



TEST REPORT FOR SAR TESTING

Report No.: SRTC2018-9004(F)-18111202(H)

Product Name: Mobile Phone

Product Model: KS605

Applicant: Hisense International Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer: Hisense Communications Co., Ltd.

Specification: Part 2.1093

IEEE Std 1528

KDB Procedures

FCC ID: 2ADOBKS605

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)

15th Building, No.30 Shixing Street, Shijingshan District, Beijing, P.R.China

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388



Contents

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	
1.1 NOTES OF THE TEST REPORT	2 2 2
2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST	4
2.1 FINAL EQUIPMENT BUILD STATUS	
3. REFERENCE SPECIFICATION	
4. TEST CONDITIONS	6
4.1 PICTURE TO DEMONSTRATE THE REQUIRED LIQUID DEPTH 4.2 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCIES AND OUTPUT POWER 4.3 SAR MEASUREMENT SET-UP	6 6 7
5 RESULT SUMMAR	. 10
6 TEST RESULT	. 12
6.1 MANUFACTURING TOLERANCE	. 15 . 17 . 19 . 20 . 22 . 24 . 26 . 32
7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	. 35
8 TEST EQUIPMENTS	. 37
ANNEX A – TEST PLOTS	. 46
ANNEX B - RELEVANT PAGES FROM CALIBRATION REPORTS	. 65

Page number: 1 of 74

Page number: 2 of 74



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Notes of the test report

The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written permission of The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC).

The test results relate only to individual items of the samples which have been tested.

1.2 Information about the testing laboratory

Company:	The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)				
Address:	15th Building, No.30 Shixing Street, Shijingshan District, Beijing				
	P.R.China				
City:	Beijing				
Country or Region:	P.R.China				
Contacted person:	Liu Jia				
Tel:	+86 10 57996183				
Fax:	+86 10 57996388				
Email:	liujiaf@srtc.org.cn				

1.3 Applicant's details

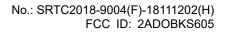
Company:	Hisense International Co., Ltd.			
Address:	Floor 22, Hisense Tower, 17 Donghai Xi Road, Qingdao, China			
City:	Qingdao			
Country or Region:	China			
Contacted person:	Geng Ruifeng			
Tel:	+86-532-80877742			
Fax:				
Email:	gengruifeng@hisense.com			

1.4 Manufacturer's details

Company:	Hisense Communications Co., Ltd.			
Address:	218 Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic & Technological			
	Development Zone, Qingdao, China			
City:	Qingdao			
Country or Region:	China			
Contacted person:	Dai Qingtao			
Tel:	+86-532-55753749			
Fax:				
Email:	daiqingtao@hisense.com			

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



Page number: 3 of 74



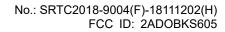
1.5 Test Environment

Date of Receipt of test sample at SRTC:	2018.11.12		
Testing Start Date:	2018.11.14		
Testing End Date:	2018.11.28		

Environmental Data:	Temperature (°C)	Humidity (%)	
Ambient	21-23	40-45	

Normal Supply Voltage (V d.c.):	3.8

20170915V1.1.0



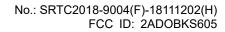


2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

2.1 Final Equipment Build Status

Wireless Technology and Frequency Bands	☑GSM Band: GSM850/PCS1900 ☑WCDMA Band: FDD2/5 □LTE Band ☑Bluetooth Band: 2.4GHz ☑Wi-Fi Band: 2.4GHz
Mode	GSM
Duty Cycle	GSM Voice: 12.5%; GPRS: 12.5% (1 Slot), 25% (2 Slots), 37.5% (3 Slots), 50% (4 Slots) WCDMA: 100% Wi-Fi 802.11b/g/n: 100% Bluetooth: 32.25% (DH1), 66.68% (DH3), 77.52% (DH5)
GPRS/EGPRS Multi-Slot Class	□Class 8 - One Up □Class 10 - Two Up □Class 12 - Four Up
Mobile Phone Capability	□Class A - Mobile phones can be connected to both GPRS and GSM services simultaneously. □Class B - Mobile phones can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services, using one service at a time. □Class C - Mobile phones are attached to either GPRS or GSM voice service. You need to switch manually between services
DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)	Not Supported

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 Page number: 4 of 74





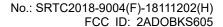
2.2 Support Equipment

The following support equipment was used to exercise the DUT during testing:

State of sample	Normal
Headset	B1G513A07
Batteries	LIW38150A/Li-Lon
H/W Version	V1.00
S/W Version	Hisense_U605_01_S02_20181102
IMEI	866747040002577
	As the information described above, we use test sample offered by the
Notes	customer. The relevant tests have been performed in order to verify in
	which combination case the EUT would have the worst features.

3. REFERENCE SPECIFICATION

Specification	Version	Title			
Part 2.1093	2018	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.			
IEEE Std 1528	2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques			
IEEE Std 1528a	2005	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques Amendment 1: CAD File for Human Head Model (SAM Phantom)			
KDB 447498 D01	v06	General RF Exposure Guidance			
KDB 648474 D04	v01r03	Handset SAR			
KDB 941225 D01	v03r01	3G SAR Procedures			
KDB 941225 D06	v02r01	Hotspot Mode			
KDB 248227 D01	v02r02	SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS			
KDB 865664 D01	v01r04	SAR Measurement from 100 MHz to 6 GHz			
KDB 865664 D02	v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting			
KDB 941225 D05	v02r05	SAR for LTE Devices			



Page number: 6 of 74



4. TEST CONDITIONS

4.1 Picture to demonstrate the required liquid depth

The liquid depth in the used SAM phantoms



Liquid depth for SAR Measurement

4.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

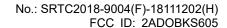
The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on middle channel, and few of them were also performed on lowest and highest channels.

4.3 SAR Measurement Set-up

The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than $\pm 0.02mm$. Special E-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines (length =300mm) to the data acquisition unit. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teaches pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors.



20170915V1.1.0



The PC consists of the Micron Pentium IV computer with Win7 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5 Professional, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification; signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection

The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

4.4 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2013.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

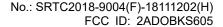
The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.5 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2013 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within ± 5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters. The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC) Page number: 7 of 74 Tel: 86-10-57996183

Fax: 86-10-57996388





4.5.1 Tissue Stimulant Recipes

The following tissue stimulants were used for Head and Body test:

Name	Broadband tissue-equivalent liquid
Type for Head	HBBL600-6000V6 Head Simulating Liquid
Type for Body	MBBL600-6000V6 Body Simulating Liquid

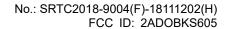
4.6 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

4.6.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy5 system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG



Page number: 9 of 74



4.6.2 Test positions

4.6.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right-hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

4.6.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. And the distance is 10mm. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

4.6.3 Scan Procedure

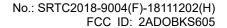
First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution and the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. The SAR distribution is first measured on a 2-D coarse grid. The scan region should cover all areas that are exposed and encompassed by the projection of the handset. There are 15 mm × 15 mm (equal or less than 2GHz), 12 mm × 12 mm (from 2GHz~3GHz) and 10mm x 10mm (above 5GHz) measurement grid used when two staggered one-dimensional cubic splines are used to estimate the maximum SAR location. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 7 x 7x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

4.6.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within DASY5 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, Multivariate Interpolation of Large Sets of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A triradiate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighboring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics. In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.



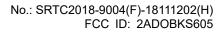
Page number: 10 of 74



5 RESULT SUMMAR

The maximum reported SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given as follows. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the

_maximum reported SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.						
Exposure	Frequency	1g-SAR			Limit	
Position	Band	Reported Result	Highest 1g-SAR Reported Result (W/kg)		(W/kg)/1g	Result
		(W/kg)				
	GSM 850	0.55				
	GSM 1900	0.39				
Head	WCDMA Band 2	0.63	0.84			
	WCDMA Band 5	0.44				
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.84				
Body	GSM 850	1.27				
Worn	GSM 1900	0.69				
(10mm Gap)	WCDMA Band 2	0.95	1.27	1.27	1.6	pass
	WCDMA Band 5	1.10				
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.13				
	GSM 850	1.27				
Hotspot	GSM 1900	1.01				
(10mm	WCDMA Band 2	1.06	1.27			
Gap)	WCDMA Band 5	1.10				
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.16				





Simultaneous Transmission Summary

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	1g-SAR Result(W/kg)	1g-9	hest SAR	Limit (W/kg)	Resu It
	20.7.4	l recommend	Result	(W/kg)	/1g	
	GSM & Wi-Fi	1.23				
Head	WCDMA & Wi-Fi	1.47	1.47			
ricad	GSM & Bluetooth	0.64	1.77			
	WCDMA & Bluetooth	0.72				
Body	GSM & Wi-Fi	1.39				
Worn	WCDMA & Wi-Fi	1.22	1.39	1.47	1.6	pass
(10mm	GSM & Bluetooth	1.31	1.58			
Gap)	WCDMA & Bluetooth	1.14				
Hotspot	GSM & Wi-Fi	1.39				
(10mm Gap)	WCDMA & Wi-Fi	1.22	1.39			

This Test Report Is Issued by: Mr. Peng Zhen	Checked by: Mr. Li Bin
Tested by:	Issued date:
Mr. Chang Tianyu	
中天子	20181203



6 TEST RESULT

6.1 Manufacturing Tolerance

GSM

GSM 850						
Channel Channel 128 Channel 189 Channel 251						
Tolerance (dBm)	30.0~34.0	30.0~34.0	30.0~34.0			
	GSM 1900					
Channel Channel 512 Channel 661 Channel 810						
Tolerance (dBm)	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5			

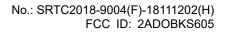
GSM 850 GPRS					
Channel 128 189 251					
1 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	30.0~34.0	30.0~34.0	30.0~34.0	
2 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	28.0~32.0	28.0~32.0	28.0~32.0	
3 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5	
4 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	24.5~28.5	24.5~28.5	24.5~28.5	

0011 050 50000(01010)				
	GSM 85	0 EGPRS(GMSK)	
Channel 128 189 251				
1 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	30.0~34.0	30.0~34.0	30.0~34.0
2 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	28.0~32.0	28.0~32.0	28.0~32.0
3 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5
4 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	24.5~28.5	24.5~28.5	24.5~28.5

GSM 1900 GPRS				
Channel 512 661 810				
1 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5
2 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	24.5~28.5	24.5~28.5	24.5~28.5
3 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	23.0~27.0	23.0~27.0	23.0~27.0
4 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	21.5~25.5	21.5~25.5	21.5~25.5

GSM 1900 EGPRS (GMSK)				
Channel 512 661 810				
1 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5	26.5~30.5
2 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	24.5~28.5	24.5~28.5	24.5~28.5
3 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	23.0~27.0	23.0~27.0	23.0~27.0
4 Txslot	Tolerance (dBm)	21.5~25.5	21.5~25.5	21.5~25.5

Page number: 12 of 74





W	IC	ח	М	Δ
	\sim	_	IVI	$\boldsymbol{-}$

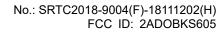
WCDMA Band2						
Channel 9262 9400 9538						
Tolerance (dBm)	18.50~22.50	18.50~22.50	18.50~22.50			
	WCDMA Band5					
Channel 4132 4183 4233						
Tolerance (dBm)	19.50~23.50	19.50~23.50	19.50~23.50			

HSDPA Band2				
	Channel	9262	9400	9538
Sub test 1	Tolerance (dBm)	17.0~21.0	17.0~21.0	17.0~21.0
Sub test 2	Tolerance (dBm)	17.0~21.0	17.0~21.0	17.0~21.0
Sub test 3	Tolerance (dBm)	17.0~21.0	17.0~21.0	17.0~21.0
Sub test 4	Tolerance (dBm)	17.0~21.0	17.0~21.0	17.0~21.0
	HS	SDPA Band5		
	Channel	4132	4183	4233
Sub test 1	Tolerance (dBm)	18.0~22.0	18.0~22.0	18.0~22.0
Sub test 2	Tolerance (dBm)	18.0~22.0	18.0~22.0	18.0~22.0
Sub test 3	Tolerance (dBm)	18.0~22.0	18.0~22.0	18.0~22.0
Sub test 4	Tolerance (dBm)	18.0~22.0	18.0~22.0	18.0~22.0

HSUPA Band2					
Channel 9262 9400 9538					
Sub test 1	Tolerance (dBm)	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	
Sub test 2	Tolerance (dBm)	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	
Sub test 3	Tolerance (dBm)	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	
Sub test 4	Tolerance (dBm)	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	
Sub test 5	Tolerance (dBm)	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	16.5~20.5	

HSUPA Band5				
	Channel	4132	4183	4233
Sub test 1	Tolerance (dBm)	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5
Sub test 2	Tolerance (dBm)	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5
Sub test 3	Tolerance (dBm)	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5
Sub test 4	Tolerance (dBm)	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5
Sub test 5	Tolerance (dBm)	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5	17.5~21.5

Page number: 13 of 74



Page number: 14 of 74



Bluetooth

GFSK							
Channel	0	39	78				
Tolerance (dBm)	-0.5~3.5	-0.5~3.5	-0.5~3.5				
	π/4D0	QPSK					
Channel	0	39	78				
Tolerance (dBm)	-3.0~1.0	-3.0~1.0	-3.0~1.0				
8DPSK							
Channel	0	39	78				
Tolerance (dBm)	-3.0~1.0	-3.0~1.0	-3.0~1.0				

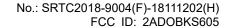
Bluetooth (BLE)

GFSK					
Channel	0	19	39		
Tolerance (dBm)	-14.0~-10.0	-14.0~-10.0	-14.0~-10.0		

Wi-Fi (2.4GHz)

802.11b						
Channel	1	6	11			
Tolerance (dBm)	9.5~13.5	10.5~14.5	11.0~15.0			
	802	.11g				
Channel	1	6	11			
Tolerance (dBm)	7.5~11.5	11.0~14.0	11.0~14.0			
	802.11	n HT20				
Channel	1	6	11			
Tolerance (dBm)	7.5~11.5	8.5~12.5	8.5~12.5			

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)
Tel: 86-10-57996183
Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0





6.2 GSM Measurement result

GSM Measured Power

Mode	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Measured Power(dBm)	33.46	33.50	33.31	30.21	30.22	30.19

GSM Frame Average Power

Mode	GSM850			GSM1900			
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
Frame Average Power (dBm)	24.43	24.47	24.28	21.18	21.19	21.16	

GPRS Measured Power

Mode	GPRS850			GPRS1900			
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
4Downlink1uplinkPower(dBm)	33.45	33.50	33.31	30.42	30.24	30.18	
3Downlink2uplinkPower(dBm)	31.59	31.58	31.42	27.93	28.08	28.27	
2Downlink3uplinkPower(dBm)	30.10	30.02	29.89	26.64	26.80	27.00	
1Downlink4uplinkPower(dBm)	28.44	28.36	28.20	24.86	25.02	25.26	

GPRS Frame Average Power

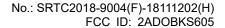
Mode	GPRS850			GPRS1900				
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
4Downlink1uplinkPower(dBm)	24.42	24.47	24.28	21.39	21.21	21.15		
3Downlink2uplinkPower(dBm)	25.57	25.56	25.40	21.91	22.06	22.25		
2Downlink3uplinkPower(dBm)	25.84	25.76	25.63	22.38	22.54	22.74		
1Downlink4uplinkPower(dBm)	25.43	25.35	25.19	21.85	22.01	22.25		

Division Factors (for Measured Power and Frame Average Power):

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

- 1TX-slot (4Downlink1uplink) = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB
- 2TX-slots(3Downlink2uplink) = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB
- 3TX-slots (2Downlink3uplink) = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB
- 4TX-slots (1Downlink4uplink) = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with **3Txslots** (2Downlink3uplink) for GPRS.



Page number: 16 of 74



EGPRS Measured Power

Mode	EGPRS850(GMSK)			EGPRS1900(GMSK)		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
4Downlink1uplinkPower(dBm)	33.45	33.50	33.31	30.42	30.24	30.18
3Downlink2uplinkPower(dBm)	31.59	31.58	31.42	27.93	28.08	28.27
2Downlink3uplinkPower(dBm)	30.10	30.02	29.89	26.64	26.80	27.00
1Downlink4uplinkPower(dBm)	28.44	28.36	28.20	24.86	25.02	25.26

EGPRS Frame Average Power

Mode	EGPRS850(GMSK)			EGPRS1900(GMSK)		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
4Downlink1uplinkPower(dBm)	24.42	24.47	24.28	21.39	21.21	21.15
3Downlink2uplinkPower(dBm)	25.57	25.56	25.40	21.91	22.06	22.25
2Downlink3uplinkPower(dBm)	25.84	25.76	25.63	22.38	22.54	22.74
1Downlink4uplinkPower(dBm)	25.43	25.35	25.19	21.85	22.01	22.25

Division Factors (for Measured Power and Frame Average Power):

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot (4Downlink1uplink) = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots(3Downlink2uplink) = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots (2Downlink3uplink) = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots (1Downlink4uplink) = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with **3Txslots** (2Downlink3uplink) for EGPRS (GMSK).

Note: EGPRS do not support 8PSK modulation type.

Page number: 17 of 74



6.3 WCDMA Measurement result

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01. Release 99

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The DUT supports power Class 3, which has a nominal maximum output power of 24 dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

Mode	Subtest	Rel99				
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	βc/βd	8/15				

Measured Results

Mode	Band2			Band5		
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6
RB test mode1+64kRMC(dBm)	21.84	22.12	22.00	22.77	22.58	23.06
RB test mode1+12.2kRMC(dBm)	21.86	22.18	22.02	22.79	22.62	23.10
RB test mode1+144kRMC(dBm)	21.85	22.09	21.99	22.82	22.61	23.08
RB test mode1+384kRMC(dBm)	21.84	22.08	21.98	22.83	22.61	23.09

HSDPA

The following 4 Sub-tests were completed according to Release 5 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121.

Sub-test	βc	β _d	β _d (SF)	eta_{c/eta_d}	$\beta_{hs}{}^{(1)}$	CM(dB) (2)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/18	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and $\triangle_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note2:CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$.

Note3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC(TF1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

Measured Results

moadarda riodano						
Mode	HSDPA Band 2			HSDPA Band 5		
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6
sub-test1(dBm)	20.33	20.61	20.52	21.26	21.56	21.06
sub-test2(dBm)	20.34	20.67	20.51	21.25	21.60	21.13
sub-test3(dBm)	20.36	20.56	20.45	21.34	21.59	21.14
sub-test4(dBm)	20.35	20.57	20.46	21.32	21.57	21.10

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)

Page number: 18 of 74



HSUPA

The following 5 Sub-tests were completed according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121.

Sub-te st	βc	βd	β _d (S F)	βc/βd	β _{hs} (1	βec	$eta_{ ext{ed}}$	β _{ed} (S F)	β _{ed} (code s)	CM (2) (dB	MP R (d B)	AG ⁽ 4) Inde x	E-TF CI
1	11/15 ⁽ 3)	15/15 (3)	64	11/15 ⁽ 3)	22/1 5	209/2 25	1039/2 25	4	1	1.0	2.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/1 5	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/1 5	30/15	β _{ed1} :47/ 15 β _{ed2} :47/ 15	4	2	2.0	2.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (4)	15/15 (4)	64	15/15 (4)	30/1 5	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	2.0	21	81

Note1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and $\triangle_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note2:CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15.For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH,HS-DPCCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC(TF1,TF1) to β_c =10/15 and β_d =15/15.

Note4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC(TF1,TF1) to β_c =14/15 and β_d =15/15.

NOTE5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

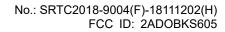
NOTE6:β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Measured Results

Mode	HS	SUPA Band	d 2	HS	SUPA Band	15
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6
sub-test1(dBm)	20.23	20.50	20.42	21.17	20.98	21.26
sub-test2(dBm)	20.14	20.47	20.31	21.29	21.22	21.49
sub-test3(dBm)	20.16	20.36	20.25	21.32	20.91	21.28
sub-test4(dBm)	20.15	20.27	20.16	21.03	20.90	21.49
sub-test5(dBm)	20.18	20.25	20.14	21.16	20.95	21.50

Note: UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01.HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



Page number: 19 of 74



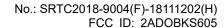
6.4 Bluetooth Measurement result

	Test Result (dBm)				
Modulation type	2402MHz (Ch0)	2441MHz (Ch39)	2480MHz (Ch78)		
GFSK	3.27	3.31	3.44		
π/4DQPSK	0.63	0.08	0.45		
8DPSK	0.68	0.19	0.08		
CESK(BLE)	2402MHz (Ch0)	2440MHz (Ch19)	2480MHz (Ch39)		
GFSK(BLE)	-12.34	-11.94	-10.92		

6.5 Wi-Fi Measurement result

WIFI 2.4GHz

Modulation type	Average power output (dBm)				
Modulation type	2412MHz	2437MHz	2462MHz		
11b	13.33	14.16	14.59		
11g	11.02	13.69	13.98		
11n HT20	11.03	12.07	12.28		





6.6 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm

According to the KDB447498 4.3.1 (1)

For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f} (GHz)] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

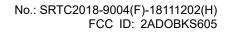
- ·f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- ·Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- ·The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is \leq 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

This is equivalent to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(60/ \sqrt{f} (GHz) mW)] ·[20 mm/(min.test separation distance, mm)] ≤ 1.0 for 1-g SAR; also see Appendix A for approximate exclusion threshold values at selected frequencies and distances. According to the KDB447498 appendix A

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

Fax: 86-10-57996388



Page number: 21 of 74

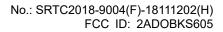


MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	64P. T.
1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test Exclusion
1900	11	22	33	44	54	Threshold (mW)
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

Summary of Transmitters

Band/Mode	Position	Max. RF output power (mW)	SAR test exclusion Threshold (mW)	SAR Required
(2.4~2.4835) GHz	Head	2.21	10	No
Bluetooth	Body	2.21	19	No
(2.4~2.4835) GHz	Head	28.77	10	Yes
Wi-Fi	Body	28.77	19	Yes

20170915V1.1.0

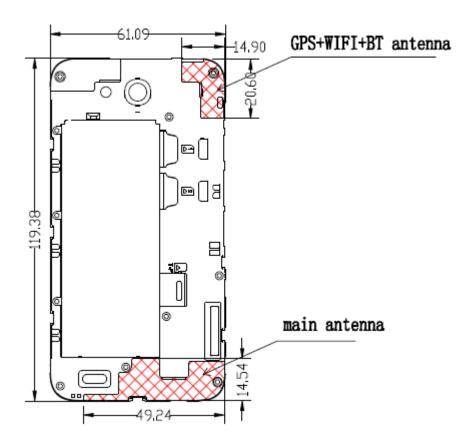


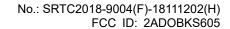
Page number: 22 of 74



6.7 RF exposure conditions

Refer to the follow picture "Antenna Locations & Separation Distances" for the specific details of the antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-edge(s) distances.





Page number: 23 of 74



6.7.1 Head Exposure ConditionsFor WWAN

Test Configurations	SAR Required	Note
Left Touch	yes	1
Left Tilt (15°)	yes	/
Right Touch	yes	1
Right Tilt (15°)	yes	1

For WLAN

Test Configurations	SAR Required	Note
Left Touch	yes	1
Left Tilt (15°)	yes	/
Right Touch	yes	/
Right Tilt (15°)	yes	/

6.7.2 Body Exposure conditions

For WWAN

Test Configurations	SAR Required	Note
Back	yes	/
Front	ves	/

For WLAN

Test Configurations	SAR Required	Note
Back	yes	/
Front	yes	/

6.7.3 Hotspot Exposure Conditions For WWAN

Test Configurations	Antenna-to-edge/surface	SAR Required
Back	<25 mm	Yes
Front	<25 mm	Yes
Тор	>25 mm	No
Bottom	<25 mm	Yes
Right	<25 mm	Yes
Left	<25 mm	Yes

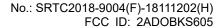
For WLAN

Test Configurations	Antenna-to-edge/surface	SAR Required
Back	<25 mm	Yes
Front	<25 mm	Yes
Тор	<25 mm	Yes
Bottom	>25 mm	No
Right	>25 mm	No
Left	<25 mm	Yes

Note: For hotspot mode, it's not necessary test Rear and Front position cause we already test the these position without hotspot mode in Body Exposure conditions, Normally if the hotspot mode opened, the technology "power reduction" used for mobile, so we consider the worst condition, and remain the data of body worn as hotspots mode.

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)

Tel: 86-10-57996183



Page number: 24 of 74



6.8 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

Date Tested	System dipole	T.S. Liquid	SAR measured (normalized to 1W)		Target (Ref.Value)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2018/11/15	D835V2	Head	1g	9.16	9.37	-2.2	±10
2018/11/18	D1800V2	Head	1g	37.84	38.90	-2.7	±10
2018/11/20	D2450V2	Head	1g	51.20	52.40	-2.3	±10

Date Tested	System dipole	T.S. Liquid		SAR easured alized to 1W)	Target (Ref.Value)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2018/11/14	D835V2	Body	1g	9.12	9.47	-3.7	±10
2018/11/15	D1800V2	Body	1g	38.68	39.00	-0.8	±10
2018/11/21	D2450V2	Body	1g	53.20	52.30	1.7	±10



Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

For the measurement of the following parameters the SPEAG DAKS-3.5 dielectric parameter

probe is used, representing the open-ended coaxial probe measurement procedure.

<u> </u>	property acces, representing the open chack countain proper interaction of procedurer							
Date Tested	Freq.(MHz)	Liquid parameters	measured	Target	Delta(%)	Tolerance(%)		
2018/11/15	Head 835	εr	41.11	41.50	-0.9	±5		
2010/11/13	neau oss	σ[S/m]	0.92	0.90	2.2	±5		
2018/11/18	Head 1800	εr	40.61	40.00	1.5	±5		
2010/11/10	пеац тооо	σ[S/m]	1.41	1.40	0.7	±5		
2018/11/20	Head 2450	εr	39.58	39.20	1.0	±5		
2010/11/20	Пеац 2430	σ[S/m]	1.83	1.80	1.7	±5		

Date Tested	Freq.(MHz)	Liquid parameters	measured	Target	Delta(%)	Tolerance(%)
2018/11/14	Body 835	εr	56.20	55.20	1.8	±5
2010/11/14	Body 633	σ[S/m]	0.97	0.97	0.0	±5
2018/11/15	Pody 1900	εr	51.72	53.30	-3.0	±5
2010/11/13	Body 1800	σ[S/m]	1.54	1.52	1.3	±5
2018/11/21	Pody 2450	εr	51.05	52.70	-3.1	±5
2010/11/21	Body 2450	σ[S/m]	2.03	1.95	4.1	±5

Page number: 26 of 74



6.9 SAR TEST RESULT

In order to determine the largest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations, and operational modes should be tested for each frequency band according to Steps 1 to 3 below.

Step 1: The tests should be performed at the channel that is closest to the center of the transmit frequency band.

- a) All device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom),
- b) All configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) All operational modes for each device position in item a) and configuration in item b) in each frequency band, e.g., analog and digital, If more than three frequencies need to be tested (i.e., Nc > 3), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing the highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1 for each frequency, perform all tests at all other test frequency channels, e.g., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration, and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies should be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the largest value of the peak. Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) * Scaling Factor

- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing are not necessary.
- 3. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



The measured and reported Head/body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

Mode: GSM 850(GPRS)

fL(MHz)=824.2MHz fM(MHz)=836.5MHz fH(MHz)=848.8MHz

SAR Values (850MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg): <1.6W/kg (1g Average)

Test (Case	Ch	Measure Conducted	Tune-up limit	Scaling	Measure Results (W/kg)	Reported Results (W/kg)
position	mode		Power (dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	1g Average	1g Average
Left		L	30.10	30.50	1.10		
cheek		М	30.20	30.50	1.07	0.514	0.550
OHOOK		Н	29.89	30.50	1.15		
Left		L	30.10	30.50	1.10		
Tilted	GPRS	M	30.20	30.50	1.07	0.312	0.334
Titted	3TX	Н	29.89	30.50	1.15		
Right	(head)	L	30.10	30.50	1.10		
cheek	(ricad)	М	30.20	30.50	1.07	0.297	0.318
OHOOK		Н	29.89	30.50	1.15		
Right		L	30.10	30.50	1.10		
Tilted		М	30.20	30.50	1.07	0.267	0.286
Tilled		Н	29.89	30.50	1.15		
		L1	30.10	30.50	1.10	0.961	1.057
		M1	30.20	30.50	1.07	1.100	1.177
Back	GPRS	H1	29.89	30.50	1.15	1.100	1.265
Dack	3TX	L2	30.10	30.50	1.10	0.941	1.032
	(body-	M2	30.20	30.50	1.07	1.080	1.157
	worn&	H2	29.89	30.50	1.15	1.100	1.265
	hotspot)	L	30.10	30.50	1.10		
Front		М	30.20	30.50	1.07	0.519	0.555
		Н	29.89	30.50	1.15		
		L	30.10	30.50	1.10		
Bottom		М	30.20	30.50	1.07	0.135	0.144
		Н	29.89	30.50	1.15		
	GPRS	L	30.10	30.50	1.10		
Right	3TX	М	30.20	30.50	1.07	0.345	0.369
	(hotspot)	Н	29.89	30.50	1.15		
	1	L	30.10	30.50	1.10		
Left		М	30.20	30.50	1.07	0.748	0.800
		Н	29.89	30.50	1.15		

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388

20170915V1.1.0

Page number: 28 of 74



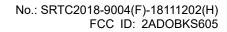
Mode: GSM1900(GPRS)

SAR Values (1900MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg): <1.6W/kg (1g Average)

Test (Case	Ch	Measure Conducted Power	Tune-up limit	Scaling Factor	Measure Results (W/kg)	Reported Results (W/kg)
position	mode		(dBm)	(dBm)	1 actor	1g Average	1g Average
Left		L	26.64	27.00	1.09		
cheek		М	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.368	0.386
CHECK		Η	27.00	27.00	1.00		
Left		L	26.64	27.00	1.09		
Tilted	GPRS	М	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.161	0.169
Tilled	3TX	Н	27.00	27.00	1.00		
Right	(head)	L	26.64	27.00	1.09		
cheek	(ricad)	М	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.366	0.384
CHECK		Н	27.00	27.00	1.00		
Right		L	26.64	27.00	1.09		
Tilted		М	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.179	0.188
Tilled		Η	27.00	27.00	1.00		
	CDDC	L	26.64	27.00	1.09		
Back	GPRS 3TX	М	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.658	0.691
		Τ	27.00	27.00	1.00		
	description (body- worn&	L	26.64	27.00	1.09		
Front	hotspot)	М	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.530	0.557
	Hotspot	Н	27.00	27.00	1.00		
		L1	26.64	27.00	1.09	0.875	0.954
		M1	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.959	1.007
Dettern		H1	27.00	27.00	1.00	0.857	0.857
Bottom		L2	26.64	27.00	1.09	0.875	0.954
	0000	M2	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.902	0.945
	GPRS	H2	27.00	27.00	1.00	0.852	0.852
	3TX	L	26.64	27.00	1.09		
Right	(hotspot)	М	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.119	0.125
		Н	27.00	27.00	1.00		
	1	L	26.64	27.00	1.09		
Left		M	26.80	27.00	1.05	0.111	0.117
		Н	27.00	27.00	1.00		

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



Page number: 29 of 74



Mode: WCDMA BAND2

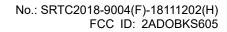
fL (MHz)=1852.4MHz fM (MHz)=1880MHz fH (MHz)= 1907.6MHz

SAR Values (WCDMA BAND2)

Limit of SAR (W/kg) :< 1.6W/kg (1g Average)

Test	Case	Ch	Measure Conducted Power	Tune-up limit	Scaling Factor	Measure Results (W/kg)	Reported Results (W/kg)
position	mode		(dBm)	(dBm)	1 dotor	1g Average	1g Average
Left		Ш	21.86	22.50	1.16	-	
cheek		М	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.269	0.291
CHEEK		Н	22.02	22.50	1.12		
Left		L	21.86	22.50	1.16		
Tilted		М	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.143	0.154
Tilleu	12.2KRMC	Η	22.02	22.50	1.12		
Dight	(head)	L	21.86	22.50	1.16		
Right cheek		М	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.583	0.630
Clieek		Τ	22.02	22.50	1.12	-	
Dight		Ш	21.86	22.50	1.16	-	
Right Tilted		М	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.147	0.159
Tilleu		Ι	22.02	22.50	1.12	-	
		L1	21.86	22.50	1.16	0.672	0.780
		M1	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.833	0.900
Back	12.2KRMC	H1	22.02	22.50	1.12	0.844	0.945
	(body-	M2	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.829	0.892
	worn&	H2	22.02	22.50	1.12	0.840	0.938
	hotspot)	L	21.86	22.50	1.16		
Front		М	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.563	0.608
		Н	22.02	22.50	1.12		
		L1	21.86	22.50	1.16	0.813	0.943
Bottom1		M1	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.983	1.062
		H1	22.02	22.50	1.12	0.903	1.011
		L2	21.86	22.50	1.16	0.812	0.941
Bottom2		M2	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.979	1.054
	12.2KRMC	H2	22.02	22.50	1.12	0.901	1.006
	(hotspot)	L	21.86	22.50	1.16		
Right	, , ,	М	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.159	0.172
		Н	22.02	22.50	1.12		
		L	21.86	22.50	1.16		
Left		M	22.18	22.50	1.08	0.106	0.114
		Н	22.02	22.50	1.12		

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0





Mode: WCDMA BAND5

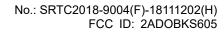
fL (MHz)=826.4MHz fM (MHz)=836.4MHz fH (MHz)= 846.6MHz

SAR Values (WCDMA BAND5)

Limit of SAR (W/kg): <1.6W/kg (1g Average)

Test	: Case	Ch	Measure Conducted Power	Tune-up	Scaling Factor	Measure Results (W/kg)	Reported Results (W/kg)
position	mode		(dBm)	(dBm)	1 40101	1g Average	1g Average
Left		L	22.79	23.50	1.18		
cheek		М	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.358	0.437
CHEEK		Н	23.10	23.50	1.10		
Left		L	22.79	23.50	1.18		
Tilted		М	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.203	0.248
Tilled	12.2KRMC	Н	23.10	23.50	1.10		
Right	(head)	L	22.79	23.50	1.18		
cheek		M	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.306	0.373
CHECK		Η	23.10	23.50	1.10		
Right		L	22.79	23.50	1.18		
Tilted		М	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.200	0.244
Tilled		Η	23.10	23.50	1.10		
		L1	22.79	23.50	1.18	0.929	1.096
		M1	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.831	1.014
Back	40.000	H1	23.10	23.50	1.10	0.906	0.997
Dack	12.2KRMC	L2	22.79	23.50	1.18	0.925	1.089
	(body- worn&	M2	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.829	1.015
	hotspot)	H2	23.10	23.50	1.10	0.901	0.988
	Hotspot)	L	22.79	23.50	1.18		
Front		М	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.689	0.841
		Τ	23.10	23.50	1.10		
		L	22.79	23.50	1.18		
Bottom		М	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.112	0.137
		Н	23.10	23.50	1.10		
	40.01/5146	L	22.79	23.50	1.18		
Right	12.2KRMC (hotspot)	М	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.291	0.355
		Н	23.10	23.50	1.10		
		L	22.79	23.50	1.18		
Left		М	22.62	23.50	1.22	0.448	0.547
		Н	23.10	23.50	1.10		

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 Page number: 30 of 74



Page number: 31 of 74



Mode: Wi-Fi 2.4GHz

fH (MHz)= 2462MHz

SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b)

Limit of SAR (W/kg): <1.6W/kg (1g Average)

Test	Test Case		Measure Conducted Power	Tune-up limit	Scaling Factor	Measure Results (W/kg)	Reported Results (W/kg)
position	mode		(dBm)	(dBm)	1 actor	1g Average	1g Average
Left		L	13.33	13.50	1.04	-	
cheek		М	14.16	14.50	1.08	0.341	0.440
CHECK		Н	14.59	15.00	1.10		
Left		L	13.33	13.50	1.04		
Tilted		М	14.16	14.50	1.08	0.286	0.369
Tilled	802.11b	Н	14.59	15.00	1.10		
Dight	(head)	L	13.33	13.50	1.04	0.758	0.788
Right cheek		М	14.16	14.50	1.08	0.779	0.841
CHEEK		Н	14.59	15.00	1.10	0.695	0.765
Right		L	13.33	13.50	1.04		
Tilted		М	14.16	14.50	1.08	0.490	0.529
Tilled		Н	14.59	15.00	1.10		
		L	13.33	13.50	1.04		
Back	802.11b	М	14.16	14.50	1.08	0.119	0.129
	(body-	Н	14.59	15.00	1.10		
	worn&	L	13.33	13.50	1.04		
Front	hotspot)	М	14.16	14.50	1.08	0.091	0.098
		Н	14.59	15.00	1.10		
		L	13.33	13.50	1.04		
Тор		М	14.16	14.50	1.08	0.150	0.162
	802.11b	Н	14.59	15.00	1.10		
	(hotspot)	L	13.33	13.50	1.04		
Left	, ,	М	14.16	14.50	1.08	0.137	0.148
		Н	14.59	15.00	1.10		



6.10 SAR Measurement Variability

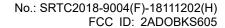
SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The Highest Reported SAR configuration in Each Frequency Band

Frequency band	Air interface	Head(w/kg)	Body(w/kg)
850 MHz	GSM850 WCDMA BAND5	<0.8	>0.8
1800/1900 MHz	GSM1900 WCDMA BAND2	<0.8	>0.8
2.4 GHz	WIFI	>0.8	<0.8



Page number: 33 of 74



6.11 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

The sum of SAR values for GSM & Wi-Fi

	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR HEAD	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR BODY WORN	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR HOTSPOT						
GSM	0.384	1.265	1.265						
Wi-Fi	0.841	0.129	0.129						
Sum	1.225	1.394	1.394						
Note	Right cheek: GSM1900+wifi2.4G	Back: GSM850+wifi2.4G	Back: GSM850+wifi2.4G						

According to the above tables, the sum of SAR values for GSM and Wi-Fi < 1.6W/kg. So simultaneous transmission SAR are not required for Wi-Fi transmitter.

The sum of SAR values for WCDMA & Wi-Fi

	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR HEAD	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR BODY	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR HOTSPOT
WCDMA	0.630	1.096	1.096
Wi-Fi	0.841	0.129	0.129
Sum	1.471	1.225	1.225
Note	Right cheek:	Back:	Back:
	WCDMA2 +WIFI 2.4G	WCDMA5+ WIFI 2.4G	WCDMA5+ WIFI 2.4G

According to the above tables, the sum of SAR values for WCDMA and Wi-Fi < 1.6W/kg. So simultaneous transmission SAR are not required for Wi-Fi transmitter.



According to the formula (KDB447498 4.3.2) the Bluetooth SAR as follow:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mw)/ (min. test separation distance, mm)] [√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤50mm.

min. test separation distance = 5mm

Body:

min. test separation distance = 10mm

Where x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.

Estimated SAR Bluetooth

Mode	Position	F(GHz)	Distance(mm)	Estimated		
Bluetooth	Head	2.402	5	0.094		
	Body	2.402	10	0.047		

The sum of SAR values for GSM & Bluetooth

	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR HEAD	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR BODY WORN		
GSM	0.550	1.266		
Bluetooth	0.094	0.047		
Sum	0.644	1.313		
Note	Left cheek: GSM850+BT	Back: GSM850+BT		

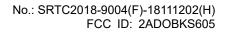
According to the above tables, the sum of SAR values for GSM and Bluetooth < 1.6W/kg. So simultaneous transmission SAR are not required for Bluetooth transmitter.

The sum of SAR values for WCDMA & Bluetooth

	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR HEAD	MAXIMUM SAR VALUE FOR BODY WORN
WCDMA	0.630	1.096
Bluetooth	0.094	0.047
Sum	0.724	1.143
Note	Right cheek: WCDMA2+BT	Back: WCDMA5+BT

According to the above tables, the sum of SAR values for WCDMA and Bluetooth < 1.6W/kg. So simultaneous transmission SAR are not required for Bluetooth transmitter.

Page number: 34 of 74 Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



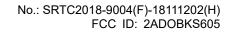
Page number: 35 of 74



7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

$(0.3 - 3\mathrm{GHz}\mathrm{range})$								
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(c_i)	(c_i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(v_i)
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	$\pm 6.0 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 6.0 \%$	$\pm 6.0 \%$	∞
Axial Isotropy	$\pm 4.7 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 1.9 \%$	$\pm 1.9\%$	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	$\pm 9.6\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9\%$	∞
Boundary Effects	$\pm 1.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6 \%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	∞
Linearity	$\pm 4.7 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7 \%$	$\pm 2.7\%$	∞
System Detection Limits	$\pm 1.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	$\pm 0.6 \%$	∞
Modulation Response ^{m}	$\pm 2.4\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.4 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	∞
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	∞
Response Time	$\pm 0.8 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5 \%$	$\pm 0.5 \%$	∞
Integration Time	$\pm 2.6\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	∞
RF Ambient Noise	$\pm 3.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	$\pm 3.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.4 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2 \%$	$\pm 0.2 \%$	∞
Probe Positioning	$\pm 2.9 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 2.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6\%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6\%$	$\pm 3.6\%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	∞
Power Scaling ^p	±0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	$\pm 0.0 \%$	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	$\pm 6.1 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.5 \%$	$\pm 3.5\%$	∞
SAR correction	$\pm 1.9\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	$\pm 1.1\%$	$\pm 0.9 \%$	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.) ^{DAK}	$\pm 2.5 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 1.1 \%$	$\pm 1.0 \%$	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	$\pm 2.5\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.4 \%$	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	$\pm 3.4\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 1.4\%$	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB $\pm 0.4 \%$		R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.1\%$	$\pm 0.1\%$	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					$\pm 11.2 \%$	$\pm 11.1 \%$	361	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					$\pm 22.3\%$	$\pm 22.2\%$		

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)
Tel: 86-10-57996183
Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



Page number: 36 of 74



(3 - 6 GHz range)								
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(c_i)	(c_i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(v_i)
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	v_{eff}
Measurement System								-,,
Probe Calibration	$\pm 6.55 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 6.55 \%$	$\pm 6.55 \%$	∞
Axial Isotropy	$\pm 4.7 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 1.9 \%$	$\pm 1.9 \%$	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	$\pm 9.6 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	∞
Boundary Effects	$\pm 2.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	∞
Linearity	$\pm 4.7 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7 \%$	$\pm 2.7 \%$	∞
System Detection Limits	$\pm 1.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6 \%$	$\pm 0.6 \%$	∞
Modulation Response ^{m}	$\pm 2.4 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.4 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	∞
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	∞
Response Time	$\pm 0.8 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5 \%$	$\pm 0.5 \%$	∞
Integration Time	$\pm 2.6 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	∞
RF Ambient Noise	$\pm 3.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	$\pm 3.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.8 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5 \%$	$\pm 0.5 \%$	∞
Probe Positioning	$\pm 6.7 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 4.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6\%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6 \%$	$\pm 3.6 \%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	∞
Power Scaling ^p	$\pm 0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	$\pm 6.6\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.8\%$	$\pm 3.8 \%$	∞
SAR correction	$\pm 1.9\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	$\pm 1.1 \%$	±0.9 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.) DAK	$\pm 2.5\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 1.1\%$	$\pm 1.0 \%$	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	$\pm 2.5\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.4 \%$	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity ^{BB}	$\pm 3.4\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity ^{BB}	$\pm 0.4 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.1 \%$	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						$\pm 12.3\%$	$\pm 12.2\%$	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						$\pm 24.6\%$	$\pm 24.5\%$	

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)
Tel: 86-10-57996183
Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0

20170915V1.1.0



8 TEST EQUIPMENTS

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY5, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration date	Calibration Due data
DAE	DAE4	546	2018.10.15	2019.10.14
Dosimetric E-field Probe	ES3DV3	3127	2018.11.02	2019.11.01
Dipole Validation Kit	D835V2	4d023	2017.09.13	2020.09.12
Dipole Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d084	2017.09.15	2020.09.14
Dipole Validation Kit	D2450V2	738	2017.09.18	2020.09.17

According to KDB 865664 D01 section 3.2.2, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the **SAR target**, **impedance** and **return loss** of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements.

- 1) The test laboratory must ensure that the required supporting information and documentation are included in the SAR report to qualify for the three-year extended calibration interval; otherwise, the IEEE Std 1528-2013 recommended annual calibration applies.
- 2) Immediate re-calibration is required for the following conditions.
- a) After a dipole is damaged and properly repaired to meet required specifications.
- b) When the measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by more than 10% due to changes in physical, mechanical, electrical or other relevant dipole conditions; i.e., the error is not introduced by incorrect measurement procedures or other issues relating to the SAR measurement system.
- c) When the most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. value in dB×0.2) or not meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- d) When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5 Ω from the previous measurement.

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)
Page number: 37 of 74

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388

20170915V1.1.0



Dipole 835

SAR target

Refers to system check, measured SAR (1g and 10g) deviates from the Target SAR value of calibration report within 10%.

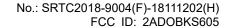
Impedance and Return loss measured by Network analyzer

The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance (measured on 2018.8.20), deviates within 5 Ω from the previous measurement. (Data from the last calibration report)

The most recent return-loss result (measured on 2018.8.20) deviates within 20% from the previous measurement. (Data from the last calibration report)

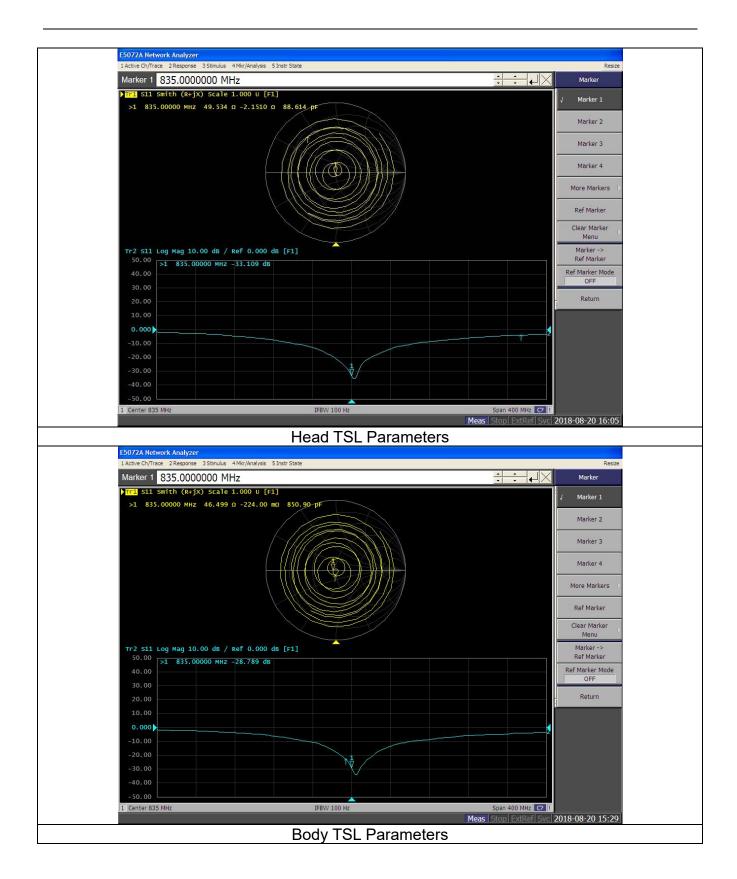
		Head TSL Parameters	
Parameters	Target (Ref. Value)	Measured data	deviation
Impedance	51.0Ω-2.79jΩ	49.5Ω-2.15jΩ	<5Ω
Return loss	-30.7 db	-33.1 db	<20%

		Body TSL Parameters	
Parameters	Target (Ref. Value)	Measured data	deviation
Impedance	46.6Ω-3.61jΩ	49.5Ω-0.22jΩ	<5Ω
Return loss	-25.8db	-28.8db	<20%



Page number: 39 of 74





Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



Dipole1800

SAR target

Refers to system check, measured SAR (1g and 10g) deviates from the Target SAR value of calibration report within 10%.

Impedance and Return loss measured by Network analyzer

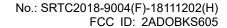
The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance (measured on 2018.8.20), deviates within 5 Ω from the previous measurement. (Data from the last calibration report)

The most recent return-loss result (measured on 2018.8.20) deviates within 20% from the previous measurement. (Data from the last calibration report)

		Head TSL Parameters	
Parameters	Target (Ref. Value)	Measured data	deviation
Impedance	49.3Ω-1.55jΩ	51.9Ω-4.41jΩ	<5Ω
Return loss	-35.4 db	-36.0db	<20%

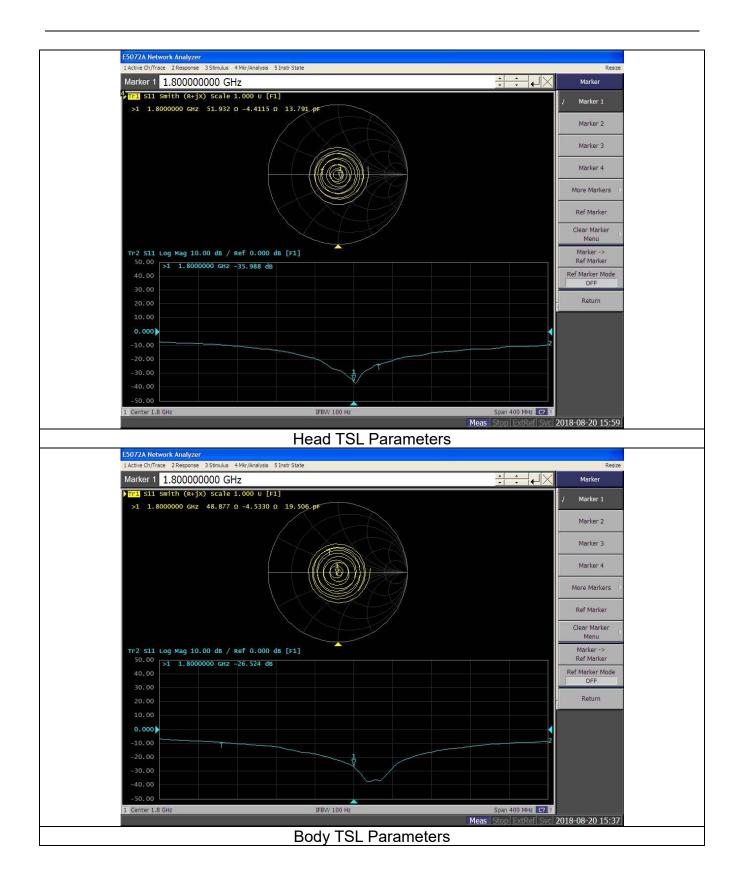
		Body TSL Parameters	
Parameters	Target (Ref. Value)	Measured data	deviation
Impedance	46.0Ω-1.32jΩ	48.9Ω-4.53jΩ	<5Ω
Return loss	-27.1db	-26.5db	<20%

Page number: 40 of 74 Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



Page number: 41 of 74





Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



Dipole2450

SAR target

Refers to system check, measured SAR (1g and 10g) deviates from the Target SAR value of calibration report within 10%.

Impedance and Return loss measured by Network analyzer

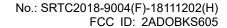
The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance (measured on 2018.8.20), deviates within 5 Ω from the previous measurement. (Data from the last calibration report)

The most recent return-loss result (measured on 2018.8.20) deviates within 20% from the previous measurement. (Data from the last calibration report)

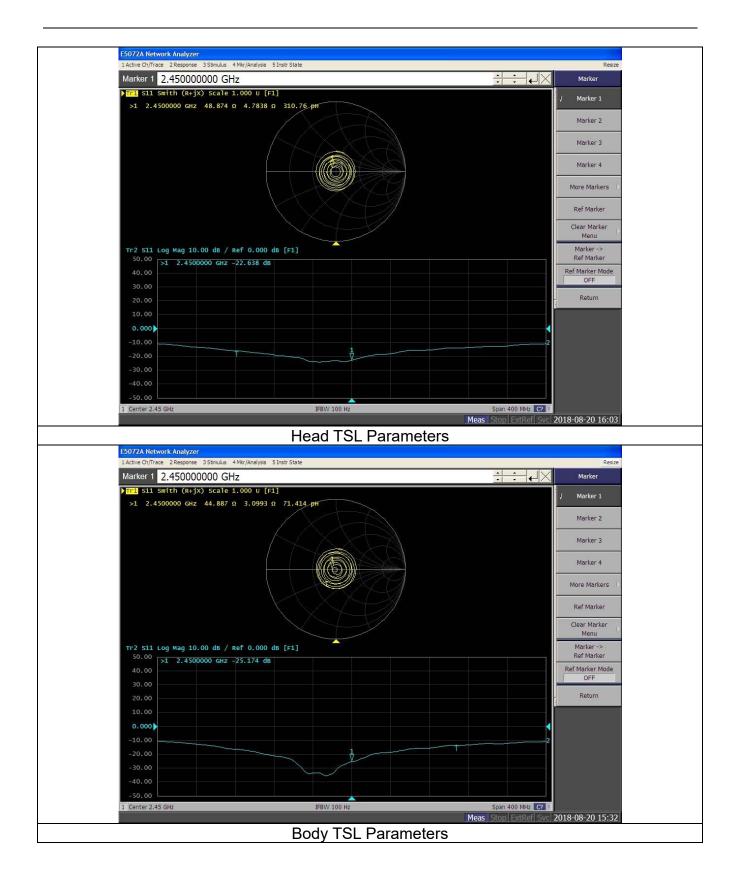
	·	Head TSL Parameters	
Parameters	Target (Ref. Value)	Measured data	deviation
Impedance	51.3Ω+5.92jΩ	48.9Ω+4.78jΩ	<5Ω
Return loss	-24.5 db	-22.6db	<20%

		Body TSL Parameters	
Parameters	Target (Ref. Value)	Measured data	deviation
Impedance	47.6Ω+6.39jΩ	44.9Ω+3.10jΩ	<5Ω
Return loss	-23.1db	-25.2db	<20%

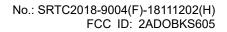
20170915V1.1.0







Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388



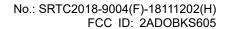
Page number: 44 of 74



Additional test equipment used in testing:

Toot Equipment	Model	Serial	Calibration	Calibration
Test Equipment	Model	Number	date	Due data
Signal Generator	E4428C	MY45280865	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Signal Generator	SML 03	103514	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Power meter	E4417A	MY45101182	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Power Sensor	E4412A	MY41502214	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Power Sensor	E4412A	MY41502130	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Power meter	E4417A	MY45101004	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Power Sensor	E9300B	MY41496001	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Power Sensor	E9300B	MY41496003	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Communication Tester	8960	MY48367401	2018.08.20	2019.08.19
Vector Network Analyzer	VNA R140	0011213	2018.10.17	2019.10.16
Dielectric Parameter Probe	DAKS-3.5	1042	2018.10.17	2019.10.16
Network Analyzer	E5072A	MY51100334	2018.03.01	2019.02.28

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)
Tel: 86-10-57996183
Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0



Page number: 45 of 74



Detailed information of Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Dotaliou illioittiation	of isotropic E-field i tobe Type ESSEVS
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in
	shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to
	organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz;
	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Optical Surface	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting
Detection	surfaces
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz
	Dosimetry in strong gradient fields
	Compliance tests of mobile phones

Detailed information of Isotropic E-field Probe Type EX3DV4

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz
	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Optical Surface	± 0.3 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting
Detection	surfaces
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 W/kg
	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario
	(e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables
	compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better
	30%.

ANNEX A - TEST PLOTS

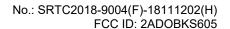
Please refer to the attachment.

ANNEX B - RELEVANT PAGES FROM CALIBRATION REPORTS

Please refer to the attachment.

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)
Tel: 86-10-57996183

Tel: 86-10-57996183 Fax: 86-10-57996388 20170915V1.1.0





ANNEX A - TEST PLOTS

Head liquid

System check 835MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.915$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.114$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3127; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15
- Phantom: 1660; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
 Configuration 835/835/Area Scan (8x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,
 dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.87 W/kg

Configuration 835/835/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

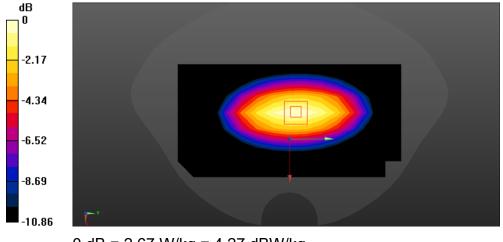
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 W/kg





System check

1800MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.411 S/m; ε_r = 40.607; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
 Configuration 1800/1800/Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,
 dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.31 W/kg

Configuration 1800/1800/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

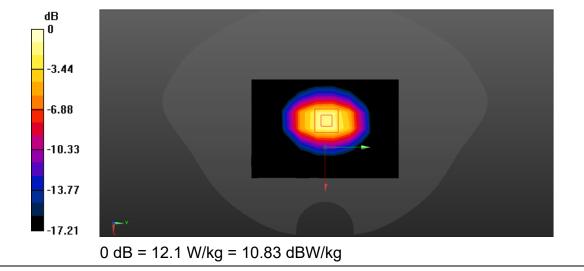
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 76.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

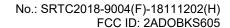
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg



20170915V1.1.0





System check

2450MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0

MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.833 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.583; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3127; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15
- Phantom: 1660; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)System Performance Check at Frequencies 2450MHz Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4.0mm
 (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.87 W/kg

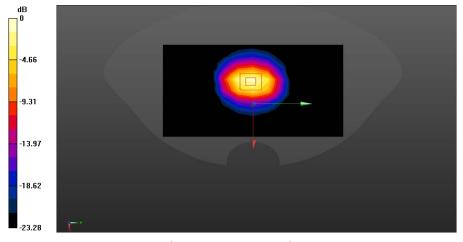
System Performance Check at Frequencies 2450MHz Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

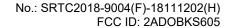
SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.56 W/kg



0 dB = 12.56 W/kg = 10.99 dBW/kg

Page number: 48 of 74





Body liquid

835MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.966$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.196$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3127; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15
- Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
 Configuration 835/835/Area Scan (8x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,
 dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.57 W/kg

Configuration 835/835/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

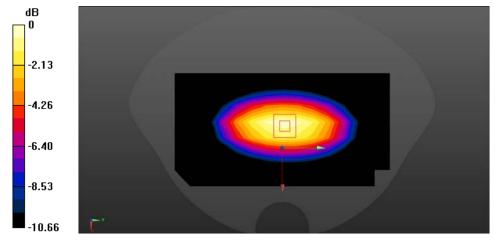
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.49 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 W/kg



0 dB = 2.58 W/kg = 4.11 dBW/kg

Page number: 49 of 74



System check

1800MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.542 S/m; ε_r = 51.717; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
 Configuration 1800/1800/Area Scan (8x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,
 dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 W/kg

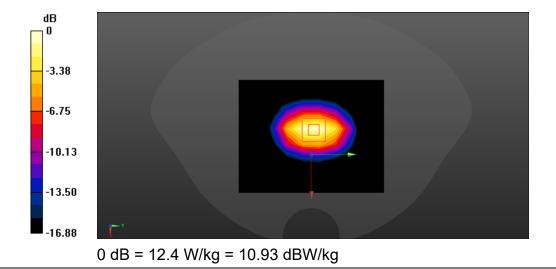
Configuration 1800/1800/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

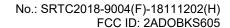
SAR(1 g) = 9.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg



Page number: 50 of 74

20170915V1.1.0





System check

2450MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0

MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.027 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.046; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

System Performance Check at Frequencies 2450MHz Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

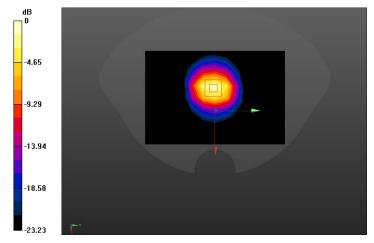
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies 2450MHz Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 62.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



0 dB = 18.9 W/kg = 12.76 dBW/kg

Page number: 51 of 74





GSM (850MHz/Head)

Left Side Cheek

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.905 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.528; ρ =

1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1660; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

GSM850 left/GSM850 left 0 3/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 W/kg

GSM850 left/GSM850 left 0 3/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

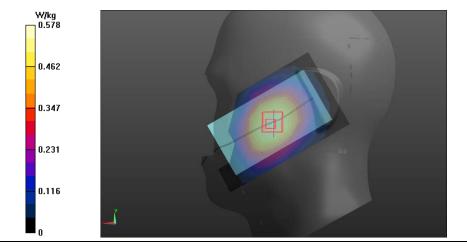
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

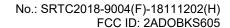
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.688 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.514 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.574 W/kg



Page number: 52 of 74





GSM (850MHz with GPRS/Flat)

Body worn&Hotspot Back

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.976 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.195; ρ =

1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3127; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15
- Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

GSM flat/GSM850 Back/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg

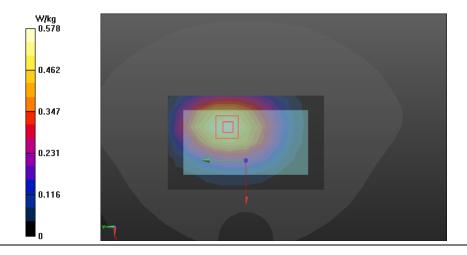
GSM flat/GSM850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.766 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg



Page number: 53 of 74



GSM (1900MHz/Head)

Left Side	Cheek
-----------	-------

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 S/m; ϵ_r = 40; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3127; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15
- Phantom: 1660; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

GSM1900 left/180925 GSM1900 left 0/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 W/kg

GSM1900 left/180925 GSM1900 left 0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

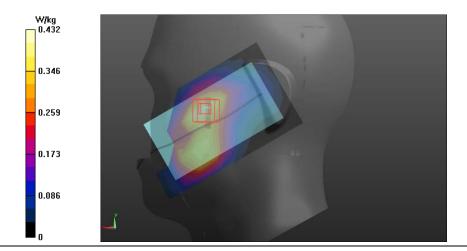
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.168 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

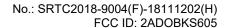
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.583 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 W/kg



Page number: 54 of 74





GSM (1900MHz with GPRS/Flat)

Body worn Back

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.526 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.291; ρ = 1000

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

GSM1900 flat/180925 GSM1900 TG/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.651 W/kg

GSM1900 flat/180925 GSM1900 TG/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.925 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

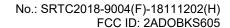
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.658 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.814 W/kg



Page number: 55 of 74





Hotspot Bottom

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.526 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.291; ρ = 1000

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

GSM1900 hotspot/GSM1900 hotspot bottom 3/Area Scan (7x5x1): Measurement

grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

GSM1900 hotspot/GSM1900 hotspot bottom 3/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube

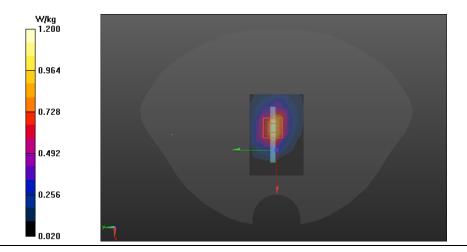
0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

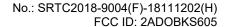
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.959 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



Page number: 56 of 74





WCDMA Band 2

Right Side Cheek

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 S/m; ϵ_r = 40; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1660; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

FDD2 right/right 0/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.605 W/kg

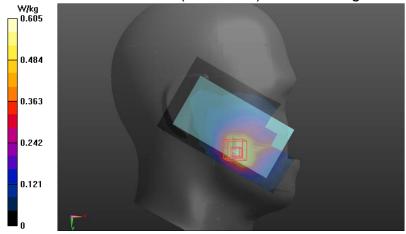
FDD2 right/right 0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.173 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

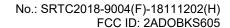
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.911 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.583 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.693 W/kg



Page number: 57 of 74





Body worn Back

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA BAND2 (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.304; ρ =

1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

FDD2 flat/Back High 2/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.965 W/kg

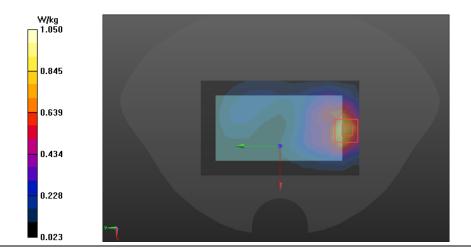
FDD2 flat/Back High 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.885 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

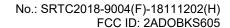
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.844 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



Page number: 58 of 74





Hotspot Bottom

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.526 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.291; ρ = 1000

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

hotspot/bottom/Area Scan (7x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

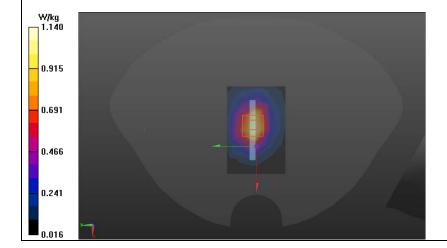
hotspot/bottom/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.37 dB

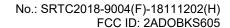
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.983 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.524 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



Page number: 59 of 74





WCDMA Band 5

Left Side Cheek

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA BAND 5 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.905 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.528; ρ =

1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1660; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

FDD5 left/left 0 2/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.395 W/kg

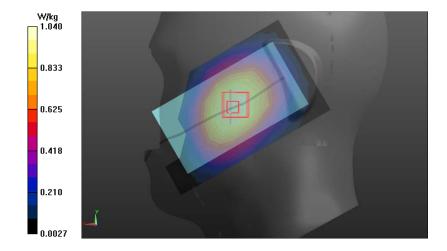
FDD5 left/left 0 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.468 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.358 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 W/kg





Body worn&Hotspot

Back

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA BAND 5 (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz; σ = 0.973 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.23; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3127; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15
- Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

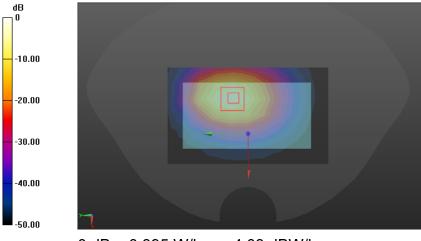
FDD5 flat/Back Low/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

FDD5 flat/Back Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.929 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.664 W/kg



0 dB = 0.395 W/kg = -4.03 dBW/kg

Page number: 61 of 74

20170915V1.1.0



WLAN 2.4GHz

Right Side Cheek

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4GHz (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.788 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.219; ρ =

1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15
- Phantom: 1660; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)
- 2.4G right/2.4G right 0 2/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.807 W/kg

2.4G right/2.4G right 0 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

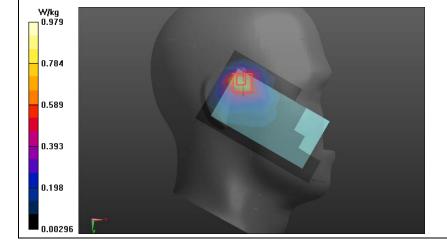
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

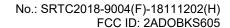
Reference Value = 15.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.779W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.979 W/kg







Body worn Back

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4GHz (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.933 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.717; ρ =

1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

2.4G flat/2.4G Back/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 W/kg

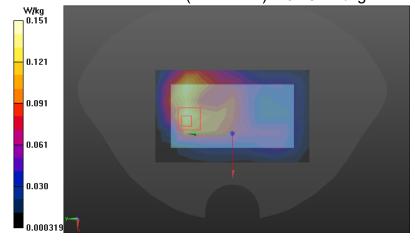
2.4G flat/2.4G Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.923 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

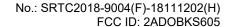
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.257 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.119 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.151 W/kg



Page number: 63 of 74





Hotspot Top

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4GHz (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.933 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.717; ρ =

1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3127; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 2018/11/2;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -3.0, 32.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn546; Calibrated: 2018/10/15

Phantom: 1659; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: xxxx

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

• 2.4G hotspot/2.4G hotspot Front/Area Scan (7x6x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg

2.4G hotspot/2.4G hotspot Front/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

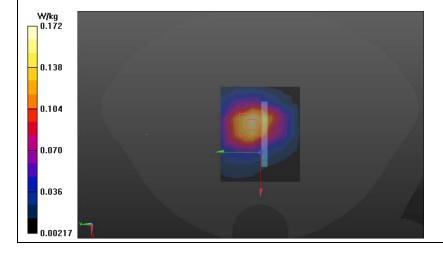
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.290 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

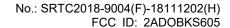
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.271 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.150 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg

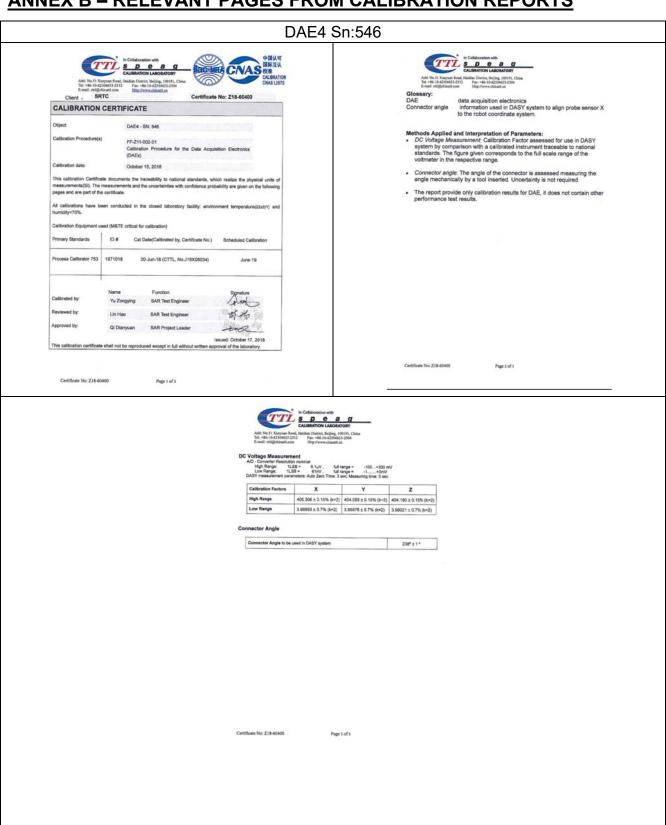


Page number: 64 of 74



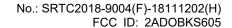


ANNEX B - RELEVANT PAGES FROM CALIBRATION REPORTS

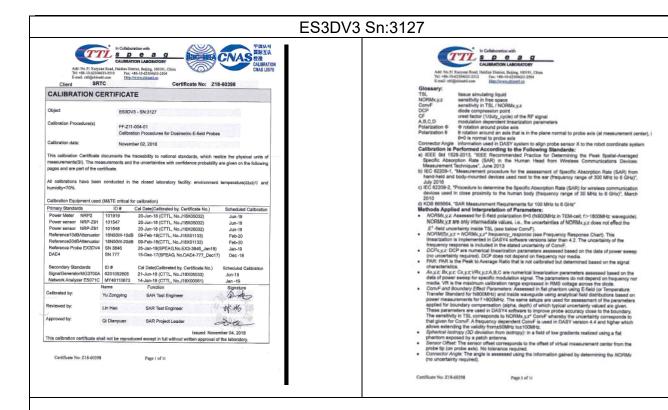


20170915V1.1.0

Page number: 65 of 74







Probe ES3DV3

SN: 3127

Calibrated: November 02, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 systemi)

Certificate No: Z18-60398

Page 3 of 11

The State Radio_monitoring_centerTesting Center (SRTC) Tel:86-10-57996183 Fax:86-10-57996388

20170915V1.1.0

Page number: 66 of 74



No.: SRTC2018-9004(F)-18111202(H) FCC ID: 2ADOBKS605



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3127

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.27	1.26	1.21	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ⁸	103.3	104.4	105.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB\µV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc E (k=2)
0	cw	×	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	285.6	±2.2%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		287.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		282.9	1

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3127

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁰	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.40	1.35	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.35	1.58	±12.19
1810	40.0	1.40	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.66	1.24	±12.19
2000	40.0	1.40	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.70	1.20	±12.19
2300	39.5	1.67	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.90	1.08	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.86	4.66	4.66	0.90	1.08	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.80	1.21	±12.1%

⁶ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the HSS of Comif uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for Comif assessments at 30, 64, 128 50 and 20 MHz respectively. Above 65 filt frequency solety can be entered to ±110 MHz.

⁷ At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (is and of 1 can be relixed to ±10 MHz.

⁷ At species to ±50 MHz and the validity of tissue parameters (is and of 1 can be relixed to ±10 MHz.

⁸ At phase of the validity of tissue parameters (is and of 1 can be relixed to ±10 MHz.

⁸ At Point of the validity of tissue parameters are relixed to ±10 MHz.

⁸ At phase parameters are the valid to the control uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁸ Aphase 3 MHz and the validation of the tissue of the control uncertainty to indicated target tissue parameters.

⁸ Aphase 3 MHz and the validation of the tissue of the tiss

Certificate No: Z18-60398

Page 5 of 11

Page 4 of 11

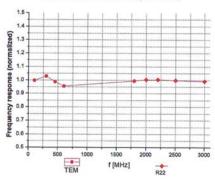


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3127

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity *	Conductivity (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁰	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.33	6.33	6.33	0.40	1.40	±12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.37	1.62	±12.1%
1810	53.3	1.52	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.65	1.27	±12.1%
2000	53.3	1.52	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.87	1.27	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.90	1.15	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.78	1.28	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	4.14	4.14	4.14	0.90	1.10	±12.1%

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

Certificate No: Z18-60398

Page 6 of 11

tificate No: Z18-60398

Page 7 of 11

Page number: 67 of 74

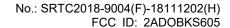
A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).
Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
"Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments ± 10, 64, 128, 150 and ±20 MHz respectively. Above 50 GHz frequency validity can be settled to ±10 MHz for ConvF assessments ± 10, 64, 128, 150 and ±20 MHz respectively. Above 50 GHz frequency validity can be settled to ±10 MHz flowed compensation formula is applied to measured SAF values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of fissue parameters (a and o) is restricted to ±5°N. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target issue parameters.

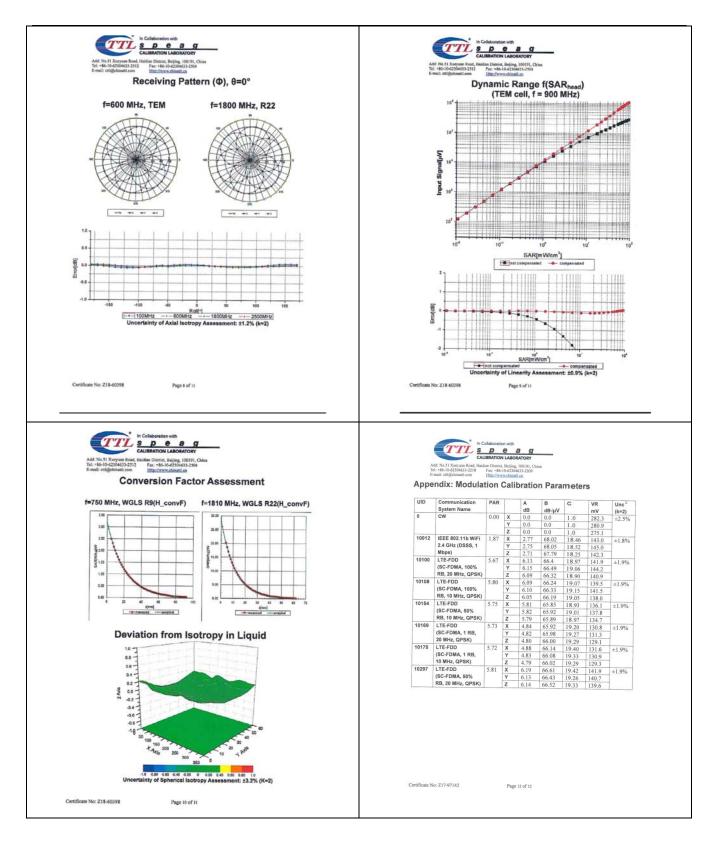
**Applied Topic And Topic Values and Frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters.

**Applied Topic Values And Topic Values At Frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters.

**Applied Topic Values At Frequencies above 3 GHz, and below ± 20 for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.







Page number: 68 of 74



D835V2 Sn:4d023 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DR35V2 - 5N: 46023 FF-Z11-003-01 Catibration Procedures for dipole validation kits September 13, 2017 This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units or measurements[5]. The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility environment term framidity-(70%). Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Name Function Signature
Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader 20

Issued. September 16, 2017 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No. 217-97135



Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1928-2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak:
Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (RAR) in the Human Head from Wireless
Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques', June 2013, absorption rate of human
exposure to radio frequency Relation to nach-leaf and body recorded varieties
communication devices: Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to
60Hz)', Juny 2016

(I) IIC 02/2004, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless
communication devices used in close proximity to the human body frequency range of
d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

- Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

 Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.

 Anterior Parameters with TSL. The dipole is mounted with the space to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the fat phandom section, with the arms criented parallel to the body axis.

 The parameters will be a section of the parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phateon. The impedance state of a transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low effected power. No uncertainty required.

 Electrical Delay: One way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.

- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor kv2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 55%.

Certificate No. Z17-97135



ASY system configuration, as far as	not given on page 1.	
DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz + 1 MHz	

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.3 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	****	

SAK averaged over 1 CM (1 g) of Head 1SL	Condition	Marian Company
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.35 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.37 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.06 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

	1	Temperature	Permitt	ivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	ers		55.2		0.97 mho/m	
Measured Body TSL parameters	(2	2.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.7 ± 6 %		0.96 mho/m ± 6 9	
Body TSL temperature change during test		<1.0 °C	-			
R result with Body TSL						
SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL		Condit	ion			
SAR measured		250 mW input power		2.34 mW/g		
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters		normalized to 1W		9.47 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2		
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TS	SL	Condit	ion			
SAR measured		250 mW input power		1.53 mW / g		
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters		normalized to 1W		6.17 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)		



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0Ω-2.79jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.7dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6Ω- 3.61jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.8dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

III COMMENCE MANAGEMENT CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF T	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.495 ns

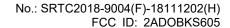
After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can

Additional EUT Data

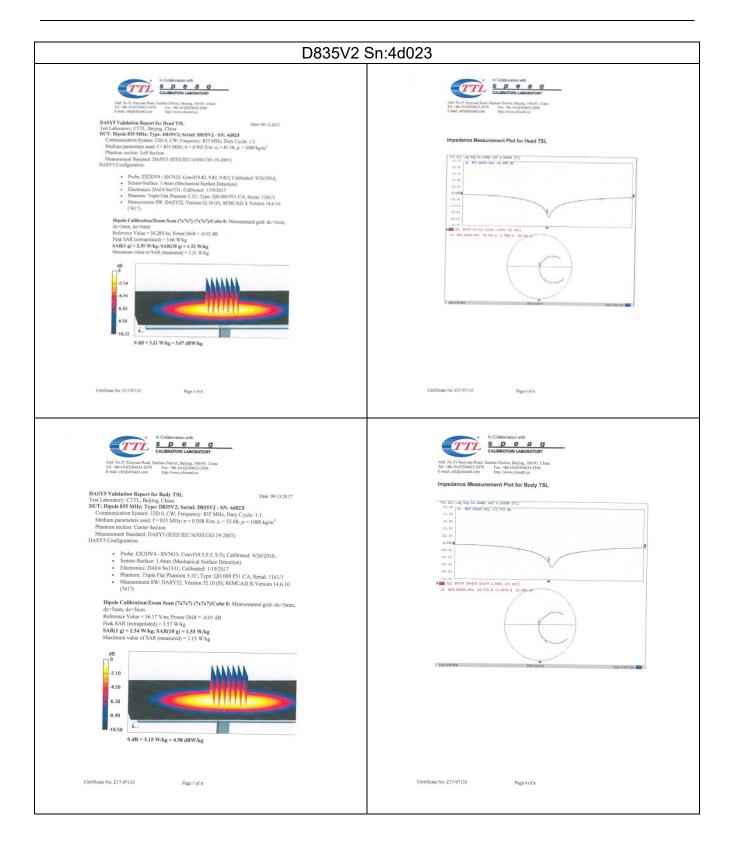
Manufactured by	SPEAG

Page 4 of 8

Page number: 69 of 74







Page number: 70 of 74



D1800V2 Sn:2d084





tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:
a) IEEE 8d 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak
Spatial-Averaged Specific Astroption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless
Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 20 13
b) IEC 82209-1; "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held
devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GRz)", February

delivices used in losse proximity to the earl insequency range or Goomes. A GOTAL, 1 to 2005.

2015. G2209-2. "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to GGTz)." March 2010.

3) KDB505864, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

Additional Documentation: e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

- Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

 Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.

 Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.

 Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures tow reflected power. No uncertainty required.

 Electrical Delay: One-way elday between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.

 SAR measured. SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.

 SAR normalized. SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna SAB for normalized.

- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97138

Page 2 of 8



DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.4 ± 6 %	1.42 mho/m ± 6 9
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		-

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.79 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.9 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.12 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW/g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.8 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
<1.0 °C		
	22.0 °C (22.0 ± 0.2) °C	22.0 °C 53.3 (22.0 ± 0.2) °C 53.8 ± 6 %

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL

SAN averaged over 1 Lift (1 g) of body 15L	CONDIDION	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.84 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.7 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.18 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.8 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z17-97138 Page 3 of 8



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

49.3Ω-1.55jΩ	
- 35.4dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0Ω- 1.32jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.1dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design		
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.316 ns	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.316 ns	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circulated for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small and caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the doploe arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

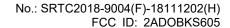
Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

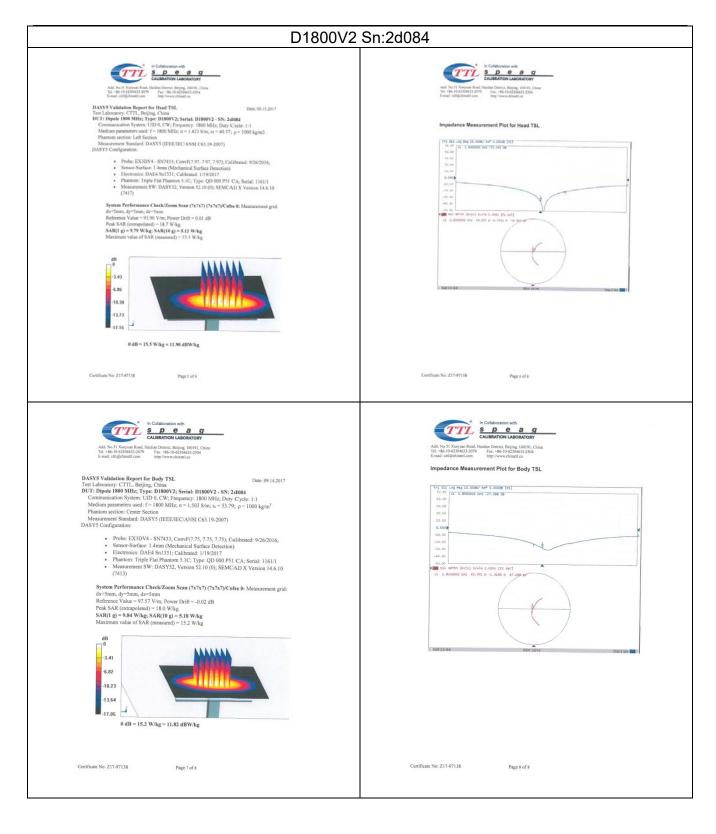
Certificate No: Z17-97138

Page 4 of 8

Page number: 71 of 74







Page number: 72 of 74



D2450V2 Sn:738 Add No.51 Norque Road, Halding Direct, Belling, 1991b, Colora Tel-48-10-62108-5270 Pres : 46-66-62308-3209 http://www.chataff.ca Certificate No: Z17-97140 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D2450V2 - SN: 738 Calibration Procedure(s) FF.Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits September 18, 2017 Calibration date: This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the for pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) to and Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Secondary Standards ID # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibrated Sylvania Signal Generator E4438C MY49071430 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285) Jan-18 Network Analyzer E5071C MY46110673 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285) Jan-18 Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Page 1 of 8

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: September 21, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak
Spatia-Nerraged Specific Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak
Spatia-Nerraged Specific Recommended (SRR) in the Numan Head from Wireless
Communications Devices. Measurement Specific absorption rate of human
exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless
communication devices-Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 66Hz)', July 2016

0. IEC 6220-2. "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless
communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 300MHz to 65Hz)', March 2011
30MHz to 65Hz)', March 2011
30 KDB86564, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97140

Page 2 of 8



DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
listance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
	0450441	

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.7 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	****	

 SAR averaged over 10 cm² (10 g) of Head TSL
 Condition

 SAR measured
 250 mW input power
 6.10 mW / g

 SAR for nonnal Head TSL parameters
 nomalized to 1W
 24.4 mW / g ± 18.7 % (**2)

ody TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

52.7	
	1.95 mho/m
52.5 ± 6 %	1.98 mho/m ± 6 %
1000	
	-

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.3 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3Q+5.92jQ	
Return Loss	- 24.5dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.6Ω+6.39jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.1dB

General Antenna Parameters and Desig	ın
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1 200

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circulate for DC-segnals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when the disposition of the dipoles are explained in the "Nessurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

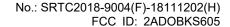
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

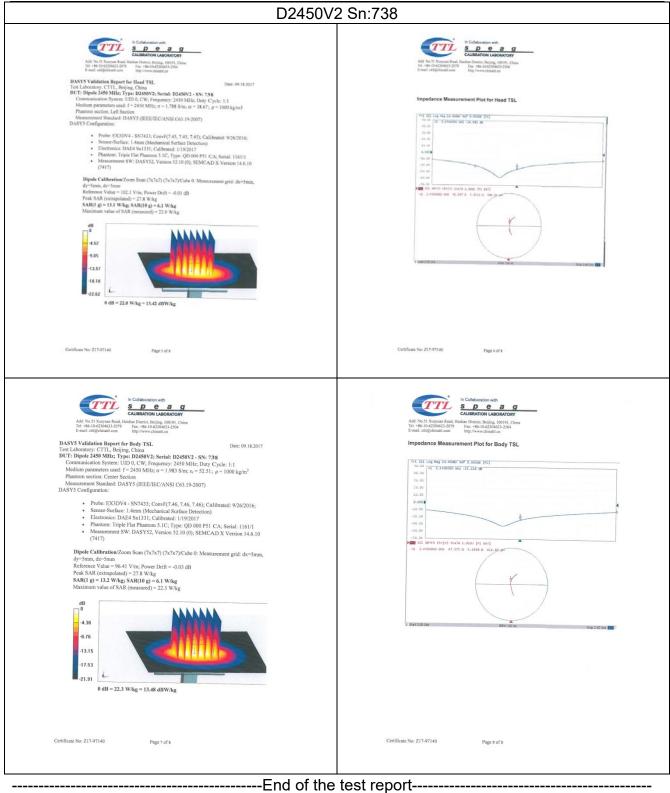
wianuractured by	SPEAG

Page 4 of 8

Page number: 73 of 74







Page number: 74 of 74