

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd.

Report No: CCISE190805301

FCC SAR REPORT

Applicant: Xwireless LLC

Address of Applicant: 11565 Old Georgetown Road, Rockville, MD 20852United

States

Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name: LTE smartphone

Model No.: MUV

Trade mark Vortex

FCC ID: 2ADLJMUV

Applicable standards: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

Date of Test: 21 Aug., 2019 ~ 29 Aug., 2019

Test Result: Maximum Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)

Head: 0.384 Body: 1.361 Hotspot: 1.361

Authorized Signature:



Bruce Zhang Laboratory Manager

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2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	27 Sep., 2019	Original

Tested by: Hunch Cai Date: 27 Sep., 2019

Report Clerk

Reviewed by: $100 \text{ Mp} \cdot 100 \text{ Mp} \cdot 100$

Project Engineer



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4 SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Key Highest Reported star Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM 850	0.257		
	GSM 1900	0.074		
	WCDMA Band V	0.203		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.196		
	WCDMA Band II	0.139		
Head	LTE Band 12	0.168	PCE	0.204
Head	LTE Band 25	0.035		0.384
	LTE Band 26	0.154		
	LTE Band 66	0.053		
	LTE Band 71	0.081		
	LTE Band 41	0.045		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.384	DTS	
	GSM 850	0.346		
	GSM 1900	0.641		
	WCDMA Band V	0.365		
	WCDMA Band IV	1.111		
	WCDMA Band II	1.361		
Body	LTE Band 12	0.359	PCE	4 264
(10 mm Gap)	LTE Band 25	0.270		1.361
	LTE Band 26	0.285		
	LTE Band 66	0.224		
	LTE Band 71	0.184		
	LTE Band 41	0.180		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.123	DTS	
	GSM 850	0.481		
	GSM 1900	1.134		
	WCDMA Band V	0.365		
	WCDMA Band IV	1.111		
	WCDMA Band II	1.361		
Hotspot (10 mm Gap)	LTE Band 12	0.359	PCE	1 261
	LTE Band 25	0.270		1.361
	LTE Band 26	0.285		
	LTE Band 66	0.224		
	LTE Band 71	0.184		
	LTE Band 41	0.180		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.123	DTS	

< Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission
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				1-g SAR (W/kg)
Back	WCDMA Band II	1.361	PCE	1.484
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.123	DTS	1.404

Note:

- The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and 1. scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
- This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement 2. methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.
 For FDD-LTE Band 2 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 25, so only FDD-LTE Band 25 was tested.
- 3.
- For FDD-LTE Band 4 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 66, so only FDD-LTE Band 66 was tested.
- For FDD-LTE Band 5 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 26, so only FDD-LTE Band 26 was tested.



General Information 5

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	Xwireless LLC
Address of Applicant:	11565 Old Georgetown Road, Rockville, MD 20852United States
Manufacturer:	Xwireless LLC
Address of Manufacturer:	11565 Old Georgetown Road, Rockville, MD 20852United States

5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	LTE smartphone
Model No.:	MUV
Category of device	Portable device
Operation Frequency:	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS 1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz FDD LTE Band 25 : 1850MHz-1915MHz FDD LTE Band 2 :1850MHz~1910MHz FDD LTE Band 4 :1710MHz~1755MHz FDD LTE Band 5 :824MHz~849MHz FDD LTE Band 26 :814MHz~849MHz FDD LTE Band 12: 698MHz~716MHz FDD LTE Band 66: 1710MHz-1780MHz FDD LTE Band 71: 663MHz-698MHz TDD LTE Band 41: 2555MHz~2655MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz Wi-Fi: 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412MHz ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n-HT40 :2422MHz~2452MHz
Modulation technology:	GSM/GPRS:GMSK, EGPRS: 8PSK, WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA: BPSK/QPSK LTE:QPSK/16QAM Bluetooth: GFSK/π/4DQPSK/8DPSK Wi-Fi: 802.11b: DSSS, 802.11g/n: OFDM
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM 850: 2.2 dBi; PCS 1900: 2.2dBi WCDMA Band V: 2.7 dBi; WCDMA Band II: 2.1 dBi WCDMA Band IV: 2.8 dBi LTE Band 2: 3.1dBi; LTE Band 4: 2.9dBi; LTE Band 5: 2.2dBi; LTE Band 12: 2.5dBi; LTE Band 25: 2.2dBi; LTE Band 26: 2.3dBi; LTE Band 41: 2.2dBi; LTE Band 66: 2.5dBi; LTE Band 71: 1.89dBi Wi-Fi: -0.38 dBi; Bluetooth: -0.38 dBi
(E)GPRS Class:	(E)GPRS Class: 12
Dimensions (L*W*H):	145 mm (L)× 72 mm (W)× 10 mm (H)

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Accessories information:

Adapter: Model: MUV

Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.2A

Output: DC 5.0V, 800mA

Battery:

Rechargeable Li-ion Battery

3.7V/2000mAh

Headset:

Support headset



5.3 Maximum RF Output Power

Mode	Average Power (dBm)			
Wiode	GSM 850	GSM 1900		
GSM (Voice)	32.55	30.99		
GPRS (1 TX Slot)	32.53	30.98		
GPRS (2 TX Slots)	31.80	30.22		
GPRS (3 TX Slots)	30.13	28.37		
GPRS (4 TX Slots)	28.93	27.42		
EGPRS (1 TX Slot)	27.15	28.04		
EGPRS (2 TX Slots)	26.15	26.51		
EGPRS (3 TX Slots)	24.44	24.74		
EGPRS (4 TX Slots)	23.28	23.63		

Mode	Average Power (dBm)			
Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II	
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.91	23.30	23.92	
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.00	23.38	23.97	
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.18	22.43	23.09	
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.61	22.01	22.73	
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.07	20.59	21.14	
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.10	20.48	21.13	
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.52	21.91	22.62	
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.99	22.34	23.07	
HSUPA Sub-test 3	19.62	20.05	20.78	
HSUPA Sub-test 4	22.08	22.44	23.10	
HSUPA Sub-test 5	20.53	20.98	21.72	

	Average Power (dBm)					
Mode	LTE	LTE	LTE	LTE	LTE	LTE
	Band 12	Band 25	Band 26	Band 66	Band 71	Band 41
BW/1.4 MHz	22.98	23.00	22.74	22.92	/	/
BW/3.0 MHz	22.62	22.89	22.70	22.83	/	/
BW/5.0 MHz	22.62	22.92	22.63	22.84	22.85	23.73
BW/10 MHz	22.78	22.95	22.67	22.99	22.92	23.80
BW/15 MHz	/	22.93	23.05	22.86	22.91	23.64
BW/20 MHz	/	23.06	/	23.03	22.82	23.73

WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)					
Mode/Band b g n (HT-20) n (HT-40)					
WLAN 2.4GHz	15.13	14.14	13.09	11.28	

Bluetooth Average Power (dBm)					
Mode/Band 1 Mbps(GFSK) 2 Mbps(π/4DQPSK) 3 Mbps (8DPSK) LE (BT 4.0)					
Bluetooth 2.4 GHz 1.40 0.90 1.39 2.18					

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5.4 Environment of Test Site

Temperature:	18°C ~25 °C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.5 Test Location

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6 Introduction

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

7.3 RF Exposure Limits

SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUM.	AN EXPOSURE LIMITS	•
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT
	General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

Note:

- 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



8 **SAR Measurement System**

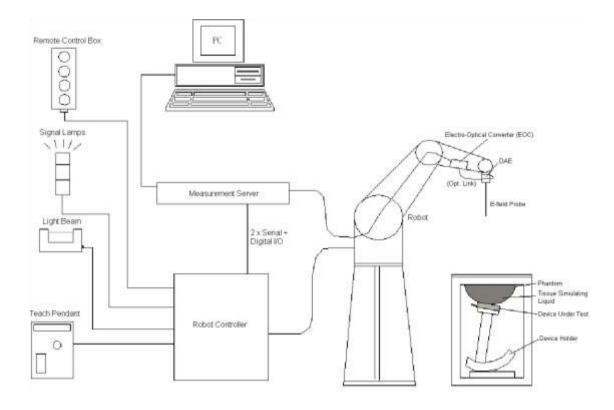


Fig. 8.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in the following sub-sections.

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8.1 **E-Field Probe**

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

E-Field Probe Specification <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	DEPEN
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to	*******
	probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
	(noise: typically < 1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
		Fig. 8.2 Ph



Fig. 8.2 Photo of E-Field Probe

E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix E of this report.

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The Data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gainswitching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

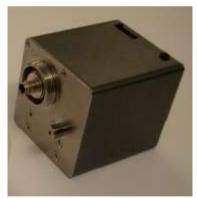


Fig. 8.3 Photo of DAE



8.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Fig. 8.4 Photo of Robot

8.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY 5: 400MHz, Intel Celeron), chip-disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig. 8.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

8.5 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 8.6 Photo of Light Beam



8.6 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	C Trans
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm;	TO THE PARTY OF TH
	Height: adjustable feet	Hard A. J. Contract of the Con
Measurement	Left Head, Right Head, Flat phantom	
Areas		Fig. 9.7 Photo of CAM Torin Photogram
		Fig. 8.7 Photo of SAM Twin Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom >

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Water-sugar based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid if the system is not in use; otherwise the parameters will change due to water evaporation.
- DGBE based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the phantom resistiveness.

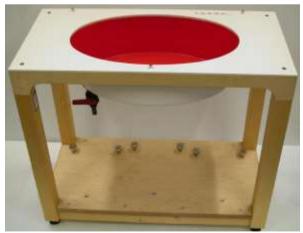


Fig.8.8 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

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8.7 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-low POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 8.9 Photo of Device Holder

8.8 Data storage and Evaluation

> Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verifications of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe Parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

Conversion ConvF_i
 Diode compression point dcp_i
 Frequency f

Device Parameters: - Frequency f - Crest cf

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpⁱ = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E- Field Probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{v_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-Field Probes:
$$H_i$$
 = $\sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$

With

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = senor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency (GHz)

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in (mho/m) or (Siemens/m)

 ρ = equipment tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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8.9 Test Equipment List

Manuel	Familian and David Co	84-1-1	0/51	Cal. Information		
Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	S/N	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1118	06.08.2017	06.07.2020	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d154	06.11.2019	06.10.2022	
MVG	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 09/15 DIP 1G800-360	02.28.2018	02.27.2021	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d175	06.11.2019	06.10.2022	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	06.10.2019	06.09.2022	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1114	11.05.2018	11.04.2021	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1373	08.09.2019	08.08.2020	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3748	06.19.2019	06.18.2020	
SPEAG	DASY 52 Measurement Software	DASY 52	Version: 52.8.8.1222	N.C.R	N.C.R	
SPEAG	DASY 52 File Conversion Software	SEMCAD X	Version: 14.6.10 (7331)	N.C.R	N.C.R	
SPEAG	Phantom	Twin Phantom	1765	N.C.R	N.C.R	
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI V5.0	1208	N.C.R	N.C.R	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R	
Stäubli	Robot	TX60L	F13/5P6VB1/A/01	N.C.R	N.C.R	
Anritsu	Universal Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201060814	03.18.2019	03.17.2020	
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	113097	03.18.2019	03.17.2020	
HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A06291	07.22.2019	07.21.2020	
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	ESRP7	101070	03.18.2019	03.17.2020	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101454	03.18.2019	03.17.2020	
R&S	Signal Generator	N5182A	MY49060014	11.07.2018	11.06.2019	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	12341	See N	Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	17268	See N	Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	2080	See N	Note 3	
Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	BL5513	See Note 3		
Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	100217491	See Note 3		
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment Kit	3.5 Probe	1119	See Note 4		
SPEAG	DAK Measurement Software	DAK	Version: DAK 3.5	N.C	C.R	
Mini-circuits	Low Noise Amplifier	Power amplifier	LNA-00500200- 2515	See N	Note 5	

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.
- 5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the spectrum analyzer, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power according to the ratio of 1 W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the spectrum analyzer is critical and we do have calibration for it
- 6. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

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9 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.2.

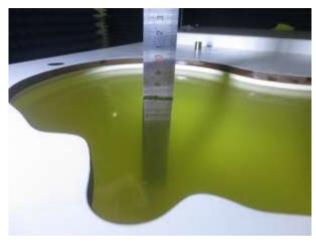


Fig. 9.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (650MHz~950MHz) (depth>15cm)

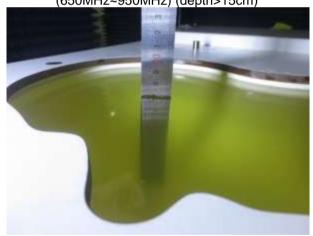


Fig. 9.3 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (1710MHz~1910MHz) (depth>15cm)

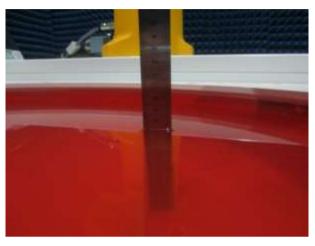


Fig. 9.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of (650MHz~950MHz) (depth>15cm)

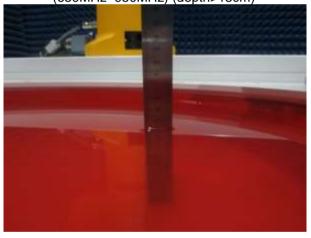


Fig. 9.4 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of ELI V5.0 (1710MHz~1910MHz) (depth>15cm)



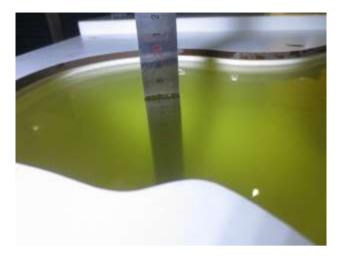


Fig. 9.5 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

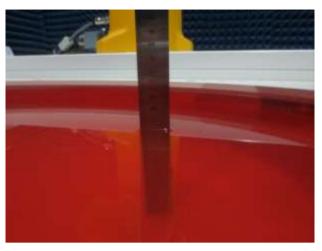


Fig. 9.6 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of Twin Phantom (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within ±5% of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency	He	ead	В	ody
(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	εr	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

($\varepsilon r = relative permittivity, \sigma = conductivity and \rho = 1000 kg/m³)$



The dielectric parameters of liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a Speag Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Conductivity Target(σ)	Permittivity Target(εr)	Delta (σ)%	Delta (εr)%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
750	Head	22.3	0.86	41.59	0.89	41.9	-3.37	-0.74	±5	08.23.2019
835	Head	22.3	0.89	41.07	0.9	41.5	-1.11	-1.04	±5	08.23.2019
1800	Head	22.4	1.38	40.72	1.4	40.0	-1.43	1.8	±5	08.29.2019
1900	Head	22.4	1.42	40.26	1.4	40.0	1.43	0.65	±5	08.29.2019
2450	Head	22.8	1.82	39.86	1.8	39.2	1.11	1.68	±5	08.25.2019
2600	Head	22.8	2.01	38.90	1.96	39.0	2.55	-0.26	±5	08.25.2019
750	Body	22.4	0.95	55.82	0.96	55.5	-1.04	0.58	±5	08.27.2019
835	Body	22.4	0.98	55.21	0.97	55.2	1.03	0.02	±5	08.27.2019
1800	Body	22.3	1.52	52.68	1.52	53.3	0	-1.16	±5	08.21.2019
1900	Body	22.3	1.55	52.32	1.52	53.3	1.97	-1.84	±5	08.21.2019
2450	Body	22.7	1.98	53.63	1.95	52.7	1.54	1.76	±5	08.26.2019
2600	Body	22.7	2.20	52.47	2.16	52.5	1.85	-0.06	±5	08.26.2019



10 SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

> Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

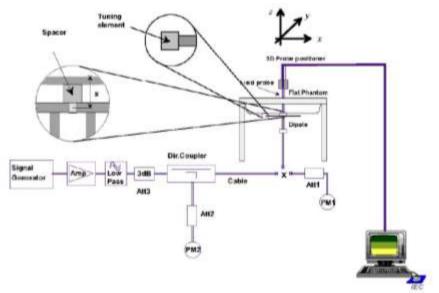


Fig.10.1 System Verification Setup Diagram



Fig.10.2 Photo of Dipole setup

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> System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix C of this report.

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W 1g SAR (W/kg)	1W Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
08.23.2019	750	Head	80	0.675	8.44	8.31	1.56
08.23.2019	835	Head	80	0.776	9.70	9.49	2.21
08.29.2019	1800	Head	40	1.57	39.25	38.76	1.26
08.29.2019	1900	Head	40	1.63	40.75	39.4	3.43
08.25.2019	2450	Head	40	2.12	53.0	52.6	0.76
08.25.2019	2600	Head	40	2.24	56.0	56.3	-0.53
08.27.2019	750	Body	80	0.714	8.93	8.76	1.94
08.27.2019	835	Body	80	0.785	9.81	9.57	2.51
08.21.2019	1800	Body	40	1.60	40.0	38.90	2.83
08.21.2019	1900	Body	40	1.65	41.25	40.5	1.85
08.26.2019	2450	Body	40	2.06	51.5	50.9	1.18
08.26.2019	2600	Body	40	2.19	54.75	53.1	3.11



11 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/Right Side/Top Side/Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

11.1 Handset Reference Points

- The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- > The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig.11.1 Illustration for Front, Back and Side of SAM Phantom

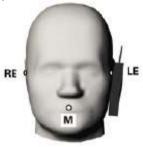


Fig. 11.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines



11.2 Positioning for Cheek / Touch

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)





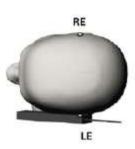


Fig. 11.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

11.3 Positioning for Ear / 15º Tilt

- To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).





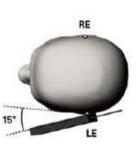


Fig.11.4 Illustration for Tilted Position



11.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

11.5 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- > To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- > To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- > To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

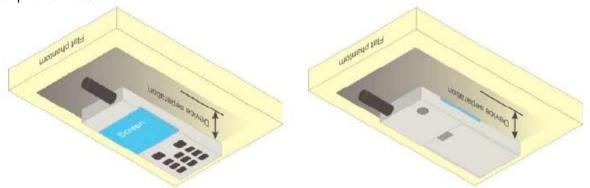


Fig.11.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

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11.6 Wireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥

9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

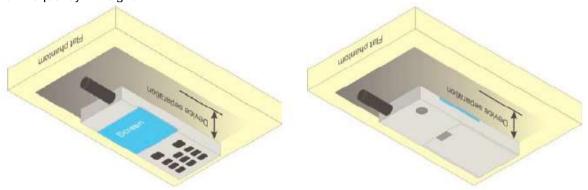


Fig.11.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position



12 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as bellows:

<Conducted power measurement>

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<Conducted power measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- > Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- > Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

12.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.



12.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

12.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 guoted below.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	%-5-ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n	- 1 5 7 7 5 V - 5 7 5 7 5 V		30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
		50	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan sp	atial resol	attion: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution is x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan s	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 - 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\rm Zoon}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid $\Delta z_{2,con}(n>1);$ between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume			≥ 30 nun	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



12.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

12.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

12.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

13 Conducted RF Output Power

13.1 GSM Conducted Power

Band: GSM 850	Burst A	verage Powe	r (dBm)	Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	32.49	32.50	32.55	23.46	23.47	23.52
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	32.46	32.48	32.53	23.43	23.45	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	31.62	31.69	31.80	25.60	25.67	25.78
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	29.96	30.01	30.13	25.70	25.75	25.87
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	28.75	28.82	28.96	25.74	25.81	25.95
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	27.10	27.15	27.11	18.07	18.12	18.08
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	26.15	26.14	26.13	20.13	20.12	20.11
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	24.44	24.43	24.35	20.18	20.17	20.09
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	23.28	23.25	23.20	20.27	20.24	20.19

Remark

1. The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 1og (x) So

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) - 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) – 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) - 3.01

 CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- 3. For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- 4. Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 5. The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

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Band: PCS 1900	Burst A	verage Powe	r (dBm)	Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	30.89	30.99	30.97	21.86	21.96	21.94
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	30.88	30.98	30.96	21.85	21.95	21.93
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	30.15	30.22	30.19	24.13	24.20	24.17
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	28.29	28.33	28.37	24.03	24.07	24.11
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	27.26	27.33	27.42	24.25	24.32	24.41
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	27.60	27.82	28.04	18.57	18.79	19.01
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	26.23	26.48	26.51	20.21	20.46	20.49
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	24.39	24.64	24.74	20.13	20.38	20.48
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	23.13	23.32	23.63	20.12	20.31	20.62

Remark:

The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 1og (x)

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) – 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) – 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) - 3.01

4. CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 1900 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice 1900 mode.
- 3. For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 5. The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.



13.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 1

Sub-test	β.	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β _{hs} ⁽¹⁾	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1,0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

HSDPA Sub-test setup configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No: CCISE190805301

- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 2

Sub- test	βς	β_{d}	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{edl} : 47/15 β _{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$.
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSUPA Sub-test setup configuration

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WCDMA Conducted Power:

WCI	WCDMA Average power (dBm)									
Band	,	WCDMA Band V								
Channel	4132	4183	4233							
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6							
AMR 12.2 kbps	21.87	22.83	22.91							
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.01	22.87	23.00							
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.02	21.98	22.18							
HSDPA Sub-test 2	20.68	21.60	21.61							
HSDPA Sub-test 3	19.23	20.03	20.07							
HSDPA Sub-test 4	19.13	20.00	20.10							
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.45	21.42	21.52							
HSUPA Sub-test 2	20.96	21.90	21.99							
HSUPA Sub-test 3	18.61	19.59	19.62							
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.04	21.94	22.08							
HSUPA Sub-test 5	19.52	20.50	20.53							

WCI	WCDMA Average power (dBm)									
Band	,	WCDMA Band IV	/							
Channel	1312	1413	1513							
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6							
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.22	23.28	23.30							
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.34	23.34	23.38							
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.33	22.40	22.43							
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.98	22.01	22.00							
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.45	20.46	20.59							
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.42	20.48	20.46							
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.81	21.83	21.91							
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.24	22.32	22.34							
HSUPA Sub-test 3	19.94	20.05	20.03							
HSUPA Sub-test 4	22.33	22.42	22.44							
HSUPA Sub-test 5	20.85	20.91	20.98							

WCDMA Average power (dBm)									
Band		WCDMA Band II							
Channel	9262	9400	9538						
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6						
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.72	23.86	23.92						
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.78	23.93	23.97						
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.80	21.98	23.09						
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.44	22.65	22.73						
HSDPA Sub-test 3	19.98	21.06	21.14						
HSDPA Sub-test 4	19.95	21.06	21.13						
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.41	22.54	22.62						
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.82	22.92	23.07						
HSUPA Sub-test 3	19.50	20.61	20.78						
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.82	22.98	23.10						
HSUPA Sub-test 5	20.43	21.62	21.72						

Note:

- 1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1
- Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps mode is used to evaluate SAR due the highest output power. If AMR 12.2 kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2 kbps can be excluded.
- 3. AMR, HSDPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.

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13.3 LTE Conducted Power

13.3.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

13.3.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

13.3.3 TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r03 and April 2013 TCB workshop slides, SAR must be tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- see 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions and must be taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor
 - according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS to determine the highest SAR test duty factor



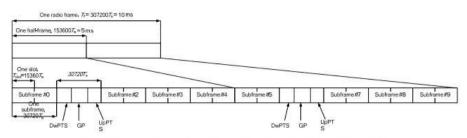


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity)

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

	Norm	nal cyclic prefix in	downlink	Ex	tended cyclic prefix i	n downlink	
Special subframe	DWPTS		PTS	DwPTS	UpPTS		
configuration		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	prefix cyclic prefix		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	
0	6592·T _s	8		7680·T _s		$2560 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ $5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	
1	19760-T _s	1		20480·T _s	2192·T.		
2	21952·T _s	2192·T _s	2560-T _s	23040·T _s			
3	24144-T _s			25600·T _s			
4	26336·T _s	1		7680-T _s			
5	6592·T _s	1.3		20480·T _s			
6	19760-T _s			23040·T _s	4384- <i>T</i> _s		
7	21952·T _s	4384·T _s	5120-T _s	12800 · T _s			
8	24144-T _s		MINIE'	-	3	•	
9	13168 · T.			(4	(je		

Per 3GPP 36.211 section 4.2, each radio frame of length T_f =37200·Ts = 10 ms consists of two half-frames of length 153600·Ts = 5ms each. Each half-frame consists of five subframes of length 30720 ·Ts = 1ms. So, the uplink duty factor in special subframe as below:

	Normal cyclic	prefix in downlink	Extended cyclic	prefix in downlink	
Special Subframe	Duty fact	or of Uplink	Duty factor of Uplink		
configuration	Normal cyclic Extended cyclic		Normal cyclic	Extended cyclic	
	prefix in uplink	prefix in uplink	prefix in uplink	prefix in uplink	
0	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%	
1	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%	
2	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%	
3	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%	
4	7.14%	8.33%	14.27%	16.67%	
5	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%	
6	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%	
7	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%	
8	14.27%	16.67%	/	/	
9	14.27%	16.67%	/	1	

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Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink	Subframe number										
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms		S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to above table:

- 1. The highest duty factor is configuration 0;
- 2. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with normal cyclic prefix is: (3ms + 0.143ms)/5ms=62.86%;
- 3. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with extended cyclic prefix is: (3ms + 0.167ms)/5ms=63.34%;
- 4. For purpose to get the worst case SAR test duty factor, the duty factor of normal cyclic prefix in uplink scaled-up to the extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the scaling factor is 63.34%/62.86%=1.008, and the scaling factor will be taken into the final measured SAR.





LTE Band 12 part:

L TE			DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (dBr	n)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23017	23095	23175
Danu	Daria (IVII 12)		Size	Oliset	699.7MHz	707.5MHz	715.3MHz
			1	0	22.67	22.98	22.25
			1	2	22.91	22.96	22.55
			1	5	22.76	22.94	22.30
		QPSK	3	0	21.80	21.90	21.50
			3	1	21.92	21.92	21.65
			3	2	21.97	21.91	21.52
Band	1.4		6	0	22.10	22.22	21.68
12	1.4		1	0	22.28	22.02	21.77
			1	2	22.22	22.28	21.80
			1	5	22.01	22.01	21.42
		16QAM	3	0	21.19	21.14	20.53
			3	1	21.22	21.19	20.62
			3	2	21.11	21.03	20.55
			6	0	21.20	21.06	20.64

LTE	Donady vialth		DD	DD	Ave	erage Power (dBr	n)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23025	23095	23165
Danu	(1711 12)		5	Size Oliset	700.5MHz	707.5MHz	714.5MHz
			1	0	22.36	22.36	22.52
			1	7	22.62	22.61	22.51
			1	14	22.48	22.43	22.34
		QPSK	8	0	21.63	21.67	21.65
			8	4	21.67	21.65	21.69
			8	7	21.61	21.55	21.74
Band	3		15	0	21.64	21.65	21.68
12	3		1	0	21.89	21.62	21.91
			1	7	21.66	21.94	21.68
			1	14	21.65	21.62	21.60
		16QAM	8	0	20.51	20.67	20.81
			8	4	20.61	20.74	20.69
			8	7	20.60	20.70	20.51
			15	0	20.54	20.63	20.68



LTE	Down alveidable		DD	DD	Av	erage Power (dl	Bm)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23035	23095	23155
Dariu	(1711 12)		5120	Size Oliset	701.5MHz	707.5MHz	713.5MHz
			1	0	22.31	22.39	22.27
			1	12	22.62	22.60	22.57
			1	24	22.28	22.28	22.37
		QPSK	12	0	21.63	21.62	21.62
			12	6	21.73	21.63	21.59
			12	11	21.64	21.55	21.70
Band	5		25	0	21.65	21.71	21.73
12	5		1	0	21.52	21.40	21.47
			1	12	22.10	21.69	21.76
			1	24	21.63	21.34	21.62
		16QAM	12	0	20.56	20.65	20.56
			12	6	20.70	20.72	20.64
			12	11	20.59	20.56	20.49
			25	0	20.61	20.65	20.65

1.75	Donady sightle		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (dBm)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23060	23095	23130
Danu	(1711 12)		5120	Ze Oliset	704MHz	707.5MHz	711MHz
			1	0	22.28	22.31	22.43
			1	24	22.67	22.78	22.60
			1	49	22.35	22.43	22.52
		QPSK	25	0	21.61	21.74	21.72
			25	12	21.67	21.64	21.69
			25	24	21.63	21.65	21.80
Band	10		50	0	21.71	21.67	21.77
12	10		1	0	21.27	21.54	21.61
			1	24	22.06	21.80	21.68
			1	49	21.86	21.36	21.48
		16QAM	25	0	20.56	20.55	20.63
			25	12	20.64	20.69	20.68
			25	24	20.68	20.65	20.77
			50	0	20.55	20.61	20.67





LTE Band 25 part

anu 25 p											
LTE	Bandwidth		RB	RB	Ave	rage Power (dl	3m)				
Band	(MHz)	Modulation	Size	Offset	26047	26365	26683				
Dariu	(1711 12)		5	Oliset	1850.70MHz	1882.5MHz	1914.3MHz				
			1	0	22.65	22.75	22.70				
			1	2	22.97	23.00	22.91				
			1	5	22.69	22.84	22.78				
		QPSK	3	0	22.35	22.28	22.35				
			3	1	22.30	22.37	22.32				
			3	2	22.39	22.27	22.38				
Band	1.4		6	0	22.07	22.05	22.23				
25	1.4		1	0	22.32	22.21	22.02				
			1	2	22.12	22.22	22.00				
			1	5	22.19	22.31	22.09				
		16QAM	3	0	21.23	21.21	21.24				
			3	1	21.41	21.32	21.29				
			3	2	21.20	21.20	21.25				
				6	0	21.05	21.01	21.02			

LTE	Dogodyniałth		RB	DD	Ave	rage Power (d	Bm)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	Size	RB Offset	26055	26365	26675
Danu	(1711 12)		5	Size Oliset	1851.50MHz	1882.5MHz	1913.5MHz
			1	0	22.57	22.80	22.77
			1	7	22.73	22.88	22.89
			1	14	22.74	22.76	22.96
		QPSK	8	0	21.97	22.07	22.12
			8	4	21.94	22.05	22.02
			8	7	21.95	22.03	22.03
Band	3		15	0	21.87	22.02	22.09
25	3		1	0	22.21	22.26	22.16
			1	7	22.22	22.12	22.22
			1	14	22.26	22.05	22.20
		16QAM	8	0	21.11	21.15	21.12
			8	4	21.06	21.10	21.04
			8	7	21.02	21.06	21.06
			15	0	20.90	21.02	21.10



LTE	Donada vialth		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (dl	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	26065	26365	26665
Danu	(MHz)		Size	Oliset	1852.5MHz	1882.5MHz	1912.5MHz
			1	0	22.65	22.62	22.63
			1	12	22.79	22.82	22.92
			1	24	22.59	22.57	22.62
		QPSK	12	0	21.92	22.02	22.04
			12	6	21.98	22.10	22.12
			12	11	21.90	21.96	22.06
Band	5		25	0	21.92	22.02	22.14
25	5		1	0	22.17	21.65	21.86
		16QAM	1	12	22.08	22.05	22.03
			1	24	22.12	22.67	21.81
			12	0	20.88	21.04	21.11
			12	6	21.01	21.03	21.06
			12	11	20.94	21.00	21.05
			25	0	20.97	21.08	21.10

LTE	Donady vialth		DD	DD	Avei	rage Power (dB	m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB -	26090	26365	26640
Danu	(1711 12)		5126	Oliset	1855.00MHz	1882.5MHz	1910.0MHz
			1	0	22.64	22.69	22.95
			1	24	22.89	22.89	22.92
			1	49	22.58	22.74	22.73
		QPSK	25	0	22.03	22.13	22.22
			25	12	22.06	22.05	22.24
			25	24	22.07	22.10	22.09
Band	10		50	0	22.09	22.11	22.29
25	10	16QAM	1	0	22.28	22.30	22.35
			1	24	22.42	22.11	22.15
			1	49	22.27	22.29	22.23
			25	0	21.10	21.12	21.16
			25	12	21.03	21.16	21.11
			25	24	21.02	21.14	21.10
			50	0	21.04	21.07	21.14





LTE	Do o alvei alth		RB	DD	Aver	age Power (di	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	Size	RB -	26115	26365	26615
Dariu	(1711-12)		Size	Oliset	1857.50MHz	1882.5MHz	1907.5MHz
			1	0	22.59	22.73	22.66
			1	37	22.92	22.92	22.93
			1	74	22.63	22.76	22.87
		QPSK	36	0	22.00	22.05	22.13
			36	16	22.08	22.03	22.15
			36	35	22.04	22.05	22.08
Band	15		75	0	22.06	22.11	22.23
25	15		1	0	22.41	22.01	22.40
			1	37	22.54	22.28	22.23
		16QAM	1	74	22.38	22.50	22.25
			36	0	21.10	21.13	21.15
			36	16	21.11	21.07	21.21
			36	35	21.03	21.08	21.09
			75	0	21.06	21.02	21.11

LTE	Dogodyyi dilib		DD	DD	Ave	erage Power (di	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	26140	26365	26590
Dariu	(1711 12)		3126	Oliset	1860.00MHz	1882.50MHz	1905.00MHz
			1	0	22.44	22.44	22.53
			1	49	22.97	22.90	23.06
			1	99	22.31	22.49	22.50
		QPSK	50	0	22.09	22.15	22.10
			50	24	22.08	22.12	22.25
	00		50	49	22.05	22.06	22.15
Band			100	0	22.02	22.01	22.22
25	20		1	0	22.21	22.22	22.27
			1	49	22.32	22.61	22.33
			1	99	22.20	22.31	22.05
		16QAM	50	0	21.00	21.02	21.19
			50	24	21.01	21.10	21.11
			50	49	21.07	21.00	21.04
			100	0	21.05	21.03	21.08





LTE Band 26 part:

Janu 20	and 26 part:											
LTE	Bandwidth		RB	RB	Ave	rage Power (dl	3m)					
Band	(MHz)	Modulation	Size	Offset	26697	26865	27033					
Danu	(1711-12)		5120	Oliset	814.7 MHz	831.5 MHz	848.3MHz					
			1	0	22.54	22.67	22.57					
			1	2	22.74	22.52	22.55					
			1	5	22.56	22.26	22.33					
		QPSK	3	0	21.72	21.62	21.57					
			3	1	21.67	21.75	21.55					
			3	2	21.67	21.84	21.59					
Band	1.4		6	0	21.88	21.68	21.63					
26	1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.65	21.76	21.83					
			1	2	22.11	22.17	21.92					
			1	5	21.90	21.76	21.68					
			3	0	20.86	20.87	20.60					
			3	1	20.70	20.79	20.65					
			3	2	20.74	20.96	20.55					
			6	0	20.82	20.58	20.72					

LTC	Down alveidable		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (dl	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB -	26705	26865	27025
Danu	(1711 12)		5120	Oliset	815.5MHz	831.5 MHz	847.50MHz
			1	0	22.55	22.67	22.55
			1	7	22.70	22.52	22.64
			1	14	22.68	22.26	22.59
		QPSK	8	0	21.74	21.62	21.62
			8	4	21.73	21.75	21.68
			8	7	21.68	21.84	21.67
Band	3		15	0	21.75	21.68	21.63
26	3		1	0	22.05	21.76	21.53
			1	7	22.09	22.17	21.69
			1	14	22.00	21.76	21.85
		16QAM	8	0	20.86	20.87	20.67
			8	4	20.79	20.79	20.68
			8	7	20.82	20.96	20.72
			15	0	20.72	20.58	20.73





1.75	Dog duri déla		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (di	3m)
LTE	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Sizo	RB -	26715	26865	27015
Band	(IVITIZ)		Size	Oliset	816.5MHz	831.5 MHz	846.5MHz
			1	0	22.50	22.57	22.32
			1	12	22.63	22.60	22.55
			1	24	22.45	22.16	22.37
		QPSK	12	0	21.67	21.52	21.65
	F		12	6	21.75	21.55	21.71
			12	11	21.63	21.64	21.58
Band			25	0	21.68	21.58	21.68
26	5	16QAM	1	0	21.61	21.86	21.38
			1	12	21.81	22.07	21.64
			1	24	21.57	21.96	21.40
			12	0	20.76	20.77	20.73
			12	6	20.77	20.69	20.67
			12	11	20.79	20.76	20.60
			25	0	20.72	20.58	20.76

LTE	Donada si alth		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (di	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size		26740	26865	26990
Danu	(1711-12)		5120	Oliset	819.0 MHz	831.5 MHz	844.0MHz
			1	0	22.56	22.37	22.54
			1	24	22.67	22.50	22.63
			1	49	22.48	22.26	22.44
		QPSK	25	0	21.64	21.52	21.77
			25	12	21.72	21.55	21.72
			25	24	21.78	21.64	21.58
Band	10		50	0	21.63	21.58	21.63
26	10		1	0	21.66	21.86	21.59
		16QAM	1	24	22.13	22.07	21.88
			1	49	21.89	21.96	21.47
			25	0	20.71	20.87	20.56
			25	12	21.72	20.79	20.77
			25	24	20.79	20.76	20.61
			50	0	20.79	20.68	20.71





LTE	Dondwidth		DD	DD	Av	erage Power (dE	3m)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size		26765	26865	26965
Danu	(1711 12)		Size	Oliset	821.5MHz	831.5	841.5MHz
			1	0	23.05	22.47	22.48
			1	37	22.56	22.60	22.51
			1	74	22.38	22.36	22.50
		QPSK	36	0	21.62	21.72	21.60
			36	16	21.66	21.65	21.62
			36	35	21.64	21.74	21.67
Band	15		75	0	21.66	21.73	21.60
26	15	15 16QAM	1	0	21.88	22.06	22.02
			1	37	21.94	22.25	22.09
			1	74	22.07	21.96	21.84
			36	0	20.61	20.87	20.67
			36	16	20.74	20.79	20.75
			36	35	20.73	20.76	20.66
			75	0	20.70	20.68	20.70





LTE Band 66 part:

L TE			DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (dBr	n)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB - Offset -	131979	132322	132665
Danu	(1711-12)		Size	Oliset	1710.7MHz	1745.0MHz	1779.3MHz
			1	0	22.67	22.71	22.74
			1	2	22.85	22.88	22.92
			1	5	22.68	22.70	22.76
		QPSK	3	0	21.80	21.85	21.84
			3	1	21.98	21.98	21.97
	4.4		3	2	21.79	21.81	21.82
Band			6	0	21.83	21.83	21.91
66	1.4		1	0	21.80	21.87	21.95
			1	2	21.97	21.99	22.11
			1	5	21.78	21.86	21.92
		16QAM	3	0	21.09	21.16	20.87
			3	1	21.32	21.34	21.12
			3	2	21.12	21.17	20.89
			6	0	20.84	20.90	20.92

LTE	Dogodyniałth		DD	DD	Ave	erage Power (dBr	n)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	131987	132322	132657
Danu	(1411 12)		5	Oliset	1711.5MHz	1745.0MHz	1778.5MHz
			1	0	22.77	22.83	22.83.
			1	7	22.72	22.75	22.81
			1	14	22.76	22.77	22.82
		QPSK	8	0	21.88	21.94	21.94
			8	4	21.86	21.95	21.93
			8	7	21.85	21.93	21.92
Band	3		15	0	21.84	21.94	21.93
66	3		1	0	21.92	22.48	22.02
			1	7	21.85	22.43	22.01
			1	14	21.84	22.42	22.00
		16QAM	8	0	20.93	21.11	20.90
			8	4	20.92	21.12	20.88
			8	7	20.90	21.09	20.87
			15	0	20.91	21.02	20.88



LTE	Down also sightle		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (d	Bm)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB	131997	132322	132647
Danu			5120	Offset	1712.5MHz	1745.0MHz	1777.5MHz
			1	0	22.62	22.73	22.70
			1	12	22.74	22.84	22.79
			1	24	22.66	22.76	22.69
		QPSK	12	0	21.82	21.90	21.88
			12	6	21.97	21.98	21.95
			12	11	21.86	21.92	21.87
Band	5		25	0	21.83	21.93	21.88
66	5		1	0	21.63	22.16	21.85
			1	12	21.74	22.24	21.93
		16QAM	1	24	21.66	22.14	21.81
			12	0	20.86	20.97	20.86
			12	6	20.98	21.03	20.95
			12	11	20.88	20.98	20.88
			25	0	20.91	20.95	20.90

LTE	Donada de la		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (d	Bm)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132022	132322	132622
Dariu	(1711 12)		5120	Oliset	1715.0MHz	1745.0MHz	1775.0MHz
			1	0	22.75	22.80	22.84
			1	24	22.93	22.99	22.99
			1	49	22.77	22.81	22.82
		QPSK	25	0	21.93	22.05	22.03
			25	12	22.12	22.18	22.15
		0	25	24	21.98	22.04	22.00
Band	10		50	0	22.02	22.05	22.01
66	10		1	0	21.87	22.51	22.04
			1	24	22.04	22.63	22.20
			1	49	21.89	22.50	22.00
		16QAM	25	0	21.04	21.08	21.03
			25	12	21.16	21.17	21.18
			25	24	21.08	21.07	21.02
			50	0	21.05	21.06	21.01





LTE	Donada i alth		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (dl	Bm)																	
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132047	132322	132597																	
Dariu	(1711-12)		Size	Oliset	1717.5MHz	1745.0MHz	1772.5MHz																	
			1	0	22.71	22.73	22.76																	
			1	12	22.85	22.84	22.86																	
			1	24	22.72	22.72	22.72																	
		QPSK	12	0	21.92	22.00	22.05																	
			12	6	22.08	22.11	22.14																	
		16QAM	12	11	21.95	21.99	22.03																	
Band	15		25	0	21.99	22.01	22.04																	
66	15		1	0	22.23	22.43	21.98																	
			16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	1	12	22.33	22.54	22.08								
												16QAM	1	24	22.24	22.41	21.93							
																				16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	12	0
			12	6	21.04	21.10	21.12																	
			12	11	20.95	21.00	21.01																	
			25	0	20.94	21.01	21.02																	

LTE	Do o alvei alth		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (d	Bm)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132072	132322	132572
Danu	(1711-12)		Size	Oliset	1720.0MHz	1745.0MHz	1770.0MHz
			1	0	22.52	22.62	22.61
			1	12	22.93	23.03	23.02
			1	24	22.52	22.58	22.60
		QPSK	12	0	21.87	21.99	21.96
		16QAM	12	6	22.24	22.32	22.34
			12	11	21.93	21.98	21.90
Band	20		25	0	21.86	21.97	21.94
66	20		1	0	22.23	22.04	21.90
			1	12	22.61	22.42	22.28
			1	24	22.22	22.01	21.82
			12	0	20.87	20.98	20.96
			12	6	21.26	21.33	21.30
			12	11	20.91	20.99	20.88
			25	0	20.88	21.00	20.93





LTE Band 71 part:

L TE			DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (dBr	n)																		
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	133147	133297	133447																		
Dariu	(1711 12)		5120	C Oliset	665.5MHz	680.5MHz	695.5MHz																		
			1	0	22.73	22.58	22.51																		
			1	2	22.85	22.67	22.66																		
			1	5	22.66	22.55	22.56																		
		QPSK	3	0	21.79	21.71	21.66																		
			3	1	21.92	21.79	21.74																		
		16QAM	3	2	21.80	21.69	21.72																		
Band	5		6	0	21.79	21.70	21.71																		
71	5		1	0	21.98	21.50	21.61																		
			16QAM	1	2	22.02	21.60	21.80																	
				16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	1	5	21.97	21.47	21.63
																					16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	3
			3	1	20.88	20.72	20.76																		
			3	2	20.80	20.63	20.66																		
		-	6	0	20.77	20.75	20.70																		

	Dan alvedalth		DD	DD	Ave	erage Power (dBr	n)																		
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	133172	133297	133422																		
Danu	(1711 12)		5	Oliset	668.0MHz	680.5MHz	693.0MHz																		
			1	0	22.86	22.68	22.57																		
			1	7	22.92	22.85	22.75																		
			1	14	22.72	22.71	22.62																		
		QPSK	8	0	21.82	21.83	21.73																		
			8	4	21.96	21.98	21.87																		
		16QAM	8	7	21.86	21.74	21.78																		
Band	10		15	0	21.84	21.72	21.80																		
71	10		1	0	21.78	21.72	21.82																		
			16QAM	16QAM	1	7	21.93	21.88	21.96																
					16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	1	14	21.75	21.75	21.83
																					16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	8
			8	4	21.10	21.18	21.05																		
			8	7	20.93	20.78	20.84																		
			15	0	20.83	20.78	20.76																		



LTE	Donada vialth		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (d	Bm)														
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	133197	133297	133397														
Danu	(1711-12)		Size	Oliset	670.5MHz	680.5MHz	690.5MHz														
			1	0	22.78	22.82	22.54														
			1	12	22.79	22.91	22.68														
			1	24	22.61	22.83	22.59														
		QPSK	12	0	21.93	22.08	21.78														
			12	6	21.95	22.15	21.98														
		16QAM	12	11	21.92	22.06	21.89														
Band	15		25	0	21.96	22.08	21.86														
71	15		1	0	22.02	22.13	22.14														
			1	12	22.20	22.23	22.24														
			16QAM	16QAM													1	24	22.03	22.16	22.16
					12	0	20.81	20.75	20.74												
			12	6	20.97	20.84	20.94														
			12	11	20.85	20.70	20.83														
1			25	0	20.86	20.72	20.77														

LTE	Down alveidable		DD	DD	Ave	rage Power (d	Bm)
LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	133222	133297	133372
Dariu	(1711 12)		5120	Oliset	673.0MHz	680.5MHz	688.0MHz
			1	0	22.46	22.39	22.36
			1	24	22.80	22.77	22.82
			1	49	22.33	22.44	22.44
		QPSK	25	0	21.72	21.64	21.68
			25	12	21.98	21.86	22.05
			25	24	21.70	21.72	21.81
Band	20		50	0	21.72	21.71	21.82
71	20		1	0	22.00	21.76	21.56
			1	24	22.40	22.05	22.08
			1	49	22.01	21.82	21.66
		16QAM	25	0	20.72	20.60	20.70
			25	12	22.95	20.84	20.97
			25	24	20.69	20.72	20.77
			50	0	20.70	20.68	20.74





LTE Band 41 part:

LE	Band		DD	D.D.		Ave	erage Power (di	3m)	
LTE Band	width	Modu- lation	RB Size	RB Offset	40265	40505	40740	40980	41215
Danu	(MHz)	lation	Size	Oliset	2557.5MHz	2581.5MHz	2605.0MHz	2629.5MHz	2652.5MHz
			1	0	23.46	23.26	23.40	23.21	23.31
			1	12	23.73	23.53	23.65	23.42	23.52
			1	24	23.51	23.41	23.45	23.26	23.27
		QPSK	12	0	22.90	22.80	22.93	22.72	22.78
			-	12	6	22.95	22.75	22.89	22.62
			12	11	22.89	22.82	22.86	22.51	22.71
Band	5		25	0	22.91	22.98	22.84	22.66	22.76
41	5		1	0	22.72	22.62	22.69	22.68	22.65
			1	12	22.94	22.91	22.90	22.78	22.70
		16QAM	1	24	22.73	22.76	22.66	22.52	22.53
			12	0	21.77	21.57	21.85	21.71	21.79
			12	6	21.91	21.81	21.87	21.98	21.78
			12	11	21.92	21.95	21.84	21.62	21.72
			25	0	21.94	21.84	21.89	21.76	21.83

LTE	Band	Modu-	RB	RB		Ave	erage Power (dE	3m)	
Band	width	lation	Size	Offset	40290	40515	40740	40965	41190
Dana	(MHz)	lation	Oize	Oliset	2560.0MHz	2582.5MHz	2605.0MHz	2627.5MHz	2650.0MHz
			1	0	23.51	23.42	23.52	23.41	23.40
			1	24	23.80	23.71	23.71	23.50	23.60
	0.000		1	49	23.59	23.38	23.47	23.79	23.32
		QPSK	25	0	22.92	22.75	22.95	22.82	22.87
			25	12	23.02	22.88	22.98	22.92	22.83
			25	24	23.01	22.91	22.96	22.91	22.77
Band	10		50	0	23.00	22.98	23.01	22.90	22.86
41	1 1()		1	0	22.78	22.67	22.77	22.68	22.60
			1	24	23.00	22.92	22.92	22.90	22.80
			1	49	22.81	22.73	22.73	22.71	22.76
		16QAM	25	0	21.94	21.78	21.88	21.84	21.79
			25	12	21.95	21.84	21.94	21.65	21.86
			25	24	21.98	21.81	21.91	21.88	21.78
			50	0	21.97	21.98	21.88	21.92	21.82



LTE	Band	NAl	DD	DD		Ave	erage Power (di	3m)	
LTE Band	width	Modu- lation	RB Size	RB Offset	40315	40530	40740	40955	41165
Danu	(MHz)	lation	3126	Oliset	2562.5MHz	2584.0MHz	2605.0MHz	2626.5MHz	2647.5MHz
			1	0	23.41	23.17	23.32	23.32	23.35
	QPSK		1	37	23.64	23.55	23.62	23.52	23.55
			1	74	23.50	23.07	23.44	23.24	23.30
		36	0	22.92	22.84	22.95	22.95	22.82	
			36	16	22.94	22.75	22.90	22.80	22.84
			36	35	22.99	22.83	22.88	22.88	22.80
Band	15		75	0	22.95	22.78	22.93	22.73	22.79
41	15	15	1	0	22.78	22.52	22.71	22.71	22.65
			1	37	22.96	22.81	22.90	22.90	22.82
			1	74	22.77	22.45	22.73	22.73	22.53
	16QAM	36	0	21.88	21.75	21.95	21.95	21.82	
		TOQAW	36	16	21.86	21.83	21.98	21.78	21.87
			36	35	21.97	21.85	21.87	21.82	21.81
			75	0	21.91	21.87	21.94	21.92	21.79

LTE	Band	Modu-	RB	RB		Ave	erage Power (di	3m)	
Band	width	lation	Size	Offset	40340	40540	40740	40940	41140
Danu	(MHz)	lation	Oize	Oliset	2565.0MHz	2585.0MHz	2605.0MHz	2625.0MHz	2645.0MHz
			1	0	23.27	23.38	23.22	23.42	23.17
			1	49	23.73	23.58	23.65	23.56	23.55
			1	99	23.29	23.32	23.23	23.21	23.07
		QPSK	50	0	22.85	22.68	22.92	22.72	22.84
			50	24	22.97	22.87	22.95	22.85	22.85
			50	49	23.02	22.82	22.80	22.60	22.83
Band	20		100	0	22.99	22.79	23.00	22.91	22.88
41	20		1	0	22.63	22.67	22.44	22.54	22.44
			1	49	23.04	22.85	22.96	22.76	22.84
			1	99	22.65	22.55	22.51	22.41	22.45
		16QAM	50	0	21.77	21.81	21.91	21.81	21.85
	104		50	24	21.96	21.80	21.92	21.62	21.83
			50	49	21.99	21.88	21.85	21.85	21.80
			100	0	22.01	21.72	21.96	21.93	21.84

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 section 4.1, 6), the required test channels number is 5 for LTE Band 41.



13.4 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)										
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 b	802.11 g	802.11n (HT20)						
CH 01	2412	15.03	14.08	13.07						
CH 06	2437	15.13	14.06	13.09						
CH 11	2462	15.05	14.14	13.09						

	Average Power (dBm)									
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz) 802.11n (HT40)									
CH 03	2422	11.17								
CH 06	2437	11.28								
CH 09	2452	11.06								

Note:

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)			Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
b/CH 06	2.437	15.5	35.48	5	11.1	3.0
g/CH 11	2.462	14.5	28.18	5	8.85	3.0

- 2. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 b mode is required.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 5. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 97.1%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.03.

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13.5 Bluetooth Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm) (Bluetooth)										
Channel Frequency (MHz) GFSK π/4-DQPSK 8DPSK										
CH 01	2402	1.40	0.90	1.39						
CH 39	2441	1.17	0.72	1.18						
CH 78	2480	0.61	0.20	0.63						

	Average Power (dBm)							
Channel Frequency (MHz) BLE								
CH 00	2.18							
CH 20	CH 20 2442							
CH 39	2480	1.42						

Note:

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

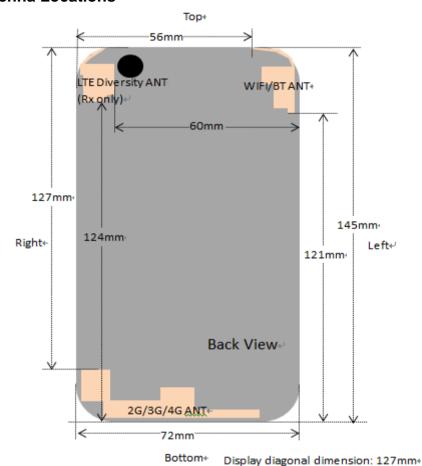
	Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
ı	CH 00	2.402	2.5	1.78	5	0.55	3.0

- The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
- 3. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
- 4. When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



Exposure Positions Consideration

14.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall diagonal dimension: 156mm+

Fig.14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

14.2 Test Positions Consideration

Distance of Antennas to EUT edge/surface Test distance: 10mm												
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side						
2G/3G/4G	<25mm	<25mm	127mm	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm						
WLAN & Bluetooth												

Test Positions Test distance: 10mm											
Antennas Back Front Top Bottom Right Left Side Side Side Side											
2G/3G/4G	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes					
WLAN & Bluetooth											

Note:

- 1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm * 5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for bodyworn SAR.

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15 SAR Test Results Summary

15.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

GSM Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Right Cheek	251	848.8	32.55	0.10	33.0	0.189	1.109	0.210
	GSM850/Voice	Right Tilted	251	848.8	32.55	-0.06	33.0	0.092	1.109	0.102
1	GSM850/Voice	Left Cheek	251	848.8	32.55	0.27	33.0	0.232	1.109	0.257
	GSM850/Voice	Left Tilted	251	848.8	32.55	0.15	33.0	0.109	1.109	0.121
2	GSM1900/Voice	Right Cheek	661	1880.0	30.99	-0.09	31.0	0.074	1.002	0.074
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	661	1880.0	30.99	-0.13	31.0	0.033	1.002	0.033
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Cheek	661	1880.0	30.99	-0.25	31.0	0.038	1.002	0.038
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Tilted	661	1880.0	30.99	0.08	31.0	0.021	1.002	0.021
	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa			1.6 W/kg	ı (mW/g) d over 1g	1				

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

WCDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.00	-0.12	23.5	0.140	1.122	0.157
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.00	-0.09	23.5	0.056	1.122	0.063
3	Band V/RMC	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.00	-0.14	23.5	0.181	1.122	0.203
	Band V/RMC	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.00	0.13	23.5	0.098	1.122	0.110
4	Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1513	1752.6	23.38	-0.17	23.5	0.191	1.028	0.196
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1513	1752.6	23.38	0.06	23.5	0.102	1.028	0.105
	Band IV/RMC	Left Cheek	1513	1752.6	23.38	0.30	23.5	0.165	1.028	0.170
	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1513	1752.6	23.38	0.21	23.5	0.086	1.028	0.088
5	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.97	0.25	24.0	0.138	1.007	0.139
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.97	0.17	24.0	0.065	1.007	0.065
	Band II/RMC	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.97	-0.23	24.0	0.071	1.007	0.071
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.97	0.08	24.0	0.042	1.007	0.042
	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa				-	g (mW/g)				

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Averaged over 1g

LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Powe r Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band25/RB#49	Right Cheek	26590	1905.0	23.06	-0.19	23.5	0.027	1.107	0.030
	Band25/RB#49	Right Tilted	26590	1905.0	23.06	-0.12	23.5	0.012	1.107	0.013
6	Band25/RB#49	Left Cheek	26590	1905.0	23.06	0.00	23.5	0.032	1.107	0.035
	Band25/RB#49	Left Tilted	26590	1905.0	23.06	0.03	23.5	0.015	1.107	0.017
	Band66/RB#49	Right Cheek	132322	1745.0	23.03	-0.19	23.5	0.042	1.114	0.047
	Band66/RB#49	Right Tilted	132322	1745.0	23.03	0.11	23.5	0.018	1.114	0.020
7	Band66/RB#49	Left Cheek	132322	1745.0	23.03	-0.15	23.5	0.048	1.114	0.053
	Band66/RB#49	Left Tilted	132322	1745.0	23.03	0.08	23.5	0.021	1.114	0.023
8	Band71/RB#49	Right Cheek	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.17	23.0	0.078	1.042	0.081
	Band71/RB#49	Right Tilted	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.15	23.0	0.034	1.042	0.035
	Band71/RB#49	Left Cheek	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.29	23.0	0.074	1.042	0.077
	Band71/RB#49	Left Tilted	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.21	23.0	0.030	1.042	0.031

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

➤ LTE 15MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band26/RB#0	Right Cheek	26765	821.5	23.05	0.21	23.5	0.097	1.109	0.108
	Band26/RB#0	Right Tilted	26765	821.5	23.05	0.13	23.5	0.046	1.109	0.051
9	Band26/RB#0	Left Cheek	26765	821.5	23.05	-0.28	23.5	0.139	1.109	0.154
	Band26/RB#0	Left Tilted	26765	821.5	23.05	-0.17	23.5	0.062	1.109	0.069
U	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa ncontrolled Expo	1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g								

LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

	ETE TOWN E QUOTE TION OF THE												
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)			
10	Band12/RB#24	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	22.78	-0.18	23.0	0.160	1.052	0.168			
	Band12/RB#24	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	22.78	-0.21	23.0	0.084	1.052	0.088			
	Band12/RB#24	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	22.78	0.04	23.0	0.156	1.052	0.164			
	Band12/RB#24	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	22.78	0.17	23.0	0.083	1.052	0.087			
U	ANSI / IEEE CS Spa ncontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion			1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g	I				

TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

	TDD-LTL ZUMITZ	. QI OK IKDI	cuu o	11.1							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
11	Band41/RB#49	Right Cheek	40340	2565.0	23.73	0.16	24.0	0.042	1.064	1.008	0.045
	Band41/RB#49	Right Tilted	40340	2565.0	23.73	-0.00	24.0	0.018	1.064	1.008	0.019
	Band41/RB#49	Left Cheek	40340	2565.0	23.73	0.00	24.0	0.010	1.064	1.008	0.011
	Band41/RB#49	Left Tilted	40340	2565.0	23.73	-0.32	24.0	0.006	1.064	1.008	0.006
Ur	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							V/kg (mV aged ove	•		

LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

	LIE ZUMITZ QF3	SIC 30 70 ND THE	au ont							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
12	Band25/RB#24	Right Cheek	26590	1905.0	22.25	0.00	22.5	0.020	1.059	0.021
	Band25/RB#24	Right Tilted	26590	1905.0	22.25	-0.02	22.5	0.008	1.059	0.008
	Band25/RB#24	Left Cheek	26590	1905.0	22.25	0.00	22.5	0.014	1.059	0.015
	Band25/RB#24	Left Tilted	26590	1905.0	22.25	-0.15	22.5	0.005	1.059	0.005
13	Band66/RB#24	Right Cheek	132572	1770.0	22.34	0.20	22.5	0.035	1.038	0.036
	Band66/RB#24	Right Tilted	132572	1770.0	22.34	0.13	22.5	0.016	1.038	0.017
	Band66/RB#24	Left Cheek	132572	1770.0	22.34	-0.23	22.5	0.034	1.038	0.035
	Band66/RB#24	Left Tilted	132572	1770.0	22.34	0.11	22.5	0.017	1.038	0.018
	Band71/RB#24	Right Cheek	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.27	22.5	0.065	1.109	0.072
	Band71/RB#24	Right Tilted	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.19	22.5	0.031	1.109	0.034
14	Band71/RB#24	Left Cheek	133372	688.0	22.05	0.23	22.5	0.072	1.109	0.08
	Band71/RB#24	Left Tilted	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.08	22.5	0.038	1.109	0.042
	ANSI / IEEE C					1.6 W/kg	g (mW/g)			
ι	Sp Jncontrolled Expo	atial Peak osure/Genera	l Populat	tion				d over 1g	I	

➤ LTE 15MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band26/RB#0	Right Cheek	26865	831.5	21.72	-0.05	22.0	0.075	1.067	0.080

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	Band26/RB#0	Right Tilted	26865	831.5	21.72	0.23	22.0	0.034	1.067	0.036
15	Band26/RB#0	Left Cheek	26865	831.5	21.72	0.10	22.0	0.108	1.067	0.115
	Band26/RB#0	Left Tilted	26865	831.5	21.72	-0.12	22.0	0.051	1.067	0.054
L	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa Incontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion			1.6 W/kç Average	g (mW/g) d over 1g		

LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band12/RB#24	Right Cheek	23130	711.0	21.80	-0.21	22.0	0.132	1.047	0.138
	Band12/RB#24	Right Tilted	23130	711.0	21.80	-0.08	22.0	0.063	1.047	0.066
16	Band12/RB#24	Left Cheek	23130	711.0	21.80	-0.24	22.0	0.147	1.047	0.154
	Band12/RB#24	Left Tilted	23130	711.0	21.80	-0.15	22.0	0.069	1.047	0.072
U	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						1.6 W/kg Average	g (mW/g) d over 1g	I	

TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
17	Band41/RB#49	Right Cheek	40340	2565.0	23.02	-0.29	23.5	0.032	1.117	1.008	0.036
	Band41/RB#49	Right Tilted	40340	2565.0	23.02	-0.00	23.5	0.015	1.117	1.008	0.017
	Band41/RB#49	Left Cheek	40340	2565.0	23.02	-0.21	23.5	0.008	1.117	1.008	0.009
	Band41/RB#49	Left Tilted	40340	2565.0	23.02	0.34	23.5	0.005	1.117	1.008	0.006
U	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							V/kg (mV aged ove	•		

WI AN 2.4 GHz Head SAR

	WLAN 2.4 GHZ H	eau SAIN									
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
18	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	06	2437	15.13	0.12	15.5	0.342	1.089	1.03	0.384
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilted	06	2437	15.13	0.05	15.5	0.317	1.089	1.03	0.356
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	06	2437	15.13	0.30	15.5	0.234	1.089	1.03	0.262
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilted	06	2437	15.13	-0.09	15.5	0.242	1.089	1.03	0.271
Ur	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa acontrolled Expos	tial Peak						W/kg (mV aged ove			

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
- 5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. Cuz the maximum output power specified for OFDM and DSSS are 28.18mW(14.5dBm) and 35.48mW(15.5dBm), the scaled SAR would be 0.384x(28.18/35.48)=0.305W/Kg<1.2 W/kg, therefore, SAR is not required for OFDM.
- 6. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

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15.2 Standalone Body SAR

➢ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	СН.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Front	251	848.8	32.55	0.36	33.0	0.221	1.109	0.245
19	GSM850/Voice	Back	251	848.8	32.55	0.12	33.0	0.312	1.109	0.346
	GSM1900/Voice	Front	661	1880.0	30.99	-0.04	31.0	0.250	1.002	0.251
20	GSM1900/Voice	Back	661	1880.0	30.99	-0.05	31.0	0.640	1.002	0.641
Uı	ANSI / IEEE C95. Spatia ncontrolled Exposu	al Peak					1.6 W/kg Averaged			_

WCDMA Body SAR

	WCDINA Dody SAIN									
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	23.00	0.33	23.5	0.233	1.122	0.261
21	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	23.00	-0.02	23.5	0.325	1.122	0.365
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1513	1752.6	23.38	0.01	23.5	0.504	1.028	0.518
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1513	1752.6	23.38	-0.07	23.5	0.942	1.028	0.968
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1312	1712.4	23.34	-0.19	23.5	0.873	1.038	0.906
22	Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	23.34	0.10	23.5	1.070	1.038	1.111
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	23.34	-0.13	23.5	1.040	1.038	1.080
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	23.97	0.19	24.0	0.396	1.007	0.399
	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	23.97	0.04	24.0	1.150	1.007	1.158
	Band II/RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	22.78	-0.00	24.0	0.997	1.324	1.320
23	Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	23.93	-0.01	24.0	1.340	1.016	1.361
	Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	23.93	0.10	24.0	1.320	1.016	1.341
	ANSI / IEEE C95	.1 - SAFET	/ LIMIT				1 6 \\/\/\/\/	, (m\\/a\		
U	Spati ncontrolled Exposi	al Peak ure/General	Popula	ition			Average	g (mW/g) d over 1g	l	

LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band25/RB#49	Front	26590	1905.0	23.06	-0.19	23.5	0.087	1.107	0.096
24	Band25/RB#49	Back	26590	1905.0	23.06	-0.04	23.5	0.244	1.107	0.270
	Band66/RB#49	Front	132322	1745.0	23.03	0.11	23.5	0.112	1.114	0.125
25	Band66/RB#49	Back	132322	1745.0	23.03	0.14	23.5	0.201	1.114	0.224
	Band71/RB#49	Front	133372	688.0	22.82	0.32	23.0	0.099	1.042	0.103
26	Band71/RB#49	Back	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.33	23.0	0.175	1.042	0.182
U	ANSI / IEEE C Sp Incontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion				g (mW/g) d over 1g		

LTE 15MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band26/RB#0	Front	26765	821.5	23.05	0.08	23.5	0.175	1.109	0.194
27	Band26/RB#0	Back	26765	821.5	23.05	-0.02	23.5	0.257	1.109	0.285
U	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa ncontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion			1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g	l	

LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

The Danier of The Lord The Committee of	Plot	Band/Mode	Test	CH.	Freq.	Ave.	Power	Tune-Up	Meas.	Scaling	Reported
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No.		Position		(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band12/RB#24	Front	23095	707.5	22.78	-0.05	23.0	0.231	1.052	0.243
28	Band12/RB#24	Back	23095	707.5	22.78	-0.31	23.0	0.341	1.052	0.359
U	ANSI / IEEE CS Spa ncontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion			1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g	l	

TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#49	Front	40340	2565.0	23.73	-0.09	24.0	0.035	1.064	1.008	0.038
29	Band41/RB#49	Back	40340	2565.0	23.73	0.16	24.0	0.168	1.064	1.008	0.180
	ANSI / IEEE C95 Spati ontrolled Exposu	al Peak						V/kg (mW aged ove	•		

LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band25/RB#24	Front	26590	1905.0	22.25	-0.14	22.5	0.065	1.059	0.069
30	Band25/RB#24	Back	26590	1905.0	22.25	-0.08	22.5	0.193	1.059	0.204
	Band66/RB#24	Front	132572	1770.0	22.34	0.14	22.5	0.091	1.038	0.094
31	Band66/RB#24	Back	132572	1770.0	22.34	-0.02	22.5	0.169	1.038	0.175
	Band71/RB#24	Front	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.09	22.5	0.096	1.109	0.106
32	Band71/RB#24	Back	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.28	22.5	0.166	1.109	0.184
U	ANSI / IEEE C Sp Incontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion				g (mW/g) d over 1ç		

LTE 15MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

			,							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band26/RB#0	Front	26865	831.5	21.72	0.01	22.0	0.133	1.067	0.142
33	Band26/RB#0	Back	26865	831.5	21.72	-0.01	22.0	0.190	1.067	0.203
U							1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g		

LTE 10MHz OPSK 50%RB Body SAR

34 Band12/RB#24 Back 23130 711.0 21.80 0.21 22.0	0.233	. 233 1.04	7 0.244
Daliu 12/RD#24 FIUIL 23130 /11.0 21.00 -0.09 22.0			
Band12/RB#24 Front 23130 711.0 21.80 -0.09 22.0	0.199	199 1.04	7 0.208
Plot Band/Mode Position CH. Freq. Power Drift Limit	Meas SAR ₁ (W/kg	AR _{1g} Scall	SAR

TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#49	Front	40340	2565.0	23.02	-0.04	23.5	0.027	1.117	1.008	0.030
35	Band41/RB#49	Back	40340	2565.0	23.02	0.07	23.5	0.122	1.117	1.008	0.137
	ANSI / IEEE C95 Spati	.1 – SAFE al Peak	TY LIM	IT				V/kg (mW aged ove	Ο,		

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Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

WLAN 2.4 GHz Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	06	2437	15.13	-0.17	15.5	0.084	1.089	1.03	0.094
36	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	06	2437	15.13	-0.01	15.5	0.110	1.089	1.03	0.123

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

WCDMA Body SAR With Headset

	WODINIA Body On	t triui i ioaa								
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	СН.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	23.97	-0.03	24.0	1.080	1.007	1.088
	Band II/RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	22.78	0.11	24.0	0.825	1.324	1.092
37	Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	23.93	0.19	24.0	1.260	1.016	1.280
	Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	23.93	0.10	24.0	1.230	1.016	1.250
	ANSI / IEEE C95			1.6 W/kg	g (mW/g)					

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

Note:

- Body-worn SAR testing was performed at 10mm separation, and this distance is determined by the handset manufacturer that there will be body-worn accessories that users may acquire at the time of equipment certification, to enable users to purchase aftermarket body-worn accessories with the required minimum separation.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories.
- 3. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call is selected to be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the *Reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. The WLAN SAR perform the front and back position, due considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 7. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 9. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
- 10. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.



15.3 Body SAR in Hotspot Mode

➢ GSM Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	СН.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GPRS850/4 slots	Front	251	848.8	28.96	0.02	29.0	0.332	1.009	0.335
38	GPRS850/4 slots	Back	251	848.8	28.96	-0.28	29.0	0.477	1.009	0.481
	GPRS850/4 slots	Left	251	848.8	28.96	0.31	29.0	0.059	1.009	0.060
	GPRS850/4 slots	Right	251	848.8	28.96	-0.15	29.0	0.084	1.009	0.085
	GPRS850/4 slots	Bottom	251	848.8	28.96	0.23	29.0	0.103	1.009	0.104
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Front	810	1909.8	27.42	-0.10	27.5	0.375	1.019	0.382
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Back	810	1909.8	27.42	-0.14	27.5	0.968	1.019	0.986
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Back	512	1850.2	27.26	0.03	27.5	1.020	1.057	1.078
39	GPRS1900/4 slots	Back	661	1880.0	27.33	0.03	27.5	1.090	1.040	1.134
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Back	661	1880.0	27.33	0.11	27.5	1.070	1.040	1.113
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Left	810	1909.8	27.42	0.25	27.5	0.214	1.019	0.218
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Right	810	1909.8	27.42	-0.19	27.5	0.359	1.019	0.366
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Bottom	810	1909.8	27.42	-0.13	27.5	0.952	1.019	0.970
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Bottom	512	1850.2	27.26	-0.22	27.5	0.977	1.057	1.033
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Bottom	661	1880.0	27.33	-0.23	27.5	1.030	1.040	1.071
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Bottom	661	1880.0	27.33	-0.18	27.5	1.020	1.040	1.061
Uı	ANSI / IEEE C95. Spatia ncontrolled Exposu				1.6 W/kg Average	g (mW/g) d over 1g				

WCDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	23.00	0.33	23.5	0.233	1.122	0.261
	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	23.00	-0.02	23.5	0.325	1.122	0.365
	Band V/RMC	Left	4233	846.6	23.00	0.23	23.5	0.042	1.122	0.047
	Band V/RMC	Right	4233	846.6	23.00	-0.10	23.5	0.096	1.122	0.108
	Band V/RMC	Bottom	4233	846.6	23.00	0.19	23.5	0.074	1.122	0.083
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1513	1752.6	23.38	0.01	23.5	0.504	1.028	0.518
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1513	1752.6	23.38	-0.07	23.5	0.942	1.028	0.968
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1312	1712.4	23.34	-0.19	23.5	0.873	1.038	0.906
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	23.34	0.10	23.5	1.070	1.038	1.111
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	23.34	-0.13	23.5	1.040	1.038	1.080
	Band IV/RMC	Left	1513	1752.6	23.38	-0.16	23.5	0.160	1.028	0.164
	Band IV/RMC	Right	1513	1752.6	23.38	-0.11	23.5	0.253	1.028	0.260
	Band IV/RMC	Bottom	1513	1752.6	23.38	-0.24	23.5	0.761	1.028	0.782
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	23.97	0.19	24.0	0.396	1.007	0.399
	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	23.97	0.04	24.0	1.150	1.007	1.158
	Band II/RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	22.78	-0.00	24.0	0.997	1.324	1.320
	Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	23.93	-0.01	24.0	1.340	1.016	1.361
	Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	23.93	0.10	24.0	1.320	1.016	1.341
	Band II/RMC	Left	9538	1907.6	23.97	-0.23	24.0	0.254	1.007	0.256
	Band II/RMC	Right	9538	1907.6	23.97	0.19	24.0	0.417	1.007	0.42
	Band II/RMC	Bottom	9538	1907.6	23.97	-0.24	24.0	1.040	1.007	1.047
	Band II/RMC	Bottom	9262	1852.4	22.78	-0.10	24.0	0.812	1.324	1.075
	Band II/RMC	Bottom	9400	1880.0	23.93	-0.21	24.0	1.170	1.016	1.189
	Band II/RMC	1880.0	0 23.93 0.17 24.0 1.140 1.016 1.158							
Uı	ANSI / IEEE C95 Spati ncontrolled Exposu			1.6 W/kg Average	g (mW/g) d over 1g					

LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot	Band/Mode	Test	CH.	Freq.	Ave.	Power	Tune-Up	Meas.	Scaling	Reported

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No.		Position		(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band25/RB#49	Front	26590	1905.0	23.06	-0.19	23.5	0.087	1.107	0.096
	Band25/RB#49	Back	26590	1905.0	23.06	-0.04	23.5	0.244	1.107	0.270
	Band25/RB#49	Left	26590	1905.0	23.06	-0.22	23.5	0.049	1.107	0.054
	Band25/RB#49	Right	26590	1905.0	23.06	0.19	23.5	0.072	1.107	0.080
	Band25/RB#49	Bottom	26590	1905.0	23.06	-0.11	23.5	0.186	1.107	0.206
	Band66/RB#49	Front	132322	1745.0	23.03	0.11	23.5	0.112	1.114	0.125
	Band66/RB#49	Back	132322	1745.0	23.03	0.14	23.5	0.201	1.114	0.224
	Band66/RB#49	Left	132322	1745.0	23.03	-0.18	23.5	0.065	1.114	0.072
	Band66/RB#49	Right	132322	1745.0	23.03	0.21	23.5	0.094	1.114	0.105
	Band66/RB#49	Bottom	132322	1745.0	23.03	-0.25	23.5	0.168	1.114	0.187
	Band71/RB#49	Front	133372	688.0	22.82	0.32	23.0	0.099	1.042	0.103
	Band71/RB#49	Back	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.33	23.0	0.175	1.042	0.182
	Band71/RB#49	Left	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.23	23.0	0.053	1.042	0.055
	Band71/RB#49	Right	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.28	23.0	0.078	1.042	0.081
	Band71/RB#49	Bottom	133372	688.0	22.82	-0.21	23.0	0.021	1.042	0.022
	ANSI / IEEE C				g (mW/g) d over 1g					
U	Incontrolled Expo	sure/Genera	il Popula	tion			, we are	~ ~ ~	9	

LTE 15MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band26/RB#0	Front	26765	821.5	23.05	0.08	23.5	0.175	1.109	0.194
	Band26/RB#0	Back	26765	821.5	23.05	-0.02	23.5	0.257	1.109	0.285
	Band26/RB#0	Left	26765	821.5	23.05	-0.16	23.5	0.032	1.109	0.035
	Band26/RB#0	Right	26765	821.5	23.05	-0.30	23.5	0.056	1.109	0.062
	Band26/RB#0	Bottom	26765	821.5	23.05	0.25	23.5	0.039	1.109	0.043
	ANSI / IEEE CS Spa	atial Peak		tion			1.6 W/kç Average	g (mW/g) d over 1g	I	

LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band12/RB#24	Front	23095	707.5	22.78	-0.05	23.0	0.231	1.052	0.243
	Band12/RB#24	Back	23095	707.5	22.78	-0.31	23.0	0.341	1.052	0.359
	Band12/RB#24	Left	23095	707.5	22.78	0.13	23.0	0.086	1.052	0.090
	Band12/RB#24	Right	23095	707.5	22.78	-0.20	23.0	0.124	1.052	0.130
	Band12/RB#24	Bottom	23095	707.5	22.78	0.26	23.0	0.031	1.052	0.033
U	ANSI / IEEE CS Spa ncontrolled Expo	atial Peak		ition	1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#49	Front	40340	2565.0	23.73	-0.09	24.0	0.035	1.064	1.008	0.038
	Band41/RB#49	Back	40340	2565.0	23.73	0.16	24.0	0.168	1.064	1.008	0.180
	Band41/RB#49	Left	40340	2565.0	23.73	-0.21	24.0	0.010	1.064	1.008	0.011
	Band41/RB#49	Right	40340	2565.0	23.73	0.02	24.0	0.041	1.064	1.008	0.044
	Band41/RB#49	Bottom	40340	2565.0	23.73	-0.28	24.0	0.099	1.064	1.008	0.106

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

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> LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band25/RB#24	Front	26590	1905.0	22.25	-0.14	22.5	0.065	1.059	0.069
	Band25/RB#24	Back	26590	1905.0	22.25	-0.08	22.5	0.193	1.059	0.204
	Band25/RB#24	Left	26590	1905.0	22.25	-0.24	22.5	0.037	1.059	0.039
	Band25/RB#24	Right	26590	1905.0	22.25	0.21	22.5	0.063	1.059	0.067
	Band25/RB#24	Bottom	26590	1905.0	22.25	-0.20	22.5	0.147	1.059	0.156
	Band66/RB#24	Front	132572	1770.0	22.34	0.14	22.5	0.091	1.038	0.094
	Band66/RB#24	Back	132572	1770.0	22.34	-0.02	22.5	0.169	1.038	0.175
	Band66/RB#24	Left	132572	1770.0	22.34	0.21	22.5	0.051	1.038	0.053
	Band66/RB#24	Right	132572	1770.0	22.34	0.19	22.5	0.076	1.038	0.079
	Band66/RB#24	Bottom	132572	1770.0	22.34	-0.20	22.5	0.143	1.038	0.148
	Band71/RB#24	Front	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.09	22.5	0.096	1.109	0.106
	Band71/RB#24	Back	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.28	22.5	0.166	1.109	0.184
	Band71/RB#24	Left	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.31	22.5	0.042	1.109	0.047
	Band71/RB#24	Right	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.25	22.5	0.069	1.109	0.077
	Band71/RB#24	Bottom	133372	688.0	22.05	-0.24	22.5	0.016	1.109	0.018
11	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						1.6 W/kg Average	g (mW/g) d over 1g		

LTE 15MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band26/RB#0	Front	26865	831.5	21.72	0.01	22.0	0.133	1.067	0.142
	Band26/RB#0	Back	26865	831.5	21.72	-0.01	22.0	0.190	1.067	0.203
	Band26/RB#0	Left	26865	831.5	21.72	-0.18	22.0	0.021	1.067	0.022
	Band26/RB#0	Right	26865	831.5	21.72	0.13	22.0	0.045	1.067	0.048
	Band26/RB#0	Bottom	26865	831.5	21.72	0.24	22.0	0.032	1.067	0.034
U	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa ncontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion			1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g	J	

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band12/RB#24	Front	23130	711.0	21.80	-0.09	22.0	0.199	1.047	0.208
	Band12/RB#24	Back	23130	711.0	21.80	0.21	22.0	0.233	1.047	0.244
	Band12/RB#24	Left	23130	711.0	21.80	-0.25	22.0	0.065	1.047	0.068
	Band12/RB#24	Right	23130	711.0	21.80	0.27	22.0	0.097	1.047	0.102
	Band12/RB#24	Bottom	23130	711.0	21.80	0.32	22.0	0.025	1.047	0.026
	ANGL/IEEE COS 1 _ CAEETY LIMIT									

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT **Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#49	Front	40340	2565.0	23.02	-0.04	23.5	0.027	1.117	1.008	0.030
	Band41/RB#49	Back	40340	2565.0	23.02	0.07	23.5	0.122	1.117	1.008	0.137
	Band41/RB#49	Left	40340	2565.0	23.02	-0.19	23.5	0.007	1.117	1.008	0.008
	Band41/RB#49	Right	40340	2565.0	23.02	-0.18	23.5	0.034	1.117	1.008	0.038
	Band41/RB#49	Bottom	40340	2565.0	23.02	-0.25	23.5	0.078	1.117	1.008	0.088

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ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Averaged over 1g

WLAN 2.4GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune- Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	06	2437	15.13	-0.17	15.5	0.084	1.089	1.03	0.094
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	06	2437	15.13	-0.01	15.5	0.110	1.089	1.03	0.123
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left	06	2437	15.13	-0.22	15.5	0.075	1.089	1.03	0.084
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Top	06	2437	15.13	0.31	15.5	0.038	1.089	1.03	0.043
	ANSI / IEEE C95	.1 - SAFET	Y LIM	/IIT 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)							
	Snati	al Doak					Avor	anod over	10		

Spatial Peak

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Averaged over 1g

WCDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode With Headset

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	23.97	-0.03	24.0	1.080	1.007	1.088
	Band II/RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	22.78	0.11	24.0	0.825	1.324	1.092
37	Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	23.93	0.19	24.0	1.260	1.016	1.280
	Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	23.93	0.10	24.0	1.230	1.016	1.250
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/ko	g (mW/g) d over 1g	ļ	

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 2. Additional WLAN SAR testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.
- For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, for EUT dimension ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, or Reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured 5.
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the Reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset 6. connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
- 9. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

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15.4 Repeated SAR measurement

•					Moas	ured SAR	(\\//ka\	
D =1/ M = -1 -	Tank Danikina	011	Freq.					
Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	(MHz)	Original		peated		peated
			(1411 12)	Original	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
GPRS1900/4 slots	Back	661	1880.0	1.09	1.07	1.02	/	/
GPRS1900/4 slots	Bottom	661	1880.0	1.03	1.02	1.01	/	/
Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	1.07	1.04	1.03	/	/
Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	1.34	1.32	1.02	/	/
Band II/RMC	Bottom	9400	1880.0	1.17	1.14	1.03	/	/
Band II/RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	1.26	1.23	1.02	/	/
With Headset			1000.0	1.20	1.20	1.02	,	,
ANSI / IE	EE C95.1 - SAFETY	LIMIT			4.6	\\//Isas (m)	M/~\	
	Spatial Peak			1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled	Exposure/General	Populat	ion	Averaged over 1g				

Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8 W/kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of *original* and *repeated* is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.



15.5 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR =
$$\frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up	Exposure Position	Head	Body	Hotspot
Mode	Power (dBm)	Test Distance (mm)	0	10	10
Bluetooth	2.5	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.074	0.037	0.037

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.

Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration

	Position	Applicable Combination							
	Hood	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz							
Simultaneous	Head	WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth							
Transmission	Body	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz							
Consideration	Войу	WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth							
	Hotspot	WWAN (Data) + WLAN 2.4 GHz							
	Hotspot	WWAN (Data) + Bluetooth							

Note:

- WLAN 2.4GHz Band and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- GSM/WCDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i.
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6 W/kg. $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm)$, and the peak separation distance is determined ii. from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR < 1.6 W/kg iii.

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15.6 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Head Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek 0.210 0.384 0.594		Right Cheek	0.210	0.074	0.284				
GSM850	Right Tilted	0.102	0.356	0.458		GSM850	Right Tilted	0.102	0.074	0.176
GSIVIOSU	Left Cheek	0.257	0.262	0.519		GSIVIOSU	Left Cheek	0.257	0.074	0.331
	Left Tilted	0.121	0.271	0.392		-	Left Tilted	0.121	0.074	0.195

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.074	0.384	0.458		Right Cheek	0.074	0.074	0.148
GSM	Right Tilted	0.033	0.356	0.389	GSM	Right Tilted	0.033	0.074	0.107
1900	Left Cheek	0.038	0.262	0.300	1900	Left Cheek	0.038	0.074	0.112
	Left Tilted	0.021	0.271	0.292		Left Tilted	0.021	0.074	0.095

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.157	0.384	0.541		WCDMA	Right Cheek	0.157	0.074	0.231
WCDMA	Right Tilted	0.063	0.356	0.419	,		Right Tilted	0.063	0.074	0.137
Band V	Left Cheek	0.203	0.262	0.465		Band V	Left Cheek	0.203	0.074	0.277
	Left Tilted	0.110	0.271	0.381			Left Tilted	0.110	0.074	0.184

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.196	0.384	0.580			Right Cheek	0.196	0.074	0.270
WCDMA	Right Tilted	0.105	0.356	0.461	,	WCDMA	Right Tilted	0.105	0.074	0.179
Band IV	Left Cheek	0.170	0.262	0.432		Band IV	Left Cheek	0.170	0.074	0.244
	Left Tilted	0.088	0.271	0.359			Left Tilted	0.088	0.074	0.162

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.139	0.384	0.523		Right Cheek	0.139	0.074	0.213
WCDMA	Right Tilted	0.065	0.356	0.421	WCDMA	Right Tilted	0.065	0.074	0.139
Band II	Left Cheek	0.071	0.262	0.333	Band II	Left Cheek	0.071	0.074	0.145
	Left Tilted	0.042	0.271	0.313		Left Tilted	0.042	0.074	0.116





WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.168	0.384	0.552		Right Cheek	0.168	0.074	0.242
LTE	Right Tilted	0.088	0.356	0.444	LTE	Right Tilted	0.088	0.074	0.162
Band 12	Left Cheek	0.164	0.262	0.426	Band 12	Left Cheek	0.164	0.074	0.238
	Left Tilted	0.087	0.271	0.358	1	Left Tilted	0.087	0.074	0.161
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.030	0.384	0.414		Right Cheek	0.030	0.074	0.104
LTE	Right Tilted	0.013	0.356	0.369	LTE	Right Tilted	0.013	0.074	0.087
Band 25	Left Cheek	0.035	0.262	0.297	Band 25	Left Cheek	0.035	0.074	0.109
	Left Tilted	0.017	0.271	0.288		Left Tilted	0.017	0.074	0.091
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.108	0.384	0.492		Right Cheek	0.108	0.074	0.182
LTE	Right Tilted	0.051	0.356	0.407	LTE	Right Tilted	0.051	0.074	0.125
Band 26	Left Cheek	0.154	0.262	0.416	Band 26	Left Cheek	0.154	0.074	0.228
	Left Tilted	0.069	0.271	0.340		Left Tilted	0.069	0.074	0.143
1								_	
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.047	0.384	0.431		Right Cheek	0.047	0.074	0.121
	Right Tilted			0.070			0.020		0.004
LTE	Trigini Tilleu	0.020	0.356	0.376	LTE	Right Tilted	0.020	0.074	0.094
LTE Band 66	Left Cheek	0.020 0.053	0.356 0.262	0.376	LTE Band 66	Right Tilted Left Cheek	0.020	0.074	0.094
		0.053	0.262	0.315					0.127
	Left Cheek					Left Cheek	0.053	0.074	
	Left Cheek	0.053	0.262	0.315		Left Cheek	0.053	0.074	0.127
Band 66	Left Cheek Left Tilted	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g}	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g}	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR	Band 66	Left Cheek Left Tilted	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g}	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g}	0.127 0.097
Band 66	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR (W/kg)	Band 66	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	0.127 0.097 Σ SAR (W/kg)
WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.384	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.465	WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1q} (W/kg) 0.074	0.127 0.097 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.155
WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1q} (W/kg) 0.384 0.356	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.465 0.391	WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1q} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.074 0.074	0.127 0.097 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.155 0.109
WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.384 0.356 0.262	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.465 0.391 0.339	WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.074 0.074 0.074	0.127 0.097 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.155 0.109 0.151
WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.384 0.356 0.262	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.465 0.391 0.339	WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1q} (W/kg) 0.074 0.074	0.127 0.097 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.155 0.109 0.151
WWAN Mode LTE Band 71	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek Left Tilted	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077 0.031 WWAN SAR _{1g}	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.384 0.356 0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g}	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.465 0.391 0.339 0.302	WWAN Mode LTE Band 71	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek Left Tilted	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077 0.031 WWAN SAR _{1g}	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.074 0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g}	0.127 0.097 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.155 0.109 0.151 0.105
WWAN Mode LTE Band 71	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek Left Tilted Position	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077 0.031 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.384 0.356 0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.465 0.391 0.339 0.302 Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode LTE Band 71	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek Left Tilted Position	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077 0.031 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.074 0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	0.127 0.097 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.155 0.109 0.151 0.105 Σ SAR (W/kg)
WWAN Mode LTE Band 71 WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077 0.031 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.045	0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.384 0.356 0.262 0.271 WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.384	0.315 0.294 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.465 0.391 0.339 0.302 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.429	WWAN Mode LTE Band 71 WWAN Mode	Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek Right Tilted Left Cheek Left Tilted Position Right Cheek	0.053 0.023 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.081 0.035 0.077 0.031 WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.045	0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.074 0.074 0.074 Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg) 0.074	0.127 0.097 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.155 0.109 0.151 0.105 Σ SAR (W/kg) 0.119

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Body	worn Simulta	neous T	Fransmiss	ion

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.245	0.094	0.339		GSM850	Front	0.245	0.037	0.282
GOIVIOSO	Back	0.346	0.123	0.469		GOIVIOGO	Back	0.346	0.037	0.383
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM	Front	0.251	0.094	0.345		GSM	Front	0.251	0.037	0.288
1900	Back	0.641	0.123	0.764		1900	Back	0.641	0.037	0.678
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA	Front	0.261	0.094	0.355		WCDMA	Front	0.261	0.037	0.298
Band V	Back	0.365	0.123	0.488		Band V	Back	0.365	0.037	0.402
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA	Front	0.518	0.094	0.612		WCDMA	Front	0.518	0.037	0.555
Band IV	Back	1.111	0.123	1.234		Band IV	Back	1.111	0.037	1.148
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA	Front	0.399	0.094	0.493		WCDMA	Front	0.399	0.037	0.436
Band II	Back	1.361	0.123	1.484		Band II	Back	1.361	0.037	1.398
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.243	0.094	0.337		LTE	Front	0.243	0.037	0.280
Band 12	Back	0.359	0.123	0.482		Band 12	Back	0.359	0.037	0.396
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.096	0.094	0.190	Ш	LTE	Front	0.096	0.037	0.133
Band 25	Back	0.270	0.123	0.393		Band 25	Back	0.270	0.037	0.307
WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.194	0.094	0.288	Щ	LTE	Front	0.194	0.037	0.231
Band 26	Back	0.285	0.123	0.408		Band 26	Back	0.285	0.037	0.322

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WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.125	0.094	0.219	LTE	Front	0.125	0.037	0.162
Band 66	Back	0.224	0.123	0.347	Band 66	Back	0.224	0.037	0.261

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.103	0.094	0.197	LTE	Front	0.103	0.037	0.140
Band 71	Back	0.184	0.123	0.307	Band 71	Back	0.184	0.037	0.221

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE	Front	0.038	0.094	0.132	LTE	Front	0.038	0.037	0.075
Band 41	Back	0.180	0.123	0.303	Band 41	Back	0.180	0.037	0.217





Hotspot mode Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.335	0.094	0.429		Front	0.335	0.037	0.372
	Back	0.481	0.123	0.604		Back	0.481	0.037	0.518
GSM850	Left	0.060	0.084	0.144	GSM850	Left	0.060	0.037	0.097
GSIVIOSU	Right	0.085	/	0.085	GSIVIOSU	Right	0.085	/	0.085
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043		Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.104	/	0.104		Bottom	0.104	/	0.104

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.382	0.094	0.476		Front	0.382	0.037	0.419
	Back	1.134	0.123	1.257		Back	1.134	0.037	1.171
GSM	Left	0.218	0.084	0.302	GSM	Left	0.218	0.037	0.255
1900	Right	0.366	/	0.366	1900	Right	0.366	/	0.366
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043		Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	1.071	/	1.071		Bottom	1.071	/	1.071

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.261	0.094	0.355		Front	0.261	0.037	0.298
	Back	0.365	0.123	0.488		Back	0.365	0.037	0.402
WCDMA	Left	0.047	0.084	0.131	WCDMA	Left	0.047	0.037	0.084
Band V	Right	0.108	/	0.108	Band V	Right	0.108	/	0.108
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043		Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.083	/	0.083		Bottom	0.083	/	0.083

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.518	0.094	0.612			Front	0.518	0.037	0.555
	Back	1.111	0.123	1.234			Back	1.111	0.037	1.148
WCDMA	Left	0.164	0.084	0.248		WCDMA Band IV	Left	0.164	0.037	0.201
Band IV	Right	0.260	/	0.260			Right	0.260	/	0.260
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043			Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.782	/	0.782			Bottom	0.782	/	0.782

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.399	0.094	0.493		Front	0.399	0.037	0.436
WCDMA Band II	Back	1.361	0.123	1.484	WCDMA Band II	Back	1.361	0.037	1.398
Dana II	Left	0.256	0.084	0.34	- Dana II	Left	0.256	0.037	0.293

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Right	0.420	/	0.420	Right	0.420	/	0.420
Тор	/	0.043	0.043	Тор	/	0.037	0.037
Bottom	1.189	/	1.189	Bottom	1.189	/	1.189

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.243	0.094	0.337		Front	0.243	0.037	0.28
	Back	0.359	0.123	0.482		Back	0.359	0.037	0.396
LTE	Left	0.090	0.084	0.174	LTE	Left	0.090	0.037	0.127
Band 12	Right	0.130	/	0.130	Band 12	Right	0.130	/	0.130
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043		Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.033	/	0.033		Bottom	0.033	/	0.033

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front 0.096 0.094 0.19		Front	0.096	0.037	0.133				
	Back	0.270	0.123	0.393		LTE Band 25	Back	0.270	0.037	0.307
LTE	Left	0.054	0.084	0.138			Left	0.054	0.037	0.091
Band 25	Right	0.080	/	0.080			Right	0.080	/	0.080
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043			Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.206	/	0.206			Bottom	0.206	/	0.206

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.194	0.094	0.288		Front	0.194	0.037	0.231
	Back	0.285	0.123	0.408		Back	0.285	0.037	0.322
LTE	Left	0.035	0.084	0.119	LTE	Left	0.035	0.037	0.072
Band 26	Right	0.062	/	0.062	Band 26	Right	0.062	/	0.062
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043		Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.043	/	0.043		Bottom	0.043	/	0.043

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front 0.125 0.094 0.2	0.219		Front	0.125	0.037	0.162		
	Back	0.224	0.123	0.347		Back	0.224	0.037	0.261
LTE	Left	0.072	0.084	0.156	LTE	Left	0.072	0.037	0.109
Band66	Right	0.105	/	0.105	Band 66	Right	0.105	/	0.105
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043		Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.187	/	0.187		Bottom	0.187	/	0.187





WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Front 0.103 0.0	0.094	0.197		Front	0.103	0.037	0.140		
	Back	0.184	0.123	0.307		Back	0.184	0.037	0.221
LTE	Left	0.055	0.084	0.139	LTE	Left	0.055	0.037	0.092
Band 71	Right	0.081	/	0.081	Band 71	Right	0.081	/	0.081
	Тор	/	0.043	0.043		Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.022	/	0.022		Bottom	0.022	/	0.022

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Front 0.038 0.094 0.303		Front	0.038	0.037	0.075				
	Back	0.180	0.123	0.095			Back	0.180	0.037	0.217
LTE	Left	0.011	0.084	0.044		LTE	Left	0.011	0.037	0.048
Band 41	Right	0.044	/	0.043		Band 41	Right	0.044	/	0.044
	Тор	/	0.043	0.106			Тор	/	0.037	0.037
	Bottom	0.106	/	0.303			Bottom	0.106	/	0.106

> Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.



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15.7 DUT holder perturbation uncertainty evaluation

- According to TCB workshop, Oct 2016:
 When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holder perturbation verification is required for each antenna, using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands.
- 2. When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holder perturbation verification is required for each antenna, using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands.
- 3. According to IEEE 1528-2013 section E.4.1, When it is unknown if a device holder perturbs the fields of a test device, the SAR uncertainty shall be assessed with a flat phantom (see Clause 5) by comparing the SAR with and without the device holder according to the following tests:
- a) With device holder: 1 g or 10 g peak spatial-average SAR is measured with the handset fixed in the holder in a manner similar to the way it was held when tested for the head SAR position. The handset horizontal and vertical centerlines (see Clause 6) are aligned parallel to the bottom of the flat phantom and the device is in direct contact with the phantom. The test shall be performed with the antenna position and device operational configuration corresponding to that where the highest head SAR was previously measured for each frequency band.
- b) Without device holder: 1 g or 10 g peak spatial-average SAR is measured with the handset placed on a low-loss foam block or support in the position identical to that tested with the device holder. The relative permittivity and loss tangent of the foam material shall be less than 1.2 and 10–5, respectively.

Test result:

Plot	Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Test configuration	Measured SAR (W/kg) Averaged over 1g
1	Band II/RMC	Body Back	9400	1880.0	With device holder	7.35
2	Band II/RMC	Body Back	9400	1880.0	Without device holder	7.07

Note:

1. The plots of test result please check Appendix C(page 136).

The following equation is used to computed the SAR tolerance,

$$SAR_{\text{tolerance}}[\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{SAR_{\text{w/holder}} - SAR_{\text{w/o holder}}}{SAR_{\text{w/o holder}}} \right)$$

Therefore, the SAR tolerance= $100 \times [(7.35-7.07)/7.07] = 3.96\%$.



15.8 Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A Type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in below Table.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor	1/k(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.





Uncertainty Component	Section	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(C _i)	(C _i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	Vi
, .	Section	Value	Dist.	DIV.	(1 g)	(10 g)	(1 g)	(10 g)	V ₁
Measurement System			I		ı	ı			1
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	±7.4%	N	1	1	1	±7.4%	±7.4%	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	±1.2%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±0.49%	±0.49%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	±3.2%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.29%	±1.29%	∞
Boundary Effects	E.2.3	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	±0.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.52%	±0.52%	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	±0.25%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.14%	±0.14%	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	8
Response Time	E.2.7	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.46%	±0.46%	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerances	E.6.2	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.23%	±0.23%	∞
Probe positioning tolerance with respect to the phantom shell surface	E.6.3	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.67%	±1.67%	8
Interpolation, extrapolation, and integration algorithm For max. SAR Evaluation.	E.5	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	8
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	E.4.2	±4.6%	N	1	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	M-1
Device Holder	E.4.1	±5.2%	N	1	1	1	3.96%	3.96%	∞
Power Drift	6.6.2	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.89%	±2.89%	8
Phantom and Setup									1
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.31%	±2.31%	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured value)	E.3.3	±3.51%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.74%	±2.49%	М
Liquid dielectric constant (measured value)	E.3.3	±3.4%	N	1	0.23	0.26	±0.78%	±0.88%	М
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	E.3.4	±1.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±0.72%	±0.66%	∞
Liquid Dielectric Constant - Temperature Uncertainty	E.3.4	±0.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.12%	±0.14%	∞
	bined Stand	lard Uncerta	ainty (RS	S)	1	1	±11.61%	±11.55%	
Expanded Ur			- ` `				±23.23%	±23.10%	
Uncertainty Budge			<u> </u>						

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz according to IEEE1528-2013

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Report No: CCISE190805301

15.9 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

Report No: CCISE190805301

16 Reference

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- [3]. IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", September2013
- [4]. SPEAG DASY52 System Handbook
- [5]. FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS", October 2015
- [6]. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "RF EXPOSURE PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZATION POLICIES FOR MOBILE AND PORTABLE DEVICES", October 2015
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- [8]. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", October 2015
- [9]. FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES", Dec 2015
- [10]. FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
- [11]. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, " SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES", October 2015
- [12]. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 100 MHz TO 6 GHz", August 2015





Appendix A: Plots of SAR System Check





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.23.2019 08:27:35

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: SN:1118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.861$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.594$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.985 W/kg

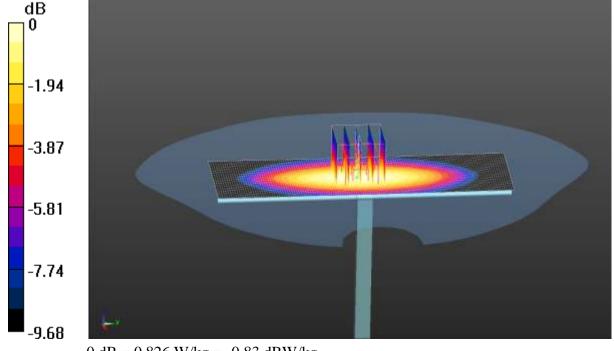
SAR(1 g) = 0.675 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.452 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.853 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.826 W/kg



0 dB = 0.826 W/kg = -0.83 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.23.2019 08:04:59

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN:4d154

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.892$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.074$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(8.76, 8.76, 8.76); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

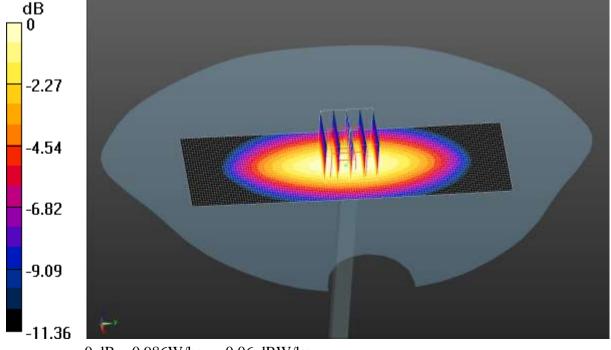
System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 32.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.776 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.502 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.986 W/kg



0 dB = 0.986W/kg = -0.06 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.29.2019 08:25:01

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: SID1800; Serial: SN:09/15 DIP IG800-360

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f=1800 MHz; $\sigma=1.382$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=40.715$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.16 W/kg

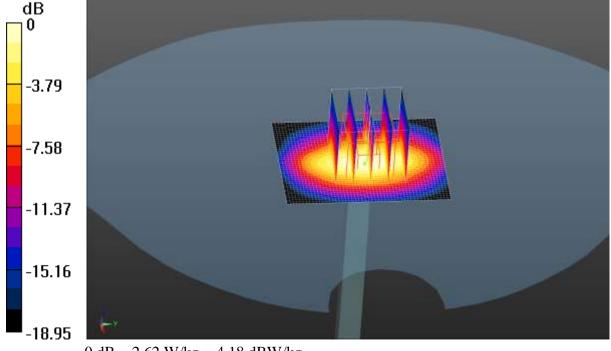
SAR(1 g) = 1.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.808 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.45 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.62 W/kg



0 dB = 2.62 W/kg = 4.18 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.29.2019 08:07:22

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d175

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f=1900 MHz; $\sigma=1.416$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=40.257$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(7.31, 7.31, 7.31); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.73 W/kg

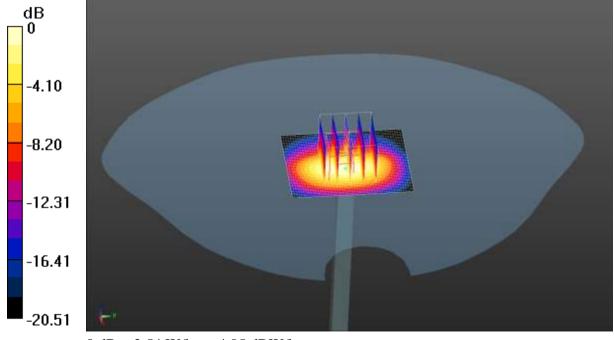
System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 42.64 V/m: Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.832 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 W/kg



0 dB = 2.54 W/kg = 4.05 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.25.2019 08:02:56

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN:910

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.815$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.864$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.61 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

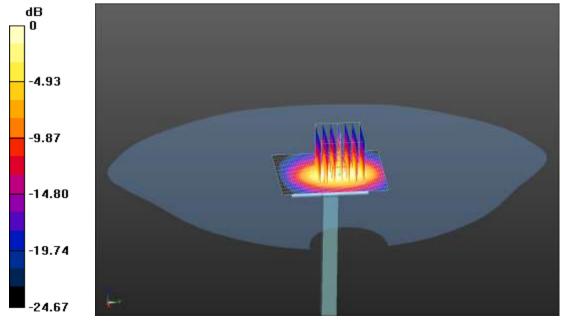
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.957 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.27 W/kg



0 dB = 3.27 W/kg = 5.15 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.25.2019 08:28:53

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: SN:1114

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f=2600 MHz; $\sigma=2.013$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=38.904$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(6.7, 6.7, 6.7); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan(7X7X7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 43.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.94 W/kg

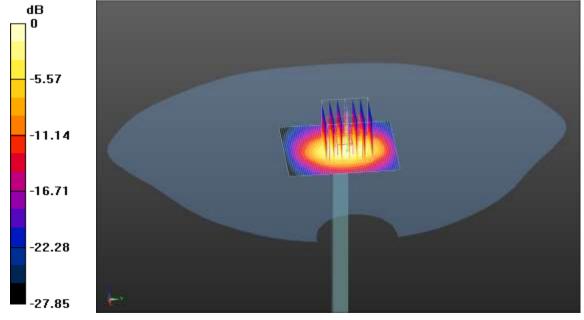
SAR(1 g) = 2.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.986 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.81 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.15 W/kg



0 dB = 4.15 W/kg = 6.18 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.27.2019 08:03:59

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: SN:1118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.952$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.876$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(9.1, 9.1, 9.1); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 30.78 V/m: Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

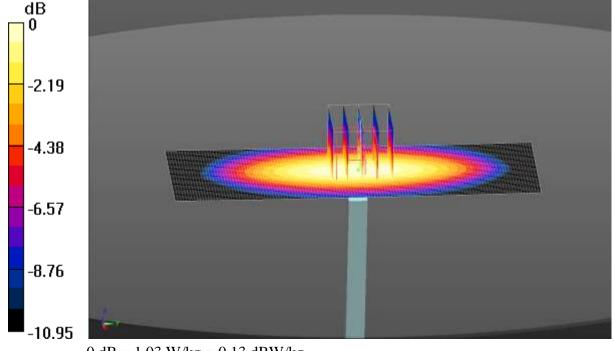
SAR(1 g) = 0.714 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.483 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.976 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg



0 dB = 1.03 W/kg = 0.13 dBW/kg





Date/Time: 08.27.2019 08:22:34 Test Laboratory: CCIS

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN:4d154

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.206$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(8.78, 8.78, 8.78); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dv=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

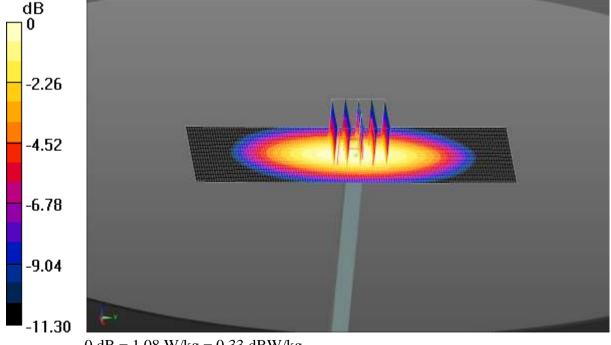
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.785 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.08 W/kg = 0.33 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.21.2019 08:05:32

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: SID 1800; Serial: SN:09/15 DIP IG800-360

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f=1800 MHz; $\sigma=1.517$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=52.683$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 38.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.27 W/kg

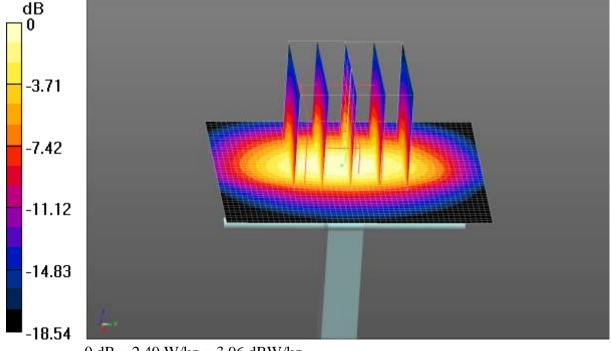
SAR(1 g) = 1.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.845 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.49 W/kg



0 dB = 2.49 W/kg = 3.96 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.21.2019 08:24:16

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d175

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.545$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.318$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.84 W/kg

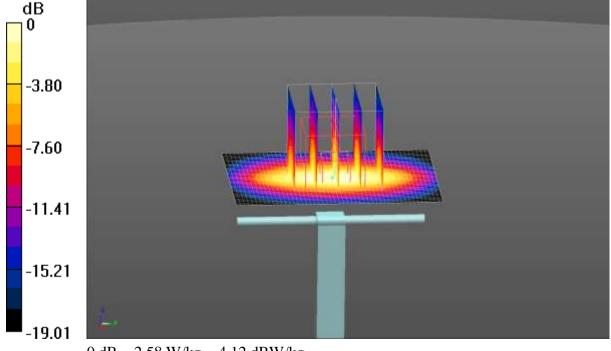
System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 42.78 V/m: Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.837 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 W/kg



0 dB = 2.58 W/kg = 4.12 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.26.2019 16:41:51

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN:910

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.983$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.627$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.18 W/kg

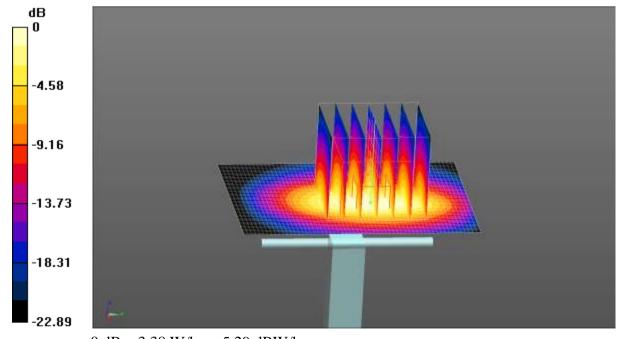
SAR(1 g) = 2.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.932 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.06 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.38 W/kg



0 dB = 3.38 W/kg = 5.29 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.26.2019 17:06:28

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: SN:1114

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.198$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.472$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40mW, dist=2.0mm(EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.69 W/kg

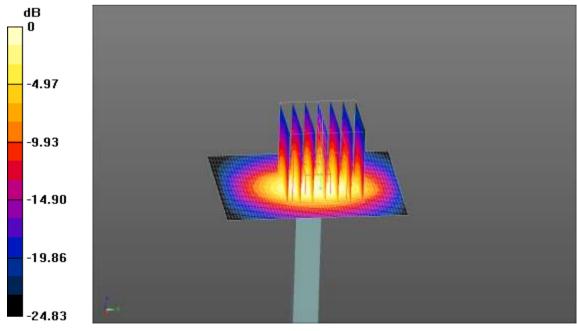
System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Body Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40mW, dist=2.0mm(EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan(7X7X7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 38.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.952 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.53 W/kg



0 dB = 3.53 W/kg = 5.48 dBW/kg





Appendix B: Plots of SAR Test Data





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.23.2019 11:13:42

DUT: LTE smartphone; Type: MUV; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.907$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.928$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(8.76, 8.76, 8.76); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 850 Left Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.049 V/m; Power Drift = 0.27 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.319 W/kg

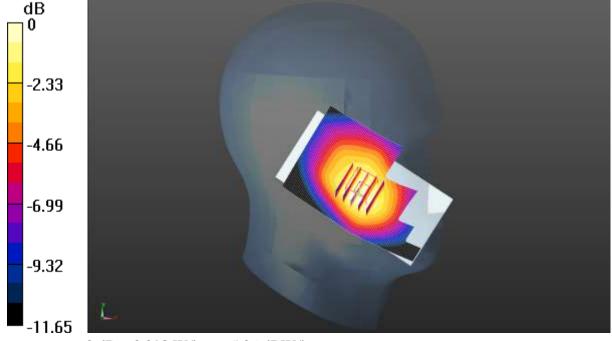
SAR(1 g) = 0.232 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 W/kg

GSM 850 Left Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.298 W/kg



0 dB = 0.298 W/kg = -5.26 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.29.2019 09:17:33

DUT: LTE smartphone; Type: MUV; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.406 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.348; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(7.31, 7.31, 7.31); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 1900 Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.400 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.122 W/kg

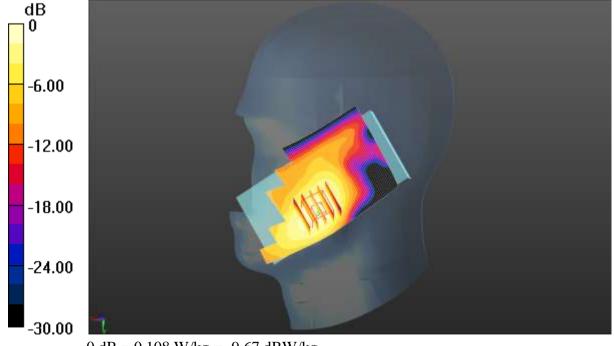
SAR(1 g) = 0.074 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.104 W/kg

GSM 1900 Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.108 W/kg



0 dB = 0.108 W/kg = -9.67 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.23.2019 12:05:21

DUT: LTE smartphone; Type: MUV; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 846.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.907$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.928$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(8.76, 8.76, 8.76); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019

• Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.596 V/m; Power Drift = -0.54 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.250 W/kg

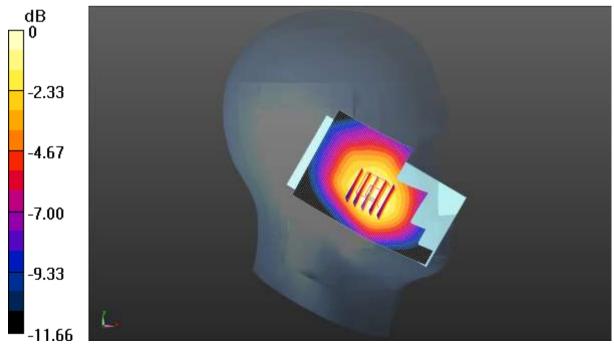
SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.223 W/kg

WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.236 W/kg



0 dB = 0.236 W/kg = -6.27 dBW/kg

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China





Test Laboratory: CCIS Date/Time: 08.29.2019 11:13:42

DUT: LTE smartphone; Type: MUV; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1752.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.354$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.627$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 06.19.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1700 Right Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.293 W/kg

WCDMA 1700 Right Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

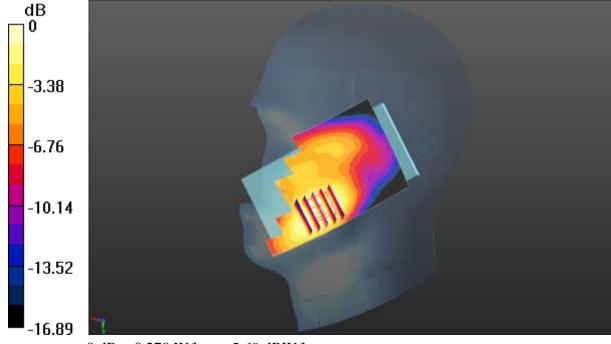
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.440 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.191 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 W/kg



0 dB = 0.270 W/kg = -5.69 dBW/kg

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China