

# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# Acegame S.A

Gorriti 4539 - C.A.B.A., Buenos Aires, Argentina

FCC ID: 2ADTU-ZENAIR

Report Type:

Original Parant

Makila Phanant

Original Report Mobile Phone

Test Engineer: Rocky Xiao

Report Number: RDG160217001-20

**Report Date:** 2016-02-26

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**Reviewed By:** RF Leader

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	A	ttestation of Test Results			
	Company Name	Acegame S.A			
	EUT Description	Mobile Phone			
EUT	Tested Model	Zen Air			
Information	FCC ID	2ADTU-ZENAIR			
	Serial Number	160217001			
	Test Date	2016-02-22,2016-02-23,2016-02-24,			
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)		
	1g Head SAR	0.118	Zimit (;;;rig)		
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	1.097	_		
	1g Head SAR	0.113	-		
PCS 1900					
	1g Body SAR	0.617			
WCDMA Band 5	1g Head SAR	0.09			
	1g Body SAR	0.436			
WCDMA Band 2	1g Head SAR	0.198	1.6		
W CDIVILI Dana 2	1g Body SAR	1.115			
LTE Band 4	1g Head SAR	0.208			
LIE Danu 4	1g Body SAR	0.886			
G: II	1g Head SAR	0.608			
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	1.315			
Hotspot	1g Body SAR	1.315			
	Electromagnetic File ANSI / IEEE C95.3 IEEE Recommended	afety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Rads, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.	adio Frequency		
	FCC 47 CFR part 2				
		ation exposure evaluation: portable devices			
Applicable	IEEE 1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques				
Standards	Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)  KDB procedures  KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06  KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03  KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04  KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02				
	KDB 941225 D01 30	G SAR Procedures v03r01			
	KDB 941225 D05 SA KDB 941225 D06 He	AR for LTE Devices v02r04			

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KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01 **Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RDG160217001-20	Original Report	2016-02-26

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# **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of Acegame S.A and their product *Mobile Phone*, Model: *Zen Air*, FCC ID: 2ADTU-ZENAIR or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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# **Technical Specification**

Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
	GSM Voice, GPRS class 12,
Operation Mode :	WCDMA R99 (Voice+Data),HSUPA Rel 6,HSDPA Rel 7, DC-HSDPA
	Rel 8, HSPA+ Rel 8
	FDD-LTE
	WLAN
	Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1785 MHz(TX) ; 2110-2155 MHz(RX) WLAN: 2412MHz-2462 MHz Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480 MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 33.4 dBm PCS 1900: 29.8 dBm WCDMA Band 5: 22.96 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 22.74 dBm LTE Band 4: 22.73 dBm WLAN: 9.79 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 5.32 dBm BLE:-1.76 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	$14.6 \text{ cm (L)} \times 7.2 \text{ cm (W)} \times 0.8 \text{ cm (H)}$
Power Source:	3.8 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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### REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

## FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

#### CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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## **SAR Limits**

#### FCC Limit

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	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

#### CE Limit

	SAR (W/kg)				
	(General Population /	(Occupational /			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure			
	Environment)	Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of	2.0	10			
tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak					
(hands/wrists/feet/ankles	4.0	20.0			
averaged over 10 g)					

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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# **FACILITIES**

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

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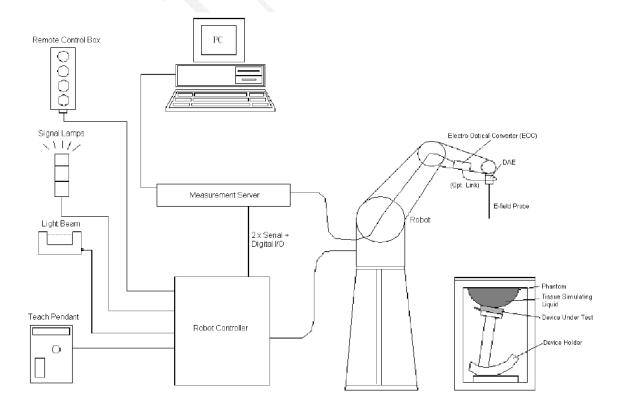
# **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



# **DASY5 System Description**

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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#### **EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

increases to  $6\ mm$ ). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- \_ Left hand
- Right hand
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H).

The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L x W x H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.



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#### **Robots**

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

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- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

#### **Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10 mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube is 21.5 mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

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## **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

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#### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body	Tissue	
(MHz)	εr O (S/m)		εr	O'(S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

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# **EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

# **Equipments List & Calibration Information**

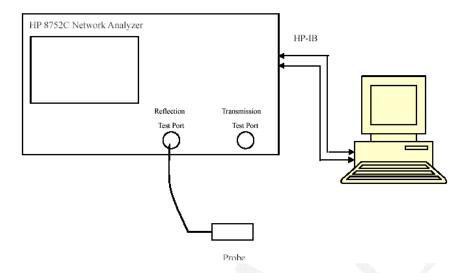
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015/9/18	2016/9/18
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2016/2/19	2017/2/19
Dipole, 900 MHz	D900V2	1d183	2015/7/14	2018/7/14
Dipole, 1750 MHz	D1750V2	1141	2015/7/9	2018/7/9
Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015/7/14	2018/7/14
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	109038	2015/7/28	2016/7/27
8960 Series 10 Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266471	2016/1/13	2017/1/13
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	1201.0002K50-146520-wh	2015/10/21	2016/10/21
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	1512083501	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	1512083502	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	TS-1750-H	1512175001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	TS-1750-B	1512175002	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	1512190001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	1512190002	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015/6/5	2016/6/4
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	2015/6/13	2016/6/13
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2015/11/23	2016/11/22
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2015/11/3	2016/11/3
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2015/11/3	2016/11/3
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

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# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# **Liquid Verification**



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

# **Liquid Verification Results**

Fraguency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
Frequency	глана Туре	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.93	0.878	41.5	0.9	3.45	-2.44	±5
024.2	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.155	0.963	55.2	0.97	-0.08	-0.72	±5
926.4	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.872	0.879	41.5	0.9	3.31	-2.33	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.126	0.966	55.2	0.97	-0.13	-0.41	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.884	0.891	41.5	0.9	3.33	-1	±5
830.0	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.109	0.977	55.2	0.97	-0.16	0.72	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.832	0.896	41.5	0.9	3.21	-0.44	±5
840.0	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.004	0.986	55.2	0.97	-0.36	1.65	±5
0.40.0	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.714	0.896	41.5	0.9	2.93	-0.44	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	54.98	0.988	55.2	0.97	-0.4	1.86	±5
000	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.717	0.895	41.5	0.9	2.93	-0.56	±5
900	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.002	0.987	55.2	0.97	-0.36	1.75	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2016/02/22

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Evaguanay	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
Frequency	глана Туре	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.831	1.359	40	1.4	-0.42	-2.93	±5
1830.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	55.268	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.69	-2.63	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.842	1.356	40	1.4	-0.4	-3.14	±5
1632.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	55.219	1.476	53.3	1.52	3.6	-2.89	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.758	1.384	40	1.4	-0.6	-1.14	±5
1000	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.74	1.544	53.3	1.52	0.83	1.58	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.689	1.409	40	1.4	-0.78	0.64	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.191	1.512	53.3	1.52	1.67	-0.53	±5
1007.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.579	1.414	40	1.4	-1.05	1	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.605	1.495	53.3	1.52	0.57	-1.64	±5
1000.0	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.593	1.413	40	1.4	-1.02	0.93	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.387	1.493	53.3	1.52	0.16	-1.78	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2016/02/23.

Engguenav	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target	t Value	Delta (%)		Tolerance
Frequency	Liquiu Type	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1720	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	40.431	1.371	40.8	1.37	-0.9	0.07	±5
1720	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	53.485	1.472	53.43	1.49	0.1	-1.21	±5
1732.5	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	40.414	1.378	40.8	1.37	-0.95	0.58	±5
1/32.3	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	53.435	1.483	53.43	1.49	0.01	-0.47	±5
1745	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	40.295	1.384	40.8	1.37	-1.24	1.02	±5
1/43	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	53.324	1.488	53.43	1.49	-0.2	-0.13	±5
1750	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	40.328	1.388	40.8	1.37	-1.16	1.31	±5
1750	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	53.373	1.493	53.43	1.49	-0.11	0.2	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2016/02/24.

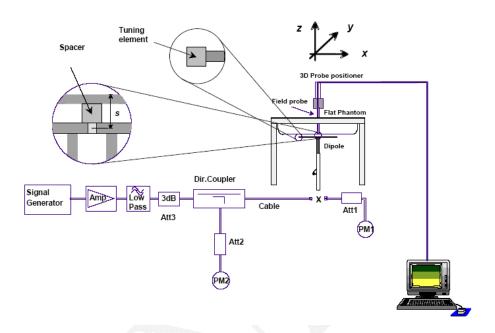
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# **System Accuracy Verification**

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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## **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



## **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2016/02/22	900	835MHz Head	1g	12.1	11.828	2.30	±10
2010/02/22	900	835MHz Body	1g	11.3	11.072	2.06	±10
2016/02/22	1900	1900MHz Head	1g	39.1	40.7	-3.93	±10
2016/02/23		1900MHz Body	1g	41.6	40.8	1.96	±10
2016/02/24	1750	1750MHz Head	1g	37.6	36.8	2.17	±10
2016/02/24		1750MHz Body	1g	38.3	37.4	2.41	±10

<sup>\*</sup>All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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#### SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 900 MHz Head

DUT: D900V2; Type: 900 MHz; Serial: 1d183

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.895 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.717$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 900 MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.1 W/kg

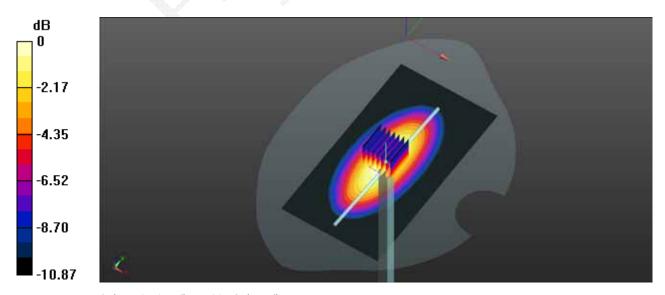
**System Performance 900 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 113.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 7.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg



0 dB = 15.1 W/kg = 11.78 dBW/kg

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#### **System Performance 900 MHz Body**

### **DUT: D900V2; Type: 900 MHz; Serial: 1d183**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.987 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.002$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 900 MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.2 W/kg

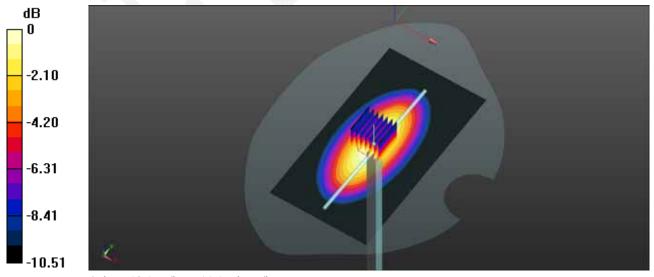
**System Performance 900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 113.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg



0 dB = 13.1 W/kg = 11.17 dBW/kg

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#### System Performance 1750 MHz Head

DUT: D1750V2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 1141

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.388 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.328$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.86, 7.86, 7.86); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1750 MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 46.3 W/kg

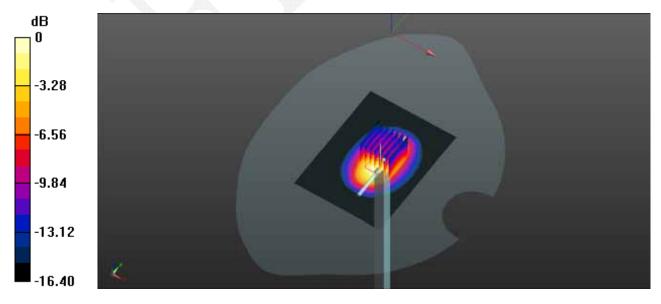
**System Performance 1750 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 163.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 73.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 37.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.9 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 45.8 W/kg



0 dB = 45.8 W/kg = 16.61 dBW/kg

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#### System Performance 1750 MHz Body

**DUT: D1750V2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 1141** 

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.493 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.373$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.86, 7.86, 7.86); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1750 MHz Body** /**Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 42.5 W/kg

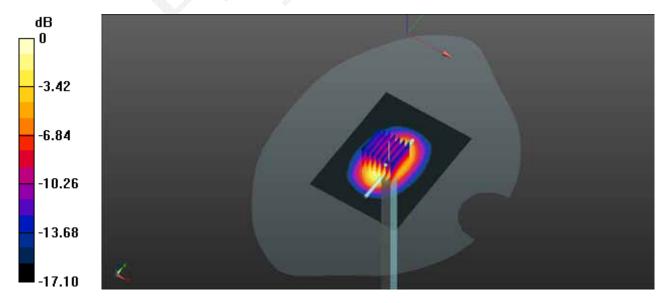
**System Performance 1750 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 162.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 64.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 38.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 40.5 W/kg



0 dB = 40.5 W/kg = 16.07 dBW/kg

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#### System Performance 1900 MHz Head

**DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206** 

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.409 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.689$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.6 W/kg

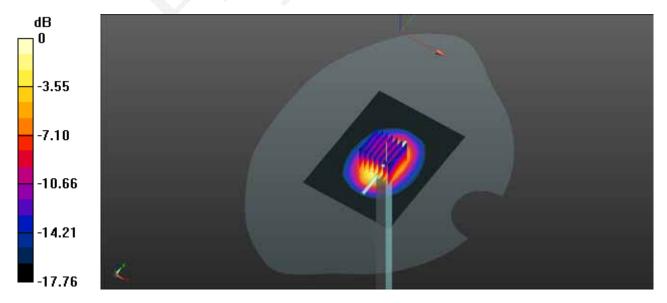
**System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 175.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 75.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 39.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 44.5 W/kg



0 dB = 44.5 W/kg = 16.48 dBW/kg

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#### System Performance 1900 MHz Body

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.512 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.191$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900 MHz Body** /**Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.5 W/kg

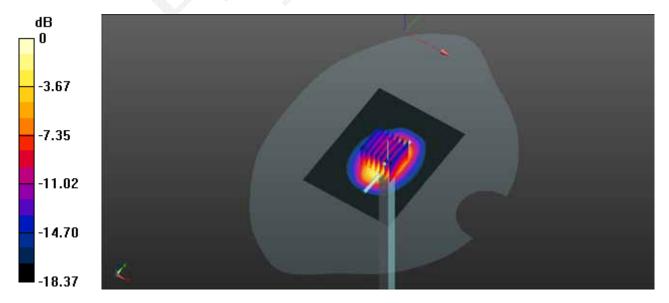
**System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 171.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 80.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 41.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 22.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 47.3 W/kg



0 dB = 47.3 W/kg = 16.75 dBW/kg

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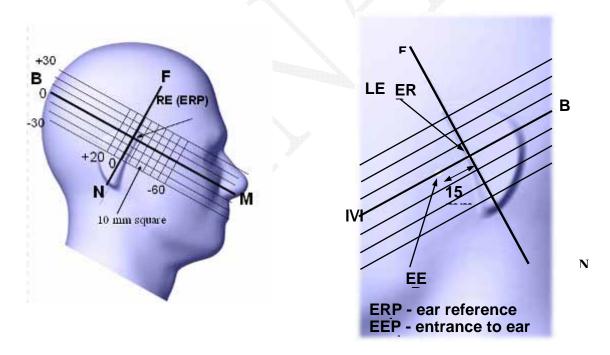
#### **EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY**

#### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

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A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



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#### **Cheek/Touch Position**

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

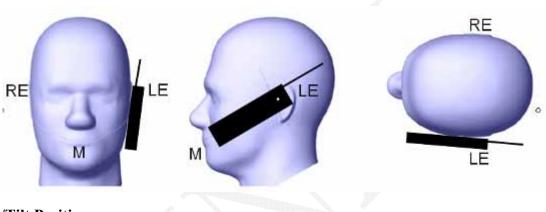
When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Cheek / Touch Position**



# **Ear/Tilt Position**

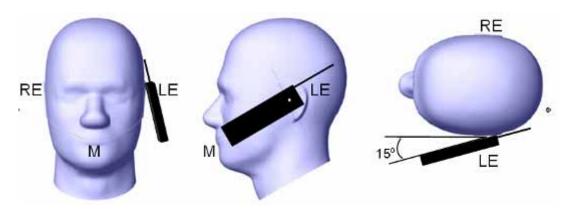
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

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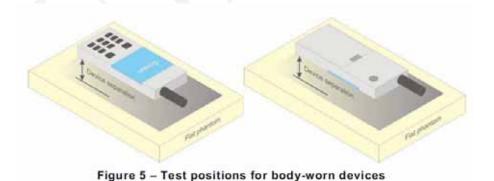
### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



#### Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



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#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

#### Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

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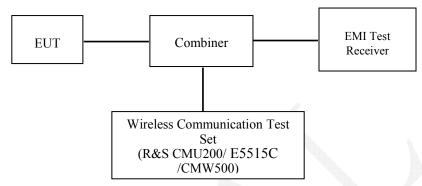
#### CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

#### **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

#### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



#### GSM/WCDMA/LTE

## **Radio Configuration**

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set.

#### **GSM/GPRS**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of

time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH

channel

Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel

(test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping > Off

Main Timeslot > 3

Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream
AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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# WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	8/15			

#### **HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4		
	Loopback Mode		Alexander of the Control of the Cont	Test Mode	1		
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	IC .		
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1			
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm	A		Algorithm2	2		
General	$eta_{ m c}$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15		
Settings	$\beta_{d}$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15		
	$\beta_d(SF)$	64					
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4		
	$eta_{ m hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15		
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5		
	DACK			8			
	DNAK		4	8			
HSDPA	DCQI			8			
Specific Settings	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3					
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor			2			
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15			

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The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

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	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5		
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC						
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test HSUPA Loopback							
	Power Control	Algorithm2						
WCDMA	Algorithm		T		T			
General	$\beta_{\rm c}$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15		
Settings	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0		
	$eta_{ec}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15		
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-		
	$eta_{ m hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15		
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0		
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0		
	DACK			8				
	DNAK			8				
	DCQI			8				
HSDPA	Ack-Nack	3						
Specific	repetition factor							
Settings	CQI Feedback 4ms							
	CQI Repetition 2							
	Factor							
	Ahs= $\beta_{hs}/\beta_{c}$			30/15				
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7		
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0		
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21		
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81		
	Associated Max	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9		
	UL Data Rate kbps	212.1	171.5	102.0	203.0	300.9		
HSUPA Specific Settings	Reference E_FCls	E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC	I PO 4 CI 67 I PO 18 CI 71 I PO23 CI 75 I PO26 CI 81	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC	I PO23 CI 75 I PO26		

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#### HSPA+

Sub- test	β <sub>c</sub> (Note3)	β <sub>d</sub>	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1)	β <sub>ec</sub>	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 30/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 3: 24/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

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Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{c}$ .

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d$  = 0 by default.

Note 4: β<sub>ed</sub> can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

#### **DC-HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	6
	ses	0
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK

Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.

Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

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#### LTE

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

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Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N <sub>RB</sub> )							
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20			
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz			
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2		

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified sub clauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in sub clause 6.2.3.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
			3	>5	≤1
		2 4 40 22 25	5	>6	≤1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤1
		35, 30	15	>8	≤1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS 04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤1
_			10, 15, 20		6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤1 ≤2
NS 10		20	15, 20	Table	6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table	6.2.4-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table	6.2.4-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15	1	6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10		Table 6.2.4-12, 5.2.4-13
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5 10, 15, 20	≥2 ≥1	≤ 1 ≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20		5.2.4-14
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20		3.2.4-15
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

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# **Maximum Target Output Power**

	Max Target Power(dBm)									
M 1/D 1	Channel									
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High							
GSM 850	33.5	33.5	33.5							
GPRS 1 TX Slot	33.5	33.5	33.5							
GPRS 2 TX Slot	32.3	32.3	32.3							
GPRS 3 TX Slot	29.8	29.8	29.8							
GPRS 4 TX Slot	29.1	29.1	29.1							
PCS 1900	29.9	29.9	29.9							
GPRS 1 TX Slot	29.8	29.8	29.8							
GPRS 2 TX Slot	28.7	28.7	28.7							
GPRS 3 TX Slot	26.6	26.6	26.6							
GPRS 4 TX Slot	25.8	25.8	25.8							
WCDMA Band 5	23.1	23.1	23.1							
HSDPA	22.1	22.1	22.1							
HSUPA	22.1	22.1	22.1							
DC-HSDPA	22.1	22.1	22.1							
HSPA+	21.9	21.9	21.9							
WCDMA Band 2	22.8	22.8	22.8							
HSDPA	21.8	21.8	21.8							
HSUPA	21.8	21.8	21.8							
DC-HSDPA	21.8	21.8	21.8							
HSPA+	21.7	21.7	21.7							
LTE Band 4	22.8	22.8	22.8							
WLAN	9.8	9.8	9.8							
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	5.4	5.4	5.4							
Bluetooth LE	-1.7	-1.7	-1.7							

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## **Test Results:**

#### GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency	RF Output Power
Danu	Chamier 110.	(MHz)	(dBm)
	128	824.2	33.2
GSM 850	190	836.6	33.3
	251	848.8	33.4
	512	1850.2	29.8
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.6
	810	1909.8	29.6

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## **GPRS**:

Band	Channel	Frequency		RF Output P	ower (dBm)	
Danu	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	33.26	32.09	29.72	28.95
GSM 850	190	836.6	33.3	32.1	29.56	28.77
	251	848.8	33.39	32.15	29.55	28.7
	512	1850.2	29.66	28.48	26.09	25.26
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.61	28.53	26.3	25.44
	810	1909.8	29.58	28.62	26.48	25.65

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

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Band		Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)			
		(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	24.26	26.09	25.47	25.95
GSM 850	190	836.6	24.3	26.1	25.31	25.77
	251	848.8	24.39	26.15	25.3	25.7
	512	1850.2	20.66	22.48	21.84	22.26
PCS 1900	661	1880	20.61	22.53	22.05	22.44
	810	1909.8	20.58	22.62	22.23	22.65

#### Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

#### **WCDMA:**

# Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)		
WCDMA D. 1	826.4	22.89		
WCDMA Band	836.6	22.68		
3	846.6	22.96		
WCDMA D. 1	1852.4	22.63		
WCDMA Band	1880	22.57		
2	1907.6	22.74		

## **Results (HSDPA)**

D J	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4		
WCDMA	826.4	21.89	21.91	21.83	21.99		
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.66	21.6	21.63	21.64		
Dana 3	846.6	21.94	21.89	21.92	21.97		
w.ap	1852.4	21.59	21.68	21.54	21.64		
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.52	21.49	21.43	21.52		
Daily 2	1907.6	21.65	21.59	21.6	21.65		

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### **Results (HSUPA)**

DI	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
WCDMA	826.4	21.86	21.92	21.95	21.9	21.91
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.66	21.74	21.6	21.67	21.63
	846.6	21.92	21.98	22.02	21.88	21.84
	1852.4	21.56	21.58	21.65	21.47	21.51
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.49	21.56	21.4	21.59	21.43
	1907.6	21.6	21.55	21.62	21.65	21.61

### **Results (DC-HSDPA):**

D. I	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)			
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
	826.4	21.92	21.95	22.01	21.81
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.65	21.65	21.57	21.66
	846.6	21.94	21.85	21.78	21.76
	1852.4	21.43	21.59	21.47	21.48
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.33	21.47	21.36	21.48
	1907.6	21.6	21.67	21.55	21.64

# **Results (HSPA+)**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)		
	826.4	21.75		
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.63		
	846.6	21.71		
	1852.4	21.39		
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.46		
	1907.6	21.59		

#### Note:

 $1. \ The \ default \ test \ configuration \ is \ to \ measure \ SAR \ with \ an \ established \ radio \ link \ between \ the \ EUT \ and \ a$ communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1. 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

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# LTE Band 4:

		Resource			Low	Middle	High
Test	Test	Block &	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset	MIPK	WIFK	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		1#0	0	0	22.46	22.37	22.51
		1#3	0	0	22.53	22.42	22.56
		1#5	0	0	22.47	22.39	22.53
	QPSK	3#0	1	1	22.57	22.46	22.59
		3#1	1	1	22.55	22.44	22.57
	1.04	3#3	1	1	22.58	22.46	22.60
1 43 4		6#0	1	1	21.42	21.35	21.48
1.4M		1#0	1	1	21.46	21.31	21.57
		1#3	1	1	21.54	21.35	21.62
		1#5	1	1	21.48	21.33	21.57
	16-QAM	3#0	2	2	21.54	21.38	21.36
		3#1	2	2	21.46	21.27	21.29
		3#3	2	2	21.51	21.41	21.36
		6#0	2	2	20.39	20.35	20.51
		1#0	0	0	22.45	22.29	22.50
		1#7	0	0	22.46	22.30	22.51
		1#14	0	0	22.43	22.31	22.53
	QPSK	8#0	1	1	22.42	22.41	22.54
		8#4	1	1	22.44	22.28	22.51
		8#7	1	1	22.40	22.33	22.49
23.5		15#0	1		21.47	21.35	21.54
3M		1#0	1	1	21.39	21.31	21.56
		1#7	1	1	21.49	21.29	21.57
		1#14	1	1	21.33	21.32	21.58
	16-QAM	8#0	2	2	21.26	21.40	21.63
4		8#4	2	2	21.36	21.38	21.52
		8#7	2	2	21.38	21.32	21.60
		15#0	2	2	20.48	20.42	20.52
		1#0	0	0	22.46	22.49	22.67
		1#12	0	0	22.42	22.41	22.63
		1#24	0	0	22.58	22.50	22.67
	QPSK	12#0	1	1	22.54	22.46	22.64
		12#6	1	1	22.58	22.55	22.73
		12#11	1	1	22.64	22.52	22.66
53.f		25#0	1	1	21.48	21.40	21.54
5M		1#0	1	1	21.59	21.68	21.61
		1#12	1	1	21.51	21.62	21.59
		1#24	1	1	21.49	21.67	21.56
	16-QAM	12#0	2	2	21.58	21.71	21.48
		12#6	2	2	21.49	21.59	21.51
		12#11	2	2	21.52	21.76	21.65
		25#0	2	2	20.50	20.41	20.70
1014	ODGIZ	1#0	0	0	22.50	22.41	22.40
10M	QPSK	1#24	0	0	22.42	22.45	22.50

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		1 \	<del></del>				
		1#49	0	0	22.47	22.51	22.43
		25#0	1	1	21.59	21.39	21.59
		25#12	1	1	21.54	21.38	21.57
		25#24	1	1	21.51	21.33	21.54
		50#0	1	1	21.48	21.53	21.44
		1#0	1	1	21.44	21.62	21.51
		1#24	1	1	21.50	21.56	21.51
		1#49	1	1	21.53	21.54	21.48
	16-QAM	25#0	2	2	21.50	21.57	21.46
		25#12	2	2	21.38	21.55	21.47
		25#24	2	2	21.32	21.52	21.43
		50#0	2	2	20.55	20.75	20.62
		1#0	0	0	22.38	22.42	22.53
		1#37	0	0	22.35	22.49	22.45
		1#74	0	0	22.39	22.41	22.55
	QPSK	36#0	1	1	21.73	21.41	21.47
		36#17	1	1	21.68	21.42	21.43
		36#35	1	1	21.73	21.32	21.48
1534		75#0	1	1	21.52	21.55	21.49
15M		1#0	1	1	21.71	21.91	21.75
		1#37	1	1	21.63	21.89	21.66
		1#74	1	1	21.77	21.99	21.80
	16-QAM	36#0	2	2	21.63	21.46	21.52
		36#17	2	2	21.73	21.54	21.60
		36#35	2	2	21.72	21.42	21.53
		75#0	2	2	20.51	20.83	20.86
		1#0	0	0	22.41	22.52	22.37
		1#49	0	0	22.32	22.59	22.29
		1#99	0	0	22.51	22.44	22.41
	QPSK	50#0	1	1	21.52	21.61	21.42
	4	50#24	1	1	22.34	21.62	21.40
		50#49	1	1	22.38	21.56	21.33
2014		100#0	1	1	21.50	21.45	21.44
20M		1#0	1	1	21.76	21.67	21.86
		1#49	1	1	21.77	21.71	21.77
		1#99	1	1	21.71	21.70	21.82
	16-QAM	50#0	2	2	21.84	21.58	21.83
		50#24	2	2	21.70	21.71	21.90
		50#49	2	2	21.67	21.68	21.84
		100#0	2	2	20.69	20.49	20.56
1							

#### Note

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<sup>1.</sup>SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.

<sup>2.</sup> The CMW 500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.

 $<sup>3.\</sup>text{KDB}941225D05v02-SAR$  for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg

## **Bluetooth:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)		
	2402	3.4		
BDR(GFSK)	2441	5.32		
	2480	2.08		
	2402	2.15		
EDR(4-DQPSK)	2441	4.1		
, , ,	2480	1.32		
	2402	2.18		
EDR(8-DPSK)	2441	3.92		
	2480	0.96		
	2402	-3.47		
Bluetooth LE	2440	-1.76		
	2480	-4.26		

## WLAN:

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)		
	1	2412	9.19		
802.11b	6	2437	9.79		
	11	2462	9.58		
	1	2412	9.65		
802.11g	6	2437	9.21		
	11	2462	9.24		
	1	2412	8.51		
802.11n HT20	6	2437	9.31		
11120	11	2462	9.29		
	3	2422	9.21		
802.11n HT40	6	2437	9.58		
11140	9	2452	9.68		

# Note:

The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

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## SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

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## **SAR Test Data**

## **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	21.3-22.7	23.4-24	21.7-23.5	
Relative Humidity:	25 %	24 %	23%	
ATM Pressure:	1014 mbar	1017 mbar	1022 mbar	
Test Date:	2016/02/22	2016/02/23	2016/02/24	

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao

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#### **GSM 850:**

EUT	Enganona	Tost	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	0.12	33.3	33.5	1.047	0.089	0.093	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	0.06	33.3	33.5	1.047	0.057	0.06	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	0.05	33.2	33.5	1.072	0.105	0.113	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	0.07	33.3	33.5	1.047	0.11	0.115	/
	848.8	GSM	0.18	33.4	33.5	1.023	0.115	0.118	1#
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	1	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-0.13	33.3	33.5	1.047	0.071	0.074	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	1	/	1	/	/
	824.2	GSM	0.19	33.2	33.5	1.072	0.825	0.884	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	836.6	GSM	-0.11	33.3	33.5	1.047	0.872	0.913	/
(1011111)	848.8	GSM	-0.01	33.4	33.5	1.023	0.844	0.863	/
	824.2	GPRS	0.12	32.09	32.3	1.05	0.993	1.043	/
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.17	32.1	32.3	1.047	1.017	1.065	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	-0.04	32.15	32.3	1.035	1.06	1.097	2#
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.08	32.1	32.3	1.047	0.297	0.311	/
(Tollin)	848.8	GPRS	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	7	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.08	32.1	32.3	1.047	0.225	0.236	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.06	32.1	32.3	1.047	0.494	0.485	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

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#### PCS 1900:

EUT	E	Т4	Power	Max.	Max.	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	-0.1	29.8	29.9	1.023	0.11	0.113	3#
Left Head Cheek	1880	GSM	0.06	29.6	29.9	1.072	0.103	0.11	/
	1909.8	GSM	0.15	29.6	29.9	1.072	0.102	0.109	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	GSM	-0.05	29.6	29.9	1.072	0.064	0.069	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	GSM	0.12	29.6	29.9	1.072	0.088	0.094	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	1	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	-0.14	29.6	29.9	1.072	0.057	0.061	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	1	/	1	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	1	/	1		/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1880	GSM	0.13	29.6	29.9	1.072	0.476	0.51	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GSM	/	1	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	0.11	25.26	25.8	1.132	0.53	0.6	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	0.14	25.44	25.8	1.086	0.543	0.59	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	-0.2	25.65	25.8	1.035	0.596	0.617	4#
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	-0.02	25.44	25.8	1.086	0.152	0.165	/
(Tollill)	1909.8	GPRS	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	-0.1	25.44	25.8	1.086	0.091	0.099	/
(1911111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	0.18	25.44	25.8	1.086	0.253	0.289	/
(	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

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#### WCDMA Band 5:

EUT	Enganonar	Test	Power	Max.	Max.		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	0.06	22.68	23.1	1.102	0.068	0.075	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	RMC	0.03	22.68	23.1	1.102	0.047	0.052	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	0.03	22.89	23.1	1.05	0.084	0.088	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	0.08	22.68	23.1	1.102	0.079	0.087	/
	846.6	RMC	-0.04	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.087	0.09	5#
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	1	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	RMC	-0.15	22.68	23.1	1.102	0.055	0.061	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	1	/	1	/	/
	826.4	RMC	0.09	22.89	23.1	1.05	0.395	0.415	/
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	RMC	0.1	22.68	23.1	1.102	0.387	0.426	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	0.01	22.96	23.1	1.033	0.422	0.436	6#
	826.4	RMC	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	RMC	-0.14	22.68	23.1	1.102	0.108	0.119	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	RMC	-0.09	22.68	23.1	1.102	0.06	0.066	/
(Tomin)	846.6	RMC	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	RMC	-0.14	22.68	23.1	1.102	0.182	0.199	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$ W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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#### **WCDMA Band 2:**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	RMC	0.12	22.63	22.8	1.04	0.186	0.193	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	RMC	0.18	22.57	22.8	1.054	0.179	0.189	/
	1907.6	RMC	-0.13	22.74	22.8	1.014	0.195	0.198	7#
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	RMC	-0.09	22.57	22.8	1.054	0.111	0.117	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	RMC	-0.1	22.57	22.8	1.054	0.152	0.16	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	1	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	1	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	RMC	-0.05	22.57	22.8	1.054	0.098	0.103	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	1	/	1	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	0.16	22.63	22.8	1.04	1.05	1.092	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880	RMC	0.05	22.57	22.8	1.054	1.019	1.074	/
(1011111)	1907.6	RMC	0.11	22.74	22.8	1.014	1.1	1.115	8#
	1852.4	RMC	/	1	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880	RMC	0.05	22.57	22.8	1.054	0.281	0.296	/
(1011111)	1907.6	RMC	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880	RMC	-0.03	22.57	22.8	1.054	0.162	0.171	/
(10mm)	1907.6	RMC	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	7	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880	RMC	-0.11	22.57	22.8	1.054	0.496	0.533	/
(1011111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ½ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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# LTE Band 4:

DIE	E	D a sa d-sai d4la		Power	Max.	Max.	-	lg SAR (	(W/Kg)	
EUT Position	(MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	<b>Test Mode</b>	Drift (dB)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1720	20	1RB	0.05	22.32	22.8	1.117	0.177	0.198	/
Left Head	1732.5	20	1RB	0.07	22.59	22.8	1.05	0.193	0.203	/
Cheek	1745	20	1RB	-0.19	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.185	0.208	9#
	1745	20	50%RB	0.05	21.42	22.8	1.374	0.138	0.19	/
1720	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
1 0 11 1774	1732.5	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1745	20	1RB	0.08	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.093	0.105	/
	1745	20	50%RB	0.06	21.42	22.8	1.374	0.058	0.080	/
	1720	20	1RB	/	1	1	/	/	/	/
Right Head	1732.5	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Cheek	1745	20	1RB	0.02	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.155	0.174	/
1745	1745	20	50%RB	-0.1	21.42	22.8	1.374	0.10	0.137	/
1720	1720	20	1RB	/	/	1	1	/	/	/
Right Head	1732.5	20	1RB	/	1	/	1	/	/	/
Tilt	1745	20	1RB	-0.07	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.065	0.073	/
	1745	20	50%RB	0.04	21.42	22.8	1.374	0.0335	0.046	
	1720	20	1RB	0.16	22.32	22.8	1.117	0.61	0.681	/
Body-Back	1732.5	20	1RB	0.15	22.59	22.8	1.05	0.652	0.685	/
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB	-0.08	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.626	0.704	10#
	1745	20	50%RB	0.12	21.42	22.8	1.374	0.475	0.653	/
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left	1732.5	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB	0.07	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.546	0.614	/
	1745	20	50%RB	0.08	21.42	22.8	1.374	0.368	0.506	/
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right	1732.5	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB	-0.15	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.367	0.413	/
	1745	20	50%RB	-0.06	21.42	22.8	1.374	0.231	0.317	/
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom	1732.5	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB	-0.17	22.29	22.8	1.125	0.581	0.654	/
	1745	20	50%RB	0.09	21.42	22.8	1.374	0.432	0.594	/

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#### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.

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- 3. KDB941225D05- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 4. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg.
- 6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.
- 8. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

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# **SAR Measurement Variability**

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

## The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

#### Head

			Meas. SA	Largest to		
Frequency Band Freq.(MHz)		EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio	
/	/	/	1	/	/	

#### **Body**

			Meas. SA	Largest to		
Frequency Band	Frequency Band Freq.(MHz)		Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio	
GSM 850	848.8	Back	1.097	1.083	1.01	
WCDMA Band 2	1880	Back	1.115	1.026	1.09	

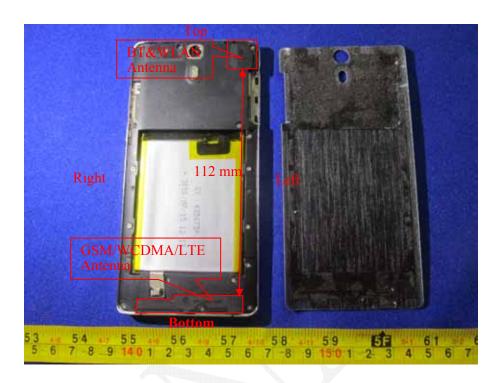
#### Note:

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.

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# SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION





## **Simultaneous Transmission:**

Description of Simulta	Antonnos Distonos (mm)		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous? Hotspot?		Antennas Distance (mm)
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM+LTE	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	√ √	×	112
GSM + WLAN	√	√	112
WCDMA+LTE	×	×	0
WCDMA + Bluetooth	√	×	112
WCDMA + WLAN	√	V	112
LTE + Bluetooth	√	×	112
LTE + WLAN	√	V	112

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#### Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2480	5.4	3.47	0	1.1	3	YES
WLAN	2462	9.8	9.55	0	3	3	YES

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#### NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)]

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

#### **Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Head	2480	5.4	3.47	0	0.147
BT Body	2480	5.4	3.47	10	0.074
WLAN Head	2462	9.8	9.55	0	0.4
WLAN Body	2462	9.8	9.55	10	0.2

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/( min. test separation distance,mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$ 

W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

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		Reported S	Reported SAR(W/kg)		
Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	SAR1	SAR2	ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg	
	Left Head Cheek	0.093	0.147	0.24	
	Left Head Tilt	0.06	0.147	0.207	
	Right Head Cheek	0.118	0.147	0.265	
	Right Head Tilt	0.074	0.147	0.221	
GSM 850+Bluetooth	Body-Back-Headset	0.913	0.074	0.987	
	Body-Back	1.097	0.074	1.171	
	Body- Left	0.311	0.074	0.385	
	Body- Right	0.236	0.074	0.31	
	Body-Bottom	0.485	0.074	0.559	
	Left Head Cheek	0.113	0.147	0.26	
	Left Head Tilt	0.069	0.147	0.216	
	Right Head Cheek	0.094	0.147	0.241	
	Right Head Tilt	0.061	0.147	0.208	
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Body-Back-Headset	0.51	0.074	0.584	
	Body-Back	0.617	0.074	0.691	
	Body- Left	0.165	0.074	0.239	
	Body- Right	0.099	0.074	0.173	
	Body-Bottom	0.289	0.074	0.363	
	Left Head Cheek	0.075	0.147	0.222	
	Left Head Tilt	0.052	0.147	0.199	
d	Right Head Cheek	0.09	0.147	0.237	
WCDMA Band	Right Head Tilt	0.061	0.147	0.208	
5+Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.436	0.074	0.51	
	Body- Left	0.119	0.074	0.193	
	Body- Right	0.066	0.074	0.14	
	Body-Bottom	0.199	0.074	0.273	
	Left Head Cheek	0.198	0.147	0.345	
	Left Head Tilt	0.117	0.147	0.264	
	Right Head Cheek	0.16	0.147	0.307	
WCDMA Band	Right Head Tilt	0.103	0.147	0.25	
2+Bluetooth	Body-Back	1.115	0.074	1.189	
	Body- Left	0.296	0.074	0.37	
	Body- Right	0.171	0.074	0.245	
	Body-Bottom	0.533	0.074	0.607	
	Left Head Cheek	0.208	0.147	0.355	
	Left Head Tilt	0.105	0.147	0.252	
	Right Head Cheek	0.174	0.147	0.321	
ITE Don't A   Diata ati-	Right Head Tilt	0.073	0.147	0.22	
LTE Band 4+Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.704	0.074	0.778	
	Body- Left	0.614	0.074	0.688	
	Body- Right	0.413	0.074	0.487	
	Body-Bottom	0.654	0.074	0.728	

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Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported	Reported SAR(W/kg)			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg		
	Left Head Cheek	0.093	0.4	0.493		
	Left Head Tilt	0.06	0.4	0.46		
CCM 070 - WILAN	Right Head Cheek	0.118	0.4	0.518		
GSM 850+ WLAN	Right Head Tilt	0.074	0.4	0.474		
	Body-Back-Headset	0.913	0.2	1.113		
	Body-Back	1.097	0.2	1.297		
CDDC 050 - NJ AN	Body- Left	0.311	0.2	0.511		
GPRS 850 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Right	0.236	0.2	0.436		
(Hotspot)	Body-Bottom	0.485	0.2	0.685		
	Left Head Cheek	0.113	0.4	0.513		
	Left Head Tilt	0.069	0.4	0.469		
DCC1000 + WI AN	Right Head Cheek	0.094	0.4	0.494		
PCS1900 + WLAN	Right Head Tilt	0.061	0.4	0.461		
	Body-Back-Headset	0.51	0.2	0.71		
	Body-Back	0.617	0.2	0.817		
CDDC 1000 - WH AND	Body- Left	0.165	0.2	0.365		
GPRS 1900 + WLAN	Body- Right	0.099	0.2	0.299		
(Hotspot)	Body-Bottom	0.289	0.2	0.489		
	Left Head Cheek	0.075	0.4	0.475		
	Left Head Tilt	0.052	0.4	0.452		
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.09	0.4	0.49		
	Right Head Tilt	0.061	0.4	0.461		
	Body-Back	0.436	0.2	0.636		
	Body- Left	0.119	0.2	0.319		
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Body- Right	0.066	0.2	0.266		
(Hotspot)	Body-Bottom	0.199	0.2	0.399		
	Left Head Cheek	0.198	0.4	0.598		
	Left Head Tilt	0.117	0.4	0.517		
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.16	0.4	0.56		
	Right Head Tilt	0.103	0.4	0.503		
	Body-Back	1.115	0.2	1.315		
	Body- Left	0.296	0.2	0.496		
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Body- Right	0.171	0.2	0.371		
(Hotspot)	Body-Bottom	0.533	0.2	0.733		
	Left Head Cheek	0.208	0.4	0.608		
	Left Head Tilt	0.105	0.4	0.505		
LTE Band 4+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.174	0.4	0.574		
	Right Head Tilt	0.073	0.4	0.473		
	Body-Back	0.704	0.2	0.904		
TEED 14: WY 13:	Body- Left	0.614	0.2	0.814		
LTE Band 4+ WLAN	Body- Right	0.413	0.2	0.613		
(Hotspot)	Body-Bottom	0.654	0.2	0.854		

## Note:

1. Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.
2. Hotspot mode SAR is applicable for data transmission mode ,not for voice call mode, head use condition is not required for hotspot mode.

## **Conclusion:**

SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

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Test Plot 1#: GSM 850 Rightt Cheek High Channel

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.896 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.714$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Right Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.37, 9.37, 9.37); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/GSM 850 Rightt Cheek/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 W/kg

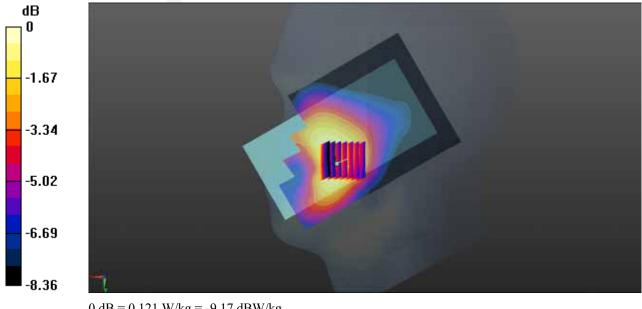
Head/GSM 850 Rightt Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.669 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.146 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 W/kg



0 dB = 0.121 W/kg = -9.17 dBW/kg

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## Test Plot 2#: GSM 850 Back High Channel

## DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Generic GPRS-2 slots ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.988$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.98$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/GSM 850 Back /Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg

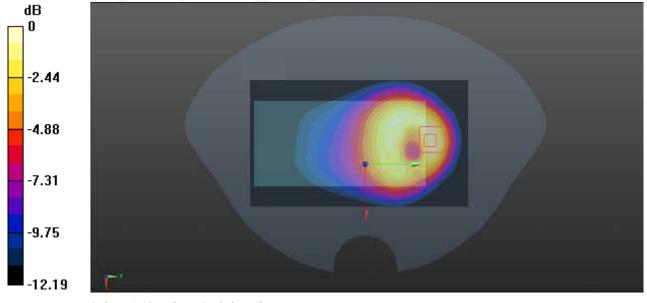
Body/GSM 850 Back /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.575 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg



0 dB = 1.18 W/kg = 0.72 dBW/kg

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#### Test Plot 3#: PCS 1900 Left Cheek Low Channel

## DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.359$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.831$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/PCS 1900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.118 W/kg

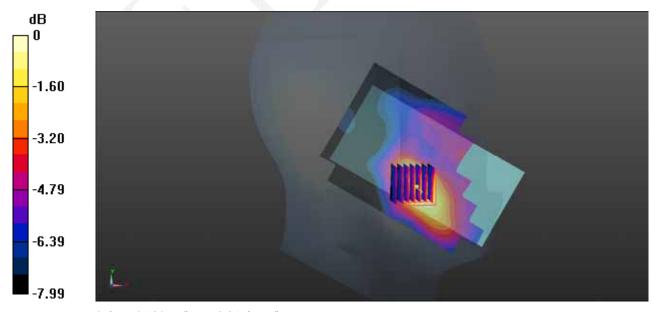
Head/PCS 1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.331 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.160 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 W/kg



0 dB = 0.120 W/kg = -9.21 dBW/kg

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## Test Plot 4#: PCS 1900 Back High Channel

## DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 slots ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.493$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.387$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.676 W/kg

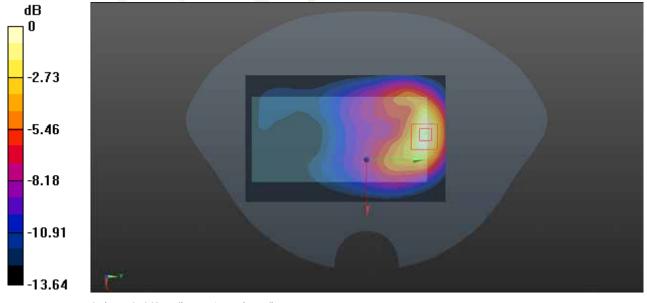
Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.770 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.596 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 W/kg



0 dB = 0.668 W/kg = -1.75 dBW/kg

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## Test Plot 5#: WCDMA Band 5 Rightt Cheek High Channel

## DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Band V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.896 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.832$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Right Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.37, 9.37, 9.37); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/WCDMA Band 5 Rightt Cheek/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0926 W/kg

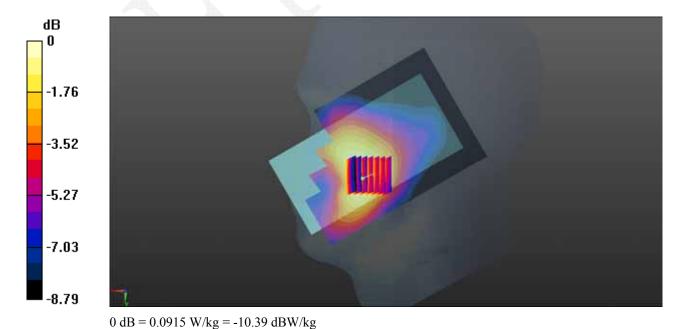
**Head/WCDMA Band 5 Rightt Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.449 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0915 W/kg



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## Test Plot 6#: WCDMA Band 5 Back High Channel

## DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Band V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.986 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.004$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/WCDMA Band 5 Back/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.462 W/kg

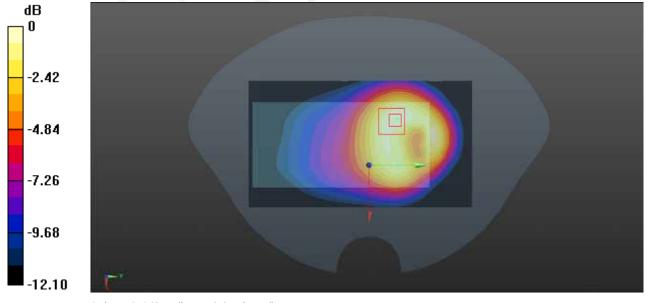
Body/WCDMA Band 5 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.700 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.422 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg



0 dB = 0.462 W/kg = -3.35 dBW/kg

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## Test Plot 7#: WCDMA Band 2 Left Cheek High Channel

## DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.414 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.579$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Left Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/WCDMA Band 2 Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.213 W/kg

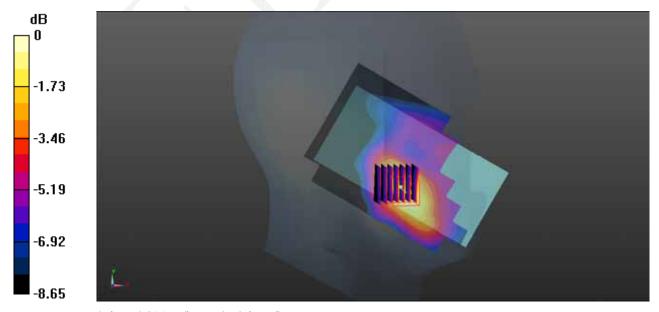
Head/WCDMA Band 2 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.938 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.195 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.211 W/kg



0 dB = 0.211 W/kg = -6.76 dBW/kg

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## Test Plot 8#: WCDMA Band 2 Back High Channel

## DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.495$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.605$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/WCDMA Band 2 Back/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 W/kg

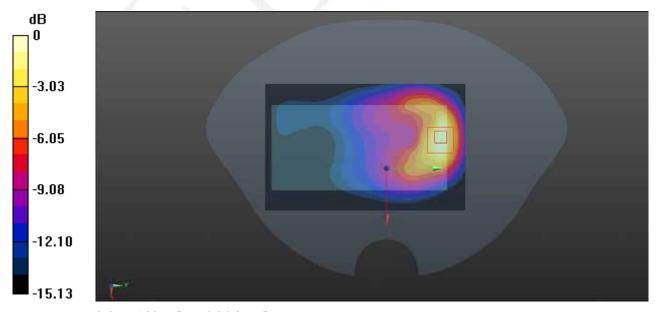
Body/WCDMA Band 2 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.567 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



0 dB = 1.22 W/kg = 0.86 dBW/kg

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# Test Plot 9#: LTE Band 4 Left Cheek High Channel

# DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Generic LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.384$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.295$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160217001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/LTE Band 4 Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.204 W/kg

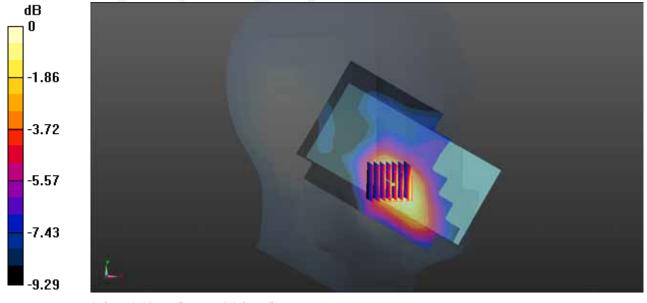
Head/LTE Band 4 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.992 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.255 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg



0 dB = 0.197 W/kg = -7.06 dBW/kg

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## Test Plot 10#: LTE Band 4 Back High Channel

## DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Zen Air;

Communication System: Generic LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.488$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.324$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.86, 7.86, 7.86); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/LTE Band 4 Back/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.696 W/kg

( 1 )

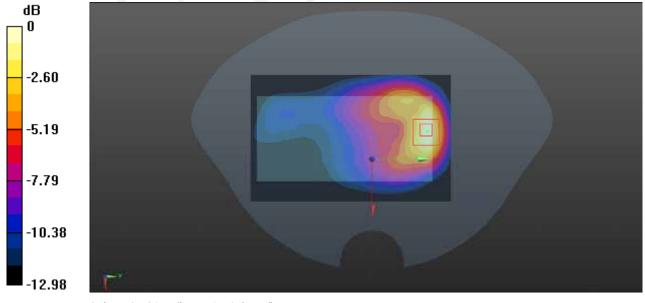
Body/LTE Band 4 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.966 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.626 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.701 W/kg



0 dB = 0.701 W/kg = -1.54 dBW/kg

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# APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Report No: RDG160217001-20

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)		
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0		
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2		
		Test sample	e related						
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8		
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3		
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9		
		Phantom an	nd set-up						
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2		
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1		
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4		
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2		
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0		
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9		

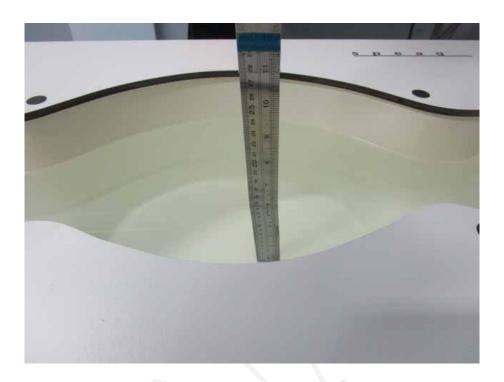
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Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)		
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0		
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2		
		Test sample	e related						
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3		
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8		
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6		
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9		
		Phantom an	d set-up						
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9		
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1		
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2		
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7		
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0		
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1		
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2		

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# APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

# Liquid depth ≥ 15cm



**Body-worn Back Setup Photo** 



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# **Body-worn Left Setup Photo**



**Body-worn Right Setup Photo** 



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# **Body-worn Headset Setup Photo**

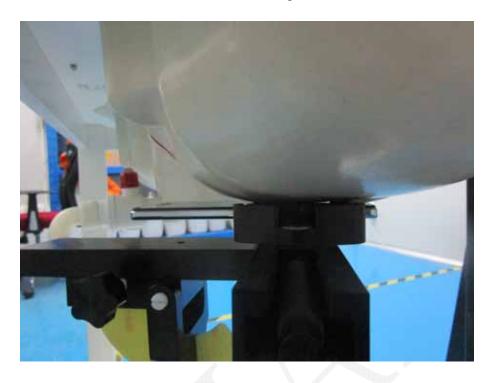


**Body-worn Bottom Setup Photo** 



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# **Left Head Touch Setup Photo**



**Left Head Tilt Setup Photo** 



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# **Right Head Touch Setup Photo**



Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



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# **APPENDIX C EUT PHOTOS**

**EUT – Front View** 

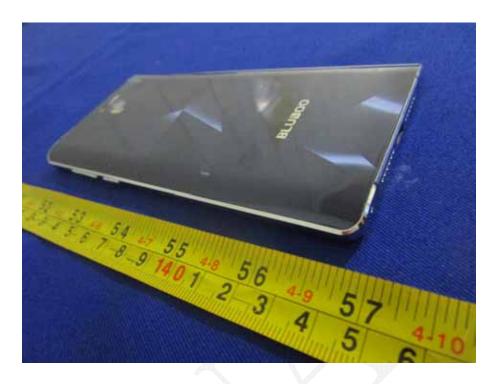


**EUT – Back View** 



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EUT – Side View-1



**EUT – Side View-2** 



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# APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*

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