



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No: STS1801112H01

Issued for

UNNECTO HOLDING LIMITED

13/F HARBOUR COMMERCIAL BUILDING 122-124 CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL SHEUNG WAN HK

Product Name:	3G MOBILE PHONE
Brand Name:	unnecto ™
Model Name:	U618
Series Model:	N/A
FCC ID:	2ADR3U618
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
	IEEE 1528: 2013
Max. Report	Head: 0.788 W/kg
SAR (1g):	Body: 1.007 W/kg

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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name UNNECTO HOLDING LIMITED

Manufacture's Name: Shenzhen Malata Mobile Communication Co.,LTD

Address 25/F,Malata Technology Building,NO.9998 Shennan

Avenue, Shenzhen, P.R. China

Product description

Product name 3G MOBILE PHONE

Brand name: unnecto ™

Model name: U618

Series Model..... N/A

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

Standards FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test

Date of Issue 21 Jan. 2018

Test Result..... Pass

Testing Engineer : Jan 13 u

(Aaron Bu)

Technical Manager:

Authorized Signatory:

(John Zou)

41.

(Vita Li)



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1.General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name		BILE PHONE							
Brand Name		unnecto TM							
Model Name		U618							
Series Model	N/A								
FCC ID	2ADR3L	2ADR3U618							
Model Difference	N/A								
	Input: A	Input: AC 100-240V,200mA, 50/60 Hz							
Adapter	Output:	Output: DC 5V, 500mA							
Battery	Charge	oltage: 3.7V; Limit: 4.2V; y: 1300mAh							
Device Category	Portable								
Product stage	Producti	on unit							
RF Exposure Environment	General	Population / Uncontrolled							
IMEI	3513000	04946363							
Hardware Version	H7_M_\	/2.0							
Software Version	U618_6	02C1_V1_20171222							
	GSM 850:824.2~848.8MHz PCS1900:1850.2~1909.8MHz WCDMA Band II:1852.4~1907.6MHz WCDMA Band V:826.4~846.6MHz WLAN 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):2412~2462MHz Bluetooth:2402~ 2480MHz								
Frequency Range	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 302.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24 ⁻	Hz						
Frequency Range	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 302.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24 ⁻	Hz 12~2462MHz Head	Body Worn and Hotspot(W/kg)					
	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8 Bluetoot	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° h:2402~ 2480MHz	Hz 12~2462MHz	Body Worn and Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007					
Max. Reported	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8 Bluetoot	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° h:2402~ 2480MHz Mode	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg)	Hotspot(W/kg)					
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8 Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 302.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° :h:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755					
Max. Reported	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8 Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE PCE	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24 h:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633					
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8 Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE PCE DTS	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° th:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V WLAN	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713 0.399	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633 0.237					
Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg)	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8 Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE PCE	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24 h:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713 0.399 0.042	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633 0.237 0.021					
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	WCDMA WCDMA WLAN 8 Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE PCE DTS DTS	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° sh:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V WLAN Bluetooth Note	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713 0.399 0.042 1.187	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633 0.237					
Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg) 1-g Sum SAR	WCDMAWCDMAWLAN 8Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE DTS DTS Licensed	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° th:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V WLAN Bluetooth Note	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713 0.399 0.042 1.187 eld to Ear (PCE)	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633 0.237 0.021					
Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg)	WCDMAWCDMAWLAN 8Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE PCE DTS DTS Licensed Digital T	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° th:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V WLAN Bluetooth Note	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713 0.399 0.042 1.187 eld to Ear (PCE)	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633 0.237 0.021					
Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg) 1-g Sum SAR	WCDMAWCDMAWLAN 8Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE PCE DTS DTS Licensee Digital T GSM: G WCDMAWLAN: 8	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° th:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V WLAN Bluetooth Note	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713 0.399 0.042 1.187 eld to Ear (PCE) TS) 12; Release 6;	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633 0.237 0.021 1.244					
Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg) 1-g Sum SAR FCC Equipment Class	WCDMAWCDMAWLAN 8Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE PCE DTS DTS Licensed Digital T GSM: G WCDMAWLAN: 8Bluetoot BLE GSM,W	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH 302.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24° ch:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V WLAN Bluetooth Note d Portable Transmitter He fransmission System (DT SM Voice; GPRS Class A:RMC,HSDPA,HSUPA F 802.11 b/g/n(HT20/40);	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713 0.399 0.042 1.187 eld to Ear (PCE) TS) 12; Release 6;	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633 0.237 0.021 1.244					
Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg) 1-g Sum SAR FCC Equipment Class Operating Mode:	WCDMAWCDMAWLAN 8Bluetoot Band PCE PCE PCE DTS DTS Licensed Digital T GSM: G WCDMAWLAN: 8Bluetoot BLE GSM,Wall BT,WLA	A Band V:826.4~846.6MH B02.11b/g/n(HT20/40):24* ch:2402~ 2480MHz Mode GSM 850 GSM 1900 WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V WLAN Bluetooth Note d Portable Transmitter Heransmission System (DT SM Voice; GPRS Class A:RMC,HSDPA,HSUPA F 802.11 b/g/n(HT20/40); ch: V4.0 + EDR (GFSK, T	Hz 12~2462MHz Head (W/kg) 0.753 0.528 0.788 0.713 0.399 0.042 1.187 eld to Ear (PCE) TS) 12; Release 6; T/4DQPSK, 8DPSK	Hotspot(W/kg) 1.007 0.569 0.755 0.633 0.237 0.021 1.244					



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Hotspot Mode:	Support
DTM Mode:	Not Support

Note:

- 1. Bluetooth SAR was estimated
- 2. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active)
- 3. After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 card to perform all tests.
- 4. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power

1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (°C)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

1.3 Test Factory

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Add.: 1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road,

Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

CNAS Registration No.: L7649 FCC Registration No.: 625569 IC Registration No.: 12108A A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01





2.Test Standards And Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	3G MOBILE PHONE and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
8	FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01	Hotspot Mode SAR
9	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
10	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg



3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

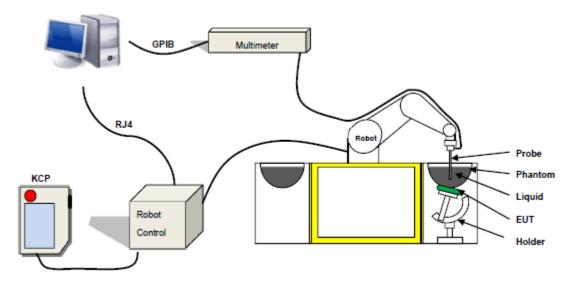
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 14/16 EP309 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter: 5 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 8 mm (repeatability better than +/- 2.7mm)
- Probe linearity: 0±2.27%(±0.10dB)
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 400 MHz to 3 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole





3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM115



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM116

3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Frequency	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	1,2-Propan ediol	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
835	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
900	/	/	/	0.79		64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
1800	/	13.84	1	0.35	/		30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
1900	/	13.84	1/	0.35	/	/	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
2000	/	7.99	1	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.55	41.1
2450	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3
2600	/	7.99	/	0.16	1	1	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms								
	σ							
Frequency	3	1	S	S/m				
, ,	Head	Body	Head	Body				
300	45.3	58.2	0.87	0.92				
450	43.5	56.7	0.87	0.94				
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05				
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30				
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52				
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95				
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73				
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00				



LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

con		oient dition	Head Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Farameters	raigei	Measured	[%]	[%]
2018-01-19	22.8	45	835 MHz	5 MHz 22.4	Permittivity:	41.50	41.57	0.18	±5
2016-01-19	22.0	45	OSS IVITIZ	22.4	Conductivity:	0.90	0.91	0.78	± 5
2018-01-19	22.8	45	1900 MHz	22.4	Permittivity:	40.00	38.65	-3.37	± 5
2010-01-19	22.0	45	1900 WITZ	22.4	Conductivity:	1.40	1.43	2.25	± 5
2018-01-20	23.1	52	2450 MHz	22.7	Permittivity:	39.20	37.78	-3.63	± 5
2010-01-20	23.1	52	2450 IVITZ	22.1	Conductivity:	1.80	1.82	0.93	± 5

Data		oient dition	Body Simulating Liquid				Parameters	Torqui	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target	Measured	[%]	[%]		
2018-01-19	22.8	45	835 MHz	22.4	Permittivity:	55.20	54.85	-0.64	± 5		
2010-01-19	22.0	45	033 WII 12	22.4	Conductivity	0.97	0.94	-3.30	± 5		
2018-01-19	22.8	45	1900 MHz	22.4	Permittivity:	53.30	52.41	-1.66	± 5		
2010-01-19	22.0	45	1900 WII 12	22.4	Conductivity	1.52	1.48	-2.63	± 5		
2018-01-20	23.1	52	2450 MHz	22.7	Permittivity:	52.70	52.81	0.21	± 5		
2010-01-20	23.1	52	2450 IVIDZ	22.1	Conductivity	1.95	1.92	-1.53	± 5		

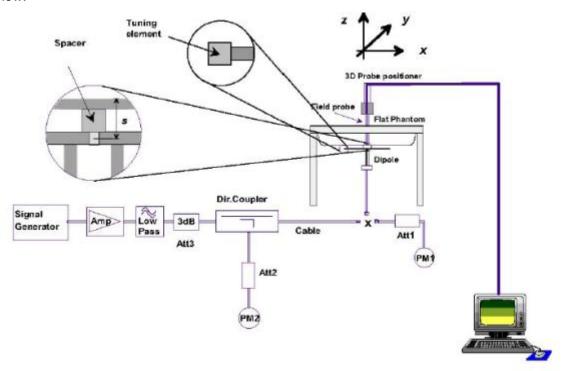


5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

specification o	1 10 70.					
Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Target(W/Kg)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Head	100	0.952	9.52	9.56	-0.39	2018-01-19
835 Body	100	1.000	10.00	9.56	4.62	2018-01-19
1900 Head	100	3.808	38.08	39.7	-4.09	2018-01-19
1900 Body	100	4.152	41.52	39.7	4.58	2018-01-19
2450 Head	100	5.188	51.88	52.4	-0.99	2018-01-20
2450 Body	100	5.094	50.94	52.4	-2.78	2018-01-20

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.





6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan:

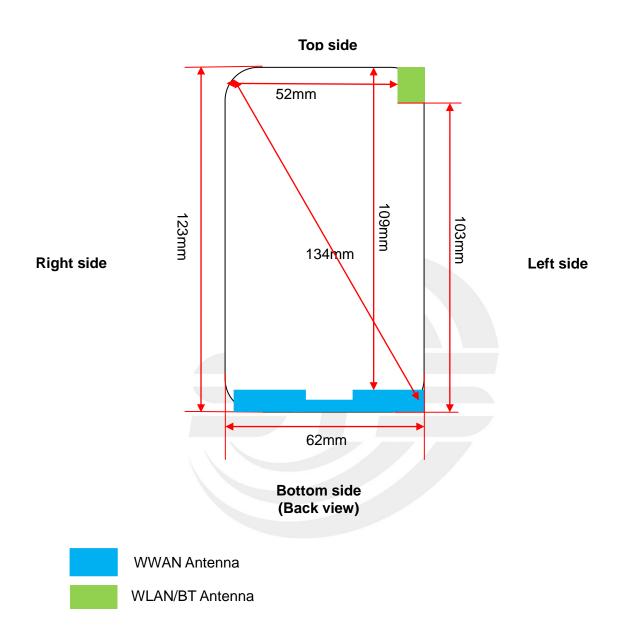
First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR -distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a 3G MOBILE PHONE, support GSM/WCDMA mode.





7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz ~ 6GHz and≤50mm>table, this device SAR test configurations consider as following:

D	Test position configurations								
Band	Front	Back	Right edge	Left edge	Top edge	Bottom edge			
WWAN	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	109mm	<5mm			
VVVVAIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
MALANI/DT	<5mm	<5mm	59mm	<5mm	<5mm	103mm			
WLAN/BT	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			

Note:

- 1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <5mm, 5mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by: [(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, Mw)/(min. test separation distance,
 - mm)]*[$\sqrt{f(GHZ)}$) \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for10-g extremity SAR ,f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare
- per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]Mw, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at \geq 1500MHz and \leq 6GHz
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/ HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is<0.25db higher than RMC 12.2Kbps,or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤1.2W/Kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.

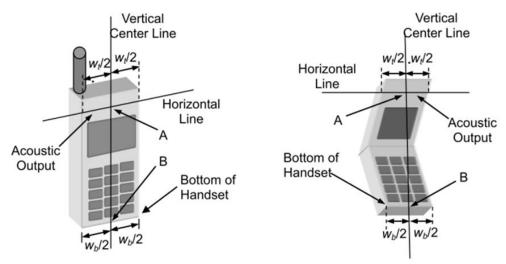


8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset

- (1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

- 1)To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 2)To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



Title Position

- (1)To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.

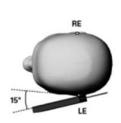


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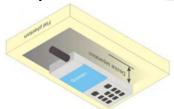






Body-worn Position Conditions:

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

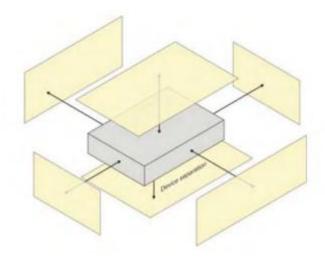




8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge.

When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm)is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration(surface).







9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff	
Measi	Measurement System □									
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	80	
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8	
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_{\rm p}}$	√C _p	2.41	2.41	8	
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8	
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
7	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8	
8	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8	
9	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
10	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
11	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
12	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
14	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8	
Test s	ample related									
15	Device positioning	2.6	N II 4/5	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	11	

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		T	1				_	,		
16	Device holder	3	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	7	
17	Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8	
Phant	Phantom and set-up									
18	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	80	
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5	
20	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5	
21	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	8	
22	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	8	
Combined standard RSS $U_C = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i^2 U_i^2}$					2	10.63%	10.54%			
Expanded uncertainty (P=95%) $U=k\ U_{C}\ , \mbox{k=2}$							21.26%	21.08%		



9.2 System validation Uncertainty

							1			
NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff	
Meas	Measurement System □									
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞	
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	∞	
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	80	
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞	
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8	
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	80	
7	Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0	0	8	
8	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞	
9	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	80	
10	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞	
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞	
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞	
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞	
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞	
Dipole	9									
16	Deviation of experimental source from	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	∞	



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	T	T	1	1	T	T	Τ		ı
17	Input power and SAR drit measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
18	Dipole Axis to liquid Distance	2	R	√3	1	1			∞
Phantom and set-up									
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
20	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in	2.0	N	1	1	0.84	2	1.68	80
21	Liquid conductivity (target)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
22	Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
23	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5
24	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	∞
25	Liquid Permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
26	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	∞
Combined standard RSS $U_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i^2 U_i^2}$ 10.15%					10.05%				

 $U = k \ U_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$,k=2

20.29%

20.10%

Expanded uncertainty (P=95%)



10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

Burst Average Power (dBm)								
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900			
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	32.05	32.08	32.02	28.59	28.73	28.83		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	31.98	31.99	31.95	28.48	28.61	28.71		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	31.57	31.54	31.45	28.04	28.14	28.29		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	31.15	31.09	31.03	27.60	27.69	27.82		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	30.66	30.61	30.58	27.15	27.28	27.37		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	-	-		-	-	-		

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme. EGPRS, MCS5 coding scheme. Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Fram- Average Power(dBm)							
	GSM 850			PCS 1900			
128	190	251	512	661	810		
824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
23.02	23.05	22.99	19.56	19.70	19.80		
22.95	22.96	22.92	19.45	19.58	19.68		
25.55	25.52	25.43	22.02	22.12	22.27		
26.89	26.83	26.77	23.34	23.43	23.56		
27.65	27.60	27.57	24.14	24.27	24.36		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
	128 824.2 23.02 22.95 25.55 26.89 27.65	GSM 850 128 190 824.2 836.6 23.02 23.05 22.95 22.96 25.55 25.52 26.89 26.83 27.65 27.60 -	GSM 850 128	GSM 850 128	GSM 850 PCS 1900 128 190 251 512 661 824.2 836.6 848.8 1850.2 1880.0 23.02 23.05 22.99 19.56 19.70 22.95 22.96 22.92 19.45 19.58 25.55 25.52 25.43 22.02 22.12 26.89 26.83 26.77 23.34 23.43 27.65 27.60 27.57 24.14 24.27 - - - - -		

Remark

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) – 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) – 3.01 dB



WCDMA

Band	WC	DMA Bar	nd V	W	CDMA Ban	d II
Channel	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	22.37	22.03	21.94	21.72	21.85	22.26
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.40	22.06	21.98	21.77	21.88	22.29
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.29	21.98	21.87	21.67	21.78	22.18
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.85	21.48	21.39	21.20	21.36	21.76
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.48	21.04	21.08	20.73	20.93	21.36
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.02	20.59	20.73	20.38	20.47	21.05
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.28	21.91	21.47	21.58	21.75	21.74
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.34	20.93	20.48	20.75	20.83	20.80
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.19	20.43	20.13	20.56	20.39	20.35
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.71	20.00	19.70	20.07	20.06	20.03
HSUPA Subtest-5	19.26	18.52	18.21	18.63	18.60	18.54

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)

Note: CM=1 for $\beta c/\beta d=12/15$, $\beta hs/\beta c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH,

E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.



WLAN

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	1	2412	13.91
802.11b	6	2437	13.41
	11	2462	12.97
	1	2412	10.93
802.11g	6	2437	11.23
	11	2462	10.68
	1	2412	9.01
802.11n(HT 20)	6	2437	10.13
	11	2462	9.51
	3	2422	8.91
802.11n(HT 40)	6	2437	9.82
	9	2452	8.56

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	0	2402	-1.01
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	-1.45
	78	2480	-1.68
	0	2402	-2.53
π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	-3.34
	78	2480	-3.54
	0	2402	-2.96
8DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	-3.43
	78	2480	-3.63

BLE

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
	0	2402	-6.78		
GFSK(1Mbps)	19	2440	-7.01		
	39	2480	-8.15		



10.2 Tune-up Power

Mode	GSM850(AVG)	GSM1900(AVG)		
GSM/PCS	31.1±1dBm	28±1dBm		
GPRS (1 Slot)	31±1dBm	28±1dBm		
GPRS (2 Slot)	31±1dBm	28±1dBm		
GPRS (3 Slot)	31±1dBm	27±1dBm		
GPRS (4 Slot)	30±1dBm	27±1dBm		

	T	1		
Mode	WCDMA Band V(AVG)	WCDMA Band II(AVG)		
AMR	22±1dBm	22±1dBm		
RMC	22±1dBm	22±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-1	22±1dBm	22±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	21±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-3	21±1dBm	21±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-4	21±1dBm	21±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-1	22±1dBm	21±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-3	21±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-4	20±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-5	19±1dBm	18±1dBm		

Mode	WLAN(AVG)
IEEE 802.11b	13±1dBm
IEEE 802.11g	11±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n(HT 20)	10±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n(HT 40)	9±1dBm

Mode	BT(AVG)
GFSK	-1±1dBm
π/4-DQPSK	-3±1dBm
8DPSK	-3±1dBm

Mode	BLE(AVG)
GFSK	-7.2±1dBm





Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHZ)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

$$\frac{\textit{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\textit{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\textit{Frequency(GHz)}} \le 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Head SAR was not required; $[(1.000/5)^* \sqrt{2.480}] = 0.31 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Body SAR was not required; $[1.000/10)^* \sqrt{2.480} = 0.16 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WLAN Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance.

2.4 GHz WLAN SAR was required; $[(25.119/5)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 7.88 > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WLAN Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WLAN SAR was required; $[(25.119/10)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 3.94 > 3.0$.





11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo





Back side









Top side



Bottom side







Left side



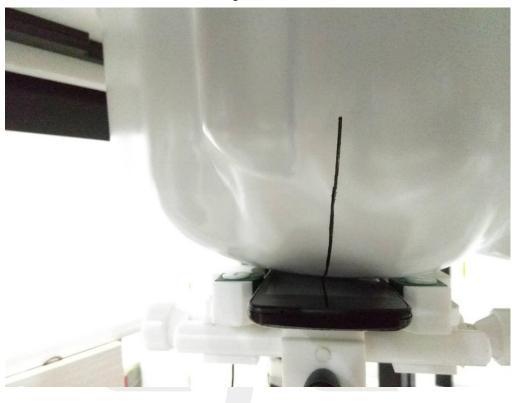
Right side



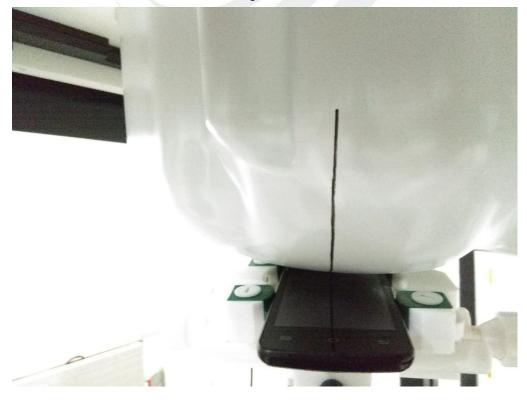


11.2 Setup Photo



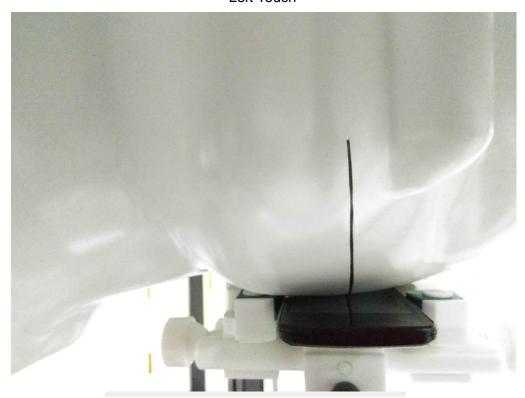


Right Tilt

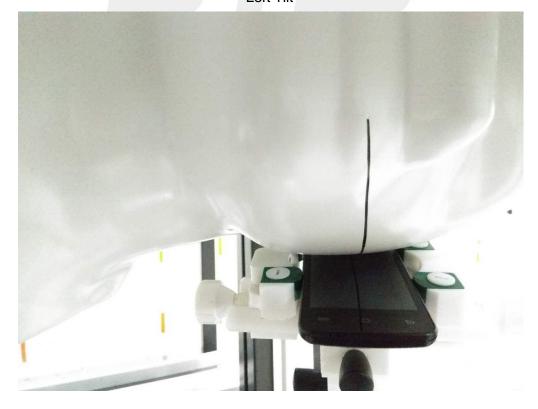




Left Touch

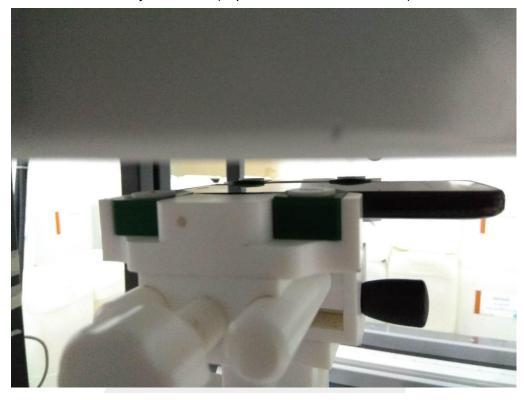


Left Tilt

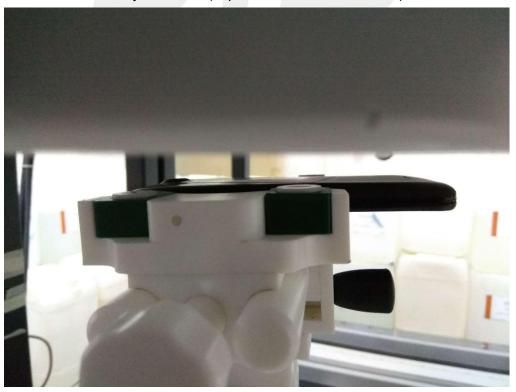




Body Front side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body Back side(separation distance is 10mm)





Body left side(separation distance is 10mm)

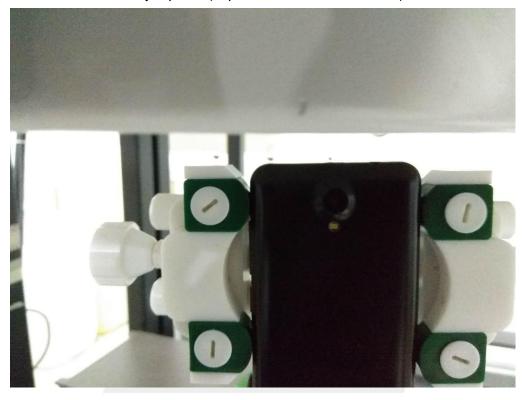


Body right side(separation distance is 10mm)

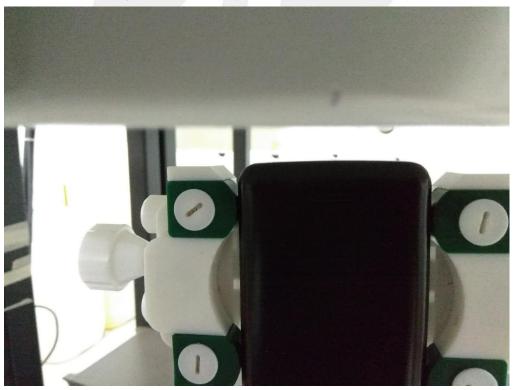




Body top side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body Bottom side(separation distance is 10mm)

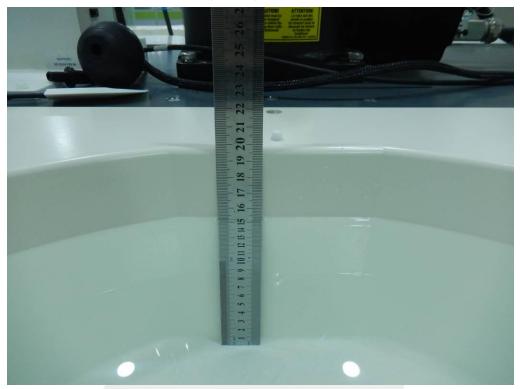








Liquid depth (15 cm)





12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	190	0.750	-1.75	32.1	32.08	0.753	1
0014.050		Right Tilt	190	0.485	-1.65	32.1	32.08	0.487	/
GSM 850	Voice	Left Cheek	190	0.639	-3.06	32.1	32.08	0.642	/
		Left Tilt	190	0.448	-2.13	32.1	32.08	0.450	/
		Right Cheek	810	0.285	-2.18	29	28.83	0.296	/
GSM1900	Voice	Right Tilt	810	0.160	-0.51	29	28.83	0.166	/
		Left Cheek	810	0.508	-1.76	29	28.83	0.528	3
		Left Tilt	810	0.228	-2.55	29	28.83	0.237	/
	RMC	Right Cheek	9538	0.460	1.21	23	22.29	0.542	/
MODMAN		Right Tilt	9538	0.272	-1.10	23	22.29	0.320	/
WCDMA II		Left Cheek	9538	0.669	-0.83	23	22.29	0.788	5
		Left Tilt	9538	0.357	-0.12	23	22.29	0.420	/
	RMC	Right Cheek	4132	0.525	1.50	23	22.40	0.603	/
		Right Tilt	4132	0.327	-2.93	23	22.40	0.375	/
WCDMA V		Left Cheek	4132	0.621	2.45	23	22.40	0.713	7
		Left Tilt	4132	0.355	-3.12	23	22.40	0.408	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WLAN	802.11b	Right Cheek	1	0.391	0.86	14	13.91	100	0.399	9
		Right Tilt	1	0.210	3.93	14	13.91	100	0.214	/
		Left Cheek	1	0.354	0.68	14	13.91	100	0.361	/
		Left Tilt	1	0.189	-1.43	14	13.91	100	0.193	/

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.215** W/Kg for Head)
- 3. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.80 W/kg



12.2 Body-worn and Hotspot SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front side	128	0.724	-2.51	31	30.66	0.783	/
		Back side	128	0.931	-0.71	31	30.66	1.007	2
		Back side	190	0.915	-0.78	31	30.61	1.001	/
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	251	0.890	3.28	31	30.58	0.980	/
	Data 1 0.0t	Left side	128	0.495	0.73	31	30.66	0.535	/
		Right side	128	0.476	0.80	31	30.66	0.515	/
		Bottom side	128	0.400	-0.72	31	30.66	0.433	/
		Front side	810	0.456	-3.03	28	27.37	0.527	/
		Back side	810	0.492	1.21	28	27.37	0.569	4
GSM1900	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Left side	810	0.307	1.63	28	27.37	0.355	/
	Data 1 0.0t.	Right side	810	0.264	-1.79	28	27.37	0.305	/
		Bottom side	810	0.210	-1.76	28	27.37	0.243	/
		Front side	9538	0.503	-2.37	23	22.29	0.592	/
		Back side	9538	0.641	-2.55	23	22.29	0.755	6
WCDMA II	RMC	Left side	9538	0.102	1.06	23	22.29	0.120	/
		Right side	9538	0.118	2.25	23	22.29	0.139	/
		Bottom side	9538	0.219	-3.73	23	22.29	0.258	/
		Front side	4132	0.462	3.39	23	22.40	0.530	/
		Back side	4132	0.551	2.44	23	22.40	0.633	8
WCDMA V	RMC	Left side	4132	0.416	0.09	23	22.40	0.478	/
		Right side	4132	0.334	1.38	23	22.40	0.383	/
		Bottom side	4132	0.372	-0.75	23	22.40	0.427	/

В	and	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
			Front side	1	0.187	-2.71	14	13.91	100	0.191	/
1,,,		000 11h	Back side	1	0.232	2.66	14	13.91	100	0.237	10
l vv	LAN	802.11b	Left side	1	0.135	-3.41	14	13.91	100	0.138	/
			Top side	1	0.131	1.89	14	13.91	100	0.134	/

Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 3. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was 0.128 W/Kg for Body)
- 4. 3. When the user enables the personal Wireless router functions for the handsets, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.



Repeated SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	128	0.920	-0.56	31	30.66	0.995	/

12.3 repeated SAR measurement

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	128	0.931	0.920	1.01	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01,for each frequency band ,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45W/Kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.



Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state
	1. GSM + WLAN
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Head	3. WCDMA + WLAN
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	1. GSM + WLAN
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Body	3. WCDMA + WLAN
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth

NOTE:

- 1. Bluetooth and WLAN can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 5. For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm) · [\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
 - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimated SAR		Maximum Power		Antenna	Frequency(GHz)	Stand alone
		dBm mW		to user(mm)		SAR(1g) [W/kg]
DT	Head	0	1 000	5	2.480	0.042
ВТ	Body	U	1.000	10	2.480	0.021

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Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)
	Head	GSM Voice	0.753	1.152
GSM + WLAN	Head	WLAN	0.399	1.132
GSIVI + WLAIN	Pody	GSM Data	1.007	4 244
	Body	WLAN	0.237	1.244
	llaad	GSM Voice	0.753	0.705
GSM + Bluetooth	Head	Bluetooth	0.042	0.795
GSW + Bluetooth	Dody	GSM Data		1.028
	Body	Bluetooth	0.021	1.028
	Head	WCDMA RMC	0.788	4 407
WCDMA + WLAN	пеац	WLAN	0.399	1.187
WCDIVIA + WLAIN	Dedu	WCDMA RMC	0.755	0.000
	Body	WLAN	0.237	0.992
WCDMA + Bluetooth	Цоод	WCDMA RMC	0.788	0.000
	Head	Bluetooth	0.042	0.830
	Pody	WCDMA RMC	0.755	0.776
,	Body	Bluetooth	0.021	0.776

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.



13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	MVG	SID835	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
1900MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1900	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
2450MHzDipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 14/16 EP309	2017.12.15	2018.12.14
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG67	2017.12.03	2018.12.02
Antenna	MVG	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	2014.09.01	N/A
Phantom2	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	2014.09.01	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 MSH97	2014.09.01	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 LSH29	2014.09.01	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432810	2017.03.16	2018.03.15
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	8960-E5515C	MY48360751	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	117239	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Amplifier	DESAY	ZHL-42W	9638	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
9dB Attenuator	Agilent	99899	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
11dB Attenuator	Agilent	8494B	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
110dB Attenuator	Agilent	8494B	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
Directional coupler	Narda	4226-20	3305	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
hygrothermograph	MiEO	HH660	N/A	2017.10.18	2018.10.17
Thermograph	Elitech	RC-4	S/N EF7176501537	2017.11.10	2018.11.09



Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

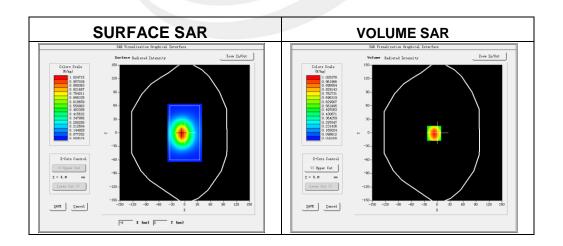
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-01-19

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions

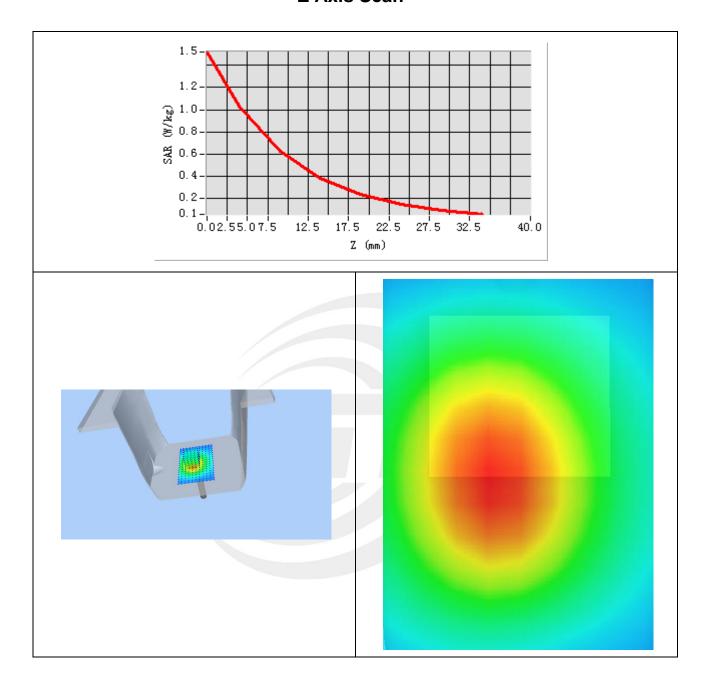
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	-			
Band	835MHz			
Channels	•			
Signal	CW			
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz			
Relative permittivity	41.57			
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91			
Power drift (%)	-0.14			
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309			
ConvF:	5.74			
Crest factor:	1:1			



Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.620587
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.952250







System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

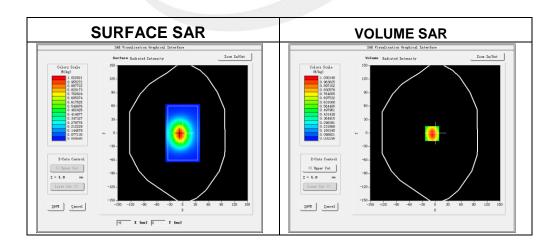
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-01-19

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

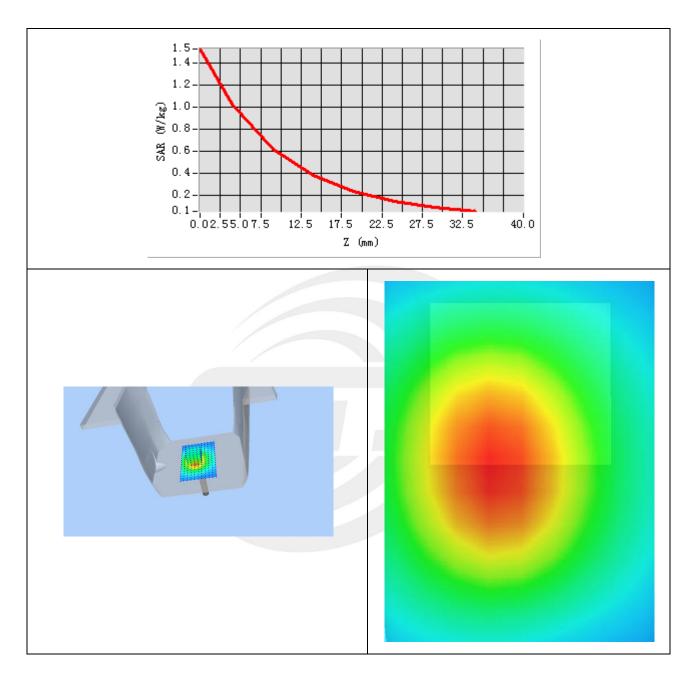
Probe			
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	835MHz		
Channels	-		
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz		
Relative permittivity	54.85		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.94		
Power drift (%)	1.34		
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309		
ConvF:	5.90		
Crest factor:	1:1		



Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.635519
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.000208







System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

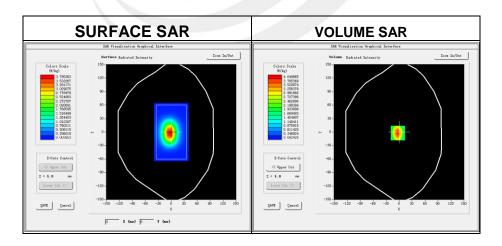
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-01-19

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

Experimental conditions.

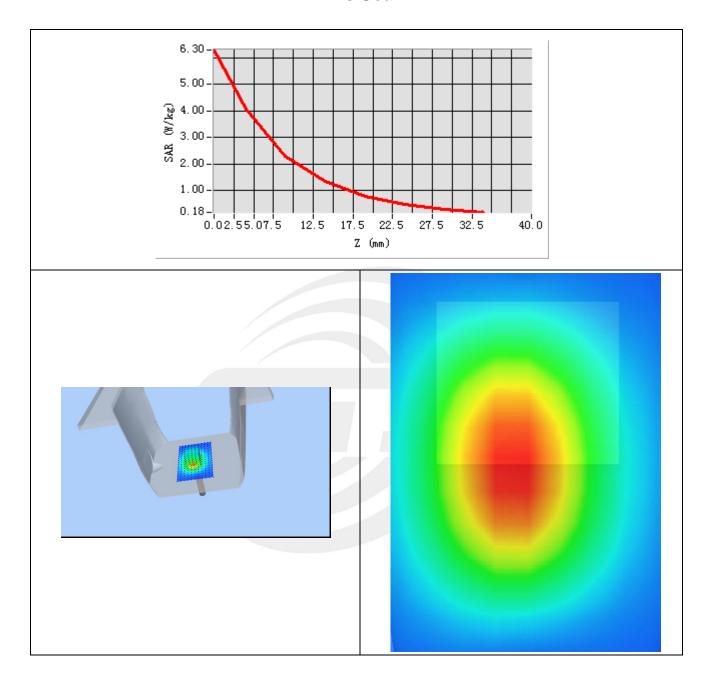
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz
Relative permittivity	38.65
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Power drift (%)	1.18
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.46
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.051154
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.807559







System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

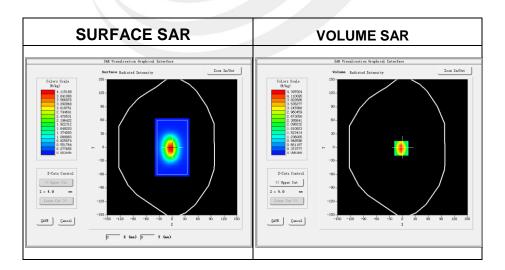
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-01-19

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

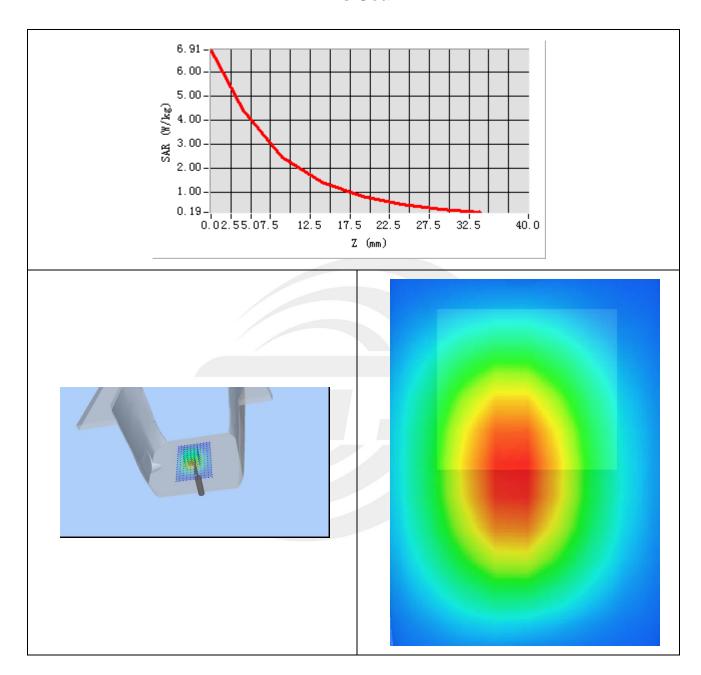
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900
Relative permittivity	52.41
Conductivity (S/m)	1.48
Power drift (%)	-0.10
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.67
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.164841
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.151808







System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

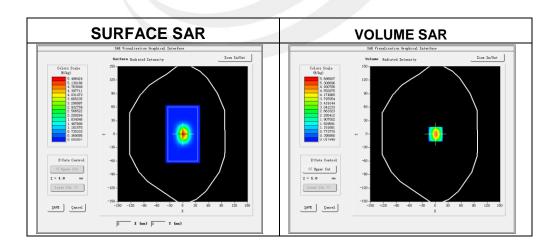
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-01-20

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 51 seconds

Experimental conditions.

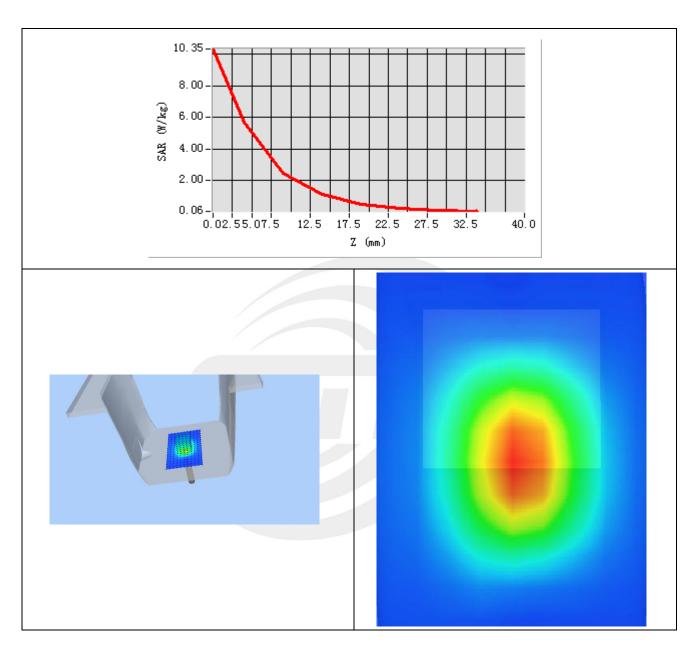
Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	37.78
Conductivity (S/m)	1.82
Power drift (%)	-0.39
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.09
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.325511
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.188042







System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

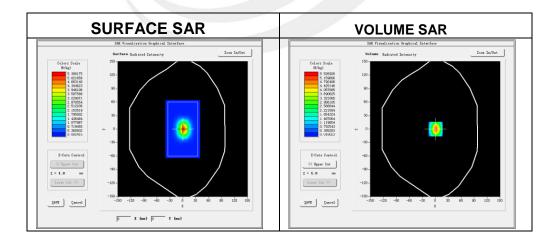
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-01-20

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 23 seconds

Experimental conditions.

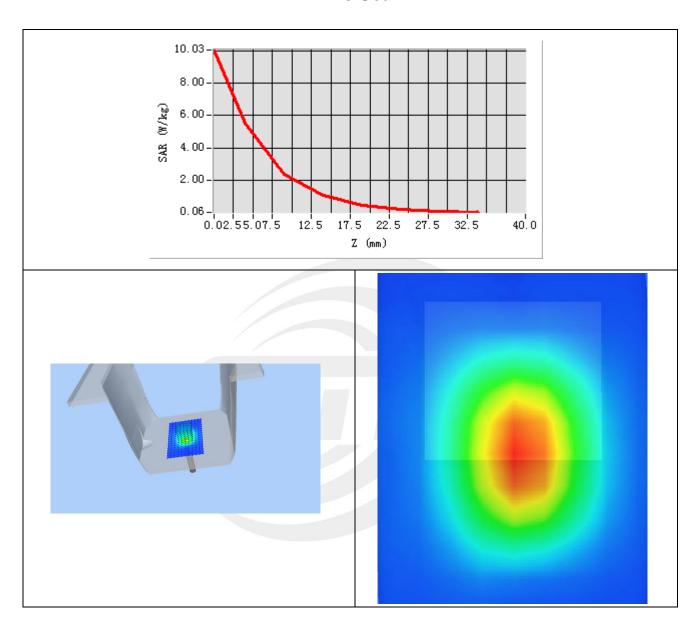
Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	52.81
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
Power drift (%)	-0.07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.24
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.407693
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.094298







Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

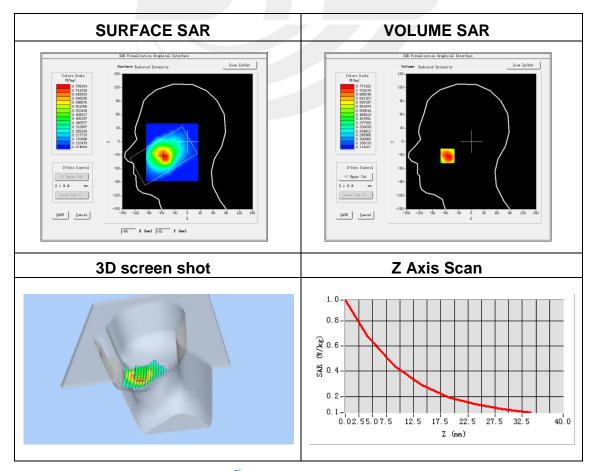
Plot 1: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

Test Date	2018-01-19
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.74
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
Variation (%)	-1.75

Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-32.00

SAR Peak: 1.01 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.526609
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.750317



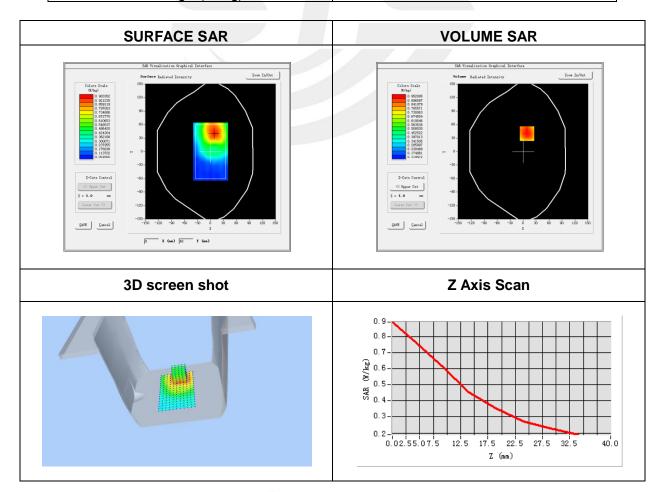


Plot 2: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

Test Date	2018-01-19
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.90
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	-0.71

Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=40.00 SAR Peak: 1.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.667188
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.930538



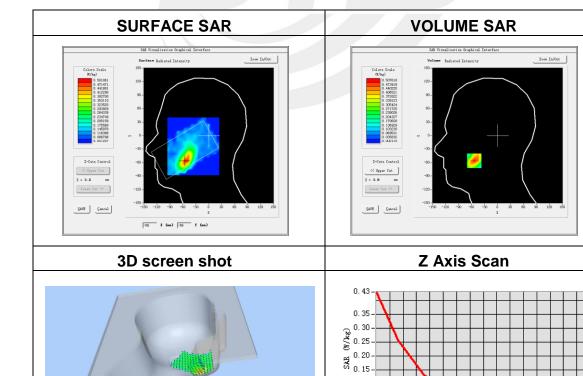


Plot 3: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

Test Date	2018-01-19
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.46
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
70	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-1.76

Maximum location: X=-54.00, Y=-56.00 SAR Peak: 0.89 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.279558
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.508135



12.5 17.5 22.5 Z (mm)

0.02.55.07.5

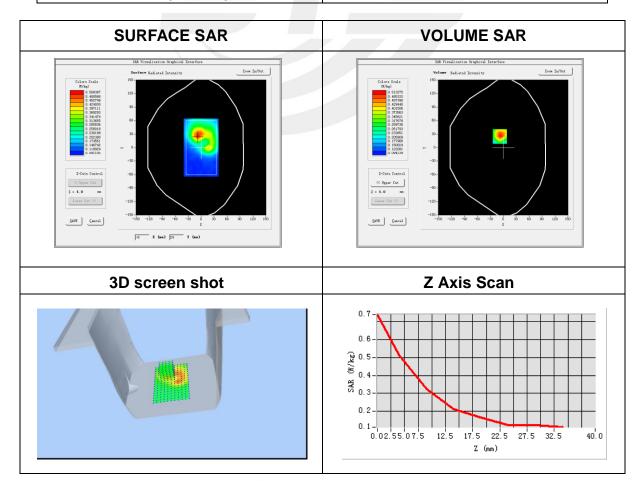


Plot 4: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

Total Data	0040.04.40
Test Date	2018-01-19
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.67
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	1.21

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-25.00 SAR Peak: 0.76 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.303459
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.491727





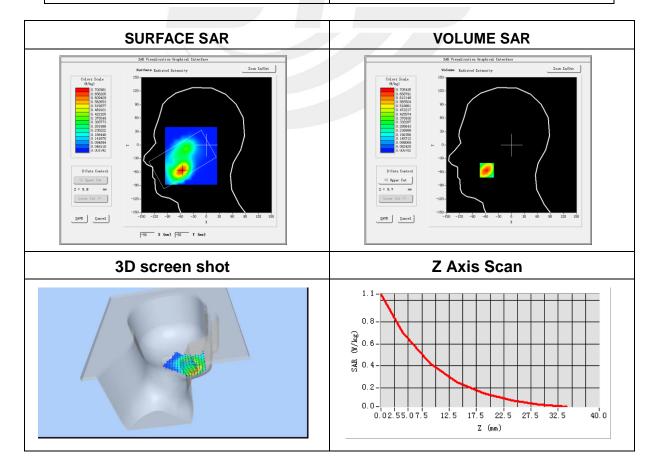
Plot 5: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

Test Date	2018-01-19
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.46
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-0.83

Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-56.00

SAR Peak: 1.05 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.367525
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.669064



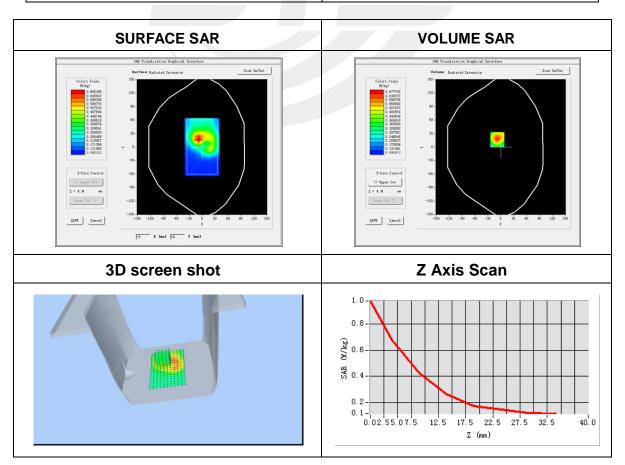


Plot 6: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

<u> </u>	
Test Date	2018-01-19
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.67
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
70	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	-2.55
variation (70)	2.00

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=17.00 SAR Peak: 0.98 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.384962
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.640783





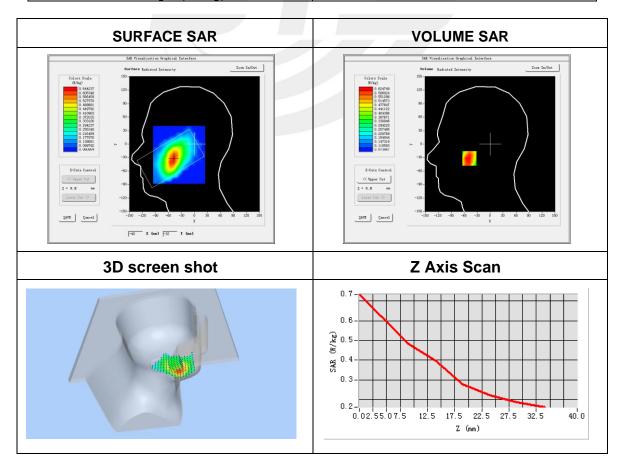
Plot 7: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

Test Date	2018-01-19
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.74
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	826.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.50
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
Variation (%)	2.45

Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-32.00

SAR Peak: 0.83 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.440278
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.620554



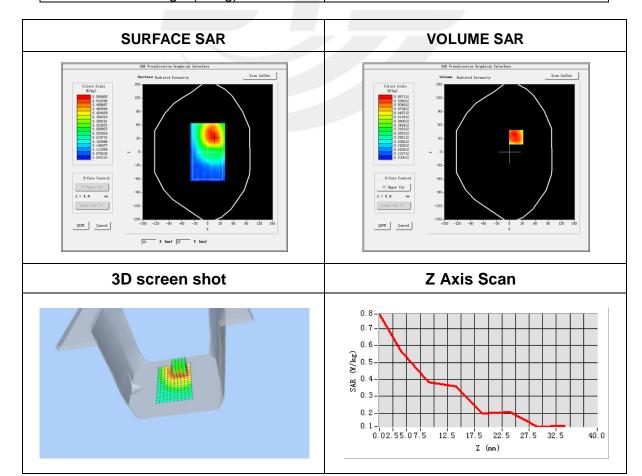


Plot 8: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

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Test Date	2018-01-19
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.90
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
70	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	826.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	2.44

Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=33.00 SAR Peak: 0.72 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.411061
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.551277



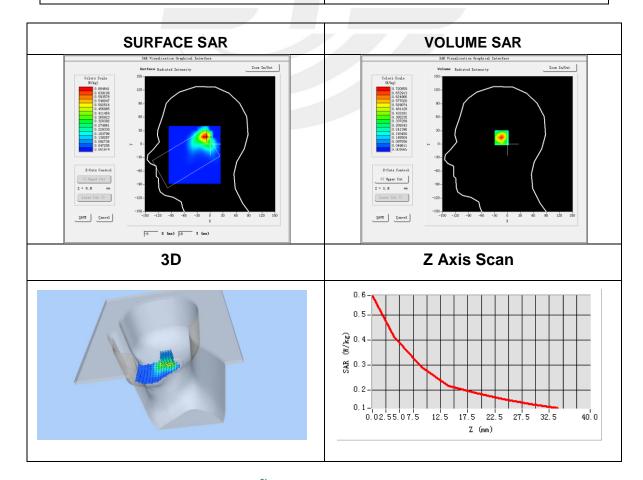


Plot 9: DUT:3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

Total Dodg	0040.04.00
Test Date	2018-01-20
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.09
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2412
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.20
Conductivity (S/m)	1.80
Variation (%)	0.86

Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-48.00 SAR Peak: 0.58 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.266096
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.390569



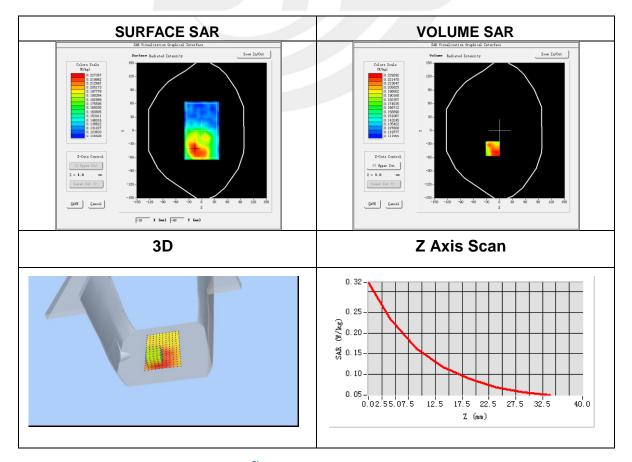


Plot 10: DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: U618

2018-01-20
SN 14/16 EP309
5.24
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Body back side
IEEE 802.11b ISM
Low
IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
2412
52.70
1.95
2.66

Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=-40.00 SAR Peak: 0.32 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.180181
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.231723







Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

