0)$  means that the TX and RX Axes of Symmetry (Central Axes) coincide. Since the setup has a cylindrical symmetry, there is no difference between the angles  $\Phi$  and  $\Psi$ . The angle  $\Omega$  refers either to  $\Phi$  or  $\Psi$  or a combination of the two.

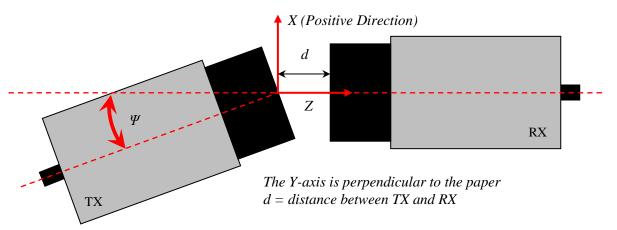


Figure 2 – Definition of tilt angle  $\Psi$ 

 $\Delta x$  defines the misalignment in vertical direction while  $\Delta y$  defines the misalignment in horizontal direction. The point (X, Y, Z) = (0, 0, 0) coincides with the front midpoint of the Power Transmitter device (TX).  $\Delta z = d$  defines the distance between the midpoint of the front surface of the Transmitter and the midpoint of the front surface of the Receiver (the so called "Mating Distance").

When  $(\Delta x, \Delta y) \neq (0, 0) \rightarrow \Delta r \neq 0$ : there is a Displacement Misalignment. When  $(\Delta \Phi, \Delta \Psi) \neq (0, 0) \rightarrow \Delta \Omega \neq 0$ ): there is a Tilt Misalignment. There is no Misalignment if  $(\Delta x, \Delta y) = (0, 0)$  and  $(\Delta \Phi, \Delta \Psi) = (0, 0)$ . The radial distance r gives the misalignment:  $\Delta r = \sqrt{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2}$ .





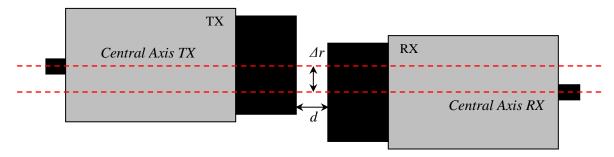


Figure 3 – Definition of misalignment  $\Delta r$ 

# 2.2.3 Maximum Power over Distance

Distance d "cap-to-cap" between RX and TX [mm]	Output Power [W]
0.0	12.0
2.0	12.0
4.0	12.0
6.0	12.0
7.0	12.0
8.0	1.0

# 2.2.4 Maximum Power over Misalignment

Distance / Misalign	nment / Tilt		
$\Delta z/\Delta r/\Delta \Omega$		Output Power (W)	
[mm / mm / °]			
$0.0$ $\pm 5.0$ $0.0$		12.0	
2.0 ±5.0 0.0		12.0	
2.0 0.0 7.5		12.0	
2.0 ±5.0 8.5		12.0	
4.0 ±5.0 0.0		12.0	
4.0 0.0 15.0		12.0	
4.0 ±5.0 17.5		12.0	
5.0 ±3.0 0.0		12.0	
5.0 0.0 20.0		12.0	
5.0 ±3.0 22.5		12.0	
$7.0 \pm 2.0  0.0$		12.0	
7.0 0.0 25		12.0	
$7.0 \pm 2.0  32.5$		12.0	
8.0 ±1.0 0.0		1.0	
8.0 0.0 30.0		1.0	
8.0 ±1.0 38.0		1.0	



### 2.2.5 Inter Coupler Distance

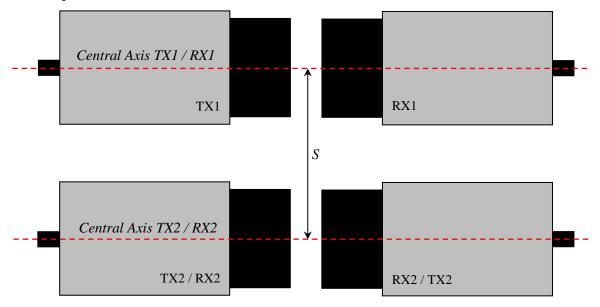


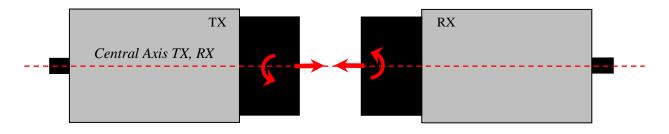
Figure 4 – Definition of Inter Coupler Distance S

The Inter Coupler Distance S is the distance between two Parallel Central Axes of two different Couplers.

## 2.2.6 Rotational Freedom of Couplers

The Rotational Freedom is defined as the capability of TX and RX to rotate independently along their axes. Couplers have been tested with a RPM (Rotations Per Minute) of max. 1250 for one hour.

No Performance Degradation was detected during the test.



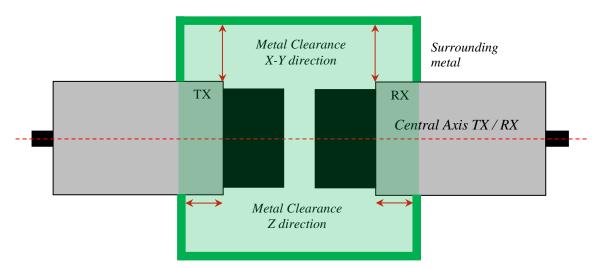
 $\Theta$  = Rotation around Central Axes

Figure 5 – Definition of Rotational Freedom





# 2.2.7 Metal Clearance



**Figure 6 – Definition of Metal Clearance** 

The Metal Clearance is the shortest distance between any part of the metal housing or the plastic front-end of the TX or the RX and any eventual metal surrounding them. Note that there is a difference between the metal clearance in the X-Y direction and the metal clearance in the Z direction.



# 2.2.8 Foreign Object Detection

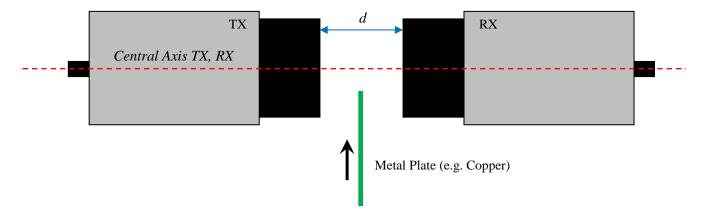


Figure 7 – Definition of Foreign Object Detection (1)

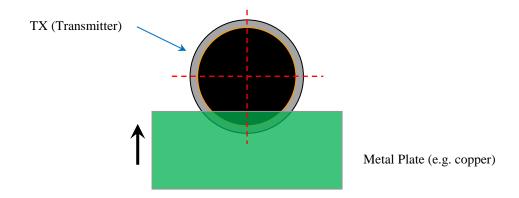


Figure 8 – Definition of Foreign Object Detection (2)

The Foreign Object Detection is defined as the percentage of the coupler Front-End area covered by a metal.

When an electrically conducting material, like a metal, covers the 40% of the area of the frontal cap, then the TX switches off.



# 3. DATA LINK

# 3.1 GPI, General Purpose Digital Inputs (PNP) at RX side

Parameter	Value	Unit
Maximum Input Voltage	36	V
Minimum Input Voltage	-1	V
Minimum Input High Level	8	V
Maximum Input Low Level	5	V
Input Load current	< 4.5	mA
Maximum switching frequency	500	Hz

# 3.2 GPO, General Purpose Digital Output (PNP) at TX side

Parameter	Value	Unit	Condition
Number of Channels	8	-	-
Maximum Output Voltage	24	V	Equal to Input Voltage.
Minimum Output Voltage	0	V	-
Output Stage Type	PNP	-	-
Max. Impedance High	4	Ω	-
Min. Impedance Low	1	ΜΩ	-
Maximum Output Current	250	mA	Tolerance: ±20% Overcurrent protected, see note below.
Maximum Delay + Jitter	800	μs	Single channel

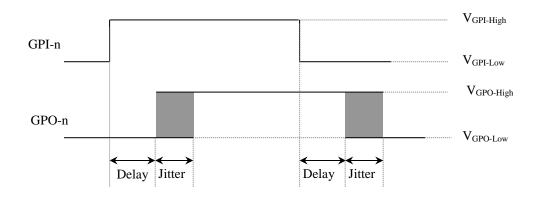


Figure 9 – Definition of Delay and Jitter for DI/DO data link

Note: All digital outputs are over-current protected, the total sum of all currents from GPIO-1 to GPIO-8, FOD and Status NOK cannot be larger than specified.

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# 4. IN OPERATNG RANGE / STATUS INDICATION

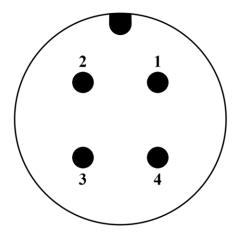
The ARISO Transmitter (TX) has two status signals indicating the status of operation. These two signals, Status\_NOK (Not OK) and FOD (Foreign Object Detection), indicate the followings:

State Description	FOD level	Status_NOK Level	Notes
TX powered RX unit missing	Low	High	-
TX powered RX paired with TX	Low	Low	System in operating range and normal operation
TX powered RX paired with TX System error	Low	High	System error e.g.: Over temperature RX obstructed by Foreign Object
TX powered RX paired with TX Too high power by FOD	High	High	System error e.g.: RX obstructed by Foreign Object

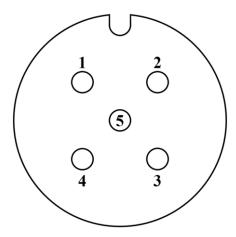


# 5. CONNECTOR INTERFACES FOR TX AND RX

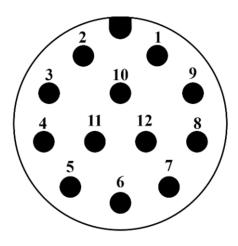
Both the TX and RX are equipped with a standard A-Coded 12-Pins or 4-Pins M12 connector: male for the TX and female for the RX. For the mechanical outline, see Customer Drawing C-2287598.



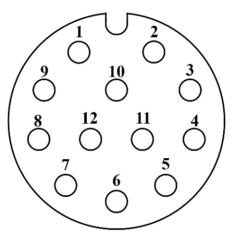
TX Side – Male – 4 Pins



RX Side – Female – 4 Pins



TX Side – Male – 12 Pins



RX Side – Female – 12 Pins

Figure 10 - TX and RX mating connector interfaces





# 5.1 Wiring Pinout for the TX PN 2287598-1 (TXM030S012PNP2A – 4 Pins)

Position Number	Signals
1	$+24V_{DC}$
2	GPO-1
3	Ground
4	GPO-2

# $5.2 \quad Wiring \ Pinout \ for \ the \ TX \ PN \ 2287598-3 \ (TXM030S012PNP8A-12 \ Pins)$

Position Number	Signals	Comment	
1	$+24V_{DC}$		
2	Ground		
3	GPO-1		
4	GPO-2	This Wiring Pinout fits to the following TE Connectivity distribution boxes:  PN 2273134-1 PN 2273139-1 PN 2273146-1 PN 2273161-1	
5	GPO-3		
6	GPO-4		
7	GPO-5		
8	GPO-6		
9	GPO-7		
10	GPO-8		
11	FOD (Foreign Object Detection)		
12	Status_NOK (Status Not OK)		



# 5.3 Wiring Pinout for the RX PN 2287598-2 (RXM030S012PNP2A – 4 Pins)

Position Number	Signals
1	$+24V_{DC}$
2	GPI-1
3	Ground
4	GPI-2

# $5.4 \quad Wiring\ Pinout\ for\ the\ RX\ PN\ 2287598-4\ (RXM030S012PNP8A-12\ Pins)$

Position Number	Signals	Comments	
1	$+24V_{DC}$	-	
2	Ground	-	
3	GPI-1	S1 Socket 1	
4	GPI-2	S1 Socket 2	This Wiring Pinout fits to the following TE
5	GPI-3	S1 Socket 5	Connectivity distribution boxes: PN 2273134-1
6	GPI-4	S1 Socket 3	
7	GPI-5	S1 Socket 7	PN 2273139-1 PN 2273146-1
8	GPI-6	S1 Socket 4	PN 2273161-1 (only 8xS1 of the Distribution
9	GPI-7	S1 Socket 6	Box Sockets).
10	GPI-8	S1 Socket 8	
11	Not connected	-	
12	Not connected	-	



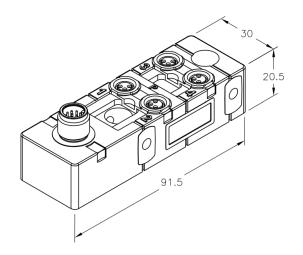


# $5.5 \quad Wiring\ Pinout\ for\ the\ RX\ PN\ 2287598-5\ (RXM030S012PNP8B-12\ Pins)$

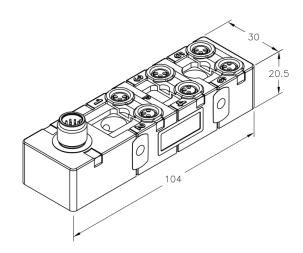
Position Number	Signals	Comments	
1	+24V <sub>DC</sub>	-	
2	Ground	-	
3	GPI-1	S1 Socket 1	
4	GPI-2	S1 Socket 2	
5	GPI-3	S1 Socket 5	This Wiring Pinout fits to the TE
6	GPI-4	S1 Socket 3	Connectivity distribution box
7	Not connected	-	PN 2273161-1 (S2 at Sockets 1 and 2 is supported but
8	GPI-5	S1 Socket 4	Sockets 7 and 8 are not working).
9	GPI-6	S1 Socket 6	
10	Not connected	-	
11	GPI-7	S2 Socket 1	
12	GPI-8	S2 Socket 2	



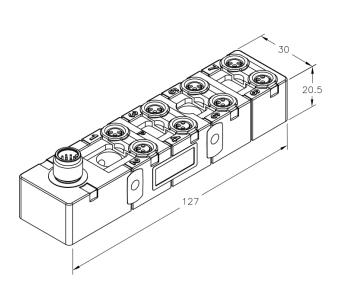
# 6. TE CONNECTIVITY DISTRIBUTION BOXES COMPATIBLE WITH THE SPECIFIED ARISO PRODUCTS



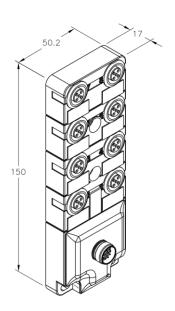
PN 2273134-1



PN 2273139-1



PN 2273146-1



PN 2273161-1



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#### 7. DATA LINK

Note that the digital output (GPO) does not have a reverse polarity protection. Extra care should be taken to assure that the output is connected correctly.

#### 8. UNSPECIFIED SITUATIONS

There are a number of unspecified situations in which the operation is not guaranteed.

### 8.1 Mating distance bigger than 7mm

In case the axial distance between TX and RX is just over 7 mm (at full load) or over 8 mm (at low load) the Voltage Output of the RX might be unstable: the pair continuously switches on and off.

### 8.2 Input Voltage below 24V – 10%

Although an Under-Voltage Lockout is specified (20V ± 5%) the behaviour at voltage levels between the Under-Voltage Lockout level and the minimum input voltage (21.6V) is not defined. Repeated ON and OFF switching of the Output Voltage at the RX side might occur, depending upon the load and the actual Input Voltage.

### 8.3 Metal clearance less than 30mm

Although Foreign Object Detection is present, no metal objects should be placed in the region between TX and RX. Those metal objects might get hot depending upon their geometry.

### 8.4 Inter coupler distance less than 60mm

In case two coupler pairs are located in close proximity (distance between central axes of both pairs less than 60mm) both Power and Data Transfer of any of the two pairs, might be affected by the proximity of the other coupler pair.

# 8.5 Ambient temperature higher than 60°C

Although the power transmitter side has an Over Temperature Protection, putting the RX in an environment higher than 60°C might result in malfunctioning.

### 8.6 UV environment

The product should not be used in environments with high UV radiation or with chemical compounds.



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### 9. SAFETY NOTES AND DISCLAIMERS

### 9.1 Personnel requirements

Installation and startup are permitted only by trained technicians.

### 9.2 Non-intended use

Guarantee and warranty claims against the manufacturer are rendered non-redeemable by unauthorized operations, tampering and non-intended use.

### 9.3 Electric and magnetic field emission

The device (coupler pair) can be used according to its intended application (keeping minimum separation distance of 20cm from human body) without any access restrictions.

### 9.4 Hot surfaces



The active surface heats up even under normal operation conditions. Contact of metal objects on the active surface should be avoided (Fire Hazard).

# 9.5 Foreign metal objects



Although Foreign Object Detection is implemented, small metal devices located between the transmitter and receiver can get very hot, even with the risk of fire in case of combustible material in close proximity of the metal. Whether the metal devices will get hot depends upon their size and geometry.

# 9.6 Power supply

The power supply generating the necessary 24V for the TX should have either double isolated or reinforced isolation (safety extra low voltage output: double reinforced isolation from primary mains).

The product shall be connected to a power supply with Class II protected outputs.

### 9.7 Cable protection

Especially in moving and/or rotating applications, the cables should be protected and mounted into clips / straps. In static applications the cable bending radius at coupler shall be at minimum 5 times the cable diameter. In dynamic application the cable bending radius shall be at minimum 10 times the cable diameter.



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## 9.8 Moving and rotating applications



Especially in moving and/or rotating applications the cables should be protected and mounted into clips / straps. In dynamic applications the cable bending radius at shall be at minimum 10 times the cable diameter. Furthermore, especially in rotating applications, special attention should be paid to the balance of the total setup.

## 9.9 Human protection



Especially in moving / rotation applications the human body should be protected against any harm (crushing, cutting etc.)

# 9.10 Safety and environment



This product shall not be used in a safety critical application.

### 10. OTHERS

The product described herein has not been fully tested to ensure conformance to the requirements outlined above. TE makes no representation or warranty, expressed or implied, that the product or design will comply with these requirements. Further, TE may change these requirements based on the results of additional testing and evaluation. Contact TE Engineering for further details.



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# NOTES AND STATEMENTS - FCC ID: 2ADK7-ARISO // ISED: 12496A-ARISO

Intended use: Coupler to transfer 12W power and data (digital GPIO link), integrated in a control system.

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s) and part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

The interference potential of the device is low as it is a low frequency device with a near field antenna, designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment and accordingly tested.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on by disconnecting the couplers from the power and signal source, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- 1. Increase the separation between this equipment and the disturbed one
- 2. Consult the dealer or an experienced technician for help

No maintenance of the device is needed, once installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual.

### Notes et déclarations:

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux condition suivantes: (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Nummer der "Benannten Stelle" (NBnr): 0344